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AUTO-QUAL MODELLING SYSTEM

Supplement I

MODIFICATION FOR NON-POINT SOURCE LOADINGS

by

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I. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this supplement is to document some changes and additions made to the "AUTØ-QUAL MØDELLING SYSTEM" [1]. Only the additions and changes to the original AUTØ-QUAL models will be discussed here, therefore, it is essential that the reader first read technical Report No. 54 [1] before reading this report.

The major additions to the original models are the inclusion of non-point sources and loads into the solution. These additions represent a new capability of the system, but do not change the original operating procedures in any way. Thus if one made the changes to the original source decks that are presented here, one could continue to use the models in exactly the same manner as before, even if the new options were not used.

No attempt is made here to present methods for catagorizing and quantifying non-point source flows and loads. Instead the method of inclusion of these data into the existing models is presented. The user may find that these changes to the models will make them a viable tool for use in the determination of non-point source loads.

The descriptions, operating instructions and sensitivity runs presented here should be viewed as supplemental to those presented in T.R. 54 and not definitive. Complete program listings are given here to give the reader a quick reference to the existing programs.

[1] R. L. Crim, N. L. Lovelace, "AUTØ-QUAL Modelling System" Technical Report No. 54, Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, Annapolis Field Office, March 1973.

II. DESCRIPTION OF METHODS

The inclusion of non-point source flows and loads into the AUTØ-QUAL models primarily represents an input-output modification. There was no need to change either the structure of the programs or the computational methods used in them. Both models required the same changes, therefore, they will not be discussed separately at this point.

General:

The non-point source flows and loads are referenced to river miles and entered as a rate per mile of stream. These data are linearly interpolated to define values over the entire segment being modelled. This interpolation procedure is identical to the one described in T.R. 54. The non-point source data are considered as junction parameters and have a default value of zero.

Once values are established for each junction, they are multiplied by the channel length to obtain an equivalent point source flow or load. After the non-point source parameters have been reduced to effective point source data they are combined with the existing point sources and the solution proceeds exactly as presented in T.R. 54.

Non-Point Source Flows:

This parameter represents the net non-point source inflow (excluding rainfall) or non-point loss (excluding evaporation). It has the units of $(\text{ft}^3/\text{sec})/\text{mile}$ and may assume either a positive or negative value. A positive value represents an inflow while a negative one is a loss. The variable defaults to zero.

The non-point source inflows and/or non-point losses are distinguished from the point source inflows and diversions during input and output operations. However, they are combined for internal computations.

Non-Point Source Quality Parameters:

This parameter(s) represents the non-point source contribution of whatever parameter(s) is being modelled. Both models have the capability to have non-point source inputs for all the quality parameters that they are designed to model (CBOD, NBOD, DO and conservatives). The non-point source values have the units of (lbs/day)/mile and default to zero if nothing is entered.

Once values have been established for each junction (linear interpolation), a mass loading rate (lbs/day) is computed for each junction by multiplying the non-point source value by the channel length. This mass loading rate is then combined with the non-point and point source inflows to give a inflow concentration. It is also combined with any point source inflow concentrations. If there are no inflows (point or non-point) at a junction then a fictitious one of 0.001 cfs is assigned for the purpose of assigning an inflow concentration to the non-point source loading. This fictitious inflow will not influence the resulting quality predictions, it did, however, greatly simplify the program modifications. Also this method enables the model to handle non-point flow losses while having non-point source mass loadings.

III. OPERATION AND RUNNING INSTRUCTION

Both models may be used in precisely the same manner as before, however, the user now has the option of entering non-point source flows and loads. Again, only the additions and modifications to the original operating instructions (T.R. 54) will be discussed here.

Entering Data:

The non-point parameters are entered as physical data in both models. Since entering physical data (SUBROUTINE NETDAT) is the same in both models, there is no need for distinction. Physical data is entered under the program control card "DATA". The following new data codes have been added for the non-point parameters:

Data Code	Definition
NØNPFLØW	-non-point source inflows (excluding rainfall) and/or non-point flow losses (excluding evaporation). (cfs/mile)
NØNPCBØD	-non-point source ultimate carbonaceous oxygen demand. (lbs CBOD/day)/mile
NØNPNBØD	-non-point source ultimate (lbs NBOD/day)/mile
NØNPDØ	-non-point source oxygen. (excluding reaeration and photosynthesis). This O ₂ contribution is usually associated with runoff or rainfall. (lbs O ₂ /day)/mile
NØNP (4 letter name of conservative parameter)	-non-point source contributions of whatever conservative constituent is being modelled. (lbs/day)/mile

The card formats and method of entry for these new variables is the same as for other physical data (see T.R. 54).

Running Instructions:

The basic running instructions for both models remain unchanged. However, computational data entered under the control cards FLØW, CBØD, NBØD, DØ and the 4 letter conservative card are now strictly point source data. The non-point source parameters are entered under the "DATA" control card. Following are two general examples to demonstrate the use of the program control cards with the new options:

Example 1 (AUTØSS)

PROBLEM; Run TDS, CBØD and DØ under flow condition No. 1 with one set of non-point parameters. Then run CBØD, NBØD and DØ under flow condition No. 2 with a different set of non-point parameters. The control card set up for this problem would be;

DATA - enter physical data and first set of non-point parameters.

FLØW - enter point source inflows and diversions for flow condition 1.

TDS - enter point source TDS inflow concentrations and boundary conditions - compute solution.

CBØD - enter point source CBØD concentrations and boundary conditions - compute solution.

DØ - enter point source DØ concentrations and boundary conditions - compute solution. .

DATA - enter new non-point parameters (there is no need to re-enter other physical data unless it is to be changed).

FLØW - enter point source inflows and diversions for flow condition no. 2.

CBØD - enter inflow CBØD - compute solution.

NBØD - enter inflow NBØD - compute solution.

DØ - enter inflow DØ - compute solution.

HALT.

Example 2 (AUTØQD)

PROBLEM: Run CBØD, NBØD and DØ for the period of 01/01/1972 through 02/01/1972. Assume there are three flow regimes during this period (01/01 - 01/10, 01/11 - 01/20, 01/21 - 02/01) and that the non-point parameters are constant for the period of 01/01 - 01/20 and change for the period 01/21 - 02/01. The control card set up for this problem would be;

DATA - enter physical data and non-point parameters for the period 01/01 - 01/20.

FLØW - enter point source inflows and diversions for 01/01/1972 - 01/10/1972.

DØ - enter point source CBØD, NBØD and DØ inflow concentrations and boundary conditions for 01/01/1972 through 01/10/1972.

FLØW - enter point source inflows and diversion for 01/11/1972-01/20/1972.

DØ - enter point source inflow concentrations for 01/11/1972-01/20/1972.

DATA - enter new non-point parameters for 01/21/1972 - 02/01/72.

FLØW - enter point source inflows and diversions for 01/21/1972-02/01/1972.

DØ - enter point source inflow concentrations for 01/21/1972-02/01/1972.

HALT.

IV. OUTPUT DESCRIPTIONS AND LISTINGS

AUTØSS

As already discussed, the input operations for AUTØSS and AUTØQD have not been significantly changed, except for the additional parameters. The program output has the same basic structure, however, some new data are printed:

Under the heading "Estuary/Stream Data" the non-point source input data and other physical data is printed.

Under the heading "Steady State Flow Conditions" the point source inflows and/or diversions, the non-point source inflows and/or non-point losses, and the channel flows are printed. The non-point losses, and the channel flows are printed. The non-point inflows or non-point losses printed here are the equivalent junction inflows or diversions (the non-point source value multiplied by the channel length).

Under the heading "Steady State (Constituent Name) Input Conditions" the point source inflow concentrations and equivalent non-point source loadings are printed. The non-point source loading is the total for the junction (non-point source value multiplied by the channel length).

The following new variables have been added to the program:

Variable

CBDNP (J)	CBØD non-point source loading for junction J (lbs. CBØD/day)/mile
CØNNP (J)	Conservative constituent non-point source loading for function J (lbs/day)/mile

ØXYNP(J)	O ₂ non-point source contribution (lbs O ₂ /day)/mile
QINP(J)	Non-point source inflow to junction J (cfs)
QIP(J)	Point source inflow to junction J (cfs)
QNP(J)	Non-point source inflow or non-point source loss at junction J (cfs/mile)
QØNP(J)	Non-point flow loss at junction J (cfs)
XNBNP(J)	NBØD non-point source loading for junction J (lbs NBØD/day)/mile

Program Listing:

Following is a complete listing of program AUTØSS. New or changed cards are marked by an arrow.

Main Program (Cont'd)

10

```

20 FORMAT(3F10.0,I10)
   WRITE(NWR,30)
30 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,13X,3HAAA,11X,3HUUU,9X,3H
   1UUU,5X,15(1HT),7X,11(1H0),9X,13(1HS),7X,13(1HS),/,1H,12X,5HAAAAA,
   210X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,5X,15(1HT),6X,13(1H0),7X,14(1HS),6X,14(1HS),/,1
   3H,11X,7(1HA),9X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,5X,15(1HT),5X,15(1H0),5X,2HSS,18X,
   42HSS,/,1H,10X,3HAAA,3X,3HAAA,8X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,11X,3HTTT,11X,3H00
   50,9X,3H000,6X,13(1HS),7X,13(1HS),/,1H,9X,3HAAA,5X,3HAAA,7X,3HUUU,
   69X,3HUUU,11X,3HTTT,11X,3H000,9X,3H000,8X,12(1HS),7X,13(1HS),/,1H,
   78X,3HAAA,7X,3HAAA,6X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,11X,3HTTT,11X,3H000,9X,3H000,
   817X,3HSSS,17X,3HSSS,/,1H,7X,15(1HA),5X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,11X,3HTTT,
   911X,3H000,9X,3H000,17X,3HSSS,17X,3HSSS)
   WRITE(NWR,40)
40 FORMAT(1H,7X,15(1HA),5X,15(1HU),11X,3HTTT,11X,15(1H0),5X,15(1HS),
   15X,15(1HS),/,1H,7X,3HAAA,9X,3HAAA,6X,13(1HU),12X,3HTTT,12X,13(1H0
   2),6X,14(1HS),6X,14(1HS),/,1H,7X,3HAAA,9X,3HAAA,7X,11(1HU),13X,3HT
   3TT,13X,11(1H0),7X,13(1HS),7X,13(1HS),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*)
   4)
   WRITE(NWR,50) (LALPHA(K),K=1,20),RMDWN,RMUP,RMFR,NSECS
50 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,32HSTEADY STATE WATER QUALITY MODEL,/,1H,20
   1(1H*),/,1H,20(1H*),5X,14HRUN TITLE.....,20A4,/,1H,20(1H*),/,1H,
   220(1H*),/,1H,20(1H*),5X,18HBASIC NETWORK DATA,/,1H,20(1H*),5X,31
   3HRIVER MILE AT DOWNSTREAM END.....,F10.2,/,1H,20(1H*),5X,31HRIVER M
   4ILE AT UPSTREAM END.....,F10.2,/,1H,20(1H*),5X,31HRIVER MILE OF F
   5ALL LINE.....,F10.2,/,1H,20(1H*),5X,31HNUMBER OF SECTIONS.....
   6.....,I10)
   CALL SETUP
1000 READ(NRD,60) LTYPE
   60 FORMAT(A4)
   62 IF(LTYPE.NE.LDATA) GO TO 65
   CALL NETDAT
   GO TO 1000
   65 IF(LTYPE.NE.LCBD) GO TO 90
   LCONS=LTYPE
   DO 70 J=1,NJ

```

Main Program (Cont'd)

```
      C(J)=CBODI(J)
70  CONTINUE
      CALL QUALIN
      CALL QALCMP
      CALL SOLVEX
      DO 80 J=1,NJ
      CBOD(J)=C(J)
80  CONTINUE
      GO TO 1000
90  IF(LTYPE.NE.LNHD) GO TO 120
      LCONS=LTYPE
      DO 100 J=1,NJ
      C(J)=XNODI(J)
100 CONTINUE
      CALL QUALIN
      CALL QALCMP
      CALL SOLVEX
      DO 110 J=1,NJ
      XNOD(J)=C(J)
110 CONTINUE
      GO TO 1000
120 IF(LTYPE.NE.LPD) GO TO 140
      LCONS=LTYPE
      DO 130 J=1,NJ
      C(J)=OXY(J)
130 CONTINUE
      CALL QUALIN
      CALL DOCMP
      CALL SOLVEX
      DO 135 J=1,NJ
      CBOD(J)=0.0
      XNOD(J)=0.0
135 CONTINUE
      GO TO 1000
140 IF(LTYPE.NE.LFLOW) GO TO 150
```

Main Program (Cont'd)

12

```
CALL FLOWS
GO TO 1000
150 IF (LTYPE.EQ.LHALT)GO TO 2000
LCONS=LTYPE
DO 160 J=1,NJ
C(J)=CS(J)
160 CONTINUE
CALL QUALIN
CALL QALCMP
CALL SOLVEX
GO TO 1000
2000 STOP
END
```

Subroutine SETUP

```

SUBROUTINE SETUP
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  ALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  ,CHDNP(250),XBNP(250),CONN(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
NC=NSECS
NJ=NSECS+1
XMIL=(RMUP-RMDWN)/FLOAT(NC)
XLEN=XMIL*5285.0
RMJ(1)=RMDWN
DO 10 J=2,NJ
RMJ(J)=RMJ(J-1)+XMIL
10 CONTINUE
RMC(1)=RMDWN+(XMIL/2.0)
DO 20 N=2,NC
RMC(N)=RMC(N-1)+XMIL
20 CONTINUE
DO 30 J=1,NJ
CHDNP(J)=0.0
XBNP(J)=0.0
CONNP(J)=0.0
QNP(J)=0.0
OXYNP(J)=0.0
QOUT(J)=0.0
QIN(J)=0.0
DVD(J)=0.0
Q(J)=0.0
A(J)=0.0
Z(J)=0.0
CIN(J)=0.0

```

Subroutine SETUP (Cont'd)

```
C(J)=0.0
REAIR(J)=0.0
VOL(J)=0.0
PHOTO(J)=0.0
EVAP(J)=0.0
AS(J)=0.0
SEDMT(J)=0.0
DOS(J)=0.0
V(J)=0.0
WIDTH(J)=0.0
A1(J)=0.0
A2(J)=0.0
A3(J)=0.0
TEMP(J)=20.0
DK1(J)=0.0
DK2(J)=0.0
CBODI(J)=0.0
CBOD(J)=0.0
XNODI(J)=0.0
XNOD(J)=0.0
OXY(J)=0.0
CS(J)=0.0
NFS(J)=0
DO 30 K=1,3
  ALPHA(J,K)=0.0
30 CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END
```

Subroutine NETDAT

```

SUBROUTINE NETDAT
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),H(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  ALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  ,CHDNP(250),X4BNP(250,3),CONNP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
DATA LVAR1/4HJUNC/,LVAR2/4HCHAN/
DATA LSTOP/4HSTOP/,LAI/4HA1 /,LA2/4HA2 /,LA3/4HA3 /,
1  LWIDT/4HWIDT/,LVEL/4HVELO/,LTEMP/4HTEMP/,LVAP/4HEVAP/,
2  LPHOTO/4HPHOT/,LSEDMT/4HSEDMT/,LDISP/4HDISP/,LDK1/4HCDEC/,
3  LDK2/4HNDCE/,LREAI/4HREAE/,LDOS/4HSDATD/,LINIT/4HINIT/,
4  LCBOD/4HCBD/,LNBD/4HNBOD/,LOXY/4HDO /,LCSA/4HC-SA/,
5  LCK2/ 4HC-RE/,LNON/4HNONP/,LFLO/4HFLOW/
DATA VAPFAC/1.86224E07/,CVFAC/3.28075E00/
DIMENSION X(250),Y(250)
K2FL=0
WRITE(NWR,10)
10 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,35(1H*),61X,34(1H*),/,1H
1,35(1H*),6X,49HE S T U A R Y / S T R E A M I N P U T D A T A ,
26X,34(1H*),/,1H ,35(1H*),61X,34(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*)
3)
1000 READ(NRD,20)LABEL,LCST,NPTS
20 FORMAT(2A4,2X,I5)
IF(LABEL.EQ.LSTOP)GO TO 5000
IF(NPTS.EQ.0) GO TO 45
DO 40 J=1,NPTS
READ(NRD,30)I,X(J),Y(J)
30 FORMAT(I5,5X,2F10.0)
40 CONTINUE
45 IF(LABEL.NE.LAI) GO TO 60
CALL INTER(A1,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)

```

* This change is indicated in the errata for T.R. 54

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

WRITE(NWR,50)
50 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,32HA1 COEFFICIENT FOR FLOW EQUATION,5X,20(1H
1*) )
CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,A1)
GO TO 1000
60 IF(LABEL.NE.LA2) GO TO 80
CALL INTER(A2,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
WRITE(NWR,70)
70 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,32HA2 COEFFICIENT FOR FLOW EQUATION,5X,20(1H
1*) )
CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,A2)
GO TO 1000
80 IF(LABEL.NE.LA3) GO TO 100
CALL INTER(A3,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
WRITE(NWR,90)
90 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,79HA3 COEFFICIENT FOR FLOW EQUATION - RERESE
INTS DEPTH OF FLOW IF A1 AND/OR A2 ARE ,5X,20(1H*),/,1H ,20(1H*),5X
2,27HNOT SPECIFIED (OR ARE ZERO),57X,20(1H*) )
CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,A3)
GO TO 1000
100 IF(LABEL.NE.LWIDT)GO TO 120
CALL INTER(WIDTH,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
WRITE(NWR,110)
110 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,19HCHANNEL WIDTHS (FT),5X,20(1H*) )
CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,WIDTH)
AS(1)=WIDTH(1)*XLEN
AS(NJ)=WIDTH(NC)*XLEN
DO 112 J=2,NC
AS(J)=XLEN*0.5*(WIDTH(J)+WIDTH(J-1))
112 CONTINUE
WRITE(NWR,114)
114 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,29HJUNCTION SURFACE AREAS (SQFT),5X,20(1H*))
CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,AS)
GO TO 1000
120 IF(LABEL.NE.LVEL) GO TO 150

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

NVT=1
CALL INTER(V,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
DO 130 N=1,NC
  IF(RMC(N).GT.RMFR) V(N)=0.0
130 CONTINUE
  WRITE(NWR,140)
140 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,41HAVERAGE CHANNEL TIDAL VELOCITIES (FT/SEC)
      1,5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,V)
  GO TO 1000
150 IF(LABEL.NE.LTEMP) GO TO 170
  CALL INTER(TEMP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
  WRITE(NWR,160)
160 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,35HJUNCTION WATER TEMPERATURES (DEG-C),5X,20(
      1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,TEMP)
  GO TO 1000
170 IF(LABEL.NE.LVAP) GO TO 200
  CALL INTER(EVAP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ,EVAP)
  WRITE(NWR,180)
180 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,34HNET EVAPORATION - RAINFALL (IN/MO),5X,20(
      1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,EVAP)
  DO 190 J=1,NJ
    EVAP(J)=EVAP(J)/VAPFAC
190 CONTINUE
  GO TO 1000
200 IF(LABEL.NE.LPHOTO) GO TO 230
  CALL INTER(PHOTO,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
  WRITE(NWR,210)
210 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,61HAVERAGE DAILY PHOTOSYNTHESIS-RESPIRATION
      IRATE (GM O2/SQM/DAY),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,PHOTO)
  DO 220 J=1,NJ
    PHOTO(J)=PHOTO(J)*CVFAC/86400.0

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

220 CONTINUE
   GO TO 1000
230 IF (LABEL.NE.LSEDMT) GO TO 260
   CALL INTER (SEDMT,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
   WRITE (NWR,240)
240 FORMAT (1H0,20(1H*),5X,42HOXYGEN UPTAKE OF SEDIMENTS (GM O2/SQM/DAY
   1),5X,20(1H*) )
   CALL OUTGO (LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,SEDMT)
   DO 250 J=1,NJ
   SEDMT(J)=SEDMT(J)*CVFAC/86400.0
250 CONTINUE
   GO TO 1000
260 IF (LABEL.NE.LDISP) GO TO 280
   CALL INTER (Z,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
   WRITE (NWR,270)
270 FORMAT (1H0,20(1H*),5X,34HDISPERSION COEFFICIENTS (SQFT/SEC),5X,20(
   1H*) )
   CALL OUTGO (LVAR2,NC,RMC,Z)
   GO TO 1000
280 IF (LABEL.NE.LDK1) GO TO 310
   CALL INTER (DK1,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
   DO 285 J=1,NJ
   DK1(J)=DK1(J)*1.047**(TEMP(J)-20.0)
285 CONTINUE
   WRITE (NWR,290)
290 FORMAT (1H0,20(1H*),5X,52HCBOD DECAY RATES CORRECTED TO STREAM TEMP
   1S - (1/DAY),5X,20(1H*))
   CALL OUTGO (LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,DK1)
   DO 300 J=1,NJ
   DK1(J)=DK1(J)/86400.0
300 CONTINUE
   GO TO 1000
310 IF (LABEL.NE.LDK2) GO TO 340
   CALL INTER (DK2,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
   DO 315 J=1,NJ

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

315 DK2(J)=DK2(J)*1.015**(TEMP(J)-20.0)
    CONTINUE
    WRITE(NWR,320)
320 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,52HNBOD DECAY RATES CORRECTED TO STREAM TEMP
    1S - (1/DAY),5X,20(1H*))
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,DK2)
    DO 330 J=1,NJ
330 DK2(J)=DK2(J)/86400.0
    CONTINUE
    GO TO 1000
340 IF(LABEL.NE.LREAI) GO TO 370
    CALL INTER(REAIR,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
    DO 345 J=1,NJ
345 REAIR(J)=REAIR(J)*1.024**(TEMP(J)-20.0)
    CONTINUE
    WRITE(NWR,350)
350 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,58HINPUT REAERATION RATES CORRECTED TO STREA
    1M TEMPS - (1/DAY),5X,20(1H*))
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,REAIR)
    DO 360 J=1,NJ
360 REAIR(J)=REAIR(J)/86400.0
    CONTINUE
    GO TO 1000
370 IF(LABEL.NE.LDOS) GO TO 390
    CALL INTER(DOS,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
    WRITE(NWR,380)
380 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,46HINPUTED OXYGEN SATURATION CONCENTRATIONS
    1(PPM),5X,20(1H*))
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,DOS)
    GO TO 1000
390 IF(LABEL.NE.LINIT) GO TO 470
    IF(LCST.NE.LCBD)GO TO 410
    CALL INTER(CBODI,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
400 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,33HINITIAL CBOD CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),5X,20(1
    1H*))

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

WRITE(NWR,400)
CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CBODI)
GO TO 1000
410 IF(LCST.NE.LNBD)GO TO 430
CALL INTER(XNODI,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
WRITE(NWR,420)
420 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,33HINITIAL NBOD CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),5X,20(1
1H*))
CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,XNODI)
GO TO 1000
430 IF(LCST.NE.LOXY) GO TO 450
CALL INTER(OXY,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
WRITE(NWR,440)
440 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,45HINITIAL DISSOLVED OXYGEN CONCENTRATIONS (
1PPM),5X,20(1H*))
CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,OXY)
GO TO 1000
450 CALL INTER(CS,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
WRITE(NWR,460)LCST
460 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,8HINITIAL ,A4,21H CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),5X,20
1(1H*))
CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CS)
GO TO 1000
470 IF(LABEL.NE.LCSA)GO TO 500
DO 480 J=1,NJ
DOS(J)=14.62-0.367*TEMP(J)+0.0045*(TEMP(J)**2.0)
480 CONTINUE
WRITE(NWR,490)
490 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,47HCOMPUTED OXYGEN SATURATION CONCENTRATIONS
1 (PPM),5X,20(1H*))
CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,DOS)
GO TO 1000
500 IF(LABEL.NE.LCK2)GO TO 510
K2FL=1
GO TO 1000
510 IF (LABEL.NE.LNON) GO TO 610

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

↑↑↑ IF(LCST.NE.LCBD)GO TO 530
↑↑↑ CALL INTER(CBDNP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
↑↑↑ WRITE(NWR,520)
↑ 520 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,63HCBD NONPOINT SOURCE CONTRIBUTION (LBS C8
↑ 100/DAY/MILE OF STREAM),5X,20(1H*) )
↑↑↑ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CBDNP)
↑↑↑ GO TO 1000
↑ 530 IF(LCST.NE.LNBD)GO TO 550
↑↑↑ CALL INTER(XBNBP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
↑↑↑ WRITE(NWR,540)
↑ 540 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,63HNBD NONPOINT SOURCE CONTRIBUTION (LBS NB
↑ 100/DAY/MILE OF STREAM),5X,20(1H*))
↑↑↑ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,XBNBP)
↑↑↑ GO TO 1000
↑ 550 IF(LCST.NE.LOXY)GO TO 570
↑↑↑ CALL INTER(OXYNP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
↑↑↑ WRITE(NWR,560)
↑ 560 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,60HO2 NONPOINT SOURCE CONTRIBUTIONS (LBS O2/
↑ 1DAY/MILE OF STREAM),5X,20(1H*) )
↑↑↑ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,OXYNP)
↑↑↑ GO TO 1000
↑ 570 IF(LCST.NE.LFLO)GO TO 590
↑↑↑ CALL INTER(QNP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
↑↑↑ WRITE (NWR,580)
↑ 580 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,41HNONPOINT SOURCE FLOW (CFS/MILE OF STREAM)
↑ 1,5X,20(1H*))
↑↑↑ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,QNP)
↑↑↑ GO TO 1000
↑ 590 CALL INTER(CONNP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
↑↑↑ WRITE(NWR,600)LCST,LCST
↑ 600 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,A4,35H NONPOINT SOURCE CONTRIBUTION (LBS ,A4
↑ 1,20H/DAY/MILE OF STREAM),5X,20(1H*) )
↑↑↑ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CONNP)
↑↑↑ GO TO 1000
↑ 610 WRITE(NWR,620)LABEL

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

→ 620 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H ,130(1H?),/,1H ,20(1H?),5X,10HDATA CODE ,
1A4,36H DOES NOT EXIST - PROGRAM TERMINATES,/,1H ,130(1H?),/,1H ,
2130(1H?))
STOP
5000 RETURN
END

Subroutine FLOWS

```

SUBROUTINE FLOWS
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  ALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  ,CBONP(250),XNBNP(250),CONNP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
2  DIMENSION QINP(250),QONP(250)
DATA LVAR1/4HJUNC/,LVAR2/4HCHAN/
DATA LSTOP/4HSTOP/
DO 10 J=1,NJ
Q(J)=0.0
QOUT(J)=0.0
QIN(J)=0.0
IF(QNP(J).LE.0.0)GO TO 5
QINP(J)=QNP(J)*XMIL
QONP(J)=0.0
GO TO 10
5  QONP(J)=-QNP(J)*XMIL
QINP(J)=0.0
10 CONTINUE
20 READ(NRD,30)LABEL,DIST,QN,QAUT
30 FORMAT(A4,6X,3F10.0)
IF(LABEL.EQ.LSTOP)GO TO 40
JUNC=JKFND(NJ,XMIL,DIST,RMUP,RMDWN)
QIN(JUNC)=QIN(JUNC)+QN
QOUT(JUNC)=QOUT(JUNC)+QAUT
GO TO 20
40 Q(NC)=-QIN(NJ)-QINP(NJ)+EVAP(NJ)*AS(NJ)
DO 50 N=2,NC
NCHAN=NJ-N
NCP=NCHAN+1

```

Subroutine FLOWS (Cont'd)

```

      Q(NCHAN)=Q(NCP)-QIN(NCP)-QINP(NCP)+QOUT(NCP)+QONP(NCP)+EVAP(NCP)*
      1AS(NCP)
      50 CONTINUE
      CALL FLOCOMP
      SUMIN=0.0
      SUMOUT=0.0
      DO 70 J=1,NJ
      SUMIN=SUMIN+QIN(J)+QINP(J)
      SUMOUT=SUMOUT+QOUT(J)+QONP(J)
      IF(EVAP(J).LT.0.0)GO TO 60
      SUMOUT=SUMOUT+EVAP(J)*AS(J)
      GO TO 70
      60 SUMIN=SUMIN-EVAP(J)*AS(J)
      70 CONTINUE
      IF(SUMOUT.GT.SUMIN)GO TO 80
      QOUT(1)=QOUT(1)+SUMIN-SUMOUT
      GO TO 90
      80 QIN(1)=QIN(1)+SUMOUT-SUMIN
      90 WRITE(NWR,100)SUMIN,SUMOUT,QOUT(1)
      100 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),5X,28HSTEADY STAT
      IE FLOW CONDITIONS,47X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),80X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1
      2H*),5X,15HTOTAL INFLOWS =,F10.1,4H CFS,46X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),
      35X,18HTOTAL DIVERSIONS =,F10.1,4H CFS,43X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),
      45X,32HOUTFLOW AT DOWNSTREAM JUNCTION =,F10.1,4H CFS,29X,25(1H*),/,
      51H,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*))
      WRITE(NWR,110)
      110 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,26HPOINT SOURCE INFLOWS (CFS),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,QIN)
      WRITE(NWR,120)
      120 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,50HNONPOINT SOURCE INFLOWS (CFS) (EXCLUDING
      1RAINFALL),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,QINP)
      WRITE(NWR,130)
      130 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,22HPOINT DIVERSIONS (CFS),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,QOUT)

```

Subroutine FLOWS (Cont'd)

```

↑ WRITE(NWR,140)
↑ 140 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,59HNONPOINT DIVERSIONS OR LUSSES (CFS) (EXCL
↑      UDING EVAPORATION),5X,20(1H*) )
↑      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,QONP)
↑      WRITE(NWR,150)
↑ 150 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,19HCHANNEL FLOWS (CFS),5X,20(1H*) )
↑      CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,Q)
↑      DO 160 J=1,NJ
↑      QIN(J)=QIN(J)+QINP(J)
↑      QOUT(J)=QOUT(J)+QONP(J)
↑ 160 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

```

Subroutine FLOCMP

```

SUBROUTINE FLOCMP
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  ALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  ,CBDNP(250),XBNBP(250),CONNP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
DATA LVAR1/4HJUNC/,LVAR2/4HCHAN/
DIMENSION DEPTH(250),RN(250)
DO 10 N=1,NC
DEPTH(N)=A3(N)
IF(A1(N).EQ.0.0.OR.Q(N).EQ.0.0)GO TO 5
DEPTH(N)=DEPTH(N)+A1(N)*ABS(Q(N))*A2(N)
5 A(N)=DEPTH(N)*WIDTH(N)
IF(NVT.EQ.1.AND.RMC(N).LE.RMFR)GO TO 10
IF(A(N).EQ.0.0)GO TO 8
V(N)=ABS(Q(N))/A(N)
GO TO 10
8 WRITE(NWR,9)N
9 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H ,20(1H?),21HZERO AREA IN CHANNEL ,I3,44H
1 DEPTH OR WIDTH IS ZERO - PROGRAM TERMINATES )
STOP
10 CONTINUE
VOL(1)=XLEN*A(1)
VOL(NJ)=XLEN*A(NC)
NL=NJ-1
DO 20 J=2,NL
VOL(J)=XLEN*0.5*(A(J-1)+A(J))
20 CONTINUE
WRITE(NWR,30)
30 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),5X,38HDEPTH OR VE
1LOCITY DEPENDENT VARIABLES,38X,25(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H

```

Subroutine FLOCMP (Cont'd)

```

3*) )
  WRITE(NWR,40)
  40 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,38HCROSSSECTIONAL AREAS OF CHANNELS (SQFT),
    15X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,A)
  WRITE(NWR,50)
  50 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,19HCHANNEL DEPTHS (FT),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,DEPTH)
  WRITE(NWR,60)
  60 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,27HCHANNEL VELOCITIES (FT/SEC),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,V)
  WRITE(NWR,70)
  70 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,23HJUNCTION VOLUMES (CUFT),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,VOL)
  IF(K2FL.NE.1) GO TO 140
  DO 80 N=1,NC
    RN(N) = (12.9*(V(N)**0.5))/(DEPTH(N)**1.5)
  80 CONTINUE
    REAIR(NJ)=RN(NC)
    REAIR(1)=RN(1)
    DO 90 J=2,NL
      REAIR(J)=0.5*(RN(J)+RN(J-1))
  90 CONTINUE
    DO 100 J=1,NJ
      XT=TEMP(J)-20.0
      XF=1.024**XT
      REAIR(J)=REAIR(J)*XF
  100 CONTINUE
    WRITE(NWR,120)
  120 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,33HCOMPUTED REAERATION RATES (1/DAY),5X,20(1
    1H*))
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,REAIR)
    DO 130 J=1,NJ
      REAIR(J)=REAIR(J)/86400.0
  130 CONTINUE
  140 RETURN
      END

```

Subroutine QUALIN

```

SUBROUTINE QUALIN
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIOTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  ALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  ,CBDNP(250),XNBNP(250),CONNP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
DATA LSTOP/4HSTOP/,LFIKE/4HFIKE/
DATA LVAR1/4HJUNC/,LVAR2/4HCHAN/
DATA LNBD/4HNBOD/,LCBD/4HCBOD/,LD0/4HDO /
↑ DIMENSION QIP(250)
NOJFX=0
DO 5 K=1,250
NFS(K)=0
5 CONTINUE
DO 10 J=1,NJ
CIN(J)=0.0
↑ QIN(J)=AMAX1(0.001,QIN(J))
↑ QIP(J)=0.0
10 CONTINUE
1000 READ(NRD,20)LABEL,DIST,QN,CN,CST
20  FORMAT(A4,6X,4F10.0)
IF (LABEL.EQ.LSTOP)GO TO 30
JUNC=JKFND(NJ,XMIL,DIST,RMUP,RMDWN)
↑ QIP(JUNC)=QIP(JUNC)+QN
CIN(JUNC)=CN*QN+CIN(JUNC)
IF (LABEL.NE.LFIKE) GO TO 1000
NOJFX=NOJFX+1
NFS(NOJFX)=JUNC
C(JUNC)=CST
GO TO 1000
30 DO 50 J=1,NJ

```

Subroutine QUALIN (Cont'd)

```

      IF(QIN(J).EQ.0.0.AND.CIN(J).NE.0.0) GO TO 60
      IF(QIP(J).EQ.0.0.AND.CIN(J).EQ.0.0) GO TO 40
      CIN(J)=CIN(J)/QIP(J)
      GO TO 50
      40 CIN(J)=0.0
      50 CONTINUE
      GO TO 80
      60 WRITE(NWR,70)J,RMJ(J)
      70 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H ,130(1H?),/,1H0,10(1H?),5X,33HAN INFLOW W
      1AS READ IN AT JUNCTION ,14,12H(RIVER MILE ,F7.2,54H) IN THE QUALIT
      2Y INPUT, BUT NOT IN THE HYDRAULIC INPUT,/,1H0,10(1H?),5X,18HPROGRA
      3M TERMINATES )
      STOP
      80 WRITE(NWR,90)LCONS
      90 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),80X,25(1H*),/,1H
      1,25(1H*),5X,13HSTEADY STATE ,A4,27H INPUT CONDITIONS ,31X
      2,25(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),80X,25(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/
      3,1H0 )
      WRITE(NWR,95)
      95 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,40HPOINT SOURCE INFLOW CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),
      15X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CIN)
      WRITE(NWR,200)
      200 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,31HNONPOINT SOURCE LOADS (LBS/DAY),5X,20(1H*
      1) )
      IF(LCONS.NE.LCBD)GO TO 230
      DO 210 J=1,NJ
      CBDNP(J)=CBDNP(J)*XMIL
      210 CONTINUE
      CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CBDNP)
      DO 220 J=1,NJ
      IF(CBDNP(J).LE.0.0)GO TO 215
      CIN(J)=(CBDNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      CBDNP(J)=CBDNP(J)/XMIL
      GO TO 220

```

Subroutine QUALIN (Cont'd)

```

215 CIN(J)=CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
220 CONTINUE
230 IF (LCONS.NE.LNBD) GO TO 260
240 J=1,NJ
240 XBNP(J)=XBNP(J)*XMIL
240 CONTINUE
240 CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,XBNP)
240 DO 250 J=1,NJ
240 IF (XBNP(J).LE.0.0) GO TO 245
245 CIN(J)=(XBNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
245 XBNP(J)=XBNP(J)/XMIL
245 GO TO 250
245 CIN(J)=CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
250 CONTINUE
250 GO TO 320
260 IF (LCONS.NE.LDO) GO TO 290
260 DO 270 J=1,NJ
260 OXYP(J)=OXYP(J)*XMIL
270 CONTINUE
270 CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,OXYP)
270 DO 280 J=1,NJ
270 IF (OXYP(J).LE.0.0) GO TO 275
275 CIN(J)=(OXYP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
275 OXYP(J)=OXYP(J)/XMIL
275 GO TO 280
275 CIN(J)=CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
280 CONTINUE
280 GO TO 320
290 DO 300 J=1,NJ
290 CONNP(J)=CONNP(J)*XMIL
300 CONTINUE
300 CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CONNP)
300 DO 310 J=1,NJ
300 IF (CONNP(J).LE.0.0) GO TO 305

```

Subroutine QUALIN (Cont'd)

```

      CIN(J)=(CONNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      CONNP(J)=CONNP(J)/XMIL
      GO TO 310
      305 CIN(J)=CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      310 CONTINUE
      320 IF(NOJFX.EQ.0)GO TO 2000
           WRITE(NWR,100)
           100 FORMAT(1H0,25(1H*),5X,15HFIXED JUNCTIONS,/,1H0)
           DO 130 J=1,NOJFX
               K=NFS(J)
               WRITE(NWR,120)K,RMJ(K),C(K)
               120 FORMAT(1H,25(1H.),5X,9HJUNCTION,13,13H, RIVER MILE ,F7.2,14H, I
                     1S FIXED AT ,1PE11.4,6H (PPM) )
               130 CONTINUE
           2000 RETURN
           END

```

Subroutine QALCMP

```

SUBROUTINE QALCMP
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  ALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),WMC(250)
6  ,CBONP(250),XNBNP(250),CONNP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
DATA LCBD/4HC80D/,LNBD/4HNBOD/
DIMENSION DECAY(250)
IF(LCONS.NE.LCBD)GO TO 20
DO 10 J=1,NJ
DECAY(J)=DK1(J)
10 CONTINUE
GO TO 60
20 IF(LCONS.NE.LNBD) GO TO 40
DO 30 J=1,NJ
DECAY(J)=DK2(J)
30 CONTINUE
GO TO 60
40 DO 50 J=1,NJ
DECAY(J)=0.0
50 CONTINUE
60 ALPHA(1,3)=QIN(1)*CIN(1)
ALPHA(NJ,3)=QIN(NJ)*CIN(NJ)
DVD(1)=-QOUT(1)-DECAY(1)*VOL(1)
DVD(NJ)=-QOUT(NJ)-DECAY(NJ)*VOL(NJ)
DO 1000 J=2,NC
IF(NOJFX.EQ.0) GO TO 80
DO 70 K=1,NOJFX
IF(NFS(K).EQ.J) GO TO 1000
70 CONTINUE
80 DVD(J)=-QOUT(J)-DECAY(J)*VOL(J)

```

Subroutine QALCMP (Cont'd)

```

      ALPHA(J,3)=QIN(J)*CIN(J)
      JM1=J-1
      IF(Q(JM1).LT.0.0) GO TO 90
      ALPHA(J,1)=ABS(Q(JM1))+A(JM1)*Z(JM1)/XLEN
      DVD(J)=DVD(J)-A(JM1)*Z(JM1)/XLEN
      GO TO 100
90    ALPHA(J,1)=Z(JM1)*A(JM1)/XLEN
      DVD(J)=DVD(J)-ABS(Q(JM1))-A(JM1)*Z(JM1)/XLEN
100   IF(Q(J).GT.0.0) GO TO 110
      ALPHA(J,2)=ABS(Q(J))+A(J)*Z(J)/XLEN
      DVD(J)=DVD(J)-A(J)*Z(J)/XLEN
      GO TO 120
110   ALPHA(J,2)=Z(J)*A(J)/XLEN
      DVD(J)=DVD(J)-ABS(Q(J))-A(J)*Z(J)/XLEN
120   CONTINUE
1000  CONTINUE
      IF(Q(NC).LT.0.0) GO TO 130
      ALPHA(NJ,1)=ABS(Q(NC))+A(NC)*Z(NC)/XLEN
      DVD(NJ)=DVD(NJ)-A(NC)*Z(NC)/XLEN
      GO TO 140
130   ALPHA(NJ,1)=Z(NC)*A(NC)/XLEN
      DVD(NJ)=DVD(NJ)-ABS(Q(NC))-A(NC)*Z(NC)/XLEN
140   IF(Q(1).GT.0.0) GO TO 150
      ALPHA(1,1)=ABS(Q(1))+A(1)*Z(1)/XLEN
      DVD(1)=DVD(1)-A(1)*Z(1)/XLEN
      GO TO 160
150   ALPHA(1,1)=Z(1)*A(1)/XLEN
      DVD(1)=DVD(1)-ABS(Q(1))-A(1)*Z(1)/XLEN
160   CALL DIVCK(NERR)
      IF(NERR.EQ.0)GO TO 2000
      WRITE(NWR,170)LCONS
170   FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H ,130(1H?),/,1H0,20(1H?),5X,16HZERO DIVISO
      IR IN ,A4,37H SOLUTION MATRIX - PROGRAM TERMINATES )
      STOP
2000  RETURN
      END

```

Subroutine DOCMP

34

```

SUBROUTINE DOCMP
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  LALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  ,CBODNP(250),XNBNP(250),CONNP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
DVD(1)=-QOUT(1)-REAIR(1)*VOL(1)-EVAP(1)*AS(1)
DVD(NJ)=-QOUT(NJ)-REAIR(NJ)*VOL(NJ)-EVAP(NJ)*AS(NJ)
ALPHA(1,3)=QIN(1)*CIN(1)+PHOTO(1)-(DK1(1)*CBOD(1)+DK2(1)*XNOD(1))*
1VOL(1)-SEDMT(1)*AS(1)+REAIR(1)*DOS(1)*VOL(1)
ALPHA(NJ,3)=QIN(NJ)*CIN(NJ)+PHOTO(NJ)-(DK1(NJ)*CBOD(NJ)+DK2(NJ))*
1XNOD(NJ))*VOL(NJ)-SEDMT(NJ)*AS(NJ)+REAIR(NJ)*DOS(NJ)*VOL(NJ)
DO 1000 J=2,NC
IF(NOJFX.EQ.0) GO TO 20
DO 10 K=1,NOJFX
IF(NFS(K).EQ.J) GO TO 1000
10 CONTINUE
20 DVD(J)=-QOUT(J)-REAIR(J)*VOL(J)-EVAP(J)*AS(J)
ALPHA(J,3)=QIN(J)*CIN(J)+PHOTO(J)*AS(J)-(DK1(J)*CBOD(J)+DK2(J)*
1XNOD(J))*VOL(J)-SEDMT(J)*AS(J)+REAIR(J)*DOS(J)*VOL(J)
JM1=J-1
IF(Q(JM1).LT.0.0) GO TO 30
ALPHA(J,1)=ABS(Q(JM1))+A(JM1)*Z(JM1)/XLEN
DVD(J)=DVD(J)-A(JM1)*Z(JM1)/XLEN
GO TO 40
30 ALPHA(J,1)=Z(JM1)*A(JM1)/XLEN
DVD(J)=DVD(J)-ABS(Q(JM1))-A(JM1)*Z(JM1)/XLEN
40 IF(Q(J).GT.0.0) GO TO 50
ALPHA(J,2)=ABS(Q(J))+A(J)*Z(J)/XLEN
DVD(J)=DVD(J)-A(J)*Z(J)/XLEN
GO TO 60
50 ALPHA(J,2)=Z(J)*A(J)/XLEN

```

* This change is indicated in the errata for T.R. 54

Subroutine DOCMP (Cont'd)

```

DVD(J)=DVD(J)-ABS(Q(J))-A(J)*Z(J)/XLEN
60 CONTINUE
1000 CONTINUE
    IF(Q(NC).LT.0.0) GO TO 70
    ALPHA(NJ,1)=ABS(Q(NC))+A(NC)*Z(NC)/XLEN
    DVD(NJ)=DVD(NJ)-A(NC)*Z(NC)/XLEN
    GO TO 80
70 ALPHA(NJ,1)=Z(NC)*A(NC)/XLEN
    DVD(NJ) = DVD(NJ)-ABS(Q(NC))-A(NC)*Z(NC)/XLEN
30 IF(Q(1).GT.0.0) GO TO 90
    ALPHA(1,1)=ABS(Q(1))+A(1)*Z(1)/XLEN
    DVD(1)=DVD(1)-A(1)*Z(1)/XLEN
    GO TO 100
90 ALPHA(1,1)=Z(1)*A(1)/XLEN
    DVD(1)=DVD(1)-ABS(Q(1))-A(1)*Z(1)/XLEN
100 CALL DIVCK (NERR)
    IF(NERR.EQ.0) GO TO 2000
    WRITE(NWR,110) LCONS
110 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H,130(1H?),/,1H,20(1H?),5X,16HZERO DIVISO
    IR IN 4,37H SOLUTION MATRIX - PROGRAM TERMINATES
    STOP
2000 RETURN
    END

```

Subroutine SOLVEX

```

SUBROUTINE SOLVEX
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  LALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250),
6  ,CBONP(250),XNBONP(250),CONNP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
RELAX=1.0
MAXCYC=1000
DELMAX=0.0001
DO 1000 IT=1,MAXCYC
BIG=0.0
DO 30 J=2,NC
IF(NOJFX.EQ.0) GO TO 20
DO 10 K=1,NOJFX
IF(J.EQ.NFS(K)) GO TO 30
10 CONTINUE
20 CNEW=0.0
CNEW=CNEW-ALPHA(J,1)*C(J-1)/DVD(J)
CNEW=CNEW-ALPHA(J,2)*C(J+1)/DVD(J)
CNEW=CNEW-ALPHA(J,3)/DVD(J)
DELC=CNEW-C(J)
C(J)=C(J)+RELAX*DELC
IF(ABS(DELC).LT.BIG) GO TO 30
BIG=ABS(DELC)
CHNG=DELC
NRIG=J
30 CONTINUE
IF(NOJFX.EQ.0) GO TO 50
DO 40 K=1,NOJFX
IF(NJ.EQ.NFS(K)) GO TO 60
40 CONTINUE

```

Subroutine SOLVEX (Cont'd)

```

50 CNEW=-ALPHA(NJ,1)*C(NC)/DVD(NJ)
   CNEW= CNEW-ALPHA(NJ,3)/DVD(NJ)
   DELC= CNEW-C(NJ)
   C(NJ)=C(NJ)+RELAX*DELC
   IF (ABS(DELC).LT.BIG) GO TO 60
   BIG=ABS(DELC)
   CHNG=DELC
   NBIG=NJ
60 IF (NOJFX.EQ.0) GO TO 80
   DO 70 K=1,NOJFX
   IF (1.EQ.NFS(K)) GO TO 90
70 CONTINUE
80 CNEW =-ALPHA(1,1)*C(2)/DVD(1)
   CNEW =CNEW-ALPHA(1,3)/DVD(1)
   DELC =CNEW-C(1)
   C(1)=C(1)+RELAX*DELC
   IF (ABS(DELC).LT.BIG) GO TO 100
   BIG = ABS(DELC)
   CHNG=DELC
   NBIG=1
90 CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE
   IF (BIG.LE.DELMAX) GO TO 120
1000 CONTINUE
   WRITE(NWR,110)MAXCYC,CHNG,NBIG
110 FORMAT(1H ,18HNO CONVERGENCE IN ,I4,26H CYCLES,
      1E15.3,13H AT JUNC NO. ,I4,19H PROGRAM CONTINUE)
      GO TO 140
120 WRITE(NWR,130)IT
130 FORMAT(1H ,15HCONVERGENCE IN ,I4,7H CYCLES ;
140 CALL CALOUT
      RETURN
      END

```

CHANGE IS,

Subroutine INTER

```

SUBROUTINE INTER(REAL,MMAT,X,Y,XYTOT,XY)
COMMON X(250),Y(250),Z(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  A1TOT(250),A2TOT(250),Y(250),TMDP(250),FVAD(250),XNJ(250),
2  B4TOT(250),SEDMAT(250),Z(250),OK1(250),OK2(250),XNON(250),
3  REAIP(250),DO5(250),ORONT(250),C400(250),XJONT(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VCL(250),CTN(250),C(250),
5  LALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),QVCL(250),NFS(250),RMC(250),
6  CRONP(250),XCRONP(250),CROVCL(250),QVCL(250),OXYNP(250),
COMMON /COMMON/XYLEN,DO5FV,ORONT,ORONT,ORONT,ORONT,ORONT,ORONT,ORONT,ORONT,
1  IF(XVAD,MMAT)
DIMENSION REAL(MMAT),X(NPTS),Y(NPTS),Y(NPTS),Z(MMAT)
DO 21 J=1,NPTS
TEST=X(I)
JTMDE=1
DO 22 J=1,NPTS
IF(Y(J).GE.TEST) GO TO 23
TEST=X(J)
JTMDE=J
22 CONTINUE
XTMDE=X(I)
YTMDE=Y(I)
X(I)=X(JTMDE)
Y(I)=Y(JTMDE)
X(JTMDE)=XTMP
Y(JTMDE)=YTMP
21 CONTINUE
DO 10 J=1,MMAT
XTMP=X(J)
CALL TARG(X,Y,XYTOT,XYTOT)
REAL(J)=XTMP
10 CONTINUE
21 10
END

```

Subroutine TABU

```

SUBROUTINE TABU(X,Y,XPT,NPTS,YPT)
  IF (NPTS.EQ.1) GO TO 10
  DIMENSION X(NPTS),Y(NPTS)
  NPM1=NPTS-1
  IF (XPT.LE.X(1)) GO TO 10
  IF (XPT.GE.X(NPTS)) GO TO 20
  DO 30 J=1,NPM1
    IF (XPT.GE.X(J).AND.XPT.LE.X(J+1)) GO TO 40
  30 CONTINUE
  40 S=(XPT-X(1))/(X(J+1)-X(J))
  YPT=Y(J)+(Y(J+1)-Y(J))*S
  GO TO 50
  20 YPT=Y(NPTS)
  GO TO 50
  10 YPT=Y(1)
  50 RETURN
  END

```

Subroutine OUTGO

```

SUBROUTINE OUTGO(LVAR,NP,X,Y)
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),DK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  LALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  *C9DNP(250),XNBNP(250),CC9NP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
DIMENSION X(250),Y(250)
ILINE= NP/4
IEXTA= NP-4*ILINE
WRITE(NWR,10)LVAR,LVAR,LVAR,LVAR,LVAR
10 FORMAT(1H0,3X,A4,4X,5SHRIVER,18X,A4,4X,5SHRIVER,18X,A4,4X,5SHRIVER,18
1X,A4,4X,5SHRIVER,/,1H,4X,2HNO,5X,4HMMILE,7X,5HVALUE,8X,2HNO,5X,4HMI
2LE,7X,5HVALUE,8X,2HNO,5X,4HMMILE,7X,5HVALUE,8X,2HNO,5X,4HMMILE,7X,5H
3VALUE ;
DO 30 I=1,ILINE
I2=I+ILINE+IEXTA
I3=I2+ILINE
I4=I3+ILINE
WRITE(NWR,20)I,X(I),Y(I),I2,X(I2),Y(I2),I3,X(I3),Y(I3),I4,X(I4),
1  Y(I4)
20 FORMAT(1H,3X,I3,4X,F6.2,4X,IPE10.3,4X,I3,4X,0PF6.2,4X,IPE10.3,
14X,I3,4X,0PF6.2,4X,IPE10.3,4X,I3,4X,0PF6.2,4X,IPE10.3)
30 CONTINUE
IF(IEXTA.EQ.0)GO TO 60
IEND=ILINE+IEXTA
IBEG=ILINE+1
DO 50 I=IBEG,IEND
WRITE(NWR,40)I,X(I),Y(I)
40 FORMAT(1H,3X,I3,4X,F6.2,4X,IPE10.3)
50 CONTINUE
60 RETURN
END

```

Subroutine DIVCK

```

SUBROUTINE DIVCK(NERR)
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),OK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  LALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  ,CBDNP(250),XNRNP(250),CONNP(250),QNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRU,NWR,NVT
NERR=0
DO 10 J=1,NJ
IF(NOJFX.EQ.0) GO TO 11
DO 20 K=1,NOJFX
IF(J.EQ.NFS(K)) GO TO 10
20 CONTINUE
11 IF(DVD(J).NE.0.0) GO TO 10
WRITE(NWR,30)J
30 FORMAT(1H,20(1H?),5X,23HZERO DIVIDE AT JUNCTION,15)
NERR=NERR+1
10 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

Function JKEND

```
FUNCTION JKEND(NJ,XMIL,DIST,RMUP,RMDWN)
  NSET=1+IFIX(((DIST-RMDWN)/XMIL)+0.5)
  IF(DIST.LT.RMDWN) NSET=1
  IF(DIST.GT.RMUP) NSET=NJ
  JKEND=NSET
  RETURN
END
```

Subroutine QALOUT

```

SUBROUTINE QALOUT
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),
1  WIDTH(250),AS(250),V(250),TEMP(250),EVAP(250),RMJ(250),
2  PHOTO(250),SEDMT(250),Z(250),OK1(250),DK2(250),XNOD(250),
3  REAIR(250),DOS(250),CBODI(250),CBOD(250),XNODI(250),
4  OXY(250),CS(250),A(250),VOL(250),CIN(250),C(250),
5  ALPHA(20),ALPHA(250,3),DVD(250),NFS(250),RMC(250)
6  ,CBONP(250),XBNP(250),CONNP(250),GNP(250),OXYNP(250)
COMMON NC,NJ,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,NSECS,XMIL,LCONS,K2FL,
1  NRD,NWR,NVT
DATA LCBD/4HCBD/,LNBD/4HNBOD/,LDO/4HDO /
DATA LVAR1/4HJUNC/,LVAR2/4HCHAN/
WRITE(NWR,10)(LALPHA(K),K=1,20),LCONS,QOUT(1)
10 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,20(1H*),5X,20A4,5X,20(1H*
1),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,20(1H*),5X,13HSTEADY STATE ,A4,21H CONCENTR
2ATIONS (PPM),47X,20(1H*),/,1H ,20(1H*),90X,20(1H*),/,1H ,20(1H*),
35X,27HOUTFLOW AT DOWNSTREAM END =,F10.1,4H CFS,44X,20(1H*),/,1H ,
4130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*))
WRITE(NWR,20)
20 FORMAT(1H0,50X,20HCONCENTRATIONS (PPM) )
XCK=1.0E-10
DO 25 J=1,NJ
IF(C(J).LT.XCK)C(J)=0.0
25 CONTINUE
CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,C)
IF(LCONS.EQ.LCBD.OR.LCONS.EQ.LNBD.OR.LCONS.EQ.LDO)GO TO 30
GO TO 40
30 BOTTOM=0.0
GO TO 60
40 BOTTOM=1.0E25
DO 50 J=1,NJ
IF(C(J).LT.BOTTOM)BOTTOM=C(J)
50 CONTINUE
IF(BOTTOM.LT.0.0)BOTTOM=0.0
IHOT=IFIX(BOTTOM)

```

Subroutine QALOUT (Cont'd)

```
      BOTTOM=FLOAT(IROT)
      TOP=0.0
      DO 70 J=1,NJ
      IF (C(J).GT.TOP) TOP=C(J)
      70 CONTINUE
      ITOP=IFIX(TOP+1.0)
      TOP=FLOAT(ITOP)
      WRITE(NWR,80) LCONS
      80 FORMAT(1H1,12HX=RIVER MILE,85X,3HY= ,A4,21H CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),
      1/,140)
      CENT=0.0
      NSKIP=0
      CALL GRAPH(BOTTOM,TOP,NJ,RMJ,C,CENT,NSKIP,NWR)
      RETURN
      END
```

Subroutine GRAPH

```

SUBROUTINE GRAPH(BOTTOM, TOP, NP, A, Y, CENT, NSKIP, NWR)
  DIMENSION X(NP), Y(NP), IPLY(100)
  DATA LCNT, LPLUS/1H, 1H+/
  DATA LRB, LKSTAR, LRPT, LRO/1H, 1H*, 1H-, 1H0/
  NDEX=NSKIP
  LINEZ=IABS(NSKIP)
  IF(NDEX.LT.1) NDEX=1
  40 WRITE(NWR, 330) BOTTOM, TOP
  330 FORMAT(1H, 8X, 1PE8.1, 91X, E8.1)
  WRITE(NWR, 310)
  310 FORMAT(1H, 4X, 1HX, 5X, 101(1H., 5X, 1HY)
  YS=(TOP-BOTTOM)/100.0
  NCNT=(CENT-BOTTOM)/YS
  DO 50 JFK=1, NP, NDEX
  DO 60 LY=1, 100
    IPLY(LY)=LRB
  60 CONTINUE
    IF(NSKIP.GE.0) GO TO 3
    IF(NCENT.GT.0) IPLY(NCENT)=LCNT
    DO 5 LBJ=1, LINEZ
      WRITE(NWR, 6) IPLY
      6 FORMAT(1H, 10X, 1H., 100A1, 1H.)
    5 CONTINUE
    3 NPOT=(Y(JFK)-BOTTOM)/YS
    IF(NPOT.GT.100) NPOT=100
    IF(NPOT.LT.1) NPOT=1
    IF(NCENT.GT.100) GO TO 550
    IF(NCENT.LE.0) GO TO 550
    IF(NPOT.LT.NCENT) GO TO 500
    LIMIT=NPOT-1
    IF(LIMIT.LT.1) GO TO 550
    DO 400 LL=NCENT, LIMIT
      IPLY(LL)=LPLUS
    400 CONTINUE
      IPLY(NCENT)=LCNT

```

Subroutine GRAPH (Cont'd)

```
GO TO 550
LIMIT=NPOT+1
DO 501 LL=LIMIT,NCENT
  IPLT(LL)=LRPT
501 CONTINUE
  IPLT(NCENT)=LCNT
550 CONTINUE
  2 IPLT(NPOT)=LRSTAR
  4 WRITE(NWR,320) X(JFK),IPLT,Y(JFK)
320 FORMAT(1H , IPE8.1,1X,1H.,100A1,1H., E8.1)
50 CONTINUE
  WRITE(NWR,350)
350 FORMAT(1H ,10X,101(1H.))
RETURN
END
```

AUTØQD:

The program output has the same basic format with the following additions:

Under the heading "Estuary/Stream Data" the non-point source input data and other physical data is printed.

Under the heading "Flow Conditions for the Period (Month-Day-Year) through (Month-Day-Year)" the point source inflows and/or diversions, the non-point source inflows and/or non-point losses and the channel flows are printed. The non-point values printed here are the equivalent junction inflows and/or diversions (non-point source value multiplied by channel length)"

Under the heading "Input Conditions for (Month-Day-Year) through (Month-Day-Year)" the point source inflow concentrations and the equivalent non-point source loadings are printed. The non-point source loading is the total mass loading due to non-point sources for the junctions (non-point source value multiplied by channel length).

The same new variables have been added to program AUTØQD that were added to AUTØSS.

Program Listing

Following is a complete listing of Program AUTØQD. New or changed cards are marked by arrows.

AUTØQD:

The program output has the same basic format with the following additions:

Under the heading "Estuary/Stream Data" the non-point source input data and other physical data is printed.

Under the heading "Flow Conditions for the Period (Month-Day-Year) through (Month-Day-Year)" the point source inflows and/or diversions, the non-point source inflows and/or non-point losses and the channel flows are printed. The non-point values printed here are the equivalent junction inflows and/or diversions (non-point source value multiplied by **channel length**)"

Under the heading "Input Conditions for (Month-Day-Year) through (Month-Day-Year)" the point source inflow concentrations and the equivalent non-point source loadings are printed. The non-point source loading is the total mass loading due to non-point sources for the junctions (non-point source value multiplied by **channel length**).

The same new variables have been added to program AUTØQD that were added to AUTØSS.

Program Listing

Following is a complete listing of Program AUTØQD. New or changed cards are marked by arrows.

[illegible]

Main Program (Cont'd)

```

LVAR1=LJU
LVAR2=LCX
LFXE=LFX
NRD=1
NWR=6
NVI=0
READ(NRD,10)(LALPHA(K),K=1,20)
10 FORMAT(20A4)
READ(NRD,20)RMDWN,RMUP,RMFR,NSECS
20 FORMAT(3F10.0,I10)
WRITE(NWR,30)
30 FORMAT(1H,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,13X,3HAAA,11X,3HUUU,9X,3H
1UUU,5X,15(1HT),7X,11(1HO),9X,11(1HQ),7X,13(1HD),/,1H,12X,5HAAAAA,
210X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,5X,15(1HT),6X,13(1HO),7X,13(1HQ),6X,14(1HD),/,1
3H,11X,7(1HA),9X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,5X,15(1HT),5X,15(1HO),5X,15(1HQ),5
4X,15(1HD),/,1H,10X,3HAAA,3X,3HAAA,8X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,11X,3HTTT,11X
5,3H000,9X,3H000,
6 5X,3HQQQ,9X,3HQQQ,5X,3HDDD,9X,3HDDD,/,1H,9X,3HAAA,5X,3HAAA
7,7X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,11X,3HTTT,11X,3H000,9X,3H000,5X,3HQQQ,9X,3HQQQ,
85X,3HDDD,9X,3HDDD,/,1H,8X,3HAAA,7X,3HAAA,6X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,11X,3H
9TTT,11X,3H000,9X,3H000,5X,3HQQQ,5X,7HQQQ,QQQ,5X,3HDDD,9X,3HDDD)
WRITE(NWR,40)
40 FORMAT(1H,7X,15(1HA),5X,3HUUU,9X,3HUUU,11X,3HTTT,11X,3H000,9X,3H0
100,5X,3HQQQ,6X,6HQQQQQQ,5X,3HDDD,9X,3HDDD,/,1H,7X,15(1HA),5X,15(1
2HU),11X,3HTTT,11X,15(1HO),5X,15(1HQ),5X,15(1HD),/,1H,7X,3HAAA,9X,
33HAAA,6X,13(1HU),12X,3HTTT,12X,13(1HO),7X,14(1HQ),5X,14(1HD),/,1H
4,7X,3HAAA,9X,3HAAA,7X,11(1HU),13X,3HTTT,13X,11(1HU),9X,13(1HQ),5X,
513(1HD),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*))
WRITE(NWR,50)(LALPHA(K),K=1,20),RMDWN,RMUP,RMFR,NSECS
50 FORMAT(1H,20(1H*),5X,33HQUASI-DYNAMIC WATER QUALITY MODEL,/,1H,2
10(1H*),/,1H,20(1H*),5X,14HRUN TITLE.....,20A4,/,1H,20(1H*),/,1H
2,20(1H*),/,1H,20(1H*),5X,18HBASIC NETWORK DATA,/,1H,20(1H*),5X,3
31HRIVER MILE AT DOWNSTREAM END.....,F10.2,/,1H,20(1H*),5X,31HRIVER
4MILE AT UPSTREAM END.....,F10.2,/,1H,20(1H*),5X,31HRIVER MILE OF
5FALL LINE.....,F10.2,/,1H,20(1H*),5X,31HNUMBER OF SECTIONS....

```

Main PROGRAM (Cont'd)

```
6.....,110 )  
  CALL SETUP  
1000 READ(NRD,10) LTYPE  
    IF(LTYPE.EQ.LHALT) GO TO 2000  
    IF(LTYPE.NE.LDATA) GO TO 60  
    CALL NETDAT  
    GO TO 1000  
60 IF(LTYPE.NE.LCBD) GO TO 80  
  DO 70 J=1,NJ  
    C(J)=CBOD(J)  
70 CONTINUE  
    CALL VAULIN  
    CALL VALCMP  
    DO 75 J=1,NJ  
      CBOD(J)=C(J)  
75 CONTINUE  
    GO TO 1000  
80 IF(LTYPE.NE.LNBD) GO TO 100  
  DO 90 J=1,NJ  
    C(J)=XNOD(J)  
90 CONTINUE  
    CALL VAULIN  
    CALL VALCMP  
    DO 95 J=1,NJ  
      XNOD(J)=C(J)  
95 CONTINUE  
    GO TO 1000  
100 IF(LTYPE.NE.LDO) GO TO 110  
  CALL VDOIN  
  CALL VDOCP  
  GO TO 1000  
110 IF(LTYPE.NE.LFLO) GO TO 120  
  CALL FLOWS  
  GO TO 1000  
120 DO 130 J=1,NJ
```

Main PROGRAM (Cont'd)

```
      C(J)=CS(J)
130  CONTINUE
      CALL VAULIN
      CALL VALCMP
      DO 135 J=1,NJ
      CS(J)=C(J)
135  CONTINUE
      GO TO 1000
2000 STOP
      END
```

Subroutine SETUP

```

SUBROUTINE SETUP
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A(250),Z(250),XNDIN(250),
1   CRDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),REAIR(250),VOL(250),
2   PHOTO(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),DUS(250),V(250),
3   WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4   DK2(250),CBOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5   XMASS(250),XNMASS(250),XCMAS(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6   RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7   ,CBDNP(250),XNBNP(250),CONNP(250),OXYNP(250),QNP(250)
COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NQJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELT,DPRT,
1   NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NBEG,NEND,IMOB,IDAYB,IYRB,IMOE,IDAYE,
2   IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LSTOP,LVAR1,LVAR2,
3   LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
NC=NSECS
NJ=NSECS+1
XMIL=(RMUP-RMDWN)/FLOAT(NC)
XLEN=XMIL*5285.0
RMJ(1)=RMDWN
DO 10 J=2,NJ
RMJ(J)=RMJ(J-1)+XMIL
10 CONTINUE
RMC(1)= RMDWN+(XMIL/2.0)
DO 20 N=2,NC
RMC(N)=RMC(N-1)+XMIL
20 CONTINUE
DO 30 J=1,NJ
↑ CBDNP(J)=0.0
↑ XNBNP(J)=0.0
↑ QNP(J)=0.0
↑ CONNP(J)=0.0
↑ OXYNP(J)=0.0
QIN(J)=0.0
QOUT(J)=0.0
Q(J)=0.0
A(J)=0.0

```

Subroutine SETUP (Cont'd)

```
Z(J)=0.0
XNDIN(J)=0.0
CBDIN(J)=0.0
OXIN(J)=0.0
CIN(J)=0.0
C(J)=0.0
REAIR(J)=0.0
VOL(J)=0.0
PHOTO(J)=0.0
EVAP(J)=0.0
AS(J)=0.0
SEDMT(J)=0.0
DOS(J)=0.0
V(J)=0.0
WIDTH(J)=0.0
A1(J)=0.0
A2(J)=0.0
A3(J)=0.0
TEMP(J)=20.0
DK1(J)=0.0
DK2(J)=0.0
CBOD(J)=0.0
XNOD(J)=0.0
OXY(J)=0.0
CS(J)=0.0
NFS(J)=0
XMASS(J)=0.0
XNMAS(J)=0.0
XCMAS(J)=0.0
XOMAS(J)=0.0
DO 30 K=1,3
MFS(J,K)=0
30 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

Subroutine NEDAT

```

SUBROUTINE NETDAT
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A(250),Z(250),X,WIN(250),
1  CHDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),REAIR(250),VOL(250),
2  PHOTO(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),DUS(250),V(250),
3  WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4  DK2(250),CHOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5  XMASS(250),XNMAS(250),XCMAS(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6  RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7  COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELTD,NPRT,
1  NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NBEG,NEND,IMOB,IDAY8,IYRB,IMOE,IDAYE,
2  IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNRD,LDO,LSTOP,LVAR1,LVAR2,
3  LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
DATA LA1/4HA1 /,LA2/4HA2 /,LA3/4HA3 /,LWIDT/4HWIDT/,
1  LVEL/4HVELO/,LTEMP/4HTEMP/,LVAP/4HEVAP/,LPHOTO/4HPHOT/,
2  LSEDMT/4HSEDI/,LDISP/4HDISP/,LDK1/4HCDEC/,LDK2/4HNDEC/,
3  LREAI/4HREAE/,LDOS/4HSATD/,LINIT/4HINIT/,LOXY/4HDO /,
4  LCSA/4HC-SA/,LCK2/4HC-RE/,LFLO/4HFLOW/,LNON/4HNONP/
DATA VAPFAC/1.86224E07/,CVFAC/3.28075E00/
DIMENSION X(250),Y(250)
K2FL=0
WRITE(NWR,10)
10 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,35(1H*),61X,34(1H*),/,1H
1,35(1H*),6X,49HE S T U A R Y / S T R E A M I N P U T D A T A,
26X,34(1H*),/,1H ,35(1H*),61X,34(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*)
3)
1000 READ(NRD,20)LABEL,LCST,NPTS
20 FORMAT(2A4,2X,I5)
IF(LABEL.EQ.LSTOP)GO TO 5000
IF(NPTS.EQ.0) GO TO 45
DO 40 J=1,NPTS
30 READ(NRD,30)I,X(J),Y(J)
40 FORMAT(I5,5X,2F10.0)
40 CONTINUE
45 IF(LABEL.NE.LAI) GO TO 60

```

↑

↑

↑ *

Subroutine NEDAT (Cont'd)

```

      CALL INTER(A1,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
      WRITE(NWR,50)
50  FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,32HA1 COEFFICIENT FOR FLOW EQUATION,5X,20(1H
1*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,A1)
      GO TO 1000
60  IF(LABEL.NE.LA2) GO TO 80
      CALL INTER(A2,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
      WRITE(NWR,70)
70  FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,32HA2 COEFFICIENT FOR FLOW EQUATION,5X,20(1H
1*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,A2)
      GO TO 1000
80  IF(LABEL.NE.LA3) GO TO 100
      CALL INTER(A3,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
      WRITE(NWR,90)
90  FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,79HA3 COEFFICIENT FOR FLOW EQUATION - RERESE
      INTS DEPTH OF FLOW IF A1 AND/OR A2 ARE ,5X,20(1H*),/,1H ,20(1H*),5X
      2,27HNOT SPECIFIED (OR ARE ZERO),57X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,A3)
      GO TO 1000
100 IF(LABEL.NE.LWIDT)GO TO 120
      CALL INTER(WIDTH,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
      WRITE(NWR,110)
110 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,19HCHANNEL WIDTHS (FT),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,WIDTH)
      AS(1)=WIDTH(1)*XLEN
      AS(NJ)=WIDTH(NJ)*XLEN
      DO 112 J=2,NC
      AS(J)=XLEN*0.5*(WIDTH(J)+WIDTH(J-1))
112 CONTINUE
      WRITE(NWR,114)
114 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,29HJUNCTION SURFACE AREAS (SQFT),5X,20(1H*))
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,AS)
      GO TO 1000
120 IF(LABEL.NE.LVEL) GO TO 150

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

NVT=1
CALL INTER(V,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
DO 130 N=1,NC
  IF(RMC(N).GT.RMFR) V(N)=0.0
130 CONTINUE
  WRITE(NWR,140)
140 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,41HAVERAGE CHANNEL TIDAL VELOCITIES (FT/SEC)
      1,5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,V)
  GO TO 1000
150 IF(LABEL.NE.LTEMP) GO TO 170
  CALL INTER(TEMP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
  WRITE(NWR,160)
160 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,35HJUNCTION WATER TEMPERATURES (DEG-C),5X,20(
      1(1H*)) )
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,TEMP)
  GO TO 1000
170 IF(LABEL.NE.LVAP) GO TO 200
  CALL INTER(EVAP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ,EVAP)
  WRITE(NWR,180)
180 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,34HNET EVAPORATION - RAINFALL (IN/MO),5X,20(
      1(1H*)) )
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,EVAP)
  DO 190 J=1,NJ
    EVAP(J)=EVAP(J)/VAPFAC
190 CONTINUE
  GO TO 1000
200 IF(LABEL.NE.LPHOTO) GO TO 230
  CALL INTER(PHOTO,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
  WRITE(NWR,210)
210 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,61HAVERAGE DAILY PHOTOSYNTHESIS-RESPIRATION
      1RATE (GM O2/SQM/DAY),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,PHOTO)
  DO 220 J=1,NJ
    PHOTO(J)=PHOTO(J)*CVFAC/86400.0

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

220 CONTINUE
   GO TO 1000
230 IF(LABEL.NE.LSEDMT) GO TO 260
   CALL INTER(SEDMT,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
   WRITE(NWR,240)
240 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,42HOXYGEN UPTAKE OF SEDIMENTS (GM O2/SQM/DAY
   1),5X,20(1H*) )
   CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,SEDMT)
   DO 250 J=1,NJ
   SEDMT(J)=SEDMT(J)*CVFAC/86400.0
250 CONTINUE
   GO TO 1000
260 IF(LABEL.NE.LDISP) GO TO 280
   CALL INTER(Z,NC,X,Y,NPTS,RMC)
   WRITE(NWR,270)
270 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,34HDISPERSION COEFFICIENTS (SQFT/SEC),5X,20(
   1H*) )
   CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,Z)
   GO TO 1000
280 IF(LABEL.NE.LDK1)GO TO 310
   CALL INTER(DK1,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
   DO 285 J=1,NJ
   DK1(J)=DK1(J)*1.047*(TEMP(J)-20.0)
285 CONTINUE
   WRITE(NWR,290)
290 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,52HCHOD DECAY RATES CORRECTED TO STREAM TEMP
   1S - (1/DAY),5X,20(1H*))
   CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,DK1)
   DO 300 J=1,NJ
   DK1(J)=DK1(J)/86400.0
300 CONTINUE
   GO TO 1000
310 IF(LABEL.NE.LDK2)GO TO 340
   CALL INTER(DK2,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
   DO 315 J=1,NJ

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

315 DK2(J)=DK2(J)*1.015**(TEMP(J)-20.0)
    CONTINUE
    WRITE(NWR,320)
320 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,52HNBOD DECAY RATES CORRECTED TO STREAM TEMP
    1S - (1/DAY),5X,20(1H*))
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,DK2)
    DO 330 J=1,NJ
330 DK2(J)=DK2(J)/86400.0
    CONTINUE
    GO TO 1000
340 IF(LABEL.NE.LREAI) GO TO 370
    CALL INTER(REAIR,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
    DO 345 J=1,NJ
345 REAIR(J)=REAIR(J)*1.024**(TEMP(J)-20.0)
    CONTINUE
    WRITE(NWR,350)
350 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,58HINPUT REAERATION RATES CORRECTED TO STREA
    1M TEMPS - (1/DAY),5X,20(1H*))
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,REAIR)
    DO 360 J=1,NJ
360 REAIR(J)=REAIR(J)/86400.0
    CONTINUE
    GO TO 1000
370 IF(LABEL.NE.LDOS) GO TO 390
    CALL INTER(DOS,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
    WRITE(NWR,380)
380 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,46HINPUTED OXYGEN SATURATION CONCENTRATIONS
    1(PPM),5X,20(1H*))
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,DOS)
    GO TO 1000
390 IF(LABEL.NE.LINIT) GO TO 470
    IF(LCST.NE.LCHD)GO TO 410
    CALL INTER(CBOD,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
    WRITE(NWR,400)
400 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,33HINITIAL CBOD CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),5X,20(1

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,CHOD)
  GO TO 1000
410 IF(LCST.NE.LNRD)GO TO 430
  CALL INTER(XNOD,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
  WRITE(NWR,420)
420 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,33HINITIAL NBOD CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),5X,20(1
1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,XNOD)
  GO TO 1000
430 IF(LCST.NE.LOXY) GO TO 450
  CALL INTER(OXY,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
  WRITE(NWR,440)
440 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,45HINITIAL DISSOLVED OXYGEN CONCENTRATIONS (
1PPM),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,OXY)
  GO TO 1000
450 CALL INTER(CS,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
  WRITE(NWR,460)LCST
460 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,4HINITIAL ,A4,21H CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),5X,20
1(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,CS)
  GO TO 1000
470 IF(LABEL.NE.LCSA)GO TO 500
  DO 480 J=1,NJ
  D05(J)=14.62-0.367*TEMP(J)+0.0045*(TEMP(J)**2.0)
480 CONTINUE
  WRITE(NWR,490)
490 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,47HCOMPUTED OXYGEN SATURATION CONCENTRATIONS
1 (PPM),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,D05)
  GO TO 1000
500 IF(LABEL.NE.LCK2)GO TO 510
  K2FL=1
  GO TO 1000

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```

→ 510 IF (LABEL.NE.LNON) GO TO 610
→ IF (LCST.NE.LCRD) GO TO 530
→ CALL INTER(CBDNP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
→ WRITE(NWR,520)
→ 520 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,63HCB0D NONPOINT SOURCE CONTRIBUTION (LRS CB
→ 10D/DAY/MILE OF STREAM),5X,20(1H*))
→ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CBDNP)
→ GO TO 1000
→ 530 IF (LCST.NE.LNBD) GO TO 550
→ CALL INTER(XNBNP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
→ WRITE(NWR,540)
→ 540 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,63HNBD NONPOINT SOURCE CONTRIBUTION (LRS NB
→ 10D/DAY/MILE OF STREAM),5X,20(1H*))
→ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,XNBNP)
→ GO TO 1000
→ 550 IF (LCST.NE.LOXY) GO TO 570
→ CALL INTER(OXYP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
→ WRITE(NWR,560)
→ 560 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,60HO2 NONPOINT SOURCE CONTRIBUTIONS (LRS O2/
→ 10D/DAY/MILE OF STREAM),5X,20(1H*))
→ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,OXYP)
→ GO TO 1000
→ 570 IF (LCST.NE.LFLO) GO TO 590
→ CALL INTER(QNP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
→ WRITE(NWR,580)
→ 580 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,41HNONPOINT SOURCE FLOW (CFS/MILE OF STREAM)
→ 1,5X,20(1H*))
→ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,QNP)
→ GO TO 1000
→ 590 CALL INTER(COINP,NJ,X,Y,NPTS,RMJ)
→ WRITE(NWR,600) LCST,LCST
→ 600 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,A4,35H NONPOINT SOURCE CONTRIBUTION (LRS ,A4
→ 1,20H/DAY/MILE OF STREAM),5X,20(1H*))
→ CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,COINP)
→ GO TO 1000

```

Subroutine NETDAT (Cont'd)

```
▶ 610 WRITE(NWR,620) LABEL  
▶ 620 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H ,130(1H?),/,1H ,20(1H?),5X,10HDATA CODE ,  
1A4,36H DOES NOT EXIST - PROGRAM TERMINATES,/,1H ,130(1H?),/,1H ,  
2130(1H?))  
STOP  
5000 RETURN  
END
```

Subroutine FLOWS

```

SUBROUTINE FLOWS
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),O(250),A(250),Z(250),XNDIN(250),
1   CBDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),REAIR(250),VOL(250),
2   PHOTO(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),DUS(250),V(250),
3   WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4   DK2(250),CBOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5   XMASS(250),XNMASS(250),XCMAS(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6   RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7   ,CBDNP(250),XNRNP(250),CONNP(250),OXYNP(250),QNP(250)
COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELT3,NPRT,
1   NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NBEG,NEND,IMOB,IDAYB,IYRB,IMOE,IDAYE,
2   IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LSTOP,LVARI,LVAR2,
3   LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
4   DIMENSION LMN(12),QINP(250),QONP(250)
DATA LMN(1)/4HJAN./,LMN(2)/4HFEB./,LMN(3)/4HMAR./,LMN(4)/4HAPR./,
1   LMN(5)/4HMAY /,LMN(6)/4HJUNE/,LMN(7)/4HJULY/,LMN(8)/4HAUG./,
2   LMN(9)/4HSEP./,LMN(10)/4HOCT./,LMN(11)/4HNOV./,
3   LMN(12)/4HDEC./
DO 10 J=1,NJ
QIN(J)=0.0
QOUT(J)=0.0
Q(J)=0.0
4   IF(QNP(J).LE.0.0)GO TO 5
5   QINP(J)=QNP(J)*XMIL
QONP(J)=0.0
GO TO 10
5   QONP(J)=-QNP(J)*XMIL
QINP(J)=0.0
10 CONTINUE
READ(NRD,15)IMOB,IDAYB,IYRB,IMOE,IDAYE,IYRE
15 FORMAT(12,I4,I2,I4,I2,I4,I2,I4,I2,I4,I2,I4,I4)
IYB=IYRB-1900
IYE=IYRE-1900
CALL SERIAL(IDAYE,IMOE,IYE,NEND)
CALL SERIAL(IDAYB,IMOB,IYB,NBEG)

```

Subroutine FLOWS

63

```

NDAYS=NDEND-NBEG+1
20 READ(NRD,30) LABEL, DIST, QN, QAUT
30 FORMAT(A4,6X,3F10.0)
IF(LABEL.EQ.LSTOP) GO TO 40
JUNC=JKFND(NJ,XMIL,DIST,RMUP,RMDWN)
QIN(JUNC)=QIN(JUNC)+QN
QOUT(JUNC)=QOUT(JUNC)+QAUT
GO TO 20
40 Q(NC)=-QIN(NJ)-QINP(NJ)+EVAP(NJ)*AS(NJ)
DO 50 N=2,NC
NCHAN=NJ-N
NCP=NCHAN+1
Q(NCHAN)=Q(NCP)-QIN(NCP)-QINP(NCP)+QOUT(NCP)+QONP(NCP)+EVAP(NCP)*
1AS(NCP)
50 CONTINUE
CALL FLOCMP
SUMIN=0.0
SUMOUT=0.0
DO 70 J=1,NJ
SUMIN=SUMIN+QIN(J)+QINP(J)
SUMOUT=SUMOUT+QOUT(J)+QONP(J)
IF(EVAP(J).LT.0.0) GO TO 60
SUMOUT=SUMOUT+EVAP(J)*AS(J)
GO TO 70
60 SUMIN=SUMIN-EVAP(J)*AS(J)
70 CONTINUE
IF(SUMOUT.GT.SUMIN) GO TO 80
QOUT(1)=QOUT(1)+SUMIN-SUMOUT
GO TO 90
80 QIN(1)=QIN(1)+SUMOUT-SUMIN
90 WRITE(NWR,100) LMN(IMOB), IDAYB, IYPB, LMN(IMOE), IDAYE, IYRE, NDAYS,
*
100 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),5X,21HFLOW CONDIT
IONS FOR ,A4,1X,12,2H, ,I4,1X,4HTHRU,1X,A4,1X,12,2H, ,I4,22X,25(1
2H*),/,1H,25(1H*),80X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),5X,32HNUMBER OF DAYS I

```

Subroutine FLOWS (Cont'd)

```

3N THIS PERIOD = ,I4,39X,25(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),5X,16HTOTAL INFLOWS
4= ,F10.2,4H CFS,45X,25(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),5X,19HTOTAL DIVERSIONS =
5 ,F10.2,4H CFS,42X,25(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),5X,33HOUTFLOW AT DOWNSTRE
6AM JUNCTION = ,F10.2,4H CFS,28X,25(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1
7H*) )
      WRITE(NWR,110)
      110 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,26HPOINT SOURCE INFLOWS (CFS),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,QIN)
      WRITE(NWR,120)
      120 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,50HNONPOINT SOURCE INFLOWS (CFS) (EXCLUDING
      1RAINFALL),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,QINP)
      WRITE(NWR,130)
      130 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,22HPOINT DIVERSIONS (CFS),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,QOUT)
      WRITE(NWR,140)
      140 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,59HNONPOINT DIVERSIONS OR LUSSES (CFS) (EXCL
      1UDING EVAPORATION),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,QONP)
      WRITE(NWR,150)
      150 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,19HCHANNEL FLOWS (CFS),5X,20(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,Q)
      DO 160 J=1,NJ
      QIN(J)=QIN(J)+QINP(J)
      QOUT(J)=QOUT(J)+QONP(J)
      160 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

```

Subroutine FLOCMP

```

SUBROUTINE FLOCMP
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A(250),Z(250),XINDIN(250),
1   CBDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),REAIK(250),VOL(250),
2   PHOT(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),DUS(250),V(250),
3   WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4   DK2(250),CBOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5   XMASS(250),XNMASS(250),XCMAS(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6   RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7   COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELT3,NPRT,
1   NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NREG,NEND,IMOB,IDAYB,IMOE,IDAYE,
2   IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LSTOP,LVAR1,LVAR2,
3   LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
4   DIMENSION LMN(12)
5   DATA LMN(1)/4HJAN./,LMN(2)/4HFEB./,LMN(3)/4HMAR./,LMN(4)/4HAPR./,
6   LMN(5)/4HMAY /,LMN(6)/4HJUNE/,LMN(7)/4HJULY/,LMN(8)/4HAUG./,
7   LMN(9)/4HSEP./,LMN(10)/4HOCT./,LMN(11)/4HNOV./,
8   LMN(12)/4HDEC./
9   DIMENSION DEPTH(250),RN(250)
10  DO 10 N=1,NC
11  DEPTH(N)=A3(N)
12  IF(A1(N).EQ.0.0.OR.Q(N).EQ.0.0)GO TO 5
13  DEPTH(N)=DEPTH(N)+A1(N)*ABS(Q(N))*A2(N)
14  5 A(N)=DEPTH(N)*WIDTH(N)
15  IF(NVT.EQ.1.AND.RMC(N).LE.RMFR)GO TO 10
16  IF(A(N).EQ.0.0)GO TO 8
17  V(N)=ABS(Q(N))/A(N)
18  GO TO 10
19  8 WRITE(NWR,9)N
20  9 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H ,20(1H?),21HZERO AREA IN CHANNEL ,13,44H
21  1DEPTH OR WIDTH IS ZERO - PROGRAM TERMINATES )
22  STOP
23  10 CONTINUE
24  VOL(1)=XLEN*A(1)
25  VOL(NJ)=XLEN*A(NC)

```

Subroutine FLOCMP (Cont'd)

```

NL=NJ-1
DO 20 J=2,NL
  VOL(J)=XLEN*0.5*(A(J-1)+A(J))
20 CONTINUE
  WRITE(NWR,30)LMN(IMOB),IDAYB,IYRB,LMN(IMOE),IDAYE,IYRE
30 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),5X,38HDEPTH OR VE
  LOCITY DEPENDENT VARIABLES,38X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),5X,30HBASED O
  N FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ,A4,1X,I2,2H, ,I4,6H THRU ,A4,1X,I2,2H, ,I4
  3,13X,25(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*))
  WRITE(NWR,40)
40 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,38HCROSSSECTIONAL AREAS OF CHANNELS (SQFT),
  15X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,A)
  WRITE(NWR,50)
50 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,19HCHANNEL DEPTHS (FT),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,DEPTH)
  WRITE(NWR,60)
60 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,27HCHANNEL VELOCITIES (FT/SEC),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR2,NC,RMC,V)
  WRITE(NWR,70)
70 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,23HJUNCTION VOLUMES (CUFT),5X,20(1H*))
  CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,VOL)
  IF(K2FL.NE.1) GO TO 140
  DO 80 N=1,NC
    RN(N)= (12.9*(V(N)**0.5))/(DEPTH(N)**1.5)
  80 CONTINUE
    REAIR(NJ)=RN(NC)
    REAIR(1)=RN(1)
  DO 90 J=2,NL
    REAIR(J)=0.5*(RN(J)+RN(J-1))
  90 CONTINUE
    DO 100 J=1,NJ
      XT=TEMP(J)-20.0
      XF=1.024**XT
      REAIR(J)=KEAIR(J)*XF

```

Subroutine FLOCMP (Cont'd)

```

100 CONTINUE
    WRITE(NWR,120)
120 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,33HCOMPUTED REAERATION RATES (1/DAY),5X,20(1
    1H*))
    CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,REAIR)
    DO 130 J=1,NJ
    REAIR(J)=REAIR(J)/86400.0
130 CONTINUE
140 VT=86400.0
    DO 150 N=1,NC
    VL=ABS(XLEN/V(N))
    IF (VL.LE.VT) VT=VL
150 CONTINUE
    DT=VT/3600.0
    IF (DT.GE.24.0) DT=24.0
    IF (DT.GE.12.0.AND.DT.LT.24.0) DT=12.0
    IF (DT.GE.8.0.AND.DT.LT.12.0) DT=8.0
    IF (DT.GE.6.0.AND.DT.LT.8.0) DT=6.0
    IF (DT.GE.4.0.AND.DT.LT.6.0) DT=4.0
    IF (DT.GE.3.0.AND.DT.LT.4.0) DT=3.0
    IF (DT.GE.2.0.AND.DT.LT.3.0) DT=2.0
    IF (DT.GE.1.5.AND.DT.LT.2.0) DT=1.5
    IF (DT.GE.1.0.AND.DT.LT.1.5) DT=1.0
    IF (DT.GE.0.75.AND.DT.LT.1.0) DT=0.75
    IF (DT.GE.0.50.AND.DT.LT.0.75) DT=0.50
    IF (DT.GE.0.25.AND.DT.LT.0.50) DT=0.25
    IF (DT.GE.0.125.AND.DT.LT.0.25) DT=0.125
    IF (DT.GE.0.0675.AND.DT.LT.0.125) DT=0.0675
    IF (DT.LT.0.0675) DT=0.0675
    DELTD=DT
    RETURN
    END

```

* This change is indicated in the errata for T.R. 54

10

Subroutine VAULIN (Cont'd)

```

IYE=IYRE-1900
CALL SERIAL(IDAYE,IMOE,IYE,NEND)
CALL SERIAL(IDAYB,IMOB,IYB,NBEG)
NDAYS=NEND-NBEG+1
1000 READ(NRD,30)LABEL,DIST,QN,CN,CST
30  FORMAT(A4,6X,4F10.0)
    IF(LABEL.EQ.LSTOP)GO TO 40
JUNC=JKFND(NJ,XMIL,DIST,RMUP,RMDWN)
CIN(JUNC)=CIN(JUNC)+QN*CN
QIP(JUNC)=QIP(JUNC)+QN
    IF(LABEL.NE.LFIXE)GO TO 1000
NOJFX=NOJFX+1
NFS(NOJFX)=JUNC
C(JUNC)=CST
GO TO 1000
40  DO 60 J=1,NJ
    XMASS(J)=C(J)*VOL(J)
    IF(QIN(J).EQ.0.0.AND.CIN(J).NE.0.0)GO TO 70
    IF(QIP(J).EQ.0.0.AND.CIN(J).EQ.0.0)GO TO 50
    CIN(J)=CIN(J)/QIP(J)
    GO TO 60
50  CIN(J)=0.0
60  CONTINUE
    GO TO 90
70  WRITE(NWR,80)J,RMJ(J)
80  FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H ,130(1H?),/,1H0,10(1H?),5X,33HAN INFLOW W
1AS READ IN AT JUNCTION ,I4,12H(RIVER MILE ,F7.2,54H) IN THE QUALIT
2Y INPUT, BUT NOT IN THE HYDRAULIC INPUT,/,1H0,10(1H?),5X,18HPROGRA
3M TERMINATES )
STOP
90  WRITE(NWR,100)LTYPE,LMN(IMOB),IDAYB,IYRB,LMN(IMOE),IDAYE,IYRE
100  FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),80X,25(1H*),/,1H
1,25(1H*),5X,A4,26H INPUT CONDITIONS FOR ,A4,1X,I2,2H, ,I4,6H T
2HRU ,A4,1X,I2,2H, ,I4,13X,25(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),80X,25(1H*),/,1H ,
3130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*))

```

Subroutine VAULIN (Cont'd)

```

      WRITE(NWR,105)
      105 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,40HPPOINT SOURCE INFLOW CONCENTRATIONS (PPM),
      15X,20(1H*))
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,CIN)
      WRITE(NWR,200)
      200 FORMAT(1H0,20(1H*),5X,31HNONPOINT SOURCE LOADS (LBS/DAY),5X,20(1H*
      1) )
      IF(LCONS.NE.LCBD)GO TO 230
      DO 210 J=1,NJ
      CBDNP(J)=CBDNP(J)*XMIL
      210 CONTINUE
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,CBDNP)
      DO 220 J=1,NJ
      IF(CBDNP(J).LE.0.0)GO TO 215
      CIN(J)=(CBDNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      CBDNP(J)=CBDNP(J)/XMIL
      GO TO 220
      215 CIN(J)=CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      220 CONTINUE
      GO TO 320
      230 IF(LCONS.NE.LNBD)GO TO 290
      DO 240 J=1,NJ
      XBNP(J)=XBNP(J)*XMIL
      240 CONTINUE
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,XBNP)
      DO 250 J=1,NJ
      IF(XBNP(J).LE.0.0) GO TO 245
      CIN(J)=(XBNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      XBNP(J)=XBNP(J)/XMIL
      GO TO 250
      245 CIN(J)=CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      250 CONTINUE
      GO TO 320
      290 DO 300 J=1,NJ
      CONNP(J)=CONNP(J)*XMIL
      300 CONTINUE

```

Subroutine VAULIN (Cont'd)

```

      CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CONNP)
      DO 310 J=1,NJ
      IF (CONNP(J).LE.0.0) GO TO 305
      CIN(J)=(CONNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      CONNP(J)=CONNP(J)/XMIL
      GO TO 310
      305 CIN(J)=CIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
      310 CONTINUE
      320 IF (NOJFX.EQ.0) GO TO 2000
      WRITE(NWR,110)
      110 FORMAT(1H0,25(1H*),5X,15HFIXED JUNCTIONS )
      DO 130 J=1,NOJFX
      K=NFS(J)
      WRITE(NWR,120)K,RMJ(K),C(K)
      120 FORMAT(1H,25(1H*),5X,9HJUNCTION,13,13H,RIVER MILE,F7.2,14H,I
      15 FIXED AT,1PE11.4,6H (PPM) )
      130 CONTINUE
      2000 WRITE(NWR,135)(LALPHA(K),K=1,20)
      135 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),20A4,25(1H*))
      WRITE(NWR,140)LTYPE,LMN(IMOB),IDAYB,IYRB,LMN(IMOE),IDAYE,IYRE,
      * NDAYS,DELTD
      140 FORMAT(
      1X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),5X,A4,31H CONCENTRATIONS FOR THE PERIOD,
      2A4,1X,12,2H,14,6H THRU,A4,1X,12,2H,14,8X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H
      3*),5X,32HNUMBER OF DAYS IN THIS PERIOD=,14,39X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(
      41H*),5X,21HTIME STEP IN HOURS=,F6.3,48X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),80
      5X,25(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*))
      RETURN
      END

```

Subroutine VALCMP

```

SUBROUTINE VALCMP
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A(250),Z(250),XNDIN(250),
1   CBDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),REAIK(250),VOL(250),
2   PHOT0(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),DUS(250),V(250),
3   WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4   DK2(250),CBOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5   XMASS(250),XNMASS(250),XCMAS(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6   RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7   ,CHDNP(250),XBNP(250),CONNP(250),OXYP(250),QNP(250)
COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NQJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELTD,NPRT,
1   NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NBEG,NEND,IMOB,IDAYB,IYRB,IMOE,IDAYE,
2   IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LSTOP,LVAR1,LVAR2,
3   LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
DIMENSION LMN(12)
DATA LMN(1)/4HJAN./,LMN(2)/4HFEB./,LMN(3)/4HMAR./,LMN(4)/4HAPR./,
1   LMN(5)/4HMAY /,LMN(6)/4HJUNE/,LMN(7)/4HJULY/,LMN(8)/4HAUG./,
2   LMN(9)/4HSEP./,LMN(10)/4HOCT./,LMN(11)/4HNOV./,
3   LMN(12)/4HDEC./
DIMENSION DS1(250),DS2(250),DECAY(250)
INTEGER D,YA
IF(LTYPE.NE.LCBD) GO TO 20
DO 10 J=1,NJ
DECAY(J)=DK1(J)
10 CONTINUE
GO TO 60
20 IF(LTYPE.NE.LNBD) GO TO 40
DO 30 J=1,NJ
DECAY(J)=DK2(J)
30 CONTINUE
GO TO 60
40 DO 50 J=1,NJ
DECAY(J)=0.0
50 CONTINUE
60 KPRT=1
DO 150 LBJ=1,NDAYS
DO 130 LCYC=1,NQCYC

```

Subroutine VALCMP (Cont'd)

```

      CALL CDERIV(DECAY,DS1)
      DO 90 J=1,NJ
      IF(NOJFX.LE.0)GO TO 80
      DO 70 K=1,NOJFX
      IF(NFS(K).EQ.J)GO TO 90
      70 CONTINUE
      80 C(J)=(XMASS(J)+(DS1(J)*DELT2))/VOL(J)
      IF(C(J).LT.0.0)C(J)=0.0
      90 CONTINUE
      CALL CDERIV(DECAY,DS2)
      DO 120 J=1,NJ
      IF(NOJFX.LE.0)GO TO 110
      DO 100 K=1,NOJFX
      IF(NFS(K).EQ.J)GO TO 120
      100 CONTINUE
      110 SLPE=(DS1(J)+DS2(J))/2.0
      XMASS(J)=XMASS(J)+SLPE*DELT
      C(J)=XMASS(J)/VOL(J)
      IF(C(J).LT.0.0)C(J)=0.0
      120 CONTINUE
      130 CONTINUE
      IF(LBJ.NE.KPRT)GO TO 150
      JD=NBEG+LBJ-1
      KPRT=KPRT+NPRT
      CALL CALEN(JD,D,M,YA)
      YA=YA+1900
      WRITE(NWR,140)LTYPE,LMN(M),D,YA
      140 FORMAT(1H0,10(1H*),5X,A4,26H CONCENTRATIONS (PPM) ON ,A4,1X,I2,2H
           1, ,I4)
      CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,C)
      150 CONTINUE
      IF(LTYPE.NE.LCBD)GO TO 170
      DO 160 J=1,NJ
      CBOD(J)=C(J)
      160 CONTINUE

```

Subroutine VALCMP (Cont'd)

```
GO TO 2000
170 IF(LTYPE.NE.LNBD)GO TO 190
DO 180 J=1,NJ
XNOD(J)=C(J)
180 CONTINUE
GO TO 2000
190 DO 200 J=1,NJ
CS(J)=C(J)
200 CONTINUE
2000 RETURN
END
```

Subroutine CDERIV

```

SUBROUTINE CDERIV(DECAY,DXDT)
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A(250),Z(250),XNDIN(250),
1   CBDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),REAIR(250),VOL(250),
2   PHOTO(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),DOS(250),V(250),
3   WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4   DK2(250),CBOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5   XMASS(250),XNMASS(250),XCMAS(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6   RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7   ,CBDNP(250),XBNBP(250),CONNP(250),OXYNP(250),GNP(250)
COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELT3,NPRT,
1   NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NBEG,NEND,IMOB,IDAYB,IYR8,IMOE,IDAYE,
2   IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LSSTOP,LVARI,LVAR2,
3   LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
DIMENSION DXDT(250),DECAY(250)
DO 10 J=1,NJ
DXDT(J)=-DECAY(J)*VOL(J)*C(J)-C(J)*QOUT(J)+QIN(J)*CIN(J)
10 CONTINUE
DO 40 N=1,NC
NL=N
NH=N+1
IF(Q(N).LE.0.0)GO TO 20
CBAR=C(NL)
GO TO 30
20 CBAR=C(NH)
30 DCDX=(C(NL)-C(NH))/XLEN
FLOWQ=CBAR*Q(N)
DIFFQ=Z(N)*A(N)*DCDX
DXDT(NH)=DXDT(NH)+FLOWQ+DIFFQ
DXDT(NL)=DXDT(NL)-FLOWQ-DIFFQ
40 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

Subroutine VDOIN (Cont'd)

77

Subroutine VDOIN Con't

```

DELT=DELT0*3600.0
DELT2=DELT/2.0
IYB=IYRB-1900
IYE=IYRE-1900
CALL SERIAL(IDAYE,IMOE,IYE,NEND)
CALL SERIAL(IDAYB,IMOB,IYB,NBEG)
NDAYS=NEND-NBEG+1
1000 READ(NRD,30)LABEL,DIST,QN,CN,XN,ON,CNS,XNS,ONS
30  FORMAT(A4,6X,2F10.0,6F7.0)
    IF(LABEL.EQ.LSTOP)GO TO 60
    JUNC=JKFND(NJ,XMIL,DIST,RMUP,RMDWN)
    CBDIN(JUNC)=QN*CN+CBDIN(JUNC)
    XNDIN(JUNC)=QN*XN+XNDIN(JUNC)
    OXIN(JUNC)=QN*ON+OXIN(JUNC)
    QIP(JUNC)=QIP(JUNC)+QN
    IF(LABEL.NE.LFIXE)GO TO 1000
    NOJFX=NOJFX+1
    NFS(NOJFX)=JUNC
    IF(CNS.EQ.0.0)GO TO 40
    CBOD(JUNC)=CNS
    MFS(NOJFX,1)=1
40  IF(XNS.EQ.0.0)GO TO 50
    XNOD(JUNC)=XNS
    MFS(NOJFX,2)=1
50  IF(ONS.EQ.0.0)GO TO 1000
    OXY(JUNC)=ONS
    MFS(NOJFX,3)=1
    GO TO 1000
60  DO 70 J=1,NJ
    XCMAS(J)=CBOD(J)*VOL(J)
    XNMAS(J)=XNOD(J)*VOL(J)
    XOMAS(J)=OXY(J)*VOL(J)
    IF(QIN(J).EQ.0.0)GO TO 65
    IF(QIP(J).EQ.0.0)GO TO 66
    CBDIN(J)=CBDIN(J)/QIP(J)

```

Subroutine VDOIN Con't

```

      XNDIN(J)=XNDIN(J)/QIP(J)
      OXIN(J)=OXIN(J)/QIP(J)
      GO TO 70
65  IF(CBDIN(J).NE.0.0.OR.XNDIN(J).NE.0.0.OR.OXIN(J).NE.0.0) GO TO 80
      GO TO 70
66  CHDIN(J)=0.0
      XNDIN(J)=0.0
      OXIN(J)=0.0
70  CONTINUE
      GO TO 100
80  WRITE(NWR,90)J,RMJ(J)
90  FORMAT(1H1,130(1H?),/,1H,10(1H?),5X,33HAN INFLOW WAS READ IN AT J
      1UNCTION ,I4,12H(RIVER MILE ,F7.2,54H) IN THE QUALITY INPUT, BUT NO
      2T IN THE HYDRAULIC INPUT,/,1H0,10(1H?),5X,18HPROGRAM TERMINATES )
      STOP
100  WRITE(NWR,110)LCBD,LNBD,LN0,LMN(IMOB),IDAY8,IYR8,LMN(IMOE),IDAYE,
      *      IYRE
110  FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),80X,25(1H*),/,1H
      1,25(1H*),5X,A4,2H, ,A4,5H AND ,A4,17H INPUT COND. FOR ,A4,1X,I2,2H
      2, ,I4,6H THRU ,A4,1X,I2,2H, ,I4,7X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),80X,25(1H
      3*),/,1H,130(1H*),/,1H,130(1H*))
      DO 300 J=1,NJ
      XNBNP(J)=XNBNP(J)*XMIL
      OXYNP(J)=OXYNP(J)*XMIL
300  CONTINUE
      WRITE(NWR,310)LCBD
310  FORMAT(1H0,25(1H*),5X,A4,41H POINT SOURCE INFLOW CONCENTRATIONS (P
      1PM),5X,25(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CBDIN)
      WRITE(NWR,320)LCBD
320  FORMAT(1H0,25(1H*),5X,A4,32H NONPOINT SOURCE LOADS (LBS/DAY),5X,25
      1(1H*) )
      CALL OUTGO(LVARI,NJ,RMJ,CBDNP)
      WRITE(NWR,310)LNBD

```

```

CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,XNDIN)
WRITE(NWR,320)LNBD
CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,XNBNP)
WRITE(NWR,310)LDO
CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,OXIN)
WRITE(NWR,320)L02
CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,OXYNP)
DO 330 J=1,NJ
  CBDIN(J)=(CBDNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+CBDIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
  XNDIN(J)=(XNBNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+XNDIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
  OXIN(J)=(OXYNP(J)/(5.3936*QIN(J)))+OXIN(J)*QIP(J)/QIN(J)
  CBDNP(J)=CBDNP(J)/XMIL
  XNBNP(J)=XNBNP(J)/XMIL
  OXYNP(J)=OXYNP(J)/XMIL
330 CONTINUE
IF(NOJFX.EQ.0)GO TO 195
WRITE(NWR,130)
130 FORMAT(1H0,25(1H*),5X,15HFIXED JUNCTIONS )
DO 190 J=1,NOJFX
  JK=NFS(J)
  IF(MFS(J,1).EQ.0)GO TO 150
  WRITE(NWR,140)JK,RMJ(JK),CBOD(JK)
140 FORMAT(1H ,25(1H.),5X, 9HJUNCTION ,13,13H, RIVER MILE ,F7.2,18H CB
    10D IS FIXED AT ,1PE11.4,6H (PPM))
150 IF(MFS(J,2).EQ.0)GO TO 170
  WRITE(NWR,160)JK,RMJ(JK),XNOD(JK)
160 FORMAT(1H ,25(1H.),5X,9HJUNCTION ,13,13H, RIVER MILE ,F7.2,18H NBO
    10 IS FIXED AT ,1PE11.4,6H (PPM))
170 IF(MFS(J,3).EQ.0)GO TO 190
  WRITE(NWR,180)JK,RMJ(JK),OXY(JK)
180 FORMAT(1H ,25(1H.),5X,9HJUNCTION ,13,13H, RIVER MILE ,F7.2,16H DO
    11S FIXED AT ,1PE11.4,6H (PPM))
190 CONTINUE
195 WRITE(NWR,194)(LALPHA(K),K=1,20)
194 FORMAT(1H1,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,25(1H*),20A4,25(1H*))

```

```

Subroutine VDOIN Con'd
      WRITE(NWR,200)LCRD,LNRD,L00,LMN(IMOB),IDAYB,IYRB,LMN(IMOE),IDAYE,
      * IYRE,NDAYS,DELTD
200 FORMAT(
      1X,25(1H*),/,1H,25(1H*),5X,A4,2H, ,A4,5H AND ,A4,21H CONC FOR THE
2PERIOD ,A4,1X,I2,2H, ,I4,6H THRU ,A4,1X,I2,2H, ,I4,3X,25(1H*),/,1H
3 ,25(1H*),5X,32HNUMBER OF DAYS IN THIS PERIOD = ,I4,39X,25(1H*),/,
41H ,25(1H*),5X,21HTIME STEP IN HOURS = ,F6.3,48X,25(1H*),/,1H ,25(
51H*),80X,25(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*),/,1H ,130(1H*) )
2000 RETURN
      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE VDOCP
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A(250),Z(250),XNDIN(250),
1   CBDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),REAIR(250),VOL(250),
2   PHOTO(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),OUS(250),V(250),
3   WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4   DK2(250),CBOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5   XMASS(250),XNMAS(250),XCMA(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6   RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7   ,CBONP(250),XBNP(250),CONNP(250),OXYNP(250),QNP(250)
COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELTD,NPRT,
1   NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NBEG,NEND,IMOB,IDAYB,IYRB,IMOE,IDAYE,
2   IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LSTOP,LVAR1,LVAR2,
3   LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
DIMENSION LMN(12)
DATA LMN(1)/4HJAN./,LMN(2)/4HFEB./,LMN(3)/4HMAR./,LMN(4)/4HAPR./,
1   LMN(5)/4HMAY /,LMN(6)/4HJUNE/,LMN(7)/4HJULY/,LMN(8)/4HAUG./,
2   LMN(9)/4HSEP./,LMN(10)/4HOCT./,LMN(11)/4HNOV./,
3   LMN(12)/4HDEC./
DIMENSION D01(250),DC1(250),DN1(250),D02(250),DC2(250),DN2(250)
INTEGER D,YA
KPRT=1
DO 150 LBJ=1,NDAYS
DO 125 LCYC=1,NQCYC
CALL ODERIV(D01,DC1,DN1)
DO 60 J=1,NJ
IF(NOJFX.EQ.0) GO TO 50
DO 40 L=1,NOJFX
JK=NFS(L)
IF(J.NE.JK)GO TO 40
IF(MFS(L,1).EQ.1)GO TO 10
CBOD(J)=(XCMA(J)+(DC1(J)*DELT2))/VOL(J)
10 IF(MFS(L,2).EQ.1)GO TO 20
XNOD(J)=(XNMAS(J)+(DN1(J)*DELT2))/VOL(J)
20 IF(MFS(L,3).EQ.1)GO TO 30
OXY(J)=(XOMAS(J)+(D01(J)*DELT2))/VOL(J)

```

Subroutine VDOCP (Cont'd)

```

SUBROUTINE VDOCP CON'T
30 GO TO 55
40 CONTINUE
50 CBOD(J)=(XCMAS(J)+(DC1(J)*DELT2))/VOL(J)
   XNOD(J)=(XNMAS(J)+(DN1(J)*DELT2))/VOL(J)
   OXY(J)=(XOMAS(J)+(DO1(J)*DELT2))/VOL(J)
55 IF(CBOD(J).LT.0.0)CBOD(J)=0.0
   IF(XNOD(J).LT.0.0)XNOD(J)=0.0
   IF(OXY(J).LT.0.0)OXY(J)=0.0
60 CONTINUE
   CALL ODERIV(DO2,DC2,DN2)
   DO 120 J=1,NJ
   IF(NOJFX.EQ.0)GO TO 110
   DO 100 L=1,NOJFX
   JK=NFS(L)
   IF(J.NE.JK)GO TO 100
   IF(MFS(L,1).EQ.1)GO TO 70
   S=(DC1(J)+DC2(J))/2.0
   XCMAS(J)=XCMAS(J)+S*DELT
   CBOD(J)=XCMAS(J)/VOL(J)
70 IF(MFS(L,2).EQ.1)GO TO 80
   S=(DN1(J)+DN2(J))/2.0
   XNMAS(J)=XNMAS(J)+S*DELT
   XNOD(J)=XNMAS(J)/VOL(J)
80 IF(MFS(L,3).EQ.1)GO TO 90
   S=(DO1(J)+DO2(J))/2.0
   XOMAS(J)=XOMAS(J)+S*DELT
   OXY(J)=XOMAS(J)/VOL(J)
90 GO TO 115
100 CONTINUE
110 S=(DC1(J)+DC2(J))/2.0
   XCMAS(J)=XCMAS(J)+S*DELT
   CBOD(J)=XCMAS(J)/VOL(J)
   S=(DN1(J)+DN2(J))/2.0
   XNMAS(J)=XNMAS(J)+S*DELT
   XNOD(J)=XNMAS(J)/VOL(J)

```

```

subroutine VDOCP CON'T
    S=(D01(J)+D02(J))/2.0
    XOMAS(J)=XOMAS(J)+S*DELT
    OXY(J)=XOMAS(J)/VOL(J)
115 IF (CBOD(J).LT.0.0)CBOD(J)=0.0
    IF (XNOD(J).LT.0.0)XNOD(J)=0.0
    IF (OXY(J).LT.0.0)OXY(J)=0.0
120 CONTINUE
125 CONTINUE
    IF (LBJ.NE.KPRT)GO TO 150
    JD=NBEG+LBJ-1
    KPRT=KPRT+NPRT
    CALL CALEN(JD,D,M,YA)
    YA=YA+1900
    WRITE(NWR,130)LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LMN(M),D,YA
130 FORMAT(1H0,10(1H*),5X,A4,2H, ,A4,5H AND ,A4,19H CONCENTRATIONS ON
    1,A4,1X,I2,2H, ,I4 )
    WRITE(NWR,140)LCBD
140 FORMAT(1H0,10(1H*),5X,A4,21H CONCENTRATIONS (PPM) )
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,CBOD)
    WRITE(NWR,140)LNBD
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,XNOD)
    WRITE(NWR,140)LDO
    CALL OUTGO(LVAR1,NJ,RMJ,OXY)
150 CONTINUE
    RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE ODERIV
  SUBROUTINE ODERIV(DODT,DCDT,DNDT)
  COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A(250),Z(250),XJIN(250),
1    CBDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),KEAIR(250),VOL(250),
2    PHOTO(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),DOS(250),V(250),
3    WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4    DK2(250),CBOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5    XMAS(250),XNMAS(250),XCMAS(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6    RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7    COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELT3,NPRT,
1    NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NBEG,NEND,IMOB,IDAY8,IYRB,IMOE,IDAYE,
2    IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LSTOP,LVAR1,LVAR2,
3    LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
  DIMENSION DODT(250),DCDT(250),DNDT(250)
  DO 10 J=1,NJ
    DKC=DK1(J)
    IF(OXY(J).LE.0.0)DKC=0.0
    DKN=DK2(J)
    CO=0.05*DOS(J)
    IF(OXY(J).LE.CO)DKN=0.0
    DCDT(J)=-DKC*VOL(J)*CBOD(J)-CBOD(J)*QOUT(J)+QIN(J)*CBDIN(J)
    DNDT(J)=-DKN*VOL(J)*XNOD(J)-XNOD(J)*QOUT(J)+QIN(J)*XNDIN(J)
    DODT(J)=OXIN(J)*QIN(J)-OXY(J)*QOUT(J)+REAIR(J)*VOL(J)*(DOS(J)-OXY(
1    J))-(DKN*XNOD(J)+DKC*CBOD(J))*VOL(J)+(PHOTO(J)-SEDMT(J)-EVAP(J)*OX
2    Y(J))*AS(J)
  10 CONTINUE
  DO 40 N=1,NC
    NL=N
    NH=N+1
    IF(Q(N).LE.0.0)GO TO 20
    OBAR=OXY(NL)
    CBAR=CBOD(NL)
    XBAR=XNOD(NL)
    GO TO 30
  20 OBAR=OXY(NH)

```

```
SUBROUTINE ODERIV CON'T
  CRAR=CBOD(NH)
  XBAR=XNOD(NH)
30  DODX=(OXY(NL)-OXY(NH))/XLEN
  DCDX=(CBOD(NL)-CBOD(NH))/XLEN
  DNDX=(XNOD(NL)-XNOD(NH))/XLEN
  FLQO=OBAR*Q(N)
  FLQC=CBAR*Q(N)
  FLQN=XBAR*Q(N)
  DFQO=Z(N)*A(N)*DODX
  DFQC=Z(N)*A(N)*DCDX
  DFQN=Z(N)*A(N)*DNDX
  DODT(NH)=UODT(NH)+FLQO+DFQO
  DCDT(NH)=DCDT(NH)+FLQC+DFQC
  DNDT(NH)=DNDT(NH)+FLQN+DFQN
  DODT(NL)=DODT(NL)-FLQO-DFQO
  DCDT(NL)=DCDT(NL)-FLQC-DFQC
  DNDT(NL)=DNDT(NL)-FLQN-DFQN
40  CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END
```

Function JKEND

86

```
FUNCTION JKEND(NJ,XMIL,DIST,RMUP,RMDWN)
  NSET=1+FIX(((DIST-RMDWN)/XMIL)+0.5)
  IF(DIST.LT.RMDWN) NSET=1
  IF(DIST.GT.RMUP) NSET=NJ
  JKEND=NSET
  RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE SERIAL(D,M,YA,K)
  INTEGER D,M,K,N,YA,XA
  IF(M.GT.2) GO TO 10
  N=M+9
  XA=YA-1
  GO TO 20
10 N=M-3
  XA=YA
20 K=(1461*XA)/4+(153*N+2)/5+D
  RETURN
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE TABU(X,Y,XPT,NPTS,YPT)
  DIMENSION X(NPTS),Y(NPTS)
  IF(NPTS.EQ.1) GO TO 10
  NPM1=NPTS-1
  IF(XPT.LE.X(1)) GO TO 10
  IF(XPT.GE.X(NPTS)) GO TO 20
  DO 30 J=1,NPM1
    IF(XPT.GE.X(J).AND.XPT.LE.X(J+1)) GO TO 40
  30 CONTINUE
  40 S=(XPT-X(J))/(X(J+1)-X(J))
  YPT=Y(J)+(Y(J+1)-Y(J))*S
  GO TO 50
  20 YPT=Y(NPTS)
  GO TO 50
  10 YPT=Y(1)
  50 RETURN
  END
```

Subroutine INTER

88

```
SUBROUTINE INTER (REVAL,NMAT,X,Y,NPTS,RM)
DIMENSION REVAL(NMAT),X(NPTS),Y(NPTS),RM(NMAT)
DO 21 I=1,NPTS
  TEST=X(I)
  JTMP=I
DO 22 J=I,NPTS
  IF(X(J).GE.TEST) GO TO 22
  TEST=X(J)
  JTMP=J
22 CONTINUE
  XTMP=X(I)
  YTMP=Y(I)
  X(I)=X(JTMP)
  Y(I)=Y(JTMP)
  X(JTMP)=XTMP
  Y(JTMP)=YTMP
21 CONTINUE
DO 10 J=1,NMAT
  XPT=R*(J)
  CALL TABU (X,Y,XPT,NPTS,YPT)
  REVAL(J)=YPT
10 CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END
```

Subroutine CALEN

89

```
SUBROUTINE CALEN (K,D,M,YA)
INTEGER K,D,M,YA
YA=(4*K-1)/1461
D= 4*K-1-1461*YA
D=(D+4)/4
M= (5*D-3)/153
D= 5*D-3-153*M
D=(D+5)/5
IF(M.LT.10) GO TO 20
M=M-9
YA=YA+1
GO TO 30
20 M=M+3
30 RETURN
END
```

```

SUBROUTINE OUTGO(LVAR,NP,X,Y)
COMMON QIN(250),QOUT(250),Q(250),A(250),Z(250),XNDIN(250),
1   CBDIN(250),OXIN(250),CIN(250),C(250),REAIK(250),VOL(250),
2   PHOTO(250),EVAP(250),AS(250),SEDMT(250),DUS(250),V(250),
3   WIDTH(250),A1(250),A2(250),A3(250),TEMP(250),DK1(250),
4   DK2(250),CBOD(250),XNOD(250),OXY(250),CS(250),NFS(250),
5   XMASS(250),XNMAS(250),XCMAS(250),XOMAS(250),MFS(250,3),
6   RMJ(250),RMC(250),LALPHA(20)
7   ,CBDNP(250),XNBNP(250),CONNP(250),OXYNP(250),QNP(250)
COMMON NJ,NC,XLEN,NOJFX,RMUP,RMDWN,RMFR,DELT,DELT2,DELT3,DELT4,NPRT,
1   NQCYC,NSECS,XMIL,NBEG,NEND,IMOB,1DAYB,IYRB,IMOE,1DAYE,
2   IYRE,NDAYS,K2FL,LTYPE,LCBD,LNBD,LDO,LSTOP,LVAR1,LVAR2,
3   LFIXE,NRD,NWR,NVT
DIMENSION X(250),Y(250)

      ILINE= NP/4
      IEXTA= NP-4*ILINE
      WRITE(NWR,10)LVAR,LVAR,LVAR,LVAR,LVAR
10  FORMAT(1H0,3X,A4,4X,5SHRIVER,18X,A4,4X,5SHRIVER,18X,A4,4X,5SHRIVER,18
1X,A4,4X,5SHRIVER,/,1H ,4X,2HNO,5X,4HMI,7X,5HVALUE,8X,2HNO,5X,4HMI
2LE,7X,5HVALUE,8X,2HNO,5X,4HMI,7X,5HVALUE,8X,2HNO,5X,4HMI,7X,5H
3VALUE )
DO 30 I=1,ILINE
I2=I+ILINE+IEXTA
I3=I2+ILINE
I4=I3+ILINE
WRITE(NWR,20)I,X(I),Y(I),I2,X(I2),Y(I2),I3,X(I3),Y(I3),I4,X(I4),
1   Y(I4)
20  FORMAT(1H ,3X,I3,4X,F6.2,4X,1PE10.3,4X,I3,4X,0PF6.2,4X,1PE10.3,
14X,I3,4X,0PF6.2,4X,1PE10.3,4X,I3,4X,0PF6.2,4X,1PE10.3)
30  CONTINUE
      IF(IEXTA.EQ.0)GO TO 60
      IEND=ILINE+IEXTA
      IREG=ILINE+1

```

C
C

Subroutine OUTGO (Cont'd)

91

```
DO 50 I=IBEG,IEND
  WRITE(NWR,40) I,X(I),Y(I)
  40 FORMAT(1H ,3X,I3,4X,F6.2,4X,1PE10.3)
  50 CONTINUE
  60 RETURN
      END
```

V. EXAMPLE RUNS AND SENSITIVITY

The following figures illustrate the sensitivity of the AUTØ-QUAL models to variations in the non-point variables. Sensitivities to other variables are shown in T.R. 54. The sensitivity to various factors will depend on the physical and biochemical properties of a given system. Therefore, the user is urged to experiment with his own systems before drawing any definite conclusions about a variable.

AUTØSS was generally used for the sensitivity runs. The effects are the same in AUTØQD as in AUTØSS. Figures 9,10 and 11 shows the convergence of the AUTØQD solution to the AUTØSS solution over time.

A hypothetical estuary/stream (see figure 1) was used for the sensitivity runs. The following data values were assigned to the example estuary/stream;

Mile of Upstream end = 100.0

Mile of Downstream end = 0.0

Mile of fall line = 50.0

Number of Sections = 100

PHYSICAL DATA;

A_1 ;

Miles 0.0 through 48.0

$A_1 = 0.0$

@ Mile 50.0

$A_1 = 0.06$

@ Mile 100.0

$A_1 = 0.04$

A_2 ;

Miles 0.0 through 48.0

$$A_2 = 0.0$$

@ Mile 50.0

$$A_2 = 0.6$$

Miles 50.0 through 100.0

$$A_2 = 0.6$$

A_3 ;

@ Mile 0.0

$$A_3 = 20.0$$

@ Mile 50.0

$$A_3 = 10.0$$

Miles 50.1 through 100.0

$$A_3 = 0.0$$

WIDTHS;

@ Mile 0.0

$$\text{Width} = 5,000.0 \text{ ft.}$$

@ Mile 50.0

$$\text{Width} = 500.0 \text{ ft.}$$

Miles 50.0 through 100.0

$$\text{Width} = 500.0 \text{ ft.}$$

DISPERSION COEFFICIENTS;

@ Mile 0.0

$$E = 5,000.0 \text{ ft}^2/\text{sec.}$$

@ Mile 50.0

$$E = 100.0 \text{ ft}^2/\text{sec.}$$

Miles 50.0 through 100.0

$$E = 100.0 \text{ ft}^2/\text{sec.}$$

CBOD decay rate (@ 20°C);

Miles 0.0 through 100.0

$$\text{CDECAY} = 0.4 \text{ }^1/\text{day}$$

NBOD decay rate (@ 20°C);

Miles 0.0 through 100.0

$$\text{NDECAY} = 0.3 \text{ }^1/\text{day}$$

Non-point source CBOD;

Miles 0.0 through 100.0

$$\text{NONPCBOD} = 200.0 \text{ (lbs/day)/mile}$$

Recreation Rate (@ 20° C)

Miles 0.0 through 100.0

$$\text{REAER} = 0.4 \text{ }^1/\text{day}$$

Non-point source NBOD;

Miles 0.0 through 100.0

NØNPNBØD = 200.0
(lbs/day)/mile

Non-point source TDS;

Miles 0.0 through 100.0

NØNPTDS = 400.0
(lbs/day)/mile

Non-point source O₂;

Miles 0.0 through 100.0

NØNPDØ = 50.0
(lbs/day)/mile

Non-point source Flows;

Miles 0.0 through 100.0

NØNPFLØW = +1.0 cfs/mile

Computed Oxygen Saturation Concentrations.

All other physical data assumes its respective default value.

Where point values are specified the program will interpolate linearly between the points for intermediate values.

COMPUTATIONAL DATA;

The following point source inflows and concentrations were specified.

Mile 100.0;

500.0 cfs
5.0 ppm CBØD
4.0 ppm NBØD
20.0 ppm TDS
9.0 ppm DØ

Mile 95.0;

50.0 cfs
30.0 ppm CBØD
40.0 ppm NBØD
200.0 ppm TDS
0.0 ppm DØ

Mile 25.0;

300.0 cfs

30.0 ppm CBOD

60.0 ppm NBOD

400.0 ppm TDS

0.0 ppm DO

These data constitute the base condition upon which the sensitivity runs were made.

Following is the data deck used for running the base condition on AUTOS;

DESCRIPTION OF SENSITIVITY FIGURES;

Figure 1 -schematic of example. streams/estuary.

Figure 2 -base condition for sensitivity runs.

Figure 3 -base condition for sensitivity runs with all non-point parameters set to zero.

Figure 4 -base condition with varied non-point source inflows and non-point losses.

Figure 5 -base condition with varied non-point source CBOD loadings.

Figure 6 -base condition with varied non-point source NBOD loadings.

Figure 7 -base condition with varied non-point source O_2 contributions.

Figure 8 -base condition with varied non-point source TDS loadings.

Figure 9 -AUTØSS and AUTØQD CBØD comparison. Ran with base condition input values. The AUTØQD CBØD starting concentrations were set at 3.4 ppm for the entire network.

Figure 10 -AUTØSS and AUTØQD NBØD comparison. Ran with base condition input values. NBØD starting concentrations were uniformly set at 3.5 ppm.

Figure 11 -AUTØSS and AUTØQD DØ comparison. Ran with base condition input values. DØ starting concentrations were uniformly set at 6.0 ppm.

FIGURE 1

EXAMPLE STREAM/ESTUARY

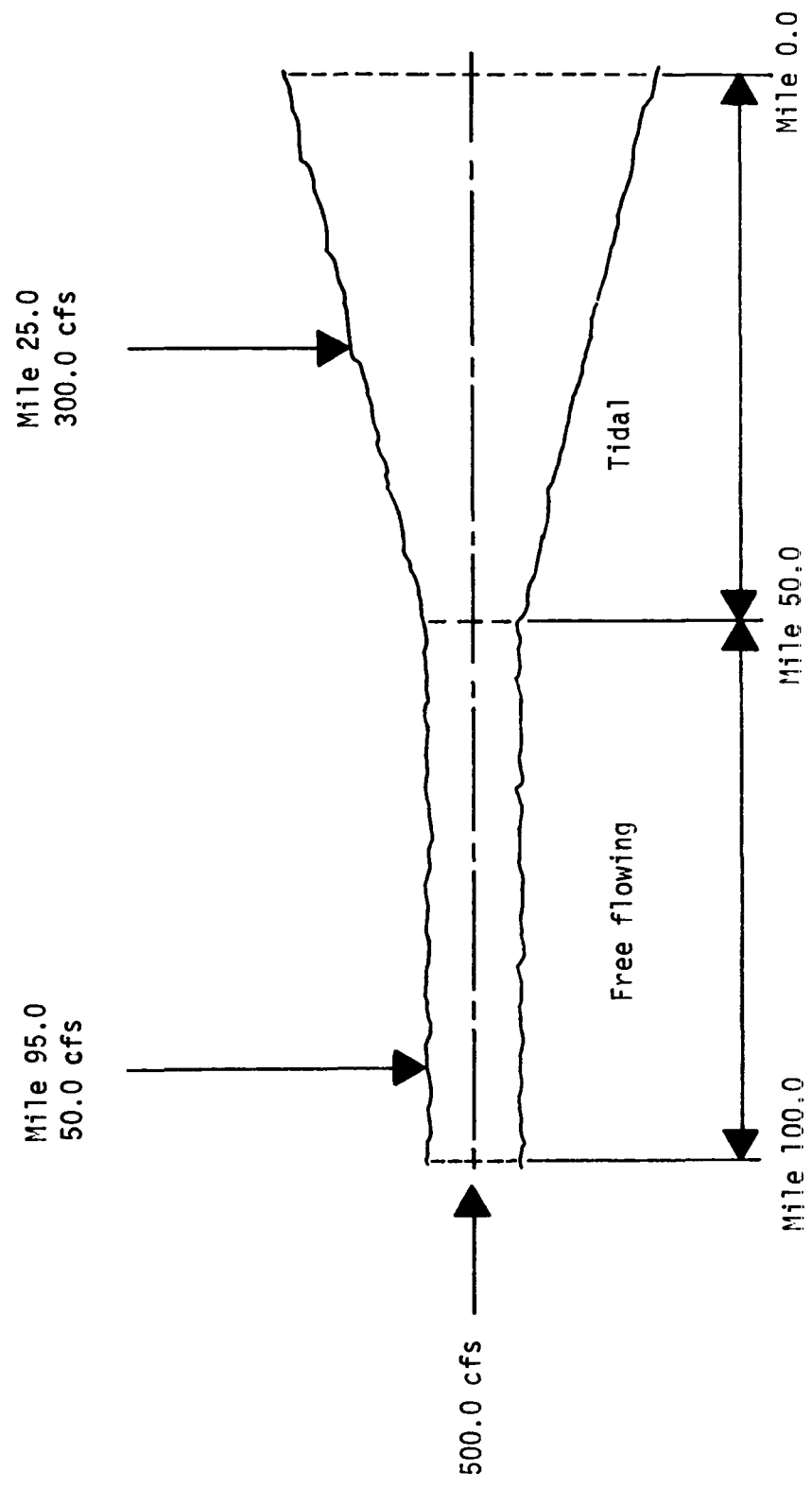


FIGURE 2

Example stream/estuary with point and non-point input parameters. Basic condition for sensitivity runs.

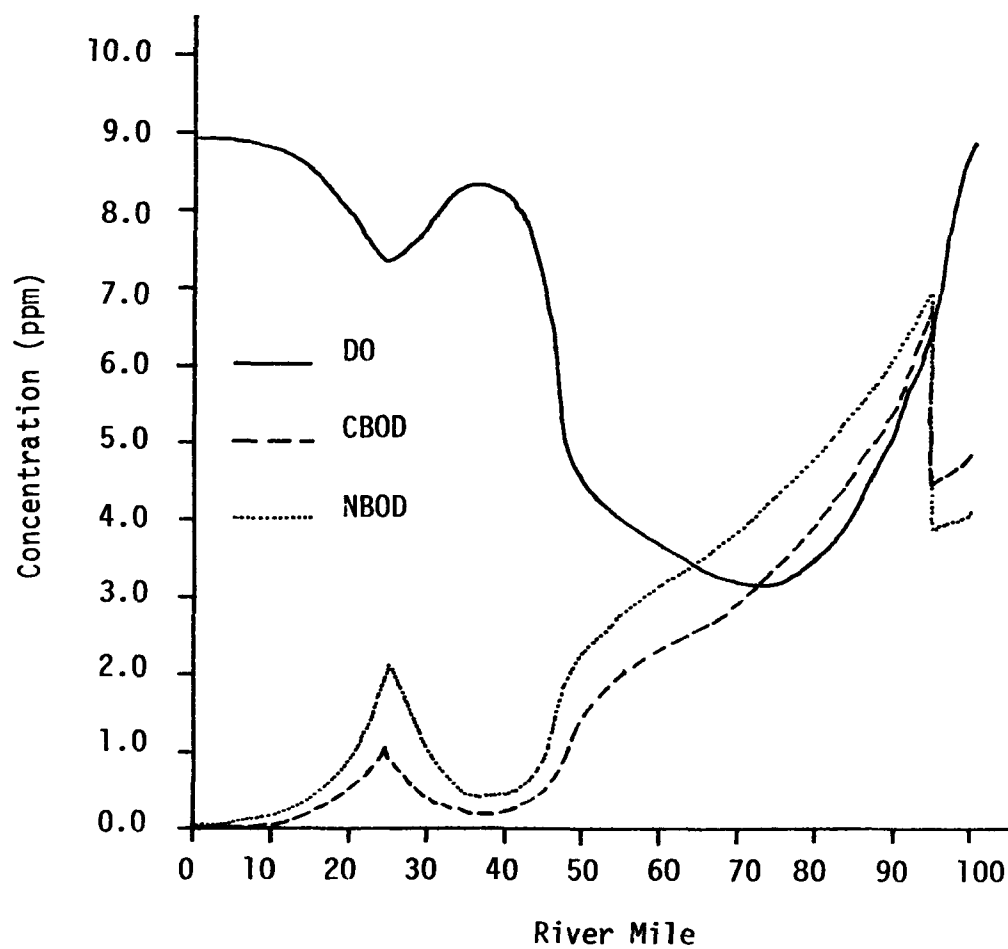


FIGURE 3

Example stream/estuary with only point source input parameters.

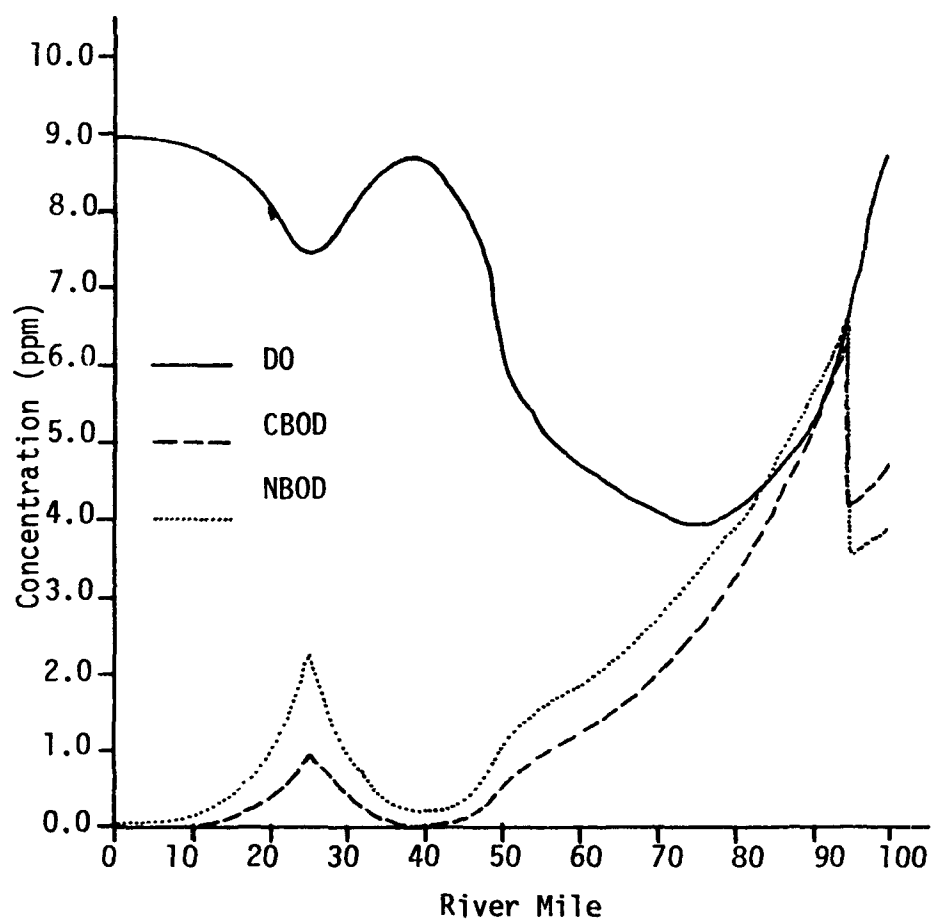


FIGURE 4

Sensitivity to non-point source
inflows and non-point losses.

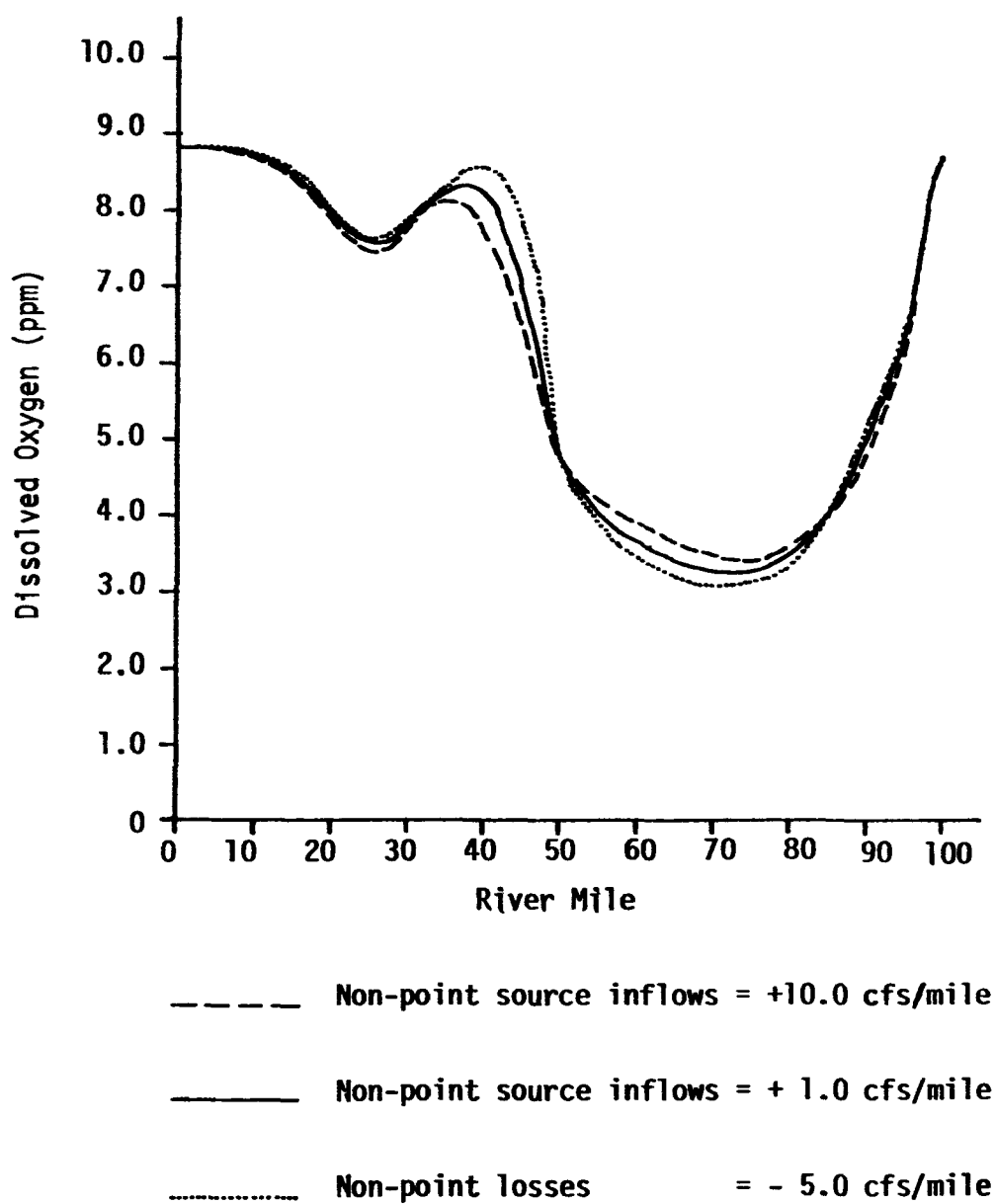


FIGURE 5

Sensitivity to a non-point source
carbonaceous oxygen demand loading

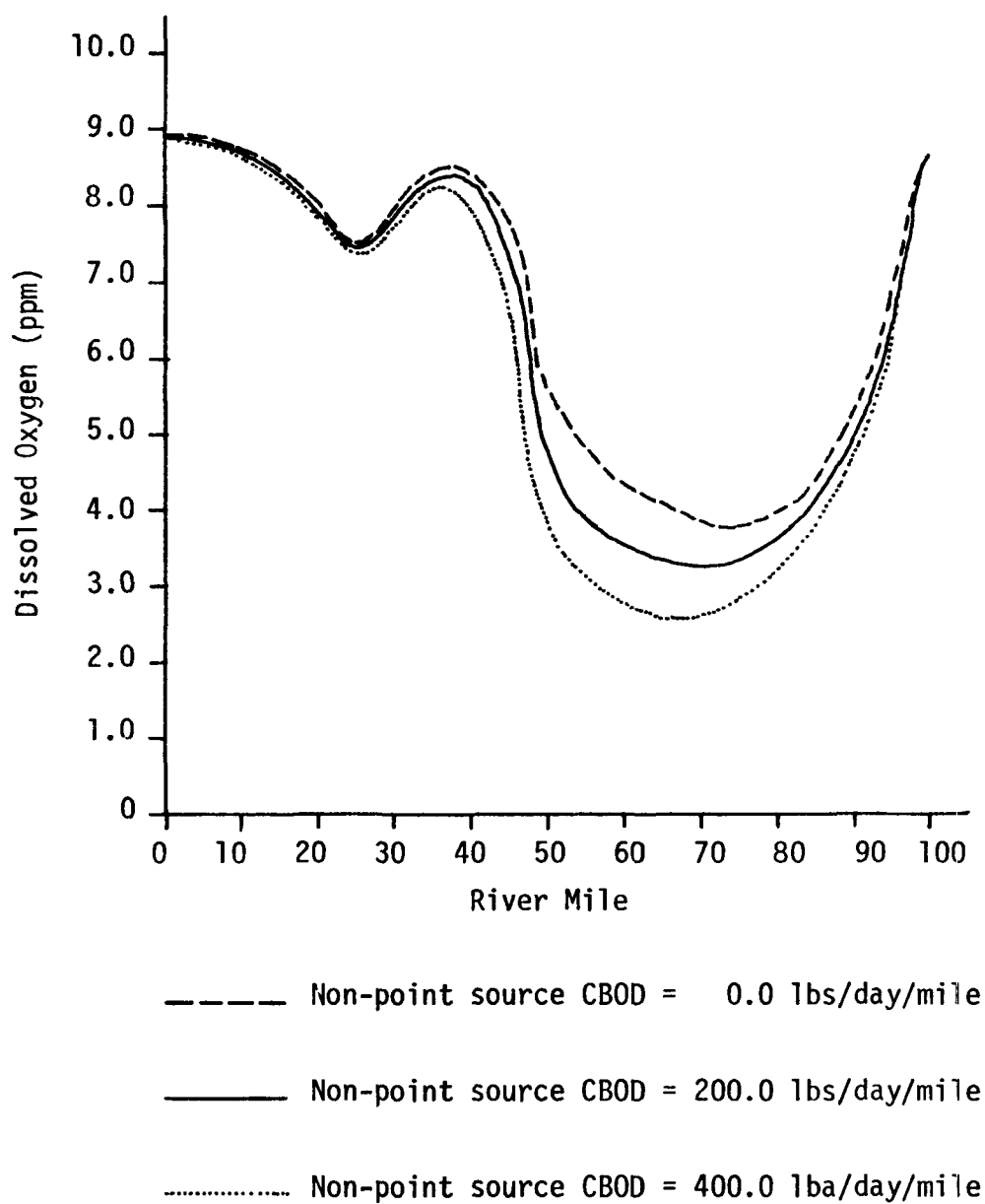


FIGURE 6

Sensitivity to a non-point source
nitrogenous oxygen demand loading

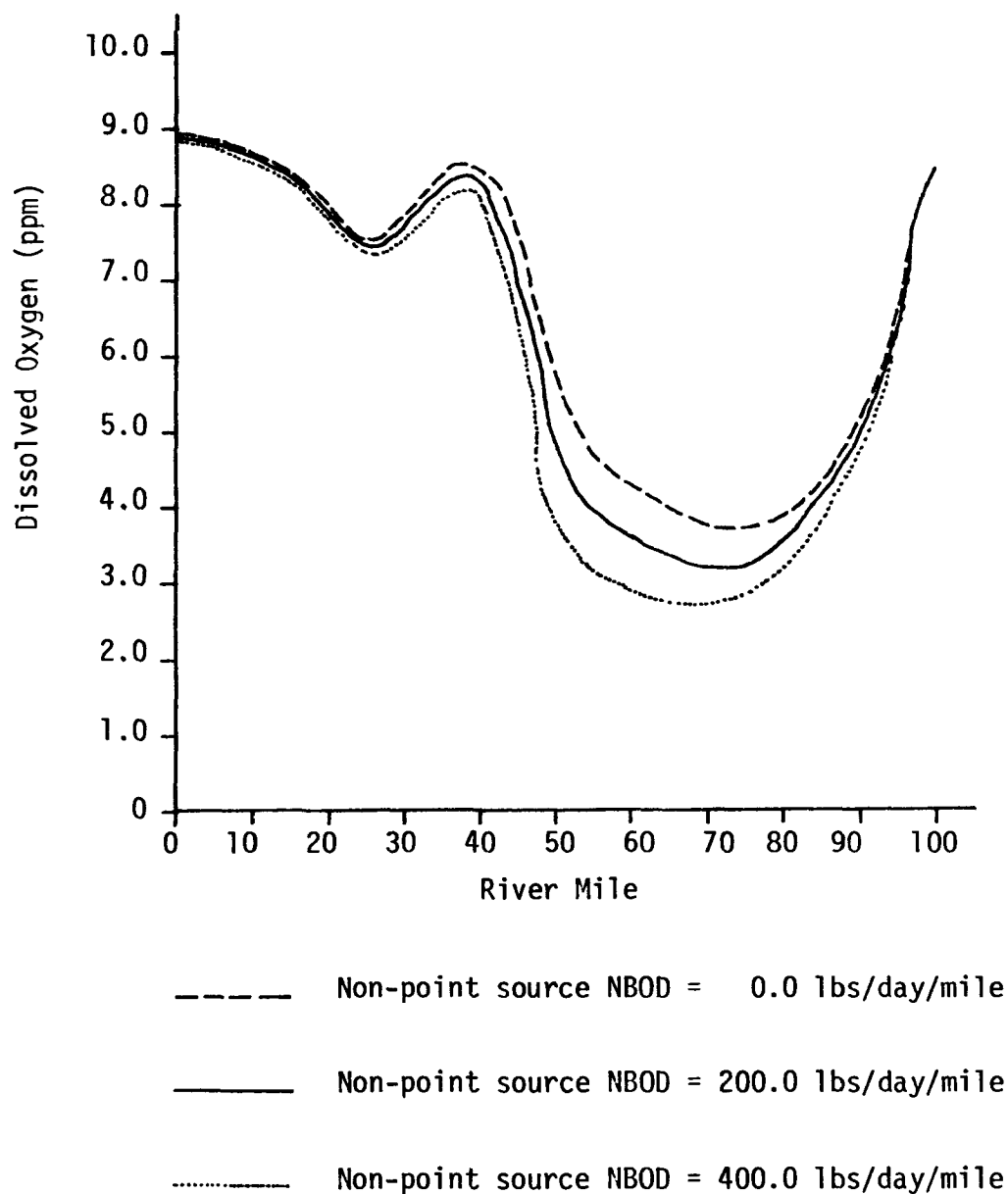


FIGURE 7

Sensitivity to a non-point source
 O_2 contribution

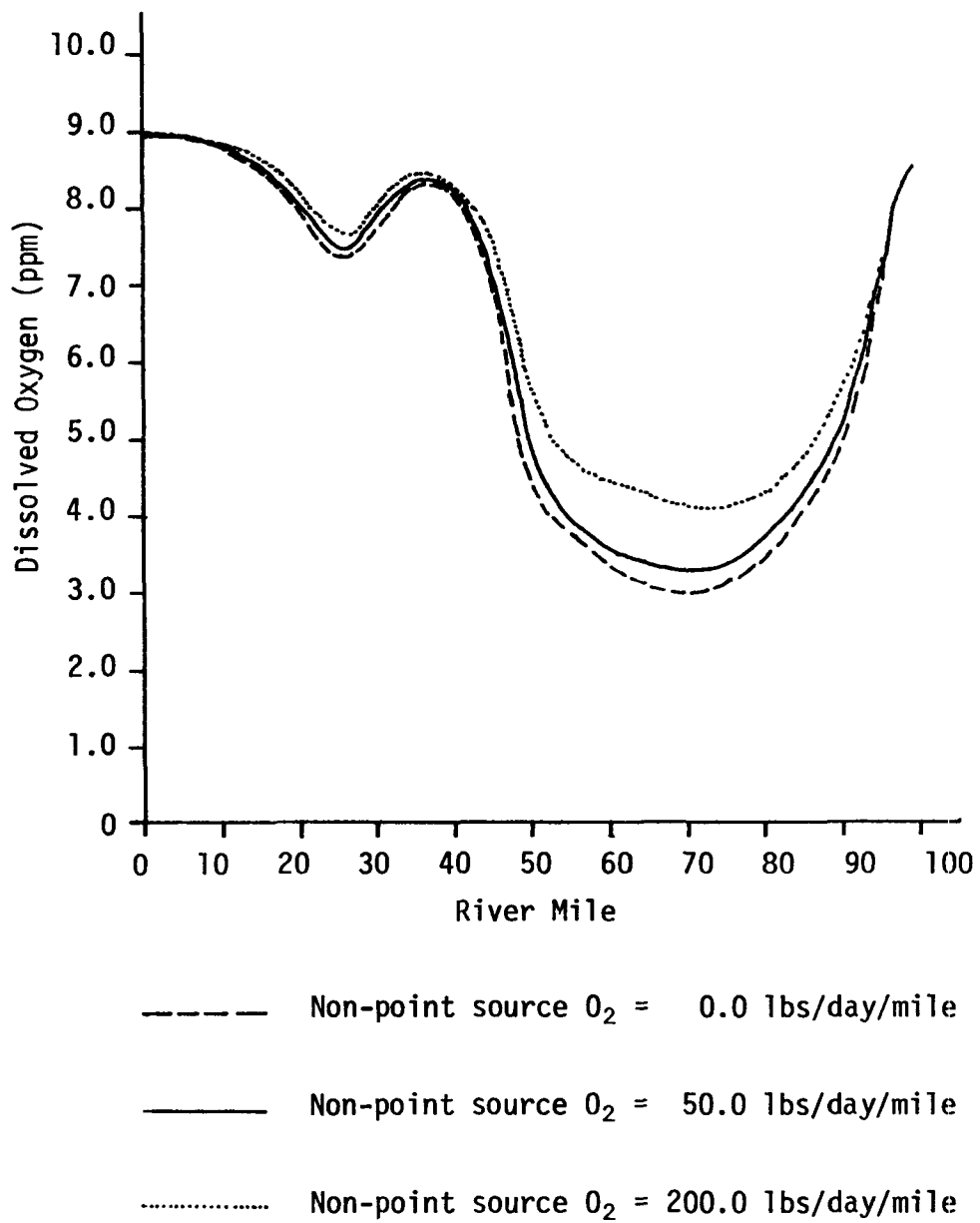
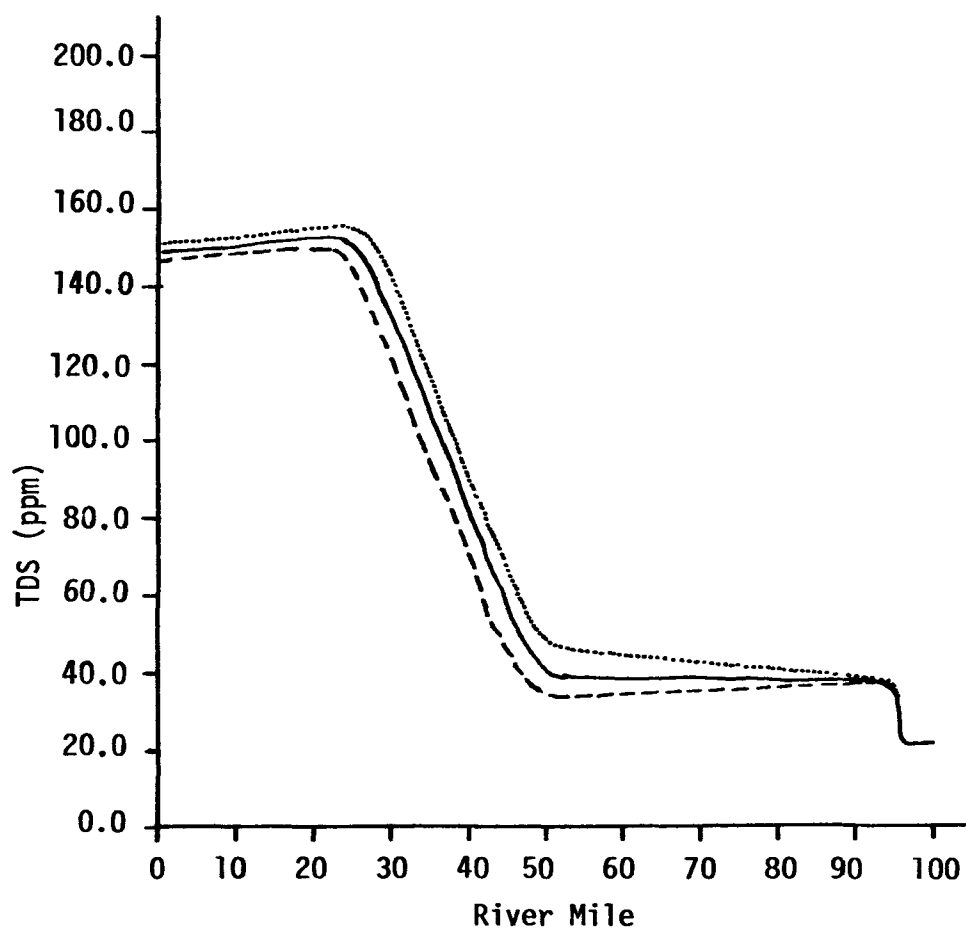


FIGURE 8

Sensitivity to a conservative parameter
non-point source loading



----- Non-point source TDS = 0.0 lbs/day/mile

———— Non-point source TDS = 400.0 lbs/day/mile

..... Non-point source TDS = 800.0 lbs/day/mile

FIGURE 9

AUTØSS and AUTØQD Comparison
Carbonaceous Oxygen Demand
at selected miles

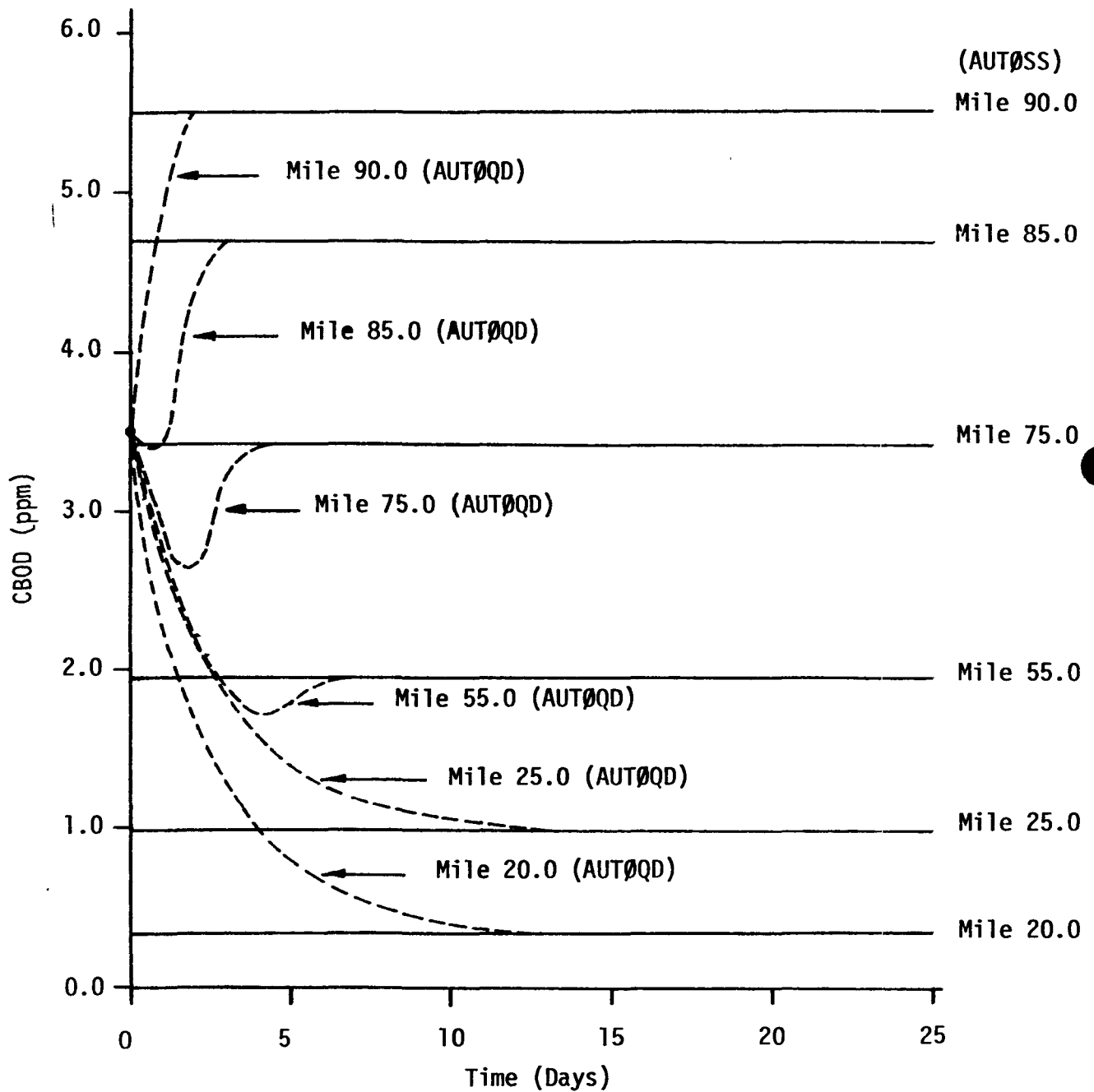


FIGURE 10

AUTØSS and AUTØQD Comparison
Nitrogenous Oxygen Demand
at selected miles

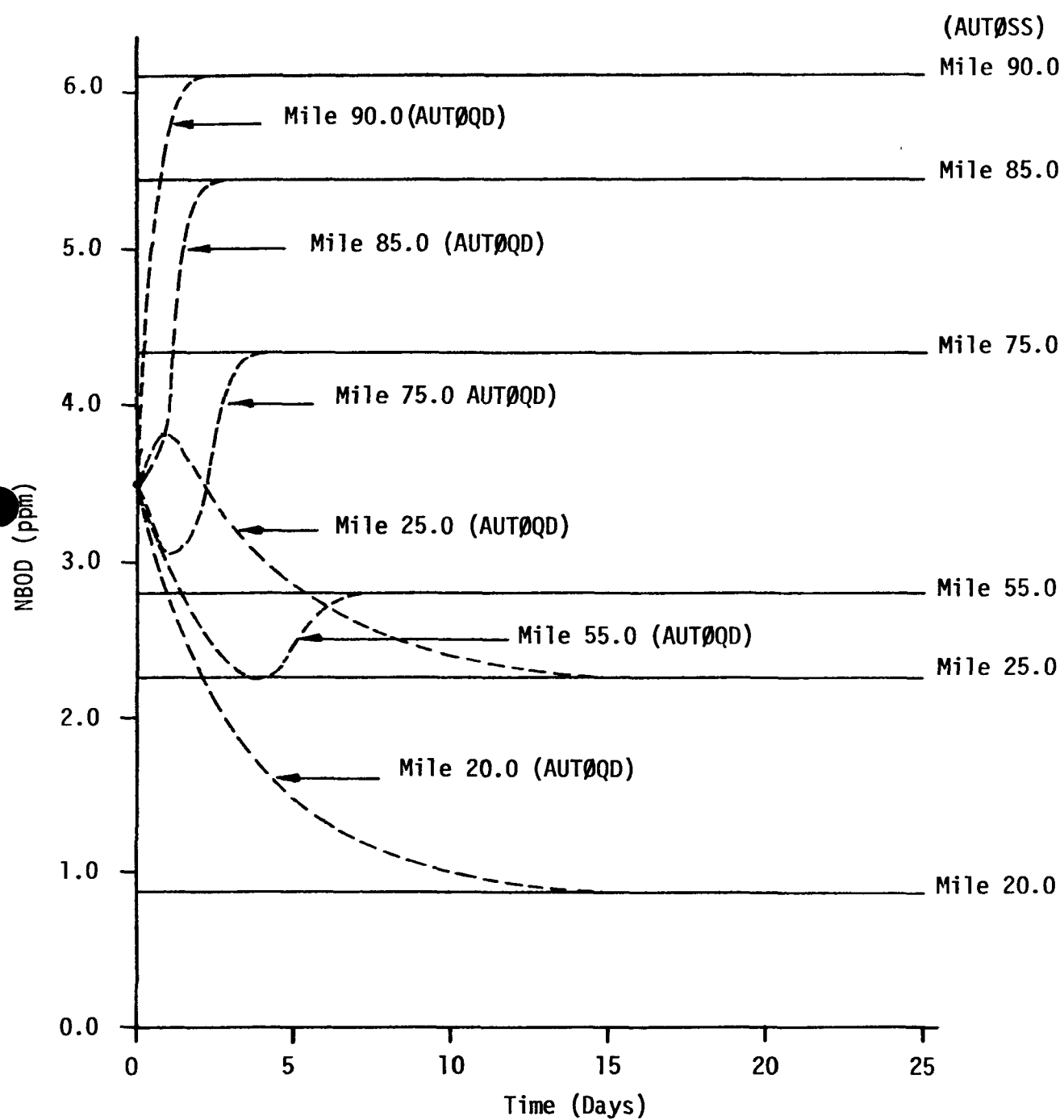


FIGURE 11

AUTØSS and AUTØQD Comparison
Dissolved Oxygen at selected miles

