

AN EVALUATION OF COAL CLEANING PROCESSES AND TECHNIQUES FOR REMOVING PYRITIC SULFUR FROM FINE COAL

A Report

to Environmental Protection Agency

Office of Research and Monitoring

National Environmental Research Center

Control Systems Division

Research Triangle Park, N.C. 27711

by Bituminous Coal Research, Inc.

Contract No. 68-02-0024

BCR

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
I. INTRODUCTION.....	1
A. Background.....	1
B. Objective.....	2
C. Approach.....	3
II. DISCUSSION OF PHASE I EVALUATIONS.....	4
III. DISCUSSION OF PHASE II EVALUATIONS.....	4
A. Test Procedure.....	4
1. Coal Cleaning on the No. 14 Concentrating Table.....	4
2. Pyrite Beneficiation on the No. 15-S Metallurgical Concentrating Table.....	4
B. Summary of Results.....	18
1. Coal Cleaning.....	18
2. Coal Utilization Potential.....	22
3. Power Generation Potential.....	28
IV. CONCLUSIONS.....	32
Appendix A, Phase II Evaluations - Concentrating Table and Pyrite Beneficiation.....	A- 33
Appendix B, Fuel and Pyrite Concentrate Evaluations.	B-131

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	<u>Text</u>	<u>Page</u>
1	Flow Sheet for Coal Cleaning and Pyrite Beneficiation Tests.....	5
2	Sampling Flow Sheet for Concentrating Table Tests.....	6
3	Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh x 0 and 3/8 Inch x 0 Concentrating Table Feeds for Bakerstown Seam from Grant County, West Virginia, BCR Sample No. 2856.....	8
4	Sample Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests.....	16
5	Total Sulfur Reduction from Direct Two-Stage Cleaning.....	20

APPENDIX

A-1	Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh x 0 and 3/8 Inch x 0 Concentrating Table Feeds for W. Kentucky No. 6 Coal, Butler County, Kentucky, BCR No. 2847.....	A- 36
A-2	Table Feeds for Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia, BCR No. 2856.....	A- 48
A-3	Table Feeds for Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, BCR No. 2860.....	A- 60
A-4	Table Feeds for Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, Pennsylvania, BCR No. 2881.....	A- 72
A-5	Table Feeds for Ft. Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma, BCR No. 2889.....	A- 84
A-6	Table Feeds for Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania, BCR No. 2900.....	A- 96
A-7	Table Feeds for Baxter Seam, Crawford County, Kansas, BCR No. 2926.....	A-108
A-8	Table Feeds for Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama, BCR No. 2928.....	A-120

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Table</u>	<u>Text</u>	<u>Page</u>
1	Screen Analysis of a Sample Coal - Bakerstown Seam.....	7
2	Analyses of ROM Coals Subjected to Deep Cleaning Studies, Dry Basis.....	9
3	Ash Reduction Obtained from Direct Two-Stage Concentrating Table.....	11
4	Results from a Typical 3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning and Pyrite PreCleaning Test on the No. 1 ⁴ Concentrating Table - Bakerstown Seam.....	12
5	Results from a Typical 30 Mesh x 0 Pyrite Cleaning Test on the No. 15-S Concentrating Table - Bakerstown Seam.....	13
6	Results from a Typical 60 Mesh x 0 Pyrite Cleaning Test on the No. 15-S Concentrating Table - Bakerstown Seam.....	14
7	Compilation of Results from a Typical Pyrite Beneficiation Test - Bakerstown Seam.....	15
8	Sample Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Test - Bakerstown Seam.....	17
9	Total Sulfur Reduction Obtained from Direct Two-Stage Concentrating Table Cleaning.....	19
10	Effects of No. 1 ⁴ Table Cleaning on Phase II Steam Coals (Computed from Table Composites).....	21
11	Potential Combustion Use of Selected Fraction from Bakerstown Coal Using "Conventional" Three-Split Separation of 3/8 Inch x 0 Coal.....	23
12	Potential Combustion Use of Selected Fraction from Bakerstown Coal Using "Unconventional" Three- Split Separation of 3/8 Inch x 0 Coal.....	24
13	Potential Three-Split Combinations for Maximum Utilization of 3/8 Inch x 0 Phase II Coals for Combustion Feedstock.....	25

LIST OF TABLES (continued)

<u>Table</u>	<u>Text</u>	<u>Page</u>
14	Potential Combustion Use of Selected Fractions from Bakerstown Coal Using "Direct" Two-Split Separation..	26
15	Potential Combustion Use of Selected Fractions from Bakerstown Coal Using "Conventional" Two-Split Separation.....	27
16	Potential Two-Split Combinations for Maximum Utilization of 3/8 Inch x 0 Phase II Coals for Combustion Feedstock.....	29
17	Effects of "Direct" Cleaning 3/8 Inch x 0 Coal Relative to Its Power Generation Potential.....	31

Appendixes

<u>Table</u>	<u>Seam</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Page</u>
A1 through A10	Western Ky. No. 6	Butler	Kentucky	A- 35
A11 through A20	Bakerstown	Grant	West Virginia	A- 47
A21 through A30	Lower Kittanning	Westmoreland	Pennsylvania	A- 59
A31 through A40	Lower Freeport	Indiana	Pennsylvania	A- 71
A41 through A50	Fort Scott	Rogers	Oklahoma	A- 83
A51 through A60	Lower Freeport	Butler	Pennsylvania	A- 95
A61 through A70	Baxter	Crawford	Kansas	A-107
A71 through A80	Clements	Walker	Alabama	A-119
B1 through B4	Western Ky. No. 6	Butler	Kentucky	B-133
B5 through B8	Bakerstown	Grant	West Virginia	B-137
B9 through B12	Lower Kittanning	Westmoreland	Pennsylvania	B-141
B13 through B16	Lower Freeport	Indiana	Pennsylvania	B-145
B17 through B20	Fort Scott	Rogers	Oklahoma	B-149

LIST OF TABLES (continued)

Appendices

<u>Table</u>	<u>Seam</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Page</u>
B21 through B24	Lower Freeport	Butler	Pennsylvania	B-153
B25 through B28	Baxter	Crawford	Kansas	B-157
B29 through B32	Clements	Walker	Alabama	B-161

BITUMINOUS COAL RESEARCH, INC.
SPONSORED RESEARCH PROGRAM

AN EVALUATION OF COAL CLEANING PROCESSES AND
TECHNIQUES FOR REMOVING PYRITIC SULFUR
FROM FINE COAL

Report for the Period May 1971 - March 1972
(BCR Report L-464)
April 1972

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Background

During the combustion of fossil fuel, sulfur oxide compounds are formed and released to the atmosphere. Where it is feasible to physically remove pyrite from coal in significant quantities, the amount of sulfur oxide produced from coal firing can be reduced.

A review of the literature indicated that little information exists relative to the washability of coals mined primarily for use in power generation. To eliminate this deficiency, the Environmental Protection Agency had awarded contracts to the United States Bureau of Mines, the Illinois Geological Survey, and Commercial Testing and Engineering Company to develop washability data on selected steam coals.

The washability studies were unique in that they were specifically initiated to define pyrite liberation at various stages of crushing and grinding. Previous studies had concentrated on developing washability data from sized coal fractions as-mined so the proper sized splits could be made and the proper cleaning equipment and separating gravity released.

On June 1, 1967, Bituminous Coal Research, Inc., was awarded contract No. PH 86-67-139, to develop additional data on selected coals.

The objective of the initial work undertaken by Bituminous Coal Research, Inc., was twofold; first, to develop washability data on finer sizes of coal, and second, to evaluate coal cleaning methods and techniques for removing pyritic sulfur from the fine-sized coal. From BCR's previous work on pyrite removal from finely sized coal, two size consists were of paramount interest in the Phase I washability studies.

2.

The first was the 30 mesh x 0 size. This range approximates the lower limit in coal sizing that would contain pyrite particles typical of a utility pulverizer's recycle load. Recycle load here refers to the pulverizer product which is either too coarse or too heavy to report to the pulverizer classifier. This recycle material might conceivably be diverted from the utility pulverizer, wet-cleaned to remove the pyrite, and, after dewatering, reinjected with the feed to the pulverizer without thermal drying.

The second size range of interest was that having 60 to 80 percent minus 200 mesh, which constitutes a coal's "as fired," or pulverized coal (p.c.), grind. At this stage of pulverization, insofar as the coal's present utilization is concerned, maximum theoretical pyrite liberation occurs. Consequently, the maximum degree of potential pyrite removal has been attained with each coal's p.c. grind.

The Phase II evaluation of coal cleaning methods and techniques was conducted at two size consists; namely, 3/8 inch x 0 and 30 mesh x 0. A two-stage operation was adopted to maximize pyrite removal from selected coals using conventional coal cleaning equipment.

Pyrite concentrations were obtained from the 3/8 inch x 0 refuse following pulverization to a uniform 30 mesh topsize. A portion of this material was further reduced to a 60 mesh topsize and reprocessed. The main objective of this research was to produce a high-grade pyrite concentrate. This could be used as feedstock to a sulfuric acid plant or, in combination with high-Btu refuse from either the coal cleaning or pyrite concentration steps, for a specially designed, non-polluting, high-sulfur combustor.

Effective utilization of high-Btu refuse fractions would, by maximum use, enhance the economic potential of a coal.

The results of the work completed during the calendar year 1969 were reported to the National Air Pollution Control Administration in BCR Report L-362 dated February 1970, entitled, "An Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal," Contract No. PH 86-67-139.

The work completed in 1970 under Contract No. CPA 70-26 was reported under the same title in BCR Report L-404, submitted to the Environmental Protection Agency in April 1971. The current research is sponsored under EPA Contract No. 68-02-0024.

B. Objective

The basic objective of this work did not differ significantly from the earlier studies.

The scope of the current research, however, was modified by the deletion of the Phase I washability studies concerned with extending existing data to 30 mesh x 0 pulverized coal (p.c.) grind sizes of selected steam coals.

In its stead, a southern Appalachian coal was added to the coals slated for comprehensive two-stage beneficiation to further define this method for removing and concentrating pyrite from steam coals.

As in the previous report period, particular attention was focused on the use of the high-gravity middlings fractions in line with the total steam utilization concept.

C. Approach

Eight geographically diverse bituminous coals, used basically for power generation, were collected by BCR personnel and subjected to two-stage cleaning studies under Phase II of the current contract. The purpose was to determine the suitability of a concentrating table for deep cleaning coals at a topsize of 30 mesh. Each coal was rough cleaned on a No. 14 concentrating table (1/4 commercial size) at a 3/8 inch topsize to remove the obvious impurities. Zones A, B, and C, constituting the clean coal fraction, were combined, crushed to a topsize of 30 mesh, and recleaned with this concentrating table.

In the pyrite beneficiation studies, the raw material for testing was obtained by accumulating the heavier gravity Zone E refuse from the rough cleaned 3/8 inch x 0 coal on the quarter-size (No. 14) concentrating table. This heavy refuse was pulverized to minus 30 mesh and further concentrated using a 15-S metallurgical concentrating table. The 15-S table has approximately one-fourth the surface, or cleaning area, of the No. 14 coal cleaning table.

To simulate the reclamation of recycle product that had been further reduced in size to increase pyrite liberation, the middling Zone D material from cleaning the 30 mesh x 0 on the 15-S table was collected, pulverized to minus 60 mesh, and recleaned on the 15-S table. These pyrite beneficiation studies were combined under Phase II studies to establish the Coal Cleaning and Pyrite Beneficiation Phase.

Numerous high-sulfur, high-ash fractions containing significant quantities of combustible material were collected from the concentrating table tests and analyzed. Resultant data permitted an initial evaluation of the use potential of these fractions in a high-sulfur combustor. Tests for calorific value, ash fusion, and ash analysis by spectrography introduced under Contract 70-26 were continued in this program. These reflect the increased importance of determining the combustion and ash characteristics of the high-ash, high-sulfur fractions having potential for use in a high-sulfur combustor.

II. DISCUSSION OF PHASE I EVALUATIONS

This work was discontinued under the existing contract. Funds allocated for this work were used to evaluate one additional coal under comprehensive two-stage Phase II beneficiation.

III. DISCUSSION OF PHASE II EVALUATIONS

A. Test Procedure

1. Coal Cleaning on the No. 14 Concentrating Table: Eight coals were selected for the modified Phase II, Coal Cleaning and Pyrite Beneficiation Tests, a schematic of which is shown in Figure 1. Each coal was rough-cleaned at the 3/8 inch x 0 size consist on the No. 14 concentrating table to remove the obvious refuse prior to further size reduction. Figure 2 shows typical characteristics of the material reporting to the various zones collected from the concentrating table, and the analyses performed on the subject fractions.

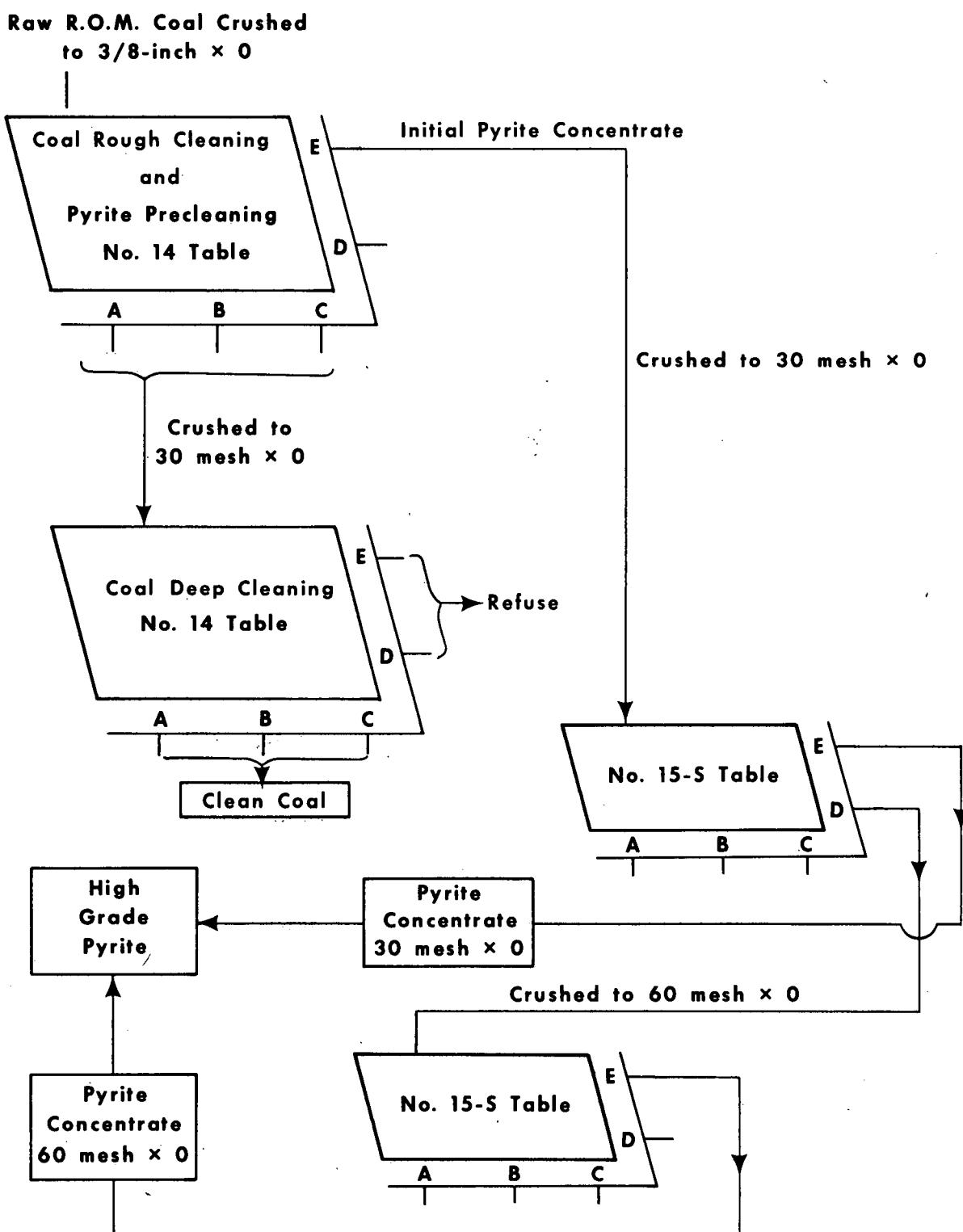
In the 3/8 inch x 0 rough cleaning, some of the high-carbon Zone D refuse fraction, which is normally discharged in actual cleaning plant practice because of its high ash content, was combined with Zone C material for further processing. It is from this high-carbon refuse fraction, together with the high-ash coal normally reporting to Zone C, that significant additional pyrite liberation and removal can be obtained through size reduction and recleaning.

The rough cleaned material obtained from Zones A, B, and C was pulverized to 30 mesh for a second 5-zone separation on the No. 14 concentrating table.

Table 1 shows the size consist of the feed material for the 3/8 inch x 0 and the 30 mesh x 0 concentrating table tests on the Bakers-town coal (BCR Lot No. 2856), while Figure 3 presents the cumulative data in graphical form.

Table 2 shows the ROM chemical analyses of the Phase II coals tested under this program.

2. Pyrite Beneficiation on the No. 15-S Metallurgical Concentrating Table: The Pyrite Beneficiation work (formerly Phase IV) was effected using a smaller concentrating table, designated as a 15-S, or metallurgical table. This table has one-fourth of the cleaning area of the quarter-sized table (No. 14) being used in the coal cleaning studies and one-sixteenth of the area of a commercial coal cleaning deck. The smaller metallurgical table was set up with five sampling zones, paralleling the arrangement for the larger coal cleaning table.



Bituminous Coal Research, Inc. 6076G1

Figure 1. Flowsheet for Coal Cleaning and Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

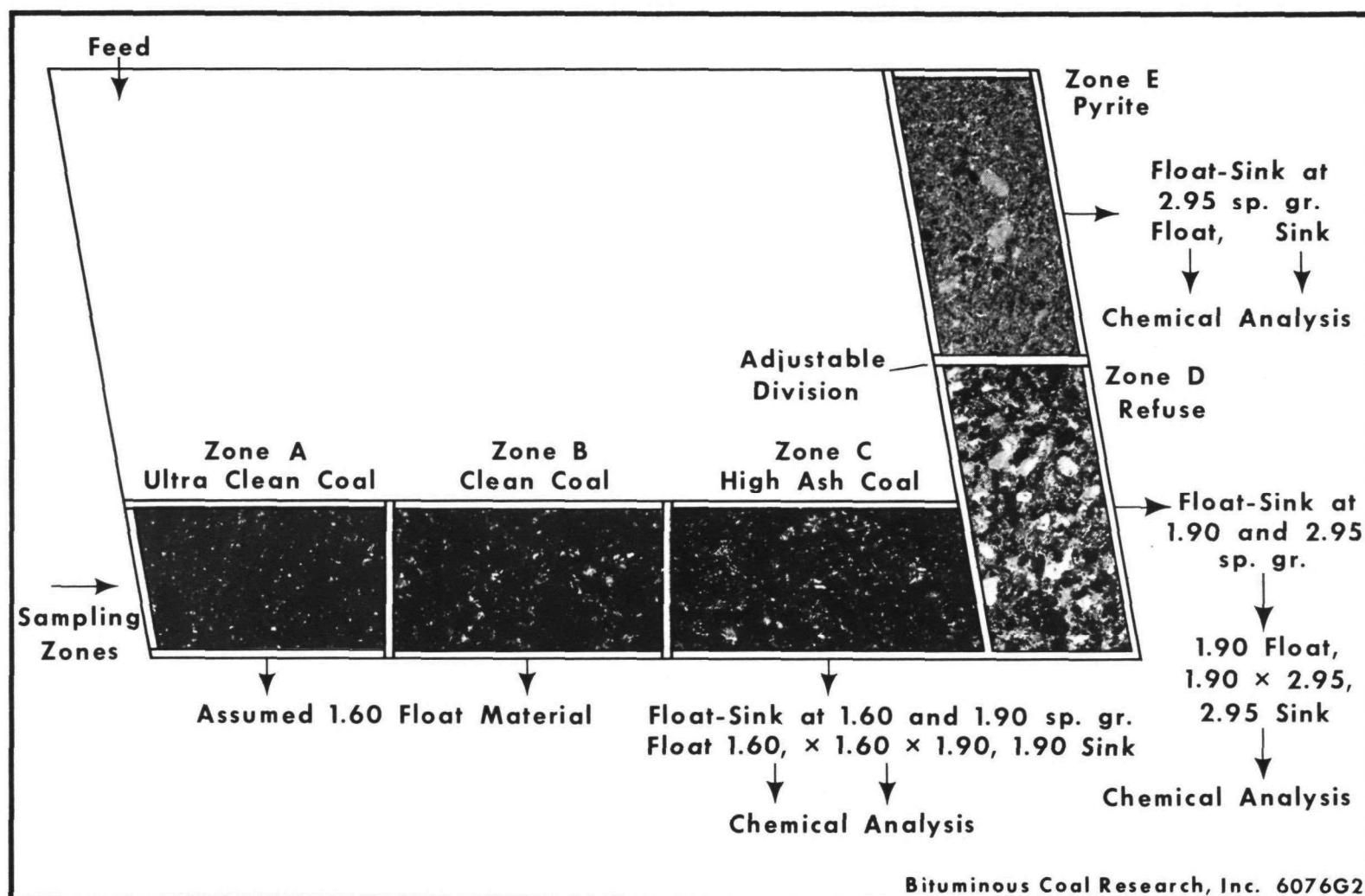


Figure 2. Sampling Flow Sheet for Concentrating Table Tests

TABLE 1. SCREEN ANALYSIS OF A SAMPLE COAL - BAKERSTOWN SEAM

Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed To 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4"	9.3	9.3
1/4" x 6 M	23.5	32.8
6 M x 12 M	21.2	54.0
Minus 12 M	46.0	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C From 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (7-16-71) Crushed To 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	6.6	6.6
30 M x 50 M	29.3	35.9
50 M x 100 M	24.5	60.4
Minus 100 M	39.6	100.0

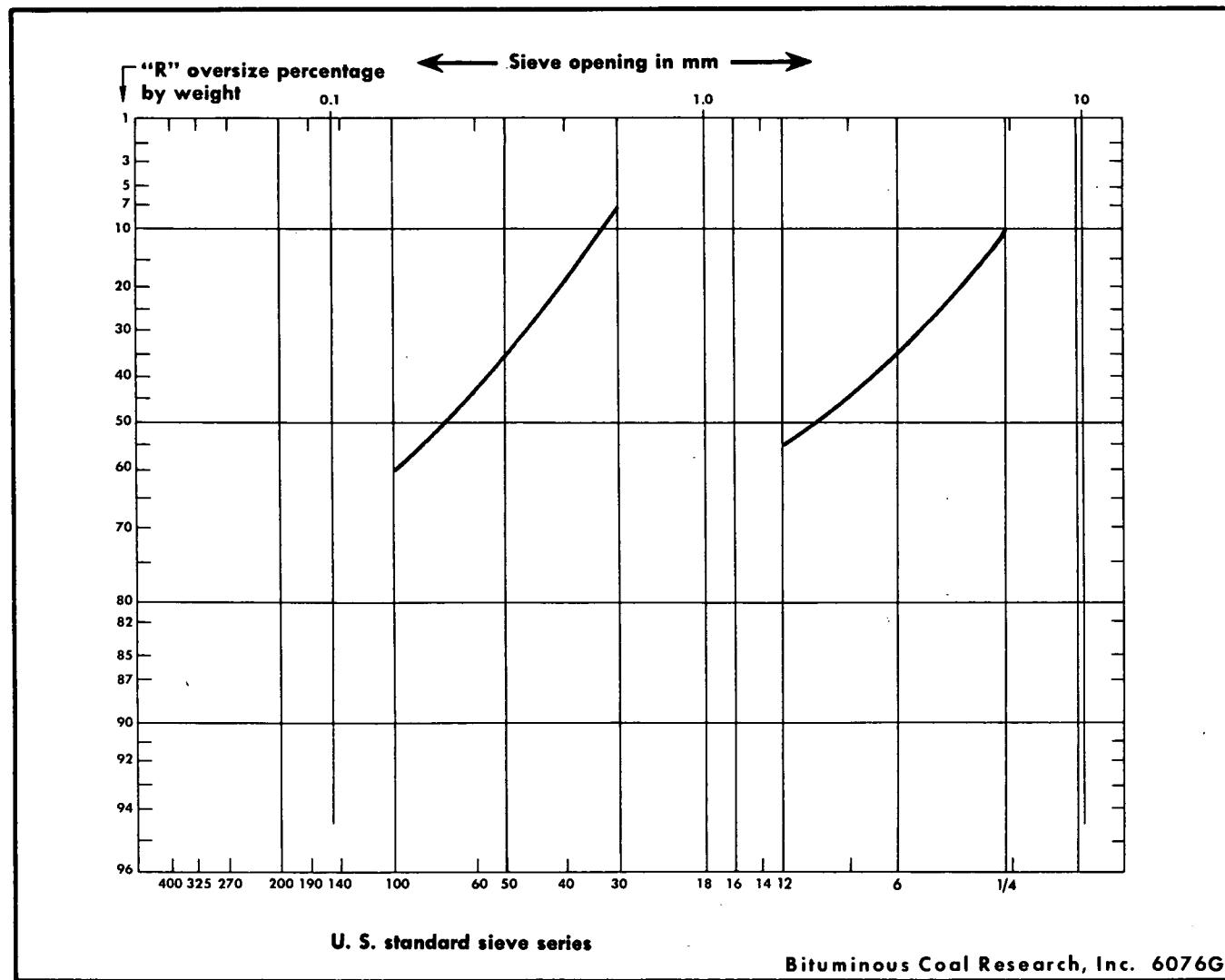


Figure 3. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh x 0 and 3/8 Inch x 0 Concentrating Table Feeds for Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia, BCR Sample No. 2856

TABLE 2. ANALYSES OF ROM COALS SUBJECTED TO DEEP CLEANING STUDIES, DRY BASIS

Lot	Coal Identification Seam	Weight Percent							Calorific Value, Btu/lb
		Ash	Volatile Matter	Fixed Carbon	Total Sulfur	Sulfate Sulfur	Organic Sulfur	Pyritic Sulfur	
2847	W. Ky. No. 6 Seam Butler County, Ky.	10.1	45.7	44.2	5.48	0.02	0.80	4.66	12,772
2856	Bakerstown Seam Grant County, W. Va.	24.0	19.8	56.2	2.88	--	0.46	2.42	11,604
2860	Lower Kittanning Seam Westmoreland County, Pa.	26.4	18.0	55.6	4.18	0.02	0.52	3.64	11,198
2881	Lower Freeport Seam Indiana County, Pa.	19.9	25.0	55.1	1.86	0.02	0.42	1.42	12,294
2889	Ft. Scott Seam Rogers County, Okla.	13.3	41.3	45.4	4.21	0.08	1.17	2.96	12,882
2900	Lower Freeport Seam Butler County, Pa.	15.0	34.2	50.8	3.36	0.04	0.54	2.78	12,576
2926	Baxter Seam Crawford County, Kan.	14.8	38.6	46.6	4.02	0.01	0.78	3.23	12,826
2928	Clements Seam Walker County, Ala.	25.3	31.4	43.3	1.96	--	0.54	1.42	11,044

Feed material for the pyrite beneficiation studies was obtained by collecting all the normal Zone E material, plus a portion of the material that would have ordinarily gone to adjacent Zone D, during a normal 3/8 inch x 0 rough cleaning test.

As illustrated in Figure 2, Zone E collects the pyrite-rich fraction from the coal cleaning test and Zone D, the remaining refuse. The material diverted from Zone D to Zone E is the highest gravity material normally reporting to Zone D and, hence, the material most likely to contain additional pyrite that might be liberated by further size reduction. Eight coals were processed in this manner, and the ash reductions obtained when cleaning these coals at a 3/8 inch x 0 are shown in Table 3.

Table 4 shows the results from a typical 3/8 inch x 0 cleaning test in which a deep cut had been made into the normal Zone D to insure that all the pyrite had been captured for subsequent recleaning. This so-called deep cut is evidenced by a higher than normal percentage of 2.95 float material in Zone E.

The modified Zone E pyrite-rich material from the coal cleaning test was pulverized to a 30 mesh topsize for the initial pyrite beneficiation test with the 15-S metallurgical table, following the flow diagram shown in Figure 1. Table 5 shows a sample copy of the information obtained on the 30 mesh x 0 pyrite cleaning test. The pyrite concentrate from Zone E in this 30 mesh x 0 test, which was very high in total sulfur and low in carbon, was not further processed. For each of the eight coals, the Zone D material from this test was collected, pulverized to minus 60 mesh to further liberate high grade pyrite, and recleaned on the metallurgical table.

Table 6 is a sample copy of the data sheet illustrating the separation obtained from the Bakerstown seam on the metallurgical table when using the 60 mesh x 0 refuse feed material. The breakdown by zones is shown with the secondary pyrite concentrate obtained from Zone E assaying 39.8 percent total sulfur.

Table 7 is a tabulation of the Bakerstown seam pyrite cleaning steps, showing, in the last line of figures, that 1.2 percent of the total feed is recoverable as high grade pyrite containing 43.8 percent sulfur.

The sample flowsheet, Figure 4, shows the steps of pyrite cleaning in a different manner, utilizing a schematic flow diagram and showing the distribution of total sulfur in pounds per ton of ROM coal.

The final sample data sheet, Table 8, shows the chemical data by steps and the total quantity of material removed from each step for subsequent reprocessing.

TABLE 3. ASH REDUCTION OBTAINED FROM DIRECT TWO-STAGE CONCENTRATING TABLE CLEANING

<u>Coal Identification</u>	<u>Percent Ash R.O.M. Feed</u>	<u>Percent Ash, Cleaned 3/8 Inch x 0 Composites*</u>	<u>Percent Primary Reduction</u>	<u>Percent Ash, Cleaned 30 Mesh x 0 Composites*</u>	<u>Percent Secondary Reduction</u>	<u>Percent Total Ash Reduction</u>
<u>Lot</u>	<u>Seam</u>					
2847	Western Ky. No. 6	10.1	6.4	36.6	4.9	23.4
2856	Bakerstown	24.0	15.6	35.0	12.5	19.9
2860	Lower Kittanning	26.4	10.9	58.7	7.6	30.3
2881	Lower Freeport	19.9	14.0	29.6	10.1	27.9
2889	Ft. Scott	13.3	8.2	38.3	5.4	34.1
2900	Lower Freeport	15.0	14.0	6.7	11.9	15.0
2926	Baxter	14.8	12.4	16.2	10.2	17.7
2928	Clements	25.3	11.2	55.7	7.2	35.7
<u>Average Reduction (8 coals)</u>				34.6	25.5	50.3

* Cleaned fractions designated represent weight percent composites of Zones A, B, C from the concentrating table runs.

TABLE 4. RESULTS FROM A TYPICAL 3/8 INCH x 0 ROUGH CLEANING AND PYRITE PRECLEANING TEST ON THE NO. 14 CONCENTRATING TABLE - BAKERSTOWN SEAM

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	47.3		0.34	10.2	1.23	
Zone B	22.0		0.28	13.0	1.24	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	6.0	39.7	0.34	15.8	1.35	
1.60 by 1.90	6.6	43.4	0.45	45.2	2.02	
Sink at 1.90	2.6	16.9	0.44	60.5	5.22	
Composite	15.2	100.0		36.1	2.29	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	2.1	17.3	0.22	36.2	1.86	
1.90 by 2.95	8.6	71.2	0.36	77.8	4.89	
Sink at 2.95	1.4	11.5	0.20	61.0	38.6	
Composite	12.1	100.0		68.4	8.24	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	1.3	39.1	0.80	79.2	6.34	
Sink at 2.95	2.1	60.9	0.22	62.0	40.5	
Composite	3.4	100.0		68.7	27.1	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	84.5			15.6	1.42	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	75.3			11.5	1.24	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	3.5			61.6	39.7	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			23.8	3.12	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.66	24.0	2.88	

TABLE 5. RESULTS FROM A TYPICAL 30 MESH x 0 PYRITE
CLEANING TEST ON THE NO. 15-S CONCENTRATING TABLE - BAKERSTOWN SEAM

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
<u>Zone A</u>	81.8		0.61	12.0	1.09	
<u>Zone B</u>	10.0		0.47	15.1	1.12	
<u>Zone C</u>						
<u>Float at 1.60</u>	0.7	71.3	0.47	18.9	1.14	
<u>Sink at 1.60</u>	0.3	28.7	0.42	43.8	2.94	
<u>Composite</u>	1.0	100.0		26.0	1.66	
<u>Zone D</u>						
<u>Float at 1.60</u>	0.6	9.4	0.62	27.3	1.16	
<u>1.60 by 2.95</u>	5.8	87.4	0.68	55.2	2.20	
<u>Sink at 2.95</u>	0.2	3.2	0.18	61.0	43.1	
<u>Composite</u>	6.6	100.0		52.8	3.41	
<u>Zone E</u>						
<u>Float at 2.95</u>	0.1	17.8	0.69	68.2	13.0	
<u>Sink at 2.95</u>	0.5	82.2	0.22	62.1	44.1	
<u>Composite</u>	0.6	100.0		63.2	38.6	
<u>Composite of Zones A, B, C</u>	92.8			12.5	1.10	
<u>Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions</u>	93.1			12.5	1.09	
<u>Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions</u>	0.7			61.8	43.8	
<u>Composite of Table Products</u>	100.0			15.5	1.48	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>			0.50	16.4	1.65	

Run Date: 7-27-71

14.

TABLE 6. RESULTS FROM A TYPICAL 60 MESH x 0 PYRITE
CLEANING TEST ON THE NO. 15-S CONCENTRATING TABLE - BAKERSTOWN SEAM

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	24.0	0.43	74.4	20.4	
Zone B	35.4	0.64	75.3	19.4	
Zone C	13.8	0.38	76.0	15.8	
Zone D	14.0	0.68	78.2	17.4	
Zone E	12.8	0.26	69.3	39.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		74.8	21.5	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.34	75.1	21.2	

Run Date: 7-29-71

TABLE 7. COMPILED OF RESULTS FROM A
TYPICAL PYRITE BENEFICIATION TEST - BAKERSTOWN SEAM

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test Run Date 7-16-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed To 3/8 Inch x 0

Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
	Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table	24.0		2.88
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	3.4	68.7	27.1

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 7-28-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (7-16-71) Crushed To
30 Mesh x 0

Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
	Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table	68.7		27.1
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	28.2	64.5	44.6

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 7-29-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (7-28-71) Crushed To
60 Mesh x 0

Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
	Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table	75.1		21.2
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	12.8	69.3	39.8

Two Stage Pyrite Product	1.2	65.3	43.8
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16.

**Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0**

60.2

**Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia
BCR Sample No. 2856**

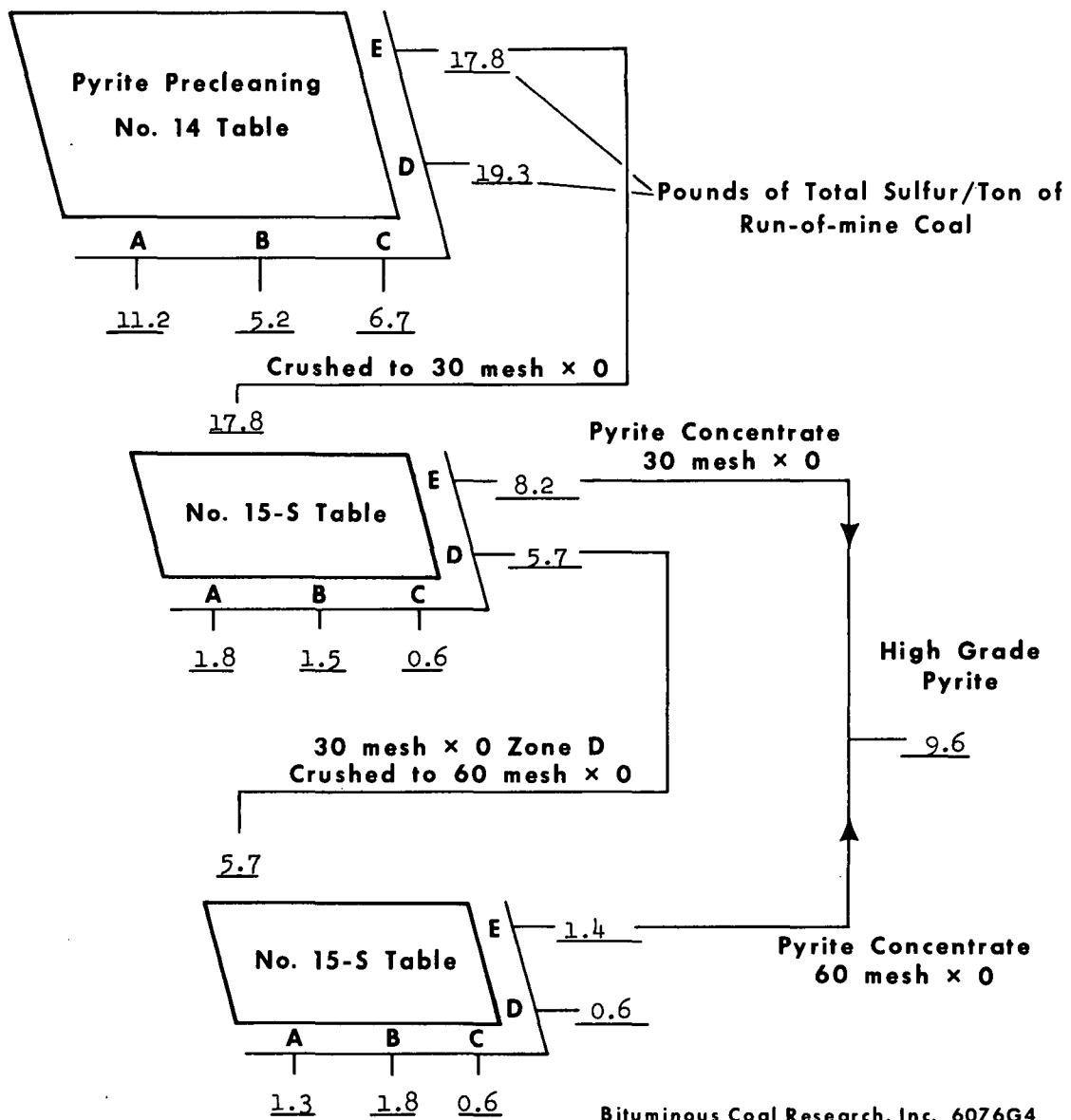


Figure 4. Sample Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

TABLE 8. SAMPLE FLOWSHEET FOR PYRITE BENEFICIATION
TEST - BAKERSTOWN SEAM

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	47.3	10.2	1.23
Zone B	22.0	13.0	1.24
Zone C	15.2	36.1	2.29
Zone D	12.1	68.4	8.24
Zone E	3.4	68.7	27.1
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.4	60.3	24.4
Zone B	0.3	60.8	22.7
Zone C	0.1	59.9	22.0
Zone D	1.6	76.8	18.6
Zone E	1.0	64.5	44.6
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.4	74.4	20.4
Zone B	0.6	75.3	19.4
Zone C	0.2	76.0	15.8
Zone D	0.2	78.2	17.4
Zone E	0.2	69.3	39.8
Composite of Fractions	100.0	23.8	3.18
Analysis of Feed Coal		24.0	2.88

Complete analytical data for each Phase II coal, as exemplified by the foregoing tables, are compiled as Appendix A, Tables A1 through A79.

B. Summary

1. Coal Cleaning: The samples selected for Phase II research represent a cross section of the high-sulfur bituminous steam coals in the United States. Coals from as far west as Kansas and Oklahoma and as far south as Alabama were included with northern Appalachian coals in these tests. As shown in Table 9 and illustrated graphically in Figure 5, this sequence of coals generally resisted beneficiation relative to pyrite removal despite optimistic projections from earlier Phase I studies. Typical of this discrepancy is the Western Kentucky No. 6 seam (BCR 2847) from Butler County, Kentucky. Phase I data reported in Table 2 of BCR Final Report L-404 (April 1971) showed a 75.0 percent reduction in total sulfur content at a 30 mesh x 0 size consist; but two-stage beneficiation, as shown by Table 9, produced only 30.8 percent reduction in total sulfur from a somewhat greater raw coal concentration.

Another example involved the Lower Freeport coal, widely used for steam generation around Butler County, Pennsylvania. Phase I research showed 58.2 percent expected sulfur decrease, but two-stage beneficiation of the same coal produced only 36.6 percent reduction despite a much higher raw coal sulfur value (3.36 percent versus 2.20 percent from Phase I, Lot 2447).

The average primary (single stage) sulfur reduction for this suite of eight coals was 23.1 percent, while the two-stage separation averaged 33.3 percent. Most difficult to beneficiate were the southern and western coals. As shown in Table 9, the Clements seam (BCR 2928) from Walker County, Alabama and the Ft. Scott seam (BCR 2889) from Rogers County, Oklahoma, produced only 11.7 percent and 14.7 percent overall sulfur reduction, respectively. These coals, however, showed the highest relative percentage (of the 8 coals tested) of their total sulfur content as organic sulfur, which is essentially not removable.

The Bakerstown coal (BCR 2856) from Grant County, West Virginia and the Lower Kittanning coal (BCR 2860) from Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, responded most favorably to wet table beneficiation. Reductions in total sulfur content of 61.8 percent and 54.5 percent, respectively, were realized from the two-stage washing; however, the sulfur in these coals was most dominantly pyritic in origin.

A more detailed definition of the effects of "direct" Deister table cleaning in specific zones is shown in Table 10. Any mention of "direct" cleaning in the text refers to all material reporting to Zones A, B, and C, without considering misplaced higher gravity refuse contaminants.

TABLE 9. TOTAL SULFUR REDUCTION OBTAINED FROM DIRECT TWO-STAGE CONCENTRATING TABLE CLEANING

<u>Lot</u>	<u>Coal Identification Seam</u>	<u>Percent Total Sulfur R.O.M. Feed</u>	<u>Percent Total Sulfur Clean 3/8 Inch x 0 Composites*</u>	<u>Percent Primary Reduction</u>	<u>Percent Total Sulfur Clean 30 Mesh x 0 Composites*</u>	<u>Percent Secondary Reduction</u>	<u>Percent Overall Sulfur Reduction</u>
2847	Western Ky. No. 6	5.48	3.89	29.0	3.79	2.6	30.8
2856	Bakerstown	2.88	1.42	50.7	1.10	22.5	61.8
2860	Lower Kittanning	4.18	2.44	41.6	1.90	22.1	54.5
2881	Lower Freeport	1.86	1.44	22.6	1.22	15.3	34.4
2889	Ft. Scott	4.21	3.74	11.2	3.59	4.0	14.7
2900	Lower Freeport	3.36	2.83	15.8	2.13	24.7	36.6
2926	Baxter	4.02	3.62	10.0	3.15	13.0	21.6
2928	Clements	1.96	1.88	4.1	1.73	8.0	11.7
Average Reduction (8 coals)				23.1		14.0	33.3

* Cleaned Fractions Designated Represent Direct Weight Percent Composites of
Zones A, B, C from the No. 14 Concentrating Table Runs.

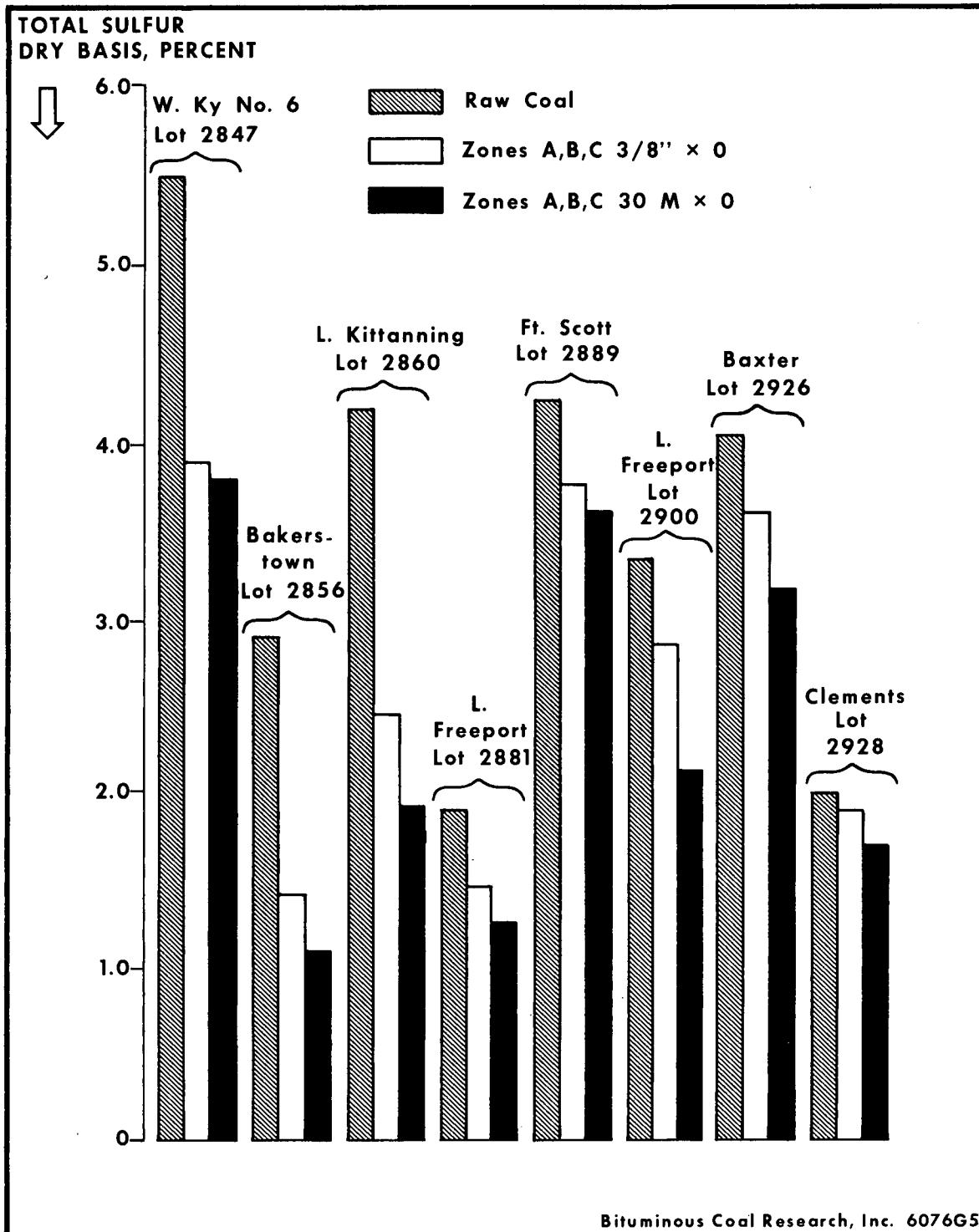


Figure 5. Total Sulfur Reduction from Direct Two-stage Cleaning

Most coals realized the greater quantity of sulfur removal in the 3/8 inch x 0 rough separation but, as shown graphically in Figure 5, the Lower Freeport seam (BCR 2900) from Butler County, Pennsylvania, produced a greater reduction during secondary deep-cleaning. Apparently the finer grinding (30 mesh topsize) is most critical for sulfur removal from this coal.

2. Coal Utilization Potential: Employing the total seam utilization concept initiated in Final Report L-404 (April 1971), 3/8 inch x 0 coal analytical data were compiled relative to arbitrary two-split and three-split gravity fractions. For comparison, the "direct" two-split separation was included. As shown in sample data sheets from the Bakerstown seam, presented as Tables 11 and 12, three-split separations were made to obtain three distinct products: a low sulfur combustor feedstock, a high sulfur combustor feedstock, and a refuse product.

The low sulfur combustor feedstock ideally should contain a sulfur content below 1.0 percent in conjunction with a high calorific content. The high sulfur combustor feedstock may have a higher sulfur content and lower calorific value while the third product should contain the high ash, low calorific value refuse material. As shown in Table 11, a "conventional" three-split separation of the Bakerstown seam concentrates 89.5 percent of the total calorific value available in the coal in the low-sulfur combustor feedstock with a 1.24 percent total sulfur content. In Table 12 the gravity separations were composited in the "unconventional" manner initiated in BCR L-404. This composite includes the 1.60 float fraction from Zone C with the high-sulfur combustor feedstock which insignificantly altered the ash, sulfur, and calorific value of the low-sulfur coal but greatly increased the available Btu in the high-sulfur combustor feedstock.

Composites of the "conventional" and "unconventional" three-split combinations of each of the Phase II coals are presented in Table 13. As expected, the "unconventional" gravity separate combinations consistently produced better quality high-sulfur feedstock but did not essentially change the low sulfur product.

When a low-sulfur combustor product alone is required, a two-split separation would be utilized. Tables 14 and 15 illustrate both "direct" and "conventional" two-split methods for compositing the Bakerstown seam coal. As previously described, the "direct" composite incorporates all material reporting to Zones A, B, and C as clean coal, while combining Zones D and E as refuse.

The "conventional" two-split separation produced a cleaner low-sulfur product by including Zone C 1.60 sink fractions in the refuse product. This "conventional" composite effected a 4 percent decrease in ash and a 0.2 percent decrease in total sulfur in the Bakerstown coal but recovered less of the total coal.

TABLE 11. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED FRACTION FROM BAKERSTOWN COAL
USING "CONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION OF 3/8 INCH x 0 COAL

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	47.3	10.2	1.23	14,014		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	22.0	13.0	1.24	13,490		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	6.0	15.8	1.35	12,921		
Composite of Fractions	<u>75.3</u>	<u>11.5</u>	<u>1.24</u>	<u>13,774</u>	<u>89.5</u>	<u>83.6</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	6.6	45.2	2.02	7,891		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	60.5	5.22	5,144		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	2.1	36.2	1.86	9,426		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	1.4	61.0	38.60	3,870		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	2.1	62.0	40.50	3,565		
Composite of Fractions	<u>14.8</u>	<u>50.5</u>	<u>11.48</u>	<u>6,632</u>	<u>8.5</u>	<u>16.4</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	8.6	77.8	4.89	2,354		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.3	79.2	6.34	2,067		
Composite of Fractions	<u>9.9</u>	<u>78.0</u>	<u>5.08</u>	<u>2,316</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>—</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.8	3.14	11,583		23

TABLE 12. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED FRACTION FROM BAKERSTOWN COAL
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION OF 3/8 INCH x 0 COAL

24.

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	47.3	10.2	1.23	14,014		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	22.0	13.0	1.24	13,490		
Composite of Fractions	<u>69.3</u>	<u>11.1</u>	<u>1.23</u>	<u>13,848</u>	<u>82.8*</u>	<u>76.9</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	6.0	15.8	1.35	12,921		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	6.6	45.2	2.02	7,891		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	60.5	5.22	5,144		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	2.1	36.2	1.86	9,426		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	1.4	61.0	38.60	3,870		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	2.1	62.0	40.50	3,565		
Composite of Fractions	<u>20.8</u>	<u>40.5</u>	<u>8.56</u>	<u>8,446</u>	<u>15.2</u>	<u>23.1</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	8.6	77.8	4.89	2,354		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.3	79.2	6.34	2,067		
Composite of Fractions	<u>9.9</u>	<u>78.0</u>	<u>5.08</u>	<u>2,316</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.8	3.14	11,583		

TABLE 14. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED FRACTIONS FROM BAKERSTOWN COAL
USING "DIRECT" TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	47.3	10.2	1.23	14,014	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	22.0	13.0	1.24	13,490	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	6.0	15.8	1.35	12,921	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	6.6	45.2	2.02	7,891	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	60.5	5.22	5,144	
Composite of Fractions	<u>84.5</u>	<u>15.6</u>	<u>1.42</u>	<u>13,052</u>	<u>95.2</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	2.1	36.2	1.86	9,426	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	8.6	77.8	4.89	2,354	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	1.4	61.0	38.60	3,870	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.3	79.2	6.34	2,067	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	2.1	62.0	40.50	3,565	
Composite of Fractions	<u>15.5</u>	<u>68.5</u>	<u>12.38</u>	<u>3,582</u>	<u>4.8</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.8	3.12	11,584	

TABLE 15. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED FRACTIONS FROM BAKERSTOWN COAL
USING "CONVENTIONAL" TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	47.3	10.2	1.23	14,014	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	22.0	13.0	1.24	13,490	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	6.0	15.8	1.35	12,921	
Composite of Fractions	<u>75.3</u>	<u>11.5</u>	<u>1.24</u>	<u>13,774</u>	<u>89.5</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	6.6	45.2	2.02	7,891	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	60.5	5.22	5,144	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	2.1	36.2	1.86	9,426	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	8.6	77.8	4.89	2,354	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	1.4	61.0	38.60	3,870	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.3	79.2	6.34	2,067	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	2.1	62.0	40.50	3,565	
Composite of Fractions	<u>24.7</u>	<u>61.5</u>	<u>8.91</u>	<u>4,902</u>	<u>10.5</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.8 ^t	3.12	11,584	

The two-split composites of all Phase II coals are presented in Table 16. While quality of low sulfur combustor products was somewhat improved in the "conventional" composites, none of these eight coals could be cleaned below the 1.0 percent total sulfur level using the concentrating table.

Table 10 shows high percentages of beneficiation relative to raw coal sulfur content but, even in the Zone A deep cleaned separations, sulfur content for these coals did not fall below the 1.0 percent standard.

It should be mentioned that the combination of the various gravity separation fractions is by no means a standard method. Instead, it is merely meant to be a very general guideline. In most cases, the optimum combination of these fractions will vary from coal to coal, depending on whether quantity or quality of feed material for the combustor is stressed. Also, the terms "conventional," "unconventional," and "direct" are used merely to distinguish between possible methods of combining the fractions.

The complete sulfur combustor data for the eight Phase II coals are shown in Appendix B, Tables B1 through B32.

3. Power Generation Potential: This evaluation of Phase II coals deals with their potential for power generation. Toward this end, ash fusion and ash composition analyses were completed on the 3/8 inch x 0 feed coal as well as the gravity-separated zone samples.

Most of the high capacity furnaces in use today are the so-called dry bottom type. These furnaces are designed to permit ash to cool and solidify before it comes into contact with boiler surfaces. Therefore, coals with relatively high ash fusion temperatures are preferred. Ash fusion temperatures, and particularly the "softening temperature," reflect, to some degree, the refractory properties of the ash.

Higher softening temperatures generally indicate higher relative percentages of silica and aluminum oxides, particularly when concentrations of fluxing iron and calcium and magnesium oxides are low.

From ash composition analyses, an estimate of the raw coal potential and that of the washed composite may be derived. Additional information relative to slagging in the radiation section, or fouling in the convection pass of a boiler may be estimated, using calculated indices developed from ash composition analyses. These indices, designated as the R_s (slagging index) and R_f (fouling index) respectively, represent the product of the base/acid ratio with the sulfur and with the sodium content in the coal ash.

These values are included in Table 17, Summary Data Sheet, which details the ash fusion and has composition characteristics of the Phase II coals.

The R_s (slagging index) value has been used to identify the slagging tendency of coals as follows:

<u>Slagging Tendency</u>	<u>R_s</u>
Low	<0.6
Medium	0.6-2.0
High	2.0-2.6
Severe	>2.6

$(R_s = \frac{\text{Base}}{\text{Acid}} (\text{Sulfur}))$

Table 17 indicates the Western Kentucky No. 6, the Ft. Scott, and the Baxter coals fall in the "severe" slagging range. Each of these coals showed softening temperatures (under reducing conditions) less than 200 F with low silica, and high iron and calcium-magnesium percentages. Cleaning moved the slagging index of these three coals in the right direction; however, only the Baxter was improved to the point where it fell in the next lowest category (3.48 "severe" to 2.30 "high").

The R_f (fouling index) value is computed as the product of the base/acid ratio and the sodium content.

This is an indication of the tendency of coal ash to form high sintered-strength deposits on convection pass surfaces. A useful relation between this index and fouling has been found to be as follows:

<u>Fouling Tendency</u>	<u>R_f</u>
Low	<0.2
Medium	0.2-0.5
High	0.5-1.0
Severe	>1.0

$(R_f = \frac{\text{Base}}{\text{Acid}} (\text{Sodium}))$

TABLE 17. EFFECTS OF DIRECT CLEANING 3/8 INCH x 0 COAL RELATIVE TO ITS POWER GENERATION POTENTIAL

Lot No.	Coal Fraction	Chemical Analysis Percent, Dry Basis			Ash Fusibility, °F						Ash Composition Percent, - Dry Basis						Combustion Indices			
		Weight	Ash	Total Sulfur	Reducing Atmosphere			Oxidizing Atmosphere			SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	Fe ₂ O ₃	MgO	CaO	TiO ₂	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	R _s	R _F
2847	Western Kentucky No. 6 As Received Washed Composite	100.0 96.0	10.1 6.4	5.5 3.9	1990 1975	2000 1995	2000 2385	2485 2485	2595 2570	2610 2605	33.0 30.8	13.0 15.9	48.0 45.1	0.4 0.4	1.3 1.7	0.6 0.7	0.2 0.3	1.0 1.3	6.01 4.02	0.22 0.31
2856	Bakerstown As received Washed Composite	100.0 84.5	24.0 15.5	2.9 1.4	2095 2370	2440 2605	2718 2750*	2515 2665	2605 2725	2750*	53.5 57.5	23.0 24.9	16.4 9.6	1.1 0.9	1.5 2.2	1.2 1.5	0.3 0.4	2.8 1.9	0.82 0.27	0.09 0.02
2860	Lower Kittanning As received Washed Composite	100.0 71.8	26.4 19.9	4.2 2.4	2140 2145	2460 2470	2700 2655	2570 2555	2650 2640	2750*	50.0 45.5	24.6 24.2	18.7 21.0	0.4 0.4	0.9 2.2	1.5 1.5	0.3 0.3	1.7 1.6	1.21 0.90	0.09 0.11
2881	Lower Freeport As received Washed Composite	100.0 84.5	19.9 14.0	1.9 1.4	2500 2545	2630 2665	2750*	2750*	2750*	2750*	55.0 50.6	27.6 30.1	10.8 12.1	0.8 0.6	0.8 1.2	1.6 1.4	0.2 0.3	3.2 2.7	0.36 0.29	0.04 0.06
2889	Ft. Scott As received Washed Composite	100.0 93.0	13.3 8.2	4.2 3.7	1890 1915	1970 1930	2065 2180	2115 2320	2135 2440	2270 2540	38.6 35.7	9.5 12.4	27.3 37.5	0.8 0.8	20.2 9.2	0.5 0.6	0.7 0.8	2.0 0.6	4.40 3.80	0.74 0.82
2900	Lower Freeport As Received Washed Composite	100.0 97.3	15.0 14.0	3.4 2.9	2120 2460	2340 2520	2540 2665	2560 2670	2620 2725	2700 2735	45.0 48.1	25.0 27.1	23.5 19.2	0.6 0.6	0.7 0.8	1.0 1.1	0.2 0.2	2.2 2.1	1.30 0.90	0.08 0.06
2926	Baxter As received Washed Composite	100.0 96.7	14.8 12.4	4.0 3.6	1930 1935	1970 1975	2300 2370	2260 2315	2340 2430	2505 2565	38.1 43.5	15.3 17.3	29.1 26.1	0.8 0.8	12.5 7.4	0.7 0.8	0.4 0.4	1.6 2.6	3.48 2.30	0.30 0.25
2928	Clements As Received Washed Composite	100.0 81.7	25.3 11.7	2.0 1.9	2700 2445	2750*	2750*	2750*	2750*	2750*	55.0 47.9	30.5 29.6	7.7 14.0	0.8 0.9	1.0 1.7	1.3 1.1	0.3 0.6	2.1 2.2	0.28 0.46	0.04 0.14

Washed Composite = Zones A, B, and C

IDT = Initial Deformation Temperature
 ST = Softening Temperature
 FT = Fluid Temperature

R_s = $\frac{\text{Base}}{\text{Acid}}$ (Sulfur %)

R_F = $\frac{\text{Base}}{\text{Acid}}$ (Sodium %)

None of the coals used in this sequence produced coal ash having "severe" fouling characteristics but the "bad actors" relative to slagging showed the greatest tendency for fouling. The Ft. Scott seam from Rogers County, Oklahoma (BCR 2889) in particular, produced the highest R_f . As shown in Table 17, this condition was not essentially changed by washing.

IV. CONCLUSIONS

Comprehensive two-stage concentrating table cleaning is one of the most effective means for removing pyrite from fine sized coal. This particular sequence of coals, however, did not respond in the manner expected from previous Phase I washability analyses.

Since the 1.60 float composite was consistent with the ABC Zone composite, the table was apparently operating properly. The sulfur reductions projected from Phase I results, however, were not realized. In the 3/8 inch x 0 run, high quantities of fine clay tended to obstruct efficient zone classification but the secondary pulverization and recleaning should have facilitated sulfur release.

The Bakerstown and Lower Kittanning coals showed the most favorable potential for wet table beneficiation. Sulfur reductions achieved would greatly alleviate the load placed on boilers and stack scrubbers in plants using these coals for power generation.

Power plants presently burning raw coals would benefit by washing, not only from the decided decrease in sulfurous emittants but also in the higher Btu/lb calorific content and substantially reduced slagging potential.

Appendix A

CONCENTRATING TABLE AND PYRITE BENEFICIATION DATA

<u>Tables</u>	<u>Seam</u>	<u>BCR Lot No.</u>
A1 - A10	Western Ky. No. 6	2847
A11 - A20	Bakerstown	2856
A21 - A30	L. Kittanning	2860
A31 - A40	L. Freeport	2881
A41 - A50	Ft. Scott	2889
A51 - A60	L. Freeport	2900
A61 - A70	Baxter	2926
A71 - A80	Clements	2928

Moisture as reported on all Tables
is the moisture of the sample as
received in the analytical laboratory.
This value is used to place other
analyses on a dry basis.

Table A1

Screen AnalysisCoal Identification No. 6 Seam, Butler County, KentuckyBCR Sample No. 2847Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4 inch	12.3	12.3
1/4 Inch x 6 M	30.8	43.1
6 M x 12 M	21.3	64.4
Minus 12 M	35.6	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C From 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (6-18-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	11.1	11.1
30 M x 50 M	31.9	43.0
50 M x 100 M	23.7	66.7
Minus 100 M	33.3	100.0
Total	100.0	

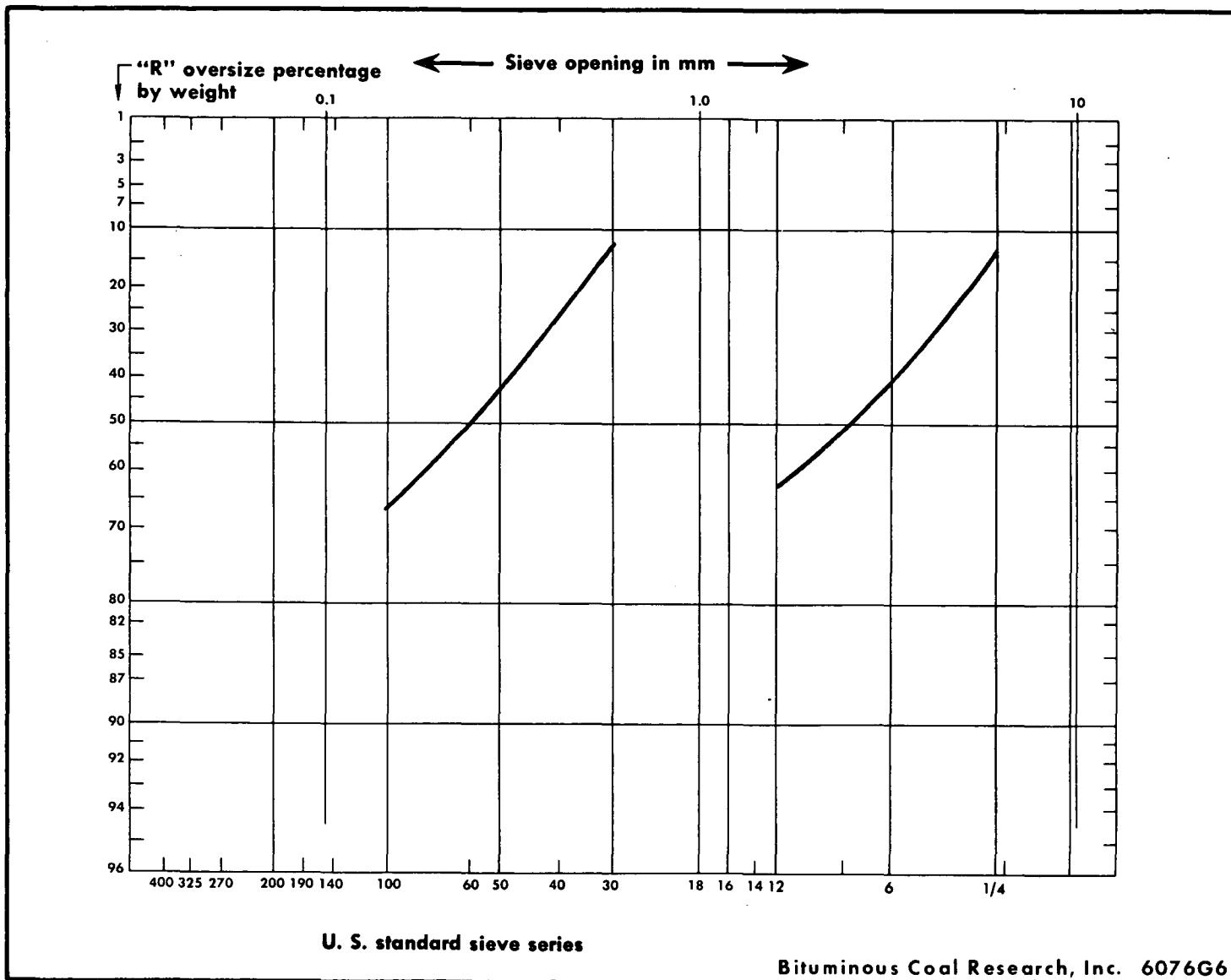


Figure A-1. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh × 0 and 3/8 Inch × 0 Concentrating Table Feed for No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky, BCR Sample No. 2847

Table A2

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning and Pyrite Precleaning

Coal Identification No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky

Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2847

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	26.9		2.02	5.98	3.47	
Zone B	43.2		2.20	4.88	3.53	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	23.7	91.3	1.52	5.52	3.98	
1.60 by 1.90	0.8	3.3	1.66	29.2	10.9	
Sink at 1.90	1.4	5.4	0.77	64.8	17.4	
Composite	25.9	100.0		9.50	4.93	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	0.2	11.4	1.50	15.4	9.32	
1.90 by 2.95	0.7	38.3	0.66	67.2	15.6	
Sink at 2.95	0.9	50.3	0.36	62.9	43.4	
Composite	1.8	100.0		59.1	28.9	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.5	20.8	0.96	61.8	14.6	
Sink at 2.95	1.7	79.2	0.34	63.6	44.6	
Composite	2.2	100.0		63.2	38.4	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	96.0			6.44	3.89	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	93.8			5.36	3.63	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	2.6			63.4	44.2	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			8.63	5.10	
Analysis of Feed to Table			1.36	10.1	5.48	

Run Date: 6-18-71

Table A3

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--30 Mesh x 0 Deep Cleaning

Coal Identification No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky

Zones A, B, and C, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (6-18-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2847

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
<u>Zone A</u>	83.2		2.41	4.82	3.74	
<u>Zone B</u>	13.7		1.51	4.84	3.92	
<u>Zone C</u>						
Float at 1.60	1.1	94.9	1.73	6.56	4.94	
Sink at 1.60	0.1	5.1	1.00	54.0	18.9	
Composite	1.2	100.0		8.98	5.65	
<u>Zone D</u>						
Float at 1.60	0.7	53.0	2.32	14.1	9.16	
1.60 by 2.95	0.6	41.1	1.04	46.5	14.4	
Sink at 2.95	0.1	5.9	0.46	63.6	41.8	
Composite	1.4	100.0		30.3	13.2	
<u>Zone E</u>						
Float at 2.95	0.25	49.7	0.80	55.0	17.5	
Sink at 2.95	0.25	50.3	0.34	63.0	42.4	
Composite	0.5	100.0		59.0	30.0	
Composite of <u>Zones A, B, C</u>	98.1			4.87	3.79	
Composite of 1.60 <u>Float Fractions</u>	98.7			4.91	3.82	
Composite of 2.95 <u>Sink Fractions</u>	0.35			63.2	42.2	
Composite of <u>Table Products</u>	100.0			5.50	4.05	
Analysis of Feed to Table			1.76	5.98	4.09	

Run Date: 6-25-71

Table A4

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky

Composite of 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (6-18-71) and 30 Mesh x 0 Run (6-25-71)

BCR Sample No. 2847

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
<u>Zone A</u>	79.9			4.82	3.74	
<u>Zone B</u>	13.2			4.84	3.92	
<u>Zone C</u>						
<u>Float at 1.60</u>	1.0	94.9		6.56	4.94	
<u>Sink at 1.60</u>	0.1	5.1		54.0	18.9	
<u>Composite</u>	1.1	100.0		8.98	5.65	
<u>Zone D</u>						
<u>Float at 1.60</u>						
<u>1.60 by 2.95</u>	2.1	67.7		39.8	12.6	
<u>Sink at 2.95</u>	1.0	32.3		63.0	43.2	
<u>Composite</u>	3.1	100.0		47.3	22.5	
<u>Zone E</u>						
<u>Float at 2.95</u>	0.75	27.8		59.5	15.6	
<u>Sink at 2.95</u>	1.95	72.2		63.5	44.3	
<u>Composite</u>	2.7	100.0		62.4	36.3	
<u>Composite of Zones A, B, C</u>	94.2			4.87	3.79	
<u>Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions</u>	94.1			4.84	3.78	
<u>Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions</u>	2.95			63.3	43.9	
<u>Composite of Table Products</u>	100.0			7.74	5.25	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>			1.36	10.1	5.48	

A-40.

Table A5

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky

Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (6-18-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2847

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	7.7	0.74	55.0	27.8	
Zone B	7.4	0.76	55.1	27.2	
Zone C	4.5	0.88	51.0	23.7	
Zone D	31.5	0.39	63.8	33.4	
Zone E	48.9	0.26	64.7	44.9	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		62.3	37.7	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.32	62.8	38.4	

Run Date: 7-1-71

Table A6

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky

Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (7-1-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2847

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	15.5	0.42	61.4	29.4	
Zone B	39.1	0.60	61.0	28.2	
Zone C	15.8	0.61	58.8	27.7	
Zone D	15.5	0.34	73.0	20.8	
Zone E	14.1	0.18	65.2	44.0	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		63.2	29.4	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.30	63.4	30.5	

Run Date: 7-7-71

Table A7

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Pyrite Beneficiation - Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky

BCR Sample No. 2847

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test Run Date 6-18-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight % Total Sulfur
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		10.1		5.48
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	2.2	63.2		38.4

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 7-1-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (6-18-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight % Total Sulfur
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		62.8		38.4
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	48.9	64.7		44.9

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 7-7-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 M x 0 Run (7-1-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight % Total Sulfur
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		63.4		30.5
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	14.1	65.2		44.0

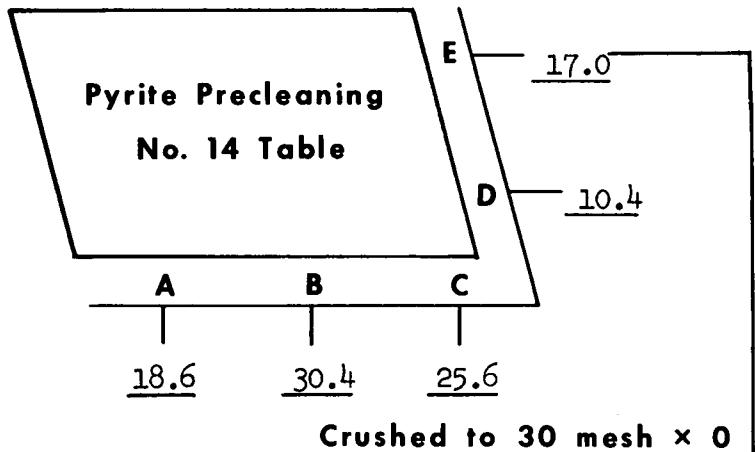
Two Stage Pyrite Product	1.2	64.7	44.8
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**Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0**

A-43.

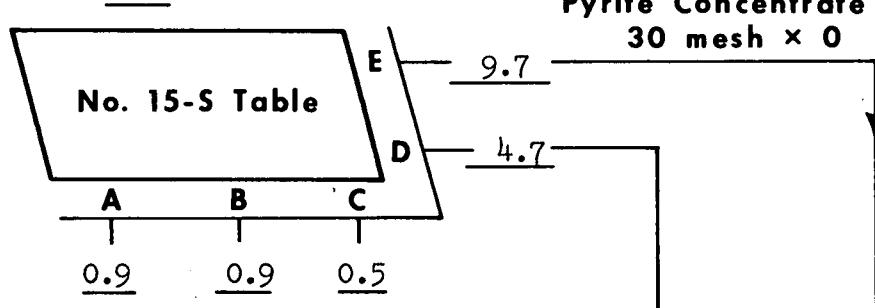
Table A8

102.0



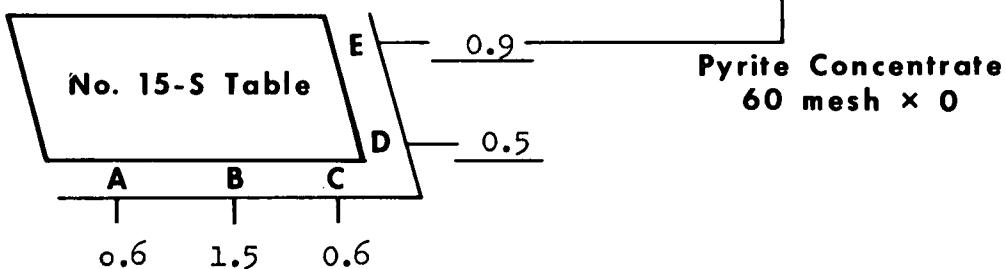
Crushed to 30 mesh x 0

16.7



**30 mesh x 0 Zone D
Crushed to 60 mesh x 0**

4.1



**High Grade
Pyrite**

10.6

**Pyrite Concentrate
60 mesh x 0**

Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky
BCR Sample No. 2847

Pounds of Total Sulfur/Ton of
Run-of-mine Coal

A-44.

Table A9

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Flowsheet Data for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Coal Identification No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Kentucky

BCR Sample No. 2847

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis Weight Percent	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	26.9	5.98	3.47
Zone B	43.2	4.88	3.53
Zone C	25.9	9.50	4.93
Zone D	1.8	59.1	28.9
Zone E	2.2	63.2	38.4
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.2	55.0	27.8
Zone B	0.1	55.1	27.2
Zone C	0.1	51.0	23.7
Zone D		63.8	33.4
Zone E	1.1	64.7	44.9
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.11	61.4	29.4
Zone B	0.27	61.0	28.2
Zone C	0.11	58.8	27.7
Zone D	0.11	73.0	20.8
Zone E	0.10	65.2	44.0
Composite of Fractions	100.0	8.61	5.06
Analysis of Feed Coal		10.1	5.48

Table All

Screen AnalysisCoal Identification Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West VirginiaBCR Sample No. 2856Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed To 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4"	9.3	9.3
1/4" x 6 M	23.5	32.8
6 M x 12 M	21.2	54.0
Minus 12 M	46.0	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C From 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (7-16-71) Crushed To 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	6.6	6.6
30 M x 50 M	29.3	35.9
50 M x 100 M	24.5	60.4
Minus 100 M	39.6	100.0

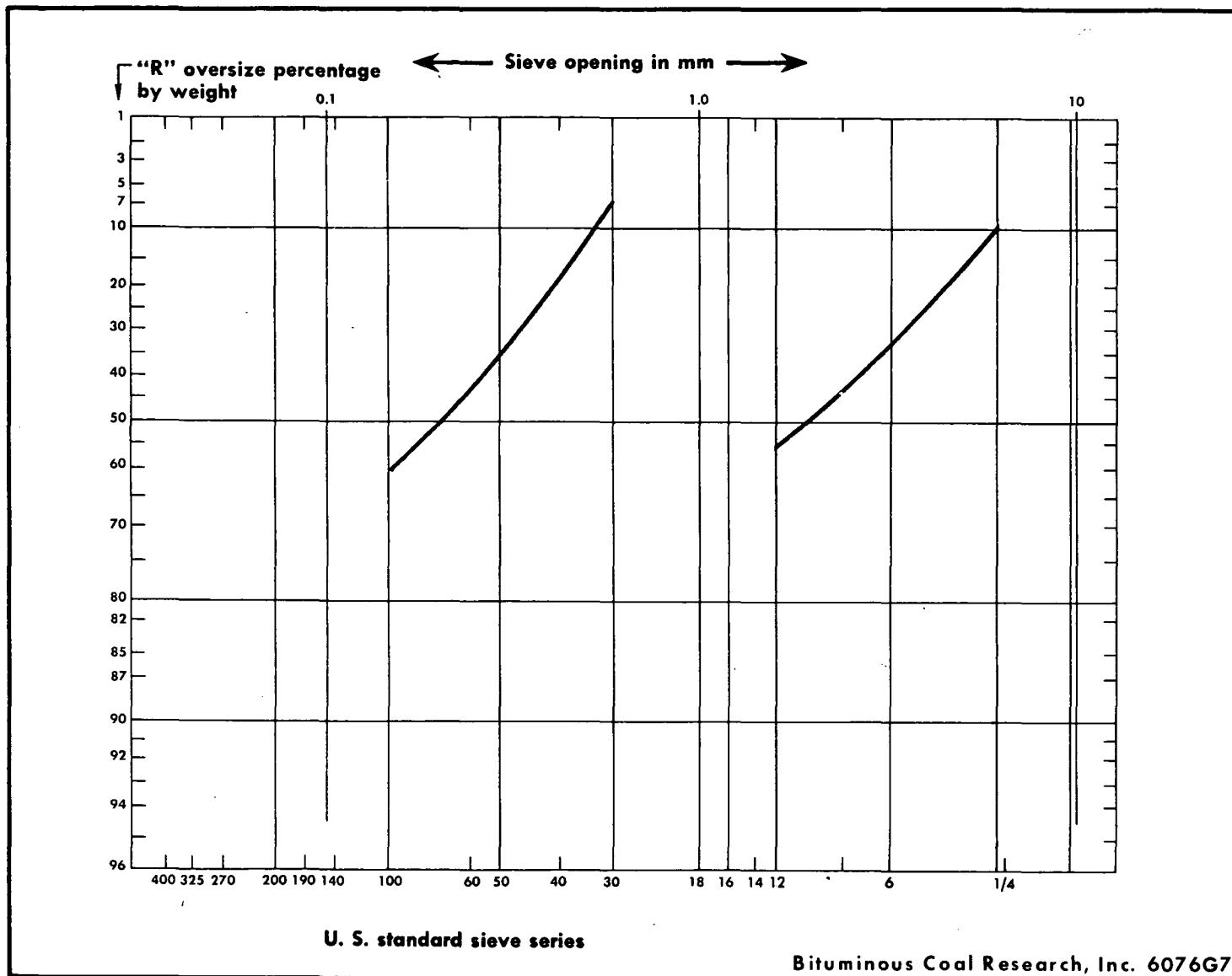


Figure A-2. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh x 0 and 3/8 Inch x 0 Concentrating
sample for Bakers own, Grant County, West Virginia, Sample No. 256

Table A12

A-49.

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning and Pyrite Precleaning

Coal Identification Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia

Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed To 3/8 Inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2856

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	47.3		0.34	10.2	1.23	
Zone B	22.0		0.28	13.0	1.24	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	6.0	39.7	0.34	15.8	1.35	
1.60 by 1.90	6.6	43.4	0.45	45.2	2.02	
Sink at 1.90	2.6	16.9	0.44	60.5	5.22	
Composite	15.2	100.0		36.1	2.29	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	2.1	17.3	0.22	36.2	1.86	
1.90 by 2.95	8.6	71.2	0.36	77.8	4.89	
Sink at 2.95	1.4	11.5	0.20	61.0	38.6	
Composite	12.1	100.0		68.4	8.24	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	1.3	39.1	0.80	79.2	6.34	
Sink at 2.95	2.1	60.9	0.22	62.0	40.5	
Composite	3.4	100.0		68.7	27.1	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	84.5			15.6	1.42	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	75.3			11.5	1.24	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	3.5			61.6	39.7	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			23.8	3.12	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.66	24.0	2.88	

Run Date: 7-16-71

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--30 Mesh x 0 Deep Cleaning

Coal Identification Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia

Zones A, B, and C, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (7-16-71) Crushed To 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2856

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	81.8		0.61	12.0	1.09	
Zone B	10.0		0.47	15.1	1.12	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	0.7	71.3	0.47	18.9	1.14	
Sink at 1.60	0.3	28.7	0.42	43.8	2.94	
Composite	1.0	100.0		26.0	1.66	
Zone D						
Float at 1.60	0.6	9.4	0.62	27.3	1.16	
1.60 by 2.95	5.8	87.4	0.68	55.2	2.20	
Sink at 2.95	0.2	3.2	0.18	61.0	43.1	
Composite	6.6	100.0		52.8	3.41	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.1	17.8	0.69	68.2	13.0	
Sink at 2.95	0.5	82.2	0.22	62.1	44.1	
Composite	0.6	100.0		63.2	38.6	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	92.8			12.5	1.10	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	93.1			12.5	1.09	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	0.7			61.8	43.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			15.5	1.48	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.50	16.4	1.65	

Run Date: 7-27-71

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia

Composite of 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (7-16-71) and 30 Mesh x 0 Run (7-27-71)

BCR Sample No. 2856

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
<u>Zone A</u>	69.1			12.0	1.09	
<u>Zone B</u>	8.5			15.1	1.12	
<u>Zone C</u>						
<u>Float at 1.60</u>	0.6	71.3		18.9	1.14	
<u>Sink at 1.60</u>	0.2	28.7		43.8	2.94	
<u>Composite</u>	0.8	100.0		26.0	1.66	
<u>Zone D</u>						
<u>Float at 2.95</u>	16.1	91.0		63.7	3.56	
<u>Sink at 2.95</u>	1.6	9.0		61.0	39.2	
<u>Composite</u>	17.7	100.0		63.5	6.77	
<u>Zone E</u>						
<u>Float at 2.95</u>	1.4	35.9		78.4	6.81	
<u>Sink at 2.95</u>	2.5	64.1		62.0	41.1	
<u>Composite</u>	3.9	100.0		67.9	28.8	
<u>Composite of Zones A, B, C</u>	78.4			12.5	1.10	
<u>Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions</u>	78.2			12.4	1.09	
<u>Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions</u>	4.1			61.6	40.4	
<u>Composite of Table Products</u>	100.0			23.7	3.18	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>			0.66	24.0	2.88	

Table A15

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia

Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (7-16-71) Crushed To 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2856

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	11.0	0.49	60.3	24.4	
Zone B	9.9	0.47	60.8	22.7	
Zone C	3.9	0.50	59.9	22.0	
Zone D	47.0	0.50	76.8	18.6	
Zone E	28.2	0.18	64.5	44.6	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		69.3	27.1	
Analysis of Feed to Table			68.7	27.1	

Run Date: 7-28-71

Table A16

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia
Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (7-28-71) Crushed To 60 Mesh x 0
BCR Sample No. 2856

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	24.0	0.43	74.4	20.4	
Zone B	35.4	0.64	75.3	19.4	
Zone C	13.8	0.38	76.0	15.8	
Zone D	14.0	0.68	78.2	17.4	
Zone E	12.8	0.26	69.3	39.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		74.8	21.5	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.34	75.1	21.2	

Run Date: 7-29-71

A-54.

Table A17

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Pyrite Beneficiation - Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia

BCR Sample No. 2856

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test

Run Date 7-16-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed To 3/8 Inch x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		24.0		2.88
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	3.4	68.7		27.1

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test

Run Date 7-28-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (7-16-71) Crushed To 30 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		68.7		27.1
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	28.2	64.5		44.6

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test

Run Date 7-29-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (7-28-71) Crushed To 60 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		75.1		21.2
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	12.8	69.3		39.8

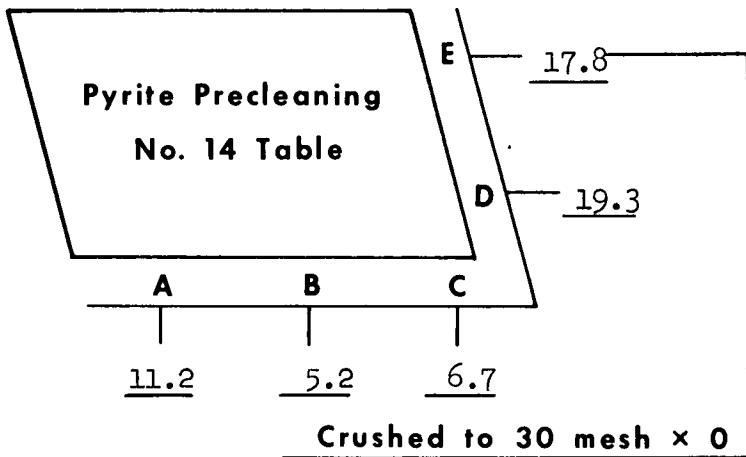
Two Stage Pyrite Product	1.2	65.3	43.8
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**Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0**

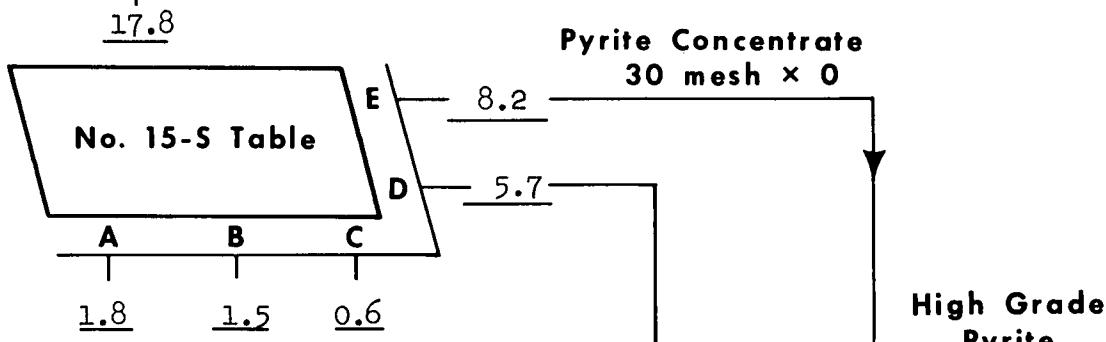
A-55.

Table A18

60.2



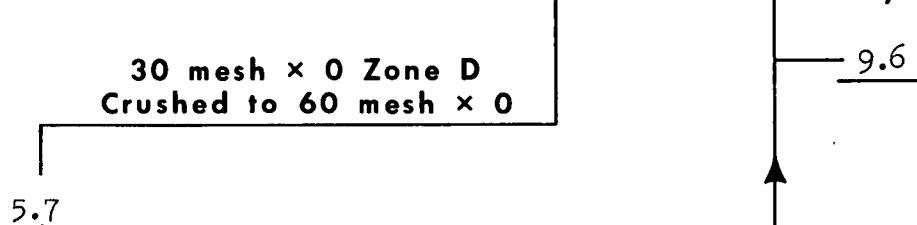
Crushed to 30 mesh x 0



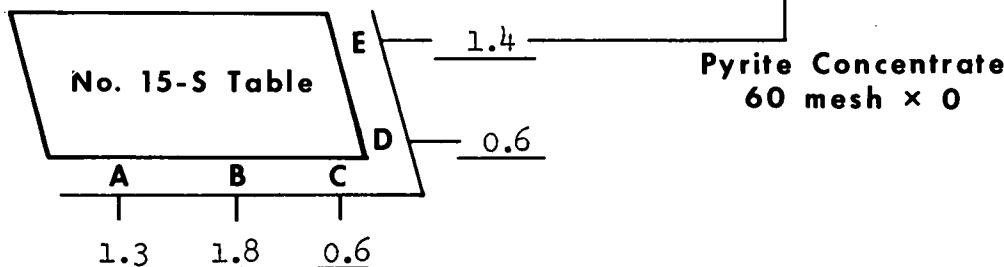
**Pyrite Concentrate
30 mesh x 0**

17.8

1.8 1.5 0.6



5.7



**Pyrite Concentrate
60 mesh x 0**

1.3 1.8 0.6

Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia
BCR Sample No. 2856

Pounds of Total Sulfur/Ton of
Run-of-mine Coal

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Flowsheet Data for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Coal Identification Bakerstown Seam, Grant County, West Virginia

BCR Sample No. 2856

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	47.3	10.2	1.23
Zone B	22.0	13.0	1.24
Zone C	15.2	36.1	2.29
Zone D	12.1	68.4	8.24
Zone E	3.4	68.7	27.1
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.4	60.3	24.4
Zone B	0.3	60.8	22.7
Zone C	0.1	59.9	22.0
Zone D		76.8	18.6
Zone E	1.0	64.5	44.6
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.4	74.4	20.4
Zone B	0.6	75.3	19.4
Zone C	0.2	76.0	15.8
Zone D	0.2	78.2	17.4
Zone E	0.2	69.3	39.8
Composite of Fractions	100.0	23.8	3.18
Analysis of Feed Coal		24.0	2.88

Table A21

SCREEN ANALYSISCoal Identification Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pa.BCR Sample No. 2860Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4"	7.4	7.4
1/4" x 6 M	21.8	29.2
6 M x 12 M	22.0	51.2
Minus 12 M	48.8	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C from 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-3-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	4.0	4.0
30 M x 50 M	24.4	28.4
50 M x 100 M	24.8	53.2
Minus 100 M	46.8	100.0
Total	100.0	

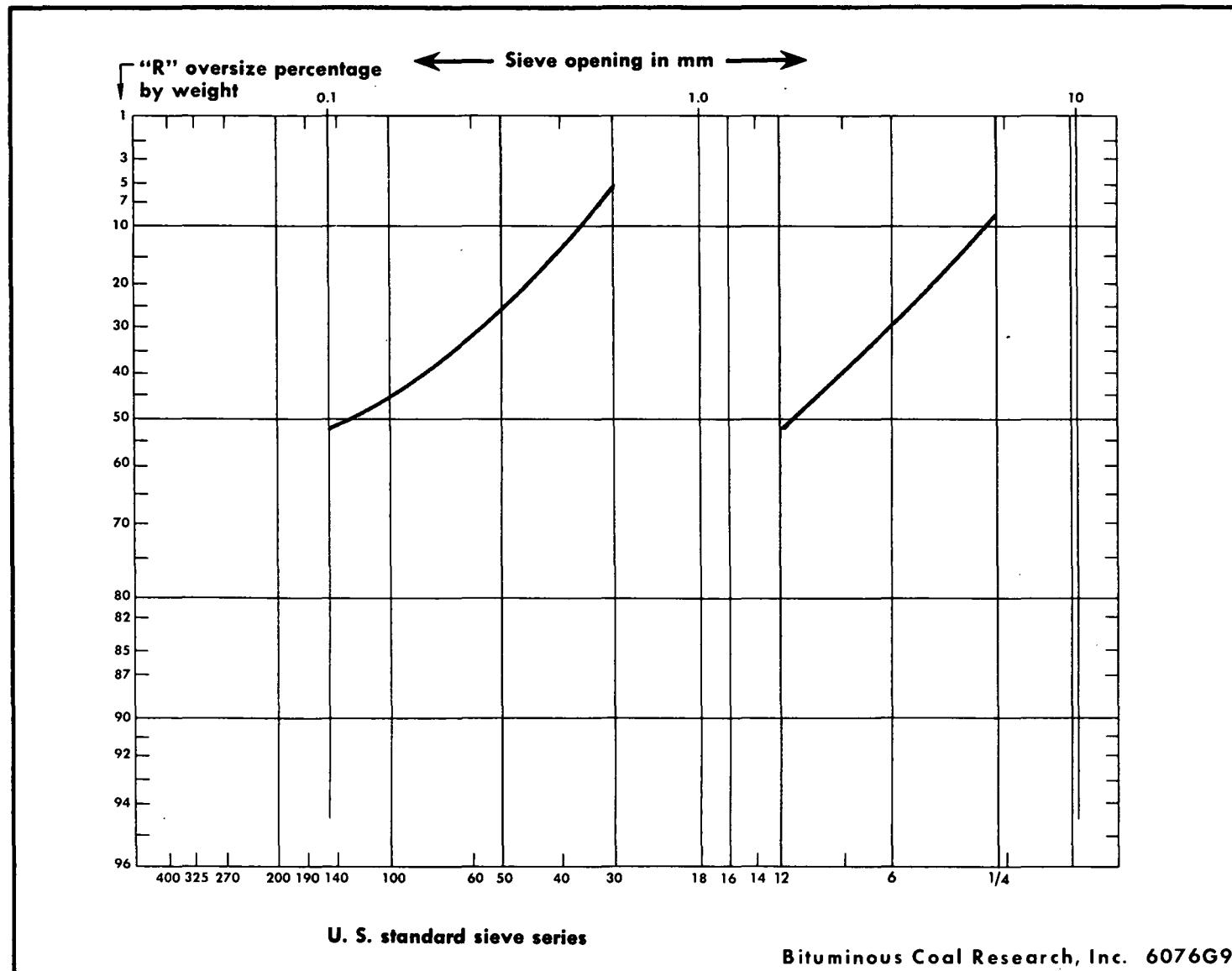


Figure A-3. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh x 0 and 3/8 Inch x 0 Concentrating Table Feed
or lower (i canning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, CR Sample No. 2860

Table A22

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning and Pyrite Precleaning

Coal Identification Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania

Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2860

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	45.9		0.50	8.26	1.90	
Zone B	17.5		0.35	8.10	2.09	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	4.1	48.5	0.28	11.0	3.00	
1.60 by 1.90	1.7	20.0	0.98	31.2	8.42	
Sink at 1.90	2.6	31.5	0.72	62.8	9.46	
Composite	8.4	100.0		31.4	6.12	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	0.5	4.6	0.35	27.8	6.87	
1.90 by 2.95	11.4	94.1	0.52	78.6	5.07	
Sink at 2.95	0.2	1.3	0.38	67.0	29.1	
Composite	12.1	100.0		76.1	5.47	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	12.3	76.2	0.74	81.0	5.18	
Sink at 2.95	3.8	23.8	0.48	65.4	36.4	
Composite	16.1	100.0		77.3	12.6	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	71.8			10.9	2.44	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	67.5			8.39	2.02	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	4.0			65.5	36.0	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			29.5	4.44	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.40	26.4	4.18	

Table A23

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--30 Mesh x 0 Deep Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania

Zones A, B, and C, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-3-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2860

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	83.3		0.50	7.46	1.88	
Zone B	10.7		0.42	8.06	1.98	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	0.9	90.7	0.58	11.5	2.16	
Sink at 1.60	0.1	9.3	0.46	54.5	10.3	
Composite	1.0	100.0		15.5	2.92	
Zone D						
Float at 1.60	1.1	22.9	0.55	20.4	3.14	
1.60 by 2.95	3.3	72.2	0.52	59.2	7.10	
Sink at 2.95	0.2	4.9	0.34	60.2	39.0	
Composite	4.6	100.0		50.4	7.76	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.1	23.1	0.60	72.8	11.8	
Sink at 2.95	0.3	76.9	0.34	62.3	41.4	
Composite	0.4	100.0		64.7	34.6	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	95.0			7.61	1.90	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	95.9			7.69	1.91	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	0.3			60.9	39.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			9.82	2.33	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.44	10.2	2.32	

Run Date: 8-10-71

Table A24

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests-Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania

Composite of 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-3-71) and 30 Mesh x 0 Run (8-10-71)

BCR Sample No. 2860

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	59.8			7.46	1.88	
Zone B	7.7			8.06	1.98	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	0.6	90.7		11.5	2.16	
Sink at 1.60	0.1	9.3		54.5	10.3	
Composite	0.7	100.0		15.5	2.92	
Zone D						
Float at 2.95	14.3	92.9		70.5	5.37	
Sink at 2.95	1.1	7.1		65.8	30.9	
Composite	15.4	100.0		70.2	7.18	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	12.4	75.6		80.9	5.23	
Sink at 2.95	4.0	24.4		65.2	36.7	
Composite	16.4	100.0		77.1	12.9	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	68.2			7.61	1.90	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	68.1			7.56	1.89	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	5.1			65.3	35.4	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			28.6	4.52	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.40	26.4	4.18	

Table A25

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania

Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-3-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2860

<u>Table Products</u>	<u>Product, Weight Percent</u>	<u>Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent</u>			
		<u>Moisture</u>	<u>Ash</u>	<u>Total Sulfur</u>	<u>Ultimate Carbon</u>
<u>Zone A</u>	9.1	0.40	67.4	11.8	
<u>Zone B</u>	9.1	0.38	68.7	10.8	
<u>Zone C</u>	5.0	0.43	69.4	9.86	
<u>Zone D</u>	68.5	0.38	80.9	10.5	
<u>Zone E</u>	8.3	0.14	68.6	37.4	
<u>Composite of Table Products</u>	100.0		77.0	12.8	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>			77.3	12.6	

Run Date: 8-11-71

Table A26

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania

Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (8-11-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2860

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	7.3	0.48	80.6	7.22	
Zone B	17.2	0.40	80.8	7.00	
Zone C	20.5	0.28	80.8	6.44	
Zone D	45.3	0.30	82.2	6.98	
Zone E	9.7	0.24	80.1	19.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		81.4	8.13	
Analysis of Feed to Table		.40	82.1	7.74	

Run Date: 8-12-71

Table A27

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Pyrite Beneficiation - Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania

BCR Sample No. 2860

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test Run Date 8-3-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>		26.4		4.18
<u>Zone E (Pyrite Zone)</u>	16.1	77.3		12.6

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 8-11-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-3-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>		77.3		12.6
<u>Zone E (Pyrite Zone)</u>	8.3	68.6		37.4

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 8-12-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (8-11-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight %
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>		82.1		7.74
<u>Zone E (Pyrite Zone)</u>	9.7	80.1		19.8

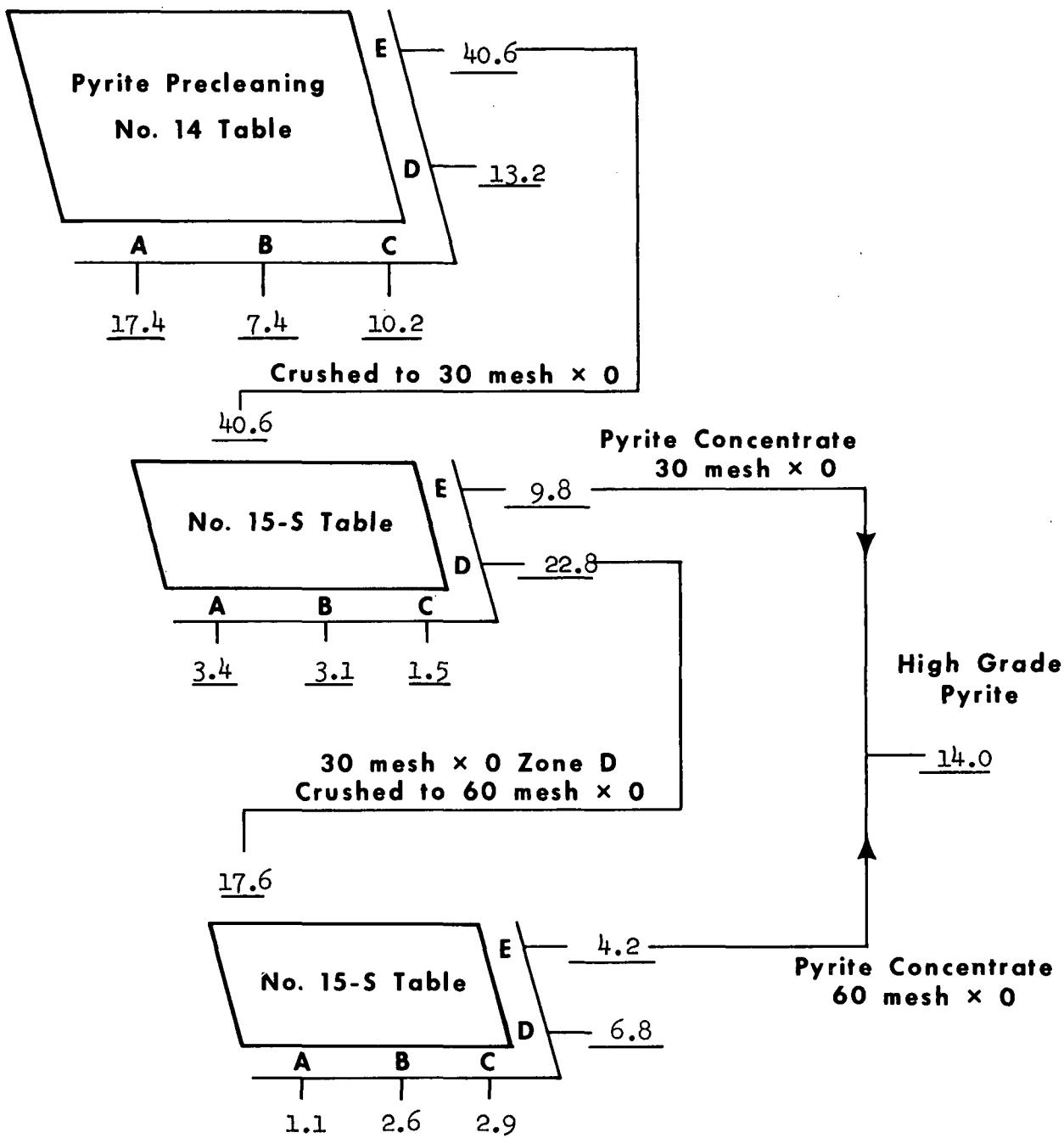
<u>Two Stage Pyrite Product</u>	2.4	73.9	29.3
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**Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0**

A-67.

Table A28

88.8



Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania
BCR Sample No. 2860

Pounds of Total Sulfur/Ton of
Run-of-mine Coal

Table A29

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Flowsheet Data for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Coal Identification Lower Kittanning Seam, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania

BCR Sample No. 2860

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis Weight Percent	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	45.9	8.26	1.90
Zone B	17.5	8.10	2.09
Zone C	8.4	31.4	6.12
Zone D	12.1	76.1	5.47
Zone E	16.1	77.3	12.6
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	1.5	67.4	11.8
Zone B	1.5	68.7	10.8
Zone C	0.8	69.4	9.86
Zone D		80.9	10.5
Zone E	1.3	68.6	37.4
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.8	80.6	7.22
Zone B	1.9	80.8	7.00
Zone C	2.2	80.8	6.44
Zone D	5.0	82.2	6.98
Zone E	1.1	80.1	19.8
Composite of Fractions	100.0	29.5	4.22
Analysis of Feed Coal		26.4	4.18

Table A31

SCREEN ANALYSISCoal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, PennsylvaniaBCR Sample No. 2881Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4"	14.8	14.8
1/4" x 6 M	30.7	45.5
6 M x 12 M	20.7	66.2
Minus 12 M	33.8	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C from 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-19-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	6.7	6.7
30 M x 50 M	24.4	31.1
50 M x 100 M	22.4	53.5
Minus 100 M	46.5	100.0
Total	100.0	

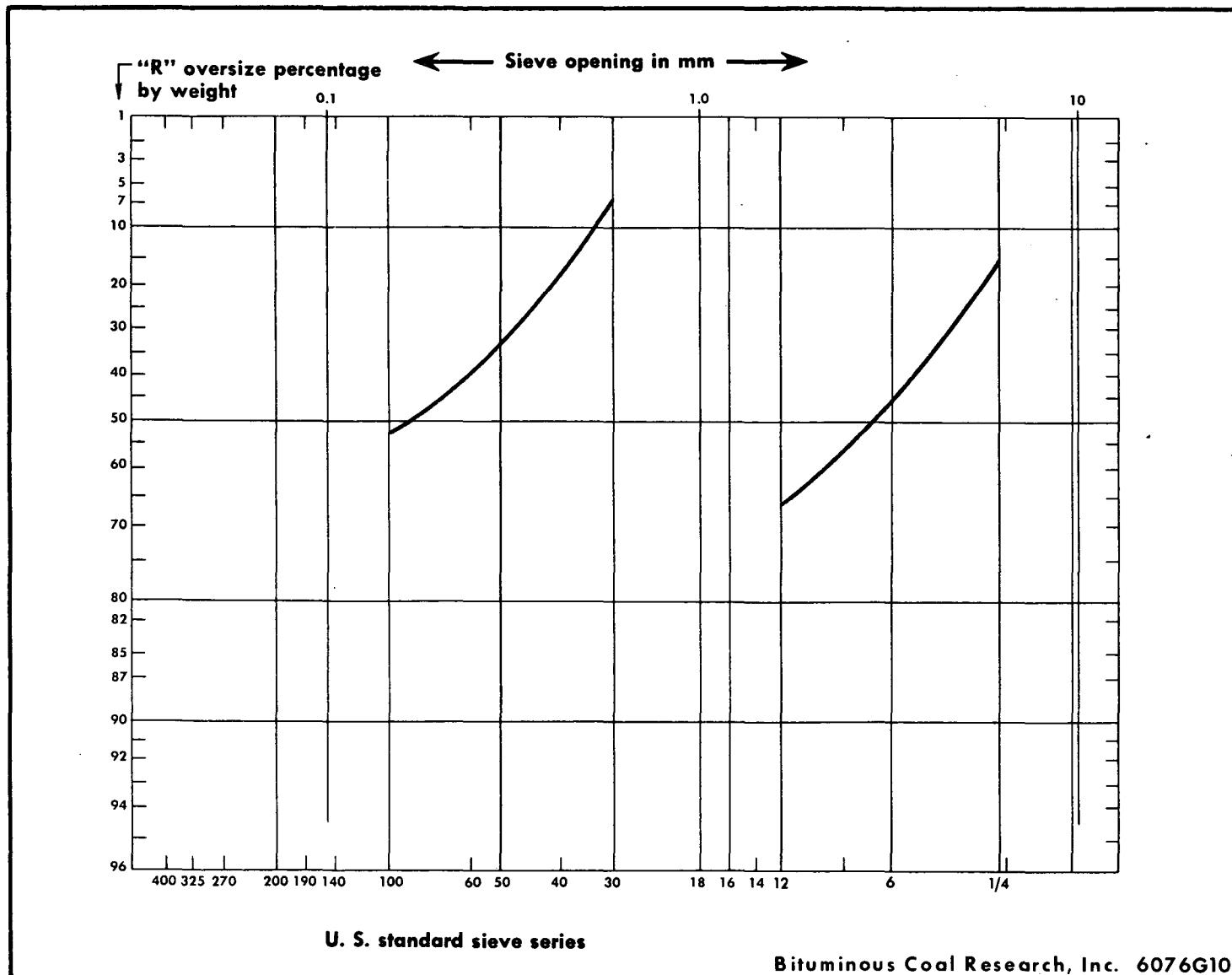


Figure A-4. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh x 0 and 3/8 Inch x 0 Concentrating Table Feed for lower report Section, Indiana County, Pennsylvania, BCR Sample No. 1881

Table A32

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning & Pyrite Precleaning
Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, Pennsylvania

Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2881

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	46.6		0.45	8.21	1.28	
Zone B	18.2		0.46	8.35	1.36	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	9.8	49.8	0.72	10.8	1.44	
1.60 by 1.90	5.5	27.7	0.60	46.1	1.94	
Sink at 1.90	4.4	22.5	0.74	66.4	2.88	
Composite	19.7	100.0		33.1	1.90	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	1.4	12.3	0.60	37.6	2.06	
1.90 by 2.95	9.2	84.6	0.78	80.6	2.62	
Sink at 2.95	0.3	3.1	0.36	62.4	36.8	
Composite	10.9	100.0		74.7	3.61	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	3.9	84.2	0.68	82.2	3.14	
Sink at 2.95	0.7	15.8	0.34	61.8	40.8	
Composite	4.6	100.0		79.0	9.09	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	84.5			14.0	1.44	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	74.6			8.58	1.32	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	1.0			62.0	39.6	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			23.6	2.03	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.50	19.9	1.86	

Run Date: 8-19-71

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--30 Mesh x 0 Deep Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, Pennsylvania

Zones A, B, and C, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-19-71) Crushed to
30 Mesh x 0
BCR Sample No. 2881

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
<u>Zone A</u>	80.2		0.58	10.2	1.24	
<u>Zone B</u>	13.1		0.62	9.50	1.08	
<u>Zone C</u>						
Float at 1.60	0.56	93.9	0.56	9.80	1.22	
Sink at 1.60	0.04	6.1	0.50	50.3	5.13	
Composite	0.6	100.0		12.3	1.46	
<u>Zone D</u>						
Float at 1.60	1.05	18.4	0.66	21.6	1.35	
1.60 by 2.95	4.61	80.9	0.78	59.2	1.52	
Sink at 2.95	0.04	0.7	0.41	61.1	39.8	
Composite	5.7	100.0		51.5	1.76	
<u>Zone E</u>						
Float at 2.95	0.2	50.7	0.60	79.0	6.96	
Sink at 2.95	0.2	49.3	0.30	62.4	41.6	
Composite	0.4	100.0		70.8	24.0	
<u>Composite of Zones A, B, C</u>	93.9			10.1	1.22	
<u>Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions</u>	94.9			10.2	1.22	
<u>Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions</u>	0.24			62.2	41.3	
<u>Composite of Table Products</u>	100.0			12.7	1.34	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>			0.44	13.2	1.46	

Run Date: 8-31-71

Table A34

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests-- Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, Pennsylvania

Composite of 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-19-71) and 30 Mesh x 0 Run
(8-31-71)
BCR Sample No. 2881

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	67.8			10.2	1.24	
Zone B	11.1			9.50	1.08	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	0.47	93.9		9.80	1.22	
Sink at 1.60	0.03	6.1		50.3	5.13	
Composite	0.5	100.0		12.3	1.46	
Zone D						
Float at 2.95	15.37	97.9		67.8	2.22	
Sink at 2.95	0.33	2.1		62.3	37.1	
Composite	15.7	100.0		67.7	2.95	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	4.05	82.7		82.1	3.28	
Sink at 2.95	0.85	17.3		61.9	40.9	
Composite	4.9	100.0		78.6	9.79	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	79.4			10.1	1.22	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	79.37			10.1	1.22	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	1.18			62.0	39.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			22.5	1.91	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.50	19.9	1.86	

Table A35

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, Pennsylvania

Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-19-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2881

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	7.5	0.62	72.4	6.00	
Zone B	8.0	0.63	73.0	5.78	
Zone C	4.5	0.62	73.4	4.88	
Zone D	74.4	0.66	81.8	8.26	
Zone E	5.6	0.20	67.1	43.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		79.2	9.73	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.78	80.8	10.8	

Run Date: 9-3-71

Table A36

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, Pennsylvania

Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (9-3-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2881

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	3.4	0.64	81.3	5.01	
Zone B	23.6	0.55	82.0	4.42	
Zone C	21.1	0.59	82.4	3.46	
Zone D	45.5	0.54	85.0	4.52	
Zone E	6.4	0.24	73.4	31.5	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		82.9	6.02	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.62	83.0	6.30	

Run Date: 9-7-71

Table A37

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Pyrite Beneficiation - Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, Pennsylvania

BCR Sample No. 2881

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test Run Date 8-19-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight % Total Sulfur
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		19.9		1.86
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	4.6	79.0		9.09

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 9-3-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (8-19-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight % Total Sulfur
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		80.8		10.8
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	5.6	67.1		43.8

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 9-7-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (9-3-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis,		Dry Basis, Weight % Total Sulfur
		Ash	Total Sulfur	
Analysis of Feed to Table		83.0		6.30
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	6.4	73.4		31.5

Two Stage Pyrite Product	0.5	69.6	38.9
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A-79.

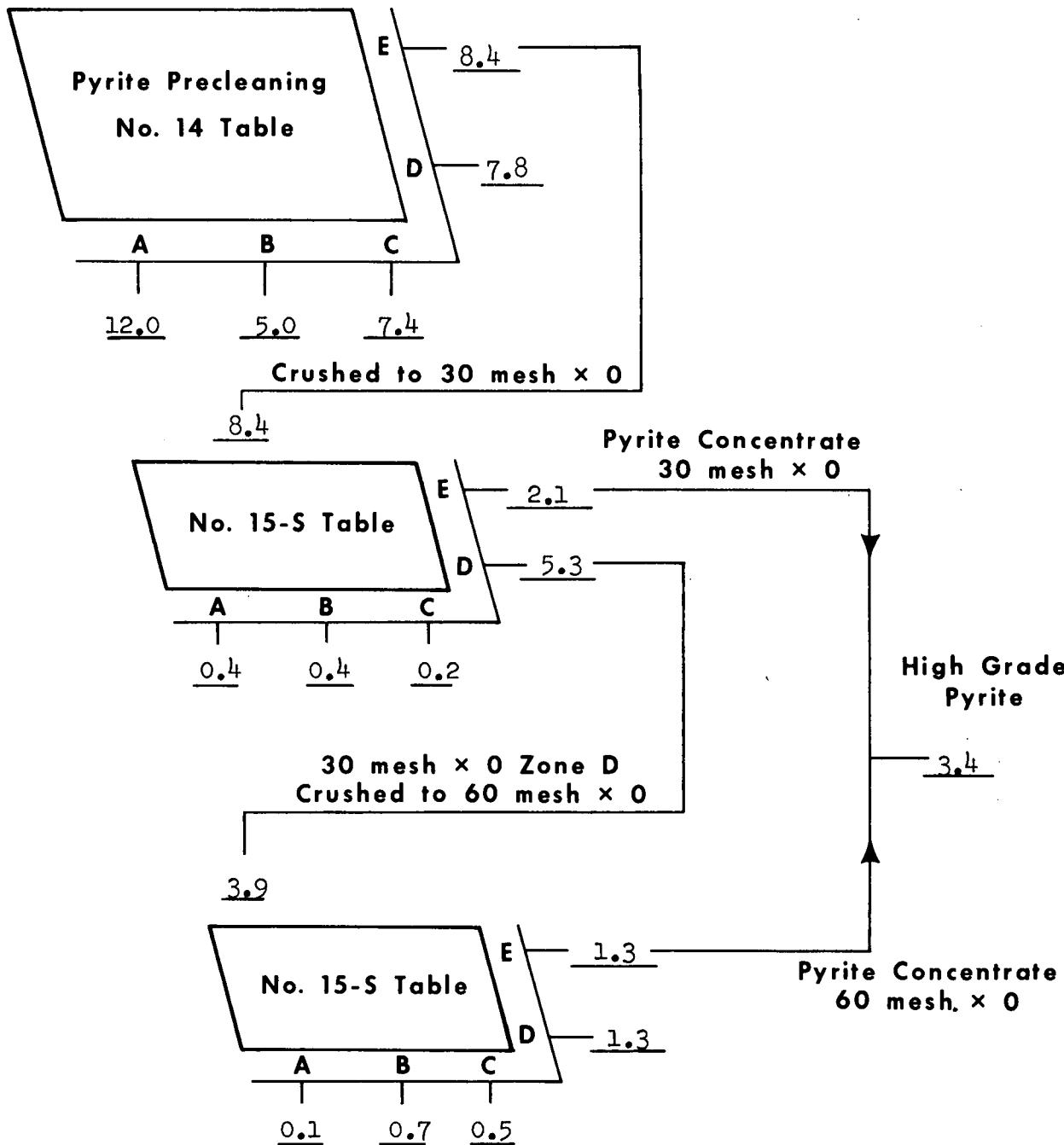
Table A38

Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0

40.6

Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County,
Pennsylvania
BCR Sample No. 2881

Pounds of Total Sulfur/Ton of Run-of-mine Coal



Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Table A39

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Flowsheet Data for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Indiana County, Pennsylvania

BCR Sample No. 2881

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	46.6	8.21	1.28
Zone B	18.2	8.35	1.36
Zone C	19.7	33.1	1.90
Zone D	10.9	74.7	3.61
Zone E	4.6	79.0	9.09
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.3	72.4	6.00
Zone B	0.4	73.0	5.78
Zone C	0.2	73.4	4.88
Zone D	3.4	81.8	8.26
Zone E	0.3	67.1	43.8
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.1	81.3	5.01
Zone B	0.8	82.0	4.42
Zone C	0.7	82.4	3.46
Zone D	1.6	85.0	4.52
Zone E	0.2	73.4	31.5
Composite of Fractions		23.7	1.99
Analysis of Feed Coal		19.9	1.86

Table A41

SCREEN ANALYSISCoal Identification Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, OklahomaBCR Sample No. 2889Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4"	12.5	12.5
1/4" x 6 M	27.1	39.6
6 M x 12 M	20.6	60.2
Minus 12 M	39.8	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C From 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (9-17-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	10.4	10.4
30 M x 50 M	28.7	39.1
50 M x 100 M	23.0	62.1
Minus 100 M	37.9	100.0
Total	100.0	

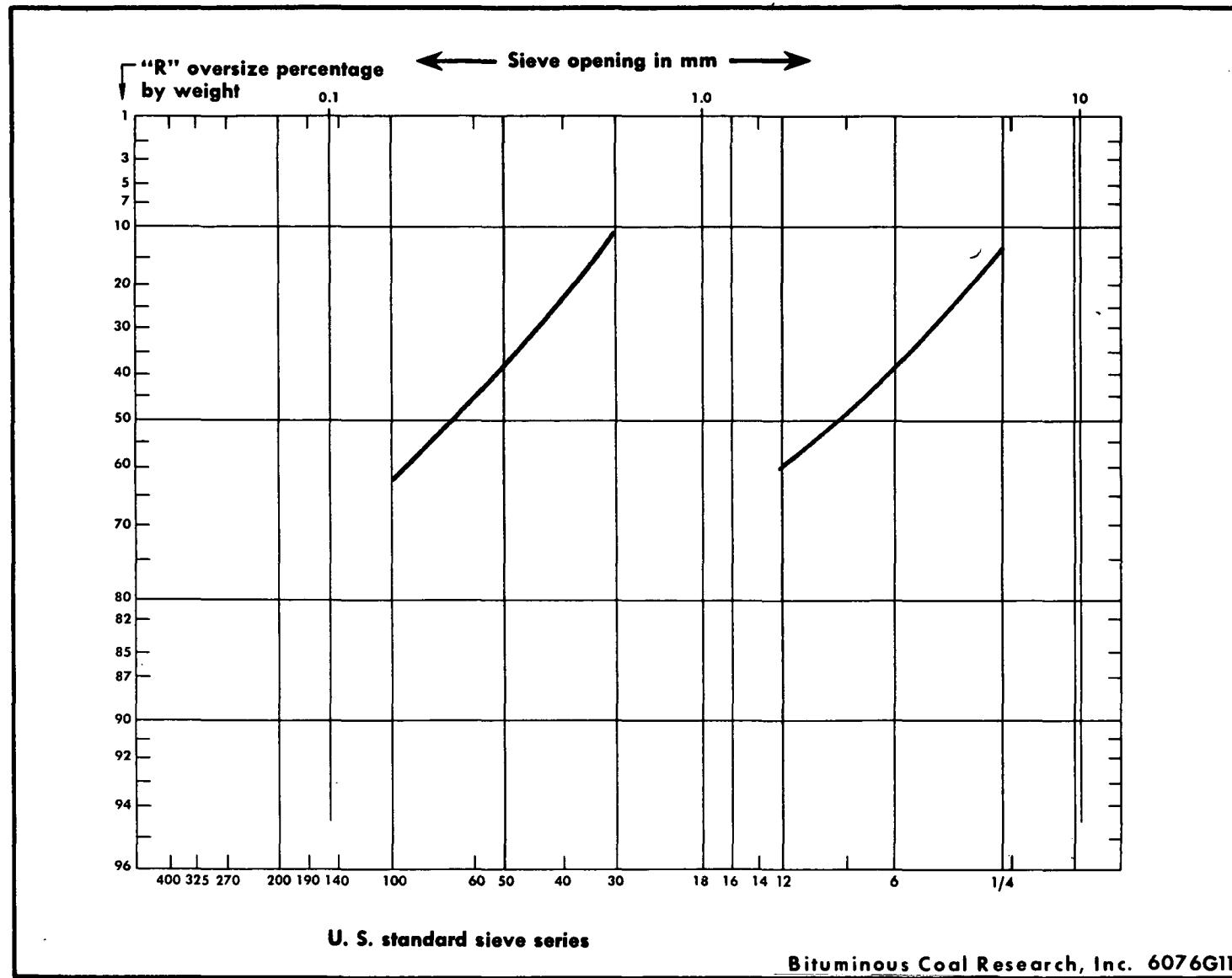


Figure A-5. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh \times 0 and 3/8 Inch \times 0 Concentrating Table Feed for Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma, It Sample No. 2 9

Table A42

A-85.

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning and Pyrite Precleaning

Coal Identification Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma

Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2889

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	43.0		1.60	6.51	3.44	
Zone B	39.2		1.42	5.12	3.58	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	7.0	64.6	0.98	8.85	5.30	
1.60 by 1.90	1.3	12.6	1.07	34.7	7.02	
Sink at 1.90	2.5	22.8	0.64	71.4	5.20	
Composite	10.8	100.0		26.4	5.49	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	0.6	12.0	1.46	15.4	5.12	
1.90 by 2.95	3.7	78.0	0.64	73.6	4.53	
Sink at 2.95	0.5	10.0	0.38	73.5	30.2	
Composite	4.8	100.0		66.6	7.17	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	1.4	64.5	0.33	67.0	4.37	
Sink at 2.95	0.8	35.5	0.26	73.4	35.2	
Composite	2.2	100.0		69.3	15.3	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	93.0			8.23	3.74	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	89.2			6.08	3.65	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	1.3			73.4	33.3	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			12.4	4.16	
Analysis of Feed to Table			1.22	13.3	4.21	

Run Date: 9-17-71

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--30 Mesh x 0 Deep Cleaning

Coal Identification Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma

Zones A, B, and C, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (9-17-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2889

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	81.1		1.91	5.38	3.56	
Zone B	13.8		1.24	5.08	3.70	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	0.46	92.6	0.94	5.50	4.48	
Sink at 1.60	0.04	7.4	0.20	60.2	10.1	
Composite	0.5	100.0		9.55	4.90	
Zone D						
Float at 1.60	1.9	43.3	0.92	13.2	8.38	
1.60 by 2.95	2.5	54.7	0.42	58.2	7.54	
Sink at 2.95	0.1	2.0	0.36	68.4	34.0	
Composite	4.5	100.0		38.9	8.43	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.03	27.4	0.10	80.7	2.42	
Sink at 2.95	0.07	72.6	0.15	67.6	42.2	
Composite	0.1	100.0		71.2	31.3	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	95.4			5.36	3.58	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	97.3			5.49	3.68	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	0.17			68.1	37.4	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			6.93	3.83	
Analysis of Feed to Table			1.09	7.28	3.86	

Run Date: 9-23-71

Table A44

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma

Composite of 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (9-17-71) and 30 Mesh x 0 Run (9-23-71)

BCR Sample No. 2889

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	75.4			5.38	3.56	
Zone B	12.8			5.08	3.70	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	0.46	92.6		5.50	4.48	
Sink at 1.60	0.04	7.4		60.2	10.1	
Composite	0.5	100.0		9.55	4.90	
Zone D						
Float at 2.95	8.4	93.3		52.4	6.22	
Sink at 2.95	0.6	6.7		72.6	30.8	
Composite	9.0	100.0		53.8	7.87	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	1.4	60.9		67.3	4.33	
Sink at 2.95	0.9	39.1		72.9	35.8	
Composite	2.3	100.0		69.5	16.6	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	88.7			5.36	3.59	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	88.66			5.34	3.59	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	1.5			72.8	33.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			11.2	4.27	
Analysis of Feed to Table			1.22	13.3	4.21	

Table A45

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma

Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (9-17-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2889

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	3.5	0.70	67.1	7.96	
Zone B	6.0	0.71	68.5	7.89	
Zone C	6.7	0.66	62.8	7.74	
Zone D	72.0	0.31	73.8	12.2	
Zone E	11.8	0.17	70.0	44.1	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		72.1	15.3	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.49	72.2	15.5	

Run Date: 9-27-71

Table A46

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma
Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (9-27-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0
BCR Sample No. 2889

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	4.8	0.39	68.5	9.53	
Zone B	24.6	0.30	69.0	9.71	
Zone C	22.3	0.30	70.7	9.06	
Zone D	42.2	0.14	71.0	6.52	
Zone E	6.1	0.16	73.2	39.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		70.5	10.0	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.26	70.3	12.0	

Run Date: 9-28-71

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Pyrite Beneficiation - Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma

BCR Sample No. 2889

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test Run Date 9-17-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		13.3	4.21
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	2.2	69.3	15.3

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 9-27-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (9-17-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		72.2	15.5
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	11.8	70.0	44.1

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 9-28-71

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (9-27-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		70.3	12.0
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	6.1	73.2	39.8

Two Stage Pyrite Product	0.36	70.9	42.9
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Table A48

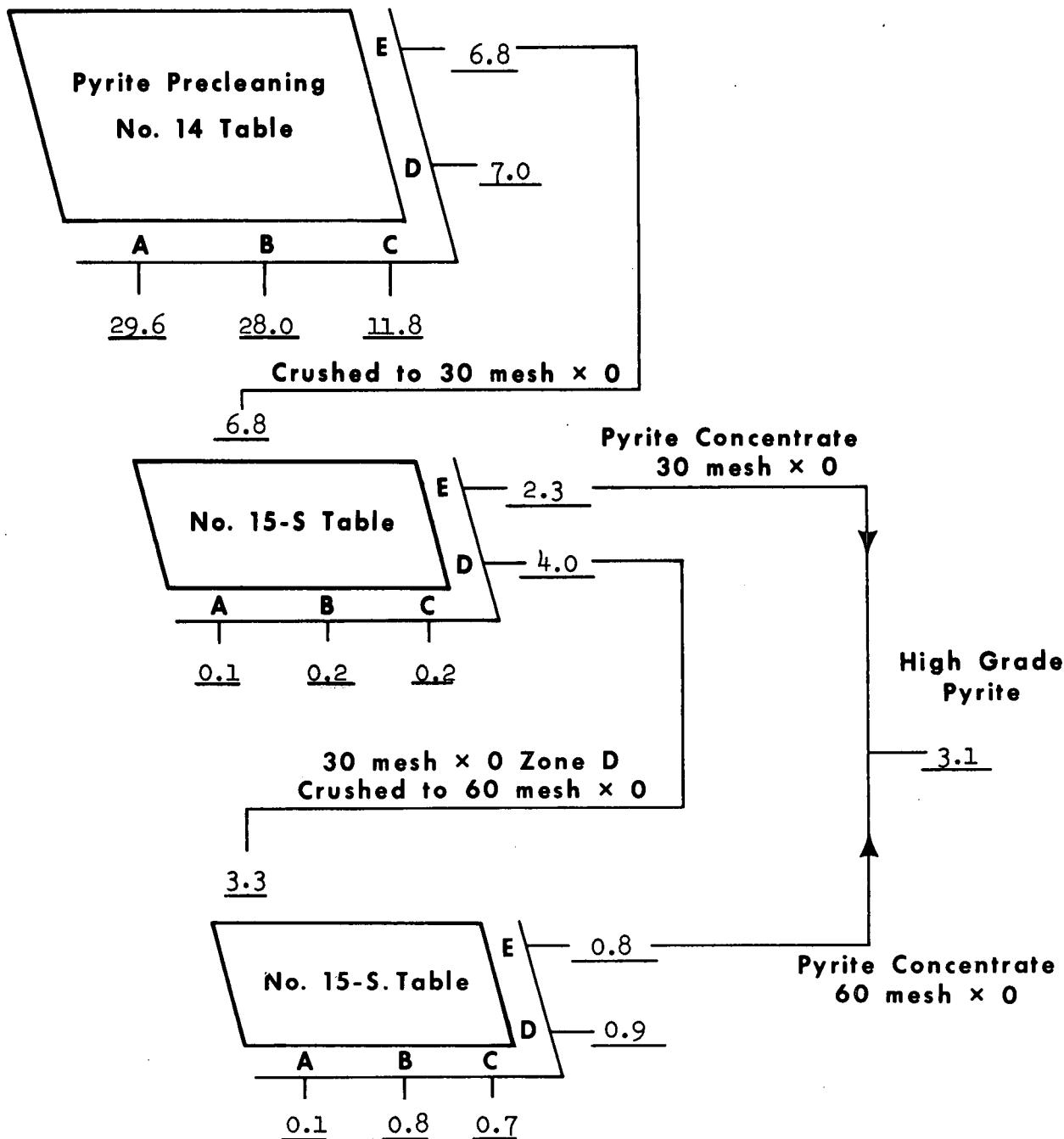
**Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0**

83.2

A-91.

Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma
BCR Sample No. 2889

Pounds of Total Sulfur/Ton of ROM Coal



Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Flowsheet Data for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Coal Identification Fort Scott Seam, Rogers County, Oklahoma

BCR Sample No. 2889

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis Weight Percent	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	43.0	6.51	3.44
Zone B	39.2	5.12	3.58
Zone C	10.8	26.4	5.49
Zone D	4.8	66.6	7.17
Zone E	2.2	69.3	15.3
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.08	67.1	7.96
Zone B	0.13	68.5	7.89
Zone C	0.15	62.8	7.74
Zone D	1.58	73.8	12.2
Zone E	0.26	70.0	44.1
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.07	68.5	9.53
Zone B	0.39	69.0	9.71
Zone C	0.35	70.7	9.06
Zone D	0.67	71.0	6.52
Zone E	0.10	73.2	39.8
Composite of Fractions	100.0	12.4	4.12
Analysis of Feed Coal		13.3	4.21

Table A51

SCREEN ANALYSISCoal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, PennsylvaniaBCR Sample No. 2900Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4"	10.5	10.5
1/4" x 6 M	28.8	39.3
6 M x 12 M	23.3	62.6
Minus 12 M	37.4	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C From 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (10-18-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	10.2	10.2
30 M x 50 M	27.6	37.8
50 M x 100 M	20.8	58.6
Minus 100 M	41.4	100.0
Total	100.0	

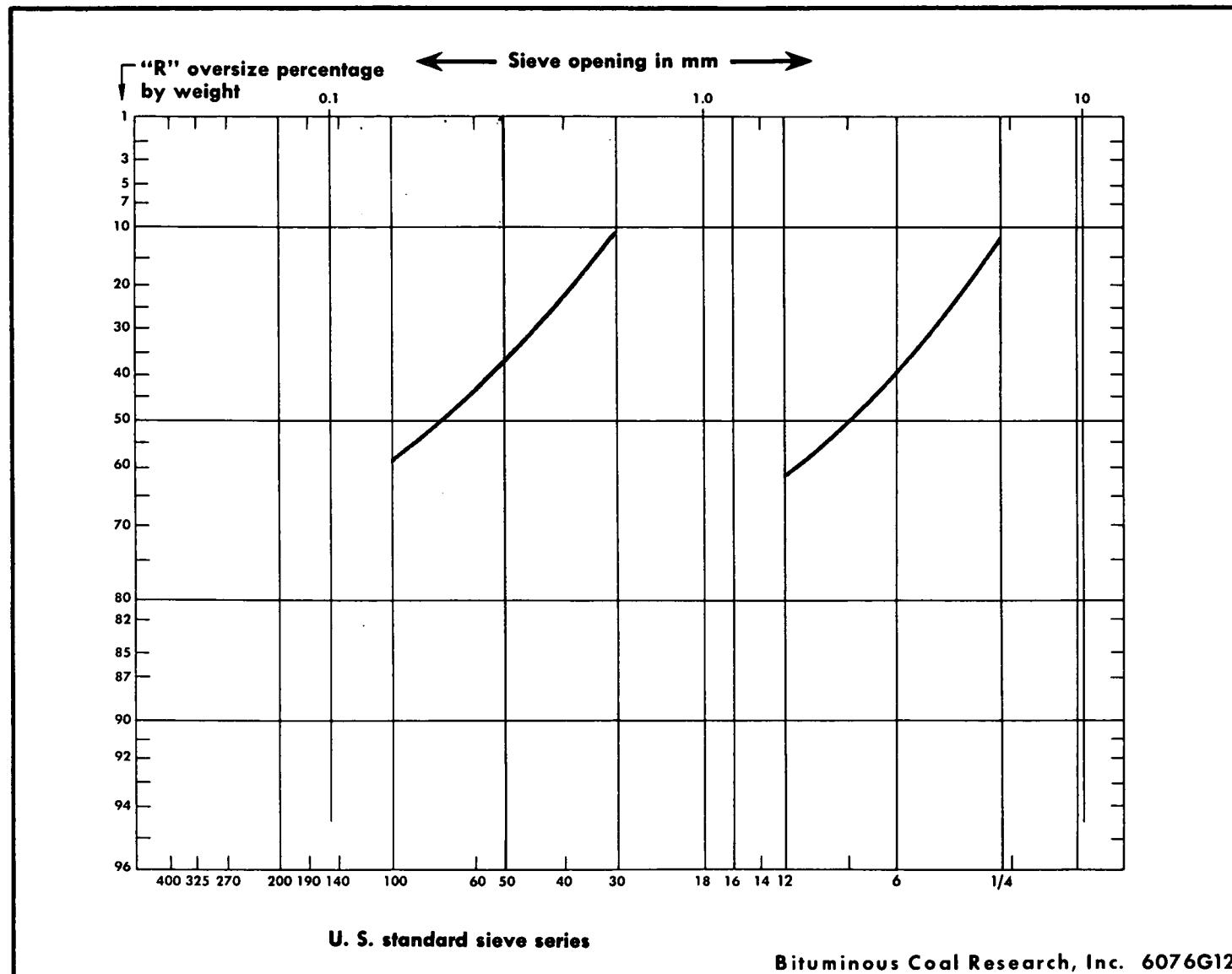


Figure A-6. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh \times 0 and 3/8 Inch \times 0 Concentrating Table Feed for Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania, BCR Sample No. 2900

Table A52

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning and Pyrite Precleaning

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania

Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2900

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	43.9		1.20	11.7	2.20	
Zone B	42.3		1.15	11.8	2.22	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	5.8	52.3	0.92	15.8	3.16	
1.60 by 1.90	2.2	20.2	1.26	33.8	9.10	
Sink at 1.90	3.1	27.5	0.94	60.4	15.2	
Composite	11.1	100.0		31.7	7.67	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	0.3	11.8	1.02	18.8	4.41	
1.90 by 2.95	1.1	54.5	0.90	64.6	14.2	
Sink at 2.95	0.7	33.7	0.27	60.4	41.0	
Composite	2.1	100.0		57.8	22.1	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.1	24.2	0.78	56.3	16.4	
Sink at 2.95	0.5	75.8	0.18	62.4	42.2	
Composite	0.6	100.0		60.9	36.0	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	97.3			14.0	2.83	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	92.0			12.0	2.27	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	1.2			61.2	41.5	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			15.2	3.44	
Analysis of Feed to Table			1.96	15.0	3.36	

Run Date: 10-18-71

Table A53

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--30 Mesh x 0 Deep Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania

Zones A, B, and C, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (10-18-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2900

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	78.1		1.16	11.4	2.14	
Zone B	13.8		1.10	13.4	1.92	
<u>Zone C</u>						
Float at 1.60	1.6	90.9	0.94	18.6	2.06	
Sink at 1.60	0.2	9.1	0.65	44.2	13.4	
Composite	1.8	100.0		20.9	3.09	
<u>Zone D</u>						
Float at 1.60	2.5	42.9	0.75	25.4	2.70	
1.60 by 2.95	2.8	49.6	0.72	48.0	9.26	
Sink at 2.95	0.4	7.5	0.18	61.2	42.1	
Composite	5.7	100.0		39.3	8.91	
<u>Zone E</u>						
Float at 2.95	0.1	13.7	0.56	60.8	17.2	
Sink at 2.95	0.5	86.3	0.17	63.2	44.6	
Composite	0.6	100.0		62.9	40.8	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	93.7			11.9	2.13	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	96.0			12.2	2.12	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	0.9			62.3	43.5	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			13.7	2.74	
Analysis of Feed to Table			1.21	14.1	2.84	

Run Date: 10-28-71

Table A⁵⁴

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania

Composite of 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (10-18-71) and 30 Mesh x 0 Run (10-28-71)

BCR Sample No. 2900

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
<u>Zone A</u>	76.0			11.4	2.14	
<u>Zone B</u>	13.4			13.4	1.92	
<u>Zone C</u>						
Float at 1.60	1.6	90.9		18.6	2.06	
Sink at 1.60	1.2	9.1		44.2	13.4	
Composite	1.8	100.0		20.9	3.09	
<u>Zone D</u>						
Float at 2.95	6.5	85.5		41.6	7.57	
Sink at 2.95	1.1	14.5		60.7	41.4	
Composite	7.6	100.0		44.4	12.5	
<u>Zone E</u>						
Float at 2.95	0.2	16.7		58.6	16.8	
Sink at 2.95	1.0	83.3		62.8	43.4	
Composite	1.2	100.0		62.1	39.0	
<u>Composite of Zones A, B, C</u>	91.2			11.9	2.13	
<u>Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions</u>	91.0			11.8	2.11	
<u>Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions</u>	2.1			61.7	42.4	
<u>Composite of Table Products</u>	100.0			15.0	3.36	
<u>Analysis of Feed to Table</u>			1.96	15.0	3.36	

A-100.

Table A55

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania

Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (10-18-71) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2900

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	3.8	0.76	38.9	18.4	
Zone B	5.3	0.76	39.0	17.8	
Zone C	4.6	0.72	36.2	16.0	
Zone D	29.8	0.48	57.2	21.6	
Zone E	56.5	0.12	64.0	45.1	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		58.4	34.3	
Analysis of Feed to Table			60.9	36.0	

Run Date: 10-29-71

Table A56

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania

Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (10-29-71) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2900

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	14.6	0.30	53.2	20.0	
Zone B	27.2	0.21	52.5	18.0	
Zone C	17.8	0.17	50.8	16.0	
Zone D	29.6	0.26	66.4	18.8	
Zone E	10.8	0.09	66.1	46.0	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		57.9	21.2	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.46	57.4	22.4	

Run Date: 11-10-71

A-102.

Table A57

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Pyrite Beneficiation - Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania

BCR Sample No. 2900

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test Run Date 10-18-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		15.0	3.36
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	0.6	60.9	36.0

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 10-29-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (10-29-71) Crushed to
30 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		60.9	36.0
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	56.5	64.0	45.1

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test Run Date 11-10-71
Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (10-28-71) Crushed to
60 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		57.4	22.4
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	10.8	66.1	46.0

<u>Two Stage Pyrite Product</u>	<u>0.36</u>	<u>64.1</u>	<u>45.2</u>
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Table A58

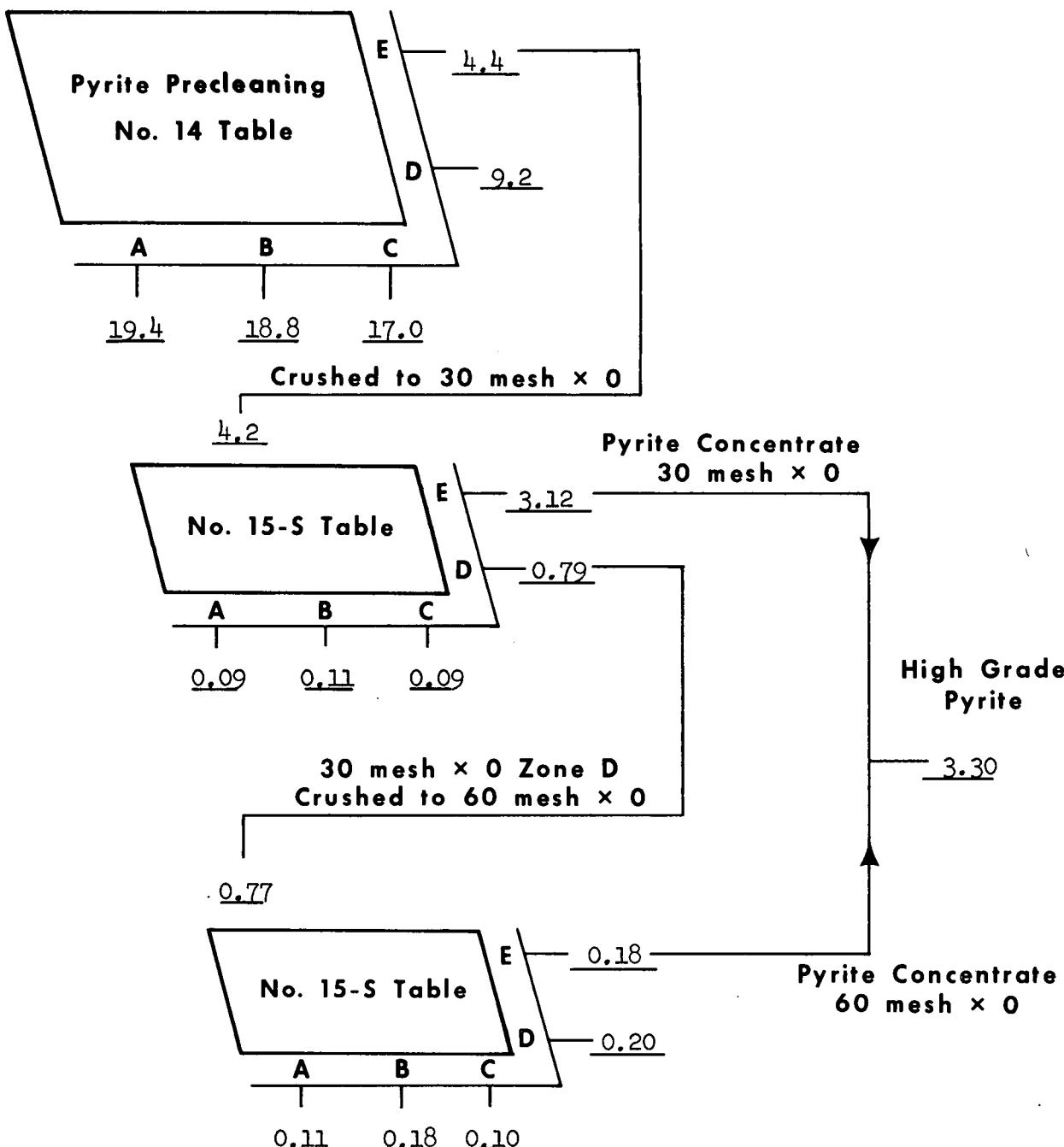
**Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0**

68.8

A-103.

Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania
BCR Sample No. 2900

Pounds of Total Sulfur/Ton of ROM Coal



Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

A-104.

Table A59

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Flowsheet Data for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania

BCR Sample No. 2900

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis Weight Percent	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	43.9	11.7	2.20
Zone B	42.3	11.8	2.22
Zone C	11.1	31.7	7.67
Zone D	2.1	57.8	22.1
Zone E	0.6	60.9	36.0
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.02	38.9	18.4
Zone B	0.03	39.0	17.8
Zone C	0.03	36.2	16.0
Zone D		0.18	21.6
Zone E	0.34	64.0	45.1
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.03	53.2	20.0
Zone B	0.05	52.5	18.0
Zone C	0.03	50.8	16.0
Zone D	0.05	66.4	18.8
Zone E	0.02	66.1	46.0
Composite of Fractions		15.2	3.43
Analysis of Feed Coal		15.0	3.36

Table A60

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning

Ash Characteristics

Coal Identification Lower Freeport Seam, Butler County, Pennsylvania

Raw Run-of-Mine Crushed to 3/8 inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2900

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent							Ash Fusibility								Ash Spectrography								
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Sulfate Sulfur	Pyritic Sulfur	Organic Sulfur	Btu/lb	IDT	ST,S	ST,H	FT	IDT	ST,S	ST,H	FT	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	Fe ₂ O ₃	MgO	CaO	TiO ₂	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	
Zone A	43.9		1.20	11.7	2.20	--	1.64	0.56	13,073	2500	2580		2720	2700	2750+		2750+	49.0	27.0	17.5	0.58	0.78	1.13	0.19	2.2	
Zone B	42.3		1.15	11.8	2.22	0.01	1.61	0.60	13,092	2540	2580		2700	2680	2740		2750+	49.0	28.3	17.9	0.58	0.81	1.13	0.18	2.0	
Zone C			0.64	32.4	8.41	0.06	7.83	0.52	9,560	1980	2060		2300	2530	2570		2600	41.0	23.0	31.0	0.58	0.45	0.79	0.17	2.1	
1.60 Float	5.8	52.3	0.92	15.8	3.16	--	2.65	0.51	12,377	2460	2500		2680	2640	2680		2750+	47.0	26.8	19.9	0.51	0.55	1.00	0.18	2.2	
1.60 by 1.90	2.2	20.2	1.26	33.8	9.10	0.04	8.66	0.40	9,180	1960	2040		2450	2540	2560		2600	37.5	22.5	34.5	0.35	0.38	0.80	0.16	2.0	
1.90 Sink	3.1	27.5	0.94	60.4	15.2	0.06	15.0	0.15	4,638	1960	2020		2220	2540	2580		2620	35.0	21.0	39.5	0.55	0.35	0.63	0.14	2.0	
Composite	11.1	100.0		31.7	7.67	0.02	7.26	0.39	9,603																	
Zone D			0.46	57.8	23.0	0.08	22.4	0.48	4,883	2000	2040		2180	2600	2620		2640	27.5	15.6	52.0*	0.43	0.31	0.48	0.13	1.8	
1.90 Float	0.3	11.8	1.02	18.8	4.41	--	3.91	0.50	11,874	2040	2160		2500	2540	2580		2720	42.0	25.5	28.0	0.38	0.54	1.03	0.16	1.9	
1.90 by 2.95	1.1	54.5	0.90	64.6	14.2	0.06	13.9	0.26	3,994	2000	2220		2460	2540	2560		2620	39.0	24.0	31.1	0.66	0.40	0.73	0.22	2.7	
2.95 Sink	0.7	33.7	0.27	60.4	41.0	0.14	40.6	0.30	3,234	2380	2400		2420	2680	2750+		2750+	7.70*	2.50*	88.0*	<0.2	0.30	<0.10	<0.05	<0.3	
Composite	2.1	100.0		57.8	22.1	0.08	21.7	0.30	4,668																	
Zone E			0.30	62.0	38.0	0.20	37.4	0.36	3,558	2340	2360		2440	2640	2750+		2750+	13.0*	7.10*	78.0*	0.33	0.33	0.17	<0.05	0.8	
2.95 Float	0.1	24.2	0.78	56.3	16.4	0.07	16.0	0.30	5,286	1960	1980		2300	2520	2560		2600	35.5	19.0	40.0	0.45	0.41	0.58	0.16	2.0	
2.95 Sink	0.5	75.8	0.18	62.4	42.2	0.18	41.7	0.32	2,870	2380	2400		2420	2750+	2750+		2750+	11.0*	3.50*	84.0*	0.30	0.27	<0.10	<0.05	0.3	
Composite	0.6	100.0		60.9	36.0	0.15	35.5	0.32	3,455																	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			15.2	3.44	0.01	2.88	0.55	12,462																	
Analysis of Feed to Table				1.96	15.0	3.36	0.04	2.78	0.54	12,576	2120	2340		2540	2560	2620		2700	45.0	25.0	23.5	0.55	0.68	0.96	0.19	2.2

IDT - Initial Deformation Temperature
 ST,S - Softening Temperature, Spherical
 ST,H - Softening Temperature, Hemispherical
 FT - Fluid Temperature

* Extrapolated Values
 # By Difference

Table A61

Screen AnalysisCoal Identification Baxter Seam, Crawford County, KansasBCR Sample No. 2926Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4"	10.3	10.3
1/4" x 6 M	25.9	36.2
6 M x 12 M	23.5	59.7
Minus 12 M	40.3	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C from 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (1-21-72) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	7.9	7.9
30 M x 50 M	25.7	33.6
50 M x 100 M	21.3	54.9
Minus 100 M	45.1	100.0
Total	100.0	

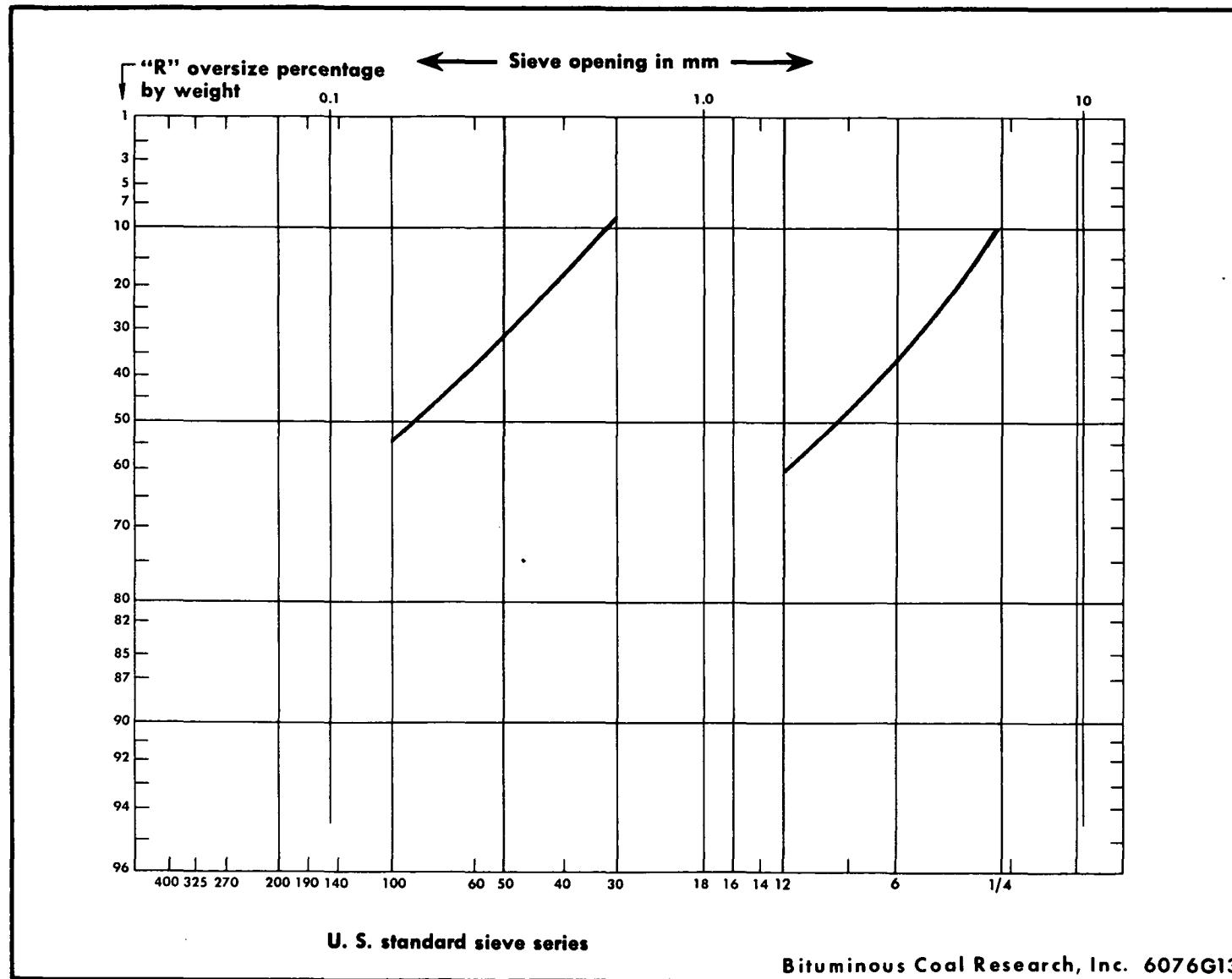


Figure A-7. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh x 0 and 3/8 Inch x 0 Concentrating Table Feed for Baxter Seam, Crawford County, Kansas, BCR Scale No. 2926

Table A62

A-109.

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning and Pyrite
Precleaning
Coal Identification Baxter Seam, Crawford County, Kansas

Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2926

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	27.2		0.60	10.5	2.92	
Zone B	46.0		0.46	9.66	3.06	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	18.9	80.4	0.70	11.0	3.71	
1.60 by 1.90	1.1	4.6	0.46	35.5	10.4	
Sink at 1.90	3.5	15.0	0.28	63.4	13.8	
Composite	23.5	100.0		20.0	5.53	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	0.4	15.2	1.10	14.6	4.40	
1.90 by 2.95	1.2	53.4	0.30	68.0	7.36	
Sink at 2.95	0.7	31.4	0.23	65.2	37.8	
Composite	2.3	100.0		59.0	16.5	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.5	51.0	0.23	68.6	4.72	
Sink at 2.95	0.5	49.0	0.25	67.0	39.8	
Composite	1.0	100.0		67.8	21.9	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	96.7			12.4	3.62	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	92.1			10.2	3.15	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	1.2			66.0	38.6	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			14.0	4.10	
Analysis of Feed to Table			2.69	14.8	4.02	

Run Date: 1-21-72

A-110.

Table A63

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--30 Mesh x 0 Deep Cleaning

Coal Identification Baxter Seam, Crawford County, Kansas

Zones A, B, and C, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (1-21-72) Crushed to
30 Mesh x 0
BCR Sample No. 2926

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	81.4		0.52	9.99	3.10	
Zone B	13.9		0.38	10.4	3.08	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	2.2	92.4	0.94	14.9	4.22	
Sink at 1.60	0.2	7.6	0.30	51.0	18.6	
Composite	2.4	100.0		17.6	5.31	
Zone D						
Float at 1.60	0.6	27.3	0.49	22.1	7.48	
1.60 by 2.95	1.2	57.4	0.28	60.0	9.57	
Sink at 2.95	0.3	15.3	0.20	65.8	39.0	
Composite	2.1	100.0		50.5	13.5	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.1	45.8	0.12	67.6	5.87	
Sink at 2.95	0.1	54.2	0.14	65.8	40.8	
Composite	0.2	100.0		66.6	24.8	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	97.7			10.2	3.15	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	98.1			10.2	3.15	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	0.4			65.8	39.5	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			11.2	3.41	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.21	11.8	3.50	

Run Date: 1-31-72

Table A64

A-111.

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Baxter Seam, Crawford County, Kansas

Composite of 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (1-21-72) and 30 Mesh x 0 Run (1-31-72)

BCR Sample No. 2926

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	78.7			9.99	3.10	
Zone B	13.5			10.4	3.08	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	2.1	92.4		14.9	4.22	
Sink at 1.60	0.2	7.6		51.0	18.6	
Composite	2.3	100.0		17.6	5.31	
Zone D						
Float at 2.95	3.3	76.7		51.8	7.83	
Sink at 2.95	1.0	23.3		65.4	38.2	
Composite	4.3	100.0		55.0	14.9	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.6	50.0		68.4	4.91	
Sink at 2.95	0.6	50.0		66.8	40.0	
Composite	1.2	100.0		67.6	22.5	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	94.5			10.2	3.15	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	94.3			10.2	3.12	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	1.6			65.9	38.9	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			12.8	3.89	
Analysis of Feed to Table				14.8	4.02	

Table A65

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Baxter Seam, Crawford County, Kansas

Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (1-21-72) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2926

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	3.1	0.18	56.4	19.9	
Zone B	9.5	0.16	57.6	18.6	
Zone C	4.9	0.17	58.2	17.2	
Zone D	58.6	0.06	67.8	13.8	
Zone E	23.9	0.03	66.0	44.9	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		65.6	22.0	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.18	66.2	21.9	

Run Date: 2-4-72

Table A66

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Baxter Seam, Crawford County, Kansas

Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (2-4-72) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2926

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	4.3	0.10	64.6	15.0	
Zone B	35.7	0.06	65.0	14.3	
Zone C	27.9	0.08	66.0	12.8	
Zone D	27.9	0.01	63.2	8.90	
Zone E	4.2	0.02	66.6	32.5	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		64.8	13.2	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.04	64.9	13.2	

Run Date: 2-7-72

A-114.

Table A67

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Pyrite Beneficiation - Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Baxter Seam, Crawford County, Kansas

BCR Sample No. 2926

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test

Run Date 1-21-72

Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		14.8	4.02
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	1.0	67.8	21.9

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test

Run Date 2-4-72

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (1-21-72) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		66.2	21.9
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	23.9	65.6	22.0

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test

Run Date 2-7-72

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (2-4-72) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		64.9	13.2
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	4.2	64.8	13.2

Two Stage Pyrite Product	0.27	66.1	43.5
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Table A68

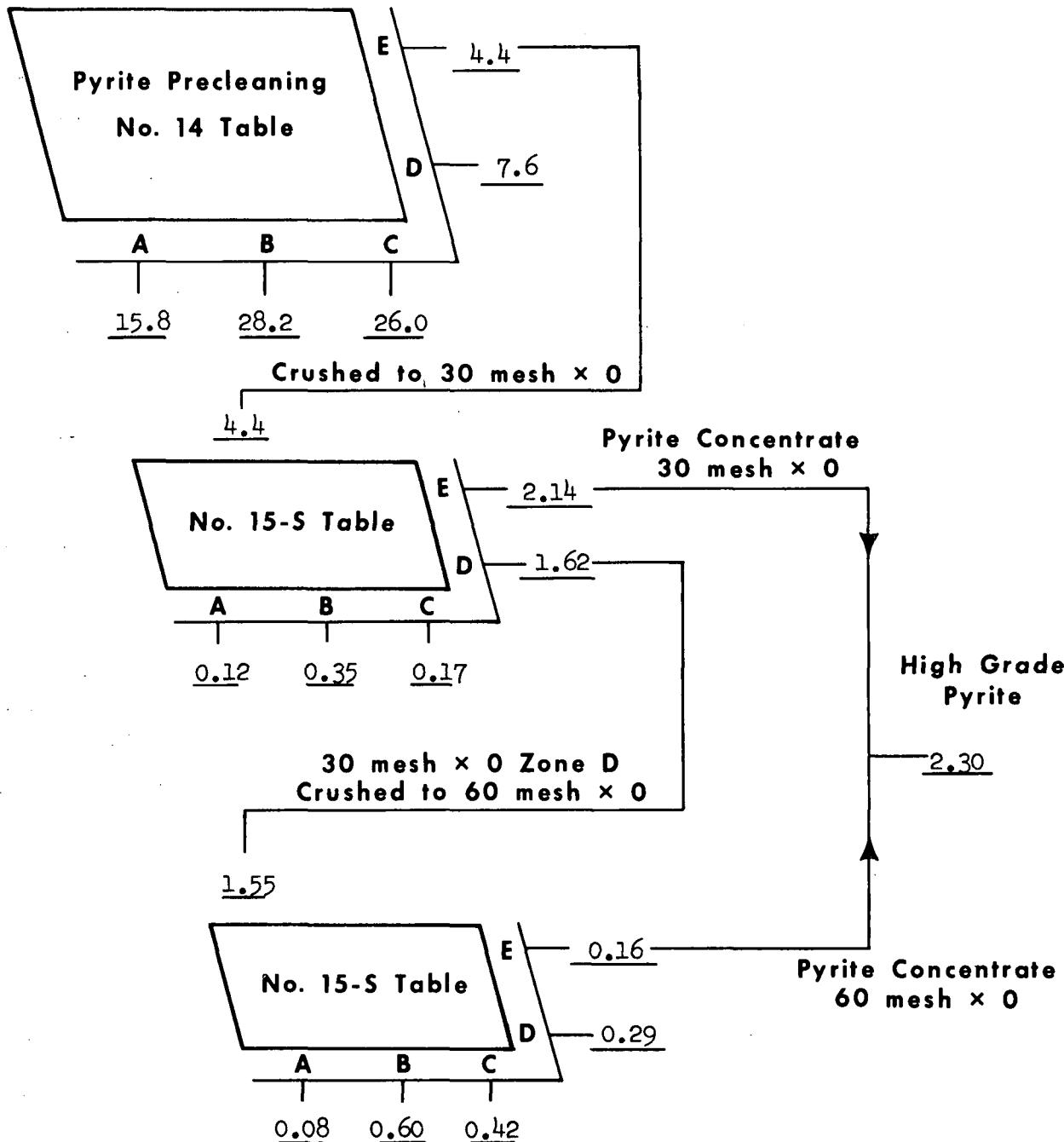
A-115.

**Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0**

BAXTER SEAM. CRAWFORD COUNTY, KANSAS
BCR Sample No. 2926

82.0

Pounds of Total Sulfur/Ton of Run-of-Mine Coal



Flowsheet for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

A-116.

Table A69

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Flowsheet Data for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Coal Identification Baxter Seam Crawford County, Kansas

BCR Sample No. 2926

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis Weight Percent	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	27.2	10.5	2.92
Zone B	46.0	9.66	3.06
Zone C	23.5	20.0	5.53
Zone D	2.3	59.0	16.5
Zone E	1.0	67.8	21.9
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.03	56.4	19.9
Zone B	0.09	57.6	18.6
Zone C	0.05	58.2	17.2
Zone D		0.59	13.8
Zone E	0.24	66.0	44.9
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.03	64.6	15.0
Zone B	0.21	65.0	14.3
Zone C	0.16	66.0	12.8
Zone D	0.16	63.2	8.90
Zone E	0.03	66.6	32.5
Composite of Fractions	100.0	14.0	4.10
Analysis of Feed Coal		14.8	4.02

Table A71

SCREEN ANALYSISCoal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, AlabamaBCR Sample No. 2928Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 1/4"	8.5	8.5
1/4" x 6 M	26.5	35.0
6 M x 12 M	23.3	58.3
Minus 12 M	41.7	100.0
Total	100.0	

Zones A, B, and C from 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (2-23-72) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

<u>Screen Size</u>	<u>Weight Percent</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
Plus 30 M	8.5	8.5
30 M x 50 M	24.7	33.2
50 M x 100 M	21.0	54.2
Minus 100 M	45.8	100.0
Total	100.0	

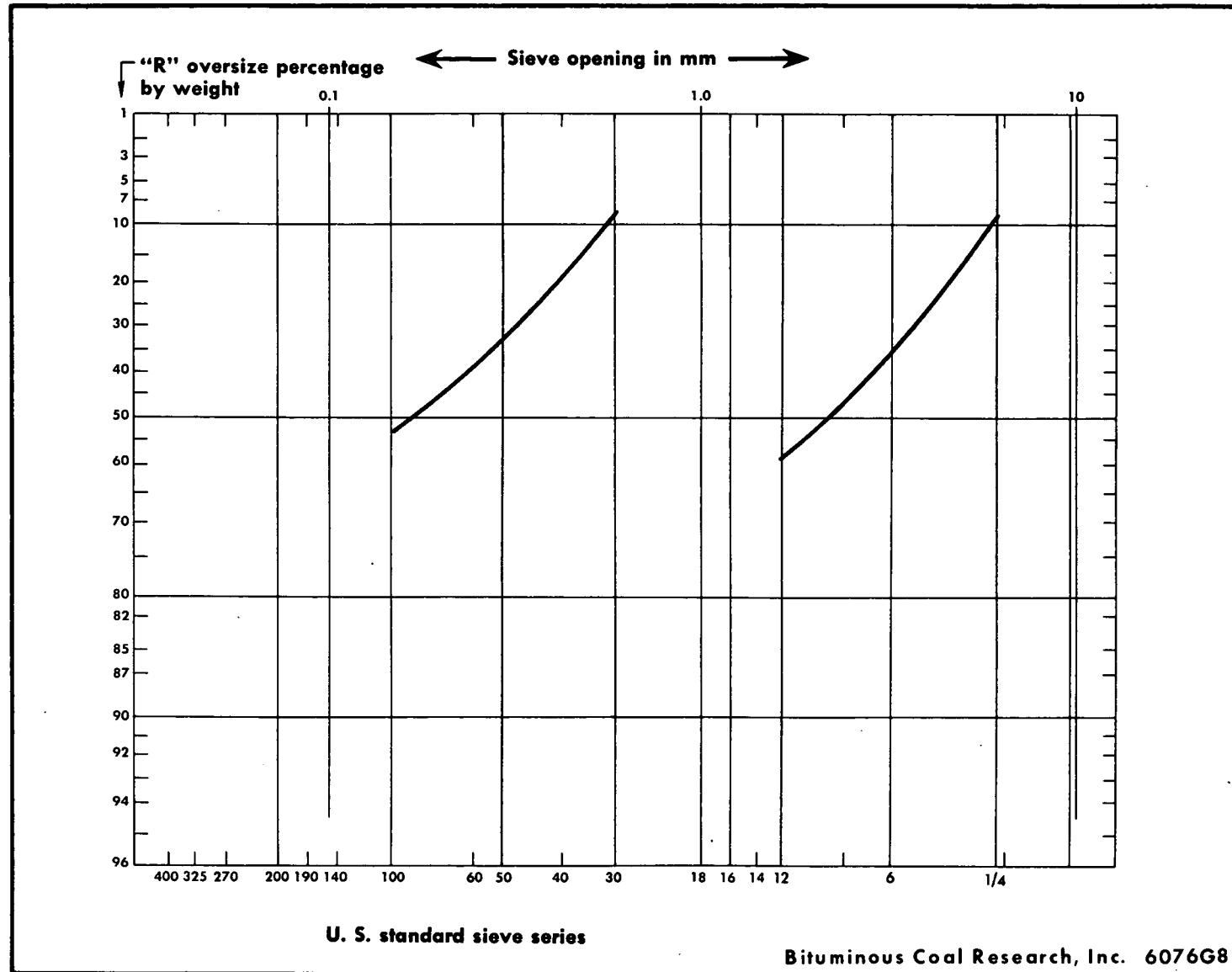


Figure A-8. Size Distribution Curves of 30 Mesh \times 0 and 3/8 Inch \times 0 Concentrating Table Feed for Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama, BCR Sample No. 2928

Table A72

A-121.

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning and Pyrite Pre-cleaning

Coal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama

Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2928

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	31.5		0.56	9.99	1.40	
Zone B	34.0		0.52	8.02	1.88	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	12.7	78.2	0.61	11.4	2.81	
1.60 by 1.90	1.6	10.0	0.68	41.2	3.83	
Sink at 1.90	1.9	11.8	0.68	77.3	2.10	
Composite	16.2	100.0		22.2	2.83	
Zone D						
Float at 1.90	1.1	7.3	0.78	28.3	3.53	
1.90 by 2.95	13.5	91.6	0.67	83.3	1.50	
Sink at 2.95	0.2	1.1	0.37	70.3	30.6	
Composite	14.8	100.0		79.1	1.97	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	3.2	90.5	1.04	84.9	1.84	
Sink at 2.95	0.3	9.5	0.20	68.5	35.8	
Composite	3.5	100.0		83.3	5.07	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	81.7			11.2	1.88	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	78.2			9.36	1.84	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	0.5			69.2	33.7	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			24.1	2.01	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.52	25.3	1.96	

Run Date: 2-23-72

Table A73

**Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal**

Concentrating Table Tests--30 Mesh x 0 Deep Cleaning

Coal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama

Zones A, B, and C, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (2-23-72) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2928

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	82.4		0.36	6.92	1.66	
Zone B	12.8		0.27	7.88	1.98	
Zone C						
Float at 1.60	1.0	90.9	0.32	13.7	3.34	
Sink at 1.60	0.1	9.1	0.38	54.2	9.40	
Composite	1.1	100.0		17.4	3.89	
Zone D						
Float at 1.60	1.6	50.9	0.14	22.0	4.04	
1.60 by 2.95	1.5	47.3	0.80	51.2	5.34	
Sink at 2.95	0.1	1.8	0.30	64.4	39.5	
Composite	3.2	100.0		36.6	5.29	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	0.4	82.3	0.62	67.4	5.78	
Sink at 2.95	0.1	17.7	0.18	63.4	38.9	
Composite	0.5	100.0		66.7	11.6	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	96.3			7.16	1.73	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	97.8			7.35	1.76	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	0.2			63.9	39.2	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			8.41	1.89	
Analysis of Feed to Table			0.52	8.44	1.90	

Run Date: 3-1-72

Table A74

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests-- Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama

Composite of 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (2-23-72) and 30 Mesh x 0 Run (3-1-72)

BCR Sample No. 2928

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	67.3			6.92	1.66	
Zone B	10.5			7.88	1.98	
Zone C	0.8	90.9		13.7	3.34	
Float at 1.60	0.1	9.1		54.2	9.40	
Sink at 1.60	0.9	100.0		17.4	3.89	
Composite						
Zone D						
Float at 2.95	17.15	98.6		72.8	2.10	
Sink at 2.95	0.25	1.4		69.1	32.4	
Composite	17.40	100.0		72.7	2.52	
Zone E						
Float at 2.95	3.5	89.7		83.4	2.18	
Sink at 2.95	0.4	10.3		67.2	36.6	
Composite	3.9	100.0		81.7	5.73	
Composite of Zones A, B, C	78.7			7.17	1.73	
Composite of 1.60 Float Fractions	78.6			7.12	1.72	
Composite of 2.95 Sink Fractions	0.65			67.9	35.0	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			21.5	2.02	
Analysis of Feed to Table				25.3	1.96	

A-124.

Table A75

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama

Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (2-23-72) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2928

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	4.6	0.56	78.5	3.21	
Zone B	10.2	0.64	79.2	3.16	
Zone C	7.1	0.70	79.2	3.64	
Zone D	74.4	0.66	84.4	4.06	
Zone E	3.7	0.12	70.4	40.8	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		82.7	5.26	
Analysis of Feed to Table		1.28	83.0	5.26	

Run Date: 3-2-72

Table A76

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Tests - Pyrite Beneficiation

Coal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama

Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (3-2-72) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

BCR Sample No. 2928

Table Products	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent			
		Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Ultimate Carbon
Zone A	3.1	0.59	83.8	2.97	
Zone B	36.5	0.37	84.0	2.72	
Zone C	27.4	0.34	83.9	3.09	
Zone D	29.0	0.26	85.5	4.10	
Zone E	4.0	0.10	69.4	42.0	
Composite of Table Products	100.0		83.8	4.80	
Analysis of Feed to Table		0.44	83.8	5.16	

Run Date: 3-8-72

A-126.

Table A77

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Pyrite Beneficiation - Effects of Two-stage Cleaning

Coal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama

BCR Sample No. 2928

Pyrite Precleaning

Concentrating Table No. 14 Test

Run Date 2-23-72

Feed to Concentrating Table: Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		25.3	1.96
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	3.5	68.5	35.8

Pyrite Cleaning

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test

Run Date 3-2-72

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone E, 3/8 Inch x 0 Run (2-23-72) Crushed to 30 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		83.0	5.26
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	3.7	70.4	40.8

Concentrating Table No. 15-S Test

Run Date 3-8-72

Feed to Concentrating Table: Zone D, 30 Mesh x 0 Run (3-2-72) Crushed to 60 Mesh x 0

	Product, Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight %	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Analysis of Feed to Table		83.8	5.16
Zone E (Pyrite Zone)	4.0	69.4	42.0

<u>Two Stage Pyrite Product</u>	<u>0.24</u>	<u>69.9</u>	<u>41.3</u>
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Table A78

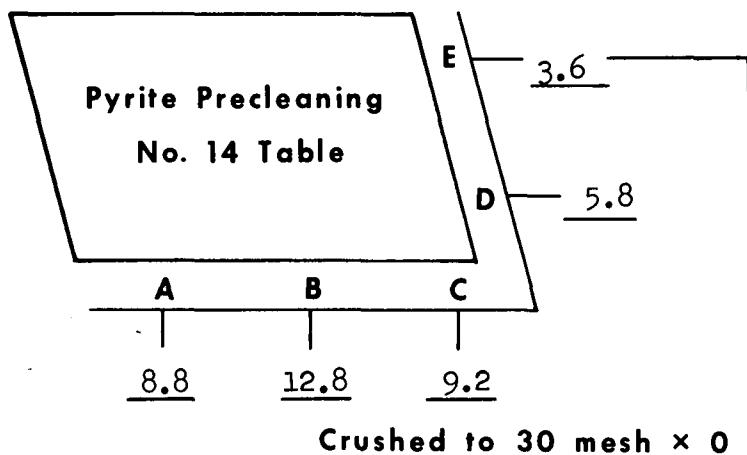
**Raw R.O.M. Coal Crushed
to 3/8-inch x 0**

A-127.

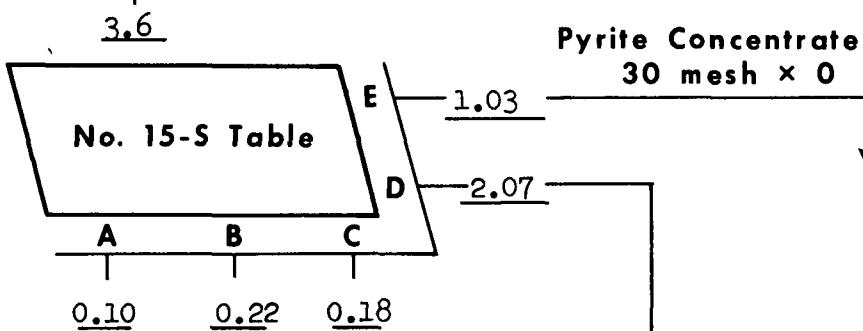
40.2
|

Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama
BCR Sample No. 2928

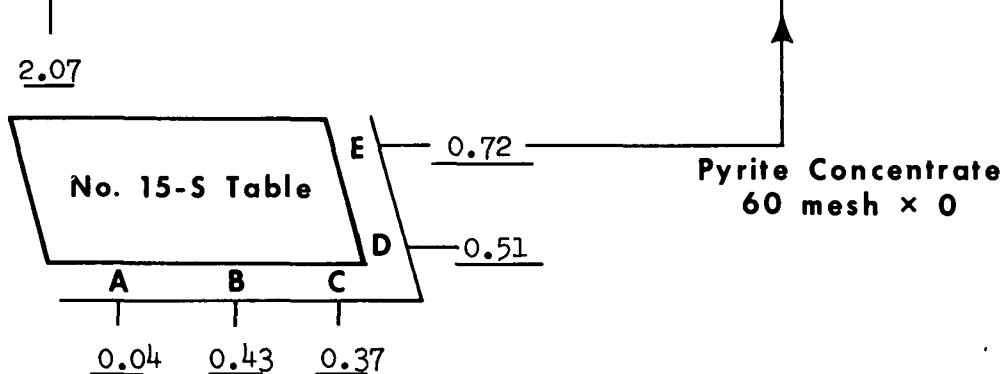
Pounds of Total Sulfur/Ton of Run-of-Mine Coal



Crushed to 30 mesh x 0



**30 mesh x 0 Zone D
Crushed to 60 mesh x 0**



High Grade Pyrite

1.75

**Pyrite Concentrate
60 mesh x 0**

Flowsheet for Pyrite Benefication Tests

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Flowsheet Data for Pyrite Beneficiation Tests

Coal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama

BCR Sample No. 2928

Fraction	Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis	
		Ash	Total Sulfur
Table No. 14			
Zone A	31.5	9.99	1.40
Zone B	34.0	8.02	1.88
Zone C	16.2	22.2	2.83
Zone D	14.8	79.1	1.97
Zone E	3.5	83.3	5.07
Table No. 15-S (30 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.16	78.5	3.21
Zone B	0.36	79.2	3.16
Zone C	0.25	79.2	3.64
Zone D	2.60	84.4	4.06
Zone E	0.13	70.4	40.8
Table No. 15-S (60 Mesh x 0)			
Zone A	0.08	83.8	2.97
Zone B	0.95	84.0	2.72
Zone C	0.71	83.9	3.09
Zone D	0.75	85.5	4.10
Zone E	0.11	69.4	42.0
Composite of Fractions	100.0	24.1	2.04
Analysis of Feed Coal		25.3	1.96

Table A80

Evaluation of Coal Cleaning Processes and Techniques
for Removing Pyritic Sulfur from Fine Coal

Concentrating Table Tests--3/8 Inch x 0 Rough Cleaning

Ash Characteristics

Coal Identification Clements Seam, Walker County, Alabama

Raw Run-of-Mine Coal Crushed to 3/8 Inch x 0

BCR Sample No. 2928

Table Products	Product Weight Percent	Float and Sink Weight %	Chemical Analysis, Dry Basis, Weight Percent						Ash Fusibility								Ash Spectrography									
			Moisture	Ash	Total Sulfur	Sulfate Sulfur	Pyritic Sulfur	Organic Sulfur	Btu/lb	IDT	ST,S	ST,H	FT	IDT	ST,S	ST,H	FT	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	Fe ₂ O ₃	MgO	CaO	TiO ₂	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	
Zone A	31.5		0.56	9.99	1.40		0.74	0.66	13,659	2620	2705		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	51.0	30.3	10.2	0.97	1.86	1.18	0.57	2.0	
Zone B	34.0		0.52	8.02	1.88		1.15	0.73	13,946	2245	2520		2700	2695	2740		2750+	44.5	29.3	17.5	0.90	2.30	1.10	0.70	1.8	
Zone C			0.48	20.4	2.90		2.24	0.66	11,838	2530	2625		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	49.0	28.7	14.1	0.97	1.05	1.11	0.31	2.7	
.60 Float	12.7	78.2	0.61	11.4	2.81		1.91	0.90	13,376	2100	2515		2620	2645	2700		2750+	40.0	28.9	24.5	0.75	1.30	1.16	0.42	2.4	
.60 by 1.90	1.6	10.0	0.68	41.2	3.83		3.32	0.51	8,262	2710	2750+		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	49.0	32.0	12.3	1.06	0.45	1.16	0.23	3.2	
1.90 Sink	1.9	11.8	0.68	77.3	2.10	0.03	1.91	0.16	2,207	2740	2750+		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	57.0	30.8	4.40	1.01	0.49	1.31	0.28	3.1	
Composite	16.2	100.0		22.2	2.83	0.00	2.05	0.77	11,547																	
Zone D			0.74	79.4	2.08		1.95	0.13	1,770	2750+	2750+		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	56.5	31.3	4.40	0.78	0.66	1.26	0.25	2.2	
.90 Float	1.1	7.3	0.78	28.3	3.53		2.89	0.64	10,504	2570	2660		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	46.5	29.6	15.2	0.90	0.95	1.15	0.31	2.9	
.90 by 2.95	13.5	91.6	0.67	83.3	1.50		1.42	0.08	1,167	2750+	2750+		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	59.0	31.6	3.75	0.77	0.52	1.40	0.20	1.3	
2.95 Sink	0.2	1.1	0.37	70.3	30.6	0.18	30.0	0.47	3,336	2035	2050		2180	2590	2700		2750+	20.0	13.2	63.0*	0.27	0.60	0.67	0.13	1.2	
Composite	14.8	100.0		79.1	1.97	0.00	1.84	0.13	1,872																	
Zone E			0.54	83.4	4.90	0.08	4.70	0.12	1,100	2640	2750		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	55.5	29.7	9.80	0.78	0.64	1.22	0.21	2.2	
2.95 Float	3.2	90.5	1.04	84.9	1.84	0.02	1.73	0.09	888	2745	2750+		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	59.0	31.2	4.40	0.85	0.60	1.31	0.21	1.9	
2.95 Sink	0.3	9.5	0.20	68.5	35.8	0.13	34.3	1.33	2,876	2320	2420		2500	2750+	2750+		2750+	8.50*	7.30*	82.0*	0.20	0.38	0.30	0.05	0.4	
Composite	3.5	100.0		83.3	5.07	0.03	4.82	0.21	1,077																	
Composite of Table Products	100.0			24.1	2.01	0.00	1.40	0.61	11,230																	
Analysis of Feed to Table				0.52	25.3	1.96		1.42	0.54	11,044	2700	2750+		2750+	2750+	2750+		2750+	55.0	30.5	7.70	0.82	0.96	1.26	0.31	2.1

IDT = Initial Deformation Temperature
 ST,S = Softening Temperature, Spherical
 ST,H = Softening Temperature, Hemispherical
 FT = Fluid Temperature

* Extrapolated values

Run Date: 2-23-72

Appendix B

FUEL AND PYRITE CONCENTRATE EVALUATIONS

<u>Tables</u>	<u>Seam</u>	<u>BCR Lot No.</u>
B1 - B4	Western Ky. No. 6	2847
B5 - B8	Bakerstown	2856
B9 - B12	L. Kittanning	2860
B13 - B16	L. Freeport	2881
B17 - B20	Ft. Scott	2889
B21 - B24	L. Freeport	2900
B25 - B28	Baxter	2926
B29 - B32	Clements	2928

TABLE B-1. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING DIRECT TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: W. Kentucky No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Ky.

BCR Lot No. 2847

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	26.9	5.98	3.47	13,685	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.2	4.88	3.53	13,896	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	23.7	5.52	3.98	13,725	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	0.8	29.20	10.90	9,592	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	1.4	64.80	17.40	4,104	
Composite of Fractions	<u>96.0</u>	<u>6.42</u>	<u>3.89</u>	<u>13,616</u>	<u>99.0</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.2	15.4	9.32	11,956	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	0.7	67.2	15.60	3,651	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.9	62.9	43.40	2,510	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.5	61.8	14.60	4,692	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	1.7	63.6	44.60	2,460	
Composite of Fractions	<u>4.0</u>	<u>61.44</u>	<u>33.74</u>	<u>3,433*</u>	<u>1.0</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	8.62	5.08*	13,209	

TABLE B-2. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: W. Kentucky No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Ky.

BCR Lot No. 2847

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	26.9	5.98	3.47	13,685	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.2	4.88	3.53	13,896	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	23.7	5.52	3.98	13,725	
Composite of Fractions	<u>93.8</u>	<u>5.36</u>	<u>3.63</u>	<u>13,792</u>	<u>97.9</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	0.8	29.20	10.90	9,592	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	1.4	64.80	17.40	4,104	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.2	15.40	9.32	11,956	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	0.7	67.20	15.60	3,651	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.9	62.90	43.40	2,510	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.5	61.80	14.60	4,692	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk	1.7	63.60	44.60	2,460	
Composite of Fractions	<u>6.2</u>	<u>58.04</u>	<u>27.10</u>	<u>4,380</u>	<u>2.1</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	8.63	5.09	13,208	

TABLE B-3. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: W. Kentucky No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Ky.

BCR Lot No. 2847

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	26.9	5.98	3.47	13,685		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.2	4.88	3.53	13,896		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	23.7	5.52	3.98	13,725		
Composite of Fractions	<u>93.8</u>	<u>5.36</u>	<u>3.63</u>	<u>13,792</u>	<u>97.9</u>	<u>94.9</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	0.8	29.20	10.90	9,592		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	1.4	64.80	17.40	4,104		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.2	15.40	9.32	11,956		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.9	62.90	43.40	2,510		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	1.7	63.60	44.60	2,460		
Composite of Fractions	<u>5.0</u>	<u>56.38</u>	<u>29.96</u>	<u>4,450</u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u>5.1</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	0.7	67.20	15.60	3,651		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.5	61.80	14.60	4,692		
Composite of Fractions	<u>1.2</u>	<u>64.95</u>	<u>15.18</u>	<u>4,085</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	8.63	5.09	13,208		

TABLE B-4. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: W. Kentucky No. 6 Seam, Butler County, Ky.

BCR Lot No. 2847

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	26.9	5.98	3.47	13,685		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.2	4.88	3.53	13,896		
Composite of Fractions	<u>70.1</u>	<u>5.30</u>	<u>3.51</u>	<u>13,815</u>	<u>73.3</u>	<u>71.0</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	23.7	5.52	3.98	13,725		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	0.8	29.20	10.90	9,592		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	1.4	64.80	17.40	4,104		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.2	15.40	9.32	11,956		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.9	62.90	43.40	2,510		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	1.7	63.60	44.60	2,460		
Composite of Fractions	<u>28.7</u>	<u>14.38</u>	<u>8.51</u>	<u>12,109</u>	<u>26.3</u>	<u>29.0</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	0.7	67.20	15.60	3,651		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.5	61.80	14.60	4,692		
Composite of Fractions	<u>1.2</u>	<u>64.95</u>	<u>15.18</u>	<u>4,085</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	8.62	5.09	13,209		

TABLE B-5. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING DIRECT TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Bakerstown, Grant County, West Virginia

BCR Lot No. 2856

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	47.3	10.2	1.23	14,014	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	22.0	13.0	1.24	13,490	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	6.0	15.8	1.35	12,921	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	6.6	45.2	2.02	7,891	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	60.5	5.22	5,144	
Composite of Fractions	<u>84.5</u>	<u>15.6</u>	<u>1.42</u>	<u>13,052</u>	<u>95.2</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	2.1	36.2	1.86	9,426	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	8.6	77.8	4.89	2,354	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	1.4	61.0	38.60	3,870	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.3	79.2	6.34	2,067	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	2.1	62.0	40.50	3,565	
Composite of Fractions	<u>15.5</u>	<u>68.5</u>	<u>12.38</u>	<u>3,582</u>	<u>4.8</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.8	3.12	11,584	

TABLE B-6. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Bakerstown, Grant County, West Virginia

BCR Lot No. 2856

<u>Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>	<u>Product, Weight Percent</u>	<u>Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis</u>			<u>Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value</u>
		<u>Ash</u>	<u>Total Sulfur</u>	<u>Calorific Value Btu/lb</u>	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	47.3	10.2	1.23	14,014	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	22.0	13.0	1.24	13,490	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	6.0	15.8	1.35	12,921	
Composite of Fractions	<u>75.3</u>	<u>11.5</u>	<u>1.24</u>	<u>13,774</u>	<u>89.5</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	6.6	45.2	2.02	7,891	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	60.5	5.22	5,144	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	2.1	36.2	1.86	9,426	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	8.6	77.8	4.89	2,354	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	1.4	61.0	38.60	3,870	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.3	79.2	6.34	2,067	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	2.1	62.0	40.50	3,565	
Composite of Fractions	<u>24.7</u>	<u>61.5</u>	<u>8.91</u>	<u>4,902</u>	<u>10.5</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.8 ^t	3.12	11,584	

TABLE B-7. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Bakerstown, Grant County, West Virginia

BCR Lot No. 2856

Conventional or <u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	47.3	10.2	1.23	14,014		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	22.0	13.0	1.24	13,490		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	6.0	15.8	1.35	12,921		
Composite of Fractions	<u>75.3</u>	<u>11.5</u>	<u>1.24</u>	<u>13,774</u>	<u>89.5</u>	<u>83.6</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	6.6	45.2	2.02	7,891		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	60.5	5.22	5,144		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	2.1	36.2	1.86	9,426		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	1.4	61.0	38.60	3,870		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	2.1	62.0	40.50	3,565		
Composite of Fractions	<u>14.8</u>	<u>50.5</u>	<u>11.48</u>	<u>6,632</u>	<u>8.5</u>	<u>16.4</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	8.6	77.8	4.89	2,354		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.3	79.2	6.34	2,067		
Composite of Fractions	<u>9.9</u>	<u>78.0</u>	<u>5.08</u>	<u>2,316</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.8	3.14	11,583		

TABLE B-8. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Bakerstown, Grant County, West Virginia

BCR Lot No. 2856

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	47.3	10.2	1.23	14,014		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	22.0	13.0	1.24	13,490		
Composite of Fractions	<u>69.3</u>	<u>11.1</u>	<u>1.23</u>	<u>13,848</u>	<u>82.8⁺</u>	<u>76.9</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	6.0	15.8	1.35	12,921		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	6.6	45.2	2.02	7,891		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	60.5	5.22	5,144		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	2.1	36.2	1.86	9,426		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	1.4	61.0	38.60	3,870		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	2.1	62.0	40.50	3,565		
Composite of Fractions	<u>20.8</u>	<u>40.5</u>	<u>8.56</u>	<u>8,446</u>	<u>15.2</u>	<u>23.1</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	8.6	77.8	4.89	2,354		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.3	79.2	6.34	2,067		
Composite of Fractions	<u>9.9</u>	<u>78.0</u>	<u>5.08</u>	<u>2,316</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.8	3.14	11,583		

TABLE B-9. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING DIRECT TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Kittanning, Westmoreland County, Pa.

BCR Lot No. 2860

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	45.9	8.26	1.90	14,428	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	17.5	8.10	2.09	14,408	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	4.1	11.00	3.00	13,776	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.7	31.20	8.42	9,912	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	62.80	9.46	4,186	
Composite of Fractions	<u>71.8</u>	<u>10.90</u>	<u>2.44</u>	<u>13,908</u>	<u>94.2</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.5	27.80	6.87	10,604	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	11.4	78.60	5.07	1,944	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.2	67.00	29.10	3,284	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	12.3	81.00	5.18	1,666	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	3.8	65.40	36.40	3,428	
Composite of Fractions	<u>28.2</u>	<u>76.89</u>	<u>9.54</u>	<u>2,186</u>	<u>5.8</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	29.5	4.44	10,602	

TABLE B-10. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Kittanning, Westmoreland County, Pa.

BCR Lot No. 2860

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	45.9	8.26	1.90	14,428	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	17.5	8.10	2.09	14,408	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	4.1	11.00	3.00	13,776	
Composite of Fractions	<u>67.5</u>	<u>8.38</u>	<u>2.02</u>	<u>14,383</u>	<u>91.6</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.7	31.20	8.42	9,912	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	62.80	9.46	4,186	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.5	27.80	6.87	10,604	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	11.4	78.60	5.07	1,944	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.2	67.00	29.10	3,284	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	12.3	81.00	5.18	1,666	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	3.8	65.40	36.40	3,428	
Composite of Fractions	<u>32.5</u>	<u>73.37</u>	<u>9.48</u>	<u>2,750</u>	<u>8.4</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	29.5	4.44	10,602	

TABLE B-11. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Kittanning, Westmoreland County, Pa.

BCR Lot No. 2860

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	45.9	8.26	1.90	14,428		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	17.5	8.10	2.09	14,408		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	4.1	11.00	3.00	13,776		
Composite of Fractions	<u>67.5</u>	<u>8.38+</u>	<u>2.02</u>	<u>14,383</u>	<u>91.6</u>	<u>88.5</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.7	31.2	8.42	9,912		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	62.8	9.46	4,186		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.5	27.8	6.87	10,604		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.2	67.0	29.10	3,284		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	3.8	65.4	36.40	3,428		
Composite of Fractions	<u>8.8</u>	<u>55.90</u>	<u>21.19</u>	<u>5,309</u>	<u>4.4</u>	<u>11.5</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	11.4	78.6	5.07	1,944		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	12.3	81.0	5.18	1,666		
Composite of Fractions	<u>23.7</u>	<u>79.84</u>	<u>5.13</u>	<u>1,800</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	29.5	4.44	10,602		

TABLE B-12. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Kittanning, Westmoreland County, Pa.

BCR Lot No. 2860

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	45.9	8.26	1.90	14,428		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	17.5	8.10	2.09	14,408		
Composite of Fractions	<u>63.4</u>	<u>8.22</u>	<u>1.95</u>	<u>14,423</u>	<u>86.3</u>	<u>83.1</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	4.1	11.0	3.00	13,776		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.7	31.2	8.42	9,912		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.6	62.8	9.46	4,186		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.5	27.8	6.87	10,604		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.2	67.0	29.10	3,284		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	3.8	65.4	36.40	3,428		
Composite of Fractions	<u>12.9</u>	<u>41.65</u>	<u>15.41</u>	<u>8,000</u>	<u>9.7</u>	<u>16.9</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	11.4	78.6	5.07	1,944		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	12.3	81.0	5.18	1,666		
Composite of Fractions	<u>23.7</u>	<u>79.85</u>	<u>5.13</u>	<u>1,800</u>	<u>4.0</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	29.5	4.44	10,603		

TABLE B-13. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING DIRECT TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Freeport, Indiana County, Pa.

BCR Lot No. 2881

Conventional or <u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	46.6	8.21	1.28	14,231	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	18.2	8.35	1.36	14,230	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	9.8	10.80	1.44	13,824	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	5.5	46.10	1.94	7,785	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	4.4	66.40	2.88	4,388	
Composite of Fractions	<u>84.5</u>	<u>14.04</u>	<u>1.44</u>	<u>13,251</u>	<u>96.4</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	1.4	37.60	2.06	9,271	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	9.2	80.60	2.62	1,997	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.3	62.40	36.80	3,769	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	3.9	82.20	3.14	1,726	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	61.80	40.80	4,392	
Composite of Fractions	<u>15.5</u>	<u>75.92</u>	<u>5.09</u>	<u>2,728</u>	<u>3.6</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.6	2.01	11,620	

TABLE B-14. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Freeport, Indiana County, Pa.

BCR Lot No. 2881

<u>Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>	<u>Product, Weight Percent</u>	<u>Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis</u>			<u>Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value</u>
		<u>Ash</u>	<u>Total Sulfur</u>	<u>Calorific Value Btu/lb</u>	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	46.6	8.21	1.28	14,231	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	18.2	8.35	1.36	14,230	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	9.8	10.80	1.44	13,824	
Composite of Fractions	<u>74.6</u>	<u>8.58*</u>	<u>1.32</u>	<u>14,177</u>	<u>91.0</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	5.5	46.10	1.94	7,785	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	4.4	66.40	2.88	4,388	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	1.4	37.60	2.06	9,271	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	9.2	80.60	2.62	1,997	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.3	62.40	36.80	3,769	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	3.9	82.20	3.14	1,726	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	61.80	40.80	4,392	
Composite of Fractions	<u>25.4</u>	<u>67.81</u>	<u>4.02</u>	<u>4,111</u>	<u>9.0</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.6	2.01	11,620	

TABLE B-15. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Freeport, Indiana County, Penna.

BCR Lot No. 2881

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	46.6	8.21	1.28	14,231		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	18.2	8.35	1.36	14,230		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	9.8	10.80	1.44	13,824		
Composite of Fractions	<u>74.6</u>	<u>8.58⁺</u>	<u>1.32</u>	<u>14,177</u>	<u>91.0</u>	<u>85.8</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	5.5	46.10	1.94	7,785		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	4.4	66.40	2.88	4,388		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	1.4	37.60	2.06	9,271		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.3	62.40	36.80	3,769		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	61.80	40.80	4,392		
Composite of Fractions	<u>12.3</u>	<u>53.69</u>	<u>5.35</u>	<u>6,448</u>	<u>6.8</u>	<u>14.2</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	9.2	80.60	2.62	1,997		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	3.9	82.20	3.14	1,726		
Composite of Fractions	<u>13.1</u>	<u>81.08</u>	<u>2.77⁺</u>	<u>1,916</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.6	2.01	11,620		

TABLE B-16. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

B-148.

Coal Identification: Lower Freeport, Indiana County, Penna.

BCR Lot No. 2881

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	46.6	8.21	1.28	14,231		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	18.2	8.35	1.36	14,230		
Composite of Fractions	<u>64.8</u>	<u>8.25</u>	<u>1.30</u>	<u>14,231</u>	<u>79.3</u>	<u>74.6</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	9.8	10.80	1.44	13,824		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	5.5	46.10	1.94	7,785		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	4.4	66.40	2.88	4,388		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	1.4	37.60	2.06	9,271		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.3	62.40	36.80	3,769		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	61.80	40.80	4,392		
Composite of Fractions	<u>22.1</u>	<u>34.67</u>	<u>3.62</u>	<u>9,719</u>	<u>18.5</u>	<u>25.4</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	9.2	80.60	2.62	1,997		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	3.9	82.20	3.14	1,726		
Composite of Fractions	<u>13.1</u>	<u>81.08</u>	<u>2.77</u>	<u>1,916</u>	<u>2.2</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	23.6	2.01	11,621		

TABLE B-17. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING DIRECT TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Fort Scott, Rogers County, Oklahoma

BCR Lot No. 2889

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.0	6.51	3.44	13,962	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	39.2	5.12	3.58	14,144	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	7.0	8.85	5.30	13,482	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.3	34.70	7.02	8,718	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.5	71.40	5.20	2,532	
Composite of Fractions	<u>93.0</u>	<u>8.24</u>	<u>3.74</u>	<u>13,622</u>	<u>98.7</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.6	15.40	5.12	12,549	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	3.7	73.60	4.53	1,462	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	73.50	30.20	1,823	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.4	67.00	4.37	1,459	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.8	73.40	35.20	1,696	
Composite of Fractions	<u>7.0</u>	<u>67.26</u>	<u>9.89</u>	<u>2,464</u>	<u>1.3</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	12.37	4.17	12,841	

TABLE B-18. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Fort Scott, Rogers County, Oklahoma

BCR Lot No. 2889

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.0	6.51	3.44	13,962	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	39.2	5.12	3.58	14,144	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	7.0	8.85	5.30	13,482	
Composite of Fractions	<u>89.2</u>	<u>6.08</u>	<u>3.65</u>	<u>14,004</u>	<u>97.3</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.3	34.70	7.02	8,718	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.5	71.40	5.20	2,532	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.6	15.40	5.12	12,549	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	3.7	73.60	4.53	1,462	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	73.50	30.20	1,823	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.4	67.00	4.37	1,459	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.8	73.40	35.20	1,696	
Composite of Fractions	<u>10.8</u>	<u>64.30</u>	<u>8.46</u>	<u>3,233</u>	<u>2.7</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	12.37	4.17	12,841	

TABLE B-19. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Fort Scott, Rogers County, Oklahoma

BCR Lot No. 2889

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.0	6.51	3.44	13,962		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	39.2	5.12	3.58	14,144		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	7.0	8.85	5.30	13,482		
Composite of Fractions	<u>89.2</u>	<u>6.08</u>	<u>3.65</u>	<u>14,004</u>	<u>97.3</u>	<u>94.0</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.3	34.70	7.02	8,718		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.5	71.40	5.20	2,532		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.6	15.40	5.12	12,549		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	73.50	30.20	1,823		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.8	73.40	35.20	1,696		
Composite of Fractions	<u>5.7</u>	<u>57.60</u>	<u>12.01</u>	<u>4,818</u>	<u>2.1</u>	<u>6.0</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	3.7	73.60	4.53	1,462		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.4	67.00	4.37	1,459		
Composite of Fractions	<u>5.1</u>	<u>71.79</u>	<u>4.49</u>	<u>1,461</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	12.37	4.17	12,841		

TABLE B-20. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Fort Scott, Rogers County, Oklahoma

BCR Lot No. 2889

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.0	6.51	3.44	13,962		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	39.2	5.12	3.58	14,144		
Composite of Fractions	<u>82.2</u>	<u>5.85</u>	<u>3.51</u>	<u>14,049</u>	<u>89.9</u>	<u>86.6</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	7.0	8.85	5.30	13,482		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.3	34.70	7.02	8,718		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	2.5	71.40	5.20	2,532		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.6	15.40	5.12	12,549		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	73.50	30.20	1,823		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.8	73.40	35.20	1,696		
Composite of Fractions	<u>12.7</u>	<u>30.73</u>	<u>8.31</u>	<u>9,593</u>	<u>9.5</u>	<u>13.4</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	3.7	73.60	4.53	1,462		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	1.4	67.00	4.37	1,459		
Composite of Fractions	<u>5.1</u>	<u>71.79</u>	<u>4.49</u>	<u>1,461</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	12.37	4.17	12,841		

TABLE B-21. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING DIRECT TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Freeport, Butler County, Penna.

BCR Lot No. 2900

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.9	11.7	2.20	13,073	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	42.3	11.8	2.22	13,092	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	5.8	15.8	3.16	12,377	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	2.2	33.8	9.10	9,180	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	3.1	60.4	15.20	4,638	
Composite of Fractions	<u>97.3</u>	<u>14.04</u>	<u>2.84</u>	<u>12,683</u>	<u>99.0</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.3	18.8	4.41	11,874	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	1.1	64.6	14.20	3,994	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	60.4	41.00	3,234	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.1	56.3	16.40	5,286	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	62.4	42.20	2,870	
Composite of Fractions	2.7	57.71	25.33	4,512	1.0
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	15.22	3.45	12,462	

TABLE B-22. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Freeport, Butler County, Penna.

BCR Lot No. 2900

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.9	11.7	2.20	13,073	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	42.3	11.8	2.22	13,092	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	5.8	15.8	3.16	12,377	
Composite of Fractions	<u>92.0</u>	<u>12.00</u>	<u>2.27</u>	<u>13,038</u>	<u>96.2</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	2.2	33.8	9.10	9,180	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	3.1	60.4	15.20	4,638	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.3	18.8	4.41	11,874	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	1.1	64.6	14.20	3,994	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	60.4	41.00	3,234	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.1	56.3	16.40	5,286	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	62.4	42.20	2,870	
Composite of Fractions	<u>8.0</u>	<u>52.18</u>	<u>16.94</u>	<u>5,845</u>	<u>3.8</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	15.21 ⁺	3.44	12,463	

TABLE B-23. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Freeport, Butler County, Penna.

BCR Lot No. 2900

Conventional or <u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.9	11.7	2.20	13,073		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	42.3	11.8	2.22	13,092		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	5.8	15.8	3.16	12,377		
Composite of Fractions	<u>92.0</u>	<u>12.00</u>	<u>2.27</u>	<u>13,038</u>	<u>96.2</u>	<u>93.1</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	2.2	33.8	9.10	9,180		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	3.1	60.4	15.20	4,638		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.3	18.8	4.41	11,874		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	60.4	41.00	3,234		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	62.4	42.20	2,870		
Composite of Fractions	<u>6.8</u>	<u>50.11</u>	<u>17.39</u>	<u>6,152</u>	<u>3.4</u>	<u>6.9</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	1.1	64.6	14.20	3,994		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.1	56.3	16.40	5,286		
Composite of Fractions	<u>1.2</u>	<u>63.91</u>	<u>14.38</u>	<u>4,102</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	15.21 ⁺	3.44	12,463		

TABLE B-24. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Lower Freeport, Butler County, Penna.

BCR Lot No. 2900

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	43.9	11.7	2.20	13,073		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	42.3	11.8	2.22	13,092		
Composite of Fractions	<u>86.2</u>	<u>11.75</u>	<u>2.21</u>	<u>13,082</u>	<u>90.5</u>	<u>87.2</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	5.8	15.8	3.16	12,377		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	2.2	33.8	9.10	9,180		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	3.1	60.4	15.20	4,638		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.3	18.8	4.41	11,874		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	60.4	41.00	3,234		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	62.4	42.20	2,870		
Composite of Fractions	<u>12.6</u>	<u>34.31⁺</u>	<u>10.84</u>	<u>9,018</u>	<u>9.1</u>	<u>12.8</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	1.1	64.6	14.20	3,994		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.1	56.3	16.40	5,286		
Composite of Fractions	<u>1.2</u>	<u>63.91</u>	<u>14.38</u>	<u>4,102</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	15.22	3.44	12,462		

TABLE B-25. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING DIRECT TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Baxter, Crawford County, Kansas

BCR Lot No. 2926

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	27.2	10.50	2.92	13,544	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	46.0	9.66	3.06	13,689	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	18.9	11.00	3.71	13,410	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.1	35.50	10.40	9,266	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	3.5	63.40	13.80	3,072	
Composite of Fractions	<u>96.7</u>	<u>12.40</u>	<u>3.62</u>	<u>13,159</u>	<u>99.2</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.4	14.60	4.40	12,877	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	1.2	68.00	7.36	1,276	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	65.20	37.80	2,484	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.5	68.60	4.72	1,168	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	67.00	39.80	2,601	
Composite of Fractions	<u>3.3</u>	<u>60.87</u>	<u>17.97</u>	<u>3,123</u>	<u>0.8</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	14.00	4.09	12,828	

TABLE B-26. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Baxter, Crawford County, Kansas

BCR Lot No. 2926

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	27.2	10.50	2.92	13,544	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	46.0	9.66	3.06	13,689	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	18.9	11.00	3.71	13,410	
Composite of Fractions	<u>92.1</u>	<u>10.18</u>	<u>3.15</u>	<u>13,589</u>	<u>97.6</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.1	35.5	10.40	9,266	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	3.5	63.4	13.80	3,072	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.4	14.6	4.40	12,877	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	1.2	68.0	7.36	1,276	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	65.2	37.80	2,484	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.5	68.6	4.72	1,168	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	67.0	39.80	2,601	
Composite of Fractions	<u>7.9</u>	<u>58.46</u>	<u>15.07</u>	<u>3,956</u>	<u>2.4</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	13.99 ⁺	4.09	12,828	

TABLE B-27. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Baxter, Crawford County, Kansas

BCR Lot No. 2926

Conventional or <u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	27.2	10.50	2.92	13,544		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	46.0	9.66	3.06	13,689		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	18.9	11.00	3.71	13,410		
Composite of Fractions	<u>92.1</u>	<u>10.18</u>	<u>3.15</u>	<u>13,589</u>	<u>97.5</u>	<u>93.7</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.1	35.5	10.40	9,266		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	3.5	63.4	13.80	3,072		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.4	14.6	4.40	12,877		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	65.2	37.80	2,484		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	67.0	39.80	2,601		
Composite of Fractions	<u>6.2</u>	<u>55.80</u>	<u>17.40</u>	<u>4,699</u>	<u>2.3</u>	<u>6.3</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	1.2	68.0	7.36	1,276		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.5	68.6	4.72	1,168		
Composite of Fractions	<u>1.7</u>	<u>68.18</u>	<u>6.58</u>	<u>1,244</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	13.99	4.09	12,828		

TABLE B-28. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Baxter, Crawford County, Kansas

BCR Lot No. 2926

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	27.2	10.50	2.92	13,544		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	46.0	9.66	3.06	13,689		
Composite of Fractions	<u>73.2</u>	<u>9.97</u>	<u>3.01</u>	<u>13,635</u>	<u>77.8</u>	<u>74.5</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	18.9	11.0	3.71	13,410		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.1	35.5	10.40	9,266		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	3.5	63.4	13.80	3,072		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	0.4	14.6	4.40	12,877		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.7	65.2	37.80	2,484		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.5	67.0	39.80	2,601		
Composite of Fractions	<u>25.1</u>	<u>22.06⁺</u>	<u>7.09</u>	<u>11,258</u>	<u>22.0</u>	<u>25.5</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	1.2	68.0	7.36	1,276		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	0.5	68.6	4.72	1,168		
Composite of Fractions	<u>1.7</u>	<u>68.18</u>	<u>6.58</u>	<u>1,244</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	13.99 ⁺	4.09 ⁺	12,828		

TABLE B-29. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING DIRECT TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Clements, Walker County, Alabama

BCR Lot No. 2928

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	31.5	9.99	1.40	13,659	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	34.0	8.02	1.88	13,946	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	12.7	11.40	2.81	13,376	
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.6	41.20	3.83	8,262	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	1.9	77.30	2.10	2,207	
Composite of Fractions	<u>81.7</u>	<u>11.57</u>	<u>1.88</u>	<u>13,362</u>	<u>97.2</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	1.1	28.3	3.53	10,504	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	13.5	83.3	1.50	1,167	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.2	70.3	30.60	3,336	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	3.2	84.9	1,84	888	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.3	68.5	35.80	2,876	
Composite of Fractions	<u>18.3</u>	<u>79.89</u>	<u>2.56</u>	<u>1,731</u>	<u>2.8</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	24.07	2.00 ⁺	11,234	

TABLE B-30. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL TWO-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Clements, Walker County, Alabama

BCR Lot No. 2928

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb	
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	31.5	9.99	1.40	13,659	
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	34.0	8.02	1.88	13,946	
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	12.7	11.40	2.81	13,376	
Composite of Fractions	<u>78.2</u>	<u>9.36</u>	<u>1.84</u>	<u>13,738</u>	<u>95.6</u>
<u>Refuse</u>					
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.6	41.2	3.83	8,262	
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	1.9	77.3	2.10	2,207	
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	1.1	28.3	3.53	10,504	
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	13.5	83.3	1.50	1,167	
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.2	70.3	30.60	3,336	
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	3.2	84.9	1.84	888	
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.3	68.5	35.80	2,876	
Composite of Fractions	<u>21.8</u>	<u>76.82</u>	<u>2.61⁺</u>	<u>2,252</u>	<u>4.4</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	24.07	2.01	11,234	

TABLE B-31. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING CONVENTIONAL THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Clements, Walker County, Alabama

BCR Lot No. 2928

Conventional or Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	31.5	9.99	1.40	13,659		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	34.0	8.02	1.88	13,946		
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	12.7	11.40	2.81	13,376		
Composite of Fractions	<u>78.2</u>	<u>9.36</u>	<u>1.84</u>	<u>13,738</u>	<u>95.6</u>	<u>93.9</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.6	41.2	3.83	8,262		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	1.9	77.3	2.10	2,207		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	1.1	28.3	3.53	10,504		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.2	70.3	30.60	3,336		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.3	68.5	35.80	2,876		
Composite of Fractions	<u>5.1</u>	<u>54.61</u>	<u>6.05</u>	<u>5,980</u>	<u>2.7</u>	<u>6.1</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	13.5	83.3	1.50	1,167		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	3.2	84.9	1.84	888		
Composite of Fractions	<u>16.7</u>	<u>83.61</u>	<u>1.57</u>	<u>1,114</u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	24.07	2.01	11,234		

TABLE B-32. POTENTIAL COMBUSTION USE OF SELECTED COAL FRACTIONS
USING "UNCONVENTIONAL" THREE-SPLIT SEPARATION

Coal Identification: Clements, Walker County, Alabama

BCR Lot No. 2928

	Product, Weight Percent	Chemical Analysis, Weight Percent, Dry Basis			Composite Wt. % of Available Calorific Value	% of Total Usable Product
		Ash	Total Sulfur	Calorific Value Btu/lb		
<u>Low Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone A (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	31.5	9.99	1.40	13,659		
Zone B (assumed 1.60 Fl.)	34.0	8.02	1.88	13,946		
Composite of Fractions	<u>65.5</u>	<u>8.97</u>	<u>1.65</u>	<u>13,808</u>	<u>80.5</u>	<u>78.6</u>
<u>High Sulfur Combustor Feedstock</u>						
Zone C, 1.60 Fl.	12.7	11.4	2.81	13,376		
Zone C, 1.60 x 1.90	1.6	41.2	3.83	8,262		
Zone C, 1.90 Sk.	1.9	77.3	2.10	2,207		
Zone D, 1.90 Fl.	1.1	28.3	3.53	10,504		
Zone D, 2.95 Sk.	0.2	70.3	30.60	3,336		
Zone E, 2.95 Sk.	0.3	68.5	35.80	2,876		
Composite of Fractions	<u>17.8</u>	<u>23.78</u>	<u>3.74</u>	<u>11,257</u>	<u>17.8</u>	<u>21.4</u>
<u>Refuse</u>						
Zone D, 1.90 x 2.95	13.5	83.3	1.50	1,167		
Zone E, 2.95 Fl.	3.2	84.9	1.84	888		
Composite of Fractions	<u>16.7</u>	<u>83.61</u>	<u>1.57</u>	<u>1,114</u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u>-</u>
Composite of Table Fractions	100.0	24.07	2.01	11,234		

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BCR Report L-464