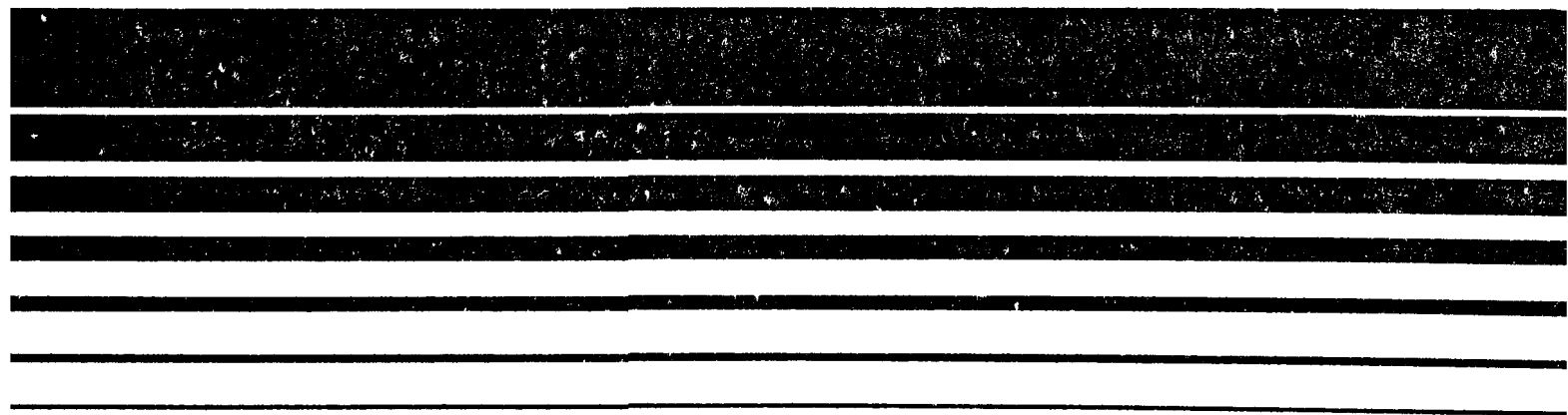


Air



Benzene Fugitive Leaks Coke Oven By-Product Plants

Emission Test Report Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Corporation Monessen, Pennsylvania



EMISSION TEST REPORT
FUGITIVE EMISSIONS TESTING
AT THE
WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL
MONESSEN PLANT

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of testing for fugitive VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds) and benzene emissions at the Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel plant in Monessen, Pennsylvania. The testing was performed by Radian Corporation on November 24 through December 5, 1980.

This work was funded and administered by the Emission Measurement Branch of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under Contract No. 68-02-3542. The results of this testing may be used in support of a National Emissions Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants for benzene from coke oven by-products recovery units in steel mills.

Potential sources of fugitive benzene emissions in the by-product unit were screened with a portable hydrocarbon detector to estimate the frequency of leak occurrence. The liquid and vapor benzene emission rates were measured by collecting and analyzing samples from leaking fittings. Also, liquid samples were obtained from process lines to provide data on the proportion of benzene in process lines relative to the proportion of benzene in the vapor emitted from fittings on those lines.

The following sections present a summary of results, a description of the process configuration, the testing methodology, and QA/QC procedures. Example calculations and a full listing of data and other supplemental information are included in the appendices.

SECTION 2

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

This section presents a summary of the fugitive emission data gathered at the Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel plant in Monessen. All data are presented in the form of original data sheets in Appendix B.

The plant screening results are presented in Table 2-1. This table presents the distribution of OVA readings for each source type.

The results of the baggable sampling are presented in Table 2-2. The mass emission rates are presented in pounds per day for each source in terms of both benzene and nonmethane hydrocarbons. Mass emission rates are also presented in terms of vapor phase and liquid phase emission rate. Each source was rescreened immediately before and after bagging. The average of these two values is also presented in Table 2-2 for both the OVA and the TLV.

A comparison of the benzene concentration in vapor-phase and total emissions with the benzene concentrations in the liquid lines is presented in Table 2-3. The benzene concentration in the vapor-phase leak and the total leak (vapor plus liquid) is expressed as a ratio of the benzene emission rate to non-methane hydrocarbon emission rate, since bag samples are diluted with air.

TABLE 2-1. OVA SCREENING VALUE DISTRIBUTION: WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL MONESSEN PLANT

OVA Screening Value (PPMV)	Flanges		Threaded Fittings		Valves		Pump Seals		Exhausters	
	# ^a	% ^b	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
0 to 199	25	100.0	28	100.0	85	97.7	6	50.0	4	100.0
200 to 9,999	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	16.7	0	0.0
> = 10,000	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	2.3	4	33.3	0	0.0
Total Sources Screened ^c	25	100.0	28	100.0	87	100.0	12	100.0	4	100.0

a) # - number of sources in each category

b) % - percent of total sources screened

c) An additional 14 valves were included on the screening data sheets but were not actually screened with the OVA because of inaccessibility

TABLE 2-2. SUMMARY OF BENZENE AND NONMETHANE HYDROCARBON LEAK RATES (LBS/HR) FROM
SAMPLED SOURCES: WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL MONESSEN PLANT

	Sampling Date	Source ID	Mean OVA Screening Value ^a	Mean TLV Screening Value ^a	Benzene Leak Rates			Nonmethane-HC Leak Rates		
					Vapor	Liquid	Total	Vapor	Liquid	Total
Block Valves	12/04/80	18	1250	530	0.000021	0.000000	0.000021	0.000135	0.000000	0.000135
Pumps	12/04/80	139-I ^b	50000	5900	. ^c	0.565700	.	0.142887	1.413000	1.555887
		139-Ø	11000	4850	.	0.000000	.	0.093284	0.000000	0.093284
	12/05/80	98-I	3500	3800	0.054684	0.000000	0.054684	0.065151	0.000000	0.065151
		139-I ^d	3000	3850	0.091357	0.563360	0.654717	0.083309	1.407000	1.490309
		141-I	325	550	0.000874	0.000000	0.000874	0.000971	0.000000	0.000971
		98-Ø	27500	10001	0.153253	0.128556	0.281809	0.157413	0.164056	0.321469
		117-Ø	7515	9601	0.037533	0.000000	0.037533	0.039802	0.000000	0.039802
		131-Ø	5250	6850	0.106385	0.162920	0.269305	0.117251	0.207690	0.324941
		139-Ø ^d	1500	2050	0.057614	0.000000	0.057614	0.074159	0.000000	0.074159

a) Average of before and after sampling screening values (given in Appendix B-2)

b) I denotes inboard seal and Ø denotes outboard seal of a pump with two seals

c) This symbol denotes that no data was taken in that category

d) Sources 139-I and 139-Ø were sampled twice because of incomplete data on first set of samples

TABLE 2-3. COMPARISON OF BENZENE CONTENT IN EMISSIONS AND IN LIQUID LINES:
WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL MONESSEN PLANT

Line	Temp (°F)	Press (psig)	Wt% Benzene in Line	Source ID	Wt% Benzene in ^a Vapor Leak	Wt% Benzene ^b in Total Leak
Scrubber "A" Effluent	160	42	39.4	18	17 ^c	17 ^c
				139-I ^d	109 ^e	44
				139-Ø	78	78
Scrubber "B" Effluent	160	34	0.97	141-I	83	83
Rectifier Bottoms	130	20	85.1	98-I	84	84
				98-Ø	97	88
Crude Light Oil	50	20	77.3	117-Ø	94	94
				131-Ø	91	83

a) Weight percent benzene in the vapor = $\frac{\text{Vapor mass emissions of benzene}}{\text{Vapor mass emissions of NMHC}} \times 100$

b) Weight percent benzene in the total leak = $\frac{\text{Total mass emissions of benzene}}{\text{Total mass emissions of NMHC}} \times 100$

c) Ambient sample benzene concentration was high relative to sample benzene concentration

d) I denotes inboard seal, Ø denotes outboard seal of a pump with two seals

e) Analysis of benzene and NMHC were performed on separate instruments; this sample was probably almost pure benzene

SECTION 3

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

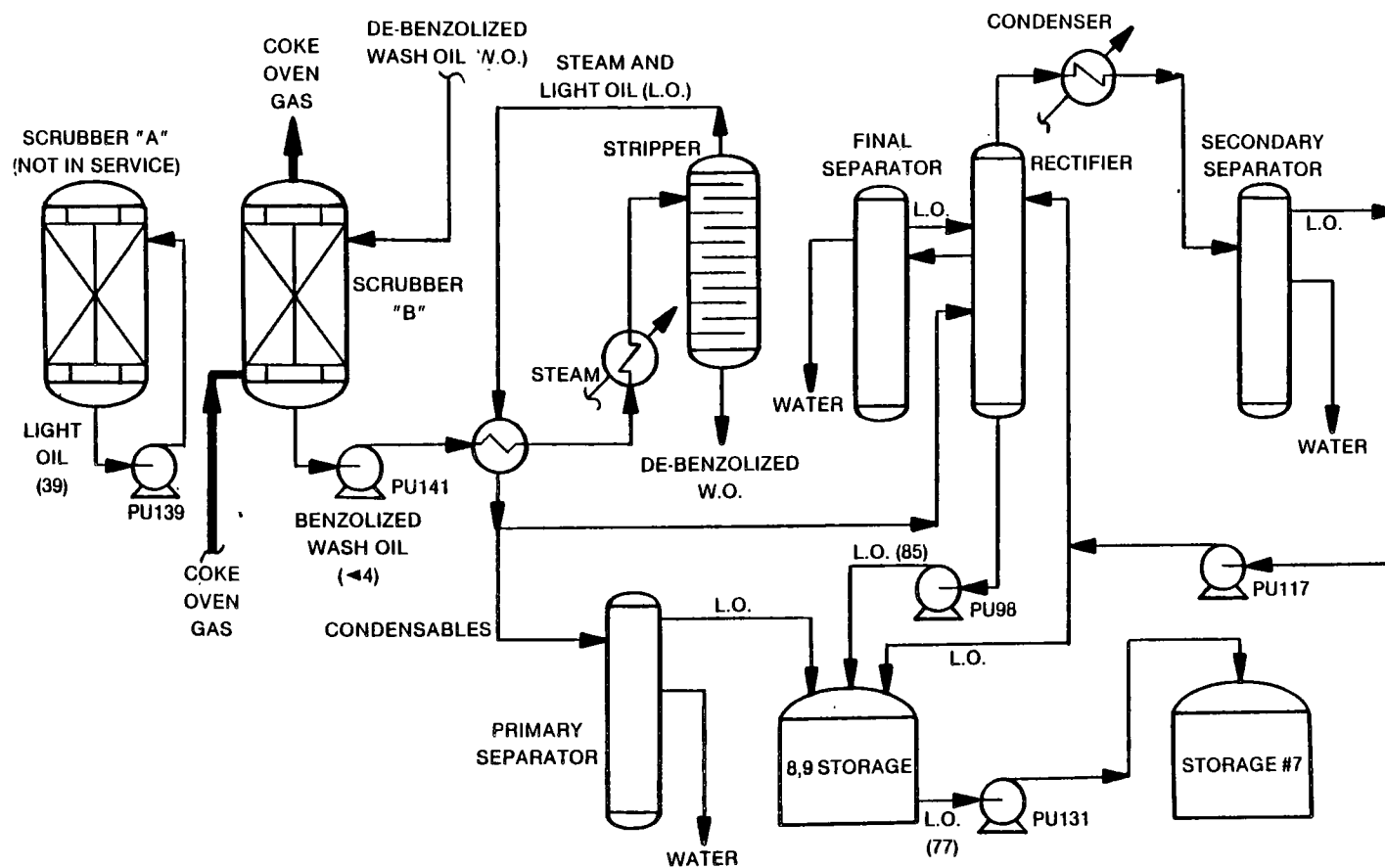
The Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Monessen plant operates with a wash oil absorption system to recover light oil from the coke oven gas. The crude light oil product is sent outside of the plant for refining.

During the testing period, the coke ovens were producing 560 tons per day of coke and 8.27 MMSCFD of coke oven gas. The light oil recovery unit was recovering 2,730 gallons per day of crude light oil.

A simplified flow diagram for the plant is shown in Figure 3-1. The light oil recovery unit normally operates with two wash oil scrubbers in series. During the testing period, however, only one scrubber was in service. The other scrubber was being flushed with a cleaning oil containing about 39 weight percent benzene.

The benzolized wash oil from the scrubber is stripped with steam to separate the light oil from the wash oil. The light oil then goes to a rectifier. The rectifier splits the light oil into two fractions, and was formerly used as one step towards refining. Currently, the rectifier overhead is recombined with the rectifier bottoms, after the overhead is condensed and the water is removed in the secondary separator. Condensables from the stripper overhead go to the primary separator for water removal then are also recombined with the crude light oil.

Fugitive emissions testing was to be performed in all areas of the plant with at least 4 weight percent benzene. This included the scrubber cleaning oil, the stripper overhead, condensables, and light oil product.



- Numbers following the letters VA and PU are source ID numbers for valves and pumps, respectively, from which fugitive emissions were detected.
- Numbers in parentheses are the weight percent benzene in that line.

Figure 3-1. Light Oil Recovery unit, Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel.

The benzolized wash oil line and exhausters were also screened, although these contained less than 4 percent benzene. The exhausters are upstream from light oil recovery on the coke oven gas line, and are not shown in Figure 3-1.

SECTION 4

METHODOLOGY

The fugitive emissions testing at the Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel Monessen plant included both "screening" and "bagging" operations. Screening is a generic term covering any quick portable method of detecting fugitive emissions. Bagging refers to a quantitative emission measurement achieved by enclosing the source in a Mylar® shroud and analyzing an equilibrium flow of air through the enclosure.

4.1 SCREENING PROCEDURES

Screening was done according to the procedures specified in EPA's Method 21, a copy of which may be found in Appendix A-2. The instrument used in performing this screening was the Century Systems Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA) Model 108. Method 21 requires the results of the screening to be recorded (as specified in the applicable regulation) only if the leak definition is met or exceeded. Since this effort was more oriented to standards development than to regulatory monitoring, the exact screening value was recorded for all sources.

The screening methods were used to survey every accessible valve and pump, and a portion of the valves, on lines handling at least 4 weight percent benzene. Only one-third of the flanges were screened because of their large population. Exhausters were also screened, although they are not in the light oil recovery section of the plant and the coke oven gas they handle contains less than 4 weight percent benzene. Exhausters were included because they can potentially have high emissions.

The survey was conducted on a line-by-line basis with plant flow diagrams to ensure that no sources were missed and to group sources subject to similar

process conditions. Plant personnel corroborated the identification of process lines and supplied data that was not otherwise immediately available, such as the composition and phase of the material in the line.

Fourteen sources were not screened due to either physical inaccessibility or safety problems which prevented close approach, but these sources were recorded on the data sheets to insure that a complete source inventory was obtained. All leaking valves, pump seals, and exhaustor seals were tagged with their respective ID numbers and were subsequently bagged.

4.2 SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Bagging procedures were carried out according to methods developed in previous refinery testing. Before and after a source was sampled, it was again screened. This time, however, a J.W. Bacharach "TLV Sniffer" (TLV) was used in addition to the OVA. The OVA uses a flame ionization detector and has a quick response time that makes it ideal for the initial screening. The TLV uses a catalytic oxidation detector and has a slower response than the OVA.

The leaking area of the source was completely enclosed in a shroud of Mylar® plastic to contain any emissions. Mylar® is well suited to this function, because it does not absorb significant amounts of hydrocarbons and has a high melting point (250°C). The enclosures were kept as small as possible, generally less than one cubic foot in volume except for enclosures of exhaustor seals. A small enclosure provided a more effective seal, minimized the time required to make the enclosure and reach steady-state conditions, and minimized the condensation of heavy hydrocarbons within the enclosure.

The enclosure was connected to the sampling train shown in Figure 4-1. The sampling train included a cold trap, a dry gas meter, and a vacuum pump. The vacuum pump induced a flow of air, plus any fugitive emissions contained

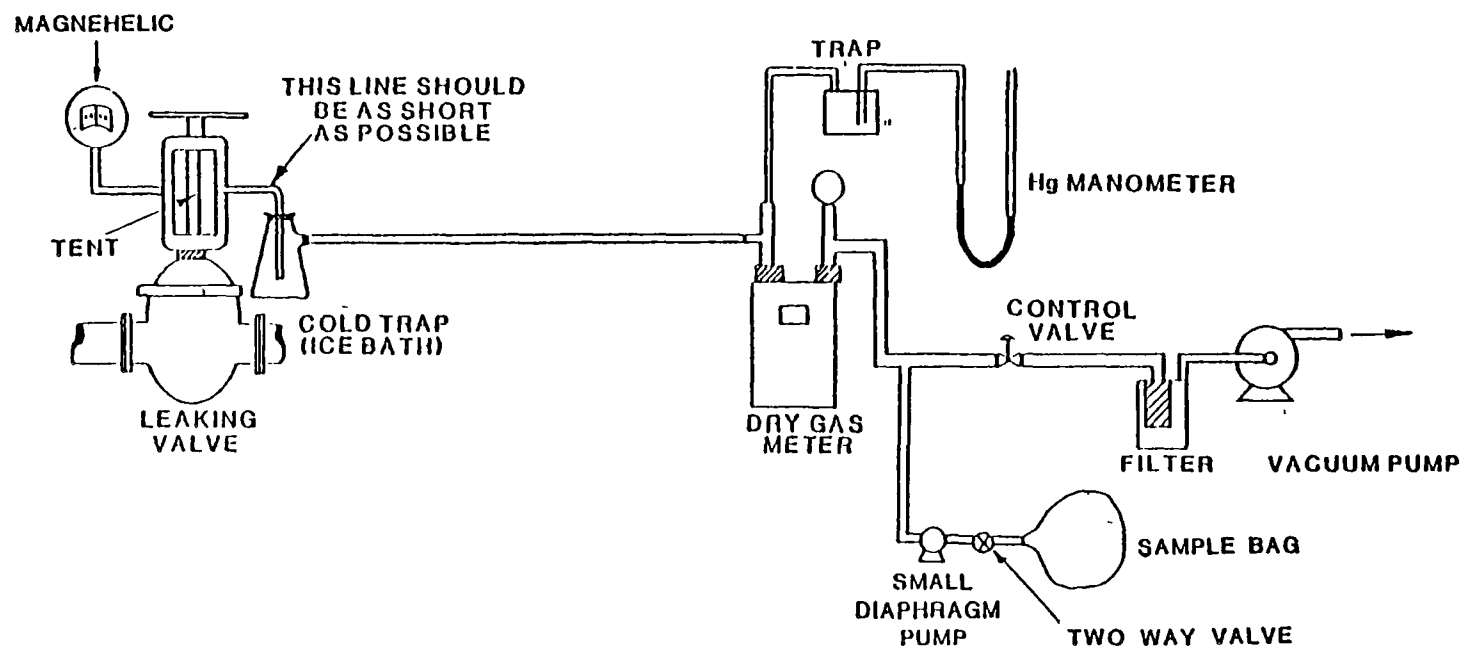


Figure 4-1. Sampling train for baggable source of Hydrocarbon emissions.

within the enclosure, through the sampling train. A magnehelic connected to the enclosure with a short piece of latex tubing was used to ensure that a slight, but measurable, vacuum was maintained within the enclosure. A slight vacuum prevented fugitive emissions from leaking out of the enclosure.

The cold trap was used to condense water and heavy organics that might otherwise condense downstream in lines and equipment. This trap consisted of a 500 ml flask in an ice bath. No condensate was observed at the Monessen plant; however, if an organic condensate were collected, it would be measured, analyzed, and included in calculating the total leak rate.

Downstream from the cold trap, a dry gas meter measured the volume of gas that passed through the sampling train. By measuring the volume of gas during a known period of time, it was possible to calculate the dry gas flow rate. The gas flow rate could be varied, and the maximum flow rate achievable was about 2.5 cubic feet per minute. The temperature and pressure of the gas were measured to allow a conversion to standard conditions.

When sufficient time had passed to allow the system to reach steady-state (generally, 4 minutes was more than adequate for an enclosure of 1 cubic foot), a Tedlar® sampling bag was filled from the discharge of the small Teflon®-lined diaphragm pump. A second Tedlar® bag was filled with a sample of ambient air near the enclosure. The two samples were then taken to the mobile lab on the plant grounds for analysis.

Liquid leak rates were estimated by capturing the liquid in a watchglass and measuring the volume collected over a known period of time. Samples of each liquid leak and of the liquids from process lines were taken back to the laboratory for benzene analysis. Sample bottles were filled to the brim to minimize any vapor overhead space that would allow the benzene in the liquid sample to become dispersed between two phases.

4.3 ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

To quantify the VOC emissions from the bagged sources, the concentration of total hydrocarbon and also that of benzene were determined using gas chromatographic procedures. Primary analysis of fugitive volatile organic compounds (VOC) was performed on a Byron 301C Total Hydrocarbon Analyzer (THC). The THC has an upper detection limit of 20,000 ppmv. Dilutions of more concentrated samples were made with a 1.5 liter gas-tight syringe.

Methane calibrations were carried out daily on the THC with an 8000 ppmv methane/air standard. Nonmethane hydrocarbon calibrations were also carried out daily on the THC with a 713 ppmw NBS propane standard.

Analyses for benzene were performed on a Hewlett Packard 5730A Dual FID Gas Chromatograph. Dual gas samples were introduced simultaneously onto separate columns with a Valco 10 port Hastalloy C multiport valve installed immediately forward of the GC syringe injection ports. Peak integrations were compiled on two Hewlett Packard 3380A electronic integrators. Liquid samples were analyzed by normal syringe injection techniques using benzene as an external standard.

The columns and conditions used for the benzene analyses are listed below:

- 1/8" OD, 2 mm ID, 15 feet, 5% SP-2100/1.75% Benton 34 on 100/120 mesh Supelcoport.
- 1/8" OD, 2 mm ID, 15 feet, 10% TCEP on 100/120 mesh Chromosorb P acid washed.
- N₂ carrier at 30 ml/min.
- Isothermal at 110°C.

The instrument was calibrated daily with a 5571 ppmw benzene in air standard. Single analyses were done simultaneously on the two different columns after calibration.

SECTION 5
QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE

5.1 QUALITY CONTROL FOR SCREENING PROCEDURES

The screening was done with three different instruments in use at various times in the Monessen Plant. These included two Century Systems Organic Vapor Analyzers (Model OVA-108) and one J. W. Bacharach Instrument Company "TLV Sniffer". The corresponding instrument identification numbers are given below:

<u>Device Type</u>	<u>Assigned ID Number</u>
OVA	2
OVA	3
TLV	4

The OVA and TLV instruments were calibrated each day they were used. Standards of 90 ppmv and 1990 ppmv hexane in air were used to obtain a two point calibration on the TLV; 7990 ppmv methane in air was used to calibrate the OVA. Before a recalibration was made each day, the values obtained from the instrument were recorded. This served two purposes:

- a check for instrument damage or malfunction, and
- a rough check of the stability of the daily calibration.

In addition to the high (and low for TLV) standard calibrations, a dilution probe was occasionally attached to the instrument and another reading was taken. The probe was set at 10:1 dilution of the high standard concentration. The calibration data is summarized in Table 5-1.

TABLE 5-1. CALIBRATION CHECKING OF OVA AND TLV

Date	OVA 2		OVA 3		TLV 4		
	High Stand.,ppmv ^a	Dil Probe,ppmv ^b	High Stand.,ppmv ^a	Dil Probe,ppmv ^t	Low Stand,ppmv ^c	High Stand,ppmv ^d	Dil Probe,ppmv ^e
11/24/80	5000	650					
11/25	5000	750					
11/26	6500						
12/01	5000				40	1400	200
12/02	5800				90	2200	400
12/03					280	1900	520
12/04			6200	1500	60	2400	420
12/05			9500	1000	60	1950	900

Footnotes:

- a OVA calibration standard contained 7990 ppmv methane in air
- b OVA reading with dilution probe should be 800 ppmv
- c TLV low calibration standard contained 90 ppmv hexane in air
- d TLV high calibration standard contained 1990 ppmv hexane in air
- e TLV reading with dilution probe should be about 200 ppmv

The calibration checking results do indicate some significant drift. It should be noted, however, that these readings are taken in the morning before calibration and not at the close of the screening day. It is likely that most of the calibration drift occurs due to the overnight shutdown and recharge rather than during the days screening. The phenomenon of calibration drift over a shutdown and re-start has been observed in other studies.

5.2 QUALITY CONTROL FOR ANALYTICAL AND SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Quality control procedures were implemented to insure accurate, consistent, and unbiased analytical and sampling techniques during the project. The procedures discussed in this section include:

- blind standards
- accuracy checks

5.2.1 BLIND STANDARDS

Standard materials were prepared and submitted to the analyst without divulging the concentration of benzene or hexane present in order to evaluate the quality of data generated by the Byron 301C Total Hydrocarbon Analyzer (THC) and the HP5703A Dual FID Gas Chromatograph. Blind standards were implemented in two separate analyses. A gaseous hexane standard was used to verify the gaseous fugitive emissions and a liquid benzene standard was used to verify the liquid leak and liquid line samples.

A 263 ppm hexane standard was implemented to demonstrate the precision and accuracy of the analysis of bag samples by the Byron THC. Table 5-2 lists the data from blind hexane standard analyses. The difference between the prepared and measured concentration is shown as the percent difference. The percent difference is calculated as follows:

$$\% \text{ Diff} = (\text{Prepared} - \text{Measured Concentration}) \times 100 / \text{Prepared Concentration}$$

The % Difference mean and standard deviation are -2.16% and 7.76% respectively, indicating no significant bias in the THC analysis.

TABLE 5-2. BLIND STANDARDS DATA LISTING

Instr.	Date	Gas Type	Prepared	Measured	Diff.	Percent Diff
THC	12/02/80	Hexane	263.0	284.3	-21.3	-8.099
THC	12/02/80	Hexane	263.0	241.9	21.1	8.023
THC	12/02/80	Hexane	263.0	272.7	-9.7	-3.688
THC	12/02/80	Hexane	263.0	293.0	-30.0	-11.407
Average:						-2.16%
Standard Deviation:						7.76%

A 63.1% benzene liquid standard was used to verify the accuracy of the gas chromatographic analysis of liquid leaks and line samples. Table 5-3 indicates that the amount of benzene found was 1.9% less than the concentration at which it was prepared, indicating no significant bias in the analysis.

TABLE 5-3. LIQUID BLIND STANDARD ANALYSIS RESULTS

Standard I.D.	Actual % Benzene	Measured % Benzene
Pu 69	63.1	61.9

In addition to the blind standard materials analysis, a selected number of liquid leak and line samples were analyzed by GC/MS to confirm that the amounts of benzene found by GC were only benzene and were not any coeluting compounds. Analysis of four samples on each of two columns, as depicted graphically in Figures 5-1 through 5-8, demonstrates that there were no other compounds present with the same retention time as benzene.

5.2.2 ACCURACY CHECKS

Accuracy checks were used to evaluate the overall accuracy of the sampling and analysis techniques. It basically involves inducing a known flow rate of a concentrated calibration gas into the sampling system and taking a bag sample of the diluted calibration gas at the exit of the system. Analysis of the bag

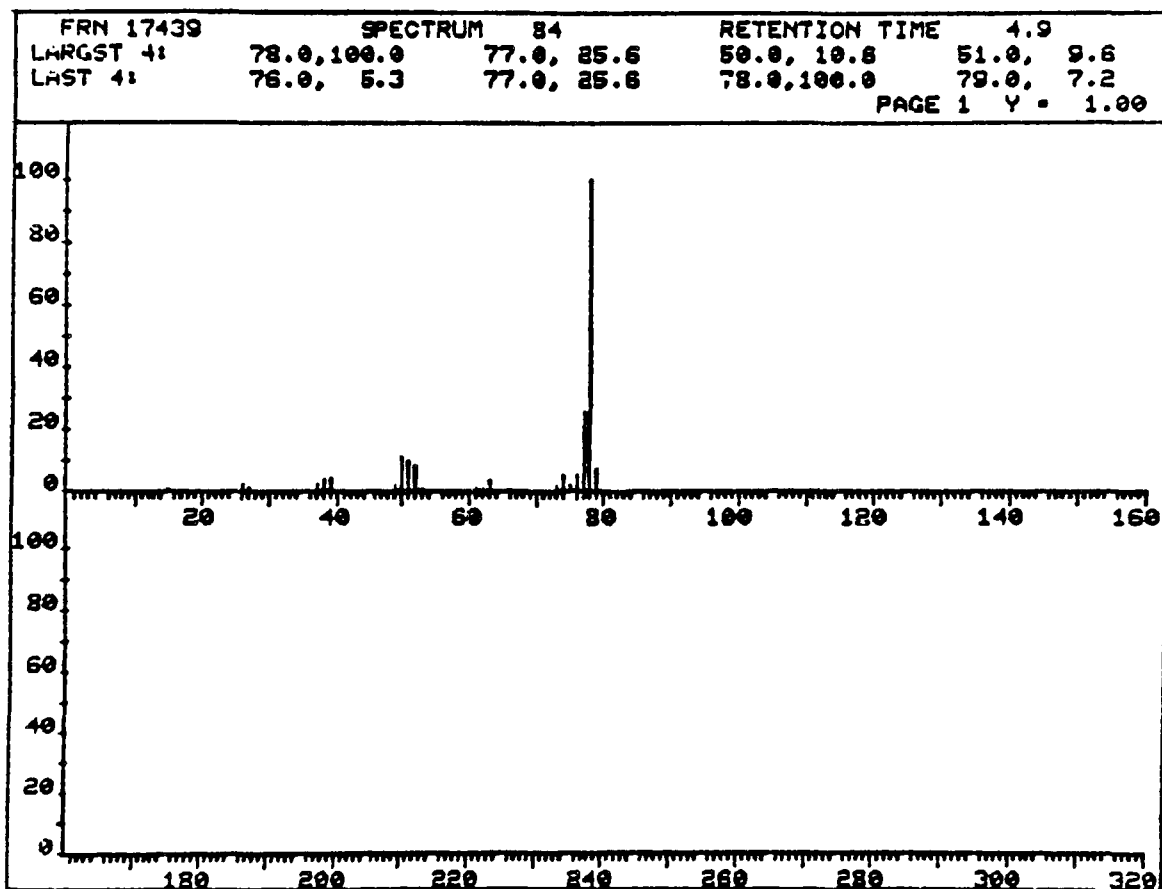


Figure 5-1. Mass spectrum of light oil from the separator on SP-2100/Bentone.

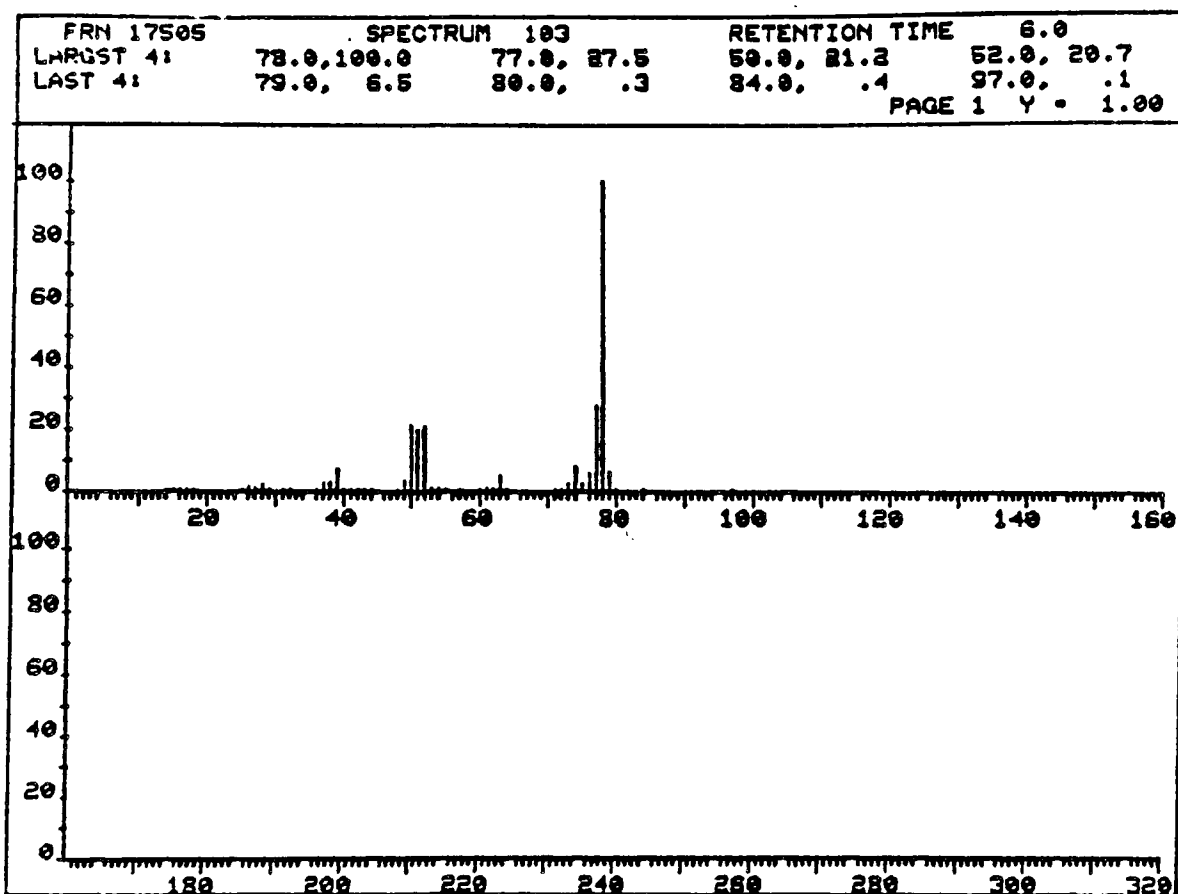


Figure 5-2. Mass spectrum of light oil from the separator on TCEP.

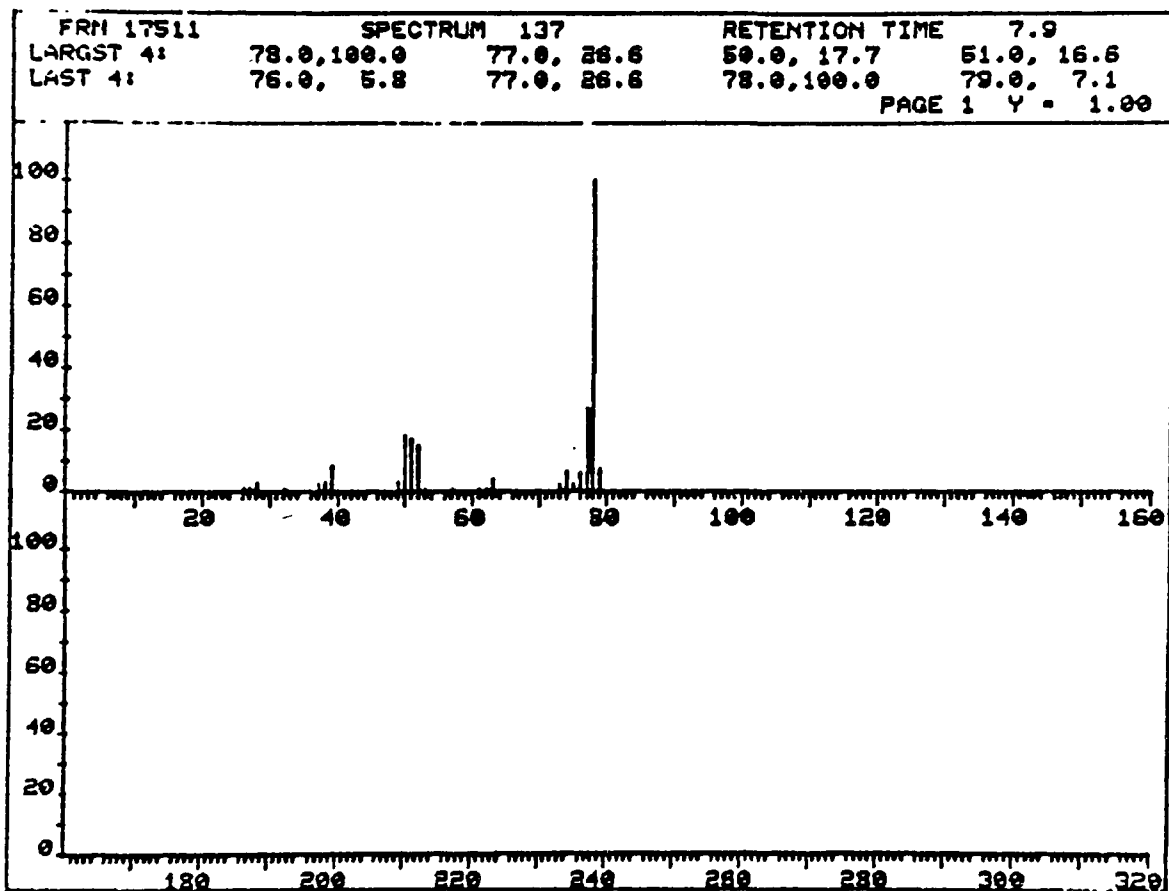


Figure 5-3. Mass spectrum of liquid leak from PU-139 on TCEP.

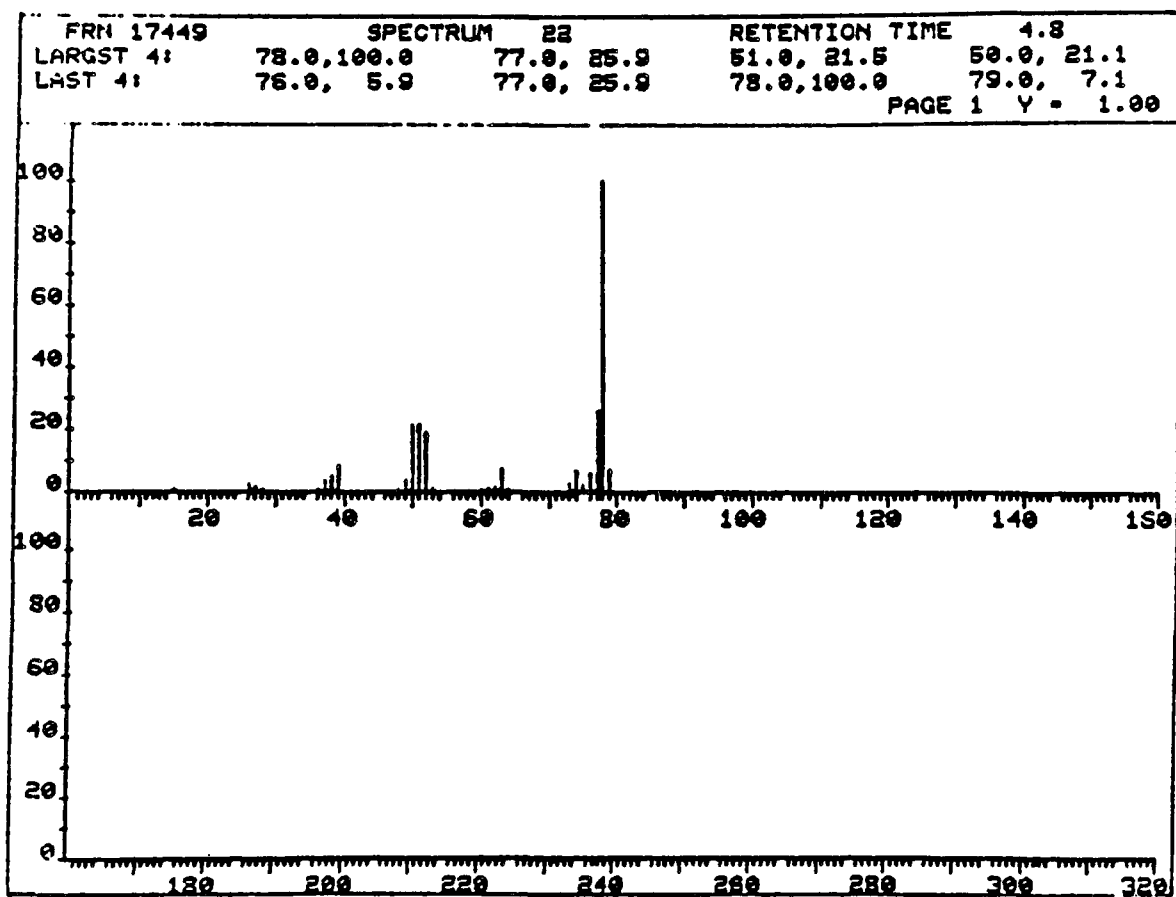


Figure 5-4. Mass spectrum of liquid leak from PU-139 on SP-2100/Bentone.

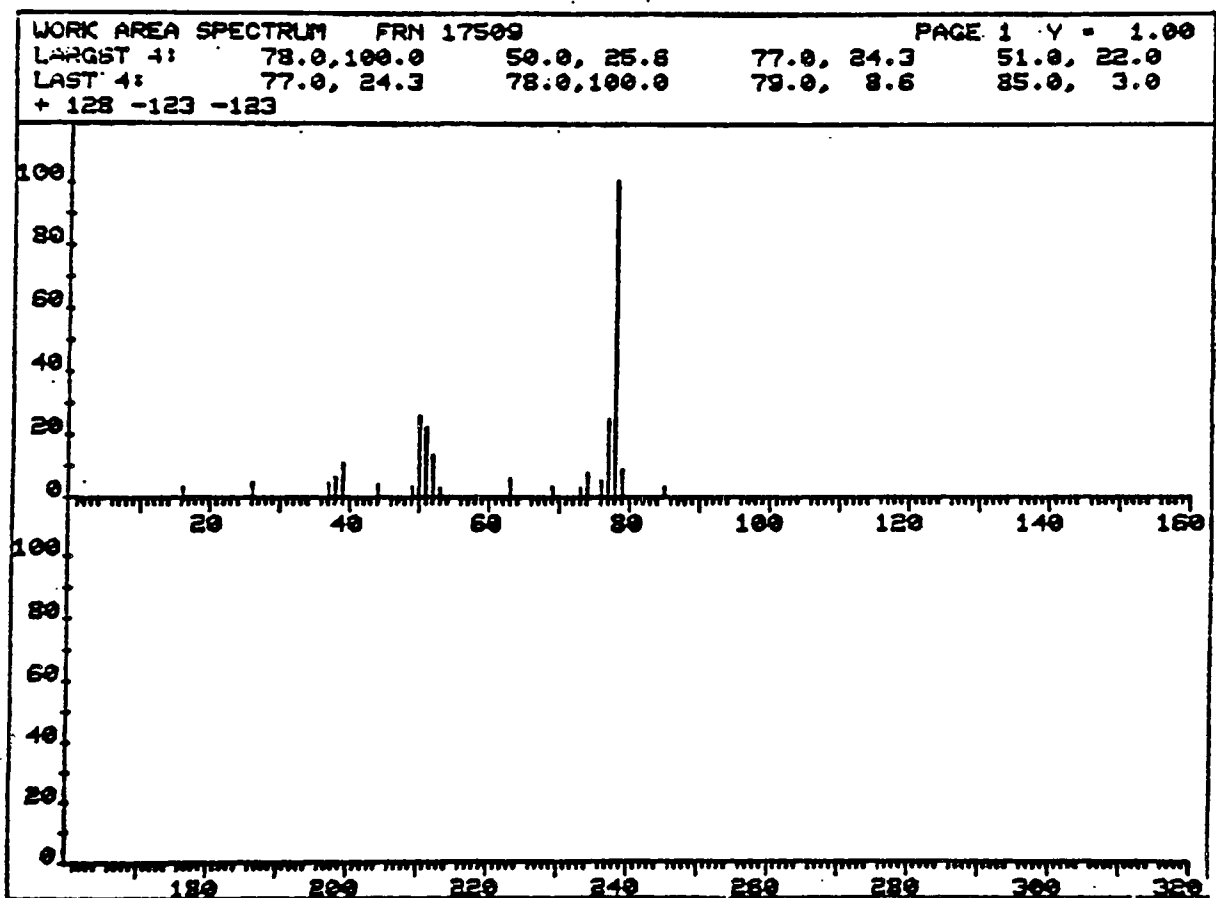


Figure 5-5. Mass spectrum of line sample from scrubber "B" on TCEP.

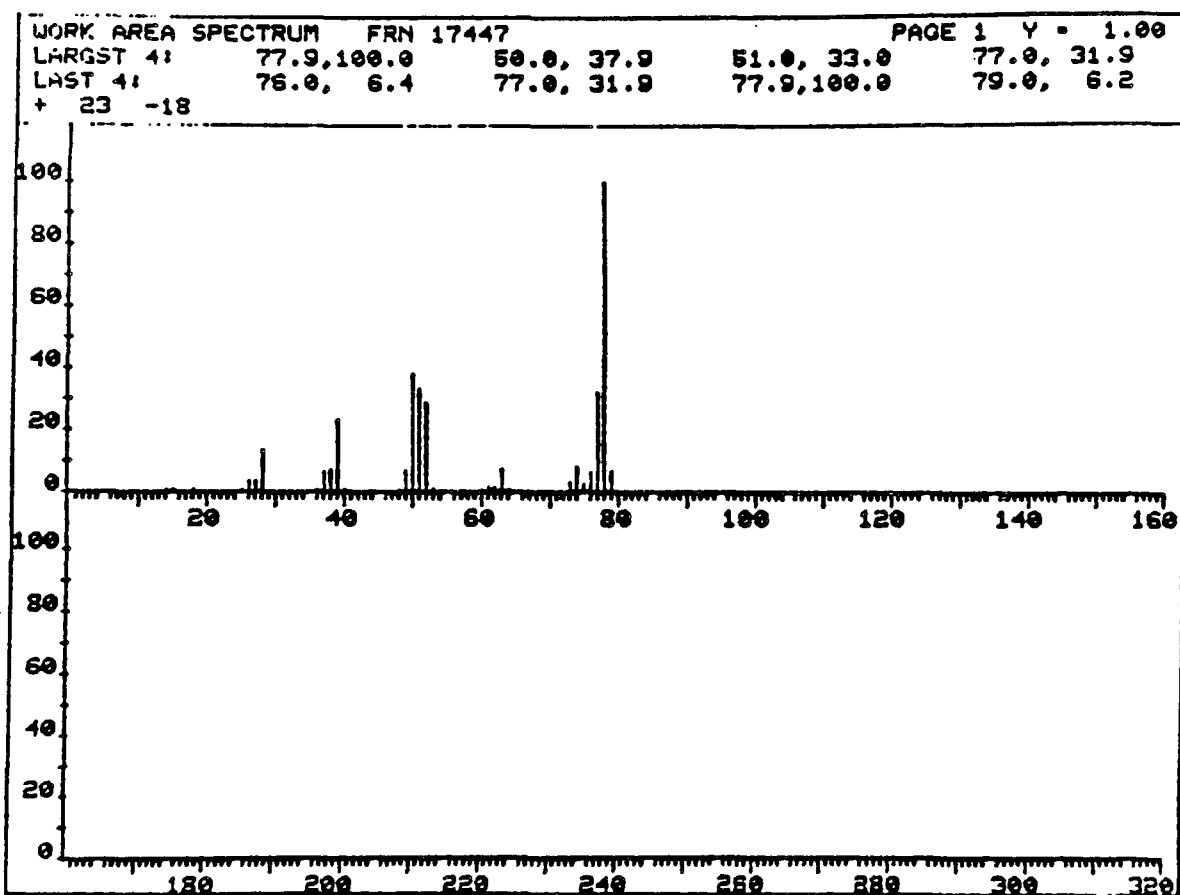


Figure 5-6. Mass spectrum of line sample from scrubber "B" on SP-2100/Bentone.

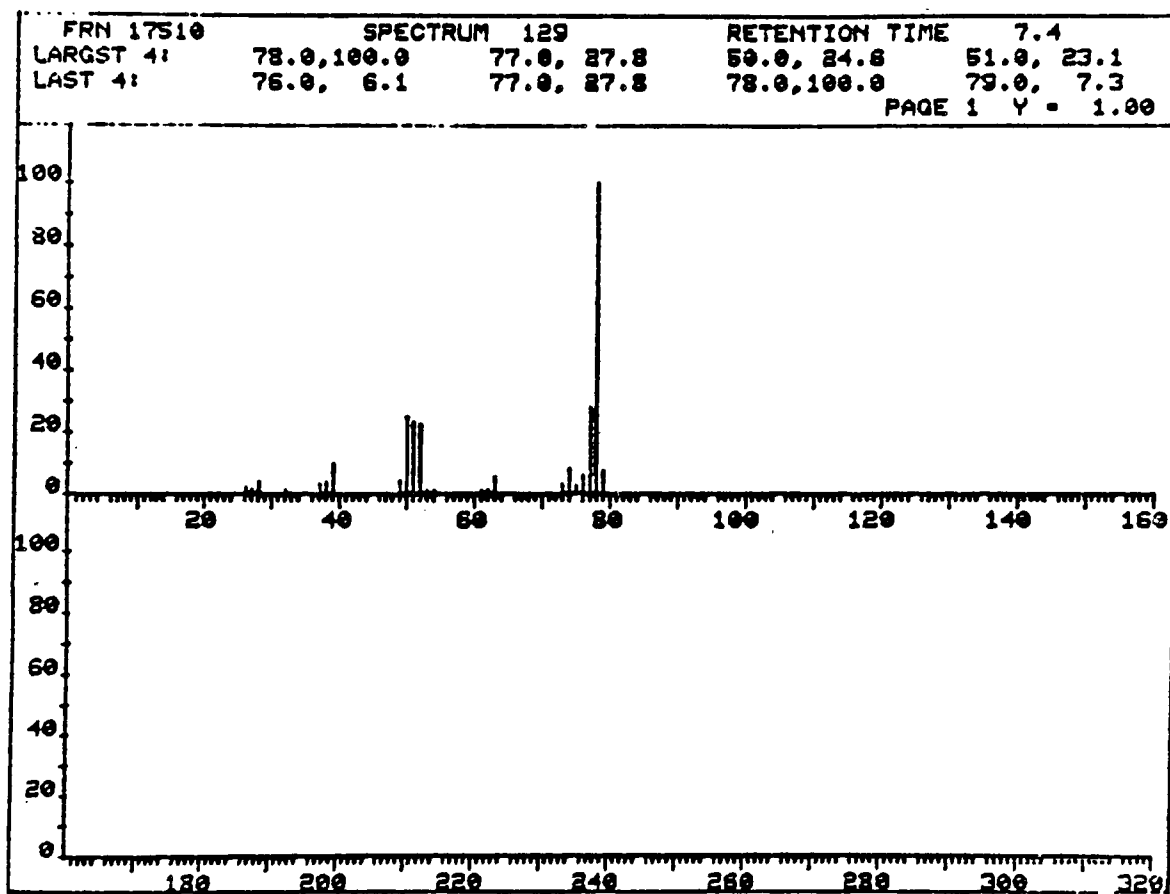


Figure 5-7. Mass spectrum of line sample from scrubber "A" on TCEP.

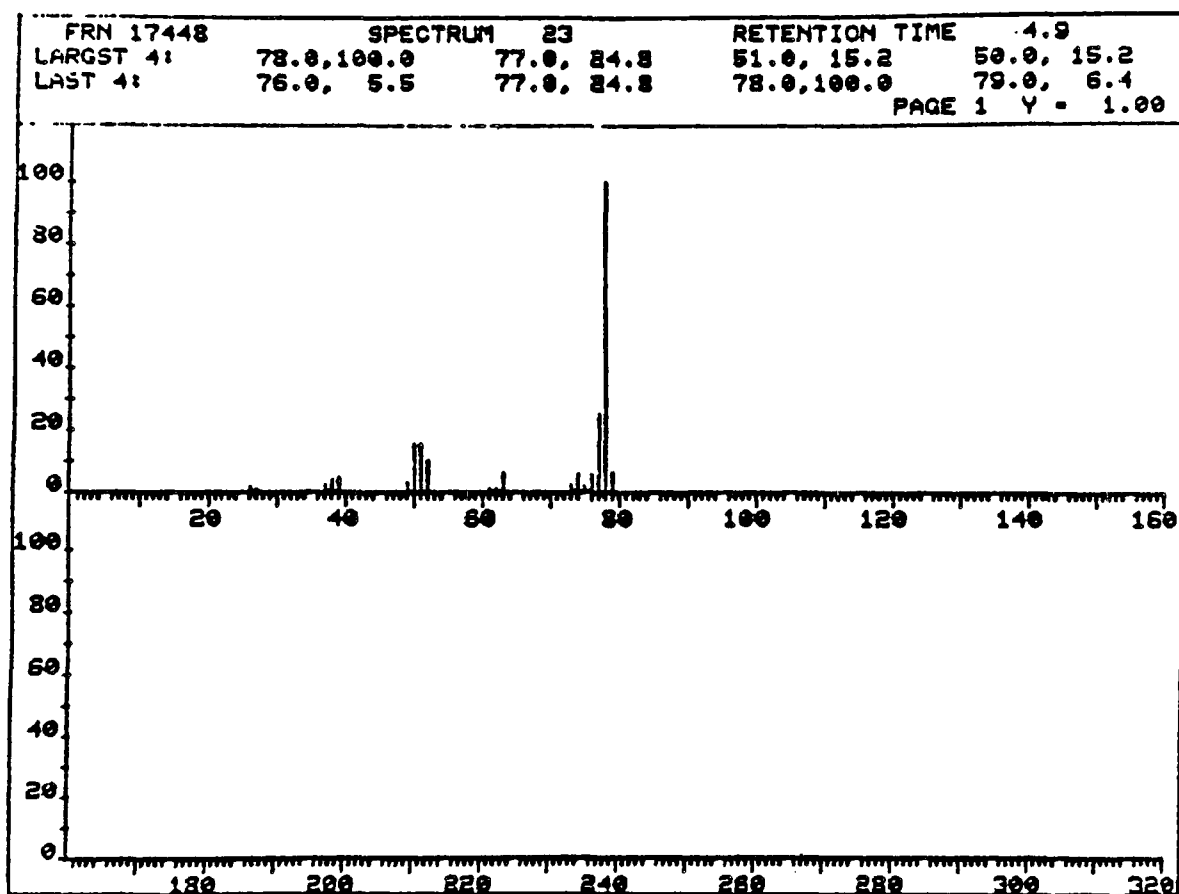


Figure 5-8. Mass spectrum of line sample from scrubber "A" on SP-2100/Bentone.

sample by THC or GC provides data to calculate the measured leak rate. The induced leak rate is calculated from the flow rate and concentration of the induced standard gas.

Table 5-4 lists the data from four accuracy tests. The measured leak rate, induced leak rate, and the percent recovery are shown. The percent recovery is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Percent Recovery} = \frac{\text{Measured leak rate}}{\text{Induced leak rate}} \times 100\%$$

The average recovery and its standard deviation are 90.88% and 6.77% respectively.

TABLE 5-4. ACCURACY CHECKS DATA LISTING

Date	Standard Type	Measured Leak Rate (lbs/hr)	Induced Leak Rate (lbs/hr)	Percent Recovery
12/01/80	Hexane	0.00079596	0.00090550	87.903
12/02/80	Hexane	0.00073697	0.00081650	90.259
12/02/80	Benzene	0.00061463	0.00072420	84.870
12/03/80	Benzene	0.00076771	0.00076410	100.472
Average:				90.88%
Standard Deviation:				6.77%

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL
MONESSEN PLANT

APPENDIX A
CALCULATIONS AND METHODS

- A-1 Sample Emission Calculations
- A-2 EPA Proposed Method 21

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL

MONESSEN PLANT

A-1 Sample Emission Calculations

APPENDIX A-1

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

The emission rates can be calculated from the physical measurements recorded during the operation of the sampling train and with the analyses of the hydrocarbon content of the air passing through the sampling train. The basic equation is:

$$L = \frac{k_1 DF(P-\Delta P)M(C_T - C_A)}{460+T} \quad (A-1)$$

where

- L = Hydrocarbon vapor emission rate, lb/hr
- $k_1 = 2.75 \times 10^{-6}$ ($^{\circ}\text{R}\text{-min-mole/SCF-in.Hg-hr-ppmw}$)
- D = Dry gas meter correction factor (dimensionless)
- F = Flow rate, cubic feet per minute
- P = Ambient atmospheric pressure, in. Hg
- ΔP = Pressure differential between ambient pressure and pressure at dry gas meter, in. Hg
- M = Average molecular weight of gas (essentially air) passing through dry gas meter, lb/lb.mole
- C_T = Total hydrocarbon concentration in air passing through the dry gas meter, ppmw
- C_A = Total hydrocarbon concentration in air near the sampled leak source, ppmw
- T = Temperature of gas (air) stream at the dry gas meter, $^{\circ}\text{F}$.

The constant k_1 is a product of several conversion constants:

$$k_1 = \frac{(520^{\circ}\text{R}) \times (60 \text{ min/hr})}{(379 \frac{\text{SCF}}{\text{mole}}) \times (29.92 \text{ in. Hg}) \times (10^6 \text{ ppmw})}$$

$$k_1 = 2.75 \times 10^{-6} (\text{°R-min-mole/SCF-in.Hg-hr-ppmw})$$

As an example calculation, assume a total hydrocarbon concentration of 19,000 ppmw was measured in the gas stream from a tent around a leaking source in an ethylene unit. The hydrocarbon would be assumed to be hexane (MW-86). The following values were recorded during the sampling:

$$F = 1.5 \text{ CFM}$$

$$P = 29.9 \text{ in. Hg}$$

$$\Delta P = 2.0 \text{ in. Hg (at the dry gas meter)}$$

$$C_T = 19,000 \text{ ppmw}$$

$$C_A = 20 \text{ ppmw}$$

$$T = 75^\circ\text{F}$$

$$\text{and } D = 0.95$$

$$\text{Then } M = \frac{10^6}{\frac{19,000}{86} + \frac{10^6 - 19,000}{29}} = 29.37$$

The vapor emission rate L is then calculated from Equation (A-1)

$$L = \frac{(2.75 \times 10^{-6})(0.95)(1.5)(29.9 - 2.0)(29.37)(19,000 - 20)}{460 + 75}$$

$$L = 0.114 \text{ lb/hr.}$$

The vapor emission rate of benzene is estimated from the hydrocarbon emission rate and the concentration data for benzene and non-methane hydrocarbons. The equation used is:

$$B = L \frac{(C_B - C_{AB})}{(C_T - C_A)} \quad (\text{A-2})$$

where B = Benzene vapor emission rate, lb/hr

C_B = Benzene concentration in air passing through the dry gas meter, ppmw

C_{AB} = Benzene concentration in air near the sampled leak source, ppmw.

For example, using the previous example with the data:

$$C_B = 15,500 \text{ ppmw}$$

$$C_{AB} = 10 \text{ ppmw}$$

the benzene vapor emission rate is calculated:

$$B = 0.114 \frac{(15,500 - 10)}{(19,000 - 20)}$$

$$B = 0.093 \text{ lb/hr.}$$

The emission rates for liquid leaks are calculated by the equation:

$$\text{TLLR} = 7.93 \frac{\rho V}{t} \quad (\text{A-3})$$

where TLLR = Total liquid leak rate, lb/hr

7.93 = Conversion factor from g/sec to lb/hr

V = Volume of liquid collected, cc

t = Time of collection, sec

ρ = Density of sample, g/cc.

For example, 4.0 cc of liquid from a leaking source were captured in 60 seconds, and the liquid was found to have a density of 0.75 g/cc, then:

$$\text{TLLR} = (7.93)(0.75)(4.0)/(60)$$

$$\text{TLLR} = 0.40 \text{ lb/hr.}$$

The liquid benzene leak rate is:

$$\text{BLLR} = \frac{\text{TLLR} [\text{Benz.}]}{100} \quad (\text{A-4})$$

where BLLR = Benzene liquid leak rate

[Benz] = Benzene concentration in liquid, weight percent

For example, if the liquid leak described above was found to have 79 wt percent benzene then:

$$\text{BLLR} = (0.40)(79)/(100)$$

$$\text{BLLR} = 0.31 \text{ lb/hr.}$$

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL
MONESSEN PLANT

A-2 EPA Proposed Method 21

PROPOSED METHOD 21. DETERMINATION OF VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND LEAKS

1.- Applicability and Principle

1.1 Applicability. This method applies to the determination of volatile organic compound (VOC) leaks from organic process equipment. These sources include, but are not limited to, valves, flanges and other connections, pumps and compressors, pressure relief devices, process drains, open-ended valves, pump and compressor seal system degassing vents, accumulator vessel vents, and access door seals.

1.2 Principle. A portable instrument is used to detect VOC leaks from individual sources. The instrument detector is not specified, but it must meet the specifications and performance criteria contained in paragraph 2.1.

2. Apparatus

2.1 Monitoring Instrument. The monitoring instrument shall be as follows:

2.1.1 Specifications.

a. The VOC instrument detector shall respond to the organic compounds being processed. Detectors which may meet this requirement include, but are not limited to, catalytic oxidation, flame ionization, infrared absorption, and photoionization.

b. The instrument shall be intrinsically safe for operation in explosive atmospheres as defined by the applicable U.S.A. Standards (e.g., National Electrical Code by the National Fire Prevention Association).

c. The instrument shall be able to measure the leak definition concentration specified in the regulation.

d. The instrument shall be equipped with a pump so that a continuous sample is provided to the detector. The nominal sample flow rate shall be 1-3 liters per minute.

e. The scale of the instrument meter shall be readable to ± 5 percent of the specified leak definition concentration.

2.1.2 Performance Criteria. The instrument must meet the following performance criteria. The definitions and evaluation procedures for each parameter are given in Section 4.

2.1.2.1 The instrument response time must be 30 seconds or less. The response time must be determined for the instrument system configuration to be used during testing, including dilution equipment. The use of a system with a shorter response time than that specified will reduce the time required for field component surveys.

2.1.2.2 Calibration Precision: The calibration precision must be less than or equal to 10 percent of the calibration gas value.

2.1.2.3 Quality Assurance. The instrument shall be subjected to response time and calibration precision tests prior to being placed in service. The calibration precision test shall be repeated every 6 months thereafter. If any modification or replacement of the

instrument detector is required, the instrument shall be retested and a new 6 month quality assurance test schedule will apply. The response time test shall be repeated if any modifications to the sample pumping system or flow configuration is made that would change the response time.

2.3 Calibration Gases. The monitoring instrument is calibrated in terms of parts per million by volume (ppmv) of the compound specified in the applicable regulation. The calibration gases required for monitoring and instrument performance evaluation are a zero gas (air, 3 ppmv VOC) and a calibration gas in air mixture approximately equal to the leak definition specified in the regulation. If cylinder calibration gas mixtures are used, they must be analyzed and certified by the manufacturer to be within ± 2 percent accuracy. Calibration gases may be prepared by the user according to any accepted gaseous standards preparation procedure that will yield a mixture accurate to within ± 2 percent. Alternative calibration gas species may be used in place of the calibration compound if a relative response factor for each instrument is determined so that calibrations with the alternative species may be expressed as calibration compound equivalents on the meter readout.

3. Procedures

3.1 Calibration. Assemble and start up the VOC analyzer and recorder according to the manufacturer's instructions. After the appropriate warmup period and zero or internal calibration procedure, introduce the calibration gas into the instrument sample probe. Adjust the instrument meter readout to correspond to the calibration gas value.

If a dilution apparatus is used, calibration must include the instrument and dilution apparatus assembly. The nominal dilution factor may be used to establish a scale factor for converting to an undiluted basis. For example, if a nominal 10:1 dilution apparatus is used, the meter reading for a 10,000 ppm calibration would be set at 1,000. During field surveys, the scale factor of 10 would be used to convert measurements to an undiluted basis.

3.2 Individual Source Surveys.

3.2.1 Case I - Leak Definition Based on Concentration Value.

Place the probe inlet at the surface of the component interface where leakage could occur. Move the probe along the interface periphery while observing the instrument readout. If an increased meter reading is observed, slowly probe the interface where leakage is indicated until the maximum meter reading is obtained. Leave the probe inlet at this maximum reading location for approximately two times the instrument response time. If the maximum observed meter reading is greater than the leak definition in the applicable regulation, record and report the results as specified in the regulation reporting requirements. Examples of the application of this general technique to specific equipment types are:

- a. Valves--The most common source of leaks from valves is at the seal between the stem and housing. Place the probe at the interface where the stem exits the packing gland and sample the stem circumference. Also, place the probe at the interface of the packing gland take-up flange seat and sample the periphery. In addition, survey

valve housings of multipart assembly at the surface of all interfaces where leaks can occur.

b. Flanges and Other Connections--For welded flanges, place the probe at the outer edge of the flange-gasket interface and sample around the circumference of the flange. Sample other types of nonpermanent joints (such as threaded connections) with a similar traverse.

c. Pumps and Compressors--Conduct a circumferential traverse at the outer surface of the pump or compressor shaft and seal interface. If the source is a rotating shaft, position the probe inlet within one centimeter of the shaft-seal interface for the survey. If the housing configuration prevents a complete traverse of the shaft periphery, sample all accessible portions. Sample all other joints on the pump or compressor housing where leakage can occur.

d. Pressure Relief Devices--The configuration of most pressure relief devices prevents sampling at the sealing seat interface. For those devices equipped with an enclosed extension, or horn, place the probe inlet at approximately the center of the exhaust area to the atmosphere for sampling.

e. Process Drains--For open drains, place the probe inlet at approximately the center of the area open to the atmosphere for sampling. For covered drains, place the probe at the surface of the cover interface and conduct a peripheral traverse.

f. Open-Ended Lines or Valves--Place the probe inlet at approximately the center of the opening to the atmosphere for sampling.

g. Seal System Degassing Vents and Accumulator Vents--Place the probe inlet at approximately the center of the opening to the atmosphere for sampling.

h. Access Door Seals--Place the probe inlet at the surface of the door seal interface and conduct a peripheral traverse.

3.2.2 Case II-Leak Definition Based on "No Detectable Emission".

a. Determine the local background concentration around the source by moving the probe inlet randomly upwind and downwind at distance of one to two meters from the source. If an interference exists with this determination due to a nearby emission or leak, the local background concentration may be determined at distances closer to the source, but in no case shall the distance be less than 25 centimeters. Note the background concentration and then move the probe inlet to the surface of the source and conduct a survey as described in 3.2.1. If a concentration increase greater than 2 percent of the concentration-based leak definition is obtained, record and report the results as specified by the regulation.

b. For those cases where the regulation requires a specific device installation, or that specified vents be ducted or piped to a control device, the existence of these conditions shall be visually confirmed. When the regulation also requires that no detectable emissions exist, visual observations and sampling surveys are required. Examples of this technique are:

i. Pump or Compressor Seals--If applicable, determine the type of shaft seal. Perform a survey of the local area ambient VOC

concentration and determine if detectable emissions exist as described in 3.2.2.a.

ii. Seal system degassing vents, accumulator vessel vents, pressure relief devices--If applicable, observe whether or not the applicable ducting or piping exists. Also, determine if any sources exist in the ducting or piping where emissions could occur prior to the control device. If the required ducting or piping exists and there are no sources of where the emissions could be vented to the atmosphere prior to the control device, then it is presumed that no detectable emissions are present.

4. Instrument Performance Evaluation Procedures

4.1 Definitions.

4.1.1 Calibration Precision. The difference between the average VOC concentration indicated by the meter readout for consecutive repetitions and the known concentration of a test gas mixture.

4.1.2 Response Time. The time interval from a step change in VOC concentration at the input of the sampling system to the time at which 90 percent of the corresponding final value is reached as displayed on the instrument readout meter.

4.2 Evaluation Procedures. At the beginning of the instrument performance evaluation test, assemble and start up the instrument according to the manufacturer's instructions for recommended warmup period and preliminary adjustments. If a dilution apparatus is used during field surveys, the evaluation procedure must be performed on the instrument-dilution system combination.

4.2.1 Calibration Precision Test. Make a total of nine measurements by alternately using zero gas and the specified calibration gas. Record the meter readings (example data sheet shown in Figure 21-1).

4.2.2 Response Time Test Procedure. Introduce zero gas into the instrument sample probe. When the meter reading has stabilized, switch quickly to the specified calibration gas. Measure the time from concentration switching to 95 percent of final stable reading. Perform this test sequence three times and record the results (example data sheet given in Figure 21-2).

4.3 Calculations. All results are expressed as mean values, calculated by:

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$$

Where:

x_i = Value of the measurements.

Σ = Sum of the individual values.

$\bar{x}$ = Mean value.

n = Number of data points.

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL

MONESSEN PLANT

APPENDIX B

SAMPLING DATA SHEETS

- B-1 Screening Data
- B-2 Screening Sheet For Sample Data
- B-3 Sample Data
- B-4 Analysis Data
- B-5 OVA and TLV Calibration Data
- B-6 Dry Gas Meter Calibration Data
- B-7 Accuracy Check Data

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL
MONESSEN PLANT

B-1 Screening Data

TABLE B-1.1. SOURCE TYPE IDENTIFICATION CODES

Source Type	Source Type Code
Flange	1
Process Drain	2
Open-End Line	3
Agitator Seal	4
Relief Valve	5
Screwed Fitting	6
Valves	
Block valve - gate type	10
Block valve - globe type	11
Block valve - plug type	12
Block valve - ball type	13
Block valve - butterfly type	14
Block valve - other types	15
Control valve - gate type	20
Control valve - globe type	21
Control valve - plug type	22
Control valve - ball type	23
Control valve - butterfly type	24
Control valve - other types	25
On-Line Pump Seals*	
Single, mechanical, emission point at seal	30
Single, mechanical, emission point at vent	31
Single, mechanical, other emission point	32
Double, mechanical, emission point at seal	33
Double, mechanical, emission point at vent	34
Double, mechanical, other emission point	35

Continued ...

TABLE B-1.1. CONTINUED

Source Type	Source Type Code
Single, packed, emission point at seal	36
Single, packed, emission point at vent	37
Single, packed, other emission point	38
Sealless pumps	39
Off-Line Pump Seals	
Single, mechanical, emission point at seal	40
Single, mechanical, emission point at vent	41
Single, mechanical, other emission point	42
Double, mechanical, emission point at seal	43
Double, mechanical, emission point at vent	44
Double, mechanical, other emission point	45
Single, packed, emission point at seal	46
Single, packed, emission point at vent	47
Single, packed, other emission point	48
Sealless pumps	49
On-Line Compressor Seals	
Single, mechanical, emission point at seal	50
Single, mechanical, emission point at vent	51
Single, mechanical, other emission point	52
Double, mechanical, emission point at seal	53
Double, mechanical, emission point at vent	54
Double, mechanical, other emission point	55
Single, packed, emission point at seal	56
Single, packed, emission point at vent	57
Single, packed, other emission point	58
Sealless compressors	59

Continued ...

TABLE B-1.1. CONTINUED

Source Type	Source Type Code
Off-Line Compressor Seals	
Single, mechanical, emission point at seal	60
Single, mechanical, emission point at vent	61
Single, mechanical, other emission point	62
Double, mechanical, emission point at seal	63
Double, mechanical, emission point at vent	64
Double, mechanical, other emission point	65
Single, packed, emission point at seal	66
Single, packed, emission point at vent	67
Single, packed, other emission point	68
Sealless compressors	69
Exhausters	
Suction side	70
High pressure side	71

* O = outboard seal; I = inboard seal

TABLE B-1.2. STREAM IDENTIFICATION CODES

Code	Description of Stream
1	Coke oven gas
3	Steam and vaporized light oil
5	Light oil (BTX and 2° oil)
6	Light oil used to clean scrubber
7	Benzolized wash oil
8	Rectifier bottoms (essentially BTX and 2° oil as #5 above)
Service	
1	Gas
2	Light liquid
3	Heavy liquid
Elevation	
1	Sources at ground level
2	Sources at one level above ground level
3	Sources at two levels above ground level

UNIT #1

[illegible]

COMMENTS :

7. INLET VALVE ON B SCRUBBER PUMP

2) #8, 18, 13 ARE IN SERVICE OF RECIRCULATING OIL THROUGH SCRUBBER A

3) #2 IS IN SERVICE OF PUMPING OIL FROM SCRUBBER B TO HEAT X.

SCREENING DATA SHEET

Month	Day	Screening Team	Instrument	Source ID	Screening Value	Source Type	Process Unit	Service	Primary Material		Secondary Material		Line Temperature of	Line Pressure psig	Ambient Air Temperature of	Elevation	Comments	
									ID	Conc.	ID	Conc.						
1	3	5	7	9	13	20	22	24	25	STREAM	28	29	32	33	37	41	44	45
111	24	013	2		21				110								1	2
111	24	011	2		22				110								2	2
111	24				23				11	7								
111	24				24				11									
111	24				25				110									
111	24				26				11									
111	24				27				11									
111	24				28				110									
111	24				29				11									
111	24				30				11									
111	24				31				110									
111	25				32				11									
111	25				33				11									
111	25				34				110									
111	25				35				11									
111	25				36				110									
111	25				37				11									
111	25				38				110									
111	25				39				11									
111	25	V	V	V	40				110									V

COMMENTS:

1-See back for configuration of valves at heat, these are all valves and flanges per heavy oil plus light oil going into stripper. Valves and flanges 22-40 are associated with H.O. + L.O. heat exchanger well stream + L.O.

SCREENING DATA SHEET

Month	Day	Screening Team	Instrument	Source ID	Screening Value	Source Type	Process Unit	Service	Primary Material		Secondary Material		Line Temperature °F	Line Pressure psig	Ambient Air Temperature °F	Elevation	Comments		
									ID	Conc.	ID	Conc.							
1	3	5	7	8	13	20	22	24	25	7 STREAM	28	29	32	33	37	41	44	45	
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	1								2	2
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	2									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	3									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	A									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	5									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	6								2	3
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	6	DON'T NEED THIS								
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	7									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	8									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			4	9									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	0									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	1									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	2									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	3									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	4									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	5									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	6									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	7	DON'T NEED THIS								
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	8								2	2
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			5	9									
1	1	2	5	0	1	2			6	0									

COMMENTS:

- 1) 41-56 ARE VALVES AND FLANGES ^{AND SCREENED FITTINGS} FOR WASH OIL LIGHT OIL TO HEAT EX PRIOR TO STRIPPER,
- 2) WASH OIL + LIGHT OIL INTO FINAL HEAT EX BEFORE STRIPPER
- 3) SOURCE ID 6 DENOTES A SCREENED FITTING

SCREENING DATA SHEET

1	3	5	7	8	Source ID	Screening Value	13	20	22	24	25	Primary Material		28	29	Secondary Material		32	33	Line Temperature of	37	41	44	45	Comments
												ID	Conc.			ID	Conc.								
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	1	0	1	0		3	7								2	2	1
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	2																
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	3																
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	4		1	0												2	2
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	5																
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	6																
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	7		1	0												2	3
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	8																
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		6	9																
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	0															2	4
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	1															2	5
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	2		1	0	0	0	0	1	3							2	6
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	3															2	7
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	4															2	7
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	5															2	7
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	6															2	7
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	7															2	8
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	8		1	0	0	0	0	1	3							2	9, 10
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		7	9		1	0	0	0	0	1	3							2	9
1	1	2	5	0	1	2		8	0															2	9

B-10
IN CONDENSERS
H2O SERVICE

COMMENTS:

1) H2O L.O. FROM HEAT EX IN STEAM + L.O. TO FINAL HEAT EXCHANGE, 2) BY-PASS FINAL HEAT EX; 3) EXIT FINAL HEAT EXCHANGE 4) BY-PASS RECTIFIER; 5) TO RECTIFIER; 6) TO LIGHT OIL FROM DECANT, 7) BOTTOM C- CONDENSER, 8) TOP C- CONDENSER; 9) OPEN VENTS FROM CONDENSER; 10) "NO MEASUREMENTS"

SCREENING DATA SHEET

REVISION 1 ORIGINAL DATA SHEET
REVISED 12/2/80 FOR LEGIBILITY

1	3	5	7	8	13	20	22	24	Primary Material		Secondary Material		33	37	41	44	45
									ID	Conc.	ID	SEAL ^{bpc.}					
Month	Day	Screening Team	Instrument	Source ID	Screening Value	Source Type	Process Unit	Service	STREAM				Line Temperature °F	Line pressure psig	Ambient Air Temperature °F	Elevation	Comments
11	25	01	2	81	0	10		2	8							1	2
11	25	01	2	82	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	83	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	84	0	1										1	
11	25	01	2	85	0	1										1	
11	25	01	2	86	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	87	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	88	0	10										1	
11	25	01	2	89	0	10										1	
11	25	01	2	90	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	91	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	92	0	10										1	
11	25	01	2	93	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	94	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	95	0	10										1	
11	25	01	2	96	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	97	0	16										1	
11	25	01	2	98	10000	36						Ø	130		130	1	2
11	25	01	2	99	0	10										1	
11	25	01	2	100	0	10										1	

COMMENTS:

1) SOURCES 81-108 ARE IN THE SERVICE OF SENDING HEAVY BOTTOMS FROM THE RECTIFIER TO THE 8,9 TANK 2) PUMP SEALS. OUTBOARD SEAL^{net} - 10,000 ppm; INBOARD SEAL^{net} - 700 ppm; SUBSEQUENT INBOARD/OUTBOARD SEALS WERE GIVEN INDIVIDUAL ID NOS.

REVISION OF ORIGINAL DATA SHEET
REVISED 12/2/80 FOR LEGIBILITY

SCREENING DATA SHEET

1	3	5	7	8	Source ID	13	20	22	24	Primary Material		Secondary Material		33	37	41	44	45
										ID	Conc.	ID	SEAL					
1	2	5	0	1	2	101	0	10	2	8							1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	102	0	6	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	103	0	6	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	104	0	10	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	105	0	10	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	106	0	6	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	107	0	10	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	108	0	6	2	8							1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	109	0	70	1	1							2	1
1	2	5	0	1	2	110	0	70	1	1							2	
1	2	5	0	1	2	111	0	10	2	5							1	2
1	2	5	0	1	2	112	0	10	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	113	0	6	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	114	0	10	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	115	0	10	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	116	0	36	2								1	2
✓	1	2	5	0	1	117	40000	36	2				I	50		430	1	2
1	2	5	0	1	2	118	0	10	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	119	0	10	2								1	
1	2	5	0	1	2	120	0	6	1								1	

B-12

COMMENTS:

1) SOURCE ID TO DESIGNATES INBOARD AND OUTBOARD SEAL OF AN EXHAUSTER, THESE WERE
2) FOR ALL EXHAUSTER SEALS 3) SOURCES 111-120 ARE IN RECTIFIER REFLUX SERVICE 4) INBOARD
PUMP SEAL 5) OUTBOARD PUMP SEAL.

SCREENING DATA SHEET

REVISED 12/2/80 FOR LEGIBILITY

Month	Day	Screening Team	Instrument	Source ID	Screening Value	Source Type	Process Unit	Service	Primary Material		Secondary Material		Line Temperature °F	Line Pressure psig	Ambient Air Temperature °F	Elevation'	Comments
									ID	Conc.	ID	SEALS					
1	3	5	7	8	13	20	22	24	25	28	29	32	33	37	41	44	45
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	121	10000	10	1	2	5				50		50	1	2
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	122		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	123		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	124		13	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	125		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	126		6	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	127		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	128		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	129		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	130		36	1					I					2
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	131	200	36	1					O	50		50		2
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	132		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	133		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	134		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	135		6	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	136		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	137		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	138		10	1										
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	98	700	36	1	2	18			I	50		50		1
1/1	2/5	0/1	2	109		71	1	1	1								

COMMENTS:

1) LIQUID HYDROCARBON LEAK, 2) SOURCES 121-138 ARE IN SERVICE OF PUMPING LIGHT OIL TO STORAGE TANK #7. 3) INBOARD SEAL 4) OUTBOARD SEAL.
 5) PRESSURES IN 121, 131 ARE PROBABLY LOW.

B-13

✓

1, 2, 5

3

4, 5

SCREENING DATA SHEET

REVISION OF ORIGINAL DATA SHEET
REVISED 12/2/80

Month	Day	Screening Team	Instrument	Source ID	Screening Value	Source Type	Process Unit	Service	Primary Material		Secondary Material		Line Temperature of	Line Pressure psig	Ambient Air Temperature of	Elevation	Comments
									ID	Conc.	ID	SEALING					
1	3	5	7	8	13	20	22	24	25	28	29	32	33	37	41	44	45
✓ 1/1	2/6	01	2	139	20000	36	1	2	6			I		42	160	12	1,11
✓ 1/1	2/6	01	2	140	22000	36	1	1	6			Ø		42	160	12	2,11
✓ 1/1	2/6	01	2	141	50	36	1		7			I		34	360	12	3,12
1/1	2/6	01	2	142	40	46	1		5			I		0	60	12	4
1/1	2/6	01	2	142	0	46	1		5			Ø				12	5
1/1	2/6	01	2	144		11	1		3							3	6
1/1	2/6	01	2	145		10	1		3							3	7
1/1	2/6	01	2	146		10	1		3							3	1
1/1	2/6	01	2	147		10	1		3							3	1
1/1	2/6	01	2	148		10	1		↓							3	1
1/1	2/6	01	2	149		10	1		5							2	8
1/1	2/6	01	2	150		10	1		5							2	1
1/1	2/6	01	2	151		10	1		5							2	9
1/1	2/6	01	2	152		10	1		5							2	1
1/1	2/6	01	2	153		10	1		↓							2	1
1/1	2/6	01	2	154	0	10	1		8							12	10
1/1	2/6	01	2	155	0	6	1		8							12	
1/1	2/6	01	2	156	0	6	1		8							12	
1/1	2/6	01	2	157	0	1	1		8							12	
1/1	2/6	01	2	158	0	10	1		↓							12	

COMMENTS:

1) 139-141 ARE AT BASE OF LIGHT OIL SCRUBBERS, 139-INBOARD SEAL; 2) OUTBOARD SEAL, LIQUID LEAK IN 139 AND 140; 3) INBOARD SEAL; 4) 142-143 FOR A STANDBY PUMP TO SEND L.O. TO STORAGE TANK #7, 142 IS INBOARD SEAL 5) OUTBOARD SEAL; 6) SIDE STREAM FROM STRIPPER; 7) 145-148 BARRY IN SERVICE OF STEAM+L.O. FROM HEAT EX. TO RECTIFIER AND CONDENSER; 8) REFLUX TO RECTIFIER; 9) 151-153 FINAL SEPARATOR TO RECTIFIER 10) 154-158 AT BASE OF RECTIFIER 11) FIVE PUMPS CURRENTLY USED TO PUMP L.O. FROM RECTIFIER TO STORAGE TANK #7

SCREENING DATA SHEET

1	3	5	7	8	13	20	22	24	Primary Material		Secondary Material		33	37	41	44	45
									ID	Cond.	ID	SEAL					
11	26	01	2	1150		010	11	2	8							1	2
11	26	01	2	1160		010	11	2	8							1	2
11	26	01	2	1161		011	11	2	5							1	2
11	26	01	2	1162		010	11	2	5							1	2
11	26	01	2	1163		010	11	2	5							2	1
11	26	01	2	1164		010	11	2	5							2	1
11	26	01	2	1165		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1166		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1167		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1168		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1169		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1170		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1171		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1172		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1173		010	11	2								2	2
11	26	01	2	1174		010	11	2								2	1
11	26	01	2	1175		010	11	2								2	1
11	26	01	2	1176		036	11	2									
11	26	01	2	1141		036	11	2	7		φ			34	360	1	
11	25	01	2	1110		071	11	1	1							2	

COMMENTS:

1. Wire cut section 2) L.O. Storage #73) L.O. Storage #8,9

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL

MONESSEN PLANT

B-2 Screening Sheet For Sample Data

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	A	0	0	1	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process WV By-product

3. Plant Name Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	9	4	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	0	4	5
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

				1	5	0	0
--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

				4	0	0
--	--	--	--	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	2	4	5
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

				1	0	0	0
--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---

45

TLV Screening Value

				6	6	0
--	--	--	--	---	---	---

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

61

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

I 0 9 8

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	P	U	0	1	7	6
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke BP

3. Plant Name W-P Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	5	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	5	1	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

1	1	4	2	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

LIQUID LEAK DETECTED

8. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	6	5	5
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

1	1	6	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

45

TLV Screening Value

1	1	3	4	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

61

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	P	U	0	0	9	8
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke BP

3. Plant Name W-P Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	5	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	F	I	V
---	---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	5	1	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	4	5	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

 TLV Screening Value

1	1	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---

24

31

8. Screener's ID

D	F	I	V
---	---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	5	2	5
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

1	1	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

 TLV Screening Value

1	1	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---

45

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

61

SCREENING SHEET
FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	P	0	0	1	1	7
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke B P

3. Plant Name W-P Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	1	2	0	5	8	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	1	5	3	5
---	---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	1	5	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

1	1	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	7	1	5	0
---	---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

1	1	1	1	3	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

45

TLV Screening Value

1	1	3	2	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

52

Comment 1

1

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	P	U	0	1	3	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke B.P

3. Plant Name W.D. Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	5	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	4	4	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	6	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

1	1	6	5	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	4	2	0
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

1	1	4	5	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

45

TLV Screening Value

1	1	7	2	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

61

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	0	1	3	9
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Case By-Product

3. Plant Name Wrecking - Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	4	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	3	4	5
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	6	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

24

75000
40000

TLV Screening Value

1	1	9	6	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

75000

8. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	5	1	5
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

1	6	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

45

TLV Screening Value

1	1	4	3	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

61

Reading w/o B filtration problem concentration = ~ 200,000 ppm
Pump out reading w/ B filtration valve = 75,000
~~30,000~~ ppm

$$9 \times 2000 + 1 \times x = 10 \times 87,500$$

$$18,000 + x = 875,000$$

$$x = 857,000 \approx 60,000, 770$$

$$1 \times 4500 + x = 20,000$$

$$x = 15,500$$

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	P	V	0	1	1	3	9
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process 7.4 B.P

3. Plant Name WP Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	5	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

1	2	8	1	4
---	---	---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	9	3	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	5	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

1	1	5	4	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

1	2	8	1	4
---	---	---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	1	0	0
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

1	1	5	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

45

TLV Screening Value

1	1	5	4	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

61

at 1550, OVA = 150, TLV = 4000

SCREENING SHEET
FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

0139

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	P	U	G	H	4
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Ans/Sg-Suburb

3. Plant Name Wrecking Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	4	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting
Screening Time
(Military Time)

1	0	4	5
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA
Screening Value

7000

1	1	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

4000

1	1	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

38

2

9. After Sampling
Screening Time
(Military Time)

1	7	0	0
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA
Screening Value

1	1	5	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

45

TLV Screening
Value

1	1	5	7	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

0139

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	P	U	E	1	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Cond B-P

3. Plant Name W-P Steel

4. Date

Mo.	Day	Yr.
12	05	80

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

2	9	4	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	1	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

 24 TLV Screening Value

1	1	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---

 31

8. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	1	0	0
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

1	1	2	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

 45 TLV Screening Value

1	1	3	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

 52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

61

MISS OVA = 100
TLV = 1400

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	P	U	S	1	4	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process _____

3. Plant Name _____

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	5	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	9	5	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	1	5	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

1	1	1	7	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

1	1	5	0
---	---	---	---

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

1	1	1	5	0
---	---	---	---	---

45

TLV Screening Value

1	1	1	4	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

61

(a) 1600

OVA = 30, TLV = \$320



SCREENING SHEET

Card 1

S	C
---	---

FOR SAMPLE DATA

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID # 011 JV A C C C 08

2. Unit/Process Lake By-products

3

3. Plant Name Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date 12/03/20

5. Screener's ID 101211

11

17

6. Before Tenting
Screening Time
(Military Time)

7. Before Tenting OVA

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Screening Value 2^4

TLV Screening Value

24

3:

8. Screener's ID 38

9. After Sampling
Screening Time
(Military Time)

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

TLV Screening Value

45

52

Comment 1

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

59

61

AMBIENT $\sim 3,000$

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	V	A	1	0	1	1	2
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke by-product

3. Plant Name Wheeling - Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	1	2	0	3	8	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	I	N
---	---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting

1	1	6	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

Screening Time
(Military Time)

20

7. Before Tenting OVA

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Screening Value

24

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

31

8. Screener's ID

--	--	--	--

38

9. After Sampling

--	--	--	--	--

Screening Time
(Military Time)

41

10. After Sampling OVA

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Screening Value

45

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Value

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

AMBIENT ~ 700ppm

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	V	A	1	0	1	1	3
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke By-products

3. Plant Name. Wheeling Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	5	8	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	6	0	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

							0
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---

24

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

31

8. Screener's ID

--	--	--

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

--	--	--	--

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

45

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

AMBIENT ~ 500 ppm

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	V	A	0	0	1	1	8
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke By-product

3. Plant Name Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	3	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	6	0	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	2	8	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

1	1	2	6	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

--	--	--

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

--	--	--	--

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

45

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	V	A	0	1	1	2	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke B.P.

3. Plant Name WP Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	5	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	I	P	N
---	---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting
Screening Time
(Military Time)

1	4	3	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA
Screening Value

							0
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---

24

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

31

8. Screener's ID

--	--	--

38

9. After Sampling
Screening Time
(Military Time)

--	--	--	--

41

10. After Sampling OVA
Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

45

TLV Screening
Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	9
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process. Coke by-product

3. Plant Name Wheeling - Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	1	2	0	3	8	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	P	P	W
---	---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	5	4	5
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	5	5	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

1	1	2	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

--	--	--

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

--	--	--	--

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

45

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

$$* 3000 \text{ w/ dilution} \times \frac{2000}{500} = 12,000$$

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

0139

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	1	P	U	0	1	4	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Pipe By-products

3. Plant Name Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	3	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	E	W
---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	5	4	5
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	5	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

24

TLV Screening Value

1	1	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

31

8. Screener's ID

--	--	--

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

--	--	--	--

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

45

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

52

Comment 1

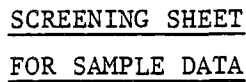
--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61



1

3

3. Plant Name Wheeling Pittsburgh Steel

11

17

20

24

31

38

41

45

52

59

61

B-34

SCREENING SHEET

Card 1

S	C
---	---

FOR SAMPLE DATA

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	P	U	0	1	4	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Unit/Process Coke Dry-Sinter

3. Plant Name Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel

4. Date

1	2	9	4	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

5. Screener's ID

D	1	1	4
---	---	---	---

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	3	4	0
---	---	---	---

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

1	1	3	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

TLV Screening Value

1	6	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

8. Screener's ID

--	--	--	--

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

--	--	--	--

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--

Comment 1

--	--

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--

SCREENING SHEET

FOR SAMPLE DATA

Card 1

S	C
---	---

1

I 142

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID #

0	1	P	U	0	1	4	2
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process Coke B P

3. Plant Name WP Steel.

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1	2	0	5	8	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

11

5. Screener's ID

D	I	P	W
---	---	---	---

17

6. Before Tenting Screening Time (Military Time)

1	4	5	0
---	---	---	---

20

7. Before Tenting OVA Screening Value

							0
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---

24

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

31

8. Screener's ID

--	--	--

38

9. After Sampling Screening Time (Military Time)

--	--	--	--

41

10. After Sampling OVA Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

45

TLV Screening Value

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

52

Comment 1

--	--

59

Comment 2

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

61

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL

MONESSEN PLANT

B-3 Sample Data

Card 1 1 S

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 01 VALVE 18 2. Unit/Process COKE PLANT
3. Plant Name COKE PLANT PITTSBURGH

4. Date 12 04 20 5. Sampler's Initials JL
6. Time 11:00 7. Cart ID# 7 8. N.B.# 9. Page #
10. Meter #1 234.00 12. Meter #2 234.00
11. Time #1 11:00 13. Time #2 11:00
14. Temp #1 °F 131 15. Temp #2 °F 131
16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.165 17. ΔP, in. Hg. 1.10
18. DGM Correction Factor 1.005 19. Meter # 715572
20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml
21. Coll. time, minutes 11:00 22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate
23. Comment

X=0
R=1
B=2

Card 1 1 S

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1

I 0 9 8

 1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011A1101176 2. Unit/Process COKE

 3. Plant Name 10-P

 4. Date 1 2 0 5 8 0
 Mo. Day Yr.

 5. Sampler's Initials DIN

 6. Time
 (Military Time)

 7. Cart ID# 1 8. N.B.# 9. Page #

 10. Meter #1 593.60

 12. Meter #2 597.05

 11. Time #1 0
 37

 13. Time #2 4
 41

 14. Temp #1 °F 74
 45

 15. Temp #2 °F 144
 48

 16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.148

 17. ΔP, in. Hg. 1.13

 18. DGM Correction Factor 1.063

 19. Meter # 715572

 20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 0
 66

 21. Coll. time, minutes 1 6
 71

 22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate
 75

 23. Comment
 78

LIQ LEAK

B-39 0.3 ml IN 9 MIN.

Card 1 1 S

1

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011P4100918 2. Unit/Process Coke

3. Plant Name W-P

4. Date Mo. Day Yr.
1 2 0 5 8 0

5. Sampler's Initials D.V.

6. Time 1 1 1 0
(Military Time)

7. Cart ID# 1 8. N.B.# 9. Page #

10. Meter #1 61411.140

12. Meter #2 6147.1811

11. Time #1 1 1 0

13. Time #2 1 1 5

14. Temp #1 °F 144

15. Temp #2 °F 144

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.148

17. ΔP, in. Hg. 11.11

18. DGM Correction Factor 1.1063

19. Meter # 715572

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 1110

21. Coll. time, minutes 1 1 8

22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate 1 1

23. Comment

LIP LEAK

1 ml IN 42.2 sec

Card 1 1 S

1

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011P4101117 2. Unit/Process COKE

3

3. Plant Name W-P

4. Date 11 05 80
11

5. Sampler's Initials RW
17

6. Time
(Military Time) 20

7. Cart ID# 7 8. N.B.# 9. Page #
24

10. Meter #1 681.60
25

12. Meter #2 685.45
31

11. Time #1 0
37

13. Time #2 3
41

14. Temp #1 °F 143
45

15. Temp #2 °F 143
48

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.48 17. ΔP, in. Hg. 2
51 56

18. DGM Correction Factor 1.063
61

19. Meter # 715572

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml
66

21. Coll. time, minutes 8
71

22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate
75

23. Comment
78

Card 1 1 S

1

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 01171101311 2. Unit/Process COKE

3

3. Plant Name W-P

4. Date Mo. Day Yr.
120580

11

5. Sampler's Initials DW

17

6. Time
(Military Time)

20

7. Cart ID# 1 8. N.B.# 9. Page #

24

10. Meter #1 475160

25

12. Meter #2 479151

31

11. Time #1 0

37

13. Time #2 3

41

14. Temp #1 °F 143

45

15. Temp #2 °F 143

48

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29148

51

17. ΔP, in. Hg. 112

56

18. DGM Correction Factor 11063

61

19. Meter # 715572

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 0

66

21. Coll. time, minutes 16

71

22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate

75

23. Comment

78

LIQ LEAK

B-42 1.8 ml IN 1 MIN.

Card 1

1	S
---	---

 1

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

 I
 S

 1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0	1	1	A	U	1	3	9
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 2. Unit/Process COKE

 3. Plant Name WHEELING - PITTSBURGH

 4. Date

Mo.	Day	Yr.
12	04	80

 11

 5. Sampler's Initials

7	14
---	----

 17

 6. Time

1	5	0	0
---	---	---	---

 (Military Time) 20

 7. Cart ID#

1

 8. N.B.# _____ 9. Page # _____
 24

 10. Meter #1

1	6	6	1	2	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

 25

 12. Meter #2

1	7	0	1	0	2
---	---	---	---	---	---

 31

 11. Time #1

1	1	0
---	---	---

 37

 13. Time #2

1	1	3
---	---	---

 41

 14. Temp #1 °F

1	3	6
---	---	---

 45

 15. Temp #2 °F

1	3	6
---	---	---

 48

 16. Bar. Press., in. Hg.

2	9	1	6	5
---	---	---	---	---

 51

 17. ΔP, in. Hg.

1	1	1	2
---	---	---	---

 56

 18. DGM Correction Factor

1	1	0	6	5
---	---	---	---	---

 61

 19. Meter # 715572

 20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml

1	1	1	0
---	---	---	---

 66

 21. Coll. time, minutes

1	1	4
---	---	---

 71

 22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate

1	1	1
---	---	---

 75

 23. Comment

+	+	+
---	---	---

 78

~~LIQ LEAK:~~
~~1.8 ml IN 8.8 sec~~
~~dens. = 1.0992 B-43~~

Card 1 1 S

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011741 0139 2. Unit/Process COKE

3. Plant Name W-P

4. Date 12 05 80

5. Sampler's Initials DW

6. Time 11 11 11 11
(Military Time)

7. Cart ID# 1 8. N.B.# 9. Page #

10. Meter #1 335 060

12. Meter #2 540 74

11. Time #1 11 11 11 11

13. Time #2 11 11 11 11

14. Temp #1 °F 134

15. Temp #2 °F 134

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.150

17. ΔP, in. Hg. 10.17

18. DGM Correction Factor 1.063

19. Meter # 715572

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 11 11 11 11

21. Coll. time, minutes 11 11 11 11

22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate 11 11 11 11

23. Comment 11 11 11 11

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.02 \\ 5 \overline{) 5.14} \end{array}$$

LIQ LEAK:
2.2 ml IN 10.8 sec

OK - keypunch this page!

Card 1 1 S

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011A1139 2. Unit/Process Coke
3. Plant Name WHEEL - PITT

4. Date 12 04 10
11

5. Sampler's Initials PWH
17

6. Time ~~1700~~
20
(Military Time)

7. Cart ID# ☒ 8. N.B.# 9. Page #
24

10. Meter #1 280190
25

12. Meter #2 283.155
31

11. Time #1 1110
37

13. Time #2 1113
41

14. Temp #1 °F 34
45

15. Temp #2 °F 134
48

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.165 17. ΔP, in. Hg. 1111
51 56

18. DGM Correction Factor 1.045 19. Meter # 715572
61

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 1110
66

21. Coll. time, minutes 111 22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate 1.1
71 75

23. Comment +1
78

Card 1 1 S
SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011 FV 10140 2. Unit/Process COKE
3. Plant Name M-P

4. Date 1 2 0 5 8 0 5. Sampler's Initials D W
6. Time (Military Time) 7. Cart ID# 1 8. N.B.# 9. Page #
10. Meter #1 3 8 4 1 5 0 12. Meter #2 3 8 9 1 2 0
11. Time #1 0 13. Time #2 4
14. Temp #1 °F 1 3 4 15. Temp #2 °F 1 3 3
16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 2 9 1 5 0 17. ΔP, in. Hg. 1 0 1 9
18. DGM Correction Factor 1 1 0 6 3 19. Meter # 715572
20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 0
21. Coll. time, minutes 7 22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate
23. Comment

Card 1 1 S
SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1

I

 1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011 P11 1141 2. Unit/Process COKE

 3. Plant Name W-P

 4. Date Mo. Day Yr.
12 05 80

 5. Sampler's Initials DW

 6. Time 11120
 (Military Time)

 7. Cart ID# 1 8. N.B.# _____ 9. Page # _____

 10. Meter #1 423.150

 12. Meter #2 429.158

 11. Time #1 1110

 13. Time #2 1115

 14. Temp #1 °F 136

 15. Temp #2 °F 136

 16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.150

 17. ΔP, in. Hg. 11.11

 18. DGM Correction Factor 1.063

 19. Meter # 715572

 20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml

 21. Coll. time, minutes

 22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate

 23. Comment

don't keypunch

Card 1 1 S

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011A1101141 2. Unit/Process CURE

3. Plant Name W-P

4. Date 11 20 4 80
11

5. Sampler's Initials DW
17

6. Time
(Military Time) 20

7. Cart ID# 8. N.B.# 9. Page #
24

10. Meter #1
25

12. Meter #2
31

11. Time #1
37

13. Time #2
41

14. Temp #1 °F
45

15. Temp #2 °F
48

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.165
51

17. ΔP, in. Hg.
56

18. DGM Correction Factor 1.1065
61

19. Meter # 715572

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml
66

21. Coll. time, minutes
71

22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate
75

23. Comment
78

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL
MONESSEN PLANT

B-4 Analysis Data

UNIT #1

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1	A
---	---

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0	1	V	A	0	0	1	8
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 2. Unit/Process Coke Plant
3. Plant Name Wheeling Pitts Steel
4. Date

1	1	2	9	4	8	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 5. Analyst's Initials

C	J	K
---	---	---
6. Time (Military)

1	1	2	3	0
---	---	---	---	---

 7. N.B. # _____ 8. Page # _____
9. Instrument Byron 301C THC

1

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.

9	9	8
---	---	---

4	1	9	1	5
---	---	---	---	---

~~398~~ 441
2.

--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--	--	--
3.

--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

1.

9	9	8
---	---	---

4	4	3	1	5
---	---	---	---	---

 425 462
2.

--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--	--	--
3.

--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

X=0
R=1Card 2

2	A
---	---

 Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.

--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--	--	--
5.

--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--	--	--
6.

7	7	7
---	---	---

		2	6	0	0
--	--	---	---	---	---

Component Code

ppmw

4.

--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--	--	--
5.

--	--	--

--	--	--	--	--	--	--
6.

8	8	8
---	---	---

		2	7	0	0
--	--	---	---	---	---

Remarks:

200x100200x50X=0
R=1

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A
1

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011V A 00118 2. Unit/Process Coke Plant
3
3. Plant Name Wheling Pitts Steel
4. Date 1/20/48 5. Analyst's Initials IDW
11 17
6. Time (Military) 1230 7. N.B. # _____ 8. Page # _____
20
9. Instrument HP 5730 GC 2
24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

1. 012 294.8
25 28
2.
43 46
3.
61 64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

- 012 298.6
34 37

52 55

70 73

X=0
B=2

Card 2 2 A Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1
1

Component Code

4.
11 14
5.
29 32
6.
47 50

Component Code

- 20 23

38 41

56 59

X=0
B=2

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A
1

P U I O 9 8

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

011 ~~1~~ ~~A~~ 0918 ~~1~~
3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pitts Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
11 12 01580
11

5. Analyst's Initials

C. J. G.
17

6. Time (Military)

1171415
20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

Byom 301C THC 1
24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 998
25

119011
28

204.4
177.2
188.8

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

998
34

110200
37

10280
10140

2.
43

46

52

55

3.
61

64

70

73

Card 2

2 | A
1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.
11

14

Component Code

ppmw

20

23

5.
29

32

38

41

6. 777
47

50

888
56

12500
59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1	A
---	---

I O 9 8
P U

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0	1	1	A	0	9	8	8
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pkts. Steel

4. Date

Mo.	Day	Yr.
1	2	0
5	8	0

5. Analyst's Initials

C	J	E
---	---	---

6. Time (Military)

1	7	4	5
---	---	---	---

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

HP 5730 GC

2

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

0	1	1	2
---	---	---	---

25

ppmw

1	1	6	2	1	3
---	---	---	---	---	---

28

164.5
160.1

2.

--	--	--	--

43

--	--	--	--	--	--

46

3.

--	--	--	--

61

--	--	--	--	--	--

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

0	1	1	2
---	---	---	---

34

ppmw

1	8	5	8	4
---	---	---	---	---

37

8890
8278

--	--	--	--

52

--	--	--	--	--	--

55

--	--	--	--

70

--	--	--	--	--	--

73

Card 2

2	A
---	---

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

--	--	--	--

11

ppmw

--	--	--	--	--	--

14

Component Code

--	--	--	--

20

ppmw

--	--	--	--	--	--

23

5.

--	--	--	--

29

--	--	--	--	--	--

32

--	--	--	--

38

--	--	--	--	--	--

41

6.

--	--	--	--

47

--	--	--	--	--	--

50

--	--	--	--

56

--	--	--	--	--	--

59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A

1

P u /

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

011 | v | A | 9810

3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pitts. Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
11 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 0

11

5. Analyst's Initials

C J G

17

6. Time (Military)

1 | 5 | 3 | 0

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

Byron 301C THC

1

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 9 | 9 | 8

25

2 | 9 | 4

28

290
298

2. | | |

43

| | | | |

46

3. | | |

61

| | | | |

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

9 | 9 | 8

34

2 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 0

37

25520
25640

2. | | |

43

| | | | |

46

3. | | |

61

| | | | |

64

| | |

52

| | | | |

55

| | |

70

| | | | |

73

Card 2

2 | A

1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4. | | |

11

| | | | |

14

5. | | |

29

| | | | |

32

6. 7 | 7 | 7

47

| | | | 3 | 3

50

Component Code

ppmw

| | |

20

| | | | |

23

| | |

38

| | | | |

41

8 | 8 | 8

56

| 4 | 7 | 0 | 0

59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A

1

P u x e r

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0111A109888

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pits Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
11 12 05 8 10

5. Analyst's Initials

CJG

6. Time (Military)

18 30

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

HP 5730 GC

2
24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

1. 0112
25

ppmw

1290
282.
43

46

3.
61

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

0112
34

ppmw

24940
37

52

55

70

73

Card 2

2 | A
1

Duplicate columns 3 through 18 from Card 1

ADDED
LATER

Component Code

4.
11

ppmw

14

5.
29

32

6.
47

50

Component Code

20

ppmw

23

38

41

56

59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1	A
---	---

1

P U

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0	1	1	A	0	1	1	7
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pitts. Steel

4. Date

Mo.	Day	Yr.
11	12	05
11	05	80

5. Analyst's Initials

C	S	I	G
---	---	---	---

17

6. Time (Military)

1	1	8	4	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

Byron 301C THC

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.	9	9	8
----	---	---	---

25

1	2	4	1	1	1	8
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

28

240.4
243.2

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

9	9	8
---	---	---

34

1	6	7	1	2	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

37

6730
6710

2.			
----	--	--	--

43

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

46

--	--	--

52

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

55

3.			
----	--	--	--

61

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

64

--	--	--

70

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

73

Card 2

2	A
---	---

1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.			
----	--	--	--

11

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

14

Component Code

ppmw

--	--	--

20

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

23

5.			
----	--	--	--

29

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

32

--	--	--

38

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

41

6.	7	7	7
----	---	---	---

47

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

50

29

29

8	8	8
---	---	---

56

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 A

1

P u Ø

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0111111111111111

3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pitts. Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
11 20 15 8 0

5. Analyst's Initials

CJIG

17

6. Time (Military)

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

HP 5730 GC

2
24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.

0112
25

121512
28 192,3
238

2.

43

46

3.

61

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

0112
34

6328
6326
37

52

55

70

73

Card 2

2 A
1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.

11

14

Component Code

ppmw

20

23

5.

29

32

38

41

6.

47

50

56

59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A

1

P U

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

01 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling P.H.S. Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 0

5. Analyst's Initials

C | S | E

6. Time (Military)

1 | 5 | 4 | 5

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

Byron 301C THC

1

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.

9 | 9 | 8

25

1 | 1 | 6 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2

28

2.

9 | 9 | 8

43

2 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 4

46

3.

1 | 1 | 1

61

2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 6

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

9 | 9 | 8

34

1 | 1 | 6 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2

37

9 | 9 | 8

52

1 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 0

55

1 | 1 | 1

70

2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 6

73

Card 2

2 | A

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.

9 | 9 | 8

11

2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3

14

227.8
262.4
233.2

Component Code

ppmw

1 | 1 | 1

20

1 | 1 | 1

23

5.

1 | 1 | 1

29

1 | 1 | 1

32

1 | 1 | 1

38

1 | 1 | 1

41

6.

7 | 7 | 7

47

1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4

50

8 | 8 | 8

56

1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0

59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 A

1

P U

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0111741011311
3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling PHS. Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
11 2 015 8 0
11

5. Analyst's Initials

CJG
17

6. Time (Military)

151510
20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

HP 5730 GC
2
24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 0112
2521111.815 204.4
219.3
282.
43

46

3.
61

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

0112
3411711513
3718163
17143

52

55

70

73

Card 2

2 A
1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.
11

14

5.
29

32

6.
47

50

Component Code

ppmw

20

23

38

41

56

59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A
1P u I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

011 ~~11~~ 011319
3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pits. Steel

→ 4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
11 12 014 810
11

5. Analyst's Initials

CJG
17

6. Time (Military)

11514
20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

Byron 301C THC
24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 9918
2528 7111
2348
718
704

2. 43

46

3. 61

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

34 9918

37 23430
23480
23400

52

55

70

73

Card 2

2 | A
1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4. 11

14

Component Code

ppmw

20

23

5. 29

32

38

41

6. 7777
47

50 11101010

56 8888

59 18510010

Remarks:

8.5960

1.8 ml 88 sec B-60

10 3145

LIP LEAK

1.0785

⇒ d = 1.0992

OK - Key punch this sheet!

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(AMBIENT AND BAG)

~~2 - 200000~~
~~100000~~

1 | A
1

P U I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0111111319
3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pitts. Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
1 12 01 4 8 10
11

5. Analyst's Initials

C J G
17

6. Time (Military)

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

HP 5730 GC
2
24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

1. 012
25

28

2. 43

46

3. 61

64

LEAKY AMB. AIR
BAG

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

34 012

37 21807
~~21806.5~~

52

55

70

73

Card 2

2 | A
1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

4. 11

14

5. 29

32

6. 47

50

Component Code

20

23

38

41

56

59

Remarks:

B-61

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1	A
---	---

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011 ~~1~~ ~~1~~ ~~0~~ 1139 2. Unit/Process Coke Plant
3. Plant Name Wheeling Pits Steel
4. Date 11/20/58 5. Analyst's Initials CJ56
6. Time (Military) 111110 7. N.B. # _____ 8. Page # _____
9. Instrument Byron 301C THC

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 998 696.15 ⁶⁸⁷/₇₀₆
2.
3.

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

- 998 1169110 ¹⁶⁷⁸⁰/₁₇₀₄₀
-
-

Card 2

2	A
---	---

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.
5.
6. 777 41010

Component Code

ppmw

-
-
- 888 122010

Remarks:

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1	A
---	---

P U I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0	1	1	1	1	1	3	9
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pitts. Steel

4. Date

Mo.	Day	Yr.
1	2	05
11		

5. Analyst's Initials

C	J	S	G
---	---	---	---

6. Time (Military)

1	1	1	0	0
---	---	---	---	---

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

HP 5730 GC

2

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.

0	1	1	2
---	---	---	---

25

1	5	9	9	1	4
---	---	---	---	---	---

28

620.1
578.7

Component Code

ppmw

0	1	1	2
---	---	---	---

34

1	1	8	3	7	3
---	---	---	---	---	---

37

19030
177162.

--	--	--	--

43

--	--	--	--	--	--

46

--	--	--	--

52

--	--	--	--	--	--

55

3.

--	--	--	--

61

--	--	--	--	--	--

64

--	--	--	--

70

--	--	--	--	--	--

73

Card 2

2	A
---	---

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.

--	--	--	--

11

--	--	--	--	--	--

14

Component Code

ppmw

--	--	--	--

20

--	--	--	--	--	--

23

5.

--	--	--	--

29

--	--	--	--	--	--

32

--	--	--	--

38

--	--	--	--	--	--

41

6.

--	--	--	--

47

--	--	--	--	--	--

50

--	--	--	--

56

--	--	--	--	--	--

59

Remarks:

A
19030

B-63

B
17716

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

8 u ~~5~~ 139

01 ~~PAJ~~ 140

Coke Plant

Wheeling Pitts. Steel

Mo. Day Yr.
1 2 0 4 8 0
11

CISIG
17

8. Page #

Byron 301C THC

BAG SAMPLE

↓
ppmw
28 | | 60 | 4

9	9	8
25		

9 1 8
34

ppmw

	1	5	9	8	0
--	---	---	---	---	---

37

15940 ←
16020 ←

43

A horizontal number line with 5 tick marks. The first tick mark on the left is labeled '46'.

52

55

61

64

70

73

2 : A

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

PPMW

11

14

20

ppmw

29

38

41

7	7	7
4	7	

50 100 200

8	8	8
56		

59 14000

B-64

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A

1

P u ø 1 3 9

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

011 ~~111011410~~

3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pitts. Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
11 12 05 810

5. Analyst's Initials

CJSIG

17

6. Time (Military)

111417

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

Byron 301C THC

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 9918

25

165.14 65.7

28

2. 43

43

46

46

3. 61

61

64

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

9918

34

1127910

37

12760
12820

52

52

55

55

70

70

73

73

Card 2

2 | A

1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4. 11

11

14

14

5. 29

29

32

32

6. 7777

47

50

50

Component Code

ppmw

20

20

23

23

38

38

41

41

888

56

59

59

Remarks:

B-65

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A

1

P U Ø 1 3 9

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

011 ~~171811410~~

3

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling P.H.s. Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
12 05 80

11

5. Analyst's Initials

CJG

17

6. Time (Military)

111410

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

HP 5730 GG

2
24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 0112

25

1491.165

28

55.98
43.31

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

0112

34

919.517.15

37

10365
9550

2. 43

46

52

55

3. 61

64

70

73

Card 2

2 | A
1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4. 11

14

Component Code

ppmw

20

23

5. 29

32

38

41

6. 47

50

56

59

Remarks:

B-66

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A

1

P u I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

01114101411

2. Unit/Process

Coke Plant

3. Plant Name

Wheeling Pitts Steel

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
11 20 58 0

5. Analyst's Initials

CISIG

6. Time (Military)

12113

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

Byron 301C THC

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 998

25

153165

28

54.1
53.2

2. 43

46

3. 61

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

998

34

218.2

37

52

55

70

73

Not enough sample for accurate analysis by THC

Card 2

2 | A

1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4. 11

14

5. 29

32

6. 777

47

1450

50

Component Code

ppmw

20

20

23

23

38

38

41

41

888

56

1400

59

B-67

Remarks:

GC Total Hydrocarbon

A 272.8

B 163.6

Average 218.2

↑

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 A
1

P W I

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 01111011411 2. Unit/Process Coke Plant
3
3. Plant Name Wheeling Pits. Steel
Mo. Day Yr.
4. Date 1 2 0 5 8 0 5. Analyst's Initials CJG
11 17
6. Time (Military) 1 2 1 6 7. N.B. # _____ 8. Page # _____
20
9. Instrument HP 57.30 GC 2
24

AMBIENT AIR

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

1. 0112 1331.811 37.97
25 28 29.65

Component Code

ppmw

0112 1811.915 241
34 37 122.9

2. 43 46 52 55
3. 61 64 70 73

Card 2 2 A Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1
1

Component Code

ppmw

4. 11 14

Component Code

ppmw

20 23

5. 29 32 38 41

6. 47 50 56 59

Remarks:

ANALYSIS OF LINE SAMPLES AT UNIT 1

Sample Source	Weight % Benzene
Scrubber "A"	39.4
Scrubber "B"	0.97
Rectifier Bottoms	85.1
Light Oil Product	77.3

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL
MONESSEN PLANT

B-5 OVA and TLV Calibration Data

Concentration of Standards (?)
Instrument Codes (?) from plant to plant

UNIT #1

CALIBRATION CHECKING FORM

1 Month	3 Day	5 Instrument	6 Screening Team	8 Low standard ppm calibration	14 High standard ppm calibration	20 Dilution Probe Calibration	25 UNIT
1 1	2 4	2	0 1		5 0 0 0	6 5 0	1
1 1	2 5	2	0 1		5 0 0 0	7 0 0	1
1 1	2 6	2	0 1		6 5 0 0		1
1 2	0 1	4	0 1	4 0	1 4 0 0	2 0 0	1
1 2	0 1	2 3	0 1		5 0 0 0		1
1 2	0 2	4	0 1	9 0	2 2 0 0 2 6 0 0	4 0 0	1
1 2	0 2	2 4	0 1		5 8 0 0		1
1 2	0 3	4	0 1	2 8 0	1 9 0 0	5 2 0	1
1 2	0 3	2	0 1				+

Comments: INSTR #4 = TLV 0.77306, TLV CALIBRATED WITH 1990 ppm HEXANE/AIR HIGH STD

AIR 90 ppm LOW STANDARD, The calibrations were performed at Wheeling-Pittsburgh Steel

Instr #2 = OVA CALIBRATED WITH 7990 ppm METHANE/AIR
SERIAL #1575, EPA NO. 071317

UNIT #1

Gadsden, Republic Steel
Wheeling - Pittsburgh, S.W.

CALIBRATION CHECKING FORM

1 Month	2 Day	3 Instrument	4 Screening Team	5 Low standard ppm calibration	6 High standard ppm calibration	7 Dilution Probe Calibration													
1	2	0	4	3	0	1													
1	2	0	4	4	0	1													
1	2	0	5	3	0	1													
1	2	0	5	4	0	1													

Comments: INSTR #3 = OVA, #4 = TLV

INSTR #3: RADIAN No. 4980, Ser. #1080

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL
MONESSEN PLANT

B-6 Dry Gas Meter Calibration Data

RADIAN
CORPORATION

L S

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

DGM CALIB.

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

3

2. Unit/Process

COKE PLANT

3. Plant Name

WHEELING STEEL

4. Date

Mo. Day Yr.
12 11 80

5. Sampler's Initials

DWM

6. Time

11

(Military Time)

7. Cart ID#

24

8. N.B.#

9. Page #

HASTINGS: 1.55

1.54

10. Meter #1

9921.00

12. Meter #2

9981.52

11. Time #1

37 10

13. Time #2

41 4

14. Temp #1 °F

45 55

15. Temp #2 °F

48 55

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg.

51 29.147

17. ΔP, in. Hg.

56 13.12

18. (DGM Correction Factor)

61 1.063

19. Meter #

715572

20. Vol. Org.
Condensate ml

36

21. Coll. time, minutes

71

22. Specific Gravity
of Organic
Condensate

75

23. Comment

78

DGMCF = 1.0633

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH STEEL
MONESSEN PLANT

B-7 Accuracy Check Data

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1	A
---	---

01 AC 0001
~~AC 1201801~~
~~AB 1201801~~
 3

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

2. Unit/Process COKE PLANT3. Plant Name WHEELING STEEL4. Date

Mo.	Day	Yr.
12	01	80

115. Analyst's Initials

CHT

176. Time (Military)

--	--	--	--

20

7. N.B. # _____ 8. Page # _____

9. Instrument BYRON 3012 THC

1

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	25		28								
2.	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	43		46								
3.	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	61		64								

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

	<table><tr><td>9</td><td>9</td><td>7</td></tr></table>	9	9	7	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>9</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr></table>				9	4	5
9	9	7									
			9	4	5						
	34		37								
	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	52		55								
	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	70		73								

Card 2

2	A
---	---

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	11		14								
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6.	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	47		50								

Component Code

ppmw

	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	20		23								
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	38		41								
	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>				<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>						
	56		59								

B-76

Remarks:

1x100:

20x5

20x10

20x20

80.0

76.7

112

116.8

77.8

77.7

108.4

104.8

$$M.R. = 7.957 \times 10^{-4} \text{ } \mu\text{g/L} \Rightarrow 87.87\% \text{ RECOVER}$$

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A

1

~~AC1262804~~1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 011A0002 2. Unit/Process Coke Plant

3

3. Plant Name Wheeling Pitts. Steel

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date 11/20/80

11

5. Analyst's Initials CJS

17

6. Time (Military) 20

20

7. N.B. # _____ 8. Page # _____

9. Instrument Byron 301C THC 1

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1. 25282. 43463. 6164

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

99789552557073Card 2 2 | A Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

1

Component Code

ppmw

4. 11145. 29326. 4750

Component Code

ppmw

202338415659

B-77

Remarks:

1X100
86.5
79.720X5
74.8
82.8
76.620X10
102
100.420X20
104.8
102
$$MLR = 7.372 \times 10^{-4} \text{ } \frac{16}{\text{HR}} \Rightarrow 90.28 \% \text{ RECOVER.}$$

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 A

1

~~AC1202802~~

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0 1 ~~A~~ ~~C~~ 0 0 0 3

3

2. Unit/Process

COKE PLANT

3. Plant Name WHEELING PITTSBURGH

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

1 2 0 2 8 0

11

5. Analyst's Initials

DW

17

6. Time (Military)

1 7 0 0

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page # 1

9. Instrument HP 5730A GC

2

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.

25

28

2.

43

46

3.

61

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

0 1 2

34

7 3 . 5

37

52

55

70

73

Card 2

2 A

1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.

11

14

5.

29

32

6.

47

50

Component Code

ppmw

20

23

38

41

56

59

B-78

Remarks:

A (SP-1000)/BENTONITE 34)

B (RCBP)

67.8

77.3

$$MLR = 6.15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$\Rightarrow 84.9\% \text{ RECOVERY}$$

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 A

1

~~AC 1200801~~

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

0140004

3

2. Unit/Process

3050 UNIT

3. Plant Name

INTERIMB FITZBURGH

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

12 05 82

11

5. Analyst's Initials

G. J.

17

6. Time (Military)

1700

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page # 2

9. Instrument

LA 5750A 32

2

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.

25

28

2.

43

46

3.

61

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

34

0112

52

55

70

73

Card 2

2 A

1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.

11

14

5.

29

32

6.

47

50

Component Code

ppmw

20

23

38

41

56

59

Remarks:

M-R = 7.69×10^{-16} lb/g

100.0% RECY.

CLINT RECOVERIES

1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8%

ALUMINUM 8.15%

1.1% 1.1% 1.1% 1.1%

$ILR = 9.055 \times 10^{-4}$ $\frac{lb}{HR}$

$MLR = 8.425 \times 10^{-4}$ $\frac{lb}{HR}$

$MLR = 7.957 \times 10^{-4}$ $\frac{lb}{HR}$

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

Card 1 1 S

1

01 AC 0001

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# AC120180 12. Unit/Process COKE PLANT

3. Plant Name WHEELING STEEL

4. Date 1^{Mo.}2^{Day}0^{Yr.}180

5. Sampler's Initials DW

6. Time ²⁰
(Military Time)

7. Cart ID# i 8. N.B.# 9. Page #

10. Meter #1 1210.140

12. Meter #2 1215.140

11. Time #1 ³⁷

13. Time #2 ⁴¹

14. Temp #1 °F 1514

15. Temp #2 °F 1514

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.167

17. ΔP, in. Hg. 11.310

18. DGM Correction Factor 1.1063

19. Meter # 715572

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml ⁶⁶

21. Coll. time, minutes ⁷¹

22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate ⁷⁵

23. Comment ⁷⁸

⇒ 944.88 ¹¹ ml/min

BEFORE:

AFTER:

100 ml / 6.4 sec
100 ml / 6.35 sec
100 ml / 6.4 sec
100 ml / 6.4 sec
100 ml / 6.35 sec

100 ml / 6.32 sec
100 ml / 6.3 sec
100 ml / 6.3 sec
100 ml / 6.4 sec
100 ml / 6.33 sec
100 ml / 6.33 sec

100 ml / 6.35 sec
6.2 sec
6.3 sec
6.35 sec
6.35 sec
6.35 sec

B-80

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

Card 1 1 S
1

01 A C 0 0 0 2
~~AC1202801~~
AC11242801
3

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# AC11242801 2. Unit/Process Coke Plant

3. Plant Name Wheeling Pth. Steel

4. Date 12 02 80
11

5. Sampler's Initials IDW
17

6. Time 1 1 1
(Military Time)
20

7. Cart ID# 1 8. N.B.# _____ 9. Page # _____
24

10. Meter #1 1616.1610
25

12. Meter #2 1711.1814
31

1.7467

11. Time #1 1 1 0
37

13. Time #2 1 1 3
41

14. Temp #1 °F 143
45

15. Temp #2 °F 413
48

502

27.77

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 291.1517
51

17. ΔP, in. Hg. 111.16
56

18. DGM Correction Factor 11.1063
61

19. Meter # 715572

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 1 1 1 1
66

21. Coll. time, minutes 1 1 1
71

22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate 1 1 1
75

23. Comment 1 1 1
78

Before:
100ml / 7.3 sec

6.0
7.4
7.2
7.25
7.2
7.5
7.2

② $\Rightarrow 833.33 \text{ ml/min}$

B-81

After:
100ml / 7.2 sec

$$ILR = 8.165 \times 10^{-4} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$$\frac{MLR}{ppmv} = 8.236 \times 10^{-4} \text{ lb/hr}$$

$\Rightarrow 99.14 \text{ ppm}$

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

Card 1 1 S

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 01AC0003 ~~1111111111111111~~ Unit/Process Coke Plant,
3. Plant Name Wheeling P. Hs. Steel

4. Date 10/02/80 5. Sampler's Initials JDL
6. Time 1111 7. Cart ID# 2 8. N.B.# 101.73 9. Page # 1.7767
10. Meter #1 96.40 12. Meter #2 142
11. Time #1 1110 13. Time #2 1113
14. Temp #1 °F 142 15. Temp #2 °F 142
16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.157 17. ΔP, in. Hg. 1.7
18. DGM Correction Factor 1.063 19. Meter # 715572
20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 1111
21. Coll. time, minutes 111 22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate 111
23. Comment 111

Before:
100 ml / 7.35 sec
7.2
7.2
7.2
7.15

B-82

After:
100 ml / 7.4 sec
7.4
7.35
7.4
7.45
7.4

$$ILR = 7.242 \times 10^{-4} \text{ 1/hr}$$

$$\frac{MLR}{APMW} = 8.364 \times 10^{-6} \text{ 1/hr} \Rightarrow 84.58 \text{ ppm}$$

SAMPLE DATA SHEET

Card 1 1 S

1

01 AC 0004

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID# 9124380 2. Unit/Process CURT P. 2N

3. Plant Name WHEELING PITTSBURGH

4. Date 120380
11

5. Sampler's Initials JH
17

6. Time 1600
(Military Time)
20

7. Cart ID# 1 8. N.B.# _____ 9. Page # _____
24

10. Meter #1 765.00
25

12. Meter #2 769.035
31

1.365

11. Time #1 1110
37

13. Time #2 1113
41

14. Temp #1 °F 29
45

2
48.3

15. Temp #2 °F 12.9
48

3
28.2-7

16. Bar. Press., in. Hg. 29.157
51

17. ΔP, in. Hg. 11.30
56

18. DGM Correction Factor 1.1063
61

19. Meter # 7155.2

20. Vol. Org. Condensate ml 1111
66

21. Coll. time, minutes 1111
71

22. Specific Gravity of Organic Condensate 1111
75

23. Comment 1111
78

BEFORE $\Rightarrow FR = 833.33 \frac{ml}{min}$ AFTER

B-83

7.2
7.2
7.2

ICR = $7.64 \times 10^{-4} \frac{16}{hr}$

MLR = 6.594×10^{-4} $\Rightarrow 115.9 ppm$

STD = 263 ppmw

ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

(AMBIENT AND BAG)

1 | A

1

BLIND STD

1. Radian Valve/Pump ID#

1 | V | A | | | |

2. Unit/Process

COKE PLANT

3. Plant Name

WHEELING STEEL

Mo. Day Yr.

4. Date

11 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0

5. Analyst's Initials

C | J | E

6. Time (Military)

20

7. N.B. #

8. Page #

9. Instrument

Byron 301C THC

24

AMBIENT AIR

Component Code

ppmw

1.

25

28

2.

43

46

3.

61

64

BAG SAMPLE

Component Code

ppmw

9 | 9 | 7

34

37

52

55

70

73

Card 2

2 | A

1

Duplicate columns 3 through 10 from Card 1

Component Code

ppmw

4.

11

14

5.

29

32

6.

47

50

Component Code

ppmw

20

23

38

41

56

59

B-84

Remarks:

20 x 20

200 x 2

200 x 5

200 x 10

20 x 50

20 x 100

250.21

244.3

243

256

275

275

250

244.3

238

270

263

283

250

244.3

242

270

263

283

250

244.3

252

270

263

283

250

244.3

252

270

263

283