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An Ordering of the NIOSH Suspected Carcinogens List Based on Production and Use Data

Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D C

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An Ordering of the NIOSH
Suspected Carcinogens List
Based on Production
and Use Data

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Prepared for

Office of Toxic Substances
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, D.C. 20460

Charlie Auer Project Officer

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NOTICE

This report has been reviewed by the Office of Toxic Substances, EPA, and approved for publication. Approval does not signify that the contents necessarily reflect the views and policies of the Environmental Protection Agency, nor does mention of trade names or commercial products constitute endorsement or recommendation for use.

PREFACE

The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) annually publishes the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS), formerly called the Toxic Substances List. In 1975, NIOSH published a subfile of the RTECS, Suspected Carcinogens, A Subfile of the NIOSH Toxic Substances List, which lists chemicals reported in the literature as having caused benign or malignant tumors in at least one species. The obvious concern over this list of chemicals and the fact that some might fall within the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) regulatory jurisdiction by virtue of their use patterns led the EPA Office of Toxic Substances (OTS) to undertake an effort to identify those substances in the Subfile deserving OTS attention. Initially, the NIOSH Subfile was reordered according to cited carcinogenicity data. That ordering (summarized in the Appendix) suggests the degree of concern that might be warranted regarding the carcinogenic potential of the listed chemicals.

Employing readily available information on uses and commercial significance, OTS has further refined the initial ordering into the four tables contained in this report. Table 1 lists chemicals that might need delineation of their environmental hazard potential—particularly their carcinogenic threat. The chemicals contained in Tables 2 and 3 are considered less significant at this time because they either fall more appropriately under another agency's regulatory authority (Table 2) or because (Table 3) insufficient information was developed to warrant the inclusion of the entries in another table. It should be recognized, however, that some chemicals in Tables 2 and 3 may become environmentally important in the future as their uses change. Table 4 is a composite of the first three tables, presenting production and use information on those substances

An Ordering of the NIOSH Suspected Carcinogens List Based Only on Data Contained in the List, available through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22151, as NTIS publication PB-251-851.

investigated by other than environmentally significant routes of administration which, nonetheless, produced tumors at sites remote from the point of introduction. Some of the entries in Table 4 might require additional definition as was suggested for Table 1 chemicals.

The tables in this report share limitations with the NIOSH Subfile data. In particular, a substance's inclusion in the NIOSH Subfile is based on the conclusions of the author(s) of the study cited that the investigated substance produced a neoplastic or carcinogenic response. In many cases the only data evaluation in evidence is that provided by the scientific community prior to publication in private literature. Neither NIOSH nor OTS has attempted to resolve questionable published data or to evaluate an author's interpretation. It is not appropriate to conclude that all substances listed in this report are carcinogenic or of regulatory interest to EPA.

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I. APPROACH

After the initial ordering of an updated version of the 1975 NIOSH Suspected Carcinogens Subfile in March 1976, EPA made refinements to provide a better definition of the environmental exposure for each substance on the list. Efforts were made to ascertain the commercial significance of the chemicals. This was done primarily by using information readily available in the secondary sources referenced herein; however, examination of the primary literature was also necessary in a few cases. The basic factors examined were production levels (when available) and commercial applications. Chemicals that have received indepth carcinogenicity evaluations by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) were also identified.

An understanding of the approach used to develop this list is facilitated by referring to Figure 1, a flow diagram presenting a schematic of the entire process. Starting from point A, a combination of machine and manual techniques was used to reduce and define the list of 1,693 compounds contained in the initial EPA-ordered NIOSH Subfile of Suspected Carcinogens. First, the availability of a Chemical Abstracts Services (CAS) registry number was determined for each compound. This determination was important because only those chemicals possessing a CAS number would be eligible for the subsequent automated search; of the 1,693 compounds in the NIOSH Subfile, only 928 had CAS numbers. The machine manipulation (B) consisted of a comparison between the CAS-numbered NIOSH Subfile entries and those chemicals contained on the Stanford Research Institute's (SRI) file of 26,755 commercially significant (COMSIG) chemicals. The intersection of the two lists produced matches of 632 compounds.

NIOSH made this updated version of the published subfile available to OTS on computer tape.

For the 765 substances having no CAS number, a manual search of the TSCA Candidate List of Chemical Substances (April 1977) and other information sources was conducted to determine the commercially significant chemicals (step C). This search soon indicated that the overwhelming majority of these compounds have little, if any, commercial significance. Generally, they are laboratory research materials (e.g., experimental carcinogens), analytical reagents, and members of certain structural classes known to have a proclivity to induce carcinogenesis. Some substances in this latter group appear to have been synthesized at the laboratory level to test a wider variety of substances in a given structural class. Conceivably, certain compounds in this category could have some environmental significance; examples are polynuclear aromatics and N-nitroso compounds. Only 5 of the 765 compounds without CAS numbers were found to have some commercial significance; these were added to the list obtained from the COMSIG intersection to yield a total of 637 chemicals.

Step D involved examination of the route of exposure (e.g., inhalation vs. oral vs. injection, etc.) recorded for each chemical as represented by the third digit of the OTS 4-digit ranking code. In general, an oncogenic response to level 1 (oral) or level 2 (inhalation, dermal, or ocular) exposure was considered more environmentally significant than responses following level 0 (injection, implant, etc.) exposure. Accordingly, level 1 and level 2 chemicals were combined and considered separately from level 0 compounds. All of the chemicals from levels 1 and 2 (total of 383) were designated as "hits" in the present work and would ultimately appear in one of the tables. Level 0 compounds (total of 254), on the other hand, were subjected to an additional refining step involving a determination of level 0 compounds which reported the development of tumors at sites remote from the point of administration. Evidence of this nature was considered more indicative of a chemical's possible environmental significance than

reports that the chemical produced local tumors only. While flaws were evident in this approach, it was felt that such a distinction was better than inclusion of either all or none of the level 0 chemicals. Accordingly, the primary literature was examined (step E) and the studies (i.e., compounds) were separated into two groups: those reporting local tumors only (151 entries) and those having evidence of remote tumor development (103 entries). The "local tumors only" chemicals were given no further consideration, while the "evidence of remote tumors" group would ultimately appear in various parts of Table 4.

All "hit" chemicals (basically level 1 and level 2 compounds plus the "remote tumors" subset of the level 0 chemicals) were then subjected to essentially the same examination process. Nonprime letters (e.g., F) indicate level 1 and level 2 chemicals, while letters prime (e.g. G') refer to the subset of level 0 chemicals.

The first common step (F and F') was an intensive examination of (predominantly) secondary sources of production and use information. A listing of the publications consulted can be found in the "References" section. Only very limited information was available for a number of the "hit" chemicals; these were assigned to Table 3 (G; 147 entries) or Table 4C (G'; 12 entries) and were listed according to their OTS 4-digit rank designation. Compounds with identical OTS rank numbers were listed alphanumerically by NTOSH sort key within each group. While many of the substances in these two tables appear to be of limited commercial significance (interpreting the paucity of production and use information as somewhat indicative of minimal industrial significance), caution is advised

²OTS rank number -- a higher number indicates greater evidence of carcinogenic potential (see Appendix).

because inclusion in these tables does not reflect a definitive judgment.

The remaining chemicals were grouped on the basis of their reported uses.

Chemicals of primary interest to the Food and Drug Administration or EPA's Office of Pesticides Programs were separated as follows (refer to Figures 1 and 2, pp. 7 and 8):

- (a) food-cosmetics related chemicals: Table 2A (H; 4 entries) and Table 4B-1 (H'; 2 entries).
- (b) pharmaceuticals: Table 2B (I; 40 entries) and Table 4B-2 (I'; 31 entries).
- (c) pesticides in Table 1B (J; 36 entries) and Table 4A-2 (J'; 14 entries).

 As before, all chemicals were ordered on the basis of their OTS rank code with the NIOSH sort key used as a second-level sorting parameter.

The remaining chemicals (a total of 200) represent a core group of substances from the NIOSH Subfile having the greatest potential interest to the EPA Office of Toxic Substances. Most are industrial chemicals produced in amounts ranging from less than 1,000 pounds to several billion pounds per year. Because of the wide range in reported production volumes for these chemicals, a dual-level sorting hierarchy was employed to order the entries. Production level was considered first (highest to lowest), followed by the OTS 4-digit rank number. (As before, entries having identical rankings were ultimately ordered alphanumerically by the NIOSH sort key.)

Accordingly, the order in which chemicals are listed in Table 1A (K; 156 entries) and Table 4A-1 (K'; 44 entries) indicates the relative significance of these chemicals with regard to their potential for environmental exposure (and thus their hazard potential). Of the 156 compounds in Table 1A, at least 60 are clearly of commercial significance. Another 51 chemicals are reportedly produced in quantities greater than 1,000 pounds per year. The remaining 45 chemicals

are currently produced in quantities less than 1,000 pounds per year; however, the information is sketchy and the chemicals may be of commercial importance in the future, or might have been within the past few years. Seventy-eight substances in Table 1A have been evaluated by the IARC in its monographs. Seven are indicated to be human positive carcinogens; 4, human suspected; 42, animal positive; 6, animal suspected; 17, indefinite; and 2, negative.

Table 4A-1 contains 44 chemicals, 19 of which are of documented commercial importance. Sixteen others are produced at levels in excess of 1,000 pounds per year, while the 9 remaining chemicals are produced at levels less than 1,000 pounds or their commercial importance in the recent past or future is uncertain. Twenty chemicals in Table 4A-1 have been evaluated by the IARC. Of these, none are human positive carcinogens; 3, human suspected; 9, animal positive; 3, animal suspected; and 5, indefinite.

As a result of this exercise and other factors, preparation of hazard assessment documents has started or is planned for such chemicals as epichlorohydrin, ethylene glycol, and others. In addition, for selected unevaluated chemicals (e.g., no IARC review) that are commercially significant, an in-depth evaluation of carcinogenicity and other toxicity data will be performed by recognized experts under extramural contract. Present plans call for the preparation of periodic updates to this list as additional suspected carcinogens are identified by NIOSH. However, no time frame has currently been established for this work.

Each of the four tables has seven columns. Column one identifies each substance by its unique CAS number. (Only a few compounds in these tables do not have CAS numbers. The CAS numbers used in these tables have been taken

 $[\]frac{3}{1}$ IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to $\underline{\text{Man}}$.

predominantly from the TSCA Candidate List of Chemical Substances [April 1977]; in cases where the substance was not contained in the Candidate List, either the NIOSH Subfile-listed CAS number or the CHEMNAME data base-reported number was used.) Column two gives the OTS rank number assigned to the chemical in the original EPA-ordered version. Column three lists the alphanumeric sequence designation used in the NIOSH Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, which allows easy location of the main entry. Column four indicates the approximate annual production level of a compound, from I representing 1,000 pounds to V representing 1 billion pounds. The latest available annual production figures are used. Column five gives a common chemical or trade name for each substance. Column six indicates whether an evaluation of carcinogenicity data has been conducted by the IARC in its monograph reviews; it also contains a symbol representing the review conclusion at the time of preparation, ranging from HP for human positive to AS for animal suspected, and ID for indefinite. The last column lists the uses of the substance, as found in the various secondary references consulted.

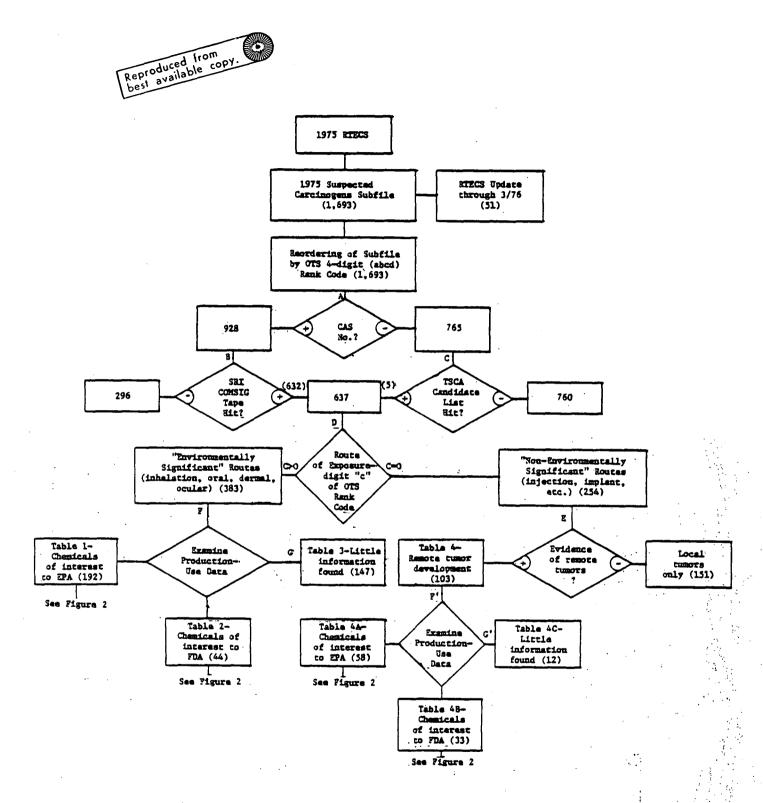


FIGURE 1. Flow diagram of the approach followed in this project. (Figures in parentheses represent the number of chemicals involved at each point in the process.)

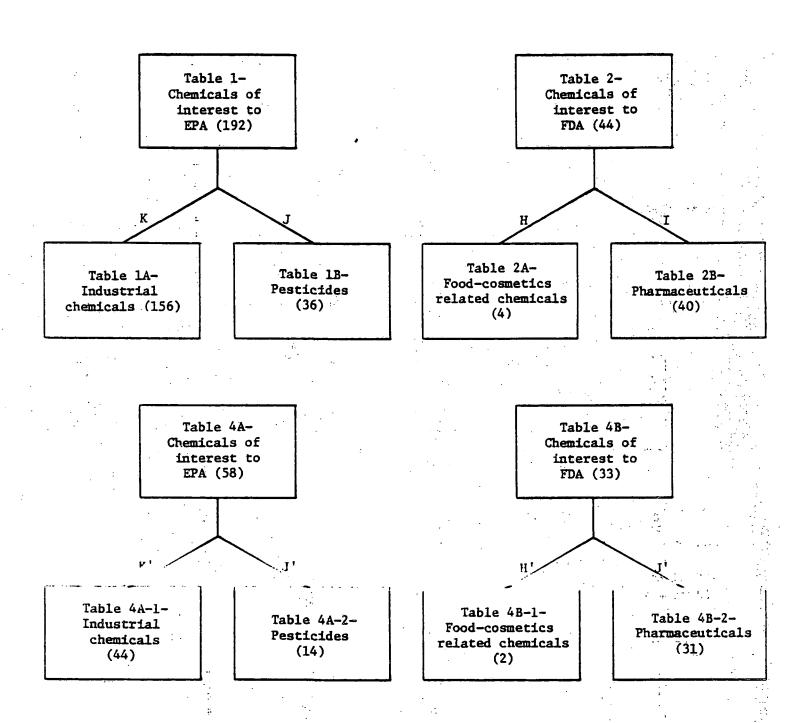


FIGURE 2. Continuation of the flow diagram presented in Figure 1.

A) Commercially Significant (annual production in excess of 1000 lb)

CAS NO.	OTS Rank ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
000056235	4313	FG49000	(>10 ⁹ 1b)	carbon tetrachloride	AP	Production of fluorocarbon refrigerants and propellants; degreasing; agri- cultural fumigant; chlorinating organic compounds; fire extinguisher; dry cleaning of clothing
001332214	4123	C164750	v .	asbestos	HP	Brake linings; fireproof fabrics; roofing composition; insulation; filters; paint filler; rubber and plastic reinforcer; diaphragm cells
000084651	4111	CB47250	V (dyes)	anthraquinone		Starting material to produce dyes and organics; bird repellant for seeds; organic inhibitor
000071432	3121 (7222)	CY14000	v	benzene	нѕ	Manufacture of organic chemical inter- mediates for styrene monomer, detergents, nylon, aniline, antiknock gasoline; artificial leathers, dyes; solvent (printing inks)
+000107211	3121	KW29750	V	ethylene glycol		Antifreeze; hydraulic brake fluids; in electrolytic condensers; in printers' inks; in ballpoint pen inks
000108952	3121	SJ33250	V	pheno1		Phenolic resins; organic compounds; germicidal paints; pharmaceuticals; dyes and indicators; epoxy resins; disinfectant; reagent; antiseptic
007440020	4429	QR59500	IV (>10 ⁷ 1b)	nickel	AS	Plating; alloya; coins; batteries; magnets; electrodes; spark plugs; catalyst for hydrogenating oils and methanating fuel gases; ceramics
000075014	4222 (7323)	KU96250	IV	vinyl chloride	НР	Polyvinyl chloride and copolymer resins; plastic adhesive; organic synthesis; wire and cable coverings; shoe soles; raincoats; textile finishes
000095807	4112 (4111)	XS96250	IV CONTROL OF THE	toluene-2,4-diamine; CI 76035	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	To produce toluene diisocyanate; dye intermediate; direct oxidation black for furs and hair

Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24

CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
000123911	4111 (4323)	JG82250	IV	dioxane	AP	Organic solvent
000106898	3122 (3101)	TX49000	IV	epichlorohydrin	AP	To make synthetic glycerins; eroxy resins; solvent for gums, paints, lacquers, nail enamels, and cellulose esters and ethers; cement for Celluloid; curing propylene-based rubbers
000096480	3121	LU35000	IV	4-butyrolactone; hydroxybutyric acid lactone	ID	Chemical intermediate in production of 2-pyrrolidone; solvent for many polymers and petroleum products
007803578	3121	MV80500	īv ^e	hydrazine hydrate		Reducing agent; oxygen scavenger in boiler water treatment; chemical intermediate
000123319	3121	HX35000	IV	hydroquinone [£]		Photographic developer; stabilizer in paints, varnishes, motor fuels, and oils; antioxidant; polymerization inhibitor; dyé intermediate; medicine
050825291	3121	OG20250	IV	lead naphthenate		Paint and varnish drier; wood preservative; insecticide; catalyst; additive in lube oil and metallic soaps
000067663	3111 (4212)	FS91000	IV	chloroform	AS	Production of fluorocarbon refrigerants and propellants; fluorocarbon plastics; fumigant; insecticide; solvent; in fire extinguishers; in rubber industry
000079016	3111	KX45500	IV	trichloroethylene	AS	Solvent; degreasing; dry cleaning; manufacture of organic chemicals and pharmaceuticals; fumigant; textile processing; refrigerant
000091941	5416	DD05250	(>10 ⁶ 1b)	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine (base and salts)	AP(C)	Intermediate for azo dyes and pigments; curing agent in isocyanate-terminated resins for urethan plastics
000137304	4213	21105250	ш	ziram; zinc dimethyl dithiocarbamate	ID	Fungicide; rubber vulcanization accelerator
000151564	4212	KX50750	III	ethyleneimine; aziridine	AP(C)	Polymerized into polyethyleneimine; to produce 2-aziridinyl; intermediate and monomer for oil additives, ion exchange resins, coating resins, pharmaceuticals, adhesives, surfactants, and polymer stabilizers

footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

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	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	TARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	001302529	4121	DS14000	III	beryl	AP	Natural silicate for producing beryllium; synthetic emeralds
	000101779	4112	BY54250	III	4,4'-methylenedianiline	٠.	Manufacture of polymethylene poly- phenylisocyanate, 4,4'-methylenediphenyl isocyanate, 4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexyla- mine), and poly(amide-imide) resins and fibers; dye intermediate; corrosion inhibitor; analytical reagent
	000101144	4112	CY10500	III	MOCA ^R	AP(C)	Curing agent for elastomers, epoxy resins, and rubbers
	000915673	4111	QJ65500	III	amaranth; Red Dye No. 2; CI 16185	ID	Dyeing wool and cotton; in color photography; as an indicator in hydrazine titrations
	000062566	4111	YU28000	III ^g	thiourea	AP	In photosensitive papers; production of flame-retardant textile sizes; boiler water treatment; photographic chemicals; vulcanization accelerator; in silver-cleaning compounds; in glues
11	000105748	3123 (3122)	OF26250	III (consumption estimate)	lauroyl peroxide	,	Bleaching agent, intermediate, and drying agent for fats, oils, and waxes; polymerization catalyst
	000094360	3121	DM85750	III	benzoyl peroxide	`	Bleaching agent for flour, fats, oils, and waxes; polymerization catalyst; drying agent for unsaturated oils; production of pharmaceuticals and cosmetics; rubber volcanization without sulfur
	000110054	3121	ER24500	III	<pre>di-t-butyl peroxide; bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) peroxide</pre>		Polymerization initiator; organic synthesis; ignition accelerator for diesel fuels
	000086306	3112	JJ98000	III	N-nitrosodiphenyl- amine		Rubber vulcanization retarder; pesticide
	000135886	3112	QM45500	III	Neozone D ^R ; 2-phenylamino- naphthalene	٠.	Rubber antioxidant
	000136232		ZIIO1750		Butyl Zimate ^R ; zinc 'dibutyldithio- carbamate		Accelerator for latex dispersions, cements, neoprene latexes, etc.; ultra-accelerator for lubricating oil additives

	CAS NO.	ots <u>rank</u> e	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES ^d
	000097563	4315 (5416)	хл88000	II (>10 ⁵ 1b)	CI Solvent Yellow 3; CI 11160B	ΑР	Manufacture of dyes and medicine
	004680788	4111	BQ43750	II	Guinea Green B; CI 42085	•	Dye for silk and wool fabrics
	002611827	4111	QJ65300:	11	Ponceau 4R; Food Red 7; CI 16255		Dye
	004548532	4111	QK27050	II	Ponceau SX; FD&C Red No. 4; CI 16045	(N)	Colorant for cosmetics and soaps; (formerly in maraschino cherries)
	000614459	3121	SD94500	11	t-butyl perbenzoate		Polymerization initiator for poly- ethylene, polystyrene, polyacryl-
	•	••		1. S. A. S.		•	ates, and polyesters; chemical intermediate
	000627123	3112	FD08750	II	propyl carbamate	AP.	Organic intermediate for resins; as a durable-press fabric finisher
	٠,				: :		for cotton and cotton/polyester blends
12	000842079	3112 (3101)	Q14 9000	11	Sudan I ^R ; CI 12055	AP	To color fats, oils, and waxes; biological stain
	000111444	3111	KN08750	11	bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	AP	Solvent for fats, waxes, greases, and cellulose esters; scouring agent for textiles; paints, varnishes and lacquers; dry cleaning; soil fumigant;
,	•				· .		chemical intermediate; wetting compounds
	000057147	3111	MV24500	II	1,1-dimethylhydrazine; Dimazine ^R ; UDMH	AP ·	Storable high-energy rocket fuel; synthesis of plant growth regulators; chemical intermediate
	000532821	3111	ST33800	π	chrysoidine; CI 11270	AP	Dye for silk and cotton; colorant in textiles, paper, leather, inks, and wool; biological stain
	000092875	7426	DC96250	(>10 ³ 1b)	benzidine	HP(C)	Organic synthesis; biological stain; stiffening agent in rubber compounding; manufacture dyes; analytical reagent
	000050328	6629	DJ36750		benzo(a)pyrene	AP	Cancer research; occurs in coal tars, cigarette smoke; and the atmosphere as a product of incomplete combustion
						:	

Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

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	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	007787566	6222	DS50000	I	beryllium sulfate tetrahydrate	AP	In refining beryllium
	000684935	5529	YT78750	τ	nitrosomethylurea; NMU	AP .	Widely used in laboratories to synthesize diazomethane; chemo-therapeutic
	001304569	5324 (5325)	DS40250	ı	beryllium oxide	AP	In nuclear reactor fuels and moderators; electron tubes; transistor mountings; additive to glass and ceramics; catalyst for organic, reactions
	000051796	4429	FA84000	ī	urethan(e) ^h ; ethyl carbamate	AP	Organic solvent; biochemical research; intermediate for pharmaceuticals, pesticides, and fungicides
	000094597.	4212	CY28000	I (perhaps II)	safrole	AP.	Perfume; to denature fats in soap manufacturing; topical antiseptic; pediculicide; carminative
13	000119904	4212	DD08750	I (likely II)	3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine CI 24110	; AP	Manufacture of azo dyes and pigments; dyeing of cotton
 .	000077781	4122	WS82250	ī	dimethyl sulfate	нѕ	Methylating agent for organic chemicals
	007787497	4121	DS28000	1 2	beryllium fluoride		To produce beryllium metal, alloys, and glass; in nuclear reactors
	000119937	4113	DD1225d	r t	3,3'-dimethyl- benzidine; CI 37230	AP	Manufacture of dyes; analytical reagent to detect acid and chlorine in water
	000064675	4112 (4113)	WS78750	ĭ	diethyl sulfate	AP	Ethylating agent; accelerator in sulfation of ethylene; some sulfonations
	000135206	4111	NC47250	Ϊ	cupferron		Separation of copper and iron from metals; quantitative reagent for detecting titanium, vanadates, and aluminum
	003761533	4111	QJ68250	I	Ponceau MX; CI 16150	AP	Textile and leather dye; colorant for paper, inks, and wood stains; (84,000 lb in 1975)
	000057396	4111	s \$219250	transport in the second	metepa	AS	Insect chemosterilant; crease- and flame-proofing of textiles; inter-mediate; cross-linking agent
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Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

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	CAS NO.	ots Rank ^a	NIOSII SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION ^b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	0000107302	3223 (4323)	KN66500	1	chloromethyl methyl ether	HS(C)	Intermediate in organic synthesis; in ion-exchange resins
14	000096093	3122 (3121)	CZ96250	τ	styrene oxide	ID	Highly reactive organic intermediate; reactive diluent, in epoxy resins
	000110225	3121	AP85000	1.	acetyl peroxide	•	Initiator and catalyst for resins
	000598550	3121	PC24500 .	I (likely II)	methyl carbamate	ID .	Insecticide; durable-press fabric finish for polyester/cotton blends
	000109842	3111	KL28000	r	2-hydrazinoethanol		Analytical reagent; plant growth regulator
	001333820	72 22	GB66500	(1)	chromium (VI) oxide	ID	Chemicals (catalysts, oxidizers, chromates); plating; engraving; anodizing; tanning; metal cleaning; medicine; inks; paints; ceramic glazes; textile mordant; colored glass
	000091598	6517	QM21000	(1)	2-naphthylamine; CI 37270	HP(C)	Formerly an intermediate in manufacture of dyes and antioxidants but replaced by a corresponding compound
	000056531	4416 (4418)	WJ56000	(I)	DES; diethylstilbestrol	H P	Animal growth hormone; emergency contraceptive; biochemical research
	000060117	4324 (5425)	BX73500	(1)	DAB; p-(dimethyl- amino)azobenzene; CI 11020	AP(C)	To color polishes and other wax products; analytical reagent to identify peroxidized fats, pH, and free hydrochloric acid
	010034932	4213	MV96250	(1)	hydrazine sulfate		Refining rere metals; in fungicides; antioxidant; analytical resgent to determine cobalt, cadmium, and nickel; in hematology tests
,	000062555	4212	AC89250	(I)	thioacetamide	AP	Substitute for hydrogen sulfide in analytical chemistry
	000096457	4212	NI96250	(I)	ethylene thiourea	AP	Accelerator in compounding and curing rubber
•	001335326		OF87500	(I)	lead subacetate o	AP	To clarify and decolorize organic matter in solution; in sugar analysis as a decolorizer

Footnotes: ser . 23 and 24.

	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES ^d
	000075707	4121	PB52500	(1)	perchloromethyl mercaptan		Organic synthesis; dye intermediate; fumigant
	000680319	4121	TD08750	(1)	HMPA; hempa; hexamethylphos- phoramide		Specialty solvent in organic synthesis; patent for deicing additive for jet fuels; experimental chemosterilant for insects; UV-inhibitor in polyvinyl chloride
	002465272	4112 (4213)	BY36750	(1)	auramine 0; CI 41000		Dye for paper, textiles, and leather; antiseptic; fungicide; biological stain
	000531862	4112	DD15750	(1)	benzidine sulfate	(c)	Organic synthesis; (ITC-listed)
	000080488	4112	хт70000	(1)	methyl-p-toluene- sulfonate		Accelerator; methylating agent; catalyst for alkyd resins
	000108770	4112	XZ14000	(1)	cyanuric chloride		Chemical synthesis; dyestuffs; pharmaceuticals; explosives; surfactants; herbicides; optical brighteners
15	000108805	4112	XZ18000	(1)	cyanuric acid		Herbicide; laboratory source for cyanic acid gas; intermediate for chlorinated bleaches; whitening agents
	000060355	4111	AB40250	(1)	acetamide	AP	Solvent for organic and inorganic compounds; plasticizer; stabilizer
	000301042	4111	A152500	(1)	lead acetate	t _a	Dyeing and printing cottons; astringent; manufacture of lead salts and colors
	000139651	4111	BY96250	(1)	4,4'-thioaniline; 4,4'-thiobis(benzenamine)	-	Dye intermediate; formerly an anti- malarial drug
	000118923	4111	CB24500	(1)	anthranilic acid; o-aminobenzoic acid		Manufacture of dyes; synthesis of perfumes and pharmaceuticals
	020325400	4111	DD10500	(1)	o-dianisidine dihydrochloride; 3,3'-dimethoxybenzidi dihydrochloride	Ine	Manufacture of dyes; to produce dianisidine diisocyanate (used in adhesive systems and polymers)
	001528741	4111	DV40000	(1)	4,4'-dinitrobiphenyl		Production of organic compounds
	000091952	7. 4111	DV87500	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	3,3'-diaminobenzidine	·	Copolymerized to make high-temperature- resistant polymenzimidazole textile fibers
٠	000060015	4111	ET73500	(1)	ctributyrin; compared glyceryl tributyrate		Plasticizer; synthetic flavoring substance and adjuvant

Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

		7444	***************************************	(1)	hydrochloride		Chemical intermediate
	006080564	4111	OF80500	(1)	lead acetate trihydrate	AP	Medicine; lead salts; dyeing textiles, waterproofing; warnishes; insecticides; antifouling paints; analytical reagent
	000108441	4111 .	жи28000	(1)	3-methylbenzenamine; m-toluidine		Manufacture of dyes and organic chemicals
	000095534	4111 (4212)	XU29750	(1)	2-methylbenzenamine; o-toluidine		Manufacture of dyes (makes colors fast to acids)
	000136356	3122	XY26250	(1)	diazoaminobenzene		Insecticide; organic synthesis; dyes
	000106514	3121	DK26250	(1)	qui none		Oxidizing agent in photography; manu- facture of dyes; strengthening animal fibers
16	000100403	3121	GW66500	(1)	4-vinylcyclohexene	ID	Intermediate to produce vinylcyclo- hexene dioxide (a reactive diluent in epoxy resins)
	000130154	3121	QL71750	(1)	1,4-naphthoquinone		Polymerization regulator for rubber and polyester resins, synthesis of dyes and pharmaceuticals; fungicide; algicide
	010028156	3121	RS82250	(I)	ozone		Manufacture of bleaches, waxes, textiles; disinfectant for air and water
	000095578	3121	SK26250	(1)	o-chlorophenol		Organic synthesis (dyes)
	000120832	3121	SK85750	(1)	2,4-dichlorophenol		Organic synthesis
	000078955	3121	UC07000	(1)	chloroacetone ^f	•	Manufacture of couplers in color photography; insecticide formulations; intermediate in manufacture of dyes and perfumes
	000590921	,3121	UE78750	(1)	3-bromopropionic acid	•	Organic intermediate

2,4-xylenol

2,5-xylenol

2,6-xylenol

3,4-xylenol

TABLE 1. CSECTION A CONTINUED)

NAME

1.1-dimethylhydrazine

hexanitrodiphenvlamine

dipicrylamine;

IARC

REVIEWC

 $\mathbf{ID}^{\mathbf{k}}$

REPORTED USES

Chemical intermediate

Analytical reagent for potassium

determination; explosive booster

Disinfectants; solvents; pharmaceuticals; insecticides and fungi-

gasolines; wetting agents; dyestuffs; 2,6-xylenol used to

manufacture polyphenyleneoxide

cides; plasticizers; rubber chemicals; additives to lubricants and

Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

3121

3121

3121

3121

ZB56000

ZE57750

ZE61250

ZE63000

000105679

000095874

1000576261

000095658

OTS RANK^a

4111

4111

CAS NO.

000131737

000593828

NIOSH

SORT KEY

JJ92750

MV29000

ANNUAL

PRODUCTION

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· (I)

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CAS NO.	OTS Rank ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
000092671	5416	DU89250		p-biphenylamine; 1,1'-(biphenyl)- 4-amine	HP(C)	Analytical reagent to detect sulfates; positive carcinogen in cancer research (apparently, no commercial production)
000092933	5111	DV56000	()	4-nitrobiphenyl	AP(C)	Chemical intermediate to produce 4-aminobiphenyl; organic research
000062759	4429	1Q05250	~	N-nitrosodimethylamine; DMNA	AP(C)	Manufacture of rocket fuels; solvents; organic research
000057578	4428	RQ73500		beta-propiolactone	AP(C)	Disinfectant; intermediate in organic synthesis; vapor sterilant
004245776	4326 (5427)	MF22750	()	N-ethyl-N'-nitro- N-nitrosoguanidine		Explosives; biological research
001464535	4222 (4101)	EJ82250	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	1,2:3,4-diepoxybutane		Curing polymers; crosslinking tex- tile fibers; preservative
004223103	4222	RN86400	(—)	vinylcyclohexene dioxid	e ID ¹	Manufacture of polymers; reagent in organic synthesis
000140794	4214	TL63000	- .	N,N'-dinitrosopiperazine	2	Intermediate in organic synthesis
001120714	4213	RP54250		propane sultone	AP	Chemical intermediate to introduce sulfopropyl groups; (production discontinued in 1975)
000148243	4213	VC42000	()	8-hydroxyquinoline	1Dm	Antibacterial-antifungal agent; deodorant; for precipitating and separating metals; analytical reagent to detect bismuth
011097691	4212	TQ13600	() ⁿ	Aroclor 1254 ^R	AP	(PCB) Dielectric liquids for closed electrical systems
037317412 ^o	4212	TQ13760	() ⁿ	Kanechlor 500 ^R	AP	(PCB) Dielectric liquids for closed electrical systems
000099809	4112	BX93500		N,4-dinitroso-N-methyl- aniline	ID	Rubber additive (retarder with antioxidant and anti-flex-cracking properties)
000138896	4111	BX71750	()	4-nitroso-N,N- dimethylaniline; accelerine	ŧ,	Manufacture of organic compounds; printing dyes; accelerator in vulcanizing rubber
	4111	OF67300	()	LD-813		(Commercial mixture of aromatic amines - containing 40% MOCA)

Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^B	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	<u>name</u>	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	000097778	3112	J012250	(1)	disulfiram; Antabuse ^R	ĬĎ,	Treatment of alcoholism; antioxidant in vulcanizing rubber (accelerator and cure retarder); seed disinfectant; fungicide
	000103162	3112	SJ77000	(1)	monobenzone		Rubber processing; depigmentation pharmaceutical
	001701775	3111	A189600	(1)	methoxyphenyl- acetic acid	•	Preparation of pharmaceuticals and other compounds
	000094586	3111	DA61250	(1)	dihydrosafrole	AP	Essential oil compositions; chemical intermediate (use as food additive banned in U.S.)
	000118752	3111	DK68250	(1)	chloranil; tetrachloro- quinone	`.	Seed-protecting fungicide; dye intermediate; vulcanizing agent
	000101735	3111	JJ95000	(i) seems of	p-isopropoxydi- phenylamine	٠.	Rubber antioxidant
	002385855	3111	PC82250	(1)	mirex; DechloraneR	AP	Insecticide; fire retardant
18	000136925	3111	VT07000	(1)	ethyl Selenac ^R ; selenium diethyl- dithiocarbamate	ID	Accelerator in rubber processing; compounding rubbers; fungicide
•	000057567	3111	VT29750	(1)	semicarbazide; aminourea	194	Production of semicarbazide hydrochlo- ride (reagent for aldehydes and ketones); isolation of hormones and fractions from essential oils

Minor Commercial Significance (annual production apparently below 1000 1b)

DYES, DYE INTER	MEDIATES		·		
000492171	5111	DV21000	()	diphenyline; 2,4'-biphenyldiamine	Manufacture of azo dyes; analytical reagent to detect tungsten
000056575	4529	VC21000	()	4-nitroquinoline-N- oxide	Organic synthesis
000494382	4222	AR76000	()	Acridine Orange base; CI 46005B	Dye for wool, silk, and leather; manufacture of acriflavine
000492808	4213	BY35000	(-)	auramine base; CI 41000B HP	Manufacture of auramine 0 and Solvent Yellow 34; antiseptic; dyeing of paper, cardboard, textiles, and leather

Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24

	CAS NO.	ots Rank ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION ^b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	003564098	4212 (4213)	Q166500	()	Ponceau 3R; CI 16155	AP	Used for dyeing wool; (delisted by FDA for use in foods, drugs, and cosmetics)
	005141208	4112	вQ49000	()	Light Green SF Yellowish; CI 42095		Dye
	000099058	4111	DG12250	()	3-aminobenzoiç acid		Dye intermediate
	006368725	4111	QM28500		Sudan Red 7B; CI 26050	ID	Dye; colorant for waxes, polishes, solvents, petroleum products, and plastics
	000085847	4111	QM47250		Yellow AB; CI 11380	(N)	(Formerly used to color oleomarga- rine); colorant for oil and spirit products, biological stain; (prepared from beta-naphthylamine, a carcinogen, which remains present as an impurity)
19	006416575	4111	ST29000		Sudan Brown RR; CI 11285	ID	Dye; colorant for waxes, polishes, solvents, petroleum products, and plastics
•	000084117	3121	SF78750	()	phenanthrenequinone	•	Organic synthesis; dyes
	000085825	3112	QL59500	()	FD&C Red No. 32		Isomer of Sudan II; colorant for waxes, polishes, petroleum products, and plastics
	· ·			•		٠	
	MISCELLANEOUS						
	000055185	6929	1A35000		N-nitrosodiethylamine; DENA	AP	Gasoline and lubricant additive; antioxidant; stabilizer; fiber solvent; copolymer softener; in condensers to increase dielectric constant
	000056495	5829	F236750	(-)	methylcholanthrene		Organic synthesis; from combustion of petroleum products
	000057976	5729	CW38500	()	7,12-dimethylbenz(a)- anthracene ^p		Organic synthesis; from combustion of petroleum products
	000053963	5529 (5729)	AB94500	() [*]	2-FAA; N-2- fluorenylacetamide	(C)	Organic synthesis; (formerly an experimental insecticide)

Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

000545551 4111 SZ17500 (—) tris(1-aziridiny1)— phosphine oxide photographic emulsion hardener insect chemosterilant; textile applications 011096825 4111 TQ13620 (—) ⁿ Aroclor 1260 ^R (PCB) Dielectric liquids for electrical systems 037353632 ^o 4111 TQ13720 (—) ⁿ Kanechlor 300 ^R AS (PCB) Dielectric liquids for electrical systems 012737870 ^o 4111 TQ13740 (—) ⁿ Kanechlor 400 ^R AS (PCB) Dielectrical liquids for electrical systems 000079447 3123 FD42000 — dimethylcarbamoyl AP Chemical intermediate in manual chloride of drugs, herbicides, pesticide	
011096825 4111 TQ13620 (—) ⁿ Aroclor 1260 ^R (PCB) Dielectric liquids for delectrical systems 037353632 ^o 4111 TQ13720 (—) ⁿ Kanechlor 300 ^R AS (PCB) Dielectric liquids for delectrical systems 012737870 ^o 4111 TQ13740 (—) ⁿ Kanechlor 400 ^R AS (PCB) Dielectrical liquids for electrical systems 000079447 3123 FD42000 — dimethylcarbamoyl AP Chemical intermediate in manufold (4224).	r;
037353632° 4111 TQ13720 (—) ⁿ Kanechlor 300 ^R AS (PCB) Dielectric liquids for electrical systems 012737870° 4111 TQ13740 (—) ⁿ Kanechlor 400 ^R AS (PCB) Dielectrical liquids for electrical systems 000079447 3123 FD42000 — dimethylcarbamoyl AP Chemical intermediate in manufolder of drugs, herbicides, pesticides,	closed
000079447 3123 FD42000 dimethylcarbamoyl AP Chemical intermediate in manuf (4224). chloride of drugs, herbicides, pesticid	closed
(4224). chloride of drugs, herbicides, pesticide	r closed
anthelmintics	
010124502 3121 CG35000 potassium arsenite HS Silvering mirrors (reduces the (7222) salt to metallic silver)	silver
000564001 3121 EJ87500 () meso-1,2:3,4-diepoxy- AP Organic research (very limited butane tion appears likely); see EJ82	
000096082 3121 OS91000 limonene dioxide Organic intermediate; manufact epoxy resins	ure of
000512856 3121 0T01750 () ascaridole Anthelmintic; polymerization in	lnitiator
000108689 3121 2E64750 () 3,5-xylenol Component of commercial xyleno see ZE56000, ZE57750, ZE61250,	
014239680 3112 EU98500 () cadmium diethyl Accelerator for butyl rubber dithiocarbamate	
000156627 3111 GS60000 () calcium cyanamide; Herbicide; fertilizer; nitroge lime nitrogen products; iron and steel harde	
006385586 3111 SN07000 () sodium bithionolate Antimicrobial agent to control molds, and yeast	bacteria,
000060344 2111 MV56000 methylhydrazine Used in rocket fuels; intermed chemical synthesis	liate in

Footnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

B) Pesticides

CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
000054626	4222	MA10500	aminopterin		Rodenticide; antineoplastic agent
00 0060571	4212	1017500	dieldrin	AP	Insecticide
000072548	. 4212	K107000	TDE; DDD	AP	Insecticide
000150685	4212	YS63000	monuron	AP	Herbicide (no longer EPA registered)
000061825	4212	XZ38500	amitrole; aminotriazole	AP ·	Herbicide
000063252	4112	FC59500	Sevin ^R ; carbaryl	ro - }	Contact insecticide; parasiticide (vet.)
000077463	4111	AE71750	Acedapsone ^R ; Rodilo	one ^R	Antibacterial agent
000309002	4111	1021000	aldrin	ID .	Insecticide
000645056	4111	os10500	hemel; hexamethylmo	elamine	(1971, ITC listed) not sold in U.S.; chemosterilant for insects
000082688	3122	DA66500	quintozene; PCNB	AP	Fungicide for seeds and soil
000117180	3121	DC01750	2,3,5,6-tetrachlore	o- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Soil fungicide
000101995	3121	PD89250	phenylurethan(e)		Plant growth regulator
0 00120627	3112	DA57750	sulfoxide		
·		1 wi		Fig. 6	Insecticide; synergist for pyrethrins
000133062	3112	GW50750	captan		Bacteriostat in soaps; fungicide in agriculture (seeds), paints, plastics, leather, fabric, and fruit preservation
000053190	3112	кн78800	o,p'-TDE; o,p'-DDD	AS	Antineoplastic agent; constituent of commercial TDE(DDD)
000051036	3112	xs80500	piperonyl butoxide	•	Synergist for pyrethrins and insecticides
000999815	3111	BP52500	Cycoce1 ^R		Plant growth regulator
000080331	3111	DB52500	ovex		Insecticide; herbicide; scaricide
000510156	3111	DD22750	chlorobenzilate	AP	Insecticide; miticide
002303164	3111	E282250	di-allate	AP	Herbicide
000315184	3111	FC07000	mexacarbate; zectr	án Tarasa Tarasana Tarasana	Insecticide, molluscicide, and acaricide for lawns and flawers; (not EPA registered for food crops)

Fuotnotes: see pp. 23 and 24.

*	CAS NO.	ots <u>rank</u> a	NIOSH SORT KEY	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	000128041	3111	FD35000	sodium dimethyl- dithiocarbamate		Fungicide
	000101213	3111	FD80500	chloro-IPC	1D	Pre- and post-emergence herbicide
	000122429	3111	FD91000	IPC; Propham ^R	ID	Pre- and post-emergence herbicide
	000319846	3111 (4212)	GV35000	alpha-lindane	АР	Insecticide
	000319857	3111	GV43750	beta-lindane	AP	Insecticide
	000058899	3111	GV49000	gamma-lindane	ID	Insecticide
	000072560	3111	кн57900	Perthane ^R		Insecticide
	000050293	3111	KJ33250	DDT	AS	Insecticide
	000072559	3111	KV94500	DDE		Degradation product of DDT found as an impurity in DDT residues
	000297789	3111	PC12250	1sobenzan	:	Insecticide
22	000115297	3111	RB92750	endosulfan	•	Insecticide
	000088857	. 3111 '	SJ98000	dinoseb		Insecticide; herbicide; ovicide; (increases corn yield 5-10%)
:	000088062	3111	SN15750	2,4,6-trichlorophenol		Herbicide; fungicide; defoliant; preservative
	000900958	3111	WH66500	triphenyltin acetate		Fungicide; antifeeding compound for insect pest control
	000140578	3111 (5313)	WT29750	Aramite ^R	AP	Acaricide

New OTS rank in parentheses assigned from data contained in Suspected Carcinogens — A Subfile of the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (2nd Ed.), 1976. [When the route of administration is unknown, the highest exposure level (2) is assigned.]

Production Key

- -- = known <103 lb; production figures available (IARC, EPA/OTS-1977, or elsewhere)
- (--) = assumed <10³ lb since not listed in the Directory of Chemical Producers (DCP)
- (I) = >10³ lb; listed in DCP (no production figures available; however, inclusion in the DCP implies that a chemical has a production level greater than 1,000 pounds on total sales in excess of \$1,000)
- I = >10 1b; production figures available U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC), IARC, EPA/OTS-1977, or elsewhere
- II = >10⁵ lb; production figures available ITC or elsewhere
- III = >106 lb; production figures available ITC or elsewhere
- IV = >107 1b; production figures available ITC or elsewhere
- V = >109 1b; production figures available ITC or elsewhere

CIARC Review: Evaluation of carcinogenicity data on chemicals as reported by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in their publication IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man (Vols. 1-13)

- HP Human Positive
- HS Human Suspected
- AP Animal Positive
- AS Animal Suspected
- ID Indefinite
- (N) Negative

[(C) - U.S. Occupational Standard-Carcinogen, as determined from NIOSH hazard review documents]

d Sources consulted for use information are listed in References. Organic research: compounds synthesized as experimental carcinogens or as analogs to complete a structural series or class, analytical research, or laboratory curiosities.

.e. Combined production of anhydrous hydrazine and hydrazine hydrate estimated at 37 million pounds in 1974.

f This substance was (apparently) deleted erroneously from the RTECS Subfile (1976).

While there is little apparent domestic production of thioures, an estimated 3.7 million pounds were imported in 1973.

TABLE 1 (continued)

- h. The name "urethane" is often applied to high molecular weight "polyurethanes" used as foams (insulation), elastomers, and coatings. However, these products are not made from the chemical urethane and do not generate it on decomposition.
- No information is available on the domestic production of o-tolidine; however, imports in 1970 totaled 98,000 pounds.
- No IARC Review noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, lead acetate trihydrate, which is equivalent to approximately 86% lead acetate, is AP.
- No IARC Review noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, because 1,1-dimethylhydrazine is AP, the addition of the hydrochloride might not change its carcinogenic effect on the animals tested.
- AP IARC Review noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, the IARC Monograph reviewed an isomer with CAS NO. 106-87-6 (both substances are stereoisomeric and share the common name vinylcyclohexene dioxide). The isomer reviewed in the IARC Monograph indicates an ID Review.
- Mo IARC Review noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, IARC Monograph indicates ID Review.
- Restricted use as required by Section 6(e) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (P.L. 94-469) and regulations being proposed and promulgated under this section.
- OCAS No. as reported in the TSCA Candidate List of Chemical Substances (April 1977).
- This compound is identified also be a second CAS No.
- *NEO or CAR notation deleted from 1976 edition of the Suspected Carcinogens Subfile of the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. After reviewing the primary references cited in the 1975 edition, it was determined that this chemical's inclusion in the 1975 Subfile was erroneous.
- Registered trademark.

TABLE 2. CHEMICALS FROM THE NIOSH SUBFILE OF SUSPECTED CARCINOGENS (1975) WHICH APPEAR TO BE OF GREATER IMPORTANCE UNDER OTHER RECULATORY AUTHORITY

A) Food-Cosmetic Related Chemicals

CAS NO.	ots Rank ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	<u>name</u>	TARC REVIEW ^b	REPORTED USES ^C
000081072	4212	DE42000	saccharin		Artificial sweetener
000139060	4112	GV71000	calcium cyclamate		Artificial sweetener (no longer used)
000150696	4111	YT22750 .	sucrol; dulcin	10	Artificial sweetener (no longer used)
000120581	3111	DA59500	isosafrole	AP	To produce perfume, flavors, pesticide synergists, and heliotropen
	в) <u>і</u>	Pharmaceuticals			
000302227	5111	าบ37500	chlormadinone acetate	AS ·	Progestational agent
000595335	5111	TU40750	megestrol acetate		Progestational agent (mixture as oral contraceptive); antineoplastic agent (vet.)
000054853	4214	NS17500	isoniazid _	AP	Antitubercular agent
000366701	4214	XS47250	procarbazine hydrochloride		Antineoplastic agent
000072140	4212	WP23600	sulfathiazole	•	Antibacterial agent
000121595	4111	CF92750	carbarsone		Amoebicide
000059870	4111	LT77000	nitrofurazone	ID	Antibacterial agent
000057410	4111 (4212)	MU10500	phenytoin; 5,5- diphenylhydantoin	нs ^d	Anticonvulsant; antiseptic
021083476	4111	MU17500	5,5-diphenyl-2- thiohydantoin		Pharmaceutical analog synthesized for research
000551928	4111	N150750	dimetridazole		Antihistomonad (vet.)
000555840	4111	NJ08750	n1furadene	AP	Antibacterial agent
000057636	4111 (4212)	RC89250	Lynoral ^R ; ethinyl estradiol	AP	Action and use of estrogen in contra- ception
000723466	4111	WP07000	sulfamethoxazole		Antibacterial agent
003565159	4111	YR06000	itrumil aodium; 5-1odo-2-thiouracil		Antithyroid agent

	CAS NO.	OTS <u>Rank</u> a	NTOSH SORT KY	<u>name</u>	IARC REVIEW ^b		REPORTED USES ^C
	000056042	4111	YR0875	methylthiouracil	· AP		Antithyroid agent
	000051525	3313	YR1400	propylthiouracil	AP		Antithyroid agent
	000055867	3124	1A2100:	mechlorethamine hyd chloride; nitroge mustard hydrochlo	en.		Antineoplastic agent
	000055981	3122	EK1750	busulfan	AS		Antineoplastic agent
	000305033	3122 (4223)	ES7525	chlorambuc11	AP		Antineoplastic agent
	000051183	3122 (4223)	XZ2100	tretamine; triethylenemelami	AP ne		Antineoplastic agent; manufacture of resinous products and textile finishing agents outside U.S.
·	010345948	3121	AY3500	medphalan; D-sarcolysine	ID		Antineoplastic agent (vet.)
,	000148823	3121 (7324)	AY3675	melphalan; L-sarcolysine	HS		Antineoplastic agent; insect chemo- sterilant
26	000480228	3121	CB1225	Dithranol ^R	AS ^e		Dermatologic; antifungal (vet.)
	000076200	3121	EJ 5250	Trional ^R ; methylsulfonal			Hypnotic
	000302170	3121	FM8750	chloral hydrate ^f	•		Sedative; hypnotic; to manufacture liniments and DDT
•	000064868	3121	GH0700	colchicine	•		Alkaloid to treat gout; to induce chromosome doubling in plants
	000091645	3121 (4222)	GN4200	coumarin	AP		Deodorizing and odor-enhancing agent; pharmaceutical preparations
	000056257	3121	RN8575	cantharidin	A.Ş		Vesicant
	000123637	3121	YK0525	paraldehyde	•		Hypnotic; solvent; chemical intermediate
	000077656	3121	YS2975	carbromal			Sedative; hypnotic
· . · ·	000126078	3112	WG9800	griseofulvin	АР		Antifungal; antibiotic
	+000050066	3111	CQ6835	phenobarbital		. •	Barbiturate
	000059052	3111	MA1235	methotrexate		•	Antineoplastic agent; insect chemosterilant
			•				*

Footnotes: see p. 28.

TABLE 2. (SECTION B continued)

					•
CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY		IARC REVIEW ^b	REPORTED USES ^C
	. '			NDV I DW	REPORTED OSES
000443481	3111	พ156000	Flagyl ^R ; metronidazole	AP	Antiprotozoan drug (trichomonicide)
000536334	3111	NS03500	ethionamide	AP ^g	Tuberculostatic drug
003804895	3111	NS22750	Neo-Tizide ^R ; isoniazid methane- sulfonate, sodium salt		Tuberculostatic drug
000072333	3111	RC89600	ethinylestradiol 3- methyl ether	AP	Progestational agent
000097187	3111	SN05250	bithionol		Antibacterial, antimold, antiyeast (surfactant-formulated antimicrobial)
000098964	3111	UQ22750	pyrazinamide		Tuberculostatic drug
000141902	3111	YR15750	thiouracil	AP	Formerly used as an antithyroid agent and to treat congestive heart failure and angina pectoris

Footnotes: see p. 28.

- ANew OTS rank in parentheses assigned from data contained in Suspected Carcinogens A Subfile of the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (2nd Ed.), 1976. [When the route of administration is unknown, the highest exposure level (2) is assigned.]
- Liarc Review: Evaluation of carcinogenicity data on chemicals as reported by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in their publication IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man (Vols. 1-13)
 - HP Human Positive
 - HS Human Suspected
 - AP Animal Positive
 - AS Animal Suspected
 - ID Indefinite
 - (N) Negative
 - [(C) U.S. Occupational Standard-Carcinogen, as determined from NIOSH hazard review documents]

- $^{
 m No}$ dNo I.RC Review noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, the IARC Monograph indicates an HS Review.
 - eNo IARC Review noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, the IARC Monograph indicates an AS Review. (Dithranol is a tumor-promoting agent in mouse skin carcinogenesis experiments following initiation with either 7,12-dimethylbens also observed in mice painted with dithranol after urethane initiation—IARC Monographs).
 - This substance was (apparently) erroneously deleted from the RTECS Subfile (1976).
 - BNo IARC Review noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, the IARC Monograph indicates an AP Review.
 - +NEO or CAR notation deleted from 1976 edition of Suspected Carcinogens Subfile of the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. After reviewing the primary reference cited in the 1975 edition, it was determined that this chemical's inclusion in the 1975 Subfile was erroneous.

CSources consulted for use information are listed in References.

Registered trademark.

TABLE 3: CHEMICALS FROM THE NIOSH SUBFILE OF SUSPECTED CARCINGENS (1975) FOR WHICH LITTLE OR NO INFORMATION CONCERNING COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE WAS FOUND

	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
		6222	DS29750	()	beryllium hydrogen phosphate (1:1)	AP	Occurs in beryllium refining
	000070257	5429	MF42000	-	N-methyl-N'-nitro-N- nitrosoguanidine; MNN(AP G ⁻	Organic research; preparation of diazomethane
	000531828	5414	AC66500	. · · · 	furathiazole; NFTA	AP	Chemotherapeutic agent; antibiotic for infections of the urinary tract
	024554265	5414	LQ31500		N-(4-(5-nitro-2-furyl)- 2-thiazolyl)formamide		Organic research
	000053703	4529	HN26250	()	dibenz(ah)anthracene	AP	Occurs from combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000053952	4519	AK85750	()	N-hydroxy-2- acetylaminofluorene		Organic synthesis
	000924163	4418	EJ40250	-	N-nitrosodibutylamine; DBNA	AP	Organic research
29	000615532	4418 (4419)	FC63000	- · ·	N-methyl-N-nitrosoure- than(e)	AP	Organic research
	000100754	4315	TN21000		N-nitrosopiperidine		Organic research
	003570750	4313	LQ92750		nifurthiazole	AP	Organic research
	014901087	4313 · (4314)	LZ59500	<u></u>	cycasin	HS	Formerly to make starch; (plant extract)
	000306376	4313	MV28000	()	1,2-dimethylhydrazine dihydrochloride		Analytical reagent
	000059892	4313 (4314)	QE75250		4-nitrosomorpholine		Organic research
	002373980	4226	DV49000	(—)	3,3'-dihydroxy- benzidine		Organic research; (benzidine metabolite)
	002541697	4225	CX15750	()	7-methylbenz(a)- anthracene		Occurs from combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000153786	4225	LL50750	()	2-fluorenamine		Organic synthesis (experimental anti- tumor agent)

Footnotes: see p. 38.

	CAS NO.	OTS <u>Rank</u> a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION B	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	004637563	4225	VB98000	()	4-(hydroxyamino)- quinoline 1-oxide		Organic research
	002422799	4224	CX24500	()	12-methy1benz(a)- anthracene		Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000542881	4224 (4226)	KN15750	<u></u>	bis(chloromethyl) ether	HP(C)	Contaminant of chloromethyl methyl ether
	000334883	4223	PA70000	()	diazomethane	AP	Laboratory methylating agent
	000057976 ^f	4222	CW43750	()	7,12-dimethy1benz(a)- anthracene		Organic synthesis; occurs in the combus- tion of coal and petroleum products
	000759739	4215 (4429)	YT31500		ethylnitrosourea	AP	Laboratory reagent to synthesize diazoethane
	001162658	4214	GY19250		aflatoxin-B1	AP	Secondary fungal metabolite (mycotoxin)
ی	001010613	4214 (4215)	VC01750	()	4-(hydroxyamino)- quinoline 1-oxide, hydrochloride	t .	Organic research
.	000568752	4213 (4224)	CW87500	()	7-hydroxymethyl-12- methylbenz(a)- anthracene		Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
,	002130565	4213	DV33250	(—)	3,3'-dicarboxybenzidine		Organic research
	000614959	4213	FB03500	(—)	N-ethyl-N-nitrosoure- than(e) ^e		Organic research
	000066273	4213 (4225)	PB26250		methyl methanesulfonate; MMS	AP	Organic research
	000869012	4213	YS38500	()	N-butyl-N-nitrosourea		Experimental laboratory reagent
	013256138	4213	YZ07000	()	N-nitroso-N- ethylvinylamine	·	Organic research
	000304289	4212	AC07000	()	2,7-diacetylamino- fluorene	•	Organic research
•	004120789	4212	AC73500	()	N-3-phenanthrenylacetam	lde	Organic research
4	000614006	4212 (4213)	BY57750	() ***********************************	N-nitroso-N- methylaniline		Organic research
4	002580781	4212	CB10500	(—)	CI Reactive Blue 19		Organic research

B. Oak

TABLE 3. (continued)

000932832 4212 CM33250 () N-nitrosohexame eneimine 020917491 4212 CN49000 () octahydro-1- (4213) nitrosoazocir	Organic research ne Occurs in combustion of coal ta
octanyuto 1	Occure in combustion of coal ta
000568707 4212 CW89250 (—) 12-methano1-7- methylbenz(a) anthracene	
000055801 4212 CY03500 () 3-methyl-4'-(di amino)azobena	
013256229 4212 VQ31500 N-nitrososarcos	sine Organic research
026049694 4212 XJ46000 () 2-(2,2-dimethyl zino)-4-(5-ni furyl)thiazol	itro-2-
026049683 4212 XJ49000 () 2-hydrazino-4-(furyl)thiazol	
ည္ 026049707 4212 XJ50750 () 2-hydrazino-4-(
004549433 4122 BA70000 (—) N-nitrosomethyl (4112)	lallylamine Organic research
003544238 4122 BZ73500 (—) 3-methoxy-4- aminoazobenze	Organic research ene
007068839 4122 BO54250 N-methy1-N-buty	ylnitroaamine Organic research
018559972 4114 AE70000 () 4-acetamidostil	lbene Organic research
000592621 4114 PC28000 () methylazoxymeth (4115) acetate	nanol AP Organic research
022225327 4113 AK87500 () N-hydroxy-3-flu acetamide	orenyl- Organic research
007227910 4113 XY21000 3,3-dimethyl-1- (4115) phenyltriazen	
006893205 4112 AC57750 () 1-methoxy-2-ace	etamido- Organic research
004120778 4112 AC71750 () N-2-phenanthrem	nylacetamide Organic research

	CAS NO.	OTS <u>Rank</u> a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b		NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	000621909	4112	BY59500	()		N-methyl-4-aminoazo- benzene	• •	Organic research
	003671714	4112	DG03500	(—)		N-hydroxy-N-2- fluorenylbenzamide		Organic research
	010048132	4112 (4123)	LV17500	()		sterigmatocystin	AP	Metabolite of Aspergillus versicolor
	013256070	4112	SC12250	; ()		N-methyl-N-nitroso- pentylamine		Organic research
	010048325	4112	บQ05250	()	•	parasorbic acid	AS	Natural acidifying agent in food
	013256230	4112	บา36750	()		4-((ethylnitrosamino)- methyl)pyridine	•	Organic research
	013344508	41'12	vQ33250·	·		N-nitrososarcosine ethyl ester		Organic research
	000625229	4112	WS77000	()		dibutyl sulfate		
ږ	016690441	4111	AC59500	()		N-(7-methoxy-2- fluorenyl)acetamide		Organic research
3	000843345	4111	AE42800	()		4'-hydroxy-4-acetamido- stilbene		Organic research
	018997621	4111	BX87500	()		N,N-dimethyl-4-(2,3- dimethylphenyl)- azo)aniline		Organic research
	017210489	4111	BZ66500	(—)		3,4'-dimethyoxy-4- aminoazobenzene		Organic research
	020917504	4111	C017500	()		N-nitroso- octamethyleneimine		Organic research
•	018463860	4111 (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)	D B5750	()		N,N-dimethyl-4- benzimidazol-4- ylazo)aniline		Organic research
•	018463859	4111	DL38500	()		N,N-dimethyl-4-(6- benzothiazolylazo)- aniline		Organic research
	018559927	4111	DL40250	()		N,N-dimethy1-4-(7- benzothiazolylazo)- aniline	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Organic research
	001628586	4111	DL42000	()		p-(dimethylamino)- styrlbenzothiazole		Organic research

	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	000937406	4111	DP63000	(—)	N-methyl-N-nitroso-		Organic research
	8 	4111	DV03500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	benzylamine 4'-nitro-4- biphenylamine		Organic research
	003817116	4111 ' (4212)	EL12250	()	N-butyl-N-(4-butanol) nitrosamine		Organic research
	h	4111	E051000	()	N-ethyl-N-nitroso-t- butylamine		Organic research
	000067210;	4111	ES70000	(-)	DL-ethionine		Experimental pharmaceutical
	010087895	4111	GU71750	(—)	1,1-diphenyl-2- propynyl-N-cyclo- hexylcarbamate		Organic research
	005432280	4111	GX15750	()	N-methyl-N-nitroso- cyclohexylamine		Organic research
	000203645	4111	CY56000	(-)	4H≃cyclopenta(def)- phenanthrene		Organic research
33	005834173	4111	нР49000	(—)	2-methoxy-3-amino- dibenzofuran		Organic research
	1	4111	HP87500	()	N-(6-oxo-6H-dibenzo(b,d pyran-1-yl)acetamide)	Organic research
	002581693	4111	JJ97000	()	4-((p-nitrophenyl)azo)- diphenylamine		Organic research
	007346147	4111	KV36750	()	N,N'-dinitroso-N-N'- diethyl-1,2-ethanedian	nine	Synthesized as a possible antitumor agent
	013256127	4111	KV43750	()	N,N'-dinitroso-N-N'- dimethyl-1,2-ethanedia	amine	Synthesized as a possible antitumor agent
	006893249	4111	LL54250	()	1-methoxyfluoren-2- amine, hydrochloride	·	Organic research
	000525644	4111	LL69800	()	2,7-diaminofluorene		Laboratory reagent
	000129793	4111	LL91000	()	2,4,7-trinitrofluoren- 9-one	,	Organic research
	005036033	4111	NJ07000	(-)	I-(2-hydroxyethy1)-3- (((5-nitro-2-furany1) methylene)amino)-2- imidazolidinone	-	Synthesized as a possible urinary tract antibacterial agent

Footnotes: g-p. 38.

CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	IARC NAME REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
017309874	4111	NK79300	()	N,N-dimethy1-p-(6- indazylazo)aniline	Organic research
019471273	4111	OL01750	()	N,N-dimethyl-4- ((2,5-dimethyl-4 pyridinyl)azo) aniline, N-oxide	Organic research
014816672	4111	PB05250	()	soterenol hydrochloride	Formerly an adrenergic stimulant pharmaceutical
002401856	4111	QJ24500	()	l-chloro-2,4-dinitro- naphthalene	Organic research
006240557	4111	QJ36750	()	1,2-dichloro-3-nitro- naphthalene	Organic research
005096184	4111	QH4 2000	()	3-methyl-2-naphthyl- amine, hydrochloride	Organic research
013115281	4111	<u>Qң</u> 43750	()	3-nitro-2-naphthyl- amine	Organic research
004176538	4111	SF94500	()	1-phenanthrenamine	Organic research
001892542	4111	SF98000	()	3-phenanthrenamine	Organic research
000947739	4111	SG01750	()	9-phenanthrenamine	Organic research
003851169	4111	TH75250	()	N,N'-dimethyl-N,N'- dinitrosophthalamide	Organic intermediate
019456736	4111	UT22750	()	N,N,2,3-tetramethyl- 4(4-pyridinylazo)aniline, N-oxide	Organic research
019456758	4111	UT24500	()	N,N,2,5-tetramethyl-4- 4(4-pyridinylazo)aniline, N-oxide	Organic research
017416181	4111	U298000	()	2'-methyl-5'-(p-dimethylamino- phenylazo)quinoline	Organic research
017416170	4111	VB54250		5-(p-dimethylamino- phenylazo)quinoline	Organic research
017400690	4111	VB57750	()	3'-methyl-5'-(p-dimethylamino- phenylazo)quinoline	Organic research

f j-

	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSII SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION	NAME REVI	EW ^C I	REPORTED USES
	017400703	4111	VB59500	()	6'-methyl-5'-(p-dimethyl- aminophenylazo)- quinoline	Organic rese	earch .
	017400656	4111	VB61250	()	7'-methyl-5'-(p-dimethyl- aminophenylazo)- quinoline	Organic rese	earch .
	017416205	4111	VB63000	()	8'-methyl-5'-(p-dimethyl- aminophenylazo)- quinoline	Organic rese	earch
·	019716213	- 4111	VB71750	()	4-(p-(dimethylamino)- styryl)-6,8- dimethylquinoline	Organic rese	earch
	017400689	4111	VB75250	()	3-methyl-5'-(p-dimethyl- aminophenylazo)- quinoline	Experimental	carcinogen
	017416216	4111	VB77000	()	2-methyl-5'-(p-dimethyl- aminophenylazo)quinoline	Organic rese	earch
35	004008484	4111	VC82250	()	5-nitro-8-hydroxyquinoline	Organic rese	earch
J.	023521133	4111	VD19800	()	5-(p-dimethylamino- phenylazo)quinoxaline	Organic rese	earch
	023521144	4111	VD20000	()	6-(p-(dimethylamino- phenylazo)quinoxaline	Organic rese	earch
	000838959	4111	WJ40250	()	cis-4-dimethylamino- stilbene	Organic rese	earch
	013256218	4111	XN08000	()	N-nitrosomethylamino- sulfolane	Organic rese	earch
	000626482	4111	YR07000	()	6-methyluracil	Organic synt	hesis
	000189559	3225	DI57750	()	3,4:9,10-dibenzopyrene AP	Occurs in co petroleum pi	mbustion of coal tar and coducts
	000056553	3124	CV92750	()	benzanthrene AF	Occurs in co	ombustion of coal tar and coducts
	000652040	3124	D194500	(—)	5-methylbenzo(c)- phenanthrene	Occurs in co petroleum pi	ombustion of coal tar and coducts

	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION ^b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	000226368	3124	HN08750	()	dibenz(ah)acridine	AP	Occurs in combustion of cosl tar and petroleum products
	000205992	3122	CU14000	()	benzo(b)fluoranthene	AP	Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products; in smoked fish and
	000207089	3122	DF63500	()	benzo(k)fluoranthene		meats Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000105408	3122	FC26250	()	N-methyl urethan(e)		Organic synthesis
	000479232	3122	FZ26250	(—)	cholanthrene	•	Organic synthesis
	000218019	3122	GC07000	()	chrysene	AP	Organic synthesis
	000224420	3122	HN10500	(-)	dibenz(a,j)acridine	AP .	Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000192654	3122	QL01750	()	dibenzo(a,e)pyrene	AP	Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
36	000225514	3121	CU29750	(—)	benz(c)acridine	AP	Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000205823	3121	DF63000	()	benzo(j)fluoranthene	AP	Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000195197	3121	D182250	() 	benzo(c)phenanthrene		Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
٠	000192972	3121 (3223)	DJ42000	()	benzo(e)pyrene	AS	Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	005929011	3121	DJ78750	()	1:2-benzopyrene picrate		Occurs in combustion of cosl tar and petroleum products
	000215587	3121	DH19250	()	dibenz(ac)anthracene		Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000189640	3121	но57750	()	dibenzo(b,def)chrysene	AP	Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
	000106832	3121	RG15750		buty1-9,10-epoxy- stearate		Organic research
	002426075	3121	RG94500	()	1,2:7,8-diepoxyoctane		Synthesized as a carcinogen in organ research
	000141377	3121	RN77000	 12 (1) (1) (1) (1)	Epoxide 201 ^R	AP	No longer used (replaced by a related compound)

	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	IARC NAME REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	000219421	3121 _	SF85250	()	phenanthro(1,2-d)th1azole	Organic research
	000129000	3121	UR24500	()	pyrene	Biological research; organic synthesis
	000253827	3121	VA12250	(—)	quinazoline	Synthesized from tricycloquinazoline for cancer research
	000100538	3121	XT86500	()	alpha-toluenethiol	Occurs from petroleum refining
	000138590	3112	GW4 6000	(-)	shikimic acid	Organic research
	000842002	3112	WR1 0500	()	ENS; 4-(ethylsufonyl)- l-naphthalenesul- fonamide	Organic research
	023746341	3111 (f _{1, y} = y)	EY94500	()	bis(2-hydroxyethy1)- dithiocarbamic acid, potassium salt	Organic research
	003693229	3111	нР45500	()	2-dibenzofuranamine	Occurs in combustion of coal tar and petroleum products
37	020566170	3111	W203500	()	4-(methylhydrazone)- N-1sopropyltereph- thalaldehydamide	Organic research
	000779475	3111	W205250	()	N-isopropyl terephthalamic acid	Organic research
	002235598	3111	XS43750	()	N-isopropyl-alpha- (2-methylazo)-p- toluamide	Organic research
	006120101	3111	ZE72500	()	4-dimethylamino-3,5- xylenol	Organic synthesis
٠	000482495	2111	VS31500	()	doisynolic acid	Synthetic estrogen

Production Key (annual)

- -- * known <103 1b; production figures available (IARC, EPA/OTS 1977, or elsewhere)
- (--) assumed <103 1b; not listed in the Directory of Chemical Producers (DCP)

IARC Review: Evaluation of carcinogenicity data on chemicals as reported by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in their publication IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man (Vols. 1-13)

- HP Human Positive
- HS Human Suspected
- AP Animal Positive
- AS Animal Suspected
- ID Indefinite
- (N) Negative
- [(C) U.S. Occupational Standard-Carcinogen, as determined from NIOSH hazard review documents]
- dSources consulted for use information are listed in References.
 Organic research: compounds synthesized as experimental carcinogens or as analogs to complete a structural series or class, analytical resents, or laboratory curiosities.
- EThe name "urethane" is often applied to high molecular weight "polyurethanes" used as foams (insulation), elastomers, and coatings. However, these products are not made from the chemical urethane and do not generate it on decomposition.
- f CAS No. as reported in the TSCA Candidate List of Chemical Substances (April 1977); it is identified also by a second CAS No.
- The CAS No. (001204791) reported in the RTECS Subfile (1976) is incorrect and is assigned to 4'-amino-(1,1'-bipheny1)-4-ol in the TSCA Candidate List.
- The CAS No. (004549444) reported in the RTECS Subfile (1976) is incorrect and is assigned to the n-butyl isomer (N-ethyl-N-nitroso-1-butylamine) in the TSCA Candidate List of Chemical Substances (April 1977). The present compound is not listed in the TSCA Candidate List.
- The CAS No. (005096195) reported in the RTECS Subfile (1976) is incorrect and is assigned to the (pyran-2-yl) form in the TSCA Candidate List.

 List. The present compound is not listed in the TSCA Candidate List.
- Registered trademark.

TABLE 4. CHEMICALS FROM THE NIOSH SUBFILE OF SUSPECTED CARCINOGENS (1975) WHICH WERE TESTED BY
OTHER THAN ENVIRONMENTALLY SIGNIFICANT ROUTES OF ADMINISTRATION AND WERE FOUND TO PRODUCE TUMORS AT REMOTE SITES

A-1) Commercially Significant (annual production in excess of 1000 lb)

CAS NO.	ots <u>Rank</u> a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
007440473	4102	GB42000	(> 10 ⁷ 1b)	chromium	AS	Alloying and plating element on metal and plastic substrates for corrosion resistance; chromium-containing and
						stainless steels; nuclear and high- temperature research; constituent of inorganic pigments
001308389	4102	GB64750	IV .	chromium (III) oxide	AS	Metallurgy; green paint pigments; ceramics catalyst in organic synthesis; green granules in asphalt roofing;
	No.					component of refractory brick
000091203	4101	QJ05250	IV	naphthalene		Intermediate (phthalic anhydride, naphthol, chlorinated naphthalenes, solvents, dyes); moth repellent;
						fungicide; explosives; cutting fluid; lubricant; synthetic resins; synthetic tanning; wood preservative; solvent; textile chemicals
000079118	. 3101	AF85750	IV .	chloroacetic acid		Herbicide; preservative; bacteriostat; intermediate in production of carboxy-methylcellulose, ethyl chloroacetate,
						glycine, synthetic caffeine, sarcosine, thioglycolic acid, dyes, EDTA, 2,4-D, and 2,4,5-T
000092524	3101	DU80500	IV	biphenyl; diphenyl		Organic synthesis; heat-transfer agent; fungistat in packaging of citrus fruits; plant disease control; manufacture of
000302012	3101		ıv ^e			benzidine; dyeing assistant for polyesters
	(3112)	MU71750	IV	hydrazine	AP	Rocket propellant; oxygen scavenger in boiler water treatment; production of agricultural chemicals, pharmaceuticals,
						and blowing agents; solder fluxes; polymerization catalyst
000078002	3101	TP45500	IV	tetraethyl lead	ID .	Antiknock additives for gasoline
001401554	4101	WW50750	(> 10 ⁶ 1b)	tannic acid	AP	Textile mordant and fixative; writing and printing ink additive; defloculating agent; tanning agent for leather; post-
			Land State of the Control of the Con			treatment of acid-dyed nylon; pharmaceu- ticals; chemical intermediate; food addi- tive

CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORI KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
000149304	3101	DL64750	III	2-mercaptobenzothiazole; MBT		Vulcanization accelerator for rubber; fungicides; corrosion inhibitor in cutting fluids and petroleum products; additive in extreme pressure greases
000074317	3101	ST22750	III	N,N'-diphenyl-1,4- phenylenediamine; DPPD	1	Flex-resistant antioxidant in rubbers; stabilizer; polymerization inhibitor; copper degradation retarder; intermediate for dyes, drugs, plastics, and detergents
000373024	4101	QR61250	(> 10 ⁵ 1b)	nickel acetate; nickel (II) acetate	ID ^f	Textile mordant; hydrogenation catalyst; (1968 consumption estimated at over 400,000 pounds)
014324551 ⁸	3101	ZH03500	II.	zinc (bis)diethyldithio- carbamate; Ethyl Zimate ^R ; ethyl ziram		Rubber vulcanization accelerator, especially latex foam; heat stabilizer for polyethylene; (927,000 pounds produced in 1975)
010108642	4204	EV01750	(> 10 ³ 1b)	cadmium chloride; cadmium dichloride	AP	Production of pesticides, photographic chemicals, and phosphors; dyeing and calico-printing of textiles; electronic vacuum tubes; lubricant ingredient; manufacture of special mirrors
000050180	4204 (7325)	RP59500	I .	cyclophosphamide	нѕ	Proposed as a deflecting agent for sheep (currently pending FDA approval); widely used antineoplastic and immunosuppressive agent
001066304	4101	AG29750	I	chromic acetate; chromium (III) acetate	ID	Textile mordant; tanning agent
000134327	3101	QM14000	18	1-naphthylamine	HS(C) ^h	Dye intermediate; agricultural chemicals; manufacture of rubber antioxidants; (2-naphthylamine is a contaminant of commercial 1-naphthylamine)
000080115	3101	хт59500	I ·	N-methyl-N-nitroso-p- toluenesulfonamide; Diazald ^R		Reagent for the preparation of diazo- methane
010141056	2101	GG11090	To the state of th	cobalt (II) nitrate; cobaltous nitrate		Sympathetic inks; cobalt pigments; cata- lysts; additives to soil and animal feeds; hair dyes; vitamin preparations; porcelain decoration (glazes)
007733020	2101	ZII52600		zinc sulfate		Precipitating agent for viscose rayon; trace nutrient in animal feeds; fungicide; fertilizer ingredient; ore flotation; water purification; galvanizing

Footnotes: see pp. 47 and 48.

	CAS NO.	OTS RANK [®]	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	003129917	4202	HY42000	(1)	dicyclohexylamine nitrite; dicyclo- hexylammonium nitrite	;	Corrosion inhibitor
	001271289	4202 ·	QR65000	(1)	dicyclopentadienyl nickel; nickelocene	AS	Catalyst; antiknock agent for fuels; com- plexing agent
٠	000486259	4101	LL89250	(1)	9-fluorenone; fluoren-9-one		Organic research; (originally synthesized as an experimental insecticide)
	007446277	4101	OG36750	(1)	lead (II) phosphate; lead orthophosphate; CI 77622	AP	Stabilizer in styrene and casein plastics
	000086293	3101	AL98000	(1)	diphenylacetonitrile		Preparation of diphenylacetic acid; synthesis of antispasmodics; herbicides
	000102772	3101	DL59500	(1)	2-(morpholinothio)- benzothiazole		Delayed action vulcanization accelerator
	000155044	3101	DL70000	(1)	zinc 2-mercaptobenzothiazole		Pubber accelerator; fungicide
	000092693	3101	DV58500	(1)	4-biphenylol;4-phenylphenol		Intermediate for dyes; resins; rubber chemicals; laboratory reagent; fungicide
	000366187	3101	DW17500	(1)	2,2'-bipyridine		Reagent for iron determination
	000592358	3101	EZ01750	(1)	n-butyl carbamate		Organic research; (listed in 1971 DCP, but not in 1975)
	000105588	3101	FF98000 "	(1)	diethyl carbonate; ethyl carbonate		Solvent for nitrocellulose, cellulose ethers, and many synthetic and natural resins; organic synthesis
	000102090	3101	FG05000	(1)	diphenyl carbonate; phenyl carbonate		Plasticizer and solvent; synthesis of polycarbonate resins
	000120729	3101 (3122)	NL24500	(1)	indole		Chemical reagent; perfumery
	000117806	3101	QL75250	(1)	dichlone; 2,3-dichloro-1, 4-naphthoquinone		Seed disinfectant; fungicide for foliage and textiles; insecticides; organic catalyst
	000106149	3101	WI38500	(I)	12-hydroxystearic acid		Lithium greases; chemical intermediates
	000141231	3101	W142000	(1)	methyl 12-hydroxystearate	· .	Adhesives; inke; cosmetics; greases
		•				•	

Footnotes: see pp. 47 and 48.

Minor Commercial Significance (annual production apparently below 1,000 1b)

CAS NO.	OTS <u>Rank^a</u>	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES ^d
DYES, DYE INTERM	EDIATES			• •		
000129179	4102	1B91000 ::	(—)	CI Acid Blue 3, sodium salt; CI 42045		Dye
002646175	3101	QL54250		1-(2-tolylazo)-2- naphthalenol; CI 12100	AP	Colorant for oils, varnishes, and waxes; (delisted by FDA for use in foods and drugs)
MISCELLANEOUS						
000540738	4303 (4314)	MV26250		1,2-dimethy1hydrazine; SDMH	AP	Experimental rocket fuel; (no known commercial uses)
000062500	4204	PB21000		ethyl methanesulfonate; EMS	AP	Organic research; considered for use as reversible male chemosterilants for insects and mammalian pests and as possible human male contraceptive
000126852	4202 (4223)	IA22000	<u>-</u>	2,2'-dichloro-N- methyldiethylamine-N- oxide; nitrogen mustard amine oxide; NMO	ID	No commercial uses
000590965	4202	PC26250		methylazoxymethanol	LAP	Metabolite of cycasin (L259500)
001615801	4101 (4102)	MV22750		1,2-diethylhydrazine; SDEH	AP	Experimental rocket fuel; (no known commercial uses)
000505602	3102	WQ09000	(-)	bis(2-chloroethyl) sulfide; mustard gas	нѕ	Organic synthesis; tested as an antineoplas- tic agent; formerly used in chemical warfare
005431334	3101	RK07000		glycidyl oleate	10 ^k	Organic research; (no apparent commercial use

Pootnotes: see pp. 47 and 48.

			•			ů,	•
	CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
	000123331	4202	UR59500	-	maleic hydrazide	ID	Systemic herbicide; treatment of tobacco plants; post-harvest sprouting inhibitor; weed control; sugar content stabilizer in beets
	000122349	4202	XY52500		simazine		Herbicide for broadleaf and grassy weeds
	000083794	4101	DJ28000		rotenone		Insecticide (toxic to fish); flea powders; fly sprays; mothproofing agents; (vet.) grubicide
	000105362	3101	AF60000		ethyl bromoacetate		Pesticide
	025168267 ⁸	3101	AG85750	 . *	isooctyl 2,4- dichlorophenoxy- acetate; 2,4-D isooctyl ester		Herbicide
	000093765	3101	AJ84000		(2,4,5-trichloro- phenoxy)acetic acid; 2,4,5-T		Plant hormone; herbicide; defoliant
43	000075605	3101	СН75250		dimethylarsinic acid; cacodylic acid		Herbicide, especially for control of Johnson grass on cotton; soil sterilant; timber thinning; chemical warfare
	015879933	3101	* FM94500		alpha-chloralose		Bird repellent on seed grains; immobilizing agent to control depredating birds
	0393004538	3101	GQ57750		dinocap		Acaricide (miticide); fungicide
	014484641	3101	N087500		ferric dimethyldithio- carbamate; ferbam	ID	Fungicide
	000097165	3101	SK91000		2,4-dichlorophenyl benzenesulfonate; Genite ^R		Acaricide (miticide); insecticide
	000087865	3101	SM63000		pentachlorophenol; PCP		Fungicide; bactericide; algicide; herbicide; sodium pentachlorophenate; wood preservative (telephone poles, pilings, etc.)
	000133073	3101	TI56850		N-(trichloromethylthio)- phthalimide; folpet		Fungicide-bactericide for vinyls, paints and enamels; protective foliar fungicide on a wide variety of fruit and truck crops
	000086884	3101	ҮТ92750	<u>"</u> x eye fare S	alpha-naphthalenylthiourea		Rodenticide

Footnotes: see pp. 47 and 48.

TABLE 4. (SECTIONS B-1 AND B-2)

The second secon

	CAS NO.	OTS <u>Rank</u> a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME R	ARC EVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
			B-1)	Food-Cosmetic Related Chemi	cals		•
	007220817	4101	AW64750		aflatoxin B2	HS	Naturally occurring fungal byproduct in foods
	000139059	3101	GV73500	·	sodium cyclamate	•	Nonnutritive sweetener; (use in foods pro- hibited by FDA)
			B-2)	Pharmaceuticals			
•	000050282	4304	KG29750	1	beta-estradio1	AP	Physiologically active isomer of estradiol (female sex hormone)
	000053167	4304	KG85750	t .	estrone	AP .	Steroid hormone
	000050760	4202	AU15750	-	actinomycin D; dactinomycin	AP	Antibiotic
	002393535	4202	KG87500		benzoate estrone		Steroid hormone derivative
	000052244	4202 (7313)	SZ29750		thiotepa; tris- (1-aziridinyl)- phosphine sulfide	AP	Antineoplastic agent
44	000130803	4202	WJ57750		diethylstilbestrol dipropionate		Synthetic nonsteroid compound with estrogenic activity
	000302705	4101 (4121)	IA22750		nitrogen mustard N-oxide	AP .	Antineoplastic agent
	000303344	4101	OE78750		lasiocarpine	AP	Organic research; medicine; (isolated from plants)
	000057681	4101	W092750		Mermeth ^R		Antibacterial agent
	000061336	4101	XH94000		penicillin G		Antibiotic
	000069578	4101	хн98000	. · ·	sodium penicillin Ģ		Antibiotic; food and feed additive
	000050500	3203	KG40500		estradiol benzoate		Estrogen derivative
	000084162	3203	SL06000	-	hexestrol; d1hydrodiethyl- stilbestrol	·	Nonsteroid synthetic estrogen
	000113382	3202	KG47250	y 	dipropionate estradiol	٠ .	Estrogen derivative
	000063058	3101	BV81500	and the second of the second o	4-androstene-3,17-dione	•	Androgen (male sex hormone)
	000800248	3101	DK33250		aziridinyl benzoquinone	AP	Antineoplastic agent; organic research
	000107697	3101	FD17500	- Are also	2,2,2-trichloroethyl carba	amate	Sedative; hypnotic
	000604580	3101	KD71750		benzoate equilenin		Estrogenic activity
	006030804	3101	KD78750	· ·	equilin-3-benzoate	•	Estrogenic activity

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CAS NO.	OTS RANK ^a	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	NAME	IARC REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
000569573	3101	KV06000		chlorotrianisene		Synthetic nonsteroid estrogen
000299296	3101	LZ51500		ferrous gluconate	:	Treatment of anemia; food and feed additive; vitamin tablets
000056928	3101	MS15750		histamine dichloride	•	Medicine
000551746	3101	OP22750		mannomustine dihydro- chloride; mannitol mustard dihydrochloride	AP	Antineoplastic agent
000494031	3101	QM24500		N,N-bis(2-chloroethyl)- 2-naphthylamine	HP	Not used in U.S.
000057830	3101 (3102)	TW01750		progesterone	AS	Medicine; oral contraceptive; laboratory reagent
000446866	3101	U089250	·	azathioprine	. • •	Immunosuppressive drug
000144821	3101	WP08750		sulfamethizole		Anti-infective drug
000058220	3101	XA30300		testosterone	AP	Male sex hormone; biochemical research
000066751	3101 _. (4202)	¥Q89250		uracil mustard	AP	Antineoplastic agent
000057910	2101	KG37500	i de la composition della comp	17-alpha-estradiol		Relatively inactive isomer of estradiol (female sex hormone)
000050271	2101	KG82250	·	estriol	ID	Naturally occurring estrogen
	·.	C) Littl	e or No Informa	tion Available Concerning Com	mercial Im	portance
000613478	4203	NC42000		N-hydroxy-2-naphthylamine		Organic research
000589413	4202	FB17500		N-hydroxyurethan(e) 1		Organic research
026630604	4101	DB26250		N-hydroxy-2-fluoreny1- benzenesulfonamide		Organic research
000821147	4101 (4122)	КН40250		azoethane		Organic research

Footnotes: see pp. 47 and 48

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CAS NO.	OTS RANK [®]	NIOSH SORT KEY	ANNUAL PRODUCTION b	IARC NAME REVIEW ^C	REPORTED USES
016301261	4101	KH42000	<u> </u>	azoxyethane	Organic research
000548936	3102	DG26250	-	2-amino-3-hydroxybenzoic acid	Organic research
000551939	3101	AM57750	~ *	2-aminoacetophenone; 2-acetylaniline	Organic research
004363035	3101	DV59500	· 	4-amino-(1,1'-biphenyl)-3-o1	Organic research
004420795	3101	MX42000	· 	hydroquinone mustard	Organic research
006810260	3101	NC31500		4-hydroxylaminobiphenyl	Organic research
006965715	3101	UF11500		2-(2,5-dichlorophenoxy)- propionic acid	Organic research
005684139	2102	VS30750	. 	bisdehydrodoisynolic acid methyl ester	Organic research

Footnotes: see pp. 47 and 48.

ANNOUTS rank in parentheses assigned from data contained in <u>Suspected Carcinogens - A Subfile of the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances</u> (2nd Ed.), 1976. [When the route of administration is unknown, the highest exposure level (2) is assigned.]

Production Key (annual)

- -- = known <103 lb; production figures available (IARC, EPA/OTS 1977, or elsewhere)
- (--) = assumed <103 lb; not listed in the Directory of Chemical Producers (DCP)
- (1) $\sim > 10^3$ lb; listed in DCP (no production figures available; however, inclusion in the $\overline{\text{DCP}}$ implies that a chemical has a production level greater than 1,000 pounds or total sales in excess of \$1,000)
- I = >10³ lb; production figures available U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC), IARC, EPA/OTS 1977, or elsewhere
- II = >10⁵ 1b; production figures available ITC or elsewhere
- III = >10⁶ lb; production figures available ITC or elsewhere
- IV = >10⁷ lb; production figures available ITC or elsewhere
- CIARC Review: Evaluation of carcinogenicity data on chemicals as reported by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in their publication IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk to Man (Vols. 1-13)
 - HS Human Positive
 - HS Human Suspected
 - AP Animal Positive
 - AS Animal Suspected

Burney B. W. Marine Land C. Carlotte & St.

- ID Indefinite
- (N) Negative
- [(C) U.S. Occupational Standard-Carcinogen, as determined from NIOSH hazard review documents]
- dSources consulted for use information are listed in References.

 Organic research: compounds synthesized as experimental carcinogens or as analogs to complete a structural series or class, analytical reagents, or laboratory curiosities.
- eCombined production of anhydrous hydrazine and hydrazine hydrate estimated at 37 million pounds in 1974.
 - 'ENO IARC Review was noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, the IARC comments note that nickel in some form(s) is carcinogenic to man.

TABLE 4 (continued)

⁸Corrected CAS No.; listed number taken from the <u>TSCA Candidate List of Chemical Substances</u> (April 1977).

honly one domestic producer reported in 1972; however, imports of 1-naphthylamine totaled 59,000 pounds in 1971. (Occupational exposure to commercial 1-naphthylamine containing 42-102 2-naphthylamine is strongly associated with bladder cancer. A number of case reports from several countries support this association. It is not possible on present evidence to decide whether 1-naphthalamine free from the 2-isomer is carcinogenic to man-IARC Monograph)

¹Consumption of zinc sulfate totaled approximately 98,000 pounds in 1971.

No IARC Review was noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, the IARC Monograph indicates an AP Review.

kAS Review was noted in the RTECS Subfile (1976); however, the IARC Monograph indicates an ID Review.

The name "urethane" is often applied to high molecular weight "polyurethane" used as foam (insulation), elastomers, and coatings. However, these products are not made from the chemical urethane and do not generate it on decomposition.

Registered trademark.

APPENDIX

OTS RANK (FOUR-DIGIT) ASSIGNMENT

In ordering the initial NIOSH Subfile, a four-digit number (ABCD) was computed for each compound, utilizing data presented in the toxic dose lines for that compound. Only toxic dose lines that had a carcinogenic (CAR) or neoplastic (NEO) response noted were used. For this effort, CAR and NEO responses were considered equivalent.

The four-digit numbers were computed using the following criteria:

- o The first digit, A, represents the species in which a CAR or NEO response is reported; assignments are:
 - 7: Humans
 - 6: Monkeys
 - 5: Cat, dog, pig, cattle, or domestic animal
 - 4: Rat
 - 3: Mouse
 - 2: Guinea pig, gerbil, hamster, rabbit, squirrel, or unspecified mammal
 - 1: Wild bird, bird, chicken, duck, pigeon, quail, or turkey
 - 0: Frog

For compounds where CAR or NEO responses are reported in more than one species, the highest number is assigned.

o The second digit, B, designates the number of different species for which CAR or NEO responses are reported, to a maximum of 9.

- The third digit, C, designates the administration route for which a CAR or NEO response is reported:
 - 2: Inhalation, ocular, or skin application
 - 1: Oral administration
 - O: All other routes of administration
 Only the highest number is used if CAR or NEO responses are reported for more than one route.
- The final digit, D, is the total number of CAR or NEO responses reported for this substance, to a maximum of 9. Because the NIOSH Subfile included only one toxic dose line for any route/ species combination (specifically the study in which the lowest effective dose was reported for that combination), this digit is a count of the number of different route/species combinations reported to result in a carcinogenic or neoplastic response.

The following example illustrates the assignment of this number.

```
AB94500.
          ACETAMIDE, N-FLUOREN-2-YL
          CAS: 000053963
                               MW: 223.29
                                                MOLFM: N-0-C15-H13
          WLN: L B656 HHJ EMV1
                         2-AAF
                                      2-ACETAMIDOFLUORENE
          SYN: AAF
                 ACETAMINOFLUORENE
                                             2-ACETYLAMINO-FLUOREN
                                N-ACETYL-2-AMINOFLUORENE
                 (German)
                                                                2- ..
                 ACETYLAMINOFLUORENE
                                                AZETYLAMINOFLUOREN
                                           2-FAA
                 (German)
                                FAA
                                                       N-2-
                 FLUORENYLACETAMIDE
                                           N-FLUOREN-2-YLACETAMIDE
       TXDS: orl-rat TDLo:475 mg/kg/11WC
                                                TXAPA9 18,356,71
               TFX:CAR
             orl-rat TDLo:300 mg/kg/(9D preg)
                                                TCIA** -,121,73
               TFX:TER
             skn-rat TDLo:260 mg/kg/71WI
                                                JNCIAM 10,1201,50
               TFX:CAR
             ipr-rat TDLo:192 mg/kg/4WI
                                                CNREA8 32,1554,72
               TFX:CAR
             imp-rat TDLo:22 mg/kg TFX:NEO
                                                CNREA8 33,2489,73
             orl-mus LD50:1020 mg/kg
                                                TXAPA9 25,447,73
             orl-mus TDLo:560 mg/kg/14DI
                                                BJCAAI 19,297,67
               TFX: CAR
             par-mus TDLo:100 mg/kg/(12D preg) ACATA5 37,239,66
             TFX:TER
             orl-dog TDL0:2625 mg/kg/25WC
                                                CNREA8 10,266,50
               TFX: NEO
             orl-cat TDLo:4344 mg/kg/69WC
                                                CNREA8 11,280,51
               TFX:CAR
             orl-rbt TDLo:4400 mg/kg/65WI
                                                PAMIAD 32,177,68
               TFX:CAR
             ipr-rbt TDLo:3600 mg/kg/40WI
                                                CNREA8 27,838,67
               TFX:NEO
             orl-ham TDLo:7980 mg/kg/38WC
                                                GANNA2 59,239,68
               TFX:CAR
             itr-ham TDLo:15 gm/kg/74W
                                                JNCIAM 50,503,73
               TFX: CAR'
             orl-ckn TDLo:2888 mg/kg/13WI
                                                BJCAAI 9,163,55
              TFX:CAR
        STANDARDS & REGULATIONS:
             USOS-carcinogen
```

The order number for this compound is 5729. The first digit (5) is assigned because a NEO response was reported in the dog; the second digit (7) is assigned because a CAR or NEO response was reported for seven different species (rat, mouse, dog, cat, rabbit, hamster, and chicken); the third digit (2) is assigned because a CAR response was

elicited with a skin application of the substance; and the last digit (9) is assigned because CAR or NEO responses were reported in 12 different route/species combinations (because the maximum allowable is 9, the last digit defaults to this).

RATIONALE

The following rationale was used to develop the individual digit assignment for the initial ordering exercise:

- A. For the first digit, a CAR or NEO response reported in humans or primates indicates evidence or suspicion that the compound is a human carcinogen. Cats, dogs, etc., are ranked beneath humans on a phylogenic basis. While the rat and mouse are not phylogenically higher than the small mammals ranked beneath them, it is felt that, because these two species have been studied extensively and their physiological responses to chemical insult are far better understood, a CAR or NEO response is probably more meaningful than such a response in a less well studied species. Between these two species, the rat is given precedence because it is both better studied and longer lived than the mouse.
- B. The rationale for the second digit is that a compound shown to be carcinogenic or neoplastic in two or more species is more likely to be universally carcinogenic than a compound for which the effect has been shown in only one species.
- C. The third digit indicates the potential for carcinogenic or neoplastic response resulting from environmental exposure. In this respect, responses from inhalation or skin application are more indicative of concern for environmental exposure to the

substance than carcinogenic or neoplastic responses occurring from injection or implantation. Oral administration is considered intermediate.

D. The final digit indicates that the CAR or NEO response has been confirmed both in different species (as in the second digit) and by different routes of administration within a given species.

The arrangement of the four digits into the ABCD sequence is based on the relative significance of each. The first digit is considered most significant because it indicates the human carcinogenic potential of the compound. The second digit focuses on the universality of the response among different species and indicates the likelihood that the compound has human carcinogenic potential, but to a lesser degree than the first digit. The third digit reflects the next most significant parameter—the type of exposure required to elicit the response. The final digit indicates the degree of confidence about the carcinogenic or neoplastic response associated with the compound. Due to certain limitations involved in its genesis (for example, many known carcinogens are studied repeatedly to obtain tumors for further study), the fourth digit is given the least importance in ordering the compounds.

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NIOSH SORT KEY - A seven character alphanumeric accession number assigned to each compound listed in the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) or the RTECS Subfile.

NIOSH SORT	KEY	•	TABLE, SECTION, PAGE
AB 40250 AB 94500 AC 07000 AC 57750			1(A)15 1(A)19 330 331
AC 59500 AC 66500 AC 71750 AC 73500 AC 89250			332 329 331 330 1(A)14
AE 42800 AE 70000 AE 71750 AF 60000			332 331 1(B)21 4(A-2)43
AF 85750 AG 29750 AG 85750 AI 52500 AI 89600 AJ 84000	· · ·		4(A-1)39 4(A-1)40 4(A-2)43 1(A)15 1(A)18 4(A-2)43
AK 85750 AK 87500 AL 98000 AM 57750 AP 85000 AR 76000 AU 15750 AW 64750			329 331 4(A-1)41 4(C)46 1(A)14 1(A)18 4(B-2)44 4(B-1)44
AY 35000 AY 36750		Y	2(B)26 2(B)26
BA 70000 BP 52500 BQ 43750 BQ 49000 BV 81500 BX 71750 BX 73500			331 1(B)21 1(A)12 1(A)19 4(B-2)44 1(A)17 1(A)14
BX 87500 BX 93500 BY 35000 BY 36750 BY 54250 BY 57750 BY 59500 BY 96250 BZ 66500			332 1(A)17 1(A)18 1(A)15 1(A)11 330 332 1(A)15 332

NIO	SH:SORT	KEY	TABLE, SE
ΒZ	73500		3-31
CB	10500		330
CB	12250		2(B)26
CB	24500		1(A)15
CB	47250		1(A)9
CF	92750		2(B)25
CG			1(A)20
CH	75250		4(A-2)43
CI	64750	,	1(A)9
CM	33250		331
CN			331
CO	17500		332
	68250		2(B)26
CU	14000		336
CU	29750		336
CV	92750	•	335
CW.	38500		1(A)19
CW	43750	•	330
CW	87500	•	330
CW	89250		331
CX	15750		329
CX	24500		330
CY.	03500		331
CY.			1(A)11
CY	14000		1(A)9
CY.	28000		1(A)13
CZ.	96250		1(A)14
٠			
•			
DA			1(B)21
DA			2(A)25
DA	61250		1(A)18
DA	66500		1(B)21
DB	26250	1	4(C)45
DB	52500		1(B)21
DC	01750	•	·1(B)21
DC.	96250		-1(A)12 -
DD	05250		1(A) <u>10</u>
DD.	08750		1(A)13
DD.	10500		1(A)15
DD	12250		1(B)13
· DD	15750		1(A)15
DD	22750		1(B)21
DD	85750		332
DE	42000	•	2(A)25
DF:	63000		336
DF	63500	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	336
DG	03500		332
DG.	12250		1(A)19
DG	26250		4(C)46
DI	57750		335
DI	82250		336
		•	

NIO	SH SORT	KEY
DI	94500	
DJ	28000	
DJ	36750	

DJ 36750 DJ 42000 DJ 78750

DK 26250 DK 33250 DK 68250

DK 68250 DL 38500 DL 40250

DL 42000 DL 59500

DL 64750 DL 70000 DM 19250

DM 85750 DP 63000

DS 14000 DS 28000 DS 29750

DS 40250 DS 50000 DU 80500

DU 89250 DV 03500 DV 21000

DV 33250 DV 10000

DV 49000 DV 56000

DV 58500 DV 59500

DV 87500 DW 17500

EJ 40250 EJ 52500

EJ 82250 EJ 87500

EK 17500

EL 12250 EO 51000

E0 54250 ER 24500

ES 70000 ES 75250

ES 75250 ET 73500 EU 98500

EU 98500 EV 01750

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1(A)12 3--36

3--36 1(A)16

4(B-2)44

1(A)18

3--32 3--32

3--32

4(A-1)41 4(A-1)40

4(A-1)41

3--36

1(A)11 3--33

1(A)11 1(A)13

3--29 (1(A)13

1(A)13

4(A-1)39 1(A)17

3--33 1(A)18

3--30 1(A)15

3--29

1(A)17 4(A-1)41

4(C)46

1(A)15 4(A-1)41

3--29

2(B)26

1(A)17 1(A)20

2(B)26

3--33

3--33

3--31 1(A)11

3--33

2(B)26

1(A)15 1(A)20

4(A-1)40

NIUS	SH SORT	<u>NET</u>	TABLE, SECTION, PAGE
	94500		337
ΕZ	01750		4(A-1)41
ΕZ	82250		1(B)21
FA	84000		1(A)13
FB FB	03500		330
FC.	17500 07000		4(C)45 1(B)21
FC	24500		1/A\1 <i>A</i>
FC			7 76
	59500		1(B)21
FC.	63000		329
			1(A)12
	17500		329 1(A)12 4(B-2)44 1(B)22 1(A)20
			1(B)22
			1(B)22
	89250 91000		1(B)21 1(B)22
			1 (B) 22 4 (A 1 \ A 1
			4(A-1)41 4(A-1)41
	49000		1(A)9
	87500		2(B)26
	94500		4(A-2)43
			1(A)10
	26200		336
FZ.	36750		1(A)19
GB	42000		4(A-1)39
	64700		4(A-1)39
	66500		1(A)14
GC	07000	••	336
GG	11090		4(A-1)40
	07000		2(B)26
	42000	:_	2(B)26
	57750		4(A-2)43
	60000		1(A)20
	71750		333
	35000 437 5 0	•	1(B)22 1(B)22
	49000		1(B)22
	71000		2(A)25
	73500		4(B-1)44
GW:	46000 ⁻		337
	50750		1(B)21
	66500		1(A)16
	15750		333
	19250		330
ai.	56000		333

NIC	OSH SORT	KEY	TABLE, SECTION, PAGE
HN HN HO HP HP HP	08750 10500 26250 57750 45500 49000 87500 42000		336 336 329 336 337 333 333
IA IA IA IB IO IO	21000 22000 22750 35000 91000 17500 21000 05250		2(B)26 4(A-1)42 4(B-2)44 1(A)19 4(A-1)42 1(B)21 1(B)21 1(A)17
JO JJ JJ JG	82250 92750 95000 97000 98000 12250		1(A)10 1(A)16 1(A)18 333 1(A)11 1(A)18
KD KG KG KKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKK	71750 78750 29750 37500 40500 47250 82250 85750 40250 42000 57900 78800 07000 33250 28000 08750 15750 66500 96250 06000 36750		4(B-2)44 4(B-2)44 4(B-2)45 4(B-2)44 4(B-2)45 4(B-2)44 4(B-2)44 4(B-2)44 4(C)45 4(C)46 1(B)22 1(B)21 1(B)21 1(B)22 1(A)14 1(A)12 3-30 1(A)14 1(A)9 4(B-2)45 3-33
	*		

NIOS	H SORT	KEY	TABLE, SECTION, PAGE
KV (43750 94500 29750 45500 50750		333 1(B)22 1(A)9 1(A)10 1(A)10
LL LL LQ LQ LT LU LV LZ	50750 54250 69800 89250 91000 31500 92750 77000 35000 17500 51500 59500		329 333 333 4(A-1)41 333 329 329 2(B)25 1(A)10 332 4(B-2)45 329
MA MF MS MU MU MV MV MV MV MV MV MV MV	10500 12250 22750 42000 15750 10500 17500 71750 22750 24500 26250 28000 29000 56000 80500 96250 35000 42000		1(B)21 2(B)26 1(A)17 329 4(B-2)45 2(B)25 2(B)25 4(A-1)39 4(A-1)42 1(A)12 4(A-1)42 329 1(A)16 1(A)20 1(A)10 1(A)14 1(A)10 4(C)46
NC NI NI NI NI NJ	31500 42000 47250 50750 56000 96250 07000 08750 79300		4(C)46 4(C)45 1(A)13 2(B)25 2(B)27 1(A)14 333 2(B)25 334

NIOSH SORT KEY

NL 24500 NO 87500 NS 03500

NS 17500 NS 22750

0E 78750 0F 26250 0F 67300 0F 80500 0F 87500 0G 20250 0G 36750 0L 01750 0P 22750 0S 10500

91000

01750

05

OT

PC

QL

QL

QM

QM

QM

PA 70000 PB 05250 PB 21000 26250 PB PB 52500 PC 12250 PC 26250 PC 28000

82250

QE 75250 QJ. 05250 QJ 24500 QJ 36750 QJ 65300 QJ 65500 QJ 66500 QJ 68250 OK 27050 QL 01750 QL 49000 QL 54250 QL 59500

71750

75250

14000

21000

24500

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4(A-1)41 4(A-2)43 2(B)27 2(B)25 2(B)27

4(B-2)44 1(A)11 1(A)17 1(A)16 1(A)14 1(A)10 4(A-1)41 3--34 4(B-2)45 1(B)21 1(A)20 1(A)20

3--30 3--34 4(A-1)42 3--30 1(A)15 1(B)22 4(A-1)42 3--31 1(A)18

3--29 4(A-1)39 3--34 3--34 1(A)12 1(A)11 1(A)19 1(A)13 1(A)12 3--36 1(A)12 4(A-1)42 1(A)191(A)16 4(A-1)414(A-1)401(A)14 4(B-2)45

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QM 28500	1(A)19
QM 42000	334
QM 43750	334
QM 45500	1(A)11
QM 47250	1(A)19
QR 59500	1(A)9
QR 61250	4(A-1)40
QR 65000	4(A-1)41
RC 89250	2(B)25
RC 89600	2(B)27
RG 15750	3-36
RG 94500	3-36
RK 07000	4(A-1)42
RN 77000	3-36
RN 85750	2(B)26
RN 86400	1(A)17
RP 54250	1(A)17
RP 59500	4(A-1)40
RQ 73500	1(A)17
RS 82250	1(A)17
SC 12250 SD 94500 SF 78750 SF 85250 SF 94500 SF 98000 SG 01750 SJ 33250 SJ 77000 SJ 98000 SK 26250 SK 85750 SK 91000 SL 06000 SM 63000 SM 63000 SN 05250 SN 07000 SN 15750 ST 22750 ST 29000 ST 33800 SZ 17500 SZ 19250 SZ 29750	332 1(A)12 1(A)19 337 334 334 1(A)9 1(A)18 2(B)22 1(A)16 1(A)16 4(A-2)43 4(B-2)44 4(A-2)43 2(B)27 1(A)20 1(B)22 4(A-1)40 1(A)19 1(A)12 1(A)20 1(A)13 4(B-2)44

NIOSH SORT KEY	TABLE, SECTION, PAGE
TD 08750 TH 75250 TI 56850 TL 63000 TN 21000 TP 45500 TQ 13600 TQ 13620 TQ 13720 TQ 13740 TQ 13760 TU 37500 TU 37500 TU 40750 TW 01750 TX 49000	1(A)15 334 4(A-2)43 1(A)17 329 4(A-1)39 1(A)17 1(A)20 1(A)20 1(A)20 1(A)17 2(B)25 2(B)25 4(B-2)45 1(A)10
UC 07000 UE 78750 UF 11500 UO 89250 UQ 05250 UR 24500 UR 59500 UT 22750 UT 24500 UT 36750 UZ 98000	1(A)16 1(A)16 4(C)46 4(B-2)45 332 337 4(A-2)43 334 334 332 334
VA 12250 VB 54250 VB 57750 VB 59500 VB 61250 VB 63000 VB 71750 VB 75250 VB 77000 VB 98000 VC 01750 VC 21000 VC 42000 VC 42000 VC 82250 VD 19800 VD 20000 VQ 31500 VQ 33250 VS 30750 VS 31500	337 334 335 335 335 335 335 330 1(A)18 1(A)17 335 335 335 335 335 335 337

NIOSH SORT KEY	TABLE, SECTION, PAGE
VT 07000 VT 29750	1(A)18 1(A)18
WG 98000 WH 66500 WI 38500 WI 42000 WJ 40250 WJ 56000 WJ 57750 WO 92750 WP 07000 WP 08750 WP 23600 WQ 09000 WR 10500 WS 77000 WS 77000 WS 78750 WS 82250 WT 29750 WZ 03500 WZ 05250	2(B)26 1(B)22 4(A-1)41 4(A-1)41 335 1(A)14 4(B-2)44 4(B-2)44 2(B)23 4(B-2)45 2(B)23 4(A-1)42 337 332 1(A)13 1(A)13 1(B)22 4(A-1)39 337 337
XA 30300 XH 94000 XH 98000 XJ 46000 XJ 49000 XJ 50750 XN 08000 XS 43750 XS 47250 XS 80500 XS 96250 XT 59500 XT 70000 XT 86500 XU 28000 XU 29750 XU 88000 XY 21000 XY 26250 XY 52500 XZ 14000 XZ 18000 XZ 18000 XZ 18000 XZ 21000 XZ 38500	4(B-2)45 4(B-2)44 4(B-2)44 331 331 335 337 2(B)23 1(B)21 1(A)9 4(A-1)40 1(A)15 337 1(A)16 1(A)16 1(A)16 1(A)12 331 1(A)16 4(A-2)43 1(A)15 2(B)26 1(B)21

NIOSH SORT KEY	TABLE, SECTION, PAGE
YK 05250	2(B)26
YR 06000	2(B)25
YR 08750	2(B)26
YR 14000	2(B)26
YR 15750 .	2(B)27
YS 29750	2(B)26
YT 22750	2(A)25
YT 78750	1(A)13
YU 28000	1(A)11
ZE 56000	1(A)16
ZE 57750	1(A)16
ZE 61250	1(A)16
ZE 63000	1(A)16
ZE 64750	1(A)20
ZE 72500	337
ZH 01750	1(A)11
ZH 03500	4(A-1)40
ZH 05250	1(A)10
7H 52600 ·	4(A-1)40 ·