Technical Report

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The Effect of Load and Inertia on Particulate Emissions

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NOTICE

Technical Reports do not necessarily represent final EPA decisions or positions. They are intended to present technical analysis of issues using data which are currently available. The purpose in the release of such reports is to facilitate the exchange of technical information and to inform the public of technical developments which may form the basis for a final EPA decision, position, or regulatory action.

Standards Development and Support Branch Emission Control Technology Division Office of Mobile Source Air Pollution Control Office of Air, Noise and Radiation U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Introduction

This report summarizes particulate emissions data from light-duty diesel trucks operating over a range of road loads and inertia weights. The results indicate that diesel particulate emissions are relatively insensitive to road load but are significantly influenced by changes in vehicle inertia weight. Information of this nature is useful in determining differences in particulate emissions that can be expected when the same engine is applied to vehicles of different sizes and weights.

Discussion

Data from four sources are presented in this report. They are General Motors' and Mercedes Benz' responses to the Light-Duty Diesel Particulate Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, Ricardo Consulting Engineers, and the EPA Motor Vehicle Emissions Laboratory. The EPA tests were run on a small diesel Dodge truck over a range of load and inertia conditions indicated in Figures 1 and 2, and Table 1. Data from the other sources were collected in a similar fashion and while there are differences in levels and slopes of the results the trends among sources are consistent.

Table 1

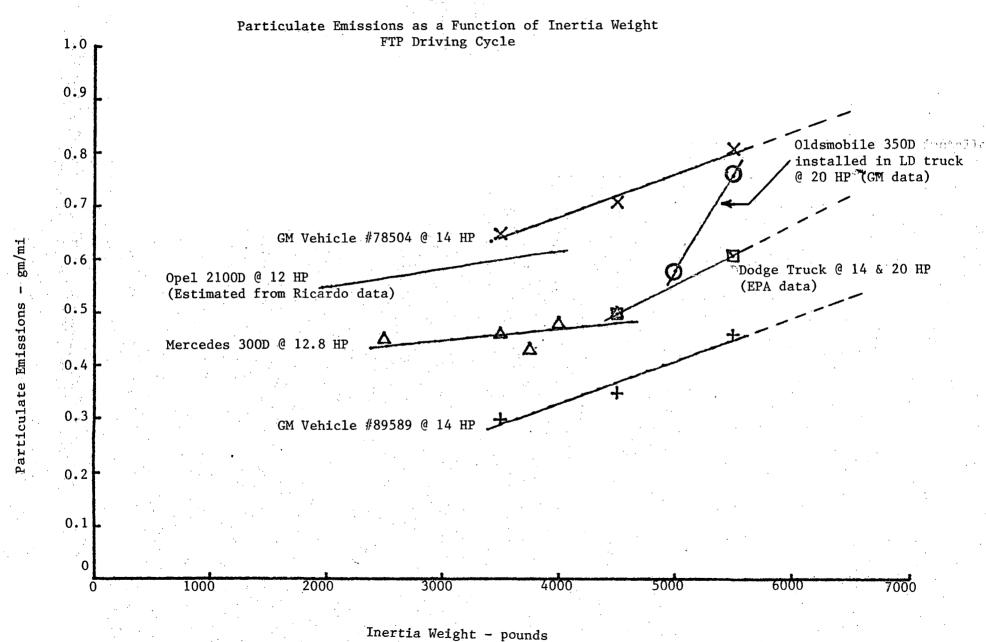
Summary of Particulate Emissions for Various Loads and Inertias (Continued)

<u>Vehicle</u>	Source	IW	HP	Particulate Emissions g	/mi
Mercedes 300D	Mercedes	3000	7.4	0.47	
	Submission	3000	9.2	0.46	
	to LDD Particulate		12.8	0.47	
	Hearings	3000	16.4	0.48	
		4000	7.4	0.47	
		4000	9.2	0.48	
		4000	11.0	0.48	
		4000	14.6	0.49	
	•	4000	16.4	0.49	
		2500	12.8	0.45	
		3500	12.8	0.46	
		3750	12.8	0.43	
		4000	12.8	0.48	
		4500	12.8	0.50	
Opel 2100D	Ricardo	2000	8.3	0.54	
0F07 7702	data	2000	16.6	0.57	
	4414	3000	10.3	0.57	
		3000	20.6	0.62	
•		4000	12.0	0.62	
		4000	24.0	0.72	

Table 1
Summary of Particulate Emissions for Various Loads and Inertias

<u>Vehicle</u>	Source	IW	HP	Particulate Emissions	g/mi
Dodge Truck	EPA MVEL Lab	4500	14	0.50	
	-	5500	14	0.61	•
		4500	20	0.50	
		5500	20	0.60	
GM Vehicle	GM Submission	3500	14	0.65	
<i>#</i> 78504	to LDD Particulate	4500	14	0.71	
	Hearings	5500	14	0.81	
GM Vehicle	GM Submission	3500 [^]	14	0.30	
#89589	to LDD Particulate	4500	14	0.35	
	Hearings	5500	14	0.46	
01dsmobile	GM Submission	5000	20	0.58	
350D install- ed in LD Truck	to LDD Particulate	5500	20	0.76	

Figure 1



1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 Particulate Emissions - gm/mi @ 4000 1bs IW 0.6 LOpel 2100D (Ricardo Data) @ 3000 1bs IW 2000 1bs IW 0.5 @ 3000 lbs IW @ 4000 lbs IW Mercedes 300D 0.4 0.3 0.2

0.1

0

2

Figure 2 Particulate Emissions as a Function of Roadload FTP Driving Cycle Dodge Truck @ 5500 lbs IW (EPA Data) Dodge Truck @ 4500 1bs IW

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