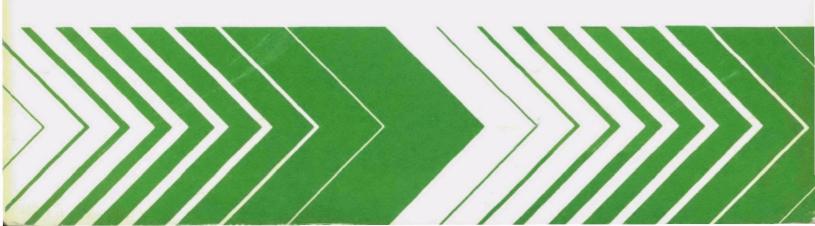
United States Environmental Protection Agency Industrial Environmental Research Laboratory Research Triangle Park NC 27711 EPA-600/2-79-045 February 1979

Research and Development



Ferroalloy Process Emissions Measurement



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Ferroalloy Process Emissions Measurement

by

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Prepared for

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The sampling program was designed and carried out by personnel of Monsanto Research Corporation (MRC), under EPA Contract No. 68-02-1411. Mr. Darrell L. Harris of MRC was the program director. Contributions were made by W. H. Hedley, M. J. Thalman, and W. R. Feairheller of MRC.

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STIMMARY

Sampling and analysis were undertaken to characterize and quantify particulate, organic and inorganic chemical emissions in effluents from a totally sealed metallurgical furnace at a ferroalloy production facility. Effluents were sampled downstream of a Venturi scrubber during silicomanganese production (Test I) and upstream of the scrubber during ferromanganese production (Test II). Sampling and analysis methodology used was essentially that of EPA's Level 1 Environmental Assessment procedure, supplemented by a specific analysis of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons.

Measurements made in Test II indicated a particulate loading of 68,000 mg/m³, equivalent to 17 Kg/MW-hr. Very high levels of organics, including high molecular weight aromatic hydrocarbons, were found. Compound categories found include some polynuclear aromatic species recognized as carcinogens. High levels of arsenic were also measured in Test II. Measurement of gaseous effluent from the Venturi scrubber in Test I indicated much lower levels of all species of concern. Particulate loading was estimated to be 64 mg/m³ equivalent to 0.016 Kg/MW-hr. The major organic compound categories were simple aromatic hydrocarbons and low molecular weight polycyclics. The arsenic level was estimated to be less than 0.5 mg/m³.

In these tests, good agreement was observed between the results of Level 1 organic analysis and the specific analysis of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons. Good agreement was also found between the atomic absorption and spark source mass spectroscopic analyses of arsenic and antimony.

Because the two tests corresponded to different ferroalloy production processes, the results cannot provide a quantitative measure of the Venturi scrubber efficiency. However, the data imply good particulate removal efficiency. The Venturi scrubber also appears to be effective for removal of polynuclear aromatics, especially species in the higher molecular weight range that includes the recognized carcinogenic POM.

I. Introduction

Ferroalloy plants are of interest to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) because of their high emissions of particulates. Preliminary data from a plant in Norway showed that the closed type of metallurgical furnaces seemed to be efficient in lowering the quantities of particulate emissions. However, it was also found that these emissions contain a high percentage of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon materials. Further information is needed to determine the accuracy and applicability of these early findings. To supply this data, Monsanto Research Corporation was assigned by EPA to sample the emissions from the Union Carbide Ferroalloy Plant at Beauharnois, Quebec, Canada. Emissions from both the silicomanganese process and the ferromanganese process carried out in this plant were sampled. Arthur D. Little, Inc., was responsible for the analysis of these samples.

This report, which was prepared by Arthur D. Little, Inc., integrates the following information:

- sampling and on-site gas analysis data provided in rough draft form by Monsanto Research Corporation.
- Process operation data provided by Union Carbide Canada Limited.
- results of comprehensive chemical analyses by Arthur D.
 Little, Inc.

Chapter II presents a description of the test, including the facility, process and sampling and analysis plan. Chapter III presents the test results. Conclusions are presented in Chapter IV. Details of the analytical results are presented in the Appendices.

II. Test Description

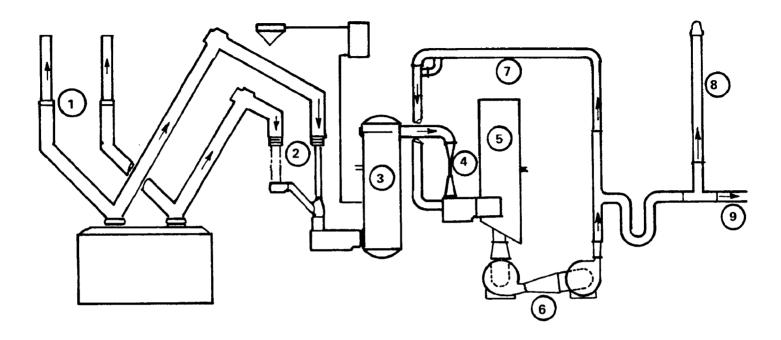
A. Description of Facility and Sampling Sites

The Union Carbide Canada Limited plant in Beauharnois, Quebec, is a modern (1974) integrated ferroalloy production facility incorporating a totally sealed electric furnace. In addition to the furnace, the plant includes facilities for: raw material preparation and storage; sintering of coke and ore fines; mix batching and delivery; and air and water pollution abatement. The closed metallurgical furnace and the associated air pollution control equipment were the focus of the tests described in this report.

The 72,000 KVA totally sealed furnace is contained in a 15 m diameter by 8.8 m deep shell, which has an air-cooled flat bottom. The inner hearth diameter is 12.1 m, and the crucible depth is 6.3 m. Three self-baking electrodes, 1.9 m diameter, are triangularly arranged at 4.75 m center-to-center distances. Additional details of furnace design are provided in Reference 1.

The air pollution abatement equipment for the closed furnace is shown schematically in Figure 1. The system includes two parallel quenchers, a coarse dust separator, a Venturi scrubber, a mist eliminator, and two fans in series. The sampling locations were upstream and downstream of the Venturi scrubber. Figure 1 also shows the bypass stacks through which furnace off-gases can be vented and then flared.

Sampling upstream of the Venturi scrubber utilized an existing 10 cm (4 in) diameter port in the 1.03 m (40.5 in) diameter bypass stack, before the flare. At this location, on the sixth floor of the furnace building, the stack temperature is normally in the range of 480 to 870°C (900 to 1600°F). The stack is under slight negative pressure at this point. The bypass stack gas typically contains about 41% carbon monoxide, 8% hydrogen, 1% oxygen and 50% carbon dioxide (dry basis), and has a moisture content of about 2%.



- 1. Bypass Stacks
- 2. Quenchers
- 3. Dust Separator
- 4. Venturi Scrubber
- 5. Mist Eliminator

- 6. Fans
- 7. Recirculation Loop
- 8. Clean Gas Stack
- 9. Incinerator Ductwork

FIGURE 1 GAS CLEANING SYSTEM

Source: Reference 1, Reproduced with permission of R. G. Ratzlaff

Sampling downstream of the Venturi scrubber was done at a point 6.1 m (20 ft) from the exit of the scrubber, using an existing port in the 0.74 m (29 in) pipe. This port is located approximately 3 m (10 ft) above the floor in a room on the third story of the furnace building. The temperature of the gas stream at this point is normally between 32 and 49°C (90 and 120°F). The stream is saturated with water and is under a positive pressure of approximately 51 cm (20 inches) of water. The major chemical components of the gas are the same as in the bypass stack: 41% carbon monoxide, 8% hydrogen, 1% oxygen and 50% carbon dioxide.

B. Description of Process

Table 1 presents the process information provided to Arthur D. Little, Inc., by Union Carbide Canada Limited, for the silicomanganese production run on August 11, 1977, and the ferromanganese production run on August 27, 1977, which were the two runs sampled.

C. Sampling Procedures

The sampling plan for these tests was prepared by Monsanto Research Corporation (MRC). A team from MRC under the direction of Mr. Darrell L. Harris performed all the sample collection and on-site gas analysis work. The methodology used was essentially that of EPA's Level 1 Environmental Assessment procedures (2), except as noted.

1. Sampling for Comprehensive Analysis

The objectives of this test program include quantitative estimation of total particulate emissions and comprehensive characterization of organic and inorganic materials emitted. To accomplish this, samples were collected using the EPA Source Assessment Sampling System (SASS) (2), shown schematically in Figure 2. This sampling train incorporates three cyclones and a filter to provide collection and size fractionation of particulates, a solid sorbent module containing XAD-2 resin for collection of organic

<u>Table 1</u>

Description of Process

MIX ORDER (1b)	Aug. 11/77 SiMn	Aug. 27/77* Std. FeMn
Std. FeMn Slag	3000	, , , ,
Dried Manganese Ore (3% H ₂ O)	3000	5000
Sinter	_	1000
Dried Coke (4% H ₂ O)	1000	900
Limestone	-	500
Steel Scrap	125	**
Quartz	1000	
Coal	250	200
OPERATING RESULTS		
Average Load (while operating)	(KW) 22500	17300
Operating Time (%)	98	98.5
KWH/lb. of Alloy	1.75	1.0
Production per Day (NT)	150	205
Electrode Consumption (lbs./N.T. Alloy)	60	30
SLAG COMPOSITION (%)		
MnO	12.1	41.3
SiO ₂	32.4	21.1
A1 ₂ O ₃	27.0	15.6
Ca0	15.9	13.4
ALLOY COMPOSITION (%)		
Mn	67.0	80
Sí	16.0	1.0
Venturi Scrubber Water Flow Rat	ce 90 gpm	90 ann
Venturi Scrubber Pressure Drop	90" water	90 gpm 90" water

^{*}Furnace in final stages of transition to Std. FeMm from SiMm.

Figure 2. Source Assessment Sampling Schematic (from Reference 2)

vapors, and oxidizing impingers for collection of volatile inorganics. Several modifications to the standard SASS train were made to accommodate the special requirements of this sampling situation, especially the risk of a possible hydrogen explosion in the event of leaks from the train or the stack being sampled. Possible electrical ignition sources in the SASS train were eliminated as follows:

- The probe and oven were modified so that they could be heated by steam, rather than electricity.
- The oven and sorbent module were modified so that a nitroben blanket could surround all spark sources on these two components.
- The console and pumps from the SASS train were located outside of the explosion hazard area, 15-25 m (50-75 ft) away.
- A 15 m (45 ft), 2.5 cm (1 in) 0.D., Tygon tubing line attached to the outlet of the SASS dry test meter, to vent the gases away from the console and operators during runs.

An additional SASS train modification was to extend the Teflon-lined stainless steel braided line connecting the oven to the sorbent module, so that the probe and oven were the only train components placed on the scaffolding platforms. The sorbent module and impingers were placed on the floor below the sampling port.

The interface between the probe and the stack was accomplished by adding a packing gland to the existing port and gate valve. The probe was inserted into the packing gland which was purged with nitrogen before the gate valve was opened. During sampling, the probe nozzle was positioned in the stack at a fixed point of average velocity, determined by a preliminary traverse with a Pitot tube according to EPA Method 2. (3) The sampling system was operated as close to isokinetic conditions as was possible within the constraints of available nozzle sizes and operating parameters. The sampling

plan called for collection of 30 m³ (1060 ft³, standard) of stack gas at a rate of 1.4 to 2.4 x 10^{-3} m³/s (3 to 5 ft³/min.)

At the completion of each sampling run the train was disassembled and samples recovered according to the EPA Level 1 procedures (2).

2. Sampling for On-Site Gas Analysis

a. Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Oxygen and Water

It was planned to collect integrated gas samples in Tedlar bags for Orsat analysis of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxygen according to EPA Method 3 (4). It was later agreed that the readouts from the plant's instrumental analyzers, located within a few feet of the sampling port at the scrubbers outlet, could replace the Orsat analysis for that stack.

Moisture determinations in both stacks were done according to EPA Method 4 (5).

b. Organic Gases

Organic species in the -160 to +90°C boiling point range were sampled and analyzed at the plant site. Stack gases were collected in Tedlar bags. Analyses were performed using an AID portable gas chromatograph with a flame ionization detector. A 1.8 m by 6.4 mm (6' x 1/4") stainless steel Porapak Q column was operated isothermally at 50°C. The procedure was calibrated using standard gas mixtures taken to the field laboratory.

The GC system simply separates and analyzes mixtures of materials with a given boiling point range (and polarity in some cases) rather than individual pure compounds.

Since the chromatogram peaks represent mixtures of materials present in a certain boiling range rather than pure,

individual compounds, the chromatographic data were reported as follows:

Designation	B.P. Range	Corresponding Hydrocarbon
GCI	-160 to -100	Methane, C ₁
GC2	-100 to -50	Ethane, C
GC3	-50 to 0	Propane, C ₃
GC4	0 to 30	Butane, C ₄
GC5	30 to 60	Pentane, C ₅
GC6	60 to 90	Hexane, C

c. Sulfur Gases

Samples were collected in gas sampling bags and the concentrations of hydrogen sulfide, carbon oxysulfide, carbon disulfide and sulfer dioxide were determined in the field. An AID Model 511 gas chromatograph with a flame photometric detector (393 nm filter) was used for the analyses. An 8 m by 3 mm (8' by 1/8') Teflon column packed with 15% UCON 50 HB 280X on 40/60 Chromosorb T was operated isothermally at 134°C. The procedure was calibrated using an AID Model 320A permeation tube system.

3. Monitoring of Carbon Monoxide Exposure

Several precautions were taken to minimize potential toxicity hazards to the sampling crew due to the high levels of carbon monoxide in the sampled streams. The plant safety procedures were explained in a lecture by Union Carbide Canada Limited personnel. The plant was equipped with continuous carbon monoxide monitors set to sound an audible alarm at the 100 ppm level. Also, plant personnel took Dräger tube readings of carbon monoxide levels in the working area every 15 minutes and cleared the area if concentrations over 100 ppm were measured. Further indication of possible carbon monoxide hazard was provided by a Monsanto Research Corporation—designed continuous monitor, set to give visible and audible alarms at the

50 ppm level. The sampling crew cleared the area when this alarm was triggered.

When sampling equipment was being inserted or removed from the stacks, sampling crew members wore trailing air masks. It was at these times that the probability of exposure to hazardous levels of carbon monoxide was greatest.

D. Analysis Procedures

The SASS train samples collected by Monsanto Research Corporation were sent to Arthur D. Little, Inc., for analysis. The samples received for analysis included eighteen components from the two SASS trains used for the two processes, two feed samples (coal and coke), and two solvent blanks corresponding to the solvents used for extraction of the sorbent condensate and for probe and cyclone rinses. For simplification, each sample has been assigned a code which is used throughout this report. Tables 2-4 identify the samples and list their codes. The analytical plan was prepared by Arthur D. Little, Inc., in consultation with the EPA project officer.

Each sample was subjected to the Level 1 analytical program, including microscopy, inorganic and organic analysis. Figures 3-5 show the actual step-by-step analysis scheme used for each sample. All samples were carried through the entire level 1 program except in those cases where the sample size was below that required for further analysis.

The samples were also analyzed for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and other key related species (POM) using a GC/MS procedure.

1. Level 1 Organic Analysis

Level 1 organic analysis procedures as described in the EPA procedures manuals(2, 6) were followed. A brief summary of the various steps is given below:

Table 2

Sample Series I

Series Process Sampling Point Volume of Gas Sampled	I Silicomanganese Outlet of Venturi Scrubber 32.12 m ³
SASS Components	Codes
cyclone catch >10µ	IC10 (IC310
cyclone catch >3µ	1C3 after combining
cyclone catch >1µ	IC1 (IC1F
filter catch	IF after combining
probe and cyclone rinses	IPW
XAD-2 resin	IX
sorbent module condensate organic extract	ISC
<pre>Impinger soln #1 (including condensate from sorbent module)</pre>	I imp. 1
Impinger soln #2 and #3	I imp. 23

Table 3

Sample Series II

Series Process Sampling Point Volume of Gas Sampled	II Ferromanganese Bypass 1.36 m ³
SASS Components	Codes
cyclone catch >10µ cyclone catch >3µ cyclone catch >1µ filter catch probe and cyclone rinses XAD-2 resin sorbent module condensate organic extract	IIC10 IIC3
<pre>Impinger soln #1 (including condensate from sorbent module</pre>	II imp. 1

Impinger soln #2 and #3 II imp. 23

Table 4

Other Samples

Coal	$C\Gamma$
Coke	CK
Blank (methylene chloride)	BM
Blank (methylene chloride/methanol)	вим
Solvent blank (ADL methylene chloride)	В

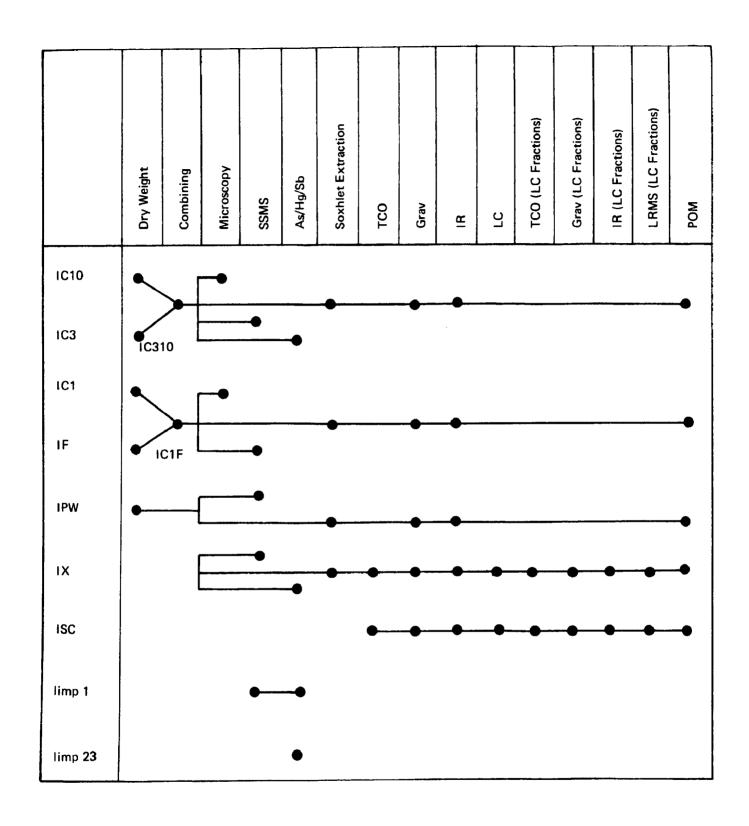


FIGURE 3 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES FOR SILICO MANGANESE SAMPLES

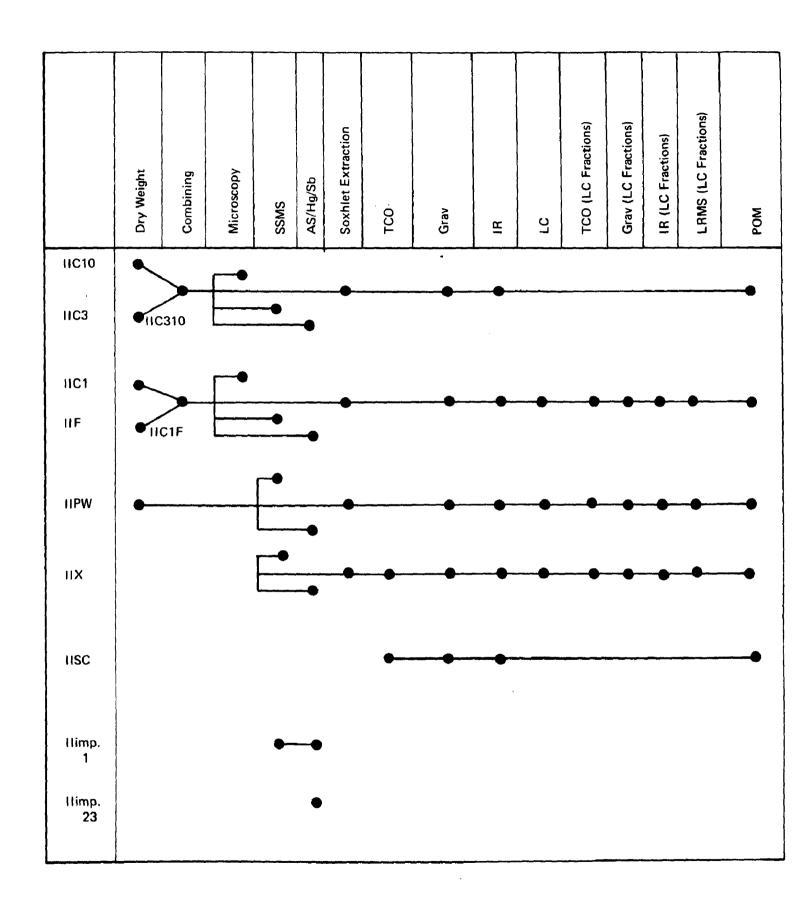


FIGURE 4 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES FOR FERROMANGANESE SAMPLES

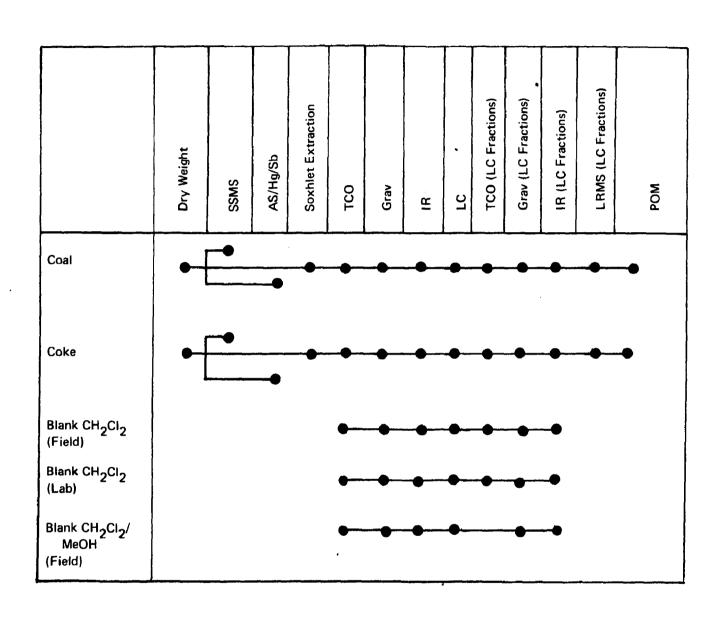


FIGURE 5 ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES FOR OTHER SAMPLES

a. Particulate Weights

The weights of the particulate samples (cyclone catches and probe and cyclone rinses) were obtained by drying the samples to constant weight in tared evaporating dishes at 50°C and cooling to room temperature in a desiccator.

b. Soxhlet Extractions

All extractions were carried out for a 24-hour period using high purity methylene chloride (Burdick and Jackson, distilled-in-glass). The following procedures were used:

- i. XAD-2 Resins extracted with about 2500 mL of methylene chloride.
- ii. 10μ and 3μ cyclone catches weighed individually and then combined. Portions of the combined particulates were removed for microscopy and inorganic analysis and the remainder extracted with 200-400 mL of methylene chloride.
- iii. 1μ cyclone catch and filter samples same procedure as above.

c. Total Chromatographable Organics Analysis (TCO)

The quantity of the total organic material with boiling points in the range of 100-300°C was determined by gas chromatography, using a flame ionization detector. The concentration of each sample was calculated from the ratio of the peak areas of the sample to that of the known standards. The following instrument conditions were used:

Column: 10% OV-101 on 100/120 mesh Supelcoport

Injector temperature: 270°
Detector temperature: 305°C

Temperature Program: Room temperature for 5 minutes, then

programmed at 20°C/min up to 250°C

Gas flow rates: He at 30 mL/min

 H_2 at 30 mL/min

Air at 300 mL/min

d. Gravimetric Analysis (Grav)

The amounts of organic material with boiling points higher than 300°C were determined by the gravimetric analysis method (Grav); one or five mL samples were pipetted into precleaned, dried, and weighed aluminum dishes, and were dried at room temperature in a desiccator to constant weight.

e. Infrared (IR)

The IR spectra of all samples as potassium bromide micro pellets were obtained on a Perkin-Elmer 521 grating spectrometer.

Spectra were interpreted with the aid of references 7-10.

f. Liquid Chromatographic (LC) Separation Samples for liquid chromatography were initially concentrated to 10 mL using Kuderna Danish apparatus followed by concentration to 1 mL under a nitrogen stream and then subjected to three consecutive solvent exchanges with cyclopentane. The resultant cyclopentane solutions were chromatographed on a silica gel column, collecting seven fractions by elution with solvent mixtures of increasing polarity.

g. Low Resolution Mass Spectroscopy (LRMS) LRMS analysis was carried out on a Dupont 21-110B spectrometer. Both batch inlet and direct insertion probe techniques were used depending on the TCO content of the samples. Sample sizes varied from 20 μ L to 50 μ L. Typically, a sample was run at 15 ev and 70 ev ionization potentials over a temperature range of 70-350°C. Interpretation of the mass spectra was based on references 11-14.

2. Polycyclic Organic Matter (POM)

The polycyclic organic matter (POM) of each extract was analyzed by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS). A Finnigan Model 400 GC/MS with data system was used. The microprocessor controlled GC

(3% Dexsil 400 on 100/120 Supelcoport) was programmed from 170°C to 300°C after I minute of isothermal operation at 110°C and then held isothermally at 300°C for 30 minutes. Quantitation was based upon the selected ion chromatograms for each of the POM molecular ions. Calibration was done using a reference mixture containing selected POM compounds for specific molecular weight regions. (15-19)

3. Level 1 Inorganic Analysis

Elemental analysis was done on each sample after the appropriate sample preparation (described below) using an MS-7 Spark Source Mass Spectrometer and photographic detection system. Experiments were conducted by Commercial Testing and Engineering Co.

Particulates: Refluxed with concentrated HNO₃ and concentrated HCl mixture for six hours.

XAD-2 resin, coal,

coke: Parr Bomb combustion over HNO₃

Impinger solutions: Acidified with HCl

Arsenic, mercury and antimony were determined by atomic absorption spectroscopy. A Perkin-Elmer 503 Spectrophotometer was used.

4. Microscopic Analysis

The particulates from the two SASS trains were examined under a Zeiss standard polarizing microscope. Photomicrographs were made on Ektachrome High Speed film, with samples immersed in a medium of 1.44 index to provide good contrast.

E. Problems Encountered

Despite extensive pre-test planning and preparation, several difficulties were encountered during these field tests. These are discussed briefly below.

1. Process

A problem that had a significant impact on the test program was that a major process change, from silicomanganese production to ferromanganese production, occurred between the two Monsanto Research Corporation sampling runs. This situation resulted from a combination of some plant scrubber system down time during the first Monsanto Research Corporation sampling trip, and limitations imposed on the two subsequent sampling trips by the time, schedule, and budget constraints of the Monsanto Research Corporation program.

Sampling System

a. Steam heating system

The steam heating system designed to control the probe and oven temperature, was found to heat the oven to about 80°C, rather than the specified 200°C. It was decided to use the electrical oven heater with a nitrogen blanket. Steam heat was used for the probe until the steam generator failed part way through the first run. It was decided that probe heating was not essential, since only about one linear foot of the probe was exposed to the ambient air.

b., Sampling for on-site analysis

Monsanto Research Corporation field crew members were unable to acquire grab gas samples for analysis of carbon monoxide, oxygen and carbon dioxide or nitrogen oxides. During one attempt to acquire a sample for nitrogen oxides analysis a sampling crew member was injured and required first aid. The plant control room data were used to estimate the concentrations of carbon monoxide, oxygen and carbon dioxide for Run 1: the same values were used for Run 2 calculations. Samples for analysis of sulfur gases and organic gases were taken as planned.

c. Sampling at the bypass stack

The port on the bypass stack had to be bored out before the probe could be inserted. During a velocity traverse on this stack, the stack was "on fire" for a time and the probe and pitot were damaged. An electrical overload, causing impinger backup, occurred when two electrical outlets were misidentified as being on independent circuits. Finally, during the sampling run the filter was found to clog in 15 minutes or less. Sample collection was stopped after the third filter had plugged; the total volume of gas sampled was $1.36~\mathrm{m}^3$ instead of the intended $30~\mathrm{m}^3$.

III. Test Results

A. On-Site Analyses

Data described in this section were acquired by Monsanto Research Corporation personnel.

Table 5 summarizes the sampling data acquired during the two runs with the SASS train. Sampling rates exceeded isokinetic flow by 197% in run 1 and 278% in run II, because stack gas flow rates were lower than had been expected.

Table 6 summarizes the results of the on-site analyses of stack gases. As noted in Section II.E, problems were encountered in acquiring some of the intended grab samples. There are several interesting features of the data that were acquired.

The concentrations of the major gaseous species, determined at the scrubber outlet, were somewhat different than had been expected. The abundance of the reduced species, hydrogen and carbon monoxide, was about 85% higher than anticipated, while oxygen and carbon dioxide levels were correspondingly lower. This may be due in part to preferential absorption of the oxidized components in the scrubber water.

The levels of gaseous organic species in the -160° to -50°C boiling point range (GCl plus GC2) were three times higher downstream of the scrubber during silicomanganese production than they were upstream of the scrubber during ferromanganese production. This observation shows that the process change between runs I and II resulted in a significant change in the emissions from the facility. For this reason, the data acquired in these tests cannot be used to quantify the performance of the Venturi Scrubber.

Concentrations of sulfur gases were low and approximately the same in the two sampling runs.

Table 5
Summary of Sampling Data

Sample Series	I	II
Process	Silicomanganese	Ferromanganese
Sampling Point	Outlet of Venturi Scrubber	Bypass
Volume of Gas sampled,*		
m ³	32.1	1.36
(SCF)	(1130)	(48.0)
Test period, minutes	273	20
Stack temperature,		
°C	47	38 8
(°F)	(117)	(730)
Stack gas velocity		
m/sec	0.0715	0.0852
(ft/min)	(14.1)	(16.8)
Stack gas volumetric*		
flow rate: m ³ /sec	1.51	1,20
	_	
(SCF/min)	(3200)	(2550)

 $^{^{\}star}$ Gas volumes are corrected to standard conditions of 101 KPa (29.9" Hg) and 21.1°C (70°F).

Table 6

Results of On-Site Analyses

Sample Series	I	II
Process	Silicomanganese	Ferromanganese
Sampling Point	Outlet of Venturi Scrubber	Bypass
Species	Concentrat	ion (v/v)
Carbon Dioxide	9.0%*	not analyzed
Carbon Monoxide	76.0%*	not analyzed
Oxygen	0.2%*	not analyzed
Hydrogen	14.8%*	not analyzed
Water	12.5%	35.6%**
Organic Gases:		
GC1 Range [†]	3000 ppm	1000 ppm
GC2 Range [†]	90 ppm	30 ppm
Sulfur Gases:		
Hydrogen Sulfide	1.5 ppm	0.95 ppm
Carbon Oxysulfide	2.47 ppm	2.11 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	0.20 ppm	<0.05 ppm

^{*}From readouts of plant on-line instrumentation.

^{**} Monsanto Research Corporation believes this value to be in error; the expected value was 4-5%

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ Organic gases boiling in the range of -50° to +90°C (GC3 to GC6) were not found. Those species would have had very long retention times under the GC conditions used (50°C Isothermal, Porapak Q).

During the sampling of the source, the opacity was never observed to be less than 100%. There was a heavier smoke during ferromanganese production than during silicomanganese production according to the Monsanto Research Corporation job log.

B. Results of Comprehensive Analysis

Data presented in this section are the results of analyses performed at Arthur D. Little, Inc.

1. Total Particulate Loading

The total mass of emitted particulates as well as the concentration data for the particulates in the source for both the silicomanganese and the ferromanganese processes are given in Table 7. In the effluent gas from the silicomanganese process, 88% of the particulate matter is in 3-10 μ size range. The total particulate loading in this series was found to be 64 mg/m³. Extremely high quantities of particulate matter was collected at the bypass from the ferromanganese process. A concentration of 68,000 mg/m³, relatively uniform distribution over all size ranges, was found for this stream.

Unfortunately, due to the different processes in the two series, these upstream and downstream data dannot be directly compared to reveal the efficiency of the Venturi Scrubber gas cleaning system. It is interesting to note the relatively small proportion of mass emissions in the large (10μ) and small (filter) size ranges from the silicomanganese sample after the Venturi Scrubber.

Table 7

Total Mass of Emitted Particulates

Series No.	I	II
Process	Silicomanganese	Ferromanganese
Sampling point	Outlet of Venturi Scrubber	Bypass Stack
Volume of gas sampled	32.12 m^3	1.36 m^3
Total particulates		
10μ cyclone	0.0111 g	38.4706 g
3μ cyclone	1.8218	12.6509
lµ cyclone	0.0684	10.1065
filter	0.0319	19.3515
probe and cyclone rin	ses 0.1411	<u>11.9077</u>
Total	2.0743	92.4872
Total concentration		
10μ cyclone	0.34 mg/m^3	28.000 mg/m^3
3μ cyclone	56.	9, 300
lu cyclone	2.13	7,4 0 0
filter	0.99	14,000
probe and cyclone ris	nses 4.4	8,800
Total	64. mg/m ³	$68,000 \text{ mg/m}^3$

2. Level 1 Organic Analysis

4. SASS Samples

Data on the total extractable organic material for the various SASS train components from both processes are summarized in Table 8. Very little organic matter was extracted from the particulates collected from the silicomanganese process. About 94% of the total organics was found in the XAD-2 extract, 96% of which falls into the TCO range (boiling point between 100 and 300°C). Although the concentration of organics in the sorbent condensate extract was not high, it is interesting to note that more high boiling material is present in this component.

Much larger amounts of organic matter were found in the extracts of all SASS train components, except the sorbent condensate extract, from the ferromanganese process. About 92% of the material is found in the XAD-2 extract in this case, of which about 82% was found to be high-boiling (b.p. >300°C) material.

The five extracts containing more than 0.5 mg/m³ of total organic were taken through LC separations, and the seven LC fractions collected from each extract were analyzed for TCO and Grav as well as by IR and LRMS. The LC, IR, and LRMS data are given in the Appendices. From these data, the organic species in each extract were classified into compound categories based on the results of the Level 1 analysis and the concentration of each category was estimated using the method proposed by Arthur D. Little, Inc. (20) Tables 9 to 13 show these results.

Some interesting aspects of these data are pointed out below:

 Table 9 shows that aromatic hydrocarbons and fused aromatics having MW <216 are the major species in sample IX. Since the TCO values are much greater than the Grav values for all LC fractions,

Table 8

Total Extractable Organics, mg/m^3

		I			II	
Process	S ili	comangan	ese	Fe	rromanga	anese
	TCO	GRAV	TOTAL	TCO	GRAV	TOTAL
Particulates extract						
$10 + 3\mu$	_	∿0.03	∿0.03		6.6	6.6
1 + filter		∿0.03	∿0.03		48.	48.
probe and cyclone rinse extract		0.47	0.47		37.	37.
XAD-2 extract	45	2.18	47	205	910	1110
Sorbent condensate extract	0.57	2.02	2.59	0.41	~0.1	0.41

- these species are relatively volatile materials and do not represent the major known caroinogenic POM.
- ii. The major category of compounds found in the sorbent condensate extract (ISC) is non-volatile fused aromatics having MW <216, collected mainly in LC3.
- iii. Extremely high quantities of fused aromatics over all molecular weight ranges were found in II X, especially non-volatile species. Also present in this sample were: heterocyclic nitrogen and sulfur compounds, polycyclic aromatic ketones, and a trace amount of esters. The LC separations between aromatic and polar species were very good. (Table 11)
- iv. Tables 12 and 13 show that the most abundant organic species present in the particulate extracts (II CIF and IIPW) were similar to those found in the XAD-2 extract (II X), i.e., fused aromatics in LC 3 and heterocyclic nitrogen compounds and ketones in LC 6.

The five extracts that had insufficient organic material for LC separations and subsequent analysis were examined by infrared only. By combining the IR data with the TCO and Grav results, the organic materials in each extract were very roughly categorized and approximate concentrations estimated. The data from this process, along with the data in Tables 9-13, were integrated to construct summary tables describing the concentration distribution of compound categories from each SASS train. (Tables 14 and 15)

b. Coal and Coke

Coal and coke were also extracted and analyzed. The organic species found in these samples were categorized and summarized in Tables 16 and 17. The most abundant species in coal extract were found to be elemental sulfur, aliphatic hydrocarbons, ketones, heterocyclic nitrogen compounds and fused aromatics with "low" molecular weights. Relatively small amounts of the high molecular weight fused aromatics were detected.

Table 9
ORGANIC EXTRACT SUMMARY TABLE

Sample IX, XAD-2 Extract, Silicomanganese

	LC1	LC2	LC3	LC4	LC5	LC6	LC7	Σ
Total Organics, mg/m ³	2.32	15.	19.	0.03	0.17	2.93	0.74	41.
TCO, mg	74.	480.	620.	1.1	5.6	44.	23.	1260
GRAV, mg	<0.1	0	5.0	<0.1	<0.1	50	<0.1	65

Category	Int/mg/m ³							
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	100/2.3							2.3
Aromatic Hydrocarbons		100/14	100/9.4	10/<<0.1				23.
Fused Aromatics <216		10/1.4	100/9.4	10/<<0.1				11.
Heterocyclic S Compounds		1/0.1	10/0.9			10/0.7		1.7
Ketones					10/0.01	10/0.7	1/0.1	0.8
Esters					10/0.01	10/0.7	1/0.1	0.8
Carboxylic Acids					·	10/0.7		0.7
Alcohols							1/0.1	0.1
Heterocyclic N Compounds							1/0.1	0.1
Ethers							1/0.1	0.1
						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
								ļ

^{*}Concentration estimated from LC.IR data, with reference to LRMS data of LC3 and LC6

Table 10
ORGANIC EXTRACT SUMMARY TABLE

Sample ISC., Sorbent Condensate, Silicomanganese

	LC1	LC2	FC3	LC4	LC5	LC6	LC7	Σ
Total Organics, mg/m ³	0.26	0.05	2.70	0.002	0.008	0.008	0.008	3.0
TCO, mg	0.03	0.01	18.	0.06	<0.1	<0.1	0.02	18.
GRAV, mg	8.4	1.5	68	<0.1	0.25	2.75	0.25	81.

Category	Int/mg/m ³		·		-			
Sulfur (S _B)	100/0.2							0.2
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	1/0.002	100/0.05*						0.05
Fused Aromatics <216			100/2.7					2.7
Fused Aromatics >216			1/0.02					0.02
Nitrites							100/0.003	0.004
Ketones						100/0.007	100/0.004	0.01_
Esters				<u> </u>	00/c.004	100/0.001	100/0.00	4 0.01
Ethers					100/0.00			0.005
Sulfides				100/0.001	100/0.004	<u> </u>		0.005
Amides							100/0.cö‡	0.004
Alcohols			<u></u>	ļ			100/0.004	0.004
Amines							100/0.co4	0.004
L				<u> </u>				

^{*}Concentration estimated from LC,IR data with reference to LRMS data of LC1

^{**}Concentration Estimated from LC, IR data only

Table 11

ORGANIC EXTRACT SUMMARY TABLE

Sample IIX, XAD-2 Extract, Ferromanganese

	LC1	LC2	LC3	LC4	LC5	LC6	LC7	Σ
Total Organics, mg/m ³	3.9	7.0	780	36.	6.7.	88	17	940
TCO, mg	2.25	9,4	195	1,21	6.2	30	11	255
GRAV, mg	3,0	<0.1	870	48.	3.0	90	12	940

Category Int/	mg/m ³							
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	100/3.9							3.9
Aromatic Hydrocarbons		10/3.5						3.5
Fused Aromatics <216		10/3.5	100/372	10/1.7				380
Fused Aromatics >216			100/372	100/17				390
Heterocyclic S compounds			10/37					37
Heterocyclic N compounds				100/17	100/3.3	100/42	10/8.1	70
Ketones (polycyclic aromatic)					100/3.3	100/42	10/8.1	53
Carboxylic acids		1				10/4.2		4.2
Esters					ļ		1/0.8	0.8
		<u> </u>						_
			<u> </u>					
				ļ	ļ			
				ļ		ļ		
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					<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

Table 12

ORGANIC EXTRACT SUMMARY TABLE

ITCLE Particulator Clu Formance and Company of the Comp

Sample _	IICIF,	Particulates	<1µ,	Ferromanganese

	LC1	LC2	LC3	LC4	LC5	LC6	LC7	Σ
Total Organics, mg/m ³	<0.1	<0.1	23	10	<0.1	13	1.5	48
TCO, mg	_	_	-		_			-
GRAV, mg	<0.1	<0.1	32	14	<0.1	18	2.0	66

Category Int/r	_{ng/m} 3							
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	<<0.2							<<0.2
Aromatic Hydrocarbons		<<0.2						<<0.2
Fused Aromatics <216			1/0.2					0.2
Fused Aromatics >216			100/23	10/10	<<0.2			33
Ketones (polycyclic aromatic)					<<0.2	100/6.4		6.4
Heterocyclic N compounds						100/6.4	1/1.5	7.9
Esters						1/0.06		0.06
Carboxylic Acids						1/0.06		0.06
-								
								
		<u> </u>						

Category

Table 13
ORGANIC EXTRACT SUMMARY TABLE

Sample II PW, Probe Wash, Ferromanganese

	LC1	LC2	LC3	LC4	LC5	LC6	LC7	Σ
Total Organics, mg/m ³	1.95	<0.1	28	7.8	0.54	7.2	1.44	47
TCO, mg	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
GRAV, mg	2,65	<0.1	39	11	0.73	9.8	1.96	65

Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	1/1.9							1.9
Aromatic Hydrocarbons		<<0.2						<<0.2
Fused Aromatics <216			100/14	1/0.07				14.
Fused Aromatics >216			100/14	100/7.7	100/0.2*			22
Heterocyclic N compounds				1/0.07		10/0.6	1/0.1	0.8
Ketones (polycyclic aromatic)					100/0.2*	100/6.5	10/1.3	7.8
Esters					10/0.02*	1/0.06		0.08
Alcohols					10/0.02*			0.02
	_							
								<u> </u>
					+	 	 	+

Int/mg/m³

^{*}Concentration estimated from LC, IR data with reference to LRMS data of LC4 and LC6

Table 14

Total Organics (mg/m³) for SASS Train Samples (I)

Outlet of Scrubber, Silicomanganese Process

Compound Categories	nd Categories Particulates		Sorbent	Module	Total
	>3µ * >3µ *	Rinses	Resin	Condens.	
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons		0.2	2.3	0.05	2.5
Aromatic Hydrocarbons		0.2	23		23
Fused Aromatics <216			11	2.7	14
Fused Aromatics >216	·	•		0.02	0.02
Ether			0.1	0.005	0.1
Ketone			0.8	0.01	0.8
Alcohol	~0.01 ~0.01	0.2	0.1	0.004	∿0.3
Ester		0.2	0.8	0.01	1.8
Amine				0.004	∿0.1
Heterocyclic N			0.1		0.1
Heterocyclic S			1.7		1.7
Carboxylic Acid			0.7		0.7
Sulfides				0.005	~ 0.1
Amide				0.004	~0.1
Sulfur				0.2	0.2
Nitrite				0.004	~0.1
Silicone Compounds	~0.01 ~0.01	0.2			0.004

^{*}Concentrations estimated from IR and total TCO and Grav data only.

Table 15

Total Organics (mg/m³) for SASS Train Samples II

Bypass, Ferromanganese Process

Compound Categories	<u>Particulates</u>		Sorbent	Module	Total	
	>3µ *	<3µ	Rinses	Resin	Condens.	*
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons		v 0.1	1.9	3.9		6.9
Aromatic Hydrocarbons		∿0. 1	∿0.1	3.5		3.7
Fused Aromatics <216		0.2	14	370		380
Fused Aromatics >216	4.5	33	22	390	0.3	450
Heterocyclic S				37		37
Heterocyclic N	1.1	7.9	0.8	70	0.07	80
Ketones	0.8	6.4	7.8	53	0.05	67
Alcohols			0.02			~0.1
Esters		0.06	0.08	0.8		0.9
Carboxylic Acids		0.06		4.2		4.3

^{*}Concentrations estimated from IR and total TCO and Grav data only.

Table 16

ORGANIC EXTRACT SUMMARY TABLE

Sample ____Coal (CL)

	LC1	LC2	FC3	LC4	LC5	LC6	LC7	Σ
Total Organics, mg/kg	286	24.	101	35.	13.	62.	10.	530
TCO, mg	0.36	<0.01	0.80	0.014	<0.01	0.29	<0.01	1.2
GRAV, mg	24	2.0	7.7	2.9	1.1	4.9	0.86	43.

Category	وInt/mg/Kع							
Sulfur	100/143	100/12*	10/7.8	1/0.17	1/0.06			160
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	100/143	100/12*						160
Fused Aromatics <216			10/7.8	1/0.17	1/0.06*			J
Fused Aromatics >216			100/78	100/17	100/6.4			8.0
Heterocyclic Sulfur			10/7.8					100 7.8
Heterocyclic Nitrogen			-	100/17	100/6.4*	10/5.6	10/0.90*	30
Esters				1/0.17	1/0.06*	1/0.56	1/0.09*	0.88
Ketones						100/56	100/9.0*	65

^{*}Estimated from LC and IR data, with LRMS data of adjacent LC fractions.

GRAV, mg

Table 17

<0.01

10.

ORGANIC EXTRACT SUMMARY TABLE

Coke (CK) Sample _ Σ LC5 LC6 LC7 LC1 LC2 LC3 LC4 230 22 10 10 16 14 158 <1.5 Total Organics, mg/kg <0.01 0.50 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.14 0.36 TCO, mg

0.86

0.86

14.3

0.6

0.6

1.4

Category	Int/mg/kg		Y	 -			
Sulfur	100/156						160
Aliphatics	1/2.0	100/13**					15
Halogenated Aromatics		10/1.3**	10/1.4**				2.7
Aromatic Hydrocarbons		10/1.3**	10/1.4	ŀ			2.7
Heterocyclic N, O, S			10/1.4**	10/2.2			3.6
Sulfides, Disulfides			10/1.4**	10/2.2			3.6
Nitriles			10/1.4**	10/2.2**			3.6
Ethers			100/7.0**	10/2.2**			9.2
Alcohols			100/7.0**	10/2.2	100/5.00		19
Aldehydes, Ketones				10/2.2	100/5.0	10/1.0	8.2
Nitroaromatics				10/2.2**	10/1.0	10/1.0*	4.2
Amines				10/2.2**	10/1.0	100/5.0	8.2
Pheno1s					10/1.0	10/1.0**	2.0
Esters, Amides					10/1.0**	10/1.0	2.0
Carboxylic Acids					100/5.00	10/1.0	6.0
Sulfoxides	,				10/1.0**	10/1.0*	2.0

^{**} Estimated from LC and IR data, no LRMS data available.

The total amount of organics extracted from coke is low. The major portion of this seems to be elemental sulfur. The IR data indicated that aliphatic hydrocarbons, alcohols, and amines could be present as minor species.

c. Blanks

Solvent Blank (ADL Methylene Chloride): very clean, negligible amount of organic material was detected.

Methylene chloride blank (from the field); mostly aliphatic hydrocarbons, trace of silicone grease was also detected.

Blank methylene chloride/methanol: very little organic material, the non-volatile species present seem to be inorganic.

The LC data of the three blanks are given in the Appendices.

3. Polycyclic Organic Matter (POM) Analysis

The results of GC/MS POM analysis of the ferroalloy samples, expressed in terms of their concentration at the sample source, are summarized in Tables 18 and 19. The Reconstructed Gas Chromatograms are attached in Appendix A.

For the samples after the air-cleaning system (venturi scrubber) from a silicomanganese process (Series I), a total of 4.2 mg/m³ of POM was found, 51% of which was anthracene/phenanthrene. Less than 1 mg/m³ of fluoranthene, pyrene, chrysene and their derivatives were detected. Most of these species were found in the XAD-2 sorbent module and the sorbent condensate extracts. Even at the high sensitivity of the GC/MS method used, no POM with molecular weight over 228 was detected.

Very high concentrations of POM were found for the Series II samples which were collected at the bypass to the air-cleaning system during a ferromanganese process. A total of 633 mg/m³ of POM was found in these samples, 70% of which was anthracene/phenanthrene and fluoranthene, 16% of which was chrysene/benzoanthracene, benzofluoranthene, and benzopyrene.

Other species such as carbazole, dibenzocarbazone, perylene, indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene, and coronene were also found in these samples. It is interesting to note that most of the POM was in the sorbent module and very little of it was in the sorbent condensate, and also that most of the high molecular weight species were found in the particulate extracts, especially in the probe and cyclone rinses.

The substantial differences between the POM concentrations for the two series of samples shown here could be considered as an indication that the air-cleaning system used is highly effective in removing POM from effluent gases. Unfortunately, these data cannot be used as firm evidence for this, due to the different processes in the two series.

TABLE 18 GC/MS Polycyclic Organic Matter (POM) Analysis Sample Series: I, Silicomanganese, after scrubber

Concentration:

 mg/m^3

, <u></u>	Concentration: mg/m						
Species Sample	m/e	I C310	I CIF	I PW	IX	I SC	Total
Fluorene	165+6	*		0.00012	0.86	0.62	1.5
Anthracene/Phenanthrene	178	0.00016	0.00039	0.00064	0.83	1.30	2.1
Carbazole	167						
Methyl-Anthracenes	192				0,42	0.028	0.070
Isomers	192					0.018	0.018
Fluoranthene	202	0.000058	0.00019	0.00049	0.044	0.20	0.24
Pyrene	202	0.000042	0.00015	0.00017	0.046	0.17	0.22
Methyl Pyrene /Methyl Fluoranthene	216				·	0.005	0.005
Chrysene/Benzo(a)anthracene/etc.	228					0.016	0.016
Methyl Chrysenes	242						
7,12-Dimethyl Benz(a)anthracene	256						
Benzofluoranthene, Benzo(e)pyrene	252						
Benzo(a) pyrene	252						
Perylene	252						
Methyl Benzopyrenes	266						
3-Methylcholanthene	268						
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene	276						
Benzo(ghi)Perylene	276						
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	2:78						
Dibenzo(c,g) carbazole	267						
Dibenzo(ai & ah)pyrenes	302						
Coronene	300			,			
TOTAL		0.00026	0.00073	0.0014	1.82	2.40	4.2

^{*}All blanks are items not detected, detection limit $0.01 \, \mu g/m^3$

TABLE 19

GC/MS Polycyclic Organic Matter (POM) Analysis

Sample Series: II, Ferromanganese, bypass

Concentration: mg/m³

			Wilce	entration:	mg/m		
Species Sample	m/e	II C310	.II CIF	II PW	II X	II SC	Total
Fluorene	165+6	0.0014			16.3	0.0077	16.
Anthracene/Phenanthrene	178	0.054	0.014	0.62	222.	0.081	220.
Carbazole	167	*			9.6	0.014	9.6
Methyl-Anthracenes	192	0.0018		0.18	24.	0.0044	24.
Isomers	192					0.0034	0.0034
Fluoranthene	202	0.034	0.0055	2.46	220.	0.039	220.
Pyrene	202	0.019	0.0057	2.28		0.031	2.3
Methyl Pyrene/ Methyl Fluoranthene	216			0.54	14.		14.
Chrysene/Benzo(a)anthracene/etc.	228	0.048	0.026	3.40	46.	0.0063	49.
Methyl Chrysenes	242	0.00065			5.24		5.2
7,12-Dimethyl Benz(a)anthracene	256				0.58		0.58
Benzofluoranthene, Benzo(e)pyrene	252	0.031	0.26	3.13	47.	0.0041	51.
Benzo(a)pyrene	252						
Perylene	252	0.036	0.29	2.82		0.0041	3.1
Methyl Benzopyrenes	266		0.026	0.50	0.67		1.20
3-Methylcholanthene	268		0.053	0.34			0.39
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene	276	0.029	0.26	0.47	5.28		6.0
Benzo(ghi)Perylene	276	0.099	0.55	0.71			1.4
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	2:78	0.0041	0.12		0.78		0.90
Dibenzo(c,g) carbazole	267	0.079					0.079
Dibenzo(ai & ah)pyrenes	302	0.15	0.23	0.16			0.54
Coronene	300	0.10	0.29	0.12			0.51
TOTAL		0.68	2.1	17.	612.	0.19	660.

^{*}All blanks are items not detected, detection limit 0.3 $\mu g/m^3$

A comparison of the data on POM concentrations obtained from Level 1 analysis and GC/MS analysis is given in Table 20. In general, the two sets of data agree with each other within an order of magnitude. In the cases of samples ISC (Series I, sorbent condensate) and IIX (Series II, sorbent module), the data are in excellent agreement with each other.

Comparison of the Level 1 and GC/MS analysis data for heterocyclic nitrogen compounds (Table 20) shows that considerably higher levels are found by the Level 1 procedure. This is an indication that the two specific compounds determined in the GC/MS analysis (carbazole and dibenzocarbazole) may constitute only a small fraction of the total heterocyclic nitrogen material. This is confirmed by the Level 1 LRMS data (e.g., Appendix A, pages A23 to A26), which show that acridines and quinolines are the most abundant heterocyclic nitrogen compounds in the ferroalloy effluent samples. The Level 1 and GC/MS results, therefore, are in satisfactory agreement for these species as well as for the polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons.

Total Polycyclic Organic Matter Data Comparison

Table 20

Series		Ī	<u>11</u>	<u>11</u>		
Process	Silicon	nanganese	Ferroman	Ferromanganese		
Sampling Location	After	Scrubber	Bypas	38		
	 mg/m	Total PO 3 Polynuclear Ar	mg/m	 _n 3		
	Level 1		Level 1	GC/MS		
SASS Sample						
C310	~0.01	0.00026	4.5	0.60		
ClF	~0.01	0.00073	33	2.1		
PW	~0.01	0.0014	36	17		
XAD-2	11	1.8	760	602		
SC	2.7	2.4	0.3	0.2		
Total	14	4.2	840	650		
	<u> </u>	leterocyclic N C	ompounds*			
SASS Sample						
C310			1.1	0.8		
ClF			7.9			
PW			0.8			
XAD-2	0.1		70.	9.6		
SC			0.07	~.01		
Total	0.1	-	80	9.7		

 $[\]star$ Carbazole and Dibenzocarbazole were the only two heterocyclic N species determined in GC/MS analysis.

4. Inorganic Analysis

The results of Arsenic, Mercury, and Antimony determinations for both series of samples, as well as coal and coke, are summarized in Table 21. ICIF and IPW were not analyzed for As/Hg/Sb due to insufficient samples received. The Arsenic content of each sample was found to be much higher than the Mercury and Antimony contents. The high amounts of Arsenic present in the ferromanganese samples, coal and coke should also be noted.

The total inorganics detected by spark source mass spectrometry are summarized for each series in Tables 22 and 23. The individual SSMS data of each SASS sample converted into $\mu g/m^3$ for series I and mg/m^3 for series II are also given in Tables 24-33. The results of elemental analysis in coal and coke are shown in Tables 34 and 35. The original SSMS data for each sample are attached in Appendix B.

Table 21
Arsenic, Mercury, and Antimony Determinations

		mg/m ³	
Sample Code	As	Hg	Sb
Silicomanganese Series			
I C310 I X I imp 1 I imp 23 Total	0.018 0.098 0.0062 0.13	0.000060 0.00050 0.00018 0.016	0.000016 0.001 0.000025 0.00020
Ferromanganese Series			
II C310 II C1F II PW II X II imp 1 II imp 23	24. 15. 7.7 1.03 0.15 0.08	0.045 0.025 0.052 0.014 0.11 0.26	0.15 0.088 0.038 0.019 0.0013 0.00087
Total	48.	0.51	0.30
		mg/Kg	
Sample	As	Нg	Sb
Coal Coke	20. 20.	0.15 0.24	0.30 0.58

Table 22

Total Inorganics, Silicomanganese Series

Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: Series I

Concentration in mg/m3

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum	MC	Holmium	0.21	Rhodium	
Antimony	0.54	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	17.
Arsenic	MC	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	0.2
Barium	MC	Iodine	0.04	Samarium	1.1
Beryllium	0.07	Iridium		Scandium	0.15
Bismuth	0.20	Iron	MC	Selenium	0.82
Boron	1.4	Lanthanum	3.2	Silicon	MC
Bromine	2.4	Lead	11.	Silver	0.57
Cadmium	MC	Lithium	17	Sodium	MC
Calcium	MC	Lutetium	0.03	Strontium	MC
Carbon	NR	Magnesium	MC	Sulfur	MC
Cerium	4.0	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	0.04
Cesium	1.5	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	0.03
Chlorine	MC	Molybdenum	5.5	Terbium	0.072
Chromium	MC	Neodymium	2.7	Thallium	1.2
Cobalt	1.2	Nickel	MC	Thorium	2.0
Copper	MC	Niobium	2.6	Thulium	0.032
Dysposium	0.34	Nitrogen	N R	Tin	0.94
Erbium	0.20	Osmium		Titanium	MC
Europium	0.13	0xy gen	NR	Tungsten	0.19
Fluorine	MC	Palladium		Uranium	2.5
Gadolinium	0.27	Phosphorus	MC	Vanadium	20.
Gallium	7.2	Platinum		Ytterbium	0.14
Germanium	1.2	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	6.8
Gold	0.001	Praseodymium	2.1	Zinc	MC
Hafnium	0.32	Rhenium	0.03	Zirconium	21.

NR - Not quantified

All blanks are elements not detected, detection limit 0.1 ppm MC - Major component, $>64~\mu\text{g/m}^3$

Table 23

Total Inorganics, Ferromanganese Series

Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: Series II

Concentration in mg/m3

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum		Holmium	0.03	Rhodium	
Antimony	1.9	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	MC
Arsenic	MC	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	0
Barium	MC	Iodine	6.0	Samarium	0.14
Beryllium	0.01	Iridium		Scandium	0.05
Bismuth	0.56	Iron	MC	Selenium	1.5
Boron	0.87	Lanthanum	0.4	Silicon	
Bromine	19	Lead	MC	Silver	1
Cadmium	6.7	Lithium	1.3	Sodium	
Calcium	MC	Lutetium	0.005	Strontium	12
Carbon	NR	Magnesium		Sulfur	0.7
Cerium	0.61	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	
Cesium	1.3	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	0.28
Chlorine	MC	Molybdenum	3.0	Terbium	0.02
Chromium	5.2	Neodymium	0.18	Thallium	3.0
Cobalt	10	Nickel	4	Thorium	0.1
Copper	34	Niobium	0.08	Thulium	0.006
Dysposium	0.05	Nitrogen	NR	Tin	0.3
Erbium	0.02	Osmium		Titanium	7.7
Europium	0.03	Oxygen	NR	Tungsten	1.2
Fluorine	MC	Palladium		Uranium	0.19
Gadolinium	0.05	Phosphorus		Vanadium	0.8
Gallium	3.6	Platinum		Ytterbium	0.03
Germanium	0.28	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	0.14
Gold		Praseodymium	0.07	Zinc	MC
Hafnium	0.002	Rhenium		Zirconium	0.56

NR - Not quantified

All blanks are elements not detected, detection limit 0.1 ppm MC - Major component, $> 68~\text{mg/m}^3$

<u>Table 24</u>
Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: IC310

Concentration in µg/m³

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum	мс	Holmium	0.17	Rhodium	
Antimony	0.40	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	16.
Arsenic	22.	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium	MC	Iodine	0.023	Samarium	1.03
Beryllium	0.051	Iridium		Scandium	0.057
Bismuth	0.17	Iron	MC	Selenium	0.45
Boron	1.0	Lanthanum	2.3	Silicon	MC
Bromine	0.11	Lead	8.6	Silver	0.057
Cadmium	8.0	Lithium	14	Sodium	MC
Calcium	MC	Lutetium	0.023	Strontium	MC
Carbon	NR	Magnesium	MC	Sulfur	MC
Cerium	2.8	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	0.04
Cesium	1.4	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	0.034
Chlorine	MC	Molybdenum	2.4	Terbium	0.057
Chromium	22.	Neodymium	2.4	Thallium	1.1
Cobalt	0.74	Nickel	2.8	Thorium	1.6
Copper	16	Niobium	2.4	Thulium	0.028
Dysposium	0.28	Nitrogen	NR	Tin	0.85
Erbium	0.17	Osmium		Titanium	MC
Europium	0.11	0xygen	NR	Tungsten	0.11
Fluorine	MC	Palladium		Uranium	2.2
Gadolinium	0.23	Phosphorus	MC	Vanadium	18.
Gallium	6.3	Platinum		Ytterbium	0.11
Germanium	1.1	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	6.3
Gold		Praseodymium	2.0	Zinc	12
Hafnium	0.28	Rhenium	0.029	Zirconium	20.

Table 25
Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: ICIF

Concentration in $\mu g/m^3$

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum	MC	Holmium	0.019	Rhodium	
Antimony	0.034	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	1.1
Arsenic	2.7	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	0.16
Barium	MC	Iodine	0.002	Samarium	0.066
Beryllium	0.012	Iridium		Scandium	0.05
Bismuth	0.012	Iron	MC	Selenium	0.009
Boron	0.30	Lanthanum	0.34	Silicon	MC
Bromine	0.006	Lead	0.78	Silver	0.009
Cadmium	MC	Lithium	0.91	Sodium	MC
Calcium	MC	Lutetium	0.003	Strontium	2.1
Carbon	NR	Magnesium	MC	Sulfur	MC
Cerium	0.75	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	<u><</u> 0.002
Cesium	0.05	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	<u><</u> 0.001
Chlorine	0.44	Molybdenum	0.16	Terbium	0.006
Chromium	2.4	Neodymium	0.14	Thallium	0.069
Cobalt	0.16	Nickel	0.001	Thorium	0.18
Copper	0.56	Niobium	0.075	Thulium	0.002
Dysposium	0.028	Nitrogen	NR	Tin	0.028
Erbium	0.012	Osmium		Titanium	MC
Europium	0.009	0 xy gen	NR	Tungsten	0.016
Fluorine	MC	Palladium		Uranium	0.15
Gadolinium	0.016	Phosphorus	MC	Vanadium	1.0
Gallium	0.72	Platinum		Ytterbium	0.016
Germanium	0.031	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	0.26
Gold		Praseodymium	0.066	Zinc	MC
Hafnium	0.019	Rhenium	<0.0006	Zirconium	0.84

Table 26
Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: IPW

Concentration in $\mu g/m^3$

Element	Como				
	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum	MC	Holmium	0.022	Rhodium	
Antimony	0.11	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	0.39
Arsenic	MC	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium	MC	Iodine	0.013	Samarium	0.061
Beryllium	0.009	Iridium		Scandium	0.04
Bismuth	0.022	Iron	MC .	Selenium	0.36
Boron	0.14	Lanthanum	0.57	Silicon	MC
Bromine	2.3	Lead	1.2	Silver	0.61
Cadmium	MC	Lithium	1.9	Sodium	MC
Calcium	MC	Lutetium	0.0035	Strontium	2.7
Carbon	NR	Magnesium	MC	Sulfur	MC
Cerium	0.39	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	
Cesium	0.04	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	0.003
Chlorine	MC	Molybdenum	3.0	Terbium	0.009
Chromium	MC	Neodymium	0.184	Thallium	0.70
Cobalt	0.34	Nickel	МС	Thorium	0.23
Copper	MC	Niobium	0.14	Thulium	0.0022
Dysposium	0.031	Nitrogen	NR	Tin	0.061
Erbium	0.018	Osmium		Titanium	MC
Europium	0.017	0xy gen	NR	Tungsten	0.066
Fluorine	MC	Palladium		Uranium	0.19
Gadolinium	0.026	Phosphorus	MC	Vanadium	1.1
Gallium	0.22	Platinum		Ytterbium	0.018
Germanium	0.061	Potassium	мс	Yttrium	0.22
Gold	0.001	Praseodymium	0.08	Zinc	MC
Hafnium	0.018	Rhenium	<0.002	Zirconium	0.57
			20.002	U	0.37

Table 27
Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: Ix

Concentration in µg/m³

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum		Holmium		Rhodium	
Antimony		Hydrogen		Rubidium	
Arsenic		Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium		Iodine		Samarium	
Beryllium		Iridium		Scandium	
Bismuth		Iron		Selenium	
Boron		Lanthanum		Silicon	
Bromine		Lead		Silver	
Cadmium		Lithium		Sodium	MC
Calcium		Lutetium		Strontium	
Carbon NF	.	Magnesium		Sulfur	
Cerium		Manganese		Tantalum	
Cesium		Mercury	NR	Tellurium	
Chlorine		Molybdenum		Terbium	
Chromium		Neodymium		Thallium	
Cobalt		Nickel		Thorium	
Copper		Niobium	•	Thulium	
Dysposium		Nitrogen	NR	Tin	
Erbium		Osmium		Titanium	
Europium		0xy gen	NR	Tungsten	
Fluorine		Palladium		Uranium	
Gadolinium		Phosphorus		Vanadium	
Gallium		Platinum		Ytterbium	
Germanium		Potassium		Yttrium	
Go1d		Praseodymiu	m	Zinc	MC
Hafnium		Rhenium		Z1rconium	

Table 28

Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: I imp 1

Concentration in µg/m³

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum		Holmium		Rhodium	
Antimony		Hydrogen		Rubidium	
Arsenic	6	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium	200	Iodine	2	Samarium	
Beryllium		Iridium		Scandium	
Bismuth		Iron	100	Selenium	10
Boron		Lanthanum		Silicon	
Bromine		Lead		Silver	
Cadmium	2	Lithium		Sodium	
Calcium		Lutetium		Strontium	
Carbon	NR	Magnesium		Sulfur	500
Cerium		Manganese	20	Tantalum	
Cesium		Mercury	NR	Tellurium	
Chlorine		Molybdenum	100	Terbium	
Chromium	70	Neodymium		Thallium	
Cobalt	3	Nickel		Thorium	
Copper		Niobium	0.4	Thulium	
Dysposium		Nitrogen	NR	Tin	1
Erbium		Osmium		Titanium	20
Europium		0 xy gen	NR	Tungsten	
Fluorine		Palladium		Uranium	
Gadolinium		Phosphorus		Vanadium	
Gallium		Platinum		Ytterbium	
Germanium		Potassium		Yttrium	
Gold		Praseodymium	n	Zinc	
Hafnium		Rhenium		Zirconium	

Table 29
Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: II C 310

Concentration in μ_g/m^3

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum		Holmium	0.019	Rhodium	
Antimony	0.67	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	MC
Arsenic	MC	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium	MC	Iodine	2.0	Samarium	0.075
Beryllium	0.0037	Iridium		Scandium	0.026
Bismuth	0.30	Iron	MC	Selenium	0.53
Boron	0.37	Lanthanum	0.19	Silicon	
Bromine	11.	Lead	140.	Silver	0.34
Cadmium	2.8	Lithium	1.1	Sodium	
Calcium	MC	Lutetium	0.0038	Strontium	4.1
Carbon	NR	Magnesium		Sulfur	MC
Cerium	0.30	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	
Cesium	0.64	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	0.15
Chlorine	MC	Molybdenum	1.0	Terbium	0.0075
Chromium	4.9	Neodymium	0.11	Thallium	2.1
Cobalt	7.5	Nickel	3.2	Thorium	0.075
Copper	17.	Niobium	0.037	Thulium	0.0037
Dysposium	0.030	Nitrogen	NR	Tin	0.19
Erbium	0.015	Osmium		Titanium	4.9
Europium	0.011	Oxygen	NR	Tungsten	0.56
Fluorine	MC	Palladium		Uranium	0.075
Gadolinium	0.022	Phosphorus		Vanadium	0.60
Gallium	1.6	Platinum		Ytterbium	0.019
Germanium	0.19	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	0.075
Gold		Praseodymium	0.037	Zinc	MC
Hafnium		Rhenium		Zirconium	0.30

Table 30

Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: II C 1 F

Concentration in mg/m^3

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum		Holmium	0.0087	Rhodium	
Antimony	0.87	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	9.7
Arsenic	MC	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium	MC	Iodine	3.5	Samarium	0.043
Beryllium	0.0043	Iridium		Scandium	0.022
Bismuth	0.11	Iron	MC	Selenium	0.35
Boron	0.41	Lanthanum	0.11	Silicon	
Bromine	6.5	Lead	20.	Silver	0.15
Cadmium	2.8	Lithium	0.065	Sodium	
Calcium	MC	Lutetium	<0.002	Strontium	7.1
Carbon	NR	Magnesium		Sulfur	
Cerium	0.17	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	
Cesium	0.54	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	0.086
Chlorine		Molybdenum	1.3	Terbium	0.011
Chromium	0.13	Neodymium	0.043	Thallium	0.26
Cobalt	1.7	Nickel	0.065	Thorium	
Copper	10.	Niobium	0.0065	Thulium	<0.002
Dysposium	0.021	Nitrogen	NR	Tin	0.086
Erbium	0.0065	Osmium		Titanium	2.8
Europium	0.015	Ожуgen	NR	Tungsten	0.50
Fluorine	MC	Palladium		Uranium	0.043
Gadolinium	0.022	Phosphorus		Vanadium	0.17
Gallium	1,5	Platinum		Ytterbium	0.0065
Germanium	0.043	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	0.043
Gold		Praseodymium	0.022	Zinc	MC
Hafnium		Rhenium		Zirconium	0.15

Table 31
Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: II pw

Concentration in mg/m^3

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum		Holmium	0.0026	Rhodium	
Antimony	0.41	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	5.2
Arsenic	MC	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium	MC	Iodine	0.44	Samarium	0.026
Beryllium	0.0008	Iridium		Scandium	0.0026
Bismuth	0.15	Iron	MC	Selenium	0.23
Boron	0.087	Lanthanum	0.096	Silicon	
Bromine	2.0	Lead	MC	Silver	0.096
Cadmium	1.1	Lithium	0.22	Sodium	
Calcium	MC	Lutetium	<0.0008	Strontium	0.53
Carbon	NR	Magnesium		Sulfur	
Cerium	0.14	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	
Cesium	0.14	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	0.044
Chlorine		Molybdenum	0.59	Terbium	0.0017
Chromium	0.17	Neodymium	0.026	Thallium	0.57
Cobalt	0.70	Nickel	0.44	Thorium	0.017
Copper	7.1	Niobium	0.0018	Thulium	<0.0008
Dysposium	0.0044	Nitrogen	NR	Tin	0.017
Erbium	0.0026	Osmium		Titanium	0.070
Europium	0.0053	0 xy gen	NR	Tungsten	0.13
Fluorine	5.5	Palladium		Uranium	0.070
Gadolinium	0.0053	Phosphorus		Vanadium	0.070
Gallium	0.53	Platinum		Ytterbium	0.0026
Germanium	0.053	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	0.017
Gold		Praseodymium	0.0088	Zinc	MC
Hafnium	0.0017	Rhenium		Zirconium	0.11

<u>Table 32</u>

Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: II x

Concentration in mg/m³

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum		Holmium		Rhodium	
Antimony		Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	
Arsenic		Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium		Iodine		Samarium	
Beryllium		Iridium		Scandium	
Bismuth		Iron	,	Selenium	
Boron		Lanthanum		Silicon	
Bromine		Lead		Silver	
Cadmium		Lithium		Sodium	MC
Calcium		Lutetium		Strontium	
Carbon	NR	Magnesium		Sulfur	
Cerium		Manganese		Tantalum	
Cesium		Mercury	NR	Tellurium	
Chlorine		Molybdenum		Terbium	
Chromium		Neodymium		Thallium	
Cobalt		Nickel		Thorium	
Copper		Niobium	•	Thulium	
Dysposium		Nitrogen	NR	Tin	
Erbium		Osmium		Titanium	
Europium		0 xy gen	NR	Tungsten	
Fluorine		Palladium		Uranium	
Gadolinium		Phosphorus		Vanadium	
Gallium		Platinum		Ytterbium	
Germanium		Potassium		Yttrium	
Gold		Praseodymiu	ım	Zinc	
Hafnium		Rhenium		Zirconium	

Table 33

Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: II imp 1

Concentration in mg/m3

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum		Holmium		Rhodium	
Antimony		Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	
Arsenic	.1	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium		Iodine		Samarium	
Beryllium		Iridium		Scandium	
Bismuth		Iron		Selenium	0.4
Boron		Lanthanum		Silicon	
Bromine		Lead		Silver	0.4
Cadmium		Lithium		Sodium	
Calcium		Lutetium		Strontium	
Carbon	NR	Magnesium		Sulfur	0.7
Cerium		Manganese	0.7	Tantalum	
Cesium		Mercury	NR	Tellurium	
Chlorine		Mo1ybdenum		Terbium	
Chromium		Neodymium		Thallium	
Cobalt		Nickel	0.5	Thorium	
Copper		Niobium	0.04	Thulium	
Dysposium		Nitrogen	NR	Tin	
Erbium		Osmium		Titanium	
Europium		0 xy gen	NR	Tungsten	
Fluorine	MC	Palladium		Uranium	
Gadolinium		Phosphorus		Vanadium	
Gallium	0.05	Platinum		Ytterbium	
Germanium		Potassium	MC	Yttrium	
Gold		Praseodymium		Zinc	
Hafnium		Rhenium		Zirconium	

Table 34
Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: coal

Concentration in mg/Kg

Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum	>110	Holmium		Rhodium	
Antimony	0.9	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	1
Arsenic	11	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium	810	Iodine	0.2	Samarium	0.8
Beryllium	0.1	Iridium		Scandium	1
Bismuth	220.	Iron	MC	Selenium	3
Boron		Lanthanum	5	Silicon	39
Bromine	2	Lead	9.	Silver	1
Cadmium	2	Lithium	40	Sodium	MC
Calcium	860	Lutetium		Strontium	37
Carbon	NR	Magnesium	350	Sulfur	MC
Cerium	7.	Manganese	MC	Tantalum	
Cesium	0.1	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	
Chlorine		Molybdenum	6	Terbium	0.1
Chromium	26	Neodymium	1	Thallium	
Cobalt	2	Nickel	12	Thorium	<u><</u> 1
Copper	12	Niobium	1	Thulium	
Dysposium		Nitrogen	NR	Tin	3
Erbium		Osmium		Titanium	300
Europium	0.2	0 xy gen	NR	Tungsten	
Fluorine		Palladium		Uranium	≤0.8
Gadolinium	0.3	Phosphorus	780	Vanadium	9
Gallium	2	Platinum	120.	Ytterbium	
Germanium	<u>≤</u> 2.	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	4
Gold		Praseodymium	1	Zinc	33
Hafnium		Rhenium		Zirconium	74.

NR - Not quantified

All blanks are elements not detected, detection limit 0.1 ppm MC - Major component, >1 g

Table 35
Spark Source Mass Spectrometry Data

Sample No: coke

Concentration in mg/Kg

				_	
Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.	Element	Conc.
Aluminum	MC	Holmium		Rhodium	
Antimony	1	Hydrogen	NR	Rubidium	14
Arsenic	14	Indium	STD	Ruthenium	
Barium	240	Iodine	0.3	Samarium	2
Beryllium	0.5	Iridium		Scandium	4
Bismuth	3	Iron	MC	Selenium	1
Boron		Lanthanum	14	Silicon	MC
Bromine	6	Lead	7	Silver	3
Cadmium	3	Lithium	46	Sodium	MC
Calcium	MC	Lutetium		Strontium	110
Carbon	NR	Magnesium	MC	Sulfur	MC
Cerium	10	Manganese	560	Tantalum	
Cesium	1	Mercury	NR	Tellurium	<0.8
Chlorine		Molybdenum	12	Terb1um	0.1
Chromium	38	Neodymium	4	Thallium	
Cobalt	10	Nickel	17	Thorium	3
Copper	30	Niobium	7	Thulium	
Dysposium		Nitrogen	NR	Tin	5
Erbium		Osmium		Titanium	MC
Europium	0.3	0xy gen	NR	Tungsten	
Fluorine		Palladium		Uranium	4
Gadolinium	0.5	Phosphorus	710	Vanadium	41
Gallium	5	Platinum	0.8	Ytterbium	
Germanium	2	Potassium	MC	Yttrium	5
Gold Gold		Praseodymium	2	Zinc	110
Hafnium		Rhenium		Zirconium	210

NR - Not quantified All blanks are elements not detected, detection limit 0.1 ppm MC - Major component, >1 g

5. Microscopic Analysis

The photomicrographs of IC310 and IC1F were made at 1/10 second and those of IIC310 and IIC1F were made at 1/5 second.

The observations on the four particulate samples examined are as follows:

- IC310 Consisting mainly of isotropic spheres ranging in sizes from 3 to 10 μ m, with a few larger, up to 30 μ m. While predominantly colorless, the spheres did include some that were opaque, red, green, and yellow. A few non-spherical birefringent particles were also present. All particles had refractive indices greater than 1.515.
- IC1F Appearing to be identical to IC310, except that the spheres were less agglomerated.
- IIC310 Containing mostly opaque particles mostly less than 1 µm diameter, but some up to 6 µm in diameter. The larger particles might have been agglomerates of smaller particles. A few birefringent needle like particles were also seen. The refractive indices were greater than 1.515.
- IIC1F Appearing to be the same as IIC310 except very few particles larger than 1 μm .

IV. Conclusions

These tests at a closed metallurgical furnace ferroalloy production facility were directed towards determination of emissions of particulate and polycyclic organic material.

The particulate emission data acquired during these tests are presented in Table 36. An appropriate reference point for evaluating the particulate loading in the effluent is provided by the new source performance standards for ferroalloy production facilities. specify that emissions of particulate matter from a control device shall not exceed 0.23 kg/mw-hr while standard ferromanganese or silicomanganese is being produced, and that opacity shall not exceed 15% (21). Observations made by the sampling team indicate that opacity exceeded the U.S. new source performance standard. measured loadings of 17 kg/mw-hr upstream of the scrubber during ferromanganese production indicate that an efficient particulate control device (>98.6% removal) is required in order to meet the standard. Measurements made downstream of the Venturi scrubber during silicomanganese production show a particulate loading of 0.016 kg/mw-hr. This is well within the new source performance standards. Because of the process change, these data cannot be used to obtain a quantitative estimate of scrubber efficiency for particulate control. At least part of the observed thousand-fold difference in particulate loading between the two tests may be due to the process change. However, it is also quite probable that the Venturi scrubber did have sufficient capacity to control the ferromanganese production particulate emissions at or below the 0.23 kg/mw-hr performance standard at the scrubber exit.

The results of the organic analysis are summarized in Table 37, which lists all categories of compounds found to be present at concentrations of $0.5~\text{mg/m}^3$ or higher. Extremely high quantities of organic materials were found in the ferromanganese effluent gas at the bypass to the gas cleaning system, upstream of the Venturi scrubber. Fused aromatic

Table 36
Summary of Particulate Emission Data

Sampling Site	Upstream of Venturi	Downstream of Venturi
Process	Ferromanganese	Silicomanganese
Effluent Flow Rate		
m ³ /sec m ³ /hr	1.20 4300	1.51 5400
Particulated Concentration		
mg/m ³	68000	64
Particulate Emissions		
kg/hr	290	0.35
Average Furnace Power		
MW (megawatt)	17.3	22.5
Particulate Emissions		
kg/MW-hr	17	0.016

Table 37

Summary of Organic Analysis Results: Major Components

Concentration, mg/m³ *

Process	Ferromanganese	Silicomanganese
Sampling Site	Upstream of Venturi	Downstream of Venturi
Compound Categories		
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	6.9	2.5
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	3.7	23
Fused Aromatics < 216 MW	380	14
Fused Aromatics > 216 MW	450	0.02
Heterocyclic N	80	0.1
Heterocyclic S	37	1.7
Ketones	67	0.8
Esters	0.9	1.8
Carboxylic Acids	4.3	0.7
Organic Gases (GC1 & GC2)	1,030ppm	3,090pm

^{*}Gas volumes are corrected to standard conditions of 101 KPa (29.9" Hg) 2nd 21.1°C (70°F).

hydrocarbons having a wide range of molecular weights were identified. The presence of fused aromatics of molecular weight greater than 216 at 450 mg/m³ is of particular concern, since this compound category includes some polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons recognized as carcinogens. Moderate amounts of heterocyclic nitrogen and sulfur compounds as well as polycyclic aromatic ketones were also found in these samples. The concentration of carcinogenic material could be very high in this unscrubbed gas stream.

On the other hand, the major organic compound categories found in the silicomanganese effluent gas after it had passed through a Venturi Scrubber were simple aromatic hydrocarbons and "low" molecular weight fused aromatics, both in the TCO range. The concentration of carcinogenic species appears to be low.

It is significant to note that the Level 2 GC/MS analysis gave results that were in very good agreement with the qualitative and quantitative data generated in the Level 1 organic analysis. (See Tables 18-20).

Because of the different processes sampled, one cannot use these data to quantify the effectiveness of the gas cleaning system for removal of potentially harmful organic species from the effluent. However, examination of the process data allows some inferences to be drawn. The major sources of polycyclic organic material in the ferroalloy process effluents are the self baking carbon electrodes and the coal and coke added to the feed. Table 38 summarizes process data which show that these two potential sources of polycyclic organic material were of comparable magnitude in the two tests. It is reasonable to hypothesize, therefore, that comparable quantities and types of POM compounds were produced in the two ferroalloy processes. The emissions data, also summarized in Table 38, show that total organics collected by the SASS train and aromatic hydrocarbon levels are lower by more than an order of magnitude for the samples collected downstream of the

scrubber. Furthermore, the emissions of high molecular weight POM are lower by more than four orders of magnitude for samples collected at the Venturi exit. These reductions in POM emissions are almost certainly too large to be accounted for by the process change alone. The Venturi scrubber appears to be effective for POM removal and especially efficient for species in the molecular weight range (Mw>216) that includes the recognized carcinogenic POM This is consistent with the fact that the higher molecular weight POM have lower volatility, are more condensable, and are probably scrubbed from the quenched gas stream as particulate material (condensed, or adsorbed on solid particuate).

The on-site gas analysis data indicated that emissions of gaseous hydrocarbons (GC1 and GC2, b.p. < 50°C) were higher in the silicomanganese test than in the ferromanganese test, by a factor of three. Levels of these gaseous species would of course be essentially unaffected by the wet scrubber. It could be possible that these results indicate a significant shift in the chemical composition of the organic emissions, with the silicomanganese process yielding a much higher gas-to-POM ratio than the ferromanganese process. This seems unlikely in view of the general similarity of the two ferroalloy process chemistries. The most plausible conclusion from these results is that total organic emissions (gases plus SASS) may have been somewhat higher in the silicomanganese test than in the ferromanganese, and that the scrubber was even more effective for POM removal than the data in Table 38 imply.

Inorganic chemical emissions from ferroalloy plants were not the major focus of these tests. However, two features of the inorganic analysis data are worthy of comment. First it should be noted that, while trace metal levels in the effluent from the Venturi scrubber during silicomanganese production were low (generally $<<1~\text{mg/m}^3$), the estimated arsenic emission level is 250 $\mu\text{g/m}^3$ (Table 21).

Comparison of this estimate with the EPA Multimedia Environmental Goals - Minimum Acute Toxicity Effluent (MEG-MATE) criterion of 2 $\mu g/m^3$ for arsenic and its compound. (22), suggests that more extensive, Level 2 analyses of arsenic in ferroalloy plant emissions may be warranted.

Second. it is interesting to compare the results of the atomic absorption spectroscopic (AAS) and spark source mass spectroscopic (SSMS) analyses for the two elements that were determined by both techniques. Table 39 presents the results of the arsenic and antimony determinations for a number of the SASS train sample components. (Samples for which the SSMS result was "major component" are generally omitted from the table). The agreement between the AAS and SSMS data for arsenic is surprisingly good. In fact, the agreement is generally much better than could be expected, considering that individual SSMS determinations are uncertain within a factor of two or three. The agreement between AAS and SSMS for antimony is not quite so good. Note, however, that the antimony concentrations are low about 103 times lower than arsenic levels. The two sets of antimony data do agree, within a factor of ten, for the two samples corresponding to concentrations of about $100 \, \mu g/m^3$. Since the MATE value for antimony is 500 ug/m^3 (22), these results suggest that SSMS analysis may be as adequate for both antimony and arsenic, as it is for analysis of other trace inorganics at Level 1.

Table 38
Summary of Process and Effluent Parameters

Sampling Site	Upstream of Venturi	Downstream of Venturi
Process	Ferromanganese	Silicomanganese
Electrode Consumption		
lb/day* lb/m ³ of stack gas **	6,150 0.059	9,000 0.069
Coal/coke content of Feed, %*	14.5	14.9
Emissions, mg/m ³		
Total Organics (SASS train)	1,200	50
Total Aromatics	830	26
Aromatics of MW > 216	450	0.02
Volatile Organics (GC1 & GC2)	1,030	3,090

^{*} Calculated from data in Table 1

^{**} Calculated from data in Tables 1 and 6

Table 39 Comparison of AAS and SSMA Data for Arsenic and Antimony in Selected Samples

Arsenic

Antimony me/m^3 ng/m3 AAS SSMS Sample AAS SSMS Particulates 0.018 0.022 0.02 0.39 I C 310 MC* (>27) 24 150 II C 310 660 MC* (>21) 25 840 88 II C IF Impingers 0.0068 0.0062 0.025 I Imp I 0.15 0.15 1.3 11 Imp I Solids Parr Bombed for SSMS n.d. 0.098 1. Ix n.d.** 1.03 19. II x 20 mg/kg 11 mg/kg 0.3 mg/kg0.9 mg/kgCoal 20 mg/kg 14 mg/kg 0.6 mg/kg1 mg/kg Coke

Major Component

Not detectable, or < 0.1 ppm weight in sample analyzed.

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APPENDIX A

LEVEL 1 ORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA

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LC REPORT

SAMPLE: IX, XAD-2 extract, Silicomangunesa

	TCO mg	GRAV mg	Total mg	Concentration ⁵
Total Sample 1	1440	70	1510	47
Taken for LC ²	57.4	2.8	60.	
Recovered ³	50.3	2.6	\$3	

Fraction	TCO ⁴	GRAV ⁴	Total ⁴ mg	Concentration ⁵
1	74	ND	74.	2,32
2	484	10,	494.	15.4
3	628	5.0	633	19.7
4	1.10	NO	1.10	0.03
5	5.61	ND	C.61	0.17
6	44.	50.	94.	2.93
7	≥3,	ND	23.	0.74

^{1.} Quantity in entire sample, determined before LC

^{2.} Portion of whole sample used for LC, actual mg

^{3.} Quantity recovered from LC column, actual mg

^{4.} Total mg computed back to total sample

^{5.} Total mg divided by total volume

^{6.} NOT petertable

CAMDIE.	IX-1.	XAD-2	extract	Silicomana	anese_
SMINI FE.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		7	

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Aromatic Hydrocarbons *	78-128

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	Benzene	78	CoHL
10	To luene	92	C7 H8
10	Xylene	106	CSHID
10	To luene Xylene Trimethyl/methyl Ethy Neighthalene	A Benzena 120	Cy Miz
10	Numhhalene	128	C10 H8
	4		
	d be contaminants.		

(ther

SAMPLE:	Ix-2.	XAP-2	extract.	Silicomanganes	
				ð	

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Aromatic Hydrocarbons Fused Aromatics <216 Heterocyclic Sulfur Compounds	92-196
10	Freed Aromatics <216	178-202
	Heterocyclic Sulfur Compounds	184
	<u> </u>	

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Naphthalene	128	CoHS
10	Toluena	92	Cyts
10	xylene	106	Cg Hio
10	Indena	116	C9 H8
10	methyl Naphshalane	142	Cu Hio
10	Biphenylene / Arena phthylene	152	CIZHS
10	Anthrobene phenonthrene	128	Ciu Hio
	Alkyl Naphthalenes	156-170	• •
	Alkyl Bighenyls / Avenughthalene	168-196	C/2 Hiz - Cos He
	Disense thiopkense	184	CINHOS
	methyl Anthracene / phenanthrane	192	Cie Hiz
	Pyrane, etc	202	CILMIO
	V		
			"

Other	

•	~		•~	_	_	PC	 -
	_	m.	M 😪		_		

SAMPLE: IX -3 XAD-2 extract Silico monganese

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Armatic Hydro carbons	116-296
100	Fused Aromatics <216	166-202
10	Heterocyclic S compds.	184

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Naghthalene	128	Co HE
100	Bighanylane / Acenaphthylene	152	Conte
100	Fluorene	166	C13 Hio
100	Anthracene	178	Cin Hio
10	Indene	116	C7 48
10	Alkal Naghoha lenes	142.156	Cutto, Catto
10	Bighenyl / Are na phthalene	- 154	GaMio
10	Alkyl Biphenylo / Arenaphthal	en 168-196	C13 H12 - Co-Hi
10	Bibenzothiophene	184	CILHOS
10	methyl Anthracene phenanthre	me, 92	C15H12
(0	pyrane: etc	202	CIGHIO

(Other

SAMPLE: IX-6, XAD-2 Extract, Silicomanganese

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
10	carposylie Acid	122-284
10	Extend	136
10	Ketmes	180
10	Heterocyclic 5 compdo	184
	()	,

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	Benzoic Acid	122	C- H10-
10		136	CoH60,
10	Methyl Benzoate Perinaphthindenme	180	43 H& D
10	Di bluzo thio phene	184	CIZHES
	palmitic Acid Stearic Acid	256	Cos H3202
	Stearic Acid	284	C18 H36 D2
		_	

Office							
1	unidentified	peaks	at	140,	168,	200	208

SAMPLE: IX-7, XAD-2 extract, Silico mampanese

Major Categories

Category	MW Range
lic N compdo	129-253
<u>, </u>	230
	122
<i>.</i>	/22

Sub-Categories Specific Compounds

ntensity	Category	m/e	Composition
	Methyl Benzyl Alwhul	122	C8 H10 0
	Buryl mellingl ether	122	C8 4,00
(Acadine	179	CI3 Hg N
1	4 ring Ketero cyclic N	203	CIS- Hg N
]	Naphtha quinoline	229	Cis Hii N
1	5 (in yeterocretic N	253	C,9 H, N
1	Bonzo carpazole	217	G6 HIIN
1	Benzanthrome	230	G2 4100
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	phshalute		, ,
·			

Ot	h	۵	,
u	P۱	t	ı

unidentified ions at Me 44, 60, 61

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: IX-1, LC1, XAD extract, ventur: scrubber

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
2960-2850	W	Aliphatic CH	
1460, 1375	w	Aliphatic CH	
			

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: IX-2, LC2, XAD extract, ventur: sunbber

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
No	detectable	TR bonds	

SAMPLE: IX-3, Le3, XAD extract, Vanturi sambler

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3/00-3000	m	aromatic n oleginic CH
1600-950	m.w	numerous sharp bands due to
800 - 700	<u>.</u> \$	multiple absorptions due to
		multiple absorptions due to
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: IX-4, LC4, AD extract, Venturi sombber

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)		Intensity		Assignment	Comments
	No	significant	IR	Absorptims	

SAMPLE: IX-5, LCS, XAO Extract, Ventur: samble 2.

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
No	significant	IR absorptions	
	<u> </u>		

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: IX-7, Le7, XAO extract. Venturi sambben

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
	d significan	nt or absorption	n \$

SAMPLE: 1x-6, XAD extract, Vanturi sunber

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3700-3100		OH on NH, broad
3050	W	ext, aromatic or olefinia.
3000-2800	m	CH. aliphatic
3000-2400	W	OH, acidic, broad
1770	m	C=0, lactone, 5-member ring
1720	5	ketone, lactore, lactames ring
1720, 1280, 1120	<u>s, m.</u>	aromatic ester
1700	5	c=o, acid, carbamate, imide
1650	S	Hydroxy Ketone, Amide, Amidine
1650,1620,790	5	organic vitrite CH2-0-NO
1620,1400	S	carboxyl salt -co-
1580	S	Nitroso z-N=0
NEGO	<u> </u>	amide. Nitro
1560, 1360	<u> </u>	CHU-NO2
1400-1000	5	numerous broad perks, ester
		alcohol.
850-700	in	aromatic (in s
•		d

LC REPORT

SAMPLE: ISC. Sorbent condansate, Silicomanganese

	TCO mg	GRAV mg	Total mg	Concentration ⁵ mg/M ³
Total Sample ¹	18.3	65	83.3	2 - 9
Taken for LC ²	14.7	£2.	67	K. S. J.
Recovered ³	14.7	65.3	80.	

Fraction	TCO ⁴	GRAV ⁴ mg	Total ⁴ mg	Concentration ⁵
1	0.03	8.44	8,47	0.26
2	0.01	1,50	1.51	0.05
3	18.3	48.5	87.	2.70
4	0.06	ND.	0.06	0.002
5	NP	0.25	0.25	0.008
6	ND	2.75	2.75	0.008
7	0.02	0.26	0.27	0,008

- 1. Quantity in entire sample, determined before LC
- 2. Portion of whole sample used for LC, actual mg
- 3. Quantity recovered from LC column, actual mg
- 4. Total mg computed back to total sample
- 5. Total mg divided by total volume
- 6. Not detectable

SAMPLE: Monsanto	Ferro	Allou	I-8C-1

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Sulfur	256
1	Sulfur Aliphatics	120-440

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition	
100	sulfur (sg)	256	Sg	

Ω	har	,
O.	nei	

	1	aliphatics	with	120 4	mle	440	<u> </u>
-							

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy

I-SC-3

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Fused alternate/non-alternate hydrocarbons	4216
1	Fused alternate Inon-alternate hydrocarbons	7216
	3	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

ntensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Anthracene/Phenanthrene	178	CiyHio
10	Fluorene	166	Cia Hio
10	Pyrene / Fluoranthene	202	Cio Hio
1	Benzofhorene, etc.	216	C17 H12
1		218	C17 Hay
1	Chrysene, etc.	218	C18 H12
<u></u>			

Other

	4	1	Benzopyrenes	etc. a	+ mle	252	
ŀ				-			
L							

I RMS REPOR	ЭТ.	O	\sim	D	NAC	DI	

	•••		
SAMPLE:	Isc-6,	Sorbent condensate	Silicomanganese
			7

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Ketmeo	180-208
10	Estera	390

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Flurenone / perinapath	180	C13 H80
10	methy-gluorenme , etc	194	C144,00
10	Anthraquinone et	208	CIXHROZ
10	Fluorenone / perinapath methy-fluorenone, atc Anthraquinone etc Dioctyl phthalate	390	C14 H302 C24 H38 O4
			_

(Other
ı	
ı	

SAMPLE: ISC-1, LC1. sorbent cond. Venturi scrubber

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
2950-2850	S	CH. Aliphatic	
2950-2850 1460-1350	m	CH. Aliphatic	
·			·
			

IR REPORT

SAMPLE:	Isc -	2	42.	Sorbent	cond.	Vanheri	sembber
<u> </u>							

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity		Assignment	Comments
2950-2850	٤	CH.	alighatic	
1460-1350	<u>m</u>	CH.		
		<u> </u>		

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: ISC-3, LC3, Sorbent and Venturi somble

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3100-3000	m	cm, asomatic cm, aliphatic. numerous sharp penks, asomatic rin aromatic ring
2950 -2850	W	CH, aliphatic
3100-3000 2950-2850 1600-900 810-730,710	m	numerous sharp seaks, aromatic vin
810,730,710	S	anomatic rine
, , ,		d
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		<u> </u>

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: Ise-4, LC4 subent and Venturi sambles

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
₹400	w	OH 2 NH	
3100-3000	w	CH, aromatic	
3000-2850	<u> </u>	en, aliphatic	······································
1740	<u> </u>	e=v esten n over	time
1600,000	W	aromatic ring	
1250 1080		S'UH, S'O	
1020 800		ether	
1200	<u> </u>	Sulfite, ether	
1050	5	1	·
200-700	m	suigoxide	

SAMPLE: ±51-5, LC5, Sorbent and, Venturi sunbor

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
no 5	en' gi cant	IR bands	
,			

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: ISC-6, LCG, sorbent (end. Venturi sumbben

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-3100	3 m	OH n NH bread
3100-3000	w	CH anomatic on oleginica
3000-2800	S	cu, alighatic
1720	S	ezo ester, ketone
3000-2500	w	CH. acid broad
1700	S	C=0 acid
1670, 1630	S	Ketone, amicle
1280, 1120	5	asomutic aster
800-600	m	aromatic substitution

SAMPLE: ISC-7 Le7, sorb cond Venturi sambber

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3700-3000	S	oh n NH
3000-2800	<u> </u>	cH. aliphatic
3060	W	CH aromatic
1720,1700	<u> </u>	c=o ester acid. Kerme
1670.1630		amide Ketone
1580,1540	<u> </u>	Nitrites
1590, 1300	S	Nitramine N-NO2
1400-1250	S	sitramine N-NO2
1150-1000	S	Alcohol
150 - 700	W	Alwhil " " acomatic subst.

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SAMPLE:		

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
			·
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LC REPORT

SAMPLE: IX: XAD-2 extract Ferromangamese

	TCO mg	GRAV mg	Total mg	Concentration ⁵ mg/M ³
Total Sample 1	279	1230	1510	1110
Taken for LC ²	18.6	74,2	92.8	
Recovered ³	17.0	68,2	85.2	

Fraction	TCO ⁴	GRAV ⁴ mg	Total ⁴ mg	Concentration ⁵ mg/M ³
1	2.25	3. 0	5,25	3,86
2	9.45	ND	9.45	6.95
3	195.	867	1062.	781
4	1,21	a 8	49	36
5	6.15	3.0	9.15	6.73
6	29.7	90	120.	88.
7	11	12.	23	17

- 1. Quantity in entire sample, determined before LC
- 2. Portion of whole sample used for LC, actual mg
- 3. Quantity recovered from LC column, actual mg
- 4. Total mg computed back to total sample
- 5. Total mg divided by total volume
- 6. NOT Detectable

Intensity	Category		MW Range
100	Aliphatic Hydrocarbon		200-48
Categories, Specific	Compounds Category	m/e	Composition
	- Catogory	111/0	Composition
	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		
			,

SAMPLE:_	IX-2,	XAD-2	extract	Feno manganese.
----------	-------	-------	---------	-----------------

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
10	Alkylated polycyclics a anomatics Fused aromatics <216	200-380
10	Fused aromatics <216	202

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	pyrene	202	CroHio
	' 0		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			

C	ther
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SAMPLE: II x-3, xAD-2 extract, Ferromanganese

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Fused Aromatics <216	152-210
100	Fused Aromatics >216	216-350
10	Heterocyclic S compds	184
•		

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Anthracene phenanthrene	178	CIRHIO
100	Pyrene / Fluoran thene	202	GAMID
100	Chrysone, Benzanthracences.	228	GR H12
100	Benzopyrene, parylene	252	C20 H12
10	Aceanthralene	152	CIZHA
10	Fluorene	166	C13 M10
10	methyl Acenaphthalene	168	C13 H12
10	Diben 2 thiophone	184	CIZH8S
10	methyl anthracene	192	CICHIZ
10	Benzoglusrenes	216	CITHIZ
10	Benzonaphthalene	218	CITHIU

Other

1 (2	PAH	at	m/e	230-302	
				190-350	
	1				

SAMPLE:	IX-4,	Mozentract,	Fenomanganese
			· /

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range	
100	Heterocyclic N compds	167-267	
100	Fused Anomalics >216	228-302	
10	Fused Aromatics <216	178-202	
+40			

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	carbazole	167	CI3 Hg N
100	Benzocarbazola	217	CILHUN
100	Benzopyrenes	252	C20 H12
10	Anthracene / prenanthrene	178	Cru Hio
10	methyl carpazola	181	Cyu Hu N
10	Dimethyl carbarole	195	CIFH,3 N
10	pyrana	202	CIBMIO
10	Benzo anthra cenes, chrysene	228	C18H12
10	methyl Benzo Carbayole	231	CIT HIS N
10	Dibenzo carbazole	267	Czo Hi3 N
10	Benzoperylene	276	G2 H12
10	methyl cholanthrane	268	CZIHIL
10	Dibenzo chrysenes	302	CzzHiy
·	0		7

Ot	h	e	ľ
\sim		•	•

10.	PAH as	- m/e	191	241,	243	245	257	258	326
	PAHIAT	m/e	200	to	ver	40	v V		

SAMPLE: IX-5, XDO-2 extract	Ferro manganese
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Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range		
100	Heteromelic N compdo	167-253		
100	Heterocyclic N compdo Ketones	230-280		

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition	
100	Carbazo le	167	CIZMQ N	
100	Benzanthrone	230	CIT HIO O	
10	Naphthoisowanid	153	CH MAN	
10	methyl carbazole	181	43 H, N	
10	un ling Heterocyclic N	203	45 Han	
10	Benzo carbazale	217	CIGH,N	
10	4 ring N	227	CIT HAN	
10	5 sing N	253	Cig H., N	
10	Dibenzo duvenne	280	C21 H120	
• •	1			

Other

10	PAH at m/e	254		
	Heterometic N	me	179-379	
1	0 xygien. ampdo	m/e	180-380	
	O ASSESSED TO THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER			

SAMPLE: IIX-6, XRO-2 extract, Ferromanganese

Major Categories

Category	MW Range
Heterocyclic Numpds	179-303
Ketones	180-304
Comboxylic Acido	/22
0	
	Heterocyclic N compdo Ketones

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Acridine	179	Cis Han
100	Fluoremone	180	CIZHO
100	4 ring Heterocyclic N	203	CISHQ N
100		204	CIEMBO
100	Anthraquinoline	229	CITHIIN
100	Benzanthrone	230	C17 H100
10	Benzoic Acid	122	C7 H6 O2
10	methyl Acridine	193	CILL HIIN
10	methyl fluorenone	194	CILHIOO
10	Dinethyl Accidine	207	CITHI3N
10	Anthraquinone	208	G4H8O2
10	Benzochbazola	217	CIBHIIN
10	methyl Anthraguinoline	243	C18 H13 N,
	tring N	255	CIG HIIN
10	6 rile N	303	
10	Dibenz accidine	279	C2, H13 N
		<u> </u>	

10	PAH_	at	m/e	219 244, 254 2 ff, 280 304.
	PAH	at	m/e	219, 244, 254, 268, 280, 304 265-380
	. '			

SAMPLE: IIX-7. XAD-2 Extract, Fersomanganese

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
10	Heterocyclic N compdo Ketones Esters	129-303
10	Ketones	230-280
	Esters	136

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	Acridine	179	Ci3Ha N
10	4 ring N	203	CITHAN
10	Benzocarbasola	217	46 HIN
10	Anthragui notine	229	G7 H11N
10	Benzanthrone	230	C174,00
10	5. ring Heterocyclic N	253	CIGHUN
10	6 N	279	CZI HI3 N
10	Di benzo sluorenone	280	C21 4,20
L	Quinoline	129	CAHIN
1	Alkyl quinolines	143-171	CIOMAN - GOM
	methyl Benzoate	136	C8 41802
	methal sindine	193	GUHIN
	8	'	

^-	L

L PAH	at m/e	200-329	

SAMPLE: IX-1, LC1, XAD extract, Fernalloy

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3000-2800	S	CH. aliphatic	
1500-1350	m	CH. aliphalic	
			·

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: II x - 2, L. C.2, XAO extract, Ferromanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3000-2500 1500-1350	.S	CH. aliphatic	
1500-1350	m	CH. aliphatic	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

SAMPLE: 1x-3, 1c3, XAD extract, Fanomanyonese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3/00-3000	S	Mumerous sharp bands, anomatic
1600-1050	m, w	numerous sharp bands, anomatic
900-700		" asomatic
		rings, fused rings
		0

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: II x-4, 164 XAD extract Face mangamese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3400	S	NH IL OH	
3100-3000	w	CH aromatic	
1600 1800	m	anomatic ains	
/320 (d)	m	C-N.	
1240	M	asomatic H socking	
800,750		aromatic H rocking	
720		fused lings	
		, , ,	
positive i	dentisication	n of carbagole	

SAMPLE: 1X-5, LC5, XAD extract, Ferromangenese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3400	W	NH n. OH LH, anomatic CEN NEC=0
3050	W	lH, asomatic
2220	W	CEN NEC =0
1700	· W	l = 0
1600, 140	ω	sharp bands asomatic ring awardic subst.
750,700	m	anomatic subst.
-		

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: IX-6. U6, XAO extract, Ferremangemese.

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3500-3100	W	OH N. NH
3100-3000	W	CH. aromatic oteginic
3000-2800	W	CH, aliphatic
1710	<u> </u>	(=0,
1670	w	C=c
1600,100	w	aromatic ring
1450-1100	w	aromatic vine sharp bands
820	W	gromatic subst.
750,720	S	aromatic subst.

	R			

SAMPLE: IX-7	Les.	XAD extract.	Fluomanganese
/ -	/ /		,

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)		Intensity		Assignment	Comments
'nε	5. n'	ficant	z R	bands	
		1			
				·	
					
		 			
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IR REPOR'	Г
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SA		n		_
34	w	Г	LE	:

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments

LC REPORT

SAMPLE: FCIF, partiulales < 111, Fenomanganese

	TCO mg	GRAV mg	Total mg	Concentration ⁵
Total Sample ¹	_	66.	66.4	48.8
Taken for LC ²		13,2	13.2	40,0
Recovered ³	_	13, 2	/3.2	

Fraction	TCO ⁴	GRAV ⁴	Total ⁴ mg	Concentration ⁵
1	_	NO	NP	NO
2		ND	NO	ND
3		32	32	2.3
4	_	14.	14	10
5	-	ND	ND	NP
6		18	18	13
7		2.0	3.0	1.47

- 1. Quantity in entire sample, determined before LC
- 2. Portion of whole sample used for LC, actual mg
- 3. Quantity recovered from LC column, actual mg
- 4. Total mg computed back to total sample
- 5. Total mg divided by total volume
- 6. Not Detectable

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy

II-C1F-1

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
1	Heterocyclic Sulfur Compounds	184

ntensity	Category	m/e	Composition
1	Dibenzothiophene	184	CIZHOS
			•
		·	

Oth	her	
-		
-		
1		

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy II-CIF-2

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
1	Heterocyclic Sulfur Compounds Aromatic Hydrocarbons	184
1	Aromatic Hydrocarbons	7 5 80

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
1	Dibenzothiophene	184	CIZHQS

Othor	
Otner	

1	benzenes	below	mle	280	

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy II - CIF-3

Major Categories

Category	MW Range
Fused alternate /novalfornate hydrocarbons	>216
Fused alternate Inon-alternate hydrocarbons	4216
	Fused alternate /nonalternate hydrocarbons

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Benzpyrenes, etc.	151	CzoHiz
100	Dibenzchrygene, etc	276	C22 H12
100	Dibenzanthraceno	278	C22 H14
10	Methyl-benzpyrenes etc.	266	Czi Hiy
10	Methyl-dibenzanthracana	292	Czz Hib
10	Dibenzpyrene etc	302	C24 H 14
7	Benzanthracene, etc.	228	CIPHIZ
1	Methyl benzanthrocane	242	CiaHiu
\mathcal{T}	pyrene/fluoranthene	202	CILHIO
1	anthracene / phenanthrene	178	C14 H10
7	Biphany / Acenaphthene	154	CizHio
	, ,		

1	fused	alternate, nonalternate	hydrocarbons	302 4 mle 4 452

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy

II-C1F-4

Major Categories

Category	MW Range
Fused alternate/non-alternate hydrocarbons	7216
	Fused alternate/non-alternate hydrocarbons

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	Dibenapyrene	302	Czy Hiy
10		326	
10	Dibenzehrysene	276	CzzHiz
10	Dibenzehrysene Dibenzanthracana	278	Czz Hiy
10	Benzeurene, etc.	252	Czo Hiz
\	Benzanthracene etc.	228	CIRHIZ
	•		

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L	п	т	ы	21

2	polycyclics	to m	le 430		

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy II - CIF-5

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range	
10	Fused alternate/non-alternate hydrocarbons	> 216	
10	Ketones	304	

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	Dibenzpyrene	302	CzyHiy
10	6-ring O (Ketmes)	304	
10	J	326	
	Dibenzchrysene, etc	276	C 22 H12
1	Dibenzchrysene, etc Dibenzanthracane, etc	278	C22 H14
1		277	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Other	

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy II - CIF-6

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Katones	200-300+
100	Heterocyclic Nitrogen Compounds	200-300+
1	Esters	222
	Carboxylic Acids	122

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100		280	
100	6-ring N	303	
100	6- ring O (Ketones)	304	
10	Dibenzacridine, etc	279	C21 H13 N
10	Fluprenone	180	C13 H8 O
10	Phenanthridone	195	C13Hq NO
10	Methyl phenanthridone	209	CI4 HIO NO
10		219	
10	Benzacridine, Anthroquinoline, etc	229	CI3 HII N
10		230	
10	5-ring-N (Heterouselic N)	253	CIGHIIN
10	5-ring- N (Heterougelic N) 5-ring-O (Ketone)	254	C194100
10	•	270	
10		277	
1	Benzoic Acil	122	C7 46 02
1	Diethyl phthalate	222	C12 H14 O4
1		203	Cis HaN
1		204	C15 H30

Other

1 polycyclics with 300 4 m/e 4 500

LRMS	REPORT	•

SAMPLE: Monsanto	Ferro Alloy	II - C1F-7
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range	
1	Heterocyclic Nitrogen Compounds	223-303	

ntensity	Category	m/e	Composition

Other

1 (Jso compounds	w:Hh	223	4 mle	٤	303	

SAMPLE: II CIF-1, particulates < 1 m. Ferromanyanese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3000-2800	W	CH. aliphatic	
		r	
	·		

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: II CIF-2, particulates < 1 u. Ferromanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
no s	ignificant IR	absorption	

SAMPLE: II CIF-3, particulates < 1 ll Ferromanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3/00-3000	W	CH, aromatic. CH, alighatic. Asomatic subst.	
3000 -2800	ω	M. alighatic	
3000 - 2600 870, 830, 800	W	aromatic subst.	
750	<u> </u>	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	
			·
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IR REPORT

SAMPLE: II CIF-4 particulates < 14, Fe nomanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3100-3000	W	CH, asomatic	
3000-2800	W	CH. aromatic CH. aliphatic	
1450,1375	· · ·	anomatic subst.	
870,820	m	asomatic subst.	

SAMPLE: I CIF-5, particulates < 1 M. Ferromanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-3100	N	OH, NH, broad
3100.3000	W	ex, aromatic
3000-2800		CH, aliphatic
1700	<u>m</u>	C=0, ketme, acid
1650, 1620	w	amide ketone
1600	W	unide Katone aromatic vine
1250,1060	m	ester alcohol.
750	<u> </u>	aromatic subst.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

R REPORT

SAMPLE: II CIF-6. particulates < 1 u. Ferremanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-2400	W	OH, NH. broad
3/00-3000	m	CM. aromatic
3000-2800	5	CH, alighatic
1740.1710	\$	c=0 ester betone lactora
		Partam, smida
1670,1650.		keture amide amidine.
1630,1610.1600		nitrate aumatic subst c=c
1230, 1170	S	ester
1340,1300	S	amine
1120,1020	m	aliohal.
820.750	٤	aromatic sulvet.

SAMPLE:	ILCI	F- 7	7.	particulates.	14,</th <th>Terroma</th> <th>Fares</th>	Terroma	Fares
		1 7					1

Intensity	Assignment	Comments
ignificant	IR absorptions	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Intensity Assignment TR absorptions

IR	RE	P	O	R	T

SAMPLE:			

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments

LC REPORT

SAMPLE: IPW, Probe wash, Ferromanganese

	TCO mg	GRAV mg	Total mg	Concentration ⁵
Total Sample 1	_	£1	<u>-1</u>	3.3
Taken for LC ²		20	3/	3/.
Recovered ³		32	32	

Fraction	TCO ⁴	GRAV ⁴	Total ⁴	Concentration ⁵
	-		mg	mg/M ³
2		2.65 ND 6	2.65 ND	1.95
3	_	39.	39.	~ <i>₽</i> >8.
		11.	11.	
<u>5</u>		0.73	0.73	7.84
7		9.81	9.81	7,21
	<u> </u>	1,96	1.96	1.44

^{1.} Quantity in entire sample, determined before LC

^{2.} Portion of whole sample used for LC, actual mg

^{3.} Quantity recovered from LC column, actual mg

^{4.} Total mg computed back to total sample

^{5.} Total mg divided by total volume

^{6.} NOT Detectable.

SAMPLE:	Monsanto	Ferro	Alloy
SWIAIL FF.	1011301010		

II PW-1

Major Categorie	Ma	ior	Cate	gorie
-----------------	----	-----	------	-------

Intensity	Category	MW Range
1	Aliphatics	200-450

Category	m/e	Composition

Other						
Λ	aliphatics	with	200	= m/e	4450	
	anphanes					
1						

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy

II-PW-2

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
10	Aromatic Hydrocarbons	225
	3	

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Category	m/e	Composition
	_	
•		

	Category	Category m/e

10	benzene substituted with aliphatic chair and NandCl
	exterior to ring with mie = 225 (C13H20NCI)

SAMPLE: Monganto Ferro Alloy II - PW-3

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Fused Alternate / Non-alternate Hydrocarbons	4216
100	Fused Alternote/Non-alternota Hydrocarbons	> 216
	,	

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Pyrene / Fluoranthene	202	Ciultio
100	Benzoanthracene, etc.	228	Cie Hiz
100	Benzopyrenes,et	252	Czo Hiz
10	Anthracene / Phenanthrene	179	Ciy Hio
10	Benzofluorene, etc	216	CITHIZ
10		218	C17 HIY
10	Methyl-benzanthracene	242	Cia Hiy
10	Dibenz chrysene	276	CzzHiz
10	Dibenzanthracene	278	CzzHiy
10	Dibenzourene	302	Czy Hiy
10		326	

1 Polycyclics with	326 4 m/e = 450

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy II-PW-4

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	Fused alternate/non-alternate hydrocarbons	7216
1	tused alternate/non-alternate hudrocarbons	4216
1	Heterocyclic Nitrogen compounds	217

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Chrysene Benzanthracane	228	CiaHiz
100	Benzopyrene, etc.	252	C20 H12
10	Dibenschrysene	276	Czz Hiz
10	Dibenzanthracano	278	C22 H14
10	Dibens pyrene	302	C24 H14
10	, 3	326	<u> </u>
1	Benzocarbazola	217	CIGHIN
1		242	C19 H14
1		258	3444
1	Pyrene / Flyoranthene	202	CIGHIO
1		376	

<1	polycyclics below	200	
1	polycyclics 38	o & mle &	460

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy II - PW-6

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range	
	Ketones	300+	
100	Heterocyclic Nitrogen Compounds	700 - 300 ⁺	
1	Esters		
			

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

ntensity	Category	m/e	Composition
100	Benzanthrone, etc.	230	C13 H10 0
10	phthalate	_	
10		200	
10		202	
10		203	CISHON
		243	
10		244	
10		253	Cig Hii N
10	5 ring O ipolycyclic Aromati	254	Cia HioO
10	5 ring O polycyllic Atomasi	258	
10		279	C 21 H 13 N
10	Dibenzacridine, etc.	280	Carrist
10	·		
10		301	
10	6-ring N	303	
10	6-ring O (Ketone in 6-fored) Fluorenone, etc.	304	
1	Fluorenone etc.	180	C13 H80

Citto

305 & mle 6460 polycyclies with

SAMPLE: Monsanto Ferro Alloy II - PW-7

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
10	Ketones	200 - 3001
1	Heterocyclic Nitrogen Compounds	179-300+

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	Benzanthronesolc	230	C17 H100
_1	Acridine	179	Cis Ha N
_1		203	Cistan
_1		204	•
1		229	C17 H11 N
_1		253	C19 H11 N
1		254	
1		279	CziHi3N
_1		280	
_1	6-ring N	303	
1		304	

^	•	h	_	,

11	polycyclics	up to	mle 350	

SAMPLE: ILPW-1. LCI. Probe wash. Floromonganese

S	CH. aliphatic	
_3m	CH. '11	

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: II PW-2, LC2, Probe Wash. Fellomanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3000-2800	W	CH aliphatic	

SAMPLE: IPW-3, LC3, Probe Wash, Ferromangancee

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3100-3000	5	CH. aromatic, oleginic
1930	W	c=c=cH2 allene
3000-2800	W	CH. aliphatic
3000-2800 1600-1000	m	numerous sharp bounds.
200		aromatic ring
900-700	S	multiple bands: aromatic substitution, fused rings
		substitution sused rings
		

R REPORT

SAMPLE: TIPW-4 Lc4, probe wash, Ferromangemere

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3/00.3200	W	NHNOH
3100-3000		CH aromatic oleginic
3000-2800		cm. alighatic
1600		c=e, aromatic line
1500 - 1000	m - W	multiple bands anomatic vint
900-700	5	CH. aromatic oleginic CH. aliphatic C=e. aromatic ring multiple bands aromatic ring anomatic Sulstitution.

SAMPLE: II DW-5, 1C5, Probe wash, Ferromanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3500-3200	m	OH. NH
3100-3000	m	CH. asomatic, olefinic
3000-2800	S	CH, alighatic
2210	W	c=N nitrile
1730	m	C=0 aster
1700	<u> </u>	c=o, ketme, acid, carpamate
		imide, cyclic imide
1650	W	CEC
1600,1580.) bookille	aromatic substitution
1450 1350	PVI	amines,
1820 1300	m	Nitro asomatic
1280.1120	W	anomatic estar
820,750	S	aromatic substitution

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: IPW-6, LCE, Probewash Ferromanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3500-3200	W	OH, NH
3100-3000	m	CH. aromatic, oleginic
3000-2800	<u> </u>	CH. alighatic
1720	3	c=o ester
1700		(=0, acid, ketone
1660, 1620	5	amile nitrite.
1580,1300	<u> </u>	N-No. nitramine
1270,1120		anomatic ester
1230 /210		ester.
1180, 1060	<u>۔</u>	alcohol
750	<u> </u>	aromatic substitution. C-cl

SAMPLE: IPW-7. Probe wash. Ferromangenese

		V
Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3700-3100		OH or NH, broad
3100-3000	ω	cy aromatic
3000-2800	<u>sm</u>	CH, aliphatic
300992400	w	OH. acid bread
1720	5	C=0 exter betone
1670,1640,1600	\$	betwee amide amidine ditrite.
-1250		nitrate
1250	5	ester, phoephate, por cyclic.
		CF3 C-CL Si-CH3
1060,1000	m	alwhol
250	<u> </u>	aromatic subst. pt. 173. C-Cl
,		77.63

	IR	R	E	PO	R	Т
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Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: I C310, cmc. extract, particulate >34, Silico manganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-3100	m	OH N NH
3030	W	CH, asomatic or oleginic
3000-2800	_m	en, aliphatic
1740	W	c=o. ester
1650	W	amide lactam
1150	5	alcohol, eyelic p=N
		<u> </u>
1050	S	Alcohol, Sulfoxide por=
	-	Si-o-Alighatic Sio-Si
1150,1050	S	Si-o-Aliphatic Sio-Si R2 poz

SAMPLE: ICIF, pariculates

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3.600-3/00	W	CH a NH CH aliphatic POGE Si-O-Si, (very strong and	
3000 - 2800	\mathcal{M}	CH. aliphatic	
1300-900	S	00= 5:0-5!	ci-o-Alkul
		Culary shore and	brand
		·	•
			

SAMPLE: IPW, pmc. extract, probe wash, silico man ganose

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-3100	m	OH or NH
3600-2400	W	OH, acidic
3100-3000	\sim	CH. Anomatic, olefinic
3000-2800		CH, Aliphatic
1780	W	Lactone, Carbonate,
1780, 1170	w	cheroformate
1730	S	ester, ketone imide, Lactam
1280, 1230	<u> </u>	osters
1170,1120		
1200	5	p=0, p=N. sulfite, sulfonic Acid
		F-anyl Si-o-aliphatic
1070,1050		si-o-diphatic
1020		alcoholo, sulfoxide, por
1170, 1050 .85	<u> </u>	Acid sulfate
880		(=c. aromatic substitution

SAMPLE: IX, conc. extract, XAD-2, Silico manganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3/00-3000	S	CH. avomatic, oleginic CH. aliphatic numerous weak absorptions esters, Ketmes, sids, Amideo
3000-2800	W	CH. aliphatic
1950-1600	W	numerous weak absorptions
		esters, Ketmes, Acids, Amides
1600-800	m	numerous show beaks
		asomatic HC.
780,730	<u> </u>	numerous sharp peaks. aromatic HC. aromatic substitutions
	····	
	<u> </u>	

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: ISC, conc. extract Sorbent condensate, Silicomanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3/00-3000	5	CH. Aromalic or Olefinic CH. aliphatic numerous peaks, c=0, c-N overtures
3000-2800	m	CH. alighatic
2000-1600	W	nunierous peaks, c=0, c-N
<u> </u>		overtines'
1600-1000	5, m	numerous sharp bands
		asomatic Vibrations
1000-700	5	numerous sharp bands aromatic substitutions
		•
. 12	d . L' a . A	D Anothers of the
positive a	Benzop	grene of Anthracene phenanthrene
•		

SAMPLE: I C310, conc. entract, particulates >34, Ferromanganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3600-3100	W	OH. A M	
3/00-3000	<u> </u>	CH asomatic or of	efinic
3000-2800	S	CH asomatic or of CM, aliphatic (strong	en than arm.
1700	\$	acid, ketmes	0
1660,1600	<u> </u>	Ketmes c-N	
1400-900	m	numerous bands	
900-700	<u>S</u>	aromatic sings	
			
the spect	um recla	or aliphotic CH peal	except

SAMPLE: ICIF, cone, extract, partiulates < 1 M. Ferromangemese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-2500	W	OH. acidic, or NH
3/00-3000	<u> </u>	en aromatic or obefinic
3000-2800	m	CH. asimatic or oleginic CH. aliphatic (weaken than asimic) acid. Ketmes
1700	m	acid. Ketones
1660, 1600	m	Ketmes, C-N
1400-900	ω	numerous bands
900-700	S	numerous bands asomatic sings
		·
	_	
	-	
·		

SAMPLE: II pw., probe Wash Forre manganese

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-3100	W	OH NM
3100-3000	<u> </u>	CM. asomatic or definic
3000 -2800	<u> </u>	ex, aliphatic
1730,1700		ex, asomatic a definic ex, aliphatic kernes, esters
1660, 1600		Ketmes C-N
1450	<u> </u>	multi-peaks. Esters, ethers
1400-1200		Esters, ethers
900-700	<u> </u>	aromatic sings
		,
The sector	um resal	nbles that of ICIF

SAMPLE: IIX Conc. extract XAD-Z Ferromangamene

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3420	W	NH	
3100-3000		ch. anomalica ch. aliphatica Ketones numerous sharp numerous sharp per anomatic sings	
3000-2800	W	en alighatic	
1710	W	Ketones	
1600 - 900	m.w	numerous sharp	bands
900 - 700	S	numerous sharp pe	also
·		assmatic sines	
		8	
		_	
-			
			···

SAMPLE: ILSC, conc. extract, sorbent condensate, Fenomanganes

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-3100	m	OH, NH
3100-3000	W	CH, asomatic CH, aliphatic betmes
3000 - 2800	క	CH. aliphatic
1710	m	hetmes'
1660, 1600	m	between c-N Nitrite
1450, 1375		CH2 1 CH3
1400-1000	w	multi-bands asamalic rings
900-700		asomatic rings
		0
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		
		10 11 + 0
The spect	rum reser	neles that of ILIF except aliphatic cu bands

LC REPORT

SAMPLE: COAL (CL)

	TCO mg	GRAV mg	Total mg	Concentration ⁵
Total Sample 1	4.0	35	30	464
Taken for LC ²	2.8	25	28	767
Recovered ³	1.0	30	31	

Fraction	TCO ⁴	GRAV ⁴	Total ⁴ mg	Concentration ⁵
1	0.36	24.	24	286
2	MOR	2,0	2.0	24
3	0,80	7.7	8.5	101
	0.014	2.9	2.9	35
5	MD	1.1	1.1	1.3
6	0.29	4.9	5.2	62
7	-	0.86	0.86	10

- 1. Quantity in entire sample, determined before LC
- 2. Portion of whole sample used for LC, actual mg
- 3. Quantity recovered from LC column, actual mg
- 4. Total mg computed back to total sample
- 5. Total mg divided by total volume
- 6. NOT DETECTABLE

SAMPLE: MONSANTO FERRO-ALLOY COAL CL-1

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	SULFUR ALIPHATIC HYDRUCARBONS	256
100	ALIPHATIC HYDRUCARBONS	270-414
10	UNIDENTIFIED	186
	•	

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			·····

Other			
	·		

SAMPLE: MONSANTO FERRO- ALLOY COAL CL-3

Major Categories

10 " " " " LME216 178-21 10 HETEROCYCLIC SULFUR COMPOUNDS 184-23	Intensity	Category	MW Range
10 " " " " " LME216 178-21 10 HETEROCYCLIC SULFUR COMPOUNDS 184-23	100	FUSED ALTERNATE /NOW ALTERNATE H/C 7 1/2 16	2/6- >500
10 MELECULACINE SURPLE COMPOUNDS 111 AU	10		178-216
10 Culture 256	10	HETEROCYCLIC SULFUR COMPOUNDS	184-234
	10	SULFUR	256

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	ANTHRACENE PHENANTHRENE	178	C14 H10
10	METHYL ANTH/PHEN ANTHRENE	192	C15 H12
10	DIBENZ THIO PHENE	184	C12 485 C16 H10
/5	PYRENE /FLUORANTHENE	202	
/ ð	BENZO FLUDRENES, ETC	216	C17 H12
10	CHRYSENE, ETC	228	C18 H12
10	METHYL CHRYSENE, ETC	242	C19 H14 C20 H12
19	BENZO PYRENES, ETC	252	C20H12
			!

Other

100	ALKYLATED	PAH	+ OTHER	POZYCYCLIC	SPECIES,
	m/c 206				
			·		

SAMPLE: MONSANTO FERRO ALLOY COAL CL-4

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	HETEROCYCLIC NITROGEN COMPOUNDS	167 - 323+
100	FUSED ALTERNATE, NON ALTERNATE H/C> 1/2216	252 - ~500
1	" " " LM/2216	176-202
7	SULFUR	256
1	ESTERS	_

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	CARBAZOLE	167	C12 Ha N
10	ALKYL CARBAZOLES	181-231	Costi, N - Costi, N
10	BENZO CARBAZOLE	217	CIGHIN
10	ALKYL BENZO CARBAZOLES	231-287	C17 H13 N - C21 H21 N
10	DIBENZO CARBAZOLE	267	Ceo His N
10	ALKYL DIRENZO CARBAZOLES	281-323	Caithe N - CartiN
18	CHRYSENE/BENZOANTHRACENE, ETC	228	CIPHIZ
10	BENZO FYRENES, ETC	252	C20 H12
	ANTHRACENE PHENANTHRENE	178	C14 H10
/	DI HYDRO ANTHRACENE PHENANTHEME	180	CI4 HIZ
	PYRENE / FLUOR ON THENE	202	CIO HIO
	SULFUR	256	Se
1	PHTHALATE		

Other

100	UNIDENTIFIED POLY	CYCLICS	EXTENSIVE	ALKYLATIN
				= , m/e 230 TO > 500

SAMPLE: MONSANTO FERRO-ALLOY; COAL CL-6

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	KETONES	180 10~350
10	HETEROCYCLIC NITRUGEN COMPOUND	5 179 10 223
10	HETEROGICLIC NITRUGEN COMPOUND	

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
10	PHTHALATES		-
10	ACRIDINE	179	C13 H9 N
19	FLUOREWONE	180	CISHRO
10	ALKYL FLUORENOUES	194-222	C12 HOD - C16 HI4 O C12 HOD - C16 HI6 O
10	PHENYL BENZO QUINONE	184	C12 H802
10	ALKYL PHENYL BENZO QUINONES	198-240	C13 H100 - C16 H160
		-	
		-	

Other

10 (EACH SPECIES) UNIDENTIFIED POLYCYCLICS, MOSTLY
ALKYLATED, Me 200 TO MIR 350

SAMPLE: CL-1, caal

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3000-2800	m	CH. alichatic	
3000-2800 1450, 1370	W	CH. aliphatic	
			
			771
-			

IR REPORT	ı	R	R	E	PO	R	T	
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SAMPLE: CL-2, COA	<u> </u>
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Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments	
3000-2800	m	CH. aliphatic		
3000-2800	W	CH , ""		
	. 			

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: LC3 Coal

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3100-3000	m	CH. asomatic plefinic CH. alighatic aromatic ring alighatic CH2, CH3
2000-2800	S	CH. al: shatic
1600		gromatic ring
1450		alighatic chr. CH2
1370	m	15 15 15
1300, 1280		broad weaks bands
1250, 1020	W	
950		
870.800	-5	anomatic substitution
740		
	-	

IR REPORT

SAMPLE:	CL	4.	coal	·					
---------	----	----	------	---	--	--	--	--	--

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3450	W	OH R NH broad
3100-3000	m	CH. anomatic oleginic
3000-2800	S	ex, dishatic
1700	W	acid hetme lectam imide
1600,1450	m	aromatic aint
1400-1300	W	c-N. amines
1020	w)	alcohol
800,760	<u> </u>	anomatic subst. pyridine

SAMPLE: CL-5, coal

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment Comments
3600-3100	W	OH. NH. broad
3050	W	CH aromatic
3000-2800		CH alishatic
1600, 1700	m	acid ketme aromatic
14x0, 1370	m	armatic pycidine
870,800	W	aromatic orcidiae
760	m	
. /		

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: CL-6, Coal

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3600-3100	M	OH on NH	broad
3100-3000	<u> </u>	CH. aromatic	
3000-2800	S	CH. aliphatic	
2720	W	I	
1700		Ketme acid.	
1780	W	aldehyde	
1660, 1610,810		Nitrite	
1660, 1280, 870	<u> </u>	Nitrate	
1020	S	alwhol	
260	97	aromatic subst	C-el

SAMPLE:	CL-7	ioal
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Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3400	m	CH. aliphatic arid	
3000-200		CH. aliphatic	
1700	m	arid	
1650	m	amide vitrate	
1080,1020	W	alcohal Si-o	
740	W	aromatic subst.	
·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

İR	REPORT			
SA	MPLE:			

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments

LC REPORT

SAMPLE: COKE (CK)

	TCO mg	GRAV mg	Total mg	Concentration ⁵
Total Sample 1	0.30	17.	17	2.70
Taken for LC ²	0.21	12.	12.	
Recovered ³	0.50	11.	12.	

Fraction	TCO ⁴	GRAV ⁴ mg	Total ⁴ mg	Concentration ⁵ mg/kg
1	0.36	10.	10.	158
2	40	AD	ND	NO
3	0.14	0.86	1.0	16
4	MD6	0.86	0.86	14
5	40	1.4	1.4	22
6	HO	0.6	0.6	10
7	NO	0.6	0.6	10

- 1. Quantity in entire sample, determined before LC
- 2. Portion of whole sample used for LC, actual mg
- 3. Quantity recovered from LC column, actual mg
- 4. Total mg computed back to total sample
- 5. Total mg divided by total volume
- 6. NOT DETECTABLE

SAMPLE:	FERRO	- ALLDY	$CK \cdot I$

Major Categories

Intensity	Category	MW Range
100	SUL FUR ALIPHATICS	256
)	ALIPHATICS	320-440

Sub-Categories, Specific Compounds

Intensity	Category	m/e	Composition
	*		
	T. 1		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			····

Other		
		-

SAMPLE:	COKE	IC-1
SAMPLE:	COKE	LL - 1

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
2920,2850	m	CH2 CH3 aliphotic	
2920,2850 1450,1370		CH2, CH3 aliphatic	
	T		
·			
		·	

IR REPORT

SAMPLE:_	COKE	1C-2	
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Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
2920, 2850	m	CH2, CH3 aliphatic	
2920,2850 450,1370	m	CH2, CH3 aliphatic	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: COKE LC-3

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
2920,2850	m	CH2, CH3 aliphatic	
2920,2850 1450,1380	W	CH2, CH3 aliphatic	

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: COKE LC-4

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
2920	ω	CH2, CH2 aliphatic	
1450,1380	<u> </u>	CH2 CH2 aliohatic	
1100,1020	W	CH2, CH3 aliphatic. CH3, CH3 aliphatic. alcohol, ether	broad
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

SAMPLE: COKE LC-5

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
2920	W	CH2, CH3 aliphatic	
			·

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: COKE LC-6

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3400	ω	OH, NH b	road
2920,2850	S	CH2. CH2 aliphation	<u></u>
1700	m	acid, ketone	
1600	ω	diketone, H20	···
1460,1370	ω	CH3CH3 aliphatic	
1260	ω	acid.	
1060	ω	alcohol	broad broad

IR REPORT

SAMPLE: COKE LC-7	
-------------------	--

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
3400	S	OH, NH	(broad)
2920,2850	ω	OH, NH CH2, CH3 alipha	He.
1150	w	alcohol.	
1100	ω	alcohol	(broad)
·			
		<u> </u>	
			

	PO	

SAMPLE:	

Frequency (cm ⁻¹)	Intensity	Assignment	Comments
7,			

LC Report

Sample: Solvent Blank, B, (ADL Methylene Chloride, 2500 mL)

	TCO, mg	GRAV, mg	
Taken for LC	0.007	0	
Recovered	0.02	2.4	
Fraction 1	<< 0.01	< 0.1	
2	<< 0.01	< 0.1	
3	0.02	0.6	
4	<< 0.01	< 0.1	
5	<< 0.01	< 0.1	
6	<< 0.01	0.8	
7	<< 0.01	1.0	

LC Report

Sample: Blank, Methylene Chloride (from field, 828 mL)

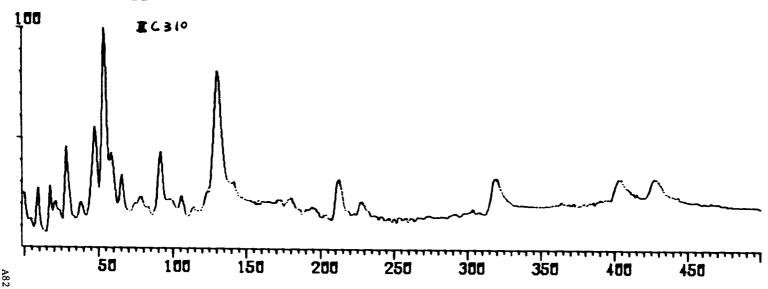
	TCO, mg	GRAV, mg
Taken for LC	0.15	2.1
Recovered	0.14	2.1
Fraction 1	<< 0.01	0.5
2	<< 0.01	< 0.1
3	0.01	0.4
4	<< 0.01	0.6
5	0.02	< 0.1
6	0.01	< 0.1
7	0.1	0.6

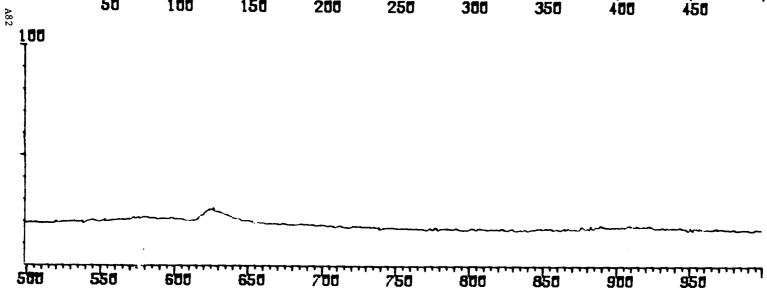
LC Report

Sample: Blank, Methylene Chloride/Methanol (from field, 541 mL)

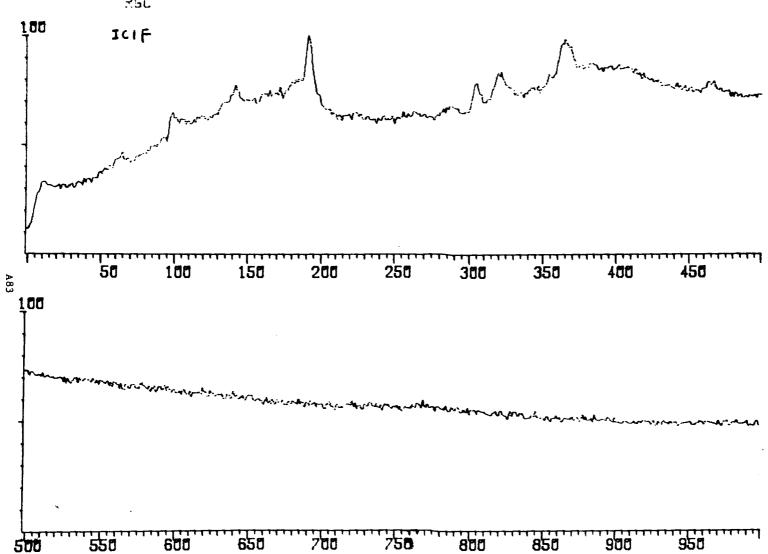
	GRAV, mg	
Taken for LC	2.1	
Recovered	2.1	
Fraction 1	0.25	
2	< 0.1	
3	< 0.1	
4	0.2	
5	< 0.1	
6	< 0.1	
7	1.6	

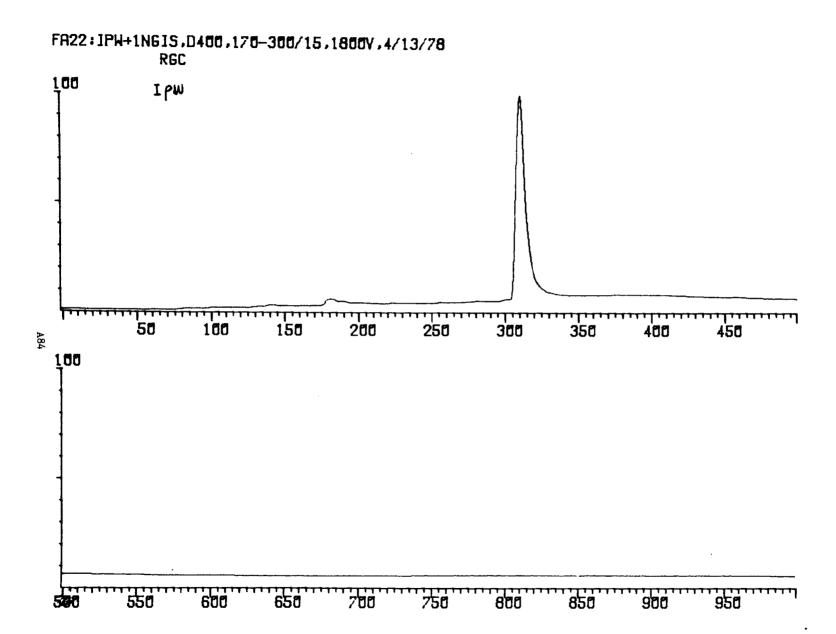
FA12:FER-AL-IIC-310.4/10/78.1NGIS.D400 RGC



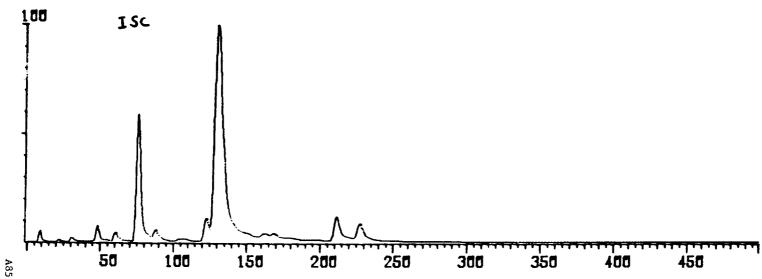


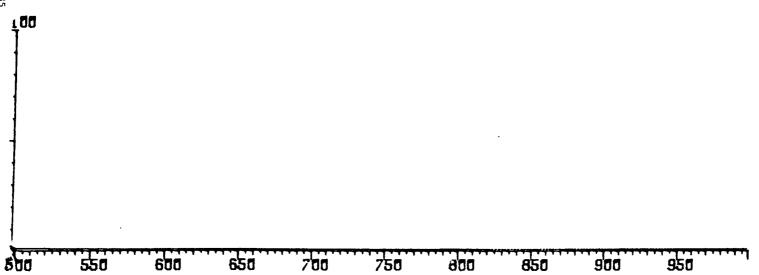
FA28:2(IC1F+1NGIS),D400,170-300/15,1800V,4/14



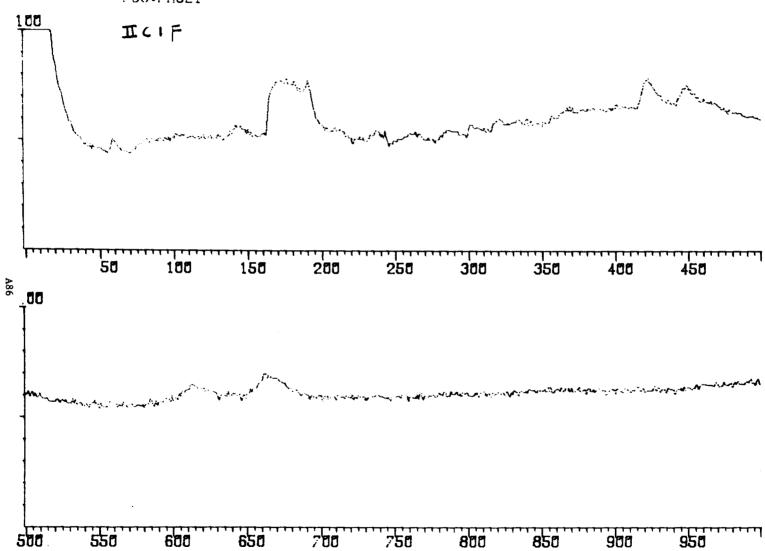


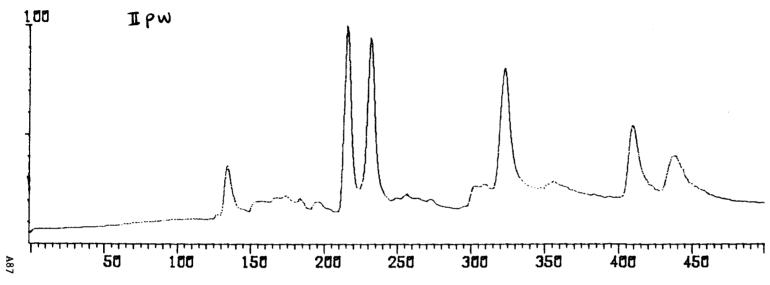
FR15:FER.AL. ISC.4/10/78.1NGIS.D400 170-300/15 RGC

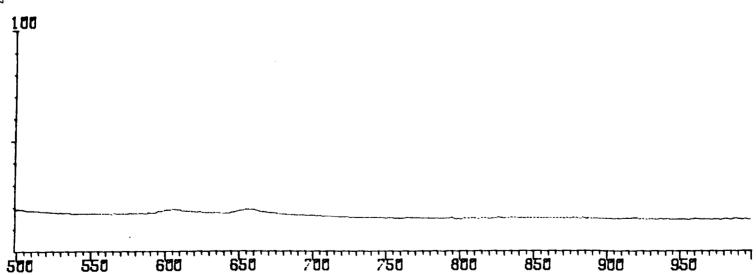




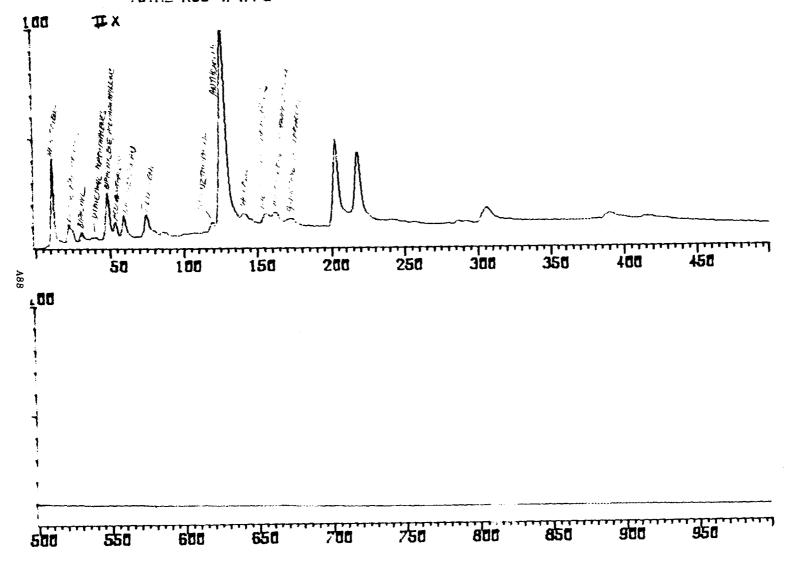
FA26:IIC1F+1NGIS.D400.170-300/15.1800V.4/14/78 :SC.PAGE1



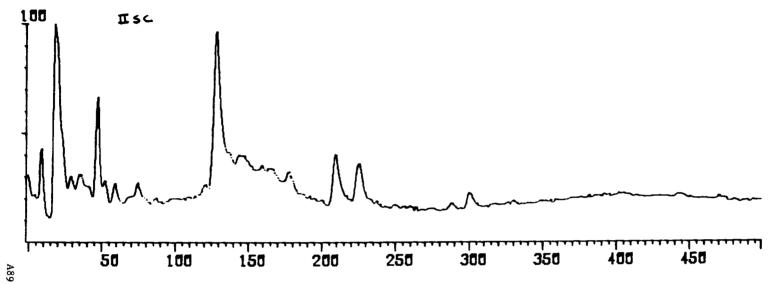




FR4:FER.ALL.11-X,300:1,1ULDEX400,170-300/15,1800 TOTAL RSC 4/4/78



FA14:FER.AL.IISC.4/10/78.1NGIS.D400 170-300/15





APPENDIX B

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA

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	IC310 .							•			•	•	•	•							В2
	IC1F .																			•	В3
	IPW .			•											•					•	В4
	IX .		•							•			•	•	•		•	•	•	•	В5
	I imp 1 .		•			•					•		•			•				•	В6
	IIC310 .													•					•		В7
	IIPW .				•																в8
	IIX .															•		•			В9
	II imp 1 .						•									•			•		B10
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Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601 . AREA CODE 312 726-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph Arthur D. Little, Inc. 25 Acorn Park Cambridge, MA 02140

Date:

March 9, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: I C10 + 3

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

 ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
 Uranium	39	Terbium	1	Ruthenium		Vanadium	320
Thorium	29	Gadolinium	4	Molybdenum	42	Titanium	MC
Bismuth	3	Europium	2	Niobium	43	Scandium	1
Lead	150	Samarium	18	Zirconium	360	Calcium	MC
Thallium	20	Neodymium	42	Yttrium	110	Potassium	MC
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium	35	Strontium	MC	Chlorine	MC
Go1d		Cerium	50	Rubidium	290	Sulfur	MC
Platinum		Lanthanum	40	Bromine	2	Phosphorus	MC
Iridium		Barium	MC	Selenium	8	Silicon	MC
Osmium		Cesium	25	Arsenic	390	Aluminum	MC
Rhenium	<u><</u> 0.5	Iodine	0.4	Germanium	19	Magnesium	MC
Tungsten	2	Tellurium	0.6	Gallium	110	Sodium	MC
Tantalum	<u><</u> 0.7	Antimony	7	Zinc	220	Fluorine	MC
Hafnium	5	Tin	15	Copper	280	0xygen	NR
Lutetium	0.4	Indium	STD	Nickel	50	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium	2	Cadmium	140	Cobalt	13	Carbon	NR
Thulium	0.5	Silver	1	Iron	MC	Boron	18
Erbium	3	Palladium		Manganese	MC	Beryllium	0.9
Holmium	3	Rhodium		Chromium	380	Lithium	>240
Dysprosium	5					Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.1 ppm weight

MC - Major Component

10

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 80801 · AREA CODE 312 728-8434
INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph

Arthur D. Little Company

25 Acorn Park

Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: March 9, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: I C 1 + F

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

ELE	MENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
Ur	anium	48	Terbium	2	Ruthenium		Vanadium	310
Th	orium	59	Gadolinium	5	Molybdenum	51	Titanium	MC
Bi	smuth	4	Europium	3	Niobium	24	Scandium	15
Le	ad	250	Samarium	21	Zirconium	270	Calcium	MC
Th	allium	22	Neodymium	46	Yttrium	85	Potassium	MC
Me	rcury	NR	Praseodymium	21	Strontium	661	Chiorine	140
Go	ld		Cerium	240	Rubidium	360	Sulfur	MC
Pl	atinum		Lanthanum	110	Bromine	2	Phosphorus	MC
Ir	idium		Barium	MC	Selenium	3	Silicon	MC
Osr	nium		Cesium	15	Arsenic	860	Aluminum	MC
Rhe	enium	<u><</u> 0.2	Iodine	0.5	Germanium	10	Magnesium	MC
Tur	ngsten	5	Tellurium	<u><</u> 0.3	Gallium	230	Sodium	MC
Tar	ntalum	<u><</u> 0.9	Antimony	11	Zinc	MC	Fluorine	MC
Haf	nium	6	Tin	9	Copper	180	0xygen	NR
Lut	etium	1	Indium	STD	Nickel	0.3	Nitrogen	NR
Ytt	erbium	5	Cadmium	MC	Cobalt	52	Carbon	NR
Thu	lium	0.7	Silver	3	Iron	MC	Boron	97
Erb	ium	4	Palladium		Manganese	MC	Beryllium	4
Но1	mium	6	Rhodium		Chromium	780	Lithium	>290
Dys	prosium	9					Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.1 ppm weight

MC - Major Component

Approved:

Macons

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601 - AREA CODE 312 726-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph

Arthur D. Little Company

25 Acorn Park

Cambridge, MA 02140

Date:

March 9, 1978

Analyst:

S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: I PW

IAD No.:

97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
Uranium	43	Terbium	2	Ruthenium	COINC.	Vanadium	250
Thorium	52	Gadolinium	6	Molybdenum	680	Titanium	MC
Bismuth	5	Europium	4	Niobium	31	Scandium	9
Lead	280	Samarium	14	Zirconium	130	Calcium	MC
Thallium	16	Neodymium	42	Yttrium	50	Potassium	MC
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium	18	Strontium	610	Ch1orine	MC
Gold	0.2	Cerium	88	Rubidium	88	Sulfur	MC
Platinum		Lanthanum	130	Bromine	530	Phosphorus	MC
Iridium		Barium	MC	Selenium	83	Silicon	MC
Osmium		Cesium	9	Arsenic	MC	Aluminum	MC
Rhenium	<u><</u> 0.4	Iodine	3	Germanium	14	Magnesium	MC
Tungsten	15	Tellurium	0.7	Gallium	50	Sodium	MC
Tantalum		Antimony	24	Zinc	MC	Fluorine	MC
Hafnium	4	Tin	14	Copper	MC	0xygen	NR
Lutetium	0.8	Indium	STD	Nickel	MC	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium	4	Cadmium	MC	Cobalt	77	Carbon	NR
Thulium	0.5	Silver	140	Iron	MC	Boron	32
Erbium	4	Palladium		Manganese	MC	Beryllium	2
Holmium	5	Rhodium		Chromium	MC	Lithium	430
Dysprosium	7					Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported < 0.2 ppm weight

MC -- Major Component

Approved.

Mylacolo

RZ

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601 - AREA CODE 312 726-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph

Arthur D. Little Company

25 Acorn Park

Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: March 9, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.:

540530

Sample No.: I XAD Parr Bombed

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
Uranium	<u><</u> 3	Terbium		Ruthenium		Vanadium	0.4
Thorium		Gadolinium		Molybdenum	4	Titanium	59
Bismuth	3	Europium		Niobium		Scandium	<u><</u> 0.4
Lead	3	Samarium		Zirconium	82	Calcium	210
Thallium		Neodymium		Yttrium	3	Potassium	520
Mercury	NR	Praseodymiun	n	Strontium	4	Chlorine	CONT
Gold		Cerium	2	Rubidium	0.3	Sulfur	24
Platinum	4.	Lanthanum	2	Bromine	4	Phosphorus	29
Iridium		Barium	9	Selenium	0.7	Silicon	52
Osmium		Cesium		Arsenic	8	Aluminum	470
Rhenium		Iodine	0.4	Germanium		Magnesium	17
Tungsten		Tellurium		Gallium	0.3	Sodium	>970
Tantalum		Antimony	^	Zinc	100	Fluorine	CONT
Hafnium		Tin	3	Copper	10	0xygen	NR
Lutetium		Indium	STD	Nickel	16	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium		Cadmium	6	Cobalt	<u><</u> 0.6	Carbon	NR
Thulium		Silver	0.4	Iron	73	Boron	CONT
Erbium		Palladium		Manganese	5	Beryllium	
Holmium		Rhodium		Chromium	4	Lithium	
Dysprosium						Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.4 ppm weight

MC - Major Component CONT-Contamination

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 80801 · AREA CODE 312 728-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph Arthur D. Little Inc. 25 Acorn Park Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: March 9, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: Impinger I

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN µg/m]

 ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
 Uranium	0.1	Terbium		Ruthenium		Vanadium	0.005
Thorium		Gadolinium		Molybdenum	2	Titanium	0.3
Bismuth		Europium		Niobium	0.004	Scandium	<0.001
Lead	0.03	Samarium		Zirconium	0.02	Calcium	2
Thallium		Neodymium		Yttrium		Potassium	4
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium		Strontium	0.04	Chlorine	0.4
Gold		Cerium		Rubidium	0.003	Sulfur	5
Platinum		Lanthanum		Bromine	0.06	Phosphorus	0.2
Iridium		Barium	3	Selenium	0.2	Silicon	1
Osmium		Cesium		Arsenic	0.07	Aluminum	0.3
Rhenium		Iodine	0.02	Germanium		Magnesium	0.7
Tungs ten		Tellurium		Gallium		Sodium	0.9
Tantalum		Antimony		Zinc	0.2	Fluorine	≃0.5
Hafnium		Tin	0.01	Copper	0.7	0xygen	NR
Lutetium		Indium	STD	Nickel	2	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium		Cadmium	0.02	Cobalt	0.04	Carbon	NR
Thulium		Silver	0.006	Iron	2	Boron	0.01
Erbium		Palladium		Manganese	0.2	Beryllium	
Holmium		Rhodium		Chromium	0.7	Lithium	0.02
Dysprosium						Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported < 0.003µg/m]

MC - Major Component

Approved: Moreo as

B 5

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601 · AREA CODE 312 726-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph

Arthur D. Little Company

25 Acorn Park

Cambridge, MA 02140

Date:

March 9, 1978

Analyst:

S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: II C10 + 3

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
Uranium	2	Terbium	0.2	Ruthenium		Vanadium	16
Thorium	2	Gadolinium	0.6	Molybdenum	26	Titanium	130
Bismuth	8	Europium	0.3	Niobium	1	Scandium	0.7
Lead	380	Samarium	2	Zirconium	8	Calcium	MC
Thallium	55	Neodymium	3	Yttrium	2	Potassium	MC
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium	1	Strontium	110	Chlorine	MC
Gold		Cerium	8	Rubidium	MC	Sulfur	MC
Platinum		Lanthanum	5	Bromine	300	Phosphorus	MC
Iridium		Barium	MC	Selenium	14	Silicon	MC
Osmium		Cesium	17	Arsenic	MC	Aluminum	MC
Rhenium		Iodine	54	Germanium	5	Magnesium	MC
Tungsten	15	Tellurium	4	Gallium	43	Sodium	MC
Tantalum		Antimony	18	Zinc	MC	Fluorine	MC
Hafnium		Tin	5	Copper	460	0xygen	NR
Lutetium	0.1	Indium	STD	Nickel	85	Ni trogen	NR
Ytterbium	0.5	Cadmium	75	Cobalt	200	Carbon	NR
Thulium	0.1	Silver	9	Iron	MC	Boron	10
Erbium	0.4	Palladium		Manganese	MC	Beryllium	0.1
Holmium	0.5	Rhodium		Chromium	130	Lithium	29
Dysprosium	8.0					Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.1 ppm weight

MC - Major Component

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 80801 · AREA CODE 312 728-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph

Arthur D. Little, Incorporated

25 Acorn Park

Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: March 9, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: II C1 + F

IAD No.:

97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
Uranium	2	Terbium	0.5	Ruthenium		Vanadium	8
Thorium		Gadolinium	1	Molybdenum	60	Titanium	130
Bismuth	5	Europium	0.7	Niobium	0.3	Scandium	1
Lead	940	Samarium	2	Zirconium	7	Calcium	MC
Thallium	120	Neodymium	2	Yttrium	2	Potassium	MC
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium	1	Strontium	330	Chlorine	MC
Gold		Cerium	8	Rubidium	450	Sulfur	MC
Platinum		Lanthanum	5	Bromine	300	Phosphorus	MC
Iridium		Barium	MC	Selenium	16	Silicon	MC
Osmium		Cesium	25	Arsenic	MC	Aluminum	MC
Rhenium		Iodine	160	Germanium	2	Magnesium	MC
Tungs ten	23	Tellurium	4	Gallium	68	Sodium	MC
Tantalum		Antimony	40	Zinc	MC	Fluorine	MC
Hafnium		Tin	4	Copper	460	0xygen	NR
Lutetium	<0.1	Indium	STD	Nickel	3	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium	0.3	Cadmium	130	Cobalt	80	Carbon	NR
Thulium	<0.1	Silver	7	Iron	MC	Boron	19
Erbium	0.3	Palladium		Manganese	MC	Beryllium	0.2
Holmium	0.4	Rhodium		Chromium	6	Lithium	30
Dysprosium	1					Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.1 ppm weight

MC - Major Component

Approved:

MIkerolls

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601 · AREA CODE 312 728-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

Ms. Julie Rudolph Arthur D. Little, Inc. To: 25 Acorn Park Cambridge, MA 02140



Date: March 9, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530 Sample No.: II PW

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	FLEMENT	CONC.
Uranium	8	Terbium	0.2	Ruthenium		Vanadium	8
Thorium	2	Gadolinium	0.6	Molybdenum	67	Titanium	80
Bismuth	17	Europium	0.6	Niobium	0.9	Scandium	0.3
Lead	MC	Samarium	3	Zirconium	12	Calcium	MC
Thallium	65	Neodymium	3	Yttrium	2	Potassium	MC
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium	1	Strontium	60	Chlorine	MC
Gold		Cerium	16	Rubidium	590	Sulfur	MC
Platinum		Lanthanum	11	Bromine	230	Phosphorus	MC
Iridium		Barium	MC	Selenium	27	Silicon	MC
Osmium		Cesium	16	Arsenic	MC	A1 uminum	MC
Rhenium		Iodine	50	Germanium	6	Magnesium	MC
Tungsten	15	Tellurium	5	Gallium	60	Sodium	MC
Tantalum		Antimony	47	Zinc	MC	Fluorine	≃630
Hafnium	0.2	Tin	2	Copper	810	0xygen	NR
Lutetium	<0.1	Indium	STD	Nickel	50	Ni trogen	NR
Ytterbium	0.3	Cadmium	130	Cobalt	80	Carbon	NR
Thulium	<0.1	Silver	11	Iron	MC	Boron	10
Erbium	0.3	Palladium		Manganese	MC	Beryllium	0.1
Holmium	0.3	Rhodium		Chromium	20	Lithium	25
Dysprosium	0.5					Hydrogen	NR
	Uranium Thorium Bismuth Lead Thallium Mercury Gold Platinum Iridium Osmium Rhenium Tungsten Tantalum Hafnium Lutetium Ytterbium Thulium Erbium Holmium	Uranium 8 Thorium 2 Bismuth 17 Lead MC Thallium 65 Mercury NR Gold Platinum Iridium Osmium Rhenium Tungsten 15 Tantalum Hafnium 0.2 Lutetium <0.1 Ytterbium 0.3 Thulium <0.1 Erbium 0.3 Holmium 0.3	Uranium 8 Terbium Thorium 2 Gadolinium Bismuth 17 Europium Lead MC Samarium Thallium 65 Neodymium Mercury NR Praseodymium Gold Cerium Platinum Lanthanum Iridium Barium Osmium Cesium Rhenium Iodine Tungsten 15 Tellurium Tantalum Antimony Hafnium 0.2 Tin Lutetium <0.1 Indium Ytterbium 0.3 Cadmium Thulium <0.1 Silver Erbium 0.3 Palladium Holmium 0.3 Rhodium	Uranium 8 Terbium 0.2 Thorium 2 Gadolinium 0.6 Bismuth 17 Europium 0.6 Lead MC Samarium 3 Thallium 65 Neodymium 3 Mercury NR Praseodymium 1 Gold Cerium 16 Platinum Lanthanum 11 Iridium Barium MC Osmium Cesium 16 Rhenium Iodine 50 Tungsten 15 Tellurium 5 Tantalum Antimony 47 Hafnium 0.2 Tin 2 Lutetium <0.1 Indium STD Ytterbium 0.3 Cadmium 130 Thulium <0.1 Silver 11 Erbium 0.3 Rhodium	Uranium 8 Terbium 0.2 Ruthenium Thorium 2 Gadolinium 0.6 Molybdenum Bismuth 17 Europium 0.6 Niobium Lead MC Samarium 3 Zirconium Thallium 65 Neodymium 3 Yttrium Mercury NR Praseodymium 1 Strontium Gold Cerium 16 Rubidium Platinum Lanthanum 11 Bromine Iridium Barium MC Selenium Osmium Cesium 16 Arsenic Rhenium Iodine 50 Germanium Tungsten 15 Tellurium 5 Gallium Tantalum Antimony 47 Zinc Hafnium 0.2 Tin 2 Copper Lutetium <0.1 Indium STD Nickel Ytterbium 0.3 Cadmium 130 Cobalt Thulium <0.1 Silver 11 Iron Erbium 0.3 Palladium Manganese Holmium 0.3 Rhodium Chromium	Uranium 8 Terbium 0.2 Ruthenium Thorium 2 Gadolinium 0.6 Molybdenum 67 Bismuth 17 Europium 0.6 Niobium 0.9 Lead MC Samarium 3 Zirconium 12 Thallium 65 Neodymium 3 Yttrium 2 Mercury NR Praseodymium 1 Strontium 60 Gold Cerium 16 Rubidium 590 Platinum Lanthanum 11 Bromine 230 Iridium Barium MC Selenium 27 Osmium Cesium 16 Arsenic MC Rhenium Iodine 50 Germanium 6 Tungsten 15 Tellurium 5 Gallium 60 Tantalum Antimony 47 Zinc MC Hafnium 0.2 Tin 2 Copper 810	Uranium 8 Terbium 0.2 Ruthenium Vanadium Thorium 2 Gadolinium 0.6 Molybdenum 67 Titanium Bismuth 17 Europium 0.6 Niobium 0.9 Scandium Lead MC Samarium 3 Zirconium 12 Calcium Thallium 65 Neodymium 3 Yttrium 2 Potassium Mercury NR Praseodymium 1 Strontium 60 Chlorine Gold Cerium 16 Rubidium 590 Sulfur Platinum Lanthanum 11 Bromine 230 Phosphorus Iridium Barium MC Selenium 27 Silicon Osmium Cesium 16 Arsenic MC Aluminum Rhenium Iodine 50 Germanium 6 Magnesium Tungsten 15 Tellurium 5 Gallium 60 Sodium Tantalum Antimony 47 Zinc MC Fluorine Hafnium 0.2 Tin 2 Copper 810 Oxygen Lutetium <0.1 Indium STD Nickel 50 Nitrogen Ytterbium 0.3 Cadmium 130 Cobalt 80 Carbon Thulium <0.1 Silver 11 Iron MC Boron Erbium 0.3 Palladium Manganese MC Beryllium Holmium 0.3 Rhodium Chromium 20 Lithium

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.1 ppm weight

MC - Major Component

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 80801 . AREA CODE 312 728-8494 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

Ms. Julie Rudolph To:

Arthur D. Little Company

25 Acorn Park

Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: March 9, 1978

Analyst:

S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: II XAD Parr Bombed

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

 ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
 Uranium	2	Terbium		Ruthenium		Vanadium	0.3
Thorium		Gadolinium		Molybdenum	6	Titanium	27
Bismuth	8	Europium		Niobium		Scandium	<u><</u> 0.3
Lead	3	Samarium		Zirconium	59	Calcium	260
Thallium		Neodymium		Yttrium	0.3	Potassium	140
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium	0.3	Strontium	5	Chlorine	CONT
Gold		Cerium	0.9	Rubidium	0.1	Sulfur	7
Platinum	1	Lanthanum	1	Bromine	2	Phosphorus	16
Iridium		Barium	5	Selenium	1	Silicon	310
Osmium		Cesium		Arsenic	5	Aluminum	<u>></u> 230
Rhenium		Iodine	0.4	Germanium	0.1	Magnesium	26
Tungsten		Tellurium		Gallium	0.2	Sodium	MC
Tantalum		Antimony		Zinc	12	Fluorine	CONT
Hafnium		Tin	0.9	Copper	3	0xygen	NR
Lutetium		Indium	STD	Nickel	13	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium		Cadmium	<u><</u> 0.9	Cobalt	0.2	Carbon	NR
Thulium		Silver	0.4	Iron	44	Boron	CONT
Erbium		Palladium		Manganese	5	Beryllium	
Holmium		Rhodium		Chromium	5	Lithium	
Dysprosium						Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.2 ppm weight MC - Major Component CONT-Contamination

MC - Major Component

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 68601 - AREA CODE 312 728-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph Arthur D. Little Inc. 25 Acorn Park Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: March 9, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: Impinger II

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN µg/m]

ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
Uranium		Terbium		Ruthenium		Vanadium	0.001
Thorium		Gadolinium		Molybdenum	2	Titanium	0.04
Bismuth	0.006	Europium		Niobium	0.02	Scandium	<u><</u> 0.002
Lead	0.03	Samarium		Zirconium	0.02	Calcium	5
Thallium		Neodymium		Yttrium		Potausium	l*C
Mercury	NR	Praseodymiu	ım	Strontium	0.01	Chlorine	0.3
Gold		Cerium		Rubidium	0.003	Sulfur	0.8
Platinum		Lanthanum		Bromine	0.008	Phosphorus	0.1
Iridium		Barium	0.09	Selenium	0.2	Silicon	0.3
Osmium		Cesium		Arsenic	0.03	Aluminum	0.1
Rhenium		Iodine		Germanium		Magnesium	0.2
Tungsten		Tellurium		Gallium	0.003	Sodium	2
Tantalum		Antimony		Zinc	0.1	Fluorine	~2
Hafnium		Tin		Copper	0.1	0xygen	NR
Lutetium		Indium	STD	Nickel	0.3	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium		Cadmium		Cobalt	0.006	Carbon	NR
Thulium		Silver	0.2	Iron	0.9	Boron	0.002
Erbium		Palladium		Manganese	0.4	Beryllium	
Holmium		Rhodium		Chromium	1	Lithium	0.001
Dysprosium						Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.004 µg/m]

MC - Major Component

Approved:

13-10

M / becolds

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 80801 · AREA CODE 312 728-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To:

Ms. Julie Rudolph A. D. Little, Inc. 25 Acorn Park Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: April 4, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.:

Sample No.: Parr Bombed XAD Resin Blank

IAD No.:

97-B085-110-01

(Sample was received broken) CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
Uranium	3	Terbium		Ruthenium		Vanadium	0.4
Thorium	<u><</u> 2	Gadolinium		Molybdenum	3	Titanium	13
Bismuth		Europium		Niobium		Scandium	<u><</u> 0.1
Lead	90	Samarium		Zirconium	72	Calcium	210
Thallium		Neodymium		Yttrium	<u><</u> 0.7	Potassium	170
Mercury	NR	Praseodymiu	m <u><</u> 0.1	Strontium	5	Chlorine	CONT
Gold		Cerium	1	Rubidium	0.2	Sulfur	23
Platinum	780	Lanthanum	0.5	Bromine	4	Phosphorus	8
Iridium		Barium	79	Selenium	<u><</u> 0.7	Silicon	95
Osmium		Cesium		Arsenic	1	Aluminum	>110
Rhenium		Iodine		Germanium		Magnesium	51
Tungsten		Tellurium		Gallium	0.3	Sodium	>280
Tantalum		Antimony	0.4	Zinc	7	Fluorine	CONT
Hafnium		Tin	1	Copper	37	0xygen	NR
Lutetium		Indium	STD	Nickel	10	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium		Cadmium	<u><</u> 0.4	Cobalt	0.2	Carbon	NR
Thulium		Silver	0.5	Iron	180	Boron	CONT
Erbium		Palladium		Manganese	2	Beryllium	
Holmium		Rhodium		Chromium	25	Lithium	0.6
Dysprosium						Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.1 ppm weight

MC - Major Component

CONT-Contamination

Approved: M. L. Jacober (56)

B-11

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 80801 · AREA CODE 312 726-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To: Ms. Julie Rudolph A. D. Little, Inc. 20 Acorn Park Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: April 4, 1978

Analyst: S. Sweeney

P. O. No.:

Sample No.: Blank Imp.

IAD No.:

97-B089-110-01

CONCENTRATION IN µg/m1

 				. 37			
 ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
Uranium	0.09	Terbium		Ruthenium		Vanadium	0.003
Thorium		Gadolinium		Molybdenum	0.1	Titanium	0.03
Bismuth		Europium		Niobium		Scandium	<u><</u> 0.002
Lead	0.04	Samarium		Zirconium	0.004	Calcium	2
Thallium		Neodymium		Yttrium		Potassium	1
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium		Strontium	0.04	Chlorine	0.4
Gold		Cerium	0.02	Rubidium	<u><</u> 0.002	Sulfur	0.08
Platinum		Lanthanum	0.01	Bromine	0.02	Phosphorus	0.09
Iridium		Barium	0.03	Selenium	<u><</u> 0.004	Silicon	0.9
Osmium		Cesium		Arsenic	<u>≺</u> 0.002	Aluminum	0.09
Rhenium		Iodine		Germanium		Magnesium	0.3
Tungsten		Tellurium		Gallium		Sodium	<u>≥</u> 7
Tantalum		Antimony		Zinc	0.08	Fluorine	≃0.2
Hafnium		Tin		Copper	0.04	0xygen	NR
Lutetium		Indium	STD	Nickel	0.01	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium		Cadmium		Cobalt	<u><</u> 0.002	Carbon	NR
Thulium		Silver		Iron	0.2	Boron	0.05
Erbium		Palladium		Manganese	0.006	Beryllium	
Holmium		Rhodium		Chromium	0.007	Lithium	<0.002
Dysprosium						Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported $< 0.002 \mu g/m1$

MC - Major Component

Approved: M.L. Jacobs (85)

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 80801 . AREA CODE 312 726-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

Ms. Julie Rudolph To:

Arthur D. Little Company

25 Acorn Park

Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: March 9, 1978

S. Sweeney Analyst:

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.: Coal Parr Bomb

IAD No.: 97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

·	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
	Uranium	<0.8	Terbium	0.1	Ruthenium		Vanadium	9
	Thorium	<u><</u> 1	Gadolinium	0.3	Molybdenum	6	Titanium	300
	Bismuth	220	Europium	0.2	Niobium	1	Scandium	1
	Lead	9	Samarium	0.8	Zirconium	74	Calcium	860
	Thallium		Neodymium	1	Yttrium	4	Potassium	MC
	Mercury	NR	Praseodymium	1	Strontium	37	Chlorine	CONT
	Gold		Cerium	7	Rubidium	1	Sulfur	MC
	Platinum	120	Lanthanum	5	Bromine	2	Phosphorus	780
	Iridium		Barium	810	Selenium	3	Silicon	39
	Osmium		Cesium	0.1	Arsenic	11	Aluminum	>110
	Rhenium		Iodine	0.2	Germanium	<u><2</u>	Magnesium	350
	Tungsten		Tellurium		Gallium	2	Sodium	MC
	Tantalum		Antimony	0.9	Zinc	33	Fluorine	CONT
	Hafnium		Tin	3	Copper	12	0xygen	NR
	Lutetium		Indium	STD	Nickel	12	Nitrogen	NR
	Ytterbium		Cadmium	2	Cobalt	2	Carbon	NR
	Thulium		Silver	1	Iron	MC	Boron	CONT
	Erbium		Palladium		Manganese	MC	Beryllium	0.1
	Holmium		Rhodium		Chromium	26	Lithium	40
	Dysprosium						Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.1 ppm weight MC - Major Component CONT-Contamination

Reply to

GENERAL OFFICES: 228 NORTH LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601 · AREA CODE 312 726-8434 INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS DIVISION, 14335 WEST 44TH AVENUE, GOLDEN, COLORADO 80401, PHONE: 303-278-9521

To:

Ms. Julie Rudolph Arthur D. Little Company 25 Acorn Park

Cambridge, MA 02140

Date: March 9, 1978

Analyst:

S. Sweeney

P. O. No.: 540530

Sample No.:

Coke Parr Bombed

IAD No.:

97-A981-110-12

CONCENTRATION IN PPM WEIGHT

 ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.	ELEMENT	CONC.
 Uranium	4	Terbium	0.1	Ruthenium	CONC.	Vanadium	41
Thorium	3	Gadolinium	0.5	Molybdenum	12	Titanium	MC
Bismuth	3	Europium	0.3	Niobium	7	Scandium	4
Lead	7	Samarium	2	Zirconium	210	Calcium	MC
Thallium		Neodymium	4	Yttrium	5	Potassium	MC
Mercury	NR	Praseodymium	2	Strontium	110	Chlorine	CONT
Gold		Cerium	10	Rubidium	14	Sulfur	MC
Platinum	0.8	Lanthanum	14	Bromine	6	Phosphorus	710
Iridium		Barium	240	Selenium	1	Silicon	MC
Osmium		Cesium	1	Arsenic	14	Aluminum	MC
Rhenium		Iodine	0.3	Germanium	2	Magnesium	MC
Tungsten		Tellurium	<u><</u> 0.8	Gallium	5	Sodium	MC
Tantalum		Antimony	1	Zinc	110	Fluorine	CONT
Hafnium		Tin	5	Copper	30	0xygen	NR
Lutetium		Indium	STD	Nickel	17	Nitrogen	NR
Ytterbium		Cadmium	3	Cobalt	10	Carbon	NR
Thulium		Silver	3	Iron	MC	Boron	CONT
Erbium		Palladium		Manganese	560	Beryllium	0.5
Holmium		Rhodium		Chromium	38	Lithium	46
Dysprosium						Hydrogen	NR

NR - Not Reported

All elements not reported <0.1 ppm weight CONT-Contamination - Major Component

TECHNICAL REPORT DAT (Please read Instructions on the reverse before	TA re completing)				
1. REPORT NO. 2. EPA-600/2-79-045	3. RECIPIENT'S ACCESSION NO.				
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Ferroalloy Process Emissions Measurement	5. REPORT DATE February 1979				
·	6. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION CODE				
J. L. Rudolph, J. C. Harris, Z. A. Grosser, and P. L. Levins	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NO.				
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Arthur D. Little, Inc.	INE 624				
Acorn Park	11. CONTRACT/GRANT NO.				
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02140	68-02-2150, T.D. 21502				
EPA, Office of Research and Development Industrial Environmental Research Laboratory Research Triangle Park, NC 27711	13. TYPE OF REPORT AND PERIOD COVERED Task Final; 11/77 - 3/78 14. SPONSORING AGENCY CODE EPA/600/13				

tant project officer Robert V. Hendriks (MD-62, 919/541-2733) is to be contacted for technical details concerning the ferroalloy process or industry.

tify particulate, organic, and inorganic chemical emissions in effluents from a totally sealed metallurgical furnace at a ferroalloy plant. Effluents were sampled downstream of a venturi scrubber during silicomanganese production (Test I) and upstream of the scrubber during ferromanganese production (Test II). Sampling and analysis methodology was essentially that of EPA's Level I Environmental Assessment procedure, supplemented by a specific analysis of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). Good agreement was observed between the results of Level I organic analysis and the specific analysis of PAH. Good agreement was also found between the atomic absorption and spark source mass spectroscopic analyses of As and Sb. Because the tests involved different ferroalloy production processes, their results are not a quantitative measure of venturi scrubber efficiency. However, the data imply good particulate removal efficiency. The venturi scrubber also appears to be effective for removal of polynuclear aromatics, especially species in the higher molecular weight range.

17.	KEY WORDS AND DO	DOUMENT ANALYSIS		
a. D	ESCRIPTORS	b.IDENTIFIERS/OPEN ENDED TERMS	S c. COSATI Field/Grou	
Pollution	Dust	Pollution Control	13B	11G
Ferroalloys	Organic Compounds	Stationary Sources	11F	
Metallurgical Fun	rnaces	Particulate	131,13A	
Measurement	Inorganic Com-	Silicomanganese	14B	
Sampling	pounds			07B
Analyzing	Ferromanganese clic Hydrocarbons		07C	
	ENT	19. SECURITY CLASS (This Report) Unclassified	21. NO. OF PAG	GES
Unlimited		20. SECURITY CLASS (This page) Unclassified	22. PRICE	