# DISTRIBUTION OF PHYTOPLANKTON IN DELAWARE LAKES



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# DISTRIBUTION OF PHYTOPLANKTON IN DELAWARE LAKES

by

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#### FOREWORD

Protection of the environment requires effective regulatory actions which are based on sound technical and scientific information. This information must include the quantitative description and linking of pollutant sources, transport mechanisms, interactions, and resulting effects on man and his environment. Because of the complexities involved, assessment of specific pollutants in the environment requires a total systems approach which transcends the media of air, water, and land. The Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory-Las Vegas contributes to the formation and enhancement of a sound integrated monitoring data base through multidisciplinary, multimedia programs designed to:

- develop and optimize systems and strategies for monitoring pollutants and their impact on the environment
- demonstrate new monitoring systems and technologies by applying them to fulfill special monitoring needs of the Agency's operating programs

This report presents the species and abundance of phytoplankton in the 6 lakes sampled by the National Eutrophication Survey in the State of Delaware, along with results from the calculation of several commonly used biological indices of water quality and community structure. These data can be used to biologically characterize the study lakes, and as baseline data for future investigations. This report was written for use by Federal, State, and local governmental agencies concerned with water quality analysis, monitoring, and/or regulation. Private industry and individuals similarly involved with the biological aspects of water quality will find the document useful. For further information contact the Water and Land Quality Branch, Monitoring Operations Division.

Searge B. Morgan

Ďirector

Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory
Las Vegas

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# INTRODUCTION

The collection and analysis of phytoplankton data were included in the National Eutrophication Survey in an effort to determine relationships between algal characteristics and trophic status of individual lakes.

During spring, summer, and fall of 1973, the Survey sampled 250 lakes in 17 States. Over 700 algal species and varieties were identified and enumerated from the 743 water samples examined.

This report presents the species and abundance of phytoplankton in the 6 lakes sampled in the State of Delaware (Table 1). The Nygaard's Trophic State (Nygaard 1949), Palmer's Organic Pollution (Palmer 1969), and species diversity and abundance indices are also included.

TABLE 1. LAKES SAMPLED IN THE STATE OF DELAWARE

STORET #	LAKE NAME	COUNTY
1002	Killen Pond	Kent
1005	Moores Lake (Pond)	Kent
1007	Noxontown Pond	New Castle
1008	Silver Lake	New Castle
1009	Williams Pond	Sussex
1010	Trussum Pond (Moores Pond)	Sussex

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

# LAKE AND SITE SELECTION

Lakes and reservoirs included in the Survey were selected through discussions with State water pollution agency personnel and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Regional Offices (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 1975). Screening and selection strongly emphasized lakes with actual or potential accelerated eutrophication problems. As a result, the selection was limited to lakes:

- (1) impacted by one or more municipal sewage treatment plant outfalls either directly into the lake or by discharge to an inlet tributary within approximately 40 kilometers of the lake;
- (2) 40 hectares or larger in size; and
- (3) with a mean hydraulic retention time of at least 30 days.

Specific selection criteria were waived for some lakes of particular State interest.

Sampling sites for a lake were selected based on available information on lake morphometry, potential major sources of nutrient input, and on-site judgment of the field limnologist (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 1975). Primary sampling sites were chosen to reflect the deepest portion of each major basin in a test lake. Where many basins were present, selection was guided by nutrient source information on hand. At each sampling site, a depth-integrated phytoplankton sample was taken. Depth-integrated samples were uniform mixtures of water from the surface to a depth of 15 feet (4.6 meters) or from the surface to the lower limit of the photic zone representing 1 percent of the incident light, whichever was greater. If the depth at the sampling site was less than 15 feet (4.6 meters), the sample was taken from just off the bottom to the surface. Normally, a lake was sampled three times in 1 year, providing information on spring, summer, and fall conditions.

#### SAMPLE PREPARATION

Four milliliters (ml) of Acid-Lugol's solution (Prescott 1970) were added to each 130-ml sample from each site at the time of collection for preservation. The samples were shipped to the Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Las Vegas, Nevada, where equal volumes from each site were mixed to form two 130-ml composite samples for a given lake. One composite sample was put into storage and the other was used for the examination.

Prior to examination, the composite samples were concentrated by the settling method. Solids were allowed to settle for at least 24 hours prior to siphoning off the supernate. The volume of the removed supernate and the volume of the remaining concentrate were measured and concentrations determined. A small (8 ml) library subsample of the concentrate was then taken. The remaining concentrate was gently agitated to resuspend the plankton and poured into a capped, graduated test tube. If a preliminary examination of a sample indicated the need for a more concentrated sample, the contents of the test tube were further concentrated by repeating the settling method. Final concentrations varied from 15 to 40 times the original.

Permanent slides were prepared from concentrated samples after analysis was complete. A drop of superconcentrate from the bottom of the test tube was placed in a ring of clear Karo®Corn Syrup with phenol (a few crystals of phenol were added to each 100 ml of syrup) on a glass slide, thoroughly mixed, and topped with a coverglass. After the syrup at the edges of the coverglass had hardened, the excess was scraped away and the mount was sealed with clear fingernail polish. Permanent diatom slides were prepared by drying sample material on a coverglass, heating in a muffle furnace at 400° C for 45 minutes, and mounting in Hyrax®. Finally, the mounts were sealed with clear fingernail polish.

Backup samples, library samples, permanent sample slides, and Hyrax®mounted diatom slides are being stored and maintained at the U.S. Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory-Las Vegas.

## **EXAMINATION**

The phytoplankton samples were examined with the aid of binocular compound microscopes. A preliminary examination was performed to precisely identify and list all forms encountered. The length of this examination varied depending on the complexity of the sample. An attempt was made to find and identify all of the forms present in each sample. Often forms were observed which could not be identified to species or to genus. Abbreviated descriptions were used to keep a record of these forms (e.g., lunate cell, blue-green filament, Navicula #1). Diatom slides were examined using a standard light microscope. If greater resolution was essential to accurately identify the diatoms, a phase-contrast microscope was used.

After the species list was compiled, phytoplankton were enumerated using a Neubauer Counting Chamber with a 40X objective lens and a 10X ocular lens. All forms within each field were counted. The count was continued until a minimum of 100 fields had been viewed, or until the dominant form had been observed a minimum of 100 times.

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# QUALITY CONTROL

Internal quality control checks on species identifications and counts were performed on a regular basis between project phycologists at the rate of 7 percent. Although an individual had primary responsibility for analyzing a sample, taxonomic problems were discussed among the phycologists.

Additional quality control checks were performed on the Survey samples by Dr. G. W. Prescott of the University of Montana at the rate of 5 percent. Quality control checks were made on 75 percent of these samples to verify species identifications while checks were made on the remaining 25 percent of the samples to verify genus counts. Presently, the agreement between quality control checks for species identification and genus enumerations is satisfactory.

## **RESULTS**

The Appendix summarizes all of the phytoplankton data collected from the State by the Survey. It is organized by lake, including an alphabetical phytoplankton species list with concentrations for individual species given by sampling date. Results from the application of several indices are presented (Nygaard's Trophic State, Palmer's Organic Pollution, and species diversity and abundance). Each lake has been assigned a four digit STORET number. [STORET (STOrage and RETrieval) is the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's computer system which processes and maintains water quality data.] The first two digits of the STORET number identify the State; the last two digits identify the lake.

## NYGAARD'S TROPHIC STATE INDICES

Five indices devised by Nygaard (1949) were proposed under the assumption that certain algal groups are indicative of levels of nutrient enrichment. These indices were calculated in order to aid in determining the surveyed lakes' trophic status. As a general rule, Cyanophyta, Euglenophyta, centric diatoms, and members of the Chlorococcales are found in waters that are eutrophic (rich in nutrients), while desmids and many pennate diatoms generally cannot tolerate high nutrient levels and so are found in oligotrophic waters (poor in nutrients).

In applying the indices to the Survey data, the number of taxa in each major group was determined from the species list for each sample. The ratios of these groups give numerical values which can be used as a biological index of water richness. The five indices and the ranges of values each for Danish lakes by Nygaard for each trophic state are presented in Table 2. The appropriate symbol, (E) eutrophic and (O) oligotrophic, follows each calculated value in the tables in the Appendix. A question mark (?) was entered in these tables when the calculated value was within the range of both classifications.

## PALMER'S ORGANIC POLLUTION INDICES

Palmer (1969) analyzed reports from 165 authors and developed algal pollution indices for use in rating water samples with high organic pollution. Two lists of organic pollution-tolerant forms were prepared, one containing 20 genera, the other, 20 species (Tables 3 and 4). Each form was assigned a pollution index number ranging from 1 for moderately tolerant forms to 6 for extremely tolerant forms. Palmer based the index numbers on occurrence records and/or where emphasized by the authors as being especially tolerant of organic pollution.

TABLE 2. NYGAARD'S TROPHIC STATE INDICES ADAPTED FROM HUTCHINSON (1967)

Index	Calculation	Oligotrophic	Eutrophic
Myxophycean	Myxophyceae Desmideae	0.0-0.4	0.1-3.0
Chlorophycean	Chlorococcales Desmideae	0.0-0.7	0.2-9.0
Diatom	Centric Diatoms Pennate Diatoms	0.0-0.3	0.0-1.75
Euglenophyte	Euglenophyta Myxophyceae + Chlorococcales	0.0-0.3	0.0-1.0
Compound	Myxophyceae + Chlorococcales + Centric Diatoms + Euglenophyta  Desmideae	0.0-1.0	1.2-25

TABLE 3. ALGAL GENUS POLLUTION INDEX TABLE 4. ALGAL SPECIES POLLUTION (Palmer 1969)

INDEX (Palmer 1969)

Genus	Pollution Index	Species	Pollution Index
Anacystis	<del></del>	Ankistrodesmus falcatus	3
Ankistrodesmus	2	Arthrospira jenneri	2
Chlamydomonas	4	Chlorella vulgaris	2
Chlorella	3	Cyclotella meneghiniana	2
Closterium	1	Euglena gracilis	1
Cyclotella	1	Euglena viridis	6
Euglena	5	Gomphonema parvulum	1
Gomphonema	1	Melosira varians	2
Lepocinclis	1	Navicula cryptocephala	1
Melosira	1	Nitzschia acicularis	1
Micractinium	1	Nitzschia palea	5
Navicula	3	Oscillatoria chlorina	2
Nitzschia	3	Oscillatoria limosa	4
Oscillatoria	5	Oscillatoria princeps	1
Pandorina	1	Oscillatoria putrida	1
Phacus	2	Oscillatoria tenuis	4
Phormidium	1	Pandorina morum	3
Scenedesmus	4	Scenedesmus quadricauda	4
Stigeoclonium	2	Stigeoclonium tenue	3
Synedra	2	Syndra ulna	3

In analyzing a water sample, any of the 20 genera or species of algae present in concentrations of 50 per milliliter or more are recorded. The pollution index numbers of the algae present are totaled, providing a genus score and a species score. Palmer determined that a score of 20 or more for either index can be taken as evidence of high organic pollution, while a score of 15 to 19 is taken as probable evidence of high organic pollution. Lower figures suggest that the organic pollution of the sample is not high, that the sample is not representative, or that some substance or factor interfering with algal persistence is present and active.

# SPECIES DIVERSITY AND ABUNDANCE INDICES

"Information content" of biological samples is being used commonly by biologists as a measure of diversity. Diversity in this connection means the degree of uncertainty attached to the specific identity of any randomly selected individual. The greater the number of taxa and the more equal their proportions, the greater the uncertainty, and hence, the diversity (Pielou 1966). There are several methods of measuring diversity, e.g., the formulas given by Brillouin (1962) and Shannon and Weaver (1963). The method which is appropriate depends on the type of biological sample on hand.

Pielou (1966) classifies the types of biological samples and gives the measure of diversity appropriate for each type. The Survey phytoplankton samples are what she classifies as larger samples (collections in Pielou's terminology) from which random subsamples can be drawn. According to Pielou, the average diversity per individual for these types of samples can be estimated from the Shannon-Wiener formula (Shannon and Weaver 1963):

$$H = -\sum_{i=1}^{S} P_{i} \log_{x} P_{i}$$

where P is the proportion of the ith taxon in the sample, which is calculated from  $n_i/N$ ;  $n_i$  is the number of individuals per milliliter of the ith taxon; N is the total number of individuals per ml; and S is the total number of taxa.

However, Basharin (1959) and Pielou (1966) have pointed out that H calculated from the subsample is a biased estimator of the sample H, and if this bias is to be accounted for, we must know the total number of taxa present in the sample since the magnitude of this bias depends on it.

Pielou (1966) suggests that if the number of taxa in the subsample falls only slightly short of the number in the larger sample, no appreciable error will result in considering S, estimated from the subsample, as being equal to the sample value. Even though considerable effort was made to find and identify all taxa, the Survey samples undoubtedly contain a fair number of rare phytoplankton taxa which were not encountered.

In the Shannon-Wiener formula, an increase in the number of taxa and/or an increase in the evenness of the distribution of individuals among taxa will increase the average diversity per individual from its minimal value of zero. Sager and Hasler (1969) found that the richness of taxa was of minor importance in determination of average diversity per individual for phytoplankton and they concluded that phytoplankton taxa in excess of the 10 to 15 most abundant ones have little effect on H, which was verified by our own calculations. Our counts are in number per milliliter and since logarithms to the base 2 were used in our calculations, H is expressed in units of bits per individual. When individuals of a taxon were so rare that they were not counted, a value of 1/130 per milliliter or 0.008 per milliliter was used in the calculations since at least one individual of the taxon must have been present in the collection.

A Survey sample for a given lake represents a composite of all phytoplank-ton collected at different sampling sites on a lake during a given sampling period. Since the number of samples (M) making up a composite is a function of both the complexity of the lake sampled and its size, it should affect the richness-of-taxa component of the diversity of our phytoplankton collections. The maximum diversity (MaxH) (i.e., when the individuals are distributed among the taxa as evenly as possible) was estimated from log, S, the total diversity (D) was calculated from HN, and the evenness component of diversity (J) was estimated from H/MaxH (Pielou 1966). Also given in the Appendix are L (the mean number of individuals per taxa per milliliter) and K (the number of individuals per milliliter of the most abundant taxon in the sample).

Zand (1976) suggests that diversity indices be expressed in units of "sits", i.e., in logarithms to base S (where S is the total number of taxa in the sample) instead of in "bits", i.e., in logarithms to base 2. Zand points out that the diversity index in sits per individual is a normalized number ranging from 1 for the most evenly distributed samples to 0 for the least evenly distributed samples. Also, it can be used to compare different samples, independent of the number of taxa in each. The diversity in bits per individual should not be used in direct comparisons involving various samples which have different numbers of species. Since MaxH equals log S, the expression in sits is equal to log<sub>S</sub> S, or 1. Therefore diversity in sits per individual is numerically equivalent to J, the evenness component for the Shannon-Wiener formula.

# SPECIES OCCURRENCE AND ABUNDANCE

The alphabetic phytoplankton species list for each lake, presented in the Appendix, gives the concentrations of individual species by sampling date. Concentrations are in cells, colonies, or filaments (CEL, COL, FIL) per milliliter. An "X" after a species name indicates the presence of the species on that date in such a low concentration that it did not show up in the count. A blank space indicates that the organism was not found in the sample collected on that date. Column S is used to designate the examiner's subjective opinion of the five dominant taxa in a sample, based upon relative size and concentration of the organism. The percent column (%C) presents, by abundance, the percentage composition of each taxon.

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## APPENDIX. SUMMARY OF PHYTOPLANKTON DATA

This appendix was generated by computer. Because it was only possible to use upper case letters in the printout, all scientific names are printed in upper case and are not italicized.

The alphabetic phytoplankton lists include taxa without species names (e.g., EUNOTIA, EUNOTIA #1, FLAGELLATE, FLAGELLATES, MICROSYSTIS INCERTA?, CHLOROPHYTAN COCCOID CELLED COLONY). When species determinations were not possible, symbols or descriptive phrases were used to separate taxa for enumeration purposes. Each name on a list, however, represents a unique species different from any other name on the same list, unless otherwise noted, for counting purposes.

Numbers were used to separate unidentified species of the same genus. A generic name listed alone is also a unique species. A question mark (?) is placed immediately after the portion of a name which was assigned with uncertainty. Numbered, questioned, or otherwise designated taxa were established on a lake-by-lake basis; therefore NAVICULA #2 from lake A cannot be compared to NAVICULA #2 from lake B. Pluralized categories (e.g., FLAGELLATES, CENTRIC DIATOMS, SPP.) were used for counting purposes when taxa could not be properly differentiated on the counting chamber.

#### LAKE NAME: KILLEN POND STORET NUMBER: 1002

# NYGAARD TROPHIC STATE INDICES

DATE	07 20	73	09 28	<b>7</b> 3	
MYXOPHY CE AN	04/0	Ε	04/0	Ē	
CHLOROPHYCEAN	05/0	Ε	11/0	E	
EUGL ENOPHYTE	0/09	?	0/15	?	
CIATCM	01/0	Ε	0.43	E	
COMPOUND	10/0	Ε	18/0	Ε	

# PALMER'S CREANIC POLLUTION INDICES

DATE	07	20 7	3 09	28	73
GENUS SPECIES		12 04		_	1

# SPECIES DIVERSITY AND ABUNDANCE INDICES

	DATE	07 20 73	09 28 73	
AVERAGE DIVERSITY	ь	1.70	2.91	
NUMBER OF TAXA	\$	10.00	30.00	
NUMBER OF SAMPLES COMPOSITED	M	1.00	1.00	
MAXIMUM DIVERSITY	MAXH	3.32	4.91	
TOTAL DIVERSITY	D	9480.90	64775-60	
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/ML	N	5577.00	22260.00	
EVENESS COMPONENT	J.	0.51	0.59	
MEAN NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/TAXA	Ĺ	557.70	742.00	
NUMBER/ML OF MOST ABUNDANT TAXON	ĸ	2853-00	6395-00	

LAKE NAME: KILLEN POND STORET NUMBER: 1002 CENTINUED

				07 20 73			09 28 73
TAXA	FCRM		<b>\$</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	     S	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL I UNITS I PER ML I
ACHNANTHES LANCECLATA		-7-7	<del>-</del> -		- <del></del>		
V. CUETA	CEL	ii	i		i i	i i	x i
CHLAMYDEMENAS	CEL	ii	i		İ		X I
COELASTRUM CAMBRICUM	COL	ii	i		1	0.31	63
CRYPTOMONAS	CEL	ii	Ì		14	4.8	1066
CYANDPHYTAN FILAMENT	FIL	141	4.4	247		1.1	251
CYCLOTELLA STELLIGERA	CEL	11	- 1		1 1	0.3	63
CICTYOSPHAERIUM PULCHELLUM	COL	1.1	1	X	1 1		1
EUDCRINA	COL	1 1	1		1	0.3	63
EUDORINA ELEGANS	CCL	11	Ì				X I
EUNOTIA FLEXUOSA	CEL	11	1		1		<b>X</b>
FLAGELLATES	CEL	11	1		1 1	3.4	752
MELOSIRA #2	CEL	151	2.01	110	-1	3.7	815
MELOSIRA DISTANS	CEL	1 1	1		-1-	j l	X
MICROCYSTIS AERUGINOSA	COL	111	51.21	2858	11	26.2	5831
NAVICULA CONFERVACEA	CEL	1.1	- 1		1	1	X
NAVICULA MINIMA	CEL	1 1	- 1		1	1	) X
NAVICULA RHYNCHOCEPHALA	CEL	1.1	1				X
NITZSCHIA #1	CEL	1.1	1		12	28.7	6395
NITZSCHIA #2	CEL	11	1		1	<b>i</b> '	X
COCYSTIS	CEL	11	1			2.3	502
CCCYSTIS PARVA ?	CEL	1 1	1		- 1	1	l X
CSCILLATORIA SUBEREVIS	FIL	131	5.91	330	1	l .	) X
PECIASTRUM CUPLEX		1 1	1		1	1	!
V. ?	COL	- 1 1	1	X	1	ı	
PECIASTRUM DUPLEX		11	į		- 1	1	
V. RETICULATUM	COL	1 1	Ì		-	0.3	63
PEDIASTRUM TETRAS		- [ [	Í		1	1	i
V. TETRADDON	CCL	1 1	(		- 1	1	l x
PHORMICIUM MUCICCLA	COL	- 1 1	34.51	1923	1	113.2	2947
SC ENEDE SMUS	COL	1 1	0.5	27	1	1	l
SCENEDE SMUS ABUNDANS	CCL	1 1	1		15	110.1	2257

13

LAKE NAME: KILLEN POND STORET NUMBER: 1002

CONTINUED

				07 20 73			09 28 73	
AKAT	FCRM	1	#C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1	#C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1
SCENEDESMUS BICAUDATUS	COL	11			777	2.81	627	-ī
SCENEDESMUS BIJUGA	CCL	11	t		11	0.31	63	Ì
SCENEDESMUS DISPAR	COL	1 1	1		- i - i	1.1	251	Ì
SCENEDE SMUS QUADRI CAUDA	COL	ii	1.51	92	ii	0.81	188	Ì
SCHROEDERIA SETIGERA	CEL	11	j	X	1 1	0.31	63	ł
TCTAL				5577			22260	

#### NYGAARD TROPHIC STATE INCICES

CALE	07 20	73	09 28	73
MYXCPHYCEAN	1.00	E	1.33	č
CHLOROPHYCEAN	7.00	E	9.57	Ε
EUGLENOPHYTE	0.09	?	0.06	?
DIATOM	1.25	E	1.00	E
COMPOUND	10.0	Ε	14.0	Ξ

# PALMER'S ORGANIC POLLUTION INDICES

CATE	07 20 73	09 29 7
GENUS	22	19
SPECIES	04	11

DATE 07 20 73 09 28 73

# SPECIES DIVERSITY AND ABUNDANCE INDICES

AVERAGE DIVERSITY	н	2.37	2.88
NUMBER OF TAXA	S	55.00	53.00
NUMBER OF SAMPLES COMPOSITED	M	1.00	1.00
MAXIMUM DIVERSITY	MAXH	5.78	5.73
TOTAL DIVERSITY	D	158176.17	300548.16
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/ML	N	66741.00	104357.00
EVENESS COMPONENT	J	0.41	0.50
MEAN NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/TAXA	L	1213.47	1969.00
NUMBER/ML OF MOST ABUNDANT TAXON	K	39004.00	48693.00

14

LAKE NAME: MODRES LAKE STORET NUMBER: 1005 CONTINUED

07 20 73 09 28 73

TAXA	FORM	1	*c	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	       5	<b>3</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1
ACTINASTRUM HANTZSCHII	CCL	-T-T	4.01	2646	777	1.51		Ī
ANABAENA	FIL	1 1	1		-	0.7	686	- 1
ANKISTRCDESMUS	CEL	1 1	0.11	85	- 1 1	1		- 1
ASTERIONELLA	CEL	1 1	1		1 1	Į	X	ļ
ASTERIONELLA FORMOSA	CEL	1 1	1		1 1	0.41		- 1
ATTHEYA ZACHARIASI	CEL	1 1	ţ		- ( (	į	X	- 1
CARTER IA	CEL	- 1 1	ţ	X	1 1	Į		- !
CHLAMYDEMONAS #1	CEL	1 1	- f	×	- 1 1	1		_ !
CHLAMYDCMONAS #2	CEL	1 (	(	X	( (	(		Į
COELASTRUM	COL	- ( 1	1			0.3	342	- !
CCELASTRUM SPHAERICUM	COL	- 1 - 1	- 1	X	1 1	Į.		!
COSMARIUM	CEL	1 1	Į	X	-1-1	Į	X	- !
CRUC IGEN IA	CCL	- 1 1	0.1	85	1 1			- 1
CRUCIGENIA APICULATA	COL	-1-1	1	X	151	3.2	3315	_ !
CRYPTOMONAS	CEL	141	5.61		1	Į.		!
CYANOPHYTAN FILAMENT	FIL	- 1 1	0.3		- 1 1	0.5	572	Į.
CYCLOTELLA	CEL	1 1	0.5	342	1.1	_ [		. !
CYCLOTELLA MEN, SHINIANA	CEL	1 1	ļ		131	5.0	5258	- !
CYCLETELLA STELLIGERA	CEL	1 1	1.41	939	!!			•
DICTYOSPHAERIUM PULCHELLUM	COL	1 [	Į		1 !		X	!
EUDORINA ELEGANS	COL		!	X	1 !			!
EUGLENA	CEL	1 1	0.1	85	!!	0.2	229	- !
EUGLENA #1	CEL	, j	0.11	85	1 1			!
EUNOTIA INCISA	CEL	- [ [			- ! !		X	•
FLAGELLATES	CEL	131	9.3		!!	2.3	2400	!
FRAGILARIA	CEL	- ! !	!	×	- ! !	!	220	
FRANCEIA DROESCHERI	CEL	1 !	!		!!	0.2	229	!
FRUSTULIA RHOMEOIDES		11	. !		!!			- !
V. SAXONI CA	CEL	!!	!		!!		X	- !
GOLENKINIA	CEL	. į į	!		1 !		X	1
GOLENKINIA RADIATA	CEL	. ! !	!	X	!!	ļ		. !
GCMPHONEMA ACUMINATUM		!!	!		!!			- !
V. CORCNATA	CEL	1 1	į		1 1	I	X	ı

LAKE NAME: MOORES LAKE Steret number: 1005 CONTINUED

				07 20 73			09 28 73
TAXA	FORM	    s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    s	#C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML
	CEL	7-7			-14	1 3.91	4115
MELOSIRA ? #4	CEL	1.1	50 4	39004		46.71	
MELOSIRA #2		121	9.51		- 1	i	
MELOSIRA #4	CEL	151			ì	2.01	2057
MELOSIRA DISTANS	CEL	121	74 1	2131	ì	1 200	X
MELOSIRA VARIANS	CEL	!!	2 5	342	i	i i	i i
MERISMOPEDIA MINIMA	COL	!!	0-51		i	ii	
MICRACTINIUM	COL	!!	0.1	65	ì	0.5	572
MICRACTINIUM PUSILLUM	COL	1 1			- }	0.1	114
MICROCYSTIS AERUGINOSA	COF	!!	!		- }		114
MICROCYSTIS INCERTA	COL	!!	: !	X	•	0-1	117
MCUGEOTIA ?	FIL		. !	X	!	1 1	114
NAVICULA	CEL	1 1	!	X	!	0-1	114
NITZSCHIA	CEL	+ 1	0.1	95	- !	!!	
NITZSCHIA PALEA	CEL	1 1	Ų		Į.	1 1.8	1829
CSCILLATORIA	FIL	1 1	0.1	85	ļ	į į	
PECIASTRUM CUPLEX		1 1	1		1	!!!	
V. CLATHRATUM	COL	1 1		X	1	1	×
PECIASTRUM CUPLEX		1			- 1	1	
V. RETICULATUM	COL	1	{	X	١	1 0.1	
PEDIASTRUM SIMPLEX	COL	1		1	- 1	1 0-1	114
PEDIASTRUM TETRAS		i	i (	į	1	1	
V. TETRACDON	COL	i 1	i i	Х	- 1	1 1	) X
PENNATE DIATOM	CEL	i	0-1	85	1	1	<b>,</b>
PHACUS	CEL	i 1	i	i	Ì	1	X
SCENEDE SMUS	COF	i	0.9	597	1	1	j
	COL	i	0.5		i	1 0.7	686
SCENEDESMUS ABUNDANS	COL	i	i	i x	ĺ	1 0.2	229
SCENEDESMUS ACUMINATUS	COL	i	i	·	i	1 2-3	342
SCENEDE SMUS BICAUDATUS	COL	i		i x	i	1 1.6	
SCENEDESMUS BIJUGA	COL	ì	i	i ~	i	0.5	
SCENEDE SMUS DISPAR	CUL	- 1	1	i	i	1	i
SCENEDE SMUS ECORNIS	COL	1	0.1	85	i	i	i
V. DISCIFORMIS	COL	'	1 041	, 0,	,	•	•

CONTINUED

				07 20 73			09 28 73	
TAXA	FORM	    5	*c	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    s	<b>\$</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1
SCENEDESMUS INTERMEDIUS		<del></del>	ī		- <u>-</u> ī			ī
V. BICAUCATUS	COL	ii	1.01	583	ii	1.8	1829	i
SCENEDESMUS OPOLIENSIS	COL	ii	0.11	85	ii	1.2		i
SCENEDESMUS QUADRICAUDA	CCL	i i	1.71	1109	ii	1.0		Ì
SCHPCEDERIA SETIGERA	CEL	1 1	0.3	171	11	0.2	229	i
SELENASTRUM WESTII	COL	1 1	3-1	85	i i	i		1
SELENASTRUM WESTII ?	COL	1 1	İ		11	0.1	114	İ
STAURASTRUM #1	CEL	1 (	(	X	1 1	0.1	114	1
STAURASTRUM #2	CEL	1 1	1	X	1 1	1		ı
STAURASTRUM PARACOXUM	CEL	1 1	- 1	Х	11	0.1	144	1
STEPHANCDI SCUS	CEL	1 1	1		121	21.0	21946	1
TETRAECRON #1	CEL	1 1	- 1		+1	0.21	229	1
TETRAEDRON #2	CEL	1 1	0.1	85	11	0.71	00685	i
TETRAEDRON #3	CEL	- 1 1	1	X	1 1	1		ı
TETRAEDRON CAUDATUM	CEL	- 1 1	0.31	171	1 1	•		1
TETRAEDRON MINIMUM	CEL	- 1-1	0.11	95	-1-1	1	X	١
TETRAEDRON MUTICUM	CEL	1 1	0.11	85	1 1			١
TETRAEDRON PLANCTONICUM	CEL		1	X	1 5	0.31	342	1
TETRAEDRON TRIGONUM		- 1 1	- 1			ļ		١
V. GRACILE	CEL	1 1			!!	į	X	ļ
TETRASTRUM HETERACANTHUM	COL	- ! !	- !	X	11	ſ	X	ļ
TETRASTRUM STAUROGENIAEFORME	COL	1.1	Į.			ļ	X	ļ
TRACHELEMONAS SIMILIS	CEL	11	ŀ	X	1.1	1		!
TREUBARIA	CEL	1 1	1	X	1 1	1	X	ŧ
TOTAL				66741			104357	

# LAKE NAME: NOXONTOWN POND

STORET NUMBER: 1007

## NYGAARD TROPHIC STATE INDICES

DATE	04	10	13	07	20	13	09	29	13

MYXOPHYCEAN	0/01	С	2.00 E	1.40 E
CHLOROPHYCE AN	4.00	Ē	8.57 E	5.80 E
EUGLENCPHYTE	1.50	Ē	022 E	0.22 E
DIATOM	0.83	E	05/0 E	3.00 E
COMPOUND	15.0	E	14.6 E	10.0 E

#### PALMER'S ORGANIC POLLUTION INDICES

DATE	04	10	73	07	20	73	09	29	73

GENUS	14	14	17
SPECIES	00	04	06

#### SPECIES DIVERSITY AND ABUNDANCE INDICES

# DATE 04 10 73 07 20 73 09 29 73

AVERAGE DIVERSITY	H	2.74	4.08	4.21
NUMBER OF TAXA	\$	27.00	52.00	60.00
NUMBER OF SAMPLES COMPOSITED	M	2.00	2.00	2.00
MAXIMUM DIVERSITY	MA XH	4.75	5.70	5.91
TOTAL DIVERSITY	0	94916.70	45732.72	5 7 5 6 3 • 3 3
TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/ML	N	30955.00	11209.00	13673.00
EVENESS COMPONENT	J	0.58	0.72	0.71
MEAN NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/TAXA	Ĺ	1146.48	215.56	227.88
NUMBER/ML OF MOST ABUNDANT TAXON	K	8411-00	2265-00	2362-00

18

LAKE NAME: NOXONTOWN POND

CCNTINUED

STERET NUMBER: 1007

TAXA	FORM	    S	<b>7</b>	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	! ! !s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	      S	<b>\$</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML
ANABAENA	FIL	7-7			777	<u>-</u>		- <u>7</u> -7	1.11	151
ASTERICNELLA FORMOSA		11	j		-1 1	1		1 1	- 1	
V. GRACILLIMA	CEL	141	6.61	2056	-1-1	ı		1 1	- 1	
CLCSTERIDIUM	CEL	1.1	f	X	1 1	ł		1 1		
CLCSTERIUM	CEL	1.1			1 1	1.71	189	- 1 - 1	0.71	101
COELASTRUM RETICULATUM	COL	1 1	1		1 1	0.7	75	1 1	- 1	
CCELASTRUM SPHAERICUM	COL	1 1	1		-	0.31	38	1 1	1.8	251
CCELOSPHAERIUM CCLLINS II ?	COL	- 1 - 1	- 1		1 1	- 1		- 1 - 1	2.21	302
COSMARIUM	CEL	1 1	- 1		1 1	1	X	- 1 1	1.5	201
CRUCIGENIA APICULATA	COL	1 1	1		1 1	3.01	340	1 1	2.2	302
CRUCIGENIA TETRAPEDIA	COL	1.1	1		1 1	1	Х	1 1	!	
CRYFTOMONAS	CEL	1 1	3.61	1122	1 1	ı		- 1 - 1	Į	
CRYPTOMCNAS #1	CEL	1 1	1		131	12.8	1434	1 1	!	
CYANOPHYTAN FILAMENT #1	FIL	1.1	1		1 1	1	X	1 1	4.4	603
CYANOPHYTAN FILAMENT #2	FIL	1 1	i		1 1	- 1	X	1 1	!	X
CYANOPHYTAN FILAMENT #3	F IL	1 1	1		-1-1	1.31	151	1 1	1	
CYCLOTELLA #1	CEL	- 1 1	- 1		1 1	3-31	38	-1-1	ļ	
CYCLOTELLA #2	CEL	1.1	1		- 1 1	1	X	-   1	- 1	
CYCLOTELLA MENEGHINIANA	CEL	1.1			1 1	!		1 1	2.61	352
CYCLOTELLA STELLIGERA	CEL	11	ĺ	X	1 1	ŀ		- 1 - 1	1.5	201
CYMBELLA TURGIDA	CEL	1 1	1	X	-1-1	- 1		-1-1	•	
DACTYLCCCCCPSIS	CEL	- 1 1	1		-1-1	3.41	377	1 1	2-61	352
DICTYOSPHAERIUM PULCHELLUM	COL	1 1	1		1 1	1		1 1	1.1	151
DINCBRYCN	CEL	1 1		X	1 1	1		1 1	!	
DINOFLAGELLATE	CEL	1 1	0.61	194	1 1			!!	!	
DINOFLAGELLATE #1	CEL	f 1	1		1 1	ļ	X	1 !	į	X
DINOFLAGELLATE #2	CEL	1 1			1 1	1.0	113		!	
ELAKATOTHRIX	CCL	1 1	- 1		- [ [	ļ	X		į	v
EUASTRUM	CEL	1 1	1		1 1	ļ		!!	i	X
EUGLENA	CEL	1 1	0.6		- [ - [	1		] !	!	201
EUGLENA #1	CEL	1 1	1	X	- [ [		X	!!	1.5	201
EUGLENA #2	CEL	1 1	1	X	1 1	3.71	415	1 1	- 1	

04 10 73 07 20 73 09 29 73

LAKE NAME: NOXONTOWN POND STORET NUMBER: 1007

CONTINUED

TAXA	FORM	     5	*C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1 1 1 s	<b>3</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1     5	#C	ALGAL I UNITS I PER ML I
EUGLENA ACUS	CEL	7-7			- <del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		ī ī	1	x 1
EUGLENA ACUTISSIMA	CEL	ii			i i	i i		į į	i j	x j
FLAGELLATES	ČĒĹ	15	9. 2	2523	ini	20-21	2265	151	9.6	1307
GOLENKINIA PAUCISPINA	ČĒL	1	1		i i		X	1	İ	1
GYRCSIGMA SPENCERII	CEL	i i	0.6	194	i i	i	•	i	i i	1
KIRCHNERIELLA	CEL	i i		•	i	i i		i 1	ĺ	x 1
KIRCHNERIELLA LUNARIS	CEL	_ i i	i		i i	0.7	75	1	İ	ı
KIRCHNERIELLA LUNARIS		ii	i		i i	1	_	1	j į	1
V. IRREGULARIS	CEL	i	i		i	i i	X	1	1	1
LAGERHEIMIA SUBSALSA	CEL	4 1	i		ii	i i	X	į.	i i	x 1
LUNATE CELL	CEL	i	0.9	280	i i	i		1 1	ĺ	1
MALL CMCNAS	CEL	i	1	200	ii	ii		i	0.4	50 Î
MALLEMENAS PSEUDECORENATA	CEL	i i	i		- i - i	i i	x	i	i	1
MELOSIRA #2	ČĒL	11	27.21	8411	i i	3.01	340	j i	2.6	352
MELOSIRA #5	CEL				14	6.41	71.7	14	5.5	754
MELCSIRA DISTANS	CEL	13	22.6	7009		13.1	1472	12	17.31	2362
MERISMOPEDIA MINIMA	CCL	1			i	0.31	38	i.	i 1	1
MEPISMOPEDIA TENUISSIMA	COL	- <b>i</b> 1	i		i i	i	-	1	1	X (
MICROCYSTIS INCERTA	COL	1 1	i		- j - j	2.41	264		2.21	302
COCYSTIS	CEL	1	i i		1	1.01	113		1.51	201
PEDIASTRUM BIRADIATUM		i	i i		_i	i i		1	l i	1
V. LONGECORNUTUP	CCL	i	i		i 1	i i		1	1	x l
PECIASTRUM BORYANUM	COL	j i	i		i	i i	X	İ	į (	ĺ
PEDIASTRUM DUPLEX		i i	i i	•	i	i i		1	1 1	
V. RETICULATUM	COL	i	i		i :	0.3	38	i i	i I	X I
PECIASTRUM SIMPLEX	COL	i i	i i	×	_ i	İ		İ		x !
PEDIASTRUM SIMPLEX		i	i		_ i _ i	i i		1	1	(
V. DUCDENARIUM	COL	i i	i i		į.	i i	X	1	, 1	
PEDIASTRUM TETRAS	300	i i	į į		Í	i i		İ	į į	1
V. TETRADDON	COL	ĺ	ÌÌ		1	0.31	38	1	1 (	•
PENNATE DIATOM	CEL	i	i i	X	İ	1 1		1	1 1	
PHACUS	CEL	į	1		1	1 1		t	( 1	х (

04 10 73

07 20 73

09 29 73

LAKE NAME: NOXONTOWN POND

CONTINUED

STORET NUMBER: 1007

				04 10 73	, 		07 20 73			09 29 73
TAXA	FORM	¢	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	     s	#C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL   UNITS   PER ML
PHACUS #1	CEL	<del></del>	0.51	187	7-7	·	X	7-	1.11	151
PHACLS #2	CEL	11	i	Х	i i	į		İ	i i	1
PHACUS FEL IKOIDES	CEL	1 1	i		1 1	Í		1	0.4	50
PHACUS LENGICAUDA	CEL	ii	i		i i	0.71	75	İ	i i	. x 1
PHACUS PYRUM	CEL	ii	į		ii	i		1	i i	x I
PHACUS TERTUS	CEL	ii	į	X	1 1	1		1	1 1	1
RHIZOSCLENIA	CEL	ii	i	х	11	į		1	1 1	1
RHIZOSOLENIA ERIENSIS	CEL	ii	i		ii	ĺ		ı	1.5	201
SCENEDESMUS	COL	ii	1.9	561	ii	į		Ì	1	1
SCENEDE SMUS #1	COL	11	(		1 1	Í		1	1 1	x 1
SCENEDESMUS #2	COL	ii	i	х	ii	į		Ĺ	1 1	1
SCENEDESMUS ABUNDANS	COL	ii	i		ii	0.31	38	i	1.1	151
SCENEDE SMUS ABUNDANS	•	ii	i		ĺį	i		Ì	į į	1
V. BICAUDATUS	COL	ii	i		ìi	İ	X	1	İİ	x i
SCENEDESHUS ACUMINATUS	CCL	i i	i		ii	į		ĺ	įį	x 1
SCENEDE SMUS BICAUDATUS	COL	1 1	i		ii	i		1	1 0-4	50
SCENEDESMUS BIJUGA	car	ii	i		ii	3.4	377	13	111.81	1508
SCENEDE SMUS DISPAR	COL	ii	i		ii	0.71		İ	i i	1
SCENEDESMUS GRANULATUS		ii	i		ii	1		Ì	i i	İ
F. DISCIFORMIS	COL	ii	i		ii	i		1	i 1	x 1
SCENEDE SMUS INTERMEDIUS		ii	i		ii	i		İ	i i	<b>†</b>
V. BICAUCATUS	COL	ii	ì		ii	i		i.	i i	x (
SCENEDESMUS CPOLIENSIS	COL	ii	i		ìi	ì		i	0.4	50 i
SCENEDE SMUS QUADRI CAUDA	COL	ii	i		ii	2.71	302	ĺ	2-21	302
SCHROEDERIA SETIGERA	CEL	ii	İ		i i	1.7	189	1	!!	I
SPHAEROCYSTIS	COL	1 1	1		151	6.71	755	1	1 1	i j
STAURASTRUM	CEL	1 1	ı		1 1	1		1	1 1	X [
STAURASTRUM #2	CEL	1 1	1		-1-1	0.71	75	1	1 1	<u> </u>
STAURASTRUM PARACOXUM ?	CEL	- <b>i</b> i	0.61	194	-1-1	. 1		1	1 1	X I
STEPHANDDI SCUS	CEL	1 1	Ì	X	- 1 (			1	1 1	1
SYNEDRA #1	CEL	121	23.51	7290	1 1	ı i		Į	4.01	553
SYNEDRA ACUS	CEL	1 1	2.41	747	1 1	1		1	1 1	1

LAKE NAME: NOXONTOWN POND STORET NUMBER: 1007 CONTINUED

09 29 73 07 20 73 04 10 73 ALGAL ALGAL ALGAL UNITS UNITS UNITS %C PER ML TC PER ML 15 FCRM #C PER ML IS 15 TA XA CEL 11112.51 1709 SYNEDRA DELICATISSIMA 1 1 0-71 101 TETRAEDRON #1 CEL X CEL TETRAEDRON #3 X CEL TETRAEDRON #4 X CEL TETRAEDRON LIMNETICUM TETRAEDRON MINIMUM 101 C-71 0.31 38 V. SCROBICULATUP CEL 50 0.41 TETRAEDRON MUTICUM CEL 0-41 50 TETRAEDRON PENTAEDRICUM CEL X TETRAEDRON PLANCTONICUM CEL Х CEL TETRAECRON TRIGONUM TETRAEDRON TRIGONUM 0.31 38 CEL V. GRACILE Х 38 1 0.31 TETRASTRUM HETERACANTHUM COL CEL 1 2.71 302 TRACHELOMONAS #1 1 2.4 264 TRACHELOMONAS #2 CEL 75 1 0.71 TRACHELCMONAS GRANULOSA CEL 38 0.4 50 1 1 0-31 CEL TREUBARIA 13573 11209 30955 TOTAL

# LAKE NAME: SILVER LAKE STORET NUMBER: 1008

#### NYGAARD TROPHIC STATE INDICES

DATE	07	20	73	09	29	73	
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MYXOPHYCE AN	1.00 E	0/03	t
CHLOROPHYCEAN	22.0 E	3.33	٤
EUGL ENOPHY TE	0.09 ?	0.10	1
MCTAID	1.50 E	0.50	1
CCMPCUND	28.0 E	4.00	Ę

# PALMER'S CREANIC POLLUTION INDICES

DATE	0.7	20	73	09	29	73

GENUS	13	04
SPECIES	06	00

#### SPECIES DIVERSITY AND ABUNDANCE INDICES

DATE 07 20 73 09	29	73
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AVERAGE DIVERSITY	н	2.70	2.03
NUMBER OF TAXA	S	34.00	18.00
NUMBER OF SAMPLES COMPOSITED	M	1.00	1.00
MAXIMUM DIVERSITY	MAXH	5.09	4.17
TOTAL DIVERSITY	C	57512,70	5915.42
TOTAL NUMBER OF INCIVIDUALS/ML	N	21301.00	2914.00
EVENESS COMPONENT	J	0.53	0.49
MEAN NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/TAXA	L	626.50	161.89
NUMBER/ML OF MOST ABUNDANT TAXON	K	11031.00	1623.00

LAKE NAME: SILVER LAKE STORET NUMBER: 1008 CONTINUED

				07 20 73	~		09 29 73
TA XA	FORM	1 1 1 s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    s	#C	ALGAL   UNITS   PER ML
ANKISTRODESMUS	CEL	7-7	1.91	411	7-7	ī	·
CARTERIA	ČEL	ii	0.91	176	i i	i	Ī
CHLOROPHYTAN CELL	CEL	ji	3.91	921	i i	i	1
CLCSTERIUM	CEL	ii	i		1	ĺ	x 1
COELASTRUM	COL	ii	0.31	59	1 1	1	- 1
COELASTRUM RETICULATUM	CGL	ii			12	9.61	279
COSMARIUM #1	CEL	ìi	į	X	1 1	3.51	101
CRUCIGENIA APICULATA	COL	Ιİ	1	Х	1	1 1	' į
CYCLOTELLA	CEL	1 1	2.51	528	1	1 1	. x !
CYCLCTELLA MENEGHINIANA	CEL	151	2.21	469	1	1	!
CYCLOTELLA STELLIGERA	CEL	1 1	2.8	587	_ [		!
DICTYOSPHAERIUM PULCHELLUM	COL	-1-1	0.31	59	!	!!!	
EUGLENA #1	CEL	1 1	1		ļ, i	!!!	, x !
EUGLENA #2	CEL	151		X	- [ _	[	
FLAGELLATES	CEL	11	51.8	11031	13	120.9	609
GOLENKINIA	CEL	1 1	1.1	235	1	]	1
LAGERHEIMIA CITRIFORMIS	CEL	1 1		X	!	!!!	
LAGERHEIMIA LONGISETA	CEL	1 (	0.8	176	!	1	
MICR ACTINIUM	COL	121	11.6	2464	!	1	
NITZSCHIA #1	CEL	14	6.6	1408	!		<u> </u>
COCYSTIS	CEL	1 1	i f	X	Ţ	2.5	76
OSCILLATORIA	FIL	1		X	!		
PEDIASTRUM BORYANUM	COL	1	0.3	59	ļ	0.9	25
PEDIASTRUM DUPLEX			!!!		!	!	! . !
V. CLATHRATUM	COL	!	!!!		!	1	! × !
PEDIASTRUM CUPLEX		1	1		•	!	:
V. RETICULATUM	COL	_ [ _ 1	0.3	59	!	!	! !
PEDIASTRUM TETRAS		ļ			- !	!	1
V. TETRACDON	COL	!	0.3	59	1		25
SCENEDESMUS ABUNDANS	COL	!		<b>.</b>	- !	0.9	, 25 i
SCENEDESMUS ACUMINATUS	CCF	!	0.3	-	1	1 0 0	
SCENEDESMUS ANOMALUS	CCL	١	1.9	411	ì	0.9	1 45 1

LAKE NAME: SILVER LAKE STORET NUMBER: 1009

# CONTINUED

		07 20 73				09 29 73	13	
TAXA	FCRM	      s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1
SCENEDESMUS BICAUDATUS	COL	<del></del>	ī		- <u>-</u>	0.91	25	ī
SCENEDESMUS DISPAR	COL	1.1	i	X	11	155.71	1623	1
SCENEDESMUS OPOLIENSIS	COL	1 1	1	X	1	1		ı
SCENEDESMUS CUADRICAUDA	COL	ii	1.11	235	1	1 1		- 1
SCHRCEDERI A	CEL	131	8.01	1702	1	l i		- 1
SCHROEDERIA SETIGERA	CEL	1.1	- 1	X	- 1	1 1		- 1
STAURASTRUM #1	CEL	1 1	1		14	3.51	101	- !
SYNEDRA #1	CEL	1.1	0.31	5 <b>9</b>	1	1 1		- !
SYNEDRA #2	CEL	- 1-1	- 1		- 1	1 1	X	- [
TETRAEDRON LIMNETICUM	CEL	1 1	- 1	X	- 1	1 !		!
TETRAEDRON MUTICUM	CEL	- 1 1	0.51	117	- 1	0.9	25	ļ
TETRAEDRON PENTAEDRICUM	CEL	1.1	1	X	- 1	1 1		ŀ
TRACHELCMONAS	CEL	1 1	0.51	117	1	! !		1
TOTAL				21301			2914	

# LAKE NAME: WILLIAMS POND STORET NUMBER: 1009

NYGAARD	TROPHIC	STATE	INCICES
---------	---------	-------	---------

DATE	04 10 73	07 20 13	09 28 73
MYXOPHYCEAN	0/01 C	0.75 E	2.20 E
CHLOROPHYCEAN	6.00 E	2.50 E	4.20 E
EUGLENOPHYTE	0/06 ?	0.08 ?	0.22 E
DIATOM	0.50 E	1.00 E	0.57 E
COMPOUND	9.00 E	3.87 E	8.60 E

#### PALMER'S ORGANIC POLLUTION INDICES

CATE	04 10 73	07 20 73	09 28 73
GENUS	05	11	19
Species	00	00	04

DATE 04 10 73 07 20 73 09 28 73

#### SPECIES DIVERSITY AND ABUNDANCE INDICES

		AV ER AGE	DIVER	SITY	н	2.37	3.08	3.80
		NUME	ER OF	AXAT	S	. 20.00	49.00	6 G. 00
NUMB EF	R OF	SAMPLES	COMPOS	ITEC	M	2.00	2.00	2.00
		PAXIMUN	DIVER	SITY	MAXH	4.32	5.61	5. 91
		TOTAL	DIVER	SITY	D	19962.51	104424.32	22663.20
TOTAL NO	JMB E	R OF INDI	VIDUAL	S/ML	N	8423.00	33904.00	5964.00
		EVENESS	COMPO	NENT	J	0.55	0.55	0.64
MEAN NUM!	BER I	CF INDIVI	DUALS/	AXAT	L	421-15	691.92	99.40
UMBER/ML	QF I	MOST ABUN	DANT T	AXON	ĸ	3438.00	8050.00	1484.00

26

LAKE NAME: WILLIAMS POND CONTINUED

STERET NUMBER: 1009

						~~~~				
TAXA	FORM	1 1 1 S	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    S	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	     S	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML
ANABAENA	FIL				-7-1				0.91	55
ANABAENA #1	FIL	- 1 1	!		- ; ;	1.5	516	- 1 1	1 0.71	J. <b>J</b>
ANABAENA #2	FIL	- ; ;	1		- 1 1	2.71	930	- 1 1	1	
ANKISTRODESMUS FALCATUS	CEL	1 1	0 5	43	1 1	2011	930	- 1 1		
APHANOTHECE	COL	- [ [	0.5	43	1 1	-		- 1		X
ASTERIONELLA		1 1	3		1 1	- 1		- 1 1	1	x
	CEL	1 1	1 0	1501	1 1	- 1		-		^
ASTERICNELLA FORMOSA	CEL	131	17.9	1504	; ;	!	U	-		
CHLAMYDEMONAS	CEL	1 1	•		1 1	10 5	X	1 1	1	
CHLAMYDOMONAS GLOBOSA ?	CEL	!!	!		131	19.5	6614	- ! !	! !	
CHLOROCOCCALEAN COLCNY	COL	1!	!		!!	!	X	!!	]	
CHLOROGCNI UM	CEL	1 1	!		! !		X	!!	1	v
COELASTRUM RETICULATUM	COL	1 !	!		111	4.3	1447	!!		X
COELASTRUM SPHAERICUM	COL	!!	ļ		!!	0.31	103	!!!	0.5	26
COSMARIUM #1	CEL	- 1 1	. !		1 [	0.31	103	. ! !	1.4	94
CCSMARIUM #2	CEL	- 1 (	- 1		1 1	1	X	1 !	!	Х
CRUCIGENIA APICULATA	COL	1 1	. !		1 1	. !	Х	1 !	ļ	
CRUCIGENIA QUADRATA	CCL	- 1 1	0.5	43	1 1	- 1		1 !	l i	
CRYPTOMCNAS	CEL	1 1	1		1 1	l		1 1	. !	X
CYANOPHYTAN COCCCID CELLED CCLONY	CEL	1 1	l		1 1	1	X	- [ 1	1	
CYANOPHYTAN FILAMENT	FIL	1 1	1		1 1	í	X	- 1 1	1	
CYANGPHYTAN FILAMENT #1	FIL	1 1	t		1 1	3.01	1030	1 1	1	Х
CYANOPHYTAN FILAMENT #2	FIL	1.1	- 1		1 1	1		1 1	8.0	476
CYCLOTELLA	CEL	1 1	1.51	129	1 1	- 1		1 1		
CYCLOTELLA #1	CEL	1 1	1		1 1	1		1 (	1	X
CYCLOTELLA #2	CEL	1 1	1		1 1	1		1 1	6.11	364
CYCLOTELLA STELLIGERA	CEL	1.1	Í		1 1	1	Х	- 1 - 1	1	
DACTYLOCCCOPSIS	CEL	ii	i		151	21.3	7233	11	6-11	364
DICTYD SPHAERIUM PULCHELLUM	CCL	ii	1.5	129	11	ì		11	0.91	56
DINCERYON BAVARIOUM	CEL	ii	i		ii	ì		i i	2.81	168
DINOBRYON SERTULARIA	CEL	ii	í	X	ii	į		i i	Í	
DINGFLAGELLATES	CEL	ii	1.0	86	ii	i		i	1	
ECHINOSPHAERELLA ?	CEL	ii	1		ii	0.31	103	ii	Ì	

04 10 73 07 20 73 09 28 73

LAKE NAME: WILLIAMS POND STORET NUMBER: 1009

CONTINUED

				04 10 73			07 20 73			09 28 73
TAXA	FORM	    s	<b>*</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    S	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1 1 1 S	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS (PER ML
EUGLENA	ČĒŪ				7-7		X	T-	1 1.4	84
EUNOTIA	ČĒL	ii	į		- i i	1		1	1 1	×
FLAGELLATE ? #3	CEL	11	i	X	1 1	1		1	1 [	1
FLAGELLATE #3	CEL	[1]	40.8	3438	1 1	1		1	!!	
FLAGELLATES	CEL	141	15.3	1289	121	23.81	8060	12	24.9	1484
FRAGILARIA	CEL	1 1	ĺ		1 1	0.3	103	1	!!	
FRAGILARIA CROTCHENSIS	CEL	1 1			1 1	- 1		- [	!!!	X
GOLENKINIA RADIATA	CEL	1 1			1 1	0.6	207	Į.	1 2.8	168
GOLENKINIA RADIATA		1 1	1		1 1	1		1	( )	
V. BREVISPINA	CEL	1 1	ĺ		1 1	0.9	310	1	1	
GONIUM PECTORALE	CGL	11	Ì		-	. (		1	1 !	X
KIRCHNERIELLA	CEL	i i	0.5	43	1 1			-	1	
KIRCHNERIELLA OBESA	CEL	1 1		}	1.1	[			!!!	X
LAGERHEIMIA LONGISETA	CEL	1			1 1			- [	Į Į	×
LUNATE CELLED CCLONY	COL	1 1			1 1	0.3		- !		
MELOSIRA #2	CEL	12	17.9	1504	- 1 1		X	[1		
MELOSIRA DISTANS	CEL	1	1	X	1 1	'		Ţ	0.9	
MERISMOPEDIA TENUISSIMA	COL	1 1			- 1 1			•	1.9	112
MICRACTINIUM PUSILLUM		1	<b>f</b>	i	- 1 1	1		ļ	į l	
V. ELEGANS	COL	1	1		1 1		l	- 1	1	X
MICROCYSTIS AERUGINOSA	COL	1 1			1 1	1		15		
MICROCYSTIS INCERTA	CCL	ı	i i	Ì	1 (	1		4	6.1	364
NAVICULA	CEL	15	1.5	129	1	1	l X	- 1	1	
NITZSCHIA	CEL	İ	1	1	1 1	0.3	103	- 1	!	
OSCILL ATORIA	FIL	ı	1	l	1 1	1	i	[3	113.6	
CSCILLATORIA SUBTILISSIMA	FIL	Í	•	1	1	1	1	ļ	•	! X
PANDORINA MORUM	CCL	İ	1	1	1 1	l	ł	- [	ļ.	X
PEDIASTRUM CUPLEX	COL	- (	I	l	1	1	1	ļ	!	į x
PEDIASTRUM DUPLEX		1	1	l	ı	1	1	•	!	!
V. GRACILIMUM	CCL	1	ĺ	1	1	1	t x	1	!	1
PECIASTRUM CUPLEX		1	1	!	- 1	1	1	1	!	! .
V. RETICULATUM	COL	1	1	1	- 1	1	1	- 1	I	l x

LAKE NAME: WILLIAMS POND

CONTINUED

STORET NUMBER: 1009

		04 10			10 73 07 20			10 73		09 28 73	
AXAT	FORM	1	%C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1 1 1 s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1 1 1 S	<b>1</b> C	ALGAL   UNITS   PEP ML	
PEDIASTRUM TETRAS		777						-7-7			
V. TETRADDON	CCF	11	j		_i_i	0.3	103	ii	i	i	
PERIDINIUM INCONSPICUUM	CEL	ii	i		1	1.3		ii	0.91	56 i	
PHACUS	CEL	ii	i		i	i i		ii	i	×	
PHACUS CURVICAUDA	CEL	11	Ì		i	i i	X	ii	i	x i	
PHACLS FELIKOIDES	CEL	i i	i		1	i i		ii	j	x i	
PHACLS LONGICAUDA	CEL	ii	j		i i	j		ii	i	ХÌ	
PHACUS PYRUM	CEL	ii	i		j i	i		ii	i	χí	
PHACLS SUECICUS	CEL	ΙĹ	ĺ		ii	j		ii	i	x t	
PINNUL ARIA	CEL	i i	i		ii	i		ii	0.51	28 i	
PINNULARIA ABAUJENSIS		ii	i		ii	i		ii	1		
V. LINEARIS	CEŁ	ii	i		i i	i		i i	i	x i	
PINNULARIA MESOLEPTA	CEL	11	j		ii	i		i i	i	χί	
RHIZCSCLENIA LONGISETA	CEL	ii	i		ii	0.3	103	i i	i	n i	
SC ENEDE SMUS	COL	- i i	i		ii	i	X	ii	í	i	
SCENEDESMUS ABUNCANS	COL	11	Í		ii	i	x	ii	3.8	224 i	
SCENEDESMUS ACUMINATUS	COL	ii	Í		ii	į		ii		×	
SCENEDESMUS DENTICULATUS	CCL	ii	j		ii	0.3	103	ii	ì	- î	
SCENEDESMUS DISPAR	COL	ii	i		ii		103	ii	0.5	28	
SCENEDESMUS ECORNIS		ii	i		ii	i		ii	, , , i	20 1	
V. DISCIFORMIS	COL	ii	í		ii	0.3	103	ii	i	i	
SCENEDESMUS INTERMEDIUS	COL	ii	i	x	ii		103	ii	i	i	
SCENEDESMUS OPOLIENSIS	COL	ii	i	•	ii	0.31	103	ii	i	i	
SCENEDESMUS QUADRICAUDA	CCL	ii	0.51	43	ii	i	X	ii	0.91	56 i	
SCENEDESMUS SPP.	COL	íi	i		141	15.21	5167	i i	777	i	
SCHROEDERIA SETIGERA	CEL	11	i		-i i	0.61	207	ii	i	x i	
SELENASTRUM WESTII	COL	ii	i		ii	1		i i	i	χi	
STAURASTRUM	CEL	ii	į	х	ii	i		1 1	ì	n i	
STAURASTRUM #1	CEL	jj	ì	••	ii	ì		i i	1-4	84 i	
STAURASTRUM #2	CEL	ii	j		ii	0.31	103	ii	G-51	28	
STAURASTRUM #3	CEL	- i i	i		ii	0.31	103	ii	1	×i	
STAURASTRUM #4	CEL	1 1	Í		İİ	- i	X	i i	i	į	

LAKE NAME: WILLIAMS POND STORET NUMBER: 1009

CONTINUED

				04 10 73	3		07 20 73			09 28 73	
TAXA	FORM	1	<b>*</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	    s	*C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1
		·									·
STAURASTRUM #5	CEL	- !	!!		1 1		X	1			- 7
STAURASTRUM #6	CEL	. !	!!		!!	!!	X	- 1	: :		,
STAURASTRUM SETIGERUM	CEL	- !	! !		!!	!!	*	- 1	! !		- 1
SUPIRELLA BRIGHTWELLII ?	CEL	1	!!	X	1 !	!		1		196	1
SYNEORA	CEL	- 1	1 (		1 1	1		!	3.3	190	Ì
SYNEDRA DELICATISSIMA	CEL	- 1	0.51	43		1 1		!	!!		
TABELL ARIA	CEL	1	1 1	X	1	1		Ŋ	!!		
TETRAEDRON	CEL	- 1	1 1		•	1 1	X	Ţ	!!		
TETRAEDRON #1	CEL	1	1 1		1 1	t f		ļ	1 1	×	
TETRAECRON HASTATUM	CEL	1	1 1		1 1	1 1		1	1 1	X	
TETRAEDRON LIMNETICUM	CEL	1	1 1		i	1 1	X	1	1 1	X	
TETRAEDRON MUTICUM	CEL	i	i i			0.61	207	1	1 1		
TETRAEDRON TRIGONUM	CEL	ı	i i		- 1	1 1		ł	! I	X	
TETRASTRUM HETERACANTHUM	COL	i	i i		i	1 1		- 1	1 0.51	28	
TREUBARIA	CEL	i i	i i		1.0	1 1		- 1	1 1	Х	
TREUBARIA TRIAPPENDICULATA	CEL	i	i i		į	0.61	207	1	1 1		
TOTAL				8423			33904			5964	

#### LAKE NAME: TRUSSUM POND STORET NUMBER: 1010

#### NYGAARD TROPHIC STATE INDICES

DATE 07 20 73

MYXOPHYCEAN 0.12 ?
CHLOROPHYCEAN 0.31 ?
EUGLENOPHYTE 0/07 ?
DIATOM 0.25 ?
COMPOUNC 0.52 0

#### PALMER'S ORGANIC POLLUTION INDICES

**CATE 07 20 73** 

GENUS 00 SPECIES 00

#### SPECIES CIVERSITY AND ABUNDANCE INDICES

EATE 07 20 73

AVERAGE DIVERSITY 3.07 NUMBER OF TAXA 43.00 NUMBER OF SAMPLES COMPOSITED 1.00 MAXIMUM DIVERSITY MAXH 5.43 TOTAL DIVERSITY 4835.25 TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/ML 1575.00 EVENESS COMPONENT 0.57 MEAN NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS/TAXA 36.63 NUMBER/ML OF MOST ABUNDANT TAXON 361.00

 $\frac{\omega}{2}$ 

LAKE NAME: TRUSSUM POND STORET NUMBER: 1010

# CONTINUED

07 20 73

TAXA	FCRM	   	<b>₹</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1
1606		•			
ANABAENA	FIL	-T-T	1	X	ı
ANK I STRODE SMUS	CEL		1.7	26	1
ANKISTRODESMUS CCTOCORNIS	CEL	1 1	1	X	- [
CENTRIC DIATOM	CEL	15	4.91	77	- !
COELASTRUM RETICULATUM	COL	1	1 1	X	1
CCELASTRUM SPHAERICUM	COL	1 1	i 1	X	ļ
COSMARIUM #1	CEL	14	116.4	258	ļ
CCSMARIUM #2	CEL	1	1 1	X	1
CESMARIUM MARGARITATUM	CEL		1 1	X	ļ
COSMARIUM ORTHOSTICHUM	CEL	1	1 [	X	!
CYMBELLA	CEL	1	3.3		!
CYPBELLA VENTRICCSA	CEL	- I		X	ļ.
DESMID #1	CEL	-	! !	X	- !
DESMID #2	CEL	1	1 1	X	- !
DINCBRYCH SERTULARIA	CEL	Ų	1	X	- !
DINCFLAGELLATE	CEL	3	13.1		ļ
EUDORINA ELEGANS	COL	1		X	- }
FLAGELLATES	CEL	12	22.9	7	!
FRAGILARIA	CEL	. !	!	i X	- !
GENATOZYGON	CEL	- 1	1 1	X	- !
GYROSIGMA	CEL	. !	1	Į X	- !
MELOSIRA #2	CEL	!	!	į X	!
PELCSIPA #5	CEL	- 1	1	X	!
NAVICULA #1	CEL	Į.	1 1.7		•
NAVICULA #2	CEL	!	1	i X	- !
CSCILLATORIA	FIL	!	!	1 X	1
PENNATE DIATOM #1	CEL	!	3.3	•	-
PENNATE DIATOM #2	CEL	!	1 1.7	•	- 1
PINNULARIA	CEL	!	1	X	- 1
SCENEDESMUS	COL	1.	!	X	- !
SPCNDYLCSIUM PLANUM	CEL	İı	122.9		- 1
STAURASTRUM #1	CEL	1	1 1.7	26	·

# LAKE NAME: TRUSSUM PCND STCRET NUMBER: 1010

# CONTINUED

07 20 73

TA XA	FORM	1 1 1s	<b>%</b> C	ALGAL UNITS PER ML	1	
STAURASTRUM #2	GEL	<u> </u>	<u>ī</u>	X	Ī	
STAURASTRUM #3	CEL	1 !	Ţ	X	!	
STAURASTRUM #4	CÉL	- 1 1	_ [	_ X	!	
STAURASTRUM BIFICUM	CEL	1 1	1.71	26	!	
STAURASTRUM CERASTES	CEL	- 1 1	Ţ	X	_!	
STAURASTRUM DILATATUM		- 1 1	- 1		. !	
V. HIBERNICUM	CEL	1 1	1	X	Ţ	
STAURA STRUM MUTICUM	CEL	- [.]	1.71	26	- !	
STAURASTRUM SIMONYI ?	CEL	- 1 1	1	X	- [	
SYNEDRA	CEL	1 1	1	X	1	
TABELLARIA FENESTRATA	CEL	1 1	3.31	52	1	
TABELLARIA FLOCCULOSA	CEL	1 1	ı	Х	1	
TOTAL				1575		

(I	TECHNICAL REPORT DATA Please read Instructions on the reverse before co	ompleting)
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4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		5. REPORT DATE January 1978
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15. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES
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# 16. ABSTRACT

This is a data report presenting the species and abundance of phytoplankton in the 6 lakes sampled by the National Eutrophication Survey in the State of Delaware. Results from the calculation of several water quality indices are also included (Nygaard's Trophic State Index, Palmer's Organic Pollution Index, and species diversity and abundance indices).

7. KEY WORDS AND DOCUMENT ANALYSIS								
*aquatic microbiology lakes *phytoplankton water quality		b.IDENTIFIERS/OPEN ENDED TERMS	c. COSATI Field/Group					
		Delaware lake eutrophication Nygaard's trophic indice Palmer's organic pollu- tion indices Species diversity and abundance indices	06 C, M 08 H s 13 B					
8. DISTRIBU	TION STATEMENT	19. SECURITY CLASS (This Report) UNCLASSIFIED	21. NO. OF PAGES 40					
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