# U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

WORKING PAPER SERIES



REPORT
ON
CASTLE ROCK FLOWAGE
JUNEAU AND ADAMS COUNTIES
WISCONSIN
EPA REGION V
WORKING PAPER No. 75

#### PACIFIC NORTHWEST ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY

An Associate Laboratory of the

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER - CORVALLIS, OREGON

and

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER - LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

REPORT
ON
CASTLE ROCK FLOWAGE
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WITH THE COOPERATION OF THE
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#### FOREWORD

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The National Eutrophication Survey was initiated in 1972 in response to an Administration commitment to investigate the nation-wide threat of accelerated eutrophication to fresh water lakes and reservoirs.

#### OBJECTIVES

The Survey was designed to develop, in conjunction with state environmental agencies, information on nutrient sources, concentrations, and impact on selected freshwater lakes as a basis for formulating comprehensive and coordinated national, regional, and state management practices relating to point-source discharge reduction and non-point source pollution abatement in lake watersheds.

#### ANALYTIC APPROACH

The mathematical and statistical procedures selected for the Survey's eutrophication analysis are based on related concepts that:

- a. A generalized representation or model relating sources, concentrations, and impacts can be constructed.
- b. By applying measurements of relevant parameters associated with lake degradation, the generalized model can be transformed into an operational representation of a lake, its drainage basin, and related nutrients.
- c. With such a transformation, an assessment of the potential for eutrophication control can be made.

### LAKE ANALYSIS\*

In this report, the first stage of evaluation of lake and watershed data collected from the study lake and its drainage basin is documented. The report is formatted to provide state environmental agencies with specific information for basin planning [§303(e)], water quality criteria/standards review [§303(c)], clean lakes [§314(a,b)], and water quality monitoring [§106 and §305(b)] activities mandated by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972.

<sup>\*</sup> The lake discussed in this report was included in the National Eutrophication Survey as a water body of interest to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources. Tributaries and nutrient sources were not sampled, and this report relates only to the data obtained from lake sampling.

Beyond the single lake analysis, broader based correlations between nutrient concentrations (and loading) and trophic condition are being made to advance the rationale and data base for refinement of nutrient water quality criteria for the Nation's fresh water lakes. Likewise, multivariate evaluations for the relationships between land use, nutrient export, and trophic condition, by lake class or use, are being developed to assist in the formulation of planning guidelines and policies by EPA and to augment plans implementation by the states.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The staff of the National Eutrophication Survey (Office of Research & Development, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency) expresses sincere appreciation to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for professional involvement and to the Wisconsin National Guard for conducting the tributary sampling phase of the Survey.

Francis H. Schraufnagel, Acting Assistant Director, and Joseph R. Ball of the Bureau of Water Quality, and Donald R. Winter, Lake Rehabilitation Program, provided invaluable lake documentation and counsel during the Survey. Central Office and District Office personnel of the Department of Natural Resources reviewed the preliminary reports and provided critiques most useful in the preparation of this Working Paper series.

Major General James J. Lison, Jr., the Adjutant General of Wisconsin, and Project Officer CW-4 Donald D. Erickson, who directed the volunteer efforts of the Wisconsin National Guardsmen, are also gratefully acknowledged for their assistance to the Survey.

#### NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

#### STUDY LAKES

#### STATE OF WISCONSIN

Al toona Beaver Dam Beaver Dam Big Eau Pleine

Browns

Butte des Morts

Butternut

Castle Rock Flowage

Como Crystal Delavan Eau Claire Geneva Grand Green Kegonsa

Koshkonong Lac La Belle

Middle Nagawicka Oconomowoc Okauchee |

Petenwell Flowage

Pewaukee Pigeon Pine Poygan Rock Rome Pond Round

Shawano Sinnissippi Eau Claire Barron Dodge Marathon Racine Winnebago Price, Ashland

Juneau Walworth Vilas Walworth Eau Claire Walworth Green Lake Green Lake Dane

Jefferson, Rock, Dane

Waukesha Walworth Waukesha Waukesha Waukesha Juneau Waukesha Waupaca Waukesha

Winnebago, Waushara

Jefferson

Jefferson, Waukesha

Waupaca Shawano Dodge

#### LAKE NAME

Swan
Tainter
Tichigan
Townline
Trout
Wapogassett
Wausau
Willow
Winnebago

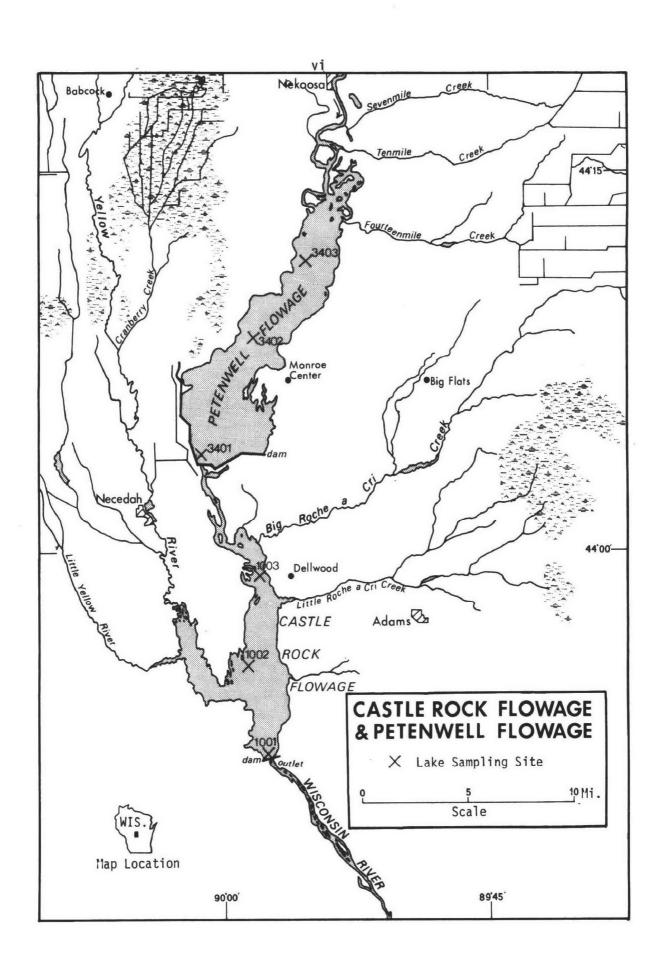
Wisconsin Wissota Yellow

## COUNTY

Columbia Dunn Racine Oneida Vilas Polk Marathon Oneida

Winnebago, Fond Du Lac,

Calumet Columbia Chippewa Burnett



# CASTLE ROCK FLOWAGE STORET NO. 5510

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Castle Rock Flowage was included in the National Eutrophication

Survey as a water body of interest to the Wisconsin Department of

Natural Resources. Tributaries and nutrient sources were not sampled,

and this report only relates to reservoir sampling data.

Castle Rock Flowage was formed by a 1950 impoundment of the Wisconsin River near Mauston by the Wisconsin River Power Company. It lies immediately downstream from Petenwell Flowage\* and is indirectly impacted by the same domestic, food-processing, and pulp and paper mill wastes that affect Petenwell as well as domestic and food-processing wastes discharged to a major tributary, the Yellow River (McKersie, et al., 1970).

#### II. CONCLUSIONS

#### A. Trophic Condition:

Survey data indicate Castle Rock Flowage is eutrophic. Of the 46 Wisconsin lakes sampled, 20 had less mean total phosphorus, 31 had less mean dissolved phosphorus, 30 had less mean inorganic nitrogen, 33 had less mean chlorophyll <u>a</u>, and 33 had greater mean Secchi disc transparency.

Dissolved oxygen was depressed but not depleted with depth at sampling station 1 in August, 1972. However, severe dissolved oxygen problems occur in the Flowage (Schraufnagel, 1974), and

<sup>\*</sup> Working Paper No. 74.

partial winterkill and summerkill conditions occasionally occur (Klick and Threinen, 1969).

Survey limnologists noted an algal bloom in the southern end of the Flowage in August, 1972.

#### B. Rate-Limiting Nutrient:

The algal assay results indicate phosphorus limitation at the time the sample was taken (11/08/72). However, the reservoir data indicate nitrogen limitation at the other sampling times.

Castle Rock Flowage may have been somewhat light-inhibited due to absorption by color resulting from pulp and paper mill wastes and natural sources as Kluesener (1968) considered likely at upstream Petenwell Flowage. However, the numbers of phytoplankton and the levels of chlorophyll <u>a</u> during Survey sampling indicate light inhibition was not as important as during Kluesener's study.

#### III. RESERVOIR CHARACTERISTICS

# A. Morphometry<sup>†</sup>:

- 1. Surface area: 16,640 acres.
- 2. Mean depth: 10.5 feet.
- 3. Maximum depth: 30 feet.
- 4. Volume: 174,720 acre-feet.
- 5. Mean hydraulic retention time: 13 days\*.

#### B. Precipitation\*\*:

- 1. Year of sampling: 42.7 inches.
- 2. Mean annual: 30.7 inches.

<sup>+</sup> Ball, 1973.

<sup>\*</sup> Based on mean Wisconsin River discharge of 6,671 cfs at Wisconsin Dells (Anonymous, 1974).

<sup>\*\*</sup> See Working Paper No. 1, "Survey Methods, 1972".

#### IV. LAKE WATER QUALITY SUMMARY

Castle Rock Flowage was sampled three times during the open-water season of 1972 by means of a pontoon-equipped Huey helicopter. Each time, samples for physical and chemical parameters were collected from three stations on the reservoir and from two or more depths at each station (see map, page vi). During each visit, a single depth-integrated (15 feet or near bottom to surface) sample was composited from the stations for phytoplankton identification and enumeration; and during the last visit, a single five-gallon depth-integrated sample was composited for algal assays. Also each time, a depth-integrated sample was collected from each of the stations for chlorophyll <u>a</u> analysis. The maximum depths sampled were 23 feet at station 1, 10 feet at station 2, and 8 feet at station 3.

The results obtained are presented in full in Appendix A, and the data for the fall sampling period, when the reservoir essentially was well-mixed, are summarized below. Note, however, the Secchi disc summary is based on all values.

For differences in the various parameters at the other sampling times, refer to Appendix A.

# A. Physical and chemical characteristics:

# FALL VALUES

(11/08/72)

<u>Parameter</u>	Minimum	Mean	Median	<u>Maximum</u>
Temperature (Cent.) Dissolved oxygen (mg/l) Conductivity (µmhos) pH (units) Alkalinity (mg/l) Total P (mg/l) Dissolved P (mg/l) NO <sub>2</sub> + NO <sub>3</sub> (mg/l) Ammonia (mg/l)	5.5 10.2 135 7.1 25 0.044 0.025 0.270 0.120	5.8 10.5 141 7.2 32 0.048 0.027 0.298 0.127	5.9 10.6 140 7.2 32 0.048 0.026 0.280 0.130	6.1 10.8 150 7.4 36 0.055 0.032 0.340 0.140
		ALL VAL	UES	
Secchi disc (inches)	20	30	33	38

#### B. Biological characteristics:

## Phytoplankton\* -

Sampling Date	Dominant Genera	Number per ml
08/18/72	<ol> <li>Anabaena</li> <li>Gloeocapsa</li> <li>Chroococcus</li> <li>Melosira</li> <li>Flagellates         <ul> <li>Other genera</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	219 188 173 83 60 211
	Total	934
11/08/72	<ol> <li>Melosira</li> <li>Flagellates</li> <li>Fragilaria</li> <li>Aphanocapsa</li> <li>Chroococcus</li> <li>Other genera</li> </ol>	3,170 1,887 981 717 659 3,152
	Total	10,566

# 2. Chlorophyll $\underline{a}$ - (Because of instrumentation problems during the 1972 sampling, the following values may be in error by plus or minus 20 percent.)

Sampling Date	Station <u>Number</u>	Chlorophyll <u>a</u> (μg/l)
06/24/72	01 02 03	102.3 65.9 32.8
08/18/72	01 02 03	1.7 6.3 1.3
11/08/72	01 02 03	6.4 7.4 5.0

<sup>\*</sup> The June sample was lost in shipment.

#### C. Limiting Nutrient Study:

1. Autoclaved, filtered, and nutrient spiked -

Spike (mg/l)	Ortho P Conc. (mg/1)	Inorganic N Conc. (mg/1)	Maximum yield (mg/l-dry wt.)
Control	0.020	0.390	1.7
0.006 P	0.026	0.390	4.6
0.012 P	0.032	0.390	10.4
0.060 P	0.080	0.390	10.4
0.060 P + 10.0 N		10.390	40.0
10.0 N	0.020	10.390	1.3

#### Discussion -

The control yield of the assay alga, <u>Selenastrum capri-cornutum</u>, indicates that the potential primary productivity of Castle Rock Flowage was moderately high at the time the sample was taken (11/08/72). Also, the increased yields with increased levels of orthophosphorus indicate phosphorus limitation at that time (note the lack of yield response when only nitrogen was added).

The reservoir data confirm phosphorus limitation in November (N/P ratio = 16/1) but indicate nitrogen limitation in June (N/P = 6/1) and August (N/P = 9/1).

#### V. LITERATURE REVIEWED

- Anonymous, 1974. Water resources data for Wisconsin. Part 1. Surface water records. Water Resources Div., U.S.G.S., Madison.
- Ball, Joseph R., 1973. Personal communication (flowage morphometry). WI Dept. Nat. Resources, Madison.
- Klick, Thomas A., and C. W. Threinen, 1969. Surface water resources of Juneau County. WI Dept. Nat. Resources, Madison.
- Kluesener, John W., 1968. Oxygen and color relationships in Petenwell Reservoir, Wisconsin River. M.S. thesis, U. of Wisconsin, Madison.
- McKersie, Jerome R., Robert M. Krill, William H. Doyle, and Larry L. Maltbey; 1970. Upper Wisconsin River pollution investigation survey. WI Dept. Nat. Resources, Madison.
- Schraufnagel, Francis H., 1974. Personal communication (review of preliminary report on Castle Rock flowage). WI Dept. Nat. Resources, Madison.

#### VI. APPENDIX

APPENDIX A

PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL DATA

#### STORET RETRIEVAL DATE 74/09/30

551001 43 52 00.0 089 57 30.0 CASTLE ROCK FLOWAGE 55 WISCONSIN

							11EP/ 5	ALES		1202 FEET DEP	тн	
FROM OF	-		00010 WATER TEMP CENT	00300 DO MG/L	00077 TRANSP SECCHI INCHES	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD MICROMHO	00400 PH SU	00410 T ALK CACO3 MG/L	00630 N02&N03 N-TOTAL MG/L	00610 NH3+N TOTAL MG/L	00665 PHOS-TOT MG/L P	00666 PHOS-DIS MG/L P
72/06/24	06 00 0	000	19.3	9.2	38	115	7.25	33	0.140	0.080	0.054	0.038
	06 00 0	015	19.7	8.8		115	7.31	27	0.160	0.040	0.087	0.040
72/08/18					33	145	8.20	33	0.210	0.070	0.070	0.041
	09 15 0		25.7	10.0		153	8.30	35	0.210	0.070	0.065	0.037
	09 15 0		20.7	4.6		155	6.80	32	0.320	0.180	0.075	0.051
	09 15 0		20.0	4.0		158	6.85	24	0.350	0.200	0.071	0.049
72/11/08					22	140	7.40	31	0.280	0.120	0.047	0.025
	07 45 00		5.9	10.4		140	7.30	33	0.280	0.130	0.048	0.026
	07 45 00		5.9	10.7		140	7.20	32	0.280	0.130	0.049	0.026
	07 45 0	020	5.9	10.6		140	7.20	31	0.280	0.130	0.055	0.032

DATE	TIM	4E	DEPTH	32217 CHLRPHYL
FROM	OF	-		A
то	DAY	1	FEET	UG/L
72/06/24	06	00	0000	102.3
72/08/18	09	15	0000	1.75
72/11/08	07	45	0000	6.4

J VALUE KNOWN TO BE IN FRROK

#### STORET RETRIEVAL DATE 74/09/30

551002 43 55 30.0 089 58 30.0 CASTLE ROCK FLOWAGE 55 WISCONSIN

						11EP 5	ALES		1202 FEET DEP	тн					
FROM	TIMI OF Day	0F	0F	0F	E DEPTH FEET	00010 WATER TEMP CENT	00300 DO MG/L	00077 TRANSP SECCHI INCHES	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD MICROMHO	00400 PH SU	00410 T ALK CACO3 MG/L	00630 NOZ&NO3 N-TOTAL MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00665 PHOS-TOT MG/L P	00666 PHOS-DIS MG/L P
72/06/24		35 0000 35 0010	18.2 18.0	9.2 9.5	36	115	7.10	27	0.200	0.150	0.085	0.055			
72/08/18		10 0000 10 0004	24.8	8.4	33	160 158	8.20 8.10	35 35	0.260 0.280	0.070 0.060	0.073 0.063	0.046 0.042			
72/11/08	08	-	23.8	7.7	20	160 140	7.40 7.10	34 25	0.310 0.300	0.070 0.140	0.061 0.045	0.043 0.028			
		05 0004 05 0010	6.1 6.1	10.2 10.4		135 135	7•20 7•20	28 29	0.280 0.270	0.130 0.120	0.044 0.047	0.028 0.026			

DATE FROM	TI	_	DEPTH	32217 CHLRPHYL
TO	DA	Y	FEET	UG/L
72/06/24	06	35	0000	65.9
72/08/18				6.3
72/11/08	08	05	0000	7.4.

#### STORET RETRIEVAL DATE 74/09/30

551003 43 59 00.0 089 57 30.0 CASTLE ROCK FLOWAGE 55 WISCONSIN

							1 1EP	ALES		1202 FEET DEP	тн	
DATE TIME DEPT		00010 WATER TEMP	00300 DO	00077 TRANSP SECCHI	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD	00400 PH	00410 T ALK CACO3	00630 NO28NO3 N-TOTAL	00610 NH3-N Total	00665 PHOS-TOT	00666 PHOS-DIS	
10	DAY	FEET	CENT	MG/L	INCHES	MICROMHO	SU	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P	MG/L P
72/06/24	06 5	5 0000	18.1	11.6	36	135	6.68	31	0.210	0.230	0.107	0.076
_	06 59	5 0010	18.5	8.4		135	6.70	. 30	0.220	0.230	0.108	0.064
72/08/18	11 4	5 0000			33	180	7.10	32	0.430	0.170	0.081	0.052
	11 4	5 0004	24.1			170	6.90	30	0.470	0.080	0.071	0.061
72/11/08	08 20	0 0000			20	150	7.30	35	0.330	0.120	0.050	0.028
	08 20	0 0004	5.5	10.6		145	7.30	35	0.340	0.130	0.048	0.027
	08 20	0 0008	5.5	10.8		145	7.30	36	0.340	0.120	0.049	0.026

DATE	TI	4E	DEPTH	32217 CHLRPHYL
FROM	01	-		A
TO	DA'	4	FEET	UG/L
72/06/24	06	55	0000	32.8
72/08/18	11	45	0000	1.3.
72/11/08	08	20	0000	5.0

J VALUE KNOWN TO HE IN FRANK