

EPA's BEACH Report:Alabama 2011 Swimming Season

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Introduction

The Beaches Environmental Assessment and Coastal Health (BEACH) Act of 2000 authorizes EPA to provide grants to coastal and Great Lakes states, territories, and eligible tribes to monitor their coastal beaches for bacteria that indicate the possible presence of disease-causing pathogens and to notify the public when there is a potential risk to public health. The BEACH Act requires that recipients of those grants report their coastal beach monitoring and notification data to EPA. This fact sheet highlights the data submitted to EPA by the State of Alabama for the 2011 swimming season.

2011 Swimming Season Monitoring and Notification Actions

Alabama monitored 25 beaches in two counties during the 2011 swimming season (Figure 1 and Table 1). When monitoring results at swimming beaches show that levels of specific indicator bacteria in the water exceed applicable water quality standards, Alabama officials issue a beach advisory warning people of possible risks of swimming.

How many beaches had notification actions?

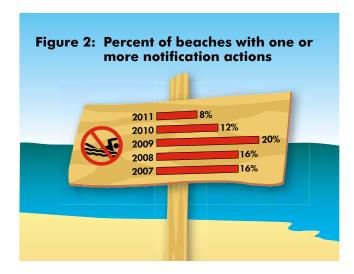
In 2011, of the 25 coastal beaches that Alabama monitored, two (8 percent) had at least one notification action. This is a decrease over previous years (Figure 2).

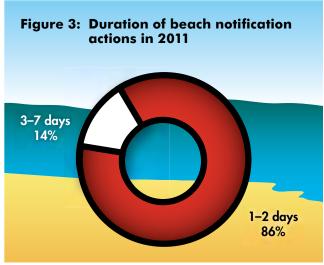
Figure 1. Alabama coastal counties.



Table 1. Number of monitored and unmonitored coastal beaches by county for 2011.

County	Total Beaches	Monitored	Not Monitored
BALDWIN	21	21	0
MOBILE	4	4	0
TOTALS	25	25	0





How many notification actions were issued and how long did they last?

Alabama issued six notification actions during the 2011 swimming season. Typically Alabama lifts an action when follow-up monitoring indicates that water quality complies with applicable standards. For five of the six actions (86 percent) water quality returned to normal and beaches were deemed safe for swimming within one or two days (Figure 3). The other action lasted three days.

What percentage of days were beaches under a notification action?

EPA calculates the total available beach days and the number of beach days with notification actions to better track trends over time. Total available beach days are determined by multiplying the length of the beach season by the number of beaches in the state. For 2011 EPA determined that 3,825 beach days were associated with the



swimming seasons of the 25 monitored Alabama beaches. Alabama reported notification actions on 9 days, meaning that beaches were open and safe for swimming about 99.8 percent of the time. This continues the annual trend of very few actions for the state's swimming beaches.

For More Information

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For general information about beaches visit: http://water.epa.gov/type/oceb/beaches/.

For information about a specific beach visit: http://watersgeo.epa.gov/beacon2/.