

Need More Information?

Free Information

Many publications are available to you. Here are just a few suggestions:

- ★ Home Buyers and Sellers Guide to Radon
- ★ EPA's Map of Radon Zones
- ★ Model Standards and Techniques for Control of Radon in New Residential Buildings, developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the building industry with details on how to install radon-resistant techniques in your new home.
- ★ Architectural Drawings of Radon-Resistant Construction Techniques



Where To Find Free Information

- ★ National Center for Environmental Publications and Information (NCEPI)
<http://www.epa.gov.ncepihom/>
Or call 1-800-490-9198
- ★ EPA's Indoor Environments Division
Website: <http://www.epa.gov.iaq/>

Also Available

- ★ The Council of American Building Officials One- and Two-Family Dwelling Code Appendix F also details radon-resistant techniques.
Call (708) 799-2300.
- ★ Order a kit to explain to your builder the radon resistant techniques from the National Association of Home Builders. Call the Home Builder Bookstore at 1-800-223-2665 and order "Building Radon Resistant Homes: A Builder's Independent Study Kit."

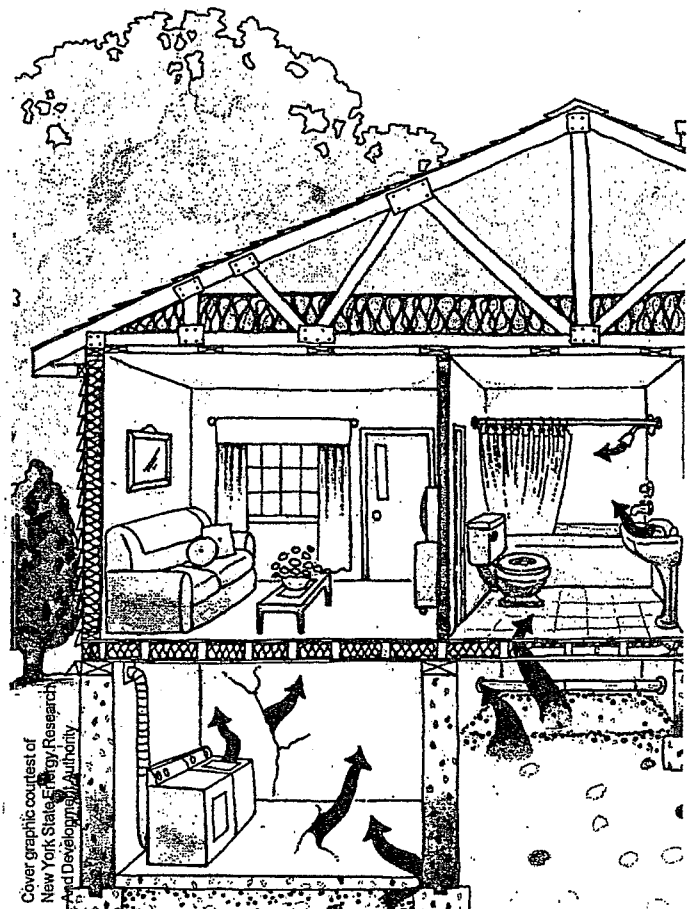
United States
Environmental
Protection Agency

EPA/402-F-98-008
April 1998

Office of Air and Radiation

 **EPA Buying a New Home?**

How To Protect Your Family From Radon



Cover graphic courtesy of
New York State Energy Research
and Development Authority



Protect

What Is Radon?

Radon causes an estimated 14,000 lung cancer deaths each year. It is the earth's only naturally-produced radioactive gas and comes from the breakdown of uranium in soil, rock, and water. You cannot see or smell radon, but it can become a health hazard when it accumulates indoors. It can enter your home through cracks and openings in the foundation floor and walls. When radon decays and is inhaled into the lungs, it releases energy that can damage the DNA in sensitive lung tissue and cause cancer.

Why Buy A Radon-Resistant Home?

The techniques work

Simple and inexpensive techniques reduce radon levels on average by 50%. The techniques may also lower levels of other soil gases and decrease moisture problems.

It's cost-effective

Building in the features is much cheaper than fixing a radon problem later.

Save money

The techniques described here also make your home more energy efficient and could provide you an average of \$65 savings per year in your energy costs.

Upgrading is easy

If high levels of radon are found, a fan can easily be installed as part of the system for further radon reduction.

What Can You Do?



Simple, inexpensive techniques can be used to lower radon levels and increase energy efficiency in your new home. Here are basic steps to follow when buying a new home.

1. Check Your Area's Radon Potential

Find out if you are buying a home in a high radon area. The Environmental Protection Agency's map of radon zones shows which areas have the greatest potential for elevated indoor radon readings. Homes in places with high radon potential, called Zone 1 areas, should be built with radon-resistant features.

2. Install a Radon Reduction System

Talk to your builder about installing a radon reduction system. You can obtain free copies of the EPA's Model Standards and architectural drawings and use them to explain the techniques to your builder. Let your builder know that the radon resistant features can be easily installed with common building practices and materials.

3. Remember: Test Your Home

Every new home should be tested for radon after occupancy. Test your home even if it has the radon resistant features. Test kits are inexpensive and may be purchased at your local hardware store. Or simply call the National Safety Council Radon Hotline at (800) SOS-RADON to order a test kit.



4. If Radon Levels Are Still High, Activate

If your home tests at 4.0 picocuries per liter (pCi/L) or above, activate the system by installing an in-line fan. Call a local radon mitigator about installing the fan. Check with your state radon office for names of qualified or state certified radon contractors in your area.

Your Family From Radon

How Do the Costs Compare?



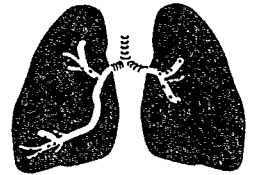
Average cost to install radon-resistant features in an existing home:
\$800 - \$2,500

Average cost to install radon-resistant features during new home construction:
\$350 - \$500



Did You Know?

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer after smoking.



High radon levels have been found in every state.

Levels can vary widely, even from home to home in the same neighborhood.

Radon levels can be lowered, and homes can be built radon-resistant.

What Are the Radon-Resistant Features?

The techniques may vary for different foundations and site requirements, but the basic elements are:

A. Gas Permeable Layer

This layer is placed beneath the slab or flooring system to allow the soil gas to move freely underneath the house. In many cases, the material used is a 4-inch layer of clean gravel.

B. Plastic Sheetting

Plastic sheeting is placed on top of the gas permeable layer and under the slab to help prevent the soil gas from entering the home. In crawlspaces, the sheeting is placed over the crawlspace floor.

C. Sealing and Caulking

All openings in the concrete foundation floor are sealed to reduce soil gas entry into the home.

D. Vent Pipe

A 3- or 4-inch gas-tight or PVC pipe (commonly used for plumbing) runs from the gas permeable layer through the house to the roof to safely vent radon and other soil gases above the house.

E. Junction Box

An electrical junction box is installed in case an electric venting fan is needed later.

