SEPA

A Report on State/Territory Non-NPL Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup Efforts for the Period 1980 - 1992

ASSOCIATION OF STATE AND TERMINAL ASSOCIATION OF STATE AND ASSOCIATION OF STATE ASSOCIATION O



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Preface

This report was sponsored by the Association of State and Territorial Solid Waste Management Officials (ASTSWMO) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The combined dedication of their management and staff was instrumental to the project's success.

In addition, the dedication, time and resources provided by the States and Territories in preparing and submitting the requested data is to be commended; particularly since their participation was voluntary.

The focus of the report is on the non-National Priority List (NPL) hazardous waste sites being cleaned up by the States/Territories. However, in order to tell the whole Superfund program story, data on Federal hazardous waste cleanup efforts have been included. The time frame of the data is 1980 through 1992, except in a few instances, as noted. The report, therefore, is historic in nature and tells the story of what has happened rather than what is expected to happen.

The extensive efforts of ASTSWMO, EPA and the States and Territories have been successful in preparing this report, which is the first of its kind in the life of the Superfund Program. Special thanks are also extended to the contractor, Kensington Systems, Inc. (KSI), who provided the major support for this effort.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Introduction

This report presents the results of an analysis of the State/Territory non-National Priorities List (non-NPL) cleanup activities in the United States. It discusses Superfund removal and remedial actions, the predominant remedies selected, and the costs of cleanup.

The time frame of the data presented within this report covers the period from 1980 through 1992. The report focuses on State/Territory non-NPL hazardous waste cleanup efforts. However, to afford a full view of all Superfund cleanup efforts, data on Federal hazardous waste cleanups are included.

A key point is that the data is historical. The report represents what has happened over the first twelve years of the Superfund program. It does not purport to represent what is currently happening in Superfund or what is anticipated to happen in Superfund.

This Executive Summary presents highlights of how the study was conducted, the data collected and the analysis performed. It commences with the identification of the need for the data and concludes with a discussion of the results obtained. This Executive Summary is divided into sections on State/Territory data, Federal data, combined data, and the conclusions drawn from the data.

The Universe of Sites

In understanding the universe of abandoned or uncontrolled hazardous waste sites, it is important to understand how the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) determines sites for Federal Superfund response. The computer database known as the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) contains a listing of all abandoned or uncontrolled hazardous waste sites that have been reported to EPA as potential Superfund sites. As of December 31, 1992, a total of 36,781 sites were included in CERCLIS. This study focuses on State/Territory sites where, at least, a Preliminary Assessment (PA) or removal action had been completed. By subtracting Federal sites that still needed a PA and adding some actions that were not in CERCLIS, the universe for this study was 35,166 sites.

EPA has a statutory requirement to use Superfund resources to remediate the most serious of these sites. The process EPA uses to identify the appropriate sites for action begins with an assessment for any imminent threats to human health or the environment;

if such threats are identified, an emergency removal action is taken. Next, a PA is performed to determine the likelihood of serious potential threats. If a site is not "screened out" during the PA, a Site Inspection (SI) is performed. An SI includes field sampling and analysis to quantify the site's contamination. If a site is not screened out during the SI stage, it is scored for potential listing on the National Priorities List (NPL), and those that meet listing criteria are added to the NPL. In December 1992, there were 1,280 NPL sites.

For those sites that are "screened out" at any one of the above steps, EPA determines that No Further Remedial Action is Planned (NFRAP). These NFRAP sites are referred to States or other EPA programs for any further response action. NFRAP sites that are referred to the States and Territories are a major source of sites addressed by the States and Territories and, hence, are the focus of this study.

State/Territory Data

The Association of State and Territorial Solid Waste Management Officials (ASTSWMO) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) acknowledged that a void existed with regard to data on the cleanup efforts of the States and Territories at non-NPL hazardous waste sites. To fill this void, States and Territories were asked to provide data on site status, predominant remedies, State and potentially responsible party (PRP) cleanup costs, start and completion dates, and site identification information like name, location and State ID number.

This information has been entered into a database which now permits individual State/Territory reports and national summaries. This report is the most thorough compilation of State and Territorial cleanup data and, for the first time, these data are presented in a single format.

Thirty-nine States and two Territories responded to this request for data. Of these, one Territory, the Virgin Islands, stated that they did not have any sites of concern under their jurisdiction. The State of New York provided detailed site information which is included in the national summary data, however, they did not want their individual state charts published in Appendix A. The State of Connecticut was unable to provide the requisite detailed backup for its data. Alaska, California and Texas were only able to submit detailed data on some of their sites.

The terms and resulting data used in this report must be qualified. Each State and Territorial "Superfund-like" program is different. The States are not required to use Federal definitions for terms like "remedial", "removal" or "construction completion." This report's use of these terms to describe and measure cleanups in a State/Territory program will not be fully consistent either among States/Territories or with the Federal data. For the purposes of this study, ASTSWMO, in consultation with many of their members, agreed to use the Federal Superfund program terminology as the most commonly understood set of

terms. Even if there were perfect understanding of these Federal terms, the States/Territories still had to fit their programs to these definitions and may have interpreted the wording of the data matrix differently. Individual States/Territories also varied in the amount of time they were able to commit to this study. All of these factors contribute to the accuracy and variability of the presented data. It is important to keep these qualifications on terms in mind when comparing States and Territories to each other and to the Federal cleanup data.

On a national level, as of December 31, 1992, some of the compiled study results from the States and Territories are:

- 21,905 total sites were reported
- 3,527 sites have at least one completed State removal
- 2,689 sites have completed construction through a State remedial process (entire site work was completed except ongoing "operation and maintenance" activities)
- 11,000 sites were described as still active in some part of their State remedial process (the process from preliminary assessment through remedial action)
- 4,834 sites were in a State version of the remedial investigation/feasibility study phase
- 4,261 sites had a duration of less than one year from the start of the remedial investigation to the completion of the remedial action or, if a removal, the duration is from the beginning to the end of the removal action
- 3,395 sites reported a total cost of \$1,205,531,234, which includes both State and PRP costs.

The cost figures reported are limited since many States/Territories did not report State and/or PRP costs; only some State or PRP site costs were reported by 30 of the participating States/Territories. Due to some States' accounting procedures, certain costs were not assigned to specific sites or were not easily retrievable for this study. The "An Analysis of State Superfund Programs: 50-State Study" (1991 Update), a study sponsored by EPA and conducted by the Environmental Law Institute (ELI), concluded that the States spent nearly \$500 million for their cleanup efforts in 1991 alone.

A complete compilation of the State/Territory data, i.e., the State/Territory National Data Summary, can be found at the end of this Executive Summary. Appendix A contains a complete presentation for each of the 40 States/Territories that provided data to ASTSWMO.

Federal Data

The Federal information is taken from the CERCLIS database and other official EPA data sources. CERCLIS contains detailed data on all fifty States, the U.S. Territories of American Samoa, Guam, Midway Island, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Wake Island and the Trust Territories, as well as, the Navajo Nation and the District of Columbia. A compilation of the Federal data, i.e., the Federal National Data Summary, is presented in a table at the end of this Executive Summary. Since the CERCLIS database is constantly being updated, the CERCLIS information presented herein may not be the most accurate at the time it is reviewed. Additionally, since CERCLIS is not the official financial reporting system for EPA cost data, the Federal cost data presented may not necessarily be accurate. In addition, Federal cost data are represented in this study by financial obligations and not final expenditures.

As mentioned earlier, in addition to the data derived from CERCLIS, the Federal data presented in this study are augmented by other data sources, e.g., the Superfund Management Report. For the period through December 31, 1992, some of the Federal results include:

- 35,166 sites existed
- 2,365 sites had completed removal actions
- 155 sites had remedial construction completions
- 9,134 sites were active in the process from preliminary assessment to remedial action
- 900 sites had a duration of less than 1 year from the start of the Remedial investigation to the completion of the remedial action or, if a removal, the duration is from the beginning to the end of the removal action
- 2,866 sites reported total Federal obligations of \$4,782,175,666.

A complete compilation of the Federal data can be found at the end of this Executive Summary.

Combined State/Territory and Federal Data

The combined State/Territory and Federal data is limited to the 38 States and 1 Territory that responded to the ASTSWMO data matrix with detailed information and represents the status of individual sites, as of December 31, 1992. Reviewing three key cleanup accomplishments of the State/Territory data and the Federal data reveals:

- 5,892 sites had completed removal actions -- 3,527 State/Territory and 2,365 Federal
- 2,844 sites had remedial construction completions -- 2,689 State/Territory and 155 Federal
- 20,134 sites were still in the remedial process -- 11,000 State/Territory and 9,134 Federal -- from a completed PA through a Remedial Action (RA).

Conclusions

Differences in terminology and systems for tracking accomplishments by the States/Territories and between States/Territories and the EPA make the development of conclusions a challenge. However, the findings and conclusions presented herein are useful as a general measure of activities. The reader needs to remember that these data are historical in nature and the conclusions may not apply at the time this report is reviewed based upon additional or more current data.

State/Territory Governments, by December 31, 1992, had:

- Completed several thousand sites
 - 2,689 or 14% of the identified sites which required remedial action had completed construction
 - 5,828 or 30% of the identified sites required no further remedial action, based on preliminary assessment, site inspection or remedial investigation
- Completed a large number of removal actions -- 3,527 or 36% of the total number of removal sites had been completed
- Utilized potentially responsible parties as the majority funding source
 - Enforcement actions: 3,692 or 31% of primary funding

- Voluntary/property transfer actions: 6,448 or 55% of primary funding
- Increased the pace of site activities in the latter half of the Superfund program
 - 6,561 or 78% of the sites reporting start dates were started in the years 1986 through 1992 as compared to only 22% of the sites having been started prior to 1986
 - 6,170 or 91% of the sites reporting completion dates were completed in the years 1986 through 1992 as compared to only 9% of the sites having been completed prior to 1986
- Selected containment, either on-site or off-site, as the predominant remedy at 76% of the sites
 - 2,438 or 61% of the predominant remedies used off-site containment
 - 599 or 15% of the predominant remedies used on-site containment
- Of the on-going sites as of December 31, 1992, States/Territories had moved a large number of sites from the preliminary assessment and site inspections phases to the remedial design and remedial action phases
 - PA/SI accounted for 3,887 sites or 40% of the last remedial phase
 - RI/FS accounted for 4,834 sites or 50% of the last remedial phase
 - RD and RA accounted for 941 sites or 10% of the last remedial phase
- Used site security as a predominant remedy at a low number of sites; only at 197 sites or 5% of the remedies selected and it was used as the only remedy in 74 of the 197 sites
- Used innovative technologies as a predominant remedy at 11 sites or 0.3% of the reported remedies selected.

Federal Government, by December 31, 1992, had:

- Completed construction at 155 NPL sites
- Increased the annual number of removal and remedial cleanup completions since the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 was passed (1987 1992 time period vs pre-1987 time period)

- Completed removal actions at 2,365 sites
- A relatively even distribution of predominant remedies for all actions, both removal and remedial; 2,248 or 84% of the reported predominant remedies were divided among:
 - On-site containment at 24%
 - Site security at 22%
 - Off-site containment at 21%
 - Off-site treatment at 17%
- Utilized innovative technology in the cleanup efforts; seven construction completion sites had utilized innovative technology. However, according to an internal EPA study, undertook 263 innovative technology projects, prior to December 31, 1992.

Although the data obtained for this report is limited, it does represent the first attempt at compiling the "total" accomplishments influenced by the Superfund program. These accomplishments represent tremendous effort by all involved, the States, Territories, and the Federal government. ASTSWMO members have expressed an interest in updating the data in this study in the future.

* * * * *

State/Territory

The States and Territories reported a total of 21,905 sites, with 1,017 having neither a **Removal** nor a **Remedial** status. These 1,017 sites represent sites such as those on Indian reservations, which are known but are not under the direct jurisdiction of a State or Territory. Of the remaining 20,888 sites, 8,421 were **Removal** and **Remedial** sites, 1,371 were sites with only **Removal** actions, and 11,096 sites were sites with only **Remedial** actions.

The total number of Removal sites was 9,792, with 3,527 completed as of December 31, 1992. The total number of Remedial sites was 19,517 with 2,689 construction completion—i.e., the total of All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations and Maintenance (260) and All Remedial Actions Complete (2,429).

The most prevalent Last Remedial Phase was Remedial Investigation or Feasibility Study (RI/FS), with 4,834 of the 9,662 Active Remedial sites reporting a Last Remedial Phase.

The three key **Predominant Remedies** were **Off-Site Containment** with 2,438, **On-Site Containment** with 599, and **On-Site Treatment** with 455.

Total Cost of \$1,205,531,234 was reported for 3,395 sites, with the cost represented by **State** cost of \$650,000,770 for 2,167 of the sites and **PRP** cost of \$555,530,464 for 1,385 of the sites.

A Primary Funding source was reported for 11,778 sites, with Voluntary/Property Transfer representing 6,448 of them. Enforcement was the Primary Funding source on a national level with 3,692 sites.

Duration of Response Actions reported for 6,052 sites had an average of 13 months and 15 days.

National Data Summary (Total Sites = 21,905)

Removal	9,792	100.00%
		·
Ongoing	6,265	63.98%
Complete	3,527	36.02%
Remedial	19,517	100.00%
Active	11,000	56.36%
No Further Action	8,517	43.64%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	5,828	68.43%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.		3.05%
All Remedial Action Complete	2,429	28.52%
Last Remedial Phase	9,662	100.00%
PA/SI	3,887	40.23%
RI/FS	4,834	50.03%
RD	571	5.91%
RA	370	3.83%
Predominant Remedies	4,005	100.00%
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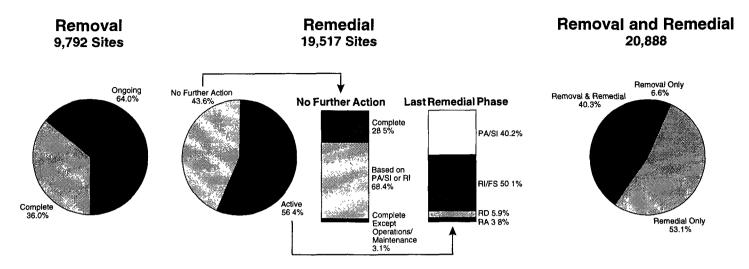
Predominant Remedies	4,005	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	455	11.36%
On-Site Containment	599	14.96%
Off-Site Containment	2,438	60.87%
Off-Site Treatment	238	5.94%
Population Protection	67	1.67%
Site Security	197	4.92%
Innovative Technology	11	0.28%

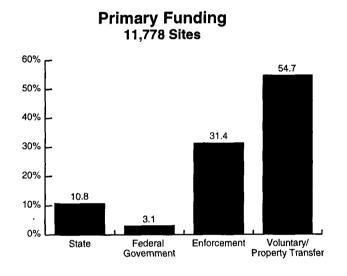
Total Cost		\$1,205,531,234.00
State		\$650,000,770.00
Sites: 2,167		
	State Average: \$299,954.21	
PRP		\$555,530,464.00
Sites: 1,385		

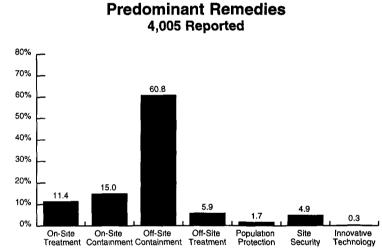
State Average: \$401,105.03

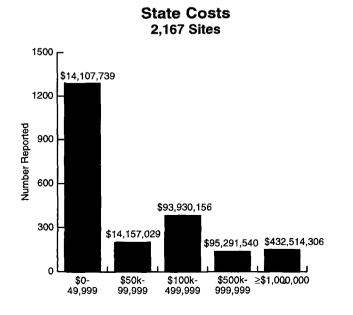
Primary Funding	11,778	100.00%
State	1,273	10.81%
Federal Government	365	3.10%
Enforcement	3,692	31.35%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	6,448	54.74%
Duration of Response Actions	6,052	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	4,261	70.40%
12-23 Months	858	14.18%
24–35 Months	356	5.88%
36–47 Months	246	4.06%
48-59 Months	125	2.07%
60-71 Months	73	1.21%
More Than 71 Months	133	2.20%

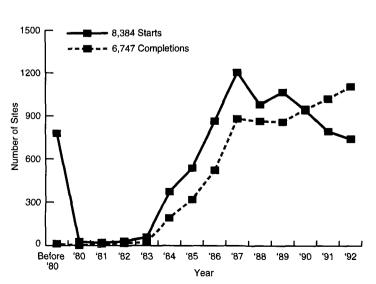
State/Territory











Start and Completion Dates

Federal

Data derived for CERCLIS reported 35,166 sites; 2,331 had both Removal and Remedial actions, 465 had only Removal actions, and 32,370 had only Remedial actions.

The total number of sites with Remedial actions was 34,701, with 9,134 Active, 22,876 No Further Federal **Superfund Remedial Action Based on** PA/SI or RI, 155 construction completion, and 2,536 Deferred to Other Programs. The 22,876 sites under PA/SI or RI represent sites that were under consideration for transfer to the States/ Territories for follow-up and subsequent action.

The Predominant Remedies were On-Site Containment with 652 occurrences, followed by Site Security with 583 occurrences and Off-Site Containment with 558 occurrences.

The **Total Cost** was \$4,782,175,666 for 2,866 sites with an average of \$1,668,588 per site. The average cost for the 143 construction completion sites with reported cost was \$2,361,629. The average cost for the 73 construction completion sites with Federal Fund Lead was \$3,953,849. However, it was estimated that future sites with construction completion Remedial actions will average \$25,000,000 due to the larger and more complex nature of these sites.

The average Duration of Response Actions of the 1,405 sites reporting start and completion dates was 16 months and 21 days. The average Duration of Response Actions of the 113 construction completion Remedial actions reporting start and completion dates was 65 months and 25 days. It is estimated that ongoing construction Remedial actions will take 94 months to complete and future construction Remedial actions will take 121 months to complete, due to the size and complexity of these sites.

National Data Summary (Total Sites = 35,166)

	-	•
Removal	2,796	100.00%
Ongoing	431	15.41%
Complete	2,365	84.59%
Remedial	34,701	100.00%
Active	9,134	26.32%
No Further Federal Superfund Remedial Action Planned	25,567	73.68%
Deferred to Other Programs	2,536	9.92%
Based on PA/SI or RI	22,876	89.47%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	. 48	0.19%
All Remedial Action Complete	107	0.42%
Last Remedial Phase	9,194	100.00%
PA/SI	8,764	95.33%
RI/FS	254	2.76%
RD	171	1.86%
RA	5	0.05%
Predominant Remedies	2,663	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	228	8.56%
On-Site Containment	652	24.48%
Off-Site Containment	558	20.95%

Innovative Technolog	у	15	0.57%
Federal Cost		\$4,782	2,175,666.00
Sites: 2,866	Average: \$1,668,588.86	\$4,782	2,175,666.00

455

172

583

17.09%

6.46%

21.89%

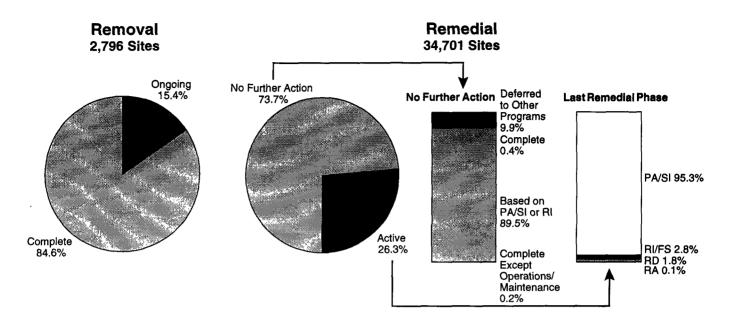
Duration of Response Actions	1,405	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	900	64.06
12–23 Months	226	16.09
24–35 Months	87	6.19
36–47 Months	54	3.84
48-59 Months	33	2.35
60-71 Months	28	1.99
More Than 71 Months	77	5.48

Fund Lead	1,188	100.00%
Coast Guard	4	0.34
EPA Fund-Financed	435	36.61
EPA In-House	0	0.00
Federal Enforcement	3	0.25
Federal Facilities	114	9.60
Mixed Fund Federal/RP	4	0.34
PRP Lead under State	22	1.85
PRP Response under State	69	5.81
Responsible Party	497	41.84
State, Enforcement	1	0.08
State, Fund-Financed	37	3.11
State, No Fund Money	2	0.17
Tribal Lead, Fund-Financed	0	0.00

Off-Site Treatment Population Protection

Site Security

Federal

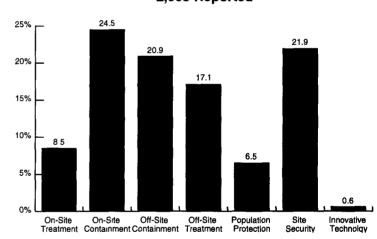


Removal and Remedial 35,166 Sites

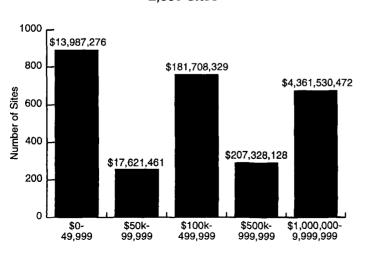
Removal & Remedial Removal Only 7.3% 1.3%

Remedial Only 92.0%

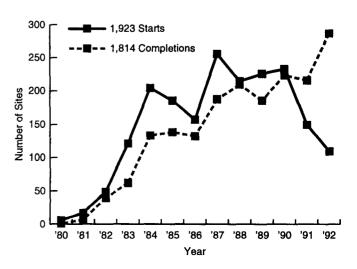
Predominant Remedies 2,663 Reported



Federal Costs 2,866 Sites



Start and Completion Dates



State/Territory and Federal

Data Comparison—Database

	State/Territory	Federal	Total
Total Sites	21,905	35,166	N/A¹
Removal	9,792	2,796	12,588
Ongoing	6,265	431	6,696
Complete	3,527	2,365	5,892
Remedial	19,517	34,701	N/A1
Active	11,000	9,134	20,134
No Further Action	8,517	25,567	N/A¹
Deferred to Other Programs	N/A ²	2,536	N/A³
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	5,828	22,876	N/A¹
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	260	48	308
All Remedial Action Complete	2,429	107	2,536
Last Remedial Phase	9,662	9,194	18,856
PA/SI	3,887	8,764	12,651
RI/FS	4,834	254	5,088
RD	571	171	742
RA	370	5	375
Predominant Remedies	4,005	2,663	6,668
On-Site Treatment	455	228	683
On-Site Containment	599	652	1,251
Off-Site Containment	2,438	558	2,996
Off-Site Treatment	238	455	693
Population Protection	67	172	239
Site Security	197	583	780
Innovative Technology	11	15	26
Public Cost	\$650,000,770.00	\$4,782,175,666.00	\$5,432,176,436.00
Sites:	2,167	2,866	5,053
Average:	\$299,954.21	\$1,668,588.86	\$1,075,039.86
Duration of Response Actions	6,052	1,405	7,457
Less Than 12 Months	4,261	900	5,161
12–23 Months	858	226	1,084
24–35 Months	356	87	443
36–47 Months	246	54	300
48–59 Months	125	33	158
60–71 Months	73	28	101
More Than 71 Months	133	77	210

¹Not additive due to the fact that some of the Federal sites may have been transferred to the states/territories and may therefore be counted in both jurisdictions since CERCLIS does not delete a site once a site record has been entered.

²States/territories do not transfer sites to other programs; therefore, the field is not applicable to states/territories.

³Not additive due to footnote 2.

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION AND REPORT METHODOLOGY

In 1980, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) was passed and was enhanced, in 1986, by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA). The program came to be known as Superfund. Superfund enables EPA to assess certain waste sites, classifying and cleaning up those sites that require the attention and resources of CERCLA and the Federal government. Once a site has been discovered or identified, it is assessed as to the severity of the health hazard it poses for human health and the environment. A determination is then made on whether the site needs the attention and resources of CERCLA and the Federal government. The cleanup responsibility for the remaining sites, after assessment, is transferred to the States and Territories.

The Universe of Sites

In understanding the universe of abandoned or uncontrolled hazardous waste sites, it is important to understand how EPA determines sites for Federal Superfund response. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System (CERCLIS) inventory contains a listing of all the abandoned or uncontrolled hazardous waste sites that have been reported to EPA as potential Superfund sites. As of December 31, 1992, a total of 36,781 sites were included in CERCLIS. This Study focuses on State/Territory sites where at least a Preliminary Assessment (PA) or removal action had been completed. By subtracting Federal sites that still needed a PA and adding some actions that were not in CERCLIS, the universe for this study was 35,166 sites.

EPA has a statutory requirement to use Superfund resources to remediate the most serious of these sites. The process EPA uses to identify the appropriate sites for action is described below.

- Sites are assessed for any imminent threats to human health or the environment; if such threats are identified, an emergency removal action is taken.
- Next, a Preliminary Assessment (PA) is performed to determine the likelihood of serious potential threats; for some 40 percent of the sites, EPA determines that "No Further Remedial Action is Planned" (NFRAP) following the PA.

These NFRAP sites are referred to States or other EPA programs for any further response action.

- If sites are not "screened out" following the PA, a Site Inspection (SI) is performed, which includes field sampling and analysis to quantify the site's contamination; at roughly 50 percent of the sites, EPA determines that NFRAP, by the Federal program, following the SI.
- If sites are not "screened out" during the SI stage, they are scored for potential listing on the National Priorities List (NPL), and those that meet listing criteria are added to the NPL. In December 1992 there were 1,280 NPL sites.
- Referred NFRAP sites are a major source of sites addressed by the States and Territories, and are the focus of this study.

Background

This report represents the status of the State/Territory hazardous waste cleanup efforts as of December 31, 1992. The decision to prepare this report was made at the 1992 Annual Meeting of the Association of State and Territorial Solid Waste Management Officials (ASTSWMO). At the meeting, ASTSWMO and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) agreed on the need to collect data on State efforts for non-NPL hazardous waste cleanups. This agreement was predicated on the abundance of data on Superfund cleanups at NPL sites and other Federal actions, but a lack of data on State/Territory efforts. In order to obtain a complete picture of the national cleanup efforts, State/Territory level data were needed. Thus, the decision to collect the data was made by ASTSWMO and EPA.

The format for the collection of the State/Territory level data was determined at ASTSWMO's mid-year meeting in April of 1993, where it was decided that ASTSWMO would send a matrix form to all the States and Territories requesting, on a voluntary basis, the desired data. The data matrix form was distributed on July 8, 1993. In August 1993, data were received by ASTSWMO. In September a contract was awarded for the compilation of a database on State/Territory non-NPL cleanups, based on ASTSWMO's matrix form. The contract was also for the presentation and analysis of the collected data and for the retrieval of specific data in response to queries. Additionally, the contract was to compile Federal data received from CERCLIS and other official EPA data sources. A copy of the study's data matrix form, which ASTSWMO sent to State Superfund managers for completion, can be found in Appendix B of this report.

Data Targeted

The State/Territory matrix asked for data for the calendar years 1980 through 1992. The requested data included:

- Site name and location
- Site status, i.e., removal, remedial, active, completed
- Last remedial phase, if remedial active
- Predominant remedy
- Primary funding source
- Both State and potentially responsible party (PRP) costs
- Duration dates, i.e., start and completion dates
- State identification number.

The same data were requested from CERCLIS with the exception that State ID was replaced by EPA ID and primary funding was replaced by fund lead. Also, a few extra data fields for future consideration were requested of CERCLIS.

Targeted Sites

The sites targeted for this study consisted of all locations where hazardous waste cleanup efforts were performed by States/Territories directly, under State/Territory enforcement authority, and under State/Territory voluntary and property transfer programs. NPL sites, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) corrective actions and underground and above ground storage tanks and petroleum spills were excluded.

All 50 States, seven Territories, and the District of Columbia were asked to participate. The following 39 States and two Territories were able to provide the requested data:

Alabama Alaska Arizona California Colorado	Kansas Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts	Nebraska Nevada New Jersey New Mexico New York	Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas
Connecticut	Michigan	North Carolina	Utah
Delaware	Minnesota	Ohio	Virginia
Florida	Mississippi	Oklahoma	Washington
Illinois	Missouri	Oregon	Wisconsin
Indiana	Montana	Pennsylvania	

The two participating territories are American Samoa and The Virgin Islands. The CERCLIS data included the 50 States, all seven Territories, the Navajo Nation, and the District of Columbia. The CERCLIS data also contain NPL sites.

Study Benefits

The two primary benefits of this study are increased knowledge and better communications:

- Increased knowledge will:
 - provide a more comprehensive picture of Superfund influenced State/Territory cleanups, both complete and underway; and
 - provide useful information on the growing amount of State/Territory-level cleanup activity that is occurring outside the umbrella of the Federal system.
- Better communications will:
 - allow ASTSWMO, EPA and the States and Territories to demonstrate the successes of the Superfund program; and
 - support the continued dialogue with Congress on clarifying the roles of the States and Territories in the re-authorization of Superfund.

Data Definitions

Due to the differences in the methods and systems used by the States and Territories to account for their cleanup accomplishments, the ASTSWMO data matrix used specific definitions for the information requested in order to have a <u>common core</u> for the data being received. The following are some of the definitions used in the ASTSWMO data matrix and details on how they affected the data presentations.

- Site Status -- A site that had:
 - a removal only -- a site that had one or more removal-type actions and no remedial activity;
 - a remedial only -- a site that had one or more remedial-type actions and no removal activity; or

• a combined removal and remedial -- a site that had both removal type and remedial-type actions.

A combined removal and remedial site can be both complete, both active, removal complete and remedial active or removal ongoing and remedial complete. However, to be a site in this study, a preliminary assessment must have been completed or a removal action started. The total number of sites for any State/Territory should equal the total of the number of removal only sites, remedial only sites and combined removal and remedial sites. However, two additional categories used in this report -- sites with removal activities and sites with remedial activities will not add up to the total of sites in a State; the total of these two categories will exceed the total sites by the number of sites that had both removal and remedial activities.

- Last Remedial Phase -- This is the last remedial phase which had been completed by December 31, 1992. It is used only for active or ongoing remedial sites; the phases are:
 - PA/SI: preliminary assessment/site investigation completed but the remedial investigation has not been completed;
 - RI/FS: remedial investigation/feasibility study completed but the remedial design has not been completed;
 - RD: remedial design completed but the remedial action has not been completed; and
 - RA: remedial action completed but site activities other than operation and maintenance are ongoing.

The total number of phases should equal the total number of active remedial sites.

- No Further Action -- Applies only to remedial sites and addresses the three ways in which a remedial site can be considered as complete:
 - No required remedial action needed based on the results of a PA/SI or RI;
 - All remedial action completed, except ongoing operation and maintenance; and
 - All remedial action completed; no ongoing remedial action, of any sort, remains.

The total number of these three categories should total the number of no further action remedial sites.

- Predominant Remedies -- The major types of remediation used at a completed site. Each completed site could report up to six predominant remedies. Only the most significant remedies were to have been reported. Active sites were not to have reported predominant remedies.
- Total Costs -- All known State and PRP costs associated with the completed cleanup of a site. A site can have State costs or PRP costs or both. State costs were reported individually, regardless of whether the site had PRP costs. Likewise, PRP costs were reported individually, regardless of whether the site had State costs. Therefore, the total number of sites reporting costs by State and PRP will exceed the total number of sites with costs if any of the sites of concern have both State and PRP costs. Additionally, for combined sites with both a completed removal and completed remedial, any reported cost is considered the cost of both of the actions. In instances where costs were known to have been incurred, but the exact amount is not known, "unknown" is reported for the State costs and/or PRP costs as appropriate.
- Primary Funding Source -- The primary or "lead" funding source for a completed site is reported as one of the following four categories: State, Federal, enforcement, and voluntary/property transfer. Voluntary is an action defined by an individual State/Territory. It was combined with property transfer because many States/Territories consider the financing of a cleanup prior to the transfer of a property to be a voluntary act. A primary funding source may be reported even if total costs were not reported. Thus, there is not a requirement for the number of sites which reported costs to equal those which reported primary funding sources.
- <u>Duration of Response Actions</u> -- For remedial only sites, the duration is the time period from the start of the remedial investigation through the completion of the remedial action. For combined removal and remedial sites, the duration is the time period for the completed remedial action. If the remedial is active and the removal is complete, then the duration is the time frame for the completed removal. For completed removal only and completed remedial only sites, the time frame is for the individual site actions.

In most cases, these same definitions apply to the CERCLIS data with the following exceptions:

■ Total Costs -- all costs are Federal costs

- Primary Funding Source -- is replaced by event lead where the following categories are used (from OSWER Directive 9200.3-01H-1):
 - Coast Guard -- Work performed by Coast Guard; limited to removals (applies to response events)
 - EPA Fund Financed -- Fund financed response actions performed by EPA (applies to response events)
 - EPA In-House -- Response activities performed by EPA using in-house resources
 - Federal Enforcement -- Enforcement activities performed by EPA or work done by enforcement program (also applies to record of decision (ROD) events at PRP financed response events); historically (Pre-FY 1989) applied to RI/FS and RD response events
 - Federal Facilities -- Response activities performed by the Federal facility with oversight provided by EPA and/or the State at sites designated as Federal facilities on the NPL; also applies to RODs at Federal facilities
 - Mixed Funding Federal/Responsible Party (RP) -- Preauthorization mixed funding work performed by PRP under a Federal consent decree (CD) with an agreement that the Fund will provide some reimbursement to the PRP (applies to response events)
 - Potential Responsible Party (PRP) Lead under State -- PRP response under a State order/CD and no EPA oversight support or money provided through a CA and no other formal agreement exists between EPA and the State
 - PRP Response under State -- PRP financed response action performed by PRP under State order/CD with PRP oversight paid for or conducted by EPA through an EPA cooperative agreement (CA) with the State or, if oversight is not funded by EPA, a State memorandum of agreement (SMOA) or other formal document between EPA and the State exists which allows EPA review of PRP deliverables (applies to response events)
 - Responsible Party -- PRP financed response actions performed by the PRP under a Federal order/CD (applies to response events)

- State, Enforcement -- Enforcement activities performed by a State; money provided through a CA or if not funded by EPA, a comparable enforcement document exists (also applies to ROD events at State financed and PRP lead under State response events)
- State, Fund-Financed -- Fund financed response actions performed by a state; money provided through a CA (applies to response events)
- State, No Fund Money -- State financed (no Fund dollars) response actions performed by the State (applies to response events)
- Tribal Lead, Fund Financed -- Indian Tribal Governments
- Duration of response actions -- is the time from the discovery of a site through the remedial action.

Data Interpretation

The major interpretation of the data is left to the reader. The data are presented in different arrays and formats to facilitate that interpretation. The data are factual in that they have been extracted from the data provided by the States, Territories and CERCLIS and other official EPA sources with only minimal interpretations made and conclusions drawn. The reader is left to use the data and his/her knowledge and experience to generate more in-depth analyses.

The data sheets, in Appendix A, compile the data provided on the study instruments by all participating States/Territories. Percentages have been added to assist the reader in determining the relative impact of specific data categories. Written profiles are provided to highlight salient points and contain, when appropriate, information pertaining to the State or Territory not displayed directly by the data sheets, e.g., the cost of completed removals in both State and PRP dollars. These data, although captured by the study instrument, were obtained via a report that compiles and combines completed sites and costs. Another report depicts the predominant remedies for completed sites by removal and remedial actions. These reports and others were developed in response to information requested from ASTSWMO and EPA.

The graphics which accompany the State/Territory data sheets visually present the major data groups of site status, predominant remedies, cost, primary funding and site duration.

Data Accuracy

The presented data are as accurate as the data submitted by the participating States and Territories and retrieved from CERCLIS. To assure the accuracy of the submitted State/Territory data, a series of verification processes were undertaken. First, in November 1993, a site-by-site listing and the data sheet was sent to the participating States and Territories.

Then, corrections and enhancements received from the States and Territories were input into the database and a revised data sheet accompanied by graphic displays of major data categories and a written profile of the presented data were produced. This package of information was next returned to the States and Territories for review. Additional corrections and enhancements received by the States and Territories were input to the database and a final information display produced. Finally, the ASTSWMO Board of Directors reviewed the draft report and approved its release on April 20th, 1994 at the ASTSWMO Mid-Year meeting.

The CERCLIS data accuracy test used was a review of the results of the extraction with other official EPA data sources. In those instances when exact matches did not occur, further investigation with appropriate EPA staff was pursued until valid and substantiated results could be obtained.

Data Flow

The data submitted by the States and Territories were in the form of hard copy, i.e., the completed data matrix, and/or a disk file. When only hard copy was received, it was reviewed to flag obvious inconsistencies, e.g., neither a removal or remedial status was entered. All data, including inconsistencies were put into the system. Site-by-site listings were produced with the inconsistent data highlighted. The site-by-site listing and a data sheet were returned to the affected States and Territories.

Data received from States/Territories on disks were converted, where possible, to the system's required input format and processed through the edit routine. Sites with inconsistencies were flagged. Like data received via hard copy only, site-by-site listings with highlighted inconsistencies and a data sheet were sent to the affected States and Territories.

For those State/Territory submittals that were in hard copy, but not the format of the data matrix and/or on disk but in an incompatible format, time was spent via telephone with the individual States and Territories to rectify the difficulties. Once resolved, the data were input to the system as noted above.

To assure that the State/Territory data were as accurate as possible, all data presented in this report have been reviewed by the appropriate parties with all their final corrections and enhancements being considered.

For the CERCLIS data extraction, a general query was established requesting all the data elements comparable to those in the ASTSWMO data matrix. The query was converted into a more detailed extraction statement with the identification of specific CERCLIS data fields and logic. The details of the extraction statement were reviewed in a walk-through prior to the actual run. The results of the extraction run were reviewed against known results such as the 155 remedial construction completions which occurred by December 31, 1992. CERCLIS results, not in agreement with other official EPA sources, were reviewed and, if necessary, rerun until valid results were obtained.

CHAPTER 2

REPORT FINDINGS

This chapter presents the findings of the two different data collection efforts. The findings are presented by:

- State/Territory
- Federal
- Combined State/Territory and Federal.

State/Territory, as of December 31, 1992

The State/Territory national data summary of the 21,905 sites shows that 8,421 were combined removal and remedial sites, 1,371 were removal only sites and 11,096 were remedial only sites. Appendix A, State/Territory Data, presents the data collected from the 40 participants. The remaining 1,017 sites represent independent sites that were known, but were not under the authority of the States/Territories. For example, a site on an Indian reservation would be in this category.

The number of sites with State/Territory removal activities was 9,792, of which 6,265 were ongoing and 3,527 were complete. The number of sites with State/Territory remedial activity was 19,517, of which 11,000 were still active, 5,828 were determined not to need further State/Territory remedial action based on site assessment, and 2,689 were considered construction completions. For the active remedials, the prevalent last completed remedial phases were remedial investigation and feasibility study (RI/FS) and preliminary assessment and site inspection (PA/SI) with 4,834 and 3,887 occurrences, respectively.

The leading predominant remedies for State/Territory reported data were excavation and final removal to off-site landfill (1,458 sites) followed by encapsulation or over-packing with final off-site disposal (676 sites), final removal to off-site landfill (304 sites), and surface capping (271 sites). None of the other 33 predominant remedy categories had more than 150 occurrences.

Cost data were submitted for 3,395 sites or only 15% of the sites and totaled \$1,205,531,234. Since the study design precluded use of partial costs known to the States and Territories, most States and Territories were not able to supply information on total PRP costs. Therefore, total cost, particularly the PRP cost, is significantly understated.

The source of funding for the cleanup activities was provided for 11,778 sites. Of these, 10,140 or 86% were conducted by private parties. Voluntary/property transfer cleanups accounted for the funding for 55% of all sites.

Duration, from the start of a remedial investigation through the completed remedial action, was reported for 6,052 sites of which 4,261 sites (70%) were completed in less than 1 year.

Federal, as of December 31, 1992

The Federal data provides information on 35,166 sites: 2,331 were combined removal and remedial sites, 465 were removal only sites and 32,370 were remedial only sites. This means that 2,796 sites had removal events and 34,701 sites had remedial events. Ongoing removals totaled 431 and completed removals totaled 2,365. The 34,701 sites with remedial activities break down into the following categories: 9,134 were active, 22,876 had no further Federal action based on PA/SI or RI, 155 were construction completions, and 2,536 were deferred to other programs.

Federal cost figures were compiled from EPA's Integrated Financial Management System (IFMS). Seventy-three of the 155 construction completion sites were Federal fund lead sites with obligated costs totaling \$288,630,961 or an average of \$3,953,849 per site. Total obligated costs for the 143 sites with available financial data (this included sites with mixed funding and PRP oversight costs) was \$337,441,389 or an average of \$2,359,730 per site. The average Federal cost for all sites (2,860) was \$1,668,589, some of which were still active.

The average duration of the Federal site completions varied based on whether a removal or a remedial action had occurred. In examining those sites that reported start and completion dates, where only a removal action or only a remedial action had occurred, the following is observed:

		Sites	Average Months
	Removal Only Sites	286	13.89
111	Remedial Only Sites	43	73.35

The predominant remedy was on-site containment (652 sites). Within CERCLIS, each site can have an unlimited number of predominant remedies. However, for this report, a limit of six predominant remedies per site was imposed to be consistent with the State/Territory survey. This has not had an adverse effect on the report since only 19 sites, or less than five-hundredths of one percent (<0.05%), had listed more than six predominant remedies. Table 1, which follows, presents the reported predominant remedies for the 155

construction completions and the 400 completed removal only sites. Within this context, the 155 construction completions were completed remedials with or without removal activity. However, if removal activity was present, they were likewise completed. The 400 completed removal only sites were sites with no ongoing removal actions and no remedial activity, either active or complete.

TABLE 1
PREDOMINANT REMEDIES: CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION
AND COMPLETED REMOVAL ONLY SITES

CONSTRUCTION COMPLETION SITES		COMPLETED REMOVAL ONLY SITES		PREDOMINANT REMEDIES	
96	34.5%	212	25.6%	On-Site containment	
65	23.4%	239	28.8%	Site Security	
37	13.3%	97	11.7%	Off-Site Containment	
36	13.0%	125	15.1%	Off-Site Treatment	
28	10.1%	79	9.5%	On-Site Treatment	
13	4.6%	70	8.4%	Population Protection	
3	1.1%	7	0.9%	Innovative Technology	

Combined State/Territory and Federal

Combining the State/Territory and Federal data reveals the results and status of the entire Superfund effort as of December 31, 1992. Table 2 displays key Federal and State/Territory accomplishments.

TABLE 2
KEY FEDERAL AND STATE/TERRITORY ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Accomplishment	Federal Data	State/Territory Data		
Sites with completed removals	2,365 Sites	3,527 Sites		
Sites with remedial construction completions	155 Sites	2,689 Sites		
Sites with active remedials	9,134 Sites	11,000 Sites		

Totaling the numbers from the table above, key accomplishments were as follows:

- 5,892 completed removals
- 2,844 remedial construction completions
- 20,134 ongoing sites in the remedial process.

A full compilation of the State/Territory data and the Federal data is contained in the display at the end of the Executive Summary. Included in this comparison display are the numbers as derived from the two databases.

As of December 31, 1992 cost and obligation data from the two database sources (i.e., the ASTSWMO data matrix and CERCLIS) total \$5,987,706,900 of which \$4,782,175,666 were from 2,866 Federal sites; \$650,000,770 were State/Territory costs based on 30 States reporting costs; and \$555,530,464 were PRP costs based on 16 States reporting PRP costs. The total number of sites for which costs were reported was 6,261, with 2,866 Federal sites, 2,167 State/Territory sites and 1,385 PRP sites. (The total exceeds the 6,261 because some sites have reported both PRP and State/Territory costs yet these sites were counted only once in the total.) In the following Table 3, the sites for which State/Territory costs and Federal obligations were reported are summarized with dollar averages for remedial and removal only completions.

TABLE 3
PUBLIC DOLLARS FOR CONSTRUCTION COMPLETIONS
AND REMOVAL ONLY SITES

Universe	Remedial Construction Completions Sites		Completed Removal Only Sites	
	Sites	Average \$	Sites	Average \$
Total	770	588,001	726	3,768,791
State/Territory	627	183,490	343	46,915
Federal	143	2,361,629	383	7,072,442

By adding the PRP costs reported by the States/Territories to the costs in Table 3, the State/Territory average for remedial construction completions would increase to \$259,695 based on 1,601 sites and the average for completed removal only sites would be increased to \$105,115 based on 374 sites. However, the combined State/Territory and Federal average for remedial construction completions would be reduced to \$432,044 based on 1,744 sites and the combined average for completed removal only sites would be reduced to \$3,644,638 based on 757 sites.

To avoid confusion between this report of historical data from 1980 - 1992 with more recent data collected by EPA, the following information is presented. It was not possible to obtain similar updates from the States/Territories; however, it is obvious that additional cleanups have been completed by the States/Territories.

CURRENT FEDERAL CONTEXT

In addition to the 155 remedial construction completion sites discussed in this report, the following is presented:

- -- an additional 89 remedial construction completions have been identified over the 18-month period from January 1, 1993 through June 30, 1994, bringing the total to 244 as of June 30, 1994; an increase of over 57% within the last 18 months;
- -- Based on a 1993 survey of site managers, the average cost of future non-Federal Facility remedial construction completions is expected to be approximately \$25 million. This is reported in the EPA Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response Directive 9200.2-21, letter from Elliott P. Laws to Congressmen Swift and Dingell, dated January 28, 1994;
- -- The average cost is impacted by the relatively small number of sites with very high cleanup costs; 16% of the operable units on the sites account for over 60% of all capital costs incurred at NPL sites; The majority of projects (69%) have capital costs of less than \$10 million and 38% have capital costs of less than three million dollars.
- -- Approximately 89% of the total site cleanup cost is for capital costs; the remaining 11% includes site assessment, study and design activities. In addition, operation and maintenance costs of \$50,000 per year is projected over a 20 year period.
- -- Currently the average duration of a construction complete site, as reported by other EPA sources, is 94 months starting at the initial discovery of the site and going through the remedial action phase. In the future, it is estimated that the duration will be 121 months from the discovery to completion because of the more complex nature of the sites to be cleaned up.

Data Retrieval

The system accepts ad hoc queries based upon the available data in the system. For example, the system can respond to a query for the PRP costs by completed removal only sites or by predominant remedy. Some examples of the type of queries possible include:

Query: What was the predominant remedy for completed removal only sites?

Response: The predominant remedy was encapsulation or overpacking with final off-

site disposal for removals.

Query: What was the total study site count by site activity?

Response: One thousand three hundred seventy-one were removal only sites; 11,096

were remedial only sites; 8,421 were combined removal and remedial sites; and 1,017 sites were designated as neither removal nor remedial. These 1,017 sites represent sites identified by States/Territories, but were

not under the jurisdiction of either a State or Territory.

CHAPTER 3

CONCLUSIONS

The conclusions presented herein are based only on the data and the direct experiences encountered over the course of this project. They do not include programmatic elements that, if applied, could affect the result. For example, additional research has been recently concluded in preparation for the Reauthorization of CERCLA. Much of this research is aimed at projecting future costs and performance of the program. Those projections will not always match the historical findings of this report. The conclusions of this report, therefore, should be read with the caveat that the data, as a stand alone element, is insufficient to provide the total picture of the current State/Territory or Federal efforts.

There are two comments the researchers would like to make about the study design and process. First, should the collection effort be continued on a periodic basis, the universe of the required data should be expanded to permit a more in-depth and accurate analysis of both the State/Territory and Federal hazardous waste cleanup efforts. For example, the fact that most of the data in this study is summarized at the site level does not allow us to thoroughly analyze cost and duration data at sites where multiple remedial and/or removal activities have occurred.

The second comment is that the two databases established are powerful tools that, although not perfect, can still provide insight into the State/Territory and Federal cleanup efforts. The information can help interested parties analyze those efforts and identify where improvements may be warranted. The need, then, is to minimize the inconsistencies within the databases and to permit an easy access such that interested parties can retrieve and analyze data of concern to them.

The following report conclusions are targeted to the specific universes of State/Territory and Federal data.

State/Territory

The conclusions regarding the State/Territory efforts are presented according to the following four topic areas:

- Success Of The Cleanup Efforts
- Need To Continue The Cleanup Efforts
- Increased Program Development
- Adequacy of Cost Data

State/Territory Cleanup Efforts Have Been Successful

States/Territories have completed 2,689 sites through the remedial construction completion phase, i.e., remedial action. These sites have had their risk to public health and the environment addressed. In addition, 3,527 removal sites have had actions completed to address immediate risks. Thus, over 6,000 sites across the country have been either fully remediated or had their immediate environmental concerns addressed.

Also, no further action determinations have been made at 5,828 sites based on a PA/SI or RI. The finding of no further action by a State or Territory provides the public with an assurance that these sites were not seriously contaminated and can be utilized for most purposes and, therefore, returned to productive use.

There Is A Need To Continue The State/Territory Efforts

States/Territories, on December 31, 1992, were working on 6,250 removal sites and 11,000 remedial sites. This active caseload was nearly twice the number of completed removals and four times the completed remedial actions for the previous thirteen years.

State/Territorial resources will continue to be needed to address this universe of contaminated sites for many years to come. Of the 9,662 active remedial sites which reported the last completed remedial phase, 40% (3,887 sites) had completed a PA or SI, 50% (4,834 sites) had completed an RI or FS, almost 6% had finished an RD and almost 4% had completed an RA but had other work to complete on the site. Therefore, a large number of sites will be moving into the RD and RA phases.

State/Territory Programs Have Continued To Develop

State/Territorial cleanup programs have greatly increased in their capacity to address contaminated sites. This was evidenced by the number of project starts and completions for the periods 1980-1986 and 1987-1992:

- **2,685 (32%) starts for 1980-1986**
- **5.699** (68%) starts for 1987-1992
- **1,099** (16%) completions for 1980-1986
- **5**,648 (84%) completions for 1987-1992.

These data show that States/Territories have recognized the problems associated with contaminated sites and have developed the program capacity to deal with the problems faced by their individual States. It will be required that State/Territorial programs continue to address sites well into the future.

There Is A Need To Collect More Detailed Cost Data

Less than 15% of the sites reported cost data. Only one State reported cost for all its sites and 10 of the participating States/Territories reported no costs at all. In addition, some of the States that reported costs indicated that their costs were estimates, while others gave ranges (e.g. less than "X" thousand or between "X and Y" thousand).

States/Territories should attempt to improve their collection of cost data. Currently, all States track the expenditures of public funds, however, private party costs may not always be available to State program managers. A means to obtain this information should be pursued in order to obtain the full picture of costs, i.e., public and private dollars spent on site remediation in this country. Therefore, the State/Territory costs presented herein, should be viewed and analyzed within the limited arena in which the data has been collected.

Federal

The Federal data, like the State/Territory data, generate questions as well as some answers. The available answers, i.e., the conclusions, are presented within the following topics:

- Distribution of Predominant Remedies
- Impact of SARA.

Remedies Selected For Completed Removal and Remedial Actions Were Evenly Distributed Over the Various Predominant Remedies

Eighty-four percent of the predominant remedies used were evenly distributed between on-site containment, off-site treatment, off-site containment and site security, each with approximately one-fourth of the 84%.

By the end of 1992, Federal sites were beginning to use innovative technology as a predominant remedy. Such technologies have been used on 15 completed removal or remedial actions, seven of which were sites with remedial construction completions.

The 1986 Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act has had an Impact On The Federal Cleanup Efforts

Cleanup actions at both removal and remedial Federal sites prior to 1987 were 739 starts and 509 completions. From 1987 through 1992, starts totaled 1,184 and completions 1,305.

Reviewing the data another way, the 7-year period from 1980-1986 had 38% of the starts and the 6-year period from 1987-1992 had 62% of the starts or almost twice as many starts in one year less time.

* * * * *

APPENDIX A STATE/TERRITORY DATA

APPENDIX A

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^{*} The Virgin Islands, although willing to participate, does not have data to present at this time.

INTRODUCTION

STATE/TERRITORY DATA

This chapter contains presentations for 39 States and one Territory. Another Territory, the Virgin Islands, elected to participate; however, at this time, it does not have any Territorial enforcement program or other vehicle to handle non-NPL hazardous waste cleanup efforts. As a result, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has taken the lead, handling all stages of any required cleanup efforts.

Connecticut, although participating, submitted summary data that did not have detailed support. Therefore, its data sheets and all subsequent presentations for Connecticut is based upon that summary data. To maintain the integrity of the database, Connecticut is not included in the national totals.

California has submitted detailed data on 850 sites; however, California has stated that it has many more sites for which it was unable to provide the requested data in the time allotted for this project. The 850 detailed sites submitted by California are in the database.

Alaska has provided detailed information on 41 sites and these sites are in the database. Alaska has also identified another 400 sites. These sites, however, do not have any direct parameter data like site status, predominant remedy or cost and, therefore, are not in the database.

Similarly, Texas has provided detail information on 200 sites and these sites are in the database. Texas has also stated that another 1900 sites have been referred by the Federal government and they are currently under eligibility review. Approximately another 100 sites, abandoned industrial disposal sites and state emergency removals, have been completed from the early 1980's through 1992. These latter sites are not in the database because the time constraints of the study did not permit the gathering of the necessary information fir acceptance by the database.

For the 39 States and the one Territory that submitted data, it is presented in three forms: a written profile of the data, a raw data display and a graphic data display. Preceding the State/Territory presentations is a summary table depicting selected data elements for each State/Territory. Following the 40 presentations is the State/Territory National Data Summary. This is a summary, on the national level, of all the data in the database. It is presented in the format of profile, raw data and graphic data. Note that Connecticut is not in this Summary since its data is not in the database.

State/Territory—Selected Data

State	Total Sites	Removal Ongoing	Removal Complete	Remedial Active	Remedial NFA	Remedial Complete		State Average (Sites/S)	PRP Average (Sites/S)
Alabama	69	31	38	1	7	0	44/186	26/\$7,307	0/\$0.00
Alaska	41	4	11	11	8	6	33/248	38/\$95,160	3/\$9,899
American Samoa	3	3	0	2	1	1	1/62	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
Arizona	76	8	33	34	40	40	30/403	54/\$231,928	7/\$2,802,227
California	850	20	152	213	600	149	0/0	223/\$407,141	0/\$0.00
Colorado	11	4	5	5	0	0	3/93	1/\$3,200,000	0/\$0.00
Connecticut	642	0	0	551	91	91	0/0	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
Delaware	185	10	1	84	31	0	0/0	18/\$69,750	0/\$0.00
Florida	36	15	21	13	23	21	24/992	25/\$487,393	0/\$0.00
Illinois	906	553	207	651	189	187	209/1,891	375/\$167,227	138/\$461,948
Indiana	79	27	18	25	2	2	15/372	10/\$168,112	1/\$1,000
Kansas	183	62	5	179	3	2	0/0	2/\$83,500	14/\$2,349,000
Louisiana	101	5	5	69	21	21	23/930	24/\$41,061	0/\$0.00
Maine	70	10	25	51	12	9	34/1,674	29/\$89,741	2/\$367,500
Maryland	378	4	26	166	212	1	40/186	8/\$77,468	6/\$236,177
Massachusetts	3,089	2,669	420	2,553	536	379	391/558	33/\$77,389	0/\$0.00
Michigan	2,662	1,584	343	1,584	1,078	343	0/0	496/\$321,021	0/\$0.00
Minnesota	414	11	31	293	108	53	80/558	89/\$127,561	89/\$912,044
Mississippi	110	0	17	89	16	8	24/961	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
Missouri	44	0	23	11	10	10	34/635	3/\$42,666	5/\$2,218,000
Montana	214	`27	26	169	7	4	0/0	3/\$253,333	1/\$250,000
Nebraska	15	0	0	15	0	0	0/0	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
Nevada	34	0	0	24	10	9	7/465	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
New Jersey	5,996	798	1,030	1,374	4,621	948	4,440/279	32/\$974,329	1,083/\$288,565
New Mexico	58	1	7	49	1	0	7/155	2/\$67,500	1/\$5,000,000
New York	556	33	231	442	112	27	111/465	210/\$1,006,030	0/\$0.00
North Carolina	873	2	0	646	225	8	0/0	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
Ohio	86	29	8	60	2	2	0/0	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
Oklahoma	40	0	32	4	4	4	7/651	29/\$2,951	0/\$0.00
Oregon	307	9	16	205	49	8	21/465	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
Pennsylvania	41	13	24	9	0	0	25/248	26/\$304,615	1/\$200,000
RhodeIsland	29	1	82	13	1	1	10/403	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
South Carolina	42	3	16	19	5	4	18/155	35/\$201,034	0/\$0.00
South Dakota	674	242	372	60	19	19	212/744	0/\$0.00	0/\$0.00
Tennessee	244	0	40	198	7	4	43/279	43/\$51,175	29/\$155,827
Texas	200	39	15	151	10	10	2/217	13/\$701,076	3/\$2,783,333
Utah	31	. 1	6	24	1	0	10/195	4/\$32,597	2/\$7,000,000
Virginia	21	20	0	0	1	1	0/0	2/\$1,250,000	0/\$0.00
Washington	1,220	27	19	171	210	134	28/362	131/\$83,544	0/\$0.00
Wisconsin	1,849	0	222	1,352	275	275	126/465	183/\$5,131	0/\$0.00
Totals	22,547	6,265	3,527	11,551	8,608	2,780	6,052/14,454	2,167/\$299,954	1,385/\$401,105

State/Territory—Alabama

Alabama reported 69 sites; 61 of the sites had only Removal actions and 8 of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions. There were no sites with only Remedial actions. Thirty-five of the sites with only Removal actions were designated Complete (i.e., the Removal actions were Complete). Three of the sites with both Removal and Remedial actions had all Removal actions Complete and had all Remedial actions designated as requiring No Further Action.

The **Predominant Remedy** most reported was **Off-Site Treatment** with 37 occurrences.

State cost was reported as \$190,000 for 26 sites for an average of \$7,308 per site. The range of cost was from \$2,000 to \$25,000 per site. For 25 sites with only Removal actions, and with these actions Complete, the average cost was \$7,200 per site.

A **Primary Funding** source was reported for 53 sites, with the **State** as the source for 32 of the sites.

The average **Duration of Response Actions** for 44 sites with reported start and completion dates was 6 months.

Alabama has a hazardous substance cleanup fund that was enacted in 1988 with enforcement, liability, and cost recovery provisions.

Data Display (T	otal Sites = 69)	
Removal	69	100.00%
Ongoing	31	44.93%
Complete	38	55.07%
Remedial	8	100.00%
Active	1	12.50%
No Further Action	7	87.50%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or	RI 7	100.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except C	perations/Maint. 0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete	0	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase	1	100.00%
PA/SI	0	0.00%
RI/FS	0	0.00%
RD	1	100.00%
RA	0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies	41	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	2	4.88%
On-Site Containment	1	2.44%
Off-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Treatment	37	90.24%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security	1	2.44%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%
Total Cost		\$190,000.00
State State Average		\$190,000.00
Sites: 26 State Average PRP	;, \$1,301.0 9	\$0.00
Sites: 0 PRP Average:	\$0.00	
Primary Funding	53	100.00%
State	32	60.38%
Federal Government	2	3.77%
Enforcement	4	7.55%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	15	28.30%
Duration of Response Actions	44	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	35	79.55%
12–23 Months	9	20.45%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36–47 Months	0	0.00%
48–59 Months	0	0.00%

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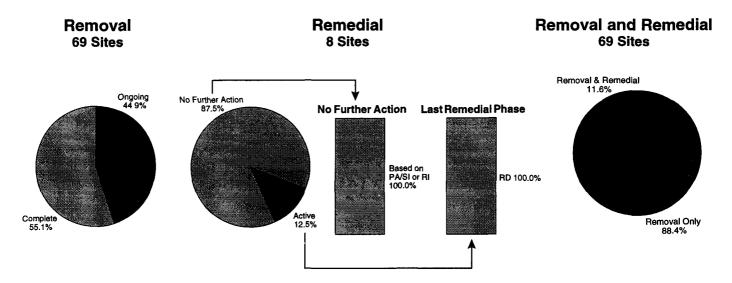
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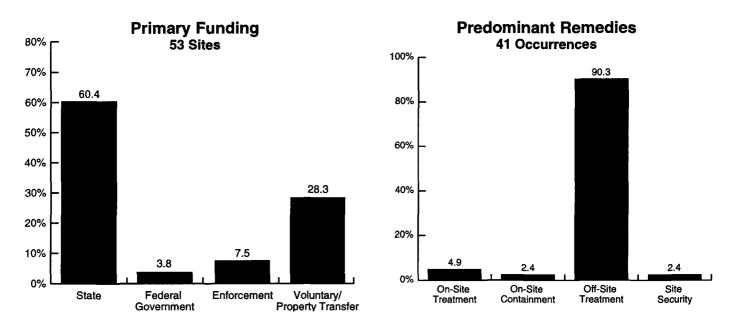
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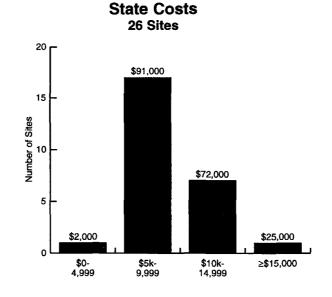
60-71 Months

More Than 71 Months

State/Territory—Alabama







State/Territory—Alaska

Alaska identified more than 450 sites and reported detailed information for 41 sites. Two of these 41 sites were both Removal and Remedial actions, 13 were sites with only Removal actions, and 17 were sites with only Remedial actions. The 2 sites with both Removal and Remedial actions reported those actions as completed (i.e., Removal actions were Complete and Remedial actions required No Further Action). Nine of the sites with only Removal actions reported those actions as Complete, and 6 of the sites with only Remedial Actions reported those actions as requiring No Further Action.

The prevalent Last Remedial Phase was PA/SI with 11 of the 20 sites that reported a Last Remedial Phase. The prevalent Predominant Remedies were On-Site Treatment with 18 occurrences and Off-Site Treatment with 15 occurrences.

Total Cost was reported \$3,645,801 for 41 sites. State cost was reported for 38 sites for a total of \$3,616,104, and PRP cost was reported for 3 sites for a total of \$29,697. State cost of \$37,754 was reported for the two sites with both Removal actions that were Complete and Remedial actions that required No Further Action. State cost of \$296,165 was also reported for 7 sites with only Removal actions where those actions were Complete, and State cost of \$765,183 was reported for 6 sites with only Remedial actions that required No Further Action.

The **Primary Funding** source was the **State** with 23 of the 28 sites that reported **Primary Funding**; **Enforcement** was reported for 4 sites and **Voluntary/Property Transfer** for one site.

The average **Duration of Response Actions** was 8 months and 7 days based on 33 sites reporting start and completion dates for **Duration of Response Actions**.
The first site was started in 1988.

Data Display (Total Sites = 41)

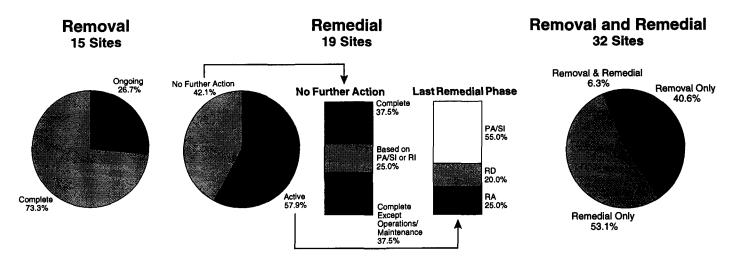
Removal	15	100.00%
Ongoing	4	26.67%
Complete	11	73.33%
Remedial	19	100.00%
Active	11	57.89%
No Further Action	8	42.11%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	2	25.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	3	37.50%
All Remedial Action Complete	3	37.50%
Last Remedial Phase	20	100.00%
PA/SI	11	55.00%
RI/FS	0	0.00%
RD	4	20.00%
RA	5	25.00%
Predominant Remedies	50	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	18	36.00%
On-Site Containment	7	14.00%
Off-Site Containment	4	8.00%
Off-Site Treatment	15	30.00%
Population Protection	3	6.00%
Site Security	3	6.00%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%
Total Cost	<u> </u>	3 645 801 00

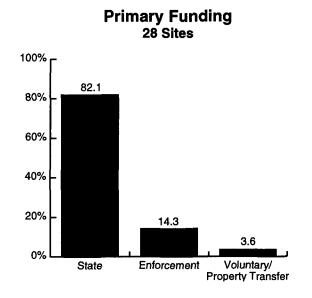
Total Cost		\$3,645,801.00
State		\$3,616,104.00
Sites: 38	State Average: \$95,160.63	
PRP		\$29,697.00
Sites: 3	PRP Average: \$9,899.00	

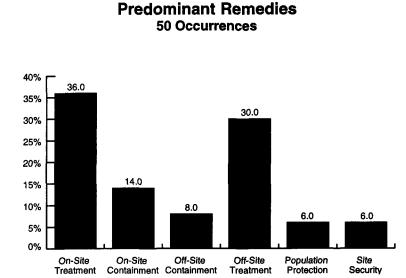
Primary Funding	28	100.00%
State	23	82.14%
Federal Government	0	0.00%
Enforcement	4	14.29%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	1	3.57%

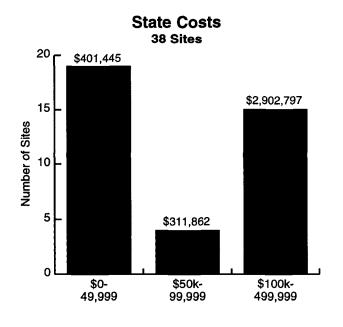
Duration of Response Actions	33	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	28	84.85%
12-23 Months	4	12.12%
24–35 Months	1	3.03%
36-47 Months	0	0.00%
48-59 Months	0	0.00%
60-71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

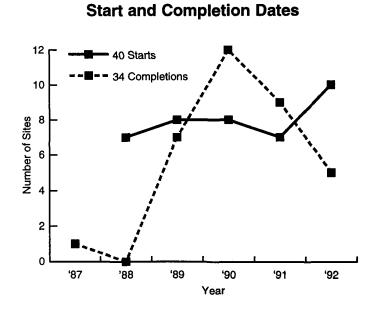
State/Territory—Alaska











State/Territory—American Samoa

American Samoa reported 3 sites, all of which had both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions.

The Last Remedial Phase for the 2 sites with Active Remedial actions was, respectively, PA/SI and RA. The Removal actions for all 3 sites were Ongoing.

The Predominant Remedies used for the 3 sites were On-Site Treatment, Off-Site Treatment, On-Site Containment, and Off-Site Containment.

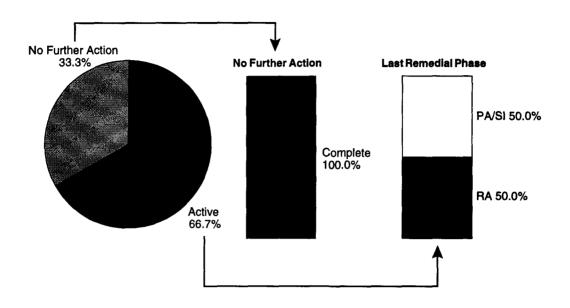
The **Primary Funding** source was the **Federal Government.** All costs are unknown.

One site was started in 1988, and 2 sites were started in 1990. The one All Remedial Action Complete designation occurred in 1990.

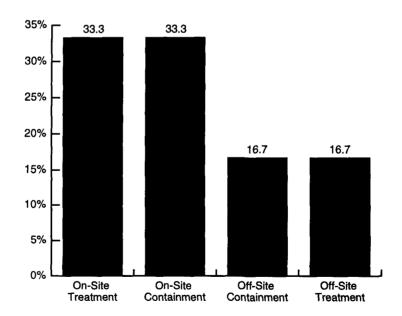
Data Display (Total Sites =	3)	
Removal	3	100.00%
Ongoing	3	100.00%
Complete	0	0.00%
Remedial	3	100.00%
Active	2	66.67%
No Further Action	1	33.33%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete	1	100.00%
Last Remedial Phase	2	100.00%
PA/SI	1	50.00%
RI/FS	0	0.00%
RD	0	0.00%
RA	1	50.00%
Predominant Remedies	6	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	2	33.33%
On-Site Containment	2	33.33%
Off-Site Containment	1	16.67%
Off-Site Treatment	1	16.67%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security Innovative Technology	0	0.00% 0.00%
Total Cost		\$0.00
State		\$0.00
Sites: 0 State Average: \$0.00		#0.00
PRP Sites: 0 PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
Primary Funding	3	100.00%
State	0	0.00%
Federal Government	3	100.00%
Enforcement	0	0.00%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	0	0.00%
Duration of Response Actions	1	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	1	100.00%
12–23 Months	0	0.00%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36–47 Months 48–59 Months	0 0	0.00% 0.00%
48–39 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%
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State/Territory—American Samoa

Remedial 3 Sites



Predominant Remedies 6 Occurrences



State/Territory—Arizona

Arizona reported 76 sites. Forty-one of these sites had both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions, and 33 had only **Remedial** actions. There were no sites with only **Removal** actions.

Forty of the sites with **Remedial** actions were classified as construction completions.

State cost for 54 sites was \$12,524,140 for an average cost of \$231,929. The total **PRP** reported cost for 7 sites was \$19,615,593 for an average of \$2,802,228.

The most prevalent **Predominant Remedy** was **On-Site Containment** with 9 occurrences.

For sites with **Remedial** actions that were **Active**, the predominant **Last Remedial Phase** was the **RI/FS** (23 sites).

The first 2 sites were started in 1980, and an additional 10 sites were started in the period from 1980 through 1985. Twenty-two sites had **Duration of Response Actions of Less Than 12 Months.** The average **Duration of Response Actions** for 30 sites was 13 months and 25 days for the sites that reported start and completion dates.

Data Display	(Tota	l Sites	= 76)
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Removal	41	100.00%
Ongoing	8	19.51%
Complete	33	80.49%

Remedial	74	100.00%
Active	34	45.95%
No Further Action	40	54.05%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	7	17.50%
All Remedial Action Complete	33	82.50%

Last Remedial Phase	31	100.00%
PA/SI		6.45%
RI/FS	23	74.19%
RD	3	9.68%
RA	3	9.68%

Predominant Remedies	27	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	7	25.93%
On-Site Containment	9	33.33%
Off-Site Containment	4	14.81%
Off-Site Treatment	1	3.70%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security	6	22.23%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%

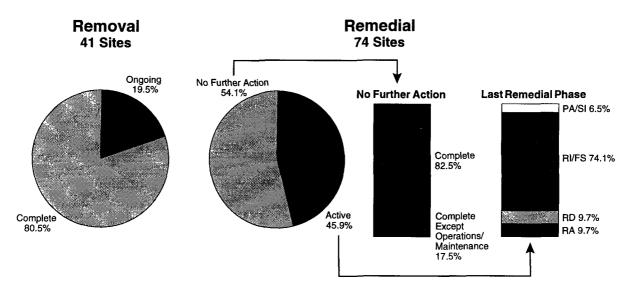
Total Cost		\$32,139,733.00
State		\$12,524,140.00
Sites: 54	State Average: \$231,928.52	
DPP		\$19.615.593.00

Sites: 7 PRP Average: \$2,802,227.57

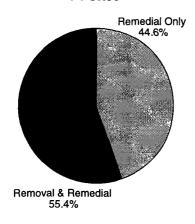
Primary Funding	74	100.00%
State	54	72.97%
Federal Government	0	0.00%
Enforcement	2	2.70%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	18	24.33%

Duration of Response Actions	30	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	22	73.33%
12–23 Months	1	3.33%
24–35 Months	2	6.67%
36–47 Months	2	6.67%
48–59 Months	1	3.33%
60–71 Months	2	6.67%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

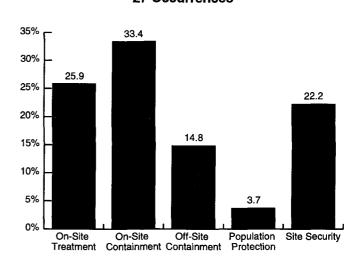
State/Territory—Arizona



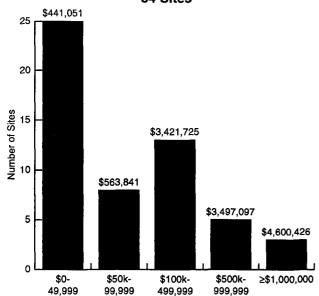
Removal and Remedial 74 Sites



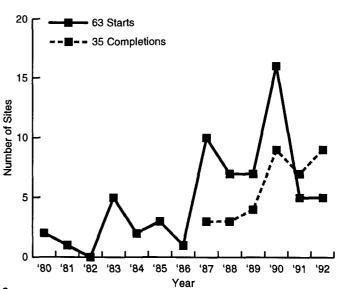
Predominant Remedies 27 Occurrences



State Costs 54 Sites



Start and Completion Dates



State/Territory—California

California stated that it had nearly 2,000 sites. The detailed information provided was for 850 sites. One hundred thirty-eight of the sites had both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions, 34 had only **Removal** actions, and 675 had only **Remedial** actions.

Twenty-nine of the 138 sites that had both Removal and Remedial actions had Removal actions that were Complete and the Remedial actions that required No Further Action. For 14 of the 34 sites that had only Removal actions, the actions were Complete. For 571 of the 675 sites that had only Remedial actions, the actions required No Further Action.

The **Predominant Remedy** was **Site Security**, which was reported for all 28 **Predominant Remedy** occurrences.

For the 223 sites that reported **State** cost, the total was \$90,792,505 with a per site average of \$407,141. The reported cost for 13 sites with only **Removal** actions that were **Complete** was \$2,849,366. The reported cost for 80 sites with only **Remedial** actions designated as requiring **No Further Action** was \$10,908,703. The respective average of each was \$219,182 and \$136,359.

Enforcement was the Primary Funding source at 113 sites, followed by the State at 32 sites, the Federal Government at 14 sites and Voluntary/Property Transfer at 3 sites.

Data Display (Total Sites = 850)		
Removal	172	100.00%
Ongoing	20	11.63%
Complete	152	88.37%
Remedial	813	100.00%
Active	213	26.20%
No Further Action	600	73.80%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	451	75.17%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Mair	nt. 24	4.00%
All Remedial Action Complete	125	20.83%
Last Remedial Phase	95	100.00%
PA/SI	45	47.37%
RI/FS	32	33.68%
RD	13	13.68%
RA	5	5.26%
Predominant Remedies	28	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
On-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security	28	100.00%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%
Total Cost	\$90	,792,505.00
State	\$90	,792,505.00
Sites: 223 State Average: \$407,141.28		** **
PRP Sites: 0 PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
Primary Funding	162	100.00%

19.75%

8.65%

69.75%

100.00% 0.00%

0.00%

0.00%

0.00%

0.00%

0.00% 0.00%

1.85%

32

14

3

0

0

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0

0

0

0

113

State

Federal Government

Voluntary/Property Transfer

Duration of Response Actions

Less Than 12 Months

More Than 71 Months

Enforcement

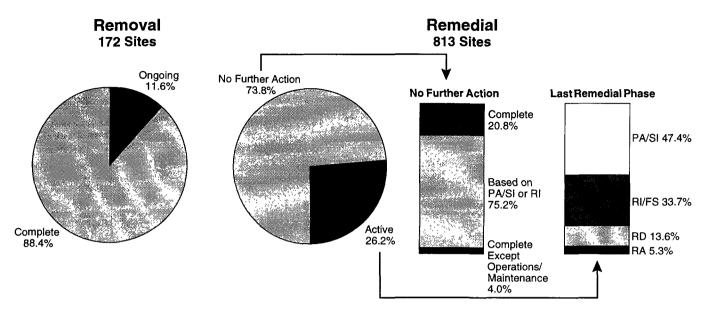
12-23 Months

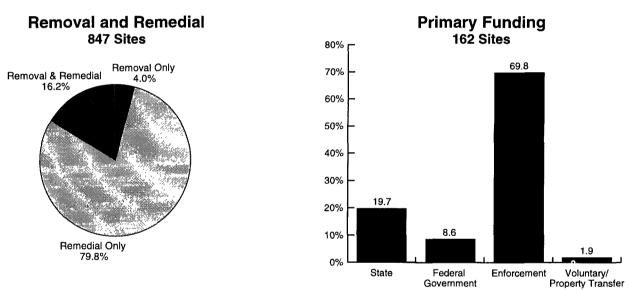
24-35 Months

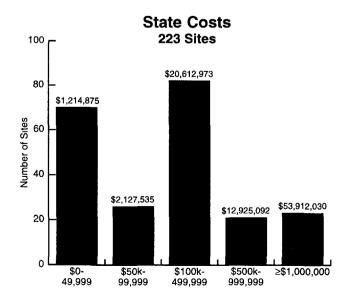
36-47 Months

48–59 Months 60–71 Months

State/Territory—California







State/Territory—Colorado

Colorado reported 11 sites; 6 were sites with only Removal actions, 2 were sites with only Remedial actions, and 3 were sites with both Removal and Remedial actions. All of the sites with only Remedial actions were classified as Active. All of the sites with only Removal actions were classified Complete. The 3 sites with both Removal and Remedial actions had Removal actions that were Ongoing and had Remedial actions that were Active.

State cost of \$3,200,000 was reported for only one site with **Active Remedial** actions. The **PRP** cost for this site was reported as **Unknown**.

Eight sites were started after 1986, and five sites were completed in the 2-year period of 1991 through 1992. The average **Duration of Response Actions** from start to completion is 3 months and 10 days based on 3 sites.

Colorado does not maintain a database to track cleanup activities, and a thorough review of the files in each of the agencies that perform or require cleanup was not done for this survey because of the large amount of time and effort that it would have required. Therefore, this data significantly underestimates the number of **Remedial** and **Removal** activities that have been performed.

Data	Display (Total Sites = 1	1)	
Removal		9	100.00%
Ongoing		4	44,44%
Complete		5	55.56%
Remedial		5	100.00%
Active		5	100.00%
No Further Action		0	0.00%
No Remedial Action Base		0	0.00%
	nplete Except Operations/Maint.	O	0.00%
All Remedial Action Cor	nplete	0	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase		5	100.00%
PA/SI		0	0.00%
RI/FS		2	40.00%
RD		3	60.00%
RA		0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies		12	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		4	33.33%
On-Site Containment		2	16.67%
Off-Site Containment		2	16.67%
Off-Site Treatment		0	0.00%
Population Protection		1	8.33%
Site Security		1	8.33%
Innovative Technology		2	16.67%
Total Cost		\$3	,200,000.00
State	g	\$3	,200,000.00
Sites: 1	State Average: \$3,200,000.00		00.02
Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
Primary Funding		2	100.00%
State		0	0.00%
Federal Government		0	0.00%
Enforcement		2	100.00%
Voluntary/Property Transfe	r	0	0.00%
Duration of Response Actio	ns	3	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		3	100.00%
12-23 Months		0	0.00%
24-35 Months		0	0.00%
36–47 Months		0	0.00%
48–59 Months		0	0.00%
(0.51.)			

0

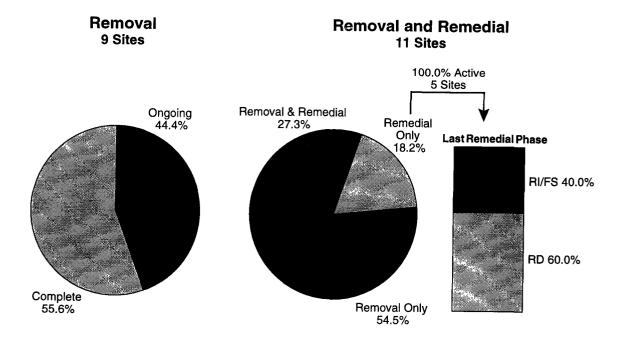
0.00%

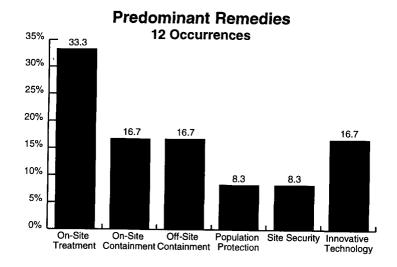
0.00%

60-71 Months

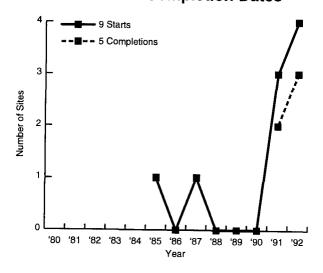
More Than 71 Months

State/Territory—Colorado





Start and Completion Dates



State/Territory—Connecticut

Connecticut reported 642 sites. All of the sites had only **Remedial** actions, of which 91 required **No Further Action.** For the sites that had **Active** actions, 551 reported a **Last Remedial Phase** with **PA/SI** being the most prevalent with 375 sites. In addition, there were 20 sites in the **Last Remedial Phase** of **RD/RA** and 156 sites in the **Last Remedial Phase** of **RI/FS**.

A Primary Funding source was reported at 242 sites, with Voluntary/Property Transfer being reported for 161 of those sites.

From 1980 to 1986, the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection investigated approximately 5,700 potential sites. Of these, 567 were found to be hazardous waste disposal sites requiring Remedial action; the remaining 5,133 were classified as sites requiring No Further Action. The sites requiring action were placed on the Dynamic Inventory of Hazardous Waste Disposal Sites (Inventory).

The State Superfund Law was adopted in 1987 with 567 hazardous waste disposal sites listed. Since that time, 75 additional sites have been added to the Inventory. Because Connecticut screens sites prior to listing on the Inventory, very few of the sites that are Active are likely to be classified as sites requiring No Further Action prior to implementation of Remedial measures.

As of December 1992, 63 sites had been fully remediated, and 28 sites were in the post-remediation monitoring phase. The **Predominant Remedy** reported was **Off-Site Treatment.**

Connecticut's remedial programs include the Property Transfer Program (1985), State Superfund Program (1987), both enforcement-driven and Statefunded actions, and the Urban Sites Remedial Action Program. Connecticut did not provide data in sufficient detail that could be input to the database; therefore, the data presented herein is not a part of the State/Territory database.

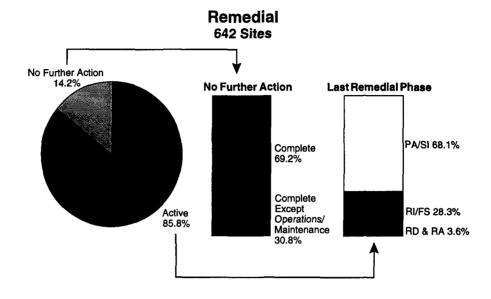
Removal	0	100.00%
Ongoing	0	0.00%
Complete	0	0.00%
Remedial	642	100.00%
Active	551	85.80%
No Further Action	91	14.20%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	28	30.80%
All Remedial Action Complete	63	69.20%
Last Remedial Phase	551	100.00%
PA/SI	375	68.06%
RI/FS	156	28.31%
RD/RA	20	3.63%
Predominant Remedies	O	0.00%
On-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
On-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security	0	0.00%
Innovative Technology	C)	0.00%
Total Cost		\$0.00
State		\$0.00
Sites: 0 State Average: \$0.00		# 0.00
PRP Sites: 0 PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
Primary Funding	242	100.00%
State	g	3.70%
Federal Government	0	0.00%
Enforcement	72	29.80%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	161	66.50%
Duration of Response Actions	0	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	0	0.00%
12–23 Months	0	0.00%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36–47 Months	0	0.00%
48–59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%

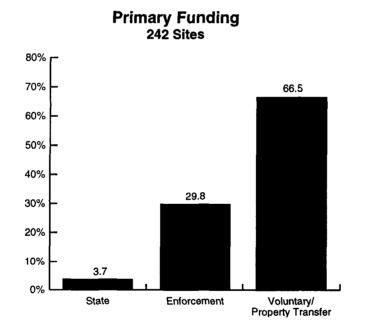
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0.00%

More Than 71 Months

State/Territory—Connecticut





State/Territory—Delaware

Delaware reported 185 sites. One of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions. Ten sites had only Removal actions. One hundred seventy-four sites had only Remedial actions. The site with both Removal and Remedial actions was composed of Removal actions that were Complete and Remedial actions that were Active. The Last Remedial Phase of these actions was RI/FS. The 10 sites with only Removal actions were all in an Ongoing status. The 83 sites with only Remedial actions were all in the Active status. The remaining 91 sites required No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI.

The most prevalent Last Remedial Phase was PA/SI with 78 of the 84 sites that reported a Last Remedial Phase.

A total of \$1,255,500 was reported for 18 sites, all of which was **State** cost. All **PRP** cost was reported as unknown.

The Federal Government was reported as the Primary Funding source with 91 sites, followed by Enforcement with 75 sites and the State with 17 sites. Voluntary\Property Transfer was reported for 2 sites.

Five sites were started in the 2-year period from 1991 through 1992. Delaware also stated that 91 sites have a completion time frame of less than 24 months but that specific start and completion dates for these sites were not available in time to meet the submission time frame of the survey.

Delaware has a Hazardous Substance Cleanup Act "to accomplish effective and expeditious cleanups to protect the public health or welfare, or the environment."

Data Display (otal Sites = 185)
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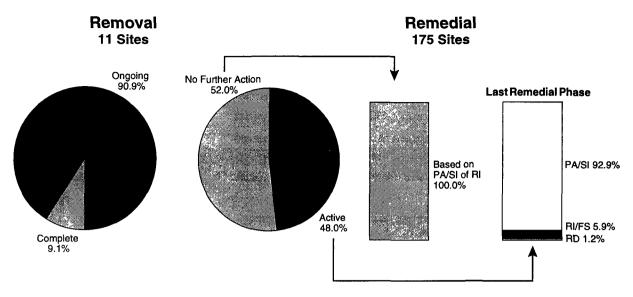
	/	
Removal	11	100.00%
Ongoing	10	90.91%
Complete	1	9.09%
Remedial	175	100.00%
Active	84	48.00%
No Further Action	91	52.00%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	91	100.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete	0	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase	84	100.00%
PA/SI	78	92.86%
RI/FS	5	5.95%
RD	1	1.19%
RA	0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies	0	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
On-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security	0	0.00%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%
Total Cost	\$1	,255,500.00
State	\$1	,255,000.00
Sites: 18 State Average: \$60,750,00		

Total Cost		01,200,000.00
State		\$1,255,000.00
Sites: 18	State Average: \$69,750.00	
PRP		\$0.00
Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00	

Primary Funding	185	100.00%
State	17	9.19%
Federal Government	91	49.19%
Enforcement	75	40.54%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	2	1.08%

Duration of Response Actions	0	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	0	0.00%
12–23 Months	0	0.00%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36–47 Months	0	0.00%
48-59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

State/Territory—Delaware

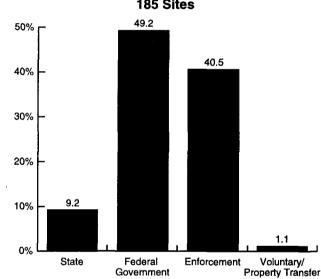


Removal and Remedial 185 Sites

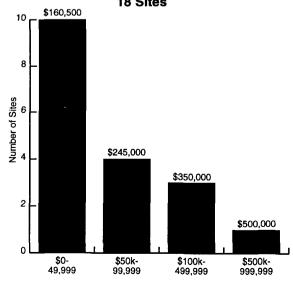
Removal & Removal Only 5.4%

Remedial Only 94.0%

Primary Funding 185 Sites



State Costs 18 Sites



A - 21

State/Territory—Florida

Florida reported 36 sites. All of these sites had both Removal and Remedial actions. At 21 of the sites the Removal actions were designated Complete and the Remedial actions required No Further Action. The Predominant Remedies reported were On-Site Treatment with 18 occurrences and Off-Site Containment with 16 occurrences. In all, 40 Predominant Remedies were reported.

A Primary Funding source was reported for 36 sites: the State with 35 sites and the Federal Government with 1 site.

Twenty-five sites had State cost, which totaled \$12,184,849 for a per site average of \$487,394. The 21 sites with both the Removal actions Complete and the Remedial actions requiring No Further Action reported cost that totaled \$9,239,633 for a per site average of \$439,983.

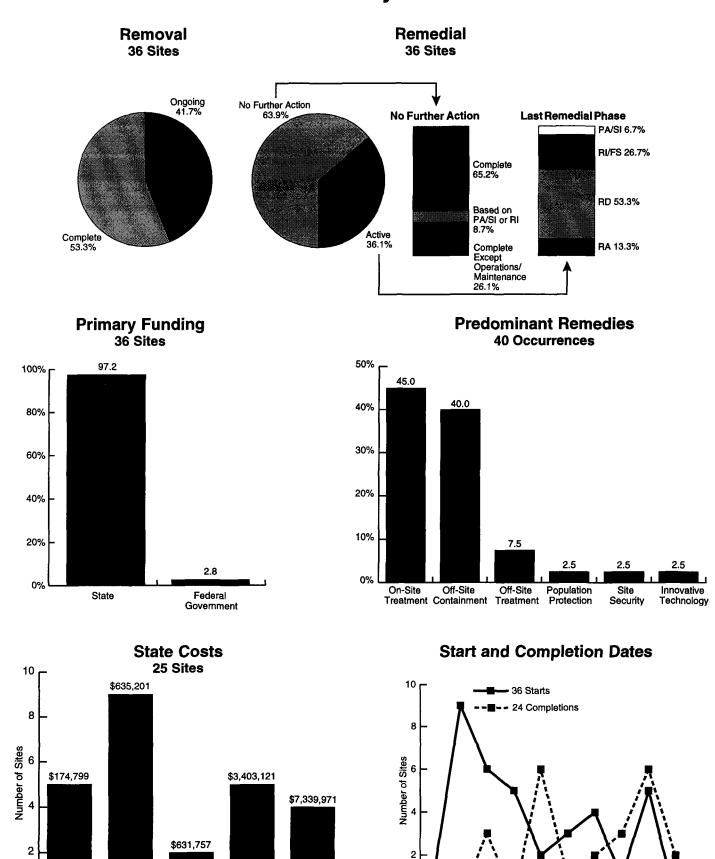
The first cleanup effort was in 1983 and was completed within 1 month. The last completion occurred in 1992. The range from start to completion encompassed from 1 to 83 months, with the average **Duration of Response Actions** having been 32 months.

The data presented herein does not include sites in Florida's Enforcement Program.

Data	Display	(Total	Sites	= 36)	

	piay (Total Sites = 3		
Removal		36	100.00%
Ongoing		15	41.67%
Complete		21	58.33%
Remedial		36	100.00%
Active		13	36.11%
No Further Action		23	63.89%
No Remedial Action Based on	PA/SI or RI	2	8.70%
All Remedial Action Complete		6	26.09%
All Remedial Action Complete		15	65.22%
ast Remedial Phase		15	100.00%
PA/SI		1	6.67%
RI/FS		4	26.67%
RD		8	53.33%
RA		2	13.33%
wadawinant Domadia		40	100.000/
redominant Remedies		40	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		18	45.00%
On-Site Containment		0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment		16	40.00%
Off-Site Treatment		3	7.50%
Population Protection		1	2.50%
Site Security		1	2.50%
Innovative Technology	_	1	2.50%
otal Cost			,184,849.00
State		\$12	,184,849.00
	te Average: \$487,393.96		***
PRP Sites: 0 PRI	P Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
rimary Funding		36	100.00%
		35	97.22%
State Federal Government		1	2.78%
Enforcement		0	0.00%
Voluntary/Property Transfer		0	0.00%
		_	
Ouration of Response Actions		24	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		6	25.00%
12–23 Months		7	29.17%
24–35 Months		3	12.50%
36–47 Months		1	4.17%
48–59 Months		1	4.17%
60–71 Months		2 4	8.32%
More Than 71 Months		4	16.67%

State/Territory—Florida



'83

'84

'85

'86

'88

'90 '91

'92

'89

'87

Year

≥\$1,000,000

\$0-

49,999

\$50k-

99,999

\$100k-

499,999

\$500k-

999,999

State/Territory—Illinois

Removal

Illinois reported 906 sites; 737 of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions, 23 of the sites had only Removal actions, and 103 of the sites had only Remedial actions. Of the 840 total Remedial actions reported, 651 were designated as Active with RI/FS as the Last Remedial Phase for 571 of those Active actions. The prevalent Predominant Remedy was Off-Site Containment with 189 occurrences of the 244 Predominant Remedy occurrences reported.

The **Total Cost** was \$126,459,118, with the **State** cost being \$62,710,274 for 375 sites and **PRP** cost being \$63,748,844 for 138 sites. The average per site **PRP** cost was \$461,948, which was \$294,721 greater than the per site average for **State** cost of \$167,227.

A Primary Funding source was reported for 863 of the 906 sites reporting Primary Funding. Voluntary/Property Transfer accounted for 613 of the sites which reported a Primary Funding source, followed by the State with 137.

The average **Duration of Response Actions** is 61 months and 21 days based on 209 sites reporting start and completion dates for response actions.

Data	Display	(Total	Sites	= 906)
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760

100.00%

Ongoing	553	72.76%
Complete	207	27.24%
Remedial	840	100.00%
Active	651	77.50%
No Further Action	189	22.50%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	2	1.06%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	11	5.82%
All Remedial Action Complete	176	93.12%
Last Remedial Phase	593	100.00%

Last Remedial Phase	593	100.00%
PA/SI	1	0.17%
RI/FS	571	96.28%
RD	18	3.04%
RA	3	0.51%

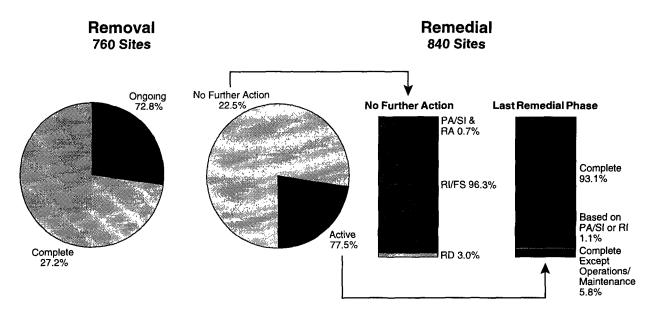
Predominant Remedies	244	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	25	10.25%
On-Site Containment	15	6.15%
Off-Site Containment	189	77.45%
Off-Site Treatment	7	2.87%
Population Protection	4	1.64%
Site Security	3	1.23%
Innovative Technology	1	0.41%

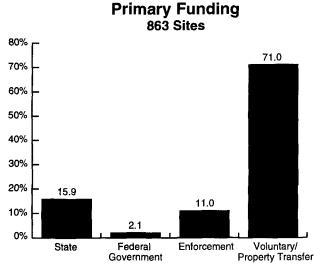
Total Cost		\$126,459,118.00
State		\$62,710,274.00
Sites: 375	State Average: \$167,227.40	
PRP		\$63,748,844.00
Sites: 138	PRP Average: \$461,948.14	

Primary Funding	863	100.00%
State	137	15.87%
Federal Government	18	2.09%
Enforcement	95	11.01%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	613	71.03%

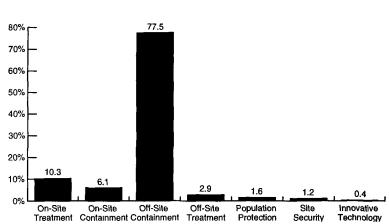
Duration of Response Actions	209	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	128	61.24%
12–23 Months	21	10.05%
24–35 Months	11	5.26%
36–47 Months	7	3.35%
48–59 Months	8	3.83%
60–71 Months	8	3.83%
More Than 71 Months	26	12.44%

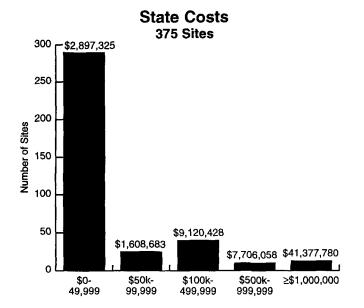
State/Territory—Illinois



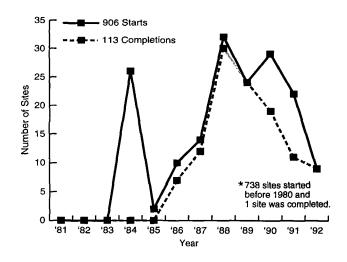


Predominant Remedies 244 Occurrences





Start and Completion Dates



State/Territory—Indiana

Indiana reported 79 sites; 4 were sites with both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions, 41 were sites with only **Removal** actions, 23 were sites with only **Remedial** actions, and 11 were reported without a status designation. These last sites were approved, but work did not begin as of December 31, 1992.

Of the 4 sites with both Removal and Remedial actions, 1 site had the Removal actions designated as Ongoing and the Remedial actions designated as Active. Twenty-one of the 23 sites with only Remedial actions had the actions designated as Active, and 26 of the sites with only Removal actions had the actions designated as Ongoing.

Six sites with only **Removal** actions that were **Complete** reported **State** cost of \$869,559 for a per site average of \$144,926. Total **PRP** cost of \$1,000 was reported for 1 site. Total **State** cost of \$1,681,128 was reported for 10 sites.

The **Predominant Remedies** were **Off-Site Containment** with 14 occurrences and **Off-Site Treatment** with 9 occurrences.

The first site was started in 1972. The average **Duration of Response Actions** for 15 sites reporting start and completion dates was 12 months and 15 days.

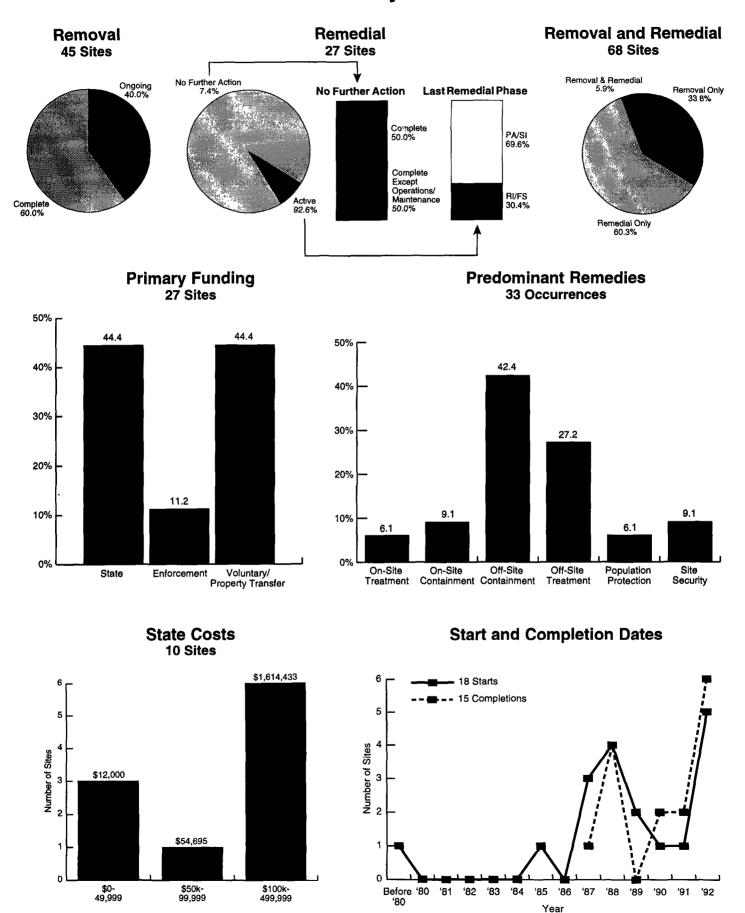
Data	Display	(Total	Sites	= 79)
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Removal		45	100.00%
Ongoing		27	60.009
Complete		18	40.009
lemedial		27	100.00%
Active		25	92.599
No Further Action		2	7.419
No Remedial Action Based	l on PA/SI or RI	0	0.009
All Remedial Action Comp	plete Except Operations/Maint.	1	50.009
All Remedial Action Comp	plete	1	50.009
ast Remedial Phase		23	100.009
PA/SI		16	69.579
RI/FS		7	30.439
RD		0	0.009
RA		0	0.009
redominant Remedies		33	100.00°
On-Site Treatment		2	6.06
On-Site Containment		3	9.09
Off-Site Containment		14	42.43
Off-Site Treatment		9	27.27
Population Protection		2	6.06
Site Security		3	9.099
Innovative Technology		0	0.009
otal Cost		\$1	,682,128.00
State		\$1	,681,128.00
Sites: 10	State Average: \$168,112.80		
PRP			\$1,000.00
Sites: 1	PRP Average: \$1,000.00		
Primary Funding		27	100.00°
State		12	44.44
Federal Government		0	0.00

Primary Funding	27	100.00%
State	12	44.44%
Federal Government	0	0.00%
Enforcement	3	11.12%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	12	44.44%

	100.00%	
10	66.67%	
2	13.33%	
1	6.67%	
2	13.33%	
0	0.00%	
0	0.00%	
0	0.00%	
	2 1 2 0	

State/Territory—Indiana



State/Territory—Kansas

Kansas reported 183 sites. Sixty-six were sites with both Removal and Remedial actions, 1 was a site with only Removal actions and 116 were sites with only Remedial actions. Two of the 66 sites with both Removal and Remedial actions had Removal actions that were Complete and Remedial actions that required No Further Action. The 1 site with only Removal actions designated the actions as Ongoing, and all but one of the 116 sites with only Remedial actions designated those actions as Active.

Predominant Remedies had 106 reported occurrences. The most prevalent was On-Site Treatment with 81 of the 106 reported occurrences.

Total Cost of \$33,053,000 had been reported for 16 sites. **State** cost for 2 of the sites was \$167,000, and **PRP** cost for the other 14 sites was \$32,886,000.

Enforcement was the Primary Funding source for 96 sites, followed by Voluntary/Property Transfer for 45 sites, the Federal Government for 25 sites, and the State for 17 sites.

Seventeen sites were started prior to 1986, and 166 were started in the period 1986 through 1992.

Data	Display	(Total	Sites	= 183)
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Removal	67	100.00%
Ongoing	62	92.54%
Complete	5	7.46%

Remedial	182	100.00%
Active	179	98.35%
No Further Action	3	1.65%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	1	33.33%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	2	66.67%
All Remedial Action Complete	0	0.00%

Last Remedial Phase	179	100.00%
PA/SI	87	48.61%
RI/FS	42	23.46%
RD	21	11.73%
RA	29	16.20%

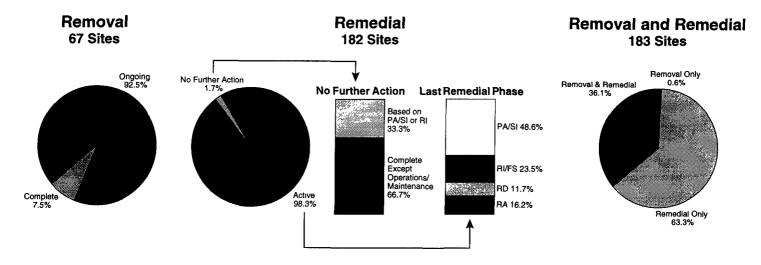
Predominant Remedies	106	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	81	76.42%
On-Site Containment	12	11.32%
Off-Site Containment	5	4.72%
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
Population Protection	4	3.77%
Site Security	1	0.94%
Innovative Technology	3	2.83%

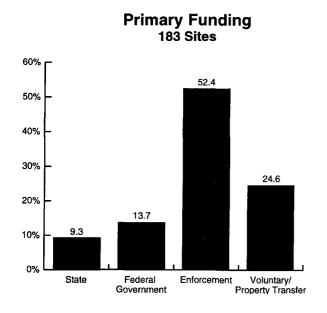
Total Cost		\$33,053,000.00
State		\$167,000.00
Sites: 2	State Average: \$83,500.00	
PRP		\$32,886,000.00
Sites: 14	PRP Average: \$2,349,000.00	

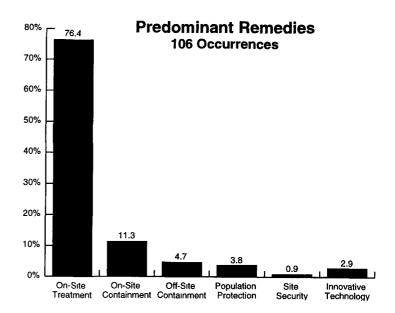
Primary Funding	183	100.00%
State	17	9.29%
Federal Government	25	13.66%
Enforcement	96	52.46%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	45	24.59%

Duration of Response Actions	0	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	0	0.00%
12–23 Months	0	0.00%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36–47 Months	0	0.00%
48–59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

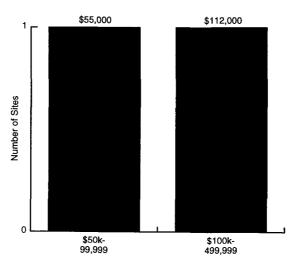
State/Territory—Kansas











State/Territory—Louisiana

Louisiana reported 101 sites. Ten of the sites had only Removal actions and 90 of the sites had only Remedial actions. None of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions. Five of the 10 sites with only Removal actions designated those actions as Ongoing and 69 of the 90 of the sites with only Remedial actions designated those actions as Active. The prevalent Last Remedial Phase was PA/SI with 55 sites out of the 66 sites that reported a Last Remedial Phase.

The most prevalent **Predominant Remedy** was **Off-Site Containment** with 22 occurrences.

State cost was reported for 24 sites for a total of \$985,483 with an average of \$41,062 per site. For the 13 construction completion sites that reported cost, the average was \$6,489 per site.

Voluntary/Property Transfer accounted for 63 of the 93 sites with a **Primary Funding** source.

The average **Duration of Response Actions** for the 23 sites with start and completion dates was 30 months and 5 days, with a range from 1 month to 88 months.

Louisiana has environmental quality legislation, amended in 1992, which has regulations controlling hazardous waste actions within the State.

Data Dis	play (Total Sites = 1	01)	
Removal		10	100.00%
Ongoing		5	50.00%
Complete		5	50.00%
Remedial		90	100.00%
Active		69	76.67%
No Further Action		21	23.33%
No Remedial Action Based o	n PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Comple	ete Except Operations/Maint.	2	9.52%
All Remedial Action Comple	ete	19	90.48%
Last Remedial Phase		66	100.00%
PA/SI		55	83.33%
RI/FS		10	15.15%
RD		1	1.52%
RA		0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies		41	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		4	9.76%
On-Site Containment		9	21.95%
Off-Site Containment		22	53.66%
Off-Site Treatment		3	7.32%
Population Protection		0	0.00%
Site Security		3	7.32%
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%
Total Cost			\$985,483.00
State			\$985,483.00
Sites: 24 St	ate Average: \$41,061.79		\$0.00
1 141	RP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
Primary Funding		93	100.00%
State		13	13.98%
Federal Government		4	4.30%
Enforcement		13	13.98%
Voluntary/Property Transfer		63	67.74%
Duration of Response Actions		23	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		5	21.73%
12–23 Months		2	8.70%
24–35 Months		6	26.09%
36–47 Months		7	30.43%
48–59 Months		1	4.35%

4.35%

4.35%

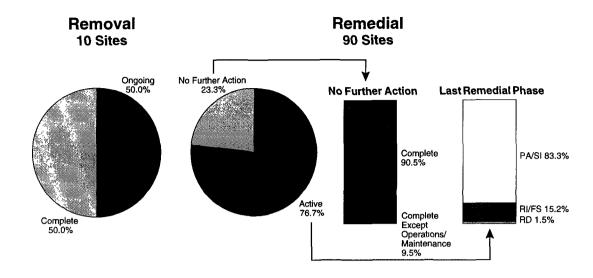
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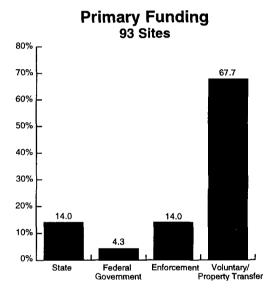
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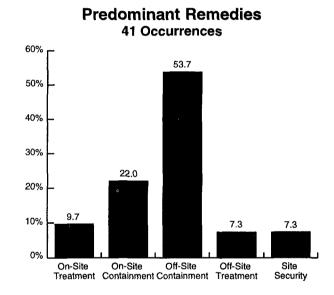
60-71 Months

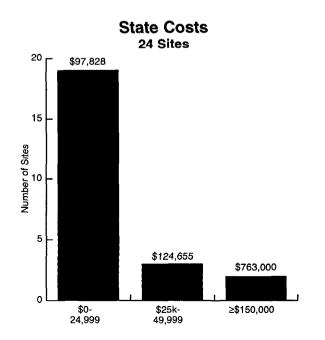
More Than 71 Months

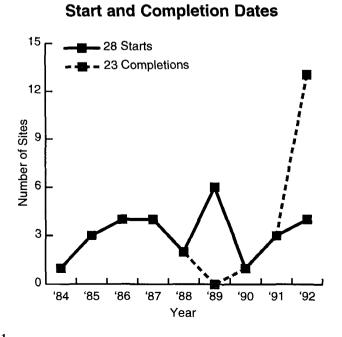
State/Territory—Louisiana











State/Territory—Maine

Maine reported 70 sites. Twenty-eight of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions, 7 had only Removal actions and 35 had only Remedial Actions. Two of the sites with both Removal and Remedial actions designated the Removal actions as Complete and the Remedial actions as requiring No Further Action. Six of the 7 sites with only Removal actions designated those actions as Complete and 9 of the 35 sites with only Remedial actions designated those actions as requiring No Further Action.

Seventeen of the sites with only Remedial actions that were Active had a Last Remedial Phase of PA/SI. Fourteen of the sites with both Removal actions that were Ongoing and Remedial actions that were Active also had a Last Remedial Phase of PA/SI.

The **Predominant Remedies** were **Off-Site Treatment** with 11 occurrences and **On-Site Treatment** with 10 occurrences.

The Total Cost for 29 sites was \$3,337,516, shared by State cost of \$2,602,516 for all 29 sites and PRP cost of \$735,000 at 2 of the 29 sites.

The average **Duration of Response Actions** was 54 months and 13 days based upon 34 sites reporting start and completion dates. Twelve sites had a **Duration of Response Actions** of **Less Than 12 Months.**

Data Display (Total Sites = 7	70)	
Removal	35	100.00%
Ongoing	10	28.57%
Complete	25	71.43%
Remedial	63	100.00%
Active	51	80.95%
No Further Action	12	19.05%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	3	25.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	7	58.33%
All Remedial Action Complete	2	16.67%
Last Remedial Phase	45	100.00%
PA/SI	32	71.12%
RI/FS	9	20.00%
RD	2	4.44%
RA	2	4.44%
Predominant Remedies	47	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	10	21.28%
On-Site Containment	7	14.89%
Off-Site Containment	8	17.03%
Off-Site Treatment	11	23.40%
Population Protection	7	14.89%
Site Security	4	8.51%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%
Total Cost	\$	3,337,516.00
State	\$	2.602,516.00
Sites: 29 State Average: \$89,741.93		\$735,000.00
Sites: 2 PRP Average: \$367,500.00		4755,000.00
Primary Funding	39	100.00%
State	13	33.33%
Federal Government	6	15.39%
Enforcement	7	17.95%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	13	33.33%
Duration of Response Actions	34	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	12	35.29%
12–23 Months	6	17.65%
24–35 Months	5	14.71%
36–47 Months	5	14.71%
48–59 Months	3	8.82%

1

2

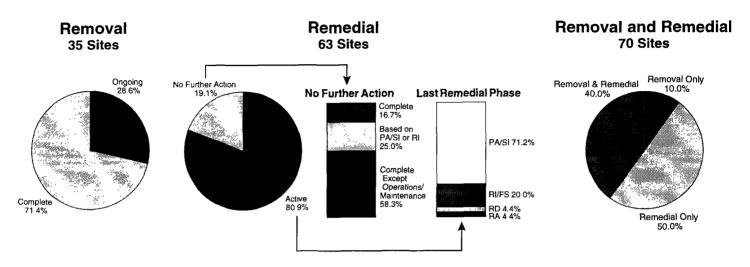
2.94%

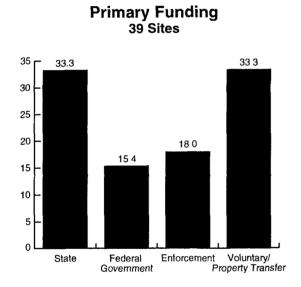
5.88%

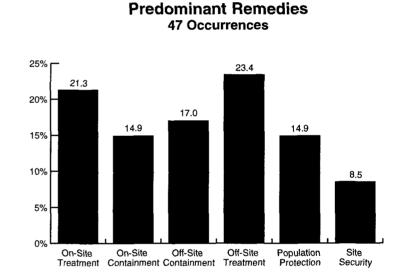
60-71 Months

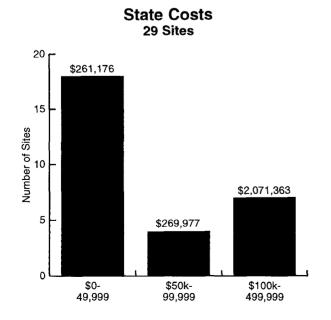
More Than 71 Months

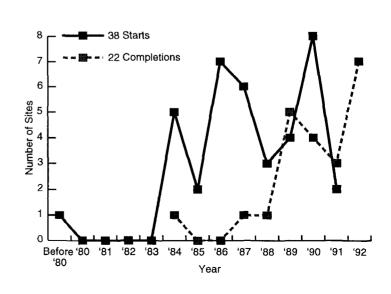
State/Territory—Maine











Start and Completion Dates

State/Territory—Maryland

Maryland reported 378 sites. Thirty of these sites had both Removal and Remedial actions. The remaining 348 sites had only Remedial actions. Twenty-six of the sites had Removal actions that were Complete and 212 of the sites had Remedial actions that required No Further Action. One of the sites in the No Further Action designation is a construction completion. All completed actions were as of December 31, 1992.

The most prevalent **Predominant Remedies** were **Off-Site Containment** with 70 occurrences and **On-Site Containment** with 62 occurrences. The total number of **Predominant Remedies** reported was 163.

The **Total Cost** reported was \$2,036,816. **State** cost accounted for \$619,750 with 8 sites, and **PRP** cost accounted for \$1,417,066 with 6 sites. One site had a **PRP** cost of \$875,000.

A Primary Funding source was reported for 71 sites, with Enforcement at 34 sites, the Federal Government at 19, Voluntary/Property Transfer at 13, and the State at 5.

Two sites were completed prior to 1980. Thirty-one sites had Duration of Response Actions of Less Than 12 Months. The average Duration of Response Actions was 6 months and 10 days based on the 40 sites that reported start and completion dates.

Maryland has Hazardous Materials and Hazardous Substances Regulations that permit cost recovery and provide for community awareness.

Data	Display	(Total	Sites	= 378)
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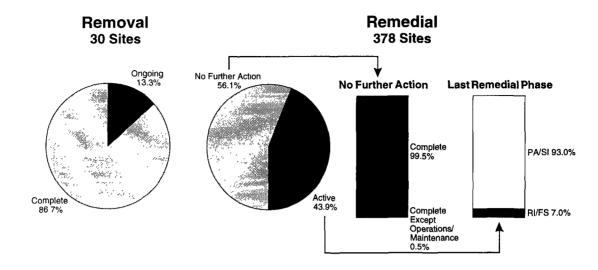
Data Display (Total Sites = 378)			
Removal	30	100.00%	
Ongoing	4	13.33%	
Complete	26	86.67%	
Remedial	378	100.00%	
Active	166	43.92%	
No Further Action	212	56.08%	
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	211	99.53%	
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	1	0.47%	
All Remedial Action Complete	0	0.00%	
ast Remedial Phase	43	100.00%	
PA/SI	40	93.02%	
RI/FS	3	6.98%	
RD	0	0.00%	
RA	0	0.00%	
Predominant Remedies	163	100.00%	
On-Site Treatment	16	9.82%	
On-Site Containment	62	38.04%	
Off-Site Containment	70	42.94%	
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%	
Population Protection	1	0.61%	
Site Security	14	8.59%	
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%	

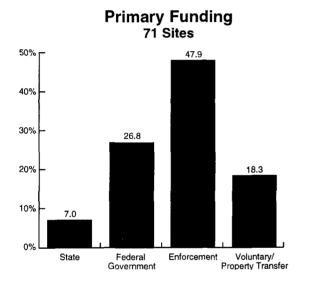
Total Cost		\$2,036,816.00
State		\$619,750.00
Sites: 8	State Average: \$77,468.75	
PRP		\$1,417,066.00
Sites: 6	PRP Average: \$236,177.67	

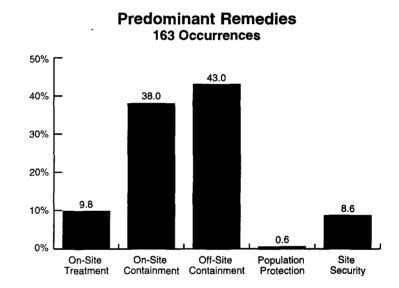
Primary Funding	71	100.00%
State	5	7.04%
Federal Government	19	26.76%
Enforcement	34	47.89%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	13	18.31%

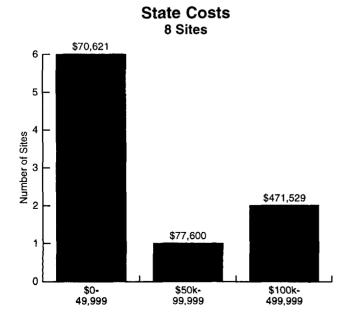
Duration of Response Actions	40	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	31	77.50%
12–23 Months	8	20.00%
24–35 Months	1	2.50%
36–47 Months	0	0.00%
48–59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

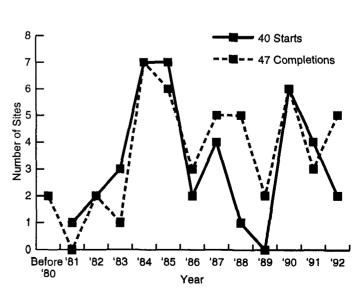
State/Territory—Maryland











Start and Completion Dates

State/Territory—Massachusetts

Massachusetts reported 3,089 sites. All of these sites had both Removal and Remedial actions. Four hundred twenty of the sites had Removal actions that were Complete, and 536 of the sites had Remedial actions that required No Further Action. Of the 2,553 sites with Active Remedial actions that reported a Last Remedial Phase, 1,522 were RI/FS, 929 were PA/SI, 110 were RA, and 64 were RD.

For sites with Removal actions that were Complete or Remedial actions that required No Further Action, the prevalent Predominant Remedies were Off-Site Containment with 257 occurrences and On-Site Containment with 102 occurrences.

State cost was reported for 33 sites for a total of \$2,553,857. Thirty-one of these sites had cost less than \$50,000 per site.

Although there was no PRP cost reported and the Primary Funding source was reported as Voluntary/Property Transfer for 523 of the 550 sites, this result is somewhat misleading. The Enforcement and Voluntary/Property Transfer categories should be combined to account for 95% of the Primary Funding. This is because the Massachusetts Superfund Law has strict joint and severe liability, driving Voluntary and Property Transfer activities because of the threat of successful enforcement.

Three hundred and ninety-one sites were started and completed. Thirty-four sites were started prior to 1986, and 441 sites were started in 1986 or later. All completed actions occurred after 1986.

The Massachusetts Superfund Law enacted in 1983 and amended in July 1992 gave the Department of Environmental Protection the task of ensuring permanent cleanup of oil and hazardous materials releases, defined who is legally responsible for assessment and cleanup, and required them to either perform cleanups themselves or reimburse the State for doing so. Newly promulgated regulations in the Massachusetts Contingency Plan contain a push for faster and more streamlined voluntary cleanups through the use of Licensed Site Professionals. This new program is intended to use government resources more efficiently to address a large number of sites.

Data Display (Total Sites = 3,089)

	<u> </u>	
Removal	3,089	100.00°
Ongoing	2,669	86.40
Complete	420	13.60
Remedial	3,089	100.00°
Active	2,553	82.659
No Further Action	536	17.359
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	157	29.299
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	28	5.229
All Remedial Action Complete	351	65.499
ast Remedial Phase	2,625	100.00%
PA/SI	929	35.399
RI/FS	1,522	57.989
RD	64	2.449
RA	110	4.199
redominant Remedies	383	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	24	6.27%
On-Site Containment	102	26.63%
Off-Site Containment	257	67.10%
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security	0	0.00%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%
otal Cost	5	2,553,857.00
State	\$	52,553,857.00
Sites: 33 State Average: \$77,389.61		
PRP		\$0.00
Sites: 0 PRP Average: \$0.00		
rimary Funding	550	100.00%
State	27	4.919
Federal Government	0	0.009
	_	0.009
Enforcement	0	0.00%

voluntary/Property Transfer	523	95.09%
Duration of Response Actions	391	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	169	43.22%
12–23 Months	118	30.18%
24–35 Months	46	11.76%
36–47 Months	22	5.64%
48–59 Months	10	2.56%

13

13

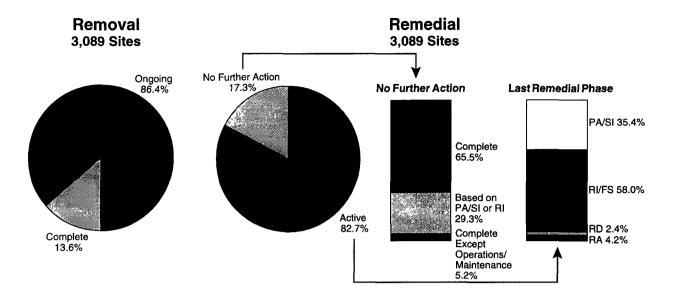
3.32%

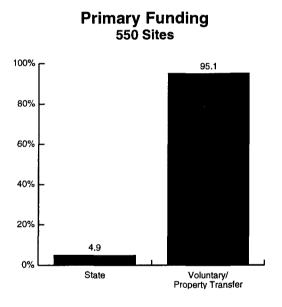
3.32%

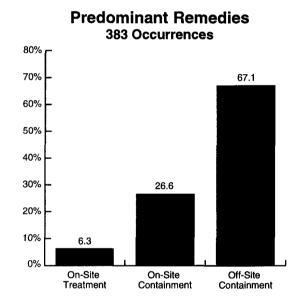
60-71 Months

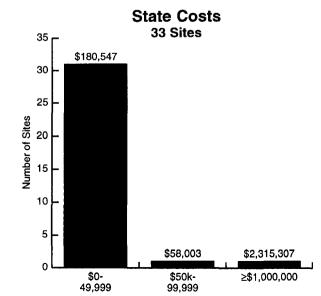
More Than 71 Months

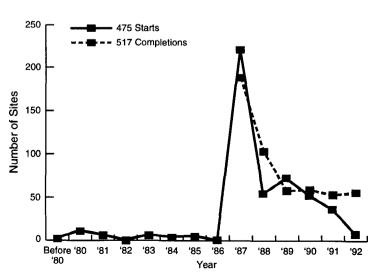
State/Territory—Massachusetts











State/Territory—Michigan

Removal

All Remedial Action Complete

Michigan reported 2,662 sites, of which 1,927 had both Removal and Remedial actions and 735 had only Remedial actions. There were no sites that had only Removal actions. All of the sites with only Remedial actions are designated as No Further Action Based on PA/SI or RI. Three hundred forty-three of the sites with both Removal and Remedial actions were designated as construction completions.

RI/FS was reported as the Last Remedial Phase for 1,701 of the 1,713 sites reporting a Last Remedial Phase.

Total Cost was reported for 496 sites, in the amount of \$159,226,582. All reported cost was **State** cost. For the 254 sites reporting cost under \$50,000 per site, the average cost was \$13,455.

One thousand seven hundred ninetysix sites reported a **Primary Funding** source, of which 1,353 reported **Enforcement** and 443 reported the **State.**

Michigan has enacted and amended environmental acts dating back to 1929. The acts passed or amended since 1979 include regulations for the management, evaluation, and cleanup of hazardous waste. Michigan also publishes a yearly listing of environmental containment sites within the State.

Data	Display	(Total	Sites	= 2,662)
------	---------	--------	-------	----------

1,927

314

100.00%

29.13%

Ongoing	1,584	82.20%
Complete	343	17.80%
Remedial	2,662	100.00%
Active	1,584	59.50%
No Further Action	1,078	40.50%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	735	68.18%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	29	2.69%

Last Remedial Phase	1,713	100.00%
PA/SI	0	0.00%
RI/FS	1,701	99.30%
RD	2	0.12%
RA	10	0.58%

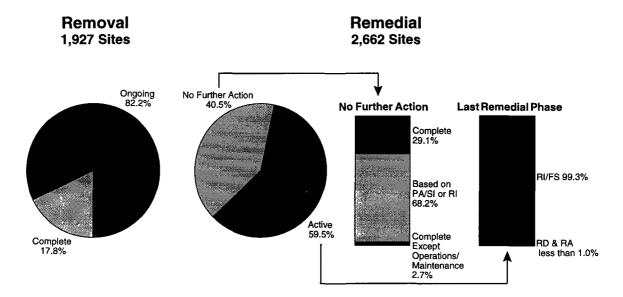
Predominant Remedies	0	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
On-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security	0	0.00%
Innovative Technology	. 0	0.00%

Total Cost		\$159,226,582.00
State		\$159,226,582.00
Sites: 496	State Average: \$321,021.33	
PRP		\$0.00
Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00	

Primary Funding	1,796	100.00%
State	443	24.68%
Federal Government	0	0.00%
Enforcement	1,353	75.32%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	0	0.00%

Duration of Response Actions	0	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	0	0.00%
12–23 Months	0	0.00%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36–47 Months	0	0.00%
48–59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

State/Territory—Michigan

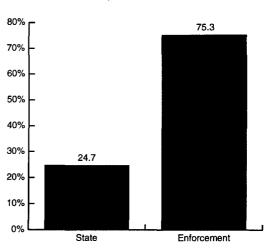


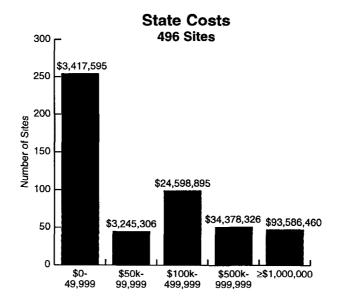
Removal and Remedial 2,662 Sites

Remedial Only 27.6%

Removal & Remedial 72.4%

Primary Funding 1,796 Sites





State/Territory—Minnesota

Minnesota reported 414 sites, of which 36 had both Removal and Remedial actions, 6 had only Removal actions and 365 had only Remedial actions. Four of the 6 sites with only Removal actions were Complete. Eighty-six of the 365 sites with only Remedial actions were designated as requiring No Further Action.

The prevalent Last Remedial Phase for the sites with Remedial actions that were Active was PA/SI with 117, followed by RI/FS with 95, RD with 60, and RA with 16.

The **Predominant Remedies** were **On-Site Containment** with 114 occurrences and **On-Site Treatment** with 83 occurrences.

Total Cost was \$92,525,000 and was segmented as **State** cost of \$11,353,000 for 89 sites and **PRP** cost of \$81,172,000 for 89 sites.

Voluntary/Property Transfer was the **Primary Funding** source at 220 sites.

Thirty-nine of the sites had a **Duration of Response Actions** of **Less Than 12 Months**, with the first site started and completed in 1978. Eighteen sites were started in 1992 and 11 were completed in that year.

In 1983, Minnesota passed an Environmental Response and Liability Act, which permits the State to spend funds to investigate and clean up hazardous substances.

Data Display (Total Sites = 414)

Removal	42	100.00%
Ongoing	11	26.19%
Complete	31	73.81%

Remedial	401	100.00%
Active	293	73.07%
No Further Action	108	26.93%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	56	51.85%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	35	32.41%
All Remedial Action Complete	17	15.74%

Last Remedial Phase	288	100.00%
PA/SI	117	40.62%
RI/FS	95	32.99%
RD	60	20.83%
RA	16	5.56%

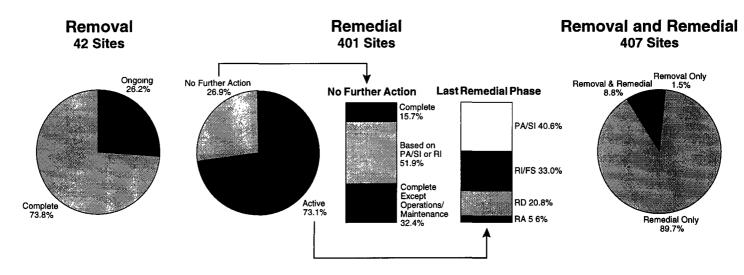
Predominant Remedies	297	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	83	27.95%
On-Site Containment	114	38.38%
Off-Site Containment	45	15.15%
Off-Site Treatment	27	9.09%
Population Protection	17	5.72%
Site Security	10	3.37%
Innovative Technology	1	0.34%

Total Cost		\$92,525,000.00
State		\$11,353,000.00
Sites: 89	State Average: \$127,561.80	
PRP		\$81,172,000.00
Sites: 80	PRP Average: \$912,044,94	

Primary Funding	343	100.00%
State	61	17.78%
Federal Government	6	1.75%
Enforcement	56	16.33%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	220	64.14%

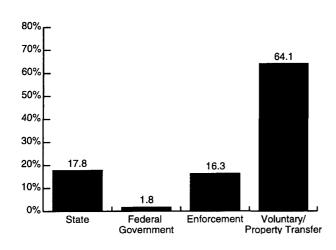
Duration of Response Actions	80	100.00%	
Less Than 12 Months	39	48.75%	
12–23 Months	13	16.25%	
24–35 Months	14	17.50%	
36-47 Months	9	11.25%	
48–59 Months	2	2.50%	
60–71 Months	0	0.00%	
More Than 71 Months	3	3.75%	

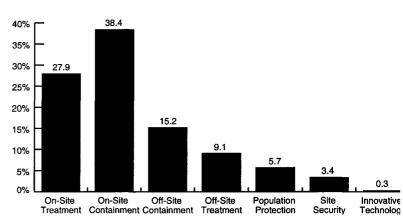
State/Territory—Minnesota



Primary Funding 343 Sites

Predominant Remedies 297 Occurrences





89 Sites

80
70
\$985,000
60
\$985,000
20
\$716,000 \$2,852,000
10
\$0- \$50k- \$100k- \$500k- ≥\$1,000,000

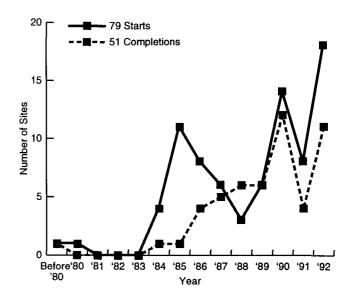
499,999

999,999

49,999

99,999

State Costs



State/Territory—Mississippi

Mississippi reported 110 sites. Twelve of these sites had both Removal and Remedial actions, 5 had only Removal actions and 93 had only Remedial actions. Two of the sites with both Removal and Remedial actions had the Removal actions designated as Complete and the Remedial actions designated as requiring No Further Action. For the remaining 10 sites with both Removal and Remedial actions, all the Removal actions were designated Complete and all of the Remedial actions were designated Active. All 5 sites with only Removal actions were Complete (i.e., the Removal actions were Complete). Fourteen of the 93 sites with only Remedial actions were designated as requiring No Further Action.

The Predominant Remedies were Off-Site Containment with 22 occurrences and On-Site Treatment with 13 occurrences.

For the sites with Remedial actions that were Active, the most prevalent Last Remedial Phase was RI/FS with 49 of the 89 sites that reported a Last Remedial Phase, followed by PA/SI with 25 sites, RA with 11 sites and RD with 4 sites.

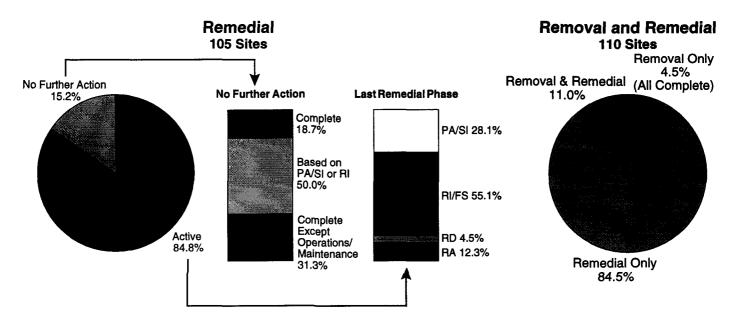
Enforcement was the prevalent Primary Funding source with 108 of the 110 sites that reported a Primary Funding source. The remaining 2 sites had reported the Federal Government as the Primary Funding source.

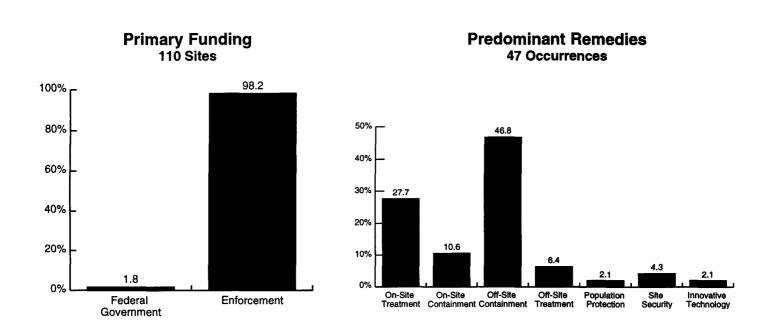
Twenty-four of the sites had reported a **Duration of Response Actions** with a range from **Less Than 12 Months** to **More Than 71 Months.** The average **Duration of Response Actions** for these 24 sites was 31 months and 8 days.

Data	Display	(Total	Sites:	= 110)
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	ispiay (10tal Sites = 1	10 <i>)</i>	
Removal		17	100.00%
Ongoing		0	0.00%
Complete		17	100.00%
Remedial		105	100.00%
Active		89	84,76%
No Further Action		16	15.24%
No Remedial Action Base	d on PA/SI or RI	8	50.00%
All Remedial Action Con	plete Except Operations/Maint.	5	31.25%
All Remedial Action Con	plete	3	18.75%
Last Remedial Phase		89	100.00%
PA/SI		25	28.09%
RI/FS		49	55.06%
RD		4	4.49%
RA		11	12.36%
Predominant Remedies		47	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		13	27.66%
On-Site Containment		5	10.64%
Off-Site Containment		22	46.80%
Off-Site Treatment		3	6.38%
Population Protection		1	2.13%
Site Security		2	4.26%
Innovative Technology		1	2.13%
Total Cost			\$0.00
State			\$0.00
Sites: 0	State Average: \$0.00		
PRP	<i>5</i> .		\$0.00
Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00		
Primary Funding		110	100.00%
State		0	0.00%
Federal Government		2	1.82%
Enforcement		108	98.18%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	.	0	0.00%
Duration of Response Action	าร	24	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		3	12.50%
12-23 Months		5	20.83%
24-35 Months		3	12.50%
36–47 Months		11	45.84%
48-59 Months		0	0.00%
60–71 Months		0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months		2	8.33%

State/Territory—Mississippi





State/Territory—Missouri

Missouri reported 44 sites, which consisted of 23 sites with only Removal actions and 21 sites with only Remedial actions. All of the Removal actions were Complete and 10 of the Remedial actions were designated as All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maintenance.

The prevalent Last Remedial Phase for the 11 Remedial actions that were Active was RI/FS with 6 sites.

The Predominant Remedies were Off-Site Containment with 29 occurrences and Site Security with 11 occurrences.

PRP cost was reported for 5 sites, of which 2 were sites had only Removal actions that were Complete. The total for these 2 sites was \$7,500,000. State cost of \$28,000 was reported for 2 other sites with only Removal actions that were Complete. The Total Cost reported was \$11,218,000: PRP cost with \$11,090,000 and State cost with \$128,000.

The Primary Funding source was Enforcement with 35 sites.

Twenty-three sites had a Duration of Response Actions of 2 years or less. The average Duration of Response Actions was 20 months and 24 days for the 34 sites that reported start and completion dates. Prior to 1986, 10 sites were started, and 8 sites were completed.

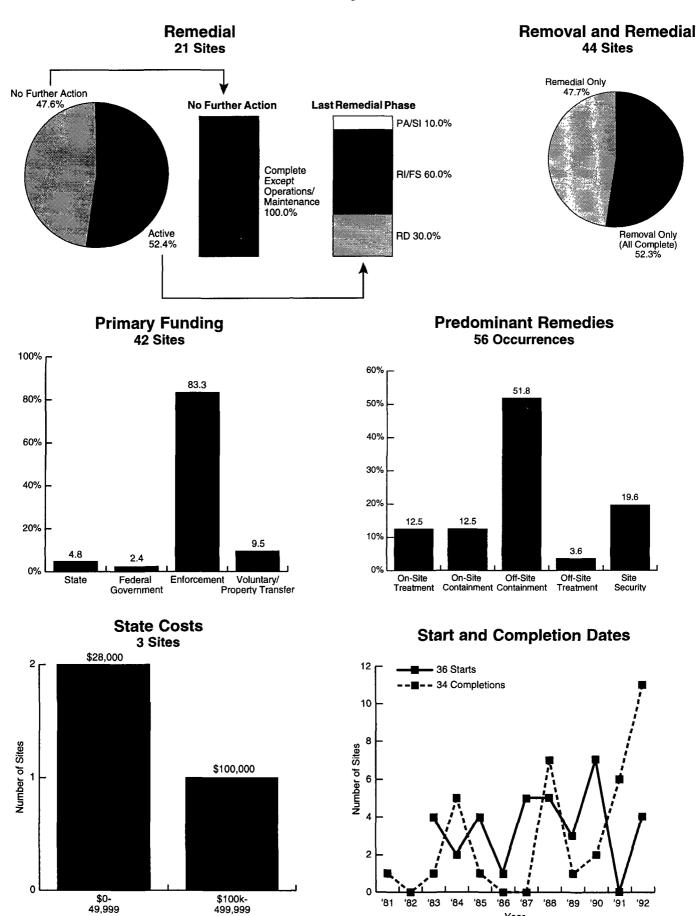
		
Data Display (Total Sites = 4	14)	
Removal	23	100.00%
Ongoing	0	0.00%
Complete	23	100.00%
Remedial	21	100.00%
Active	11	52.38%
No Further Action	10	47.62%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	10	100.00%
All Remedial Action Complete	0	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase	10	100.00%
PA/SI	1	10.00%
RI/FS	6	60.00%
RD	3	30.00%
RA	0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies	56	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	7	12.50%
On-Site Containment	7	12.50%
Off-Site Containment	29	51.79%
Off-Site Treatment	2	3.57%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security Innovative Technology	11 0	19.64% 0.00%
Total Cost		,218,000.00
State State Assessed \$42,666,67	;	\$128,000.00
Sites: 3 State Average: \$42,666.67 PRP	\$11	,090,000.00
Sites: 5 PRP Average: \$2,218,000.00	ΨΠ	,000,000
Primary Funding	42	100.00%
State	2	4.76%
Federal Government	1	2.39%
Enforcement	35	83.33%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	4	9.52%
Duration of Response Actions	34	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	13	38.24%
12–23 Months	10	29.41%
24–35 Months	5	14.71%
36–47 Months	2	5.88%
48–59 Months	2	5.88% 2.94%
60–71 Months	1	2.94%

1

2.94%

More Than 71 Months

State/Territory—Missouri



A-45

Year

State/Territory—Montana

Montana reported 214 sites. Fortyseven of these sites had both Removal and Remedial actions, 6 of the sites had only **Removal** actions and 129 of the sites had only Remedial actions. There were also 32 sites that were under tribal jurisdiction, but their status was unknown.

The total number of sites with Removal actions was 53, with 26 of the actions being Complete. The total number of sites with Remedial actions was 176, with 7 requiring No Further Action: 4 of the 7 were designated as construction completions.

The two prevalent Predominant Remedies were Off-Site Containment and Off-Site Treatment, both with 14 occurrences.

For the 169 sites with Remedial actions that were Active the prevalent Last Remedial Phase was PA/SI with 132 sites.

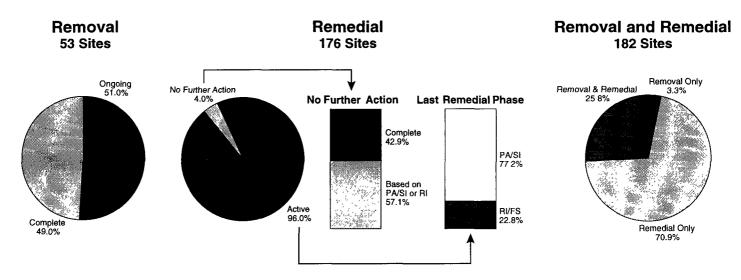
Because most Removal and Remedial actions are conducted by responsible parties and Montana did not, generally, have cost information on actions conducted by responsible parties, Montana's cost information was only available for 4 sites. For these sites, the State cost was \$760,000 for 3 sites, and the one site with PRP cost reported a cost of \$250,000.

The Primary Funding source was the Federal Government with 92 sites, followed by Voluntary/Property Transfer with 37, the State with 33, and Enforcement with 15.

Montana produced a report in November 1993 on its Superfund accomplishments for the period 1983-1993.

Data Display (Total Sites = 214)				
Removal	53	100.00%		
Ongoing	27	50.94%		
Complete	26	49.06%		
Remedial	176	100.00%		
Active	169	96.02%		
No Further Action	7	3.98%		
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	3	42.86%		
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.00%		
All Remedial Action Complete	4	57.14%		
Last Remedial Phase	171	100.00%		
PA/SI	132	77.19%		
RI/FS	39	22.81%		
RD	0	0.00%		
RA	0	0.00%		
Predominant Remedies	50	100.00%		
On-Site Treatment	3	6.00%		
On-Site Containment	12	24.00%		
Off-Site Containment	14	28.00%		
Off-Site Treatment	14	28.00%		
Population Protection	3	6.00%		
Site Security	4	8.00%		
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%		
Total Cost		\$1,010,000.00		
State		\$760,000.00		
Sites: 3 State Average: \$253,333.33 PRP		\$250,000.00		
Sites: 1 PRP Average: \$250,000.00				
Primary Funding	177	100.00%		
State	33	18.64%		
Federal Government	92	51.98%		
Enforcement	15	8.48%		
Voluntary/Property Transfer	37	20.90%		
Duration of Response Actions	0	100.00%		
Less Than 12 Months	0	0.00%		
12–23 Months	0	0.00%		
24–35 Months	0 0	0.00%		
36–47 Months 48–59 Months	0	0.00% 0.00%		
48–39 Months 60–71 Months	0	0.00%		
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%		

State/Territory—Montana

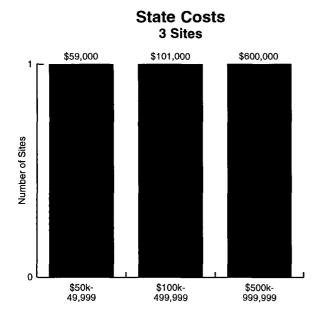


52.0 50% – 40% – 30% – 20% – 18.6 10% – 8.5

Primary Funding 177 Sites

30% 28.0 28.0 25% 24.0 20% 15% 10% 8.0 6.0 5% On-Site On-Site Off-Site Off-Site Population Site Containment Containment Treatment Security

Predominant Remedies 50 Occurrences



Federal

Government

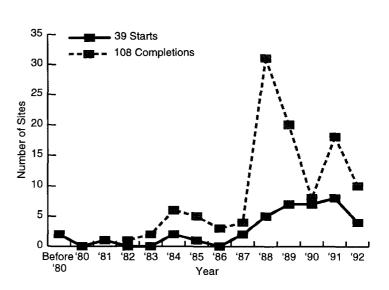
Enforcement

Voluntary/

Property Transfer

0%

State



State/Territory—Nebraska

Nebraska reported 15 sites. All of these were sites that had only Remedial actions that were Active and a Last Remedial Phase of PA/SI.

The **Primary Funding** source for 10 sites was **Enforcement**.

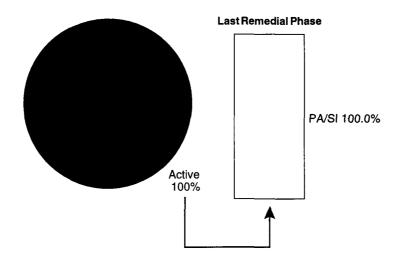
Nine of Nebraska's sites had land-fills.

Nebraska has the Nebraska Ground Water Quality Standards, which are used by all programs such as solid waste, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and leaking underground storage tanks.

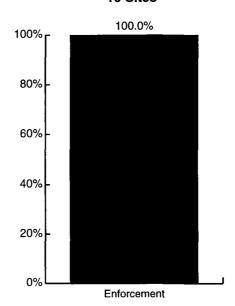
Data Dis	play (Total Sites = 1	5)	
Removal		0	100.00%
Ongoing		0	0.00%
Complete		Ö	0.00%
Remedial		15	100.00%
Active		15	100.00%
No Further Action		0	0.00%
No Remedial Action Based on	n PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Comple		0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Comple	te	C	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase		15	100.00%
PA/SI		15	100.00%
RI/FS		0	0.00%
RD		0	0.00%
RA		0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies		0	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		0	0.00%
On-Site Containment		0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment		0	0.00%
Off-Site Treatment		0	0.00%
Population Protection		0	0.00%
Site Security		0	0.00%
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%
Total Cost			\$0.00
State			\$0.00
	ite Average: \$0.00		#0.00
PRP Sites: 0 PR	P Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
Primary Funding		10	100.00%
State		0	0.00%
Federal Government		0	0.00%
Enforcement		10	100.00%
Voluntary/Property Transfer		0	0.00%
Duration of Response Actions		0	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		0	0.00%
12–23 Months		0	0.00%
24–35 Months		0	0.00%
36–47 Months		0	0.00%
48–59 Months		0	0.00%
60–71 Months		0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months		0	0.00%

State/Territory—Nebraska

Remedial 15 Sites



Primary Funding 10 Sites



State/Territory—Nevada

Nevada reported 34 sites, all of which were sites with only **Remedial** actions. Ten of these sites required **No Further Action**, of which 9 were designated as construction completions.

The **Predominant Remedy** was **On-Site Treatment** with 11 occurrences.

Voluntary/Property Transfer was the Primary Funding source with 21 sites. Enforcement followed with 10 sites.

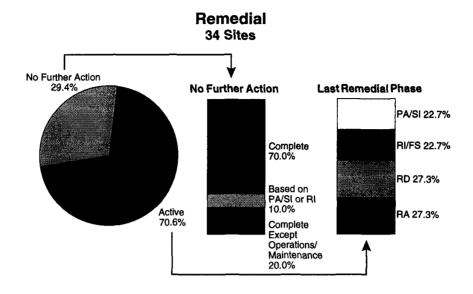
One site was started prior to 1986. Of the remaining 33 other sites, 25 were started in the 3-year period 1990–1992. The average **Duration of Response Actions** was 15 months for the 7 sites reporting start and completion dates.

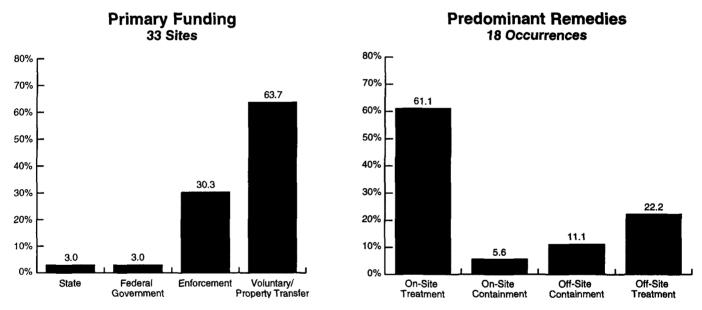
Nevada's program began in 1986 with the passage of legislation for the disposal of hazardous waste. This legislation makes State funds available if a viable PRP is not present.

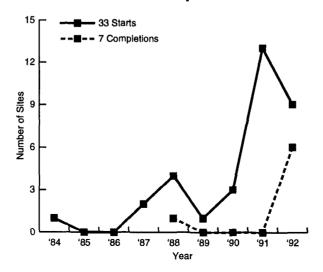
Data Di	splay	(Total	Sites	= 34)
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Removal		0	100.00%
Ongoing		0	0.00%
Complete		0	0.00%
Remedial		34	100.00%
Active		24	70.59%
No Further Action		10	29.41%
No Remedial Action Ba	sed on PA/SI or RI	1	10.00%
All Remedial Action Co	omplete Except Operations/Maint.	2	20.00%
All Remedial Action Co	- ·	7	70.00%
Last Remedial Phase		22	100.00%
PA/SI		5	22.73%
RI/FS		5	22.73%
RD		6	27.27%
RA		6	27.27%
Predominant Remedies		18	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		11	61.11%
On-Site Containment		1	5.56%
Off-Site Containment		2	11.11%
Off-Site Treatment		4	22.22%
Population Protection		0	0.00%
Site Security		0	0.00%
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%
Total Cost			\$0.00
State			\$0.00
Sites: 0	State Average: \$0.00		
PRP Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
Primary Funding		33	100.00%
State Federal Government		1 1	3.03% 3.03%
Enforcement		10	30.30%
Voluntary/Property Trans	fer	21	63.64%
Duration of Response Act	ons	7	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		4	57.14%
12–23 Months		2	28.57%
24–35 Months		0	0.00%
36–47 Months		1	14.29%
48–59 Months		0	0.00%
60–71 Months		0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months		0	0.00%

State/Territory—Nevada







State/Territory—New Jersey

Removal

New Jersey reported 5,996 sites. Of these, 1,827 had both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions. There was 1 site with only **Removal** actions and 4,168 sites with only **Remedial** actions. The total number of sites with **Removal** actions was 1,828, with 1,030 designated **Complete.** The sites with **Remedial** actions totaled 5,995, with 4,621 requiring **No Further Action.** For sites with **Remedial** actions that were **Active**, 1,121 reported a **Last Remedial Phase**, with **PA/SI** being the most prevalent with 546 sites.

The most prevalent **Predominant Remedy** was **Off-Site Containment** with 1,017 occurrences.

Total Cost reported was \$343,694,743 for 25 sites with only State cost, 1,076 sites with only PRP costs, and 7 sites with both State and PRP cost. The average cost for all sites that reported PRP cost was \$288,565 per site, and the average cost for all sites that reported State cost was \$974,329 per site.

Primary Funding source was reported for 4,956 sites, with **Voluntary/Property Transfer** being reported for 4,786 of those sites.

Five sites were started and 2 completed prior to 1980. From 1980 to 1986, 669 sites were started and 439 were completed. For 3,389 sites, the Duration of Response Actions was Less Than 12 Months. New Jersey reported an additional 300 sites with durations less than 1 month, giving the State a total of 3,689 sites with Durations of Response Actions of Less Than 12 Months. The average Duration of Response Actions for all 4,440 sites reporting start and completion dates was 9 months and 10 days.

Data Display (Total Sites = 5,996)

1,828

100.00%

,030	56.35%
5,995	100.00%
,374	22.92%
1,621	77.08%
3,673	79.48%
23	0.50%
925	20.02%
	,374 ,621 ,673 23

Last Remedial Phase	1,121	100.00%
PA/SI	546	48.70%
RI/FS	245	21.86%
RD	267	23.82%
RA	63	5.62%

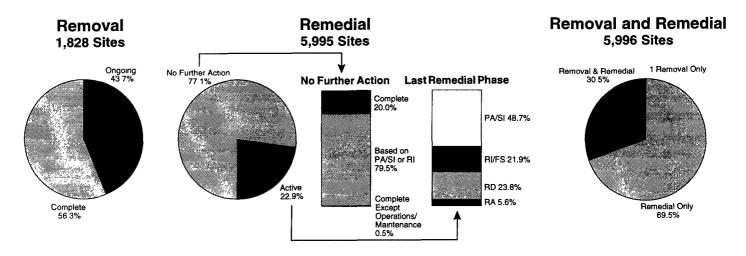
Predominant Remedies	1,283	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	37	2.88%
On-Site Containment	149	11.61%
Off-Site Containment	1,017	79.27%
Off-Site Treatment	42	3.27%
Population Protection	2	0.16%
Site Security	35	2.73%
Innovative Technology	1	0.08%

Total Cost		\$343,694,743.00
State		\$31,178,532.00
Sites: 32	State Average: \$974,329.13	
PRP		\$312,865,840.00
Sites: 1,083	PRP Average: \$288,565.29	

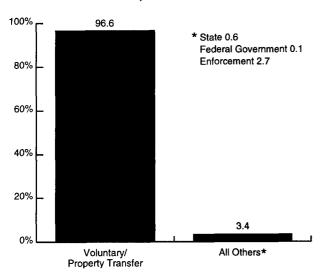
Primary Funding	4,956	100.00%
State	31	0.63%
Federal Government	4	0.08%
Enforcement	135	2.72%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	4,786	96.57%

Duration of Response Actions	4,440	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	3,389	76.33%
12-23 Months	537	12.09%
24-35 Months	208	4.68%
36-47 Months	141	3.18%
48-59 Months	77	1.73%
60-71 Months	36	0.82%
More Than 71 Months	52	1.17%

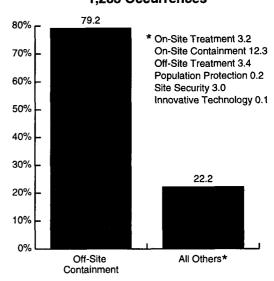
State/Territory—New Jersey



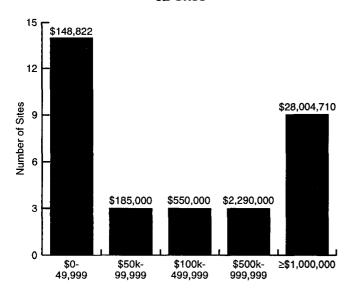
Primary Funding 4,956 Sites

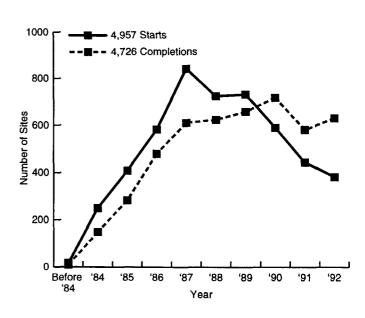


Predominant Remedies 1,283 Occurrences



State Costs 32 Sites





State/Territory—New Mexico

New Mexico reported 58 sites. Of these sites, 8 had only **Removal** actions and 50 had only **Remedial** actions. One of the sites had **Removal** actions that were **Ongoing** and 49 had **Remedial** actions that were **Active**.

The seven sites with Removal actions that were Complete used three Predominant Remedies: Off-Site Containment, Off-Site Treatment, and Population Protection.

The only site designated as requiring No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI reported a State cost of \$100,000. Also, one site with only a Removal action that was Complete reported a State cost of \$35,000. A PRP cost of \$5,000,000 was reported for one site with Remedial actions that were Active. The Last Remedial Phase for that site was RD.

Fifty-seven of the sites reported a Primary Funding source, with the Federal Government reporting 19 sites being the most prevalent, followed by Voluntary/Property Transfer with 16 sites, the State with 12 sites and Enforcement with 10 sites.

The average **Duration of Response Actions** was 5 months and 17 days.

Data Display ((Total S	Sites =	58)
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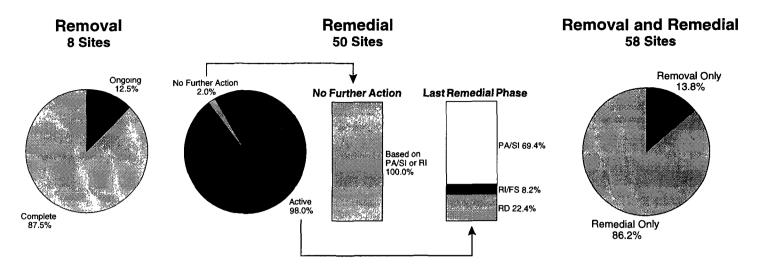
Removal	8	100.00%
Ongoing	1	12.50%
Complete	7	87.50%
Remedial	50	100.00%
Active	49	98.00%
No Further Action	1	2.00%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	1	100.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete	0	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase	49	100.00%
PA/SI	34	69.39%
RI/FS	4	8.16%
RD	11	22.45%
RA	0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies	14	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	1	7.14%
On-Site Containment	2	14.29%
Off-Site Containment	7	50.00%
Off-Site Treatment	2	14.29%
Population Protection	1	7.14%
Site Security	1	7.14%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%
Total Cost	\$5	5,135,000.00
		4125 000 00

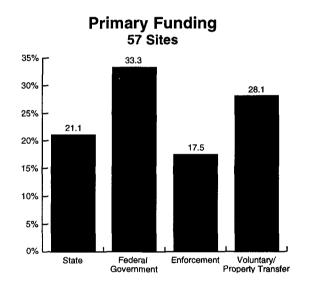
Total Cost		\$5,135,000.00
State		\$135,000.00
Sites: 2	State Average: \$67,500.00	
PRP		\$5,000,000.00
Sites: 1	PRP Average: \$5.000.000.00	

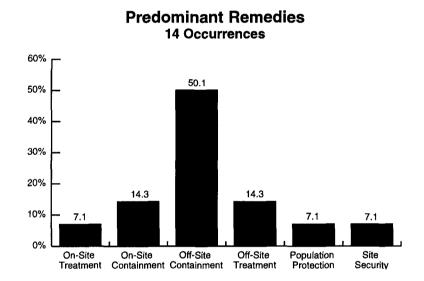
Primary Funding	57	100.00%
State	12	21.05%
Federal Government	19	33.33%
Enforcement	10	17.55%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	16	28.07%

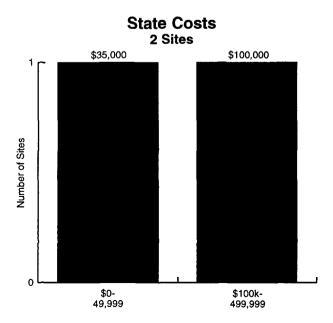
Duration of Response Actions	7	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	5	71.43%
12–23 Months	2	28.57%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36-47 Months	0	0.00%
48–59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

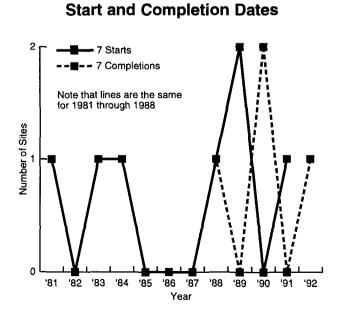
State/Territory—New Mexico











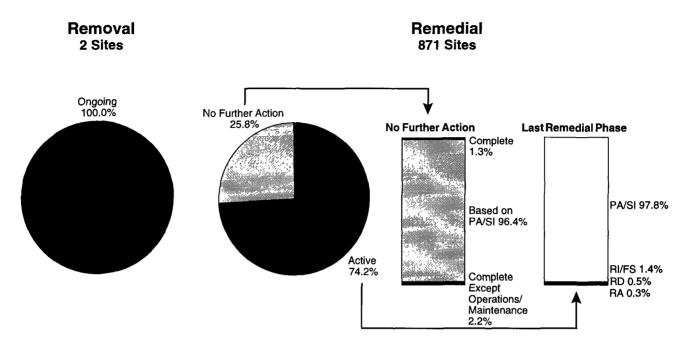
State/Territory—North Carolina

North Carolina reported 873 sites. Two of these sites had only **Removal** actions, and the remaining 871 had only **Removal** actions. The 2 sites with only **Removal** actions were **Ongoing**. Six hundred forty-six of the **Remedial** actions were **Active**, 217 required **No Further Action Based on PA/SI or RI**, and 8 were construction completions.

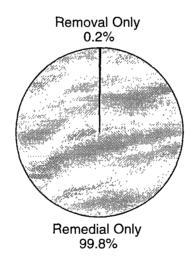
For the sites with **Remedial** actions that were **Active**, 635 reported a **Last Remedial Phase** of **PA/SI**.

Data Display (Total Sites = 873)			
Removal	2	100.00%	
Ongoing	2	100.00%	
Complete	0	0.00%	
Remedial	871	100.00%	
Active	646	74.17%	
No Further Action	225	25.83%	
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	217	96.45%	
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operation	ns/Maint. 5	2.22%	
All Remedial Action Complete	3	1.33%	
Last Remedial Phase	649	100.00%	
PA/SI	635	97.84%	
RI/FS	9	1.39%	
RD	3	0.46%	
RA	2	0.31%	
Predominant Remedies	0	100.00%	
On-Site Treatment	0	0.00%	
On-Site Containment	0	0.00%	
Off-Site Containment	0	0.00%	
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%	
Population Protection	0	0.00%	
Site Security	0	0.00%	
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%	
Total Cost		\$0.00	
State		\$0.00	
Sites: 0 State Average: \$0.00		40.00	
PRP Sites: 0 PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00	
Primary Funding	0	100.00%	
State	0	0.00%	
Federal Government	0	0.00%	
Enforcement	ő	0.00%	
Voluntary/Property Transfer	0	0.00%	
Duration of Response Actions	0	100.00%	
Less Than 12 Months	0	0.00%	
12–23 Months	0	0.00%	
24–35 Months	0	0.00%	
36–47 Months	0	0.00%	
48-59 Months	0	0.00%	
60–71 Months	0	0.00%	
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%	

State/Territory—North Carolina



Removal and Remedial



State/Territory—Ohio

Ohio reported 86 sites, of which 15 sites had both Removal and Remedial actions, 22 had only Removal actions, and 47 had only Remedial actions. One of the sites with both Removal and Remedial actions was designated construction completion (i.e., the Removal actions were Complete and All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maintenance).

The 60 sites with Active Remedial actions that were Active had a Last Remedial Phase of RI/FS with 31 sites, PA/SI with 25 sites, RD with 3, and RA with 1.

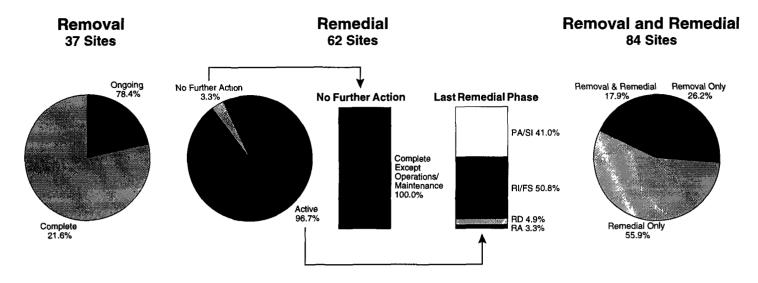
The **Predominant Remedy** was **Off-Site Treatment** with 6 occurrences.

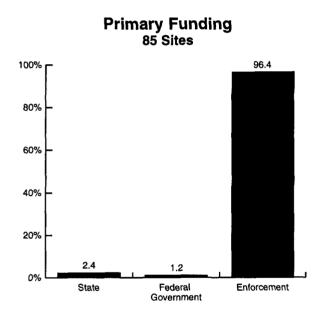
Enforcement was reported as the **Primary Funding** source for 82 of the 85 sites that reported a **Primary Funding** source.

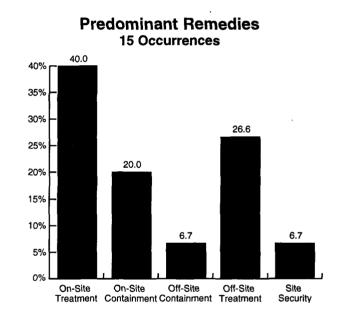
Data	Display	(Total	Sites	= 86)

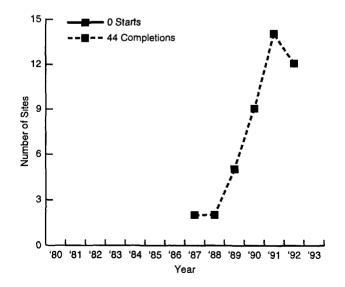
Data	Data Display (10tal Sites = 86)			
Removal		37	100.00%	
Ongoing		29	78.38%	
Complete		8	21.62%	
Remedial		62	100.00%	
Active		60	96.77%	
No Further Action		2	3.23%	
No Remedial Action Base	ed on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%	
	nplete Except Operations/Maint.	2	100.00%	
All Remedial Action Cor	mplete	0	0.00%	
Last Remedial Phase		61	100.00%	
PA/SI		25	40.98%	
RI/FS		31	50.82%	
RD		3	4.92%	
RA		2	3.28%	
Predominant Remedies		15	100.00%	
On-Site Treatment		6	40.00%	
On-Site Containment		3	20.00%	
Off-Site Containment		1	6.67%	
Off-Site Treatment		4	26.66%	
Population Protection		0	0.00%	
Site Security		1	6.67%	
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%	
Total Cost	·		\$0.00	
State			\$0.00	
Sites: 0	State Average: \$0.00			
PRP Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00	
Duiman Fradina		85	100.00%	
Primary Funding				
State		2	2.35% 1.18%	
Federal Government Enforcement		1 82	96.47%	
Voluntary/Property Transfe	ar .	0	0.00%	
Duration of Response Actio	ns	0	100.00%	
Less Than 12 Months		0	0.00%	
12–23 Months		0	0.00%	
24–35 Months		0	0.00%	
36–47 Months		0	0.00%	
48–59 Months		0 0	0.00% 0.00%	
60–71 Months More Than 71 Months		0	0.00%	
INIOIE THAIL / I MIGHLIS			0.0076	

State/Territory—Ohio









State/Territory—Oklahoma

Oklahoma reported 40 sites. All 40 sites had only **Removal** or **Remedial** actions. No sites had both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions. Of the 32 sites with only **Removal** actions, all were designated **Complete.** Four of the 8 sites with only **Remedial** actions were designated construction completion.

The most prevalent **Predominant Remedy** was **Off-Site Containment** with 31 occurrences.

The **Total Cost** of \$85,590 was reported for 29 of the sites with only **Removal** actions. All reported cost was **State** cost. No **PRP** cost was known.

The State and Voluntary/Property Transfer were the reported Primary Funding sources with 29 sites and 11 sites, respectively.

The first site was started prior to 1980. Thirty-four sites reported start dates after 1986. The average **Duration** of Response Actions was 21 months and 13 days.

Data Di	splay (Total Sites = 4	10)	
Removal		32	100.00%
Ongoing		0	0.00%
Complete		32	100.00%
Remedial		8	100.00%
Active		4	50.00%
No Further Action		4	50.00%
No Remedial Action Based	on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
	ete Except Operations/Maint.	3	75.00%
All Remedial Action Compl	ete	1	25.00%
ast Remedial Phase		4	100.00%
PA/SI		0	0.00%
RI/FS		3	75.00%
RD		1	25.00%
RA		0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies		35	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		2	5.71%
On-Site Containment		2	5.71%
Off-Site Containment		31	88.58%
Off-Site Treatment		0	0.00%
Population Protection		0	0.00%
Site Security		0	0.00%
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%
otal Cost			\$85,590.00
State			\$85,590.00
Sites: 29	tate Average: \$2,951.38		
PRP Sites: 0 P	RP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
		40	100.00%
Primary Funding		40	100.00%
State		29	72.50%
Federal Government		0 0	0.00% 0.00%
Enforcement Voluntary/Property Transfer		11	27.50%
Ouration of Response Actions		7	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		5	71.42%
12–23 Months		1	14.29%
24–35 Months		0	0.00%
24–35 Months 36–47 Months		0	0.00%
50-4/ MOINIS		0	0.00%

0

0

0.00%

0.00%

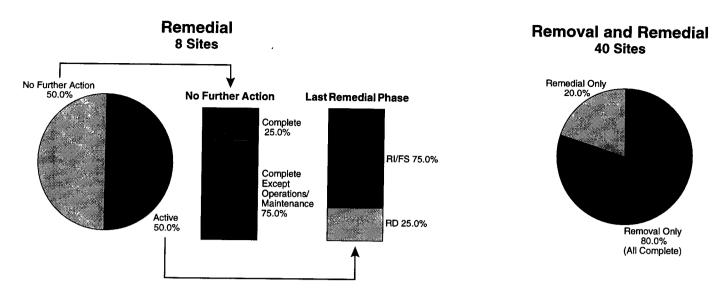
14.29%

48-59 Months

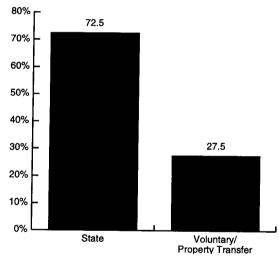
60-71 Months

More Than 71 Months

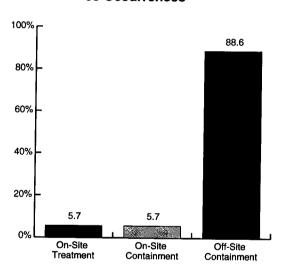
State/Territory—Oklahoma



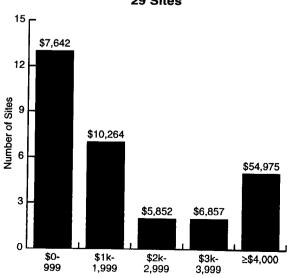


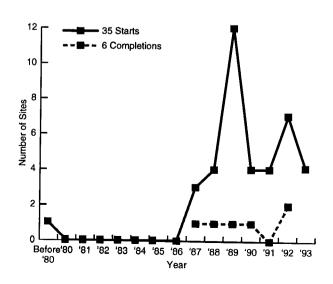


Predominant Remedies
35 Occurrences



State Costs 29 Sites





State/Territory—Oregon

Oregon reported 307 sites. Five of the sites were sites with only Removal actions, 234 with only Remedial actions, 20 with both Removal and Remedial actions, and 48 with neither a Removal nor a Remedial action. Of the total 25 sites with Removal actions, 9 of the sites designated the actions as Ongoing, and 16 designated the actions as Complete. Of the total 254 sites with Remedial actions, 205 of the sites designated the actions as Active, and 49 designated the actions as requiring No Further Action, of which 8 were designated construction completions.

A Last Remedial Phase was reported for 180 sites with Remedial actions that were Active; 165 were PA/SI, 13 were RI/FS, and one site each was RD and RA.

A Primary Funding source was reported for 236 sites; 117 had the State, 23 had the Federal Government, and 96 had Enforcement. Oregon does not track Enforcement activities separately for Voluntary. The State estimates that half the sites reported as Enforcement were Voluntary.

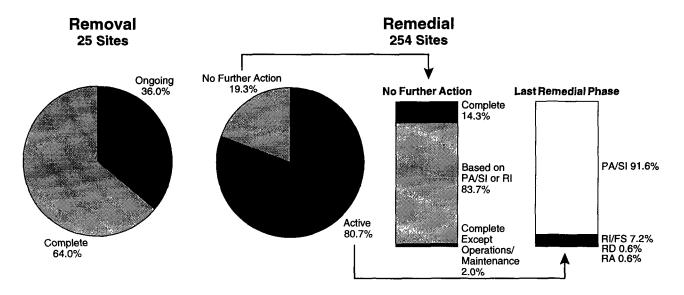
Duration of Response Actions was reported for 21 sites. Twelve of these sites had Duration of Response Actions of Less Than 12 Months. The average Duration of Response Actions for all 21 sites was 15 months and 18 days.

Oregon prepares an annual report on its cleanup efforts that depicts its plans and accomplishments over the year. Oregon also prepared an Environmental Cleanup Manual in 1992. The purpose of this Manual is to "provide a general description of the government cleanup programs and explain more specifically the cleanup process offered" by the State.

Data Display (Total Sites = 307)

Removal		25	100.00%
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Ongoing		9	36.00%
Complete		16	64.00%
Remedial		254	100.00%
Active		205	80.71%
No Further Action		49	19.29%
No Remedial Action Base	d on PA/SI or RI	41	83.67%
All Remedial Action Com	plete Except Operations/Maint.	1	2.04%
All Remedial Action Com		7	14.29%
ast Remedial Phase		180	100.00%
PA/SI		165	91.66%
RI/FS		13	7.22%
RD		1	0.56%
RA		1	0.56%
Predominant Remedies		0	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		0	0.00%
On-Site Containment		0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment		Ö	0.00%
Off-Site Treatment		0	0.00%
Population Protection		0	0.00%
Site Security		0	0.00%
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%
Fotal Cost			\$0.00
State			\$0.00
Sites: 0	State Average: \$0.00		
PRP	3		\$0.00
Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00		
Primary Funding		236	100.00%
State		117	49.589
Federal Government		23	9.749
Enforcement		96	40.689
Voluntary/Property Transfer	•	0	0.009
Duration of Response Action	าร	21	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		12	57.159
12-23 Months		4	19.059
24-35 Months		2	9.529
36–47 Months		2	9.529
48–59 Months		1	4.769
60–71 Months		0	0.009
More Than 71 Months		0	0.009

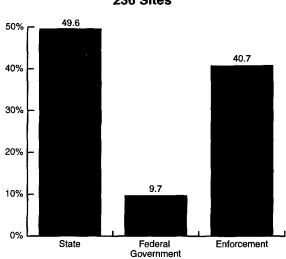
State/Territory—Oregon

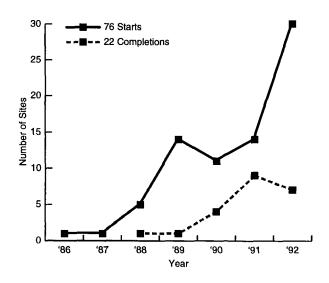


Removal and Remedial 259 Sites

Removal & Remedial 1.9%
7.8%
Remedial Only
90.3%

Primary Funding 236 Sites





A-63

State/Territory—Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania reported 41 sites. Five of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions, 32 had only Removal actions, and 4 had only Remedial actions. For all 5 of the sites with both Removal and Remedial actions, the Remedial actions were Active. For all 4 of the sites with only Remedial actions, all of the actions were Active. For the sites with only Removal actions, 11 were designated Ongoing and 21 were Complete.

The Predominant Remedy was Off-Site Treatment with 20 occurrences.

The one **PRP** cost reported was for a site that had only **Removal** actions that were **Active**; the reported cost was \$200,000. Twenty-one of the other sites with only **Removal** actions that were **Complete** had only **State** cost; the average cost per site was \$277,143. **State** cost of \$200,000 was also reported for one site with only **Active Remedial** actions. For the 5 sites with both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions, the **State** cost reported was \$2,100,000.

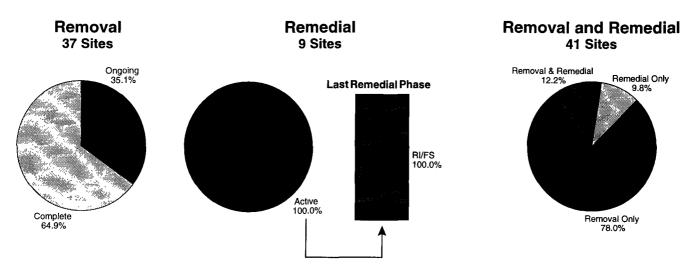
The **Primary Funding** source was the **State** at 34 of the 37 sites that reported **Primary Funding**.

All site completions have taken less than 2 years. The average **Duration of Response Actions** is 8 months and 15 days based on 25 sites that reported start and completion dates.

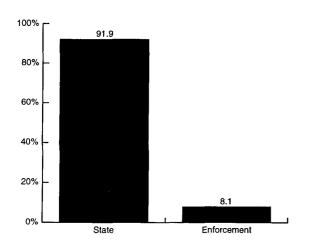
Pennsylvania prepares an annual report on its Hazardous Waste Cleanup Act. The last report was prepared on October 1, 1993, and covered the period from July 1, 1992, to June 30, 1993.

Data Display (Total Sites = 41)			
Removal		37	100.00%
Ongoing		13	35.14%
Complete		24	64.86%
Remedial		9	100.00%
Active		9	100.00%
No Further Action		0	0.00%
No Remedial Action Based of	on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Comple	ete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Comple	ete	0	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase		9	100.00%
PA/SI		0	0.00%
RI/FS		9	100.00%
RD		0	0.00%
RA		0	0.00%
Predominant Remedies		28	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		1	3,58%
On-Site Containment		3	10.71%
Off-Site Containment		0	0.00%
Off-Site Treatment		20	71.43%
Population Protection		2	7.14%
Site Security		2	7.14%
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%
Total Cost			58,120,000.00
State			\$7,920,000.00
Sites: 26 St	ate Average: \$304,615.38		
PRP	DD 4 \$200,000,00		\$200,000.00
Sites: 1 Pl	RP Average: \$200,000.00		
Primary Funding		37	100.00%
State		34	91.89%
Federal Government		0	0.00%
Enforcement		3	8.11%
Voluntary/Property Transfer		0	0.00%
Duration of Response Actions		25	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		16	64.00%
12-23 Months		9	36.00%
24–35 Months		0	0.00%
36-47 Months		0	0.00%
48–59 Months		0	0.00%
60–71 Months		0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months		0	0.00%

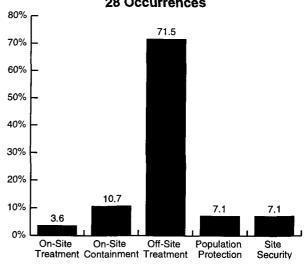
State/Territory—Pennsylvania



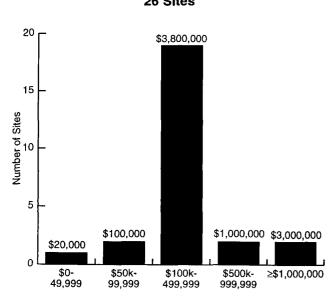


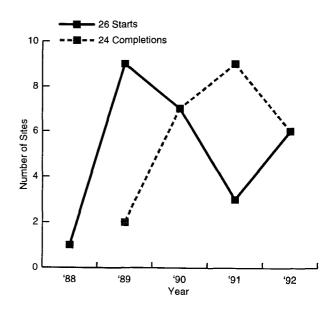


Predominant Remedies 28 Occurrences



State Costs 26 Sites





State/Territory—Rhode Island

Rhode Island reported 97 sites. Eighty-three sites had only Removal actions, and 14 sites had only Remedial actions. No sites had both Removal and Remedial actions. Eighty-two of the 83 sites with only Removal actions were designated as Complete. Thirteen of the 14 sites with only Remedial actions were designated as Active. The remaining site with only Remedial actions was designated as a construction completion.

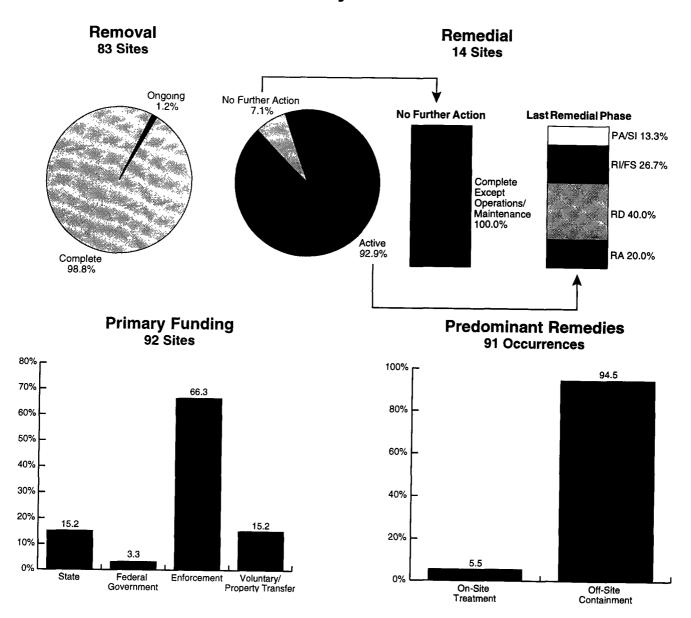
The Predominant Remedy was Off-Site Containment with 86 occurrences. Enforcement was the prevalent Pri-

Enforcement was the prevalent Primary Funding source with 61 sites.

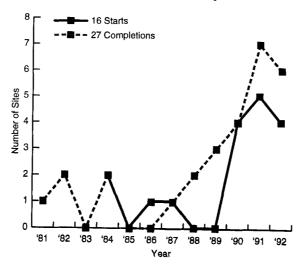
The average **Duration of Response Actions** was 13 months and 27 days based on 10 sites reporting both start and completion dates.

Data Display (Total Sites = 97)			
Removal		83	100.00%
Ongoing		1	1.20%
Complete		82	98.80%
Remedial		14	100.00%
Active		13	92.86%
No Further Action		1	7.14%
No Remedial Action Based	on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
_	plete Except Operations/Maint.	1	100.00%
All Remedial Action Comp	olete	0	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase		15	100.00%
PA/SI	-	2	13.33%
RI/FS		4	26.67%
RD		6	40.00%
RA		3	20.00%
Predominant Remedies		91	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		5	5.49%
On-Site Containment		0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment		86	94.51%
Off-Site Treatment		0	0.00%
Population Protection		0	0.00%
Site Security		0	0.00%
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%
Total Cost			\$0.00
State			\$0.00
	State Average: \$0.00		#0.00
PRP Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
Drimon: Funding		92	100.00%
Primary Funding			
State		14	15.22%
Federal Government Enforcement		3 61	3.26% 66.30%
Voluntary/Property Transfer		14	15.22%
Duration of Response Action	S	10	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		7	70.00%
12–23 Months		0	0.00%
24–35 Months		2	20.00%
36–47 Months		0	0.00%
48–59 Months		0 1	0.00% 10.00%
60–71 Months More Than 71 Months		0	0.00%
MOLE THAN /1 MORUIS		 -	0.00%

State/Territory—Rhode Island



Site Starts and Completions



State/Territory—South Carolina

South Carolina reported 42 sites. Two of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions, 17 had only Removal actions, and 22 had only Remedial actions. The 2 sites with both Removal and Remedial actions had Removal actions that were Complete and Remedial actions that were Active with PA/SI as the Last Remedial Phase. Fourteen of the sites with only Removal actions were Complete, and 5 of the sites with only Remedial actions required No Further Action.

The most prevalent **Predominant**Remedies were Off-Site Containment
with 19 occurrences and Off-Site
Treatment with 14 occurrences.

All reported cost was **State** cost. The **Total Cost** for 35 sites was \$7,036,201. The total for 5 sites with only **Remedial** actions designated as requiring **No Further Action** was \$651,431. For the 102 sites with only **Removal** actions that were **Complete** the cost was reported as \$1,675,051.

The **Primary Funding** source was the **State** with 22 sites, followed by **Enforcement** with 16 sites.

Seven sites were started prior to 1986, and 2 were complete. Fifteen sites had a **Duration of Response Actions** of **Less Than 12 Months.** The average **Duration of Response Actions** for 18 sites that reported start and completion dates was 5 months and 17 days.

South Carolina has a Hazardous Waste Management Act, which was initiated in 1980.

Data Display	(Total Sites = 42)
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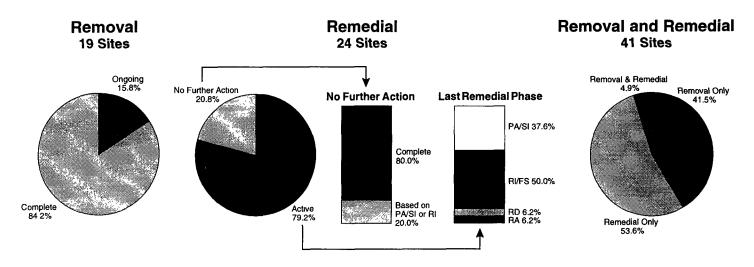
Removal	19	100.00%
Ongoing	3	15.79%
Complete	16	84.21%
Remedial	24	100.00%
Active	19	79.17%
No Further Action	5	20.83%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	1	20.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete	4	80.00%
Last Remedial Phase	16	100.00%
PA/SI	6	37.50%
RI/FS	8	50.00%
RD	1	6.25%
RA	1	6.25%
Predominant Remedies	49	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	4	8.16%
On-Site Containment	0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment	19	38.78%
Off-Site Treatment	14	28.57%
Population Protection	0	0.00%
Site Security	11	22.45%
Innovative Technology	1	2.04%

Total Cost		\$7,036,201.00
State		\$7,036,201.00
Sites: 35	State Average: \$201,034.31	
PRP		\$0.00
Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00	

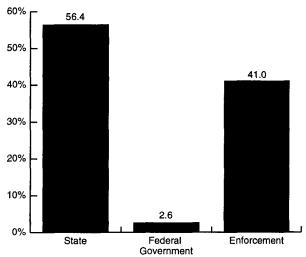
Primary Funding	39	100.00%
State	22	56.41%
Federal Government	1	2.56%
Enforcement	16	41.03%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	0	0.00%

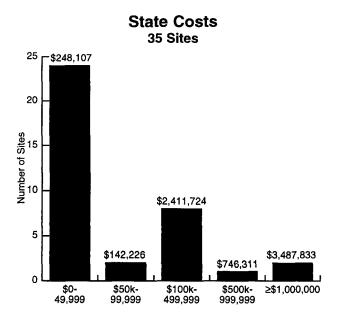
Duration of Response Actions	18	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	15	83.33%
12–23 Months	3	16.67%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36–47 Months	0	0.00%
48–59 Months	0	0.00%
60-71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

State/Terriitory—South Carolina

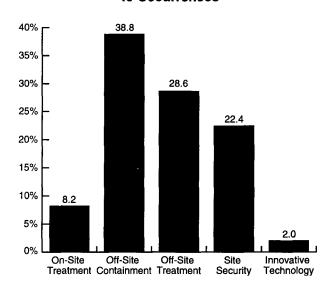


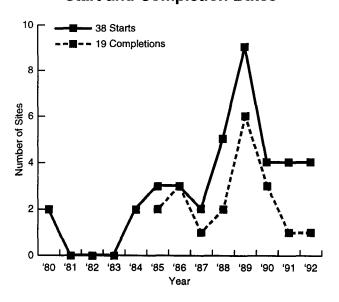
Primary Funding 39 Sites





Predominant Remedies 49 Occurrences





State/Territory—South Dakota

South Dakota reported 674 sites. Sixty sites had only **Remedial** actions, and 614 sites had only **Removal** actions. No sites had both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions.

Nineteen of the 60 sites with only Remedial actions were designated as construction completions. The remaining 41 of the 60 sites with only Remedial actions were designated Active. Three hundred seventy-two of the 614 sites with only Removal actions were Complete, and the remaining 242 were Ongoing.

For the sites with Remedial actions that were Active, the most prevalent Last Remedial Phase was RI/FS.

The Predominant Remedy used for all 391 reported Predominant Remedy occurrences was Off-Site Containment.

The **Primary Funding** source was **Enforcement** at 653 sites, followed by the **Federal Government** at 21.

No cost was reported due to the fact that the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources does not keep record of this type of information; therefore, it is unavailable for review.

In 1988, South Dakota passed legislation requiring the reporting of the activity and events at hazardous waste sites. As a result, South Dakota established a tracking system for corrective action details on sites used in this presentation.

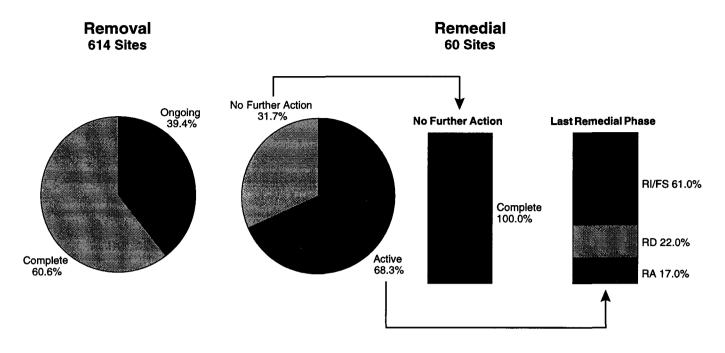
Data Displa	y (Total Sites = 6	74)	
Removal		614	100.00%
Ongoing		242	39.41%
Complete		372	60.59%
Remedial		60	100.00%
Active		41	68.33%
No Further Action		19	31.67%
No Remedial Action Based on PA	/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete E.	xcept Operations/Maint.	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete		19	100.00%
Last Remedial Phase		41	100.00%
PA/SI		0	0.00%
RI/FS		25	60.98%
RD		9	21.95%
RA		7	17.07%
Predominant Remedies		391	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		.0	0.00%
On-Site Containment		0	0.00%
Off-Site Containment		391	100.00%
Off-Site Treatment		0	0.00%
Population Protection		0	0.00%
Site Security Innovative Technology		0 0	0.00% 0.00%
Total Cost			\$0.00
State			\$0.00
	Average: \$0.00		40,00
PRP			\$0.00
Sites: 0 PRP A	verage: \$0.00		
Primary Funding		674	100.00%
State		0	0.00%
Federal Government		21	3.12%
Enforcement		653	96.88%
Voluntary/Property Transfer		0	0.00%
Duration of Response Actions		212	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months		100	47.17%
12–23 Months		38	17.92%
24–35 Months		19	8.96%
36–47 Months		23	10.85% 3.31%
48–59 Months 60–71 Months		7 6	2.83%
00-71 MORUIS		U	2.0370

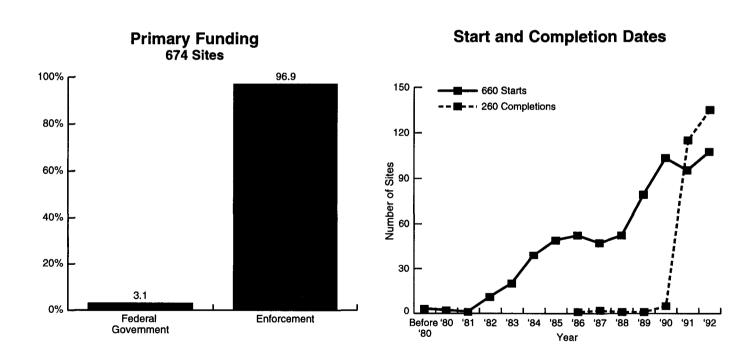
19

8.96%

More Than 71 Months

State/Territory—South Dakota





State/Territory—Tennessee

Tennessee reported 244 sites. Four of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions, 36 had only Removal actions, and 201 had only Remedial actions. All of the Removal actions were Complete. Four of the sites with both Removal and Remedial actions had the Removal actions Complete and the Remedial action requiring No Further Action. Of the 201 sites with only Remedial actions, 4 were classified as construction completions. PA/SI was the prevalent Last Remedial Phase for 153 of the 198 sites with Remedial actions that were Active that reported a Last Remedial Phase.

Off-Site Containment was the prevalent Predominant Remedy with 38 occurrences.

Total Cost was reported for 45 sites; 27 sites had both State and PRP cost, 2 sites had State cost only, and 16 sites had PRP cost only. The Total Cost for all sites was \$6.719.579.

Enforcement and the **State** were reported as the **Primary Funding** sources at 33 sites and 11 sites, respectively.

One site was started prior to 1980, and 13 sites were started from 1981 through 1985. Twelve sites were completed by the end of 1985.

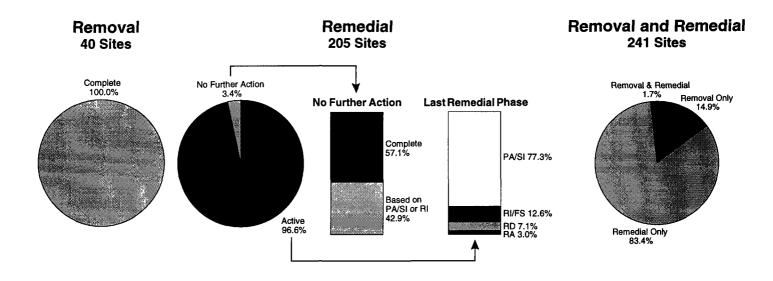
Data Display (Total Sites = 244)

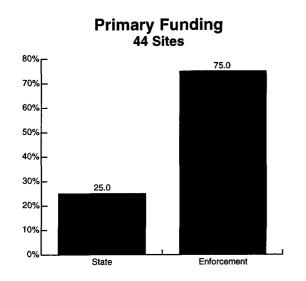
Removal		40	100.00°
Ongoing		0	0.00
Complete		40	100.00
emedial		205	100.00°
Active		198	96.59
No Further Action		7	3.419
No Remedial Action Base	d on PA/SI or RI	3	42.869
All Remedial Action Com	plete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.00
All Remedial Action Com	plete	4	57.149
st Remedial Phase		198	100.00
PA/SI	-	153	77.279
RI/FS		25	12.639
RD		14	7.079
RA		6	3.039
edominant Remedies		56	100.00
On-Site Treatment		7	12.509
On-Site Containment		8	14.299
Off-Site Containment		38	67.869
Off-Site Treatment		1	1.799
Population Protection		0	0.009
Site Security		2	3.569
Innovative Technology		0	0.009
otal Cost		S6	,719,579.00
State	C4-4- A \$51 175 00	\$2	,200,526.00
Sites: 43	State Average: \$51,175.02	¢1	,519,053.00
Sites: 29	PRP Average: \$155,829.41	Þ 4	,517,033.00

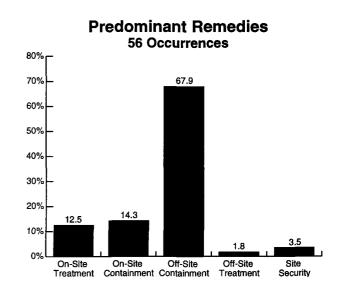
Primary Funding	44	100.00%
State	11	25.00%
Federal Government	0	0.00%
Enforcement	33	75.00%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	0	0.00%

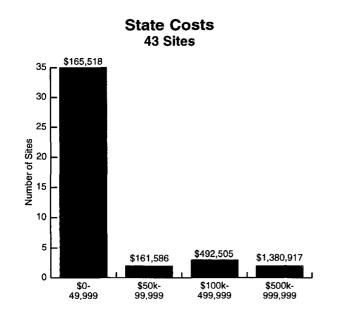
Duration of Response Actions	43	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	30	69.77%
12–23 Months	8	18.60%
24–35 Months	1	2.33%
36–47 Months	4	9.30%
48–59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

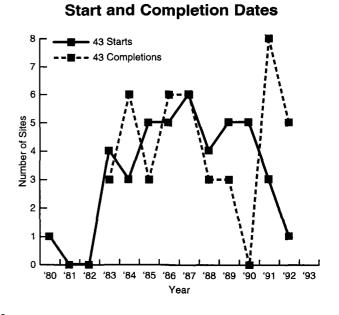
State/Territory—Tennessee











State/Territory—Texas

Removal

Texas reported 200 sites; 36 had both Removal and Remedial actions, 18 had only Removal actions, and 125 had only Remedial actions. Five of the sites with both Removal and Remedial actions had the Removal actions designated as Complete and the Remedial actions designated as requiring No Further Action. Additionally, one site with only Removal actions was designated Complete, and 5 of the sites with only Remedial actions were construction completions.

The most prevalent Predominant Remedies were Site Security with 40 occurrences and On-Site Treatment with 23 occurrences.

RI/FS was the most prevalent Last Remedial Phase for sites with Remedial actions that were Active. It was reported for 89 sites and PA/SI was reported for 56 sites.

Sixteen sites reported cost for a total of \$17,464,000. Thirteen sites had only State cost totaling \$9,114,000, and 3 sites had PRP cost totaling \$8,350,000. The Primary Funding source was Enforcement with 67 of the 95 sites that reported a Primary Funding source. The State as the Primary Funding source was reported at 15 sites.

Approximately 1,900 additional sites had been referred to the State by the Federal Government, and these sites were currently under eligibility review. Also, another 20 abandoned industrial disposal sites and 88 State-funded Removal actions were emergency Complete. None of these approximately 2,008 sites are in the database and subsequent displays.

Data Displa	y (Total	Sites =	200)
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54

100.00%

Ongoing	39	72.22%
Complete	15	27.78%
Remedial	161	100.00%
Active	151	93.79%
No Further Action	10	6.21%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	7	70.00%
All Remedial Action Complete	3	30.00%

Last Remedial Phase	172	100.00%
PA/SI	56	32.56%
RI/FS	89	51.74%
RD	13	7.56%
RA	14	8.14%

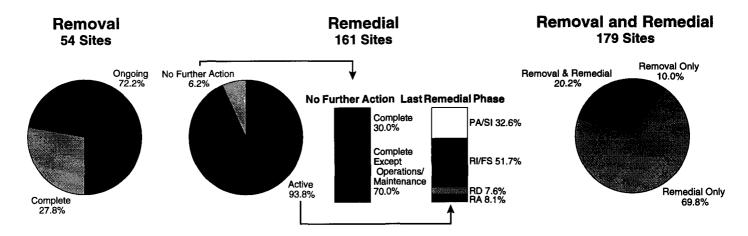
Predominant Remedies	86	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	23	26.74%
On-Site Containment	9	10.47%
Off-Site Containment	12	13.95%
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00%
Population Protection	2	2.33%
Site Security	40	46.51%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%

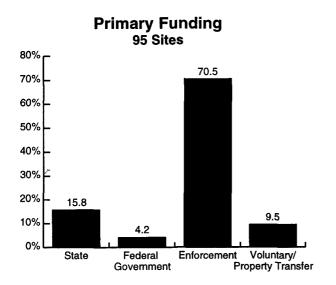
Total Cost		\$17,464,000.00
State		\$9,114,000.00
Sites: 13	State Average: \$701,076.92	
PRP		\$8,350,000.00
Sites: 3	PRP Average: \$2.783.333.33	

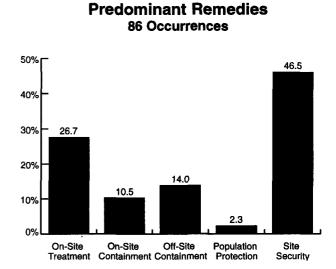
Primary Funding	95	100.00%
State	15	15.79%
Federal Government	4	4.21%
Enforcement	67	70.53%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	9	9.47%

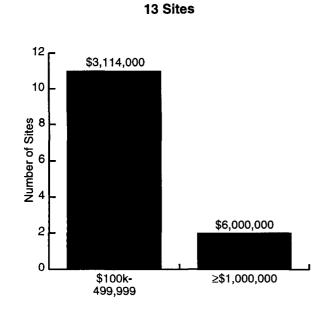
Duration of Response Actions	2	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	2	100.00%
12-23 Months	0	0.00%
24–35 Months	0	0.00%
36-47 Months	0	0.00%
48-59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

State/Territory—Texas

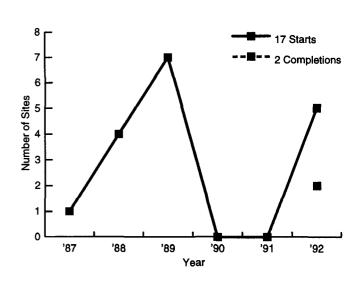








State Costs



State/Territory—Utah

Utah reported 31 sites. One site had both a Removal and Remedial actions. Six sites had only Removal actions, and 24 had only Remedial actions. The 1 site with both Removal and Remedial actions had the Removal actions reported as Complete and the Remedial action reported as Active, with the Last Remedial Phase being PA/SI. For 5 of the sites with only Removal actions, all the actions were designated Complete. For 1 site with only Remedial actions, the designation was No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI.

The most prevalent **Predominant Remedies** were **On-Site Containment** and **Off-Site Containment** with 9 and 6 occurrences, respectively.

The **Total Cost** reported was \$14,130,389, segmented by **State** at \$130,389 and **PRP** at \$14,000,000. The total number of sites with reported cost was 5. One site with only **Removal** actions that were **Complete** had a **PRP** cost of \$12,000,000. One site with both **Removal** and **Remedial** actions had a **State** cost of \$75,845. Three sites with only **Remedial** actions that were **Active** had reported cost as follows: **State** \$7,000 and **PRP** \$2,000,000; **State** \$27,398; and **State** \$20,146.

One site was started prior to 1986. The average **Duration of Response Actions** for 10 sites with reported time frames was 13 months and 12 days.

Data Display	(Total	Sites	=	31)
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	Display (Total Sites = 3)	
Removal		7	100.00%
Ongoing		1	14.29%
Complete		6	85.71%
Remedial		25	100.00%
Active		24	96.00%
No Further Action		1	4.00%
No Remedial Action Base	ed on PA/SI or RI	1	100.00%
All Remedial Action Cor	nplete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.00%
All Remedial Action Cor	mplete	0	0.00%
Last Remedial Phase		22	100.00%
PA/SI		3	13.64%
RI/FS		8	36.36%
RD		8	36.36%
RA		3	13.64%
Predominant Remedies		20	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		2	10.00%
On-Site Containment		9	45.00%
Off-Site Containment		6	30.00%
Off-Site Treatment		1	5.00%
Population Protection		0	0.00%
Site Security		2	10.00%
Innovative Technology		0	0.00%
Total Cost		\$14	,130,389.00
State Sites: 4	State Average: \$32.507.25.00		\$130,389.00
PRP	State Average: \$32,597.25.00	\$14	,000,000.00

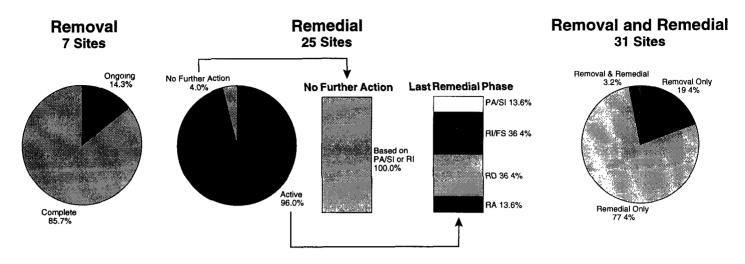
Primary Funding	11	100.00%
State	1	9.09%
Federal Government	1	9.09%
Enforcement	3	27.27%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	6	54.55%

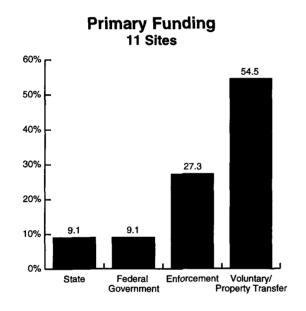
PRP Average: \$7,000,000.00

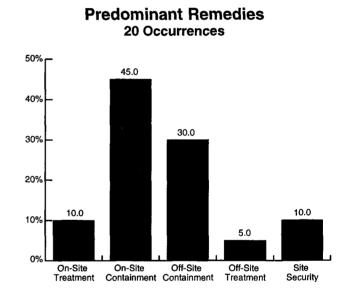
Duration of Response Actions	10	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	5	50.00%
12–23 Months	3	30.00%
24–35 Months	2	20.00%
36-47 Months	0	0.00%
48-59 Months	0	0.00%
60–71 Months	0	0.00%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

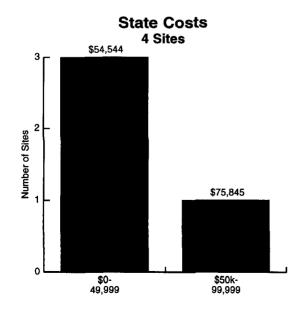
Sites: 2

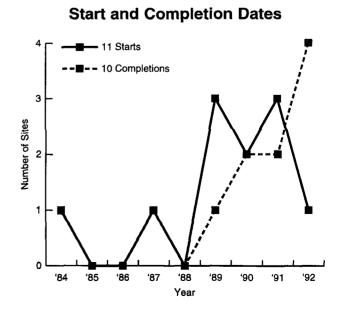
State/Territory—Utah











State/Territory—Virginia

Virginia reported 21 sites. Twenty of the sites had only **Ongoing Removal** actions, and 1 site had only **Remedial** actions, which was designated a construction completion.

The site with only **Remedial** actions had **State** cost of \$500,000. One site with only **Removal** actions had **State** cost of \$2,000,000.

All 21 sites were started from 1987 through the end of 1992. The 1 construction completion site was completed within that time window.

Virginia also had sites with Removal actions that were Complete. However, the data for these sites as well as the detailed data on Predominant Remedies, Primary Funding, and Duration of Response Actions was not available due to the stringent time constraints imposed by the study. Thus, the zero notations represent unavailable data rather than no data.

Virginia has a Waste Management Act that was amended in 1993. The act provides regulations for the safe control and management of hazardous waste substances and for the enforcement of noncompliance with the regulations.

Data	Displa	ıy (Tota	I Sites	= 21)

Removal		20	100.00%
Ongoing		20	100.009
Complete		0	0.009
emedial		1	100.00%
Active		0	0.009
No Further Action		1	100.00%
No Remedial Action	Based on PA/SI or RI	0	0.009
All Remedial Action	Complete Except Operations/Maint.	0	0.009
All Remedial Action	Complete	1	100.009
ast Remedial Phase		0	100.00%
PA/SI		0	0.009
RI/FS		0	0.009
RD		0	0.009
RA		0	0.009
redominant Remedies		0	100.00%
On-Site Treatment		0	0.009
On-Site Containment		Ö	0.009
Off-Site Containment		0	0.009
Off-Site Treatment		0	0.009
Population Protection		0	0.009
Site Security		0	0.009
Innovative Technology		0	0.009
otal Cost		S2	,500,000.00
State		\$2	2,500,000.00
Sites: 2	State Average: \$1,250,000.00		\$0.00
PRP Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
rimary Funding		0	100.00%
State		0	0.009
Federal Government		0	0.009
Enforcement		0	0.009
Voluntary/Property Tra	nsfer	0	0.009
Ouration of Response A	ctions	0	100.00°
Less Than 12 Months		0	0.00
12-23 Months		0	0.009
24-35 Months		0	0.009
36-47 Months		0	0.009
48-59 Months		0	0.00
CO 51 35 1		^	0.00

0

0

0.00%

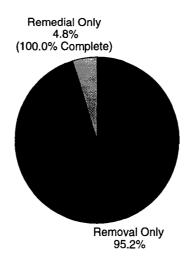
0.00%

60-71 Months

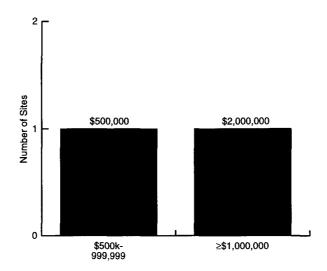
More Than 71 Months

State/Territory—Virginia

Removal and Remedial 21 Sites



State Costs 2 Sites



State/Territory—Washington

Washington reported 1,220 sites. Fortyone had both Removal and Remedial actions, 5 had only Removal actions, and 340 had only Remedial actions. The remaining 834 were defined as "independent" sites undergoing cleanup without State oversight or involvement.

The total number of sites with Removal actions was reported as 46, where 19 of these sites had Removal actions that were Complete. The sites with Remedial actions totaled 381, with 210 of these sites having designated the Remedial actions as requiring No Further Action. Of the 210 No Further Action sites, 134 were further designated as construction completions.

The prevalent Last Remedial Phase for sites with Remedial actions that were Active was PA/SI with 291 sites.

The Predominant Remedy was On-Site Containment with 24 occurrences.

State cost was \$10,944,364 for 131 sites. Ninety-eight of these sites had individual cost of less than \$50,000. The total for the 98 sites was \$1,475,200.

Twenty-eight sites reported start and completion dates. The average **Duration of Response Actions** for these sites was 12 months and 25 days.

Data Display	(Total Sites	= 1,220)
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Removal	46	100.00%
Ongoing	27	58.70%
Complete	19	41.30%
Remedial	381	100.00%
Active	171	44.88%
No Further Action	210	55.12%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	76	36.19%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	29	13.81%
All Remedial Action Complete	105	50.00%
Last Remedial Phase	372	100.00%
PA/SI	291	78.23%
RI/FS	60	16.13%
RD	6	1.61%
RA	15	4.03%
Predominant Remedies	85	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	15	17.65%
On-Site Containment	24	28.24%

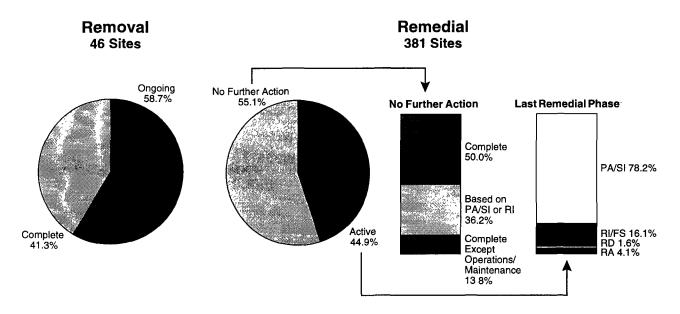
On one readment		21.0010
On-Site Containment	24	28.24%
Off-Site Containment	15	17.65%
Off-Site Treatment	13	15.28%
Population Protection	14	16.47%
Site Security	4	4.71%
Innovative Technology	0	0.00%

Total Cost		\$10,944,364.00
State		\$10,944,364.00
Sites: 131	State Average: \$83,544.76	
PRP		\$0.00
Sites: 0	PRP Average: \$0.00	

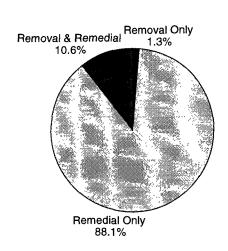
Primary Funding	0	100.00%
State	0	0.00%
Federal Government	0	0.00%
Enforcement	0	0.00%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	0	0.00%

Duration of Response Actions	28	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	18	64.29%
12–23 Months	6	21.43%
24–35 Months	1	3.57%
36-47 Months	1	3.57%
48–59 Months	1	3.57%
60–71 Months	1	3.57%
More Than 71 Months	0	0.00%

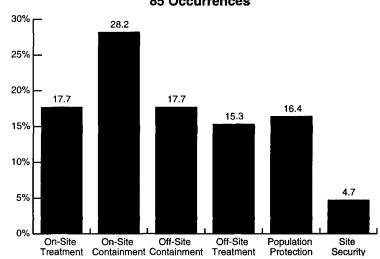
State/Territory—Washington



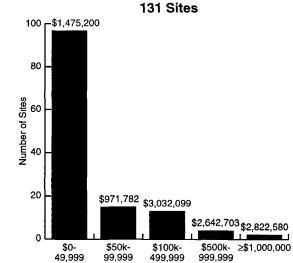
Removal and Remedial 386 Sites

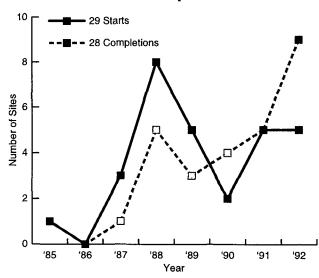


Predominant Remedies 85 Occurrences



State Costs





State/Territory—Wisconsin

Wisconsin reported 1,849 sites. Two hundred twenty-two of these sites had only Removal actions, and 1,627 had only Remedial actions. None of the sites had both Removal and Remedial actions.

All of the Removal actions were Complete, and 275 of the sites with only Remedial actions were designated construction completions. Of the 1,352 sites with Remedial actions that were Active, RI/FS was the most prevalent Last Remedial Phase.

Enforcement was the Primary Funding source with 406 sites. However. Wisconsin combines the reporting of Enforcement with Voluntary/Property Transfer and has stated that the total for this combined group is 1,907. Wisconsin has also stated that the total sites with the State as the Primary Funding is 42. Detailed site data on these stated figures is not available at this time. Wisconsin is developing a more comprehensive tracking system and provided this information based on an interim tracking system that is unable to provide the detailed data required for this study.

State costs of \$939,021 were reported for 183 sites. One hundred seventy-nine of these sites had a per site cost of less than \$50,000 for a total of \$635,757.

Two sites were started prior to 1980, and 17 sites were started in the years 1980 through 1985. Eleven sites were completed prior to 1986. Eighty sites have a **Duration of Response Actions** of **Less Than 12 Months.** The **Duration of Response Actions** was 15 months and 19 days based on 126 sites reporting start and completion dates.

Data	Display	(Total	Sites	= 1,849
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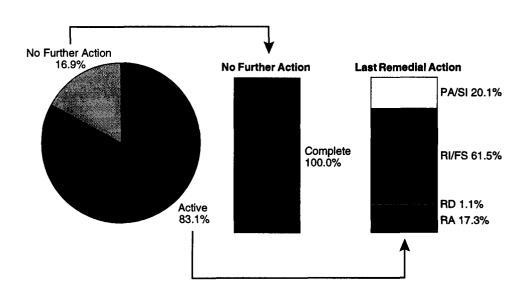
Data Display (10tal Sites	= 1,849)	
Removal	222	100.00°
Ongoing	0	0.009
Complete	222	100.009
emedial	1,627	100.00%
Active	1,352	83.109
No Further Action	275	16.909
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	0	0.009
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Ma	int. 0	0.009
All Remedial Action Complete	275	100.009
ast Remedial Phase	179	100.00%
PA/SI	36	20.119
RI/FS	110	61.459
RD	2	1.129
RA	31	17.329
redominant Remedies	0	100.00°
On-Site Treatment	0	0.00
On-Site Containment	0	0.00
Off-Site Containment	0	0.00
Off-Site Treatment	0	0.00
Population Protection	0	0.00
Site Security	0	0.009
Innovative Technology	0	0.009
otal Cost		\$939,021.00
State		\$939,021.00
Sites: 183 State Average: \$5,131.26		40.00
PRP Sites: 0 PRP Average: \$0.00		\$0.00
rimary Funding	418	100.00°
State	12	2.87
Federal Government	0	0.00
Enforcement	406	97.13
Voluntary/Property Transfer	0	0.00
uration of Response Actions	126	100.00
Less Than 12 Months	80	63.49
12–23 Months	22	17.46
24–35 Months	12	9.52
36–47 Months	2	1.59
48-59 Months	4	3.17
60–71 Months	0	0.00
Mana Than 71 Manaka	,	170

4.76%

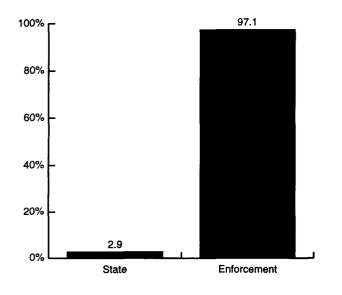
More Than 71 Months

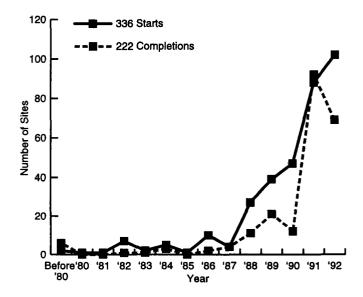
State/Territory—Wisconsin

Remedial 1,627 Sites



Primary Funding 418 Sites





State/Territory

The States and Territories reported a total of 21,905 sites, with 1,017 having neither a **Removal** nor a **Remedial** status. These 1,017 sites represent sites such as those on Indian reservations, which are known but are not under the direct jurisdiction of a State or Territory. Of the remaining 20,888 sites, 8,421 were **Removal** and **Remedial** sites, 1,371 were sites with only **Removal** actions, and 11,096 sites were sites with only **Remedial** actions.

The total number of **Removal** sites was 9,792, with 3,527 completed as of December 31, 1992. The total number of **Remedial** sites was 19,517 with 2,689 construction completion—i.e., the total of **All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations and Maintenance** (260) and **All Remedial Actions Complete** (2,429).

The most prevalent Last Remedial Phase was Remedial Investigation or Feasibility Study (RI/FS), with 4,834 of the 9,662 Active Remedial sites reporting a Last Remedial Phase.

The three key **Predominant Remedies** were **Off-Site Containment** with 2,438, **On-Site Containment** with 599, and **On-Site Treatment** with 455.

Total Cost of \$1,205,531,234 was reported for 3,395 sites, with the cost represented by State cost of \$650,000,770 for 2,167 of the sites and PRP cost of \$555,530,464 for 1,385 of the sites.

A Primary Funding source was reported for 11,778 sites, with Voluntary/Property Transfer representing 6,448 of them. Enforcement was the Primary Funding source on a national level with 3,692 sites.

Duration of Response Actions reported for 6,052 sites had an average of 13 months and 15 days.

National Data Summary (Total Sites = 21,905)

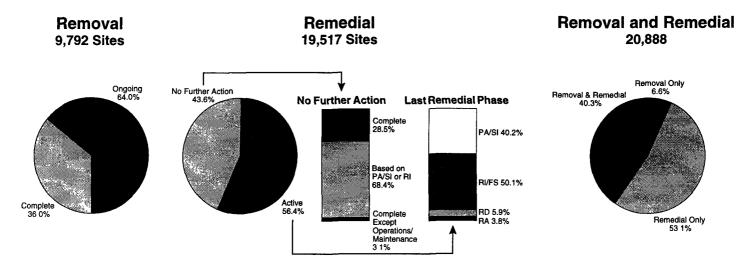
Removal	9,792	100.00%
Ongoing	6,265	63.98%
Complete	3,527	36.02%
Remedial	19,517	100.00%
Active	11,000	56.36%
No Further Action	8,517	43.64%
No Remedial Action Based on PA/SI or RI	5,828	68.43%
All Remedial Action Complete Except Operations/Maint.	260	3.05%
All Remedial Action Complete	2,429	28.52%
Last Remedial Phase	9,662	100.00%
PA/SI	3,887	40.23%
RI/FS	4,834	50.03%
RD	571	5.91%
RA	370	3.83%
Predominant Remedies	4,005	100.00%
On-Site Treatment	455	11.36%
On-Site Containment	599	14.96%
Off-Site Containment	2,438	60.87%
Off-Site Treatment	238	5.94%
Population Protection	67	1.67%
Site Security	197	4.92%
Innovative Technology	11	0.28%
		5 504 004 00

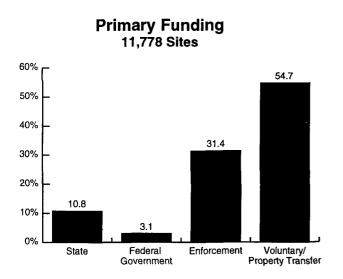
Total Cost	\$1,205,531,234.00
State	\$650,000,770.00
Sites: 2,167	
State A	verage: \$299,954.21
PRP	\$555,530,464.00
Sites: 1,385	

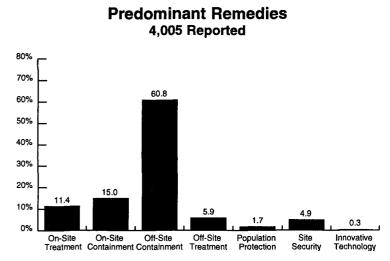
State Average: \$401,105.03

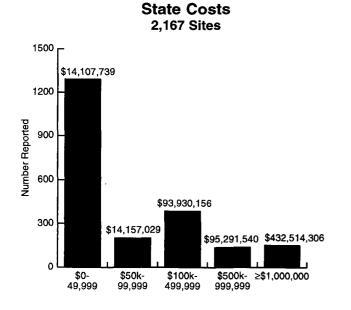
Primary Funding	11,778	100.00%
State	1,273	10.81%
Federal Government	365	3.10%
Enforcement	3,692	31.35%
Voluntary/Property Transfer	6,448	54.74%
Duration of Response Actions	6,052	100.00%
Less Than 12 Months	4,261	70.40%
12-23 Months	858	14.18%
24-35 Months	356	5.88%
36-47 Months	246	4.06%
48-59 Months	125	2.07%
60–71 Months	73	1.21%
More Than 71 Months	133	2.20%

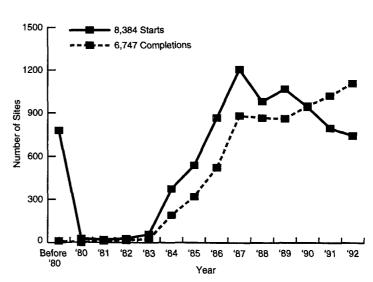
State/Territory











APPENDIX B ASTSWMO Data Matrix Form

444 North Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 388 Washington, D.C. 20001

tel: (202) 624-5828 fax: (202) 624-7875

July 8, 1993

Dear State Superfund Managers:

Attached please find the matrix for the Non-NPL accomplishments study being conducted by the Association of State and Territorial Solid Waste Management Officials (ASTSWMO). Per my May 27, 1993 letter, ASTSWMO is conducting this study to more adequately determine the actual scope of State involvement in the cleanup of non-NPL sites. In addition to the useful comparative information for State program use, the results of this study can be used to justify the position that the state role in Superfund should be enhanced. As you may know, there currently are no figures on the actual number of cleanups being performed under State auspices and State capabilities have increased dramatically in the last thirteen years. We think this information will be especially useful during the current CERCLA reauthorization debate.

Therefore, we are asking you to compile information on completed State non-NPL cleanups cumulative from FY 80 (or earliest year your State had a program) through December 31, 1992 along with the status of the State's current non-NPL cleanup workload. The study will include hazardous waste cleanups performed by States directly, under State enforcement authority and under State Voluntary and Property Transfer programs. RCRA Corrective Actions, underground and above ground storage tanks and petroleum spills will be excluded. Directions for completing the matrix have been included.

Timeframe. We are requesting that you complete the matrix and submit it to the ASTSWMO office (attention Kris Hoellen) by Tuesday, August 31, 1993. This is a rather crucial date as we wish to have a completed report by October 1, 1993. We understand that Congress plans to begin hearings on the State role in Superfund early this Fall. EPA plans to submit legislative recommendations to Congress in September/October of this year. Consequently, in order to gain the most benefit and impact from this study, a report will have to be produced by early Fall. The more completed matrixes we receive prior to August 31, the more likelihood we have of seeing a positive Superfund reauthorization.

Contractor assistance. U.S. EPA is procuring a contractor who will be available to assist States in completing the matrix. If your State will require contractor assistance, please notify the ASTSWMO office A.S.A.P. (202)624-5828, as the contractor resources are limited. Requests for assistance will be provided on a first come first served basis. The contractor will begin work on the project in late July/early August. Hence, for those states requiring



assistance, the more work which can be accomplished ahead of time, the greater the chances will be for meeting the August 31, 1993 deadline. The contractor's primary responsibility on this project, however, will be to create a database and to prepare a summary report of the results. NOTE: ASTSWMO does have approval authority of the final report prior to its release.

Data transmittal. In order to have the most accurate data, we strongly recommend that you submit your information via one of the following mechanisms: 1) if your data is already entered into a database, please contact the ASTSWMO office about downloading the data into a format we can read; 2) if you wish to complete your matrix electronically, contact the ASTSWMO office to receive a database program format; or 3) please complete the form by hand as neatly and clearly as possible.

Finally, we appreciate your efforts in ensuring the success of this project. Kris Hoellen of ASTSWMO and I will be available throughout the duration of the project to answer specific questions on the completion of the matrix. This project is probably unprecedented in the amount of teamwork required, as the results will only be beneficial if all the states participate. We thank you for your support. If you have any questions concerning the purpose of the project, please do not hesitate to contact me at 609/292-1250.

Sincerely,

Lance R. Miller, NJ

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ASTSWMO Board of Director - Region II

ASTSWMO Survey of the State's Non-NPL Removal and Remedial Accomplishments

I. Site Listings and Status

available (Please contact us for database structure information). Coding guidance for each of the matrix categories is included to assist you in completing the form. In an effort to quantify state and territorial clean-up accomplishments, the Association of State and Territorial Solid Waste Management Officials (ASTSWMO) is conducting a study to determine the total number of non-NPL sites remediated by states. Additionally, information is being collecting on the sites that are in the NOTE: the study does not include RCRA, UST and Petroleum contaminated sites. If you have questions about categorizing a particular site, please contact Kris Hoellen at ASTSWMO (202) 624-5828 or Lance Miller at NJDEPE (609) 292-1250 for assistance in completing the matrix. process of being remediated. We are targeting those state sites completed from 1980, or the earliest year your state had a program, through Calendar Year 1992. matrix on Page 3 should be used to identify and provide data about each non-NPL site (removal and remedial). Computer data files are strongly encouraged, if

II. Matrix Coding Guidance

Please use the following guidance to categorize your response to each question:

- Sequential site number: Number your sites sequentially. This will be used in the event that we need to call and clarify information about a specific site.
- Site Name/Location/Unique state identifier: List the name of the site and provide location. An example of location might read street address, city, county, zip code. Include state data base number, if available. તં
- Site status: Please identify each non-NPL site, using the following categories within the Removal and Remedial columns: ૡ૽

Removal (Choose no more than one)

- Removal is ongoing
- Removal has been completed (Complete columns 5-8)

Remedial (Choose no more than one)

- Active Sites: Those sites that are in any stage of remediation (Complete column 4) ပ
- Ġ.
- No Further Action Sites—no remedial action was needed based on PA/SI or RI (Complete columns 5-8)

 No Further Action Sites—all remedial action has been completed, except Ongoing Operations and Maintenance (Complete columns 5-8) ب نه
 - No Further Action Sites—all remedial action has been completed (Complete columns 5-8)
- Last remedial phase, if ongoing: If the site is an active remedial site (Item 3c above), circle the appropriate letter that corresponds to the current phase of remediation as follows (Choose no more than one): 4.
- PA/SI: The site assessment phase to characterize the site to determine whether remedial action is needed. PA/SI is complete, but RI has not begun.
- RI/FS: The phase to determine nature and extent of contamination, obtain information needed to evaluate alternatives, and develop options for remedial action. The Remedial Investigation or Feasibility Study is complete, but Remedial Design has not yet started.

 RD: The phases in which the selected remedy is designed. Remedial Design is complete, but Remedial Action has not yet started.
 - - RA: Remedial Action is completed, but site activities, other than Operations and Maintenance, are ongoing.

ASTSWMO Survey of the State's Non-NPL Removal and Remedial Accomplishments

- Predominant Remedies, if complete: Use the list below to identify the major types of remediation used at the site. The eight primary categories are listed, with additional treatments that fall into each category. Please be as specific as possible (i.e., use a1, c5). List only those most significant to the site (Choose no more than six). ς.
- On-Site Treatment includes:
 - Source
- Soil aeration technologies Biodegradation
- Detonation æ.
- Incineration with off-site disposal of residual Incineration with on-site disposal of residual Š
 - pH neutralization ъ
- Component separation
- Thermal treatment with on-site placement of residual £ ∞
- Thermal treatment with off-site disposal
- Removal to off-site locations after on-site treatment
 - Air stripping technologies Groundwater al.
- Pump and treat, on-site disposal Leachate treatment
- Pump and treatment, off-site discharge
- Final removal to off-site landfill ij

Encapsulation or overpacking with final off-site

Excavation and final removal to off-site landfill

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Off-Site Containment includes:

Slurry wall

- Off-Site Treatment includes:
- d1. Incineration and Disposal
- Pump and treat at POTW with discharge pH neutralization - off-site 43
- Removal for off-site treatment 4
- Thermal treatment with disposal of residuals

Population Protection includes:

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Encapsulation or overpacking with final on-site

Solidification and stabilization

Surface drainage control

£ £

disposal

Excavation and on-site containment

Surface capping with slurry wall

Soil cover

63 4 3

On-Site Containment includes:

bl. Surface capping

- Alternate Water Supplied (permanent or temporary water provided or water supply reinstated) e]
 - Population Relocated (permanent or temporary relocation or population returned) 65.
- Site Security includes:
 - Guards
- Deed restrictions
- Innovative technology
- Total costs (non-federal): Provide total expended dollars to clean up the site. Include study, construction and O&M costs. Provide only known state or PRP costs; do not include federal funds. Specify "Not Known" if funds were spent but amounts are not known. 9 B-5
- Primary Funding source: Circle the letter corresponding to the appropriate primary funding source, defined as follows (Choose only one):
- Financed by State funds
- Financed by Federal Government (e.g., removals) <u>ب</u> ج
- Enforcement: Funding provided by a PRP or other private source under an enforceable document and not part of a voluntary cleanup program
 - ن ټ ن
- Voluntary: Classify as defined by your state
 Property Transfer: Those cases in which the parties involved in selling and buying property agree to finance the cleanup, prior to transferring the property
- Dates and Duration: If a Remedial Action was completed at the site, provide the date (mm/dd/yy) in which you started the RI, the date on which the construction removal. If both a Remedial Action and Removal Action were completed at the site, provide only the Remedial Action dates. If you do not know the exact start was completed, and the resulting total duration of the project in months. If only a Removal action was completed, provide the start and completion dates for the and complete dates, estimate the time it took to complete the removal or remediation. ∞i

Note: Please send a copy of your state's most recent annual report and environmental laws, if available.

ASTSWMO Survey of the State's Non-NPL Removal and Remedial Accomplishments

III. Site Listing and Status Matrix
Please write your response to each question in the space provided. For questions three, four and seven, circle the appropriate letter.

	Sequential	2. Site name/Location/Unique state identifier	3. Site status	SI	4. Last Remedial	5. Predominant	6 Total costs (non-	ts (non-	7. Primary	8. Date	Dates (mm/dd/yy) &	yy) &
	site number		Removal	Remedial	phase, if ongoing	remedies, if complete	red I.) State	PRP	Funding	Dura	Duration (in months)	onto)
L			a b	c d	a b				a b			
				e f	c q				o p o	Start	Complete	Duration
			a b	p o	a b				a b			
				e f	c d				c d e	Start	Complete	Duration
L			a b	p o	a b				a b			
				و ټ	p o	!			e p o	Start	Complete	Duration
 R -6			a b	p o	a b				a b		ł	
				e f	c d				o p o	Start	Complete	Duration
			a b	p .o	a b				a b			
	ļ			e f	c d				o d e	Start	Complete	Duration
			a b	c d	a b				a b			
				e f	c d				c d e	Start	Complete	Duration
L			a b	p o	a b				a b			-
				e f	c d				эрэ	Start	Complete	Duration
	Form completed by	pleted by				1	Phone	ne				