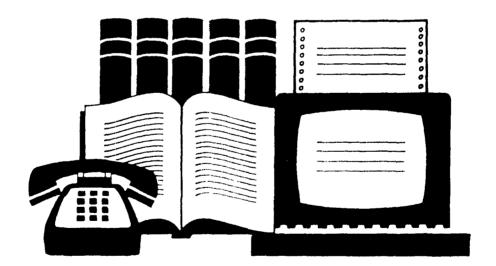


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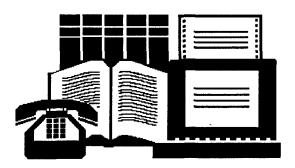
# Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection

# **Database Thesaurus**



# HAZARDOUS WASTE SUPERFUND COLLECTION

### **Database Thesaurus**



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#### **PREFACE**

he Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection Database Thesaurus provides an index to terminology related to hazardous waste and facilitates the use of the Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection Database. This second edition of the Thesaurus includes several new features. New keywords have been added to ensure that the Thesaurus reflects current concerns in the field of hazardous waste. Several keywords, which were not used extensively, have been deleted. Because informal user feedback indicated that the Hierarchical Display contained in the first edition was seldom utilized, it has been omitted. A list of corporate sources has been added to aid searchers who wish to retrieve documents published by individual agencies. These tools—the keyword list and the corporate source list —are available on the menu-driven version of the Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection Database.

Comments regarding the Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection Database Thesaurus are welcome. Please direct your correspondence to the Head Hazardous Waste Superfund Librarian, Felice Sacks, at the EPA Headquarters Library.

#### INTRODUCTION

he Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection is composed of: EPA reports, policy and guidance directives from the EPA's Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER), commercially published books, audiovisual materials, legislation, regulations, and reports from selected Government Agencies, such as the General Accounting Office. All items contained within the Collection have as their primary focus the subject of hazardous waste. For more information on these documents, please refer to the "Guide to Key EPA Hazardous Waste Publications."

Each item in the Collection corresponds to a record in the Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection Database. The Thesaurus lists 333 subject terms used to classify the documents in the Collection. Users of the Thesaurus will formulate more effective searches and retrieve more pertinent records from the Database.

The Thesaurus is divided into two parts: the Alphabetical List of Keywords and the List of Corporate Sources. The first part lists the Database indexing terms alphabetically with an accompanying definition. Beneath each term are found other terms that have been classified as "broader" (BT), "narrower" (NT), or "related" (RT) to the listed keyword. The List of Corporate Sources contains a complete list of names and acronyms for organizational sources currently indexed within the collection. This list will aid users in their search for documents prepared by EPA Offices or other government agencies. Also included in this edition is a "Guide to the Major Subject Headings."

The terms and their accompanying definitions have not been subject to peer review. This Thesaurus is meant as an aid to individuals searching only the Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection Database. These terms and their definitions in no way reflect the official views or policy of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Public access to the Hazardous Waste Superfund Database is provided by the U. S. National Technical Information Service (NTIS) which sells a subscription to an online version of the Database, the Online Library System (OLS). EPA staff and authorized contractors may access the Database by signing on to OLS from their office, the Headquarters library or any of the Regional libraries.

#### **GUIDE TO THE MAJOR SUBJECT HEADINGS**

Listed below are the nine major subject areas and their respective second tier terms. Each of the 333 keywords in the Alphabetical Display falls within one of these nine major subject headings: Assessment, Legal Aspects, Emergency Preparedness, Control Methods, Superfund, Management, Government, Hazardous Substances, and Waste Types. A term's location within this hierarchy can be determined by an inspection of its listed broader and narrower terms.

#### **ASSESSMENT**

Analysis
Ecological Risk
Economic Assessment
Generators
Human Health Risk
Methodology
Monitoring

#### LEGAL ASPECTS

Enforcement Legislation Liability Regulations

#### **EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS**

Community Awareness Emergency Response

#### **CONTROL METHODS**

Alternative Technologies Conventional Treatment Equipment In-situ Ocean Dumping Waste Minimization

#### **SUPERFUND**

CERCLIS Cleanup Mixed Funding National Contingency Plan

#### SUPERFUND (cont'd.)

National Priorities List Record of Decision (ROD) Superfund Innovative Technology Evaluation (SITE)

#### **MANAGEMENT**

Contracts
Information Sources
Policy
Training

#### **GOVERNMENT**

International Local State

#### **HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES**

Carcinogens
Inorganic Chemicals
Mutagens
Organic Chemicals
Pesticides

#### **WASTE TYPES**

Emissions
Infectious Wastes
Leachates
Liquid Wastes
Solid Wastes

#### **GUIDE TO THE FORMAT**

Shown below is a sample entry from the Alphabetical Display.

Remedial Designs

6————— use Remedial Actions

- (1) Keyword
- (2) Definition
- (3) **BT** "Broader Term." Indicates that the keyword following BT is the more general concept under which the listed keyword would fall. The user might choose to search using the broader keyword for a more comprehensive or general search.
- (4) NT "Narrower Term." Indicates that the keyword following NT is a more specific concept under the listed keyword. The user may choose to search using the narrower keyword for a more selective search.
- (5) RT "Related Term." The keyword following RT is a concept closely related to the listed keyword other than the NT or BT relationships. The searcher may wish to search on the related keyword for a more comprehensive search.
- (6) **Use** Directs the user from a term not recognized as a keyword to an acceptable, recognized keyword. The searcher would never search on the non-recognized term, rather he/she should search on the synonym or newer key word that follows the phrase "use."



"A" List

#### use Technology Transfer Documents

**Abandoned Sites -** A hazardous site, facility or generator that is no longer used due to permanent shutdown or disrepair.

BT Sites

**Acids** - Compounds, either organic or inorganic, that have certain similar properties, one being a pH of less than 7.0.

BT Inorganic Chemicals

BT Organic Chemicals

NT Phenol

#### **Activated Sludge**

use Aerobic Biodegradation

**Adsorption** - An advanced method of treating wastes in which activated carbon removes organic matter from wastewater.

**BT** Physical Treatment

**Aerated Lagoons** - Natural or artificial wastewater ponds or basins in which mechanical or diffused air is used to supplement natural oxygen supply.

BT Aeration

#### **Aerated Ponds**

use Aerated Lagoons

**Aeration** - Biological treatment that is marked by the circulation of oxygen through a substance such as wastewater.

**BT** Biological Treatment

NT Aerated Lagoons

**RT** Aerobic Biodegradation

**RT** Anaerobic Biodegradation

- Aerobic Biodegradation Biological treatment through which microorganisms metabolize biodegradable organics in aqueous waste in an oxygen environment. Includes activated sludge process.
  - BT Biological Treatment
  - RT Aeration
  - RT Anaerobic Biodegradation
- **Air** The atmosphere of the earth, characterized by a mixture of gases, including nitrogen, oxygen, hydrogen, carbon dioxide, argon, neon, and helium.
  - BT Environmental Media
- Air Stripping System which provides for mass transfer of volatile organic contaminants from a liquid phase to a gas phase. A type of physical treatment.
  - **BT** Physical Treatment
- **Alternate Concentration Limits** 
  - use Alternative Concentration Limits (ACL)
- Alternative Concentration Limits (ACL) Limits, determined by an EPA regional administrator, which permit the occurrence of higher levels of hazardous substances than normally allowed.
  - BT Regulations
- Alternative Technologies Any unit operations and their related equipment that permanently alter the composition and toxicity of hazardous waste through biological, physical, thermal, and chemical treatment or through a stabilization/solidification process.
  - **BT** Control Methods
  - NT Best Demonstrated Available Treatment (BDAT)
  - NT Biological Treatment
  - NT Chemical Treatment
  - NT Mobile Treatment
  - NT Physical Treatment
  - NT Stabilization/Solidification
  - NT Thermal Treatment
  - RT Conventional Treatment
  - RT Superfund Innovative Technology Evaluation Site (SITE)
  - RT Waste Minimization

- **Anaerobic Biodegradation** Biological treatment in which microorganisms metabolize biodegradable organics in aqueous waste in an oxygen deficient environment.
  - **BT** Biological Treatment
  - **RT** Aeration
  - RT Aerobic Biodegradation
- **Analysis** The testing of substances to determine their chemical composition or hazardous characteristics. Use for testing.
  - BT Assessment
  - NT Corrosivity
  - NT EP Toxicity
  - NT Gas Chromatography
  - NT Ignitability
  - NT Incompatibility
  - NT Reactivity
  - RT Methodology
  - **RT** Monitoring
- **Appendix VIII Constituents** As listed in 40 CFR 261. These chemicals when found in a substance are used as criteria for placement on a Hazardous Substance List. Includes Principal Organic Constituents.
  - **BT** Hazardous Substance Lists
- Aquifer Underground bed or layer of earth, gravel, or porous stone containing water.
  - BT Soil
- Asbestos Fibrous magnesium silicate. Highly carcinogenic.
  - BT Carcinogens
  - **BT** Inorganic Chemicals
- **Assessment** The quantitative and qualitative study of hazardous waste and its sources. May include its effects on the environment, including the human population.
  - NT Analysis
  - NT Ecological Risk
  - NT Economic Assessment
  - NT Generators
  - NT Human Health Risk
  - NT Methodology
  - NT Monitoring
- Audits A formal examination of the financial activities of an organization.
  - BT Economic Assessment

#### **Available Technologies**

Available Technologies

use Alternative Technologies

"B" List

use Technology Transfer Documents

**Backfill** - The process through which a previously excavated hazardous waste site is filled with non-contaminated organic material and vegetation.

BT Landfills

RT Capping

**Batteries** - A group of cells or one cell which store an electric charge and emit a current. Source of hazardous waste.

BT Industry

**Best Demonstrated Available Treatment (BDAT)** - Ranking of hazardous waste alternative technologies for each specific waste. Ranking is based on factors such as availability and performance.

BT Alternative Technologies

Bibliographies - A list of citations of journal articles, books, or reports.

**BT** Information Sources

**Bioassay** - Use of living organisms to measure the effect of a substance on the environment.

BT Sensing Techniques

**Biological Treatment** - Alternative technology process whereby the organic components of hazardous waste are biologically decomposed or altered under controlled conditions to a state which is either non-toxic or less toxic than its pretreatment state. Includes composting.

BT Alternative Technologies

NT Aeration

NT Aerobic Biodegradation

NT Anaerobic Biodegradation

NT Stabilization Ponds

**Boilers** - Vessels in which hazardous waste is used as supplementary fuel to coal or oil.

BT Incineration

Burial

use Landfills

Burning

use **Incineration** 

"C" List

use Technology Transfer Documents

**California List** - List of liquid hazardous wastes containing certain metals, cyanides, PCBs, corrosives, etc. List subsequently incorporated into the provisions of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments.

BT Regulations

Capping - The covering of a landfill, injection well, etc., after operations have ceased.

BT Landfills

BT Underground Injection

RT Backfill

Carcinogens - Chemicals that cause cancer. Includes polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons.

**BT** Hazardous Substances

NT Asbestos

NT Dioxins

NT Phenol

NT Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

**Case Studies** - A document that summarizes the history, including contamination and remediation, of a particular hazardous waste site.

**BT** Information Sources

Cement Kiln Dust

use Pozzolanic Process

#### Cementing

- **Cementing** Process through which wastes are stirred in water and then mixed directly with cement. Suspended particles are incorporated into hardened concrete.
  - BT Stabilization/Solidification
- **Centrification** The separation of hazardous waste through the use of centrifugal force.

  The waste is placed in a confined vessel and then rapidly rotated, forcing the components of the waste to break apart and separate at the outermost walls of the vessel.
  - BT Phase Separation
- **CERCLA** (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.)
  - BT Legislation
  - NT Post-Closure Liability Fund
  - RT CERCLIS
  - RT SARA
  - RT Superfund
- **CERCLIS** (Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation and Liability Information System.) EPA database that tracks Superfund cleanup actions.
  - BT Superfund
  - RT CERCLA
  - RT Databases
- **Chemical Treatment** Alternative technology processes and related equipment that alter the chemical structure of the hazardous constituents so that the resulting material is less hazardous than the original waste.
  - BT Alternative Technologies
  - NT Chlorinolysis
  - NT Neutralization
- **Chlorinolysis** Chemical treatment process characterized by the addition of large amounts of chlorine to waste at high temperatures. The process reduces the hazardous nature of the waste.
  - **BT** Chemical Treatment
- **Civil Judicial Action** Legal action brought about by the EPA to enforce or protect the private rights of citizens. Use for all types of legal action, except criminal proceedings.
  - BT Litigation
  - **RT** Criminal Judicial Action

Claims - Action through which a person or entity demands a right or due.

BT Liability

#### Clean Air Act

BT Legislation

#### **Clean Water Act**

BT Legislation NT 311(K) Fund

Cleanup - Process of restoring a hazardous waste site or spill.

BT Superfund

NT Pre-Remedial

**NT** Remedial Actions

NT Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS)

NT Remedy Selection

**NT** Removal Actions

RT Restoration

RT Treatability Study

#### Commercial

use **Industry** 

**Community Awareness** - The disclosure of the dangers of hazardous chemicals to workers and the community at large; also, the participation of community groups in the preparation of emergency plans.

BT Emergency Preparedness

NT Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

NT Notification

RT Right-to-Know

#### Compliance

BT Regulations

RT Non-compliance

#### Composting

use Biological Treatment

#### Confidentiality

**Confidentiality** - Withholding of precise chemical information considered proprietary by chemical companies.

BT Notification

**Consent Decree** - Agreement by defendant to cease activities asserted as illegal by EPA.

Upon approval of agreement by the court, the EPA action against the defendant is dropped.

BT Enforcement

**Construction** - Erection of both residential and nonresidential buildings. Source of hazardous waste.

BT Industry

**Containers** - Any package, can, barrel, or containing device other than tanks or drums, used to enclose a hazardous waste.

BT Storage

NT Corrosion

NT Drums

NT Storage Tanks

**Contamination** - The process by which a physical, chemical, biological, or radiological substance or matter has an adverse effect on air, water, or soil.

BT Ecological Risk

Contingency Plan

use National Contingency Plan

**Contractors** - Entities that are temporarily hired by the government to provide a particular service. In the case of hazardous waste management, contractors may be involved in the storage, treatment, or disposal of hazardous waste.

BT Management

RT Treatability Study

**Contracts** - Agreements in which one party performs a service in exchange for financial remuneration or a return service.

BT Management

Control Methods - Means by which the toxicity of hazardous waste is lessened or its impact minimized through either: (1) containment and storage (Conventional Treatment),(2) treatment (see Alternative Technologies) or (3) minimization at the source.

NT Alternative Technologies
NT Conventional Treatment

NT **Equipment** 

NT In-situ

NT Ocean Dumping

NT Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facility (TSD)

NT Waste Minimization

**Conventional Treatment** - Removal or containment of hazardous waste to regulated land treatment sites. Waste is neither treated nor destroyed. Continued maintenance is required to monitor potential contamination of surrounding environment. Solution is not permanent.

BT Control Methods

NT Land Treatment

NT Landfills

NT Liners

NT Storage

NT Surface Impoundments

NT Transportation

NT Underground Injection

**RT** Alternative Technologies

**RT** Waste Minimization

**Cooperative Agreements** - The process by which a state enters into an agreement with the EPA to manage the remedial response of a site.

BT Legal Aspects

**Corrective Actions** 

use Removal Actions or Remedial Actions

**Corrosion** - The gradual wearing away of storage tanks, that eventually leads to leakage and contamination.

BT Containers

BT Drums

BT Storage Tanks

Corrosivity - Characteristic of a hazardous waste marked by the waste's ability to dissolve metals or burn the skin.			
	BT RT RT RT	Analysis EP Toxicity Ignitability Reactivity	
Cost Recovery - Process by which EPA documents and attempts to recover the maximum practical amount of money due from responsible parties for Superfund financed cleanups.			
	BT RT RT	Liability Responsible Parties Settlements	
Costs - The amount of money needed for the cleanup of a site or the maintenance of a program. Can also be used to define the long-term economic costs due to hazardous waste contamination.			
	BT RT	Economic Assessment Mixed Funding	
Criminal Judicial Action - Legal action brought by EPA against those parties charged with violating criminal laws.			
	BT RT	Litigation Civil Judicial Action	
Data - Information used to assess the toxic nature of a substance. Also used to mean general facts or figures from which conclusions can be made.			
	BT RT	Methodology Data Quality Objectives (DQO)	
Data Quality Objectives (DQO) - Quantitative and qualitative statements outlining the decision-making process and data required to support EPA remedial actions decisions.			
	BT RT RT	Remedial Actions Data Methodology	
Databases - Computerized information systems.			
	BT RT	Information Sources CERCLIS	

**De Minimis** - Type of settlement through which parties that contribute very small amounts of hazardous wastes to a site are able to settle with the EPA for small or "de minimis" amounts.

BT Settlements

Decontamination

use Cleanup

**Delisting** - Process of excluding a waste from regulation as hazardous.

BT Hazardous Substance Lists

RT Exemptions

**Design** - A general plan or program used in hazardous waste treatment, disposal, and storage.

BT Methodology

**Dioxins** - Family of compounds with common triple ring structure of two benzene rings interconnected with a pair of oxygen atoms.

BT Carcinogens

BT Organic Chemicals

**Directives** - Special series of policy and guidance documents that provide interpretation, suggestions, and recommendations consistent with legislation. Guidance materials do not supersede legislation.

BT Policy

**Directories** - Lists of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of a particular set of individuals or organizations.

**BT** Information Sources

Disposal

use Conventional Treatment

**Drinking Water** - Any raw or finished water source that is or may be used as a public water system or as drinking water by one or more individuals.

BT Water

Drums - A circular vessel, commonly used to house hazardous waste.

BT Containers

NT Corrosion

#### **Dumps**

use Landfills or Ocean Dumping

**Dusts** - A finely ground dry mixture containing a small amount of pesticide with an inert carrier such as clay.

BT Solid Wastes

**Ecological Risk** - Discussion of the risk or damage to organic matter (plant and animal life) as well as inorganic matter (air, water, soil, etc.).

BT Assessment

NT Contamination

NT Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

NT Indian Lands

NT Natural Resources

NT Restoration

**Economic Assessment** - Estimating the monetary value of a program, procedure or event, and/or the monetary value of the effects of such a procedure, program, or event.

BT Assessment

NT Audits

NT Costs

NT Economic Impact

NT Fee Systems

NT Taxes

**Economic Impact** - Includes the social and/or economic impact of a particular decision or action.

BT Economic Assessment

RT Liability

**Electrodialysis** - A physical treatment process through which heat energy is applied to a solution, slurry, or suspended solid mixture to vaporize part of the mixture while concentrating the semisolid components.

BT Membrane Separation

**Electroplating** - Production of a thin coat of metal on a surface. Source of hazardous waste.

BT Industry

**Emergency Preparedness** - Protective measures, mandated by the Right-to-Know provision of Title 3 of SARA, that are to be implemented by a company or community after a hazardous waste spill or emission.

NT Community Awareness

NT Emergency Response

RT Right-to-Know

**Emergency Response** - Action(s) taken to contain the release of hazardous substances in the environment.

BT Emergency Preparedness

NT Emergency Response Plans

NT Environmental Response Team

NT Releases

NT Removal Actions

**Emergency Response Plans** - Plans developed at the State or local level, that detail procedures and responses to hazardous spills and releases in local communities.

**BT** Emergency Response

**Emissions** - Gaseous waste materials discharged into the environment.

BT Waste Types

#### **Energy**

BT Generators

NT Geothermal

NT Radioactivity

NT Utilities

**Enforcement** - The means employed to force violators or potential violators of the law to obey the laws or make restitution for the transgression of those laws.

BT Legal Aspects

NT Consent Decree

NT lilegal Actions

NT Litigation

NT Mediation

NT Negotiations

NT Settlements

RT Section 3008(h)

#### **Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)**

**Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)** - Document that provides information concerning the positive and negative effects on the environment of major projects or legislative proposals.

BT Ecological Risk

**Environmental Media** - The three major components of the environment in which flora and fauna live: air, water, and soil.

**BT Natural Resources** 

NT Air

NT Soil

NT Water

**Environmental Response Team** - Group of hazardous waste experts who provide multidisciplinary assistance to EPA's other hazardous waste experts.

BT Emergency Response

**Environmental Risk** 

use Ecological Risk

**EP Toxicity** - Characteristic of a hazardous waste marked by high concentrations of heavy metals or specific pesticides.

BT Analysis

RT Corrosivity

RT Ignitability

RT Reactivity

**Equipment** - Machines used to provide a variety of services in the treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous waste.

BT Control Methods

NT Retro-fit

**Evaporation** - A physical treatment process through which heat energy is applied to a solution, slurry, or suspended solid mixture to vaporize part of the mixture while concentrating the semisolid components.

**BT** Physical Treatment

- **Excavation -** Physical treatment process through which a hazardous waste is removed from within the ground.
  - **BT** Physical Treatment
  - RT Extraction
- **Exemptions** The release of an entity from a previously determined obligation related to hazardous waste regulation.
  - BT Regulations
  - RT Delisting
- **Extraction** Physical treatment process through which dissolved or absorbed substances are transferred from a liquid or solid phase of a solvent.
  - **BT** Physical Treatment
  - NT Soil Washing/Soil Flushing
  - NT Supercritical Extraction
  - RT Excavation
- **Facility Standards** Operating guidelines, determined by the EPA, for treatment, storage, and disposal facilities.
  - BT Regulations
  - **RT** Location Standards

#### Feasibility Study

use Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS)

- **Federal Facilities** Federally owned buildings or sites or federally run programs that are sources of hazardous waste.
  - **BT** Generators
- **Fee Systems** Method for funding hazardous waste disposal in which the "user" is assessed a fee for use of disposal program.
  - BT Economic Assessment
- **Filtration** A physical treatment process in which suspended solids are removed from a fluid by passage through a porous media with a force of gravity.
  - **BT** Physical Treatment

#### **Financial Responsibility Requirements**

Financial Responsibility Requirements - The requirement through which owners and operators prove adequate funding is available through insurance or trust funds for their closure or post-closure plans.

BT Regulations

Fires - The combustion of a release of hazardous materials.

BT Releases

Fixation

use Stabilization/Solidification

Fluidized Bed Incineration - Type of incineration that uses refractory-lined vessels containing a bed of graded, inert granular material.

BT incineration

Fly Ash

use Pozzolanic Process

Fuels - Includes motor fuels, gasoline, etc.

BT Organic Chemicals

**Funds** - Sources of money for hazardous waste cleanup and control, raised through taxes and authorized by legislation.

BT Legislation

NT 311(K) Fund

NT LUST Trust Fund

NT Post-Closure Liability Fund

RT Superfund

RT Taxes

#### Garbage

use Municipalities

**Gas Chromatography** - Method for separating and analyzing complex mixtures of volatile organic and inorganic compounds.

BT Analysis

#### Gasoline

use Fuels

**Generators** - Producers of hazardous waste. May be further defined by industry, quantity, or source.

BT Assessment

NT Energy

NT Federal Facilities

NT Industry

NT Municipalities

NT Sites

NT Small Quantity Generators

RT Waste Types

**Geothermal** - A form of energy produced from the heat of the earth's interior.

BT **Energy** 

**Government** - Reserved for items of a very general nature. Use international, local, or State for issues addressed at such levels; otherwise, items are assumed to address issues, policies, programs, etc., at the national level.

NT International

NT Local

NT State

RT Legislation

RT Regulations

Groundwater - Fresh water below the earth's surface.

BT Water

**Guidance** - Documents or portions of documents that provide interpretation, suggestions, or recommendations consistent with legislation. Guidance materials do not supersede legislation.

BT Policy

Hazard Ranking System

use Mitre Model

#### Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA)

## Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) - Amendments to RCRA. Use for RCRA Amendments.

BT Legislation

BT RCRA

NT Section 3008(h)

Hazardous Substance Lists - Total of four lists of substances that meet requirements as hazardous as defined by 40 CFR sec. 261 subpart D. Use for Listed Hazardous Waste.

BT Regulations

NT Appendix VIII Constituents

NT Delisting

#### Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund

use Superfund

Hazardous Substances - Substances that adversely affect the life process.

NT Carcinogens

NT Inorganic Chemicals

NT Mutagens

NT Organic Chemicals

NT Pesticides

RT Waste Types

#### Hazardous Waste Trust Fund

use Superfund

#### Health and Environmental Effects Document (HEEDS) - Special type of

document prepared to support listings under RCRA and provide health-related limits for emergency actions under CERCLA.

BT Human Health Risk

**RT** Health and Environmental Effects Profile (HEEPS)

RT Health Effects Assessment (HEAS)

**RT** Toxicological Profile

# Health and Environmental Effects Profile (HEEPS) - Special type of document prepared to support listings of hazardous constituents under Section 3001 of RCRA and provide health related limits for emergency actions under Section 101 of CERCLA.

BT Human Health Risk

RT Health and Environmental Effects Document (HEEDS)

RT Health Effects Assessment (HEAS)

RT Toxicological Profile

**Health Effects Assessment (HEAS)** - Special type of document that summarizes and evaluates adverse health effects associated with a particular chemical.

- **BT** Human Health Risk
- RT Health and Environmental Effects Document (HEEDS)
- RT Health and Environmental Effects Profile (HEEPS)
- **RT** Toxicological Profile

#### Herbicides

use Pesticides

**Households** - A building that typically houses a family or a group of families. Households are often sources of hazardous waste.

BT Municipalities

**Human Health Risk** - Includes health risks to individuals as well as the public at large. For more general discussion of environmental risks use ecological risk.

- BT Assessment
- NT Health and Environmental Effects Documents (HEEDS)
- NT Health and Environmental Effects Profile (HEEPS)
- NT Health Effects Assessment (HEAS)
- NT Toxicological Profile
- NT Worker Protection

#### Hyperfiltration

use **Membrane Separation** 

**Ignitability** - Characteristic of hazardous waste whereby it is easily combustible or flammable.

- BT Analysis
- RT Corrosivity
- RT EP Toxicity
- RT Reactivity

Illegal Actions - Violation of a law or regulation.

BT Enforcement

#### **Immobilization**

use Stabilization/Solidification

- In-Situ Treatment of contaminated soils applied without the excavation of the materials to be treated.
  - **BT** Control Methods

**Incineration** - Controlled process that uses combustion to convert a waste to a less bulky, less toxic material in an oxygenated environment.

- **BT** Thermal Treatment
- NT Boilers
- NT Fluidized Bed Incineration
- NT Industrial Kilns
- NT Liquid Injection Incineration
- NT Molten Salt Incineration

**Incompatibility** - Characteristics of two hazardous waste substances that when put together cause combustion or any other potentially dangerous action.

BT Analysis

**Indemnification** - Securing against loss or damage.

BT Liability

Indian Lands - Land that is part of an Indian reservation.

BT Ecological Risk

Industrial Kilns - Vessels constructed of steel casings and lined with refractory brick in which hazardous waste is burned as fuel. Includes cement, lime, aggregated, and clay kilns.

BT Incineration

NT Rotary Kilns

Industry - Private generators of hazardous waste. Use for commercial.

- BT Generators
- NT Batteries
- NT Construction
- NT Electroplating
- NT Mining

**Infectious Wastes** - Waste capable of producing an infectious disease, characterized by the presence of a pathogen with sufficient virulence to cause illness.

BT Waste Types

**Information Sources** - Sources of information pertaining to hazardous waste.

- BT Management
- NT Bibliographies
- NT Case Studies
- NT Databases
- NT Directories
- NT Inventories
- NT Technology Transfer Documents

#### Injection Wells

use Underground Injection

#### **Innovative Technologies**

use Alternative Technologies

**Inorganic Chemicals** - Non-carbon chemical compounds.

- **BT** Hazardous Substances
- NT Acids
- NT Asbestos
- NT Metals
- NT Solvents
- **RT** Organic Chemicals

**Inspection** - Examination of a hazardous waste site, facility, or generator.

BT Monitoring

**Insurance** - Contract that guaranties protection, through compensation, from a loss or damage.

- BT Liability
- NT Private Insurance

Interim Prohibition - Section 9003(g) of RCRA. Prohibits the installation of underground storage tanks for storing hazardous substances unless certain requirements are met.

BT RCRA

#### Interim Status

Interim Status - Status of hazardous waste disposal facility until a permit to operate the facility under RCRA guidelines is granted or denied.

BT Regulation

RT Loss of Interim Status (LOIS)

RT Permits

RT RCRA

**International** - Includes items that discuss the United States and other nations together, or items that solely discuss nations other than the United States.

BT Government

Inventories - Lists of particular items.

**BT** Information Sources

#### Lagoons

use Aerated Lagoons

Land Treatment - Means of waste management in which wastes are deposited and worked into the soil where natural processes degrade and demobilize the hazardous constituents within the soil.

**BT** Conventional Treatment

**Landfills** - Disposal facilities where hazardous waste is placed in containers, or in bulk form, covered with soils and left indefinitely.

BT Conventional Treatment

NT Backfill

NT Capping

NT Open Landfills

RT Backfill

#### Lawsuits

use Litigation

**Leachates** - A liquid that results from water collecting contaminants as it trickles through wastes, agricultural pesticides, or fertilizers.

BT Waste Types

- **Leaching** Process by which hazardous chemicals are dissolved or carried away by water or moved into a lower layer of soil.
  - BT Migration
- **Legal Aspects** Legislation and resultant regulations, funds, enforcement procedures, and liability related to hazardous waste enforcement.
  - NT Cooperative Agreements
  - NT Enforcement
  - NT Legislation
  - NT Liability
  - NT Regulations
- Legislation Laws, amendments, and particular funds created by the laws.
  - BT Legal Aspects
  - NT CERCLA
  - NT Clean Air Act
  - NT Clean Water Act
  - NT Funds
  - NT Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA)
  - NT OSHA
  - NT RCRA
  - NT Reauthorization
  - NT SARA
  - NT TSCA
  - **RT Government**
- Liability Economic responsibility for costs involved in cleanup of a site.
  - BT Legal Aspects
  - NT Claims
  - NT Cost Recovery
  - NT Indemnification
  - NT Insurance
  - NT Penalties
  - NT Potentially Responsible Parties (PRP)
  - NT Responsible Parties
  - RT Economic Impact
  - RT Mixed Funding
- **Liners** Materials used to prevent the migration of hazardous waste to the surrounding environment.
  - BT Conventional Treatment

#### **Liquid Injection Incineration**

- **Liquid Injection Incineration** Process which uses a series of atomizing devices to introduce finely divided droplets of waste mixed with air into a refractory-lined combustion chamber.
  - BT Incineration

Liquid Wastes - A waste of fluid form.

BT Waste Types

NT Slurry

Listed Hazardous Waste

use Hazardous Substance Lists

Litigation - Use for lawsuits.

BT Enforcement

NT Civil Judicial Action

NT Criminal Judicial Action

**Local** - Includes Government agencies, programs, laws, etc., below the State level such as municipal or county.

BT Government

#### **Location Standards**

BT Regulations

**RT** Facility Standards

**Loss of Interim Status (LOIS)** - The revocation of interim status of a hazardous waste facility, caused by the inability of the facility to meet certain RCRA requirements.

BT Regulations

RT Interim Status

RT Permits

RT RCRA

**LUST Trust Fund** - The Fund created by Subtitle I of the HSWA for Federal response to the problem of leaking underground storage tanks.

BT Funds

BT Subtitle I

**Management** - The supervision of programs, policies, regulations, etc., and the tools used in such supervision.

NT Contractors

NT Contracts

**NT** Information Sources

NT Policy

NT Training

**Manifest** - Invoice of cargo of a shipment of hazardous waste. Regulations require every shipment of hazardous waste to have a manifest with copies submitted to State and regional offices.

BT Transportation

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) - Document(s) which delineate physical properties, exposure limits, emergency procedures, etc., for specific hazardous chemicals.

**BT** Community Awareness

RT Training

Materials Recovery - Reclamation of useful constituent fractions within a waste material or the removal of contaminants from a waste source that allows it to be reused.

BT Waste Minimization

RT Recycling

**Mediation** - The process of the settling of a dispute by a third party.

BT **Enforcement** 

**RT Negotiations** 

**RT Settlements** 

**Medical Waste** - Includes all infectious waste, hazardous (including all low level radioactive) waste, and any other types of waste that are generated from all types of health care institutions.

BT Waste Types

**Membrane Separation** - Separation of solutes or contaminants from liquids through the use of semipermeable membranes. The membranes selectively reject contaminants. Includes ultrafiltration and hyperfiltration. A physical treatment process.

**BT** Physical Treatment

NT Electrodialysis

Metals - Includes trace metals and heavy metals.

**BT** inorganic Chemicals

**Methodology** - Procedures used, or the evaluation of procedures.

- BT Assessment
- NT Data
- NT Design
- NT Models
- NT Quality Assurance
- NT Sampling
- RT Analysis
- RT Data Quality Objectives (DQO)
- RT Monitoring

Migration - Uncontrolled movement of hazardous waste through the environment.

- BT Monitoring
- NT Leaching

**Mining -** An industry involved in the removal of ores, coal, etc. from under the surface of the ground.

BT **Industry** 

Mitre Model - Developed by Mitre Corporation in 1981. Calculates score for potential Superfund sites. Those with high enough scores are placed on the National Priorities List.

- BT Models
- **BT** National Priorities List

**Mixed Funding** - Monies from both Superfund and the responsible parties are used to pay for cleanup at Superfund sites.

- BT Superfund
- RT Costs
- RT Liability

**Mobile Treatment** - Modular equipment and the corresponding processes that can be brought to a hazardous waste site and transported to a number of sites. Generally, the equipment is smaller than conventional equipment used in permanent structures.

**BT** Alternative Technologies

**Models** - An investigative tool using a mathematical or physical representation of a system or theory that accounts for all or some of its known properties.

BT Methodology NT Mitre Model

**Molten Salt Incineration** - A form of incineration of waste material that takes place beneath a bed of molten salt.

BT Incineration

**Monitoring** - Periodic or continuous review of a program, facility, or the environment.

BT Assessment NT Inspection

NT Migration

NT Sensing Techniques

RT Analysis

RT Methodology

**Municipalities** - Townships or cities. Actions taken by the municipality may lead to the proliferation of hazardous waste.

BT Generators

NT Households

NT Sewage

**Mutagens -** Any substance that can cause a change in genetic material.

BT Hazardous Substances

National Contingency Plan - Establishes basic Government procedures for coordinating State and Federal response at Superfund sites. Use for National Oil and Hazardous Substances Contingency Plan.

BT Superfund

National Priorities List - List of the most hazardous sites under the Superfund program.

BT Superfund

NT Mitre Model

**Natural Resources** - Land, fish, wildlife, biota, air, water, and other resources belonging to, managed by, or held in trust by the United States.

BT Ecological Risk

NT Environmental Media

**Negotiations** - The submitting and consideration of offers until an acceptable offer is made and accepted.

BT Enforcement

RT Mediation

RT Settlements

**Neutralization** - Chemical treatment process in which the interaction of an acid or base with another solution results in solution or mixture with a ph of between 5 and 9.

**BT** Chemical Treatment

Non-compliance - The act of not meeting up to the particular requirement of a regulation.

BT Regulations

RT Compliance

**Notification** - As required by Right-to-Know Provision, Title 3 of SARA, companies must alert residents of the release of a hazardous substance.

**BT** Community Awareness

NT Confidentiality

**Nuclear Waste** 

use Radioactivity

**Ocean Dumping** - Disposal of hazardous waste at sea, subject to the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act.

BT Control Methods

**Oceans** - Bodies of salt water that cover approximately 3/4 of the surface of the earth.

BT Water

**Off-site** - Treatment, regulation, production, etc., of hazardous waste other than at the site of its generation.

BT Sites

**Oils** - Non-specific term applied to several groups of organic mixtures. Includes petroleum oils and lubricants.

**BT** Organic Compounds

**On-site** - Treatment, regulation, production, etc., of hazardous waste on the property of the generator of the hazardous waste.

BT Sites

**Open Landfills** - Any facility or site where hazardous waste is disposed of which is not a sanitary landfill meeting the criteria promulgated under section 4004 of RCRA.

BT Landfills

Organic Chemicals - Chemical compounds of carbon, excluding carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbolic acid, metallic carbides, metallic carbonates, and ammonium carbonate. Includes VOC, "volatile organic compounds."

**BT** Hazardous Substances

NT Acids

NT Dioxins

NT Fuels

NT Oils

NT Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

NT Solvents

**RT** Inorganic Chemicals

**OSHA** - Occupational Safety and Health Act.

BT Legislation

Penalties - Includes both civil and criminal penalties.

BT Liability

**Permits** - Compliance of a hazardous waste facility with requirements of RCRA.

BT Regulations

RT Loss of Interim Status (LOIS)

RT Interim Status

**Pesticides** - Chemical agents used to kill both plant and animal life that are seen as threats to agricultural productivity. Includes herbicides.

BT Hazardous Substances

Petroleum

use Fuels

- **Phase Separation** Physical treatment process used to separate solid/liquid or liquid/liquid suspension with different specific gravities.
  - **BT** Physical Treatment
  - NT Centrification
- Phenol Carbolic acid.
  - BT Acids
  - BT Carcinogens
- **Physical Treatment** Processes that separate waste streams by either applying physical forces or changing the physical form of the waste. In either case, the chemical structure of the waste stays the same.
  - BT Alternative Technologies
  - NT Adsorption
  - NT Air Stripping
  - NT Evaporation
  - NT Excavation
  - NT Extraction
  - NT Filtration
  - NT Membrane Separation
  - NT Phase Separation
  - NT Slurry Trenching
  - NT Steam Stripping
- **Policy** The general principles by which the Government is guided in its management of public affairs. May also include the intended audience of the policy.
  - BT Management
  - NT Directives
  - NT Guidance
  - NT Regions

#### Pollution Fund

use 311(K) Fund

- **Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)** Any of several organic compounds used in plastics manufacturing or transformers that are toxic and persistent environmental pollutants.
  - BT Carcinogens
  - BT Organic Chemicals

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

use Carcinogens

**Polymerization** - Process which uses catalysts to convert a lower order polymer of a particular compound to a larger order chemical multiple with different properties for in-place stabilization/solidification.

BT Stabilization/Solidification

**Post-Closure Liability Fund** - Originally authorized by CERCLA to pay cost of monitoring and maintenance of hazardous waste sites. Repealed by SARA.

BT CERCLA

BT Funds

BT SARA

**Potentially Responsible Parties (PRP)** - Parties identified by EPA which may be responsible for the hazardous waste at an uncontrolled hazardous waste site.

BT Liability

**RT** Responsible Parties

**Pozzolanic Process** - Method of solidification/stabilization in which waste is mixed with fine grained siliceous materials such as fly ash or cement kiln dust to produce a solid.

BT Stabilization/Solidification

**Pre-Remedial** - In the cleanup of a Superfund site the stage prior to the implementation of the selected remedy.

BT Cleanup

Principal Organic Hazardous Constituents

use Appendix VIII Constituents

**Private Insurance** - Any insurance not provided by a government entity.

BT Insurance

Public Health

use Human Health Risk

**Pyrolysis** - Thermal decomposition of hazardous materials in an oxygen deficient atmosphere.

**BT** Thermal Treatment

**Quality Assurance** - A system of procedures, checks, audits, and corrective actions used to ensure that field work and laboratory analysis during the investigation and cleanup of Superfund sites meet established standards.

BT Methodology

**Radioactivity** - Emission of alpha, beta, or gamma rays either naturally or as the result of human manipulation. Use for nuclear.

BT Energy

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

BT Legislation

NT Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA)

NT Interim Prohibition

NT Subtitle C

NT Subtitle D

NT Subtitle I

RT Interim Status

RT Loss of Interim Status (LOIS)

## **RCRA Amendments**

use Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA)

**Reactivity** - Characteristic of hazardous waste whereby it is unstable and rapidly undergoes a chemical reaction with other materials.

BT Analysis

RT Corrosivity

RT EP Toxicity

RT Ignitability

**Reauthorization** - The reapproval of a specific piece of legislation or program. Includes the debate and discussion of the issues associated with the reauthorization.

BT Legislation

NT SARA

RT Superfund

- **Record of Decision (ROD)** Compiled for each site on the National Priorities List. Delineates contamination, cleanup, and liability issues for each site.
  - BT Superfund
  - RT Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS)
- **Recordkeeping Requirements** Those requirements set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations for the transportation, collection, and disposal of hazardous waste.
  - BT Regulations
  - **RT** Reporting Requirements
- **Recycling** The use or reuse of a waste as an effective substitute for a commercial product or as an ingredient of feedstock in an industrial process.
  - BT Waste Minimization
  - **RT** Materials Recovery
- **Region 1** Includes States of Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut.
  - BT Regions
- **Region 2** Includes States of New York and New Jersey; Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.
  - BT Regions
- **Region 3** Includes States of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Virginia; and the District of Columbia.
  - BT Regions
- **Region 4** Includes States of Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, and Mississippi.
  - BT Regions
- Region 5 Includes States of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio.
  - BT Regions

Region 6 - Includes States of New Mexico, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Louisiana.

BT Regions

Region 7 - Includes States of Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, and Missouri.

BT Regions

**Region 8** - Includes States of Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Utah, and Colorado.

BT Regions

Region 9 - Includes States of California, Nevada, Arizona, Hawaii; and Guarn.

BT **Regions** 

Region 10 - Includes States of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, and Alaska.

BT Regions

**Regions** - EPA administrative units.

BT Policy

NT Region 1

NT Region 2

NT Region 3

NT Region 4

NT Region 5

NT Region 6

NT Region 7

NT Region 8

NT Region 9

NT Region 10

**Regulations** - Rules or orders issued by governmental departments to carry out the intent of the law. Use for standards.

BT Legal Aspects

NT Alternative Concentration Limits (ACL)

NT California List

NT Compliance

NT Exemptions

NT Facility Standards

NT Financial Responsibility Requirements

NT Hazardous Substance Lists

(continued on p. 37)

# Regulations - continued

- NT interim Status
- NT Location Standards
- NT Loss of Interim Status (LOIS)
- NT Non-compliance
- NT Permits
- NT Recordkeeping Requirements
- NT Reporting Requirements
- RT Government

Releases - The unintentional spill or emission of hazardous materials into the environment.

- BT Emergency Response
- NT Fires

**Remedial Actions** - Those solutions either proposed or actually undertaken for the permanent cleanup at a Superfund site. Use for Remedial Designs, Remedial Response.

- BT Cleanup
- **BT** Remedy Selection
- NT Data Quality Objectives (DQO)
- **RT** Removal Actions

# Remedial Designs

use Remedial Actions

Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) - Two studies conducted at all National Priority List sites. RI determines the type and extent of contamination. FS evaluates the cleanup alternatives.

- BT Cleanup
- **BT** Remedy Selection
- RT Record of Decision (ROD)

# Remedial Response

use Remedial Actions

Remedy Selection - Process by which a methodology is chosen for the cleanup of a Superfund site. The selection process represents the best balance between the effectiveness, implementation, and cost factors examined in the Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study process.

BT Cleanup

**NT Remedial Actions** 

NT Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS)

NT Removal Actions

**Removal Actions** - Cleanup actions at Superfund sites which may not be permanent in nature.

BT Cleanup

BT Emergency Response

BT Remedy Selection

RT Remedial Actions

**Reporting Requirements** - Certain requirements for the reporting of a spill or unintentional release of hazardous waste into the environment.

BT Regulations

RT Recordkeeping Requirements

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

use RCRA

Resource Recovery

use Materials Recovery

**Responsible Parties** - Parties identified by EPA that are responsible for hazardous wastes at a controlled hazardous waste site. Such parties are liable for costs incurred by the Government for removal or immediate action, etc.

BT Liability

RT Cost Recovery

RT Potentially Responsible Parties (PRP)

**Restoration** - Process of returning a damaged environment to its pre-damaged state, excludes Superfund program. Use for non Superfund program cleanup.

BT Ecological Risk

RT Cleanup

- **Retro-fit** The addition of a new item, modification or removal of an existing item of equipment beyond that of regular maintenance.
  - BT **Equipment**
- Right-to-Know Title III of SARA, "Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986." Establishes: (1) regulatory program that requires the disclosure of information about the danger of hazardous chemicals to the public; and (2) emergency response plans in case of endangerment from a hazardous chemical or substance.
  - BT SARA
  - **RT** Community Awareness
  - **RT** Emergency Preparedness
- **Rotary Kilns** Kilns in which the combustion of the waste is enhanced through the rotation of the kiln on its axis.
  - BT Industrial Kilns
- Sampling A statistical method in which a subset of a group is used for testing or analysis.
  - BT Methodology
- SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986.
  - BT Legislation
  - BT Reauthorization
  - NT Right-to-Know
  - NT Post Closure Liability Fund
  - RT CERCLA
- **Section 3008(H)** Part of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments. Allows the EPA to take enforcement action to require corrective action or other responses necessary to protect human life whenever there has been a hazardous release in the environment.
  - BT Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA)
  - RT Enforcement
- **Sensing Techniques** Specific means by which monitoring of the environment is accomplished.
  - BT Monitoring
  - NT Bioassay

**Settlements** - An agreement between two parties relating to hazardous waste regulatory enforcement.

BT Enforcement

NT De Minimis

RT Cost Recovery

RT Mediation

**RT Negotiations** 

Sewage - Waste matter, including human body wastes, carried within sewers or drains.

**BT** Municipalities

**Sites** - The land or water area or facility where hazardous waste is either generated, stored, or treated, including adjacent land used in conjunction with such activities.

BT Generators

NT Abandoned Sites

NT Off-Site

NT On-Site

NT Uncontrolled Sites

**Sludge** - The concentration of solids removed from sewage during wastewater treatment.

**BT** Solid Wastes

**Slurry** - A watery mixture of insoluble matter that results from some pollution control techniques.

**BT** Liquid Wastes

**Slurry Trenching** - A subsurface cut-off or wall of low permeability placed near a polluting waste source in order to capture or contain resulting contamination.

**BT** Physical Treatment

Slurry Walls

use Slurry Trenching

**Small Quantity Generators** - Businesses that produce less than 1,000 kilograms or 2,200 pounds of hazardous waste in a month.

**BT** Generators

**Soil** - The surface layer of the earth.

BT Environmental Media

NT Aquifer

**Soil Washing/Soil Flushing** - Physical treatment process which extracts contaminants from a sludge-soil matrix using a liquid medium process. An extraction process specifically for soils.

BT Extraction

**Solid Wastes** - Non-liquid, non-soluble materials, ranging from municipal garbage to industrial wastes that contain complex, and sometimes hazardous substances.

BT Waste Types

NT Dusts

NT Sludge

Solvent Extraction

use Extraction

**Solvents** - A substance that dissolves other materials, reducing them to molecular or ionic form.

BT Inorganic Chemicals

**BT** Organic Chemicals

**Sorption** - Method of solidification/stabilization in which hazard contaminants are bound up in pozzolan type matrices through either physical or chemical sorption.

BT Stabilization/Solidification

**Source Reduction** - The reduction or elimination of waste generated at the source, usually through an external process. Source reduction implies any action that reduces the amount from a process.

**BT** Waste Minimization

Sources

use **Generators** 

Spills

use Releases

**Stabilization Ponds** - A large shallow basin for purifying industrial wastes which encourages the growth of bacteria and algae in converting organic materials to nontoxic organic substances.

**BT** Biological Treatment

Stabilization/Solidification - Treatment to improve the structural stability and reduce the migration of waste. Often involves the conversion of a liquid waste to a solid waste. An alternative technology. Includes related equipment. Use for immobilization or fixation.

BT Alternative Technologies

NT Cementing

NT Polymerization

NT Pozzolanic Process

NT Sorption

## Standards

use Regulations

State - Includes interstate as well as intrastate items.

**BT** Government

**Steam Stripping** - Physical treatment process in which hazardous organic constituents are removed by volatilization through the dual process of heating wastewater to its boiling point and then forcing the resulting steam through the water.

**BT** Physical Treatment

**Storage** - The placement of non-treated hazardous waste at facilities or sites.

**BT** Conventional Treatment

NT Containers

**Storage Tanks** - Stationary devices constructed primarily of non-earthen materials designed to contain an accumulation of hazardous waste.

BT Containers

NT Corrosion

NT Underground Storage Tanks

**Subtitle C** - Part of RCRA. Concerns the management of hazardous waste.

BT RCRA

**Subtitle D** - Part of RCRA. Establishes a framework for coordinating Federal, State, and local government in the management of non-hazardous solid waste.

BT RCRA

Subtitle I - Part of RCRA. Concerns the regulations of Underground Storage Tanks.

BT RCRA

NT LUST Trust Fund

**Supercritical Extraction** - Extraction process which is more efficient than traditional extraction. Within this process wastes are subjected to extremely high temperatures and pressures, thereby altering their solvent properties.

BT Extraction

**Supercritical Water Oxidation** - Process in which air and aqueous wastes are mixed at a temperature and pressure above the critical point of water. The process results in the oxidation of organic wastes to carbon monoxide and water.

BT Wet Oxidation

Superfund - Created by CERCLA, the Comprehensive Environmental Response,
Compensation, and Liability Act. Includes Hazardous Waste Trust Fund, popularly
known as Superfund, and the programs developed for cleaning up the worst existing
hazardous waste sites.

- BT Reauthorization
- NT CERCLIS
- NT Cleanup
- NT Mixed Funding
- NT National Contingency Plan
- NT National Priorities List
- NT Record of Decision (ROD)
- NT Superfund Innovative Technology Evaluation (SITE)
- NT Superfund Study
- NT Treatability Study
- RT CERCLA
- RT Funds

Superfund Innovative Technology Evaluation (SITE) - Two programs to accelerate development and use of new alternative technologies for cleanup at Superfund sites.

BT Superfund

**RT** Alternative Technologies

**Superfund Study** - Includes reports on or audits of the Superfund program, tracked by the Office of Emergency and Remedial Response.

BT Superfund

Surface Impoundments - Facility or part of a facility that can be a natural topographic depression, man-made excavation, or diked area formed primarily of earthen materials. The impoundment may be lined with man-made materials, designed to hold hazardous waste.

BT Conventional Treatment

**Surface Water** - All water naturally open to the atmosphere and all springs, wells, or other collectors that are directly influenced by surface water.

BT Water

**Taxes** - Means of raising money for various funds.

BT Economic Assessment

RT Funds

**Technology Transfer Documents** - A set of key documents, identified by EPA's Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response for the exchange of information on hazardous waste both within and outside EPA. Use for A List, B List, or C List.

BT Information Sources

**Testing** 

use **Analysis** 

Thermal Destruction

use Thermal Treatment

**Thermal Treatment** - Alternative technology through which high temperature is used as the principal means of destroying or detoxifying hazardous waste. Includes related equipment.

**BT** Alternative Technologies

NT Incineration

NT Pyrolysis

NT Wet Oxidation

Title III

use Right-to-Know

**Toxic Substances** 

use Hazardous Substances

**Toxicological Profile** - Characterizes the toxicological and health effects information for a particular hazardous substance. Prepared by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

BT Human Health Risk

RT Health and Environmental Effects Document (HEEDS)

RT Health and Environmental Effects Profile (HEEPS)

RT Health Effects Assessment (HEAS)

**Training** - Includes the teaching or implementation of procedures for safe handling of hazardous waste materials.

BT Management

RT Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

**RT Worker Protection** 

**Transportation** - The intentional movement of hazardous waste by any mode, including a pipeline. Use for transportation by a common or contract carrier, including stoppage in transit. For the unintentional movement of hazardous waste, use migration.

**BT** Conventional Treatment

NT Manifest

**Treatability Study** - A report from the Superfund Treatability Clearinghouse outlining the hazardous waste remediation activities undertaken at a hazardous waste site by a contractor.

BT Superfund

RT Cleanup

**RT** Contractors

Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facility (TSD) - Site where a hazardous substance is treated, stored, or disposed.

BT Control Methods

**TSCA** - Toxic Substance Control Act.

BT Legislation

**Uncontrolled Sites** - Sources of hazardous waste where the contamination is increasing or migrating. No removal procedures or remedial actions have been undertaken.

BT Sites

**Underground Injection** - The disposal of liquid hazardous waste in deep wells drilled in land formations which ideally have no resource value and are non-permeable. Use for injection wells.

**BT** Conventional Treatment

NT Capping

**Underground Storage Tanks** - Stationary devices, often constructed of non-earthen materials, designed to contain an accumulation of hazardous waste. Tanks are typically used to store petroleum related products.

BT Storage Tanks

**Utilities -** Companies engaged in the provision of electric power, gas, water, and other services to the general public.

BT Energy

VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds)

use Organic Chemicals

**Waste Minimization** - The reduction, to the fullest extent feasible, of hazardous waste that is generated or subsequently treated, stored, or disposed of.

BT Control Methods

NT Materials Recovery

NT Recycling

NT Source Reduction

**RT** Alternative Technologies

**RT** Conventional Treatment

#### Waste Reduction

#### use Waste Minimization

- **Waste Types** Any solid, liquid or gaseous material, no longer used, that is either listed as hazardous under RCRA regulations or can be identified as hazardous by the characteristics of ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or EP toxicity.
  - NT Emissions
  - **NT** Infectious Wastes
  - NT Leachates
  - NT Liquid Wastes
  - NT Medical Waste
  - NT Solid Wastes
  - **RT Hazardous Substances**
  - RT Generators
- **Water** Liquid composed of hydrogen and oxygen that occurs on earth as rivers, lakes, and oceans.
  - BT Environmental Media
  - NT Drinking Water
  - NT Groundwater
  - NT Oceans
  - NT Surface Water
- **Wet Oxidation** Thermal treatment of hazardous waste in which organic materials are broken down through the use of elevated temperatures and pressures in a water solution or suspension.
  - **BT** Thermal Treatment
  - NT Supercritical Water Oxidation
- **Worker Protection** Includes the risks encountered in the workplace. For procedures concerning the safe handling of hazardous waste, see Training.
  - BT Human Health Risk
  - RT Training
- **311(K) Fund** Funds from Clean Water Act used to respond to hazardous substance discharge on interim basis before reauthorization of Superfund. Use for Pollution Fund.
  - BT Clean Water Act
  - BT Funds

## LIST OF CORPORATE SOURCES AND THEIR ACRONYMS

Listed below are the names of Government agencies, EPA Program Offices, and other organizations that have produced documents which are included in the Hazardous Waste Superfund Collection and Database. The acronyms listed below can be used as search terms to retrieve items produced by individual agencies.

AEERL AIR AND ENERGY ENGINEERING RESEARCH LAB (EPA)

ASRL ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES RESEARCH LAB (EPA)

ATSDR AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY (EPA)

C&SD/OW CRITERIA AND STANDARDS DIVISION/ OFFICE OF WATER (EPA)

CAD/OSW CHARACTERIZATION AND ASSESSMENT DIVISION/OFFICE OF SOLID

WASTE (EPA)

CBO CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE

CDC CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

CEC COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

CEPP CHEMICAL EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PROGRAM (EPA)

CERI CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH & INFORMATION (EPA)

CERLCOR ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY, CORVALLIS, OR (EPA)

CRS CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE

DOD DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

DOE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

DOI DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

DOJ DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DOT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

EAD ECONOMIC ANALYSIS DIVISION (EPA)

ECAO ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA ASSESSMENT OFFICE (EPA)

ECAOCIN ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA ASSESSMENT OFFICE, CINCINNATI, OH (EPA)

ECAORTP ENVIRONMENTAL CRITERIA ASSESSMENT OFFICE, RESEARCH

TRIANGLE PARK, NC (EPA)

EERF EASTERN ENVIRONMENTAL RADIATION FACILITY, MONTGOMERY, AL

(EPA)

EMSLCIN ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND SUPPORT LAB,

CINCINNATI, OH (EPA)

EMSLLV ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SYSTEMS LAB, LAS VEGAS, NV

(EPA)

EMSLRTP ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SYSTEMS LAB, RESEARCH TRIANGLE

PARK, NC (EPA)

EOP EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

EPA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

EPAHQLIB ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, HEADQUARTERS LIBRARY

EPRB EMERGENCY PLANNING AND RESPONSE BRANCH, OFFICE OF

**EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE (EPA)** 

ERD/OERR EMERGENCY RESPONSE DIVISION/OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND

REMEDIAL RESPONSE (EPA)

ERL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY (EPA)

ERLATHENS ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY, ATHENS, GA (EPA)

ERLDULUTH ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY, DULUTH, MN (EPA)

ERLGULF ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY, GULF BREEZE, FL (EPA)

ERLKERR ROBERT S. KERR ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LAB, ADA, OK (EPA)

ESED EMISSIONS STANDARDS AND ENGINEERING DIVISION (EPA)

ESLLV ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS LABORATORY, LAS VEGAS, NV (EPA)

FEMA FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

GAO GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING OFFICE

GLNPO GREAT LAKES NATIONAL PROGRAM OFFICE (EPA)

GLWQB GREAT LAKES WATER QUALITY BOARD

GWPP GROUND-WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM (EPA)

HEALTH EFFECTS RESEARCH LABORATORY, CINCINNATI, OH (EPA)

HEALTH EFFECTS RESEARCH LAB, RESEARCH TRIANGLE PARK, NC

(EPA)

HIWD/OSW HAZARDOUS AND INDUSTRIAL WASTE DIVISION/ OFFICE OF

SOLID WASTE (EPA)

HRSD/OERR HAZARDOUS RESPONSE SUPPORT DIVISION/ OFFICE OF EMERGENCY

AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE (EPA)

HSCD/OERR HAZARDOUS SITE CONTROL DIVISION/ OFFICE OF EMERGENCY

AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE (EPA)

HSE OF REP U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HSED/OERR HAZARDOUS SITE EVALUATION DIVISION/OERR (EPA)

HWERL HAZARDOUS WASTE ENGINEERING RESEARCH LAB, CINCINNATI, OH

(EPA)

HWGWTF HAZARDOUS WASTE GROUND WATER TASK FORCE (EPA)

IAEA INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY ASSOCIATION

IERL INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LAB (EPA)

IMSD INFORMATION MANAGEMENT AND SERVICES DIVISION (EPA)

MDSD/OW MONITORING AND DATA SUPPORT DIVISION/ OFFICE OF WATER (EPA)

MERL MUNICIPAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY (EPA)

NEA NUCLEAR ENERGY AGENCY

NEIC NATIONAL ENFORCEMENT INVESTIGATIONS CENTER (EPA)

NIOSH NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

NRC NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

NRT NATIONAL RESPONSE TEAM (EPA)

OAE OFFICE OF ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION (EPA)

OAQPS OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY PLANNING AND STANDARDS (EPA)

ODW OFFICE OF DRINKING WATER (EPA)

OEA OFFICE OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (EPA)

OECD ORGANIZATION FOR ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT

OECM OFFICE OF ENFORCEMENT AND COMPLIANCE MONITORING (EPA)

OEMI OFFICE OF ENERGY, MINERALS, AND INDUSTRY (EPA)

OER OFFICE OF EXPLORATORY RESEARCH (EPA)

OERR OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE (EPA)

OGC OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL (EPA)

OGWP OFFICE OF GROUND-WATER PROTECTION (EPA)

OHEA OFFICE OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (EPA)

OHMS/OERR OIL AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SPILL BRANCH/ OFFICE OF

**EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL RESPONSE (EPA)** 

OIG OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL (EPA)

OIRM OFFICE OF INFORMATION RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (EPA)

OLEC OFFICE OF LEGAL AND ENFORCEMENT COUNSEL

OPA OFFICE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS (EPA)

OPE OFFICE OF PLANNING AND EVALUATION (EPA)

OPM/OERR OFFICE OF PROGRAM MANAGEMENT/OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND

REMEDIAL RESPONSE (EPA)

OPMT/OSWER OFFICE OF PROGRAM MANAGEMENT AND TECHNOLOGY, OFFICE OF

SOLID WASTE AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE (EPA)

OPP OFFICE OF PESTICIDE PROGRAMS (EPA)

OPPE OFFICE OF POLICY PLANNING AND EVALUATION (EPA)

OPRM OFFICE OF POLICY AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (EPA)

OPTS OFFICE OF PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES (EPA)

ORD OFFICE OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (EPA)

ORNAL OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY (EPA)

OSBO OFFICE OF SMALL BUSINESS OMBUDSMAN (EPA)

OSMCD OIL AND SPECIAL MATERIALS CONTROL DIVISION (EPA)

OSW OFFICE OF SOLID WASTE (EPA)

OSWER OFFICE OF SOLID WASTE AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE (EPA)

OSWMP OFFICE OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS (EPA)

OTA OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

OTS OFFICE OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES (EPA)

OUST OFFICE OF UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS (EPA)

OW OFFICE OF WATER (EPA)

OWEP OFFICE OF WATER ENFORCEMENT PERMITS (EPA)

OWPE/OSWER OFFICE OF WASTE PROGRAMS ENFORCEMENT/ OFFICE OF SOLID

WASTE AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE (EPA)

OWRS/OW OFFICE OF WATER REGULATION AND STANDARDS/ OFFICE OF WATER

(EPA)

OWWM OFFICE OF WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT (EPA)

PAS/OERR POLICY ANALYSIS STAFF/OFFICE OF EMERGENCY AND REMEDIAL

**RESPONSE (EPA)** 

PSPD/OSW PERMITS AND STATE PROGRAM DIVISION/OFFICE OF SOLID WASTE

(EPA)

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REG.7 REGION 7

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SPB/OSW STATE PROGRAMS BRANCH/ OFFICE OF SOLID WASTE (EPA)

TRDB TEST RULES DEVELOPMENT BRANCH (EPA)

TREASURY U.S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

USAF U.S. AIR FORCE

USGS U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

WERL WASTE ENGINEERING RESEARCH LAB (EPA)

WIB/OSW WASTE IDENTIFICATION BRANCH/OFFICE OF SOLID WASTE (EPA)

WMED/OSW WASTE MANAGEMENT AND ECONOMICS DIVISION/ OFFICE OF SOLID

WASTE (EPA)