

3 DAYS ONLY

EPA530-R-94-005g ✓
PB94-922 407

MONTHLY HOTLINE REPORT

July 1994

RCRA/UST, Superfund, and EPCRA



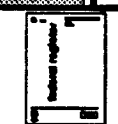
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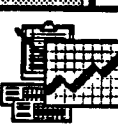
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RCRA/UST, Superfund, and EPCRA
National Toll-Free Nos.: 800-424-9346 or 800-535-0202
Local: 703-412-9810
TDD National Toll-Free No.: 800-553-7672

This report is prepared and submitted in support of Contract No. 68-W0-0039.

EPA Project Officer:

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Washington, DC 20460

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HOTLINE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

RCRA

1. Waste Minimization and Recycling Activities That Resemble Conventional Waste Management Practices

Large quantity generators of hazardous waste and treatment, storage, and disposal facilities who generate and manage hazardous waste on-site are required to certify that they have a waste minimization program in place. Do recycling activities classified as burning for energy recovery as defined in 40 CFR §261.2(c)(2) or use constituting disposal as defined in 40 CFR §261.2(c)(1) qualify as waste minimization?

Burning for energy recovery and use constituting disposal do not qualify as waste minimization. The scope of the waste minimization program encompasses source reduction and environmentally sound recycling practices (58 FR 31114; May 28, 1993). Source reduction involves decreasing the amount of any hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant entering any wastestream prior to recycling, treatment, or disposal, while recycling includes the use, reuse, or reclamation of hazardous waste. Recycling activities closely resembling conventional waste management activities do not qualify as waste minimization (58 FR 31115; May 28, 1993). Burning for energy recovery is considered a recycling process that closely resembles incineration, a conventional waste management practice. Much like incineration, burning for energy recovery disposes of

hazardous constituents by destruction as well as by releasing toxic constituents into the air (53 FR 522; January 8, 1988). Similarly, any activity in which hazardous waste is recycled by being placed on the land, for example as a dust suppressant or soil conditioner, is considered use constituting disposal, and is analogous to conventional waste disposal in land-based units, such as landfills and surface impoundments (50 FR 628; January 4, 1985). Since burning for energy recovery and use constituting disposal are similar to conventional waste disposal practices, neither activity would qualify as waste minimization.

UST

2. Definition of Annual and "Every Five Years" for Purposes of Tank Tightness Testing

Owners/operator of new and existing underground storage tank (UST) systems are required to provide release detection for spill and leaks of regulated substances (280.40(a)). As a temporary method of release detection, owners/operators can use a combination of tank tightness testing and manual monthly inventory to meet the release detection requirements (280.41(a)(1)-(2)). For USTs which have not met the performance standards of §280.20 or §280.21, the owner or operator is required to conduct monthly inventory control and annual tank tightness testing (§280.41(a)(2)). For USTs which have met the performance standards, owners/

operators must conduct monthly inventory control and tank tightness testing every five years. For purposes of these requirements, how are annual and "every five years" defined?

As explained in a March 1993 memorandum, in terms of tank tightness testing, annual means once every 12 months, not once every calendar year (Regulatory Interpretation from Zielgle to UST/LUST Regional Program Managers, March 17, 1993). Further, the date to use when calculating the 12 month period is the tank tightness testing date and not the date by which the facility had to comply with release detection. Section 280.40(c) states that all UST systems must comply with the release detection requirements by December 22 of the appropriate year. Therefore, the tank tightness test must be first conducted within the 12 month period before the compliance date, and again, on or before the anniversary date of the original test (§280.41(a)(2)). For example, if the deadline for meeting the release detection requirements was December 22, 1993, and the UST system was tested on January 1, 1993, the UST system was in compliance with the release detection requirements. To remain in compliance, the owner/operator needed to perform the next tank tightness test on or before January 1, 1994.

The definition of the phrase "every five years" is similar. "Every five years" means on or before the date five years later. For example, if a the UST system performed its initial tank tightness test on January 1, 1993, the owner/operator would be required to retest the UST system on or before January 1, 1998.

EPCRA

3. Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) Determination for Substances in Molten Form

Facilities are subject to emergency planning and notification requirements under EPCRA (also known as SARA Title III) when an extremely hazardous substance (EHS) is present at a facility in an amount equal to or in excess of its TPQ. For some EHSs that are solids, two TPQs are given (e.g., 500/10,000 pounds). The lower quantity applies only if the solid exists in powder form or is handled in solution or molten form (40 CFR §355.30(e)(2)(i)). Otherwise, the 10,000-pound TPQ applies. The amount of substance in molten form must be multiplied by 0.3 to determine whether the lower TPQ is met (40 CFR §355.30(e)(2)(iv)). What is the significance of multiplying by the fraction 0.3 and how was this fraction chosen?

Emergency planning for EHSs under EPCRA is based on estimates of the quantity of an EHS released to the air. One of the factors that affect the quantity that actually becomes airborne is the physical state of the substance. At molten temperatures, significant amounts of vapor are not likely to be generated. The Agency examined the fraction of volatilization expected from the solids on the EHS list and found that the amount of chemical that actually volatilizes ranges from 0.008 to 0.3 pounds per minute per pound spilled. Since information was not available for all the solids on the EHS list, the Agency chose to incorporate the more conservative fraction of 0.3 for TPQ determination. As a result, a facility that handles an EHS in molten form must multiply the amount of molten material by 0.3 to determine the weight applied toward the TPQ.



NEW PUBLICATIONS

HOW TO ORDER ...

NTIS Publications are available by calling (703) 487-4650, or writing NTIS, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161. Use the NTIS Order Number listed under the document.

EPA Publications are available through the Hotline. Use the EPA Order Number listed under the document.

RCRA/UST, Superfund, and EPCRA

National Toll-Free Nos.: 800-424-9346 or 800-535-0202

Local: 703-412-9810

TDD National Toll-Free No.: 800-553-7672

RCRA

TITLE: "Environmental Fact Sheet: Options Proposed for Managing Discarded Fluorescent and Other Lights that Contain Mercury"

AVAILABILITY: Hotline

EPA ORDER NO.: EPA530-F-94-022

This fact sheet summarizes the proposed rule for management of spent mercury-containing lamps. The proposal contains two options for managing these lamps. The first option would exclude mercury-containing lamps from regulation as hazardous waste if they are disposed in state registered, permitted, or licensed municipal solid waste landfills or sent to mercury-reclamation facilities. Incineration of the lamps in municipal waste combustors would be prohibited. The second option would add mercury-containing lamps to the proposed universal waste system for certain widely generated hazardous wastes.

TITLE: "Is Unit Pricing Right for Your Community?"

AVAILABILITY: Hotline

EPA ORDER NO.: EPA530-F-94-010

This flyer provides information about the benefits of using unit pricing as a waste management option. Unit pricing is an

incentive-based system of paying for solid waste management services by which communities pay for collection services based on the amount of waste they generate. The flyer includes an order form for and a discussion of a document, Pay-As-You Throw: Lessons Learned About Unit Pricing, a comprehensive guidance manual.

TITLE: "Composting Yard Trimmings and Municipal Solid Waste"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-163 250

The document discusses basic composting principles, collection methods, state legislative issues, marketing, community involvement, and current composting technologies. Included are three appendices containing additional sources for information, an analysis of composting equipment, and a glossary of terms.

TITLE: "A Solid Waste Resource Guide for Native Americans: Where to Find Funding and Technical Assistance"

AVAILABILITY: Hotline

EPA ORDER NO.: EPA530-K-94-002

This guide outlines sources of federal financial and technical assistance for management of solid waste and implementation of RCRA

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requirements. It lists specific contacts, guidance documents, and grants available to Tribes from many federal agencies.

TITLE: "Report to Congress on Metal Recovery, Environmental Regulation and Hazardous Waste"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-184 850

This report contains results from an EPA study on the impact of RCRA Subtitle C regulation on metal recovery from hazardous waste in the United States. The document begins with an overview of existing regulations and a characterization of RCRA Subtitle C metal-bearing hazardous wastes. It then provides case studies to illustrate the various impacts of the regulations and addresses current EPA initiatives which encourage environmentally sound metal recovery from hazardous waste.

TITLE: "Report to Congress on Metal Recovery, Environmental Regulation and Hazardous Waste, Executive Summary"

AVAILABILITY: Hotline

EPA ORDER NO.: EPA530-S-93-018

This document summarizes the Report to Congress on Metal Recovery, Environmental Regulation and Hazardous Waste. It provides an overview of the impact of RCRA Subtitle C regulation on metal recovery from hazardous waste in the United States.

TITLE: "Innovative Methods of Managing Environmental Releases at Mine Sites"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-170 255

This report describes source reduction, recycling, and innovative techniques for waste management currently used in mining. The intent of this document is to identify these

practices and foster the transfer of information and technology throughout the mining industry. A list of technical contacts familiar with each technology is provided.

TITLE: "Technical Resource Document: Extraction and Beneficiation of Ores and Minerals; Volume 1: Lead-Zinc"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-170 248

This industry profile is one in a series of profiles of major mining sectors. The report characterizes the geology of lead-zinc ores and the economics of the mining industry. It includes a review of lead-zinc extraction and beneficiation methods, and a discussion of the potential environmental effects that may result from lead-zinc mining. The report concludes with descriptions of applicable regulatory programs.

CERCLA

TITLE: "This is Superfund: A Citizen's Guide to EPA's Superfund Program"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-963 218

This document offers an explanation of the Superfund program for the general public. It outlines the Superfund process and also informs the public about their role in ensuring the cleanup of a contaminated site.

TITLE: "Considering Wetlands at CERCLA Sites"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-963 242

This document aims to provide Superfund site managers and regional wetlands program personnel with policy guidance that will be useful when considering the potential impacts

of response actions on wetlands at Superfund sites. It emphasizes the importance of including wetlands characterization in the Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) phase of the cleanup process. Also included are descriptions of potential Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs) that may affect sites which encompass wetlands.

TITLE: "Guidance Manual for the Integrated Exposure Uptake Biokinetic Model for Lead in Children"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-963 510

The Integrated Exposure Uptake Biokinetic Model for Lead (IEUBK) is a tool designed to model a child's potential exposure to lead from the air, water, soil, dust, and paint present at CERCLA/RCRA sites. EPA expects to use this model to help determine site-specific cleanup levels. This manual was developed to assist the user of IEUBK in entering accurate and complete data. The manual also provides background information on environmental exposure parameters and recommends some useful approaches that allow flexibility for site-specific risk assessments.

TITLE: "Superfund Program Management Manual Fiscal Year 1994"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-963 247

This manual outlines EPA's primary program goals and provides an overview of the Superfund program management /processes for FY94. It is targeted for use by Unit, Section, and Branch Chiefs as a synopsis of this year's priorities and expected achievements. It also provides an outlook on the future direction of the Superfund program.

TITLE: "Descriptions of 42 Final Sites Added to the National Priorities List in May 1994"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-963 255

This document consists of descriptions of the 42 sites added to the National Priorities List (NPL) published in the Federal Register on May 31, 1994 (59 FR 27989). Each description contains detailed information on the conditions at the site upon proposal to the NPL and gives a status update of each site as of May 1994. Also included is an overview of the cleanup process under Superfund.

TITLE: "Background Information: National Priorities List, Final Rule"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-963 253

This bulletin provides a summary of the rulemaking published in the Federal Register on May 31, 1994 (59 FR 27989). Included is the status of the NPL, a list of the sites added by the May rulemaking, and a list by state of all proposed and final NPL sites with corresponding listing dates.

TITLE: "Supplementary Materials: National Priorities List, Final Rule"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-963 254

This bulletin provides information on the purpose of the NPL and the process by which a site is listed. It contains an overview of the statutory requirements and listing policies as well as the procedures for deleting a site from the NPL. Contained at the end of the document are data summaries listing proposed and final NPL sites, proposed sites removed from consideration for NPL listing, and important Federal Register notices.

TITLE: "Technical Background Document for Draft Soil Screening Level Guidance"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: PB94-963 503

This document provides technical details concerning the derivation of the September 30, 1993, Draft Soil Screening Levels (SSLs) Guidance for Superfund. It defines SSLs and provides background information on their development, application, and implementation at Superfund sites. It also provides the technical basis for the development of SSLs addressing the direct ingestion of soil, the inhalation of volatiles and fugitive dust, and the soil-to-ground-water pathway. This document is in draft form and should only be implemented in the context of EPA demonstration pilots.

June 1994

PB94-922 406
530-R-94-005f

July 1994

PB94-922 407
530-R-94-005g

The reports contain questions that required EPA resolution or were frequently asked, publications availability, Federal Register summaries, and Hotline call statistics.

The Monthly Hotline Report Questions and Answers are also available for downloading at no charge from CLU-IN at (301) 589-8366.

OTHER

TITLE: "Monthly Hotline Report"

AVAILABILITY: NTIS

NTIS ORDER NO.: See below

Yearly Subscription PB94-922 400
530-R-94-005

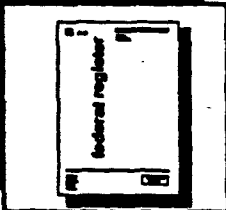
January 1994 PB94-922 401
530-R-94-005a

February 1994 PB94-922 402
530-R-94-005b

March 1994 PB94-922 403
530-R-94-005c

April 1994 PB94-922 404
530-R-94-005d

May 1994 PB94-922 405
530-R-94-005e



FEDERAL REGISTERS

FINAL RULES

RCRA

"Florida; Final Authorization of Revisions to State Hazardous Waste Management Program"
July 11, 1994 (59 FR 35266)

EPA intends to approve Florida's hazardous waste program revisions under RCRA. Final authorization will be effective September 9, 1994, unless EPA publishes a prior action withdrawing this immediate final rule. Comments must be received on or before August 10, 1994.

"Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste; Amendments to Definition of Solid Waste"
July 28, 1994 (59 FR 38536)

EPA excluded from the RCRA regulatory definition of solid waste certain in-process recycled secondary materials utilized by the petroleum refining industry. This rule is effective July 28, 1994.

CERCLA

"National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP); Technical Revisions"
July 14, 1994 (59 FR 35852)

EPA promulgated technical revisions to four sections of the NCP. In addition, EPA promulgated conforming revisions to two

sections of the administrative requirements for CERCLA-funded Cooperative Agreements and Superfund State Contracts for Superfund Response Actions. This rule is effective August 15, 1994.

CERCLA/OPA

"Oil Pollution Prevention; Non-Transportation-Related Onshore Facilities"
July 1, 1994 (59 FR 34070)

EPA amended the Oil Pollution Prevention regulation, promulgated under the Clean Water Act for transportation-related onshore and offshore facilities. The rule, pursuant to the proposed rule of February 17, 1993, requires certain facility owners and operators to prepare plans for responding to a worst case discharge of oil. This rule is effective August 30, 1994.

EPCRA

"Toxic Chemical Release Reporting; Glycol Ethers Category"
July 5, 1994 (59 FR 34386)

EPA redefined the glycol ethers category list of toxic chemicals subject to reporting under EPCRA §313. The glycol ethers category now excludes high molecular weight glycol ethers. This rule is effective June 28, 1994, and therefore affects the Form R reporting which is due July 1, 1994.

PROPOSED RULES**RCRA****"Hazardous Waste Management System;
Mercury-Containing Lamps"
July 27, 1994 (59 FR 38288)**

EPA proposed two alternative approaches for the management of mercury-containing lamps. First is a proposal to conditionally exclude mercury lamps from regulation as hazardous waste. The second approach would add mercury lamps to EPA's Universal Waste Proposal (February 11, 1993; 58 FR 8102). Comments must be submitted on or before September 26, 1994.

EPCRA**"Toxic Chemical Release Reporting;
Alternative Threshold for Low-Level
Releases and Transfers"
July 28, 1994 (59 FR 38524)**

EPA proposed to establish an alternative reporting threshold for those facilities with low-level releases and transfers that would otherwise meet reporting requirements under EPCRA §313. Comments must be received on or before August 29, 1994.

NOTICES**RCRA****"Campo Band of Mission Indians;
Extension of Comment Period
Concerning Municipal Solid Waste
Permit Program"
July 7, 1994 (59 FR 34812)**

EPA extended the comment period concerning the adequacy determination of municipal solid waste landfill permit program. Comments must now be submitted on or before August 1, 1994.

**"Florida; Final Determination of
Adequacy of State/Tribal Municipal
Solid Waste Permit Program"
July 11, 1994 (59 FR 35340)**

Pursuant to RCRA §4005(c)(1)(C), EPA gave notice of final determination of full program adequacy for Florida's municipal solid waste landfill permit program. The determination of adequacy is effective July 11, 1994.

**"New York; Adequacy Determination of
State/Tribal Municipal Solid Waste
Permit Program"
July 28, 1994 (59 FR 38463)**

Pursuant to RCRA §4005(c)(1)(C), EPA gave notice of a tentative determination, public hearing, and public comment period concerning the adequacy of New York's municipal solid waste landfill permit program. The public hearing is scheduled for September 12 and 13, 1994. Comments must be received on or before September 13, 1994.

NOTICES**OUST**

"South Dakota; Final Approval of State Underground Storage Tank (UST) Program"
July 22, 1994 (59 FR 37455)

EPA gave notice of a tentative determination, public hearing and public comment period concerning the adequacy of South Dakota's UST program. The public hearing is scheduled for September 12, 1994. Comments must be submitted on or before August 22, 1994.

CERCLA

"Proposed Agreement and Covenant Not to Sue; Peterson/Puritan, Inc. Site"
July 5, 1994 (59 FR 34437)

EPA proposed to enter into a prospective purchaser agreement and covenant not to sue under CERCLA §107. The agreement resolves potential CERCLA liability for certain parties regarding the Peterson/Puritan, Inc. Site in Lincoln and Cumberland, Rhode Island. Comments must be submitted on or before July 26, 1994.

"Consent Decree; Standard Steel & Metals Salvage Yard Site"
July 7, 1994 (59 FR 34867)

A Consent Decree in United States v. Alaska Railroad Corporation et al., was lodged with the U.S. District Court for the District of Alaska on July 22, 1994. The decree requires the defendants to reimburse EPA for costs incurred in connection with the Standard Steel & Metals Salvage Yard Site in Anchorage, Alaska. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

"Proposed Settlement; Middletown Airfield Site"
July 19, 1994 (59 FR 36757)

EPA proposed to enter into an administrative settlement under CERCLA §107. The settlement requires the settling party to pay EPA \$3,960,959 for costs incurred in connection with the Middletown Airfield Site in Dauphin County, Pennsylvania. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

"Consent Decree; Solvents Recovery Service Site"
July 19, 1994 (59 FR 36783)

A Consent Decree in United States v. Solvents Recovery Service of New England, Inc., et al., was lodged with the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut with the Solvents Recovery Service Site in Southington Township, Connecticut. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

"Consent Decree; Mason County Landfill Site"
July 19, 1994 (59 FR 36784)

A Consent Decree in United States v. Straits Steel & Wire Company, et al., was lodged with the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Michigan on June 30, 1994. The decree requires the defendants to reimburse EPA \$1,350,000 for costs incurred in connection with the Mason County Landfill Site in Ludinton, Michigan. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

NOTICES**"Consent Decree; Shaffer Equipment Site"****July 21, 1994 (59 FR 37265)**

A Consent Decree in United States v. Shaffer Equipment Company, et al., was lodged with the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of West Virginia on July 8, 1994. The decree requires the defendants to reimburse EPA \$600,000 for costs incurred in connection with the Shaffer Equipment Site in Mindon, West Virginia. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

"Consent Decree; Raymark Site"**July 21, 1994 (59 FR 37265)**

A modification to a Consent Decree in United States v. Raymark Industries, Inc., et al., was lodged with the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania on June 29, 1994. The decree requires the defendants to perform remediation and reimburse EPA for costs incurred in connection with the Raymark Site in Hatboro, Pennsylvania. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

"Proposed Settlement; Lone Star Industries, Inc."**July 21, 1994 (59 FR 37264)**

EPA proposed to enter into a settlement under CERCLA §107. The settlement requires Lone Star Industries to reimburse EPA, via secured claim, \$16,292,490 for costs incurred at several Superfund sites. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

"Consent Decree; Manville Corp."**July 21, 1994 (59 FR 37263)**

A Consent Decree in Manville Corp. v. United States was lodged with the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York on June 24, 1994. The decree requires Manville Corp. to reimburse EPA \$1,670,869 for costs incurred at several Superfund sites. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

"Consent Decree; Sharkey Landfill Site"**July 21, 1994 (59 FR 37263)**

A Consent Decree in United States et al. v. CDMG Realty Co. et al., was lodged with the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey on July 5, 1994. The decree requires the defendants to reimburse EPA \$2,050,000 for costs incurred in connection with the Sharkey Landfill site in Morris County, New Jersey. Comments will be received for a period of 30 days from the date of publication.

"National Priorities List (NPL); C & J Disposal Site"**July 21, 1994 (59 FR 37200)**

EPA announced the intent to delete the C & J Disposal Site in Eaton, New York, from the NPL. This action was taken because EPA and the State of New York have determined that no further cleanup under CERCLA is appropriate. This action is effective August 19, 1994.

NOTICES**"Superfund Program; Availability of Guidance Document"****July 28, 1994 (59 FR 38465)**

EPA announced the availability of the document Guidance on Procedures for Submitting CERCLA Section 106(b) Petitions and on EPA Review of those Petitions. This document supersedes previous guidance.

CERCLA/IRS**"Tax on Imported Substances; Notice of Determination"****July 8, 1994 (59 FR 35170)**

The Internal Revenue Service announced that the list of taxable substances at §4672(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code will be modified to include di-2-ethyl hexyl phthalate. This modification is retroactive, effective October 1, 1993.

"Tax on Certain Imported Substances; Notice of Determination"**July 8, 1994 (59 FR 35171)**

The Internal Revenue Service announced that the list of taxable substances at §4672(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code will be modified to include sodium nitriolotriacetate monohydrate, diphenyl oxide, and tetrachlorophthalic anhydride. This modification is retroactive, effective April 7, 1993.

"Tax on Certain Imported Substances; Notice of Determination"**July 8, 1994 (59 FR 35171)**

The Internal Revenue Service announced that the list of taxable substances at §4672(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code will be modified to include polycarbonate. This modification is retroactive, effective July 1, 1993.

"Tax on Certain Imported Substances; Filing of Petition"**July 26, 1994 (59 FR 38034)**

The Internal Revenue Service announced the acceptance of a petition requesting that dimethyl-2,6-naphthalene dicarboxylate be added to the list under §4672(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Comments must be received on or before September 26, 1994.

"Tax on Certain Imported Substances; Filing of Petitions"**July 26, 1994 (59 FR 38035)**

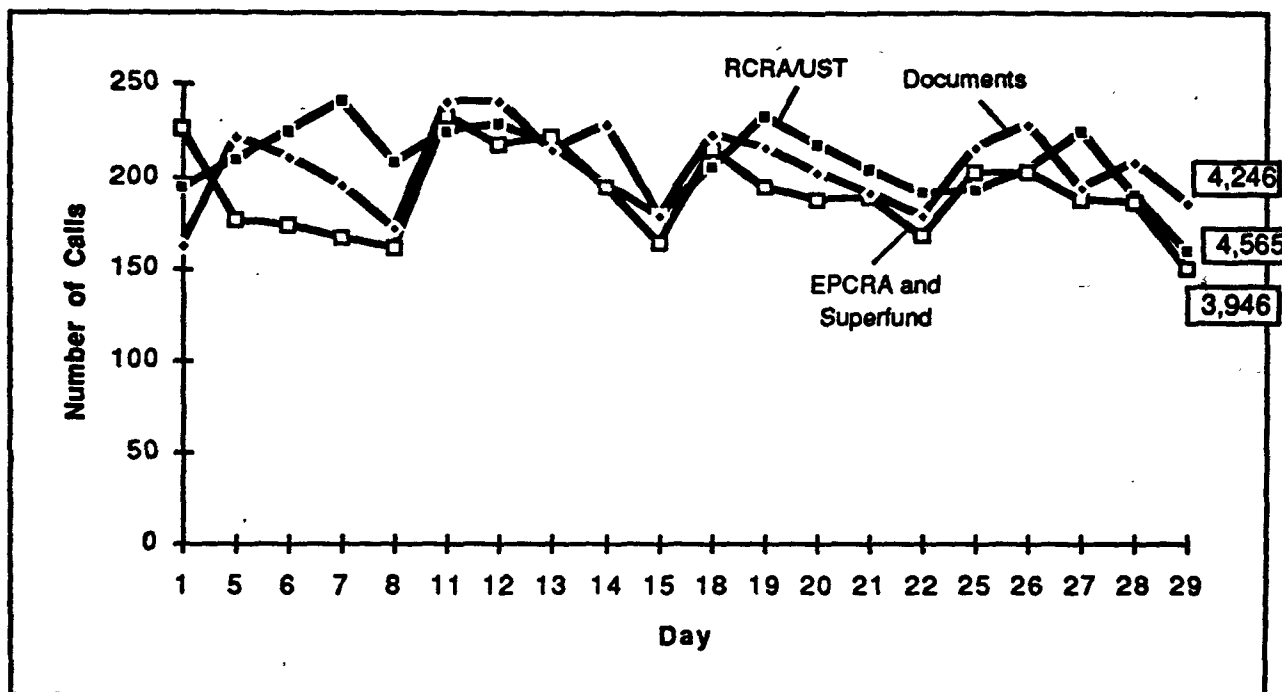
The Internal Revenue Service announced the acceptance of petitions requesting that phosphorous trichloride and phosphorous pentasulfide be added to the list of taxable substances under §4672(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Comments must be received on or before September 26, 1994.



CALL ANALYSES

CALLS ANSWERED BY HOTLINE

July Daily Volume*



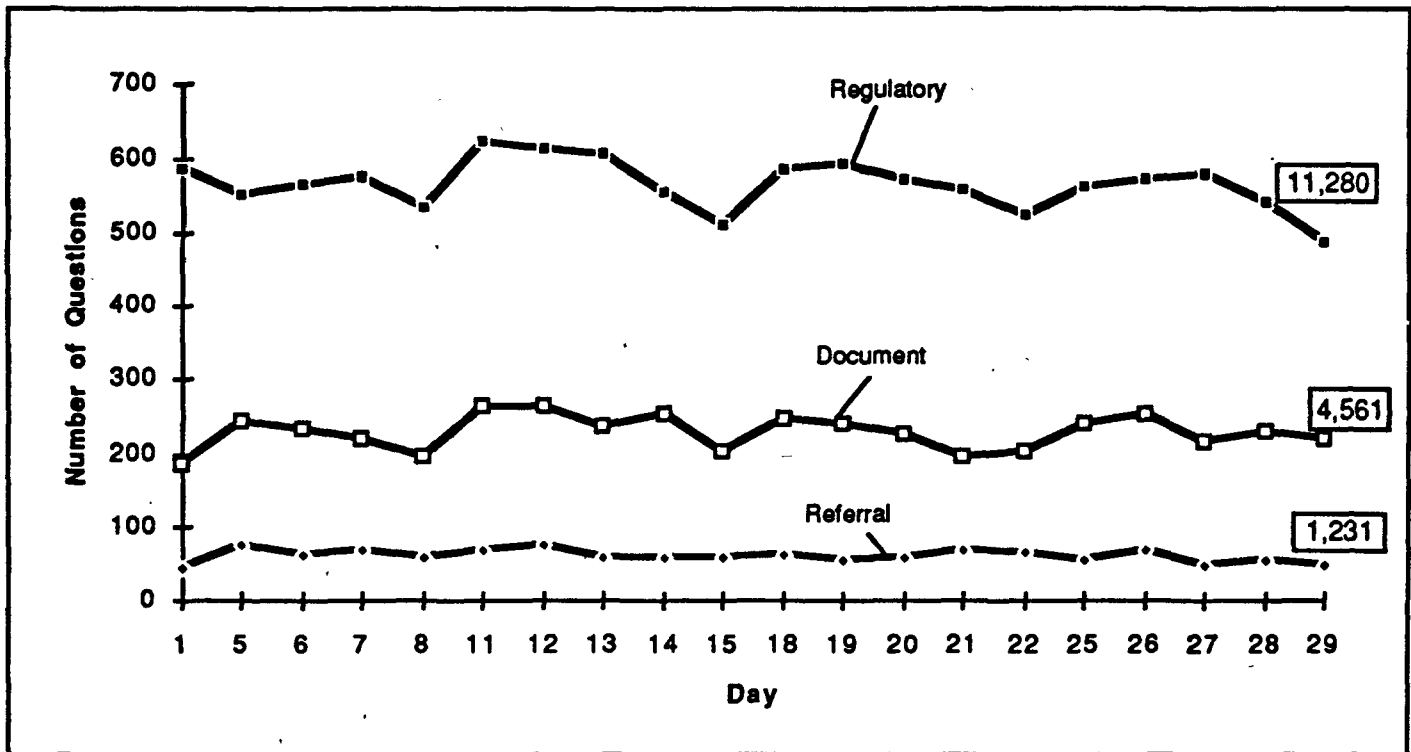
Year to Date*

RCRA/UST			EPCRA and Superfund			Documents (All Program Areas)		
	Month	Cumulative		Month	Cumulative		Month	Cumulative
January	5,843	5,843	January	4,418	4,418	January	4,050	4,050
February	5,069	10,912	February	6,835	11,253	February	4,095	8,145
March	6,059	16,971	March	7,203	18,456	March	4,081	12,226
April	4,535	21,506	April	6,114	24,570	April	3,203	15,429
May	4,802	26,308	May	7,944	32,514	May	3,800	19,229
June	6,324	32,632	June	8,414	40,928	June	4,915	24,144
July	4,565	37,197	July	3,946	44,874	July	4,246	28,390

*All calls answered by the Call Management System, the Message Retrieval Line, and the Document Retrieval Line.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED BY TYPE

July Daily Volume*

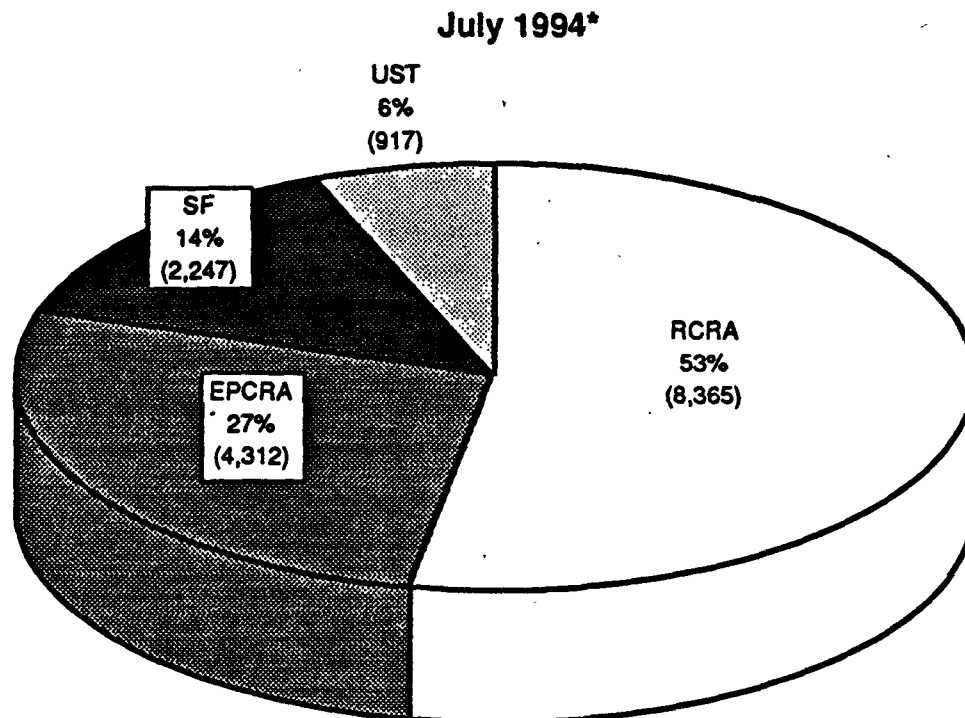


Year to Date*

Regulatory			Document			Referral		
	Month	Cumulative		Month	Cumulative		Month	Cumulative
January	12,042	12,042	January	4,353	4,353	January	768	768
February	12,609	24,651	February	4,528	8,881	February	1,288	2,056
March	15,947	40,598	March	4,789	13,670	March	1,954	4,010
April	13,686	54,284	April	3,931	17,601	April	1,482	5,492
May	15,514	69,798	May	4,346	21,947	May	1,763	7,255
June	19,335	89,133	June	5,404	27,351	June	1,669	8,924
July	11,280	100,413	July	4,561	31,912	July	1,231	10,155

* All questions answered by the Call Management System, the Message Retrieval Line, and the Document Retrieval Line. A single call may include multiple questions combined with document requests and referrals.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED BY PROGRAM AREA



*Based on 15,841 questions and excludes 1,231 referrals made from both Hotlines. Includes the Message Retrieval Line and the Document Retrieval Line.

Year to Date*

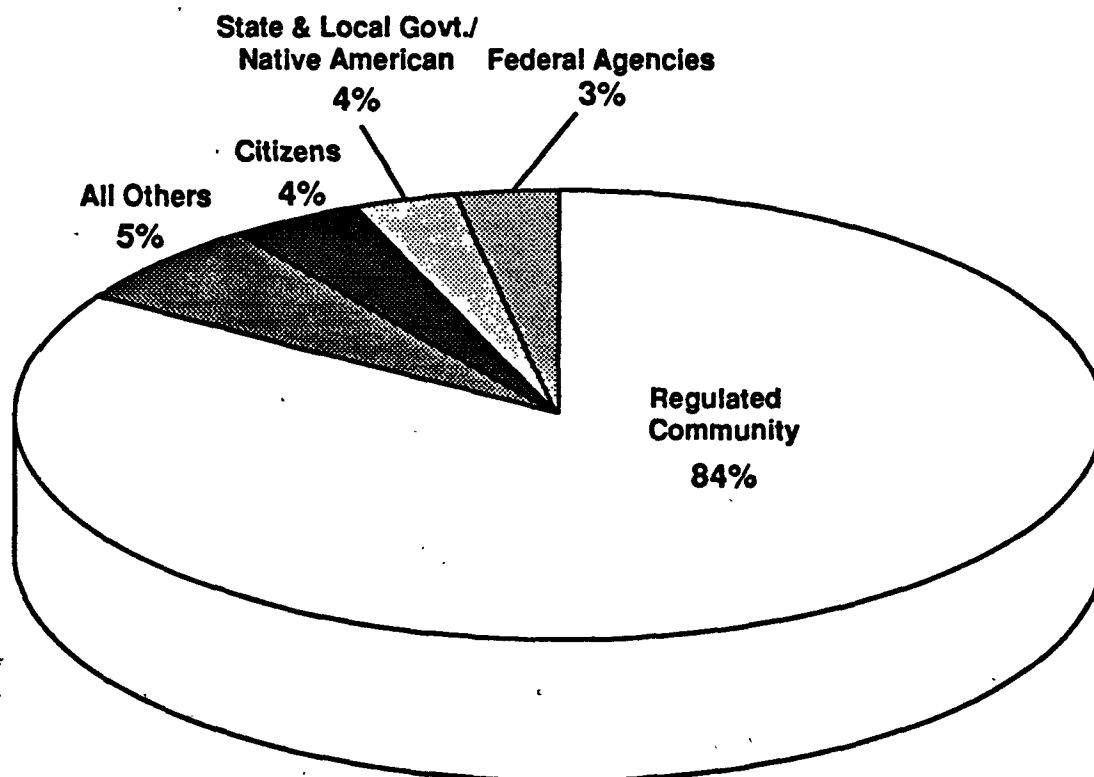
	RCRA		UST		EPCRA		Superfund	
	Month	Cumulative	Month	Cumulative	Month	Cumulative	Month	Cumulative
January	57% (9,394)	57% (9,394)	4% (668)	4% (668)	25% (4,100)	25% (4,100)	14% (2,223)	14% (2,223)
February	51% (8,788)	54% (18,182)	5% (831)	5% (1,499)	29% (4,923)	27% (9,023)	15% (2,595)	14% (4,818)
March	54% (11,149)	54% (29,331)	5% (993)	5% (2,492)	27% (5,588)	27% (14,611)	14% (3,006)	14% (7,824)
April	49% (8,708)	53% (38,039)	5% (857)	5% (3,349)	31% (5,509)	28% (20,120)	15% (2,543)	14% (10,367)
May	47% (9,334)	52% (47,373)	4% (791)	4% (4,140)	37% (7,386)	30% (27,506)	12% (2,349)	14% (12,716)
June	43% (10,757)	50% (58,130)	4% (932)	4% (5,072)	45% (11,042)	33% (38,548)	8% (2,008)	13% (14,724)
July	53% (8,365)	50% (66,495)	6% (917)	5% (5,989)	27% (4,312)	32% (42,860)	14% (2,247)	13% (16,971)

CALLER PROFILE

RCRA/UST Hotline

Regulated Community	5,118
Citizens	224
State & Local Govt./Native American	233
Federal Agencies	149
Educational Institutions	128
EPA	132
Media	7
Interest Groups	15
Congress	1
International	1
Other	72
Referrals*	489
Document Retrieval Line*	202
Message Retrieval Line*	427

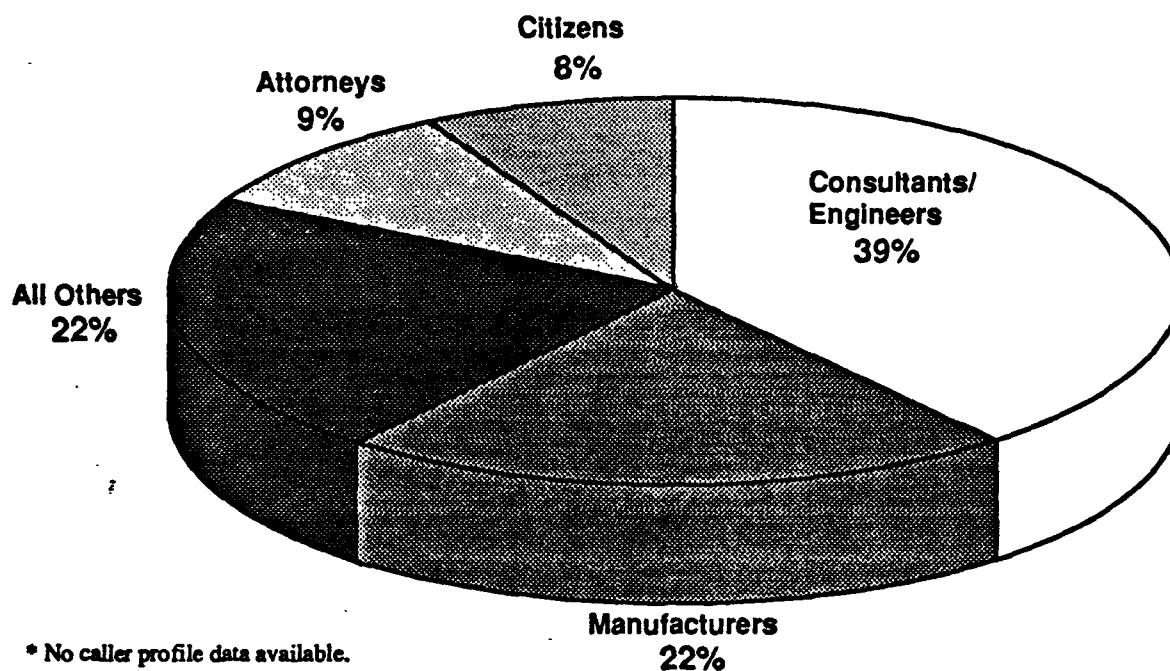
TOTAL **7,198**



* No caller profile data available.

Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know/ Superfund Hotline

Manufacturers		Consultants/Engineers	1,801
Food/Tobacco	46	Attorneys	438
Textiles	28	Citizens	360
Apparel	13	Public Interest Groups	35
Lumber & Wood	27	Educational Institutions	118
Furniture	10	EPA	76
Paper	28	Federal Agencies	203
Printing & Publishing	25	GOCOs	22
Chemicals	198	Congress	3
Petroleum & Coal	75	State Officials/SERCs	89
Rubber and Plastics	65	Local Officials/LEPCs	69
Leather	16	Fire Departments	6
Stone, Clay & Glass	33	Hospitals/Laboratories	52
Primary Metals	50	Trade Associations	30
Fabricated Metals	88	Union/Labor	1
Machinery (Excluding Electrical)	44	Farmers	3
Electrical&Electronic Equipment	49	Distributors	38
Transportation Equipment	51	Insurance Companies	11
Instruments	21	Media/Press	19
Misc. Manufacturing	153	Native Americans	6
		International	3
		Other	251
		Referrals*	742
Subtotal	1,020	Document Retrieval Line*	26
		Message Retrieval Line*	137
		TOTAL	5,559



* No caller profile data available.

HOTLINE TOPICS

RCRA

Special Wastes	
Ash	22
Mining Wastes, Bevill	16
Medical Wastes	106
Oil and Gas	13
Subtitle C (General)	400
Hazardous Waste Id. (General)	1,326 ^{1,2}
Toxicity Characteristic	81
Wood Preserving	11
Listing of Used Oil	30
Fluff	1
Radioactive Mixed Waste	19
Delisting Petitions	14
Hazardous Waste Recycling	271 ¹
Generators	508 ¹
Small Quantity Generators	135
Transportation/Transporters	62
TSDFs General	178
TSDFs Siting Facilities	7
TSDFs Capacity	3
TSDFs Treatment	58
TSDFs Burning	120
TSDFs Storage	80
TSDFs Disposal	60
Land Disposal Restrictions	471 ¹
Permits and Permitting	117
Corrective Action	180
Financial Liability/Enforcement	97
Test Methods	86
Health Effects	6
Waste Min./Pollution Prevention	202 ¹
State Programs	76
Hazardous Waste Data	37
Household Hazardous Waste	131
Subtitle D (General)	394 ¹
Siting Facilities	26
Combustion	235 ^{1,3}
Industrial Waste	30
Composting	15
Source Reduction/Poll. Prev.	45
Grants & Financing	3
Procurement (General)	79
Building Insulation	3
Cement & Products with Fly Ash	8

Paper & Paper Products	2
Re-refined Lubricating Oil	3
Retread Tires	4
Solid Waste Recycling (General)	387 ^{1,4}
Aluminum	13
Batteries	26
Glass	7
Paper	12
Plastics	10
Tires	25
Used Oil	147
Markets (General)	34
Aluminum	9
Batteries	6
Compost	10
Glass	10
Paper	5
Plastics	6
Tires	22
Used Oil	14
RCRA General	1,851 ⁵
TOTAL	8,365*

* Includes 2,297 RCRA document requests.

UST

General/Misc.	176 ¹
Applicability/Definitions	75
Regulated Substances	21
Standards for New Tank Systems	31
Tank Standards and Upgrading	30
Operating Requirements	30
Release Detection	49
Release Reporting & Investigation	22
Corrective Action for USTs	91 ⁶
Out-of-Service/Closure	24
Financial Responsibility	56
State Programs	18
Liability/Enforcement	291 ^{1,7}
LUST Trust Fund	3

TOTAL 917*

* Includes 401 UST document requests.

¹Hot topics for this month.

²Includes 5 document retrievals and 53 message retrievals for information on the proposed mercury-containing lamp rule.

³Includes 37 document retrievals and 78 message retrievals for information on municipal waste combustor ash issues.

⁴Includes 33 document retrievals for the Spring 1994 edition of "Reusable News."

⁵Includes 72 document retrievals for "The Catalog of Hazardous and Solid Waste Publications" and 115 message retrievals for information on "Inside the Hotline."

⁶Includes 31 document retrievals for "An Overview of UST Remediation Options."

⁷Includes 24 document retrievals and 181 message retrievals for information on the proposed UST lender liability rule.

■ Topics are calculated as the summation of all questions received by the Hotline. A single call may result in multiple questions.

**EMERGENCY PLANNING AND
COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW****General:**

General Title III Questions	307
Trade Secrets	6
Enforcement	44
Liability/Citizen Suits	15
Training	14
Chemical-Specific Information	54

Emergency Planning (§§301-303):

General	66
Notification Requirements	51
SERC/LEPC Issues	36
EHSs/TPQs	65
Risk Communication/ Hazards Analysis	32
Exemptions	2

Emergency Release Notification (§304):

General	184 ²
Notification Requirements	80
Reportable Quantities	103
CERCLA §103 vs. SARA §304	40
ARIP/AHEDB/ERNS	10
Exemptions	20

**Hazardous Chemical Reporting
(§§311-312):**

General	149
MSDS Reporting Requirements	173
Tier I/II Requirements	237
Thresholds	42
Hazard Categories	7
Mixtures Reporting	11
Exemptions	53

Toxic Chemical Release Inventory (§313):

General	313
Reporting Requirements	210
Thresholds	118
Form R Completion	578
Supplier Notification	19
NOTES/NONs	52
Voluntary Revisions	204
Pollution Prevention 33/50	117 ³
Public Access to Data	122
TRI Database	74
Petitions	88
TRI Expansion	90
Exemptions	69

Special Topics:

CAA §112	
General	197
RMPs	42
List of Regulated Substances	47
Federal Facilities Executive Order	171

TOTAL 4,312

*Includes 1,202 Emergency Planning and Community
Right-to-Know document requests

SUPERFUND

General/Misc.	287
Access & Information Gathering	11
Administrative Record	4
ARARs	79
CERCLIS	94
Citizen Suits	6
Claims Against Fund	3
Clean-Up Costs	24
Clean-Up Standards	65
Community Relations	41
Contract Lab Program (CLP)	25
Contractor Indemnification	10
Contracts	21
Definitions	28
Enforcement	39
Federal Facilities	27
Hazardous Substances	89
HRS	23
Liability	89
Local Gov't Reimbursement	9
Natural Resource Damages	4
NCP	44
Notification	36
NPL	206 ¹
Off Site Policy	19
OSHA	14
PA/SI	23
PRPs	38
RD/RA	39
Reauthorization	59
Remedial	90
Removal	57
RI/FS	60
Risk Assess./Health Effects	70
ROD	54
RQ	173 ¹

¹ Hot topics for this month.

²Includes 95 message retrievals and 26 document retrievals for information on the Hazardous Materials Spills Conference.

³Includes 95 message retrievals for information on the Promoting Pollution Prevention Voluntary Initiatives Conference.

■ Topics are calculated as the summation of all questions received by the Hotline. A single call may result in multiple questions.

SACM	21
Settlements	36
SITE Program	27
State Participation	1
State Program	9
TAGs	2
Taxes	14
Special Topics	
Oil Pollution Act	87
SPCC Regulations	27
Radiation Site Cleanup	63

TOTAL 2,247*

*Includes 661 Superfund document requests.

**TOTAL HOTLINE QUESTIONS,
DOCUMENT REQUESTS AND
REFERRALS:**

17,072

■ Topics are calculated as the summation of all questions received by the Hotline. A single call may result in multiple questions.

