



Project Summary

Performance Test Results and Comparative Data for Designated Reference and Equivalent Methods for Nitrogen Dioxide

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This report summarizes the results of postdesignation testing (both laboratory and field) conducted on 10 commercially available ambient nitrogen dioxide analyzers to characterize their performance, reliability, and operational peculiarities.

This Project Summary was developed by EPA's Environmental Monitoring Systems Laboratory, Research Triangle Park, NC, to announce key findings of the research project that is fully documented in a separate report of the same title (see Project Report ordering information at back).

Introduction

Under Part 53 of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR Part 53), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) designates specific procedures or analyzers as reference or equivalent methods for the monitoring of ambient air pollutants. The methods are then acceptable for use in National Air Monitoring Stations (NAMS), State and Local Air Monitoring Stations (SLAMS), and Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) monitoring. The Methods Standardization Branch (MSB) of the Environmental Monitoring Systems Laboratory (EMSL) at Research Triangle Park, NC, is responsible for EPA's reference and equivalent method designation program. In this capacity, MSB has acquired performance data and other information on these methods, most of which are commercially available analyzer models.

To summarize these data and make them available to those who may find them

beneficial in the selection of analyzers, MSB, with the assistance of the Research Triangle Institute (RTI), prepared this report on designated methods for nitrogen dioxide.

Types of Tests Conducted

Two principal types of postdesignation tests were conducted by MSB. *Phase I* tests were laboratory tests similar to the predesignation tests required by 40 CFR Part 53. *Phase II* tests simulated actual use conditions and compared simultaneously operating analyzers. Results from these postdesignation tests provide most of the data in this report.

Analyzers Tested

The report is intended to cover all currently designated reference methods for NO₂. However, as of this writing, the tests have not been completed for all analyzers. Table 1 lists the designated NO₂ analyzers, their detection principles, the tests that have been carried out, and the dates of the tests.

Phase I Test Description and Results

Phase I laboratory performance tests were conducted in accordance with the same procedures and specifications required for the applicant's predesignation tests, with the exception that fewer trials (usually four) were performed for each test parameter. All calibrations, apparatus, pollutant standards, test procedures, test atmospheres, and test documentation were as specified in 40 CFR Part 53. (Individual reports containing more detailed informa-

tion on the Phase I tests for each analyzer are available from MSB.)

Analyzers undergoing Phase I tests were allowed to operate for several weeks prior to actual testing. During this startup period, preliminary calibration and linearity checks were performed. If a failure occurred during testing, the manufacturer was notified and given the opportunity to correct the failure. At the conclusion of the tests, all failures and manufacturer's involvement were included in routine documentation.

Phase I tests included characterization of output signal noise level, lower detectable limit (LDL), interference equivalents, 12-h and 24-h zero drifts, span drift at 20 and 80 percent of full scale, lag time, rise time, fall time, and precision. Results are reported in Table 2. The total interferent equivalent, zero drift, and span drift data

reported are averages of *absolute* values; all other values represent the *arithmetic* averages of several repetitions.

Phase I results indicated that the six nitrogen dioxide analyzers tested to date met or exceeded the performance specifications. Testing of two analyzers is not complete at this time.

Phase II Test Description and Results

The Phase II test was intended to test the analyzers in a more or less typical ambient monitoring configuration where each analyzer's stability, reliability, general performance, and operational peculiarities could be observed and compared with other analyzers. The test was conducted on a group of nine NO₂ analyzers operating simultaneously over a period of 6 months.

All analyzers measured ambient air sampled from a common manifold.

All test analyzers were installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instruction manual and good monitoring practice. Analyzers received a multipoint calibration initially and once per month during the test period. Zero and span checks were made two or three times per week. Zero adjustments were made only if the zero response was not within ± 3 percent of full-scale response from nominal; span adjustments were made only if the span (slope of the calibration curve) changed by more than ± 7 percent from nominal. Data were acquired using a Monitor Labs 9300 Data-logger data acquisition system. The acquired data were transferred via magnetic tape to a Hewlett-Packard 9845 Desk Top

Table 1. NO₂ Analyzers Tested and Test Dates

Manufacturer	Model	Detection principle	Phase I tests	Phase II tests
Beckman	952A	CL	July 1979-December 1980	April -September 1981
Bendix	8101B	CL	No postdesignation testing anticipated	
Bendix (#1)	8101C	CL	February-April 1980	April -September 1981
Bendix (#2)	8101C	CL	NA	June -September 1981
CSI	1600	CL	March-September 1980	April -September 1981
Meloy	NA530R	CL	July 1979-September 1980	June -September 1981
Monitor Labs	8440E	CL	May-October 1980	June -September 1981
Monitor Labs	8840	CL	June -October 1980	April -July 1981
Philips	PW9762/02	CL	No postdesignation testing anticipated	
Thermo Electron	14 B/E	CL	May 1980-January 1981	April -September 1981
Thermo Electron	14 D/E	CL	February-April 1980	April -September 1981

NA = Not applicable.

CL = Gas Phase Chemiluminescence.

Table 2. Phase I Postdesignation Test Results—Designated Nitrogen Dioxide Analyzers

Performance parameters	EPA specifications	Beckman 952A	Bendix 8101B	Bendix 8101C	CSI 1600	Meloy NA530R	Monitor Labs 8440E	Monitor Labs 8840	Philips PW9762/2	Thermo Electron 14 B/E	Thermo Electron 14 D/E
Noise - 0% URL	0.005 ppm	0.001		0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001		<0.001	0.002
Noise - 80% URL	0.005 ppm	0.004		0.003	0.002	0.002	0.004	0.002		NC	0.002
Lower detectable limit		0.010		0.009	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.009		0.010	0.009
Interferents											
NO	± 0.02 ppm	-0.012		-0.002	<0.001	NC	0.018	-0.005		NC	0.009
SO ₂	± 0.02 ppm	0.001		0.001	0.001	NC	<0.001	0.000		NC	0.001
NH ₃	± 0.02 ppm	0.000		<-0.001	<0.001	NC	<0.001	0.000		<0.001	-0.001
H ₂ O	± 0.02 ppm	-0.002		-0.003	-0.004	NC	-0.003	-0.006		0.004	-0.002
Total	≤ 0.04 ppm	0.014		0.005	0.006	NC	0.022	0.012		NC	0.012
Zero drift - 12 h	± 0.02 ppm	0.006		0.003	0.004	0.008	0.003	0.005		0.002	0.004
Zero drift - 24 h	± 0.02 ppm	0.002		0.002	<0.001	0.007	0.002	0.001		<0.001	0.003
Span drift - 20% URL	$\pm 20.0\%$	8.38		2.90	1.41	NC	3.07	2.94		NC	5.64
Span drift - 80% URL	$\pm 5.0\%$	1.98		1.07	1.87	NC	2.59	1.10		NC	1.39
Lag time	20 min	1.0		< 1.0	0.4	0.3	<1.0	<1.0		0.4	1.0
Rise time	15 min	0.4		1.0	0.9	3.9	1.8	2.5		2.6	3.8
Fall time	15 min	0.6		< 1.0	0.9	6.9	1.4	2.6		2.9	1.0
Precision - 20% URL	0.02 ppm	<0.001		0.002	<0.001	0.003	<0.001	0.001		<0.001	0.005
Precision - 80% URL	0.03 ppm	0.001		0.004	0.011	0.010	0.001	0.002		0.001	0.004

URL = Upper range limit.

NC = Not complete.

NOTE: Phase I postdesignation testing not anticipated for the Bendix 8101B and the Philips PW9762/02.

Computer where they were reduced into a useful form.

Phase II results indicated that most of the nitrogen dioxide analyzers are stable and reliable. The comparative data presented in Table 3 indicate high correlation coefficients between ~ 0.98 and 1.00. Most are equal to or greater than 0.99. Mean differences are generally within ± 1.0

ppb while standard deviations of the differences are between 1.0 and 3.0 ppb. Likewise, the individual analyzer drift results presented in Table 4 show standard deviations of zero drifts to be generally less than 3.0 ppb, averaging 1.5 ppb, and standard deviations of span drifts to be generally less than 3.5 percent, averaging 2.4 percent.

Table 3. Summary of Phase II Postdesignated Test Results for Designated Nitrogen Dioxide Analyzers When Compared to the Average of the Other Eight Analyzers

Statistics	Beckman 952A	Bendix 8101C	Bendix 8101C (COL)	CSI 1600	Meloy NA530R	Monitor Labs 8440E	Monitor Labs 8840	Thermo Electron 14 B/E	Thermo Electron 14 D/E
Correlation coefficient	0.995	0.996	0.993	0.989	0.978	0.994	0.979	0.998	0.994
Mean difference, ppb	+0.97	-0.63	+0.14	+0.25	+2.18	+0.13	-0.48	-0.42	-1.25
Standard deviation of differences, ppb	1.59	1.27	1.47	2.05	2.82	1.30	2.97	0.90	1.47
Number of absolute differences > 20 ppb	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
Number of differences	2,978	3,014	2,090	3,115	2,134	1,047	1,641	3,101	2,700

COL = Collocated.

Table 4. Phase II Postdesignated Test Results for Drift

Statistics	Beckman 952A	Bendix 8101C	Bendix 8101C (COL)	CSI 1600	Meloy NA530R	Monitor Labs 8440E	Monitor Labs 8840	Thermo Electron 14 B/E	Thermo Electron 14 D/E
Standard deviation of zero drift, ppb	1.8	1.6	0.9	0.8	3.0	1.3	2.6	0.9	1.1
Standard deviation of span drift, %	3.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.0	2.1	1.8	2.4

COL = Collocated.

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Frank F. McElroy and Vinson L. Thompson are the EPA Project Officers (see below).

The complete report, entitled "Performance Test Results and Comparative Data for Designated Reference and Equivalent Methods for Nitrogen Dioxide," (Order No. PB 83-200 238; Cost: \$13.00, subject to change) will be available only from:

National Technical Information Service
5285 Port Royal Road
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