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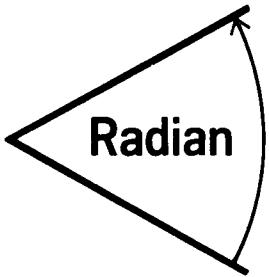
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## FINAL REPORT

## VOLUME III

APCO Contract No. CPA 70-45

## A STUDY OF THE LIMESTONE INJECTION WET SCRUBBING PROCESS



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## A STUDY OF THE LIMESTONE INJECTION WET SCRUBBING PROCESS

Presented to:

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL OFFICE  
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION AND WELFARE  
411 West Chapel Hill Street  
Durham, North Carolina 27701

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1.0      SYSTEM ORGANIZATION

The group of computer programs written and used to conduct the prototype process simulations are functionally divided into three parts. Those routines in the executive section provide control and information on the progress of a simulation run. The equipment routines perform the calculations necessary to model the unit process operations. The auxiliary section is a collection of routines that provides special calculations for equipment routines, interface other programs, and summarize the results of a run. This functional division logically follows from the block oriented design of the system.

The blocks are the equipment routines, which are connected together by streams. A stream, or stream vector, represents the flow of material from one unit operation to another. Thus, the simulations very much resemble the engineer's flow sheet for the system being simulated. This type of simulation system is quite similar to many used in the petrochemical industry.

The following pages contain a description of the system, operating instructions, a technical note describing the equilibrium program used by the system, a sample data input, and program listings.

**2.0      SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

The simulation system was written almost entirely in FORTRAN V as defined for a Univac 1108. The deviations from this language are slight and were done to use particular features of the machine available to us. Conceptually the system could be converted to run on any manufacturer's computer. The labor required to accomplish this depends on the machine and configuration to which it is being adapted. The description that follows is of the major elements of the system. In some instances it will be necessary to use some of the FORTRAN language.

**2.1      Executive Section**

The executive program, or more correctly, the driving program PROSIM first calls the card input routine READIN which does the following:

- 1) reads and prints one card image containing the run identification
- 2) reads a variable number of cards giving the external equipment number, name, and stream array. For a card having equipment No. I ( $I \leq 25$ ), the six character name is stored in the array location IDEQP(I), the input streams are stored in the first five locations of ISTM(I,j),  $j=1, \dots, 10$ . The output streams are stored in the last five locations of this array. The stream information

can be input in any order; the output streams are denoted by a preceding minus sign. The information on the card is then printed.

- 3) Reads a card image containing the order of process calculations. This is a sequence of external equipment numbers ordered from left to right indicating the sequence of subroutine calls (equipment calculations). The numbers are separated by commas, or a subset may be enclosed in parenthesis (1,4,7,8), to indicate a recycle loop. Up to three such loops can be used. They can be nested or separate. The list is terminated by an asterisk.
- 4) Reads a variable number of card images that give the equipment number and up to eight parameter values. For equipment I these values are stored in PA(I,j), j = 1,8. Upon furnishing these inputs the next call is to the routine PRELD which utilizes each equipment routine. This is where the source equipment routines read their card input if any. The next call is to PROCND where all equipment parameters and inputs for the simulation are printed in a stylized fashion.

The routine PROLOG calls each equipment routine specified in the calculation sequence until all recycle loops are

converged or satisfied, which occurs when the flag L3, L2, L1 are all zero, and the sequence is completed. After all calculations are complete, the routine PTSUM is called to print the contents of the stream vector for all streams used. The last subroutine called, ARTWRK, prints outputs generated by equipment subroutines.

## 2.2      Process Equipment Routines

The technical description of the equipment routines have been given earlier in this report. The description that follows concerns itself with how they are used in the system.

### 2.2.1    Function

These routines perform the calculations of the process simulation. Normally they implement equations and algorithms to model the particular process unit operations by converting one or more input streams into one or more output streams in a specified fashion. This function is more simply described by the reaction  $\bar{y} = f(\bar{x})$  where  $\bar{x}$  is an input stream vector,  $\bar{y}$  the output stream vector, and  $f(\cdot)$  the functional description. In multiple inputs and outputs  $\bar{x}$  and  $\bar{y}$  are matrices. The location and identity of  $\bar{x}$  and  $\bar{y}$  are supplied by the executive program. In some instances, parameters that particularize the operation of an equipment are necessary. These are read in by the executive program and supplied to the routines when they are needed. Thus the preceding relation is more formally given by  $\bar{y} = f(\bar{x}; \bar{p})$ ,  $\bar{p}$  being the parameter vector.

### 2.2.2 Coding Procedures

The calling sequence for each routine is CALL NAME(P,\$) where NAME is six characters long, and P is the parameter array.

The following lines of code are required in the routine to interface with the executive program.

INCLUDE CMMN, LIST

```
•  
•  
•  
LOCSL = IDEQ(NL)  
LIS = ISTM(LOCSL,1)  
LOS = ISTM(LOCSL,6)  
•  
•  
•  
coding for process calculations  
•  
•  
•  
RETURN 2  
END
```

LIS is the location of the first input stream.

LOS is the location of the first output stream.

Additional input streams if required are found in ISTM(LOCSL,2-5), and additional outputs are in ISTM(LOCSL,7-10).

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These routines are re-entrant which means that the same routine may be used to compute another unit operation in the process having different parameters.

## 2.3 Stream Vector

The stream vector is not a program, but a specified array of storage that contains the information transferred between equipment routines. The locations in the vector are the same for all of them. In the following table these locations and what they designate are listed.

TABLE OF STREAM VECTOR LOCATIONS

<u>Number of Element</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Units</u>
1	Name	—
2	Flag	—
3	Flag	—
4	Flag	—
5	Temperature	°K
6	Pressure	Atm
7	Heat Content	cal/sec
8-9	not used	—
Gas Phase		
10	Gas Flow Rate	g-moles/sec
11	SO <sub>2</sub> Content	g-moles/sec

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TABLE OF STREAM VECTOR LOCATIONS (Cont'd.)

<u>Number of Element</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Units</u>
12	CO <sub>2</sub>	g-moles/sec
13	NO	g-moles/sec
14	NO <sub>2</sub>	g-moles/sec
15	O <sub>2</sub>	g-moles/sec
16	CO	g-moles/sec
17	N <sub>2</sub>	g-moles/sec
18	HCl	g-moles/sec
19	H <sub>2</sub> O	g-moles/sec
20-30	not used	—
<b>Equilibrium Species</b>		
31	Moles total SO <sub>2</sub>	g-moles/sec
32	Moles total CO <sub>2</sub>	g-moles/sec
33	Moles total SO <sub>3</sub>	g-moles/sec
34	Moles total N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	g-moles/sec
35	Moles total CaO	g-moles/sec
36	Moles total MgO	g-moles/sec
37	Moles total Na <sub>2</sub> O	g-moles/sec
38	Moles total HCl	g-moles/sec
39	Moles total H <sub>2</sub> O	g-moles/sec
40-47	Not used	—
<b>Liquid Phase</b>		
48	Ionic strength	—
49	PH	—

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TABLE OF STREAM VECTOR LOCATIONS (Cont'd.)

<u>Number of Element</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Units</u>
50	Liquid flow rate	g-liquid H <sub>2</sub> O/sec
51	Concentration of H <sup>+</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
52	Concentration of OH <sup>-</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
53	Concentration of HSO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
54	Concentration of SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>=</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
55	Concentration of SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>=</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
56	Concentration of HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
57	Concentration of CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>=</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
58	Concentration of NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
59	Concentration of HSO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
60	Concentration of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> ( <i>l</i> )	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
61	Concentration of H <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> ( <i>l</i> )	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
62	Concentration of Ca <sup>++</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
63	Concentration of CaOH <sup>+</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
64	Concentration of CaSO <sub>3</sub> ( <i>l</i> )	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
65	Concentration of CaCO <sub>3</sub> ( <i>l</i> )	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
66	Concentration of CaHCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
67	Concentration of CaSO <sub>4</sub> ( <i>l</i> )	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
68	Concentration of CaNO <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
69	Concentration of Mg <sup>++</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
70	Concentration MgOH <sup>+</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
71	Concentration MgSO <sub>3</sub> ( <i>l</i> )	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
72	Concentration of MgHCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>+</sup>	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O

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**TABLE OF STREAM VECTOR LOCATIONS (Cont'd.)**

<u>Number of Element</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Units</u>
73	Concentration of $MgSO_4(\ell)$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
74	Concentration of $MgCO_3(\ell)$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
75	Concentration of $Na^+$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
76	Concentration of $NaOH(\ell)$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
77	Concentration of $NaCO_3^-$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
78	Concentration of $NaHCO_3(\ell)$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
79	Concentration of $NaSO_4^-$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
80	Concentration $NaNO_3(\ell)$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
81	Concentration of $Cl^-$	g-moles/kg H <sub>2</sub> O
82-99	not used	—
<b>Solid Phase</b>		
100	Weight fraction solids	g-solid/g total
101	Amount of $CaO(s)$	g-moles/sec
102	Amount of $Ca(OH)_2(s)$	g-moles/sec
103	Amount of $CaCO_3(s)$	g-moles/sec
104	Amount of $CaSO_3(s)$	g-moles/sec
105	Amount of $CaSO_3 \cdot \frac{1}{2}H_2O(s)$	g-moles/sec
106	Amount of $CaSO_4(s)$	g-moles/sec
107	Amount of $CaSO_4 \cdot 2H_2O(s)$	g-moles/sec
108	Amount of $MgO(s)$	g-moles/sec
109	Amount of $Mg(OH)_2(s)$	g-moles/sec
110	Amount of $MgCO_3(s)$	g-moles/sec
111	Amount of $MgCO_3 \cdot 3H_2O(s)$	g-moles/sec

TABLE OF STREAM VECTOR LOCATIONS (Cont'd.)

<u>Number of Element</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Units</u>
112	Amount of $MgCO_3 \cdot 5H_2O(s)$	g-moles/sec
113	Amount of $MgSO_3(s)$	g-moles/sec
114	Amount of $MgSO_3 \cdot 3H_2O(s)$	g-moles/sec
115	Amount of $MgSO_3 \cdot 6H_2O(s)$	g-moles/sec
116	Amount of $MgSO_4(s)$	g-moles/sec
117	Amount of Soluble $Na_2O$	g-moles/sec
118	Amount of Insoluble Fly Ash	g-moles/sec
119	Amount of NaCl	g-moles/sec
120	not used	—

3.0 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Each simulation run is determined by data card entry. The data sheets used for generating entries for the prototype simulations are given in the following table titled PROSIM CARD INPUT SEQUENCE.

First, an array describing the process matrix is given. The number of the equipment subroutine is given in columns 1-2. The name of the equipment subroutine is given in columns 5-10. The numbers of the input and output streams are given in columns 11-60. A plus sign is used to denote an input stream and a minus is used for output streams. These entries were fixed for the prototype simulations since the process flow arrangement was not altered.

PROSIM CARD INPUT SEQUENCE

Column Number	0	2	4	10	15	20	25	30	35	60	FORMAT
Run Identification	PROTOTYPE SIMULATION NO. _____										(13A6)
	Eq. No.		Equip. Name	Stream Numbers							
Process Matrix	1		FLUGAS	-1							(I2,2X,A6,10I5)
	2		WTRMKP	-14							
	3		CLRHTR	1	-2						
	4		SCRUBR	-3	-6	2		15			
	5		CLRHTR	3	-4						
	6		DIVDER	7	-8	-9					
	7		CLRFYR	9	-10	-11					
	8		FILTER	11	-12	-13					
	9		EQMLXR	8	10	12	14		-15		
	10		OVALMB	2	14	-3	-13				
	11		FLTRBM	13							
	12		STKGAS	5							
	13		PMPFAN	4	-5						
@ EOF											
Process Sequence	1, 2, 3 (10, 8 (7, 6, 9, 4)) 5, 11, 13, 12*										(80R1)

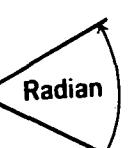
NOTE: The number of streams to be specified by each equipment subroutine is fixed by that subroutine.

## PROSIM CARD INPUT SEQUENCE (Continued)

Column Number	0	2	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	FORMAT
Equipment Parameters	No.	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8		(I2, E8.3, 7E10.3)
(CLRHTR)	3*	<u>TIGS</u>	<u>ΔPI</u>								
(SCRUBR)	4*	<u>LSR</u>	<u>LISF</u>	<u>NSP</u>	<u>XLH(CAO)</u>	<u>XLH(MGO)</u>					
8.**											
(CLRHTR)	5*	<u>TISG</u>	<u>ΔPI</u>								
(DIVDER)	6*	<u>LISR</u>									
(CLRFYR)	7*	<u>LSF</u>	<u>LSR</u>	<u>LFB</u>	<u>LWM</u>	<u>XSOC</u>					
15.**		8.**		13.**							
(FILTER)	8*	XWSFB	XWSCB	XSOF							
(OVALMB)	9*	<u>XA(SO<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>XA(CO<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>XA(NO)</u>	<u>XA(NO<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>XO</u>	<u>ΔPI</u>	<u>XLSU(CAO)</u>	<u>XLSU(MGO)</u>		
XA(SO <sub>2</sub> )											
(PMPPFAN)	10*	<u>POSG</u>	<u>XUW</u>								
13*											
@	EOF										

\* Fixed entries for the Prototype Simulation. These numbers designate the equipment subroutine that requires these input data.

\*\* Fixed entries for the Prototype Simulation. These stream numbers are required inputs for the SCRUBR and CLRFYR subroutines.



## PROSIM CARD INPUT SEQUENCE (Continued)

Column Number	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Input Stream Quantities									
FLUGAS	<u>VIFG</u>	<u>TIFG</u>	<u>PIFG</u>						(8E10.3)
1	<u>YFG(SO<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>(CO<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>(NO)</u>	<u>(NO<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>(O<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>(CO)</u>	<u>(N<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>(HCL)</u>	
2	<u>YFG(H<sub>2</sub>O)</u>								
3	<u>WILS</u>								
4	<u>XWLS(CAO)</u>	<u>(MGO)</u>	<u>(CACO<sub>3</sub>)</u>	<u>(MGCO<sub>3</sub>)</u>	<u>(CASO<sub>3</sub>)</u>	<u>(MGSO<sub>3</sub>)</u>	<u>(CASO<sub>4</sub>)</u>	<u>(MGSO<sub>4</sub>)</u>	
5	<u>WIFA</u>								
6	<u>XWFA(NA<sub>2</sub>O)</u>	<u>(INS. FLY ASH)</u>	<u>(NACL)</u>						
7	<u>XLD(CA(OH)<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>XLD(CACO<sub>3</sub>)</u>	<u>XLD(MG(OH)<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>XLD(MGCO<sub>3</sub>)</u>	<u>XLD(MGSO<sub>4</sub>)</u>	<u>XLD(NA<sub>2</sub>O)</u>	<u>XLD(NACL)</u>		
8	<u>XSD(CA(OH)<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>XSD(CACO<sub>3</sub>)</u>	<u>XSD(MG(OH)<sub>2</sub>)</u>	<u>XSD(MGCO<sub>3</sub>)</u>	<u>XSD(MGSO<sub>4</sub>)</u>	<u>XSD(NA<sub>2</sub>O)</u>	<u>XSD(NACL)</u>		
9	<u>WTRMKP</u>	<u>MIWM(SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>)</u>	<u>(CO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>)</u>	<u>(SO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>)</u>	<u>(NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>)</u>	<u>(CA<sup>++</sup>)</u>	<u>(MG<sup>++</sup>)</u>	<u>(NA<sup>+</sup>)</u>	<u>(CL<sup>-</sup>)</u>
1									

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Next, the sequence of process calculations is given. This is an ordered list of equipment numbers denoting the desired calculational sequence. The rationale for the order of calculations is given in Volume II, T.N. 200-014-19.

Last, an array of process equipment parameters is listed in the PROSIM CARD INPUT SEQUENCE. Some of these entries were held constant for the prototype simulations. That is, the equipment parameters LSR, LSF, LFB and LWM were fixed entries for the prototype simulations. Here, LSR, LSF, LFB and LWM are the stream numbers (8, 15, 13, 14) for the slurry recycle, scrubber feed, filter bottoms, and water makeup streams, respectively. The SCRUBR subroutine is programmed so that it requires specification of LSR, whereas the CLRFYR subroutine requires specification of LSF, LSR, LSB and LWM. Definitions for the remaining program entry variables are given below:

TIGS	- temperature of the flue gas stream ( $^{\circ}$ F)
TISG	- temperature of the stack gas stream ( $^{\circ}$ F)
$\Delta$ PI	- pressure drop (atm)
LISF	- scrubber feed rate (gal/min)
XLH(J)	- fraction J hydrating in scrubber
LISR	- initial value for slurry recycle rate (gH <sub>2</sub> O/sec)
XSOC	- clarifier efficiency
XSOF	- filter efficiency
XWSFB	- weight fraction solids in filter bottoms
XWSCB	- weight fraction solids in clarifier bottoms
XA(J)	- fraction of J absorbed
XO	- fraction of SO <sub>2</sub> oxidized
XLSU(J)	- fraction of J utilized in the system
POSG	- pressure of the stack gas stream at the I.D. fan outlet (psia)
XUW	- fan efficiency

VIFG	- velocity of the flue gas stream (acfm)
TIFG	- temperature of the flue gas stream ( $^{\circ}$ F)
PIFG	- pressure of the flue gas stream (psia)
YFG(J)	- mole fraction of J
WILS	- weight rate of limestone (lbm/min)
XWLS(J)	- weight fraction of J
WIFA	- weight rate of fly ash (lbm/min)
XWFA	- weight fraction of J
XLD(J)	- fraction of J from LS that dissolves.
XSD(J)	- fraction of J from SF that dissolves
MIWM(J)	- concentration of J in water makeup (mg/l)

A sample input deck listing (for PSN #2B) is given in the first part of Section 5.0. The equipment numbers, equipment names, stream numbers, calculation sequence, and fixed parameters correspond to those shown in the PROSIM CARD INPUT SEQUENCE table. It should be noted that not all equipment subroutines require input data. Thus, no equipment parameters for these subroutines are indicated in the PROSIM CARD INPUT SEQUENCE table. Specification of input stream quantities for the inlet gas-solid stream (FLUGAS) and for the water makeup (WTRMKP) is indicated on the last page of the PROSIM CARD INPUT SEQUENCE table.

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4.0 TECHNICAL NOTE 200-004-17 - A DESCRIPTION OF THE  
RADIAN CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM PROGRAM USED IN THE  
PROCESS MODEL SIMULATION SYSTEM

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## 1.0

### INTRODUCTION

The Prototype Process Model Simulation Program required certain modifications be made to the Radian Chemical Equilibrium program. These changes consisted of redefining the inputs, computed quantities, and the addition of a few new variables. The basic structure and operating characteristics of the program was not markedly changed.

The following is a technical description of the modified program.

## 2.0

### PROGRAM INPUTS

The normal inputs to the program are the solution temperature, the key species, and some option flags. The solution temperature, in degrees Kelvin, is used to compute equilibrium constants, number of moles of hydrated water per mole, and constants associated with activity coefficients.

The key species are total moles of the following neutral species:  $\text{SO}_2$ ,  $\text{CO}_2$ ,  $\text{SO}_3$ ,  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ ,  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{MgO}$ ,  $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{HCl}$ , and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . These are the inputs for normal operation; the optional inputs will be discussed in a later section.

## 3.0

### PROGRAM FORMULATION

The program essentially solves sets of nonlinear equations. The possible equations solved and variables solved for are listed below:

$$K_w = a_{\text{H}^+} a_{\text{OH}^-} / \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \quad (1)$$

$$K_2 a_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3} = a_{\text{H}^+} a_{\text{HSO}_3^-} \quad (2)$$

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$$K_3 a_{HSO_3^-} = a_H + a_{SO_3^=} \quad (3)$$

$$K_4 a_{HSO_4^-} = a_H + a_{SO_4^=} \quad (4)$$

$$K_5 a_{H_2CO_3} = a_H + a_{HCO_3^-} \quad (5)$$

$$K_6 a_{HCO_3^-} = a_H + a_{CO_3^=} \quad (6)$$

$$K_7 a_{CaOH^+} = a_{Ca^{++}} a_{OH^-} \quad (7)$$

$$K_8 a_{CaSO_3} = a_{Ca^{++}} a_{SO_3^=} \quad (8)$$

$$K_9 a_{CaCO_3} = a_{Ca^{++}} a_{CO_3^=} \quad (9)$$

$$K_{10} a_{CaHCO_3^+} = a_{Ca^{++}} a_{HCO_3^-} \quad (10)$$

$$K_{11} a_{CaSO_4} = a_{Ca^{++}} a_{SO_4^=} \quad (11)$$

$$K_{12} a_{CaNO_3^+} = a_{Ca^{++}} a_{NO_3^-} \quad (12)$$

$$K_{sp} [CaCO_3(S)] \geq a_{Ca^{++}} a_{CO_3^=} \quad (13)$$

$$K_{sp} [CaSO_4(S)] \geq a_{Ca^{++}} a_{SO_4^=} \gamma_{H_2O}^{h_1} \quad (14)$$

$$K_{sp} [CaSO_3(S)] \geq a_{Ca^{++}} a_{SO_3^=} \gamma_{H_2O}^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (15)$$

$$K_{sp} [Ca(OH)_2(S)] \geq a_{Ca^{++}} a_{OH^-}^2 \quad (16)$$

$$K_{17} a_{MgOH^+} = a_{Mg^{++}} a_{OH^-} \quad (17)$$

$$K_{18} a_{MgSO_3} = a_{Mg^{++}} a_{SO_3^=} \quad (18)$$

$$K_{19} a_{MgHCO_3^+} = a_{Mg^{++}} a_{HCO_3^-} \quad (19)$$

$$K_{20} a_{MgSO_4} = a_{Mg^{++}} a_{SO_4^=} \quad (20)$$

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$$K_{2,1} a_{\text{MgCO}_3} = a_{\text{Mg}} + a_{\text{CO}_3^{\infty}} \quad (21)$$

$$K_{2,2} [\text{Mg(OH)}_2(\text{S})] \geq a_{\text{Mg}} + a_{\text{OH}^-}^2 \quad (22)$$

$$K_{2,3} [\text{MgSO}_3(\text{S})] \geq a_{\text{Mg}} + a_{\text{SO}_3^{\infty}} \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^{h_2} \quad (23)$$

$$K_{2,4} a_{\text{NaOH}} = a_{\text{Na}} + a_{\text{OH}^-} \quad (24)$$

$$K_{2,5} a_{\text{NaCO}_3^-} = a_{\text{Na}} + a_{\text{CO}_3^{\infty}} \quad (25)$$

$$K_{2,6} a_{\text{NaHCO}_3^-} = a_{\text{Na}} + a_{\text{HCO}_3^-} \quad (26)$$

$$K_{2,7} a_{\text{NaSO}_4^-} = a_{\text{Na}} + a_{\text{SO}_4^{\infty}} \quad (27)$$

$$K_{2,8} a_{\text{NaNO}_3^-} = a_{\text{Na}} + a_{\text{NO}_3^-} \quad (28)$$

$$K_{2,9} a_{\text{NaNO}_3^-} = a_{\text{Na}} + a_{\text{NO}_3^-} \quad (29)$$

Where:

$a_i$	=	$\gamma_i m_i$	= activity of component i
$\gamma_i$	=	activity coefficient of component i	
$m_i$	=	molality (moles/KgmH <sub>2</sub> O) of component i	
$h_i$	=	number of moles hydrated water per mole of component i	

Letting L<sub>K</sub> be the amount of molecular water in kgms, then the material balances are written

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total}_{\text{SO}_2}/L_K &= m_{\text{HSO}_3^-} + m_{\text{SO}_3^{\infty}} + m_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3} + m_{\text{CaSO}_3} \\ &\quad + m_{\text{CaSO}_3(\text{S})} + m_{\text{MgSO}_3} + m_{\text{MgSO}_3(\text{S})} \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total CO}_2 / L_k = & m_{\text{HCO}_3^-} + m_{\text{CO}_3^{=}} + m_{\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3} + m_{\text{CaCO}_3} + m_{\text{CaHCO}_3^+} \\ & + m_{\text{CaCO}_3(\text{S})} + m_{\text{MgHCO}_3^+} + m_{\text{MgCO}_3} \\ & + m_{\text{MgCO}_3(\text{S})} + m_{\text{NaCO}_3^-} + m_{\text{NaHCO}_3} \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total SO}_3 / L_k = & m_{\text{SO}_4^{=}} + m_{\text{HSO}_4^-} + m_{\text{CaSO}_4} + m_{\text{CaSO}_4(\text{S})} \\ & + m_{\text{MgSO}_4} + m_{\text{NaSO}_4^-} \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

$$\text{Total N}_2\text{O}_5 / L_k = (m_{\text{NO}_3^-} + m_{\text{CaNO}_3^+} + m_{\text{NaNO}_3})/2 \quad (33)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total CaO/L}_k = & m_{\text{Ca}^{++}} + m_{\text{CaOH}^+} + m_{\text{CaSO}_3} + m_{\text{CaCO}_3} \\ & + m_{\text{CaHCO}_3^+} + m_{\text{CaSO}_4} + m_{\text{CaNO}_3^+} + m_{\text{CaCO}_3(\text{S})} \\ & + m_{\text{CaSO}_4(\text{S})} + m_{\text{CaSO}_3(\text{S})} + m_{\text{Ca(OH)}_2(\text{S})} \end{aligned} \quad (34)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total MgO/L}_k = & m_{\text{Mg}^{++}} + m_{\text{MgOH}^+} + m_{\text{MgSO}_3} + m_{\text{MgHCO}_3^+} \\ & + m_{\text{MgCO}_3} + m_{\text{MgSO}_4} + m_{\text{Mg(OH)}_2(\text{S})} \\ & + m_{\text{MgCO}_3(\text{S})} + m_{\text{MgSO}_3(\text{S})} \end{aligned} \quad (35)$$

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$$\text{Total}_{\text{Na}_2\text{O}/L_k} = \left( m_{\text{Na}^+} + m_{\text{NaOH}} + m_{\text{NaCO}_3^-} + m_{\text{NaHCO}_3} \right. \\ \left. + m_{\text{NaSO}_4^-} + m_{\text{NaNO}_3} \right) / 2 \quad (36)$$

$$\text{Total}_{\text{HCl}/L_k} = m_{\text{Cl}^-} \quad (37)$$

the electroneutrality equation

$$m_{\text{H}^+} + 2m_{\text{Ca}^{++}} + m_{\text{CaOH}^+} + m_{\text{CaHCO}_3^+} + m_{\text{CaNO}_3^+} + m_{\text{Mg}^{++}} \\ + m_{\text{MgHCO}_3^+} + m_{\text{Na}^+} - m_{\text{OH}^-} - m_{\text{HSO}_3^-} - 2m_{\text{SO}_3^=} - 2m_{\text{SO}_4^-} \\ - m_{\text{HCO}_3^-} - 2m_{\text{CO}_3^=} - m_{\text{NO}_3^-} - m_{\text{HSO}_4^-} - m_{\text{NaCO}_3^-} - m_{\text{NaSO}_4^-} \\ - m_{\text{Cl}^-} = 0 \quad (38)$$

and finally the water balance equation:

$$\text{Total}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}/L_k} = 55.50622 + \frac{1}{2} \left( m_{\text{H}^+} + m_{\text{OH}^-} + m_{\text{HSO}_3^-} + m_{\text{HSO}_4^-} \right. \\ \left. + m_{\text{HCO}_3^-} + 2m_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3} + 2m_{\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3} + m_{\text{CaOH}^-} \right. \\ \left. + m_{\text{CaHCO}_3^+} + m_{\text{MgOH}^+} + m_{\text{MgHCO}_3^+} + m_{\text{NaOH}} \right. \\ \left. + m_{\text{NaHCO}_3} - m_{\text{Cl}^-} \right) + m_{\text{Ca(OH)}_3(\text{S})} \\ + m_{\text{Mg(OH)}_2(\text{S})} + \frac{1}{2} m_{\text{CaSO}_3(\text{S})} + h_1 m_{\text{CaSO}_4(\text{S})} \\ + h_2 m_{\text{MgSO}_3(\text{S})} + h_3 m_{\text{MgCO}_2(\text{S})} \quad (39)$$

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The number of equations and unknowns that are solved with this program depends upon the number of key species input. If for example,  $\text{SO}_3$  is zero, then all equations and unknowns involving this input are omitted from the calculations. If all of the input species are zero then only the trivial case involving  $\text{m}_{\text{OH}^-}$  and  $\text{m}_{\text{H}^+}$  is solved.

## 4.0 PROGRAM OPTIONS

A number of options have been incorporated into the program that modify either the specifications of inputs or unknown variables. These options are utilized in the process simulation model and in the analysis of experimental data.

### A. Suppression of Solids Precipitation

This option simply deletes the seven solid species and precipitation equations from the calculations.

### B. Partial Pressure of $\text{SO}_2$

In the basic mode of operation the partial pressure of  $\text{SO}_2$  is computed after convergence by

$$P_{\text{SO}_2} = a_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3} / \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} K_p \text{SO}_2$$

where  $K_p \text{SO}_2$  is the partial pressure constant

However, there is an option where  $P_{\text{SO}_2}$  may be specified as an input and the program computes  $\text{m}_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3}$  and  $N_{\text{H}_2\text{SO}_2}$

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## C. Partial Pressure of CO<sub>2</sub>

The same option as is discussed in (B) is available for CO<sub>2</sub>. These two may be used separately or together.

## D. Weight Percent Solids

The fraction of solids in an aqueous solution is given by

$$X_s = \frac{W_{E\ S}}{W_{N\ T} + W_{N\ E\ S}}$$

where

$W_{E\ S}$  = weight equilibrium solids

$W_{N\ E\ S}$  = weight nonequilibrium solids

$W_{N\ T}$  = weight total input species

For this option, the weight fraction of solids,  $X_s$ , replaces  $N_{H_2O}$  as an input. The constant  $W_{N\ E\ S}$  is also input. Since  $W_{E\ S}$  and the unknown  $N_{H_2O}$  are functions of the molecular water  $L_k$ , this option merely replaces equation (39) with the one given above. After convergence the total moles of water is printed.

## E. Specified pH

Normally the pH of the solution is computed and printed after convergence; however, an option is provided to specify the pH of the solution. Since this eliminates one unknown, the electroneutrality equation (38) is not used in the calculations. It is computed after convergence to give an error estimate of the size of unknown species that might

be present in the solutions. This option is used primarily in the analysis of test data.

## 5.0        OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

### A. Calling Sequence

CALL SOLNEQ (X, NS, CM, PP, TK, IOPT)

### B. Arguments

X = An array containing the initial guesses for the molalities, when the routine returns X contains the solution.

NS = 1, No solids are considered in the solution.  
= 0, Solids are computed.

CM = An array containing the input moles.

CM(1) = Moles of SO<sub>2</sub>  
CM(2) = Moles of CO<sub>2</sub>  
CM(3) = Moles of SO<sub>3</sub>  
CM(4) = Moles of N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>  
CM(5) = Moles of CaO  
CM(6) = Moles of MgO  
CM(7) = Moles of Na<sub>2</sub>O  
CM(8) = Moles of HCl  
CM(9) = Moles of H<sub>2</sub>O or weight fraction of solids (X<sub>s</sub>)  
CM(10) = Moles of W<sub>NES</sub>, or pH

if CM(I) = 0, then variables and equations are deleted from the solutions.

PP = An array containing input partial pressure  
PP(1) = p<sub>SO<sub>2</sub></sub> (atm)  
PP(2) = p<sub>CO<sub>2</sub></sub> (atm)  
TK = Temperature (Kelvin)  
IOPT = 0 Use CM(1) and CM(2) as inputs, compute  
PP(1) and PP(2).  
= 1 Use PP(1) and CM(2) as inputs, compute  
CM(1) and PP(2).  
= 2 Use CM(1) and PP(2) as inputs, compute  
PP(1) and CM(2).  
= 3 Use PP(1) and PP(2) as inputs, compute  
CM(1) and CM(2).  
= 4 Use CM(9) = X<sub>s</sub> and CM(10) as inputs,  
compute H<sub>2</sub>O.  
= 8 Use CM(10) = pH as an input, compute  
the error in the electroneutrality equation.

#### C. Diagnostic Messages and Error Stops

If the number of equations does not match the  
number of variables, the routine exits via CALL EXIT.

#### D. External References

There are two routines subordinated to SOLNEQ:

CTEMP  
NOLIN

6.0

#### REFERENCES

The description of the equilibrium program may be  
found in Volume I, Section V of Radian Corporation Final Report

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for Contract CPA 22-69-138, "A Theoretical Description of the Limestone Wet Scrubbing Process", 9 June 1970. The equilibrium constant and activity coefficient formulation is also given there. Radian Technical Note 200-004-02 discusses the activity of water.

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5.0    SAMPLE INPUT DECK AND  
         PROGRAM LISTINGS

## SAMPLE INPUT DECK LISTING

6N XQT PROSIM

PROTOTYPE SIMULATION NO. 2-B

1 FLUGAS -1  
 2 WTRMKP -14  
 3 CLRHTR 1 -2  
 4 SCRUBR -3 -6 2 15  
 5 CLRHTR 3 -4  
 6 DIVDER 7 -8 -9  
 7 CLRFYR 9 -10 -11  
 8 FILTER 11 -12 -13  
 9 EQMTXR 8 10 12 14 -15  
 10 OVALMB 2 14 -3 -13  
 11 FLTRBM 13  
 12 STKGAS 5  
 13 PMPFAN 4 -5

@ EOF

1,2,3(10,8(7,6,9,4))5,11,13,12\*

3 225. .144  
 4 8. 1400. 1. .2 .2  
 5 250. .144  
 6 62118.5  
 7 15. 8. 15. 14. .01  
 8 .6 .3 .01  
 10 .9 5.24013-04 .1 1. .5 .288 .75 .75  
 15 14.696 .85

@ EOF

100000. 275. 14.696  
 .002 .145 4.5E-4 5.E-5 .03 0. .7425 0.  
 .08  
 31.5624

1.

40.03

1.121E-3.991423 7.456E-5  
 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4  
 .35 .35 .35 .35 .35 .35 .35

66 \*\*\*\*\*

REMOTE STOP

\*\*\*\*\*

```
AI FOR ARTWRK
SUBROUTINE ARTWRK
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
DIMENSION LB(4)
DATA LB(1)/*REHEAT*/LB(2)/*ER      */LB(3)/*COOLER*/LB(4)/*      */
C
      WRITE(6,100)
      CALL DATIME
      WRITE(6,101) LABEL
      WRITE(6,200)
      WRITE(6,300)
      WRITE(6,400) PRD(99),PRD(100)
      WRITE(6,500)
      IS=1
      IRD=97
      DO 1 I=1,2
      WRITE(6,600) LB(IS),LB(IS+1),PRD(IRD)
      IS=IS+2
      IRD=IRD+1
1 CONTINUE
100 FORMAT(1H1)
101 FORMAT(1H+,45X,A6)
200 FORMAT(45X,* EQUIPMENT OUTPUTS*)
300 FORMAT(10X,* I.D. FAN POWER REQUIREMENTS*)
400 FORMAT(10X,* HORSEPOWER =*,1PE10.4,4X,* KILOWATTS =*,1PE10.4)
500 FORMAT(10X,* COOLER/REHEATER*)
600 FORMAT(1H +25X,A6,A2,* HEAT DUTY =*,F10.2,* CAL/SEC*)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE ASTAR(X,PARTL)
C **** THIS ROUTINE MULTIPLIES THE DERIVATIVE MATRIX BY ITS
C * TRANSPOSE AND THEN SCALES THE PRODUCT *
C ****
      COMMON /GRAD/PD(50,50),AS(50,50),SQ(50)
      COMMON /LIMS/NF
      DOUBLE PRECISION SUM
      DOUBLE PRECISION PD,AS,SQ,X
      DIMENSION X(1)
C
      CALL PARTL(X)
      DO 1 I=1,NF
      SUM=0.
      DO 2 K=1,NF
      SUM=SUM+PD(K,I)*PD(K,I)
  2 CONTINUE
      SQ(I)=SQR(SUM)
      IF(SQ(I).LT.1.E-4) SQ(I)=1.E-4
      AS(I,I)=1.
  1 CONTINUE
C
      NF1=NF-1
      DO 3 I=1,NF1
      JS=I+1
      DO 4 J=JS,NF
      SUM=0.
      DO 5 K=1,NF
      SUM=SUM+PD(K,I)*PD(K,J)
  5 CONTINUE
      AS(I,J)=SUM/(SQ(I)*SQ(J))
      AS(J,I)=AS(I,J)
  4 CONTINUE
  3 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

```

AI FOR CLRIFYR
    SUBROUTINE CLRIFYR(P,S)
C ****
C *      THIS ROUTINE ACTS      *
C *      A SOLID-LIQUID        *
C *      SEPERATOR             *
C ****
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
LOCNL=ISEQ(NL)
LIS=ISTM(LOCNL,1)
LOS1=ISTM(LOCNL,6)
LOS2=ISTM(LOCNL,7)
LSF=P(1)
LSR=P(2)
LFB=P(3)
LWM=P(4)
KEY1=SV(LOS1,2)
IF(KEY1.NE.0) GO TO 1
PRO(28)=(1.-P(5))*100.
RETURN 2
1 CONTINUE
SV(LOS1,5)=SV(LOS2,5)
SV(LIS,5)=SV(LOS2,5)
SV(LOS1,49)=SV(LOS2,49)
SV(LIS,49)=SV(LOS2,49)
SV(LIS,48)=SV(LOS2,48)
SV(LOS1,48)=SV(LOS2,48)
C
DO 2 I=51,81
SV(LOS1,I)=SV(LOS2,I)
SV(LIS,I)=SV(LOS2,I)
2 CONTINUE
C
SV(LIS,50)=SV(LSF,50)+SV(LFB,50)-SV(LWM,50)-SV(LSR,50)
SV(LOS1,50)=SV(LIS,50)-SV(LOS2,50)
C
XWS=SV(LOS2,100)
R3=XWS/(1-XWS)
R1=(R3/(1.-P(5)))*(SV(LOS2,50)/SV(LIS,50))
R2=P(5)*R1*(SV(LIS,50)/SV(LOS1,50))
XWSF=R1/(1+R1)
SV(LIS,100)=XWSF

```

```
XWSL=R2/(1+R2)
SV(LOS1,100)=XWSL
C
DOS I=101,119
SV(LOS1,I)=(XWS-XWSF)/(XWSF-XWSL)*(XWSL/XWS)*SV(LOS2,I)
SV(LIS,I)=SV(LOS1,I)+SV(LOS2,I)
5 CONTINUE
C
CALL TOEQSP(LIS)
CALL TOEQSP(LOS1)
RETURN 2
END
```

```

AI FOR CLRHTR
    SUBROUTINE CLRHTR(P,$)
C ****
C *      THIS ROUTINE SIMULATES A   *
C *      HEAT EXCHANGER           *
C ****
C INCLUDE CMMN.LIST
C
    LOCsv=ISEQ(NL)
    LIS=ISTM(LOCsv,1)
    LOS=ISTM(LOCsv,6)
    KEY1=SV(LOS,2)
    IF(KEY1.NE.0) GO TO 1
    IRD=97
    IUSE=IUSE+1
    IF(IUSE.NE.1) GO TO 3
    PRD(30)=P(1)
    PRD(62)=P(2)
    GO TO 4
3 PRD(31)=P(1)
    PRD(64)=P(2)
4 CONTINUE
    RETURN 2
1 CONTINUE
    SV(LOS,5)=(P(1)+459.688)/1.8
    SV(LOS,6)=SV(LIS,6)-P(2)/14.696
    DO 2 I=10,120
    SV(LOS,I)=SV(LIS,I)
2 CONTINUE
    CALL DHGS(LIS,H1)
    CALL DHGS(LOS,H2)
    SV(LOS,7)=H2
    SV(LIS,7)=H1
    G=H2-H1
    PRD(IRD)=G
    IRD=IRD+1
    RETURN 2
END

```

```
AI FOR CONVCO
SUBROUTINE CONVCO(X,Y,YA,S,IL)
C
IF(IL.NE.0) GO TO 1
X0=X
Y0=Y
X=X0+(YA-Y)/S
IF(X.LT.0.) X=0.
RETURN
1 CONTINUE
SL=(Y-Y0)/(X-X0)
X1=X
X=X0+(YA-Y0)/SL
Y0=Y
X0=X1
RETURN
END
```

```

AI FOR CONVSO
    SUBROUTINE CONVSO(X,XMX,XMN,Y,YMX,YMN,YO,IC)
C
    DY=Y-YO
    IF(IC.EQ.0) X0=X
    IF(ABS(1-X/X0).LT.1.E-3) GO TO 7
    X0=X
    IF(DY)1,2,3
1   IF(Y.LT.YMN) GO TO 4
    YMN=Y
    XMN=X
    IN=IN+1
    IP=0
    GO TO 5
4   X=.9*X
    GO TO 2
3   IF(Y.GT.YMX) GO TO 5
    YMX=Y
    XMX=X
    IP=IP+1
    IN=0
    GO TO 5
5   X=1.1*X
    GO TO 2
7   CONTINUE
    IF(IC.EQ.0) GO TO 8
    SL=(Y1-Y)/(X1-X0)
8   CONTINUE
    IC=1
    X=X0-DY/SL
    IF(ABS(1.-X/X0).GT.1.E-2) X=(X+X0)/2.
    Y1=Y
    X1=X0
    X0=X
    GO TO 2
5   SL=(YMX-YMN)/(XMX-XMN)
    X=(YO-YMN)/SL+XMN
    DX=X-X0
    SL=(Y-YO)/(X0-X)
    LC=LC+1
    IF(LC.EQ.4) IC=0
    X1=X

```

2 RETURN  
END

```

SUBROUTINE CTEMP(K)
COMMON /PPRESS/PK(2),L1,L2
COMMON/FUNC/F(50),CK(50),CT(10)
COMMON/TEMPER/AC,BC,CPK(2),NHY(5),WS(10)
DIMENSION A(31),B(31),C(31),D(31),LB(62),EK25(31)
DOUBLE PRECISION F,CK,CT
DATA (LB(I), I=1,60)/'H20   ','H2503 ','HS03 ',''
1   ','HS04 ','H2C03 ','HC03 ','CA0
2H+ ','CAS03 ','CAC03 ','CAHC03','+
3','CAS04 ','CAN03','CAC03(','S) ''
4CAS04(','S) ','CAS03(','S) ','CA(OH) ','2(S) ','MGCH+ ',''
5 ','MGS03 ','MGHC03','+', 'MGS04 ','MGC03
6',' ','MG(OH) ','2(S) ','MGC03(','S) ','NAOH ',''
7NAC03- ','NAHC03 ','NAS04- ','NANO3 ''
8 ','PP(SO2','') ','PP(CO2','') '
DATA (EK25(I), I=1,30)/ .10129E-13, .12957E-01, .52207E-07,
* .10396E-01, .44513E-06, .46817E-10, .42229E-01, .39399E-03,
* .62996E-03, .55002E-01, .48969E-02, .48435E , .48695E-08,
* .24000E-04, .84004E-07, .56287E-05, .26001E-02, .11997E-02,
* .110010 , .56636E-02, .39999E-03, .12552E-10, .21500E-04,
* 3.71540 , .54002E-01, 1.77830 , .190240 , 2.51190 ,
* 1.21580 , .34215E-01/
DATA (A(I),I=1,30) / 4471.0 , -843.67 , -633.84 ,
* 475.14 , 3404.7 , 2902.4 , -273.00 , -504.80 ,
* -475.48 , -301.85 , 2572.1 , -1245.0 , -1560.0 ,
* 4944.0 , .00000 , 765.60 , -517.99 , -432.50 ,
* -235.08 , -1057.9 , -504.80 , -480.85 , -955.14 ,
* .00000 , -303.41 , .00000 , -241.00 , .00000 ,
* -1370.0 , -1015.0 /
DATA (B(I),I=1,30) / .00000 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 , 23.150 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* 37.745 , .00000 , 4.470E-7 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 /
DATA (C(I),I=1,30) / .1705E-01, .00000 , .00000 ,
* .18222E-01, .32786E-01, .2379E-01, .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 , .0171245 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 , .30000 , .00000 , .00000 ,
* .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 , .00000 ,

```

```

* .00000 , .00000 /
DATA (0(I),I=1,30) / 6.0975 , -4.7171 , -3.3320 ,
* 5.0435 , 14.843 , 6.4980 , -2.2900 , -5.0910 ,
* -4.7954 , -2.2720 , 63.600 , -4.4900 , -13.830 ,
* 105.36 , -7.0757 , 2.424 , -4.3223 , -4.3715 ,
* -1.7470 , -5.7950 , -5.0910 , -12.514 , -7.8710 ,
* .57000 , -2.2852 , .25000 , -1.5290 , .40000 ,
* -4.5100 , -4.8700 /
DATA WS(1)/74.10/WS(2)/100.09/WS(3)/120.14/WS(4)/120.14/WS(5)
*/58.34/WS(7)/84.33/
DATA A(31)/802.2/D(31)/-1.583/LB(61)/*MGS03/*LB(62)/*S *//
DATA EK25(31)/5.3272E-5/

```

C

```

100 FORMAT(1H1)
101 FORMAT(9X,A6,A4,6(1PE10.4,5X))
102 FORMAT(9X,'REACTANT      K(25 C)',8X,'K(TEMP)',10X,'A',14X,'B',14X,
*'C',14X,'D') )
103 FORMAT(44X, 'EQUILIBRIUM CONSTANTS')
104 FORMAT(//,21X,'THIS PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY RADIAN CORP. UNDER NAPCA/
*HEW SPONSORSHIP')
107 FORMAT(35X, ' TEMPERATURE',F10.3,' DEGREES C'//)
108 FORMAT(/17X, 'HYDRATES IF PRECIPITATED ARE MGC03*',I1,'H2O*MGS03*'
*,I1,'H2O*CAS03*(1/2)H2O')
109 FORMAT(1H+,81X,'*CAS04*2H2O')

```

C

```

IF(TOLD.EQ.TK) RETURN
TC=TK-273.16
WRITE(6,100)
WRITE(6,107) TC
WRITE(6,103)
WRITE(6,102)
TC2=TC*TC
DC=87.740-0.40008*TC+9.398E-4*TC2-1.410E-6*TC2*TC
AC=1.8246E6/(DC*TK*SQRT(DC*TK))
AC=2.3026*AC
BC=50.29/SQRT(DC*TK)

```

C

```

DM=2.3025851
DO 1 I=1,28
CK(I)=DM*(-A(I)/TK-B(I)* ALOG10(TK)-C(I)*TK+D(I))
IF(I.EQ.14.AND.TC.GT.40.) CK(14)=DM*(-701.81/TK-1.7288E-6*ALOG10(T
*K)-.0195566*TK+3.7175)
IF(I.NE.23 50 0 3

```

```

CK(29)=DM*(-A(31)/TK+D(31))
IF(TC.GT.38.) CK(29)=DM*(955.2/TK-7.195)
EK=EXP(CK(29))
WRITE(6,101) LB(61),LB(62),EK25(31),EK,A(31),B(31),C(31),D(31)
3 CONTINUE
EK=EXP(CK(I))
IS=2*I-1
WRITE(6,101) LB(IS),LB(IS+1),EK25(I),EK,A(I),B(I),C(I),D(I)
1 CONTINUE
C
DO 2 I=29,30
TEMP =DM*(-A(I)/TK-B(I)*ALOG10(TK)-C(I)*TK+D(I))
EK=EXP(TEMP)

J=I-28
CPK(J)=EK
IS=2*I-1
WRITE(6,101) LB(IS),LB(IS+1),EK25(I),EK,A(I),B(I),C(I),D(I)
2 CONTINUE
NHY(1)=2
IF(TC.GT.40.) NHY(1)=0
NHY(2)=5
IF(TC.GT.25.) NHY(2)=3
NHY(3)=6
IF(TC.GT.38.) NHY(3)=3
WS(5)=136.14+NHY(1)*18.016
WS(8)=84.33+NHY(2)*18.016
WS(9)=104.38+NHY(3)*18.016
WRITE(6,108) NHY(2),NHY(3)
IF(NHY(1).NE.0) WRITE(6,109)
WRITE(6,104)
TOLD=TK
RETURN
END

```

40

```
BN FOR DELTA
SUBROUTINE DELTA(DELTA,XL)
C **** THIS ROUTINE FINDS THE CORRECTION VECTOR ****
C
COMMON /GRAD/PD(50,50),AS(50,50),SQ(50)
COMMON /RESID/ GS(50)
COMMON/FUNC/F(50),CK(50),CT(10)
COMMON /LIMS/NF
DOUBLE PRECISION A,B,DETRM
DOUBLE PRECISION PD,AS,SQ,GS,DELT
DOUBLE PRECISION F,CK,CT
DIMENSION A(50,50),B(50,1),DELT(1)

C
AM=10.
DO 1 I=1,NF
B(I,1)=0.
B(I,1)=GS(I)
DO 2 J=1,NF
A(I,J)=0.
A(I,J)=AS(I,J)
2 CONTINUE
1 CONTINUE

C
DO 3 I=1,NF
A(I,I)=A(I,I)+XL
3 CONTINUE

C
CALL MATIN(A,NF,B,1,DETRM)

C
AMAG=0.
DO 4 I=1,NF
DELT(I)=B(I,1)/SQ(I)
AMAG=AMAG+DELT(I)*DELT(I)
4 CONTINUE
AMAG=SQRT(AMAG)
IF(AMAG.LT.AM) RETURN
DO 7 I=1,NF
DELT(I)=AM*DELT(I)/AMAG
7 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

AI FOR DHTOT/S, DHTOT/S, DHTOT/R  
SUBROUTINE DHTOT(L,DH,IFLAG)

C  
C  
C  
C  
C

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* ENTHALPY \*  
\* THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES THE ENTHALPY OF A GAS-SOLID-LIQUID\*  
\* STREAM RELATIVE TO SOME REFERENCE STATE. THE REFERENCE \*  
\* TEMPERATURE WILL BE TAKEN AS 25 C (298.16), AND THE \*  
\* REFERENCE OF ELEMENTS AND H+ HAVING ZERO ENTHALPY WILL \*  
\* BE TAKEN. THE COMPOSITIONS AND AMOUNTS OF EACH PHASE ARE \*  
\* TAKEN AS KNOWN. THE NECESSARY THERMOCHEMICAL DATA ARE TAKEN \*  
\* FROM THE LIWS DATA BASE. THE SUBROUTINE IS WRITTEN IN TERMS \*  
\* OF THREE PARTS-ONE WHICH CALCULATES THE ENTHALPY OF THE GAS \*  
\* PHASE • ONE WHICH CALCULATES THE ENTHALPY OF THE SOLID- \*  
\* PHASE • AND ONE WHICH CALCULATES THE ENTHALPY OF LIQUID PHASE.\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

ENTRY DHG(L,DH) -THIS ENTRY COMPUTES GAS ENTHALPY PHASE(DH)  
ONLY, FOR L TH STREAM (IFLAG=1 )

ENTRY DHL(L,DH) -THIS ENTRY COMPUTES LIQUID ENTHALPY PHASE  
(DH) ONLY, FOR L TH STREAM (IFLAG=2 )

ENTRY DHS(L,DH) -THIS ENTRY COMPUTES SOLID ENTHALPY PHASE  
(DH) ONLY, FOR L TH STREAM (IFLAG=3 )

ENTRY DHGS(L,DH) -THIS ENTRY COMPUTES GAS-SOLID ENTHALPY  
PHASE (DH) FOR L TH STREAM (IFLAG=4 )

ENTRY DHSL(L,DH) -THIS ENTRY COMPUTES SOLID-LIQUID ENTHALPY  
PHASE (DH)FOR L TH STREAM (IFLAG=5 )

ENTRY DHSLG(L,DH) -THIS ENTRY COMPUTES SOLID-LIQUID-GAS  
ENTHALPY (DH)FOR L TH STREAM (IFLAG=6 )

C  
C

```

C      IFLAG          - IF ENTERED THROUGH STANDARD ENTRY, VALUE
C                           OF IFLAG DETERMINES COMPUTE OPTION AS
C                           INDICATED ABOVE.
C
C      INCLUDE LCMN,LIST
C      INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
C
C      REAL NGS,NW,MW,MI
C
C
C      ODEFINE      D(T)      = 87.740 -.40008*(T-273.16)
C      1           + 9.398E-4*(T-273.16)**2
C      2           - 1.410E-6*(T-273.16)**3
C      ODEFINE      DDT(T)     = -.40008 + 1.8796E-3*(T-273.16)
C      1           - 4.23E-6 * (T-273.16)**2
C      DEFINE       TAU(T)    = DDT(T)/D(T) + 1.0/T
C      ODEFINE      DL(T)     = +.99995282
C      1           + .46726615E-4 * (T-273.16)
C      2           - .74105074E-5 * (T-273.16)**2
C      3           + .41079583E-7 * (T-273.16)**3
C      4           - .13370708E-9 * (T-273.16)**4
C      CDEFINE      ALPHA(T)  =-((+.46726615E-4)
C      1           + 2.*(-.74105074E-5)*(T-273.16)
C      2           + 3.*(+.41079583E-7)*(T-273.16)**2
C      3           + 4.*(-.13370708E-9)*(T-273.16)**3)/DL(T)
C      CDEFINE      A(T)      = (1.8246E+0F)* SQRT(DL(T))/_
C                               SQRT(D(T)*T)**3
C      CDEFINE      B(T)      = (50.29)* SQRT(DL(T))/_
C                               SQRT(D(T)*T)
C      DEFINE       BETAT(I)   = ALIT(I)*B(T)*SQRT(CAPI)
C
C      ****
C
C      IF (IFLAG.LT.1.OR.IFLAG.GT.6) GO TO 3
C      GO TO 4
C      3 CONTINUE
C      PRINT 110,IFLAG
C      110 FORMAT(25X, 'ERROR STOP IN ENTHALPY ROUTINE-ENTRY DH-IFLAG=',I5/)
C      STOP

```

C ENTRY DFL(L,DH)  
C  
C IFLAG=1  
C GO TO 4  
C C  
C ENTRY DHL(L,DH)  
C  
C IFLAG=2  
C GO TO 4  
C C  
C ENTRY DHS(L,DH)  
C  
C IFLAG=3  
C GO TO 4  
C C  
C ENTRY DHGS(L,DH)  
C  
C IFLAG=4  
C GO TO 4  
C C  
C ENTRY DHSL(L,DH)  
C  
C IFLAG=5  
C GO TO 4  
C C  
C ENTRY DHSLG(L,DH)  
C IFLAG=6  
4 CONTINUE  
DHSOL=0.0  
DHGAS=0.0  
DHLIQ=0.0  
IF(IFLAG.EQ.1.OR.IFLAG.EQ.4.OR.IFLAG.EQ.6) GO TO 5  
GO TO E  
5 CONTINUE

```
C * PART THAT COMPUTES THE ENTHALPY OF THE GAS *
C * STREAM
C ****
C
C TI>298.16
SUM=0.0
TGS=SV(L,5)
DO 1 JG=1,9
I=10 + JG
TERM1= DHF(JG)
NGS= SV(L,I)
IF(NGS.EQ.0) GO TO 1
TERM2=(TGS-TI)*(ACP(JG) + (TGS+TI)*.5*BCP(JG)
1           +((TGS*TGS +TGS*TI + TI*TI)/3.0)* CCP(JG))
SUM=SUM + NGS*(TERM1 + TERM2)
1 CONTINUE
DHGAS=SUM
C
C
C 6 CONTINUE
IF(IFLAG.GT.2) GO TO 7
GO TO 8
7 CONTINUE
C
C ****
C *
C * PART THAT COMPUTES THE ENTHALPY OF THE SOLIDS *
C * IN THE STREAM
C *
C ****
C
C TI>298.16
TGS>SV(L,5)
SUM=0.0
DO 2 JS=21,39
I=80 + JS
NGS=SV(L,I)
TERM1= DHF(JS)
IF(NGS.EQ.0) GO TO 2
TERM2=(TGS-TI)*(ACP JS + TGS+TI)*.5*BCP JS
```

```

- ...(/("GS*T") * DCP(JS
SUM=SUM + NGS*(TERM1 + TERM2)
2 CONTINUE
DHS OL=SUM

8 CONTINUE
IF(IFLAG.EQ.2.OR.IFLAG.GT.4) GO TO 9
GO TO 10
9 CONTINUE

*****
*
*          PART THAT COMPUTES THE ENTHALPY OF THE
*          LIQUIDS IN THE STREAM
*
*****

```

TI=298.16  
MW= 55.50622  
NW= SV(L,50)/18.016  
SUM=0.0  
T= SV(L,5)  
R= 1.9872  
DO 11 JL=50,81  
TERM1=DHF(JL)  
MI>SV(L,JL)  
IF(JL.EQ.50) MI=MW  
IF( MI.EQ.0 ) GO TO 11  
TERM2=(T-TI)\*(ACP(JL)+ ( T+TI)\*.5 \*BCP(JL)
1 +((T \* T + T \*TI + TI\*TI)/3.0)\* CCP(JL))
SUM =SUM + MI \*( TERM1 + TERM2)
11 CONTINUE
SUM= SUM \* ( SV(L,50)/1000.0)
DHLIQ= SUM

C  
C

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```
CAPI=0.0
DO 12 I=51,81
IF( ZE(I).EQ.0) GO TO 12
CAPI = CAPI + ZE(I)*ZE(I)*SV(L,I)
12 CONTINUE
CAPI>CAPI/2.0
SUM1=0.0
SUM2=0.0
DO 13 I=51,81
SUM1=SUM1 + SV(L,I)
IF(ZE(I).EQ.0) GO TO 14
BET =BETA(T,I)
X1=BET - 2.0*ALOG(1.0+BET) + BET/(1.0+BET)
X2= A(T)*ZE(I)*ZE(I)*BLIT(I) +UCAP(I)
TERME= SV(L,I)*((-A(T)*ZE(I)*ZE(I)*SQR(CAPI)/BET**3)*X1
1 + (CAPI/2.0)*X2)
GO TO 15
14 CONTINUE
TERME= UCAP(I) *CAPI + SV(L,I)/2.0
15 CONTINUE
SUM2 = SUM2 + TERM
13 CONTINUE
ALOGAW>-2.3025851*SUM2 < SUM1 / MW
SUM =0.0
DO 20 I=51,81
DUM>TAU(T,I)*3.0<ALPHACTI
BET=BETA(T,I)
X1>.5 *R * T * T *ACTI* ZE(I)*ZE(I)*2.3025851
X2> DUM*BLIT(I)*CAPI
X3> -SQR(CAPI)*2.0*BET*TAU(T,I) <DUM/
1 ((1.0 +BET)**2)
TERM = X1 * ( X2 + X3 )
SUM = SUM + TERM * SV(L,I)
20 CONTINUE
SUM = SUM / MW
SUM1=0.0
SUM2=0.0
DO 21 I>51,81
SUM1=SUM1 + SV(L,I)*(UCAP(I)*CAPI/2.0 + .43429448 )
BET=BETA(T,I)
X1= SV(L,I)*ZE(I)*ZE(I)/(BET*BET)
X2 > -6.0* ALOG(1.0< BET/BET)
X3= (6.0 +9.0*BET +2.0*BET*BET)/ ((0 +BET)**2)
```

```
SUM2 =SUM2 + X1 * (X2 +X3)
21 CONTINUE
X1 = R*T*T*.5
X2> 3.0*TAU(T) < ALPHA(T)
X3= ALOGAW + (2.3025851 * SUM1 )/ MW
X4=(A(T)*(TAU(T)+ALPHA(T))*SQRT(CAPI) * (2.3025851) * SUM2)/MW
TERM = X1*( X2 * X3 - X4 )
DHLIQ>DHLIQ < TERM < SUM 1* NW
```

```
C
C
```

```
10 CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
*****
```

```
*
```

```
* FOLLOWING PORTION TAKES INDIVIDUAL ENTHALPY COMPONENTS
* CHANGES AND COMPUTES TOTAL ENTHALPY CHANGE
```

```
*
```

```
*****
```

```
C
```

```
*
```

```
DH> DHGAS< DHSOL <DHLIQ
P(1)=P(1)
END
```

AI FOR DIVDER

SUBROUTINE DIVDER(P,S)

C \*\*\*\* THIS ROUTINE SERVES \*

C \* AS A STREAM SPLITTER \*

C \*\*\*\*

INCLUDE CMMN,LIST

LOCNL=ISEQ(NL)

LIS=ISTM(LOCNL,1)

LOS1=ISTM(LOCNL,6)

LOS2=ISTM(LOCNL,7)

KEY1=SV(LOS1,2)

IF(KEY1.NE.0) GO TO 1

SV(LOS1,2)=1

SV(LOS1,50)=P(1)

RETURN 2

I CONTINUE

IF(SV(LOS1,50).NE.0.) SV(LOS1, 5)=SV(LOS2, 5)

SV(LIS,5)=SV(LOS2,5)

SV(LIS,49)=SV(LOS2,49)

SV(LOS1,49)=SV(LOS2,49)

SV(LIS,48)=SV(LOS2,48)

SV(LOS1,48)=SV(LOS2,48)

SV(LIS,50)=SV(LOS1,50)+SV(LOS2,50)

DO 2 I=51,81

SV(LIS,I)=SV(LOS2,I)

IF(SV(LOS1,50).EQ.0.) GO TO 2

SV(LOS1,I)=SV(LOS2,I)

2 CONTINUE

DO 3 I=101,119

SV(LIS,I)=(SV(LIS,50)/SV(LOS2,50))\*SV(LOS2,I)

SV(LOS1,I)=(SV(LOS1,50)/SV(LOS2,50))\*SV(LOS2,I)

3 CONTINUE

DO 4 I=31,39

SV(LOS1,I)=(SV(LOS1,50)/SV(LOS2,50))\*SV(LOS2,I)

SV(LIS,I)=(SV(LIS,50)/SV(LOS2,50))\*SV(LOS2,I)

4 CONTINUE

IF(SV(LOS1,50).NE.0.) SV(LOS1,100)=SV(LOS2,100)

SV(LIS,100)=SV(LOS2, 00)

RETURN 2  
END

```
AI FOR DNTLA
SUBROUTINE DNTLA(L,XLH,XDLA,DNL,A,WLA,TWLA)
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
DIMENSION XLH(1),XDLA(1),DNL,A(1),WLA(1),TWLA(1),TLA(9)

C
DO 2 J=1,19
I=100+J
WLA(J)=SV(L,I)
2 CONTINUE
CALL TOSOSP(WLA,TLA)

C
DO 1 J=1,19
I=100+J
WLA(J)=(1-XDLA(J))*SV(L,I)
1 CONTINUE
WLA(1)=SV(L,101)*(1-XLSU(1))+SV(L,101)*XLSU(1)*(1-XLH(1))
WLA(8)=SV(L,108)*(1-XLSU(2))+SV(L,108)*XLSU(2)*(1-XLH(2))
WLA(2)=SV(L,101)*XLSU(1)*XLH(1)*(1-XDLA(2))
WLA(9)=SV(L,108)*XLSU(2)*XLH(2)*(1-XDLA(9))

C
CALL TOSOSP(WLA,TWLA)
DO 4 J=1,9
DNL(A(J))=TLA(J)-TWLA(J)
4 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

```
81 FOR DNTL40
    SUBROUTINE DNTL40(L,X1,X2)
    INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
C
    P(1)=P(1)
    SV(L,31)=SV(L,104)+SV(L,113)
    SV(L,32)=SV(L,103)+SV(L,110)
    SV(L,33)=SV(L,106)+SV(L,115)
    SV(L,34)=0.
    SV(L,35)=X1*SV(L,101)+SV(L,103)+SV(L,104)+SV(L,106)
    SV(L,36)=X2*SV(L,103)+SV(L,110)+SV(L,113)+SV(L,116)
    SV(L,37)=SV(L,117)+.5*SV(L,119)
    SV(L,38)=SV(L,119)
    SV(L,39)=-.5*SV(L,119)
    RETURN
    END
```

```
SUBROUTINE DNTSF(L,XDSF,DNS,WSF,TWSF)
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
DIMENSION          DNS(1),WSF(1),TWSF(1),XDSF(1)
C
DO 1 J=1,19
I=100+J
WSF(J)=(1-XDSF(J))*SV(L,I)
1 CONTINUE
CALL TOSOSP(WSF,TWSF)
DO 2 J=1,9
I=30+J
DNS(J)=SV(L,I)-TWSF(J)
2 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

```
AI FOR EFHOLD  
SUBROUTINE EFHOLD(P,S)  
RETURN 2  
END
```

54

```
      SUBROUTINE EQMIXR(P,$)
      INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
      DIMENSION PP(2)

C ****
C *      THIS ROUTINE MODELS
C *      THE PROCESS WATER
C *      HOLD TANK
C ****

      LOCNL=ISEQ(NL)
      LIS1=ISTM(LOCNL,1)
      LIS2=ISTM(LOCNL,2)
      LIS3=ISTM(LOCNL,3)
      LIS4=ISTM(LOCNL,4)
      LOS=ISTM(LOCNL,6)
      KEY1=SV(LOS,2)
      IF(KEY1.NE.0) GO TO 1
      IOPT=0
      NS=0
      WNES=0
      RETURN 2
1 CONTINUE
C
      SV(LOS,5)=SV(LIS4,5)
      T=SV(LOS,5)
      DO 2 I=31,39
      SV(LOS,I)=SV(LIS1,I)+SV(LIS2,I)+SV(LIS3,I)+SV(LIS4,I)
2 CONTINUE
      I=50
      SV(LOS,I)=SV(LIS1,I)+SV(LIS2,I)+SV(LIS3,I)+SV(LIS4,I)
      SV(LOS,51)=SV(LIS3,51)
      SV(LOS,52)=SV(LIS3,52)
      DO 4 J=1,29
      I=52+J
      SV(LOS,I)=(SV(LIS1,I)*SV(LIS1,50)+SV(LIS2,I)*SV(LIS2,50)+SV(LIS3,
      *I)*SV(LIS3,50)+SV(LIS4,I)*SV(LIS4,50))/SV(LOS,50)
4 CONTINUE
      DO 5 J=1,19
      I=100+J
      SV(LOS,I)=SV(LIS1,I)+SV(LIS2,I)+SV(LIS3,I)+SV(LIS4,I)
5 CONTINUE
      NS=0
```

```
SUM=SV(LIS1,100)+SV(LIS2,100)+SV(LIS3,100)
IF(SUM.EQ.0.) NS=1
C
7 CONTINUE
SV(LOS,35)=SV(LOS,35)-SV(LOS,101)
SV(LOS,36)=SV(LOS,36)-SV(LOS,108)
CALL EQUILB(LOS,IOPT,T,PP,WNES,NS)
WRITE(6,200)
200 FORMAT(//42X,'PROCESS WATER HOLD TANK')
SV(LOS,50)=SV(LOS,50)*1000.
SV(LOS,35)=SV(LOS,35)+SV(LOS,101)
SV(LOS,36)=SV(LOS,36)+SV(LOS,108)
RETURN 2
END
```

56

```
8I FOR EOS
      SUBROUTINE EOS(W)
C ****
C *      N FUNCTIONS OF THE N-VECTOR X ARE SUPPLIED HERE *
C ****
      COMMON/FUNC/F(50),CK(50),CT(10)
      COMMON /ACOEF/GLN(50),DGLN(50),IZ(50)
      COMMON /LIMS/NF
      COMMON/TEMPER/AC,BC,CPK(2),NHY(5),WS(10)
      COMMON /PPRESS/PK(2),L1,L2,L3,L4,REN
      COMMON /NEW/IV(50),IE(50),CL,TH(11)
      COMMON /TPAR/ATP(7)
      DIMENSION W(1),X(50),EQ(50)
      DOUBLE PRECISION F,CK,CT,W,X,EQ
      DOUBLE PRECISION FNQ,TH
      DOUBLE PRECISION ATP
      NAMELIST/TEST/WS,CT,TH,X/
C
      DEFINE Y(I)=EXP(X(I))
C
      DO 3 I=1,36
      X(I)=-85.
  3 CONTINUE
      X(38)=-85.
      X(39)=0
      DO 1 I=1,NF
      NV=IV(I)
      X(NV)=W(I)
  1 CONTINUE
      X(37)=LOG(CL/Y(39))
C
      TH(8)=Y(1)+2*Y(12)+Y(13)+Y(1E)+Y(18)+2*Y(23)+Y(24)+Y(25)+Y(31)
      TH(9)=Y(2)+Y(3)+2*Y(4)+2*Y(5)+Y(6)+2*Y(7)+Y(8)+Y(9)+Y(33)+Y(35)
      *+Y(37)
      EQ(36)=LOG(TH(8))-LOG(TH(9))
      REN=EQ(36)
      IF(L4.NE.8) GO TO 10
      REN=TH(8)-TH(9)
      EQ(36)=X(1)+GLN(1)+CT(10)
  10 CONTINUE
C
      CALL GAMMA(X)
```

C

```

EQ( 1)=GLN( 1)+GLN( 2)+X( 1)+X( 2)-CK( 1)-GLN(39)
IF(L4.EQ.8) EQ(1)=X(2)+GLN(2)-CT(10)-CK(1)-GLN(39)
IF(L1.EQ.1) GO TO 4
EQ( 2)=GLN( 1)+GLN( 3)+X( 1)+X( 3)-GLN(10)-X(10)-CK( 2)
TH(1)=Y(3)+Y(4)+Y(10)+Y(14)+Y(21)+Y(25)
EQ(29)=CT(1)-LOG(TH(1))-X(39)
GO TO 5
4 EQ( 2)=GLN(1)+GLN(3)+X(1)+X(3)-PK(1)-CK(2)-GLN(39)
TH(1)=Y(3)+Y(4)+Y(14)+Y(21)+Y(25)+EXP(PK(1)-GLN(10)+GLN(39))
EQ(29)=X(10)-LOG(TH(1))-X(39)
5 CONTINUE
EQ( 3)=GLN( 1)+GLN( 4)+X( 1)+X( 4)-GLN( 3)-X( 3)-CK( 3)
EQ( 4)=GLN( 1)+GLN( 5)+X( 1)+X( 5)-GLN( 9)-X( 9)-CK( 4)
IF(L2.EQ.2) GO TO 6
EQ( 5)=GLN( 1)+GLN( 6)+X( 1)+X( 6)-GLN(11)-X(11)-CK( 5)
TH(2)=Y(6)+Y(7)+Y(11)+Y(15)+Y(16)+Y(19)+Y(25)+Y(28)+Y(30)+Y(33)
*+Y(34)
EQ(30)=CT(2)-LOG(TH(2))-X(39)
GO TO 7
6 EQ(5)=GLN(1)+GLN(6)+X(1)+X(6)-PK(2)-CK(5)-GLN(39)
TH(2)=Y(6)+Y(7)+Y(15)+Y(16)+Y(19)+Y(25)+Y(28)+Y(30)+Y(33)+Y(34)
*+EXP(PK(2)-GLN(11)+GLN(39))
EQ(30)=X(11)-LOG(TH(2))-X(39)
7 CONTINUE
EQ( 6)=GLN( 1)+GLN( 7)+X( 1)+X( 7)-GLN( 6)-X( 6)-CK( 6)
EQ( 7)=GLN(12)+GLN( 2)+X(12)+X( 2)-GLN(13)-X(13)-CK( 7)
EQ( 8)=GLN(12)+GLN( 4)+X(12)+X( 4)-GLN(14)-X(14)-CK( 8)
EQ( 9)=GLN(12)+GLN( 7)+X(12)+X( 7)-GLN(15)-X(15)-CK( 9)
EQ(10)=GLN(12)+GLN( 6)+X(12)+X( 6)-GLN(16)-X(16)-CK(10)
EQ(11)=GLN(12)+GLN( 5)+X(12)+X( 5)-GLN(17)-X(17)-CK(11)
EQ(12)=GLN(12)+GLN( 8)+X(12)+X( 8)-GLN(18)-X(18)-CK(12)
EQ(13)=GLN(12)+GLN( 7)+X(12)+X( 7)-CK(13)
ATP(1)=EQ(13)
EQ(13)=FN EQ(EQ(13),X(19))
EQ(14)=GLN(12)+GLN(5)+X(12)+X(5)-CK(14)+NHY(1)*GLN(39)
ATP(2)=EQ(14)
EQ(14)=FN EQ(EQ(14),X(20))
EQ(15)=GLN(12)+GLN(4)+X(12)+X(4)-CK(15)+.5*GLN(39)
ATP(3)=EQ(15)
EQ(15)=FN EQ(EQ(15),X(21))
EQ(16)=GLN(12)+2*GLN(2)+X(12)+2*X(2)-CK(16)
ATP(4)=EQ(16)

```

```

EQ(16)=FNEG(EQ(16)+X(22))
EQ(17)=GLN(23)+GLN(-2)+X(23)+X(-2)-GLN(24)-X(24)-CK(17)
EQ(18)=GLN(23)+GLN(-4)+X(23)+X(-4)-GLN(25)-X(25)-CK(18)
EQ(19)=GLN(23)+GLN(-6)+X(23)+X(-6)-GLN(26)-X(26)-CK(19)
EQ(20)=GLN(23)+GLN(-5)+X(23)+X(-5)-GLN(27)-X(27)-CK(20)
EQ(21)=GLN(23)+GLN(-7)+X(23)+X(-7)-GLN(28)-X(28)-CK(21)
EQ(22)=GLN(23)+2*GLN(2)+X(23)+2*X(2)-CK(22)
ATP(5)=EQ(22)
EQ(22)=FNEG(EQ(22)+X(29))
EQ(38)=GLN(23)+GLN(4)+X(23)+X(4)-CK(29)+NHY(3)*GLN(39)
ATP(7)=EQ(38)
EQ(38)=FNEG(EQ(38)+X(38))
EQ(23)=GLN(23)+GLN(7)+X(23)+X(7)-CK(23)+NHY(2)*GLN(39)
ATP(6)=EQ(23)
EQ(23)=FNEG(EQ(23)+X(30))
EQ(24)=GLN(31)+GLN(-2)+X(31)+X(-2)-GLN(32)-X(32)-CK(24)
EQ(25)=GLN(31)+GLN(-7)+X(31)+X(-7)-GLN(33)-X(33)-CK(25)
EQ(26)=GLN(31)+GLN(-6)+X(31)+X(-6)-GLN(34)-X(34)-CK(26)
EQ(27)=GLN(31)+GLN(-5)+X(31)+X(-5)-GLN(35)-X(35)-CK(27)
EQ(28)=GLN(31)+GLN(-8)+X(31)+X(-8)-GLN(36)-X(36)-CK(28)
TH(3)=Y(5)+Y(9)+Y(17)+Y(20)+Y(27)+Y(35)
EQ(31)=CT(3)-LOG(TH(3))-X(39)
TH(4)=Y(8)+Y(18)+Y(36)
EQ(32)=CT(4)-LOG(TH(4))-X(39)+.69315
TH(5)=Y(12)+Y(13)+Y(14)+Y(15)+Y(16)+Y(17)+Y(18)+Y(19)+Y(20)+Y(21)
*+Y(22)
EQ(33)=CT(5)-LOG(TH(5))-X(39)
TH(6)=Y(23)+Y(24)+Y(25)+Y(26)+Y(27)+Y(28)+Y(29)+Y(30)+Y(33)
EQ(34)=CT(6)-LOG(TH(6))-X(39)
TH(7)=Y(31)+Y(32)+Y(33)+Y(34)+Y(35)+Y(36)
EQ(35)=CT(7)-LOG(TH(7))-X(39)+.69315
H2S03=Y(10)
H2CO3=Y(11)
IF(L2.EQ.2) H2CO3=EXP(PK(2)-GLN(11)+GLN(39))
IF(L1.EQ.1) H2S03=EXP(PK(1)-GLN(10)+GLN(39))
TH(10)=55.50E22+.5*(Y(1)+Y(2)+Y(3)+Y(5)+Y(9)+2*H2S03+2*H2CO3+Y(13)
*+Y(16)+Y(24)+Y(26)+Y(32)+Y(34)-Y(37))
TH(10)=TH(10)+Y(22)+Y(29)+.5*Y(21)+NHY(1)*Y(20)+NHY(2)*Y(30)+NHY(3
*)*Y(38)
IF(L3.EQ.4) GO TO 8
EQ(39)=CT(9)-LOG(TH(10))-X(39)
GO TO 9
8 CONTINUE

```

```
TH(10)=18.016*TH(10)
TH(11)=CT(10)+Y(39)*(WS(1)*Y(22)+WS(2)*Y(19)+WS(4)*Y(21)+WS(5)*
*Y(20)+WS(6)*Y(29)+WS(8)*Y(30)+WS(9)*Y(38))
IF(TH(11).LT.0.) TH(11)=TH(11)-CT(10)
EQ(39)=LOG(TH(11))-CT(9)-LOG(TH(10))-X(39)
```

```
9 CONTINUE
```

```
C
```

```
NF=NF
DO 2 I=1,NF
NE=IE(I)
NV=IV(I)
W(I)=X(NV)
F(I)=EQ(NE)
2 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

DI FOR EQUILB  
SUBROUTINE EQUILB(LSV,IOPT,T,PP,WNES,NS)  
C \*\*\*\*  
C \* THIS ROUTINE INTERFACES \*  
C \* SOLNEQ WITH EQUIPMENT \*  
C \* ROUTINES \*  
C \*\*\*\*  
INCLUDE CMMN.LIST  
COMMON /TRFR/TMW,WACT,PH,AZ  
DIMENSION X(50),CM(11),PP(2)  
C  
P(1)=P(1)  
DO 1 I=31,39  
IX=I-30  
CM(IX)=SV(LSV,I)  
1 CONTINUE  
C  
L4=AND(IOPT,4)  
IF(L4.EQ.4) CM(9)=SV(LSV+100)  
IF(L4.EQ.4) CM(10)=WNES  
IF(L4.EQ.4) CM(11)=SV(LSV,119)  
C  
X(39)=SV(LSV+50)/1000.  
C  
DO 2 I=51,68  
IX=I-50  
X(IX)=SV(LSV,I)  
2 CONTINUE  
C  
DO 3 I=69,74  
IX=I-46  
X(IX)=SV(LSV,I)  
3 CONTINUE  
C  
DO 4 I=75,81  
IX=I-44  
X(IX)=SV(LSV,I)  
4 CONTINUE  
C  
X(19)=SV(LSV+103)/X(39)  
IF(T.GE.313.16) X(20)=SV(LSV+106)/X(39)  
IF(T.LT.313.16) X(20)=SV(LSV+107)/X(39)

16

```
X(21)=SV(LSV,105)/X(39)
X(22)=SV(LSV,102)/X(39)
X(29)=SV(LSV,109)/X(39)
IF(T.GE.373.16) X(30)=SV(LSV,110)/X(39)
IF(T.LT.373.16.AND.T.GT.298.16) X(30)=SV(LSV,111)/X(39)
IF(T.LE.298.16) X(30)=SV(LSV,112)/X(39)
IF(T.GE.311.16) X(38)=SV(LSV,114)/X(39)
IF(T.LT.311.16) X(38)=SV(LSV,115)/X(39)

C
CALL SOLNEG(X,NS,CM,PP,T,IOPt)

C
AH20=WACT
SV(LSV,48)=AZ
SV(LSV,49)=PH
SV(LSV,31)=CM(1)
SV(LSV,32)=CM(2)
IF(L4.EQ.4) SV(LSV,39)=TMW
DO 8 I=1,50
IF(X(I).EQ.1.E-10) X(I)=0.
8 CONTINUE
DO 5 I=1,18
IX=I+50
SV(LSV,IX)=X(I)
5 CONTINUE

C
DO 6 I=23,28
IX=I+46
SV(LSV,IX)=X(I)
6 CONTINUE

C
DO 7 I=31,37
IX=I+44
SV(LSV,IX)=X(I)
7 CONTINUE
SV(LSV,81)=CM(8)/X(39)

C
SV(LSV,50)=X(39)
SV(LSV,103)=X(19)*X(39)
IF(T.GE.313.16) SV(LSV,106)=X(20)*X(39)
IF(T.LT.313.16) SV(LSV,107)=X(20)*X(39)
SV(LSV,105)=X(21)*X(39)
SV(LSV,102)=X(22)*X(39)
SV(LSV,109)=X(29)*X(39)
```

```
IF(T.GE.373.16) SV(LSV+110)=X(30)*X(39)
IF(T.LT.373.16.AND.T.GT.298.16) SV(LSV+111)=X(30)*X(39)
IF(T.LE.298.16) SV(LSV+112)=X(30)*X(39)
IF(T.LT.311.16) SV(LSV+115)=X(38)*X(39)
IF(T.GE.311.16) SV(LSV+114)=X(38)*X(39)
```

C

```
RETURN
END
```

```

&I FOR FILTER
  SUBROUTINE FILTER(P,S)
C ****
C *      THIS ROUTINE ACTS AS      *
C *      A SOLID - LIQUID          *
C *      SEPERATOR ONLY           *
C ****
C INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
LOCNL=ISEQ(NL)
LIS=ISTM(LOCNL,1)
LOS1=ISTM(LOCNL,6)
LOS2=ISTM(LOCNL,7)
KEY1=SV(LOS1,2)
IF(KEY1.NE.0) GO TO 1
PRD(29)=100*P(1)
PRD(27)=100*P(2)
PRD(67)=(1.-P(3))*100.
SV(LOS2,100)=P(1)
SV(LIS,100)=P(2)
RETURN 2
1 CONTINUE
SV(LOS1,5)=SV(LOS2,5)
SV(LIS,5)=SV(LOS2,5)
SV(LOS1,48)=SV(LOS2,48)
SV(LIS,48)=SV(LOS2,48)
SV(LIS,49)=SV(LOS2,49)
SV(LOS1,49)=SV(LOS2,49)
C
DO 2 I=51,81
SV(LOS1,I)=SV(LOS2,I)
SV(LIS,I)=SV(LOS2,I)
2 CONTINUE
C
R1=P(2)/(1-P(2))
R3=P(1)/(1-P(1))
SV(LIS,50)=(SV(LOS2,50)/(1-P(3)))*R3/R1
SV(LOS1,50)=SV(LIS,50)-SV(LOS2,50)
R2=P(3)*R1*(SV(LIS,50)/SV(LOS1,50))
XWS=R2/(1+R2)
SV(LOS1,100)=XWS
C
DO 5 I=101,119

```

```
SV(LOS1,I)=((P(1)-P(2))/(P(2)-XWS))*(XWS/P(1))*SV(LOS2,I)
SV(LIS,I)=SV(LOS1,I)+SV(LOS2,I)
5 CONTINUE
C
CALL TOEQSP(LIS)
CALL TOEQSP(LOS1)
RETURN 2
END
```

```
AI FOR FLTRBM
SUBROUTINE FLTRBM(P,S)
RETURN 2
END
```

DI FOR FLUGAS

```
SUBROUTINE FLUGAS(P,S)
INCLUDE CMMN.LIST
INCLUDE LCMN,LIST
DIMENSION YFG(9),XWLS(8),XMWA(3)
LOCsv=ISEQ(NL)
LOS=ISTM(LOCsv,6)
KEY=SV(LOS,2)
IF(KEY.NE.0) RETURN 2
READ(5,100) VIFG,TIFG,PIFG
PRD(1)=VIFG
PRD(2)=TIFG
PRD(3)=PIFG
100 FORMAT(8E10.3)
VFG=(28.32/60.)*VIFG
TFG=(TIFG+459.688)/1.8
PFG=PIFG/14.696
SV(LOS,5)=TFG
SV(LOS,6)=PFG
READ(5,100) YFG
DO 1 J=1,9
I=10+J
K=33+J
PRD(K)=100*YFG(J)
SV(LOS,I)=12.187158*PFG*VFG*YFG(J)/TFG
1 CONTINUE
SV(LOS,10)=12.187158*PFG*VFG/TFG
READ(5,100) WILS
PRD(8)=WILS
WLS=(453.6/60.)*WILS
READ(5,100) XWLS
DO 3 J=1,8
K=42+J
PRD(K)=100*XWLS(J)
3 CONTINUE
SV(LOS,101)=XWLS(1)*WLS/XMW(21)
SV(LOS,108)=XWLS(2)*WLS/XMW(28)
SV(LOS,103)=XWLS(3)*WLS/XMW(23)
SV(LOS,110)=XWLS(4)*WLS/XMW(30)
SV(LOS,104)=XWLS(5)*WLS/XMW(24)
SV(LOS,113)=XWLS(6)*WLS/XMW(33)
SV(LOS,106)=XWLS(7)*WLS/XMW(25)
```

```
SV(LOS+116)=XWLS(8)*WLS/XMW(36)
READ(5,100) WIFA
PRD(25)=WIFA
WFA=(453.6/60.)*WIFA
READ(5,100) XWFA
PRD(51)=100*XWFA(1)
PRD(52)=100*XWFA(2)
PRD(69)=100*XWFA(3)
SV(LOS+117)=XWFA(1)*WFA/XMW(37)
SV(LOS+118)=XWFA(2)*WFA/XMW(38)
SV(LOS+119)=XWFA(3)*WFA/XMW(39)
READ(5,100) XLD
READ(5,100) XSD
```

C

```
DO 2 J=1,6
K=12+J
L=18+J
PRD(K)=XL0(J)*100.
PRD(L)=XSD(J)*100.
```

2 CONTINUE

```
PRD(70)=XL0(7)*100.
PRD(71)=XSD(7)*100.
TMS=SV(LOS+11)+SV(LOS+104)+SV(LOS+113)+SV(LOS+106)+SV(LOS+116)
TMCA=SV(LOS+101)+SV(LOS+103)+SV(LOS+104)+SV(LOS+106)
TMMG=SV(LOS+106)+SV(LOS+110)+SV(LOS+113)+SV(LOS+118)
PRD(9)=100*(TMCA+TMMG)/TMS
PRD(10)=TMMG/(TMMG+TMCA)
PRD(26)=WFA/(32.06*TMS)
PRD(68)=100*(TMCA+TMMG-SV(LOS+101)-SV(LOS+108))/(TMMG+TMCA)
RETURN 2
END
```

```
01 FOR FNEW
  FUNCTION FNEG(F,X)
  DOUBLE PRECISION FNEG,F,X
  IF(F.LT.0..AND.X.LT.-30) GO TO 1
  FNEG=F
  RETURN
1 CONTINUE
  X=X-1
  IF(X.LT.-85.) X=-85.
  FNEG=0.
  RETURN
END
```

AI FOR GABSO

```
SUBROUTINE GABSO(LI,LO,X0,DNA,ABN)
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
DIMENSION DNA(1)
P(1)=P(1)
DO 1 J=1,4
I=J+10
SV(LO,I)=(I-XA(J))*SV(LI,I)
1 CONTINUE
SV(LO,15)=SV(LI,15)-.5*X0*(SV(LI,11)-SV(LO,11))- .75*(SV(LI,13)-SV(*LO,13))- .25*(SV(LI,14)-SV(LO,14))
SV(LO,18)=0.
```

C

```
ABN=0.
DO 2 J=1,5
I=10+J
DNA(J)=SV(LI,I)-SV(LO,I)
ABN=ABN+DNA(J)
2 CONTINUE
DNA(8)=SV(LI,18)
DNA(4)=.5*(DNA(3)+DNA(4))
DNA(3)=DNA(1)*X0
DNA(5)=0.
DNA(1)=DNA(1)*(1-X0)
DNA(6)=0.
DNA(7)=0.
RETURN
END
```

AN FOR GAMMA  
 SUBROUTINE GAMMA(X)  
 C \*\*\*\*  
 C \* THIS ROUTINE COMPUTES LN(G(I)) AS A FUNCTION OF EXP(X(I)) \*  
 C \*\*\*\*  
 COMMON/NEW/IV(50),IE(50),CL  
 COMMON /TEMPER/AC,PC  
 COMMON /LIMS/NF,NT  
 COMMON /PPPESS/PK(2),L1,L2,L3,L4,REN  
 COMMON /ACOEF/GLN(50),BGLN(50),IZ(50),FI  
 DOUBLE PRECISION X  
 DIMENSION X(1),A(50),B(50),U(50),NS(50)  
 DATA (IZ(I), I=1,38)/1.1,1.4,4,1.4,1.1,0,0,4,1,0,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,4,  
 11,0,1,0,0,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0/  
 DATA U(10)/.076/U(11)/.076/U(14)/.076/U(15)/.076/U(17)/.076/U(25)/  
 1.076/U(27)/.076/U(28)/.076/U(32)/.076/U(34)/.076/U(36)/.076/  
 DATA (A(I),I=1,37) / 6.00000 , 3.00000 , 4.50000 ,  
 \* 4.50000 , 3.00000 , 4.50000 , 4.50000 , 2.00000 ,  
 \* 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 4.50000 , 3.00000 ,  
 \* 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 ,  
 \* 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 ,  
 \* 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 5.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 ,  
 \* 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 3.00000 , 4.00000 , /  
 DATA (B(I),I=1,37) / .400000 , .300000 , .000000 ,  
 \* .000000 , .000000 , .000000 , .000000 , -.200000 ,  
 \* .300000 , .300000 , .300000 , .100000 , .300000 ,  
 \* .300000 , .300000 , .300000 , .300000 , .300000 ,  
 \* .300000 , .300000 , .300000 , .300000 , .300000 ,  
 \* .300000 , .300000 , .100000 , .300000 , .300000 ,  
 \* .300000 , .300000 , .300000 , .000000 , .000000 , /  
 DATA (NS(I), I=1,38)/13\*1,4\*0,6\*1,2\*0,7\*1,0/  
 C  
 DEFINE Y(I)=EXP(X(I))  
 C  
 FI=0.  
 DO 1 I=1,38  
 FI=FI+IZ(I)\*Y(I)  
 1 CONTINUE  
 X(37)=LOG(.1/Y(38))  
 FI=FI+Y(37)

```
FI=FI/2.  
IF(L4.EQ.8) FI=FI+ABS(REN)  
SFI=SQRT(FI)  
  
C  
GLN(39)=0.  
DO 2 I=1,37  
DNM=1.+BC*A(I)*SFI  
GLN(I)=AC*IZ(I)*(-SFI/DNM+B(I)*FI)+2.3026*U(I)*FI  
TEMP=Y(I)*(-AC*IZ(I)*SFI*((1+DNM)/DNM-2*LOG(DNM)/(DNM-1))/(DNM-1)*  
**2+2.3026*U(I)*FI/2+AC*IZ(I)*B(I)*FI/2+NS(I))  
GLN(39)=GLN(39)+TEMP  
2 CONTINUE  
GLN(39)=-.018916*GLN(39)  
RETURN  
END
```

```
AI FOR GPARS
SUBROUTINE GPARS(GD,A,IC,IA,IS,NE)
DOUBLE PRECISION GD,A,EPF
DIMENSION GD(50,50)
DATA ALFA/10./
C
GD(NE,IC)=-1.
GD(NE,IA)=-1.
IF(ABS(A).GT.500.) GO TO 1
EPF=1.-EXP(-ABS(A)/ALFA)
GD(NE,IS)=EPF
RETURN
1 EPF=1.
RETURN
END
```

```
AI FOR GSTAR
SUBROUTINE GSTAR(X,E05)
C * ****
C *          *      T
C *          G (X)=B (X)*F(X)      *
C * ****
COMMON /RESID/ GS(50)
COMMON /GRAD/PD(50,50),AS(50,50),SQ(50)
COMMON/FUNC/F(50),CK(50),CT(10)
COMMON /LIMS/NF
DOUBLE PRECISION SUM
DOUBLE PRECISION PD,AS,SQ,GS
DOUBLE PRECISION F,CK,CT,X
DIMENSION X(1)
C
C
C     ASSUME THE PARTIALS HAVE BEEN EVALUATED
C
DO 1 I=1,NF
SUM=0.
DO 2 K=1,NF
SUM=SUM+PD(K,I)*F(K)
2 CONTINUE
GS(I)=SUM/SQ(I)
1 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

```

&I FOR INTIT
  SUBROUTINE INTIT(L,IOPT,XWS,WNES)
  INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
  INCLUDE LCMN,LIST
  DIMENSION WTS(10)
  DATA (WTS(I),I=1,9)/64.066,44.011,80.066,106.016,56.08,40.32,61.98
  *2,36.465,18.016/
C
  DEFINE X(I)=SV(L,I)
C
  IF(IOPT.NE.4) GO TO 1
  XSCAO=X(35)-(X(31)+X(32)+X(33))
  IF(XSCAO.LT.0.) GO TO 2
  X(51)=4.E-12
  X(105)=X(31)
  X(106)=X(33)
  X(103)=X(32)
  X(109)=X(36)
  X(102)=XSCAO
  3 WES=XMW(25)*X(105)+XMW(26)*X(106)+XMW(23)*X(103)+XMW(22)*X(102)
  *+XMW(29)*X(109)
  WTM=0.
  DO 10 J=1,8
  I=30+J
  WTM=WTM+WTS(J)*X(I)
  10 CONTINUE
  X(50)=(WES+WNES)/XWS-WNES-WTM
  5 FLK=X(50)/1000.
  X(52)=5.3E-14/X(51)
  IF(X(35).NE.0.) X(52)=3.2E-6/X(52)**2
  IF(XSCAO.LT.0.) X(52)=10.*X(52)
  IF(X(31).NE.0.) X(54)=8.4E-8/X(62)
  IF(X(32).NE.0.) X(57)=1.8E-9/X(62)
  IF(X(36).NE.0.) X(62)=9.5E-12/X(52)**2
  9 IF(X(33).NE.0.) X(55)=3.4E-5/X(52)
  IF(X(5).GT.313.16) GO TO 20
  X(107)=X(106)
  X(106)=0.
  20 CONTINUE
  X(58)=2*X(34)/FLK
  X(75)=2*X(37)/FLK

```

X(53)=X(5)\*X(54)/4.3E-5  
X(60)=X(51)\*X(53)/7.9E-3  
X(59)=X(51)\*X(55)/4.9E-3  
X(56)=X(51)\*X(57)/6.7E-11  
X(61)=X(51)\*X(56)/5.2E-7  
X(63)=X(62)\*X(52)/3.6E-2  
X(64)=X(62)\*X(54)/3.0E-4  
X(65)=X(62)\*X(57)/4.8E-4  
X(66)=X(62)\*X(56)/4.6E-2  
X(67)=X(62)\*X(55)/3.6E-3  
X(68)=X(62)\*X(58)/2.3E-1  
X(70)=X(69)\*X(52)/1.9E-3  
X(71)=X(69)\*X(54)/9.3E-4  
X(72)=X(69)\*X(56)/9.6E-2  
X(73)=X(69)\*X(55)/3.1E-3  
X(74)=X(69)\*X(57)/3.5E-4  
X(76)=X(75)\*X(52)/3.7  
X(77)=X(75)\*X(57)/4.5E-2  
X(78)=X(75)\*X(56)/1.8  
X(79)=X(75)\*X(55)/1.7E-1  
X(80)=X(75)\*X(58)/2.5  
RETURN  
2 D1=X(35)-X(31)  
X(51)=5.E-9  
IF(D1.LT.0.) GO TO 4  
X(105)=X(31)  
GO TO 6  
4 X(105)=X(31)  
GO TO 7  
6 D2=D1-X(33)  
IF(D2.LT.0.) GO TO 3  
X(106)=X(33)  
X(103)=D2  
GO TO 7  
8 X(106)=D1  
IF(X(36).EQ.0.) CALL EXIT  
X(109)=2.\*X(36)  
7 GO TO 3  
1 X(51)=3.E-4  
X(52)=5.3E-14/X(51)  
FLK=X(50)/1000.  
IF(X(36).LT.X(33)) GO TO 11  
X(73)=.7\*X(33)/FLK

```
GO TO 12
11 X(73)=.7*X(36)/FLK
12 IF(X(36).NE.0) X(69)=X(36)/FLK-X(73)
IF(X(35).NE.0) X(62)=.5*X(35)/FLK
IF(X(33).NE.0) X(54)=.7*4.3E-8*X(31)/FLK/X(51)
PC02=XWS
IF(X(32).NE.0) X(57)=6.34E-19*PC02/X(51)**2
IF(X(33).NE.0) GO TO 13
IF(X(35).NE.0) GO TO 13
GO TO 9
13 CONTINUE
DCA0=X(35)/FLK-X(62)
DS03=X(33)/FLK-X(73)
IF(DS03.GT.DCA0) GO TO 14
X(106)=DS03*FLK
GO TO 15
14 X(106)=DCA0*FLK
15 IF(X(62)*X(54).GT.8.4E-8)X(105)=1.E-4*FLK
GO TO 9
END
```

```
!I FOR MATCH
FUNCTION MATCH(NAME)
DIMENSION ILAB(15)
DATA (ILAB(I), I=1,13)/'FLUGAS','STKGAS','WTRMKP','FLTRBM','SCRUBR',
*, 'CLRHTR','FILTER','DIVDER','EQMIXR','EFHOLD','PMPFAN','CLRFYR',
*'OVALMB'/
C
DO 1 I=1,13
IF(ILAB(I).EQ.NAME) GO TO 2
1 CONTINUE
C
2 MATCH=I
RETURN
END
```

AN FOR MATIN

SUBROUTINE MATIN (A,N,B,M,DETERM)  
DOUBLE PRECISION A,P,DETERM,PIVOT,AMAX,SWAP,T  
DIMENSION IPIVOT(50),A(50,50),B(50, 1),INDEX(50,2),PIVOT(50)  
EQUIVALENCE (IROW,JROW), (ICOLUMN,JCOLUMN), (AMAX, T, SWAP)

F402

C

C INITIALIZATION

C

10 DETERM=1.0  
15 DO 20 J=1,N  
20 IPIVOT(J)=0  
30 DO 550 I=1,N

C

C SEARCH FOR PIVOT ELEMENT

C

40 AMAX=0.0  
45 DO 105 J=1,N  
50 IF (IPIVOT(J)-1) 60,105,60  
60 DO 100 K=1,N  
70 IF (IPIVOT(K)-1) 80,100,740  
80 IF (ABS(AMAX)-ABS(A(J,K))) 85,100,100  
85 IROW=J  
90 ICOLUMN=K  
95 AMAX=A(J,K)  
100 CONTINUE  
105 CONTINUE  
106 IF (ABS(AMAX).LE.0.0) GO TO 739  
110 IPIVOT(ICOLUMN)=IPIVOT(ICOLUMN)+1

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C

C INTERCHANGE ROWS TO PUT PIVOT ELEMENT ON DIAGONAL

C

130 IF (IROW-ICOLUMN) 140,260,140  
140 DETERM = -DETERM  
150 DO 200 L=1,N  
160 SWAP=A(IROW,L)  
170 A(IROW,L)=A(ICOLUMN,L)  
200 A(ICOLUMN,L)=SWAP  
205 IF(M)260,260,210  
210 DO 250 L=1,M  
220 SWAP=B(IROW,L)  
230 B(IROW,L)=B(ICOLUMN,L)  
250 B ICO,JM, . =SWAP

260 INDEX(1,I)=IROW  
270 INDEX(I+2)=JCOLUMN  
310 PIVOT(I)=A(ICOLUMN,JCOLUMN)  
320 DETERM=DETERM\*PIVOT(I)

C

C DIVIDE PIVOT ROW BY PIVOT ELEMENT

C

330 A(ICOLUMN,JCOLUMN)=1.0  
340 DO 350 L=1,N  
350 A(JCOLUMN,L)=A(JCOLUMN,L)/PIVOT(I)  
355 IF(M)380,380,360  
360 DO 370 L=1,M  
370 B(JCOLUMN,L)=B(JCOLUMN,L)/PIVOT(I)

C

C REDUCE NON-PIVOT ROWS

C

380 DO 550 L1=1,N  
390 IF(L1-JCOLUMN) 400,550,400  
400 T=A(L1,JCOLUMN)  
420 A(L1,JCOLUMN)=0.0  
430 DO 450 L=1,N  
450 A(L1,L)=A(L1,L)-A(JCOLUMN,L)\*T  
455 IF(M) 550,550,460  
460 DO 500 L=1,M  
500 B(L1,L)=B(L1,L)-B(JCOLUMN,L)\*T  
550 CONTINUE

C

C INTERCHANGE COLUMNS

C

600 DO 710 I=1,N  
610 L=N+1-I  
620 IF (INDEX(L,1)-INDEX(L+2)) 630,710,630  
630 JROW=INDEX(L,1)  
640 JCOLUMN=INDEX(L+2)  
650 DO 705 K=1,N  
660 SWAP=A(K,JROW)  
670 A(K,JROW)=A(K,JCOLUMN)  
680 A(K,JCOLUMN)=SWAP  
705 CONTINUE  
710 CONTINUE  
GO TO 740  
739 DETERM=0.0  
740 RETURN

BN FOR NOLIN

```
SUBROUTINE NOLIN(X,N,EPS,EQS,PARTL)
COMMON/LIMS/NF
COMMON/FUNC/F(50),CK(50),CT(10)
COMMON /GRAD/PD(50,50),AS(50,50),SQ(50)/RESID/GS(50)
COMMON /NEW/ IV(50),IE(50),CL,TH(11)
DIMENSION X(1),DELT(50)
DOUBLE PRECISION F,CK,CT,PD,AS,SQ,GS
DOUBLE PRECISION X,DELT,PHI,PH1,PH2
NF=N
EPS=1.E-5
DL=1.E-8
PH1=PHI(X,EQS)

C
10 CONTINUE
PH2=PH1
CALL ASTAR(X,PARTL)
CALL GSTAR(X,EQS)
CALL DELTA(DELT,DL)
IC=1
DO9 I=1,N
TE=ABS(DELT(I))/(.001+ABS(X(I)))
IF(TE.GT.EPS) IC=0
X(I)=X(I)+DELT(I)
9 CONTINUE
IF(IC.EQ.1) RETURN
PH1=PHI(X,EQS)
IF(PH1.LT.1.D-2) DL=0.
GO TO 10
END
```

```
AI FOR ORDER
SUBROUTINE ORDER(NS,NI,NO)
DIMENSION NS(10),IDUM(10)
NO=0
NI=0
DO 1 I=1,10
IF(NS(I))2,1,3
2 NO=NO+1
NX=5+NO
IDUM(NX)=-NS(I)
GO TO 1
3 NI=NI+1
IDUM(NI)=NS(I)
1 CONTINUE
DO 4 I=1,10
NS(I)=IDUM(I)
4 IDUM(I)=0
RETURN
END
```

61 FOR OVALMB  
SUBROUTINE OVALMB(P,S)  
INCLUDE CMMN.LIST  
DIMENSION PP(2)  
C \*\*\*\*\*  
C \* THIS ROUTINE PERFORMS AN OVERALL \*  
C \* MATERIAL BALANCE ABOUT THE SYSTEM \*  
C \*\*\*\*\*  
LOCsv=ISEQ(NL)  
LIS1=ISTM(LOCsv+1)  
LIS2=ISTM(LOCsv+2)  
LOS1=ISTM(LOCsv+6)  
LOS2=ISTM(LOCsv+7)  
KEY1=SV(LOS2,2)  
IF(KEY1.NE.0) GO TO 1  
INIT=0  
ISET=0  
AH20=1.  
PRD(4)=P(1)\*100.  
PRD(5)=P(3)\*100.  
PRD(7)=P(4)\*100.  
PRD(6)=P(5)\*100.  
PRD(63)=P(6)  
PRD(11)=P(7)\*100.  
PRD(12)=P(8)\*100.  
XA(2)=P(2)  
RETURN 2  
1 CONTINUE  
XA(1)=P(1)  
XA(3)=P(3)  
XA(4)=P(4)  
SV(LOS1,6)=SV(LIS1,6)-P(6)/14.696  
PGO=SV(LOS1,6)  
XO=P(5)  
XLSU(1)=P(7)  
XLSU(2)=P(8)  
XF8=SV(LOS2,100)  
IF(ISET.EQ.1) GO TO 5  
CALL GABSO(LIS1,LOS1,XO, DNAT, ABN)  
CALL WAVAP(LIS1,ABN,PGO,TAS,WV)  
IF(P(2).EQ.0.) XA(2)=8.E-4  
5 CONTINUE

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```
VPLOG=5.22684-1750.286/(TAS-38.2)
YGS=(AH20/SV(LIS1,6))*10.*VPLOG
CALL GABSO(LIS1,LOS1,X0, DNAT, ABN)
WV=(SV(LIS1,10)-SV(LIS1,19)-ABN)*YGS/(1.-YGS)-SV(LIS1,19)
SV(LOS2,101)=(1-P(7))*SV(LIS1,101)
SV(LOS2,108)=(1-P(8))*SV(LIS1,108)
SV(LOS2,118)=SV(LIS1,118)
CALL DNTLA0(LIS1,P(7),P(8))
IF(ISET.EQ.1) GO TO 3
ISET=1
SW=SV(LIS1,101)+SV(LIS1,108)
WFB=5.50622*SW*(1-XFB)/XFB
WM=(WV+WFB+SW)*18.016
SV(LIS2,50)=WM
CALL TOEQSP(LIS2)
3 CONTINUE
DO 4 J=1,8
I=J+30
SV(LOS2,I)=DNAT(J)+SV(LIS1,I)+SV(LIS2,I)
4 CONTINUE
SV(LOS1,5)=TAS
SV(LOS2,5)=TAS
SV(LIS2,5)=TAS
WNES=56.08*SV(LOS2,101)+40.32*SV(LOS2,108)+75.80*SV(LOS2,118)
IF(INIT.NE.0) GO TO 8
IOPT=4
CALL INTIT(LOS2,IOPT,XFB,WNES)
INIT=1
8 CONTINUE
C
CALL EQUILB(LOS2,4,TAS,PP,WNES,0)
C
WRITE(6,200)
200 FORMAT( 45X,'FILTER BOTTOMS')
SV(LOS2,50)=1000.*SV(LOS2,50)
SV(LIS2,39)=SV(LOS2,39)+WV
SV(LIS2,50)=18.016*SV(LIS2,39)
IF(ABS(SV(LIS2,50)-WM)/WM.LT..05) GO TO 6
WM=SV(LIS2,50)
GO TO 3
6 CALL TOEQSP(LIS2)
PP(1)=0.
PP(2)=0.
```

```
CALL EQUILB(LIS2,0,TAS,PP,WNES,1)
WRITE(6,300)
300 FORMAT(45X,'MAKEUP WATER')
SV(LIS2,50)=1000.*SV(LIS2,50)
SV(LOS1,19)=SV(LIS1,19)+WV
SV(LOS1,17)=SV(LIS1,17)
SV(LOS1,16)=SV(LIS1,16)
SV(LIS1,35)=SV(LIS1,35)+SV(LOS2,101)
SV(LIS1,36)=SV(LIS1,36)+SV(LOS2,108)
SV(LOS2,35)=SV(LOS2,35)+SV(LOS2,101)
SV(LOS2,36)=SV(LOS2,36)+SV(LOS2,108)
SUM=0.
DO 7 J=1,9
I=10+J
SUM=SUM+SV(LOS1,I)
7 CONTINUE
SV(LOS1,10)=SUM
RETURN 2
END
```

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```
@I FOR PARTL  
C  
C  
C ****  
C * THE PARTIAL DERIVATIVES  $\partial F / \partial X$  ARE PLACED HERE *  
C *  $PD(I,J) = -\partial F(I) / \partial X(J)$  *  
C ****  
SUBROUTINE PARTL(W)  
COMMON/FUNC/F(50),CK(50),CT(10)  
COMMON /GRAD/PD(50,50),AS(50,50),SQ(50)/RESID/GS(50)  
COMMON /ACOEF/GLN(50),DGLN(50),IZ(50)  
COMMON /LIMS/NF,NT  
COMMON /PPRESS/PK(2),L1,L2,L3,L4,REN  
COMMON /NEW/IV(50),IE(50),CL,TH(11)  
COMMON/TEMPER/AC,BC,CPK(2),NHY(5),WS(10)  
DIMENSION W(1),X(50),GD(50+50)  
COMMON /TPAR/ATP(7)  
DOUBLE PRECISION BR,TH  
DOUBLE PRECISION ATP  
DOUBLE PRECISION F,CK,CT,W,X,GD  
DOUBLE PRECISION PD,AS,SQ,GS  
C  
C DEFINE Y(I)=EXP(X(I))  
C  
C ****  
C * ZERO UNUSED MOLARITIES AND CONVERT *  
C ****  
DO 5 I=1,40  
DO 6 J=1,40  
GD(I,J)=0.  
6 CONTINUE  
5 CONTINUE  
DO 1 I=1,36  
X(I)=-90.  
1 CONTINUE  
X(38)=-90.  
X(39)=0  
C  
DO 2 I=1,NF  
NV=IV(I)  
X(NV)=W(I)  
X 37 = .0G C./Y(39))
```

2 CONTINUE

C

```
GD( 1, 1)=-1.0
IF(L4.EQ.8) GD(1,1)=0.
GD( 1, 2)=-1.0
GD( 2, 1)=-1.0
GD( 2, 3)=-1.0
GD( 2,10)=+1.0
IF(L1.EQ.1) GD(2,10)=0.
GD( 3, 1)=-1.0
GD( 3, 4)=-1.0
GD( 3, 3)=+1.0
GD( 4, 1)=-1.0
GD( 4, 5)=-1.0
GD( 4, 9)=+1.0
GD( 5, 1)=-1.0
GD( 5, 6)=-1.0
GD( 5,11)=+1.0
IF(L2.EQ.2) GD(5,11)=0.
GD( 6, 1)=-1.0
GD( 6, 7)=-1.0
GD( 6, 6)=+1.0
GD( 7,12)=-1.0
GD( 7, 2)=-1.0
GD( 7,13)=+1.0
GD( 8,12)=-1.0
GD( 8, 4)=-1.0
GD( 8,14)=+1.0
GD( 9,12)=-1.0
GD( 9, 7)=-1.0
GD( 9,15)=+1.0
GD(10,12)=-1.0
GD(10, 6)=-1.0
GD(10,16)=+1.0
GD(11,12)=-1.0
GD(11, 5)=-1.0
GD(11,17)=+1.0
GD(12,12)=-1.0
GD(12, 8)=-1.0
GD(12,18)=+1.0
CALL GPARS(GD,ATP(1),12, 7,19,13)
CALL GPARS(GD,ATP(2),12, 5,20,14)
CALL GPARS(GD,ATP(3),12, 4,21,15)
```

CALL GPARS(GD,ATP(4),12, 2,22,16)  
GD(16, 2)=2\*GD(16, 2)  
GD(17,23)=-1.0  
GD(17, 2)=-1.0  
GD(17,24)=+1.0  
GD(18,23)=-1.0  
GD(18, 4)=-1.0  
GD(18,25)=+1.0  
GD(19,23)=-1.0  
GD(19, 6)=-1.0  
GD(19,26)=+1.0  
GD(20,23)=-1.0  
GD(20, 5)=-1.0  
GD(20,27)=+1.0  
GD(21,23)=-1.0  
GD(21, 7)=-1.0  
GD(21,28)=+1.0  
CALL GPARS(GD,ATP(5),23, 2,29,22)  
CALL GPARS(GD,ATP(6),23, 7,3G,23)  
CALL GPARS(GD,ATP(7),23, 4,38,38)  
GD(22, 2)=2\*GD(22, 2)  
GD(24, 2)=-1.0  
GD(24,32)=+1.0  
GD(25,31)=-1.0  
GD(25, 7)=-1.0  
GD(25,33)=+1.0  
GD(26,31)=-1.0  
GD(26, 6)=-1.0  
GD(26,34)=+1.0  
GD(27,31)=-1.0  
GD(27, 5)=-1.0  
GD(27,35)=+1.0  
GD(28,31)=-1.0  
GD(28, 8)=-1.0  
GD(28,36)=+1.0  
BR=TH(1)  
GD(29, 3)=Y( 3)/BR  
GD(29, 4)=Y( 4)/BR  
GD(29,10)=Y(10)/BR  
IF(L1.EQ.1) GD(29,10)=-1.  
GD(29,14)=Y(14)/BR  
GD(29,21)=Y(21)/BR  
GD(29,25)=Y(25 /BR

```
GD(29,39)=..
BR=TH(2)
GD(30, 6)=Y( 6)/BR
GD(30, 7)=Y( 7)/BR
GD(30,11)=Y(11)/BR
IF(L2.E0.2) GD(30,11)=-1.
GD(30,15)=Y(15)/BR
GD(30,16)=Y(16)/BR
GD(30,19)=Y(19)/BR
GD(30,26)=Y(26)/BR
GD(30,28)=Y(28)/BR
GD(30,30)=Y(30)/BR
GD(30,33)=Y(33)/BR
GD(30,34)=Y(34)/BR
GD(30,39)=1.
BR=TH(3)
GD(31, 5)=Y( 5)/BR
GD(31, 9)=Y( 9)/BR
GD(31,17)=Y(17)/BR
GD(31,20)=Y(20)/BR
GD(31,27)=Y(27)/BR
GD(31,35)=Y(35)/BR
GD(31,39)=1.
BR=TH(4)
GD(32,36)=Y(36)/BR
GD(32, 8)=Y( 8)/BR
GD(32,18)=Y(18)/BR
GD(32,39)=1.
BR=TH(5)
GD(33,12)=Y(12)/BR
GD(33,13)=Y(13)/BR
GD(33,14)=Y(14)/BR
GD(33,15)=Y(15)/BR
GD(33,16)=Y(16)/BR
GD(33,17)=Y(17)/BR
GD(33,18)=Y(18)/BR
GD(33,19)=Y(19)/BR
GD(33,20)=Y(20)/BR
GD(33,21)=Y(21)/BR
GD(33,22)=Y(22)/BR
GD(33,39)=1.
BR=TH(6)
GD(34,23)=Y(23)/BR
```

106  
GD(34,24)=Y(24)/BR  
GD(34,25)=Y(25)/BR  
GD(34,26)=Y(26)/BR  
GD(34,27)=Y(27)/BR  
GD(34,28)=Y(28)/BR  
GD(34,29)=Y(29)/BR  
GD(34,30)=Y(30)/BR  
GD(34,38)=Y(38)/BR  
GD(34,39)=1.  
BR=TH(7)  
GD(35,31)=Y(31)/BR  
GD(35,32)=Y(32)/BR  
GD(35,33)=Y(33)/BR  
GD(35,34)=Y(34)/BR  
GD(35,35)=Y(35)/BR  
GD(35,36)=Y(36)/BR  
GD(35,39)=1.  
IF(L4.E0.8) GO TO 9  
BR=TH(8)  
GD(36, 1)=- Y( 1)/BR  
GD(36,12)=-2\*Y(12)/BR  
GD(36,13)=- Y(13)/BR  
GD(36,16)=- Y(16)/BR  
GD(36,18)=- Y(18)/BR  
GD(36,23)=-2\*Y(23)/BR  
GD(36,24)=- Y(24)/BR  
GD(36,26)=- Y(26)/BR  
GD(36,31)=- Y(31)/BR  
BR=TH(9)  
GD(36, 2)= Y( 2)/BR  
GD(36, 3)= Y( 3)/BR  
GD(36, 4)=2\*Y( 4)/BR  
GD(36, 5)=2\*Y( 5)/BR  
GD(36, 6)= Y( 6)/BR  
GD(36, 7)=2\*Y( 7)/BR  
GD(36, 8)= Y( 8)/BR  
GD(36, 9)= Y( 9)/BR  
GD(36,33)= Y(33)/BR  
GD(36,35)= Y(35)/BR  
GD(36,39)=-Y(37)/BR  
GO TO 10  
9 GD(36, 1)=-1.  
10 CONTINUE

```

BR=TH(10)
GD(39, 1)=.5*Y( 1)/BR
GD(39, 2)=.5*Y( 2)/BR
GD(39, 6)=.5*Y( 6)/BR
GD(39, 9)=.5*Y( 9)/BR
GD(39,10)=Y(10)/BR
IF(L1.EQ.1) GD(39,10)=0.
GD(39,11)=Y(11)/BR
IF(L2.EQ.2) GD(39,11)=0.
GD(39,13)=.5*Y(13)/BR
GD(39,16)=.5*Y(16)/BR
GD(39,24)=.5*Y(24)/BR
GD(39,26)=.5*Y(26)/BR
GD(39,32)=.5*Y(32)/BR
GD(39,34)=.5*Y(34)/BR
GD(39,20)=NHY(1)*Y(20)/BR
GD(39,21)=.5*Y(21)/BR
GD(39,22)=Y(22)/BR
GD(39,30)=NHY(2)*Y(30)/BR
GD(39,29)=Y(29)/BR
GD(39,38)=NHY(3)*Y(38)/BR
GD(39,39)=1.+.5*Y(37)/BR
IF(L3.NE.4) GO TO 8
BR=TH(11)
GD(39,19)= -WS(2)*Y(19)*Y(39)/BR
GD(39,20)=GD(39,20)-WS(5)*Y(20)*Y(39)/BR
GD(39,21)=GD(39,21)-WS(4)*Y(21)*Y(39)/BR
GD(39,22)=GD(39,22)-WS(1)*Y(22)*Y(39)/BR
GD(39,29)=GD(39,29)-WS(6)*Y(29)*Y(39)/BR
GD(39,30)=GD(39,30)-WS(8)*Y(30)*Y(39)/BR
GD(39,38)=GD(39,38)-WS(9)*Y(38)*Y(39)/BR
GD(39,39)=GD(39,39)+CT(10)/BR-1

```

8 CONTINUE

C

```

DO 3 I=1,NF
NE=IE(I)
DO 4 J=1,NF
NV=IV(J)
PD(I,J)=GD(NE,NV)

```

4 CONTINUE

3 CONTINUE

RETURN

END

QIN PDP PDPELT,PDPELT

CMMN\* FCOPY

COMMON

\*SV(50,120),

Q COMMON DATA FOR ALL SUBROUTINES

\*ISTM(25,10),

Q STREAM DATA

\*IDEQP(25),

Q STREAM CONNECTION ARRAY

\*ISEQ(30),

Q EQUIPMENT NAME

\*PA(25,8),

Q ORDER OF PROCESS CAL.

\*L1,L2,L3,

Q EQUIP. PARAMETERS

\*NL,

Q FLAGS FOR THE RECYCLE LOOPS

\*LSRL(3),LERL(3),

Q CURRENT INDEX

\*WV,XLSU(2),XSD(7),XLD(7),DNAT(9),XA(4),PRD(100),LABEL(13),AH20

DIMENSION P(8)

END

LCMN\* FCOPY

COMMON /DARRY/XMW(100),DHF(100),ENT0(100),ACP(100),BCP(100),

1 CCP(100),DCP(100),TMIN(100),TMAX(100),ZE(100),

2 ALIT(100),BLIT(100),UCAP(100)

END

PHYSO\* FCOPY

ODATA XMW( 1)/ 64.066/, DHF( 1)/ -70930./, ENT0( 1)/ 59.270/, S02

1 XMW( 2)/ 44.011/, DHF( 2)/ -94010./, ENT0( 2)/ 51.030/, C02

2 XMW( 3)/ 30.008/, DHF( 3)/ 21590./, ENT0( 3)/ 50.310/, N0

3 XMW( 4)/ 45.008/, DHF( 4)/ 7960./, ENT0( 4)/ 57.290/, N02

4 XMW( 5)/ 32.000/, DHF( 5)/ 0./, ENT0( 5)/ 48.970/, 02

5 XMW( 6)/ 28.011/, DHF( 6)/ -26416./, ENT0( 6)/ 47.210/, C0

6 XMW( 7)/ 28.016/, DHF( 7)/ 0./, ENT0( 7)/ 45.770/, N2

7 XMW( 8)/ 36.465/, DHF( 8)/ -22063./, ENT0( 8)/ 44.645/, HCL

8 XMW( 9)/ 18.016/, DHF( 9)/ -57770./, ENT0( 9)/ 45.070/, H20

9 XMW(21)/ 55.080/, DHF(21)/ -151730./, ENT0(21)/ 9.480/, CA0

ODATA XMW(22)/ 74.100/, DHF(22)/ -235600./, ENT0(22)/ 19.920/, CA(OH)2

1 XMW(23)/ 100.090/, DHF(23)/ -288110./, ENT0(23)/ 22.190/, CAC03

2 XMW(24)/ 120.140/, DHF(24)/ -275880./, ENT0(24)/ 24.200/, CAS03

3 XMW(25)/ 129.140/, DHF(25)/ -316200./, ENT0(25)/ 29.?, /, CAS03\* W

4 XMW(26)/ 138.140/, DHF(26)/ -340190./, ENT0(26)/ 25.490/, CAS04

5 XMW(27)/ 172.170/, DHF(27)/ -482400./, ENT0(27)/ 45.3 /, CAS04\*2W

6 XMW(28)/ 40.320/, DHF(28)/ -143630./, ENT0(28)/ 6.40 /, MGO

7 XMW(29)/ 58.340/, DHF(29)/ -221000./, ENT0(29)/ 15.10 /, MG(OH)2

8 XMW(30)/ 84.330/, DHF(30)/ -263980./, ENT0(30)/ 15.70 /, MGCO3

9 XMW(31)/ 138.380/, DHF(31)/ -473100./, ENT0(31)/ 45.3 /, MGCO3\*3W

ODATA XMW(32)/ 174.410/, DHF(32)/ 0./, ENT0(32)/ 0.0 /, MGCO3\*5W

XMW 33 / 34.380/, DHF 33 / -24 000./, ENT0(33) / 22.500/, MGSO3

2	XMW 34 /	.58.430//	DHF(34) / -463300.//,ENT0(34) /	52.1 /,	MGS03*3W
3	XMW(35) /	212.480//	DHF(35) / -F76300.//,ENT0(35) /	81.7 /,	MGS03*6W
4	XMW(36) /	120.380//	DHF(36) / -305500.//,ENT0(36) /	21.930//,	MGS04
5	XMW(37) /	61.930//	DHF(37) / -102970.//,ENT0(37) /	16.990//,	NA20
6	XMW(38) /	75.800//	DHF(38) / -242547.//,ENT0(38) /	11.240//,	FLY ASH
7	XMW(39) /	58.448//	DHF(39) / - 38250.//,ENT0(39) /	17.240//,	NaCL
DDATA	TMIN( 1) /	298.//+TMAX( 1) /	1500.//+ACP( 1) /	6.245//,	SO2
1	TMIN( 2) /	298.//+TMAX( 2) /	1500.//+ACP( 2) /	6.739//,	CO2
2	TMIN( 3) /	298.//+TMAX( 3) /	1500.//+ACP( 3) /	6.440//,	NO
3	TMIN( 4) /	298.//+TMAX( 4) /	1300.//+ACP( 4) /	6.569//,	NO2
4	TMIN( 5) /	298.//+TMAX( 5) /	1500.//+ACP( 5) /	6.117//,	O2
5	TMIN( 6) /	298.//+TMAX( 6) /	1500.//+ACP( 6) /	6.750//,	CO
6	TMIN( 7) /	298.//+TMAX( 7) /	1500.//+ACP( 7) /	6.457//,	N2
7	TMIN( 8) /	298.//+TMAX( 8) /	1500.//+ACP( 8) /	6.734//,	HCL
8	TMIN( 9) /	298.//+TMAX( 9) /	1500.//+ACP( 9) /	7.136//,	H2O
9	TMIN(21) /	273.//+TMAX(21) /	1173.//+ACP(21) /	15.000//,	CAO
DDATA	TMIN(22) /	298.//+TMAX(22) /	973.//+ACP(22) /	25.130//,	CA(OH)2
1	TMIN(23) /	298.//+TMAX(23) /	973.//+ACP(23) /	24.970//,	CACO3
2	TMIN(24) /	298.//+TMAX(24) /	873.//+ACP(24) /	13.770//,	CASO3
3	TMIN(25) /	298.//+TMAX(25) /	373.//+ACP(25) /	26.2 //,	CASO3* W
4	TMIN(26) /	298.//+TMAX(26) /	973.//+ACP(26) /	17.220//,	CASO4
5	TMIN(27) /	298.//+TMAX(27) /	373.//+ACP(27) /	44.5 //,	CASO4*2W
6	TMIN(28) /	298.//+TMAX(28) /	2000.//+ACP(28) /	10.170//,	MGO
7	TMIN(29) /	298.//+TMAX(29) /	1000.//+ACP(29) /	17.526//,	MG(OH)2
8	TMIN(30) /	298.//+TMAX(30) /	700.//+ACP(30) /	18.510//,	MGC03
9	TMIN(31) /	298.//+TMAX(31) /	373.//+ACP(31) /	51.5 //,	MGC03*3W
DDATA	TMIN(32) /	0.//+TMAX(32) /	0.//+ACP(32) /	0.0 //,	MGC03*5W
1	TMIN(33) /	298.//+TMAX(33) /	973.//+ACP(33) /	17.090//,	MGS03
2	TMIN(34) /	298.//+TMAX(34) /	373.//+ACP(34) /	50.1 //,	MGS03*3W
3	TMIN(35) /	298.//+TMAX(35) /	373.//+ACP(35) /	83.0 //,	MGS03*6W
4	TMIN(36) /	298.//+TMAX(36) /	1400.//+ACP(36) /	16.530//,	MGS04
5	TMIN(37) /	298.//+TMAX(37) /	973.//+ACP(37) /	15.590//,	NA20
6	TMIN(38) /	298.//+TMAX(38) /	800.//+ACP(38) /	14.920//,	FLY ASH
7	TMIN(39) /	298.//+TMAX(39) /	1000.//+ACP(39) /	9.8796//,	NaCL
DDATA	BCP( 1) / 10.010E-3//+CCP( 1) / -3.794E-6//+DCP( 1) /	0.0 //,	SO2		
1	BCP( 2) / 10.140E-3//+CCP( 2) / -3.415E-6//+DCP( 2) /	0.0 //,	CO2		
2	BCP( 3) / 2.059E-3//+CCP( 3) / -.4205E-6//+DCP( 3) /	0.0 //,	NO		
3	BCP( 4) / 1.570E-3//+CCP( 4) / -.708E-6//+DCP( 4) /	0.0 //,	NO2		
4	BCP( 5) / 3.167E-3//+CCP( 5) / -1.005E-6//+DCP( 5) /	0.0 //,	O2		
5	BCP( 6) / 1.811E-3//+CCP( 6) / -.2675E-6//+DCP( 6) /	0.0 //,	CO		
6	BCP( 7) / 1.389E-3//+CCP( 7) / -0.069E-6//+DCP( 7) /	0.0 //,	N2		
7	BCP( 8) / 0.431E-3//+CCP( 8) / .3613E-6//+DCP( 8) /	0.0 //,	HCL		
8	BCP( 9) / 2.640E-3//+CCP( 9) / .0459E-6//+DCP( 9) /	0.0 //,	H2O		

9	BCP(21)/	4.840E-3/,CCP(21)/	0./,DCP(21)/	1.08E+5/,	CAO
ODATA	BCP(22)/	2.880E-3/,CCP(22)/	0./,DCP(22)/	4.51E+5/,	CA(OH)2
1	BCP(23)/	5.240E-3/,CCP(23)/	0./,DCP(23)/	6.20E+5/,	CACO3
2	BCP(24)/	15.180E-3/,CCP(24)/	0./,DCP(24)/	1.66E+5/,	CASO3
3	BCP(25)/	0./,CCP(25)/	0./,DCP(25)/	0.0 /,	CASO3* W
4	BCP(26)/	23.370E-3/,CCP(26)/	0./,DCP(26)/	0.33E+5/,	CASO4
5	BCP(27)/	0./,CCP(27)/	0./,DCP(27)/	0.0 /,	CASO4*2W
6	BCP(28)/	1.740E-3/,CCP(28)/	0./,DCP(28)/	1.48E+5/,	MGO
7	BCP(29)/	14.522E-3/,CCP(29)/	0./,DCP(29)/	3.076E<5/,	MG(OH)2
8	BCP(30)/	13.790E-3/,CCP(30)/	0./,DCP(30)/	4.16E+5/,	MGC03
9	BCP(31)/	0./,CCP(31)/	0./,DCP(31)/	0.0 /,	MGC03*3W
ODATA	BCP(32)/	0./,CCP(32)/	0./,DCP(32)/	0.0 /,	MGC03*5W
1	BCP(33)/	16.840E-3/,CCP(33)/	0./,DCP(33)/	1.48E+5/,	MGS03
2	BCP(34)/	0./,CCP(34)/	0./,DCP(34)/	0.0 /,	MGS03*3W
3	BCP(35)/	0./,CCP(35)/	0./,DCP(35)/	0.0 /,	MGS03*6W
4	BCP(36)/	21.800E-3/,CCP(36)/	0./,DCP(36)/	0.02E+5/,	MGS04
5	BCP(37)/	5.400E-3/,CCP(37)/	0./,DCP(37)/	0.00 /,	NA20
6	BCP(38)/	7.900E-3/,CCP(38)/	0./,DCP(38)/	3.61E+5/,	FLY ASH
7	BCP(39)/	5.4183E-3/,CCP(39)/	0./,DCP(39)/	-54487E<5/	NaCl
ODATA	ALIT(50)/0.0	//,BLIT(50)/0.0	//ZE(50)/ 0.	/,	H2O(LIQ)
1	ALIT(51)/6.0	//,BLIT(51)/0.4	//ZE(51)/<1.	/,	HC
2	ALIT(52)/3.0	//,BLIT(52)/0.3	//ZE(52)/-1.	/,	OH-
3	ALIT(53)/4.5	//,BLIT(53)/0.0	//ZE(53)/-1.	/,	HSO3-
4	ALIT(54)/4.5	//,BLIT(54)/0.0	//ZE(54)/-2.	/,	S03--
5	ALIT(55)/3.0	//,BLIT(55)/0.0	//ZE(55)/-2.	/,	S04--
6	ALIT(56)/4.5	//,BLIT(56)/0.0	//ZE(56)/-1.	/,	HO3-
7	ALIT(57)/4.5	//,BLIT(57)/0.0	//ZE(57)/-2.	/,	C03--
8	ALIT(58)/2.0	//,BLIT(58)/-2	//ZE(58)/-1.	/,	NO3-
9	ALIT(59)/3.0	//,BLIT(59)/0.3	//ZE(59)/-1.	/,	HSO4-
ODATA	ALIT(60)/0.0	//,BLIT(60)/0.0	//ZE(60)/ 0.	/,	H2SO3(L)
1	ALIT(61)/0.0	//,BLIT(61)/0.0	//ZE(61)/ 0.	/,	H2CO3(L)
2	ALIT(62)/4.5	//,BLIT(62)/0.1	//ZE(62)/+2.	/,	CA++
3	ALIT(63)/3.0	//,BLIT(63)/0.3	//ZE(63)/+1.	/,	CAOH+
4	ALIT(64)/0.0	//,BLIT(64)/0.0	//ZE(64)/ 0.	/,	CASO3(L)
5	ALIT(65)/0.0	//,BLIT(65)/0.0	//ZE(65)/ 0.	/,	CACO3(L)
ODATA	ALIT(66)/3.0	//,BLIT(66)/0.3	//ZE(66)/+1.	/,	C4HC03+
1	ALIT(67)/0.0	//,BLIT(67)/0.0	//ZE(67)/ 0.	/,	CASO4(L)
2	ALIT(68)/3.0	//,BLIT(68)/0.3	//ZE(F8)/+1.	/,	CAN03+
3	ALIT(69)/3.0	//,BLIT(69)/0.3	//ZE(69)/+2.	/,	MG++
4	ALIT(70)/3.0	//,BLIT(70)/0.3	//ZE(70)/+1.	/,	MGOH+
5	ALIT(71)/0.0	//,BLIT(71)/0.0	//ZE(71)/ 0.	/,	MGSO3(L)
6	ALIT(72)/3.0	//,BLIT(72)/0.3	//ZE(72)/+1.	/,	MGHCO3+
7	ALIT(73)/0.0	//,BLIT(73)/0.0	//ZE(73) / 0.	/,	MGSC4(

8	A_IT(74)/0.0	//,BLIT(74)/0.0	//,ZE(74)/0.	/, MGC03(L)
9	ALIT(75)/5.0	//,BLIT(75)/0.1	//,ZE(75)/+1.	/, NA+
ODATA	ALIT(76)/0.0	//,BLIT(76)/0.0	//,ZE(76)/0.	/, NAOH(L)
1	ALIT(77)/3.0	//,BLIT(77)/0.3	//,ZE(77)/-1.	/, NACO3-
2	ALIT(78)/0.0	//,BLIT(78)/0.0	//,ZE(78)/0.	/, NAHC03(L)
3	ALIT(79)/3.0	//,BLIT(79)/0.3	//,ZE(79)/+1.	/, NASO4-
4	ALIT(80)/0.0	//,BLIT(80)/0.0	//,ZE(80)/0.	/, NAN03(L)
5	ALIT(81)/4.0	//,BLIT(81)/0.0	//,ZE(81)/-1.	/, CL-
ODATA	UCAP(50)/0.0	//,DHF(50)/-88317.	//,XMW(50)/18.016	/, H2O(LIG)
1	UCAP(51)/0.0	//,DHF(51)/0.0	//,XMW(51)/1.008	/, H+
2	UCAP(52)/0.0	//,DHF(52)/-54799.	//,XMW(52)/17.008	/, OH-
3	UCAP(53)/0.0	//,DHF(53)/-149376.	//,XMW(53)/81.07	/, HS03-
4	UCAP(54)/0.0	//,DHF(54)/-152276.	//,XMW(54)/80.05	/, SO3--
5	UCAP(55)/0.0	//,DHF(55)/-216900.	//,XMW(55)/96.05	/, SO4--
6	UCAP(56)/0.0	//,DHF(56)/-164729.	//,XMW(56)/61.02	/, HC03-
7	UCAP(57)/0.0	//,DHF(57)/-162126.	//,XMW(57)/60.01	/, CO3--
8	UCAP(58)/0.0	//,DHF(58)/-49372.	//,XMW(58)/62.01	/, NO3-
9	UCAP(59)/0.0	//,DHF(59)/-211E60.	//,XMW(59)/97.07	/, HS04-
ODATA	UCAP(60)/0.07E	//,DHF(60)/-145516.	//,XMW(60)/82.03	/, H2S03(L)
1	UCAP(61)/0.07E	//,DHF(61)/-166971.	//,XMW(61)/62.03	/, H2CO3(L)
2	UCAP(62)/0.0	//,DHF(62)/-129770.	//,XMW(62)/40.08	/, CA++
3	UCAP(63)/0.0	//,DHF(63)/-183320.	//,XMW(63)/57.09	/, CAOH+
4	UCAP(64)/0.07E	//,DHF(64)/-273736.	//,XMW(64)/120.14	/, CAS03(L)
5	UCAP(65)/0.07E	//,DHF(65)/-289720.	//,XMW(65)/100.08	/, CAC03(L)
6	UCAP(66)/0.0	//,DHF(66)/-293118.	//,XMW(66)/101.10	/, CAHC03+
7	UCAP(67)/0.07E	//,DHF(67)/-344033.	//,XMW(67)/136.14	/, CAS04(L)
8	UCAP(68)/0.0	//,DHF(68)/-173445.	//,XMW(68)/102.09	/, CAN03+
9	UCAP(69)/0.0	//,DHF(69)/-110410.	//,XMW(69)/24.32	/, MG++
ODATA	UCAP(70)/0.0	//,DHF(70)/-162839.	//,XMW(70)/41.33	/, MG0H+
1	UCAP(71)/0.07E	//,DHF(71)/-260707.	//,XMW(71)/104.33	/, MGS03(L)
2	UCAP(72)/0.0	//,DHF(72)/-274063.	//,XMW(72)/85.34	/, MGHCO3+
3	UCAP(73)/0.07E	//,DHF(73)/-322469.	//,XMW(73)/120.33	/, MGS04(L)
4	UCAP(74)/0.07E	//,DHF(74)/-270226.	//,XMW(74)/84.33	/, MGC03(L)
5	UCAP(75)/0.0	//,DHF(75)/-57279.	//,XMW(75)/22.99	/, NA+
6	UCAP(76)/0.07E	//,DHF(76)/-112078.	//,XMW(76)/40.00	/, NAOH(L)
7	UCAP(77)/0.0	//,DHF(77)/-218017.	//,XMW(77)/83.01	/, NACO3-
8	UCAP(78)/0.07E	//,DHF(78)/-222008.	//,XMW(78)/84.02	/, NAHC03(L)
9	UCAP(79)/0.0	//,DHF(79)/-273076.	//,XMW(79)/119.06	/, NASO4-
ODATA	UCAP(80)/0.07E	//,DHF(80)/-106651.	//,XMW(80)/85.01	/, NAN03(L)
1	UCAP(81)/0.0	//,DHF(81)/-40023.	//,XMW(81)/35.45	/, CL-
ODATA	TMIN<501/	273./,TMAX<501/	373./,ACP<501/	13.04/, H2O<LIQ/
1	TMIN<511/	298./,TMAX<511/	333./,ACP<511/	23.00/, HC
2	TMIN<521/	298./,TMAX<521/	333./,ACP<521/	- 47.00/, OH-

3	TMIN€531/	298./,TMAX€531/	333./,ACP€531/	- 16.00/, HS03-
4	TMIN€541/	298./,TMAX€541/	333./,ACP€541/	-121.00/, S03--
5	TMIN€551/	298./,TMAX€551/	333./,ACP€551/	- 99.00/, S04--
6	TMIN€561/	298./,TMAX€561/	333./,ACP€561/	- 27.00/, HC03-
7	TMIN€571/	298./,TMAX€571/	333./,ACP€571/	-132.00/, C03--
8	TMIN€581/	298./,TMAX€581/	333./,ACP€581/	- 49.00/, N03-
9	TMIN€591/	298./,TMAX€591/	333./,ACP€591/	- 13.00/ HS04-
ODATA	TMIN€601/	298./,TMAX€601/	333./,ACP€601/	7.00/, H2S03€LI
1	TMIN€611/	298./,TMAX€611/	333./,ACP€611/	91.00/, H2C03€LI
2	TMIN€621/	298./,TMAX€621/	333./,ACP€621/	45.00/, C4CC
3	TMIN€631/	298./,TMAX€631/	333./,ACP€631/	- 2.00/, CAOH<
4	TMIN€641/	298./,TMAX€641/	333./,ACP€641/	- 76.00/, CAS03€LI
5	TMIN€651/	298./,TMAX€651/	333./,ACP€651/	- 87.00/, CAC03€LI
6	TMIN€661/	298./,TMAX€661/	333./,ACP€661/	18.00/, CAHC03<
7	TMIN€671/	298./,TMAX€671/	333./,ACP€671/	- 8.00/, CAS04€LI
8	TMIN€681/	298./,TMAX€681/	333./,ACP€681/	- 4.00/, CAN03<
9	TMIN€691/	298./,TMAX€691/	333./,ACP€691/	51.00/ MGCC
ODATA	TMIN€701/	298./,TMAX€701/	333./,ACP€701/	4.00/, MG0H<
1	TMIN€711/	298./,TMAX€711/	333./,ACP€711/	- 70.00/, MGS03€LI
2	TMIN€721/	298./,TMAX€721/	333./,ACP€721/	24.00/, MGHC03<
3	TMIN€731/	298./,TMAX€731/	333./,ACP€731/	- 48.00/, MGS04€LI
4	TMIN€741/	298./,TMAX€741/	333./,ACP€741/	- 81.00/, MGC03€LI
5	TMIN€751/	298./,TMAX€751/	333./,ACP€751/	35.00/, NAC
6	TMIN€761/	298./,TMAX€761/	333./,ACP€761/	- 12.00/, NAOH<LI
7	TMIN€771/	298./,TMAX€771/	333./,ACP€771/	- 97.00/, NAC03-
8	TMIN€781/	298./,TMAX€781/	333./,ACP€781/	3.00/, NAHC03€L
9	TMIN€791/	298./,TMAX€791/	333./,ACP€791/	- 64.00/, NAS04-
ODATA	TMIN€801/	298./,TMAX€801/	333./,ACP€801/	- 14.00/, NAN03€LI
1	TMIN€811/	298./,TMAX€811/	333./,ACP€811/	- 51.00/ CL-

END

```
AI FOR PHI
  FUNCTION PHI(X,EQS)
    DOUBLE PRECISION PHI,TEMP
    DOUBLE PRECISION F,CK,CT,X
C ****
C *      FORM THE SUM OF THE SQUARES OF THE N FUNC.
C ****
    COMMON/FUNC/F(50),CK(50),CT(10)
    COMMON /LIMS/NF
    DIMENSION X(1)
    CALL EQS(X)
    TEMP=0.
    DO 1 I=1,NF
      TEMP=TEMP+F(I)*F(I)
 1 CONTINUE
    PHI=TEMP
    RETURN
  END
```

```
AI FOR PMPFAN
SUBROUTINE PMPFAN(P,S)
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
LOCsv=ISEQ(NL)
LIS=ISTM(LOCsv+1)
LOS=ISTM(LOCsv+6)
KEY1=SV(LOS+2)
IF(KEY1.NE.0) GO TO 1
PRD(61)=P(1)
RETURN 2
1 CONTINUE
P(1)=P(1)/14.696
SV(LOS+5)=SV(LIS+5)
SV(LOS+6)=P(1)
Q=.1738423*SV(LIS+10)*SV(LIS+5)/SV(LIS+6)
DP=2116.22*(P(1)-SV(LIS+6))
DHP=(Q*DP/P(2))/33000.
DO 3 I=10,119
SV(LOS,I)=SV(LIS,I)
3 CONTINUE
OKW=DHP/1.341
PRD(99)=DHP
PRD(100)=OKW
RETURN 2
END
```

```
 @I FOR PRELD
 SUBROUTINE PRELD
 INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
 DO 1 J=1,50
 I=ISEQ(J)
 NL=J
 IF(I.EQ.0) GO TO 2
 NAME=IDEOP(I)
 IN=MATCH(NAME)
 CALL PSULD(IN,I)
 1 CONTINUE
 2 DO 3 J=1,50
 SV(J,2)=1
 3 CONTINUE
 RETURN
 END
```

AI FOR PROCND

```
SUBROUTINE PROCND
INCLUDE CMMN.LIST
WRITE(6,100)
CALL DATIME
WRITE(6, 1) LABEL
WRITE(6, 2)
WRITE(6, 3) PRD(1),PRD(2),PRD(3)
WRITE(6, 4) PRD(4),PRD(5)
WRITE(6, 5) PRD(6),PRD(7)
WRITE(6, 7) PRD(8),PRD(9)
WRITE(6, 8) PRD(10)
WRITE(6,81) PRD(68)
WRITE(6,99)
IF(PRD(75).NE.0.) WRITE(6,98)
WRITE(6, 9)
WRITE(6,10)
WRITE(6,11) PRD(11),PRD(13),PRD(19)
WRITE(6,12) PRD(12),PRD(14),PRD(20)
WRITE(6,13) PRD(15),PRD(21)
WRITE(6,14) PRD(65),PRD(16),PRD(22)
WRITE(6,15) PRD(66),PRD(17),PRD(23)
WRITE(6,16) PRD(18),PRD(24)
WRITE(6,161) PRD(70),PRD(71)
WRITE(6,17) PRD(25),PRD(26)
WRITE(6,18)
WRITE(6,19) PRD(27),PRD(28)
WRITE(6,20) PRD(29),PRD(67)
WRITE(6,21) PRD(30),PRD(31)
WRITE(6,40) PRD(61)
WRITE(6,42)
WRITE(6,43) PRD(62),PRD(63),PRD(64)
WRITE(6,23)
WRITE(6,24) PRD(32),PRD(33)
WRITE(6,26)
WRITE(6,27)
WRITE(6,28)
WRITE(6,29) PRD(34),PRD(43),PRD(51),PRD(53)
WRITE(6,30) PRD(35),PRD(44),PRD(69),PRD(54)
WRITE(6,31) PRD(36),PRD(45),PRD(55)
WRITE(6,32) PRD(37),PRD(46),PRD(52),PRD(56)
|RITE(6,33) PRD(38),PRD(47),PRD(57)
```

1 WRITE(6,34) PRD(39),PRD(48),PRD(53)  
2 WRITE(6,35) PRD(40),PRD(49),PRD(59)  
3 WRITE(6,36) PRD(41),PRD(50),PRD(60)  
4 WRITE(6,37) PRD(42)  
1 FORMAT(1H+,T36,13A6)  
2 FORMAT(35X,'PROCESS CONDITIONS')  
3 FORMAT(5X,'FLUE GAS RATE =',F10.2,'ACFM AT TFG =',G10.3,'DEG. F AND  
\*PFG =',G10.3,'PSIA')  
4 FORMAT(10X,'SO2 ABSORBED =',G10.3,'%',T45,'NO ABSORBED =',G10.3,'  
\*%')  
5 FORMAT(10X,'SO2 OXIDIZED =',G10.3,'%',T45,'NO2 ABSORBED =',G10.3,'  
\*%')  
7 FORMAT(/,T14,'LIMESTONE RATE =',G10.3,' LBS/MIN =',G10.3,' % THEOR  
\*ETICAL')  
8 FORMAT(13X,'LIMESTONE COMPOSITION =',G10.3,'MOLES (MG)/MOLES(CA+MG  
\*I')  
81 FORMAT(13X,'LIME REACTED IN BOILER =',G10.3,'%')  
9 FORMAT(10X,'LIME HYDRATED',T45,'SOLIDS DISSOLVED IN SCRUBBER')  
10 FORMAT(13X,'IN SYSTEM',T58,'L4',T71,'SF')  
11 FORMAT(20X,'CAO =',G10.3,'%',T45,'CA(OH)2 =',G10.3,'%',2X,G10.3,'%  
\*')  
12 FORMAT(20X,'MGO =',G10.3,'%',T45,'MG(OH)2 =',G10.3,'%',2X,G10.3,'%  
\*')  
13 FORMAT(13X,'IN SCRUBBER',T45,'CACO3 =',G10.3,'%',2X,G10.3,'%')  
14 FORMAT(20X,'CAO =',G10.3,'%',T45,'MGC03 =',G10.3,'%',2X,G10.3,'%  
\*')  
15 FORMAT(20X,'MGO =',G10.3,'%',T45,'MGS04 =',G10.3,'%',2X,G10.3,'%  
\*')  
16 FORMAT(44X,'NA2O =',G10.3,'%',2X,G10.3,'%')  
161 FORMAT(44X,'NACL =',G10.3,'%',2X,G10.3,'%')  
17 FORMAT(13X,'FLY ASH RATE =',G10.3,'LBS/MIN =',G10.3,' LBS FA/LB SU  
\*LFUR IN COAL')  
18 FORMAT(3X,'EQUIPMENT PARAMETERS;')  
19 FORMAT(5X,'SOLIDS IN CLARIFIER BOTTOMS =',G10.3,' WT.% CLARIF  
\*IER EFFICIENCY =',G10.3,'%')  
20 FORMAT(5X,'SOLIDS IN FILTER BOTTOMS =',G10.3,' WT.% FILTER  
\* EFFICIENCY =',G10.3,'%')  
21 FORMAT(5X,'TEMP. OF COOLED G-S STREAM =',G10.3,'DEG F TEMP. OF RE  
\*HEATED STACK GAS =',G10.3,'DEG. F')  
23 FORMAT(3X,'INITIAL VALUES ;')  
24 FORMAT(10X,'SCRUBBER FEED RATE =',G10.3,'GPM H2O SF/1000 ACFM FG  
\* =',F10.2,' GPM H2O')  
26 FORMAT(/3X,'INPUT STREAM COMPOSITIONS ;')

```
27 FORMAT(7X, "FLUE GAS", T29, "LIMESTONE", T53, "FLY ASH", T74, "WATER MAK
 *EUP")
28 FORMAT(4X, "COMP. MOLE %", T26, "COMP.", WT.%, T48, "COMP.", W
 *T.%, T74, "COMP.", MG/L")
29 FORMAT(6X, "SO2 =", G10.3, T26, "CAO =", G10.3, T48, "NA2O =", G10.3
 *, T75, "SO3 =", G10.3)
30 FORMAT(6X, "CO2 =", G10.3, T26, "MGO =", G10.3, T48, "NACL =", G10.3
 *, T75, "CO3 =", G10.3)
31 FORMAT(6X, "NO =", G10.3, T26, "CACO3 =", G10.3, T47, "INSOLUBLE", T75, "S
 *O4 =", G10.3)
32 FORMAT(6X, "NO2 =", G10.3, T26, "MGC03 =", G10.3, T48, "FLY ASH =", G10.3
 *, T75, "NO3 =", G10.3)
33 FORMAT(6X, "O2 =", G10.3, T26, "CASO3 =", G10.3, T75, "CA =", G10.3)
34 FORMAT(6X, "CO =", G10.3, T26, "MGSO3 =", G10.3, T75, "MG =", G10.3)
35 FORMAT(6X, "N2 =", G10.3, T26, "CASO4 =", G10.3, T75, "NA =", G10.3)
36 FORMAT(6X, "HCL =", G10.3, T26, "MGSO4 =", G10.3, T75, "CL =", G10.3)
37 FORMAT(6X, "H2O =", G10.3, )
40 FORMAT(5X, "I.D. FAN EXIT PRESSURE =", G10.3, " PSIA")
42 FORMAT(5X, "UNIT PRESSURE LOSSES,PSIA")
43 FORMAT(13X, "COOLER =", G10.3, T37, "SCRUBBER =", G10.3, T62, "REHEATER =
 **", G10.3)
98 FORMAT(1H+, 9X, "NO")
99 FORMAT(13X, "PRECIPITATION ALLOWED IN SCRUBBER")
100 FORMAT(1H1)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
 @I FOR PROLOG
    SUBROUTINE PROLOG
    INCLUDE CMMN.LIST
C *      THIS ROUTINE DECODES
C *      THE PROCESS LOGIC AND
C *      EXECUTES
P(1)=P(1)
L1=0
I=0
1 I=I+1
IF(ISEQ(I).EQ.0) RETURN
IF(I.EQ.LSRL(1)) GO TO 3
GO TO 4
3 L2=0
L3=0
4 IF(I.EQ.LSRL(2)) L3=0
NEXN=ISEQ(I)
NAME=IDEQP(NEXN)
NEIN=MATCH(NAME)
NL=I
CALL PSULD(NEIN,NEXN)
IF(I.EQ.LERL(3).AND.L3.EQ.0) I=LSRL(3)-1
IF(I.EQ.LERL(2).AND.L2.EQ.0) I=LSRL(2)-1
IF(I.EQ.LERL(1).AND.L1.EQ.0) I=LSRL(1)-1
GO TO 1
END
```

```
@I FOR PROSIM
C ****
C *      THIS IS THE DRIVING PROGRAM   *
C ****
INCLUDE LCMN,LIST
INCLUDE PHYS0,LIST
CALL READIN
CALL PRELD
CALL PROCND
CALL PROLOG
CALL PTSUM
CALL ARTWRK
END
```

~~1105~~

```
WI FOR PSULD
    SUBROUTINE PSULD(IN,IX)
    INCLUDE CMMN.LIST
C
    DO 200 I=1,8
    P(I)=PA(IX,I)
200 CONTINUE
C
    GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13), IN
1 CALL FLUGAS(P,$100)
2 CALL STKGAS(P,$100)
3 CALL WTRMKP(P,$100)
4 CALL FLTR8M(P,$100)
5 CALL SCRUBR(P,$100)
6 CALL CLPHTR(P,$100)
7 CALL FILTER(P,$100)
8 CALL DIVDER(P,$100)
9 CALL EQMIXR(P,$100)
10 CALL EFHOLD(P,$100)
11 CALL PMPFAN(P,$100)
12 CALL CLRFYR(P,$100)
13 CALL OVALMB(P,$100)
100 RETURN
END
```

@I FOR PTSUM  
 SUBROUTINE PTSUM  
 INCLUDE CMMN.LIST  
 INCLUDE LCMN.LIST  
 DIMENSION TM(6),TMG(6),TML(6),TMS(6),WT(6),WG(6),WL(6),WS(6),D(6),  
 \*HT(6),HG(6),HL(6),HS(6),IPSV(6)  
 C  
 DIMENSION IFRMT(605),IRRAY(9)  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 1, 5)/36H( 4X, \* FLOW RATE (G/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 7, 12)/36H( 4X, \* (G-MOLE/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 13, 18)/36H( 4X, \* TEMPERATURE (DEG. K) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 19, 24)/36H( 4X, \* PRESSURE (ATM) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 25, 30)/36H( 4X, \* ENTHALPY (CAL/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 31, 36)/36H( 4X, \* SOLIDS (WT %) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 37, 42)/36H( 4X, \* FLOW RATE (G/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 43, 48)/36H( 4X, \* (G-MOLE/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 49, 54)/36H( 4X, \* ENTHALPY (CAL/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 55, 60)/36H( 4X, \* COMP (G-MOLES/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 61, 66)/36H( 4X, \* S02 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 67, 72)/36H( 4X, \* CO2 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 73, 78)/36H( 4X, \* NO '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 79, 84)/36H( 4X, \* N02 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 85, 90)/36H( 4X, \* O2 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=595,600)/36H( 4X, \* CO '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 91, 96)/36H( 4X, \* N2 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 97,102)/36H( 4X, \* HCL '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=103,108)/36H( 4X, \* H2O '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=109,114)/36H( 4X, \* FLOW RATE (G/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=115,120)/36H( 4X, \* (G-MOLES/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=121,126)/36H( 4X, \* ENTHALPY (CAL/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=127,132)/36H( 4X, \* COMP (G-MOLES/SEC) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=133,138)/36H( 4X, \* S02 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=139,144)/36H( 4X, \* CO2 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=145,150)/36H( 4X, \* S03 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=151,156)/36H( 4X, \* N205 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=157,162)/36H( 4X, \* CA0 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=163,168)/36H( 4X, \* MG0 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=159,174)/36H( 4X, \* NA20 '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=175,180)/36H( 4X, \* HCL '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=181,186)/36H( 4X, \* H2O '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I=187,192)/36H( 4X, \* DENSITY (G/ML AT T) '•,6(/  
 DATA (IFRMT(I),I= 93,198)/36H( 4X, \* IONIC STRENGTH '•,6(/

DATA (IFRMT(I),I=99,204)/36H(	4X, "	PH	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=205,210)/36H(	4X, "	LIG. H <sub>2</sub> O RATE (KG/SEC)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=211,216)/36H(	4X, "	H+	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=217,222)/36H(	4X, "	OH-	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=223,228)/36H(	4X, "	HSO <sub>3</sub> -	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=229,234)/36H(	4X, "	SO <sub>3</sub> =	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=235,240)/36H(	4X, "	SO <sub>4</sub> =	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=241,246)/36H(	4X, "	HC0 <sub>3</sub> -	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=247,252)/36H(	4X, "	CO <sub>3</sub> =	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=253,258)/36H(	4X, "	N0 <sub>3</sub> -	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=259,264)/36H(	4X, "	HSO <sub>4</sub> -	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=265,270)/36H(	4X, "	H <sub>2</sub> S0 <sub>3</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=271,276)/36H(	4X, "	H <sub>2</sub> C0 <sub>3</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=277,282)/36H(	4X, "	CA++	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=283,288)/36H(	4X, "	CAOH+	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=289,294)/36H(	4X, "	CAS0 <sub>3</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=295,300)/36H(	4X, "	CAC0 <sub>3</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=301,306)/36H(	4X, "	CAHC0 <sub>3</sub> +	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=307,312)/36H(	4X, "	CAS0 <sub>4</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=313,318)/36H(	4X, "	CAN0 <sub>3</sub> +	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=319,324)/36H(	4X, "	MG++	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=325,330)/36H(	4X, "	MGOH+	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=331,336)/36H(	4X, "	MGS0 <sub>3</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=337,342)/36H(	4X, "	MGHC0 <sub>3</sub> +	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=343,348)/36H(	4X, "	MGS0 <sub>4</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=349,354)/36H(	4X, "	MGC0 <sub>3</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=355,360)/36H(	4X, "	NA+	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=361,366)/36H(	4X, "	NAOH(L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=367,372)/36H(	4X, "	NAC0 <sub>3</sub> -	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=373,378)/36H(	4X, "	NAHC0 <sub>3</sub> (L)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=379,384)/36H(	4X, "	NAS0 <sub>4</sub> -	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=385,390)/36H(	4X, "	NANO <sub>3</sub> -	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=391,396)/36H(	4X, "	CL-	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=397,402)/36H(	4X, "	FLOW RATE (G/SEC)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=403,408)/36H(	4X, "	(G-MOLES/SEC)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=409,414)/36H(	4X, "	ENTHALPY (CAL/SEC)	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=415,420)/36H(	4X, "	CAO	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=421,426)/36H(	4X, "	CA(OH)2	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=427,432)/36H(	4X, "	CAC0 <sub>3</sub>	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=433,438)/36H(	4X, "	CAS0 <sub>3</sub>	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=439,444)/36H(	4X, "	CAS0 <sub>3</sub> *1/2H <sub>2</sub> O	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=445,450)/36H(	4X, "	CAS0 <sub>4</sub>	'•6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=451,456)/36H(	4X, "	CAS0 <sub>4</sub> *2H <sub>2</sub> O	'•6(/

```

DATA (IFRMT(I),I=457,462)/36H( 4X,  *      MGO          ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=463,468)/36H( 4X,  *      MG(OH)2     ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=469,474)/36H( 4X,  *      MGC03        ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=475,480)/36H( 4X,  *      MGC03*3H2O   ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=481,486)/36H( 4X,  *      MGC03*5H2O   ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=487,492)/36H( 4X,  *      MGS03        ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=493,498)/36H( 4X,  *      MGS03*3H2O   ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=499,504)/36H( 4X,  *      MGS03*6H2O   ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=505,510)/36H( 4X,  *      MGS04        ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=511,516)/36H( 4X,  *      NA2O         ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=517,522)/36H( 4X,  *      INSOLUBLE FLY ASH ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=523,528)/36H( 4X,  *      NaCl         ' ,5(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=529,534)/35H( 4X,  *      TOT FLOW RATE (LBS/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=535,540)/36H( 4X,  *      (LB-MOLES/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=541,546)/35H( 4X,  *      GAS FLOW RATE (LBS/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=547,552)/35H( 4X,  *      (LB-MOLES/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=553,558)/36H( 4X,  *      (ACFM)        ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=559,564)/36H( 4X,  *      LIQ FLOW RATE (LBS/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=565,570)/36H( 4X,  *      (LB-MOLES/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=571,576)/36H( 4X,  *      (1000 LBS H2O/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=577,582)/36H( 4X,  *      LIQ DENSITY (LBS/GAL@T) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=583,588)/36H( 4X,  *      SOL FLOW RATE (LBS/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=589,594)/36H( 4X,  *      (LB-MOLES/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IFRMT(I),I=601,606)/36H( 4X,  *      (GAL/MIN) ' ,6(/
DATA (IRRAY(I),I=7,8)/12H2X,G10.5)) /
```

```

C
0DEFINE      DL(T)      = +.99995282
1              +.46726616E-4 * (T-273.16)
2              -.74105074E-5 * (T-273.16)**2
3              +.41079583E-7 * (T-273.16)**3
4              -.13370708E-9 * (T-273.16)**4
CEU=60./453.6
IS=1
2 IC=0
DO 1 IJ=IS,25
IF(SV(IJ,5).EQ.0.) GO TO 1
IC=IC+1
IPSV(IC)=IJ
IF(IC.EQ.6) GO TO 3
1 CONTINUE
3 CONTINUE
IS=IJ+1
C
```

```

C
DO 4 I=1,IC
SUM=0.
LSV=IPSV(I)
DO 5 J=1,9
JG=10+J
5 SUM=SUM+SV(LSV,JG)*XMW(J)
WG(I)=SUM
CALL DHG(LSV,DH)
HG(I)=DH
TMG(I)=SV(LSV,10)
CALL TOLISP(LSV)
SUM=0.
DO 15 JT=31,39
15 SUM=SUM+SV(LSV,JT)
TML(I)=SUM
WL(I)=SV(LSV,31)*XMW(1)+SV(LSV,32)*XMW(2)+SV(LSV,33)*XMW(54)+SV(LS
*V,34)*(XMW(58)+XMW(4))+SV(LSV,35)*XMW(21)+SV(LSV,36)*XMW(28)+SV(LS
*V,37)*XMW(37)+SV(LSV,38)*XMW(38)+SV(LSV,39)*XMW(50)
CALL DHL(LSV,DH)
HL(I)=DH
C
C
C
SUM=0
DO 7 J=51,81
7 SUM=SUM+SV(LSV,J)*XMW(J)
D(I)=DL(SV(LSV,5))*(1.+SUM/1000.)
IF(SV(LSV,50).EQ.0.) D(I)=0.
C
SUM=0.
SUM1=0.
DO 8 J=1,19
JS=100+J
JW=20+J
SUM=SUM+XMW(JW)*SV(LSV,JS)
SUM1=SUM1+SV(LSV,JS)
8 CONTINUE
WS(I)=SUM
TMS(I)=SUM1
WT(I)=WG(I)+WL(I)+WS(I)
SV(LSV,100)=100.*WS(I)/WT(I)
TM(I)=TMG(I)+TML(I)+TMS(I)

```

CALL DHS(LSV,DH)  
HS(I)=DH  
HT(I)=HG(I)+HL(I)+HS(I)  
4 CONTINUE

C  
C  
C

WRITE(6,100)  
100 FORMAT(1H1)  
 CALL DATIME  
 WRITE(6,101) LABEL  
101 FORMAT(1H+,45X,1346)  
 WRITE(6,110) (IPSV(I),I=1,IC)  
110 FORMAT(4X,'STREAM NUMBER',18X,6(I2,10X))  
 WRITE(6,102)  
102 FORMAT(4X,'TOTAL STREAM')  
 CALL MOVE(1)  
 WRITE(6,IRRAY) (WT(I),I=1,IC)  
 CALL MOVE(7)  
 WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TM(I),I=1,IC)  
 CALL PLINE(5,13)  
 CALL PLINE(6,19)  
 CALL MOVE(25)  
 WRITE(6,IRRAY) (HT(I),I=1,IC)  
 CALL PLINE(100,31)  
 WRITE(6,103)  
103 FORMAT(/4X,'GAS PHASE')  
 CALL MOVE(37)  
 WRITE(6,IRRAY) (WG(I),I=1,IC)  
 CALL MOVE(43)  
 WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TMG(I),I=1,IC)  
 CALL MOVE(49)  
 WRITE(6,IRRAY) (HG(I),I=1,IC)  
 CALL MOVE(55)  
 WRITE(6,IRRAY)  
 LES=61  
 DO 9 I=11,15  
 CALL PLINE(I,LES)  
9 LES=LES+6  
 CALL PLINE(16,595)  
 DO 18 I=17,19  
 CALL PLINE(I,LES)  
8 .ES=.ES+6

```
1 WRITE(6,104)
104 FORMAT(4X,'LIQUID PHASE')
    CALL MOVE(109)
    WRITE(6,IRRAY) (WL(I),I=1,IC)
    CALL MOVE(115)
    WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TML(I),I=1,IC)
    CALL MOVE(121)
    WRITE(6,IRRAY) (HL(I),I=1,IC)
    CALL MOVE(127)
    WRITE(6,IRRAY)
    LES=133
    DO 10 I=31,39
        CALL PLINE(I,LES)
10 LES=LES+6
    CALL MOVE(187)
    WRITE(6,IRRAY) (D(I),I=1,IC)
    CALL PLINE(48,193)
    CALL PLINE(49,199)
    CALL DATIME
    WRITE(6,101) LABEL
    WRITE(6,110) (IPSV(I),I=1,IC)
    DO 11 I=1,6
        LSV=IPSV(I)
11 SV(LSV,50)=SV(LSV,50)/1000.
    CALL PLINE(50,205)
    WRITE(6,105)
105 FORMAT(4X,' COMP (G-MOLES/KG H2O)')
    LES=211
    DO 12 I=51,81
        CALL PLINE(I,LES)
12 LES=LES+6
    WRITE(6,106)
106 FORMAT(4X,'SOLID PHASE')
    CALL MOVE(397)
    WRITE(6,IRRAY) (WS(I),I=1,IC)
    CALL MOVE(403)
    WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TMS(I),I=1,IC)
    CALL MOVE(409)
    WRITE(6,IRRAY) (HS(I),I=1,IC)
    WRITE(6,100)
    CALL DATIME
    WRITE(6,101) LABEL
    WRITE(6,110) (IPSV(I),I=1,IC)
```

```
      WRITE(6,107)
107 FORMAT(4X, ' COMP (G-MOLES/SEC)')
      LES=415
      DO 13 I=101,119
      CALL PLINE(I,LES)
13   LES=LES+6
      WRITE(6,108)
108 FORMAT(/4X,'SUMMARY IN ENGINEERING UNITS')
      DO 14 I=1,6
      WT(I)=CEU*WT(I)
      WG(I)=CEU*WG(I)
      WL(I)=CEU*WL(I)
      WS(I)=CEU*WS(I)
      TM(I)=CEU*TM(I)
      TMG(I)=CEU*TMG(I)
      TML(I)=CEU*TML(I)
      TMS(I)=CEU*TMS(I)
      D(I)=8.345*D(I)
      LSV=IPSV(I)
14   SV(LSV,50)=CEU*SV(LSV,50)
      CALL MOVE(529)
      WRITE(6,IRRAY) (WT(I),I=1,IC)
      CALL MOVE(535)
      WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TM(I),I=1,IC)
      CALL MOVE(541)
      WRITE(6,IRRAY) (WG(I),I=1,IC)
      CALL MOVE(547)
      WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TMG(I),I=1,IC)
      DO 16 I=1,IC
16   TMG(I)=(TMG(I)/273.16)*(SV(I+5)/SV(I+6))*359.0
      CALL MOVE(553)
      WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TMG(I),I=1,IC)
      CALL MOVE(559)
      WRITE(6,IRRAY) (WL(I),I=1,IC)
      CALL MOVE(565)
      WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TML(I),I=1,IC)
      CALL PLINE(50,571)
      DO 17 I=1,IC
      LSV=IPSV(I)
17   SV(LSV,50)=1000.*SV(LSV,50)/(8.345*DL(SV(LSV,5)))
      CALL PLINE(50,601)
      CALL MOVE(577)
      WRITE(6,IRRAY) (D(I),I=1,IC)
```

CALL MOVE(583)  
WRITE(6,IRRAY) (WS(I),I=1,IC)  
CALL MOVE(589)  
WRITE(6,IRRAY) (TMS(I),I=1,IC)  
IF(IS.GE.26) RETURN  
GO TO 2

C SUBROUTINE PLINE(LOC,IFR)

C DIMENSION TP(6)  
L1=IPSV(1)  
L2=IPSV(2)  
L3=IPSV(3)  
L4=IPSV(4)  
L5=IPSV(5)  
L6=IPSV(6)  
TP(1)=SV(L1,LOC)  
TP(2)=SV(L2,LOC)  
TP(3)=SV(L3,LOC)  
TP(4)=SV(L4,LOC)  
TP(5)=SV(L5,LOC)  
TP(6)=SV(L6,LOC)  
IBGN=IFR+1  
IEND=IFR+5  
WRITE(6,200) (IFRMT(I),I=IBGN,IEND), (TP(I),I=1,IC)  
200 FORMAT(4X,4A6,A2,6(2X,G10.5))  
RETURN

C SUBROUTINE MOVE(IFR)

C DO 30 N=1,6  
LNE=IFR+(N-1)  
30 IRRAY(N)=IFRMT(LNE)  
RETURN

C END

C  
C \*\*\*\*\*  
C \* READS INPUT DATA \*  
C \*\*\*\*\*  
SUBROUTINE READIN  
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST  
DIMENSION NS(10)  
DIMENSION ID0(80)  
DIMENSION PTEMP(8)  
C  
P(1)=P(1)  
IORD=1  
10 GO TO (1,2,3,4,5), IORD  
C\*\*\*\*\*  
C \* RUN I.D. \*  
C\*\*\*\*\*  
1 READ(5,100) LABEL  
WRITE(6,200)  
WRITE(6,201) LABEL  
WRITE(6,202)  
IORD=2  
GO TO 10  
C \*\*\*\*\*  
C \* PROCESS ARRAY \*  
C \*\*\*\*\*  
2 READ(5,101,ERR=15,END=11) NUM,NAME,NS  
IDEQP(NUM)=NAME  
CALL ORDER(NS,NI,NO)  
DO 7 I=1,10  
7 ISTM(NUM,I)=NS(I)  
I=NUM  
WRITE(6,203) I,IDEQP(I),(ISTM(I,J),J=1,NI)  
IF(NO.EQ.0) GO TO 10  
NOP=5+NO  
WRITE(6,204) (ISTM(I,J),J=6,NOP)  
GO TO 10  
11 IORD=IORD+1  
GO TO 10  
C \*\*\*\*\*  
C \* ORDER OF PROCESS CALCULATIONS \*  
C \*\*\*\*\*

115 -

```
3 READ(5,102) ID0
  IC=1
  LW=0
  LE=0
  NLP=1
  NRP=1
  LER=0
  NSRLP=0
  DO 3 I=1,80
    IF(ID0(I).LE.378) GO TO 8    @ NON NUMERIC
    IF(ID0(I).EQ.513) GO TO 9    @ (
    IF(ID0(I).EQ.408) GO TO 15   @ )
    IF(ID0(I).EQ.568) GO TO 12   @ *
    IF(ID0(I).EQ.508) GO TO 13   @ *
  NSRLP=0
  LW=LW+1
  NC=NC+(ID0(I)-608)*10** (2-LW)
  GO TO 8
12 NC=NC/10** (2-LW)
  ISEQ(IC)=NC
  NC=0
  LW=0
  IC=IC+1
  IF(LE.EQ.1) GO TO 14
  IF(LER.EQ.1) GO TO 17
  GO TO 8
13 LE=0
  GO TO 12
16 IF(NSLRP.EQ.1) GO TO 17
  LER=1
  NSLRP=1
  GO TO 12
9 LSRL(NLP)=IC+1
  NLP=NLP+1
  NSRP=0
  GO TO 12
17 NRP=NLP-NRP-NSRP
  LERL(NRP)=IC-1
  NSRP=NSRP+1
  NRP=1
  LER=0
8 CONTINUE
14 CONTINUE
```

116

```
      WRITE(6,205) I00
      DO 18 I=1,3
      IB=LSRL(I)
      IE=LERL(I)
      IF(IB.GT.0) WRITE(6,206) ISEG(IB),ISEQ(IE)
18 CONTINUE
      IORD=IORD+1
      GO TO 10
      4 CONTINUE
C ****
C *      EQUIPMENT PARAMETERS      *
C ****
      READ (5,103,ERR=15,END=19) NUM,PTEMP
      DO 20 I=1,8
      PA(NUM,I)=PTEMP(I)
20 CONTINUE
      GO TO 10
      19 IORD=IORD+1
      GO TO 10
      5 CONTINUE
C
      RETURN
C ****
C $      FORMATS      *
C ****
      100 FORMAT(13A6)
      101 FORMAT(I2,2X,A6,1C15)
      102 FORMAT(80R1)
      103 FORMAT(I2,F8.3,7F10.3)
      200 FORMAT(1H1)
      201 FORMAT(15X,13A6)
      202 FORMAT(45X, *PROCESS DESCRIPTION// 1X, *EQUIP. NO.,10X,*EQUIP.
     *NAME*,10X,*INPUT STREAMS          OUTPUT STREAMS*)
      203 FORMAT(4X,I5,17X,A6,2X,5I5)
      204 FORMAT(1H+,57X,5I5)
      205 FORMAT(//40X,*ORDER OF PROCESS CALCULATIONS*,/ 15X,80R1)
      206 FORMAT(/20X, *RECYCLE LOOP FROM*,5X,I5,5X,*TO*,5X,I5)
      15 RETURN
      END
```

AI FOR SCRUBR

```
SUBROUTINE SCRUBR(P,$)
INCLUDE CMMN.LIST
DIMENSION XDSF(19),XDLA(19),WSF(19),TWSF(9),PP(2) ,DNLA(9)
*,DNSF(9),WLA(19),TWLA(9),XLH(2)
DIMENSION TEMP(19)
CDEFINE      DL(T)      = +.99995282
1              +.46726616E-4 * (T-273.16)
2              -.74105074E-5 * (T-273.16)**2
3              +.41079583E-7 * (T-273.16)**3
4              -.13370708E-9 * (T-273.16)**4
LOCSSV=ISEQ(NL)
LIS1=ISTM(LOCSSV+1)
LIS2=ISTM(LOCSSV+2)
LOS1=ISTM(LOCSSV+6)
LOS2=ISTM(LOCSSV+7)
KEY1=SV(LOS2+2)
IF(KEY1.NE.0) GO TO 1
LSR=P(1)
SF=P(2)
PRD(33)=SF
PRD(32)=1000*SF/PRD(1)
NS=P(3)
PRD(75)=NS
XLH(1)=P(4)
XLH(2)=P(5)
PRD(65)=100*XLH(1)
PRD(66)=100*XLH(2)
SF=(453.6*8.27/60.)*SF
SV(LIS2,50)=SF
SV(LOS2,50)=SF
IOPT=2
WNES=0
INIT=0
YMX=-2.302
YMN=-20.
XMX=0.
XMN=SF
IC=1
IL=0
ISF=0
RETURN 2
```

1 CONTINUE  
TAS=SV(LOS1,5)  
SV(LOS2,5)=TAS  
IF(ISF.EQ.1) GO TO 14  
SF=(453.6\*8.345\*DL(TAS)/60.)\*P(2)  
14 CONTINUE  
TE=2\*SF-SV(LIS2,50)  
TE=TE/SF  
IF(ABS(1-TE).LT..005) GO TO 2  
SV(LIS2,50)=SF\*TE  
RETURN 2  
2 CONTINUE

C  
CALL XSODIS(NS,XSD,XDSF)  
CALL DNTSF(LIS2,XDSF,DNSF,WZF,TWSF)  
CALL XSODIS(NS,XLD,XDLA)  
CALL DNTLA(LIS1,XLH,XDLA,DNLB,WLB,TWLB)

C  
DO 3 J=1,9  
I=30+J  
SV(LOS2,I)=DNSF(J)+DNLB(J)+DNAT(J)  
3 CONTINUE  
SV(LOS2,39)=SV(LOS2+39)-WV  
TC02=SV(LOS2,32)  
PP(2)=(SV(LOS1,12)/SV(LOS1,10))\*SV(LOS1,6)  
PS0 =(SV(LOS1,11)/SV(LOS1,10))\*SV(LOS1,6)  
PSOL=LOG(PS0)  
DO 12 JT=1,19  
JS=JT+100  
SV(LOS2,JS)=TEMP(JT)  
12 CONTINUE  
IF(INIT.NE.0) GO TO 10  
XWS=PP(2)  
CALL INTIT(LOS2,IOPT,XWS,WNES)  
INIT=1  
10 CONTINUE

C  
CALL EQUILB(LOS2,IOPT,TAS,PP,WNES,NS)  
C  
WRITE(6,200)  
200 FORMAT( 46X,'SCRUBBER BOTTOMS')  
TEP=ABS((PS0-PP(1))/PS0)  
WRITE(6,1)

```

400 FORMAT(143X, 'CONVERGENCE PARAMETERS'//)
      WRITE(6,401) PS0,XSR
401 FORMAT(20X, 'DESIRED PS02 =',1PE12.5,10X,'SR/SF =',1PE12.5/)
      WRITE(6,402) TC02,XA(2)
402 FORMAT(20X, 'DESIRED TOT. CO2 =',1PE12.5,10X,'XA(CO2) =',1PE12.5)
      IF(TEP.LT.1.E-3) GO TO 5
      XSR=SV(LSR,50)
      IF(XSR.EQ.0..AND.PP(1).LT.PS0) ISF=1
      IF(ISF.EQ.1) XSR=SF
      PY=LOG(PP(1))
      CALL CONVSO(XSR,XMX,XMN,PY,YMX,YMN,PS0L,IC)
      IF(ISF.NE.1) SV(LSR,50)=XSR
      IF(ISF.NE.1) GO TO 11
      SF=XSR
      SV(LIS2,50)=SF
11 CONTINUE
      GO TO 8
5 L2=1
      IC=0
      TEC=(TC02-SV(LOS2,32))/(SV(LIS1,101)+SV(LIS1,108))
      IF(ABS(TEC).LT.5.E-4) GO TO 9
      CALL CONVCO(XA(2),TC02,SV(LOS2,32),SV(LIS1,12),IL)
      IL=1
      GO TO 8
9 L1=1
8 SV(LOS2,50)=1000*SV(LOS2,50)
      DO 13 IT=1,19
      JS=IT+100
      TEMP(IT)=SV(LOS2,JS)
13 CONTINUE
      SV(LOS2,101)=0.
      SV(LOS2,108)=0.
      SV(LOS2,116)=0.
      SV(LOS2,117)=0.
      SV(LOS2,119)=0.
      IF(TAS.LT.373.16) SV(LOS2,110)=0.
      C
      DO 6 J=1,19
      I=100+J
      I=I
      IF(NS.NE.0) SV(LOS2,I)=0.
      SV(LOS2,I)=SV(LOS2,I)+WSF(J)+WLA(J)
6 CONTINUE

```

C  
SV(L052,118)=SV(LIS1,118)+SV(LIS2,118)  
DO 7 J=1,9  
I=30+J  
SV(L052,I)=SV(L052,I)+TWSF(J)+TWLA(J)  
7 CONTINUE  
CALL SVDMP  
CALL EXIT  
RETURN 2  
END

AI FOR SOLNEQ

```
SUBROUTINE SOLNEQ(X,NS,CM,PP,TK,IOPT)
COMMON /LIMS/NF,NT
COMMON /TRFR/TMW,WACT,PH,AZ
COMMON/TEMPER/AC,BC,CPK(2),NHY(5),WS(10)
COMMON /ACOEF/GLN(50),DGLN(50),IZ(50),FI
COMMON/FUNC/F(50),CK(50),CT(10)
COMMON /PPRESS/PK(2),L1,L2,L3,L4,REN
COMMON /NEW/IV(50),IE(50),CL,TH(11)
EXTERNAL EQS,PARTL
DOUBLE PRECISION F,CK,CT,XLN,TH
DIMENSION X(1),CM(11),LB(100),PP(2),XLN(50),WTS(10)
```

C

```
DATA ICME1/0376777557674/ICMV1/0377735767371/ICME2/0375625373147/
1ICMV2/0315277316717/ICME3/037357676773/ICMV3/0277576677567/ICME4/
2036737775777/ICMV4/0177777577677/ICME5/035777770037/ICMV5/037777
30001777/ICME6/0337760077777/ICMV6/0374007777777/ICME7/027701777777
47/ICMV7/0003777777777/
DATA (LB(I),I=1,74)/'H+' , 'OH-' , 'HSO3-' ,
1      'SO3--' , 'SO4--' , 'HC03-' , 'CO3-
2--' , 'NO3-' , 'HSO4-' , 'H2SO3' ,
3 , 'H2CO3' , 'CA++' , 'CAOH+' ,
B      ' ' ,
4 , 'CASO3' , 'CACO3' , 'CAHC03' , 'CASO4' ,
5      'CANO3+' , 'CACO3(' , 'S)' , 'CASO4(' , 'S)' , 'CASO3(
C , 'S)' , 'CA(OH)' , '2(S)' , 'MG++' , 'MGOH+' ,
6 , 'MGSO3' , 'MGHC03' , 'MGSO4' ,
7 , 'MGCO3' , 'MG(OH)' , '2(S)' , 'MGCO3(' , 'S)' ,
D      'NA+' , 'NAOH' , 'NACO3-' ,
8 , 'NAHC03' , 'NA5O4-' , 'NANO3' , 'CL-
9 , ' /
DATA (WTS(I),I=1,9)/64.066,44.011,80.066,108.016,56.08,40.32,61.98
*2,36.465,18.016/
DATA LB(75)/:MGSO3(/LB(76)/'S)' /
```

C

```
DEFINE G(I)=EXP(GLN(I))
```

C

```
100 FORMAT(1H1)
101 FORMAT(//38X,'AQUEOUS SOLUTION EQUILIBRIA ')
102 FORMAT(15X, 'COMPONENT          MOLALITY          ACTIVITY
1                  , 'ACTIVITY COEFFICIENT')
103 FORMAT(15X,A6,A4,1PE15.3,4X,1PE15.3,1PE18.3)
```

```

104 FORMAT(1X,/15X, ' PH = ',F10.3,10X,'IONIC STRENGTH = ',1PE10.5,
110X,' RES. E.N. = ',1PE10.3)
105 FORMAT(42X, 'INPUT MOLES')
106 FORMAT(4X,'SO3  =',1PE10.5,4X,'N2O5 =',1PE10.5,4X,'CAO  =',1PE10.5
1,4X,
1PE10.5/4X,'MGO  =',1PE10.5,4X,'NA2O =',1PE10.5,4X,
2      'HCL  =',1PE10.5,4X,'H2O  =',1PE10.5)
107 FORMAT(15X,'H2O      ',34X,1PE18.3)
108 FORMAT(4X,'SO3  =',1PE10.5,4X,'N2O5 =',1PE10.5,4X,'CAO  =',1PE10.5
1,4X,
1PE10.5/4X,'MGO  =',1PE10.5,4X,'NA2O =',1PE10.5,4X,
2      'HCL  =',1PE10.5)
109 FORMAT(1H+,70X,'TEMPERATURE',F10.3,' DEG. C')
111 FORMAT(4X,'SO2  =',1PE10.5)
112 FORMAT(4X,'CO2  =',1PE10.5)
113 FORMAT(4X,'PSO2 =',1PE10.5,2X,'ATM.')
114 FORMAT(4X,'PCO2 =',1PE10.5,2X,'ATM.')
115 FORMAT(/ 38X,'MOLECULAR WATER = ',1PE10.5,' KGS.')
116 FORMAT(1H+,44X,'% WT. SOLIDS = ',1PE10.5,4X,'WT. NEG SOLIDS = ',
116*1PE10.5)
117 FORMAT(40X,'MOLES TOTAL WATER = ',1PE10.5)
118 FORMAT(1H+,T8,'SPECIFIED')
200 FORMAT(1X,'NO. FUNCTIONS ',I5,10X,'NO. VARIABLES ',I5)

C ****
C *      INITIALIZATION OF ROUTINE      *
C ****

EPS=1.E-4
L1=AND(IOPT,1)
L2=AND(IOPT,2)
L3=AND(IOPT,4)
L4=AND(IOPT,8)
IF(NS.EQ.0) GO TO 20
IEQ=3777637037778
IVN=3747703777778
GO TO 21
20 CONTINUE
IEQ=3777777777778
IVN=3777777777778
21 CONTINUE
CL=CM(8)
IXSO=1
IXMG=1

C ****
C *      DETERMINE WHICH FUNCTIONS AND VARIABLES ARE NEEDED      *
C ****

```

C

```
IF(CM(1).NE.0.0.OR .PP(1).NE.0.0) GO TO 51
IEQ=AND(IEQ,ICME1)
IVN=AND(IVN,ICMV1)
IXSO=0
51 IF(CM(2).NE.0.0.OR .PP(2).NE.0.0) GO TO 52
IEQ=AND(IEQ,ICME2)
IVN=AND(IVN,ICMV2)
52 IF(CM(3).NE.0.) GO TO 53
IEQ=AND(IEQ,ICME3)
IVN=AND(IVN,ICMV3)
53 IF(CM(4).NE.0.) GO TO 54
IEQ=AND(IEQ,ICME4)
IVN=AND(IVN,ICMV4)
54 IF(CM(5).NE.0.) GO TO 55
IEQ=AND(IEQ,ICME5)
IVN=AND(IVN,ICMV5)
55 IF(CM(6).NE.0.) GO TO 56
IEQ=AND(IEQ,ICME6)
IVN=AND(IVN,ICMV6)
IXMG=0
56 IF(CM(7).NE.0.) GO TO 57
IEQ=AND(IEQ,ICME7)
IVN=AND(IVN,ICMV7)
57 IF(CM(8).NE.0.) GO TO 58
CL=1.E-36
58 CONTINUE
```

C

```
DO 6 I=3,7
IF(CM(I).NE.0.) CT(I)=LOG(CM(I))
6 CONTINUE
NF=1
NV=1
ICK=1
DO 59 I=2,36
45 ICE=AND(ICK,IEQ)
IF(ICE.EQ.0) GO TO 60
NF=NF+1
IE(NF)=I
60 ICV=AND(ICK,IVN)
IF(ICV.EQ.0) GO TO 59
NV=NV+1
IV(NV)=I
```

```
59 ICK=2*ICK
  IF(NF.EQ.NV) GO TO 61
  WRITE(6,200) NF,NV
  CALL EXIT
61 IE(1)=1
  IV(1)=1
  NF=NF+1
  NV=NV+1
  IE(NF)=39
  IV(NV)=39
C
C   IPMS=0
C   IF(IXSO.EQ.0.OR.IXMG.EQ.0) GO TO 62
C   IF(NS.NE.0) GO TO 62
C   NF=NF+1
C   NV=NV+1
C   IE(NF)=38
C   IV(NV)=38
C   IPMS=1
62 CONTINUE
C
C **** COMPUTE TEMPERATURE DEPENDENT VARIABLES ****
C
C   CALL CTEMP(TK)
C
C   WRITE(6,100)
C   CALL DATIME
C   TC=TK-273.16
C   WRITE(6,109) TC
C   WRITE(6,105)
C   IF(L1.EQ.1) GO TO 8
C   WRITE(6,111) CM(1)
C   IF(CM(1).NE.0.) CT(1)=LOG(CM(1))
C   GO TO 9
8  WRITE(6,113) PP(1)
  X(10)=PP(1)*CPK(1) +X(3)+X(4)+X(14)+X(21)+X(25)
  PK(1)=LOG(PP(1)*CPK(1))
9  IF(L2.EQ.2) GO TO 10
  WRITE(6,112) CM(2)
  IF(CM(2).NE.0.) CT(2)=LOG(CM(2))
  GO TO
```

```

      .D 1 WRITE(6,14) PP(2)
      X(11)=PP(2)*CPK(2) +X(6)+X(7)+X(15)+X(16)+X(19)+X(26)+X(28)+X(30)
      1+X(33)+X(34)
      PK(2)=LOG(PP(2)*CPK(2))
11 CONTINUE
      IF(L3.NE.4) WRITE(6,106) (CM(I),I=3,9)
      IF(CM(9).NE.0.) CT(9)=LOG(CM(9))
      IF(L3.NE.4) GO TO 30
      WRITE(6,108) (CM(I),I=3,8)
      PCSL=100.*CM(9)
      WRITE(6,116) PCSL,CM(10)
      SUM=0.
      DO 31 I=1,8
31 SUM=SUM+WTS(I)*CM(I)
      SUM=SUM+WTS(9)*.5*(CM(8)-CM(11))
      CT(9)=LOG(CM(9)*WTS(9))
      CT(10)=(1-CM(9))*CM(10)-CM(9)*SUM
30 CONTINUE
      IF(L4.EQ.8) CT(10)=CM(10)*LOG(10.)
C
      DO 1 I=1,NF
      NV=IV(I)
      IF(X(NV).EQ.0.) X(NV)=1.E-11
      XLN(I)=LOG(X(NV))
1 CONTINUE
C
      CALL NOLIN(XLN,NF,EPS,EQS,PARTL)
C
      DO 2 I=1,NF
      NV=IV(I)
      X(NV)=EXP(XLN(I))
2 CONTINUE
C
      IF(L1.EQ.1) CM(1)=X(10)
      IF(L2.EQ.2) CM(2)=X(11)
      IF(L1.EQ.1) X(10)=G(39)*PP(1)*CPK(1)/G(10)
      IF(L2.EQ.2) X(11)=G(39)*PP(2)*CPK(2)/G(11)
C
      IS=1
      WRITE(6,101)
      WRITE(6,102)
      A=G(39)
      WACT=A

```

```
      WRITE(6,107) A
      NFM1=NFM-1
      IF(IPMS.EQ.1) NFM1=NFM1-1
      DO 3 I=1,NFM1
      NV=IV(I)
      PG=G(NV)
      A=X(NV)*PG
      IS=2*NV-1
      WRITE(6,103) LB(IS),LB(IS+1),X(NV),A,PG
      IF(NV.EQ.29.AND.IPMS.EQ.1) WRITE(6,103) LB(75),LB(76),X(38),X(38),
      *PG
 3 CONTINUE
      IF(CM(8).EQ.0.) GO TO 4
      PG=G(37)
      CL=CL/X(39)
      A=CL*PG
      IS=73
      WRITE(6,103) LB(IS),LB(IS+1),CL,A,PG
 4 CONTINUE
C
      IF(L1.EQ.1) GO TO 12
      IF(CM(1).EQ.0.) GO TO 13
      PP(1)=X(10)*G(10)/(CPK(1)*G(39))
      WRITE(6,113) PP(1)
      GO TO 13
 12 WRITE(6,111) CM(1)
 13 IF(L2.EQ.2) GO TO 14
      IF(CM(2).EQ.0.) GO TO 15
      PP(2)=X(11)*G(11)/(CPK(2)*G(39))
      WRITE(6,114) PP(2)
      GO TO 15
 14 WRITE(6,112) CM(2)
 15 CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,115) X(39)
      IF(L3.EQ.4) TMW=X(39)*TH(10)
      IF(L3.EQ.4) WRITE(6,117) TMW
C
      PH=- ALOG10(X(1)*G(1))
      WRITE(6,104) PH,FI,REN
      IF(L4.EQ.8) WRITE(6,118)
      AZ=FI
C
C
```

RETURN  
END

AI FOR STKGAS  
SUBROUTINE STKGAS(P,S)  
RETURN 2  
END  
END

```

&I FOR TOEGSP
    SUBROUTINE TOEGSP(L)
    INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
C
    DEFINE X(I)=SV(L,I)
C
    P(1)=P(1)
1 CONTINUE
    X(31)=X(53)+X(54)+X(60)+X(64)+X(71)
    X(32)=X(56)+X(57)+X(61)+X(65)+X(66)+X(72)+X(74)+X(77)+X(78)
    X(33)=X(55)+X(59)+X(67)+X(73)+X(79)
    X(34)=.5*(X(58)+X(69)+X(80))
    X(35)=X(62)+X(63)+X(64)+X(65)+X(66)+X(67)+X(68)
    X(36)=X(69)+X(70)+X(71)+X(72)+X(73)+X(74)
    X(37)=.5*(X(75)+X(76)+X(77)+X(78)+X(79)+X(80))
    X(38)=X(81)
    X(39)=55.50622+.5*(X(51)+X(52)+X(53)+X(56)+X(59)+2*X(60)+2*X(61)
    *+X(63)+X(66)+X(70)+X(72)+X(76)+X(78)-X(81))
C
    IF(IE.EQ.1) GO TO 2
C
    X(31)=X(31)*(X(50)/1000.)+(X(104)+X(105)+X(113)+X(114)+X(115))
    X(32)=X(32)*(X(50)/1000.)+(X(103)+X(110)+X(111)+X(112))
    X(33)=X(33)*(X(50)/1000.)+(X(106)+X(107)+X(116))
    X(34)=X(34)*(X(50)/1000.)
    X(35)=X(35)*(X(50)/1000.)+(X(102)+X(103)+X(104)+X(105)+X(106)
    *+X(107)+X(101))
    X(36)=X(36)*(X(50)/1000.)+(X(109)+X(110)+X(111)+X(112)+X(113)+X(11
    *4)+X(115)+X(116)+X(108))
    X(37)=X(37)*(X(50)/1000.)+(X(117)+.5*X(119))
    X(38)=X(38)*(X(50)/1000.)+X(119)
    X(39)=X(39)*(X(50)/1000.)+(X(102)+.5*X(105)+2*X(107)+X(109)+3*X(11
    *1)+5*X(112)+3*X(114)+6*X(115)-.5*X(119))
C
    RETURN
C
    ENTRY TOLISP(L)
C
    IE=1
    GO TO 1
2 CONTINUE
    DO 3 I=31,39

```

```
X(I)=X(I)*X(50)/1000.  
3 CONTINUE  
IE=0  
RETURN  
END
```

```
AI FOR TOSOSP
SUBROUTINE TOSOSP(S,TKS)
DIMENSION S(1),TKS(1)
C
TKS(1)=S(4)+S(5)+S(13)+S(14)+S(15)
TKS(2)=S(3)+S(10)+S(11)+S(12)
TKS(3)=S(6)+S(7)+S(16)
TKS(4)=0.
TKS(5)=S(1)+S(2)+S(3)+S(4)+S(5)+S(6)+S(7)
TKS(6)=S(8)+S(9)+S(10)+S(11)+S(12)+S(13)+S(14)+S(15)+S(16)
TKS(7)=S(17)+.5*S(19)
TKS(8)=S(19)
TKS(9)=S(2)+.5*S(5)+2*S(7)+S(9)+3*S(11)+5*S(12)+3*S(14)+6*S(15)
--.5*S(19)
RETURN
END
```

AI FOR WAVAP  
SUBROUTINE WAVAP(L,ABN,P,T,WV)  
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST

C

```
T=328.  
TN=SV(L,5)  
CALL DHGS(L,H1)  
2 SV(L,5)=T  
CALL DHGS(L,H2)  
CPM=(H1-H2)/(TN-T)  
DH=13630.6-10.464*T  
PEB=CPM*(TN-T)/DH  
DPEB=-CPM/DH+10.464*PEB/DH  
VPLOG=5.22684-1750.286/(T-38.2)  
DLOGVP=1750.286/(T-38.2)**2  
YGS=(10.*VPLOG)/P  
DYGS=2.303*YGS*DLOGVP  
PMB=(SV(L,10)-SV(L,19)-ABN)*YGS/(1.-YGS)-SV(L,19)  
DPMB=(SV(L,10)-SV(L,19)-ABN)*DYGS/(1.-YGS)**2  
TO=T  
T=T-(PMB-PEB)/(DPMB-DPEB)  
IF(ABS(1.-PEB/PMB).GT..005) GO TO 2  
SV(L,5)=TN  
WV=CPM*(TN-T)/DH  
RETURN  
END
```

```

@I FOR WTRMKP
SUBROUTINE WTRMKP(P,$)
INCLUDE CMMN,LIST
INCLUDE LCMN,LIST
DIMENSION WM(8)

C
DDEFINE DL(T) = +.99995282
1           +.46726616E-4 * (T-273.16)
2           -.74105074E-5 * (T-273.16)**2
3           +.41079583E-7 * (T-273.16)**3
4           -.13370708E-9 * (T-273.16)**4

C
P(1)=P(1)
LOC SV=ISEQ(NL)
LOS=ISTM(LOC SV,6)
KEY=SV(LOS,2)
IF(KEY.NE.0) RETURN 2
READ(5,100) WM
100 FORMAT(8E10.3)

C
DO 1 J=1,8
I=52+J
PRD(I)=WM(J)
1 CONTINUE

C
T=323.16
DW=1000.*DL(T)
SV(LOS,54)=WM(1)/(DW*XMW(54))
SV(LOS,57)=WM(2)/(DW*XMW(57))
SV(LOS,55)=WM(3)/(DW*XMW(55))
SV(LOS,58)=WM(4)/(DW*XMW(58))
SV(LOS,62)=WM(5)/(DW*XMW(62))
SV(LOS,69)=WM(6)/(DW*XMW(69))
SV(LOS,75)=WM(7)/(DW*XMW(75))
SV(LOS,81)=WM(8)/(DW*XMW(81))

C
RETURN 2
END

```

```
AI FOR XSODIS
SUBROUTINE XSODIS(N,XDS,XD)
DIMENSION XD(1),XDS(1)
C
XD( 1)=0.
XD( 2)=XDS(1)
XD( 3)=XDS(2)
XD( 4)=1-N
XD( 5)=1-N
XD( 6)=1-N
XD( 7)=1-N
XD( 8)=0.
XD( 9)=XDS(3)
XD(10)=XDS(4)
XD(11)=XDS(4)
XD(12)=XDS(4)
XD(13)=1-N
XD(14)=1-N
XD(15)=1-N
XD(16)=XDS(5)
XD(17)=XDS(6)
XD(18)=0.
XD(19)=XDS(7)
RETURN
END
```

AI FOR READIN