Environmental Protection Technology Series

RECOMMENDED METHODS OF REDUCTION, NEUTRALIZATION, RECOVERY OR DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

Volume II Toxicologic Summary



Office of Research and Development
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
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OR DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

Volume II. Toxicologic Summary

Ву

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FOREWORD

Man and his environment must be protected from the adverse effects of pesticides, radiation, noise and other forms of pollution, and the unwise management of solid waste. Efforts to protect the environment require a focus that recognizes the interplay between the components of our physical environment—air, water, and land. The National Environmental Research Centers provide this multidisciplinary focus through programs engaged in:

- studies on the effects of environmental contaminants on man and the biosphere, and
- a search for ways to prevent contamination and to recycle valuable resources.

Under Section 212 of Public Law 91-512, the Resource Recovery Act of 1970, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is charged with preparing a comprehensive report and plan for the creation of a system of National Disposal Sites for the storage and disposal of hazardous wastes. The overall program is being directed jointly by the Solid and Hazardous Waste Research Laboratory, Office of Research and Development, National Environmental Research Center, Cincinnati, and the Office of Solid Waste Management Programs, Office of Hazardous Materials Control. Section 212 mandates, in part, that recommended methods of reduction, neutralization, recovery, or disposal of the materials be determined. This determination effort has been completed and prepared into this 16-volume study. The 16 volumes consist of profile reports summarizing the definition of adequate waste management and evaluation of waste management practices for over 500 hazardous materials. In addition to summarizing the definition and evaluation efforts, these reports also serve to designate a material as a candidate for a National Disposal Site, if the material meets criteria based on quantity, degree of hazard, and difficulty of disposal. Those materials which are hazardous but not designated as candidates for National Disposal Sites, are then designated as candidates for the industrial or municipal disposal sites.

> A. W. Breidenbach, Ph.D., Director National Environmental Research Center Cincinnati, Ohio

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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the published data on the toxicity of hazardous wastes in order to recommend acceptable levels of exposure of the working and general human populations and the ecology. The recommended levels of exposure via the air, water, and soil were used to evaluate the adequacy of waste handling and disposal methods.

Over 500 hazardous wastes or materials were selected by the Booz-Allen Applied Research, Inc. report as candidates for evaluation. The report defines hazardous wastes for the purpose of the study as:

"Hazardous waste materials are defined as those materials or combinations of materials which require special management techniques because of their acute or chronic effects on the health or welfare of the public (or those individuals who handle them when they are disposed of by waste management processes; e.g., storage, transport, incineration, sanitary landfilling, composting, dumping, industrial waste treatment."

This definition is quite broad and under this definition current levels of hazardous wastes in the environment may not be dangerous, but because of their potential threat to human health, release of these substances to the environment must be carefully controlled.

In setting air quality standards for sulfur oxides, the criteria document prepared for the Environmental Protection Agency included a tabulation of 79 cause-effect statements. It has been estimated that between \$40,000 to \$80,000 is needed to conduct a complete literature survey and develop a criteria document with recommended standards for a toxic substance. Thus at present funding levels, the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health predicts that about 20 to 25 packages can be produced annually. However, there is the need to recommend interim standards as early as possible and to refine these at a latter time.

Currently, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration has published Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) as a means of occupational health and environment control, but has also requested information on a number of toxic substances to develop criteria documents and biologic standards. In the ensuing study, TLVs were used as initial toxicity criteria and were supplemented with other toxicity data available in the literature as a means of developing provisional limiting concentrations for exposure to hazardous materials in air, water, and soil.

Since quantitative values for TLVs were immediately available for most materials, the latter served as a rapid index of relative toxicity and priority for environmental control. However, it was recognized that TLVs, at least in earlier stages of development, vary in their degree of thoroughness of documentation based on experimentation on laboratory animals, and human clinical and epidemiological investigation. Also, a distinction must be made between air quality standards for the ambient air, i.e., outdoor air, and threshold limit values for work room atmospheres. The latter are for eight hours per day, five days per week exposure of healthy adult workers. In contrast to this, air quality standards are for 24 hours per day, seven days per week exposure of all living and nonliving things. These differences were reconciled as discussed in the study.

2. TECHNICAL APPROACH

Toxicity Data Sources

Toxicity data were obtained from the open literature. Although Threshold Limit Values for 1970 have been officially published in the Federal Register, 4 current values and documentation for 1971 were obtained from the publications of the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. 5 , 6 The TLVs were compared with the recommended maximum atmospheric concentrations (MACs) documented by the American Industrial Hygiene Association. 7

Data on reported toxic concentrations for man or animals were obtained from the Toxic Substances Annual List for 1971 prepared for the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. 8 The latter data were useful for assessing the hazards from acute exposure episodes, but TLVs and other data were required for defining provisional limiting concentrations for ambient air and water.

The Battelle Memorial Institute publication "Control of Spillage of Hazardous Polluting Substances" was used as a major source for water quality parameters such as fish toxicity and biological oxygen demand (BOD) data. Additional fish toxicity data were obtained from articles in the journal Sewage and Industrial Wastes and the text "River Pollution, II, Causes and Effects" by Louis Klein. Additional specific sources of data are cited in the discussion.

Organization of Data

Although engineering considerations dictate that hazardous materials should be grouped in order of relative toxicities in order to prioritize the need for environmental control, the materials in the toxicity study were grouped according to compound classes. This approach was taken since where toxicity data on a particular substance were inadequate judgement could be made based on the data available on a series of structurally related substances.

In general, for each class of compound a table was prepared tabulating toxicity data such as the TLV, MAC, and toxic concentration for man and animals. In addition, a table was prepared tabulating parameters relevant to water quality such as percent theoretical BOD_5 , fish toxicity critical concentration, and other aquatic toxicity data.

In this study, the percent theoretical BOD_5 was taken as a measure of persistence of a substance in the environment. The cut-off point for persistence was set at a value less than 20 percent of the theoretical BOD_5 ; i.e., any substance with a value less than 20 percent was considered to be persistent.

The fish toxicity critical concentration was defined by the Batelle report 9 as the minimum concentration of a substance which would produce detrimental effects. Depending upon the availability of data, a combination of ${\rm TL}_{\rm m}$ values and threshold values for effects on fish was used in defining the critical concentration.

Calculation of Limiting Concentrations for Air

Ambient air quality standards are based on extensive evaluation of acute and chronic dose response criteria for exposure of all living and nonliving things. However, until this huge task can be achieved for all 500 candidate materials, provisional limiting concentrations have been calculated in this study based on threshold limit values.

As an example, if a worker inhales 10 cubic meters of air during an 8-hr work day, the amount of acetonitrile (TLV 40 ppm or 70 mg/M³) inahled is:

70 X 10 or 700 mg in 8 hours 70 X 20 or 1400 mg in 16 hours 70 X 30 or 2100 mg in 24 hours

Although the amounts inhaled are those indicated, they do not represent the amounts absorbed into the blood stream, since the values must be corrected for the efficiency of pulmonary absorption. However, since the factors for efficiency of pulmonary absorption were not available for all materials under study, it was assumed that efficiency of absorption was 100 percent as an approximation and for comparative purposes.

However, this calculated 24 hour, limiting concentration for ambient air is not adequate for several reasons. According to the concept of the TLV, the amount daily taken into the blood stream is noninjurious, but since the TLV is a time-weighed concentration for an 8-hr work day or 40-hr work week, the time-weighed average permits excursion above and below the limit. The amount by which the threshold limits may be exceeded for short periods without injury to health depends upon a number of factors including acute toxicity, cumulative effects, and the frequency and duration of such periods.

In addition, according to Haber's law, the concentration (C) of a chemical multiplied by the time of exposure to the chemical (T) is a constant (K):

.K equals C X T

Ignoring correction for efficiency of pulmonary absorption, the magnitude of an exposure and therefore the magnitude of toxic or physiologic effects is the product C X T. If the effects of a chemical are cumulative, equivalent effects would be produced by maintaining exposure to a high concentration over a short period of time or a low concentration over a longer period of time. Therefore, for chronic 24 hr exposure of the human population to acetonitrile in ambient air, the provisional limiting concentration should be set at a level less than that calculated above based on the TLV.

If it is assumed that the basis for the original TLV or recommended MAC involved application of a 10-fold safety factor to known toxic concentrations, the following table may be constructed for acetonitrile:

Safety Factor	Noninjurous	Concentration (TLV)	Time
10-fold	40 ppm	or 70 mg/M ³	8 hours
100-fold	4.0 ppm	7.0 mg/M ³	16 hours
1000-fold	0.4 ppm	0.7 mg/M ³	24 hours

The day has been divided into three, 8-hr intervals and the provisional limiting concentration for acetonitrile has been decreased on a logarithmic basis. Comparison of the derived 24-hr TLV with the toxicity data used to document the 8-hr TLV or MAC showed this limiting value to be below any concentration reported to have an adverse effect.

Table No. 1 presents a comparison of calculated provisional limits for air for a number of substances with other published ambient air quality standards. There is remarkably good agreement between the calculated values for metals and those promulgated by the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. The calculated values for organic compounds differ from the promulgated by the U.S.S.R., but the variance may be due in part

to the lack of application of factors for efficiency of pulmonary absorption and in part to the physiological techniques used by the U.S.S.R. in deriving standards for organic compounds. The latter techniques are not well documented outside the Soviet Union. However, the recent use of physiological techniques in this country may necessitate refining TLV values in the near future.

Calculation of Limiting Concentrations for Water and Soil

There are not many chronic drinking water studies on hazardous materials which would facilitate calculation of limiting concentrations for water for these substances. Various investigators have used dietary studies on such substances in animals as a means to determine no-effect levels and by application of suitable 10- or 100-fold safety factors have extrapolated safe levels for oral intake in humans. However, there are large gaps in the literature and a consistent procedure was considered desirable. The procedure developed for this study is described in the following section.

In lieu of other toxicity data, Stokinger and Woodward 13 have calculated limiting concentrations for water based on the TLVs of hazardous materials. The noninjurious amount taken into the blood stream by inhalation was assumed to be the amount which can be taken orally in water.

For example, if a worker inhales 10 cubic meters of air during an 8-hr work day, the amount of barium (TLV $0.5~\text{mg/M}^3$) inhaled is 0.5~X 10 or 5 mg. If the maximal daily intake of water is 2 liters, the oral intake limit of barium per day is 2.5~mg/l or 2.5~ppm. Correcting for efficiency of pulmonary and gastrointestinal absorption, the limiting concentration is 2 ppm.

Table No. 2 presents a comparison of the calculated limits for water for a number of metals with published data on chronic drinking water studies and Public Health Service drinking water standards. 14 The chronic

TABLE NO. 1 - Comparison of Calculated Limits for Air with Other Published Values.

Substance	Political Jurisdiction	Basic Stand mg/M ³	dard, 24 hours		Limit for 4 hours ppm
Acetone	USSR	0.35	0.15	24	10
Acrolein	USSR	0.1	0.04	0.0025	0.001
Ammonia	USSR	0.2	0.28	0.18	0.25
Aniline	USSR	0.03	0.008	0.19	0.05
Arsenic (As)	USSR	0.003		0.005	
Benzene	USSR	0.8	0.25	0.80	0.25
Beryllium	USA		posed emission	0.00002	
Chromium (CrO ₃)	USSR	0.0015	td)	0.001	
Fluorides (F)	USSR	0.01		0.025	•
Lead (Pb)	Czechoslovakia	0.0007		0.0015	
Nitrogen dioxide	ussr	0.085	0.045	0.09	0.05
Manganese	USSR	0.01		0.05	
Mercury	USSR	0.0003		0.0005	
	USA	0.001 (Propo std)	osed emission		
Sulfur dioxide	USA	0.365		0.13	0.05
	USSR	0.15	0.058		

TABLE NO. 1 - Comparison of Calculated Limits for Air with Other Published Values. (Cont'd)

Substance	Political Jurisdiction	Basic Standa mg/M ³	rd, 24 hours	Calculated Air, 2 mg/M ³	Limit for 4 hours ppm
Toluene	USSR	0.6	0.15	3.75	1.0
Trichloroethylene	USSR	1.0	0.17	5.35	1.00
Vanadium pentoxide	USSR	0.002		0.001 (fume	e)
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studies of Schroeder et. al., $^{15-23}$ evaluated the innate toxicities of each of 23 trace elements in mice and rats by exposing them from the time of weaning until natural death to subtoxic doses in drinking water. In this way, effects on growth, survival, and longevity can be measured, and the incidence of tumors and microscopic lesions obtained, compared to an equal number of controls. The results of these studies are given in Table No. 3.

In a reasonable number of instances, the calculated limits for water obtained by the procedure of Stokinger and Woodward are of the approximate order of magnitude of the subtoxic doses administered to mice and rats by Schroeder et. al. Although the latter were reasonably close to no-effect levels, similar studies and other toxicity data have led to the downward revision of drinking water standards for man shown in the last column of Table No. 2.

As a rough approximation in most instances, the calculated limits for water and Schroeder's values can be reconciled with current drinking water standards by application of a 100-fold safety factor to the calculated limits and the lowest drinking water study level. Therefore, in calculating provisional limits for water, for metals, published drinking water standards were used as first choice. Where no drinking water standards were available, 1/100 of the reported lowest chronic drinking water study level was used. Finally, if neither drinking water standards or chronic study levels were available, 1/100 of the calculated limit for water was used as the provisional limit.

Once limiting concentrations for individual metals were established, the limiting concentrations for corresponding compounds of the metals were expressed in terms of the compound as its metal equivalent. Since the limiting concentrations of metal compounds for man expressed as metal equivalents were found to be below the reported fish toxicity critical concentrations for these compounds, identical limits were proposed for man and aquatic organisms with the following exceptions.

TABLE NO. 2 - Calculated Water Limits for Inorganic Substances Compared with other Published Limits.

Substance	Absorption Factor		TLV	Calculated Limit	Lowest Chronic Drinking Water	Drinking Water	
Substance	Inhalation	Ingestion	mg/M ³	for water ppm	Study Level ppm	Standard (1962) mg/1	
Arsenic	.0.2	0.8	0.5	0.6	5	0.05	
Barium	0.75	1.0	0.5	2.0		1.0	
Cadmium	0.25	0.03	0.1	4.0	5	0.01	
Chromium	0.75	0.06	0.1	6.0	5 .	0.05	
Lead	0.2	0.2	0.15	0.75	5	0.05	
Manganese	0.1	0.2	5.0	12.5		0.05	
Selenium	0.8	0.8	0.2	1.0	2 - 3	0.01	
Vanadium	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.5	5		
Zinc	0.25	0.25	5.0 (oxide)	25.0		5.0	
Antimony			0.5	2.5 (uncorr.)	5		
Copper			0.1 (fume)	0.5 (uncorr.)		1.0	
Nickel			1.0	5.0 (uncorr.)	5		
Tin			2.0	10.0 (uncorr.)	5		
Titanium		a.	D (oxide)		5		
Iron			1.0	5.0 (uncorr.)		0.3	
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TABLE NO. 2 - Calculated Water Limits for Inorganic Substances Compared with other Published Limits. (Cont'd)

Substance	Absorption Factor		TLV mg/M ³	Calculated Limit	Lowest Chronic Drinking Water	Drinking Water
Substance	Inhalation	Ingestion	mg/M ³	for water ppm	Study Level ppm	Standard (1962) mg/l
Magnesium Cobalt			10.0 (oxide)	50.0 0.5 (uncorr.)		125.0 (1946)
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	Dosage, ppm			
Metal	Mice	Rats	Administered as	Effects
Antimony	5		Antimony potassium tartrate	Weight loss at 18 months. No effect on survival. Tissue accumulation. Not tumorigenic.
Arsenic	5	5	Sodium arsenite	No effect on growth. Increased mortality of mice, but not rats. Tissue accumulation. Not carcinogenic. Fewer spontaneous tumors in mice. Elevated serum cholesterol levels in rats, but lowered glucose.
Cadmium	5	5	Cadmium acetate	No marked effect on growth of mice. Rapid early growth in rats; heavier mature weights in females. No accumulation in mouse target organs. Systolic hypertension in female rats. Not carcinogenic in mice. Increase in mortality of rats, especially males at all ages.
Chromium	5	5	Chromic acetate	Increased growth of mice and male rats. Males lived 86.8% as long as controls; females unaffected. Tissue accumulation. Not carcinogenic.
Chromium	5		Potassium chromate	Slight growth suppression. No effect on survival.
Lead	5	5	Lead acetate	No marked effect on growth. Increased mortality. Tissue accumulation similar to man. Not carcinogenic.

TABLE NO. 3 - (Continued)

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	Dosage	, ppm				
Metal	Mice	Rats	Administered as	Effects		
Nickel	5		Nickelous acetate	No effect on growth. Not carcinogenic.		
Tin	5	5	Stannous chloride	No effect on mouse growth; lower body weights in male rats. No effect on mouse survival; decreased female rat survival. Slight tissue accumulation. Not carcinogenic. Female rat showed elevated glucose; males and females showed increased fatty changes in liver and renal tubular vacuolar changes.		
Selenium	3	2-3	Sodium selenite Sodium selenate	Selenate had no effect on growth and survival. Selenite decreased female mouse and male rat survival. Tissue accumulation, mainly kidney. Not carcinogenic in mice; selenate tumorigenic and carcinogenic in older rats. Amyloidosis in mice. Serum glucose higher in older selenium-fed male rats, without excess glycosuria. Serum cholesterol levels higher in rats of both sexes. Aortic lipids increased.		
Titanium	5		Titanium oxalate Titanium acetate	Increase in growth. No effect on survival, exceptin last 10% of males where longevity was 80.5% of control. No accumulation with age in target organs (but greater than mean content in humans). Not carcinogenic.		
Vanadium	5		Vanadyl sulfate	No effect on growth or survival. Tissue accumulation. Not carcinogenic.		

In the case of combinations such as lead arsenate, the limiting concentration was expressed as equivalents of arsenic since a limit lower than that of other inorganic lead compounds is recommended due to the double hazard of lead and arsenic toxicity. In the case of combinations such as sodium dichromate and potassium permanganate where limits for sodium have not been specified, the limits were expressed as equivalents of chromium or manganese. In the case of cyanides and alkali metal chlorides, fluorides, nitrates, and sulfates the limits were expressed as equivalents of chloride, fluoride, nitrate, and sulfate, respectively; since drinking water standards have been specified for these radicals.

Establishing limiting concentrations for organic compounds presented the greatest difficulty. Table No. 4 presents the initial limits calculated for man for a number of compounds by the procedure of Stokinger and Woodward. Comparison of these values with the reported fish toxicity critical concentrations indicates that in many instances the calculated limit exceeded the minimum concentration producing detrimental effects in fish. In addition, as shown in Table No. 5, the calculated values may greatly exceed the known odor and taste thresholds for man.

In lieu of additional toxicity or annoyance criteria, a 100-fold safety factor was applied to these values to derive the final provisional limiting concentrations. Sustantiation for this approach was provided by the chronic drinking water studies tabulated in Table No. 6 which allow calculation of no-effect levels for several of the compounds.

The provisional limiting concentrations obtained for man were in general below the reported fish toxicity critical concentrations per se. However, as an additional safety feature, the values were compared with "safe" concentrations for fish calculated as follows.

Sprague 27 states that for some years 0.1 of the 48 hour LC $_{50}$ have been used as an indication of safe levels for fish. Generally speaking, recommendations for maximum levels are 0.1 to 0.05 toxic units

TABLE NO. 4 - Calculated Water Limits for Organic Substances.

	Absorption Factor		TLV	Calculated Limit	Fish Toxicity	
Organic Compound	Inhalation	Ingestion	TLV mg/M ³	for Water (man) ppm	Critical Concentration mg/l	
Acetone	0.5	1.0	2400	6000	13,000	
Acrylonitrile	0.75	0.85	45	199	15	
Allyl alcohol	0.75	0.8	5	23	10	
Aniline	0.5	1.0	19	48	100	
Benzene	0.35	0.4	80	350	5	
Carbon tetrachloride	0.3	0.5	65	1195	100 - 1000	
Ethylenediamine	0.75	0.8	25	117	30	
Formaldehyde	0.8	0.8	3	15	25	
Methyl bromide	0.3	0.5	60	180	1,000 ~ 10,000	
Methylchloroform	0.1	0.5	1900	1900	75	
Pheno1	1.0	1.0	19	95	0.1	
Pyridine	0.1	0.5	15	15	400	
Ethyl acrylate			100	500(uncorr)	100 - 1,000	
Methyl methacrylate			410	2050(uncorr)	400	
Nitromethane			250	1250(uncorr)		
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TABLE NO. 5 - Comparison of Calculated Water Limits for Organic Substances with Other Water Quality Parameters.

Substanc	e Calc	ulated Limit for Water (man) ppm	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	Odor Thres	hold ppm	Taste Threshold for Water ppm
Allyl alcoho	1	23	10		0.017	
Hydrogen sul	fide	75 (uncorr)	0.86	0.0011	0.8	0,05
Methyl merca	ptan	5 (uncorr)	. 0.50	0.0011	0.44	0.02
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TABLE NO. 6 - Chronic Drinking Water Studies on Organic Compounds

Reference	Dosage	Species	Effects
Dunlap et.al.(24)	1, 5, 50, 100, 250, 500 or 1000 ppm for 90 days	rats	Retardation of weight gain and fluid intake began at 250 ppm. Hepatic necrosis with regeneration at 1000 ppm. No tumors.
Borzelleca et.al. (25)	6, 60 or 2000 ppm for 2 years	rats	No effects on survival. Body weight and water consumption depressed at 2000 ppm. Food consumption depressed in females at 2000 ppm. Blood and urine values normal. Histopathology normal.
Borzelleca et.al. (25)	10, 100 or 1000 ppm, 2 years	dogs	Initial emetic effects at 1000 ppm. Slightly less weight gains and food consumption at 1000 ppm. Blood and urine values normal. Histopathology normal.
Borzelleca et.al. (25)	6, 60, or 2000 ppm for 2 years	rats	No effects on survival, initial body weight depression at 2000 ppm. Water consumption depressed at 2000 ppm. Blood and urine values normal. Increased kidney to body weight ratio in female rats at 2000 ppm. Histopathology normal.
Borzelleca et•al• (25)	10, 100 or 1000 ppm for 2 years	dogs	Slightly less weight gains. Blood and urine values normal. Increased spleen to body weight ratio at 100 ppm. Histopathology normal.
Weatherby (26)	1000 or 2500 ppm for 15 weeks	rats	4/10 and 3/10 died during study at 1000 and 2500 ppm, respectively. Less weight gain than controls. Definite, but relatively mild pathological changes in liver at 2500 ppm.
	Borzelleca et.al. (25) Borzelleca et.al. (25) Borzelleca et.al. (25) Borzelleca et.al. (25)	Dunlap et.al.(24) 1, 5, 50, 100, 250, 500 or 1000 ppm for 90 days Borzelleca et.al. 6, 60 or 2000 ppm for 2 years Borzelleca et.al. 10, 100 or 1000 ppm, 2 years Borzelleca et.al. 6, 60, or 2000 ppm for 2 years Borzelleca et.al. 6, 60, or 2000 ppm for 2 years Borzelleca et.al. 10, 100 or 1000 ppm for 2 years Weatherby (26) 1000 or 2500 ppm	Dunlap et.al.(24) 1, 5, 50, 100, 250, 500 or 1000 ppm for 90 days Borzelleca et.al. (25) Borzelleca et.al. (25) 250, 500 or 1000 ppm for 90 days 6, 60 or 2000 ppm for 2 years dogs borzelleca et.al. (25) Borzelleca et.al. (6, 60, or 2000 ppm, 2 years 6, 60, or 2000 rats ppm for 2 years borzelleca et.al. (25) Borzelleca et.al. (25) Dunlap et.al.(24) 10, 100 or 1000 ppm for 2 years dogs Weatherby (26) 1000 or 2500 ppm rats

TABLE NO. 7 - Examples of Fish as Indicators of Water Safety for Livestock.

Material	Toxic-levels mg/l for Fish	Toxic Effects on Animals
Aldrin	0.02	3 mg/kg food (poultry).
Dieldrin	0.025 (trout)	25 mg/kg food (rats).
Endrin	0.003 (bass)	3.5 mg/kg body weight in food (chicks).
Parathion	2.0 (goldfish)	75 mg/kg body weight in food (cattle).
Pentachlorophenol	0.35 (bluegill)	60 mg/l drinking water not toxic (cattle).

TABLE NO. 8 - Levels of Herbicides in Irrigation Waters Compared with Calculated Water Limits.

Herbicide	Likely Concentration in Irrigation Water Reaching Crop or Field mg/l	Crop Injury Threshold in Irrigation Water mg/1	Calculated Limit for Water mg/l
Acrolein-	10 to 0.1	beans - 60, corn - 60 cotton - 80, soybeans - 20, sugar beets - 60	0.12
Solvents (xylene)	700 or less	alfalfa - >1600, beans - 1200, carrots - 1600, corn 3000, cotton - 1600	21.75
Copper sulfate	9.0 to 0.04	above concentrations used for weed control	1.0 as Cµ
Dimethylamine	Little or none after waiting period	corn - >25, soybeans - >25, sugar beets - 25	0.90
2,4-D	3.0 to 1.0 ug/1	field beans - >3.5, <10, grapes - 0.7 - 1.5	0.5

for non-persistent pollutants, and 0.1 to 0.01 toxic units for persistent chemicals and pesticides, mostly of the lower figure. In this study, measures of persistence were taken as reported percent of the theoretical ${\rm BOD}_5$ and data on the accumulation of toxic substances in the ecological cycle, e.g., halogenated pesticides such as DDT and certain metals such as mercury.

In the tabulations which follow, the calculated provisional limits for water for man are compared with the calculated provisional limits for water, for fish obtained as specified above. An added advantage of the calculated limits for fish is that where TLVs are not available to calculate limits for man, the fish limits may serve as tentative limits for man.

In addition, fish have been used as indicators of water safety for livestock as shown in Table No. 7 taken from the report of the Committee of Water Quality Criteria. 28 The calculated limits for water are also below the crop injury thresholds reported 28 for a number of compounds classed as herbicides as shown in Table No. 8, and therefore, these limits are adequate for provisional limits for soil.

Finally, the calculated limits for metals for water (man) are compatable with the trace elements tolerances for irrigation water proposed by the Committee on Water Quality Criteria. 28

3. DATA TABULATIONS

Data Presentation

Tables containing tabulations of data are presented according to class of compound. For each class of compound, a table is presented first giving the calculated provisional limits for air and water for each compound in the class. Thereafter, follow tables giving the TLV, 5,6 MAC, 7 toxicity data 8 and water quality parameters $^{9-11}$ used in calculation of the provisional limits.

Each class of compound is presented as a separate section with tables numbered in consecutive order.

4. KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE PROVISIONAL LIMIT TABLES

- DWS Based on drinking water standard.
- CTS Based on chronic toxicity drinking water studies
 - * Estimated; based on data on similar compounds.
 - A Carcinogen, no tolerated level.
 - D Inert material.
 - E Asphyxiant.

5. KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE TOXICITY DATA TABLES

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION

iv	intravenous		intradermal
SC	subcutaneous	sk	application to the intact skin
ip	intraperitoneal	ОС	ocular
ic	intracerebral	ih	inhalation
or	oral or intragastric	im	intramuscular

ANIMAL SPECIES

	bird (other than those specified)	man
cat	•	mky monkey
ckn	chicken	mus mouse
dog	•	pig
dck	duck	pgn pigeon
frg	frog	qal quail
grb	gerbel	rbt rabbit
gpg	guinea pig	rat
ham	hamster	sql squirrel
		trk turkey

UNITS

mg	milligram
kg	kilogram
mĺ	milliliter
ppm	parts per million
M	cubic meter (M ³)

TOXIC EFFECT

TFX	toxic effects	TER	teratogenic
SFX	side effects	MSK	musculo-skeletal
COR	corrosive to (skin, GI or other) tissue	PNS	peripheral nervous
IRR	irritant	MMI	mucous membrane
CUM	cumulative effect		cardiovascular system
CAR	carcinogenic		experimental teratogen
EM	experimental mutagen	EC	experimental carcinogen

EFFECTS ON MAN

- TFX toxic effects experienced by man as a result of an over-exposure to a drug or chemical (used with TXD, TXC, LDca or LCca in relation to human data)
- SFX side effects
- CNS central nervous system effects, including headache, tremor, convulsions, hypnosis, drowsiness
- SKN skin effects including erythema, rash, sensitization, petechial hemorrhage
- RBC effects on the erythrocytes, including the several anemias
- WBC effects on the leukocytes, including any change in number or form
- BCM effects on the clotting mechanism of blood
- PUL effects on the pulmonary system, respiration and respiratory pathology
- GIT gastrointestinal tract
- EYE effects on eyes, including irritation
- ALR allergic systemic reactions
- SYS effects on metabolic and excretory processes of the liver and kidney
- BPR effects on blood pressure, hypo- or hyper-responses
- DDP drug dependence
- GLN effects on any of the endocrine glandular systems

TABLE NO. 9 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Inorganic acids (see Inorganic Gases)

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FO	OR AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Hydrobromic acid	0.03	0.10	0.50	
Hydrochloric acid	0.05	0.07	0.35	1.0
Hydrocyanic acid	0.10	0.11	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
Hydrofluoric acid	0.03	0.02	0.10	4.0
Hydrogen peroxide	0.01	0.014	0.07	4.0
Nitric acid	0.02	0.05	0.25	0.1
Perchloric acid		0.01*	0.05*	0.1
Phosphoric acid		0.01	0.05	0.1 - 10
Sulf ur ic acid		0.01	0.05	1.0
Sulfurous acid		0.01*	0.05*	
Chlorosulfonic acid		0.01*	0.05*	
Boric acid		0.10*	1.00 as B DWS	
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TABLE NO. 10 - Toxicity Data - Inorganic Acids

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Hydrobromic acid Hydrochloric acid Hydrocyanic acid				ip LD50 3 mg/kg rat ih LCca 5000 mg/M ³ man or LDca 0.57 mg/kg man
Hydroflu ^{or} ic acid Hydrogen Peroxide	1	1.4		P ih LC50 1310 ppm rat
Nitric acid Perchloric acid Phosphoric acid	2	5 1		ih TXC 100 mg/M ³ man
Sulfuric acid		1		ih TFX: IRR, MUC, PUL man ih LC50 500 mg/M ³ rat or LD50 2140 mg/kg rat
Sulfurous acid				
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TABLE NO. 11 - Water Quality Parameters - Inorganic Acids

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Hydrobromic acid				
Hydrochloric acid		10	282	PH 4.0 goldfish
Hydrocyanic acid		0.05		
Hydrofluoric acid		40		
Hydrogen peroxide		40		
Nitric acid		1	75	
Perchloric acid		1		
Phosphoric acid		1 - 100	138	
Sulfuric acid		10	42	PH 3.9 goldfish
Sulfurous acid				
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TABLE NO. 12 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Inorganic Gases

	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)	
SUBSTANCE	bbm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/l	
Ammonia	0.25	0.18	0.90	2.5	
Boron trichloride		0.03*	0.15*	•	
Boron trifluoride	0.01	0.03	0.15	1500	
Bromine	0.001	0.007	0.035	2.0	
Bromine pentafluoride	0.001	0.007	0.035		
Carbon disulfide	0.20	0.60	3.0	3.5	
Carbon Monoxide	0.50	0.55	2.75	0.01	
Carbonyl chloride	0.001	0.004	0.02		
Chlorine	0.01	0.03	0.15	0.003	
Fluorine	0.001	0.002			
Hydrogen bromide	0.03	0.10	0.50	•	
Hydrogen chloride	0.05	0.07	0.35	1.0	
Hydrogen cyanide	0.10	0.11	0.01 as CN WS	0.01 as CN DW	
Hydrogen fluoride	0.03	0.02	0.10		
Hydrogen sulfide	0.10	0.15	0.75	0.086	
Nitrogen dioxide	0.05	0.09	0.45	İ	
Nitrous oxide		0.09*	0.45*		
Sulfur dioxide	0.05	0.13	0.65	0.05	
Sulfuryl fluoride	0.05	0.20	1.00		
	1		2.55		

TABLE NO. 12 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Inorganic Gases (cont'd)

	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	bbs	mg/H ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Chlorine trifluoride	0.001	0.004	0.02	
Iodine	0.001	0.01	0.05	·
Perchloryl fluoride	0.03	0.14	0.70]
Sulfur trioxide	0.05*	0.13*	0.65*	
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TABLE NO. 13 - Toxicity Data - Inorganic Gases

COMPOUND	TLV	mg/M ³	MAC ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Ammon1a	25	18	100		ih LCca 2000 ppm
Boron trichloride					ih LCca 20 ppm rat
Boron trifluoride	1	3			ih LCca 750 ppm rat
Bromine	0.1	0.7			ih TXC 40 ppm man TFX: PUL,IRR Man
Bromine pentafluoride	0.1	0.7			
Carbon disulfide	20	60	20		sc LD50 300 mg/kg rbt
Carbon monoxide	50	55	50		ih LCca 2000 ppm mus
Carbonyl chloride .	0.1	0.4	0.1		
Chlorine	1	3			ih TXC 5ppm man ch TFX: PUL, MUC man
Fluorine	0.1	0.2	0.1		ih LC50 185 ppm rat

TABLE NO. 14 - Toxicity Data - Inorganic gases (cont'd)

COMPOUND	TI ppm	.V mg/M ³	M ppm	AC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Hydrogen bromide	3	10			
Hydrogen chloride	5	7	5		ih LCca 1000 mg/M ³ rbt
Hydrogen cyanide	10	11	10		or LD50 4 mg/kg mus
Hydrogen fluoride	3	2			ih TXC 32 ppm man TFX: IRR, PUL man
Hydrogen sulfide	10	15	20		ih LCca 1500 mg/M ³ rat
Nitrogen dioxide	5	9	5		ih TXC 90 ppm man fh LCca 100 ppm man TFX: IRR, PUL man
Nitrous oxide					
Sulfur dioxide	5	13	10		ih LCca 1000 ppm rat
Chlorine trifluoride	0.1	0.4			P
Iodine	0.1	1			
Perchloryl fluoride	3	14			
Sulfuryl fluoride	5	20			
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TABLE NO. 15 - Water Quality Parameters - Inorganic Gases

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Ammonia		25	37	
Boron trichloride				
Boron trifluoride		15,000		
Bromine		20		LC 20 ppm goldfish
Bromine pentafluoride				
Carbon disulfide		35	135	
Carbon monoxide		0.1		LC 1.5 ppm various spp.
Carbonyl chloride				
Chlorine		0.03		
Fluorine				
Hydrogen bromide				
Hydrogen chloride		10	282	
Hydrogen cyanide		0.05		
Hydrogen fluoride				
Hydrogen sulfide		0.86		LC 10 ppm goldfish

TABLE NO. 16 - Water Quality Parameters - Inorganic Gases (cont'd)

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Nitrogen dioxide Nitrous oxide Sulfur dioxide	·	0.5		
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TABLE NO. 17 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Chlorides (see individual cpds.)

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (N	•	FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/l
Chlorides (as Cl)			250 DWS		,
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TABLE NO. 18 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Cyanides (see individual compounds)

CHRCTANCE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1 °
Cyanide (as CN)		0.05	0.01 DWS	0.01 DWS
Cvanogen	0.10			
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TABLE NO. 19 - Toxicity Data - Cyanides

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg	/M ³ ppm	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Cyanide (as CN)		5		•
Cyanogen	10			
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TABLE NO. 20 - Water Quality Parameters - Cyanides

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Cyanide (as CN)				LC 0.05 mg/l trout
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TABLE NO. 21 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Fluoride (see individual compounds)

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Fluoride (as F)		0.025	0.6 - 1.7 DWS	0.6 - 1.7 DWS
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COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Fluoride (as F)	2.5		
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TABLE NO. 23 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Nitrates (see individual compounds)

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Nitrate (as NO ₃)		45 DWS	45 DWS
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TABLE NO. 24 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Sulfates (see individual compounds)

GURCHANGE	LIMIT FO	OR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
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Sulfate (as SO ₄)			250 DWS	250 DWS
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TABLE NO. 25 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Aluminum and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN) mg/m ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/l	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Aluminum fluoride Aluminum sulfate Aluminum oxide	as H ₂ SO ₄	0.025 as F 0.01* 0.10	0.6-1.7 as F DWS 250 as SO _{4 DWS} 0.50	0.6-1.7 as F DWS
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TABLE NO. 26 - Toxicity Data - Aluminum and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Aluminum fluoride Aluminum sulfate Aluminum oxide	D		or LD50 770 mg/kg mus

TABLE NO. 27 - Water Quality Parameters - Aluminum and Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Aluminum fluoride Aluminum sulfate	·	235		
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TABLE NO. 28 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Ammonium Compounds

CURCHANOR	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Ammonium acetate	as acid	0.25	1.25 as acetic acid	23.8
Ammonium arsenate	as As	0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Ammonium carbonate		0.10*	0.5*	0.5
Ammonium chloride	ļ	0.10	250 as C1 DWS	16.0
Ammonium chromate	as Cr	0.005	0.05 as Cr DWS	0.05 as Cr DWS
Ammonium dichromate	as Cr	0.005	0.05 as Cr DWS	0.05 as Cr DWS
Ammonium ferrocyanide	as Fe	0.01	0.3 as Fe DWS	0.3 as Fe DWS
Ammonium fluoride.	as F	0.025	0.6-1.7 as F DWS	0.6-1.7 as F DWS
Ammonium hydroxide	<u> </u>	0.02*	0.10*	0.5
Ammonium molybdate		0.05	0.05 as Mo	0.05 as Mo
Ammonium nitrate	as HNO3	0.05*	45 as NO ₃ DWS	45 as NO ₃ DWS
Ammonium permanganate	as Mm	0.05	0.05 as Mn	0.05 as Mn DWS
Ammonium p≘rchlorate	j	0.01*	0.05*	_
Ammonium persulfate		0.01*	0.05*	
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TABLE NO. 29 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Ammonium Compounds (Cont'd)

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/l	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/l
			
Ammonium sulfate	as H ₂ SO ₄ 0.01	250 as SO ₄ DWS	6.6
Ammonium sulfide	as H ₂ S 0.15	0.75 as H ₂ S	10.0
Ammonium sulfite	0.01*	0.05*	24
Ammonium thiocyanate	0.02*	0.10*	11.4
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TABLE NO. 30 Toxicity Data - Ammonium Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Ammonium Carbonate		;	iv LDca 96 mg/kg mus
Ammonium Chloride (fume)	10		im LD50 30 mg/kg rat
Ammonium fluoride			ip LD50 31 mg/kg rat
Ammonium molybdate	5		or LD50 333 mg/kg rat
Ammonium sulfide			or LDca 2 mg/kg mus

TABLE NO. 31 Water Quality Parameters - Ammonium Compounds

		Fish Toxicity	48-Hour TL	
Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Critical Concentration mg/l	Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Ammonium acetate		238		
Ammonium arsenate		5		
Ammonium carbonate		5		
Ammonium chloride		160		
Ammonium chromate		240		
Ammonium dichromate		136	•	
Ammonium ferrocyanide		150		
Ammonium fluoride		200		
Ammonium hydroxide		5		
	·			

TABLE NO. 32 Water Quality Parameters - Ammonium Compounds (cont'd)

etical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
	54		
	800		
	2		
0	66		
	100		
	240		
	114		
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	1		
	retical BOD ₅	Concentration mg/1 54 800 2 66 100 240	Concentration affinis ppm 54 800 2 66 100 240

TABLE NO. 33 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Antimony and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/l	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Antimony and cpds. as Sb	0.005	0.05 as Sb CTS	0.05 as Sb CTS
Antimony pentachloride	0.005 as Sb	***	II.
Antimony pentafluoride	11	tt	"
Antimony pentasulfide	"	tt .	"
Antimony potassium tartrate	п	n	ņ.
Antimony sulfate	"	n	
Antimony sulfide	11	n	n
Antimony trichloride	,,	II .	**
Antimony trifluoride	"	11	u u
Antimony trioxide	"	п	11
Antimony trimethyl	11		"
Antimony triethyl		и	11
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TABLE NO. 34 Toxicity Data - Antimony and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Antimony & Compounds as Sb	0.5		ih TXC 4.7 mg/M ³ man ih TFX: SKN, PUL, GIT man or LD50 100 mg/kg rat
Antimony trichloride			or LD50 675 mg/kg rat
Antimony pentachloride			
Antimony pentafluoride		 	·
Antimony sulfide			
Anitmony pentasulfide			ip LD50 1500 mg/kg rat
Antimony potassium tartrate			or LD50 600 mg/kg mus or LDca 2 mg/kg man P
Antimony sulfate			
Antimony trioxide			
Antimony trimethyl			
Antimony triethyl			

TABLE NO. 35 Water Quality Parameters - Antimony Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Antimony trichloride		9		
Antimony pentachloride				
Antimony pentafluoride				
Antimony sulfide				,
Antimony pentasulfide				
Antimony potassium tartrate	·	12	·	·
Antimony sulfate				·
Antimony trioxide		80		
			·	
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TABLE NO. 36 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Arsenic and Compounds

CHRCTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Arsenic and cpds. as As	0.005 as As	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Arsenic chloride	· 11	11	. "
Arsenic trichloride	"	. 11	"
Arsenic trioxide	"	"	"
Arsenic dimethyl "	n'	н	"
Arsenic diethyl	tt.	11	15
Cacodylic acid	n	n	"
Arsenic pentaselenide	11	н	11
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TABLE NO. 37 Toxicity Data - Arsenic and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Arsenic & Compounds as As	0.5		
Arsenic chloride			
Arsenic trichloride			
Arsenic trioxide			ih TXC greater than 0.5 mg/M ³ man or LD50 45 mg/kg rat TFX: IRR, SKN man or LDca 100 mg man P
Arsenic dimethyl			·
Arsenic diethyl			
Cacodylic acid			or LD50 2600 mg/kg
	•		
	•	•	

TABLE NO. 38 Water Quality Parameters - Arsenic Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Arsenic compound		1		
Arsenic chloride				
Arsenic trichloride				
Arsenic trioxide				
Arsenic dimethyl	·			
Arsenic diethyl			·	
	<u>.</u>			

TABLE NO. 39 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Barium and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Barium (sol. cpds.) as Ba	0.005	1.0 as Ba DWS	1.0 as Ba DWS
Barium carbonate	0.005 as Ba	tt	11
Barium chloride	"	H	n
Barium cyanide	и,	u	11
Barium fluoride	. "	"	"
Barium sulfide	"		
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TABLE NO. 40 Toxicity Data - Barium and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Barium (sol. cpds.)	0.5		
Barium carbonate			or LD50 100 mg/kg man or LDca 630 mg/kg rat or LDca 55 mg/kg man
Barium chloride			sc LDca 5 mg/kg rbt or LDca 80 mg/kg man or LD50 150 mg/kg rat
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TABLE NO. 41 Water Quality Parameters - Barium Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/1	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Barium carbonate		10,000	>10,000	
Barium chloride		50	3,200	LC 5000 ppm goldfish LC 158 ppm salmon
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TABLE NO. 42 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Beryllium

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/H ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/l	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Beryllium as Be	0.00002	1.0 DWS	1.0 DWS
Beryllium carbonate	0.00002 as Be	1.0 as Be	·
Beryllium chloride			
Beryllium hydroxide	"	H 	
Beryllium oxide Beryllium selenate	"	'11	
beryllium serenate			
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TABLE NO. 43 Toxicity Data - Beryllium

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Beryllium Beryllium carbonate	0.002	0.002	ih TXC 0.1 mg/M ³ man TFX: PUL, man ip LD50 150 mg/kg gpg
Beryllium chloride			or LD50 86 mg/kg rat
Beryllium Hydroxide			iv LD50 0.8 mgBe/kg rat
Beryllium Oxide			
Beryllium selenate			
			·
			·

TABLE NO. 44 Water Quality Parameters - Beryllium

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Beryllium (dust)		100		
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TABLE NO. 45 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Cadmium and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/1
Cadmium (metal dust and sol. salts) as Cd	0.002	0.01 as Cd DWS	0.01 as Cd DWS
Cadmium oxide fume (as Cd)	0.001	tt	" .
Cadmium chloride	0.002 as Cd	t1 1	H .
Cadmium cyanide	11	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
Cadmium phosphate	11	0.01 as Cd DWS	0.01 as Cd DWS
Cadmium fluoride	11	. "	н.
Cadmium nitrate	11	n .	ti .
Cadmium potassium cyanide	11	11	н
Cadmium sulfate	u	tt	tt .
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TABLE NO. 46 Toxicity Data - Cadmium and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Cadmium (dust & sol. salts)	0.2		ih LCca 9 mg/M ³ man or LD50 88 mg/kg rat
Cadmium cyanide			or LDJ0 oo mg/kg rac
Cadmium oxide (fume)	0.1	0.1	or LD50 72 mg/kg rat ih LCca 50 mg/M man
Cadmium phosphate			ih LCca 650 mg/M ³ mus
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TABLE NO. 47 Water Quality Parameters - Cadmium Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Cadmium chloride		5		LC 0.017 ppm goldfish
Cadmium cyanide				
Cadmium oxide			·	
Cadmium phosphate				
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•				

TABLE NO. 48 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Calcium compounds

GUD GELVON	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Calcium arsenate		0.01	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Calcium arsenide	as As	0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As D WS
Calcium carbide	,	0.025*	0.125*	
Calcium chloride	as HC1	0.07*	250 as C1 DWS	250 as CL DWS
Calcium cyanide	as CN	0.05	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
Calcium fluoride	as F	0.025	0.6 - 1.7 as F DWS	0.6 - 1.7 as F DWS
Calcium hydroxide		0.05*	0.25*	`
Calcium hydride		0.025*	0.125*	
Calcium oxide		0.05	0.25	0.25
Calcium phosphate	as H ₃ PO ₄	0.01*	0.05*	
Calcium hypochlorite		0.025*	0.125*	
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TABLE NO. 49 Toxicity Data - Calcium Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Calcium arsenate	1		or LD50 298 mg/kg rat
Calcium chloride			or LD50 4000 mg/kg rat
Calcium cyanide			or LD50 39 mg/kg rat
Calcium oxide	5		
Calcium chloride			
Calcium hydroxide			
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TABLE NO. 50 Water Quality Parameters - Calcium Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Calcium arsenate		2		
Calcium chloride		500		
Calcium hydroxide		18 .		
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TAPLING. 51 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Chromium and Compounds

	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH
SUBSTANCE	bbm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Chromium			0.05 as Cr DWS	0.05 as Cr DWS
Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO ₃)		0.001	11	-1
Chromium, sol, chromic, chromous salts as Cr		0.005	n	n
Chromium, metal and insol. salts as Cr		0.01	. п	
Potassium chromate	as C	0.001	11	11
Potassium dichromate	· 53 "	11	11	
Sodium chromate	1!	li.	11	:1
Sodium dichromate	"	٠,	n	''
Chromic fluoride	"	0.005	n .	"
Chromic sulfate	,,	,,	u ·	11
Chromium cyanide	"	"	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
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TABLE NO. 52 Toxicity Data - Chromium and Compounds

COMPOUND .	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Chromic acid & chromates (as CrO ₃)	0.1		TFC ih 0.11 mg/M ³ man TFX: CAR man
Chromium, sol. chromic, chromous salts as Cr	0.5		
Chromium, metal and insol. salts	1.0		
Potassium chromate	·		sc LDca 12 mg/kg rbt
Potassium dichromate			
Sodium chromate			sc LDca 243 mg/kg rat
Sodium dichromate			
Chromic fluoride			
Chromic sulfate		,	iv LDca 247 mg/kg mus
Chromium cyanide			
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TABLE NO. 53 Water Quality Parameters - Chromium Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Chromic acid		1		LC 200 ppm goldfish
Potassium chromate		75 ·	480	LC 75 ppm rainbow trout LC 195 ppm Cr large- mouth bass
Potassium dichromate		60	320	LC 57 ppm rainbow trout LC 500 ppm goldfish
Sodium chromate		400	500	
Sodium dichromate		60	420	

TABLE NO. 54 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Cobalt and Compounds

CUDCMANGE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Cobalt, metal fume and dust	0.001 as Co	0.05 as Co CTS	0.05 as Co CTS
Cobalt chloride	11	11	11
Cobalt nitrate	ŧi	"	"
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TABLE NO. 55 - Toxicity Data - Cobalt Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Colbalt, metal fume and dust	0.1		or LDca 1500 mg/kg rat
Cobaltous chloride			sc LDca 100 mg/kg mus
Cobaltous nitrate			or LDca 400 mg/kg rbt
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TABLE NO. 56 - Water Quality Parameters - Cobalt Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Cobalt chloride		16 15		
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TABLE NO. 57 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Copper and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Copper fume	0.001 as Cu	1.0 as Cu DWS	1.0 as Cu DWS
Copper dusts and mists	0.01 as Cu	n	и.
Copper arsenate	"	"	ı,
Copper nitrate	"	n ·	"
Copper sulfate	,,	п	,,
Copper cyanide	"	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
Copper acetoarsenate	,,	11	,,
Copper acetylide	11	u .	n
Copper chlorotetrazole	"	H	"
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TABLE NO. 58 Toxicity Data - Copper and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Copper (Fume, dust, mist)	1		
Copper arsenate			.]
Copper cyanide			
Copper nitrate			or LD50 940 mg/kg rat
Copper sulfate			or LDca 50 mg/kg rbt
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TABLE NO. 59 Water Quality Parameters - Copper Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Copper arsenate Copper cyanide Copper nitrate Copper sulfate	·	.18	. 84	LC 0.02 - 0.18 ppm cu spg LC 0.03 ppm cu stickle-
				back

TABLE NO. 60 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Iron and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
00001.200	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Iron	0.01	0.03 as Fe DWS	0.03 as Fe DWS
Ferrous sulfate	as Fe 0.01	0.03 as Fe DWS	0.03 as Fe DWS
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TABLE NO. 61 - Toxicity Data - Iron and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Iron salts, sol. as Fe Ferrous sulfate	l as Fe		or LD50 1584 mg/kg rat P

TABLE NO. 62 - Water Quality Parameters - Iron and Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Iron				
Ferrous sulfate		6		
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TABLE NO. 63 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Lead and Compounds

GURGEANGE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMÍT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Lead, inorganic cpds., fume, dust	0.0015 asPb	0.05 as Pb DWS	0.05 as Pb DWS
Lead acetate	0.0015 asPb	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Lead arsenate	0.0015	11	"
Lead arsenite	"	0.05 as Pb DWS	0.05 as Pb DWS
Lead carbonate	0.0015 asPb	"	į
Lead chlorite	iı ıı	**	" .
Lead cyanide	11 11	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
Lead nitrate	. 11 11	0.05 as Pb DWS	0.05 as Pb DWS
Lead oxide	11 - 11	n	"
Tetramethyl lead (as Pb)	0.0015 "	11	11
Tetraethyl lead (as Pb)	0.0010 "	и.	"
Lead azide	0.0015 "	. 11	t1
Lead 2,4-dinitroresorcinate	"	"	n n
Lead styphnate	"	11	u

TABLE NO. 64 Toxicity Data - Lead and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Lead, inorganic cpds, fume, dust	0.15		
Lead acetate		•	ip LD50 150 mg/kg rat iv LD50 120 mg/kg rat
Lead arsenate	0.15		or LD50 100 mg/kg rat
Lead arsenite			
Lead carbonate			ip LDca 124 mg/kg gpg
Lead chlorite			,
Lead cyanide			ip LDca 100 mg/kg rat
Lead nitrate			ip LDca 270 mg/kg rat
Lead oxide			ip LD50 450 mg/kg rat
Tetramethyl lead (as Pb)	0.150		ih LC50 8870 mg/M ³ rat
Tetraethyl lead (as Pb)	0.100	0.075	ip LDca 10 mg/kg rat ih LD50 6 ppm rat

TABLE NO. 65 Water Quality Parameters - Lead Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Lead acetate		2.8		
Lead arsenate		25		
Lead arsenite				
Lead carbonate				
Lead chlorite				·
Lead cyanide				
Lead nitrate		10	240	LC50 0.33 ppm Pb minnow
Lead oxide		not toxic	> 56,000	
Tetramethyl lead				
Tetraethyl lead		0.2		
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TAPLE NO. 66 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Magnesium and Compounds

	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
lagnesium			125 as Mg DWS	1.25 as Mg DWS
Magnesium arsenite	as As	0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
'agnesium chlorate	<u> </u>	0.01*	125 as Mg DWS	125 as Mg DWS
Magnesium oxide (fume)	<u> </u> 	0.10	ıı	rt et
Magnesium sulfate	as H ₂ SO ₄	0.01	"	11
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TABLE NO. 67 Toxicity Data - Magnesium Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Magnesium arsenite Magnesium chlorate			ip LD50 1100 mg/kg rat
Magnesium oxide (fume)	10	15	ih TXC 400 mg/M ³ man ih TFX: ALR, WBC, man
Magnesium sulfate	·		iv LDca 750 mg/kg dog sc LDca 1750 mg/kg rbt
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TABLE NO. 68 Water Quality Parameters - Magnesium Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/1	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Magnesium arsenite				
Magnesium chlorate				
Magnesium oxide				
Magnesium sulfate		10,000	15,500	
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TABLE NO. 69 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Manganese and Compounds

	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)	
ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l	
0.05	0.05 as Mn DWS	0.05 as Mn DWS	
0.05 as Mn	11	· ·	
0.005 as As	0.05 as As	0.05 as As	
0.05 as Mn	0.05 as Mn	0.05 as Mn	
0.05 as Mn	H.	u u	
	0.05 as Mn 0.005 as As 0.05 as Mn	0.05 as Mn " 0.005 as As 0.05 as Mn 0.05 as Mn	

TABLE NO. 70 Toxicity Data - Manganese and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Manganese and compounds as Mm	5	. 5	ih TXC 11 mg/M ³ man TFX: CNS, PUL man
Manganese sulfate			ip LD50 44 mg/kg mus
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TABLE NO. 71 Water Quality Parameters - Manganese Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Manganese sulfate		500		
	·			

TABLE NO. 72 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Mercury and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Mercury (alkyl cpds.)	0.0001	0.0005 Hg	0.00005 Hg
Mercury (inorganic cpds.) as Hg	asHg 0.0005	0.005 Hg DWS	0.00005 Нg
Mercuric chloride	"	n .	"
Mercuric cyanide	11	11	"
Mercuric nitrate	11	**	n ·
Mercuric sulfate	" -	н	"
Mercuric diammonium chloride	"	n .	"
Mercuric fulminate	"	· in	,,
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TABLE NO. 73 Toxicity Data - Mercury and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MĄC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Mercury (alkyl cpds.)	0.01		
Mercury (all forms except alkyl)	0.05	0.1	ih TXD 1 mg/M ³ man TFX: CNS man
Mercuric chloride			or LD50 37 mg/kg rat P
Mercuric cyanide			or LDca 25 mg/kg rat
Mercuric nitrate			ip LD50 5 mg/kg mus
Mercuric sulfate			
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0			
-	·		

TABLE NO. 75 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Nickel and Compounds

LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
0.01	0.05 as Ni CTS	0.05 as Ni CTS
as Ni 0.01	0.05 as Ni CTS	n .
as Sb 0.005	0.05 as Sb DWS	0.05 as Sb DWS
as As 0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
as Ni 0.01	0.05 as Ni CTS	0.05 as Ni CTS
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
11	0.05 as Ni CTS	0.05 as Ni CTS
as Se 0.002	0.01 as Se DWS	0.01 as Se DWS
as Ni 0.01	0.05 as Ni CTS	0.05 as Ni CTS
0.00001 0.00007	0.00035	0.00035
	·	
	0.01 as Ni 0.01 as Sb 0.005 as As 0.005 as Ni 0.01 " as Se 0.002 as Ni 0.01	ppm mg/M ³ ppm or mg/l 0.01 0.05 as Ni CTS as Ni 0.01 0.05 as Ni CTS as Sb 0.005 0.05 as Sb DWS as As 0.005 0.05 as As DWS as Ni 0.01 0.05 as Ni CTS " 0.01 as CN DWS " 0.05 as Ni CTS as Se 0.002 0.01 as Se DWS as Ni 0.01 0.05 as Ni CTS

TABLE NO. 76 Toxicity Data - Nickel and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV	mg/M ³	ppm	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Nickel		1	,	1.0	or LDca 5 mg/kg gpg iv LDca 10 mg/kg dog TFX: EC rat
Nickel ammonium sulfate					
Nickel antimonide					
Nickel arsenide					
Nickel chloride					iv LDca 10 mg/kg dog
Nickel cyanide					
Nickel nitrate					or LD50 1620 mg/kg rat
Nickel selenide					
Nickel sulfate					sc LDca 500 mg/kg dog
Nickel carbonyl	0.001	0.007			iv LD50 22 mg/kg rat TFX: EC rat
	•				

TABLE NO. 77 Water Quality Parameters - Nickel Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Nickel ammonium sulfate		0.05		
Nickel antimonide	·			
Nickel arsenide				
Nickel chloride		5		LC 10 ppm goldfish
Nickel cyanide		·		
Nickel nitrate		1		LC l ppm Ni stickle-
Nickel selenide				backs
Nickel sulfate		16		
Nickel carbonyl		0.05		
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TABLE NO. 78 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Phosphorus and Compounds

CURCEANOR	LIMIT FOR	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Phosphorus, red		0.001*	0.005*	
Phosphorus, white or yellow		0.001	0.005	0.01 - 0.1
Phosphorus oxychloride	as HCl	0.07	0.35	
Phosphorus pentasulfide		0.01	0.05	
Phosphorus trichloride	0.005	0.03	0.15	>5.6
Phosphorus pentachloride		0.01	0.05	
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TABLE NO. 79 - Toxicity Data - Phosphorus and Compounds

COMPOUND	TI ppm	.V mg/M ³	ppm	AC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Phosphorus, red					or LDca 1.4 mg/kg man P
Phosphorus, white or yellow		0.1	·		or LDca 7 mg/kg rbt
Phosphorus oxychloride					
Phosphorus pentasulfide		1			
Phosphorus trichloride	0.5	3			
Phosphorus pentachloride		1			
					,
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Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Phosphorus		0.1 - 1		
Phosphorus trichloride		>56		
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TABLE NO. 81 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Potassium Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Potassium arsenite	as As	0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Potassium binoxalate	as As	0.003	0.10*	0.05 as As bws
Potassium chromate	as Cr	0.005	0.05 as Cr DWS	0.05 as Cr DWS
Potassium c yanide	as CN	0.05	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
Potassium dichromate	as Cr	0.005	0.05 as Cr DWS	0.05 as Cr DWS
Potassium fluoride	as F	0.025	0.6 - 1.7 as F DWS	0.6 - 1.7 as F DWS
Potassium hydroxide		0.02*	0.10*	5.0
Potassium oxalate(as oxalic acid)		0.01	0.05	
Potassium permanganate	as Mon	0.05	0.05 as Mn DWS	0.05 as Mn DWS
Potassium peroxide	as H ₂ O ₂	0.014	0.07 as H ₂ O ₂	4.0 H ₂ O ₂
Potassium phosphate	as H ₃ PO ₄	0.01	0.05 as H ₃ PO ₄	75
Potassium sulfate	as H ₂ SO ₄	0.01	250 as SO ₄ DWS	250 as SO ₄ DWS
Potassium sulfide	as H ₂ S	0.15	0.75 as H ₂ S	0.35
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COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Potassium arsenite			or LD50 14 mg/kg rat
Potassium binoxalate			
Potassium chromate			sc LDca 12 mg/kg rbt
Potassium cyanide			or I.D50 10 mg/kg rat
Potassium fluoride			or LD50 245 mg/kg rat
Potassium hydroxide			or LD50 1230 mg/kg rat
Potassium permanganate			or LD50 1090 mg/kg rat
Potassium phosphate			or LD50 1600 mg/kg mus
Potassium sulfate			sc LDca 3000 mg/kg gpg
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TABLE NO. 83 Water Quality Parameters - Potassium Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Potassium arsenite		2		
Potassium chromate		75	·	
Potassium cyamide		0.4		
Potassium dichromate		60		
Potassium fluoride		1500		
Potassium hydroxide		50		
Potassium permanganate		3		
Potassium peroxide		40 н ₂ 0 ₂	·	
Potassium phosphate		750		
Potassium sulfate		900		
Potassium sulfide	,	3.5		

TABLE NO. 85 Toxicity Data - Selenium

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Selenium compounds (as Se)	0.2	0.1	
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TABLE NO. 86 Water Quality Parameters - Selenium

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Selenium		2.0		
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TABLE NO. 87 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Silicon and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/l ·	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
	ppm		ppm or mg/1	ppm of mg/1
Silicon		0.10		
Silicon tetrachloride	as Si	0.10*	0.50*	
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COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Silicon Silicon tetrachloride	10	5-50 MPPCF	î h LCca 8000 ppm rat
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TABLE NO. 89 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Silver compounds

CUDCMANGE	LIMIT F	OR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Silver, metal and sol. cpds.		0.0001	0.05 DWS	0.05 DWS
Silver cyanide	as CN	0.05	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
-Silver acetylide	as Ag	0.0001	0.05 DWS	0.05 DWS
Silver azide	,	,	n	· ·
Silver styphnate			11	"
Silver tetrazene	1	•	и	n
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TABLE NO 91 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Sodium Compounds

	LIMIT FO	OR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
				:
Sodium amide		0.02*	0.10*	
Sodium arsenate	as As	0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Sodium arsenite	as As	0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Sodium azide		0.02*	0.10*	0.8
Sodium dichromate	as Cr	0.005	0.05 as Cr DWS	0.05 as Cr DWS
Sodium bisulfite		0.02*	0.10*	24
Sodium borate		0.02*	0.10*	24
Sodium cacodylate	as As	0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Sodium carbonate		0.02*	0.10*	7.0
Sodium carbonate peroxide		0.02*	0.10*	
Sodium chlorate		0.02*	0.10*	1100
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TABLE NO. 92 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Sodium Compounds (Cont'd)

	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/l
Sodium chromate	as Cr	0.005	0.05 as Cr DWS	0.05 as Cr DWS
Sodium cyanide	as CN	0.05	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CN DWS
Sodium dichromate	as Cr	0.005	0.05 as Cr DWS	0.05 as Cr DWS
Sodium fluoride	as F	0.025	0.6 - 1.7 as F DWS	0.6 - 1.7 as F DWS
Sodium formate	as acid	0.09	0.45 as formic acid	47
Sodium hydroxide		0.02	0.10	2.0
Sodium hydride		0.02*	0.10*	
Sodium hydrosulfite		0.02*	0.10*	0.05
Sodium iodide		0.02*	·0.10*	0.33
Sodium nitrate	as HNO3	0.05	45 as NO ₃ DWS	45 as NO ₃ DWS
Sodium oxalate	as acid	0.01	0.05 as oxalic acid	135
Sodium perchlorate		0.02*	0.10*	0.05
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TABLE NO. 93 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Sodium Compounds (Cont'd)

GUDGMANGE	LIMIT FOR		LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	bbm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Sodium peroxide	as H ₂ O ₂	0.014	0.07 as H ₂ O ₂	40 H ₂ O ₂
Sodium phosphate	as H ₃ PO ₄	0.01	0.05 as H ₃ PO ₄	72
Sodium Potassium alloy		0.02*	0.10*	
Sodium silicate		0.02*	0.10*	240
Sodium sulfide	as H ₂ S	0.15	0.75 as H ₂ S	0.2
Sodium thiocyanate		0.02*	0.10*	
Sodium sulfite		0.02*	0.10*	
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TABLE NO. 94 Toxicity Data - Sodium Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Sodium					
Sodium amide					
Sodium arsenate					ip LD50 9 mg/kg mus ip LDca 34.7 mg/kg rat P
Sodium arsenite		·			ip LDca 10 mg/kg rat P
Sodium azide	·				or LDca 46 mg/kg rat
Sodium bisulfite				Q	iv LD50 115 mg/kg rat
Sodium Borate					
Sodium Cacodylate	-				sc LDca 500 mg/kg rat
Sodium Carbonate					or LD50 4200 mg/kg rat

TABLE NO. 95 Toxicity Data - Sodium Compounds (cont'd)

COMPOUND	TI ppm	.v mg/M ³	ppm	Mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Sodium Carbonate peroxide					
Sodium chlorate					ip LD50 550 mg/kg mus
Sodium chromate					sc LDca 243 mg/kg rat
Sodium cyanide					or LD50 15 mg/kg rat sc LDca 10 mg/kg mus P
Sodium dichromate					
Sodium fluoride					or TXD: 4 mg/kg man or LDca 75 mg/kg man P
Sodium formate					
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	,				

TABLE NO. 96 Toxicity Data - Sodium Compounds (cont'd)

COMPOUND	· TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Sodium hydride		·	
Sodium hydrosulfite			·
Sodium hydroxide	2		or LD 500 mg/kg rbt
Sodium iodide			iv LDca 1300 mg/kg rat
Sodium nitrate			or LDca 200 mg/kg rat
Sodium nitrite			or LD50 180 mg/kg rat sc LDca 15 mg/kg rat
Sodium oxalate			sc LDca 100 mg/kg mus
Sodium perchlorate	·		ip LD50 596 mg/kg mus
Sodium peroxide			
Sodium phosphates	·		ip LD50 326 mg/kg rat
Sodium-potassium alloy			
Sodium silicate			
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TABLE NO. 97 Water Quality Parameters - Sodium Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Sodium				
Sodium amide				
Sodium arsenate				
Sodium arsenite		2.5 As		
Sodium azide		8		
Sodium bisulfite		240	·	
Sodium borate		240		
Sodium cacodylate	·	·		
Sodium carbonate		70		
Sodium carbonate peroxide				
Sodium chlorate		11,000		
Sodium chromate		. 400		
Sodium cyanide		0.05		

TABLE NO. 98 Water Quality Parameters - Sodium Compounds (cont'd)

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Sodium dichromate		60		
Sodium fluoride		2.6		
Sodium formate	·	470		
Sodium hydride				
Sodium hydrosulfite		0.5		
Sodium hydroxide		20	125	
Sodium iodide		3.3		
Sodium nitrate		4000		
Sodium nitrite		7.5		·
Sodium oxalate	7	1350		
Sodium perchlorate		0.5		
Sodium peroxide		40 11 ₂ 0 ₂		
Sodium phosphates		720		
Sodium-potassium alloy				
Sodium silicate		2400		
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TABLE NO. 99 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Thallium and Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/l	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/l
Thallium (sol. cpds. as Tl)	0.001	0.005	0.005
Thallium sulfate	as Tl 0.001	0.005 as T1	0.005 as Tl
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TABLE NO. 101 Water Quality Parameters - Thallium Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Thallium sulfate				,
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CURCHANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/1
Tin (inorganic compounds) as Sn	0.02	0.05 as Sn CTS	0.05 as Sn CTS
Tin (organic compounds) as Sn	0.001	"	"
Stannic chloride	as Sn 0.02	"	11
Stannous chloride	as Sn 0.02	11	11
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TABLE NO. 103 Toxicity Data - Tin and Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Tin (inorganic compounds)	2		
Tin (organic compounds)	0.1		
Tin oxide	Д		
Stannic chloride			ip LD50 21 mg/kg mus
Stannous chloride			ip LD50 41 mg/kg mus iv LDca 20 mg/kg dog
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TABLE NO. 104 Water Quality Parameters - Tin Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/1	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Stannic chloride		125		
Stannous chloride				
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TABLE NO. 105 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Titanium and Compounds

OVD CMAN OF	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Titanium			0.05 as Ti CTS	0.05 as Ti CTS
Titanium dioxide		0.10	11	n n
Titanium tetrachloride	as HCl	0.07	11	"
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COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Titanium dioxide	10	15	
	. .		
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TABLE NO. 107 Water Quality Parameters - Titanium Compounds

% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
	5 Daphina		
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	% Theoretical BOD ₅	% Theoretical BOD ₅ Critical Concentration mg/1	% Theoretical BOD ₅ Concentration affinis ppm

TABLE NO. 108 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Vanadium and Compounds

CURCHANGE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Vanadium (V ₂ O ₅ dust)	0.005	0.05 as V CTS	0.05 as V CTS
Vanadium (V ₂ 0 ₅ fume)	0.001	11	н
Vanadium (V ₂ O ₅ fume) as V	0.0005	и	"
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TABLE NO. 109 Toxicity Data - Vanadium Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Vanadium (V ₂ 0 ₅ dust)	0.5	0.5	or LD50 2300 mg/kg mus ih TXC 2 mg/M man ih TFX: IRR, PUL man
Vanadium (V ₂ 0 ₅ fume)	0.1		·
Vanadium (V ₂ 0 ₅ fume) as V	0.05		·
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TABLE NO. 110 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Zinc and Compounds

avo an avan	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Zinc			5 as Zn DWS	5 as Zn DWS
Zinc arsenate	as As	0.005	0.05 as As DWS	0.05 as As DWS
Zinc arsenite	as As	0.005	11	11
Zinc chlorate		0.01*	5 as Zn DWS	5 as Zn PWS
Zinc chloride		0.01	11	II.
Zinc cyanide	as CN	0.05	0.01 as CN DWS	0.01 as CX DES
Zinc ethyl		0.001*	5 as Zn DWS	5 as Zn DWS
Zinc nitrate	as HNO 3	0.05	"	"
Zinc oxide		0.05	11	"
Zinc permanganate	as Mm	0.05	u ·	11
Zinc peroxide	as H ₂ O ₂	0.014	ti	"
Zinc sulfide	as H ₂ S	0.15	11	"

TABLE NO. 111 Toxicity Data - Zinc Compounds

COMPOUND	TLV	mg/M ³	MAC ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Zinc arsenate					
Zinc arsenite					
Zinc chlorate					
Zinc chloride (fume)		1			iv LDca 75 mg/kg rat TFX: EC rat P
Zinc cyanide					
Zinc ethyl					
Zinc nitrate					
Zinc oxide (fume)		5		5	ih LCca 2500 mg/M ³ rat
Zinc permanganate					
Zinc peroxide	Ì	<u> </u>		·	·
Zinc sulfide					
					·
	·				

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Zinc arsenate		•		
Zinc arsenite				
Zinc chlorate				
Zinc chloride		1		
Zinc cyanide		·		
Zinc ethyl				
Zinc nitrate		5.7		
Zinc oxide				
Zinc permanganate		2 MnO ₄		
Zinc peroxide		40 H ₂ 0 ₂		
Zinc sulfide				
			·	
•				

TABLE NO.113 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Organic Acids

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Formic acid	0.05	0.09	0.45	470
Acetic acid	0.10	0.25	1.25	2.5
Propionic acid		0.25*	1.25*	10
Oleic acid		0.25*	1.25*	ļ
Acrylic acid		0.01*	0.05*	0.1 - 10
Cyanoacetic acid		0.01*	0.05*	
Citric acid		0.25*	1.25*	90
Oxalic acid		0.01	0.05	10
Adipic acid	}	0.25*	1.25*	80
Benzoic acid		0.25*	1.25*	18
Salicylic acid		0.25*	1.25*	150
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TABLE NO. 114 Toxicity Data - Organic Acids

COMPOUND	TI ppm	LV mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Formic acid	5	9		or LD50 1210 mg/kg rat
Acetic acid	10	25		
Propionic acid				or LD50 4290 mg/kg rat
Oleic acid				ip LD50 230 mg/kg mus
Acrylic acid				or LD50 2500 mg/kg rat ih LCca 6000 ppm rat
Cyanoacetic acid				
Citric acid				ip LD50 975 mg/kg rat
Oxalic acid		1		or LDca 1000 mg/kg dog or LDca 700 mg/kg man
Adipic acid	,			or LD50 1900 mg/kg mus
Benzoic acid				or LD50 1700 mg/kg rat
Salicylic acid				or LD50 1300 mg/kg rbt
·				

TABLE NO. 115 Water Quality Parameters - Organic Acids

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Formic acid	40	4,700		
Acetic acid	82	25	251	LC 423 ppm goldfish
Propionic acid	56 .	100		
Oleic acid		,		
Acrylic acid		1-100		
Cyanoacetic acid				
Citric acid		900		
Oxalic acid	40	100		LC 1,000 ppm goldfish
Adipic acid		800		
Benzoic acid	46	180		
Salicylic acid		1,500		
•				·

TABLE NO. 116- Calculated Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Acid Anhydrides

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR	AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/l	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Acetic anhydride	0.05	0.20	1.0	
1)			2.5
Maleic anhydride	0.0025	0.01	0.05	3.5
Phthalic anhydride	0.02	0.12	0.60	
Acetyl chloride		0.01*	0.05*	
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TABLE NO. 117 Toxicity data - Acid Anhydrides

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Acetic anhydride	5	20			ih LCca 1000 ppm rat
Maleic anhydride	0.25	1	0.25	1	or LDca 850 mg/kg rat
Phthalic anhydride	2	12		12	or LD50 800 mg/kg cat or LD50 4020 mg/kg rat
					or abyo toro mg/ ng rac
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TABLE NO.119 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Alcohols

	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/i
Methanol	2.0	2.6	13	25
Ethanol	10	19	95	700
Propyl alcohol	2	5	25	30
Isopropyl alcohol	4	9.8	49	90
Butanol	1	3	15	2.9
Isobutyl alcohol	1	3	15	
Amyl alcohol		3*	15*	30
Methyl amyl alcohol	0.25	1.0	5	1 - 10
Decyl alcohol		1.0*	5*	
Cyclohexanol	0.5	2.0	10	0.01 - 1.0
Ethylhexanol		2.0*	10*	5
Glycol		2.0*	10*	
Ethylene glycol	2.0	2.0*	10*	100
Furfuryl alcohol	0.05	0.2	0.2	
Propylene glycol		2.0*	10*	10 - 100
Glycerin		2.0*	10*	1,000
Sorbitol		2.0*	10*	
Ethylene glycol - monoethyl ether		2.0*	10*	1 - 10
Diethyleneglycol		2.0*	10*	320
Dipropyleneglycol		2.0*	10*	10 - 100
	1	2.0*	10*	1

TABLE NO. 120 Toxicity Data - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Alcohols

COMPOUND	bbw	TLV mg/M ³	ppm	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Methano1	200	260	200		or LDca 1400 mg/kg man ih LCca 4000 ppm man or LD50 7000 mg/kg mky
Ethanol	1000	1900	1000		ip LDca 800 mg/kg rat
Propyl Alcohol	200	500			or LD50 1870 mg/kg rat
Isopropyl alcohol	400	980	400		
Butanol	100	300	100		sc LD50 3200 mg/kg mus
Isobutyl alcohol	100	300			or LD50 2460 mg/kg rat
Amyl alcohol					or LDca 1390 mg/kg dog
Methyl amyl alcohol	25	100	 - -		ih LCca 2000 ppm rat
Decyl alcohol			i		
Cyclohexanol	50	200		,	or LD50 2060 mg/kg rat ih TXC 100 ppm man
Furfuryl alcohol	5	20			III IAC 100 pp.m man
			•		`i

TABLE NO. 121 Toxicity Data - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Alcohols (Cont'd)

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Ethylhexanol					
Glycol					
Ethylene glycol		,			or LD50 13.7 mg/kg mus
Propylene glycol		:			
Glycerin		. D			
Ethylene glycol		İ	200		ih LCca 4000 ppm rat
Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether		·			
Dipropylene glycol					
Triethylene glycol					
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TABLE NO. 122 Water Quality Parameters - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Alcohols

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Methanol	90	250		
Ethanol	44	7000		
Propyl alcohol	94	300		
Isopropyl alcohol	57	900		
Butanol	96	29		
Isobutyl alcohol			·	
Amyl alcohol	84	300	·	
Methyl amyl alcohol	17	100-1000		
Decyl alcohol			•	
Cyclohexanol	3	1-100		
Ethylhexanol	37	50		
Glycol				
Ethylene glycol	13	> 10,000		
Propylene glycol	2.2	1000-10,000		
Glycerin	45	> 10,000		
	·			

TABLE NO. 123 Water Quality Parameters - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Alcohols (continued)

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether		100-1000		
Diethyleneglycol	1.5	32,000		
Dipropyleneglycol		1,000-10,000		
-			·	
·				

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR	R AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Allyl alcohol	0.02	0.05	0.23	0.10
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TABLE NO.125 Toxicity Data - Unsaturated Aliphatic Alcohols

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Allyl alcohol	2 5	2	or LD50 64 mg/kg rat ih LCca 1000 ppm rat ih TXC 25 ppm man ih TFX: IRR, EYE man
	·		

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Allyl alcohol	9.1	10		
	·			

TABLE NO. 127 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Aromatic Alcohols (Phenols)

CUDCMANOR	LIMIT FOR	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	bbm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/1
Phenol	0.05	0.19	0.001 DWS	0.01
o-Cresol	0.05	0.22	0.001 DWS	0.3
p-Cresol	0.05	0.22	0.001 DWS	0.3
m-Cresol	0.05	0.22	0.001 DWS	0.3
Ethyl phenol		0.19*	0.001*	·
Butyl phenol		0.19*	0.001*	
Nonyl phenol		0.19*	0.001*	0.1 - 10
Pentachlorophenol		0.005	0.025	
m-Nitrophenol		0.002*	0.010*	0.05
p-Nitrophenol		0.002*	0.010*	0.05
o-Nitrophenol		0.002*	0.010*	0.05
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol		0.002	0.010	0.03
Picric acid		0.001	0.005	0.3
2,4-Dinitrophenol		0.002	0.010	1.0
Ammonium picrate	as Picri aci		0.005 as Picric acid	
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TABLE NO. 128 Toxicity Data - Aromatic Alcohols (Phenols)

COMPOUND	TLV	mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Phenol	5	19		or LDca 14 mg/kg man TFX: GIT, CNS, SKN man P
o-Cresol	5	22		or LD50 1350 mg/kg rat iv LDca 80 mg/kg dog
p-Cresol	5	22		or LD50 1800 mg/kg rat ip LD50 24.8 mg/kg mus ip LDca 100 mg/kg gpg
m-Cresol	5	22		or LD50 2020 mg/kg rat ip LD50 168 mg/kg mus
Ethyl phenol				
Butyl phenol		i		
Nonylphenol				
Pentachlorophenol		0.5		or LDca 29 mg/kg man or LD50 146 mg/kg rat sk TFX: PUL, CNS, BPR, GIT man P
m-Nitrophenol				iv LDca 83 mg/kg dog
p-Nitrophenol				iv LDca 10 mg/kg dog
o-Nitrophenol				iv LDca 100 mg/kg dog

TABLE NO.129 Toxicity Data - Aromatic Alcohols (Phenols) (Continuted)

COMPOUND .	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/N ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
2,4- Dinitrophenol	0.2		sc LD50 25 mg/kg rat
4,6- Dinitro-o-cresol	0.2		or LD50 30 mg/kg rat P
Picric acid	0.1		sc LD50 200 mg/kg frg
			,

TABLE NO. 130 Water Quality Parameters - Aromatic Alcohols (Phenols)

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/1	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Pheno1	42	0.1	56	LC 10 ppm goldfish
Cresol (cresylic acid)	95	3	24	
Ethyl phenol		. ()		
Butyl phenol				
Nonylphenol		1-100		
Pentachlorophenol				
Nitrophenol		5		
Dinitrocresol		3		
Picric acid (trinitro- phenol)	\ 	30		
Dinitrophenol		100		
			·	

TABLE NO. 131 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Aldehydes

	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Formaldehyde	0.05	0.06	0.15	2.5
Paraformaldehyde		0.06*	0.15*	
Acetaldehyde	1.0	1.8	9.0	5.3
Butyraldehyde		0.1*	0.5*	0.1 - 10
Furfural	0.05	0.20	1.0	0.12
Acrolein	0.001	0.0025	0.01	0.5
Crotonaldehyde	0.02	0.06	0.30	0.1 - 10
2-Ethyl-3-propyl acrolein		0.0025*	0.01*	10.0 - 100
Chloral hydrate		0.002*	0.01*	
Propionaldehyde		0.1*	0.5*	
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TABLE NO. 132 Toxicity Data - Aldehydes

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Formaldehyde	5	6	5		or LD50 800 mg/kg rat TFX: EC rat
Paraformaldehyde					
Acetaldehyde	100	180	200	I	
Butyraldehyde					·
Furfural	5	20	5		or LD50 126.7 mg/kg rat
Acrolein	0.1	0.25	0.5		ih LC50 24 mg/M ³ mus or LD50 46 mg/kg rat
Crotonaldehyde	2	6			or LD50 300 mg/kg rat
2-Ethyl-3-propyl acrolein					
Chloral hydrate					or LD50 500 mg/kg rat
		0			
					;

TABLE NO. 133 Water Quality Parameters - Aldehydes

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Formaldehyde	94	25		
Paraformaldehyde				
Acetaldehyde	93	53		
Butyraldehyde	44	1-100		
Furfural	100	1.2	24	
Acrolein	33	5	·	
Crotonaldehyde	27	1-100		
2-Ethyl-3-propyl acrolein		100-1000		
Chloral hydrate				
			·	

TABLE NO. 134 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Amines

aunami van	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Methylamine	0.10	0.12	0.60	3.0
Ethylamine	0.10	0.18	0.90	3.0
Propylamine		0.12*	0.60*	2.0
Isopropylamine	0.05	0.12	0.60	4.0 - 8.0
Butylamine	0.05	0.15	0.75	4.0
Dimethylamine	0.10	0.18	0.90	3.0
Diethylamine	0.25	0.75	3.75	10.0
Trimethylamine		1.0*	5.0*	25
Triethylamine	0.25	1.0	5.0	8
Cyclohexylamine		0.1*	0.5*	
Ethyleneimine	0.005	0.01	0.05	1 - 10
Ethylenediamine	0.10	0.25	1.27	3.0
Hexamethylenediamine		0.04*	0.20*	
Diethylenetriamine	0.01	0.04	0.20	1 - 10
Triethylene tetramine		0.04*	0.20*	·
Monoethanolamine	0.03	0.06	0.30	7.5
Diethanolamine		0.06*	0.30*	10.0

TABLE NO. 135 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Amines (Continued)

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm mg/M ³	ppm cr mg/1	ppm or mg/l
Diisopropanolamine	0.06*	0.30*	0.40
Triethanolamine	0.06*	0.30*	0.20
Aminoethylethanolamine	0.06*	0.30*	
Urea	0.06*	0.30*	
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TABLE NO. 136 Toxicity Data - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Amines

COMPOUND	ppm 7	CLV mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Methylamine	10	12		sc LDca 2500 mg/kg rat
Ethylamine	10	18		or LD50 400 mg/kg rat
Propylamine				
Isopropylamine	5 .	12		ih LCca 4000 ppm rat or LD50 820 mg/kg rat
Butylamine	5	15		or LD50 500 mg/kg rat ih LC50 4000 ppm rat
Dimethylamine	10	18	•	or LD50 698 mg/kg rat
Diethylamine	25	75		or LD50 649 mg/kg mus
Trimethylamine				
Triethylamine	25	100		·
Cyclohexylamine				or LD50 710 mg/kg rat ip LD50 200 mg/kg rat
Ethyleneimine	0.5	1	·	ih LCca 62 ppm rat ip TXD 6 mg/kg mus TFX: EM mus

TABLE NO. 137 Toxicity Data - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Amines (cont'd)

COMPOUND	ppm	LV mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/	_{'M} 3	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Ethylenediamine	10	25			sc LD50 424 mg/kg mus
Hexamethylenediamine					
Diethylenetriamine	1	4			or LD50 2080 mg/kg rat
Triethylene tetramine	*				
Monoethanolamine	3	6			o
Diethanolamine					
Diisopropanolamine		į			
Triethanolamine ,					
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TABLE NO. 138 Water Quality Parameters - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Amines

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Methylamine		30		
Ethylamine		30		
Propylamine		20	-	
Isopropylamine		40 - 80		,
Butylamine	. 27	40		
Dimethylamine		30		
Diethylamine		100	۰	
Trimethylamine		250		
Triethylamine		80		
Cyclohexylamine				·
Ethyleneimine		1 - 100		
Ethylenediamine		30		
Hexamethylenediamine				
Diethylenetriamine		100 - 1000		
Triethylene tetramine	,			

TABLE NO. 139 Water Quality Parameters - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Amines (contd)

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Monoethanolamine		75		
Diethanolamine	90	100		
Diisopropanolamine		40		
Triethanolamine	o	20		
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TABLE NO. 140- Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Aromatic Amines

CUDCMANGE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Aniline	0.05	0.19	0.95	10
beta - Naphthylamine		A^1	0 (Carcinogen)	
o - Toliudine	0.05	0.22	1.10	10
Mono ethylaniline		0.09*	0.45*	
Diphenylamine		0.10	0.50	
Pyridine	0.05	0.15	0.75	40
m - Nitroaniline		0.06*	0.30*	0.24
p - Nitroaniline	0.01	0.06	0.30	0.24
2,4-Dinitroaniline		0.06*	0.30*	
Monomethylaniline	0.02	0.09	0.45	
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TABLE NO. 141 Toxicity Data - Aromatic Amines

COMPOUND	ppm	TLV mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Aniline	5	19	-	or LD50 442 mg/kg rat ih LCca 250 ppm rat
beta-Naphthylamine	<u> </u>	A^1		ip LDca 200 mg/kg mus TFX: EC dog
o-Toluidine	5	22		or LD50 940 mg/kg rat
Monoethylaniline	<u> </u> 	•		or LD50 1100 mg/kg rat
Diphenylamine		10		
Pyridine	5	15		or LD50 1580 mg/kg rat
m-Nitroaniline				
p-Nitroaniline	1	6		,
2,4-Dinitroaniline				
Monomethylaniline	2	9	•	

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Aniline	49	100		LC 200 ppm minnow
beta-Naphthylamine				
o-Toluidine	45	100		
Monoethylaniline				
Diphenylamine				
Pyridine	100	400	1350	LC 1000 ppm perch
m-Nitroaniline	•	24		
p-Nitroaniline		24		
2,4-Dinitroaniline			•	
	1	1		

TABLE NO. 143- Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Esters

GUD GEL NOD	LIMIT F	OR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Methyl formate	1.0	2.5	12.5	10 - 100
Methyl chloroformate		0.03*	0.15*	
Methyl acetate	2.0	6.1	30.5	
Ethyl acetate	4.0	14	70.0	100
Propyl acetate	2.0	8.4	42.0	10 - 100
Isopropyl acetate	2.5	9.5	47.5	100 - 1000
Butyl acetate	1.5	7.1	35.5	4.4
Amyl acetate	1.0	5.25	26.25	6.5
Isobutyl acetate	1.5	7.0	35.00	100 - 1000
Vinyl acetate	0.1	0.3	1.5	2.5
Methyl acrylate	0.1	0.35	1.75	10 - 100
Ethyl acrylate	0.25	1.0	5.00	10 - 100
Butyl acrylate		1.0*	5.00*	10 - 100
Methyl methacrylate	1.0	4.1	20.5	40
Ethyl phthalate		0.05*	0.25*	0.12
Eibutyl phthalate		0.05	0.25	100 - 1000
Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	0.25	1.2	6.0	
1			1	1

TABLE NO. 144 Toxicity Data - Esters

COMPOUND	ppm	TLV mg/M ³	MAC ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Methyl formate	100	250	·		ih LCca 10,000 ppm gpg
Methyl chloroformate					
Methyl acetate	200	610	200		sc LDca 3000 mg/kg gpg
Ethyl acetate	400	1400	400		ih LC50 1600 ppm rat
Propyl acetate	200	840			
Isopropyl acetate	250	950			
Butyl acetate	150	710	200		ih TXC 200 ppm man ih TFX: IRR, MUC man
Amyl acetate	100	525	100		ih LCca 5200 ppm rat
Isobutyl acetate	150	700			ih LCca 8000 ppm rat
Vinyl acetate	10	30		·	ih LCca 4000 ppm rat
Methyl acrylate	10	35			ih LCca 1000 ppm rat
Ethyl acrylate	25	100	25		or LD50 1020 mg/kg rat
Butyl acrylate				:	or LD50 3730 mg/kg rat
Methyl methacrylate	100	410			ih TXC 125 ppm man ih TFX: IRR, MUC man
Ethyl phthalate					

TABLE NO. 145 Toxicity Data - Esters (cont'd)

COMPOUND	ppm	LV mg/M ³	ррш	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Dibutyl phthalate		5			or TXD 140 mg/kg man or TFX: CNS man
Ethylene glycol mono- ethyl ether acetate			100		ih LCca 2000 ppm rat
Ethylene glycol mono- methyl ether acetate	25	120			or LD50 3930 mg/kg rat ih LCca 8000 ppm rat
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·					

TABLE NO. 146 Water Quality Parameters - Esters

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	? Other
Methyl formate		100 - 1000	V	
Methyl chlorformate				
Methyl acetate				
Ethyl acetate	36	1000		
Propyl acetate		100 - 1000		
Isopropyl acetate	13	1000 - 10,000	·	
Butyl acetáte	24	44	·	Ī
Amyl acetate	38	65		
Isobutyl acetate		1000 - 10,000		•
Vinyl acetate		25		
Methyl acrylate		100 - 1000		
Ethyl acrylate		100 - 1000		
Butyl acrylate	·	100 - 1000		
Methyl methacrylate		400		
Ethyl phthalate		1.2		

TABLE NO. 147 Water Quality Parameters - Esters (cont'd)

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Dibutyl phthalate	19	1000 - 10,000		
Ethylene glycol mono- ethyl ether acetate		100 ~ 1,000		
•				

TABLE NO. 148- Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Ethers

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT ppm	FOR AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Diethyl ether	4	12	60.0	
Isopropyl ether	2.5	10.5	52.5	1 - 10
Ethylene oxide	0.5	0.9	4.5	1 - 10
Propylene oxide	1.0	2.4	12.0	10 - 100
Dioxane	1.0	3.6	18.0	
Morpholine	0.2	0.7	3.5	1 - 10
Diethylene dioxide		0.9*	4.5*	
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TABLE NO. 149 Toxicity Data - Ethers

COMPOUND	ppm	TLV mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³ TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Diethyl ether	400	1200	or LD50 3560 mg/kg rat
Isopropyl ether	250	1050	ih TXC 800 ppm man ih TFX: IRR, MUC man
Ethylene oxide	50	90	ih LCca 4000 ppm rat iv LDca 444 mg/kg dog P
Propylene oxide	100	240	or LD50 1140 mg/kg rat ih LCca 4000 ppm rat P
Dioxane	100	360	ih LCca 470 ppm man
Morpholine	20	70	or LD50 1050 mg/kg rat
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TABLE NO. 150 Water Quality Parameters - Ethers

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Diethyl ether	1			
Isopropyl ether		100 - 1000		
Ethylene oxide		100 - 1000		
Propylene oxide		1000 - 10,000		
Dioxane	0			
Morpholine	0.9	100 - 1000		

TABLE NO. 151 Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Saturated Aliphatic Halides

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³		LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1	
Methyl bromide	0.15	0.60	3.0	10 - 100	
Chloromethane	1.0	2.1	10.5	10 - 100	
Ethyl chloride	10	26	130	10 - 100	
Dichloromethane	5	17.4	87	1 - 10	
Ethylene bromide	0.2	1.45	7.25		
Ethylene dichloride	0.5	2.0	10	1.5	
Propylene dichloride	0.75	3.5	17.5		
2-Dichloropropane		3.5*	17.5*	0.01 - 1	
Chloroform	0.25	1.2	. 6	0.1	
Carbon tetrachloride 5	0.1	0.65	1.95	1 - 10	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	10	49.5	247.5		
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	10	70	350		
Trichloroethane, 1, 1, 1	3.5	19	19	0.75	
Dichloroethyl ether	0.05	0.30	1.5	1 - 10	
Epichlorohydrin	0.05	0.19	0.95	0.01 - 1.0	
Benzyl chloride	0.01	0.05	0.25	0.10	
Chloropicrin	0.001	0.007	0.035		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.05	0.35	1.75		

TABLE NO. 152 Toxicity Data - Saturated Aliphatic Halides

TL.	mg/M ³	ppm ppm	MG/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
15	60			ih LCca 35 ppm man ih LCca 300 ppm gpg TFX: CNS, GIT man ih LCca 2000 ppm rat P
100	210	100		ih LC50 6500 mg/M ³ rat
1000	2600	1000		ih TXC 13,000 ppm man TFX: CNS man
500	1740	500		ih TXC 500 ppm man ih TFX: CNS man
20	145	25		
50	200	50		ih LCca 1000 ppm rat ih TXC 4000 ppm man TFX: CNS, IRR, EYE, SYS man
75	350	75		or LD50 860 mg/kg mus ih LCca 2000 ppm rat P
				·
25	120	50		TXC: ih 10 ppm man TFX: SYS man
10	65	`25		ih LDca 1000 ppm man P
	ppm 15 100 1000 500 20 50 75	15 60 100 210 1000 2600 500 1740 20 145 50 200 75 350	ppm mg/M³ ppm 15 60 100 100 210 100 1000 2600 1000 500 1740 500 20 145 25 50 200 50 75 350 75 25 120 50	ppm mg/M³ ppm mg/M³ 15 60 100 100 210 100 1000 2600 1000 500 1740 500 20 145 25 50 200 50 75 350 75 25 120 50

TABLE NO. 153 Toxicity Data - Saturated Aliphatic Halides (Cont'd)

COMPOUND	TL'	v mg/M ³	MA ppm	C mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1000	4950	1000		·
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	1000	7000			
Trichloroethane,1,1,1	350	1900	500		or LDca 750 mg/kg dog
Dichloroethyl ether	5	30			or LD50 105 mg/kg rat ih LCca 1000 ppm gpg P
Epichlorohydrin	5	19			or LD50 90 mg/kg rat ih LC50 500 ppm rat
Benzyl chloride	1	5			ih TXC 16 ppm man
Chloropicrin	0.1	0.7			ih TXC 4 ppm man ih TFX: IRR, SKN, EYE, PUL, CNS man
1,1,2,2- Tetrachloroethane	5	35			
Trichlorofluoromethane	1000	5600			•
α-Chloroacetophenone	0.05	0.3			

TABLE NO. 154 Water Quality Parameters - Saturated Aliphatic Halides

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Cambusia affinis ppm	Other _.
Methyl bromide		1000 - 10,000		
Chloromethane		1000 - 10,000		
Ethyl chloride		1000 - 10,000	·	
Dichloromethane		100 - 1000		
Ethylene bromide				
Ethylene dichloride	0.2	150		
Propylene dichloride				
2-Dichloropropane		1 - 100		
Chloroform	2	10		
Carbon tetrachloride	0	100 - 1000		
Dichlorodifluoro- methane				
Dichlorotetrafluoro- ethane	!			
Trichloroethane,1,1,1		75		
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TABLE NO. 155 Water Quality Parameters - Saturated Aliphatic Halides (cont'd)

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Dichloroethyl ether	. •	100 - 1000	·	
Epichlorohydrin		1 - 100		
Benzyl chloride		10		
Chloropicrin				
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TABLE NO. 156- Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Unsaturated Aliphatic Halides

CUP CTANOE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Allyl chloride	0.01	0.03	0.15	100 - 1000
Vinyl chloride	2.0	7.70	38.50	
1,3-Dichloropropene		0.03*	0.15*	4.0
Trichloroethylene	1.0	5.35	26.75	5.5
Perchloroethylene	1.0	6.70	33.50	0.1 - 10
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TABLE NO. 157 Toxicity Data - Unsaturated Aliphatic Halides

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Allyl chloride	1	3	5		ih LCca 2000 ppm rat
Vinyl chloride	200	770			
1,3-Dichloropropene				•	
Trichloroethylene	100	535	100		or LD50 5860 mg/kg dog ih LC50 8000 ppm rat
Perchloroethylene	100	670			ih TXC 230 ppm man ih TFX: SYS, CNS man
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TABLE NO. 158 Water Quality Parameters - Unsaturated Aliphatic Halides

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Allyl chloride		1000 - 10,000		
Vinyl chloride				
1,3-Dichl o ropropene		40		
Trichloroethylene		55		
Perchloroethylene		1 - 100		

TABLE NO. 159 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Aromatic Halides

CUDCTANGE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/l
Chlorobenzene	0.75	3.5	17.5	0.35
o - Dichlorobenzene	0.50	3.0	15.0	0.05
p - Dichlorobenzene	0.75	4.5	22.5	0.05
Trichlorobenzene		3.0*	15.0*	0.01 - 1.0
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TABLE NO. 160 Toxicity Data - Aromatic Halides

COMPOUND	ррш .	LV mg/M ³	ppm	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Chlorobenzene	75	350	75		or LD50 2910 mg/kg rat
o-Dichlorobenzene	50	300	50		iv LCca 326 mg/kg rbt
p-Dichlorobenzene	75	450	75		or TXD: 300 mg/kg man
Trichlorobenzene					
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Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Chlorobenzene	1	35		·
o-Dichlorobenzene		5 .		
p-Dichlorobenzene		5		
Trichlorobenzene		1 - 100		
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TABLE NO. 162 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Hydrocarbons

aun an the n	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ррш	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/1
Propane	E	10*	50*	
Butane	5.0	12.0	60	1000
Pentane	5.0	15.0	75	10
Isopentane		15.0*	. 75*	
Hexane	5.0	18.0	90	100 - 1000
Heptane	5.0	20.0	100	10
Cyclohexane	3.0	10.5	52.5	1
Tripropane		10*	50*	100 - 1000
Tetrapropylene		10*	50*	100 - 1000
Diisobutylene		10*	50*	
Tetrahydrofuran	2.0	5.9	29.5	
Dicyclopentadiene		15.0*	75*	

TABLE NO.163 Toxicity Data - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Hydrocarbons

COMPOUND	ppm	TLV mg/M ³	ppm	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Propane	E				
Butane	500	1200			ih LC50 658 mg/kg rat
Pentane	500	1500	1000		ih LDca 130,000 ppm man ih TFX: CNS man
Isopentane				ļ	
Hexane	500	1800	500	·	ih TXC: 1400 ppm man TFX: CNS man
Heptane	500	2000	500		ih TXC 1000 ppm man TFX: CNS man
Cyclohexane	300	1050	400	1.38	or LDca 813 mg/kg mus
Tripropane				·	
Tetrapropylene					
Diisobutylene					!
Tetrahydrofuran	200	590	200		
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TABLE NO. 164 Water Quality Parameters - Saturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Hydrocarbons

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Propane				
Butane		10,000		
Pentane		100		
Isopentane				
Hexane		1000-10,000		
Heptane		100	4,924	
Cyclohexane		10	15,500	
Tripropane		1000-10,000		
Tetrapropylene		1000-10,000		•
Diisobutylene				
Tetrahydrofuran				

TABLE NO. 165 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Unsaturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Hydrocarbons

CUDCMANOR	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/1
Ethylene	E	22*	110*	2.2
Propylene		22*	110*	100 - 1000
1 - Butene		22*	110*	
Butylene		22*	110*	
Heptene		22*	110*	100 - 1000
Butadiene (1,3)	10	22	110	7.15
Isoprene		22*	110*	8.0
Acetylene	E	22*	110*	20
Turpentine	1.0	5.6	28	0.1
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TABLE NO. 166 Toxicity Data - Unsaturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Hydrocarbons

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Ethylene	E				
Propylene				 - -	
1 - Butene					
Butylene					·
Heptene		,			
Butadiene (1, 3)	1000	2200		,	ih LC50 285 mg/kg rat
Isoprene	,				ih LC50 180 mg/M ³ rat
Acetylene	E				
Turpentine	100	560	100		ih TXC 75 ppm man ih TFX: IRR, PUL man
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TABLE NO.167 Water Quality Parameters - Unsaturated Aliphatic and Alicyclic Hydrocarbons

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Ethylene		22		
Propylene	·	1000-10,000		
1-Butene				
Butylene				
Heptene		1000-10,000		
Butadiene (1, 3)		71.5		
Isoprene		80		
Acetylene		200		
Turpentine		· 1		
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TABLE NO. 168 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Aromatic Hydrocarbons

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
Benzene .	0.25	0.80	3.50	0.05
Toluene	1.0	3.75	18.75	0.50
Ethylbenzene	1.0	4.35	21.75	0.50
Cumene	0.5	2.45	12.25	0.01 - 1.0
Dodecyl benzene		3.75*	18.75*	0.01 - 1.0
Styrene	1.0	4.20	21.00	0.25
Xylene	1.0	4.35	21.75	0.10
Naphthalene	0.10	0.50	2.50	0.10
Naphtha (coal tar)	1.0	4.00	20.00	
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TABLE NO. 169 Toxicity Data - Aromatic Hydrocarbons

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Benzene	25	80	25	ih LDca 60 ppm man TFX: WBC, RBC man or LD50 4080 mg/kg rat
Toluene	100	375	200	ih LCca 8000 ppm rat ih TXC 500 ppm man ih TFX: CNS, RBC man
Ethyl benzene	100	435	100	ih TXC 200 ppm man ih TFX: IRF, EYE man
Cumene	50	245	100	or LD50 2910 mg/kg ra t
Dodecyl benzene				
Styrene	100	420	100	or LD50 5000 mg/kg rat or LD50 4920 mg/kg rat
Xylene	100	435	200	or LD50 4300 mg/kg rat
Naphthalene	10	50	10	or LD50 2 200 mg/kg rat P
Naphtha (coal tar)	100	400		LCca 1600 ppm rat

TABLE NO.170 Water Quality Parameters - Aromatic Hydrocarbons

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Benzene	1.9	5	395	
Toluene	0.0	50	1,260	
Ethyl benzene	2.8	50		
Cumene	•	1-100		
Dodecyl benzene		1-100		
Styrene		25	·	
Xylene	0.0	10		
Naphthalene	0.0	10	165	LC 20 ppm perch
Naphtha (coal tar)				·
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aup am Arra-	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Hydrazine	0.01	0.013	0.065	10.0
Phenylhydrazine hydrochloride	0.05	0.22	1.10	
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TABLE NO. 172 - Toxicity Data - Hydrazines

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M³	ppm	AC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Hydrazine	1	1.3	1		ip LD50 1 0 2 mg/kg rat ih LC50 570 ppm rat
Phenylhydrazine hydrochloride	5	22	,		or 550 mg/kg rat
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TABLE NO. 174- Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Ketones

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOI	R AIR (MAN) mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH ppm or mg/l
Acetone	10	24	60.0	1300
Ethylmethyl ketone	2	5.9	29.5	340
Methylisobutyl ketone	1	4.1	20.5	100 - 1000
Diisobutyl ketone	0.25	1.5	7.5	10 - 100
Cyclohexanone	0.50	2.0	10.0	0.1 - 10
Mesit yl oxide	0.25	1.0	5.0	0.1 - 10
Isophorone	0.10	0.55	2.75	0.1 - 10
Camphor	0.02	0.12	0.6	
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TABLE NO. 175 Toxicity Data - Ketones

COMPOUND	ppm	rlv mg/M ³	ppm	MAC mg/N ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Acetone	1000	2400	1000		ih TXD 500 ppm man SFX: EYE, PUL man
Ethylmethyl ketone	200	590	250		ih LCca 2000 ppm rat or LD50 3980 mg/kg rat
Methylisobutyl ketone	100	410	100		ih LDca 4000 ppm rat ih TXC 200 ppm man TFX: IRR, EYE, CNS man
Diisobutyl ketone	25	150	50	·	ih LC50 2000 ppm rat
Cyclohexanone	50	200	50		or LD50 3460 mg/kg rat ih TXG > 50 ppm man TFX: IRR, PUL man ip LD50 1950 mg/kg mus
Mesityloxide	25	100	25		ip LD50 354 mg/kg mus
Isophorone	10	55			or LD50 2330 mg/kg rat
Camphor	2	12			ip LD50 900 mg/kg rat

TABLE NO. 176 Water Quality Parameters - Ketones

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Acetone	55	13,000		
Ethyl methyl ketone		3,400		
Methyl isobutyl ketone	22	1,000-10,000		
Diisobutyl ketone		100-1,000		
Cyclohexanone		1-100		
Mesityl oxide	·	1-100		
Isophorone		1-100		
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dun of Avon	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Methyl mercaptan	0.005	0.01	0.05	0.05
Ethyl mercaptan	0.005	0.01	0.05	·
Butyl mercaptan	0.005	0.015	0.075	
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TABLE NO. 178- Toxicity Data - Mercaptans

COMPOUND	bbw	TLV mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Methyl mercaptan	0.5	1		ih LCca 10,000 ppm rat sc LD50 2.4 mg/kg mus
Ethyl mercaptan	0.5	1		ih TXC 4 ppm man TFX: CNS, IRR man
Butyl mercaptan	0.5	1.5		ih LC50 4020 rat
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Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Methyl mercaptan		0.5		
Ethyl mercaptan				
Butyl mercaptan				
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TABLE NO. 180 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Nitriles

CVIDCEANOR	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/1
Acetonitrile	0.4	0.7	3.5	10 .
Acrylonitrile	0.2	0.45	1.99	0.15
Ethylene cyanohydrin		0.45*	1.99*	1 - 10
Acetonecyanohydrin		0.45*	1.99*	
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COMPOUND	T ppm	LV mg/M ³	ppm	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Acetonitrile	40	70	40		or LD50 3800 mg/kg rat ih LCca 8000 ppm rat
Acrylonitrile	20	45	20	·	ih LCca 500 ppm rat or LD50 93 mg/kg rat P
Ethylene cyanohydrin					· :
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Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Acetonitrile	0	1000		
Acrylonitrile	0	15 .		
Ethylene cyanohydrin		100 - 1000		
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TABLE NO. 183 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Aliphatic Nitro Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FO	OR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/l
Nitromethane	1.0	2.5	12.5	
Nitroethane	1.0	3.1	15.5	0.01 - 1.0
l-Nitropropane	0.25	0.90	4.5	
Tetranitromethane	0.01	0.08	0.4	
PETN		0.02*	0.1*	
Nitroglycerin	0.002	0.02	0.1	
1,2,4 - Butanetrioltrinitrate		0.02*	0.1*	
Dipentacrythritol hexanitrate		0.02*	0.1*	
Glycol dinitrate		0.02*	0.1*	
Mannitol hexanitrate		0.02*	0.1*	,
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TABLE NO. 184 Toxicity Data - Aliphatic Nitro Compounds

COMPOUND	ppm	rLV mg/M ³	ppm	mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Nitromethane	100	250	100		ih LCca 1000 ppm gpg
Nitroethane	100	310	100		
1-Nitropropane	25	90			or LDca 250 mg/kg rat
Tetranitromethane	1	8	1		ih LCca 33 ppm rat
PETN (pentaerythritoltet- ranitrate)					or THD 0.15 mg/kg/da man or SFX: CNS, GIT man
Nitroglycerin	0.2	2	0.5		or LDca 80 mg/kg rat or LDca 100 mg/kg rat iv LDca 45 mg/kg rbt im LDca 275 mg/kg rat
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TABLE NO. 185 Water Quality Parameters - Aliphatic Nitro Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Nitromethane				
Nitroethane		1 - 100		
1-Nitropropane				
Tetranitromethane		•		
PETN (pentaerythritol tetranitrate)			·	
Nitroglycerin				
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TABLE NO. 186 - Calculated Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Aromatic Nitro Compounds

CUDCHANCE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Nitrobenzene	0.01	0.05	0.25	0.20
Nitrotoluene	0.05	0.30	1.50	0.14
Dinitrobenzene		0.01	0.05	0.02
Dinitrotoluene		0.015	0.075	0.10
m-Nitrochlorobenzene		0.01*	0.05*	·
p-Nitrochlorobenzene		0.01	0.05	
Trinitrotoluene		0.015	0.075	
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TABEL NO. 187 Toxicity Data - Aromatic Nitro Compounds

COMPOUND	ppm	rlv mg/M ³	ppm	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Nitrobenzene	1	5	1		or LDca 700 mg/kg rbt or LD 10 mg/kg man P
Nitrotoluene	5	30		•	
Dinitroben zene		1			or LDca 29 mg/kg cat
Dinitrotoluene		1.5			
m-Nitrochlorobenzene					•
p-Nitrochlorobenzene		1			
Trinitrotoluene		1.5	•		
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TABLE NO. 188 Water Quality Parameters - Aromatic Nitro Compounds

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Nitrobenzene	0	20		
Nitrotoluene		14		
Dinitrobenzene		2		
Dinitrotoluene		10		
m-Nitrochlorobenzene				
p-Nitrochlorobenzene				
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LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)

LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)

LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)

TABLE NO. 190 Toxicity Data - Organic Pesticides

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Aldrin	0.25		or LD50 55 mg/kg rat
			P sk LDca 15 mg/kg rbt
Dieldrin	0.25		or LD50 40 mg/kg rat P
Endrin	0.1		or LD50 70 mg/kg rat P
DDD			or LD50 2500 mg/kg rat P
DDT	1	1	or TXD 16 mg/kg man or LD50 150 mg/kg rat TFX: CNS man
Heptachlor	0.5		P .
Methyl Parathion	0.2		or LD50 6 mg/kg rat oc LDca 1.5 mg/kg man P
Parathion	0.1	0.1	or LD50 4 mg/kg rat
2,4-D	10		or LD50 375 mg/kg rat P
Demeton	0.1		
Benzene hexachloride (Lindane)	0.5		or LD50 125-1000 mg/kg rat
Guthion	0.2		
Chlordane	0.5		or LD50 283 mg/kg rat

TABLE NO. 191 Water Quality Parameters - Organic Pesticides

Compound	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Shrimp μg/l	Other
Aldrin	0.023	0.04	
Dieldrin	0.003	0.3	
Endrin	0.001	0.2	
מממ	0.013		
DDT	0.0023	0.6	
Methyl Parathion			
Parathion	0.001	1.0	
2,4-D	100		
Benzene hexachloride (Lindane)	0.018	0.2	
Chlordane		2.0	·
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TABLE NO. 192 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Organic Phosphates

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
333511102	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Hexaethyltetra phosphate	0.001*	0.005*	5.0
Tricresylphosphate	0.01	0.05	·
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COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Hexaethyltetra phosphate Tricresylphosphate	0.1		or LDca 1000 mg/kg man or TXC 6 mg/kg man or TFX: CNS man
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TABLE NO. 194 - Water Quality Parameters - Organic Phosphates

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia affinis ppm	Other
Hexalthyltetra Phosphate		50		
Tricresylphosphate				
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aun an Avan	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/1	ppm or mg/1
Hydroquinone		0.02	0.10	0.02
Quinone	0.001	0.004	0.02	0.5
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TABLE NO. 196 - Toxicity Data - Quinones

COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	рþш	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Hydroquinone		2		2	or LD50 320 mg/kg rat
Quinone	0.1	0.4	0.1	•	ih LCca 320 mg/kg mus or LD50 130 mg/kg rat TFX: SKN, EYE man
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Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Hydroguinone Quinone	53	0.2 5.0		
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TABLE NO. 198 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Organic Sulfates

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN) mg/m ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/l	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Dimethylsulfate	0.01	0.05	0.25	
Benzene Sulfuric acid		0.05*	0.25*	
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TABLE NO. 199 Toxicity Data - Organic Sulfates

COMPOUND	TLV	mg/M ³	ppm	MAC mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Dimethylsulfate Benzene Sulfuric acid	1	5	٠.		ih LCca 32 ppm rat
benzene Sullufic acid					·
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TABLE NO. 200 Water Quality Parameters - Organic Sulfates

Compound	% Theoretical BOD ₅	Fish Toxicity Critical Concentration mg/l	48-Hour TL Gambusia ^m affinis ppm	Other
Dimethylsulfate				
Benzene sulfuric acid				
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SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/m ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) pym or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Benzoyl peroxide	0.05	0.25	
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TABLE NO. 202 - Toxicity Data - Organic Peroxides

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Benzoyl peroxide	5		
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TABLE NO. 203 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Isocyanates

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Toluene diisocyanate	0.0014	0.007	
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TABLE NO. 204 - Toxicity Data - Isocyanates

COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³		MAC ppm mg/M ³		mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION	
Toluene diisocyanate	0.02	0.14				·	
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SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/l
Lewisite	3x10 ⁻⁶ *	1.5x10 ⁻⁵ *	
Nitrogen mustard	3x10 ⁻⁶ *	1.5×10 ⁻⁵ *	·
GB	3x10 ⁻⁶	1.5x10 ⁻⁵	
vx	3x10 ⁻⁶	1.5x10 ⁻⁵	
Sulfur Mustard	4x10 ⁻⁵	·	
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COMPOUND	TLV ppm	mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Lewisite		•		
Nitrogen mustard				
GB			0.00000	3
vx			0.00000	03
Sulfur Mustard		4x10 ⁻³		
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TABLE NO. 207 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Boron Compounds

dyr drayon.	LIMIT FO	R AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm	mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/1
Boron oxide		0.10	0.50	·
Boron tribromide	0.01	0.10	0.50	
Boron trifluoride	0.01	0.03	0.15	
Boron trichloride		0.03*	0.15*	
Boron hydride		0.00025*	0.001*	
Pentaborane		0.0001	0.0005	
Boric acid	·	0.1*	1.00 as B DWS	
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CIIDCTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (MAN)	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH)
SUBSTANCE	ppm mg/M ³	ppm or mg/l	ppm or mg/l
Lithium hydride	0.00025	0.001	
Lithium aluminum hydride	0.00025*	0.001*	
Sodium hydride	0.00025*	0.001*	
Boron hydride	0.00025*	0.001*	
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COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Lithium hydride Lithium aluminum hydride	0.025	0.025	
Sodium hydride Boron hydride	,		·
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TABLE NO. 212 - Provisional Limits for Air and Water - Tantalum Compounds

SUBSTANCE	LIMIT FOR AIR (MAN) ppm mg/M ³	LIMIT FOR WAIER (MAN) ppm or mg/1	LIMIT FOR WATER (FISH) ppm or mg/1
Tantalum	0.05	0.20	·
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COMPOUND	TLV ppm mg/M ³	MAC ppm mg/M ³	TOXIC CONCENTRATION
Tantalum	5		. •
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