U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

WORKING PAPER SERIES



REPORT
ON
LAKE TARPON
PINELLAS COUNTY
FLORIDA
EPA REGION IV
WORKING PAPER No. 275

CORVALLIS ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY - CORVALLIS, OREGON and ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING & SUPPORT LABORATORY - LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

REPORT
ON
LAKE TARPON
PINELLAS COUNTY
FLORIDA
EPA REGION IV
WORKING PAPER No. 275

WITH THE COOPERATION OF THE
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION
AND THE
FLORIDA NATIONAL GUARD
DECEMBER, 1977

CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
For	reword	· ii
Lis	st of Florida Lakes	iv
Lal	ke and Drainage Area Map	v
Sec	ctions	
I.	Conclusions	1
II.	Lake and Drainage Basin Characteristics	3
III.	Lake Water Quality Summary	4
IV.	Nutrient Loadings	8
٧.	Literature Reviewed	13
VI.	Appendices	14

FOREWORD

The National Eutrophication Survey was initiated in 1972 in response to an Administration commitment to investigate the nation-wide threat of accelerated eutrophication to freshwater lakes and reservoirs.

OBJECTIVES

The Survey was designed to develop, in conjunction with state environmental agencies, information on nutrient sources, concentrations, and impact on selected freshwater lakes as a basis for formulating comprehensive and coordinated national, regional, and state management practices relating to point-source discharge reduction and non-point source pollution abatement in lake watersheds.

ANALYTIC APPROACH

The mathematical and statistical procedures selected for the Survey's eutrophication analysis are based on related concepts that:

- a. A generalized representation or model relating sources, concentrations, and impacts can be constructed.
- b. By applying measurements of relevant parameters associated with lake degradation, the generalized model can be transformed into an operational representation of a lake, its drainage basin, and related nutrients.
- c. With such a transformation, an assessment of the potential for eutrophication control can be made.

LAKE ANALYSIS

In this report, the first stage of evaluation of lake and watershed data collected from the study lake and its drainage basin is documented. The report is formatted to provide state environmental agencies with specific information for basin planning [§303(e)], water quality criteria/standards review [§303(c)], clean lakes [§314(a,b)], and water quality monitoring [§106 and §305(b)] activities mandated by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972.

Beyond the single lake analysis, broader based correlations between nutrient concentrations (and loading) and trophic condition are being made to advance the rationale and data base for refinement of nutrient water quality criteria for the Nation's fresh water lakes. Likewise, multivariate evaluations for the relationships between land use, nutrient export, and trophic condition, by lake class or use, are being developed to assist in the formulation of planning guidelines and policies by EPA and to augment plans implementation by the states.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The staff of the National Eutrophication Survey (Office of Research & Development, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency) expresses sincere appreciation to the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation for professional involvement and to the Florida National Guard for conducting the tributary sampling phase of the Survey.

Joseph W. Landers, Jr., Secretary of the Department of Environmental Regulation; John A Redmond, former Director of the Division of Planning, Technical Assistance, and Grants; and Dr. Tim S. Stuart, Chief of the Bureau of Water Quality, provided invaluable lake documentation and counsel during the survey, reviewed the preliminary reports, and provided critiques most useful in the preparation of this Working Paper series.

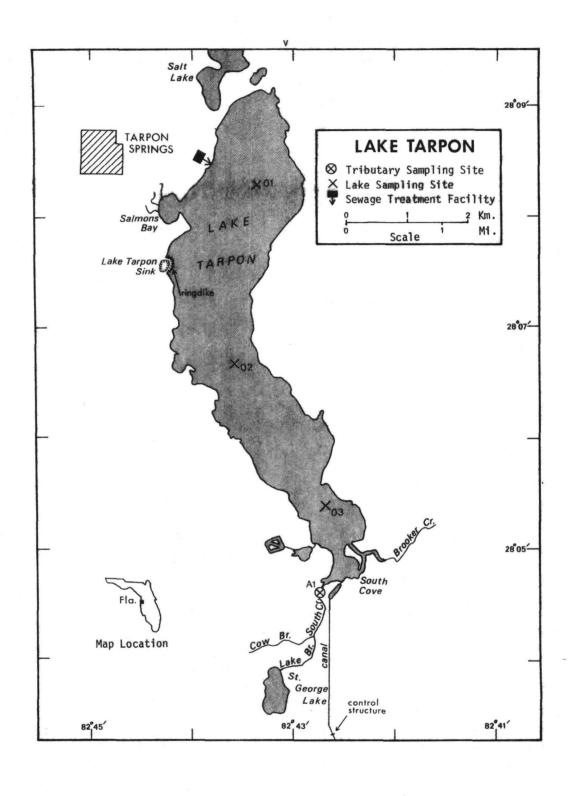
Major General Henry W. McMillan (Retired), then the Adjutant General of Florida, and Project Officer Colonel Hugo F. Windham, who directed the volunteer efforts of the Florida National Guard, are also gratefully acknowledged for their assistance to the Survey.

NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

STUDY LAKES

STATE OF FLORIDA

LAKE NAME	COUNTY
Alligator	Columbia
Apopka	Lake, Orange
Banana	Polk
Crescent	Flagler, Putnam
Doctors	Clay
Dora	Lake
East Tohopekaliga	Osceola
Effie	Polk
Eloise	Polk
George	Putnam, Volusia
Gibson	Polk
Glenada	Highlands
Griffin	Lake
Haines	Polk
Hancock .	Polk
Horseshoe	Seminole
Howell	Orange, Seminole
Is tokpoga	Highlands
Jessie	Po1k
Jessup	Seminole
Kissimmee	Osceola
Lawne	Or ange
Lulu	Polk
Marion	Po1k
Minnehaha	O range
Mînneola	Lake
Monroe	Seminole, Volusia
Munson	Leon
0keechobee	Glades, Hendry, Martin,
	Okeechobee, Palm Beach
Poinsett	Brevard, Orange, Osceola
Reedy	Polk
Seminole	Jackson, FL; Decatur,
Seminole	Seminole, GA Pinellas
South	Brevard
Talquin	Gadsden, Leon
Tarpon	Pinellas
Thonotosassa	Hillsborough
Tohopekaliga	Osceola
Trout	Lake
Weohyakapka	Polk
Yale	Lake
TUTC	Lunc



LAKE TARPON

STORET NO. 1250

I. CONCLUSIONS

A. Trophic Condition:

Survey data indicate that Lake Tarpon is mesotrophic. However, primary productivity in the lake may be inhibited by the relatively high levels of chlorides resulting from the previous inflows of saline water through the sinkhole on the west side of the lake (see map, page v); the mean chloride concentration in April of 1972 was 310 mg/l (Hunn, 1974).

This lake ranked fifth in overall trophic quality when the 41 Florida lakes sampled in 1973 were compared using a combination of six parameters*. Seven of the lakes had less median total phosphorus, 16 had less median dissolved phosphorus, none had less and two had the same median inorganic nitrogen, four had less mean chlorophyll <u>a</u>, and none had greater mean Secchi disc transparency.

Survey limnologists noted that the lake was moderately clear and slightly humic in color, and that emergent macrophytes were growing along most of the shoreline.

B. Rate-Limiting Nutrient:

The algal assay results are not considered representative of conditions in the lake at the time the sample was collected (03/08/73). However, the lake data indicate nitrogen limitation at all sampling stations and times.

^{*} See Appendix A.

C. Nutrient Controllability:

1. Point sources--The point-source phosphorus load is estimated to have accounted for 15.3% of the total phosphorus load reaching Lake Tarpon during the sampling year.

The sampling year phosphorus loading of 0.45 g/m² is only slightly greater than that proposed by Vollenweider (Vollenweider and Dillon, 1974) as a eutrophic loading (see page 12). Phosphorus control at the Lake Tarpon Mobile Home Village most likely would help to maintain the present Lake Tarpon water quality.

2. Non-point sources--The gaged and ungaged tributaries contributed an estimated 75.0% of the total phosphorus and 92.5% of the total nitrogen inputs. South Creek contributed 4.5% of the phosphorus and 5.6% of the nitrogen.

The ungaged area includes Brooker Creek that accounts for most of the inflow (Hunn, 1974); and, therefore, the nutrient loads contributed by this tributary may be greater than those estimated for ungaged tributaries and immediate drainage.

II. LAKE AND DRAINAGE BASIN CHARACTERISTICS

A. Morphometry^{††}:

1. Surface area: 10.25 kilometers².

2. Mean depth: 2.5 meters.

3. Maximum depth: 4.6 meters.

4. Volume: $25.625 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^3$.

5. Mean hydraulic retention time: 189 days.

B. Tributary and Outlet: (See Appendix C for flow data)

1. Tributaries -

	Name	Drainage area (km²)*	Mean flow (m³/sec)*
	South Creek Minor tributaries &	8.8	0.08
	immediate drainage -	136.4	1.49
	Totals	145.2	1.57
2.	Outlet -		
	<pre>Irregular surface and ground water flow** -</pre>	155.4	1.57

C. Precipitation***:

- 1. Year of sampling: 118.5 centimeters.
- 2. Mean annual: 138.6 centimeters.

[†] Table of metric equivalents...Appendix B.

^{††} Hunn, 1974.

^{*} For limits of accuracy, see Working Paper No. 175, "...Survey Methods, 1973-1976".

^{**} See page 8.

^{***} See Working Paper No. 175.

III. LAKE WATER QUALITY SUMMARY

Lake Tarpon was sampled three times in 1973 by means of a pontoon-equipped Huey helicopter. Each time, samples for physical and chemical parameters were collected from three stations on the lake and from two or more depths at each station (see map, page v). During each visit, a single depth-integrated (near bottom to surface) sample was composited from the stations for phytoplankton identification and enumeration; and during the first visit, a single 18.9-liter depth-integrated sample was composited for algal assays. Also each time, a depth-integrated sample was collected from each of the stations for chlorophyll <u>a</u> analysis. The maximum depths sampled were 2.7 meters at station 1, 2.7 meters at station 2, and 2.1 meters at station 3.

The lake sampling results are presented in full in Appendix D and are summarized in the following table.

A. SUMMARY OF PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR LAKE TARPON STORET CODE 1250

1ST SAMPLING (3/ 9/73) 2ND SAMPLING (9/ 4/73) 3RD SAMPLING (11/ 6/73)
3 SITES 3 SITES 3 SITES

	5 ,	31163		J .	-11.0			•			
PARAMETER	RANGE	MEAN ME	DIAN R	ANGE	MEAN	MEDIAN	R	ANGE	MEAN	MEDIAN	
TEMP (C)	21.2 - 22.6	22.2 2	2•4 27•9	- 28.2	28.0	27.9	22.9	- 23.4	23.2	23.2	
DISS OXY (MG/L)	· 8.1 - 10.1	8.7	8.4 6.0	- 7.0	6.6	6.6	7.2	- 7.8	7.5	7.5	
CNDCTVY (MCROMO)	1400 1500.	1425. 146	00. 1768.	- 1796.	1782.	1782.	1580.	- 1586.	1584.	1585.	
PH (STAND UNITS)	6.9 - 7.9	7.2	7.1 5.5	- 6.0	5.7	5.7	5.9	- 6.2	6.1	6.1	
TOT ALK (MG/L)	10 10.	10.	10.	- 12.	10.	10.	10.	- 10.	10.	10.	
TOT P (MG/L)	0.042 - 0.052	0.046 0.0	0.020	- 0.045	0.026	0.022	0.030	- 0.046	0.034	0.030	
ORTHO P (MG/L)	0.027 - 0.033	0.029 0.0	0.010	- 0.029	0.016	0.014	0.010	- 0.045	0.021	0.017	
NO2+NO3 (MG/L)	0.020 - 0.040	0.025 0.0	020 0.040	- 0.050	0.047	0.050	0.020	- 0.030	0.023	0.020	
AMMONIA (MG/L)	0.030 - 0.050	0.039 0.0	0.050	- 0.070	0.058	0.060	0.040	- 0.050	0.043	0.040	
KJEL N (MG/L)	0.600 - 0.800	0.650 0.6	600 0.600	- 1.300	0.967	0.950	0.500	- 0.800	0.671	0.700	
INORG N (MG/L)	0.050 - 0.090	0.064 0.0	060 0.090	- 0.120	0.105	0.105	0.060	- 0.070	0.066	0.070	
TOTAL N (MG/L)	0.620 - 0.830	0.675 0.6	635 0.650	- 1.350	1.013	0.995	0.520	- 0.820	0.694	0.720	
CHERPYL A (UG/L)	0.8 - 28.7	10.9	3.2 3.5	- 7.7	5.4	5.1	3.5	- 4.7	4.3	4.6	
SECCHI (METERS)	2.1 - 2.5	2.3	2.1 2.8	- 3.3	3.0	2.8	2•1	- 2.7	2.3	2.1	

B. Biological characteristics:

1. Phytoplankton -

Sampling Date		ninant nera	Algal Units per ml
03/09/73	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Cryptomonas sp. Dinobryon sp. Flagellates Cyclotella sp. Kirchneriella sp. Other genera	104 59 37 24 11 33
		Total	268
09/04/73	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Flagellates Spermatozoopsis sp. Closterium sp. Dactylococcopsis sp. Oscillatoria sp. Other genera	2,017 1,008 800 146 123 92
		Total	4,186
11/06/73	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Flagellates Chlamydomonas sp. Dinoflagellates Closterium sp. Spermatozoopsis sp. Other genera	7,315 481 289 289 241 288
		Total ,	8,903

2. Chlorophyll \underline{a} -

Sampling Date	Station <u>Number</u>	Chlorophyll <u>a</u> (µg/l)
03/09/73	1 2 3	3.2 0.8 28.7
09/04/73	1 2 3	7.7 5.1 3.5
11/06/73	1 2 3	4.6 3.5 4.7

C. Limiting Nutrient Study:

Algal assay results are not considered representative of conditions in the lake at the time the sample was collected (03/08/73) because the growth of the alga appeared to be inhibited, possibly by chlorides.

The lake data indicate nitrogen limitation at all sampling stations and times; i.e., the mean inorganic nitrogen/orthophosphorus ratios were 9/1 or less, and nitrogen limitation would be expected.

IV. NUTRIENT LOADINGS (See Appendix E for data)

For the determination of nutrient loadings, the Florida National Guard collected monthly near-surface grab samples from each of the tributary sites indicated on the map (page v). Sampling was begun in March, 1973, and was completed in February, 1974.

Through an interagency agreement, stream flow estimates for the year of sampling and a "normalized" or average year were provided by the Florida District Office of the U.S. Geological Survey for the tributary sites nearest the lake.

The Tarpon Lake basin is in a depression of the underlying limestone, and the only known outlet was a shoreline sinkhole just south of Salmons Bay (see map, page v). The sinkhole was encircled with an earthen dike in May, 1969, to minimize lake-level fluctuations, and an outlet canal leading south to Tampa Bay was completed in July, 1967 (Hunn, 1974). However, the control gates have remained closed, and no drainage through this outlet has been permitted (Anderson, 1975).

On a long-term basis, the outflow should equal the inflow (Anderson, op. cit.), so in this report, the nutrient loads leaving the lake were estimated using the sum of the inflows and the mean nutrient concentrations in the lake. The average annual evaporation in this area is approximately equal to rainfall, and little change in lake volume would be expected from precipitation (Mann, 1971).

In this report, nutrient loads for sampled tributaries were determined by using a modification of a U.S. Geological Survey computer program for calculating stream loadings*. Nutrient loads for unsampled "minor tributaries and immediate drainage" ("ZZ" of U.S.G.S.) were estimated using the nutrient loads, in $kg/km^2/year$, at station A-l and multiplying by the ZZ area in km^2 .

The operator of the Lake Tarpon Mobile Home Village wastewater treatment plant did not participate; nutrient loads were estimated at 1.134~kg P and 3.401~kg N/capita/year, and flow was estimated at $0.3785~m^3/capita/day$.

^{*} See Working Paper No. 175.

A. Waste Sources:

Known municipal* -

Name	Pop. Served	Treatment	Mean Flow (m³/d)	Receiving Water
Lake Tarpon Mobile Home village	620	act. sludge + pond	234.7	Lake Tarpon

kg P/

% of

- 2. Known industrial None
- B. Annual Total Phosphorus Loading Average Year:
 - 1. Inputs -

	Sou	rce	yr	total
	a.	Tributaries (non-point load)	-	
		South Creek	210	4.5
	b.	Minor tributaries & immediate drainage (non-point load) -		70.5
	с.	Known municipal STP's -		
		Lake Tarpon MHV	705	15.2
	d.	Septic tanks** -	5	0.1
	e.	Known industrial - none	-	-
	f.	Direct precipitation*** -	450	9.7
		Total	4,645	100.0
2.	0ut	puts -		
	Lak	e outlet**** -	1,830	

3. Net annual P accumulation - 2,815 kg.

^{*} Treatment plant questionnaire.

^{**} Estimate based on 23 lakeshore dwellings; see Working Paper No. 175.

*** Brezonik and Shannon, 1971.

**** Estimated (see page 8).

C. Annual Total Nitrogen Loading - Average Year:

1. Inputs -

Source	kg N/ yr	% of total
a. Tributaries (non-point loa	ıd) -	
South Creek	6,215	5.6
b. Minor tributaries & immedi drainage (non-point load)		86.9
c. Known municipal STP's -		
Lake Tarpon MHV	2,110	1.9
d. Septic tanks* -	245	0.2
e. Known industrial - none	-	-
f. Direct precipitation** -	5,950	5.4
Total	110,820	100.0
Outputs -		
Lake outlet*** -	38,520	

3. Net annual N accumulation - 72,300 kg.

D. Non-point Nutrient Export by Subdrainage Area:

<u>Tributary</u>	kg P/km²/yr	kg N/km²/yr
South Creek	24	706

2.

^{*} Estimate based on 23 lakeshore dwellings; see Working Paper No. 175. ** Brezonik and Shannon, 1971. *** Estimated (see page 8).

E. Yearly Loads:

In the following table, the existing phosphorus loadings are compared to those proposed by Vollenweider (Vollenweider and Dillon, 1974). Note, however, that Florida lakes may be able to assimilate phosphorus at a somewhat higher level than that suggested by Vollenweider (Shannon and Brezonik, 1972).

Essentially, Vollenweider's "dangerous" loading is one at which the receiving water would become eutrophic or remain eutrophic; his "permissible" loading is that which would result in the receiving water remaining oligotrophic or becoming oligotrophic if morphometry permitted. A mesotrophic loading would be considered one between "dangerous" and "permissible".

Vollenweider's model may not be applicable to water bodies with short hydraulic retention times.

		Phosphorus Accumulated		Nitrogen Accumulated
grams/m²/yr	0.45	0.27	10.8	7.1
Vollenweider phosphorum (g/m²/yr) based on mean hydraulic retention t	an depth and m			
"Dangerous" (eutro "Permissible" (ol	ophic loading) igotrophic loa	ding)	0.44 0.22	

V. LITERATURE REVIEWED

- Anderson, Warren, 1974. Personal communication (hydraulic characteristics of Lake Tarpon). U.S. Geol. Surv., Winter Park.
- Brezonik, Patrick L., and Earl E. Shannon, 1971. Trophic state of lakes in north central Florida. Publ. No. 13, Water Resources Res. Ctr., U. of FL, Gainesville.
- Hunn, J. D., 1974. Hydrology of Lake Tarpon near Tarpon Springs, Florida. Map Series 60, U.S. Geol. Surv., Tallahassee.
- Mann, J. A., 1971. Hydrologic aspects of freshening upper Old Tampa Bay, Florida. Information Circ. 76, FL Dept. of Nat. Resources, Tallahassee.
- Shannon, Earl E., and Patrick L. Brezonik, 1972. Relationships between lake trophic state and nitrogen and phosphorus loading rates. Env. Sci. & Techn. 6 (8): 719-725.
- Vollenweider, R. A., and P. J. Dillon, 1974. The application of the phosphorus loading concept to eutrophication research. Natl. Res. Council of Canada Publ. No. 13690, Canada Centre for Inland Waters, Burlington, Ontario.

VI. APPENDICES

APPENDIX A

LAKE RANKINGS

CODE	LAKE NAME	MEDIAN TOTAL P	MEDIAN INORG N	500- MEAN SEC	MEAN CHLORA	15- MIN DO	MEDIAN DISS ORTHO P
1201	ALLIGATOR LAKE	0.620	0.260	474.000	87.733	13.100	0.386
1202	LAKE APOPKA	0.102	0.230	484.176	46.611	8.200	0.019
1203	LAKE BANANA	0.660	0.260	482.667	208.600	3.600	0.293
1206	LAKE CRESCENT	0.065	0.130	473.889	10.211	10.200	0.033
1207	DOCTORS LAKE	0.084	0.120	465.555	27.100	10.600	0.028
1208	LAKE DORA	0.102	0.240	482.889	59.978	7.400	0.022
1209	LAKE EFFIE	1.480	0.410	489.000	261.433	15.000	0.950
1210	LAKE GEORGE	0.129	0.165	469.308	35.000	11.000	0.063
1211	LAKE GIBSON	0.167	0.115	470.000	19.675	10.200	0.069
1212	GLENADA LAKE	0.134	0.165	454.167	27.667	14.700	0.072
1214	LAKE GRIFFIN	0.119	0.260	481.333	66.855	6.600	0.038
1215	LAKE HAINES	0.063	0.115	462.667	26.567	10.600	0.014
1217	LAKE HANCOCK	0.772	0.195	483.500	97.900	5.600	0.158
1219	LAKE HORSESHOE	0.034	0.130	459.000	12.067	11.500	0.023
1220	LAKE HOWELL	1.260	0.285	464.000	54.117	9.000	1.175
1221	LAKE ISTOKPOGA	0.039	0.120	464.222	6.594	8.600	0.010
1223	LAKE JESSUP	0.492	0.290	487.000	76.550	7.600	0.288
1224	LAKE KISSIMMEE	0.034	0.145	463.667	24.142	8.800	0.007
1227	LAKE LULU	1.490	1.065	483.000	276.566	14.300	1.030
1228	LAKE MARION	0.044	0.260	468.833	29.967	7.600	0.016
1229	LAKE MINNEHAHA	0.038	0.080	435.000	8.733	7.700	0.012
1230	LAKE MINNEOLA	0.018	0.070	406.333	3.333	7.400	0.009
1231	LAKE MONROE	0.188	0.300	474.555	14.225	10.800	0.128
1232	LAKE OKEECHOBEE .	0.063	0.185	472.366	14.524	9.800	0.010
1234	LAKE POINSETT	0.085	0.150	469.000	6.500	10.600	0.051
1236	LAKE REEDY	0.033	0.330	468.500	34.837	10.600	0.008
1238	LAKE SOUTH	0.074	0.130	464.000	23.167	9.000	0.028
1239	LAKE TALQUIN	0.085	0.290	462.167	9.483	14.400	0.031

LAKE DATA YO BE USED IN RANKINGS

LAKE CODE	LAKE NAME		MEDIAN TOTAL P	MEDIAN INORG N	500~ Mean sec	MEAN Chlora	15- MIN DO	MEDIAN DISS ORTHO P
1240	LAKE THONOTOSASSA	:	0.695	0.095	466.167	37.700	10.200	0.565
1241	LAKE TOHOPEKALIGA		0.246	0.200	472.917	30.633	10.500	0.152
1242	TROUT LAKE		1.110	0.650	472.000	76.967	12.900	0.970
1243	LAKE WEOHYAKAPKA		0.047	0.080	458.667	7.767	8.200	0.011
1246	LAKE YALE		0.027	0.160	441.000	25.367	7.600	0.014
1247	LAKE MUNSON		1.475	0.925	486.667	140.317	12.200	0.852
1248	LAKE SEMINOLE		0.234	0.175	473.833	102.000	8.600	0.026
1249	LAKE LAWNE		2.560	1.350	494.667	84.900	10.400	0.117
1250	LAKE TARPON		0.041	0.070	400.889	6.867	9.000	0.027
1252	LAKE ELOISE		0.486	0.170	465+333	70.233	12-200	0.339
1258	LAKE JESSIE		0.051	0.090	452.667	26.300	10.800	0.011
1261	EAST LAKE TOHOPEKALIGA		0.042	0.070	440.833	5.167	9.400	0.007
1264	PAYNE'S PRAIRIE LAKE (NO		1.260	0.140	476.000	88.200	7.400	1.210

PERCENT OF LAKES WITH HIGHER VALUES (NUMBER OF LAKES WITH HIGHER VALUES)

CODE	LAKE NAME	MEDIAN TOTAL P	MEDIAN INORG N	500- MEAN SEC	MEAN CHLORA	15- MIN DO	MEDIAN DISS ORTHO P	INDEX NO
1201	ALLIGATOR LAKE	25 (10)	29 (10)	30 (12)	18 (7)	10 (4)	18 (7)	130
1202	LAKE APOPKA	50 (20)	38 (15)	10 (4)	38 (15)	74 (29)	70 (28)	280
1203	LAKE BANANA	23 (9)	29 (10)	20 (8)	5 (2)	100 (40)	23 (9)	200
1206	LAKE CRESCENT	65 (26)	70 (27)	33 (13)	80 (32)	48 (18)	50 (20)	346
1207	DOCTORS LAKE	60 (24)	76 (30)	60 (24)	55 (22)	34 (12)	56 (22)	341
1208	LAKE DORA	53 (21)	35 (14)	18 (7)	33 (13)	90 (35)	68 (27)	297
1209	LAKE EFFIE	5 (2)	10 (4)	3 (1)	3 (1)	0 (0)	10 (4)	31
1210	LAKE GEORGE	45 (18)	54 (21)	48 (19)	43 (17)	23 (9)	43 (17)	256
1211	LAKE GIBSON	40 (16)	81 (32)	45 (18)	70 (28)	48 (18)	40 (16)	324
1212	GLENADA LAKE	43 (17)	54 (21)	85 (34)	53 (21)	3 (1)	38 (15)	276
1214	LAKE GRIFFIN	48 (19)	29 (10)	23 (9)	30 (12)	95 (38)	48 (19)	273
1215	LAKE HAINES	70 (28)	81 (32)	75 (30)	58 (23)	34 (12)	78 (31)	396
1217	LAKE HANCOCK	18 (7)	43 (17)	13 (5)	13 (5)	98 (39)	28 (11)	213
1219	LAKE HORSESHOE	93 (37)	70 (27)	80 (32)	78 (31)	20 (8)	65 (26)	406
1220	LAKE HOWELL	11 (4)	23 (·9)	69 (27)	35 (14)	60 (23)	3 (1)	201
1551	LAKE ISTOKPOGA	85 (34)	76 (30)	65 (26)	93 (37)	69 (27)	89 (35)	477
1223	LAKE JESSUP	28 (11)	18 (7)	5 (2)	25 (10)	83 (32)	25 (10)	184
1224	LAKE KISSIMMEE	90 (36)	63 (25)	73 (29)	65 (26)	65 (26)	99 (39)	455
1227	LAKE LULU	3 (1)	3 (1)	15 (6)	0 (0)	8 (3)	5 (2)	34
1228	LAKE MARION	78 (31)	29 (10)	53 (21)	50 (20)	83 (32)	73 (29)	366
1229	LAKE MINNEHAHA	88 (35)	91 (36)	95 (38)	85 (34)	78 (31)	80 (32)	517
1230	LAKE MINNEOLA	100 (40)	98 (38)	98 (39)	100 (40)	90 (35)	93 (37)	579
1231	LAKE MONRUE	38 (15)	15 (6)	28 (11)	75 (30)	26 (10)	33 (13)	215
1232	LAKE OKEECHOBEE	68 (27)	45 (18)	40 (16)	73 (29)	53 (21)	89 (35)	368
1234	LAKE POINSETT	58 (23)	60 (24)	50 (20)	95 (38)	34 (12)	45 (18)	342
1236	LAKE REEDY	95 (38)	13 (5)	55 (22)	45 (18)	34 (12)	95 (38)	337
1238	LAKE SOUTH	63 (25)	70 (27)	69 (27)	68 (27)	60 (23)	56 (22)	386
1239	LAKE TALQUIN	55 (22)	20 (8)	78 (31)	83 (33)	5 (2)	53 (21)	294

PERCENT OF LAKES WITH HIGHER VALUES (NUMBER OF LAKES WITH HIGHER VALUES)

CODE	LAKE NAME	ME TO		AN L P	MED!			500 MEAN		EC	M CH	E A I			5- N	DO	MI DISS	-	IAN RTHO	P	INDEX NO
1240	LAKE THONOTOSASSA	20	(8)	85	(34)	- 58	(231	40	(16)	48	•	18)	15	(6)		266
1241	LAKE TOHOPEKALIGA	33	ı	13)	40	•	16)	38	(15)	48	(19)	40	•	16)	30	(12)		229
1242	TROUT LAKE	15	(6)	8	(3)	43	(17)	23	(9)	13	•	5)	8	•	3)		110
1243	LAKE WEOHYAKAPKA	75	(30)	91	(36)	83	(331	88	(35)	74	. (29)	84	(33)		495
1246	LAKE YALE	98	(391	58	•	23)	90	(36)	63	(25)	83	•	32)	75	(30)		467
1247	LAKE MUNSON	8	•	3)	5	(2)	8	(3)	8	(3)	16	•	6)	. 13	(5)		58
1248	LAKE SEMINOLE	35	(147	48	(19)	35	(14)	10	1	4)	69	•	27)	63	(25)		260
1249	LAKE LAWNE	0	•	0)	0	ę	0)	0	(0)	20	(8)	43) (17)	35	(14)		98
1250	LAKE TARPON	83	(33)	98	•	38)	100	(40)	90	(36)	60) (23)	60	(241		491
1252	LAKE ELOISE	30	(12)	50	(20)	63	(25)	28	(11)	16	•	6)	20	(8)		207
1258	LAKE JESSIE	73	(29)	88	(35)	88	(35)	60	•	24)	26	•	10)	84	(33)		419
1261	EAST LAKE TOHOPEKALIGA	80	(32)	98	(38)	93	(37)	98	(39)	55	5 (55)	99	(39)		523
1264	PAYNE'S PRAIRIE LAKE (NO	11	(4)	65	(26)	25	(10)	15	(6)	90) (35)	0	(0)		206

LAKES RANKED BY INDEX NOS.

RANK	LAKE CODE	LAKE NAME	INDEX NO
1	1230	LAKE MINNEOLA	579
2	1561	EAST LAKE TOHOPEKALIGA	523
3	1229	LAKE MINNEHAHA	517
4	1243	LAKE WEOHYAKAPKA	495
5	1250	LAKE TARPON	491
٤	1221	LAKE ISTOKPOGA	477
7	1246	LAKE YALE	467
8	1224	LAKE KISSIMMEE	455
9	1258	LAKE JESSIE	419
10	1219	LAKE HORSESHOE	406
11	1215	LAKE HAINES	396
12	1238	LAKE SOUTH	386
13	1535	LAKE OKEECHOBEE	368
14	1228	LAKE MARION	366
15	1206	LAKE CRESCENT	346
16	1234	LAKE POINSETT	342
17	1207	DOCTORS LAKE	341
18	1236	LAKE REEDY	337
19	1211	LAKE GIBSON	324
20	1208	LAKE DORA	297
21	1239	LAKE TALQUIN	294
22	1202	LAKE APOPKA	280
23	1515	GLENADA LAKE	276
24	1214	LAKE GRIFFIN	273
25	1240	LAKE THONOTOSASSA	266
26	1248	LAKE SEMINOLE	560
27	1210	LAKE GEORGE	256
28	1241	LAKE TOHOPEKALIGA	229

LAKES RANKED BY INDEX NOS.

		···-•	
RANK	LAKE CODE	LAKE NAME	INDEX NO
29	1231	LAKE MONROE	215
-30	1217	LAKE HANCOCK	213
31	1252	LAKE ELOISE	207
32	1264	PAYNE'S PRAIRIE LAKE (NO	206
33	1550	LAKE HOWELL	201
34	1203	LAKE BANANA	200
35	1223	LAKE JESSUP	184
36	1201	ALLIGATOR LAKE	130
37	1242	TROUT LAKE	110
38	1249	LAKE LAWNE	98
39	1247	LAKE MUNSON	58
40	1227	LAKE LULU	34
41	1209	LAKE EFFIE	31

APPENDIX B

CONVERSION FACTORS

CONVERSION FACTORS

Hectares x = 2.471 = acres

Kilometers \times 0.6214 = miles

Meters x 3.281 = feet

Cubic meters \times 8.107 \times 10 ⁻⁴ = acre/feet

Square kilometers x = 0.3861 = square miles

Cubic meters/sec x 35.315 - cubic feet/sec

Centimeters $x \ 0.3937 = inches$

Kilograms x 2.205 = pounds

Kilograms/square kilometer x = 5.711 = 1bs/square mile

APPENDIX C

TRIBUTARY FLOW DATA

8/25/75

LAKE CODE 1250 LAKE TARPON

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA OF LAKE(SQ KM) 155.4

TRIBUTARY	SUB-DRAINAGE AREA(SQ KM)	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	NORMAL I JUN	ZED FLOW JUL	S(CMS) AUG	SEP	ост	NOV	DEC	MEAN
1250A1	8.8	0.04	0.06	0 • 12	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.08	0.23	0.22	0.09	0.03	0.03	0.08
1250ZZ	136.2	0.79	1.02	2 • 27	0.93	0.17	0.31	1.47	4.11	4.05	1.61	0.54	0.59	1.49

SUMMARY

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA OF LAKE	=	155.4	TOTAL FLOW IN = 18	.85
SUM OF SUB-DRAINAGE AREAS	=	145.0	TOTAL FLOW OUT = 0	.0

MEAN MONTHLY FLOWS AND DAILY FLOWS (CMS)

TRIBUTARY	MONTH	YEAR	MEAN FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW
1250A1	3	73	0.02	18	0.01				
	4	73	0.02	• •	••••				
	4 5	73	0.01	20	0.01				
	6	73	0.01	14	0.01				
	6 7	73	0.01	16	0.01				
	8	73	0.01	5	0.01				
	9	73							
			0.03	16	0.05				
	10	73 73	0.01	12	0.01				
	11	73	0.01	21	0.02				
	12	73	0.04	16	0.02				
	1	74	0.02	16	0.02				
	2	74	0.01	16	0.01				
1250ZZ	2 3	73	0.15	18	0.07				
	4	73	0.18						
	5	73	0.00	20	0.00				
	6	73	0.0	14	0.0				
	7	73	0.00	16	0.0				
		73	0.00	5	0.00				
	8 9	73	0.37	16	0.59				
	10	73	0.03	12					
	10				0.01				
	11	73	0.05	21	0.11				
	12	73	0.51	16	0.25				
	1	74	0.23	16	0.13				
	5	74	0.05	16	0.05				

APPENDIX D

PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL DATA

125001 28 08 19.0 082 43 23.0 LAKE TARPON 12103 FLORIDA

	٠						11EP	ALES		1202 FEET DEP	тн	
DATE	TIME	DEPTH	00010 WATER	00300 DO	00077 TRANSP	00094 CNDUCTVY	00400 PH	00410 T ALK	00610 NH3-N	00625 TOT KJEL	00630 00630 00630	00671 PHOS-DIS
FROM	OF	. 02	TEMP		SECCHI	FIELD	, , ,	CACO3	TOTAL	N	N-TOTAL	ORTHO
10	DAY	FEET	CENT	MG/L	INCHES	MICRUMHO	SU	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P
73/03/09	14 0	0000	22.6	10.1	84	1400	7.40	10K	0.040	0.800	0.030	0.028
		0 0004	22.6	8.4		1400	7.50	10K	0.030	0.600	0.020	0.028
	14 0	0 0007	22.5	8.4		1400	7.90	10K	0.030	0.700	0.020	0.028
73/09/04	09 9	5 0000	27.9	6.6	110	1768	5.50	10K	0.070	1.300	0.050	0.029
	09	5 0009	27.9	6.0		1768	6.00	10K	0.050	0.800	0.040	0.014
73/11/06	09 1	1 0000	22.9		84	1585	6.00	10K	0.050	0.700	0.020	0.045
	09 1	1 0001	22.9	7.4		1585						
	09]	1 0007	22.9	7.2		1583	6.00	10K	. 0.040	0.500	0.030	0.035

DATE	TIM	4E (DEPTH	00665 PHOS-TOT	32217 CHLRPHYL
FROM	OF	-			Δ
10	DAY	Y (FEET	MG/L P	UG/L
73/03/09	14	00	0000	0.046	3.2
	14	00	0004	0.052	
	14	00	0007	0.049	
73/09/04	09	55	0000	0.030	7.7
	09	55	0009	0.023	
73/11/06	09	11	0000	0.046	4.6
	09	11	0007	0.041	

125002 28 06 31.0 082 43 34.0 LAKE TARPON 12103 FLORIDA

							11EP/ 3	ALES		1202 FEET DEP	тн	
DATE FROM TO	TIME OF DAY	DEPTH FEET	00010 WATER TEMP CENT	00300 00 MG/L	00077 TRANSP SECCHI INCHES	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD MICROMHO	00400 PH SU	00410 T ALK CACO3 MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00625 TOT KJEL N MG/L	00630 N02&N03 N-TOTAL MG/L	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO MG/L P
73/03/09		0 0000	22.3	MOZE	98	1400	7.10	10K	0.040	0.700	0.020	0.028
13/03/09	14 4	0 0004	22.1 22.1	8.5 8.5	70	1400 1400	7.10 7.20	10K	0.040	0.600	0.020	0.027 0.028
73/09/04	10 2	5 0000	28.0 27.9	7.0 6.6	112	1784 1780	5.50 5.70	10K 10K	0.060	1.200	0.050 0.040	0.010 0.014
73/11/06	09 2		23.2 23.2	7.6	108	1581 1580	6.20 6.10	10K 10K	0.050	0.800 0.500	0.020	0.017 0.013
		5 0009	23.1	7.8		1580	5.90	10K	0.040	0.600	0.030	0.019

DATE FROM	TIA	_	DEPTH	00665 PHOS-TOT	32217 CHLRPHYL A
10	DAY	/	EET	MG/L P	UG/L
73/03/09	14	40	0000	0.048	0.8
	14	40	0004	0.043	
	14	40	0009	0.042	
73/09/04	10	25	0000	0.020	5.1
	10	25	0009	0.045	
73/11/06	09	25	0000	0.030	3.5
	09	25	0004	0.030	
	09	25	0009	0.030	

125003 28 05 20.0 082 42 40.0 LAKE TARPON 12103 FLORIDA

							11EPALES		2111202 0009 FEET DEPTH		тн	
DATE FROM	OF	DEPTH	00010 WATER TEMP	00300 DO	00077 TRANSP SECCHI	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD	00400 PH	00410 T ALK CACO3	00610 NH3-N TOTAL	00625 TOT KJEL	00630 NO2&NO3 N-TOTAL	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO
TO	DAY	FEET	CENT	MG/L	INCHES	MICROMHO	SU	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P
73/03/09			22.6		84	1500	6.90	10K	0.040	0.600	0.030	0.031
	15 0	5 0005	21.2	8.1		1500	6.90	10K	0.050	0.600	0.040	0.033
73/09/04	11 0	0 0000	28.2	6.8	128	1796	5.70	10	0.060	0.800	0.050	0.015
	11 0	0 0007	28.1	6.6		1794	5.80	12	0.050	0.600	0.050	0.014
73/11/06	09 3	8 0000	23.4		84	1586	6.20	10K	0.040	0.800	0.020	0.010
	09 3	8 0001	23.4	7.4		1586						
	09 3	8 0005	23.4	7.6		1586	6.20	10K	0.040	0.800	0.020	0.010

DATE FROM	TIME OF	DEPTH	00665 PHOS-TOT	32217 CHLRPHYL A
TO	DAY	FEET	MG/L P	UG/L
73/03/09		5 0000	0.044 0.048	28.7
73/09/04	11 0		0.021	3.5
73/11/06	09 38 09 38		0.030 0.030	4.7

APPENDIX E

TRIBUTARY AND WASTEWATER
TREATMENT PLANT DATA

1250A1
28 04 33.0 082 43 00.0
SOUTH CREEK
12095 7.5 OLDSMAR
I/LAKE TARPON
LAKE BR. AT ST HWY 584 BRDG
11EPALES 2111204
4 0000 FEET DEPTH

DATE FROM TO	TIME OF DAY	DEPTH FEET	00630 NO2&NO3 N-TOTAL MG/L	00625 TOT KJEL N MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO MG/L P	00665 PHOS-TOT MG/L P
73/03/18 73/05/20 73/06/14 73/07/16 73/09/16 73/10/12 73/11/21 73/12/16 74/01/16))	0.025 0.029 0.010K 0.020 0.050 0.035 0.016	1.380 1.000 1.915 5.000 3.700 2.700 1.500 2.400 1.500	0.140 0.140 0.091 0.315 0.210 0.174 0.096 0.112 0.068	0.036 0.010 0.019 0.008 0.050 0.052 0.028	0.075 0.050 0.040 0.030 0.085 0.085 0.035 0.040 0.250 0.095