U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

WORKING PAPER SERIES



REPORT

ON

LAKE FRANCES

ADAIR COUNTY

OKLAHOMA

EPA REGION VI

WORKING PAPER NO. 588

CORVALLIS ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY - CORVALLIS, OREGON and ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING & SUPPORT LABORATORY - LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

REPORT
ON
LAKE FRANCES
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WITH THE COOPERATION OF THE

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF POLLUTION CONTROL

AND THE

OKLAHOMA NATIONAL GUARD

Narch, 1977

REPORT ON LAKE FRANCES ADAIR COUNTY, OKLAHOMA EPA REGION VI

by

National Eutrophication Survey

Water and Land Monitoring Branch Monitoring Applications Laboratory Environmental Monitoring & Support Laboratory Las Vegas, Nevada

and

Eutrophication Survey Branch Corvallis Environmental Research Laboratory Corvallis, Oregon

Working Paper No. 588

OFFICE OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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CONTENTS

	Page
Foreword	ii
List of Oklahoma Study Lakes	iv
Lake and Drainage Area Map	v
Sections	
I. Conclusions	1
II. Lake and Drainage Basin Characteristics	4
III. Lake Water Quality Summary	6
IV. Nutrient Loadings	12
V. Literature Reviewed	18
VI. Appendices	19

FOREWORD

The National Eutrophication Survey was initiated in 1972 in response to an Administration commitment to investigate the nation-wide threat of accelerated eutrophication to freshwater lakes and reservoirs.

OBJECTIVES

The Survey was designed to develop, in conjunction with state environmental agencies, information on nutrient sources, concentrations, and impact on selected freshwater lakes as a basis for formulating comprehensive and coordinated national, regional, and state management practices relating to point source discharge reduction and nonpoint source pollution abatement in lake watersheds.

ANALYTIC APPROACH

The mathematical and statistical procedures selected for the Survey's eutrophication analysis are based on related concepts that:

- a. A generalized representation or model relating sources, concentrations, and impacts can be constructed.
- b. By applying measurements of relevant parameters associated with lake degradation, the generalized model can be transformed into an operational representation of a lake, its drainage basin, and related nutrients.
- With such a transformation, an assessment of the potential for eutrophication control can be made.

LAKE ANALYSIS

In this report, the first stage of evaluation of lake and watershed data collected from the study lake and its drainage basin is documented. The report is formatted to provide state environmental agencies with specific information for basin planning [\$303(e)], water quality criteria/standards review [\$303(c)], clean lakes [\$314(a,b)], and water quality monitoring [\$106 and \$305(b)] activities mandated by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972.

Beyond the single lake analysis, broader based correlations between nutrient concentrations (and loading) and trophic condition are being made to advance the rationale and data base for refinement of nutrient water quality criteria for the Nation's freshwater lakes. Likewise, multivariate evaluations for the relationships between land use, nutrient export, and trophic condition, by lake class or use, are being developed to assist in the formulation of planning guidelines and policies by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and to augment plans implementation by the states.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The staff of the National Eutrophication Survey (Office of Research and Development, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency) expresses sincere appreciation to the Oklahoma Department of Pollution Control for professional involvement, to the Oklahoma National Guard for conducting the tributary sampling phase of the Survey, and to those Oklahoma wastewater treatment plant operators who provided effluent samples and flow data.

Dr. Denver Talley, Director, Oklahoma Department of Pollution Control; the staff of the Oklahoma Water Resources Board; and the staff of the Oklahoma State Department of Health reviewed the preliminary reports and provided critiques most useful in the preparation of this Working Paper Series.

Major General John Coffey, Jr., the Adjutant General of Oklahoma, and Project Officers Colonel Curtis W. Milligan and Major James O. Haney, Jr., who directed the volunteer efforts of the Oklahoma National Guardsmen, are also gratefully acknowledged for their assistance to the Survey.

NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

STUDY LAKES

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

LAKE NAME COUNTY Greer, Kiowa Altus Reservoir Arbuckle Lake Murray Lake Elsworth Caddo, Comanche Lake Eufaula Haskell, McIntosh, Okmulgee, Pittsburg Fort Cobb Reservoir Caddo Fort Supply Reservoir Woodward Foss Dam Reservoir Custer Adair Lake Frances Grand Lake O' The Cherokees Mayes, Delaware, Craig, Ottowa Lake Hefner Oklahoma Keystone Reservoir Tulsa, Creek, Osage, Pawnee Oologah Lake Nowata, Rogers Tenkiller Ferry Reservoir Cherokee, Sequoyah Lake Thunderbird Cleveland Wister Reservoir LeFlore

REPORT ON LAKE FRANCES, OKLAHOMA STORET NO. 4008

I. CONCLUSIONS

A. Trophic Condition:*

On the basis of field observations and Survey data, Lake Frances is considered eutrophic, i.e., nutrient rich and highly productive. Whether such nutrient enrichment is to be considered beneficial or deleterious is determined by its actual or potential impact upon designated beneficial water uses of each lake.

Potential for primary production as measured by algal assay control yield was extremely high in this turbid lake on both sampling occasions. Chlorophyll <u>a</u> values ranged from 0.1 μ g/l to 17.6 μ g/l with a mean of 8.0 μ g/l. Of the 16 Oklahoma lakes (including Texoma Lake) sampled in 1974, none had higher median total phosphorus or inorganic nitrogen levels than Lake Frances, and only l had higher median orthophosphorus values.

Survey limnologists reported abundant emergent vegetation in the southern portion of the lake and a strong sewage odor during July sampling.

^{*}See Appendix E.

B. Rate-Limiting Nutrient:

Algal assay results suggest that Lake Frances was limited by available phosphorus levels in the spring, and by some undetermined minor nutrient in the fall as a result of the extremely high levels of available phosphorus and nitrogen in the lake.

C. Nutrient Controllability:

1. Point sources -

The mean annual phosphorus load from point sources identified within 40 stream-km (25 miles) of Lake Frances was estimated to be 0.7% of the total phosphorus load. The city of Lincoln contributed the entire fraction.

The present overall phosphorus loading of 36.70 g P/m²/yr is about 14 times that proposed by Vollenweider (1975) as "eutrophic" for lakes with such volume and hydraulic retention time. Vollenweider's model may not be applicable for lakes with short hydraulic retention times (3 days for Lake Frances), or in which epilimnetic light penetration is severely reduced by the presence of suspended sediments in the surface waters; nevertheless, the lake is obviously eutrophic and phosphorus loading would have to be substantially reduced to produce any water quality improvement in the lake.

2. Nonpoint sources -

The mean annual phosphorus load not attributable to nearby point sources was 99.3% of the total reaching the lake. The Illinois River contributed 89.2%, and ungaged drainage areas were estimated to contribute 10.0%.

The high loading rate of the Illinois River, as it enters Lake Frances, is partly due to unmeasured discharges upstream rather than nonpoint contributions. Waste sources not contained in the National Eutrophication Survey (NES) sampling of Lake Frances, due to their distance from the reservoir, include the cities of Springdale, Rogers, and Prairie Grove (EPA, 1971). Additional studies to determine the impact of these contributions on Lake Frances are needed before a nutrient budget for the lake can be defined.

II. LAKE AND DRAINAGE BASIN CHARACTERISTICS

Lake and drainage basin characteristics are itemized below.

Lake morphometry data were provided by the Oklahoma Water

Resources Board. Tributary flow data were provided by the

Oklahoma District Office of the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS).

Outlet drainage area includes the lake surface area. Mean

hydraulic retention time was obtained by dividing the lake volume

by mean flow of the outlet. Precipitation values are estimated

by methods as outlined in NES Working Paper No. 175. A table

of metric/English conversions is included as Appendix A.

A. Lake Morphometry:

- 1. Surface area: 2.31 km².
- 2. Mean depth: 1.8 meters.
- 3. Maximum depth: 9.8 meters.
- 4. Volume: 4.158 x 106 m3.
- 5. Mean hydraulic retention time: 3 days.

Tributary and Outlet: (See Appendix B for flow data) В.

1. Tributaries -

Name	Drainage <u>area(km²)</u>	Mean flow (m ³ /sec)		
A-2 Illinois River	1,352.0	13.54		
Minor tributaries and immediate drainage -	290.4	2.93		
Totals	1,642.4	16.47		
Outlet - A-l Illinois River	1,644.6	14.88		

С. Precipitation:

2.

- Year of sampling: 137.3 cm.
 Mean annual: 113.1 cm.

III. LAKE WATER QUALITY SUMMARY

Lake Frances was sampled three times during the open-water season of 1974 by means of a pontoon-equipped Huey helicopter. Each time, samples for physical and chemical parameters were collected from three stations on the lake (Station Ol was sampled once, Station O3 was sampled twice) and from a number of depths at each station (see map, page V). During each visit, depth-integrated samples were collected from each station for chlorophyll a analysis and phytoplankton identification and enumeration. During the first and last visits, 18.9-liter depth-integrated samples were composited for algal assays.

Maximum depths sampled were 0.6 meters at Station O1, 0.9 meters at Station O2, and 1.2 meters at Station O3. For a more detailed explanation of NES methods, see NES Working Paper No. 175.

The results obtained are presented in full in Appendix C and are summarized in III-A for waters at the surface and at the maximum depth for each site. Results of the phytoplankton counts and chlorophyll <u>a</u> determinations are included in III-B. Results of the limiting nutrient study are presented in III-C.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(4/ 3/74)							(6/14/74)					(10/18/74)			
		500	° = 2	MAX DEPTH HANGE			5000	- 2	DEPTH			5000	· = ?	DEPTH	
PARAMETER	Иъ	HANGE	MEDIAN			N۵	MANGE	MEDIAN	RANGE (METERS	.) (Nº RANG	GE	MAILEA	HANGE	_
TEMPERATURE (DEG CENT	ī i														
01.5 M DE-TH	4	16.8- 16.9	16.6	0.0-	0.6	4	19.6- 20.1	20.0	0.0- 0	. 9	15.2-	17.3	د . 15	0 - 0 -	1.2
MAY DEPTHAN	5	16.8- 16.9	16.8	0.6-		5	19.6- 20.0	19.8	0.9- 0		15.2-		17.9		1.2
DISSOLVED OXYGEN (MG/	/L)														
01.5 M DEPTH	2	9.0- 9.4	9.2	0.6-	0.6	2	6.8- 7.2	7.0	0.9- 0	.9	7.0- 1	12.5	10.7	0.0-	1.2
MAX DEPTHON	5	9.0- 9.4	9.2	0.6-	0.6	2	6.8- 7.2	7.0	0.9- 0	.9	2 7.0- 1	11.0	9.0	0.9-	1.2
CONDUCTIVITY (UMHOS)															
01.5 M DEPTH	4	188 190.	189.	0.0-	0.6	4	165 169.	167.	0.0- 0	.9	215 2	221.	216.	0.0-	1.2
MAX DEPTHOS	5	188 190.	189.	0.6-	0.6	2	165 168.	167.	0.9- 0	.9 7	215 2	551•	514.	0.9-	1.2
PH (STANDARD UNITS)															
01.5 M DEHTH	4	7.6- 7.8		0.0-	-	4	7.5- 7.7	7.6	0.0- 0		7.5-		7.4	0.0-	
MAX DEPTHOO	5	7.6- 7.6	7.6	0.6-	0.6	5	7.5- 7.6	7.5	0.9- 0	•9	7.5-	8.2	7.5	0.9-	1.2
TOTAL ALKALINITY (MG/															
01.5 4 OLHTH	4	96 101.	99.	1) • 0		4	74 . → 77.	76.	0.0- 0				117.	0.0-	
MAX DEPTHAN	2	96 100.	98.	0.6-	0.6	5	74 76.	75.	0.9- 0	.9 ?	117 1	118.	118.	0.9-	1.2
TOTAL P (MG/L)															
01.5 M DEPTH		0.136-0.179		0.0-	_		0.098-0.101		0.0- 0		0.143-0.			0.0-	
MAX DEPTHON	2	0.136-0.169	0.152	0.6-	0.6	2	0.101-0.101	0.101	0.9- 0	.9	0.143-0.	• 232	0.187	0.9-	1.2
DISSOLVED OFTHO P (MG															
01.5 M DEPTH		0.075-0.095		0.0-			0.084-0.088		0.0- 0		0.096-0.			0.0-	
MAX DEPTHOO	2	0.075-0.093	0.084	0.6-	0.6	2	0.084-0.086	0.085	0.9- 0	•9 7	0.096-0.	141	0.115	0.4-	1.2
NO2+NO3 (MG/L)															
01.5 M DEPTH		1.830-1.890		0.0-			1.550-1.960		0.0- 0	-	1.320-1.		1.480	0.0-	
MAX DEPTHON	5	1.850-1.890	1.875	0.6-	0.6	5	1.630-1.960	1.795	0.9- 0	•9 6	1.450-1.	650	1.550	0.4-	1.2
AMMONIA (MG/L)															
01.5 M DEPTH		0.040-0.050		0.0-			0.030-0.090		0.0- 0		0.020-0.		0.035	0.0-	
MAX DEPTHOP	5	0.040-0.050	0.045	0.6-	0.6	5	0.050-0.060	0.055	0.9- 0	•9 2	0.020-0.	.060	0.040	0.4-	1.2
KJELDAHL N (MG/L)				_											
01.5 M DEPTH		0.300-0.400		0.0-			0.200-0.600	0.300	0.0- 0		0.500-0		0.200	0.0-	
MAX DEPTHON	Z	0.300-0.400	0.350	0.6-	0.6	2	0.200-0.300	0.250	0.9- 0	• 9 6	0.200-0.	.200	0.500	1.9-	1.2
SECCHI DISC (METERS)		_													
	5	0.3- 0.3	د.0			5	0.4- 0.5	0.4		;	0.5-	۰.6	0.5		

^{*} N = NO. OF SAMPLES

** MAXIMUM DEPTH SAMPLED AT EACH SITE

*** S = NO. OF SITES SAMPLED ON THIS DATE

B. Biological Characteristics:

1. Phytoplankton -

Sampling Date		ninant nera	Algal Units per ml
04/03/74	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Synedra Centric Diatoms Chroomonas Asterionella Melosira	476 449 264 211 185
		Other genera	424
		Total	2,009
06/14/74	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Melosira Cryptomonas Anabaena Aphanizomenon Asterionella	103 62 41 21 21
		Other genera	***
		Total	248
10/18/74	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Cyclotella Skeletonema Cryptomonas Melosira Nitzschia	1,745 1,325 517 420 259
		Other genera	420
		Total	4,686

2. Chlorophyll <u>a</u> -

Sampling Date	Station <u>Number</u>	Chlorophyll <u>a</u> (µg/l)
04/03/74	01 02 03	7.1 8.9
06/14/74	01 02 03	0.1 0.4
10/18/74	01 02 03	13.7 17.6

C. Limiting Nutrient Study:

- 1. Autoclaved, filtered, and nutrient spiked
 - a. 04/03/74

Spike (mg/l)	Ortho P	Inorganic N	Maximum Yield
	Conc. (mg/l)	Conc. (mg/l)	(mg/l-dry wt.)
Control	1.450	1.930	22.1
0.05 P	1.500	1.930	34.9
0.05 P + 1.0 N	1.500	2.930	39.0
1.00 N	1.450	2.930	19.1
b. 10/18/74			
Control	0.105	1.300	31.5
0.05 P	0.155	1.300	18.0
0.05 P + 1.0 N	0.155	2.300	33.5
1.00 N	0.105	2.300	27.0

2. Discussion -

The control yields of the assay alga, <u>Selenastrum</u> capricornutum, indicate that the potential primary productivity of Lake Frances was extremely high at both times samples were collected (04/03/74, 10/18/74). Chlorophyll <u>a</u> levels in the lake did not reflect the magnitude of this potential. Light extinction - not a factor under assay test conditions - is most likely limiting the phytoplankton standing crop in Lake Frances.

In the spring assay, increases in yield with the addition of phosphorus alone or nitrogen and phosphorus simultaneously suggest phosphorus is the primary limiting nutrient in the lake. In fall, however, none of the nutrient additions resulted in a yield significantly greater than that of the control. Due to the high concentrations of available phosphorus and nitrogen in Lake Frances, it is not unlikely that some minor nutrient has reached the critical minimum required for lake productivity and become the limiting factor.

Mean inorganic nitrogen to orthophosphorus (N/P) ratios in the lake data were 13/1, 21/1, and 14/1 in the spring, summer, and fall, respectively. However, further investigation is necessary before a definite determination of nutrient limitation in Lake Frances can be made.

IV. NUTRIENT LOADINGS (See Appendix D for data)

For the determination of nutrient loadings, the Oklahoma National Guard collected monthly near-surface grab samples from each of the tributary sites indicated on the map (page v), except for the high runoff months of April and May when two samples were collected. Sampling was begun in November 1974, and was completed in October 1975.

Through an interagency agreement, stream flow estimates for the year of sampling and a "normalized" or average year were provided by the Oklahoma District Office of the USGS for the tributary sites nearest the lake.

In this report, nutrient loads for sampled tributaries were determined by using a modification of a USGS computer program for calculating stream loadings. Nutrient loads indicated for tributaries are those measured minus known point source loads, if any.

Nutrient loadings for unsampled "minor tributaries and immediate drainage" ("ZZ" of USGS) were estimated by using the mean annual nutrient concentrations in Ballard Creek at Station B-1 and mean annual ZZ flow.

Nutrient loads for the city of Lincoln wastewater treatment plant were estimated at 1.134 kg P and 3.401 kg N/capita/yr.

Α. Waste Sources:

Known municipal -

<u>Name</u>	Pop.*		Mean Flow	Receiving			
	<u>Served</u> <u>Treatme</u>		(m ³ /d x 10 ³)	Water			
Lincoln (Arkansas)	525	Trickling filter	0.199**	Ballard Creek			

2. Known industrial - None

^{*}U.S.EPA, 1971. **Estimated at 0.3785 m^3 /capita/day.

B. Annual Total Phosphorus Loading - Average Year:

1.	Inpu	ıts -		% o.f
	Sour	<u>rce</u>	kg P/yr	% of total
	a.	Tributaries (nonpoint load)	-	
		A-2 Illinois River	75,645	89.2
	b.	Minor tributaries and immedi drainage (nonpoint load) -	ate 8,500	10.0
	c.	Known municipal STP's -		
		Lincoln	595	0.7
	d.	Septic tanks - Unknown	?	
	e.	Known industrial - None		
	f.	Direct precipitation* -	40	0.1
•		Totals	84,780	100.0
2.	Out	out - A-1 Illinois River	66,540	
3.	Net	annual P accumulation -	18,240	•

^{*}Estimated (see NES Working Paper No. 175).

C. Annual Total Nitrogen Loading - Average Year:

1. Inputs -

٠.	Tilpu			% of
	Sour	<u>ce</u>	kg N/yr	total
	a.			
		A-2 Illinois River	1,123,305	84.6
	b.	Minor tributaries and immedidrainage (nonpoint load) -		15.1
	c.	Known municipal STP's -		
		Lincoln	1,785	0.1
	d.	Septic tanks - Unknown	?	
	e.	Known industrial - None		
	f.	Direct precipitation* -	2,495	0.2
		Totals	1,328,000	100.0
2.	Outp	out - A-1 Illinois River	1,069,760	
3.	Net	annual N accumulation -	258,240	

^{*}Estimated (see NES Working Paper No. 175).

D. Mean Annual Nonpoint Nutrient Export by Subdrainage Area:

Tributarykg P/km 2 /yrkg N/km 2 /yrIllinois River56831

E. Mean Nutrient Concentrations in Ungaged Streams:

Tributary	Mean Total P (mg/l)	Mean Total N (mg/l)		
B-1 Ballard Creek	0.092	2.169		

F. Yearly Loadings:

In the following table, the existing phosphorus annual loading is compared to the relationship proposed by Vollenweider (1975). Essentially, his "eutrophic" loading is that at which the receiving waters would become eutrophic or remain eutrophic; his "oligotrophic" loading is that which would result in the receiving water remaining oligotrophic or becoming oligotrophic if morphometry permitted. A "mesotrophic" loading would be considered one between "eutrophic" and "oligotrophic".

Note that Vollenweider's model may not be applicable to water bodies with very short retention times or in which light penetration is severely restricted from high concentrations of suspended solids in the surface waters.

Total Yearly
Phosphorus Loading
(g/m²/yr)

Estimated loading for Lake Frances	36.70
Vollenweider's "eutrophic" loading	2.54
Vollenweider's "oligotrophic" loading	1.27

V. LITERATURE REVIEWED

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1971, "Inventory of Wastewater Treatment Facilities." EPA Publication No. OWP-1, Volume 6. Office of Media Programs, Office of Water Programs, Washington, D.C.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1975. National Eutrophication Survey Methods 1973-1976. Working Paper No. 175. National Environmental Research Center, Las Vegas, Nevada, and Pacific Northwest Environmental Research Laboratory, Corvallis, Oregon.
- Vollenweider, R. A. 1975. Input-Output Models With Special Reference to the Phosphorus Loading Concept in Limnology. Schweiz. Z. Hydrol. 37:53-84,

VI. APPENDICES

APPENDIX A CONVERSION FACTORS

CONVERSION FACTORS

Hectares x 2.471 = acres

Kilometers \times 0.6214 = miles

Meters x = 3.281 = feet

Cubic meters $\times 8.107 \times 10^{-4} = acre/feet$

Square kilometers x 0.3861 = square miles

Cubic meters/sec x 35.315 = cubic feet/sec

Centimeters \times 0.3937 = inches

Kilograms x = 2.205 = pounds

Kilograms/square kilometer x 5.711 = 1bs/square mile

APPENDIX B
TRIBUTARY FLOW DATA

LAKE CODE 4008 LAKE FRANCES

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA OF LAKEISO KM) 1644.6

	SUB-DRAINAGE NORMALIZED FLOWS (CMS)								S (CMS)					
TRIBUTARY	AREA (SQ KM)	NAL	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	UEC	MEAN
4008A1	1644.6	12.15	15.32	18.83	25.37	33.70	12.43	12.91	7.73	6.09	10.25	11.58	12.15	14.88
4008A2	1352.0	10.96	17.13	24.13	21.24	27.89	10.56	10.59	5.66	8.07	9.60	7.25	9.51	13.54
4008ZZ	292.7	2.38	3.68	5.21	4.59	6.03	2.29	2.29	1.23	1.76	2.07	1.56	2.17	2.93

SUMMARY

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA	OF LAKE	=	1644.6	TOTAL FLOW IN =	197.74
SUM OF SUB-DRAINAGE	AREAS	=	1644.6	TOTAL FLOW OUT =	178.51

MEAN MONTHLY FLOWS AND DAILY FLOWS (CMS)

TRIBUTARY	HTMOM	YEAR	MEAN FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW
4008A1	11	74	66.828	2	86.083				
	12	74	17.613	14	20.530				
		7 5	22.993	18	16.537				
	2	75	51.537	15	16.933		•		
	1 2 3	75	65.129	8	25.967				
		75	24.551	12	21.662	20	17.188		
	4 5 6	75	21.691	3	41.909	19	11.468		
	6	7 5	20.785	21	17.811				
	7	· 7 5	11.157	19	6.570				
	8	7 5	8.580	16	19.001				
	9	75	28.289	6	6.286				
	10	7 5	9.911	8	9.061				
4008A2	11	74	. 39.644	2	31.149				
	12	74	11.619	14	18.689				
	1	75	18.972	8	18.689				
	2 3	75	37.378	15	16.707				
	3	75	69.093	8	22.653				
	4	75	18.406	12	19.822	20	16.424		
	5 6	75	34.547	3	32.848	19	11.327		
	6	75	6.796	21	16.990				
	7	75	8.835	19	6.230				
	8	75	16.707	16	22,653			•	
	9	75	2.832	6	2.549			•	
	10 .	75	9.061	8	6.746				
4008ZZ	11	74	48.139						
	12	74	14.158						
	1	7 5	22.937						
	2 3	7 5	45.590						
		75 75	84.101						
	4	75	22.370						
	5 6	75	41.909						
		75	8.212						
	7	7 5	10.760						
	8	75 75	20.388						
	9	75 75	3.398						
	10	75	11.044						

APPENDIX C PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA

400801 36 07 30.0 094 30 54.0 4 LAKE FRANCES 40001 OKLAHOMA

100992

/TYPA/AMBNT/LAKE

ΤO

11EPALES 04001002 0005 FEET DEPTH CLASS 00

DATE FROM TO	TIME OF DAY	DEPTH FEET	00010 WATER TEMP CENT	00300 Do MG/L	00077 TRANSP SECCHI INCHES	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD MICROMHO	00400 PH SU	00410 T ALK CACO3 MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00625 TUT KJEL N MG/L	00630 NO2&NO3 N-TOTAL MG/L	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO MG/L P
74/04/03	-	0000		9.4	10	188 188	7.80 7.60	101 100	0.040	0.400 0.300	1.830 1.890	0.095 0.075
DATE FROM	TIME OF	DEPTH	00665 PHOS-TOT	32217 CHLRPHYL A	00031 INCDT LT REMNING							

74/04/03 15 00 0000 0.141 7.1 15 00 0002 0.136

DAY FEET MG/L P UG/L PERCENT

400802 36 06 36.0 094 30 54.0 4 LAKE FHANCES 40001 OKLAHOMA

100992

/TYPA/AMBNT/LAKE

11EPALES 04001002 0006 FEET DEPTH CLASS 00

DATE FROM TO	TIME DEPTH OF DAY FEET	00010 WATER TEMP CENT	00300 DG MG/L	00077 TRANSP SECCHI INCHES	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD MICROMHO	00400 Рн Su	00410 T ALK CACO3 MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00625 TOT KJEL N MG/L	00630 NO26NO3 N-TOTAL MG/L	00671 PHUS-UIS UNTHU MS/L P
74/04/03	15 15 0000 15 15 0002		9.0	12	190 190	7.75 7.65	98 96	0.040 0.050	0.400 0.400	1.860 1.860	0.093 0.093
74/06/14	09 55 0000 09 55 0003		7.2	18	169 168	7•70 7•60	77 76	0.030 0.050	0.300 0.200	1.820 1.960	650.0 0.036
74/10/18	13 10 0000 13 10 0003		10.4 7.0	18	217 221	7.59 7.49	116 118	0.040 0.060	0.200 0.200K	1.320 1.650	0.110 0.141
DATE FROM TO	TIME DEPTH OF DAY FEET	00665 PHOS-TOT MG/L P	32217 CHLRPHYL A UG/L	00031 INCDT LT REMNING PERCENT							
74/04/03	15 15 0000 15 15 0002		8.9								
74/06/14	09 55 0000 09 55 0003	0.098	0.1								

13.7

1.0

0.172

0.232

K VALUE KNOWN TO BE LESS THAN INDICATED

74/10/18 13 10 0000

13 10 0003

13 10 0004

400803 36 07 12.0 094 30 54.0 4 LAKE FRANCES 40001 OKLAHOMA

100992

/TYPA/AMBNT/LAKE

11EPALES 04001002 0005 FEET DEPTH CLASS 00

DATE TIM FROM OF TO DAY	E DEPTH	OGO10 WATER TEMP CENT	00300 DO MG/L	00077 TRANSP SECCHI INCHES	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD MICROMHO	00400 PH SU	00410 T ALK CACO3 MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00625 TOT KJEL N MG/L	00630 NOZWNO3 N-TOTAL MG/L	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO MG/L P
74/10/18 13	40 0003	20.1 20.0 17.3 16.7	6.8 12.5 11.0	14 22	. 165 165 215 215	7.60 7.50 8.33 8.21	76 74 117 117	0.090 0.060 0.030 0.020K	0.600 0.300 0.300 0.200K	1.550 1.630 1.510 1.450	0.087 0.084 - 0.098 0.096

DATE	TIME DEPT	00665 H PHOS-TOT	32217 CHLRPHYL	00031 INCDT LT
FROM	OF		Α	REMNING
TO	DAY FEET	MG/L P	UG/L	PERCENT
74/06/14	09 40 000	0 0.101	6.4	
	09 40 000	3 0.101		
74/10/18	13 30 000	0 0.173	17.6	
	13 30 000	4 0.143		
	13 30 000	5		1.0

K VALUE KNOWN TO BE LESS THAN INDICATED

APPENDIX D

TRIBUTARY AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT DATA

4008A1 36 08 15.0 094 33 55.0 4 ILLINOIS RIVER 40 ADAIR CO HWY MAP O/LAKE FRANCES 100992 BANK SAMPLE JUST BELOW DAM 11EPALES 04001004 0000 FEET DEPTH CLASS 00

/TYPA/AMBNT/STREAM

DATE FROM	TIME DEPTH	00630 NO26NO3 N-TOTAL	00625 TOT KJEL N	00610 NH3-N TOTAL	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO	00665 PHOS-TOT
TO	DAY FEET	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P	MG/L P
74/11/02 74/12/14		0.870 1.680	2.200 0.700	0.125 0.020	0.120 0.080	0.230 0.120
75/01/18 75/02/15		1.840 1.800	0.400 1.500	0.016 0.032	0.072	0.090 0.140
75/03/08	07 45	2.000 1.720	0.950 0.300	0.032	0.064 0.065	0.120 0.125
75/04/20 75/05/03	10 10	1.570	1.050 1.100	0.020	0.055 0.090	0.132 0.150
75/05/19	10 00	1.100	0.800	0.020	0.047 0.055	0.120
75/06/21 75/07/19		0.870 0.655	1.200 0.800	0.035	ܕ090	0.190
75/08/16 75/09/06 75/10/08	07 30	0,740 0.510 1.000	1.250 1.250 1.200	0.120 0.125 0.065	0.095 0.052 0.040	0,200 0,210 0,050

4008A2
36 07 20.0 094 30 55.0 4
ILLINOIS RIVER
40 BENTON CO MAP
I/LAKE FRANCES 100992
2NDRY RD BRDG 4 MI S OF SILOAM SPRINGS
11EPALES 04001004
0000 FEET DEPTH CLASS 00

/TYPA/AMBNT/STREAM

DATE FROM	TIME DEPTH	00630 NO28NO3 N-TOTAL	00625 TOT KJEL N	00610 NH3-N TOTAL	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO	00665 PHOS-TOT
TO	DAY FEET	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P	MG/L P
74/11/02	10 06	1.200	1.900	0.040	0.120	0.180
74/12/14	07 40	1.840	0.900	0.020	0.100	0.130
75/01/08	08 35	2.080	0.250	0.024	0.091	0.105
75/02/15	07 45	2.000	2.200	0.024	0.104	0.150
75/03/08	07 42	2.200	0.800	0.024	0.088	0.110
75/04/12	06 50	1.880	0.300	0.010	0.085	0.098
75/04/20	14 40	1.720	0.900	0.015	0.085	0.110
75/05/03	18 35	1.650	0.550	0.030	0.120	0.170
75/05/19	18 30	1.900	0.550	0.015	0.150	0.150
75/06/21	07 45	1.650	0.400	0.025	0.147	0.190
75/07/19	09 05	1.500	0.800	0.035	0.200	0.240
75/08/16		1.570	1.500	0.080	9.260	0.340
75/09/06	07 50	1.600	0.300	0.020	0.250	0.340
75/10/04		1.900	0.400	0.015	0.150	0.200

400881 36 06 30.0 094 33 55.0 4 BALLARD CREEK 40 ADAIR CO HWY MAP T/LAKE FRANCES 2NDRY RD BRDG AT SE EDGE OF WATTS 11EPALES 04001004 0000 FEET DEPTH CLASS 00

/TYPA/AMBNT/STREAM

DATE	TIME DEPTH	00630 NO2&NO3	00625 TOT KJEL	00610 NH3-N	00671 PHOS-DIS	00665 PHOS-TOT
FROM	OF	N-TOTAL	N	TOTAL	ORTHO	
10	DAY FEET	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P	MG/L P
74/11/02	09 20	0.990	2.000	0.030	0.070	0.085
74/12/14	07 45	1.240	0.700	0.080	0.035	0.050
75/01/08	07 55	1.320	0.800	0.008	0.025	0.027
75/02/15	07 30	1.300	2.500	0.024	0.024	0.050
75/03/08	07 45	1.570	1.600	0.028	0.032	0.050
75/04/12	06 45	0.980	0.350	0.020	0.029	0.030
75/04/20	10 15	0.860	0.550	0.015	0.020	0.030
75/05/03	20 30	0.770	1.250	0.060	0.100	0.170
75/05/19	09 45	1.050	1.000	0.025	0.040	0.040
75/06/21	08 00	1.400	0.400	0.035	0.100	0.180
75/07/19	07 45	0.600	0.550	0.030	0.050	0.070
75/08/16	07 45	0.720	1.350	0.080	0.120	0.180
75/09/06	07 45	9.700	1.400	0.025	0.085	0.150
75/10/04	07 45	1.720	0.700	0.055	0.095	0.180

4008XA TF4008XA P003000
35 49 30.0 094 38 45.0 4
STILWELL
40 ADAIR CO. MAP
T/LAKE FRANCES 100991
CANEY CREEK
11EPALES 00001004
0000 FEET DEPTH CLASS 00

/AMBNT/STREAM

DATE FROM TO	TIME OF DAY	DEPTH FEET	00630 N028003 N-TOTAL MG/L	00625 TOT KJEL N MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO MG/L P	00665 PHOS-TOT MG/L P	50051 FLOW RATE INST MGD	50053 CONDUIT FLOW-MGD MONTHLY
75/05/07 CP(T)- 75/05/07			2.200	8 .900	0.130	4.050	5.900	0.810	0.880
75/05/28 CP(T)= 75/05/28	11 0	0	. 3•300	10.500	0.840	7.300	7.300	0.450	0.799
75/06/19 CP(T)- 75/06/19	16 0	o	4.700	4.900	0.170	3.150	5.000	0.720	0.629
75/07/09 CP(T)- 75/07/09	16 0	o O	7.000	13.500	6.610	9.750	12,500	0.482	0.524
75/07/30 CP(T)~ 75/07/30 75/08/21	16 0	0	8.100	5.300	0.350	7.200	10.500	0.582	0.514
75/08/21 75/08/21 75/09/18	15 0	0	16.400	15.500	2.800	12.150	13.500	0.419	0.485
CP(T)- 75/09/18 75/11/13	16 0	0	6.300	10.000	0,.350	7.700	9.100	0.757	0.490
CP(T) - 75/11/13			9.850	11.000	0.050	7.600	10.000	0.373	0.394

APPENDIX E

PARAMETRIC RANKINGS OF LAKES SAMPLED BY NES IN 1974

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

LAKE DATA TO BE USED IN PANKINGS

LAKE CODE	LAKE NAME	MEDIAN TOTAL P	MEDIAN INOPG N	MEAN SEC	MEAN CHLOHA	15 Min do	MEDIAN DISS ORTHO P
4001	ALTUS RESERVOIR	0.041	0.060	468.625	14.750	8.400	0.010
4002	ARHUCKLE LAKE	0.020	0.070	443.600	7.027	14.600	0.008
4003	LAKE ELLS+ORTH	0.037	0.070	459.400	8.430	9.400	0.004
4004	LAKE EUFAULA	0.081	0.405	492.513	4.383	14.200	0.029
4005	FORT CORB RESERVOIR	0.038	0.110	454.667	14.967	8.400	0.012
4005	FORT SUPPLY PESERVOIR	0.070	0.135	485.167	9.733	7.800	0.014
4007	FOSS DAM RESERVOIR	0.027	0.090	463.857	4.862	8.400	0.006
4008	LAKE FRANCES	0.142	1.780	484.333	7.973	8.200	0.093
4009	GRAND LAKE OF THE CHEROK	0.087	0.740	468.857	6.768	14.800	0.038
4010	LAKE HEFNER	0.057	0.250	461.000	5.667	9.000	0.036
4011	KEYSTONE RESERVOIR	0.136	0.690	484.303	21.427	14.900	0.096
4012	OOLOGAH LAKE	0.059	0.580	483.000	5.137	14.600	0.031
4013	TENKILLER FEPRY RESERVOI	0.039	0.550	435.500	6.646	15.000	0.016
4014	LAKE THUNDERBIRD	0.027	0.150	465.000	8.422	12.000	0.009
4015	WISTER RESERVOIR	0.080	0.230	478.500	4.812	15.000	0.016
4834	TEXAMA LAKE	0.045	0.160	460.875	12.325	14.600	0.016

PERCENT OF LAKES WITH HIGHER VALUES (NUMBER OF LAKES WITH HIGHER VALUES)

CODE	LAKE NAME	MEDIAN TOTAL P	MEDIAN INORG N	500- MEAN SEC	MEAN CHLORA	15- MIN DO	MEDIAN DISS ORTHO P
4001	ALTUS RESERVOIR	60 (9)	100 (15)	47 (7)	13 (2)	80 (11)	73 (11)
4002	APBHCKLE LAKE	100 (15)	90 (13)	93 (14)	53 (+)	33 (4)	93 (14)
4003	LAKE ELLSWORTH	80 (12)	90 (13)	80 (12)	33 (5)	60 (9)	87 (13)
4004	LAKE EUFAULA	20 (3)	33 (5)	27 (4)	100 (15)	47 (7)	33 (5)
4005	FORT COBB RESERVOIR	73 (11)	73 (11)	87 (13)	7 (1)	80 (11)	67 (10)
4006	FORT SUPPLY RESERVOIR	33 (5)	67 (10)	0 (0)	27 (4)	100 (15)	60 (9)
4007	FOSS DAM RESERVOIR	93 (14)	80 (12)	60 (9)	87 (13)	80 (11)	100. (15)
4008	LAKE FRANCES	0 (0)	0 (0)	7 (1)	47 (7)	93 (14)	7 (1)
4009	GRAND LAKE U! THE CHEROK	13 (2)	7 (1)	40 (6)	60 (9)	20 (3)	13 (2)
4010	LAKE HEFNER	47 (7)	40 (6)	67 (10)	73 (11)	67 (10)	20 (3)
4011	KEYSTONE RESERVOIR	7 (1)	13 (2)	13 (2)	0 (0)	13 (2)	0 (0)
4012	OOLOGAH LAKE	40 (6)	20 (3)	20 (3)	80 (12)	33 (4)	27 (4)
4013	TENKILLER FEPHY RESERVOI	67 (10)	27 (4)	100 (15)	67 (10)	3 (0)	50 (7)
4014	LAKE THUNDERHIPD	87 (13)	60 (9)	53 (8)	40 (6)	53 (8)	90 (12)
4015	WISTER RESERVOIR	27 (4)	47 (7)	33 (5)	93 (14)	3 (0)	40 (6)
4834	TEXOMA LAKE	53 (8)	53 (8)	73 (11)	20 (3)	33 (4)	50 (7)