REPORT

POLLUTANT LOADING ANALYSIS

TASK 3.0 IDENTIFICATION OF SPILL RECORDS

WORK ASSIGNMENT NO. 6

CONTRACT NO. 68-03-1972

Submitted to

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Region 10

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and

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Task 3.0 Identification of Spill Records

Responsible Agencies.

The United States Coast Guard (USCGS) is the principal agency responsible for spill reporting in navigable marine waters and for maintenance of records. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Emergency Response Team receives reports and maintains spill records for inland waters. On the basis of a USCGS/EPA joint Memorandum of Agreement the first bridge or highway crossing of Puget Sound waterways is recognized as the jurisdictional boundary between the two agencies (W. Longston, personal communication).

The Seattle Marine Safety Office of the USCGS 13th District receives reports from a variety of sources including the National Emergency Response Toxic Chemical and Oil Spill Hotline (based in Washington, D.C.), the EPA, the Washington State Department of Ecology (WDOE), other agencies, the maritime industry and private citizens (R. Rochon, personal communication).

Marine Safety Information System

The Marine Safety Information System (MSIS) is a database system for spills information management initiated in 1973 and maintained by USCGS Headquarters in Washington, D.C. (M. Robbey, personal communication). Typically, a reported spill is encoded and entered into the MSIS in terms of time, location (by latitude and longitude), source, cause, material, quantity, type of operation, and affected type of industry, marine traffic system or affected resources.

Pollution Incident Reporting System (PIRS). The Pollution Incident Reporting System (PIRS) R:Base 4000 database management system was used by USCGS Districts prior to October 1, 1985 to receive spill information from local USCGS Marine Safety Offices for entry into the MSIS. A PIRS database form (Figure 3.1) was used by the Marine Safety Offices for organization of information and transmission of data to Districts. Appendix A provides a detailed representation of these data parameters. Inasmuch as the USCGS is the agency in charge of coordinating spill response, the complete PIRS database also included cleanup operation type and costs as well as penalty information.

The October 1, 1985 initiation of the Pollution Module for the MSIS eliminated the PIRS system for entry and local database access. Terminals in local Marine Safety Offices now provide for direct entry of spill information into the MSIS. By January 1, 1986, the USCGS will have completed the process of loading all Puget Sound PIRS data collected prior to October 1, 1985 into the MSIS into a format which will enable local access of data. Optimally, data will be retrievable at local Marine Safety Office terminals, following a period for training of technicians. A notable improvement provided by the Pollution Module is the ability to locate spills to the nearest 0.1 minute of latitude or longitude (M. Robbey, personal communication). All data entered prior to October 1, 1985 were limited to the nearest minute of longitude or latitude, resulting in a spatial resolution to approximately the nearest square nautical mile.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION U.S. COAST GUARD CO-6000 (Ann. 9/78) POLLUTION INCIDENT REPORTING SYSTEM (PIRS)						INPU	T TO PIRS P	RE-EDIT	12210M			
	ADP Instructions. 1. A—Alpha, N—Numeric (zero-fill), A/N—Alpha/Numeric, S—Symbol 2. Columns 1 thru 16 same for all cards 3. Card 1, Columns 24–33 only 1 entry acceptable 4. An entry must be made in all data fields with an asterisk (*) 5. Zero-fill to the left all data fields with a dagger (*)											
L	TELEPHONE REPO	AT	1	FIELD	CARD COLUMN	_ <u>i</u>			t	DATA		
١	PIRS Case Number		15	District/Sequence Number	1-2 (N)/3-7 (N)	L						
	Date of Incident*		COND	Date of Incident	8-13 (N)	-[/r.		Month		Day	
18			1	Transaction Code	14-16 (A)				ADD/	COR/D	EL	
12	Person Receiving Report Date			Record Number	17 (N)		1					
L	Person Receiving Report	Date	4	Time of Occurrence	21-23 (N)		21 0	f Wee	Н	lour of C	Day	
ı	Time Incident Occurred (Hour) *_			Location	(24-33 (A/N)	1		\neg	1-1-1	$\neg \Box$	T + 1	\Box
l	Where Incident Took Place*				24-33 (A/N)	-	R	<u> </u>		+	+ + - i	\vdash
l	l			State/Water Body	34-35 (A)/36-38 (N)	-	- 60		1 - 1000		اـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
l	Lat./Long.		1 1	Source •	39-41 (A/N)	\vdash	╁		+			
Į	River Mile		П	'	1	\vdash	+	+-	+		7	
1	Facility/Vessel Involved*		0	Source Identifier	42-49 (N)	\vdash	+	+-			لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
			2	Cause/Operation	51-52 (A)/54-55 (N)	-	+		1			
	Vessel No. (Off. a, Call Sign, Llo)	vds #. Store #. Hull #)	ğ	Material	\$6-59 (N)		+		+		, m	GUSP
			(<u>ā</u> (Quantity	60-67 (A/N)	1ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	4		4-4-4		ليا ل	x Z
	Cause*		1	Affected Resources	69-74 (A/N)		┸					
	Operation in Progress*	***************************************	11	Record Number	17 (N)	1	4				,	
			11	Wind Speed/Direction	21-25 (N)	\perp	\bot	K	1013		True	
	Material*		11	Sea Height/Swell Direction	26-30 (N)	L	\perp	F	et	\bot	* True	
Ž	Quantity*	GUSPXZ		Current Speed/Direction	31-35 (N)		L	K	nots		* True	
Ĭ		CITCH and		Notifier /Anticipated Response *	39-41 (A/N)/42 (N)	Г	T	7			•	
DISCHARGE	Affected Resources			OPFAC Number	44-53 (A/N)	Г	T	T		T		
~				Record Number •	17 (N)	3						
- [Weather			Removal Undertaken by (Party) *	21 (N)		1					
		,		Equipment Boom Materials	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•[1	T	10's of fe	-1		
-	Wind Speed/Direction				25-26 (N)	'⊢	\dagger	+-	, 10,0.10	••		
	Sea Height/Swell Direction		1	Recovery Devices	·		+	+-	Lbs			
-	Current Speed/Direction			Disposable Absorbents	27-30 (N)	<u>'</u>	+-	+	Lbs.			
			1	Recycleable Absorbents	31-33 (N)	<u>'</u> -	+-	+-	Lbs.			
Į	Name	1	- [Burning Agents	34–36 (N)	_	+-	+	Cal.			
1	Phone		- 1	Dispersants	37-39 (N)	-	+-	+				
		I	-	Herders	40-42 (N)	/	┿	╁	Gal.			
	Address On behalf of			Sinking Agents Personnel (In men-days):	43-45 (N)	<u>'</u>	 	+-	Lbs.			
1			1	CG Regular	55-57 (N)	-	+-	 				
-			w [CG Reserve	58-60 (N)	-	┼	+				
7	Class of Fire A.B.A.		ğ	National Strike Force	61-63 (N)	Ή.	↓_	1	ı			
	Cleanup Financed By *			EPA	64-66 (N)	-	↓_	4				
- (-	Dept. of Defense	67-69 (N)	-	↓_	1-1				
-	Equipment Used and How (check as	appropriete)	L	Commercial	70-72 (N) 1		1_				و المراجع ا	
- [Boom Materials10's of	feet		Record Number Personnel (Cont.)	17 (N)	4	↓_					
- 1	Recovery Devices#Disposable Absorbents	Lbs.		Responsible Party	21-23 (N) 1	L.	_	\sqcup				
- }	Recycleable Absorbents		1	Other	24-26 (N) 1	L		1				
-	Burning AgentsLbs.			Duration of Response	33-35 (N) 1	L	<u> </u>	1 1	Days			USP
	DispersantsGals. HerdersGals.			Amount Recovered	36-43 (A/N)					$\perp \perp$	۰ اــــــا	X Z (if
-	Sinking AgentsLbs.	1		Coyt of Cleanup Total Cost	44-51 (N/S) +	L						pprox
ř	None of the above	1	-	Expenditures from Pollution Fund	52-58 (N) +					\perp		
٤	Personnel & Mandays			Reimbursements to Pollution Fund	59-65 (N) †		T -					
2			1	Reimbursements Pending	66-72 (N) +							
	Duration of Cleanup (days)			Incomplete Reimbursement-Reason	73 (N)							
1	Amount Recovered		.]	Record Number *	17 (N)	6						
}	GUSPXZ		Ď.	Penalty Action Initiated	21-22 (N)	_		7				
1	carcle one			Case Status	58 (N)			0-0 1-0				
1	Cost* \$	epprox/unk										
J	Expend from Pollution Fund 1_		_		was to Outside office							
	Reimb from Pollution Fund \$_		Ce	rtification of review prior to submit	SOUR TO DISTRICT OFFICE				initals		Dere	-
	Reimb Pending \$_		_									
Í	Reason for Incomplete Reimbursem	ient	O	strict office certification of review p	prior to supmission to Distric	t A [) P C 6	nie"	initials		Date	-
_ !												
٠,	CUS EDITION IS DESCRETE			CPO 84 197						5	14 7530 NO 4 0	. *'

Since the greatest number of spill notifications are from private citizens, unless a specific source quantity is known it is usually difficult to accurately quantify amounts of spilled materials. The USCGS Marine Safety Office Field Units typically employ nomographs to estimate spilled quantities on the basis of the type of material discharged and areal coverage under average ambient conditions.

Intra-Agency Notification

Oil samples from investigated spills are processed by USCGS laboratories for identification. Samples of spills of other potentially hazardous materials are referred to EPA for determination of specific chemical constituents.

Although EPA jurisdiction is limited to spills on land and inland portions of Puget Sound waterways as defined above, USCGS provides routine spill notification by telex to EPA. EPA does not maintain a computerized database in EPA Region 10, but relies on the handwritten Emergency Report Form (Figure 3.2) for spills reporting. In those circumstances where potential impacts to Puget Sound might occur as a result of a reported or identified spill, EPA routinely notifies USCGS and provides a copy of the Emergency Report Form (W. Longston, personal communication). As these notifications are received they are processed for inclusion into the MSIS.

Like EPA, WDOE relies on handwritten complaint forms alone (Figures 3.3 and 3.4), and does not maintain a computerized database of Puget Sound spills information (D. Nunnallee, personal communication). Reports are taken, filed solely by date and maintained by the agency regional offices. Annually, 400-500 complaints are processed in Washington state. No statewide coordination of data is conducted.

Only in cases involving a significant spill does WDOE proceed beyond preparation of a report form. In those cases, either a narrative is prepared or an enforcement action is specified. Approximately 10 percent of reported spills are thoroughly investigated. As a result of general field measurement difficulties, the accuracy of estimates of material quantity for these investigated spills can be ± 200 percent (D. Nunnallee, personal communication).

For comparison, and to underscore the field measurement difficulties, the original USCGS quantity estimate for the Whidbey Island 5,000 gallon intermediate fuel spill (December 1984) was corrected upward by 100 percent 24 hours later on the basis of more detailed field information. Although this spill was technically considered to be a "minor spill", it was upgraded to a "medium spill", based on the environmental setting (R. Rochon, personal communication).

Emergency Report Form

Dans 8/8/85 Torre 16:10
Time of Empression As Cold Master Bodisting Other
Name of Person Reporting NRC/ Tom Kenner Matherforc
And Telephone Number 8/01 NF 11 \$9 Portand OR 97211 503/285-3691
B. Spill Information:
. Source of Spill Leaking dome lid on a truck
b. Material Name(s) MF/ account @ 13:00 8/8. and Quantity Spilled a 3 gallono c. Spill Location a city street in Carlington
and Quantity Spilled 3 Q al Lovo
c. Spill Location or city street in Curlington
d. Amount Reaching Water
e. Name of Receiving Water
and Location Where Entered Water
1. Actions Taken for Containment spill areased by F.D personnel.
Clean-up, if any
g. State and Local Agencies Contacted ODFQ hotopic
. General Information
and Follow-up Actions
(continue on bacs if necessary)

National Response Center (800) 442-8802 Environmental Protection Agency (206) 442-1263 Puget Sound Air Pollution Control Agency (206) 344-7330

U.\$. Coast Guard, Seattle, (206) 442-1856, Portland. (503) 221-6323
Washington DOE, Redmond. (206) 885-1900; Olympia, 753-2353; Spokane. (509) 456-2926; Yakima, 575-2490
Oregon DEQ. Portland. (503) 223-6202; Salem. 378-8240; Medford. 729-8557
Oregon Emergency Services (800) 452-0311 (in Oregon), (503) 378-4128 (outside Oregon)
IDHW. Boise. (208) 364-2433; Pocatello, 378-8240, Ext. 291; Coeur d'Alene. 657-3524

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COOPER CONSULTANTS, INC.

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Figure 3.3

WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF BOOLOGY POLLUTION COMPLAINT REPORT FORM

1. (Complaint No 2	. Date of Complaint . Date of Investigation
1	I. Complaint Reported By:	
	Name P	none No.
	Date and time complaint first noted	
	Other information	
11	II. Location:	
	4. Watermurse	
	4. Watercourse 5. Region Northwest () Southwest () E.	astern
	6. District (1) (2)	
	7. County and Town	
		
III	I. Pollutant:	
	8. Pollutant Source	
	10. Quantity	
	10. Quantity Area or miles affected	
	(If dead or dying fish are visible, fill out	Nos. IX, X and XI)
_	·	
IV.	V. Responsibility:	
		•
	11. Person or entity: Name	
	11. Person or entity: Name Address Ph	me No.
	Violator: Confirmed () Suspected ()	Unknown ()
v.	7. Cause:	
	12. Brief Description:	
•		
AT.	. Complaint Received By:	
	N	
	Name Time and date	
	The an case	
VTT	Complaint Immatigated Bre	
	. Complaint Investigated By:	
VIIT.	• Miscellaneous:	
	Were pictures taken?	
	None earnles taken?	
	Individuals and agencies notified	
	Witnesses: Name	
	Address	
	Attachments	
IX.	. Fish Kill:	
		•
	Estimated number of dead fish	•
	Estimated percent scrapfish	
	Predominant species and size	
x.	Suspected Agent or Reason for Kill:	
	-	
	Agent	
	Describe effects	
	·	
	Action taken	

XI. Additional Information:



ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT

			TIME	— 🛘 a.m. 🗘 p.m
DWATER QUALITY	WATER RIGHTS	SHORELANDS	DAIR	·
□ HAZARDOUS WASTES	D SOLID WASTES	OTHER		
Region	_ District			
Complaint received by			 -	
1. Does the complainant wish to	remain anonymous?	☐ Yes	□ No	
2. Complaint reported by:				
Name		Telephone No		
Address		Chy	State	Zio
3. Date(s) of violation				
4. Type or kind of pollutant, if k	nown		_ ,	
5. Statement of problem				
				·····
3. Alleged violator or source:				
Name				
Address		City		
. Where did the violation occur?	: Street	Chy	\$ tarte	Zip
City	County			
		or notes		
		or notes		
_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Referred to Name (Use back of this form for sketo		estigation on	Date	

ECY 010-28 Rev. 5/81

DATE

Utility of the Database

It is anticipated at this time that there will be no capability to provide for communication with data management systems outside the USCGS and requests for information will be processed on a time-available basis (M. Robbey, personal communication).

The database is generally updated on a weekly basis or as new information is received (R. Rochon, personal communication). Tape dumps of MSIS information will be available on a quarterly basis, probably beginning in February or March, 1986 (M. Robbey, personal communication).

At its ultimate development, the MSIS database will allow a USCGS Marine Safety Office to access data and assess trends in terms of such parameters as area or specific location, discharge (type and individual), type of operation, or type and amount of material. Data search for repeated problems and violators could then be routinely performed and there is the potential that information regarding quantity and type of spilled material could be evaluated on the basis of location.

The lack of standardization of reporting methods or data formats employed by WDOE and EPA does not encourage interaction with either the MSIS or other databases. There are no current WDOE or EPA plans for providing the extensive computerization time which would be required for integration of their records into the MSIS database.

Although data entered prior to October 1, 1985 do not provide for pinpoint fixes of spills, the quality of the data for location, type of material, discharger or source and most other information is generally good.

However, estimating spill quantity in the absence of direct information from the discharger is a problem with all reporting systems. In response to potential enforcement actions and penalties, a discharger is more likely to feel the need to minimize quantities reported. Accordingly, the accuracy of quantity information becomes a limiting factor in utilizing the database for pollutant loading calculations. In the absence of an index for reliability of spill material quantity information, background information for each spill may be required for optimal evaluation of quantity estimates.

Recommendations

Because it would enable improved capability for screening data for trends, spill location information should include seconds of latitude and longitude whenever possible. Furthermore, available nomographs for estimating quantity of spilled materials should be expanded to include more reliable discriminatory methods and should be field-tested to cover a wide range of local ambient conditions.

USCGS has principal responsibility for maintainance of spill reporting information in Puget Sound. However, the other agencies receiving spill reports do not always share data in a timely fashion or report that information in a MSIS-useable format (J. Oberlander, personal

communication) and there is the potential that data for individually less significant spills might not be transmitted to MSIS. The overall utility and completeness of the database could be improved if all agencies ensured that data were submitted in a timely fashion to USCGS for inclusion to MSIS.

Routine transmittal of agency information to USCGS in a MSIS-compatible format would reduce potential for ommission of subthreshold spills whose cumulative impacts could be significant.

A convenient method of providing for EPA and other agency computer access to the MSIS database would encourage the development of more complete evaluation of local and national spill trends. Such a capability would heighten the potential of development of a meaningful portrayal of the impacts of spills on the pollutant loading of Puget Sound.

PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS

Contact	Agency	Date
Longston, W.	EPA	September 9, 1985
Nunnallee, D.	WDOE	September 11, 1985
Oberlander, J.	WDOE	September 8, 1985
Robbey, M.	USCGS, Headquarters	October 23, 1985
Rochon, R., Lt.	USCGS, Seattle	August - October 1985

APPENDIX A

POLLUTION INCIDENTS REPORTING SYSTEM -- Codes

LOCATION

Latitude - Longitude

L XX OO ZZZ YY

XX = Latitude Degrees

00 = Latitude Minutes

ZZZ = Longitude Degrees

YY = Longitude Minutes

River Mile

R XX YYYYY

XX = River Designation

YYYYY = River to nearest tenth of a mile .00123--mile 12.3 on the XX River

RIVERS

AL	Allegheny		RY	Kentucky	
AR	Arkansas		KK	Kill van Kul	11
AT	Arthur Kill		LK	Licking	
AF	Atchafalaya		MU	Maumee	
BS	Big Sandy		MI	Maimi	
BW	Black Warrier		MW	Milwaukee	
BU	Buffalo		MN	Minnesota	
CF	Cape Fear		LM	Mississippi	(Lower)
C C	Chicago Ship Canal		DM	Mississippi	(Upper)
CL	Clinch		MO	Missouri	
CM	Columbia		MH	Monongahela	
CB	Cumberland		OH	Ohio	
CY	Cuyahoga		PS	Passaic	
DE	Delaware		PT	Patascho	
Dt	Detroit		RT	Roritan	
EL	Elizabeth		RU	Rouge	
G R	Green		S A	Facramento	
HI	Hiwassee		S K	S chuylkill	
ĦU	Hudson		8 S	Suislaw	
IL	Illinois		S C	St. Croix	
IE	Intracoastal Waterway	(East)	SI	St. Lawrence	
IW	Intracoastal Waterway		IN	Tennessee	
-	(Gulf of Mexico)	-	WL	:Willamette	
JA	James		YK	York	
KN	Kanawha		¥υ	Yukon	

STATE

AL	Alabama	MT	Montana
AK	Alaska	NE	Nebraska
AZ	Arizona	NV	Nevada
AR	Arkansas	NH	New Hampshire
CA	California	nj	New Jersey
CO	Colorado	NM	New Mexico
CT	Connecticut	NY	New York
DE	Delaware	NC	North Carolina
D C	District of Columbia	ND	North Dakota
FL	Florida	OH	Ohio
GA	Georgia	OK	Oklahoma
HI	Hawaii	O R	Oregon
ID	Idaho	PA	Pennsylvania
IL	Illinois	RI	Rhode Island
IN	Indiana	\$ C	South Carolina
IA	Iowa	S D	South Dakota
KS	Kansas	Tn	Tennessee
KY	Kentucky	TX	Texas
LA	Louisiana	UT	Utah
ME	Maine	YT	Vermont
MD	Maryland	· VA	Virginia
MA	Massachusetts	WA	Washington
MI	Michigan	WV	West Virginia
MN	Minnesota	WI	Wisconsin
MS	Mississippi	WY	Wyoming
MO	Missouri		
	Outside Contiguo	us Sone	
A S	American Samoa	SA	South Atlantic
CZ	Canal Zone	\$ P	South Pacific
G U	Guam	TT	Trust Territories
NA	Northern Marianas	VI	Virgin Islands
PR	Puerto Rico		
	Coastal Cod	<u>es</u>	
E C	East Coast WC West Coas	t	GC Gulf Coast

WATERBODY

l Inland 2 Atlantic 3 Pacific 4 Gulf	_01	Bay, Estuary, or Sound INLAND ONLY-Lake, Boadstead, or other large body of Open Internal Water LAKES ONLY-Bay, Estuary, Sound or Open Lake				
5 Lakes	_02	River Area, Canal, or other Restricted Navigable Waterway				
	_03	Port or Harbor Area (including Terminal or Dock				
	_04	Non-navigable Tributary to Navigable Water				
	_05 _06 _07	Other Non-navigable area				
		Beach or Shore adjoining Mavigable Water or a Tributary to Navigable Water				
		Other Beach or Shore				
	_08	Territorial Sea (Baseline to 3 Miles)				
	_09	Contiguous Zone (More than 3 Miles to 12 Miles)				
	_10	High Seas (More than 12 Miles to 50 Miles)				
	_11	Righ Seas (More than 50 Miles to 100 Miles)				
	_12	High Seas (More than 100 Miles)				
(Example,	312 -	Pacific Coast High Seas (More than 100 Miles)				

MATERIAL

Crude	Oil Oil	Aspha	lt or Other Residual
1000	Light crude oil	1060	Creosote
1001	Heavy crude oil	1061	Asphalt or road oil
1002	Medium crude oil	1062	Coal tar or pitch
Gasol			l or Vegetable Oil
	Natural (casing head) gasoline		Animal. oil
~1011	Gasoline (aviation or automotive)	1071	Vegetable oil
Other	Distillate Puel Oil	Waste	0il
1020	Jet fuel (JP-1 through JP-5)	~1080	Waste oil
	Kerosene		
1022	Other distillate fuel oil		
		Other	Oil
		1089	Lube oil
Solve	nts ·	1090	Liquefied petroleum gas
		1091	Hydraulic fluid
	Mineral spirits	1092	Lacquer-based paint
	Other petroleum solvent	1093	Paraffin wax
	-	1094	Grease
		1095	Mixture of two or more
Diese	l Oil		petroleum products
	Light diesel oil	1096	Oil-based pesticides
	Heavy diesel oil	1097	Unidentified light oil
• –	•	1098	Unidentified heavy oil
		1099	Other oil or unknown
Resid	ual Fuel Oil		
	#4 Fuel oil		
	#5 Fuel oil		
	#6 Puel oil		

Hazardous Substances Other than Oil

2001	Acetaldehyde	2030	Chlorosulphonic Acid
2101	Acetic Acid	2120	
2002	Acetic Acid Acetic Anhydride	2121	Cobalt Compounds
2002	Acetone	2122	Copper Compounds
		2123	Couranhos
2004	Acetone Cyanohydrin	2123	Coumaphos
2005	Acetronitrile (metnyl cyanide)	2033	Cresor
24.02	Acetyl Bromide	2034	Crotonaldenyde
2006	Acetyl Chloride	2124	Cyanide Compound
2007	Acrolein	2035	Cyclo-nexane
2008	Acetone Cyanonydrin Acetronitrile (Methyl cyanide) Acetyl Bromide Acetyl Chloride Acrolein Acrylic Acid	2036	Chloroacetic Acid
2009	Acrylonitrile		
	Adiponitrile	2125	2, 4-D (acid)
2011	Allyl Alchol	2 126	2, 4-D (esters)
2012	Allyl Chloride	2127	Dalapon
2103	Aluminum Sulfate (alum)	2 128	DDT
		2129	Diazinon
			Dibenzyl Ether
	Amyl Acetate	2130	Dicamba
	n-Amyl Alcohol	2131	Dichlobenil
			Dichlone
			O-Dichloro Benzene
	Antimony Compounds		Dichloropropane-
	Arsenic Compounds		Dichloro-propane mixture
2100	Ar Benic Compounds		(D. D. soil fumigant)
2010	Benzene	2 133	
	-		Dieldren
	Benzoic Acid		
	Benzonitride		Diethanolamine
2109	Benzoyl Chloride		Diethylamine
2019	Benzyl Alcohol		Diethylenetriamine
			Diethyl Ether
2110	Beryillium Compounds	2044	
	_		aqueous)
	Brucine	2045	Dimethyl Formamide
2021	n-Butyl Acetate	2045	
2022	n-Butyl Acrylate		(Formadimethylamide)
2023	n-Butyl Alcohol	2135	
	Butylamine	2136	Dinitriphenol
	Butyl Ether		Diquat
	n-Bulyraldehyde	2138	Disulfoton
2 026	Butyric Acid		Duiron
2027	Bromine		Dodecylbenzenesufuric Acid
		2141	Dursban
2113	Cadmium Compounds		
2114	Calcium Compounds	2142	Endosulfun
2115	Captan		Endrin
2116	Carbaryl	2047	Epichlorohydrin
2028	Carbon Disulphide	2144	Ethion
	Carbon Tetrachloride	2048	Ethyl Acetate
2030		2049	Ethyl Acrylate
	Chlordane	2050	Ethyl Alcohol
	Chlorine		Ethylbenzine
	Chlorobenzene		Ethylene Cyanohydrin
2031		2052	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	WHAULULULULU		

2053	Ethylene Glycol	2169	Nigrogen Dioxide
	•	2170	Nitrophenol
2146	Flourine Compounds		
	Pormaldehyde	2076	
	Formic Acid	2077	
	Fumaric Acid	2 078	Oleum
2057	Purfural		
_ ~		2171	
2 058			Parathion
2046			PCB's
2148	Guthion	2174	Pentachlorophenol
			Perchloroethylene
	Heptachlor	2079	
	n-Hexane		(Telrachloroethlyene)
· Z 060	Hydrochloric Acid	2080	<u> </u>
	Hydrofluoric Acid (40% aqueous)	2082	Phospene
2062	Hydrogen Peroxide	2181	
2150	(greater than 60%)		Phosphorus Oxychloride
2150	Hydroxylamine	2177	Phosphorus Pentasulfide
2151	Tron Compounds		Phosphorus Trichloride
	Iron Compounds Isoprene	2179	Potassium Hydroxide
2064		2180	Potassium Permanganate
2004	130ptophyl wicohol	2181	Propionic Acid
2152	Kelthane	2182	Propionic Anhydride
		2083	n-Propyl Alcohol
2 153	Lead Compounds	2085	Propylene Oxide
	Lindane	2183	Pyrethrins
2065	Liquid Sulphur	2084	Pyridine
_	•		
	Malathion	2184	Quinoline
	Maleic Acid	8105	D
	Maleic Anhydride	2182	Resorcinol
	Mercury Compounds	2186	Selenium Compounds
2 159 2 066	Methoxychlor	2187	Solium
2067	Methyl Acrylate Methyl Alcohol	2188	Sodium Bisulfite
2068	Methyl Chloride	2189	
2069	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-butunone		
2070	Methyl iso-butyl ketone	2191	Sodium Hypochlorite
2160	Methyl Mercaptan	2192	
2161	Methyl Parathion	2193	Sodium Nitrite
2171	Methylene Chloride	2194	
2072	Methyl Methacrylate	2195	
2162	Mevinphos	2196	<u> </u>
	Monoethanolamine	2197	
	Monomethylamine	2198	
2074	Morpholine	2089	
		2199	
2164	Maled	2087	Sulphuric Acid
	Mapthalene	2200	2 4 5-m /sold\
	Wapthenic Acid	2200 2201	
	Witric Acid	2201	TDE
4 100	Nitrobenzene	4202	

	Tead		Vanadium Compounds
2088	Tetraethyl Lead Tetraethyl Pyrophosate	2094	Vinyl Acetate
2203	Tetractny1 #110P	2 095	Vinylidene Chloride
2089	Toluene		
2204	Toxaphene	2096	
2205	Tuchlorfon Trichloroethane	2211	Xylenol
2090	Tilchiotoethane		
2091	Trichloroethylene	2212	Zectran
2206	Trichlorophenal		Zinc Compounds
2092	Triethanolamine	2214	Zirconium Compounds
2207	Triethylamine		
	Trimethylamine	2097	Other hazardous substances
2093	Turpentine		
2200	Uranuim Compounds		
2209	Oranulm Composition		·
Other	Pollutant		
Other	202200	=010	Wrecked or discarded
7001	Dredged spoil	7012	MISCRED OF GIRCUITATE
7002	solid waste		equipment
7003	Incinerator residue	7013	Rock Sand
7004	Sewage	7014	Cellar dirt
7005	Sewage sludge	7015	Industrial waste
7006	Garbage	7016	Municipal waste
7007	Munitions	7017	Agricultural waste
7008	Chemical Wastes	7018	Agricultural waste
7004	Pinlogical materials	7019	Coal dust
7010	Radioactive materials	7020	
7011		7021	Part water
,,,,			
	`		
8000	Natural Substance		
9000	Other Material		
-9 999	Unknown Material		
		UNIT	
	Actual Spill		"Potential" Spill
	Worder phine		
	G = Gallons		x = Gallons
	G = 02223		s - Dounds
	p = Pounds		Y = Pounds
	£ - &		
	g = Sheen		
	m = Unknown		

BOURCE

Marine Traffic Systems

VESSEL: 000 Other vessel 001 Unknown but suspected vessel 01 Tankship 0 0 - 149 Gross Tons 150 - 299 Gross Tons 03 Tank Barge 2 300 - 499 Gross Tons 3 500 - 999 Gross Tons 4 1,000 - 9,999 Gross Tons __5 10,000 - 19,999 Gross To 6 20,000 - 34,999 Gross To: 7 35,000 - 49,999 Gross To 8 50,000 - 99,999 Gross To 9 100,000 Gross Tons or mo 050 Dry Cargoship 051 Dry Cargo Barge Tugboat or Towboat 052 053 Fishing Vessel 054 Passenger Vessel 055 Recreational Vessel 056 Combatant Vessel (All Naval Vessels except Tank Vessels) 057 Other Public Vessels 058 Coast Guard Vessel 059 Service Vessel 060 Research Vessel 061 Crew Boat MARINE FACILITY:

100 Other transportation-related marine facility 101 Onshore bulk cargo transfer 102 Onshore Fueling 103 Onshore non-bulk cargo transfer

- 104 Offshore bulk cargo transfer
- 105 Offshore Fueling
- 106 Offshore non-bulk cargo transfer
- 107 Deepwater Port Complex
- 108 Single Point Mooring
- 109 Gas Freeing Plant

Other Transportation Systems

VEHICLE:

- 200 Other land vehicle
- 201 Rail vehicle liquid bulk
- 202 Rail vehicle dry bulk
- 203 Rail vehicle general cargo
- 204 Rail vehicle transfer
- 205 Highway vehicle liquid bulk
- 206 Highway vehicle dry bulk
- 207 Highway vehicle general cargo
- 208 Highway vehicle passenger
- 209 Aircraft
- 210 Tank Truck
- 250 Unknown type of land vehicle

LAND FACILITIES:

- 300 Other land transportation facility
- 301 Railway cargo transfer
- 302 Railway fueling facility
- 303 Highway cargo transfer
- 304 Bighway fueling
- 305 Unknown type of land transportation facility

TRANSPORTATION RELATED PIPELINES:

- 401 Onshore pipeline
- 402 Offshore pipeline

NON-TRANSPORTATION-RELATED FACILITIES:

- 500 Other onshore non-transportation-related facility
- 501 Onshore refinery
- 502 Onshore bulk storage facility (includes tank farms)
- 503 Onshore industrial plant or processing facility
- 504 Onshore oil or gas production facility
- 505 Other offshore non-transportation-related facility
- 506 Offshore production facility
- 507 Power plant
- 508 Pipeline within non-transportation-related facility

MISCELLANEOUS:

- 900 Miscellaneous or natural source any source not listed above. (Use this code if cause is natural seepage or if material is natural substance.)
- 901 Natural Oil Seep
- 902 Natural Material other than oil or hazardous substances
- 999 Unknown type of source

INDUSTRY CODES

0 0	Not applicable (discharge did not occur at commercial facility)			
Mining.				
10	Metal mining			
13	Crude petroleum and natural gas			
14	Nonmetallic minerals, except fuel			
Manufactu	ring.			
19	Ordnance and accessories			
2 0	Food and kindred products			
2 2	Textile mills			
24	Lumber and wood products			
2 6	Paper and allied products			
28	Chemical and allied products			
29	Petroleum refining and related industries			
3 0	Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products			
3 2	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete			
3 3	Primary metal products			
34	Fabricated metal products			
3 5	Machinery			
3 6	Electrical machinery and equipment			
37	Transportation equipment			
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing			
Transporta	tion, Communication, Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services.			
40	Railroad			
42	Motor freight and warehousing			
44	Water transportation			
4 6	Pipeline			
49	Electric, gas, and sanitary services			
Bervices.				
70	Hotels and other lodging places			
7 5	Automobile repair, services and garages			
76	Miscellaneous repair services			
82	Educational services			
8 9	Miscellaneous services			
Governmen	<u>t</u> .			
91	Federal			
92	State			
93	Local			
94	In ternational			

Nonclassifiable.

99 Nonclassified

CAUSE

CONTRIBUTING PACTOR: IMMEDIATE CAUSE: Structural Pailure or Loss Hull rupture or leak λ Collision λ B Grounding B Tank rupture or leak C Fire/Explosion C Transportation pipeline Capsizing/Overturning rupture or leak Dike rupture or leak E Sinking D Other casulty K Container lost intact 7 7 Well blow-out Adverse weather or sea condition Ħ Earthquake or other natural Other structural failure disaster Ħ I Minor damage Material fault Design fault X L Personnel error (PE) improper maintenance PE - overpressurization M Other personnel error Corrosion Sand cutouts Other or unknown factor

Equipment Failure

- I Pipe rupture or leak
- J Hose rupture or Leak
- R Manifold rupture or leak
- L Loading arm failure, rupture or leak
- M Valve failure
- N Pump Failure
- O Plange failure
- P Gasket failure

A Minor damage

Ramming

- B Excessive wear
- C Corrosion

R

- D Material fault
- E Design fault
- F PE -improper installation
- .G PE -improper maintenance
 - H PE-Hose, pipe, or loading ar:
 cut or severed

- I PE-Hose, pipe, or loading a twisted or kinked
- J PE-improper valve operation
- R PE-Flanges improperly secur
- L PE-overpressureization
- M Other personnel error

Personnel Error (Unintential Discharge)

- S Tank overflow
- T Improper equipment handling or operation
- W Other personnel error

- A Inadequate sounding
- B Failure to shut down
- C Topping off at excessive ra-
- D Loading too many tanks simultaneously
- E Overfilling (and subsequent overflow)
- P Improper hose handling
- G Improper valve operation
- H Flanges improperly secured
- I Pailure to communicate
- J Inattention to duty
- K Other or unknown factor
- L Improper training

X	Intentional discharge	A	Bilge pumping
		В	Ballast pumping
		C	Tank cleaning or stripping
		D	Emergency discharge
		2	Disposal or waste
		7	Discharge under COE/EPA
			permit
		G	Sabotage or vandalism
		E	Salvage Operations
		J	Other or unknown factor
Ot	her Transportation Casualty	·	
Q	Railroad accident	A	Personnel error
Ū	Highway accident	В	Adverse weather
V	Aircraft accident	С	Overturning
		D	Equipment failure
•		. 3	Collision/crash
		7	Other or unknown factor
Mat	cural or Chronic Phenomenon]	
¥	Matural or chronic phenomenon	λ	Natural seepage from sea
			bottom
		B	Matural substance reported
			oil slick
		C	Leaching from saturated
			ground
		E	Other factor
Uni	nown Cause		
z	Unknown	λ	No discharge at site

Unknown

Type of Operation

00 No operation in progress

Facility and Land Transportation-related Operations

- Ol Routine industrial or manufacturing process
- 02 Starting, stopping, or changing industrial or manufacturing process
- 03 Repair, modification, or maintenance of plant or equipment
- 04 Internal transfer or shifting of liquid
- 05 Transfer of bulk liquid to or from transportation mode
- 06 Transport of bulk liquid by pipeline of vehicle
- 07 Receiving fuel
- 08 Storage of bulk liquid
- 09 Tank stripping process
- 10 Tank cleaning process
- 11 Other cleaning process
- 12 Ship breaking
- 13 Deepwater port (DWP) cargo transfer PLZM (pipeline end manifold) to platform
- 14 DWP cargo transfer platform to shoreside
- 20 Other facility or land transportation-related operation

Non-Transportation-related Operation

- 40 Exploration for natural resources
- 41 Industrial or manufacturing process
- 42 Repair, modification, or maintenance of plant or equipment
- 43 Internal transfer or shifting of liquid
- 44 Receiving fuel
- 45 Production from a natural resource
- 46 Storage of bulk liquid
- 47 Tank stripping or cleaning process
- 48 Other cleaning process
- 49 Other non-transportation-related operation

Vessel-related Operations

- Receiving dry cargo 50
- 51 Off-loading dry cargo
- Receiving liquid cargo at an onshore facility 52
- Discharging liquid cargo at an onshore facility 53
- Receiving fuel 54
- 55 Taking on ballast
- Discharging ballast 56
- Pumping bilges 57
- Stripping tanks 58
- Cleaning tanks 59
- Other cleaning process 60
- Transfer or shifting of liquid within wessel 61
- Repair, modification, or maintenance of vessel 62
- Repair, modification, or maintenance of equipment 63
- Mooring at dock 64
- Departing from dock 65
- Moored (not engaged in any operation listed above) 66
- Anchored (not engaged in any operation listed above) 67
- 68 Underway
- Lightering 69
- 70 Dredging
- 71 DWP cargo transfer vessel to PLEM (pipeline end manifold)
- 80 Other vessel-related operation
- 99 Unknown operation

AFFECTED RESOURCES

Affected Resources (Marine-related)

Enter the degree of impact from the following codes

WATER SUPPLY

- A Municipal drinking water
- B Other municipal intake
- C Power plant intake
- D Other industrial intake
- B Agricultrual intake or use

RECREATIONAL RESOURCE

- P Public beach
- G Other public recreation facility
- B Private beach
- I Other private recreational facility
- J Recreational boats
- K Sport fish

0 Potential

- 1 Negligible
- 2 Slight
- 3 Moderate
- 4 Heavy
- 5 Total destruction
- 6 Discharge affected only areas already badly

polluted

MATURAL RESOURCE

- L Fin fish
- M Shellfish
- N Other marine biota
- O Waterfowl or other birds
- P Marine mammals
- Q Marine sanctuary, wildlife refuge, or wilderness area
- R Reef

COMMERCIAL RESOURCE

- S Fin figheries
- T Shell fisheries
- V Vessels
- W Transportation
- X Other commercial resource or operation
- Y Residential resource
- 2 Other resource

NOTIFIER

Indicates who reported the spill and within what time frame.

First character position codes:

A	Party responsible for discharge	L	Other Federal agency
В	Coast Guard fixed-wing aircraft	M	State agency
C	Coast Guard helicopter	N	Local agency
D	Coast Guard ship	0	Commercial aircraft
E	Coast Guard boat	P	Commercial ship
F	Coast Guard shore unit	Q	Commercial boat
G	Coast Guard personnel engaged in	R	Offshore facility
	MEP function as defined in	S	Onshore facility
	COMDTINST 3120.11 (except patrol	T	Private boater
	activity)	U	Private individual
H	Coast Guard personnel off-duty	V	Anonymous
I	Coast Guard vehicle	W	News media
J	Coast Guard Auxiliary	Z	Unknown
K	EPA		

Second character position codes:

A	No Coast Guard detection	G	Tank Vessel Boarding
В	Coastal Aircraft Patrol - non-	H	Facility Spot Check
	sensor equipped	I	Facility Inspection or Survey
C	Coastal Aircraft Patrol - sensor	J	SAR Mission
	equipped	K	PSS Mission
D	Harbor Patrol	L	CVS Mission
	(boat/vehicle/aircraft)	M	ELT Patrol
E	Remote Area Patrol (boat/vehicle)	Z	Other Coast Guard Activity
F	Transfer Operation Monitoring		•

Third character position codes:

1	Immediate	6 Within 48 hour	s
2	Within 1 hour	7 Within 1 week	
3	Within 6 hours	8 Over one week	:
4	Within 12 hours	9 Unknown/Pote	ntial Spill
5	Within 24 hours		-

ANTICIPATED RESPONSE

0 Containment, removal, or other countermeasure anticipated - water or adjoining land No response - discharge dissipated by weather/ current or unable to locate discharge (mystery 1 spill) 2 No response - area inaccessible No response - no threat due to location 3 No response - no threat due to size 4 No response - potential spill only 5 6 No response - non-removable substance No response - on-scene coordinator did not 7 enforce removal regulations No response - natural substance 8

EPA response anticipated

REMOVAL UNDERTAKEN BY (PARTY)

CODES

- Responsible party in accordance with Section 311(c),
 FWPCA
- 2 Responsible party with limited support from Federal resources
- Federal government under the authority of Section 311(c), FWPCA; pursuant to the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan
- 4 State government pursuant to the regional contingency plan
- 5 State government unilateraly
- 6 Other party or agency

RECOVERY DEVICES

- 1. Suction skimmers
- 2. Vacuum systems
- 3. Weirs
- 4. Inverted planes
- 5. Ploating discs & drums
- 6. Absorbent belts
- 7. Grates and nets
- 8. Pumping equipment
- 9. Dredging equipment
- 0. Absorbent pads

- A. Hand equipment
- B. Conweb
- C. Heavy equipment
 (e.g., Bulldozers)
- X. Other/unknown

AUTH (Authority)

- 01 Federal Water Pollution Control Act (FWPCA) Failure to notify (311(b)(5))
- 02 FWPCA Discharge without permit (CG civil penalty 311(b)(6))
- 03 FWPCA Discharge in violation of terms of permit (311(b)(6))
- 04 FWPCA Violation of other regulations (311(j))
- 05 Refuse Act of 1899 (33 USC 407-411)
- 06 R. S. 4450
- O7 International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution of the Sea by Oil, 1954, as amended
- Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act (MPRSA) of 1972, Title I Dumping without permit (107(c))
- 09 MPRSA, Title I Dumping in Violation of terms of permit (107(c))
- 10 MPRSA Title I Violation of other regulations (107(c))
- 11 MPRSA Title III Violation of regulations (303(a))
- 12 Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
- 13 Other Federal authority
- 14 State authority
- 15 Local authority
- 16 Deepwater Port Act 18(a)(2) Discharge
- 17 FWPCA Violation of Section 301-309

ACTN TAKEN AGNST (Action taken against (Party))

- 1 Owner or Operator
- 2 Person in charge
- 3 Tankerman or other licensed or certified employee
- 4 Other person or party

REFRL TO US ATTNY (Referral to U.S. Attorney)

- 1 Not forwarded
- 2 forwarded for information or "action" as deemed appropriate
- 3 Forwarded recommending criminal prosecution
- 4 Forwarded for collection of civil penalty
- 5 Forwarded for other action

REFRL TO CMDT

- 1 Not forwarded
- 2 Forwarded to Commandant for referral to Department of State (DOS)
- 3 Forwarded to Commandant for other action
- 4 Forwarded to EPA for action
- 5 Forwarded to DOI for action
- 6 Forwarded to DOC for action
- 7 Forwarded to other agency for action

ACTN
BY US
ATTNY
(Action by U.S. Attorney)

- 1 U.S. Attorney prosecuted the case (regardless of outcome)
- O U.S. Attorney declined to prosecute

Blank Unknown

SUSPN REVOC PROBIN

(Suspension, Revocation, or Probation)

Code	Penalty	Action Type
S	Suspension	Criminal/civil
P	Probation	#
R	Revocation	Civil
W	Warning	Ħ
A	Admonition	Ħ

Hring OR TRIAL (Hearing or Trail)

- 1 No hearing or trial held, no letter response received
- -2 Penalty assessed or upheld in hearing or trail
- 3 Penalty mitigated or case dismissed in hearing or trial
- Penalty upheld on basis of letter
- 5 Penalty mitigated or case dismissed onbasis of letter.

1st APPL (First Appeal)

1	No Appeal
2	Penalty mitigated or case dismissed.
	2nd APPL
	(Second Appeal)
1	No Appeal
2	Penalty upheld or appeal denied
3	Penalty mitigated or case dismissed
	CIV
	ACTN TO
	USC
	(Civil action appealed to U.S. Court)
1	Appeal is made
0	Appeal is not made
	BTATUS
0	Open
1	Closed