# DEVELOPMENT DOCUMENT FOR PROPOSED EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES AND NEW SOURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR THE

# STEAM ELECTRIC POWER GENERATING

**POINT SOURCE CATEGORY** 



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY MARCH 1974

## Publication Notice

This is a development document for proposed effluent limitations guidelines and new source performance standards. As such, this report is subject to changes resulting from comments received during the period of public comments of the proposed regulations. This document in its final form will be published at the time the regulations for this industry are promulgated.

## DEVELOPMENT DOCUMENT

for

## PROPOSED EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES

and

## NEW SOURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

for the

STEAM ELECTRIC POWER GENERATING POINT SOURCE CATEGORY

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## ABSTRACT

This document presents the findings of an extensive study of the steam electric power generating point source category for the purpose of developing effluent limitations guidelines, standards of performance for new sources, and pretreatment standards for the industry in compliance with and to implement Sections 304, 306 and 307 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972.

Effluent limitation guidelines contained herein set forth as mandated by the "Act":

(1) The degree of effluent reduction attainable through the application of the "best practicable control technology currently available" which must be achieved by nonnew point sources by no later than July 1, 1977.

(2) The degree of effluent reduction attainable through the application of the "best available technology economically achievable" which must be achieved by nonnew point sources by no later than July 1, 1983.

The standards of performance for new sources contained herein set forth the degree of effluent reduction which is achievable through the application of the "best available demonstrated control technology, process, operating methods, or other alternatives."

This report contains findings, conclusions and recommendations on control and treatment technology relating to chemical wastes and thermal discharges from steam electric powerplants. Supporting data and rationale for development of the proposed effluent limitations guidelines and standards of performance are contained herein.

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## SECTION I

## CONCLUSIONS

For the purpose of establishing effluent limitations guidelines and standards of performance for steam electric powerplants, it has been found that separate consideration must be given to effluent heat and to pollutants other than heat, and these are therefore discussed in separate parts of this report.

Informal categories for establishing guidelines for pollutants other than heat (chemical-type wastes) have been based on the types of waste streams generated in each plant, which in turn are dependent on fuels used, processes employed, plant site characteristics and waste control technologies. Categories for chemical-type wastes include wastes from the water treatment system, power cycle system, ash handling system, air pollution control system, coal pile, yard and floor drainage, condenser cooling system and miscellaneous wastes.

Informal categories for guidelines for effluent heat (thermal discharges) include a basic division of the industry by degree of utilization into base-load, cycling and peaking units. Additional subcategorizations are based on age and size of facilities.

A survey of current industry practices has indicated that many plants provide only minimal treatment of chemical type wastes at the present time, although some of the more recently constructed plants employ elaborate re-use and recycle systems as a means of water management. Current industry practice as far as thermal discharges are concerned is that they have been successfully controlled where required by environmental considerations or at sites where the lack of sufficient naturally available cooling water made once-through cooling systems impractical.

Current treatment and control technology in the general field of waste treatment includes many processes which could be applied by powerplants reduce the discharge of chemical pollutants. It is therefore to concluded that best practicable control technology currently available to be applied no later than July 1, 1977, consists of the control and treatment of chemical-type wastes to achieve significant reductions in level of pollutants discharged from existing sources. It is also the concluded that best available technology economically achievable to be applied no later than July 1,  $19\overline{83}$ , for chemical-type wastes is reflected by no discharge of pollutants, other than from cooling water systems, storm water run-off, sanitary waste systems, and low-level radwaste systems. No discharge is achievable through the application of an integrated system of water management which provides for the multiple re-use of water in uses having descendingly stringent water quality requirements. Standards of performance for new sources will provide for

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essentially the same effluent levels as best practical control technology currently available to due the immediate technical risks of applying best available technology.

For thermal effluents, it is concluded that technology is currently available and is widely utilized in the industry to achieve any desired or necessary degree of reduction of the thermal component of powerplant discharges, including essentially the complete elimination of thermal discharges. The technological basis for best practicable control technology currently available, best available technology economically achievable, and new source performance standards consist of closed-cycle evaporative cooling systems such as mechanical and natural draft cooling towers and cooling ponds, lakes and canals.

The designation of specific control and/or treatment as best practicable technology currently available, best available technology control economically achievable, or as the basis for new source standards for both chemical and thermal discharges is intended to satisfy sections 301, 304 and 306 of the Act. Technology so designated provides the basis for establishment of thermal and chemical effluent limitations guidelines and standards, in that the technology selected is available and capable of meeting the recommended quidelines. However, the designation of specific technology as "best practicable and standards", etc., does not mean that it alone must be utilized to meet the effluent limitations. Any technology capable of meeting the guidelines may be employed by any powerplant so long as the effluent limitations are achieved.

## SECTION II

## RECOMMENDATIONS

As a result of the findings and conclusions contained in this report, the effluent limitations guidelines and standards of performance recommended for the steam electric power generating point source category, in compliance with the mandates of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, are summarized in Tables II-1 and II-2.

#### Table II-1

#### SUMMARY EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS FOR POLLUTANTS OTHER THAN HEAT

SOURCE	POLLUTANTS	EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS*		
		BPCTCA (1977)	BATEA (1983)	New Sources
Nonrecirculating cooling water systems	Chemical additives (biocides) Chlorine-free available Chlorine-total residual	No limitation 0.2 (0.5 max)** No limitation	No limitation 0.2 (0.5 max)** No limitation	Approx. no discharge Approx. no discharge Approx. no discharge
Recirculating cooling water systems	Chemical additives (corrosion inhibitors) Chlorine-free available Chlorine-total residual Chromium-total Oil and grease pH value Total phosphorus (as P) Total suspended (nonfilterable) solids Zinc-total	No limitation 0.2 (0.5 max)** No limitation 10 6.0 to 9.0 No limitation 15 (100 max)*** No limitation	No limitation No limitation No discharge 0.2 10 6.0 to 9.0 5 15 (100 max) 1	No discharge 0.2 (0.5 max)*** No limitation No discharge 10 6.0 to 9.0 No discharge 15 (100 max)*** No discharge
Nonrecirculating ash sluicing systems	Oil and grease pH value Total suspended (nonfilterable) solids	10 6.0 to 9.0 15 (100 max)***	No discharge - No discharge	No discharge - No discharge
Nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems	Oil and grease pH value Total suspended (nonfilterable) solids	10 6.0 to 9.0 15 (100 max)***	No discharge - No discharge	10 6.0 to 9.0 15 (100 max)
Low-volume waste sources taken collectively, as if from one source	Copper-total Iron-total Oil and grease pH value Total suspended (nonfilterable) solids	l l (20 max) 6.0 to 9.0 15 (100 max)	No discharge No discharge No discharge No discharge No discharge	1 1 10 (20 max) <sup>###</sup> 6.0 to 9.0 15 (100 max)
Rainfall runoff taken collectively, as if from one source	Oil and grease pH value Total suspended (nonfilterable) solids	10 (20 max) <sup>##</sup> 6.0 to 9.0 15 (100 max) <sup>##</sup>	10 (20 max) <sup>+</sup> 6.0 to 9.0 15 (100 max) <sup>+</sup>	10 (20 max) <sup>##</sup> 6.0 to 9.0 15 (100 max) <sup>##</sup>
Sanitary wastes	All pollutants	Municipal stds.	Municipal stds.	Municipal stds.
Radwastes	All pollutants	No limitation	No limitation	No limitation
Clarification water treatment	All pollutants	No discharge	No discharge	No discharge
Softening water treatment	All pollutants	No discharge	No discharge	No discharge
Transformers	Polychlorinated biphenyls	No discharge	No discharge	No discharge
Intake screens	Debris	No discharge	No discharge	No discharge
Recirculating ash sluicing systems for fly ash or oil bottom ash	All pollutants	-	-	No discharge

\* Note: Numbers are concentrations, mg/l, except for pH values. Effluent limitations, except where otherwise indicated, are monthly averages of daily amounts, mg, to be determined by the concentration shown and the flow of waste water from the source in question. In some cases there are limitations shown on the maximum amount for any day. Where waste waters from one source with effluent limitations for a particular pollutant are combined with other waste waters, the effluent limitation, mg (or mg/l), for the particular pollutant, excluding pH, for the streams which contribute to the combined stream except that the actual amount, mg (or mg/l), of the pollutant in a contributing stream will be used in place of the effluent limitation for those contributing streams where the actual amount, mg (or mg/l), of the pollutant is less than the effluent limitation, mg (or mg/l), for the contributing stream. The pH value should be in the range given at all times.

- \*\* Note: Effluent limitations are average concentrations during a maximum of one 2-hour period a day and maximum concentrations at any time. No more than one unit at a plant may be chlorinated at any time. Limitations are subject to case-by-case variances if higher levels or more-rengint periods are needed for condenser tube cleanliness.
- \*\*\* Note: Or influent amounts, mg, to that source in the same day, whichever is the greater.
- # Note: No discharge of chlorine or other biocides used for biological control in condenser tubes.
- ## Note: Effluent limitations are average concentrations during the time span of each runoff event and maximum concentrations at any time.
- ### Note: Average is amount, mg, and maximum is concentration, mg/1.

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+ Note: Same as ## except that limitations apply separately to (1) the segregated first 15 minutes of runoff from any rainfall event, and (2) the remainder of the rainfall runoff from any rainfall event.

## Table II-2

SUMMARY OF EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS FOR HEAT

TYPE OF UNIT	BEST PRACTICABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY CURRENTLY AVAILABLE to be met no later than July 1, 1977	BEST AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY ECONOMICALLY ACHIEVABLE to be met no later than ()
LARGE BASE-LOAD		
Construction completed after July 1, 1977	NO DISCHARGE	NO DISCHARGE (July 1, 1980)
Construction completed before July 1, 1977		
500 MW and larger	NO LIMITATION	NO DISCHARGE (July 1, 1978)
● 300-499 MW	NO LIMITATION	NO DISCHARGE (July 1, 1979)
• all other	NO LIMITATION	NO DISCHARGE (July 1, 1980)
SMALL BASE-LOAD	NO LIMITATION	NO DISCHARGE (July 1, 1983)
CYCLIC	NO LIMITATION	NO DISCHARGE (July 1, 1983)
PEAKING	NO LIMITATION	NO DISCHARGE (July 1, 1983)

Large means units in plants over 25 MW and in systems over 150 MW.

No limitation for any unit with a remaining service life of six years or less.

No limitation on once-through house service water for nuclear units.

No discharge excludes blowdown, which is limited to a temperature not exceeding the temperature of water returned to the condenser.

Variations can be granted on a case-by-case basis where sufficient land is not available and (for best practicable control technology currently available, only) where neighboring land uses would be impacted by saltwater drift, provided (for both land availability and saltwater drift) alternative technologies are not practicable.

STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE FOR NEW SOURCES IS NO DISCHARGE OF HEAT (EXCEPT FOR BLOWDOWN) FOR ALL UNITS, WITHOUT EXCEPTION

## SECTION III

## INTRODUCTION

## General Background

The involvement of the Federal Government in water pollution control dates back to 1948, when Congress enacted the first comprehensive measure aimed specifically at this problem. At that time the Surgeon General, through the U. S. Public Health Service, was authorized to assist states in various ways to attack the problem. The emergence of a national water pollution control program came about with the enactment of the Water Pollution Control Act of 1956 (Public Law 84-660) which to this date remains the basic law governing water pollution. This law set up the basic system of technical and financial assistance to states and municipalities, and established enforcement procedures by which the Federal Government could initiate legal steps against polluters.

The present program dates back to the Water Quality Act of 1965 and the Clean Water Restoration Act of 1966. Under the 1965 Act, the states were required to adopt water quality standards for interstate waters, and to submit to the Federal Government, for approval, plans to implement and enforce these standards. The 1966 Act authorized massive Federal participation in the construction of sewage treatment plants. An amendment, the Water Quality Act of 1970, extended Federal activities into such areas as pollution by oil, hazardous substances, sewage from vessels, and mine drainage.

Originally, pollution control activities were the responsibility of the U. S. Public Health Service. In 1961, the Federal Water Pollution Control Administration (FWPCA) was created in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, and in 1966, the FWPCA was transferred to the Department of the Interior. The name was changed in early 1970 to the Quality Administration and in December 1970, the Federal Water Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) was created by Executive Order as independent agency outside the Department of the Interior. Also by an Executive Order 11574 on December 23, 1970, President Richard M. Nixon established the Permit Program, requiring all industries to obtain permits for the discharge of wastes into navigable waters or their tributaries under the provisions of the 1899 River and Harbor Act (Refuse Act). The permit program immediately became involved in legal problems resulting eventually in a ruling by a Federal court that effectively stopped the issuance of a significant number of permits, but it did result in the filing with EPA, through the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, of applications for permits which, without doubt, represent the most complete inventory of industrial waste discharges yet compiled. The granting of a permit under the Refuse Act was dependent on the discharge being able to meet applicable water quality standards.

Although EPA could not specify methods of treatment, they could require minimum effluent levels necessary to meet water quality standards.

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972 (the "Act") made a number of fundamental changes in the approach to achieving clean water. One of the most significant changes was from a reliance on water quantity related effluent limitations to a direct control of effluents through the establishment of technology-based effluent guidelines to form an additional basis, as a minimum, for issuance of discharge permits. The permit program under the 1899 Refuse Act was placed under full control of EPA, with much of the responsibility to be delegated to the States.

## Purpose and Authority

The Act requires the EPA to establish guidelines for technology-based effluent limitations which must be achieved by point sources of discharges into the navigable waters of the United States. Section 301 (b) of the Act requires the achievement by not later than July 1, 1977, of effluent limitations for point sources, other than publicly owned treatment works, which are based on the application of the best practicable control technology currently available as defined by the Administrator pursuant to Section 304(b) of the Act. Section 301(b) also requires the achievement by not later than July 1, 1983, of effluent limitations for point sources, other than publicly owned treatment works, which are based on the application of the best available technology economically achievable which will result in reasonable further progress toward the national goal of eliminating the discharge of all pollutants, as determined in accordance with regulations issued by the Administrator pursuant to Section 304(b) of the Act. Section 306 of the Act requires the achievement by new sources a Federal standard of performance providing for the control of the of discharge of pollutants which reflects the greatest degree of effluent reduction which the Administrator determines to be achievable through the application of the best available demonstrated control technology, processes, operating methods, or other alternatives, including, where practicable, a standard permitting no discharge of pollutants. Section of the Act requires the Administrator to publish within one year 304 (b) of enactment of the Act, regulations providing guidelines for effluent limitations setting forth the degree of effluent reduction attainable through the application of the best practicable control technology currently available and the degree of effluent reduction attainable through the application of the best control measures and practices achievable including treatment techniques, process and procedure innovations, operation methods and other alternatives. The regulations proposed herein set forth effluent limitations guidelines pursuant to Section 304(b) of the Act for the steam electric powerplant industry.

Section 306 of the Act requires the Administrator, within one year after a category of sources is included in a list published pursuant to

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Section 306(b) (1) (A) of the Act, to propose regulations establishing Federal standards of performances for new sources within such categories. The Administrator published in the Federal Register of January 16, 1973 (38 F.R. 1624), a list of 27 source categories. Publication of the list constituted announcement of the Administrator's intention of establishing, under Section 306, standards of performance applicable to new sources within the steam electric powerplants industry category, which was included within the list published January 16, 1973. See Table III-1 for a summary of the principal statutory considerations.

Section 316(a) of the Act provides that whenever the owner or operator of any point source can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Administrator that any effluent limitation proposed for the control of the thermal component of any discharge will require more stringent control measures than are necessary to assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife in and on the body of water into which the discharge is to be made the Administrator may impose less stringent limitations with respect to the thermal component, (taking into account the interaction of such thermal component with other pollutants) that will assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish, and wildlife in and on that body of water.

The Act defines a new source to mean any source, the construction of which is commenced after the publication of proposed regulations prescribing a standard of performance. Construction means any placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment (including contractual obligations to purchase such facilities or equipment) at the premises ehere such equipment will be used, including preparation work at such premises.

## Scope of Work and Technical Approach

This document was developed, specifically, for effluent discharge from electric powerplants covered under Standard Industrial steam Classification 1972 Industry Nos. 4911, 4931, and 4932, relating to liquid discharges to navigable waters of the United States. The study was limited to powerplants comprising the electric utility industry, and did not include steam electric powerplants in industrial, commercial or Electric generating facilities other than steam other facilities. electric, such as combustion gas turbines, diesel engines, etc. are included to the extent that power generated by the establishment in question is primary through steam electric processes.

This report covers effluents from both fossil-fueled and nuclear plants and excludes the radiclogical aspects of effluents.

The Act requires that in developing effluent limitations guidelines and standards of performance for a given industry, certain factors must be considered, such as the total cost of the application of technology in

# Table III-1

## PRINCIPAL STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS

	STATUTORY BASIS	General Description	Process Changes	Cost	Process Employed, Age & Size of Equip- ment & Facilities.	<sup>~</sup> Non Water Quality Environmental Impact & Energy
10	Best Practicable Control Technology Currently Available 304(b)(1)(A) [Existing Sources]	<ol> <li>Achieve by 1977.</li> <li>Generally average of best existing per- formance; high con- fidence in engineering viability.</li> <li>Where treatment uniformly inadequate a higher degree of treatment may be required if practic- able [compare exist- ing treatment of similar wastes].</li> </ol>	Normally does not emphasize in-process controls, except where presently commonly practiced.	Balancing of total cost of treatment against effluent reduc- tion benefits.	Age, size & process employed may require variations in discharge limits (taking into account compatibility of costs and process technology)	Assess impact of alternative controls on air, solid waste, noise, radiation and energy require- ments.
-	Best Available Technology Economically Achievable 304(b)(1)(B) [Existing Sources]	<ol> <li>Achieve by 1983.</li> <li>Generally best existing performance but may include tech- nology which is capable of being designed, though not yet in place; further development work could be required.</li> </ol>	Emphasizes both in-process and end- of-process control.	Costs considered relative to broad test of reason <del>.</del> ableness.	Age, size & process employed may require variations in discharge limits (taking into account compatibility of costs and process technology)	Assess impact of alternative controls on air, solid waste noise, radiation and energy requirements.
-	Standards of Performance Best Available Demonstrated Con- trol Technology 306 [New Sources]	<ol> <li>Achieved by sources for which "construc- tion" commences after proposal of regula- tions.</li> <li>Generally same considerations as for 1 more critical analysis of present availability</li> </ol>	Emphasizes process changes. 983;	Cost considered relative to broad test of reasonable- ness.	N/A	Assess impact of alternative controls on air, solid waste, noise, radiation and energy require- ments.

relation to the effluent reduction benefits to be achieved, age of equipment and facilities, processes employed, engineering aspects of the of various types of control techniques, process changes, application non-water quality enviornmental impact (including energy requirments) and other factors. For steam electric powerplants, formal segmentation of the industry based on all the factors mentioned in the Act has been However, the two basic aspects of the found to be inapplicable. effluents produced by the industry, chemical aspects and thermal aspects, were found tc involve such divergent considerations that a basic distinction between guidelines for chemical wastes and thermal discharges was determined to be most useful in achieving the objectives of the Act. Accordingly, this report covers waste categorization, control and treatment technology and recommendations for effluent limitations for chemical and other nonthermal aspects of waste discharge in Part A and similar subjects for thermal aspects of discharges in Part B of this report considering the factors cited in the Act.

Section 502(6) of the Act defines the term pollutant in relation to the discharge into water of certain materials, substances and other constituents of discharge. The inclusion of heat in the list of pollutants indicates the clear intention on the part of Congress to have this pollutant included in the same manner as other pollutants in the establishment of effluent limitation guidelines and standards of performance. The only recognition of heat in any special terms in the Act is in Sections 104(t) and 316.

Section 104(t) requires the EPA Administrator in cooperation with other agencies and organizations to conduct continuing comprehensive studies of the effects and methods of control of thermal discharges. The studies are to include cost-effectiveness analysis and total impact on the environment. The Act states that they are to be used by EPA in carrying out Section 316 of the Act, and by the States in establishing water quality standards. However it does not indicate that the studies to be utilized in establishing effluent limitation guidelines and are standards of performance. Section 316(a) does provide for individual variances to be granted from effluent guidelines for thermal discharges, where such a variance will assure the protection and propogation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife in and on that body of water.

Consequently, the Act requires effluent guidelines and standards of performance for heat to be developed in the same manner as for other pollutants, but also allows for individual relief from the guidelines and standards under Section 316. In this context, this report only contains an evaluation of control and treatment technology for thermal discharges which reduces or eliminates the amounts of heat discharged. Consideration of mixing zone technology is therefore not included, since mixing zones do not reduce the effluent heat but rely in part upon the dilution effect of the receiving water to decrease the overall receiving water temperatures to meet applicable limitations based on environmental criteria. Therefore they do not qualify as a control or treatment technology for the establishment of technology-based effluent limitations guidelines or standards of performance.

performance The effluent limitations guidelines and standards of proposed herein have been developed from a detailed review of current practices in the steam electric powerplant industry. A critical examination was made of treatment methods now in use in the industry and methods used in other industries to achieve solutions to problems similar to those encountered in steam electric powerplants. As part of review of current practices, applications for discharge permits the filed in accordance with other provisions of the Act were examined. However, since these permit applications cover only the characteristics of the effluent with no quantification of the corresponding treatment practices, the value of the information obtainable from them is fairly limited. Also as part of this effort visits were made to 27 plants, with at least one plant visit to each of the ten EPA regions. Sampling programs were conducted at plants where it was felt that sufficient information could be obtained to document exemplary treatment practices.

The economic analysis contained in this report pertain only to costs related to control and treatment technology for the reduction and/or elimination of the discharge of pollutants from steam electric powerplants. Benefits derived from associated costs are simply the reduction and/or elimination of pollutant discharges. Cost/benefit analysis which consider environmental effects, benefits to society, economic impact, etc. are beyond the scope of this report.

In arriving at recommendations for effluent limitations guidelines and standards of performance, extensive use has been made of prior studies in this area made for EPA, in-house information developed by EPA, and information developed by industry sources. In particular, reference was made to unpublished material contained in a draft report prepared by Freeman Laboratories, Inc., for the Water Quality Office, EPA, under Contract No. EPA-WQO 68-01-0032, entitled Industrial Waste Studies: Steam Generating Plants, dated May 1971.

## Industry Description

Steam electric powerplants are the production facilities of the electric power industry. The industry also provides for the transmission and distribution of electric energy. The industry is made up of two basically distinct cwnership categories, investor-owned and publiclyowned, with the latter further divided into Federal agencies, non-Federal agencies, and cooperatives. About two-thirds of the 3400 systems in the United States perform only the distribution function, but many perform all three functions, production (generally referred to as generation), transmission, and distribution. In general, the larger systems are vertically integrated, while the smaller systems, largely in the municipal and cooperative categories, rely on firm purchases to meet all cr part of their requirements. Many of the systems are interconnected, and can, under emergency conditions, obtain power from other systems.

Historically, the industry started around 1880 with the construction of Edison's steam electric plant in New York City. For the next sixty years, growth was continuous, but unspectacular, due to the fairly However, since 1940 the annual per capita limited demand for power. production of electric energy has grown at a rate of about six percent per year, and the total energy consumption by about seven percent. In 1970, there were about one thousand generating systems in the United States. These systems had a combined generating capacity of 340,000 megawatts (MW) and produced 1,530,000,000 megawatt hours (MWH) of energy. A breakdown of the capacity and production by ownership categories is given in Table III-2.

The industry produces, transmits and distributes a single product, electric energy. The product is distinguished from other products of the American industry by the fact that it cannot be stored, and that the industry must be ready to produce at any give time all the product the consumer desires to utilize. While some industrial power is sold on a so-called "interruptible" basis, the total amount sold on this basis is insignificant compared to the overall power consumption. As a matter of fact, the ability of the industry to meet any instantaneous demand is the criterium for what constitutes satisfactory performance in the industry and is the single most significant factor in determining the need for new generating facilities.

Other special considerations involved in a discussion of the industry relate to its role as a public utility, a monopoly, and a regulated industry. As a public utility, its major objective is to provide a public service. It must supply its product to all customers within its assigned service area, but it cannot discriminate between customers, and it must supply its product to all customers within a given class at equal cost. As a monopoly, the industry is generally assigned a service area, but within that area is exempt from competition except perhaps for competition with other sources of energy, particularly in the industrial However, in return for the granting of a monopoly, the industry area. Thus it cannot cease to service a is required to furnish service. certain area when such service appears to be unprofitable. Finally, in view of its position as a public utility and a monopoly, both the quality of service it must provide and the rates it may charge for its service are regulated by both State and Federal regulatory agencies. Since the rates it is allowed to charge are a function of the cost of providing service, any prudent costs imposed on the industry by regulatory agencies will eventually be passed on to the electricity And since the consumer, particularly at the retail consumer. residential level, has very few options to the use of electricity, the relationship between costs and consumption is generally considered to be

## Table III-2

## SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

## ELECTRICAL POWER GENERATING INDUSTRY (YEAR 1970)

Number of plants (stations).....approx. 1000

Number of generating units.....approx. 3000

OWNERSHIP	NUMBER OF SYSTEMS*	GENERATING CAPACITY, MW*	GENERATION, 10 <sup>6</sup> MWH*
Investor	250	265,000	1,180
Federal	2	40,000	190
Public (non-Fed)	700	35,000	140
Cooperative	65	5,000	22
CUSTOMERS	NUMBER	ENERGY SOLD, MWH	
Residential	55,000,000	450,000,000	
Commercial	8,000,000	325,000,000	
Industrial	400,000	575,000,000	
Other	<b>_</b>	60,000,000	
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PROJECTED GROWTH	INSTALLED CAPA	ACITY, MW	
1970	266,000		
1980	540,000		
1990	1,057,000		
FUEL USED	PERCENT HEAT	INPUT	
Coal	54		
Natural Gas	29		
Oil	15		
Nuclear	2		
COST (YEAR 1968)	mills/1	KWH	
Production	7.7		
To Customers	15.4		

\* Note: Includes some hydroelectric and internal combustion.

"inelastic" in the short time, that is, an increase in cost has little effect on the level of consumption.

The use of electric energy can be divided into three major categories: industrial, residential and commercial. In 1965, industrial use accounted for 41% cf all energy generated. Residential use accounted for 24% and commercial use for 18%. Another 17% of the energy generated was used by miscellaneous users for auxiliary operations within the industry or lost in transmissions. Studies by the Federal Power Commission (FPC) indicate no change in this basic use pattern over the next two decades.

On the other hand, the total amount of electric energy that will be used is expected to increase significantly over the next two decades. Again, based on studies by the FPC, it is believed that the required generating capacity will increase from 340,000 MW in 1970 to 665,000 MW in 1980 and 1,260,000 MW in 1990. The industry's 1970 generating facilities would therefore have to be almost doubled by 1980 and again doubled by 1990.

At the present time, steam electric powerplants, including both fossilfueled and nuclear-fueled plants, account for about 79% of total generating capacity and 83% of the total power generated. The remainder is accounted for by hydroelectric generation, both of the once-through and pumpedstorage types, and by direct combustion-generation processes such as gas turbines and diesel engine driven generators. Table III-3, taken from reports of the FPC, shows the projected growth of generating capacity over the next two decades.

Four basic fuels are used in steam electric powerplants, three fossil fuels-coal, natural gas and oil - and uranium, presently the basic fuel of nuclear power. A potential fuel, reclaimed refuse, is being burned at one experimental facility, but is not likely to have a major impact on the industry within the foreseeable future. Table III-4, again from FPC reports, shows the projected distribution of fuel use for steam electric power generation for the next two decades.

Table III-5 shows the projected annual fuel requirements for steam electric powerplants over the next two decades. See also Figure III-1 for a graphical presentation of the projection, by the Joint Committee Atomic Energy, of the U.S. energy flow pattern for 1980. Although on their share of the total fuel use is declining, the actual use of all fossil fuels is projected to continue to increase. Most three significant is the fact that utility consumption of coal will more than double although coal's share of the total use will decrease from 54% to These projections assume no major slippages in the construction of 31%. nuclear generating plants. Should such slippages occur, it is possible that coal will be called upon to assume an even greater role in meeting the nation's energy needs.
# TABLE III- 3

					·····		
	<u>1970 (actual)</u>		198	0	1990		
Type of Plant	Capacity	<u>% of</u> Total	Capacity	<u>% of</u> Total	Capacity	<u>% of</u> Total	
Fossil Steam	260	76	393	59	557	44	
Nuclear Steam	<u>6</u>	_2	<u>147</u>	22	<u>500</u>	<u>40</u>	
Subtotal Steam	266	78	540	81	1,057	84	
Hydroelectric- conventional	52	15	68	10	82	6	
Hydroelectric- pumped storage	4	1	27	4	71	6	
Gas-Turbine and Diesel	<u>19</u>	6		5	51	4	
TOTALS	341	100	666	100	1,261	100	

# PROJECTED GROWTH OF UTILITY ELECTRIC GENERATING CAPACITY (Figures in thousands of megawatts)

Notes: (1) These projections are keyed to the electrical energy demand projections made by Regional Advisory Committee studies carried out in the 1966-1969 period.

(2) The projections are premised on an average gross reserve margin of 20%.

(3) Since different types of plants are operated at different capacity factors, this capacity breakdown is not directly representative of share of kilowatt-hours production. For example, since nuclear plants are customarily used in base-load service and therefore operate at comparatively high capacity factors, nuclear power's contribution to total electricity production would be higher than its capacity share.

Table :	III <b>-</b> 4
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# FPC PROJECTION OF FUEL USE IN STEAM ELECTRIC POWERPLANTS

Fuel	1970	1980	1990
Coal	54%	41%	30%
Natural Gas	29	14	8
Fuel Oil	15	14	9
Nuclear	2	31	53

# Table III- 5

# FPC PROJECTED ANNUAL FUEL REQUIREMENTS FOR STEAM ELECTRIC POWERPLANTS

				s
Fuel	Measure	1970	1980	1990
Coal Natural Car	$10^6$ tons	332	500	500
Natural Gas	10 cubic feet	3.6	3.8	3.8
Fuel Oil	10 <sup>6</sup> barrels	331	640	800
υ <sub>3</sub> 0 <sub>8</sub>	10 <sup>3</sup> tons to diffusion plants without re- cycle of plutonium	7.5	41	127





Coal is the most abundant of the is fossil fuels. Nationwide it that proven recoverable reserves are sufficient to supply our estimated needs for the next 200 to 300 years. A problem with coal is that it in chemical properties and its geographic distribution does not varies electric coincide with the geographic distribution of the demand for energy. A primary concern is the sulfur content of the coal. Most of the Eastern coal is too high in sulfur content to meet the increasingly stringent limits on sulfur dioxide in stack gases.

Sulfur dioxide removal systems are being employed at a number of powerplants. All indications are that limitations on sulfur dioxide emissions will substantially increase production costs in coal-burning powerplants. In the West, there are large deposits of low sulfur coal, but here the cost of either shipping the coal or transmitting electric energy are substantial. The possibilities of further environmental restrictions as much as the actual environmental regulations now in force has possibly resulted in the conversion of a large number of coal burning plants to cther forms of fossil fuel, and the construction of new generating facilities using less abundant but more environmentally acceptable fuels.

Both natural gas and low sulfur residual oils are in short supply. The natural gas situation was initially felt to be more critical and some generating plants were being converted from natural gas to fuel oil. The FPC projections indicated that natural gas utilization would remain fairly constant and that the use of fuel oil would increase at approximately the same rate as the use of coal. All of these projections were based on the assumption that there would be no additional governmental actions regulating the utilization of fuels and that nothing would happen to affect our present heavy reliance on foreign sources for fuel oil. Subsequently, the fuel oil problem became critical, projections were altered and certain plants were considered for reconversion to ccal.

Finally, the projected growth of nuclear generating capacity is dependent in the short run on the discovery of additional deposits of low-cost uranium and the construction of additional ore processing facilities. In the long run, it is dependent on the successful development and use of breeder reactor systems. The United States may have a full-scale breeder plant in operation in the 1980's.

In summary, this report deals with the setting of effluent guidelines for an industry with many complex aspects. It is a public utility and therefore is regulated both as to the quality of its service and the rates it can charge for the service. While regulation limits the rates it can charge, it also insures that any prudently increased costs will eventually be passed on to the retail customer. Except for some competition in the industrial use of electricity, there is little competition for the use of its product. On the other hand, the industry itself has little mobility. A powerplant generally cannot be moved and

a generating unit can be shut down only when an equivalent unit has been provided. Since its product cannot be stored and must be produced to meet a fluctuating demand, much of its capacity is used only part time. With suitable sites near the centers of demand largely used up, it has to go further and further from its demand to obtain satisfactory generating sites, and even then is often encountering pressure from environmental groups opposed to the construction of the new facilities. Generally, the slippage in the schedules for new powerplants is requiring the industry to continue to operate some of the older, less efficient, and perhaps less environmentally acceptable plants. Amplification of the "energy crisis" has evoked considerable attention, constraints, and changes in the industry. In addition to some shifts in fuel and fuel costs, reduced projections for the demand for electricity have caused at least one major system to announce a slowdown in planned expansion resulting in the delay in construction of two large generating units.

The setting of effluent standards for steam electric powerplants has therefore involved a large number of complex factors, many of which do not apply to a conventional manufacturing industry producing a nonperishable, transportable product in a competitive market.

#### Process Description

The "production" of electrical energy always involves the utilization and conversion of some other form of energy.

The three most important sources of energy which are converted to electric energy are the gravitational potential energy of water, the atomic energy of nuclear fuels, and the chemical energy of fossil fuels. The utilization of water power involves the transformation of one form of mechanical energy into another prior to conversion to electrical and can be accomplished at greater than 90 percent of energy, theoretical efficiency. Therefore, hydroelectric power generation involves only a minimal amount of waste heat production due to conversion inefficiencies. Present day methods of utilizing the energy of fossil fuels, on the other hand, are based on a combustion process, followed by steam generation to convert the heat first into mechanical energy and then to convert the mechanical energy into electrical energy. Nuclear processes as generally utilized also depend on the conversion of thermal energy (heat) to mechanical energy via a steam cycle. Although progress in powerplant development has been rapid, a large part of the energy released by the fuel as heat at a high temperature level, in even the most efficient plants, is not converted to useful electrical energy, but is exhausted as heat at a lower temperature level. This is due to the second law of thermodynamics which rests an experimental evidence.

Where a water-steam cycle is used to convert heat to work, the maximum theoretical efficiency that can be obtained is limited by the temperatures at which the heat can be absorbed by the steam and discarded to the environment. The upper temperature is limited by the temperature of the fuel bed and the structural strength and other ambient aspects of the boiler. The lower temperature is ideally the temperature of the environment, although for practical purposes the reject temperature must be set by design significantly above the highest anticipated ambient temperature. Within these temperatures it can be the conversion of heat into any other form of energy is shown that limited to efficiencies of about 40 percent regardless of any improvements to the machines employed. The limited boiler temperature utilized by present day light water nuclear powerplants is the maior reason of the lower efficiency of these plants compared to fossil-fueled For any steam electric power generation scheme, therefore, a plants. minimum of 60 percent of the energy contained in the fuel must be rejected to the environment as waste heat. The extent to which existing and future steam electric powerplants approach this theoretical limit will be discussed later in this report, as will alternate methods of converting fuel energy to electric energy which do not employ a steam cycle and therefore are not limited to steam cycle efficiencies.

Fossil-fueled steam electric powerplants produce electric energy in a four stage process. The first operation consists of the burning of the fuel in a boiler and the conversion of water into steam by the heat of combustion. The second operation consists of the conversion of the high-temperature high-pressure steam into mechanical energy in a steam turbine. The steam leaving the turbine is condensed to water, transferring heat to the cooling medium, which is normally water. The turbine output is conveyed mechanically to a generator, which converts the mechanical energy into electrical energy. The condensed steam is reintroduced into the boiler to complete the cycle.

Nuclear powerplants utilize a similar cycle except that the source of heat is atomic interactions due to nuclear fuel rather than combustion of fossil fuel. Water serves as both moderator and coolant as it passes through the nuclear reactor core. In a pressurized water reactor, the heated water then passes through a separate heat exchanger, where steam is produced on the secondary side. This steam, which is not radioactive, drives the turbine. In a boiling water reactor, steam is generated directly in the reactor core and is then piped directly to the turbine. This arrangement results in some radioactivity in the steam and therefore requires some shielding of the turbine. Long term fuel performance and thermal efficiencies are similar for the two types of nuclear systems.

The theoretical water-steam cycle employed in steam electric powerplants is known as the Rankine cycle. Actual cycles in powerplants only approach the performance of the Rankine cycle because of practical considerations. Thus, the heat absorption does not occur at constant temperature, but consists of heating of the liquid to the boiling point, converting of liquid to vapor and superheating (heating above the saturation equilibrium temperature) the steam. Superheating is necessary to prevent excess condensation in the turbines and results in an increase in cycle efficiency. Reheating, the raising of the temperature above saturation of the partially expanded steam, is used to obtain improvements in efficiency and again to prevent excess Preheating, bringing of condensate to near condensation. boiling temperatures with waste heat, is also used for this purpose. Condensers cannot be designed to operate at theoretically optimum values because it would require infinitely large equipment. All of these divergences from the optimum theoretical conditions cause a decrease in efficiency and an increase in the amount of heat rejected per unit of production. As a result, only a few of the larger and newer plants approach even the efficiencies possible under the ideal Rankine cycle. Also as a result of second law limitations, modifications of the steam cycle of an existing plant are not likely to result in significant reductions in heat rejection.

## Alternate Processes

Alternate processes for generating electric energy can be divided into three distinct groups. The first group includes those processes that are presently being used to generate significant amounts of electrical energy. This group includes hydroelectric power generation, combustion gas turbines, and diesel engines. The second group includes processes that seek to improve on the steam electric cycle by utilizing new fuels or new energy technology. This group includes liquid metal fast breeder reactors, geothermal generation, utilization of solar energy, and various forms of combining cycles to obtain greater thermal efficiency. last group includes those systems, also mostly still under The development, that seek to eliminate the inherent limitations of the Rankine cycle by providing for some type of direct conversion of chemical energy into electrical energy. This group includes magnetohydrodynamics, electrogasdynamics and fuel cells.

Presently Available Alternate Processes

Hydroelectric Power

Hydroelectric developments harness the energy of falling water to produce electric power, and have a number of distinct advantages over steam electric plants. Operation and maintenance costs are generally lower. Although the initial capital cost may be higher, hydroelectric developments have longer life and lower rates of depreciation, and capital charges may therefore be less. The cost of fuel is not an item of operating cost. Both availability and reliability are greater than for steam electric units. Hydroelectric plants are well suited for rapid start and rapid changes in power output and are therefore particularly well adapted to serve peak loads. Best of all, hydroelectric plants do not consume natural fuel resources, produce no emissions that affect air quality and discharge no significant amounts of heat to receiving waters. Unfortunately, the availability of hydroelectric power is limited to locations where nature has created the opportunity by providing both the stream and the difference in elevation to make the energy extractable. many instances this means generation far away from load centers with In long transmission lines required to bring the energy to its point of use. At the present time, hydroelectric generation in the United States a major factor only in the Far West, in New York State, and in some is areas of the Appalachian Region. Total hydroelectric capacity installed at the end of 1970 amcunted to 52,300 MW, amounting to about 15% of the total installed U. S. generating capacity. In spite of a projected growth of about 30,000 MW by 1990, the share of once-through electric power is expected to decline to about 7% by 1990. The primary reason for this decline is that the best available sites for hydroelectric power have already been developed and that the remaining sites are either too far from lcad centers or too costly to develop. Development some sites may be prohibited by legislation such as the Colorado of River Basin Project Act (P. L. 90-537) and the Wild and Scenic Rivers 90-542). Development of the maximum potential at other Act (P. L. sites may be limited by the Federal Power Act which requires that a project to be licensed or relicensed be best adapted to a comprehensive plan for the use of the basin's resources.

There is a possibility of importing substantial blocks of hydroelectric power from eastern Canada, but the rapid rate of growth in Canada has possibly been a factor in the inability of that country and the United States to enter into long-term contracts for the sale of power. As much as 5,000 MW might be available on a short-term basis of about twenty years and could be transmitted to load centers in the Northeastern United States at economically feasible costs.

One form of hydroelectric power, pumped storage projects, is expected to play an increasing role in electric power generation. In a pumped storage project water is pumped, by electricity generated by thermal units, into an elevated reservoir site during off-peak hours and electricity is then generated by conventional hydro means during the periods of peak usage. Pumped storage plants retain the same favorable operating characteristics as once-through hydroelectric plants. Their ability to accept or reject large blocks of energy very quickly make them much more flexible than either fossil-fueled or nuclear plants. Of course, the power required to pump the water into the reservoir must be generated by some cther generating facility. Efficiencies of pumping and of hydroelectric generation are such that about 3 KWH of energy must be generated for each 2 KWH recovered, but on many systems the loss of 1 KWH of non-peak fuel consumption in lieu of 2 KWH (equivalent) of capital expenditure for additional peak generating capacity is favorable in the light of overall system economics.

Although the earliest pumped storage project dates back to 1929, total pumped storage capacity at the end of 1970 amounted to only 3,700 MW. FPC estimates indicate that pumped storage capacity may reach 70,000 MW

by 1990. This would represent a higher rate of growth than the projected growth of the entire industry.

Although hydroelectric plants produce neither air emissions nor thermal discharges, some proposed projects have drawn opposition from environmental groups because of the large volumes of water being drawn through the turbine-pump units, with the associated potential for damage to marine life, and the relatively large areas of uncertainty surrounding the effect of artificial reservoirs on groundwater regimen. Several of the pumped storage project reservoirs have required remedial measures to reduce leakage of water from the reservoir.

In general, hydroelectric power represents a viable alternative to fossil-fueled or nuclear steam cycle generation where geographic, environmental and economic conditions are favorable. Pumped storage additionally offers an cpportunity to improve overall system performance and reliability, particularly for rapid startup and maintenance of reserves ready to be loaded on very short notice.

Combustion Gas Turbines and Diesel Engines

Combustion gas turbines and diesel engines are devices for converting the chemical energy of fuels into mechanical energy by using the Brayton and Diesel thermal cycles as opposed to the Rankine cycle used with with the Rankine cycle, the second law of thermodynamics steam. As imposes upper limits as their ideal energy conversion efficiencies based on the maximum combustion temperature and the heat sink temperature (ambrient air). The actual conversion efficiencies of combustion gas turbines and diesel engines are lower than those of the better steam cycle plants. Diesel engines are used in small and isolated systems as a principal generator of electrical energy and in larger systems for emergency or standby service. Combustion gas turbines are used increasingly as peaking units and in some instances as part of combined cycle plants, where the hot exhaust gases from a combustion gas turbine are passed through a boiler to generate steam for a steam turbine. Both types of units are relatively low in capital cost (\$/KW), require little operating labor, are capable of remote controlled operation, and are able to start quickly. Since these units typically operate less than 1,000 hours per year, fuel costs are generally not a deciding factor.

In a combustion gas turbine, fuel is injected into compressed air in a combustion chamber. The fuel ignites, generating heat and combustion gases, and the gas mixture expands to drive a turbine, which is usually located on the same axle as the compressor. Various heat recovery and staged compression and combustion schemes are in use in order to increase overall efficiency. Aircraft jet engines have been used to drive turbines which in turn are connected to electric generators. In such units, the entire jet engine may be removed for maintenance and a spare installed with a minimum of outage time. Combustion gas turbines

require little or no cooling water and therefore produce no significant thermal effluent.

Diesel engines can be operated at partial or full loads, are capable of being started in a very short time, and are ideally suited for peaking use. Many large stear electric plants contain diesel generators for emergency shutdown and startup power if the plant is isolated from outside sources of power.

In 1970, combustion gas turbine and diesel engines represented 6% of the total United States generating capacity. This represented 15,000 MW of combustion gas turbines and 4,000 MW of diesel engines.

Alternate Processes Under Active Development

Future Nuclear Types

At the present time almost all of the nuclear powerplants in operation in the United States are of the boiling water reactor (BWR) or As previously discussed some pressurized water reactor (PWR) type. technical aspects of these types of reactors limit their thermal efficiency to about 30%. There are potential problems in the area of fuel availability if the entire future nuclear capacity is to be met with these types of reactors. In order to overcome these problems, a number of other types of nuclear reactors are in various stages of development. The objective of developing these reactors is two-fold, to improve overall efficiency by being able to produce steam under temperature and pressure conditions similar to those being achieved in fossil fuel plants, and to assure an adequate supply of nuclear fuel at a minimum cost. Included in this group are the high temperature gascooled reactor (HTGR), the seed blanket light water breeder reactor (LWBR), the liquid metal fast breeder reactor (LMFBR), and the gascooled fast breeder reactor (GCFBR). All of these utilize a steam cycle as the last stage before generation of electric energy. Both the HTGR and the LMFBR have advanced sufficiently to be considered as potentially viable alternate processes.

The HTGR is a graphite-moderated reactor which uses helium as a primary The helium is heated to about 750 degrees centigrade (1400 coolant. degrees Fahrenheit), and then gives up its heat to a steam cycle which operates at a maximum temperature of about 550 degrees centigrade (1,000 degrees Fahrenheit). As a result, the HTGR can be expected to produce electric energy at an overall thermal efficiency of about 40%. One HTGR is operating in the United States at this time, with another expected to be operating in 1974. The HTGR should be responsible for a significant portion of the total nuclear capacity by about 1985. The thermal effects of its discharges should be similar to those of an equivalent capacity of fossil-fueled plants. Its chemical wastes will be provided with essentially similar treatment systems that are presently being provided for BWR and PWR plants.

The LMFBR will have a primary and secondary loop cooled with sodium, and a tertiary power producing loop utilizing a conventional steam system. Present estimates are that the LMFBR will operate at an overall thermal efficiency of about 36%, although higher efficiencies are deemed to be ultimately possible. The circulating water thermal discharges of the LMFBR will initially be about halfway between those of the best fossilfueled plants and the current generation of nuclear plants. Chemical wastes will be similar to those of current nuclear plants.

## Coal Gasification

The technology for producing from coal a low BTU gas suitable for combustion in a utility powerplant has long been available. Thus far, the economics of processing the coal at the mine and transporting gas to the point of use have not been sufficiently favorable to lead to the construction of large scale facilities based on this process.

The attractiveness of the concept lies in its potential for utilizing the most abundant of the fossil fuels, coal, without the problems usually associated with coal, sulfur and particulates in the stack gases and ash and slag problems in the boiler. The drawbacks are that coal gasification only returns 2 KW for each 3 KW of coal processed, large capital investments are required, and the resulting cost per BTU is high.

Federal Government and a number of private organizations are The supporting research and development seeking to reduce the cost of coal qasification. There are at least eight process alternates in various stages of development with different by-products or energy requirements. Best current estimates are that low BIU gas could be produced from coal about twice the average price currently (1973) paid by electric for utilities for natural gas. With an increasing shortage of natural gas and fuel oil and increasing pressure on the utilities for environmentally "clean" generation of electric energy, coal gasification could well turn into a significant factor in the steam electric powerplant industry.

#### Combined Cycles

One possible avenue toward greater overall thermal efficiency lies in first utilizing the hct gases generated by combustion of the fuel in a combustion gas turbine and then passing the exhaust of the turbine through a steam boiler. A small number of plants based on this concept have been constructed. One problem lies in the fact that present-day turbine technology requires a relatively clean gas or light oil (natural gas or refined oil) fuel. Gas turbines are used primarily as peaking units due to the shortage of natural gas supplies, its high cost per unit of heating value, and the relatively high maintenance cost of the equipment. Thermal efficiency is a primary consideration only for base loaded units and experience with gas turbines used as base-load units is limited.

A major advantage of the combustion gas turbine is the fact that it requires no cooling water. Conversion of existing units or plants to combined cycle offers, at least in theory, the potential for reducing the thermal effects associated with a given production of electrical energy. In practice, the modification of existing equipment is generally likely to be technically difficult, if not impossible, and of doubtful economic viability.

One form of combining cycles that holds special attraction is the utilization of municipal refuse as a source of energy for the production of steam and electrical power. Municipal refuse has an average heating value of about 12,000 J/g (5000 BTU/lb). Many municipalities have been forced to incineration of their refuse by the growing scarcity of available and environmentally acceptable sites for landfill operations. In European countries, higher fuel costs and lower wages have resulted in economics favorable to the recovery of heat from the incineration of refuse. In the United States, general practice has been to incinerate refuse in refractory furnaces without attempt at heat recovery, although several large municipal incinerators now generate steam.

been converted to accept a mixture of 10 to 20% Plant No. 2913 has shredded refuse and 80 to 90% powdered coal. The refuse has previously been processed to remove a portion of the ferrous metals. The operation appears to be reasonably successful, although its economic justification more difficult to document. Refuse can never supply more than a is minor fraction of the energy requirements of a community and the modifications to both the refuse disposal operations and the production of electric energy are such that the economics must be carefully evaluated in each individual case.

Future Generating Systems

Magnetohydrodynamics

Magnetohydrodynamic (MHD) power generation consists of passing a hot ionized gas or liquid metal through a magnetic field to generate direct current. The concept has been known for many years, although specific research directed towards the development of viable systems for generating significant quantities of electric energy has only been in progress for the past ten years.

The promise of MHD lies in its potential for high overall system efficiencies, particularly if applied as a "topping" unit in conjunction with a conventional steam turbine. The exhaust from a MHD generator is still at a sufficiently high temperature to be utilized in a waste heat boiler. The combined MHD-steam cycle could result in overall system efficiencies of 50 to 60% and would require substantially less cooling water than presently available systems.

The problems with MHD lie in the development of suitable materials that can withstand temperatures in the 2200-2800°C (4000-5000°F) range. This includes electrodes, channels, and auxiliary components. There are also problems in the burning of commercial fuels containing various impurities (such as sulfur-containing coal) and problems resulting from the fixation of nitrogen and the lack of satisfactory methods to remove nitrous oxides from the stack gases.

Although the Soviet Union and Japan are actively engaged in MHD research and development, including the construction of a commercial size MHD plant in Moscow, experimental generators in the United States have produced only moderate outputs for short periods of time or small outputs for periods of up to hundreds of hours. In spite of substantial interest in and support of MHD research by the Office of Coal Research of the U. S. Department of the Interior, and the Edison Electric Institute, it does not seem likely that MHD will reach commercial operations in the United States within the next ten years.

#### Electrogasdynamics

Electrogasdynamics (EGD) produces power by passing an electrically charged gas through an electric field. The process converts the kinetic energy of the moving gas to high voltage direct current electricity.

The promise of EGD is similar to the promise of MHD. Units would be smaller, with a minimum of moving parts, would not be limited by thermal cycle efficiencies and would not require cooling water. The system could also be adapted to any source of fuel or energy including coal, gas, oil or nuclear reactors.

Unfortunately, the problems of developing commercially practical units are also similar to those associated with MHD. A pilot plant was constructed in the United States in 1966, but tests on the pilot model uncovered major technical problems and resulted in a termination of the project. In view of these difficulties and the relatively small current effort toward further work on this process, it seems unlikely that EGD will have an impact on the national energy picture within the next twenty years.

#### Fuel Cells

Fuel cells are electrochemical devices, similar to storage batteries, in which the chemical energy of a fuel such as hydrogen is converted continuously into low voltage electric current. Fuel cells presently under development produce less that 2 volts per cell. In order to create a usable potential, many cells have to be arranged in series and many of these series arrangements must be paralleled in order to produce a significant current. Converters would be required to convert the direct current produced by the cells into alternating current.

The main attractiveness of the fuel cell lies in its modular capability and the possibility of tailoring power output to the immediate needs. Fuel can be stored and used when needed. Losses in transporting fuel are also less that the corresponding losses incurred in transmitting electricity. The efficiency of the direct conversion from chemical to electric energy is high and the heat losses are minimal.

Main problem areas at the present time lie in developing low cost materials of construction and low cost fuels. The most effective electrodes presently available are platinum electrodes, which can be used in military and space applications, but are not economically competitive for commercial use. Presently used fuels include hydrogen, hydrazine and methyl alcohol. The use of relatively low cost fuels such as coal, natural gas or petroleum is not feasible at this time. Unfortunately, the manufacture of the usable fuels also involves the utilization of significant quantities of electric and other energy, so that the overall benefits are questionable.

A strong effort is being made in the United States to develop the fuel cell for residential and commercial service. A number of prototype units have been installed and are operating successfully. However the fuel cell is not expected to replace a significant portion of the central plant power generation within the next ten years.

Geothermal Generation

Geothermal generation utilizes natural steam or hot water trapped in the earth's crust to produce electrical energy. At the present time, geothermal generation is limited to areas of geothermal activity such as fumaroles, geysers and hot springs. If steam is obtained directly from the earth, it can be used to drive a turbine. Hot water must first be flashed to steam or used to evaporate some other type of working fluid.

Advantages of this type of power generation are that the source of energy is essentially free, although the costs of drilling are not insignificant. Disadvantages are that the steam must first be cleaned and that, at the current state of the art, this scheme is practical only where there is geothermal activity near the surface of the earth. With the advances being made in deep drilling for locating oil, it would seem possible to tap energy sources almost anywhere on earth. However, economic considerations appear to lead to the conclusion that geothermal generation will be feasible only under specially favorable geologic conditions.

## Industry Regulation

At the Federal level, numerous agencies have regulatory authority or direct responsibility for certain aspects of the industry. These include the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC), Department of Agriculture, Department of the Interior, Federal Power Commission, the Department of the Treasury, Securities and Exchange Commission, Tennessee Valley Authority, Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Labor.

The Federal Power Commission (FPC) is authorized to provide certain types of economic regulation over certain investor-owned electric utilities and administrative supervision over certain publicly-owned systems. It licenses all non-Federal hydroelectric projects, regulates all interstate rates and services, and requires systems to keep a specific system of accounts and submit reports on their activities. The annual report FPC Form 67, Steam Electric Plant Air and Water Quality Control Data, with responses from 654 plants, and the Summary Report for year ended December 31, 1969, formed one of the major sources of the The 654 plants reporting represented steam data for this report. electric plants of 25 MW or greater capacity which were part of a power supply system of 150 MW or greater and plants of 25 MW or greater capacity operating in one of the Air Quality Control Regions.

The Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) has the responsibility for licensing construction and operation of nuclear plants (stations). A utility proposing to build a nuclear plant must first apply for a construction permit. With this application the utility must file a Preliminary Safety Analysis Report and an Environmental Impact Statement. After the major design details have been completed, and while construction is under way, the utility has to submit a Final Safety Analysis Report which then becomes the basis for an operating license. In conformance with a recent decision by the United States Court of Appeals, AEC licensing procedures now include consideration of all environmental factors, non-nuclear as well as nuclear, as required by the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969.

At the state level, all states except Minnesota, Nebraska, Texas and South Dakota have regulatory commissions with authority over investor owned utilities. In less than half the states, the commissions also have the power to regulate publicly-owned utilities. The degrees of authority vary, but generally include territorial rights, quality of service, safety, and rate-setting. The rate-setting power generally requires a utility to demonstrate to the regulatory authority that a proposed rate structure is necessary in order to permit the utility to earn a return on its equity investment, also known as a rate base. The rate base may be determined from historical cost or fair market value or some other valuation formula, but in most cases, commissions in effect assure the utility of a minimum return on capital invested in its system.

# Construction Schedules

Construction schedules for nuclear plants and fossil-fueled plants are significantly different in the total time span required from the concept study stage to commercial operation. For example, the condensed construction schedule for a 200 MW oil-fired unit shown in Figure III-2 encompasses a span of about three years from initiation of the concept study to commercial operation. In contrast, Figure III-3 shows excerpts from a typical LWR nuclear plant project schedule. The time span shown from the initiation of the preliminary design until commercial operation is about 8-9 years.

Figure III-2

CONDENSED CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE, 200 MW OIL-FIRED UNIT\* (Reference No. 187)

	Years <u>Months</u>	1972 JFMAMJJASOND	1973 JFMAMJJASOND	1974 JFMAMJJASOND	1975 JFMAMJ
Concept Study Begun		-			
Grading and Excavation Piling Substructure Structural Steel Superstructure Gallery Work Steam Generator Steam Turbine-Generator Condensing Equipment Cooling Tower** Equipment Erection Flues, Ducts and Stack Misc. Field Erection Piping System Thermal Insulation Electrical		  	Initi Commerci  	Boilout	

\* Note: Base-load type unit with provisions for cycling duty. Major items of equipment include one main transformer, one generator, one steam turbine, one steam condenser, two condensate pumps, five closed feedwater heaters, one deaerating heater, two boiler feedwater pumps, one steam generator, one combustion burner group, and two combustion air fans and compressors. \*\* Note: Cooling tower is mechanical draft.

Task	Year	1	2	3,	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Site Selection and Acquisition Environmental Studies Prepare NSSS and Fuel Specifications Vendor Bid Preparation Bid Evaluation and Negotiation Contract Awards Preliminary Design					-						
Detailed Design											
Foundations and Buildings											
Containment Erection											
NSSS Equipment Installation										-	
Turbine-Generator Erection								-			
NSSS and T-G Auxiliary Equipment											
Fuel Loading											-
Testing											
Commercial Operation											

# Figure III-3

TYPICAL LWR NUCLEAR PLANT PROJECT SCHEDULE (HIGHLIGHTS ONLY) \*

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\* Note: Excerpts from Reference No. 186.

#### SECTION IV

#### INDUSTRY CATEGORIZATION

Steam electric powerplants are characterized by many diverse aspects, and at the same time by many similarities. Categorization of the industry into discrete segments for the purpose of establishing effluent limitations guidelines requires consideration of the various factors causing both this diversity and similarity. Specific factors which require detailed analysis in order to categorize the industry include the processes employed, raw materials utilized, the number and size of generating facilities, their age and location and their mode of operation.

## Process Considerations

There are five major unit processes involved in the generation of electric power - the storage and handling of fuel related materials both before and after usage, the production of high-pressure steam, the expansion of the steam in a turbine which drives the generator, the condensation of the steam leaving the turbine and its return to the boiler, and the generation of electric energy from the rotating mechanical energy. Figure IV-1 shows a schematic flow diagram of a typical steam electric powerplant.

Fuel Storage and Handling

All fuels must be delivered to the plant site, stored until usage, and the materials stored on the premises or removed. spent fuel Fossil-fueled plants require off-loading facilities and fuel storage in quantities based on the size of the plant and the limited reliability of delivery. Fossil-fuels are transported to the furnace where combustion takes place. The combustion of fossil fuels results in gaseous products of combustion and non-gaseous non-combustible residues called ash. A portion of the ash is carried along with the hot gases. This portion is referred to as fly ash. The remainder of the ash settles to the bottom of the furnace in the combustion zone and is called bottom ash. The amount and characteristics of each type of ash is dependent on the fuel and the type of boiler employed. Coal produces a relatively large amount of bottom ash. Oil produces little bottom ash but substantial fly ash. Gas produces little ash of any type.

Coal-fired steam generators can be categorized as wet or dry bottom according to ash characteristics. Gas-fired and oil-fired steam generators are generally run with dry bottoms. In one type of wet bottom steam generator the coal is burned in such a manner as to form a molten slag which is collected in the bottom and is tapped off similar to the tapping of a blast furnace. In dry bottom steam generators,



TYPICAL STEAM ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANT

where ash is removed hydraulically, it is customary to pump the ash slurry to a pond or settling tank, where the water and ash are separated.

Many modern powerplants remove fly ash from the gaseous products of combustion by means of electrostatic precipitators, although scrubbers may be required in the future on plants burning fossil fuels containing more than a minimal amount of sulfur. The removal of fly ash collected in an electrostatic precipitator depends on the method of ultimate disposal. If the fly ash is to be used in the manufacture of cement or bricks or otherwise used commercially, it is generally collected dry and handled with an air conveyor. If it is to be disposed of in an ash pond or settling basin, it is sluiced out hydraulically.

Many of the operations involving fossil-fuels are potential sources of water pollutants. The storage and handling of nuclear fuels in comparison is not a continuous operation, requires little space, is highly sophisticated from the standpoint of engineering precision and attention to details, and is not considered to be a potential source of nonradiation water pollutants.

#### Steam Production

The production of high-pressure steam from water involves the combustion of fuel with air and the transfer of the heat of combustion from the hot gases produced by the combustion to the water and steam by radiation and convection. In order to obtain the highest thermal efficiency, as much of the heat of combustion as possible must be transferred from the gases to the steam and the gases discharged at the lowest possible temperature. This requires the transfer to be accomplished in a series of steps, each designed for optimum efficiency of the overall process. Not every boiler provides each of the steps outlined in this section, but most of the boilers supplying steam to larger and newer generating units (over 200 MW and built in the last twenty years) provide these steps as a minimum.

Feedwater is introduced into the boiler by the boiler feed pump and first enters a series of tubes (regenerative feedwater heater) near the point where the gases exit from the boiler. There it is heated to near the boiling point. The water then flows to one or more drums connected by a number of tubes. The tubes are arranged in vertical rows along the walls of the combustion zone of the boiler. In this zone, the water in tubes is vaporized to saturated steam primarily by the radiant heat the of combustion. The saturated steam is then further heated to higher temperatures primarily by convection of the hot gases in the superheater section of the boiler. In some boilers, the steam is reheated after passage through the initial sections of the turbine. Finally, the flue gases are passed through a heat exchanger (air heater) in order to transfer heat at a low temperature to the air being blown into the boiler.

far as steam production is concerned, the efficiencies possible from As the conversion of the chemical energy of the fuel to electric energy depend on the maximum steam temperatures and pressures and on the extent of the utilization of regeneration feedwater heaters, reheat and air heating. For a simple cycle using saturated steam with a maximum pressure of 6.3 MN/m<sup>2</sup> (900 psi) expanded in the turbine to atmospheric pressure and using exhaust steam to heat the feedwater, the total cycle efficiency would be about 20%. If the saturated steam is superheated to 530°C (1,000°F), the efficiency is increased by an increment of 5 to 6%. The addition of a high-vacuum 863 Kg/m<sup>2</sup> (2-1/2 in Hg abs) condenser and the addition of feedwater heating will increase possible efficiencies by an increment of 12 - 13% to about 38%. By increasing the maximum pressure still further and reheating the steam, the efficiency can be increased to about 45%. These are turbine cycle efficiencies and do not reflect various losses in the boiler and auxiliary power requirements. Indications are that these efficiencies represent the limit obtainable from the processes presently in use. Higher efficiencies would require higher steam pressures and temperatures would present material problems that do not seem to be near solution. The alternate of lower terminal temperatures is not possible since the waste heat must be rejected to the environment under ambient conditions.

In the effort to improve the efficiency of the steam cycle, designers have attempted to resort to higher temperatures and pressures. Maximum turbine operating pressures increased from about 1,000 psi in the early 1930's to 5000 psi in the early 1960's. Since then, turbine design pressures for new units have receded slightly to a maximum of 3500 psi. Similarly, maximum operating temperatures increased from 800°F to 1200°F for a brief period and then receded to a maximum of 1050°F, as designers looked to more sophisticated reheat cycles and turbine designs to optimize plant performance.

Nuclear generators presently in operation fall into two classes, pressurized water reactors (PWR) and boiling water reactors (BWR). In a PWR, water under a pressure of about 14 MN/m<sup>2</sup> (2,000 psig) is heated as it circulates past the nuclear fuel rods in a closed loop. This hot water then exchanges heat with a secondary water system which is allowed to vaporize to steam. In the BWR, water heated in the reactor core under a pressure of about 7 MN/m<sup>2</sup> (1,000 psig) is allowed to vaporize to steam directly. Neither of these processes produce steam with significant amounts of superheat and this limits their thermal cycle efficiencies to about 30%.

The size or rating of boilers is in terms of thousands of pounds of steam supplied per hour. According to the FPC the increase in boiler capacity was rather slow until 1955, when the maximum capacity of boilers installed began to rise from a level of about 1,500 thousand pounds per hour to the present level of about 10,000 thousand pounds per hour. Prior to 1950, individual boilers were kept small, in large part because boiler outages were rather numerous, so that it was common

design practice to provide multiple boilers and steam header systems to supply a turbine-generator. Some plants report to the FPC that the steam headers are connected to multiple turbine-generators. Advances in metal technology since 1950, with associated lower costs of larger units, have made it economical and reliable to have one boiler per turbine-generator.

#### Steam Expansion

The conversion of the pressure energy of the steam into mechanical energy occurs in the steam turbine. In the turbine the steam flows through a succession of passages made up of blades mounted on alternately moving and plantary discs. Each set of moving and plantary discs is called a stage. The moving discs are mounted on a rotating shaft while the plantary discs are attached to the turbine casing. As the steam passes from disc to disc, it gives up its energy to the rotating blades and in the process loses pressure and increases in volume. If the steam enters the turbine in a saturated condition, a small portion of the steam will condense as it passes through the turbine. One reason for superheating or reheating steam is to reduce this condensation and the mechanical problems associated with it.

There are many different types of turbines and turbine arrangements in use in steam electric powerplants. Almost all turbines in use in central generating plants are of the condensing type, discharging the steam from the last stage at below atmospheric pressure. The efficiency of the turbine is highly sensitive to the exhaust pressure turbine designed optimally for one (backpressure). A level of backpressure will not operate as efficiently at the other levels of backpressure. Some turbines designed for 863 Kg/m<sup>2</sup> (2-1/2 in Hg abs) backpressure cannot operate at 1730 Kg/m<sup>2</sup> (5 in Hg abs) because of high temperature in the last stages. In general, turbines designed for oncesystems will generally be operated at lower through cooling backpressures than those designed for closed cooling systems. Moreover, if a turbine designed for the low backpressures corresponding to oncethrough cooling system is operated instead with a closed cooling system, an incremental decrease in turbine efficiency will result during times when the back pressure is higher than it would have been for once-through cooling.

In most turbine arrangements a portion of the steam leaves the casing before the final stage. This type of turbine is called an extraction turbine. The extracted steam is used for feedwater heating purposes. In some turbines, a portion of the steam is extracted, reheated in the boiler, and returned to the turbine or to another turbine as a means of improving overall efficiency. Many different mechanical arrangements of high pressure and low pressure turbines on one or more shafts are possible, and have been utilized. While there are no major effluents associated with the steam expansion phase other than those resulting from housekeeping operations, the significance of the steam expansion lies in its effect on plant efficiency and therefore on the thermal discharge. In many plants, turbine design will be a key factor determining the extent of the feasibility of converting a once-through cooling system to a closed system.

#### Steam Condensation

Steam electric powerplants use a condenser to maintain a low turbine exhaust pressure by condensing the steam leaving the turbine at a temperature corresponding to vacuum conditions, thus providing a high cycle efficiency and recovering the condensate for return to the cycle. Alternatively, the spent steam could be exhausted directly to the atmosphere thus avoiding the requirement for condensers or condenser cooling water, but with poor cycle efficiency and a requirement for large quantities of high purity water. There are two basic types of condensers, surface and direct contact. Nearly all powerplants use surface condensers of the shell and tube heat exchanger type. The condenser consists of a shell with a chamber at each end, connected by banks of tubes. If all of the water flows through the condenser tubes in one direction, it is called a single-pass condenser. If the water passes through one half of the tubes in one direction and the other half in the opposite direction, it is called a two-pass condenser. Steam passed into the shell condenses on the outer surface of the cooled tubes.

A single-pass condenser tends to require a larger water supply than a two-pass condenser and will generally result in a lower temperature rise in the cooling water. In most instances it will also produce a lower turbine backpressure. A two-pass condenser is utilized where the cooling water supply is limited or in a closed system where it is desired to reduce the size of the cooling device, and improve its efficiency by raising the temperatures of operation.

Many condensers at the more-recently built powerplants have divided water boxes so that half the condenser can be taken out of service for cleaning while the unit is kept running under reduced loads. Since cleanliness of the condenser is essential to maintaining maximum heat transfer efficiency, it is common practice to add some type of biocide to the cooling water to control the growth of algae or slimes in the condenser. In spite of these biocides most powerplants clean condensers mechanically as part of regularly scheduled maintenance procedures.

Operation of the condenser requires large quantities of cooling water. Wherever adequate supplies of cooling water are available, it has been common practice to take cooling water from a natural source, pump it through the condenser, and discharge it to the same body of water from which it was obtained. This is known as a "once-through" system. One of the major considerations in siting powerplants is the availability of an adequate source of high-quality once-through cooling water. If sufficient water for a once-through system is not available and other considerations prevail in determining the location of the plant, cooling water must be recirculated within the plant. In this case some form of cooling device, an artificial pond with or without sprays, or a cooling tower must be provided to keep the temperature from rising above the maximum level permissible or desirable for turbine operation. Figure IV-2 shows a schematic flow diagram of a typical recirculating (closed) system utilizing cooling towers. For reasons of economy closed systems typically operate at higher temperature differentials across the condenser than once-through systems, balancing the somewhat reduced efficiency of the turkine against the lower quantity of cooling water required, and therefore the smaller size and lower cost of the cooling device. However, since nearly all cooling devices currently in use obtain their cooling effect from evaporation, the dissolved solids concentration of closed cooling systems tends to increase, eventually reaching, if uncontrolled, a point where scaling of the condenser would interfere with heat transfer. A portion of the concentrated circulating water must therefore be discharged continually as blowdown to remove dissolved solids, and purer fresh water must be provided to make up for losses due to evaporation, blowdown, liquid carryover (drift), and leaks.

Flow rates of cooling water vary with the type of plant, its heat rate and the temperature rise across the condenser. A fossil plant with a heat rate of 10,000 KJ/KWH (9,500 BTU per KWH) and a 6.7°C (12°F) rise across the condenser (values typical of exemplary plants in the industry using once-through cocling systems) will require about 0.5 x  $10^{-4}$ m<sup>3</sup>/sec. (0.8 gpm) of cooling water for every KW of generating capacity. A nuclear plant with a heat rate of 11,100 KJ/KWH (10,500 BTU per KWH) and a 11°C (20°F) rise across the condenser, (typical of plants using closed cooling systems) will require about 0.46 x  $10^{-4}$  m<sup>3</sup>/sec. (0.73 gpm). Because of differences in thermal efficiencies, nuclear plants under identical conditions require about 50% more cooling capacity than comparible fossil plants.

While both once-through and closed cooling systems are currently in use in the industry, the use of closed systems has generally been dictated by lack of sufficient water supplies to operate a once-through system and not generally by considerations of the thermal effects of the cooling water discharge. A few plants have installed cooling devices on their effluents to meet receiving water quality standards and a few others have installed or are planning to install cooling devices or to convert to closed systems in order to meet receiving water temperature requirements.



SCHEMATIC COOLING WATER CIRCUIT FIGURE IV- 2

# Generating of Electricity

The actual generation of electric energy is accomplished in a generator, usually directly connected to the turbine. The generator consists of a rotating element called a rotor revolving in a plantary frame called a stator. The process converts mechanical energy into electric energy at almost 100% of theoretical efficiency and therefore produces little waste heat.

#### Raw Materials

General aspects of the four basic fuels in use in the industry have been discussed in the previous section. In this section some of the characteristics of each of the fuels will be discussed as they affect the process and the waste effluents produced.

#### Coal

Coals are ranked according to their geological age which determines their fuel value and other characteristics. The oldest coals are the anthracites, which contain in excess of 92% fixed carbon. Most anthracite lies in a limited region of eastern Pennsylvania and is not a major factor in the nationwide generation of electric energy. Most of the power is produced from bituminous coal (the next lower rank) which contains between 50 and 92% fixed carbon and varies in fuel value between 19,300 and 32,600 J/g (8,300 and 14,000 BTU per lb). A substantial amount of power is also produced from lignite containing less than 50% carbon and having an average heating value of 15,600 J/g (6,700 BTU per lb).

Three major characteristics of coal that affect its use in powerplants are the percentages of volatile combustible matter, sulfur and ash. The sulfur content of coal is particularly critical since air pollution limitations restrict the emission of sulfur dioxide. The sulfur content of U. S. coals varies from 0.2 to 7.0 percent by weight. Most of the low sulfur coal deposits are located west of the Mississippi River. In the East, a large portion of the low sulfur coal has been dedicated to metallurgical and export uses.

The ash content of coal varies from 5 to 20% by weight. Ash can create problems of air pollution, slagging, abrasion and generally reduced efficiency. One problem of substituting low sulfur coal for coal with a higher sulfur content is that low sulfur coals tend to have higher ash fusion temperatures, which may cause problems in boiler operation. The fly ash produced by low sulfur coal tends to have higher electrical resistivity which reduces the efficiency of electrostatic precipitators.

Several other aspects of coal as a fuel for steam electric powerplants should be noted. The first is the increased popularity of mine-mouth plants, that is plants built for the purpose of using coal from a specific mine and located in the immediate vicinity of that mine. Much of the current construction of coal-fired units consists of mine-mouth plants. These plants in effect trade off the cost of transporting coal against the cost of transmitting the electrical energy generated. Their major advantages are that in most cases that they are not located in or near urban centers and therefore do not arouse public opposition or have the same type of environmental impact as plants located within those centers. Most mine-mouth plants are base-load operated and many use cooling towers because of the absence of adequate cooling water supplies. They compete favorably on a unit cost basis with nuclear plants and in many instances can be constructed with a substantially shorter lead time.

A second aspect consists of the potential impact on the industry of the successful development of a commercial-scale coal gasification process. A number of processes are currently under development. The potential of coal gasification lies in its ability to produce a storable product that can be transported economically by pipeline and can be burned without ash or sulfur problems. At the present, the estimated cost of synthetic gas is still substantially higher than the cost of alternate fuels, but upward pressures on natural gas and residual oil prices may make coal gasification economically attractive.

Natural Gas

The use of natural gas as a fuel for generating electricity is a fairly recent development, dating back to about 1930. In 1970 0.1 trillion  $m^3$  (3.9 trillion cu ft) cf natural gas were burned to generate electricity, placing natural gas second among the fossil fuels and accounting for almost 30% of the energy generated from fossil fuels.

The original attractions of natural gas were its availability and its economics. For a long time natural gas was considered almost a byproduct. At the same time, its use in utility powerplants resulted in simpler and less costly fuel handling, burning facilities and a marked reduction in ash handling and air pollution problems. However, the availability of natural gas has declined sharply in the last few years, and utilities are finding it increasingly difficult to conclude longterm agreements for natural gas supplied for central generating plants. The future availability of natural gas is uncertain. Present reserves natural gas amount to an estimated twelve times our current annual of production, and the annual discovery of new sources is less than the current rate of consumption.

Estimates by the FPC project a fairly stable level of natural gas consumption by the electric utility industry over the next twenty years. However, in view of the projected growth of the industry as a whole, the share of the total electricity generated is expected to decrease to 8% by 1990. This trend could be affected by several technological developments. One of these is the successful commercial application of coal gasification. Another is an AEC program to increase the yield of natural gas from underground formations by the underground explosion of nuclear devices. In the meantime, some existing plants using natural gas as a fuel were being converted to oil in spite of the advantages of natural gas in the ash and air pollution areas.

Fuel Oil

Fuel cil is presently the third most significant source of fossil fuel for generating electricity, accounting for 15% of the total generation in 1970. However, in the New England- Middle Atlantic area it accounted for 82% of the thermal generation, primarily as a result of the conversion of coal-burning plants to residual fuel oil in order to meet air pollution standards.

Three types of fuel oil are used in utility powerplants: crude oil, distillate oil, and residual oil. A key problem with the use of fuel oil, as with the use of coal, is the sulfur content. At the present time, powerplants in the Northeast are burning oil containing less than 1% sulfur by weight. Domestic supplies of low sulfur crudes are quite limited and will not be improved significantly when Alaskan oil is available in the contiguous United States. As a result, utilities have been highly dependent on foreign sources of supply. Major foreign sources include Venezuela, and the Middle East. Venezuelan sources must be, and are, desulfurized at the source, while Middle Eastern crudes are low in sulfur in their original state.

With the future availability of petroleum products of all types in question, it appears doubtful that the recent trend toward increased burning of oil in powerplants will continue in the future. FPC projections (1970) indicated a slight increase in the percentage share of oil compared to total use of fossil fuels over the next five years, with a leveling off thereafter. The price of fuel oil, which had remained fairly constant during the early 1960's has increased in recent years, and will possibly increase further in the future.

A possible technological development which might affect the supply of fuel oil is the extraction of oil from oil shales. Certain areas of Colorado, Utah and Wyoming contain large reserves of oil shale, with unfavorable economics being the major obstruction to the development of an oil shale industry. If crude oil prices continue to escalate and oil supplies continue to dwindle, the development of this source may become economically viable.

Fuel oil use in powerplants minimizes bottom ash problems, although fly ash can continue to be troublesome. Some fuel oils also contain vanadium and may contain other unusual components which may or may not wind up in a powerplant effluent. Refuse

Emphasis on recycling waste products has increased interest in use of another fuel - solid waste. Refuse and garbage are not confined to kitchen wastes, but include a mixture of all household wastes with commercial and industrial wastes. Large-scale inorganic industrial wastes are generally not included. The average American domestic refuse has many combustibles which raise its heating value to approximately 40% of that of coal. Incineration coupled with steam generation has been practiced for a considerable period in Europe, where household garbage as collected is mixed, especially during the winter months, with the ashes of household coal furnaces. Garbage is generally shredded and most non-combustibles are removed by magnetic and centrifugal separators before firing to the furnace. However, furnaces must still be designed non-combustible loadings. Garbage is essentially sulfur- free but for generate moderate quantities of hydrogen chloride from the can combustion of polyvinyl chloride and other chlorinated polymers. Because of the presence of these materials, studies must be made of the removal of acid gases from the furnace stack gases, and the disposal of the effluents resulting from these operations.

At the present time there is one powerplant in the United States that burns refuse as part of its fuel. The plant has the capability of using as much as 20% refuse with at least 80% coal, although operation to date has been limited to 10% refuse and 90% coal. Refuse is not expected to be a major source of fuel for the steam electric powerplant industry in the immediate future.

## Information on U.S. Generating Facilities

An inventory of operating steam electric powerplants in the United States is presented in Appendix A of this report. The list has been divided into ten sections to conform to the ten EPA regions of the country. The inventory shows the operating utilities by states, plants, and their specific geographic location. It also shows the total plant capacity in megawatts, with an indication of whether the plant is nuclear or fossil-fueled, and a designation of plants that are under construction. Gas combustion turbine facilities operating within fossil-fueled generating plants have been indicated on a separate line.

The inventory shows a total of 1037 operating generating plants in the United States as of January 1, 1972, consisting of 1011 fossil-fired plants and 26 nuclear plants. A total of 59 plants were under construction as of the date indicated. Of this total, 42 are nuclear plants and 17 are fossil-fueled plants. Table IV-1 provides a summary of the industry inventory by EPA region and individual states.

Figures IV-3 through IV-5 provide a cumulative frequency distribution plot of plant size within the steam electric powerplant industry. It can be seen from Figure IV-3 that approximately 50 percent of the plants in the industry are 100 MW or larger, and that 25 percent of all plants are larger than 400 MW. Figure IV-4 shows that the size distribution of

TABLE IV-1 INDUSTRY INVENTORY SUMMARY								
	OPE	RATING P	LANTS	PLANTS U CONSTRUC	NDER TION NUCLEAR			
FPA Region 1	TOTAL	FUSSIL	NUCLEAR	<u>F03311</u>	NOCHERR			
Connecticut	16	13	3	0	0			
New Hampshire	5	5	0	0	0			
Rhode Island	5	5	0	0	0			
Vermont	4	3	1	0	0			
Maine	6	6	0	0	Ţ			
Massachusetts	29	28	T	U	T			
EPA Region 2	• •			•	,			
New Jersey	18	17	Ţ	0	1			
New York	39	36	3	1	2			
Virgin Islands	2	2	õ	Ö	õ			
FDA Begion 3								
Delaware	5	5	0	0	0			
Maryland	14	14	ŏ	õ	ī			
Pennsylvania	48	45	3	0	2			
Virginia	15	15	0	0	2			
West Virginia	12	12	0	1	0			
District of Columbia	2	2	0	0	0			
EPA Region 4								
Alabama	10	10	0	0	3			
Florida	43	43	0	0	4			
Georgia	13	13	0	3	1			
Kentucky	19	19	0	2	0			
Mississippi North Carolina	12	12	0	1	2			
South Carolina	16	15	ĩ	1	ĩ			
Tennessee	7	7	ō	ī	i			
FDA Region 5								
Tllinois	45	43	2	1	3			
Indiana	29	29	ō	ī	õ			
Michigan	40	38	2	2	4			
Minnesota	48	45	3	0	1			
Ohio	54	54	0	0	3			
Wisconsin	33	31	2	0	1			
EPA Region 6								
Arkansas	10	10	0	0	1			
Louisiana	27	27	0	1	1			
New Mexico	16	16	0	0	0			
Texas	91	91	0	1	0			
Oklahoma	19	19	0	0	0			
EPA Region 7			•		-			
Iowa	37	37	0	0	1			
Missouri	32	32	0	0	0			
Nebraska	15	15	0	0	2			
Colorado	23	23	0	0	1			
Montana	8		ŏ	õ	Ō			
North Dakota	9	9	ō	ŏ	ŏ			
South Dakota	9	8	ĩ	ō	ō			
Utah	6	6	ō	Ō	Ō			
Wyoming	8	8	0	0	0			
EPA Region 9								
Arizona	12	12	0	1	0			
California	39	37	2	0	2			
Hawaii	7	7	0	0	0			
Nevada	6	6	0	0	0			
EPA Region 10								
Alaska	14	13	1	n	n			
Idaho	1	1	ō	ŏ	ŏ			
Oregon	6	6	ō	ŏ	ŏ			
Washington	9	9	Ō	Ō	0			
ጥርጥል፤	1027	1011	26	17	40			
TOTAL	-UJ/	TOTT	20	<b>T</b> /	72			



**FIGURE IV-3** 



FIGURE IV-4



**FIGURE IV-5** 

fossil-fueled plants roughly corresponds to the industry profile. However, Figure IV-5 illustrates the large size of nuclear plants, showing that 50 percent of these plants are larger than 800 MW, and that 25 percent are larger than 1500 MW.

The Federal Power Commission Form 67, "Steam-Electric Plant Air and Water Quality Control Data for the Year Ended December 31, 1969" provides data on the capacity utilization, age, etc., of generating units. This form must be filed annually by plants with a generating capacity of 25 MW or greater, provided the plant is part of a system with a total capacity of 150 MW or more.

#### Size of Units

According to the Federal Power Commission (FPC) 1970 National Power Survey, in 1930, the largest steam-electric unit in the United States was about 200 megawatts, and the average size of all units was 20 megawatts. Over 95 percent of all units in operation at that time had capacities of 50 megawatts or less. By 1955, when the swing to larger units began to be significant, the largest unit size had increased to about 300 megawatts, and the average size had increased to 35 megawatts, (see Figure IV-6). There were then 31 units of 200 megawatts or larger. By 1968, the largest unit in operation was 1,000 megawatts; there were 65 units in the 400 to 1,000 megawatt range; and the average size for all operating units had increased to 66 megawatts. In 1970, the largest unit in service was 1,150 megawatts; three 1,300-megawatt units were under construction; and three additional 1,300-megawatt units were on The average size of all units under construction was about 450 order. megawatts. As the smaller and older units are retired, the average size of units is expected to increase to about 160 megawatts by 1980 and 370 megawatts by 1990.

# Age of Facilities

In the steam electric powerplant industry, age of generating facilities must be discussed on the basis of units rather than on a plant basis. Generally, the units comprising a generating plant have been installed at different times over a period of years, so that the age of equipment within a given plant is likely to be distributed over a range of years. In addition, age may play a peculiar role in assigning a unit to a particular type of operation as outlined below.

In general, the thermal efficiency of newly designed power generation plants has increased as operating experience and design technology have progressed. Early plants generated saturated steam at low pressures and consumed large quantities of fuel to produce a unit of electrical energy. One electrical kilowatt hour of energy is equivalent to 860 K cals (3,413 BTU) of heat energy. Steam pressures and temperatures increased from about 1.17 MN/m<sup>2</sup> (170 psig) at the turn of the century to 1.72 - 1.90 MN/m<sup>2</sup> (250 - 275 psig) and 293°C (560°F) by World War I, and


to  $3.10 - 4.48 \text{ MN/m}^2$  (450-640 psig) and  $370-400\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (700-750°F) by 1924. <sup>276</sup> In 1924 and 1925 there was a surge to  $8.27 \text{ MN/m}^2$  (1,200 psig) and  $370\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (700°F) and it has steadily increased since then, until by 1953 pressures had reached the critical pressure of steam (22.11 MN/m<sup>2</sup> (3,206 psia) and temperatures of  $540-565\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (1,000-1,050°F).<sup>278</sup> Above the critical pressure the liquid and vapor phases are indistinguishable and there is no need for a steam drum (separator). The economic justification of the supercritical cycle has resulted in a limited number of this type of unit to date.

These changes have had the effect of reducing the amount of fuel required to generate a kilowatt hour, as shown in Figure IV-7, taken from Reference No. 292. In 1900 it required 2.72 Kg (6 pounds) of coal, (41,700 K cals (75,000 BTU) to generate one KWH. Today a supercritical, double-reheat unit of Plant no. 3927 has established an annual heat rate 2197 K cals/KWH (8,717 BTU/KWH). 280 This amounts to 0.318 Kg of (seven-tenths of a pound) of coal per KWH. The heat economies of the newer facilities generally make it desirable to keep them in full-time base-load operation. The older units with their higher fuel consumption are therefore generally relegated to cycling or peaking service. In spite of this general trend, there are indications that heat rates have been increasing since 1972 as a result of pressures to reduce capital cost in relation to fuel prices, and increasing use of air and water pollution control equipment which tend to reduce generating efficiency.

A computer plot of heat rate in BTU/KWH vs unit capacity in megawatts (x 10) is shown in Figure IV-8. The plot is a print-out of data obtained from FPC Form 67 for the year 1969. In the plot, data obtained from newer plants (under 10 years old) are represented by squares, those 10-20 years old by triangles, and those over 20 years by X's. Similarly, Figure IV-9 is a printout of the same information replotted with BTU/KWH as the ordinate and unit age as the abscissa. The data from both plots represent over 1,000 operating units, and are not conclusive, but do show general trends. The newer plants, of larger size, generally are more efficient. Thus the data illustrates the improvement in efficiency achieved as the industry has progressed to newer and larger generating facilities.

### Site Characteristics

Engineering criteria require an adequate supply of cooling water, adequacy of fuel supply, fuel delivery and handling facilities, and proximity of load centers. These have always been important factors in the selection of powerplant sites. <sup>292</sup> Traditionally, plants have been located in or near population centers to reduce transmission costs and satisfy the other key site factors mentioned. Table IV-2 shows a total of 153 plants located in the 50 largest cities of the country. This total represents approximately 15 percent of all plants in the industry, and does not include suburban plants near the cities in question, or urban plants in smaller population centers. Clearly, a significant



STEAM ELECTRIC PLANTS 292

FIGURE IV-7



LEGEND

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Figure	

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#### TABLE IV-2

## URBAN STEAM ELECTRIC POWER PLANTS

NO	CTTY	ፍጥልጥም		NUMBER OF
1	<u>our</u>		7.004.062	
1	New York	New York	7,894,862	12
2	Chicago	1111nois	3,309,309	4
3	Los Angeles	California	2,809,596	4
4	Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	1,950,098	4
5	Detroit	Michigan	1,513,601	6
6	Houston	Texas	1,232,802	7
7	Baltimore	Maryland	905,759	6
8	Dallas	Texas	844,401	6
9	Washington	D.C.	756,510	2
10	Cleveland	Ohio	750,879	3
11	Indianapolis	Indiana	744,743	3
12	Milwaukee	Wisconsin	717,372	3
13	San Francisco	California	715,674	2
14	San Diego	California	697,027	3
15	San Antonio	Texas	654,153	7
16	Boston	Massachusetts	641,071	2
17	Memphis	Tennessee	623,530	1
18	St. Louis	Missouri	622,236	3
19	New Orleans	Louisiana	593,471	4
20	Phoenix	Arizona	581,562	1
21	Columbus	Ohio	540,025	3
22	Seattle	Washington	530,831	2
23	Jacksonville	Florida	528,865	3
24	Pittsburgh	Pennsylvania	520 <b>,</b> 117	5
25	Denver	Colorado	514,678	3
26	Kansas City	Missouri	507,330	3
27	Atlanta	Georgia	497,421	1
28	Buffalo	New York	462,768	1
29	Cincinnati	Ohio	452,524	2
30	San Jose	California	445,779	0
31	Minneapolis	Minnesota	434,400	2
32	Fort Worth	Texas	393,476	3
33	Toledo	Ohio	383,818	2
34	Newark	New Jersey	382,288	1
35	Portland	Oregon	380,555	2
36	Oklahoma City	Oklahoma	368,856	2
37	Louisville	Kentucky	361,958	4
38	Oakland	California	361,561	1
39	Long Beach	California	358,633	2
40	Omaha	Nebraska	346,929	4
41	Miami	Florida	334,859	1
42	Tulsa	Oklahoma	330,350	1
43	Honolulu	Hawaii	324,871	1
44	El Paso	Texas	322,261	2
45	St. Paul	Minnesota	309,828	2
46	Norfolk	Virginia	307,951	3
47	Birmingham	Alabama	300,910	2
48	Bochester	New York	296, 233	2
49	Tampa	Florida	277,767	4
50	Wichita	Kansas	276.554	4
	,, 20112	******	Tot	al 152

number of existing plants in the steam electric generating industry are situated in locations which interface with a reasonable percentage of the country's population.

The trend in recent years toward larger units, combined with the advent of commercial nuclear power generation and the institution of mine-mouth coal-fired plants has resulted in a greater number of plants being constructed in rural areas. Site selection for new generating facilities is not only governed by the factors cited, but increasingly by environmental considerations. The prevention and control of air and water pollution is undoubtedly as important as many of the traditional factors involved in the selection of new plant sites. Factors generally considered in decisions on plant location include land requirements, water supply, fuel supply and delivery, etc.

Land requirements are quite variable. For plants situated near population centers, land cost is a prime consideration. The largest consumers of land are the fuel storage area, ash disposal area and water cooling ponds, lakes etc. if utilized. Since they are public utilities, power generating plants must have sufficient fuel storage capacity to allow uninterrupted operation for the duration of a major transportation strike. This means that unless the plant is very near its source of supply, it must have a storage capability up to approximately three month's fuel. Even mine-mouth plants must have fuel storage to allow them to withstand a miners' strike.

Most steam plants require water for two main purposes - boiler feed water make-up and steam condensation. The cost of preparation of the high purity boiler feed water required by modern boilers is a function of the purity of the source water. It is possible to use saline water for cooling purposes, but it cannot be used in a boiler. Preparation of boiler feed from saline water by evaporation or reverse osmosis is generally quite expensive. The availability of large quantities of cooling water has traditionally affected the decisions made regarding plant location. In areas where water is critically short, recirculation of cooling water using cooling towers or ponds has been widely practiced. This subject is discussed in detail in subsequent sections of this report.

Plant location may also be influenced by energy transportation costs. The cost of transmission of energy as electricity must be weighed against the cost of transporting fuel. Generally, fuel availability and economic factors will be the major considerations regarding the relationship between fuel and plant siting.

Air Pollution Control

The methods used to control atmospheric pollution by stack gases vary. With plants burning solid fuel, a particulate emission problem may exist. The usual control system is the electrostatic precipitator.

Finely divided solid particles suspended in a gas stream will accept an electrostatic charge when they pass through an electrical field. If they are then passed between two oppositely charged plates, they are attracted to one of the plates, depending on the polarity of the charges. On the plates they agglomerate and may be removed by rapping the plates. This operation is usually carried out at temperatures between 121° and 177°C (250-350°F). Finely divided solids may also be removed from the vent gases by using bag filters or by intimately contacting them with water in a venturi scrubber or similiar device.

Sulfur dioxide in stack gases can present another air pollution problem. This, of course, is most easily controlled by firing low sulfur fuel, which is a relatively costly procedure. Many alternatives have been proposed to remove the SO<sub>2</sub>, and several are being tried on a commercial scale. Most involve neutralization of the acid SO<sub>2</sub> with alkaline materials such as soda ash, lime, limestone, magnesia or dolomite, and ammonia. The processes developed to date consist of both once-through and recycle systems. A detailed analysis of air pollution control systems which produce a liquid waste stream is presented in another section of this report.

## Mode of Operation (Utilization)

The need for considering a subcategorization of the industry based on utilization arises because of the costs and economics associated with the installation of supplemental cooling facilities. The unit cost increment (mills/KWh) required to amortize the capital costs of the cooling system is dependent on the remaining KWh's that individual units will generate. The remaining generation is a function of both the manner in which the individual unit is utilized and the number of years that the unit will cperate prior to retirement. These two factors are not fully independent variables. In general, utilities will employ their most efficient, usually newest equipment most intensively. This equipment will also generally have the longest remaining useful life. The cost of installing supplemental cooling water equipment for these units relative to the remaining generation will therefore be relatively low. Therefore, these more modern, high-utilized units, which also would reject relatively large amounts of the waste heat, are better able to carry the costs associated with thermal effluent control.

Less efficient, usually clder equipment will be utilized to a lesser degree to meet daily and seasonal peak loads. This lower annual utilization is compounded by the fact that this equipment has relatively fewer remaining years of service prior to retirement. Therefore, the cost of amortizing supplemental cooling equipment for these units will be substantially higher than for the newer, more highly utilized units. Because of their low utilization, these units will reject considerably less heat per unit of capacity than the newer equipment. Also, because of the higher costs associated with this equipment, utilities might consider early retirement of much of this equipment rather than the installion of costly treatment equipment. Since these units provide an important function as peaking or standby capacity, retirement prior to the installation of replacement capacity would have associated penalties.

According to the FPC National Power Survey (1970), all of the highpressure, high-temperature, fossil-fueled steam-electric generating units, 500 megawatts and larger, have been designed as "base load" units and built for continucus operation at or near full load. Daily or frequent "stops" and "starts" are not consistent with their design and construction and so-called "cycling" or part-time variable generation not originally comtemplated for these units. However, by the time was units having lower incremental production costs become available for base load operation, it is believed that the earlier "base load" units The units can be adapted and used as "intermediate" peaking units. placed in service during the 1960's still have 15 or more years of base load service ahead of them, but eventually the installation of more economical base load equipment may make it desirable to convert to peaking service those units which are suitable for such conversion.

Steam-electric peaking units, sometimes referred to as mid-range peaking units, are designed for minimum capital cost and to operate at low capacity factor. They are oil- or gas-fired, with a minimum of duplicate auxiliaries, and operate at relatively low pressures, temperatures, and efficiencies. They are capable of quick startups and stops and variable loading, without jeopardizing the integrity of the facilities. Such units are economical because low capital costs and low annual fixed charges offset low efficiency and operation at low capacity factors. The units can, however, be operated for extended periods, if needed, to meet emergency situations.

The first of such fossil-fueled steam-electric peaking units, a 100-megawatt, 1,450 psi, 1000°F., non-reheat, gas-fired unit, was installed in 1960. Two earlier low capital cost fossil-fueled steam-electric plants--a 69-megawatt, single-unit plant (1952), and a 313-megawatt, two-unit plant (1954)--were generally classified as hydro standby; they were not straight peaking installations. The 313-megawatt plant was later modified for base load operation.

With increasing loads and the accompanying need for additional peaking capacity, at least 27 peaking units of this general type were on order or under construction at the end of 1970. All are either oil- or gas-fired, because the added costs of coal and ash handling facilities for peaking units are not justified by the small fuel cost saving that might be realized by using coal. Eight of the 27 units are in the 250 to 350-megawatt class, fifteen in the 400-megawatt class, and four in the 600-megawatt class. Most of the units are designed for steam conditions of 1,800 psi and 950°/950°F.

The use of the nuclear power plant in conjunction with other forms of generation in order to provide energy to meet the daily requirements of a power system will probably not be vastly different from the use of a fossil-fueled plant of the same capacity. There are some differences, however, that may affect the operation of the nuclear plant, such as relative operating costs, refueling time, inspections,

Because an economic loading schedule for a power system will tend to favor operation of units with the lowest incremental production cost, the capacity factor of a nuclear fueled plant is expected to be relatively high when it is added to a system consisting of fossil-fueled plants. However, when newer, more efficient nuclear plants are added to the system, which can operate with even lower production costs, the first nuclear plants will begin to have decreasing capacity factors. Most of the plants that have been ordered during the past three years will probably have annual capacity factors of 80 percent or better for a period of ten to fifteen years, depending on the operating requirements and makeup of the system. The acceptance of the breeder reactor will introduce another factor in the economic evaluation of light water reactor operation as the water reactors produce the plutonium utilized so efficiently by the breeder. Ultimately, however, the water reactors may become the marginal operating plants on a utility's system.

The limited operating experience to date with the comparatively small nuclear plants indicates that they are able to handle load swings without difficulty. It is expected that the larger units now on order will perform similarly, but it may develop that they will not be amenable to load regulation. In the event, fossil units, pumped-stroage units, conventional hydro units, or other types of peaking units will be installed to carry peak load with nuclear units being maintained at base load for substantially all of their useful lives. If nuclear units are to be utilized with very low annual capacity factors, substantial research and engineering effort must go into the determination of core designs to economically accomplish this type of operation.

Base-load units are responsible for the bulk of the thermal discharges, will continue to operate for many more years, and are able to support the required technology with relatively small increases in the bus-bar cost of power. The balance of the steam-electric power generation inventory is made up of older equipment, which reject considerably less heat and for which the cost of installing control and treatment technology would be considerably higher relative to the effluent reduction benefits obtained. It is understood that considerable abatement will take place in time in this older portion of the inventory due to normal attriticn.

Traditionally, the power industry has employed two categories for generating equipment. Units that are continuously connected to load, with the exception of scheduled and unscheduled maintenance periods have been termed base-loaded units. Units which are operated to meet seasonal peak loads have been termed peaking units. Daily load swings have usually been met by modulation of the base-loaded units. More recently, the increased cycle sophistication built into the newer baseloaded equipment has made them less efficient in accommodating large daily load swings. Therefore, a third type of capacity called cyclic or intermediate generation unit has come into general acceptance within the industry. This third type of unit is usually a downgraded base-loaded unit which can be adapted to the intermittent operation with fairly rapid load swings.

The progression of individual units of capacity through the three types of duty assignments generally follows the sequence given below:

1. New steam electric capacity has historically been added as baseload units. All but a few existing steam electric generating units were at one time base-loaded units. Beginning in the middle 1960's some new peaking units, both steam electric and gas turbine types have been constructed. More recently (late 1960's early 1970's) several units of the combined (gas turbine/steam turbine) cycle design have been designed specifically for cyclic or intermittent duty. The aggregate existing capacity of units originally built for peaking or cyclic service is considerably less than 1% of the total steam electric inventory.

2. Cycling capacity and peaking capacity has been obtained by downgrading the older less efficient base-loaded equipment as more efficient replacement capacity has been built. The manner in which a unit is downgraded depends upon the needs of the individual utility and the requirements of its system load curve. Toward the end of its useful life, the unit may be held in standby duty to be used only in the event of an outage to the other units.

3. Units have been retired from the bottom level of utilization. Therefore, retirements of steam electric capacity have generally been made from the peaking inventory. While the annual retirement of steam electric powerplant capacity have been significantly less than 1% of the total capacity, this amount constitutes a significant portion of the present peaking inventory.

The typical utility makes duty assignments by comparing the capability of its available generating units against the requirements of its system load curve. Efficient system operation dictates that the most efficient equipment be operated continuously. These are the base-loaded units. In descending order, the less efficient equipment is assigned lower utilization duty to meet daily and seasonal variations in the load curve. The process of matching capacity to load is different for each utility. The system load curve will be different for each utility as will the capability of its individual generating units.

Large systems will have sufficient diversity of load which will dampen extreme peaks and valleys in the characteristic load curve. They will

also have multiple units serving each of the load segments and considerable flexibility in making duty assignments. Individual large industrial loads may dominate the system load curve for smaller utilities and highs and lows of load may be more exaggerated. Duty assignments for smaller systems will be more constrained by the lack of multiple units and single units may be found which service all three load segments. Duty assignments are also influenced by the needs of the regional power grid in which most utilities participate through a series of agreements governing interconnections.

The diversity in both load and available capacity complicates the process of establishing concrete limits between the three types of generating equipment. The following bases of establishing definitions of base-load, cyclic and peaking units have been considered.

1. Qualitative descriptions of the three types of operation.

2. Annual hours cf operation.

3. Plant index numbers such as load factor, capacity factor, utilization factor, etc.

The relative merits of definitions based on these systems are discussed below. The ideal definition should be relatively easy to employ, allow effective separation of the three types of generation, and be understood and accepted.

Definitions Based on Qualitative Description of the Three Types of Generation

This would rely on a description of the three types of generation as the basis of separation. Suggested definitions of the three types of generation are as follows:

A base-loaded unit is one which is continuously connected to load except for periods of scheduled or unscheduled maintenance.

A cycling unit is one which services daily load variations above the base-load. This type of unit is typically connected to load some 250 days per year for a typical period of about 12 hours. When not connected to load the boiler is kept warm to allow rapid return to the system.

A peaking unit is one which is operated to meet seasonal peak loads only. During periods of operation the unit is held in standby or is shut down.

This type of classification system would require a designation by the utilities as to which units are in each group. This could be validated by EPA's field representatives. These definitions would probably be

generally accepted by the industry. The base-loaded units could be identified on the basis of these definitions. Some disagreement would be expected concerning the differentiation between cycling and peaking units under these definitions.

Definitions Based on Annual Hours of Operation

It is clear that a basic difference between the three types of generation is the amount of time that the different units operate.

Reference 292, Part II suggests that steam peaking units are designed to operate less than 2,000 hours per year. Reference 256 indicates that base-load units operate in excess of 6,000 hours per year. Units which operate between these two limits would be defined as cycling units. The hours of operation referred to in this system are hours that the unit is connected to load. Hours of boiler operation are not satisfactory. There is considerable difference in hours of boiler operation and hours connected to load for cycling and peaking units. Hours of condenser operation could be used as a substitute since it is equivalent to hours connected to load. See Table IV-3 for the heat rate, service life, and capacity factors characteristic of units within the above groupings based on hours of operation.

Historical records of annual hours of operation are required to employ this sytem. There will be instances where base-loaded units will have been operated less than 6,000 hours per year because of extended maintenance requirements. On the other hand there will be cases of stretching out the operating schedules of peaking and cycling units because of capacity shortage in particular systems. This system does have the advantage of a basic simplicity in discriminating between the different categories of generation.

Definitions on the Basis of Unit Indices

This would require relating the utilization of a unit to indices of its performance. Several of these indices are described below.

Load Factor

Load factor is the ratio of the average demand for power (kilowatts) over a designated period to the maximum demand for power occurring in that period. The average demand is the total (kilowatt hours) for the period divided by the total time span (hours). For example, in the twelve months ended December 31, 1971, the electric energy generated and purchased less sales to other electric utilities amounted to 35,720,253,101 KWHRS. The one-hour net maximum demand was 7,719,000 KW. The average hourly demand was, consequently, 35,720,253,101 / 8760 = 4,078,000 KW. The annual system load factor is, therefore, 4,078,000 / 7,719,000 = 0.528 or 52.8%. The load factor may be regarded as providing some measure of the variation of demand during a given period.

# Table IV-3

# CHARACTERISTICS OF UNITS BASED ON ANNUAL HOURS OF OPERATION

Annual Hours of Operation	Hea Min.	nt Rate, Mean	Btu/kwhr Max.	Remai Min.	ning S Mean	ervice <b>ÿ</b> yr Max.	Cap Min.	acity Mean	Factor Max.
0 - 2000	8727	15793	27315	1	11	26	.01	•07	•17
2000 - 6000	8735	1249 <b>3</b>	27748	1	15	26	.03	<b>.3</b> 5	•71
6000 - 8760	8706	10636	26741	1	19	32	.15	.67	L.12

\* Note: Based on a total service life of 36 years.

Thus, if the load factor is 100% over a period of 24 hours, we at once know that the demand has been maintained constant for the duration of the period.

### Operating Load Factor

If the maximum demand varies from day to day, then the operating load factor is the ratio of the average demand to the average value of the maximum demands for the period. For example, the daily maximum demands for a ten-day period and the corresponding KWHRS are as follows:

		Maximum Demand	Kilowatt Hour	cs
<u>Day</u>		KW	Per_day	
1		1,000	19,200	
2		950	13,700	
3		800	14,400	
4		980	9,700	
5		700	10,900	
6		850	18,000	
7		500	7,000	
8		750	10,000	
9		8 20	9, 100	
10		900	12,000	
	Totals	8,250	124,000	
Maximum	Demand		1,000 KW	
Average	Maximum D	emand = 8,250 /	10 = 825 KW	
Average	Demand =	124,000 / (10 x	24) = 517  KW	
Load Fa	ctor = (51)	7 / 1000) x 100	= 51.7%	
Operatio	ng Load Fa	ctor = (517 / 82)	$(5) \times 100 = 62.6\%$	

Thus the operating load factor takes into account the variation of the daily maximum demand.

### Capacity Factor

Capacity factor defines the relation between energy output over a given time span and the capacity for energy production over the same time span, and normally provides measure of the utilization of the generating equipment relative to investment. This factor is also a ratio of the average load to the total rating of the installed generating equipment for a given period. For example, in the twelve months ended December 31, 1970, one unit generated 4,465,175,600 KWHRS (exclusive of gas turbine generation). The maximum unit capacity (winter rating) was 878,000 KW. The average hourly load was 4,465,175,600 / 8760 = 509,723 KW. The annual capacity factor is therefore, 509,723 / 878,000 = 0.5806 or 58.1%.

### **Operating Capacity Factor**

Although a plant may have installed equipment of a certain amount of generating capacity, cnly part of this may be in actual operation for the given period. Suppose for a certain generating plant the capacity of the installed equipment is 770,000 KW and for some particular month only 600,000 KW of boiler capacity is actually operating. This means that the maximum demand that can be imposed on the plant is limited to 600,000 KW. The operating capacity factor for the month would then be in the ratio of the average demand for power to 600,000 KW, the maximum capacity utilized. This factor therefore, determines the relation between average output and the peak demand for power which the plant is prepared to meet.

#### **Use Factor**

This term is generally used in connection with the performance of turbo-generators. It is the ratio of the actual energy output of a machine during a certain period to the energy generation which could have been obtained during the actual operating hours in that period by operating the machine at rated capacity. A turbo-generator operating for 7,000 hours generated 350,000,000 KWHRS. The rated capacity of the unit is 100,000 KW. The use factor was 350,000,000 / (100,000 x 7,000) = 0.5 or 50%.

Section 304 (b) of the Act requires the Administrator to take into account, in determining the applicable control measures and practices, the total cost of application of technology in relation to the effluent reduction benefits to be achieved from such application. Among the above factors, the capacity factor alone would determine, for otherwise similar circumstances, the incremental capital cost associated with the application of pollution control technology in relation to the effluent reduction benefits to be achieved. Similarily, the capacity factor could determine, in relation to the effluent reduction benefits, the incremental production cost and the incremental reduction in reserve margin due to lost generating capacity.

The 1970 National Power Survey by the Federal Power Commission (FPC) describes base-load, intermediate, and peaking units as follows. Baseload units are designed to run more or less continuously near full capacity, except for periodic maintenance shutdowns. Peaking units are designed to supply electricity principally during times of maximum system demand and characteristically run only a few hours a day. Units used for intermediate service between the extremes of base-load and peaking service must be able to respond readily to swings in systems demand, or cycling. Units used for base-load service produce 60 percent, or more, cf their intended maximum output during any given year, i.e., 60 percent, or more, capacity factor; peaking units less than 20 percent; and cycling units 20 to 60 percent. The FPC Form 67, which must be submitted annually by all steam electric plants (except small plants or plants in small systems) reports annual boiler capacity factors for each boiler. The boiler capacity factor is indicative of the gross generation of the associated generating unit.

## <u>Categorization</u>

The Act requires, for the purposes of assessment of the best practicable technology currently available, that the toal cost of control application of technology in relation to the effluent reduction benefits to be achieved from such application be considered. Other factors to be considered are the age of equipment and facilities involved, the process employed, the engineering aspects of the application of various types of control techniques, process changes, nonwater quality environmental (including energy requirements) and other factors as deemed impact appropriate. For best available technology economically achievable the substitutes "cost of achieving such effluent reduction" for "total Act cost ... in relation to effluent reduction benefits..." For new source standards which reflect the greatest degree of effluent reduction achievable through the application of the best available demonstrated control technology, processes, operating methods, or other alternatives, requires only the consideration of the cost of achieving such the Act effluent reduction and any nonwater quality environmental impact anc energy requirements.

There are two radically different types of waste produced by steam electric powerplants. The first type consists of the essentially chemical wastes which originate from different processes and operations within a plant. These wastes are highly variable from plant to plant, depending on fuel, raw water quality, processes used in the plant and other factors. Some waste streams are not directly related to individual generating units but result from auxiliary process systems such water treatment, ash disposal, housekeeping operations, and air as pollution control. However, all of these waste streams are at least in qualitive way comparable to waste streams produced by other a manufacturing operations.

The second type of waste consists of the waste heat produced by the plant and disposed to the environment through the cooling water system. As previously indicated, waste heat is an integral part of the process of producing electric energy. As long as electric energy is produced by use of thermal energy from fuels to produce steam, waste heat will the and will ultimately have to be dissipated to be produced, the environment. Under present day technology, the atmosphere is the final recipient for this heat, but water is generally used as an intermediate The choices available in the control of thermal discharges recipient. therefore in most cases are limited to accelerating the transfer of the waste heat from water to the atmosphere. There is no available means of significantly reducing the waste heat itself.

Furthermore, while the technology for affecting this transfer is available, its application is dependent on many factors not directly associated with the production process. The effectiveness of heat transfer devices is to some degree governed by atmospheric conditions. The achievement of any specific level of reduction does not follow the type of cost - effectiveness curve associated with the removal of more conventional pollutions.

The basic categorization in this report therefore is to separate consideration of the chemical wastes from the effects of thermal discharges. Within the chemical waste category, each plant is considered as a whole and sub-elements have been established according to the type of wastes produced by each plant. In the consideration of thermal discharges, each generating unit is considered separately.

### Chemical Wastes

The origin and character of chemical wastes within a powerplant is dependent upon the factors indicated above. Plants utilizing different fuels will produce different wastes to the degree that certain waste streams are completely absent in plants employing one type of fuel. Coal pile runoff is not a problem in oil-fired plants, and similarly ash sluicing is not necessary in gas-fired plants. Nuclear plants have closed waste systems to contain any waste which is, or may be, radioactive. These wastes are handled in a manner prescribed by the Atomic Energy Commission, and are not relevant to the categorization of the industry for the purposes of this project. As a result, many of the waste streams present in fossil-fired plants are not normally present, or of concern in a nuclear plant.

Another factor, such as raw water quality, will determine the type of water treatment employed within a specific plant, and in turn the wastes produced from water treatment processes. Although these wastes are extremely variable, depending upon the treatment employed (clarification, softening, ion exchange, evaporation, etc), they are wastes which are common to all powerplants regardless of fuel or other factors. Other waste streams depend upon the specific characteristics of the particular plant in question.

As a result, the industry has been categorized for chemical waste characteristics by individual waste sources. The basis of evaluation of plants in the industry will be a combination of the appropriate waste sources for a particular powerplant. Guidelines will be established for each waste source, and can then be applied and utilized in the manner of a building-block concept. Waste streams may be combined, and in many cases this would have obvious advantages, and the appropriate guidelines would then also be combined for application to the new waste stream. Subcategories have been based on distinguishing factors within groups of plants. Table IV-4 provides the informal categorization for the purposes of the development of effluent limitations guidelines and

## TABLE IV-4 CHEMICAL WASTE CATEGORIES

- I. Condenser Cooling System
  - A. Once-through
  - B. Recirculating
- II. Water Treatment
  - A. Clarification
  - B. Softening
  - C. Ion Exchange
  - D. Evaporator
  - E. Filtration
  - F. Other Treatment
- III. Boiler or PWR Steam Generator A. Blowdown
- IV. Maintenance Cleaning
  - A. Boiler or PWR Steam Generator Tubes
  - B. Boiler Fireside
  - C. Air Preheater
  - D. Misc. Small Equipment
  - E. Stack
  - F. Cooling Tower Basin
- V. Ash Handling

Α.

- Oil-Fired Plants
  - 1. fly ash
- 2. bottom ash
- B. Coal-Fired Plants
  - 1. fly ash
  - 2. bottom ash
- VI. Drainage
  - A. Coal Pile
  - B. Contaminated Floor and Yard Drains
- VII. Air Pollution Control Devices A. SO<u>2</u> Removal

# VIII. Miscellaneous Waste Streams

- A. Sanitary Wastes
- B. Plant Laboratory and Sampling Systems
- C. Intake Screen Backwash
- D. Closed Cooling Water Systems
- E. Low-Level Rad Wastes
- F. Construction Activity

standards for chemical wastes, and Table IV-5 shows the applicability of the categories to plants utilizing the four basic fuels for producing electricity.

Thermal Discharge Characteristics

The most obvious factor influencing the rejection of waste heat to navigable waterbodies is the type of condenser cooling system utilized within a plant. Powerplants which recycle cooling water through a cooling device only affect the receiving water by way of the relatively small blowdown stream from the cooling tower, pond, etc. On the other hand, plants operating with once-through cooling systems are primarily responsible for the discharge of waste heat to receiving waters. Consequently, the basic subcategorization for thermal discharge characteristics divides the generating units by type of cooling system utilized, into plants having recirculating cooling systems, or oncethrough cooling systems.

As indicated above, the primary factor in consideration of waste heat rejection is the generating unit in question. Therefore, subcategorization of once-through cooling systems has been made on a unit, rather than a plant basis. The evaluation of generating units to further sub-divide the industry considered in detail the various factors described in this section of the report; namely, fuel, size, age, and site characteristics and mode of operation utilized. The evaluation of these factors will be described below to provide the rationale for the subcategorization developed.

The consideration of fuel as a factor in waste heat rejection from a powerplant essentially focuses on the differences between present nuclear and fossil-fueled units. In general, the inherent characteristics of a light water nuclear unit make it less efficient than fossil-fired units. This difference in efficiency results in the rejection of more waste heat to receiving waters from nuclear units than from comparable fossil units. Subsequent sections of the report will discuss the technical factors which cause this difference.

Nuclear units generally have basic similarities with regard to age, size, location and utilization which also tend to differentiate them from fossil-fueled units. Nuclear units can be generally classified as being relatively new, relatively large, located in rural or semi-rural areas, and operated as base-load facilities.

These factors are extremely variable when applied to fossil-fueled units on a broad basis. Also, the thermal waste characteristics of units burning different fossil fuels indicate that there is no basis for distinguishing between fossil fuels for the thermal categorization of the industry. Consequently, the basic subcategorization of once-through cooling systems divides the industry between nuclear and fossil-fueled units.

# TABLE IV-5 APPLICABILITY OF CHEMICAL WASTE CATEGORIES BY TYPE OF FUEL

Proces	<u>s o</u>	Operation	Nuclear_	<u>Coal</u>	<u>_0i1</u> _	<u>    Gas</u>
I.	Cond	lenser Cooling System				
	Α.	Once-through	x	Х	Х	Х
	в.	Recirculating	Х	Х	Х	Х
11.	Wate	er Treatment				
	Α.	Clarification	х	Х	Х	Х
	в.	Softening	х	Х	х	Х
	с.	Ion Exchange	Х	Х	Х	Х
	D.	Evaporator	Х	Х	Х	Х
	E.	Filtration	Х	Х	х	Х
	F.	Other Treatment	x	х	x	Х
III.	Boi	ler or Generator Blowdown	x	Х	x	Х
IV.	Main	ntenance Cleaning				
	Α.	Boiler or Generator Tubes	х	Х	х	Х
	в.	Boiler Fireside		Х	Х	Х
	с.	Air Preheater		Х	Х	Х
	D.	Misc. Small Equipment		Х	Х	х
	E.	Stack		Х	Х	
	F.	Cooling Tower Basin	х	х	X	Х
v.	Ash					
	Α.	Bottom Ash		Х		
	в.	Fly Ash		x	Х	
VI.	Drai	inage				
	A.	Coal Pile		Х		
	в.	Floor and Yard Drains		х	X	Х
VII.	Air	Pollution (SO2) Control Dev	ices	х	х	
VIII.	Mise	cellaneous				
	Α.	Sanitary Wastes	х	Х	Х	Х
	в.	Plant Laboratory and				
		Sampling Streams	X	Х	Х	х
	с.	Intake Screen Backwash	х	Х	Х	х
	D.	Closed Cooling Water System	s X	Х	х	х
	Ε.	Low-Level Rad Wastes	Х			
	F.	Construction Activity	х	X	х	х

A major factor of concern with regard to fossil-fueled generating facilities is the utilization of individual units. An earlier portion of this section of the report described the relationship of this factor with age and with efficiency or heat rate of a generating unit. In addition to this aspect of utilization, another point of concern is the relationship between utilization and the cost of installing facilities to treat waste heat. Utilization is significant in economic analysis, as it provides the operating time against which capital costs may be applied. Furthermore, utilization reflects the effluent heat reduction benefit to be achieved by the application of control technology. As defined earlier, the utilization aspect of power generation is defined by peaking, cycling and base load generating facilities. Peaking units are defined as facilities which have annual capacity factors less than 0.20, while cycling units have annual capacity factors between 0.20 and 0.60 and base-load units have annual capacity factors in excess of 0.60.

Some difficulty could be encountered, for the purpose of effluent limitations, in determining the level of utilization that a generating unit will achieve in the years to come. It is known, however, that all of the nuclear steam-electric generating units and all of the high-pressure, high-temperature, fossil-fueled units 500 megawatts (MW) and larger have been designed as base-load units. Almost all nuclear units are 500 MW and larger.

All of these units presently operating were placed into service since 1960 (excepting only one small nuclear unit initially operated in 1957). The units placed in service during the 1960's had 15 or more years of base-load service ahead of them as of 1970, and would thus have 8 or more years of base-load life as of 1977.

A further difficulty that could be encountered in determining the level of utilization of a generating unit relates to the fact that the only official record of the utilization of individual generating units is the Form 67 "Steam-Electric Plant Air and Water Quality Control Data", which must be filed annually with the Federal Power Commission. Utilities are required to report the capacity and average annual capacity factor (level of utilization) for each boiler, but not the turbine-generator. Furthermore, prior to 1950, individual boilers were kept small, in large part because boiler outages were rather numerous, so that it was common design practice to provide multiple boilers and steam header systems to supply a turbine-generator. Some stations have the headers connected to multiple turbine-generators. Hence, the problem could arise in these cases as to what comprises a generating unit (boiler(s) turbine-generator) and what is its level of utilization. Furtherm plus Furthermore. the problem of applying a closed-loop cooling system could be more where boilers supply single or multiple difficult multiple turbine-generators due to the physical and operating problems arising from the multiple connections involved.

However, advances in metal technology since 1950, with associated lower costs of larger units, have made it economical and reliable to have one boiler per turbine-generator. The trend to the larger, one boiler per turbine-generator units began to be significant when the first 300 MW unit was placed into service in 1955. From 1930 until that time the largest steam electric unit in the U.S. was about 200 MW. Hence, for units 300 MW and larger, the unit itself and its level of utilization are clearly defined and the physical and operating problems associated with a closed-loop cooling system and arising from the multiple connections involved are not encountered.

Age was identified in the Act as a factor to be taken into account in the establishment of effluent limitation guidelines and performance standards. As indicated above, the interrelationship between age, utilization and efficiency, has generally been well documented in the steam electric generating industry. Age is also important because the remaining life of equipment provides the basis for the economic writeoff of capital investment. Consequently, age is of significance in subcategorizing steam electric generating units not only for technical reasons, but also for economic considerations.

Federal Power Commission depreciation practices indicate the estimated average service life of equipment for steam elecelectric production to be 36 years <sup>87</sup>. Figure IV-7, which shows the improvement of efficiency in the generation of electricity since 1920, indicates a sudden dip in the curve in approximately 1949, or 24 years ago. Based on this process factor and the anticipated service life of equipment, it was decided to subcategorize fossil-fueled units by age, with 6 (six-year) subcategories defining the range of age with regard to generating units.

Site characteristics were considered possibility as a for subcategorization of the industry for thermal discharges. The basic consideration involving location related to the situation of a plant with regard to its cooling water source (ocean, river, estuary, lake, However, categorization along these lines would in reality etc.). violate the intent of the Act, which stresses national uniformity of application and is technology oriented. The control and treatment of essentially an internal matter within a powerplant. waste heat is Absolute location will influence the cost of such control and treatment, but will not generally determine its feasibility. This type of location factor is primarily related to environmental considerations, which are taken into account under Section 316 of the Act. Consequently, it was decided not to establish any subcategories for thermal waste characteristics based on location.

Size was another factor which conceivably could form the basis for thermal waste subcategorization of the steam electric powerplant industry. Among these technical and economic factors considered relative to the size of a unit were availability and degree of practicability of control and treatment technology, and unit costs of control and treatment technology with relation to other generating costs. The primary basis for a size subcategorization would be the precedent established by the Federal Power Commission with regard to the requirements for Filing Form 67, "Steam Electric Plant Air and Water Quality Control Data". The FPC does not require filing of this form by powerplants smaller than 25 megawatts, or plants larger than 25 megawatts which do not belong to a utility system with a capacity equal to, or greater than 150 megawatts. Size subcategorization based on this precedent was seriously considered, because the form in question outlines the environmental details of each powerplant required to respond.

However, investigation indicated that the exclusion of smaller units was based primarily on procedural considerations rather than technical factors. There is no significant technical factor which suggests division of the industry on the same basis as established by the FPC. In addition, other subcategories based on size were also considered. However, no technical or economic bases were found to justify subcategorization by size of unit or plant. It was therefore decided not to establish formal subcategories on the basis of size of facility.

As a result of evaluation of the factors outlined above, informal categorization for the purposes of the development of effluent limitations guidelines and standards for heat includes a division between nuclear and fossil units and further division of fossil units based on utilization, all followed by age considerations (six groups covering the span of 36 years).

## Summary

In summary, the most significant of the basic components of all steam electric powerplants which relate to waste water characteristics are the fuel storage and handling facilities, water treatment equipment, boiler, condenser, and auxiliary facilities. Steam electric powerplants (plants) are comprised of one or more generating units. A generating unit consists of a discrete boiler, turbine-generator and condenser system. Fuel storage and handling facilities, water treatment equipment, electrical transmission facilities, and auxiliary components may be a part of a discrete generating unit or may service more than one generating unit. The characteristic quantity and intensity of the waste heat transferred in the condenser from the expended steam to the cooling water is related to the combined characteristics of the plant components that are its source.

The general subcategorization rationale is summarized in Table IV-6 the subcategorization rationale for heat is summarized in Table IV-7 and the subcategorization rationale for pollutants other than heat is summarized in Table IV-8.

## Table IV-6

### GENERAL SUBCATEGORIZATION RATIONALE

Subcategorization for heat is approached separately from subcategorization for other pollutants because:

- Control and treatment technology for heat relate primarily to the characteristics of generating units, while nonthermal control and treatment technologies relate primarily to characteristics of stations.
- Control and treatment technologies are dissimilar; and
- The costs of thermal control and treatment technology are much greater than nonthermal control and treatment technologies.

# Table IV-7

# SUBCATEGORIZATION RATIONALE FOR POLLUTANTS OTHER THAN HEAT

Characteristic of Plant	Need for Sub- categorization	Rationale
Utilization (base-load, cyclic, or peaking)	No	Costs versus effluent reduction benefits vary significantly but are small in all cases
Age	No Yes	Costs versus effluent reduction benefits vary significantly but are small in all cases Certain technologies are practicable for new
Fuel	No	Sources but not for others Effects on costs versus effluent reduction benefits are not significant
Size	No	Costs for small plants would be significantly greater but still relativelly small
Land Availability	No	Treatment technology includes small-sized configured equipment as well as lagoon-type facilities
Water Consumption	No	Negligible consumption
Non-Water Quality Envir- onmental Impact (inclu- ding energy consumption	No )	Not significant
Process Employed	Yes	Practicability of treatment technology is related to the volumes of waste water treated, therefore subcategories should be based on the specific waste water streams, especially those of significant volume
Climate	No	Not significant except for effect on rainfall runoff treatment costs, but costs are small for all plants

Table IV-8 SUBCATEGORIZATION RATIONALE FOR HEAT

Characteristic of Unit	Need for Subcategorization	Rationale
Utilization(Base-load, cyclic, or peaking)	Yes	Coupled with age, this factor determines the incremental cost of production versus the effluent reduction benefits related to the thermal control
Age	Yes	Coupled with utilization, this factor determines the incremental cost of production versus the effluent reduction benefits related to the thermal control technology.
Fuel	Yes	Nuclear-fueled units reject <b>si</b> gnificantly more heat to cooling water than do comparible fossil-fueled units.
Size	Yes	Capital is less readily available and design engineering manpower requirements higher for small plants and systems relative to the effluent reduction benefits of thermal control technologies
Process Employed	No	All significant differences already accounted for by factors of utilization, age fuel and size
Land Availability	Yes	Numerous units, due to urban locations, have insufficient land available to implement the control technology.
Water Consumption	No	Where required water consumption rights can add an incremental but insignificant cost over the cost of water use rights otherwise required.
Climate	No	Variabilities are primarily cost related and taken into account in the cost analysis
Non-Water Quality Environmental Impacts		
•Saltwater Drift	Yes	While technology is available to limit drift to very low levels, significant impacts could occur for units in urban areas on saltwater bodies.
●Fogging	No	Technology is available to abate fogging in the few cases where it might otherwise have a significant impact.
●Noise	NØ	Technology is available to abate noise in the few cases where it might otherwise have a significant impact.
<pre>@Aesthetics</pre>	No	Would only be a problem in a case-by-case evaluation of alternatives.

The degree of nonthermal effluent reductions that can be achieved by the application of specific control and treatment technologies are related to the type of source components involved, and further to water use and quality and other considerations peculiar to individual plants. Both unit and plant related characteristics affect the degree of practicability of applying nonthermal waste water control and treatment technology.

Accordingly, the general categorization scheme developed was approached from the basis that separate subcategorizations would be constructed for thermal characteristics and for nonthermal characteristics so that the rationale supporting the one would not necessarily be supportive of the other, and candidate approaches to either could be utilized or discarded on their own merits. Numerous factors were considered as candidates for further subcategorization and are as follows: the age of equipment and facilities, the process employed, waste source (nonthermal characteristics), nonwater quality environmental impact (including energy requirements), site characteristics, size of plant, fuel utilized, and utilization characteristics of the plant, with only the age of unit and its utilization characteristics qualifying as further bases for subcategorization of thermal discharges, and waste source for nonthermal discharges.

important footnote to the subject of industry subcategorization is An that while certain factors were not found to qualify as candidates for general subcategorization, some were found to be factors which in particular cases could affect the degree of the practicability of applying certain waste water control and treatment technologies. Those factors which must be further considered are the following: available land characteristics, size of the unit, accessibility of existing cooling system, ability of existing structures to accommodate a new recirculating cooling system, requirements imposed by nearby land uses (drift, fogging, noise, structure height), climatic considerations (wind, relative humidity), soil strengths, significance of consumptive use of water, significance of system reliability requirements, and characteristics of intake water (temperature, concentrations of constituents).

### PART A

## CHEMICAL WASTES

#### SECTION V

#### WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

### Introduction

In this part of the study (Part A) only the nonthermal, or chemical wastes are dealt with. Part B of the report deals with thermal discharges.

chemical wastes produced by a steam electric powerplant can result from a number of operations at the site. Scme wastes are discharged more or less continuously as long as the plant is operating. Some wastes are produced intermittently, but on a fairly regularly scheduled basis such as daily or weekly, but which are still associated with the production of electrical energy. Other wastes are also produced intermittently, but at less frequent intervals and are generally associated with either the shutdown or startup of a boiler or generating unit. Additional wastes exist that are essentially unrelated to production but depend on meteorological or other factors.

Waste waters are produced relatively continously from the following sources (where applicable): cooling water systems, ash handling systems, wet-scrubber air pollution control systems, boiler blowdown.

Waste water is produced intermittently, on a regular basis, by water treatment operations which utilize a cleaning or regenerative step as part of their cycle (ion exchange, filtration, clarification, evaporation).

Waste water produced by the maintenance cleaning of major units of equipment on a scheduled basis either during maintenance shutdown or during startup of a new unit may result from boiler cleaning (water side), boiler cleaning (fire side), air preheater cleaning, stack cleaning, cooling tower basin cleaning and cleaning of miscellaneous small equipment. The efficiency of a powerplant depends largely on the cleanliness of its heat transfer surfaces. Internal cleaning of this equipment is usually done by chemical means, and requires strong chemicals to remove deposits formed on these surfaces. Actually the cleaning is not successful unless the surfaces are cleaned to bare metal, and this means in turn that some metal has to be dissolved in the cleaning solution. Cleaning of other facilities is accomplished by use of a water jet only.



TYPICAL FLOW DIAGRAM - STEAM ELECTRIC POWER PLANT (FOSSIL-FUELED) SOURCES OF CHEMICAL WASTES Ploure -V--1





SIMPLIFIED WATER SYSTEM FLOW DIAGRAM FOR A NUCLEAR UNIT 108r

Rainfall runoff results in drainage from coal piles, floor and yard drains, and from construction activity.

A diagram indicating sources of chemical wastes in a fossil-fueled steam electric powerplant is shown in Figure A-V-1. A simplified flow diagram for a nuclear plant is shown in Figure A-V-2. Heat input to the boiler from the fuel. Recycled condensate water, with some pretreated comes make-up water, is supplied to the boiler for producing steam. Make-up requirements depend upon boiler operations such as blowdown, steam soot blowing and steam losses. The quality of this make-up water is dependant upon raw water quality and boiler operating pressure. For example, in boilers where operating pressure is below 2800 kw/m<sup>2</sup> (400 psi), good quality municipal water may be used without pretreatment. On the other hand, modern high-pressure, high-temperature boilers need a The water treatment includes such controlled high-quality water. operations as lime-soda softening, clarification, ion exchange, etc. These water treatment operations produce chemical wastes. According to the FPC<sup>234</sup>, the principal chemical additives reported for boiler water treatment are phosphate, caustic soda, lime and alum.

As a result of evaporation, there is a build-up of total dissolved solids (TDS) in the boiler water. To maintain TDS below allowable limits for boiler operation, a controlled amount of boiler water is sometimes bled off (boiler blowdown).

The steam produced in the boiler is expanded in the turbine generator to produce electricity. The spent steam proceeds to a condenser where the heat of vaporization of the steam is transferred to the condenser cooling system. The condensed steam (condensate) is recycled to the boiler after pretreatment (condensate polishing) if necessary, depending upon water quality requirements for the boiler. As a result of condensate polishing (filtration and ion exchange), waste water streams are created.

In a nonrecirculating (once-through) condenser cooling system, warm water is discharged without recycle after cooling. The cool water withdrawn from an ocean, lake, river, estuary or groundwater source may generate biological growth and accumulation in the condenser thereby reducing its efficiency. Chlorine is usually added to once-through condenser cooling systems to minimize this fouling of heat transfer surfaces. Chlorine is therefore a parameter which must be considered for nonrecirculating cooling water systems.

Cooling devices such as cooling towers are employed in the recirculating cooling systems. Bleed streams (blowdown) must generally be provided to control the build-up of certain or all dissolved solids within the recirculating evaporative cooling systems. These streams may also contain chlorine and other chemical additives. According to the FPC<sup>234</sup>, the principal chemical additives reported for cooling water treatment are phosphate, lime, alum and chlorine. As a result of fossil-fuel combustion in the boiler, flue gases are produced which are vented to the atmosphere. Depending upon the type of fossil fuel, the flue gases carry certain amounts of entrained particulate matter (fly ash) which are removed in mechanical dust collectors, electrostatic precipitators or wet scrubbing devices. Thus fly ash removal may create another waste water stream in a powerplant.

A portion of the noncombustible matter of the fuel is left in the boiler. This bottom ash is usually transported as a slurry in a water sluicing operation. This ash handling operation presents another possible source of waste water within a powerplant.

Depending upon the sulfur content of the fossil fuel, SO2 scrubbing may be carried out to remove sulfur emissions in the flue gases. Such operations generally create liquid waste streams. Note that SO2 scrubbing is not required for gas-fired plants, or facilities burning oil with a low sulfur content. Nuclear plants, of course, have no ash or flue gas scrubbing waste streams.

As a result of combustion processes in the boiler, residue accumulates on the boiler sections and air preheater. To maintain efficient heat transfer rates, these accumulated residues are removed by washing with water. The resulting wastes represent periodic (intermittent) waste streams.

In spite of the high quality water used in boilers, there is a build-up of scale and corrosion products on the heat transfer surfaces over a period of time. This build-up is usually due to condenser leaks, oxygen leaks into the water and occasional erosion of metallic parts by boiler water. Periodically, this scale build-up is removed by cleaning the boiler tubes with different chemicals - such as acids, alkali, and chelating compounds. These cleaning wastes, though occuring only periodically, contain metalic species such as copper, iron, etc. which may require treatment prior to discharge.

The build-up of scale in cooling tower basins and soot build-up in stacks require periodic washings and these operations also give rise to waste streams.

For coal-fired generating units, outside storage of coal at or near the site is necessary to assure continuous plant operation. Normally, a supply of 90 days is maintained. Coal is stored either in "active" piles or "storage" piles. As coal storage piles are normally open, contact of coal with air and moisture results in oxidation of metal sulfides, present in the coal, to sulfuric acid. The precipitate trickles or seeps through the coal. When rain falls on these piles, the acid is washed out and eventually winds up in coal pile runoff, creating another waste stream. Similarly, contaminated floor and yard drains are another source of pollution within the powerplant. Besides these major waste streams, there are other miscellaneous waste streams in a powerplant such as sanitary wastes, laboratory and sampling wastes, etc. which are also shown in Figure No. A-V-1.

In a nuclear-fueled powerplant, high quality water is used in the steam generating section. Conventional water treatment operations give rise to chemical waste streams similar to those in fossil-fueled powerplants. Similarly, the cooling tower blowdown is another waste stream common to both fossil-fueled and nuclear fueled powerplants. Some wastes in a nuclear plant contain radioactive material. The discharge of such strictly controlled and is beyond the scope of this project. wastes is However, the steam generator in a PWR plant is a secondary system, and periodic cleaning wastes which are not having a blowdown radioactive. Some of the disposal problems associated with low-level radiation wastes from nuclear fuel powerplants are briefly described in this report.

Data was accumulated from different sources to characterize the various chemical wastes described above. The sources of data include:

- a. Plants visits and collection of samples for analysis
- b. Permit applications submitted by powerplants to the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers.
- c. Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) reports of operating plants
- d. EPA Region II questionnaire
- e. EPA Region V summary of permit applications data by National Environmental Research Center, Corvallis
- f. Southwest Energy Study Appendices
- g. U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Environmental Impact Statements
- h. In-house data at Eurns and Roe, Inc.

These data are included in Appendix 2. Note that a code system is used for individual plant identification.

Based on these data and other industrial and governmental literature, recommended effluent limitations guidelines proposed were developed for chemical wastes from the following operations in steam electric powerplants.

- I. Condenser Cooling System
  - A. Once-through
  - B. Recirculating

- II. Water Treatment
  - A. Clarification
  - B. Söftening
  - C. Ion Exchange
  - D. Evaporator
  - E. Filtration
  - F. Other Treatment
- III. Boiler or PWR Steam Generator A. Blowdown
- IV. Maintenance Cleaning
  - A. Boiler or PWR Steam Generator Tubes
  - B. Boiler Fireside
  - C. Air Preheater
  - D. Misc. Small Equipment
  - E. Stack
  - F. Cooling Tower Basin
  - V. Ash Handling
    - A. Oil-fired plants
      - 1. fly ash
      - 2. bottom ash
    - B. Coal-fired plants
      - 1. fly ash
      - 2. bottom ash
- VI. Drainage
  - A. Coal Pile
  - B. Contaminated floor and yard drains
- VII. Air Pollution Control Devices A. SO<u>2</u> Removal
- VIII. Miscellaneous Waste Streams
  - A. Sanitary Wastes
  - B. Plant Laboratory and Sampling Streams
  - C. Intake Screen Backwash
  - D. Closed Cooling Water Systems
  - E. Low-Level Rad Wastes
  - F. Construction Activity

# Once-through Cooling Systems

The common biocides used are chlorine or hypochlorites. The amount of chlorine dosage varies from site to site and depends upon the source of cooling water and ambient conditions. For example, in winter the biological growth is not as pronounced as in spring or summer. Consequently, chlorine demand is less in winter. Normally, the chlorine is supplied as a slug rather than by continuous injection. The frequency of chlorine dosage differs in each plant, and may vary from once a day to ten times a day. Treatment duration varies between 5 minutes and 2 hours. Chlorination results in residual chlorine concentrations in the range of 0.1 to 1 mg/l (ppm). Higher concentrations can be found in cases where higher level organisms, such as jellyfish, or eels, tend to accumulate on condenser surfaces.

## Recirculating Systems

In the operation of a closed, evaporative cooling system, the bulk of the warm circulating water returning to the cooling tower, pond, etc. is cooled by the evaporation of a small fraction of it. During this evaporation only water vapor is lost, except for some net entrainment of droplets in the air draft (drift loss), and the salts dissolved in the remaining liquid become more concentrated. Most natural waters contain calcium (Ca++), magnesium (Mg++), sodium (Na+), and other metallic ions, and carbonate (CO3--), bicarbonate (HCO3-), sulfate (SO4--), chloride (C1-) and other acidic ions in solution. All combinations of these ions possible. When the concentration of ions in any possible are combination exceeds the solubility limits under the existing conditions, the corresponding salt will precipitate. Some of these salts are characterized by reverse solubility, that is, their solubility decreases when the temperature rises. If water saturated with such a salt leaves the cooling tower at the cool water temperature, as the water is heated in passing thru the condenser the solubility will decrease and the salt will deposit as a scale on the condenser tube walls and hinder heat transfer thru the tubes.

The formation of scale may be controlled in several ways. The most common is to blowdown a portion of the circulating water stream and replace that quantity with fresh water so that the circulating water does not reach saturation at any time. Blowdown therefore is the constant or intermittent discharge of a small portion of the circulating water in a closed cooling system to prevent a buildup of high concentrations of dissolved solids. The blowdown (B) is a function of the available makeup (B+D+Ev) water quality and is related to evaporation (Ev) and drift (D) in the following manner:

$$C = (B + Ev + D) / (B + D)$$

In this equation, C equals cycles of concentration, a dimensionless number which expresses the number of times the concentration of any constituent is multiplied from its original value in the makeup water. (It does not represent the number of passes through the system). B, EV, and D are expressed in consistent units (e.g. percent of circulating water flow rate or actual flow rate).<sup>144</sup>

For average makeup water quality, conventional practice sets the value of C between 4 and 6. For extremely high quality makeup water (or treated water) C values of 15 and above are possible. For salt or
saline water, C values as low as 1.2 to 1.5 may be required. This is usually not a materials or operating limit, but rather a means of preventing biological damage from blowdown salinity.<sup>144</sup>

The chemical characteristics of the recirculating water (treated or untreated) determine the maximum C value. Table A-V-1 provides some "rules of thumb" to be used in establishing the maximum C value. Note that the C subscript designations used in the table represent individual constituent concentrations and should not be confused with C, cycles of concentration used above.<sup>144</sup>

The "Limitation" column in Table A-V-1 indicates the maximum value allowed in the recirculating water for each chemical characteristic given. The maximum C value would be established when any one of the "Limitations" is exceeded. Note that this table provides "rule of thumb" estimates, which may not be applicable to unique water quality problems.<sup>144</sup>

The equation for C can be rewritten for blowdown (B):

 $B = \frac{Ev - D(C-1)}{C - 1}$ 

In order to minimize the total amount of makeup water and blowdown the cooling tower should be operated at as high a C value as possible. The following data were computed using the above equation and illustrate the effect of C on the blowdown and makeup flow rates:

С	Blowdown	Makeup
(cycles of concentration)	<u>(cfs)</u>	<u>(cfs)</u>
1.2	107	128
1.5	42.8	64.2
2.0	21.4	42.8
510	5.3	26.7
10.0	2.3	23.7
20.0	1.1	22.5

This table was developed assuming an evaporation rate (Ev) of 21.4 cfs and a drift rate (D) cf 0.05 cfs (0.005% of 950 cfs).<sup>144</sup>

There are several advantages to maintaining a high C value:

a. Minimizing the makeup water requirement, thus reducing the number of organisms entrained in the cooling water.

b. Minimizing the volume of blowdown water to be discharged.

c. Reducing the size and cost of makeup and blowdown handling facilities (i.e., pumps, pipes, screens, etc.).<sup>144</sup>

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# Table A-V-1

# RECIRCULATING WATER QUALITY LIMITATIONS

Characteristic	Limitation	Comment
pH and Hardness	Langelier Saturation Index = 2.5	Langelier Saturation Index = pH-pHs
		where
pH and Hardness with addition of proprietory chemicals for deposit control.	Langelier Saturation Index = 1.0	pH = measured pH pHs = pH at saturation with CaCO <sub>3</sub> See Figure A-V-3 for nomograph solution.
Sulfate and Calcium	(C <sub>S04</sub> ) x (C <sub>Ca</sub> ) = 500,000	C <sub>SO4</sub> = concentration of SO <sub>4</sub> in mg/1 C <sub>Ca</sub> = concentration of Ca in mg/1 as CaCO <sub>3</sub>
Silica	<sup>C</sup> SiO <sub>2</sub> = 150	C <sub>SiO2</sub> = concentration of SiO <sub>2</sub> in mg/1
Magnesium and Silica	$(C_{Mg}) + (C_{Si0_2}) = 35,000$	C <sub>Mg</sub> = concentration of Mg in mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub>

Courtesy Power Engineering



Example: Water at 124 F has a pH of 7.2, total solids of 400 ppm, calcium hardness as CaCO3 of 240 ppm, and alkalinity as CaCO, of 196 ppm. Find the Langelier saturation index.

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Solution: (1) Join 400 ppm on the lefthand scale with 124 F on the temperature scale. At intersection with C scale note value of 1.7. (2) Join 240 ppm with pCa reterence point and extend to pCa scale. Read pCa= 2.62. (3) Join 196 ppm with pALK reference point, extend to pALK scale and read pALK=2.40. Add the three values:

 $pH_s=C + pCa + pALK=6.72$  $Index = pH - pH_8 = 7.2 - 6.72 = +0.48$  Values for evaporation from cooling systems average about 0.75% of cooling water flow for every 10°F of condenser delta T for cooling towers and approximately 50% higher for cooling ponds. This is equivalent to a range of 15.0 to 30.0 gpm/MW for cooling towers and 22.5 to 45.0 gpm/MW for cooling ponds. Drift constitutes a relatively small portion of the required makeup water. For new cooling towers, drift losses can be kept as low as 0.005% of the cooling water flow for mechanical draft towers and 0.002% for natural draft towers. Drift losses for ponds are negligible. Estimates of the allowable blowdown flow based on these factors can be made once the cooling water flow, condenser delta T, and allowable concentration factors are known.

The heat content of the blowdown as a % of condenser heat rejection can be quite variable. The heat content of the blowdown can vary from a fraction of 1% of the total condenser heat rejection to as high as 7 to 8% of this value. Higher rates of heat rejection in the blowdown are due to larger blowdown flows (smaller C values) required in salt water systems and systems that blowdown from the hot side of the system. Systems that blowdown from the cold side of the cooling system should contain no more than 1 to 2% of the condenser heat rejection.

Scale formation may be controlled by chemical means such as softening or ion exchange to substitute more soluble ions for the scale formers, such as Na+ substitution for Ca++ and Mg++. Advantage may be taken of the greater solubility of some ions. For instance  $SO_4^{--}$  may be substituted for  $CO_3^{--}$  or  $HCO_3^{--}$ , as:

Ca CO3 + H2 SO4 = CaSO4 + H2O + CO2(q)

Mg(HCO3) + H2SO4 = MgSO4 + 2H2 + 2CO2(g)

In these reactions, CO2 is released as a gas. Sulfates have a much greater solubility than carbonates and bicarbonates, and scale formation is reduced. Organic "sequestering" agents are used to tie up the insoluble metallic icns so that they cannot combine with the carbonates and bicarbonates to form scale. Many of these agents are proprietary compounds and their compositions are not generally known. The use of chemical dispersants and makeup water softening to reduce or eliminate blowdown at certain powerplants is discussed in Reference 22.

Eventually the limit is reached and there must be some bleed through drift or blowdown although its quantity may be greatly reduced, resulting in higher concentrations. Data obtained from the study of fifteen plants (See Appendix 2) reveals an extremely large variation in the parameters listed. Generally, the important pollutant parameters are: total suspended solids (TSS), pH, hardness, alkalinity, total dissolved solids and phosphorus.

In general, condenser materials are chosen so as to resist corrosion by the recirculating water. Consequently, chemicals are generally not

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required in the recirculating water for corrosion resistance, except in cases where the recirculating water (because of the make-up water quality) has high chloride concentrations chromates or other chemicals are added as corrosion inhibitors.

In recirculating systems, growth organisms such as algae, fungi and slimes occur because of the warm and moist environment. Such biological growth will affect condenser efficiencies and chlorine is commonly used as a biocide. The chlorine dosage is usually in slugs. The residual chlorine is generally in the range of 1 mg/liter. Higher residual chlorine concentrations may cause corrosion problems. In cooling towers with wood filling, sodium pentachlorophenate is sometimes added to inhibit fungi attack on wood. The chemicals are generally added to the cooling tower basin to ensure adequate mixing. Depending upon the chlorine dosage frequency (one to three times a day) and sodium salt addition, the concentration of these pollutants in the blowdown will vary for each case.

# Water Treatment

All water supplies contain varying amounts of suspended solid matter and dissolved chemical salts. Salts are dissolved from rock and mineral formations by water as it flows into rivers and lakes. In the boiler, as water evaporates to steam, mineral salts deposit on metal surfaces as scale. Scale reduces transfer of heat through the metal tubes, and if allowed to accumulate reduces the flow area, eventually causing failure of the tubes. To prevent scaling, water is treated for removal of mineral salts before its use as boiler feed water.

Removal of the dissolved mineral salts can be accomplished by evaporation, chemical precipitation or by ion exchange. Evaporation produces a distilled-water-quality product but is not always economical and results in a stream of brine waste. Chemical precipitation is of limited use in the removal of dissolved solids, as the product water of the process contains soluble quantities of mineral salt. To produce a boiler feed water, chemical precipitation followed by evaporation is used occasionally, but cost is not always economical.

# Clarification

Chemical precipitates and naturally occurring suspended solids are very fine and light. Clarification is a process of agglomerating the solids and separating them from the water by settling. Suspended solids are coagulated, made to join together into larger, heavier particles and then allowed to settle. Clarified water is drawn off and filtered to remove the last traces of turbidity. Settled solids, more commonly called sludge, are withdrawn from the clarifier basin, continuously or intermittently and discharged to waste. Figures A-V-4 and A-V-5 show simplified flow diagrams for clarification and filtration processes respectively. Surface water, in addition to dissolved impurities, may



FIGURE A⊶∀-4



FILTRATION PROCESS

# FIGURE A-V-5

contain suspended matter, causing turbidity or objectionable color. Removal of turbidity by coagulation is an electro-chemical phenomenon. Iron and aluminum ions of positive charge form a bridge with the negative charge of the sediments, causing an agglomeration of the particles. Most commonly used coagulants are aluminum sulfate (alum, filter alum, Al2(SO4)3. 18 H2O), ferrous sulfate (copperas, FeSO4. 2 H2O), ferric sulfate (ferrifloc, Fe2 (SO4)3), and sodium aluminate (soda alum, Na2 Al2 O4). Polyelectrolytes and other coagulant aids are frequently used in the process.

# Softening

In the softening process, chemical precipitation is applied to hardness and alkalinity. Principal chemicals used are calcium hydroxide (hydrated lime - Ca (OH) 2) and sodium carbonate (soda ash-Na2CO3). Calcium is precipitated as calcium carbonate (CaCO3) and magnesium as magnesium hydroxide (Mg (OH) 2).

Chemical precipitation of calcium and magnesium can be carried out at ambient temperatures, which is known as cold process softening, or may be carried out at elevated temperatures, 100°C(212°F), known as hot process softening. Hot process softening is generally employed for boiler feed water in steam electric powerplants when steam is generated for heating purposes as well as electric power generation. The hot process accelerates the reactions and reduces the solubility of calcium carbonate and magnesium hydroxide.

Since there is always some carryover of fine particles from the clarifiers, these are generally followed by filters. Filters may contain graded sizes of sand, anthracite coal or other filter media. Filters are also required in case clarifiers have an upset and precipitates are carried over into the clear water overflow.

Ion Exchange

Ion exchange processes can be designed to remove all mineral salts in one unit process operation. These processes produce high-quality water suitable for boiler feed purposes. All of the mineral constituents are removed in one process. The ion exchange material is an organic resinous type material manufactured in granular bead form. Resin beads contain pores that make them similiar to a sponge. The surface area is electrically charged and attracts to the surface chemical ions of opposite charge.

Basically there are two major types of resin, cation and anion. Cation resin attracts the positively charged ions and anion resin attracts the negatively charged ions. When the charded sites on the resin surface are filled with ions exchanged from the water, the resin ceases to function and must be regenerated. (Figure A-V-6)



1

ION EXCHANGE PROCESS CATIONIC AND ANIONIC TYPE FIGURE A-V- 6 The regeneration process is a three-step operation for all ion exchange units except mixed resin units. Mixed resin units (Figure A-V-7) contain a mixture of cation and anion resin in a single vessel. The resin is in a mixed form during the service run and is separated during the regeneration.

During the service run, water flow in an ion exchanger is generally downflow through the resin bed. This downward flow of water causes a compaction of the bed which in turn causes an increase in resistance to flow through the bed. In addition, the raw water being treated always contains some micro-size particles which collect at the top surface of the bed and add to the resistance to flow. To alleviate this resistance, normal water flow to the bed is stopped and direction of flow through the bed is reversed, causing the bed to erupt, and wash the solids out. Ion exchange beds are usually washed for a period of 10 to 15 minutes. Flow rates vary with the size of vessel and the type of The flow rate is adjusted to expand the resin bed 80 to 100% of resin. its settled bed depth. Flow rates of 3.4-4.1 10-3 m3/s/m2 (5-6 gallons minute per square foot) are typical. The second stage of per regeneration is the contacting step. Chemical solution is passed through the bed at a controlled flow rate such that resin is contacted with the chemical solution for a certain time. Cation resins are contacted for approximately 30 minutes while anion resins are contacted for approximately 90 minutes. Immediately after this chemical contact, the bed is given a slow rinse. The normal volume of rinse is two bed volumes. The purpose of the rinse is to wash the regenerant solution remaining in the voids of the bed after the regenerant flow is stopped. The bed is then rinsed until effluent quality reaches de-ionized water specification. Quantity of rinse water depends on the resin. Cation Anion rinse rinse water is approximately 8.0 m<sup>3</sup> water per m<sup>3</sup> resin. water is approximately 10.0 m<sup>3</sup> water per m<sup>3</sup> resin. With mixed resin units, there are two additional steps in the regeneration process. After rinsing, the water level is drained until it is just above the settled resin bed level. Air is injected into the bottom of the vessel causing the two stratified layers of resin to mix. After this mixing, the vessel is filled with water and the resin bed is given a short final rinse.

Chemical characteristic of the spent regenerant depend, on the type of service that an ion-exchanger is performing. Cation exchange in hydrogen cycle absorbs calcium, magnesium, potassium, and sodium ions from the water. The cation unit is regenerated with sulfuric acid. The acid concentration is maintained low to prevent calcium sulfate precipitation. The spent regenerant solution contains the eluted ions with excess acid.

In order for the regeneration process to proceed there must be a driving force. The driving force is excess chemical quantity. The quantity of acid required for regeneration, on a weight basis, is 2-4 times the stoichiometric exchange capacity of the resin. On a weight basis, the



ION EXCHANGE PROCESS MIXED RESIN TYPE FIGURE A-V-7

1

waste sulfuric acid will consist of 1/4-1/3 part mixed cations and 2/3-3/4 part of excess sulfuric acid. Concentration of cations in the waste depends on their distribution in the water supply.

Occasionally, hydrochloric acid is used for hydrogen cycle regeneration. Hydrochloric acid yields a greater regeneration efficiency than sulfuric acid. The cost of hydrochloric acid is generally higher than sulfuric acid, therefore, it is used only when the economics justify it.

Anion exchange units are regenerated with sodium hydroxide. The concentration is approximately 4%. The spent regenerant will contain the eluted anions. These are sulfate, chloride, nitrate, phosphate, alkalinity, bicarbonate, carbonate, and hydroxide. Silica in the form of HSiO<u>3</u>- is also absorbed by anion exchangers and may be present in the spent regenerant.

In high-pressure steam electric plants, condensate is deionized to prevent dissolved salts from condenser tube leaks from entering the boiler system, and eliminate minute quantities of iron and/or copper formed as a result of corrosion. The condensate is then polished in mixed resin units. The ion exchange resin is regenerated with sulfuric acid and sodium hydroxide. Sometimes, ammonium hydroxide is used in place of sodium hydroxide. The quantity of iron and copper found in the spent regenerants is usually negligible.

Sodium cycle ion exchange is the exchange of calcium and magnesium ions for sodium ions. Hard water is often softened by this process, but the content of dissolved solids is not appreciably changed. The exchange resin is regenerated with 10% sodium chloride solution. The waste regenerant consists of approximately 1/3 part calcium and magnesium chloride and 2/3 part sodium chloride.

# Evaporator

Evaporation is a process of purifying water for boiler feed by vaporizing it with a heat source and then condensing the water vapor on a cool surface, and collecting it externally of the evaporator unit. In the process, a portion of the boiling water is drawn off as blowdown.

The evaporator consists of a vessel, usually in a horizontal position in order to provide a large surface area for boiling. In steam electric plants, evaporators are usually heated by a waste source of heat, such as extraction steam from the turbine cycle. The water evaporates into the upper surface of the vessel and is ducted to an external condenser. In the lower portion of the vessel, a pool of the boiling water is maintained at a constant level to keep the steam tubes immersed in liquid. As water evaporates from the pool, the raw water salts in the pool become concentrated. If allowed to concentrate too much, the salts will scale the heating surfaces and the heat transfer rate diminishes. To prevent scaling, a portion of the pool water is drawn off as blowdown. A simplified flow diagram of the process is shown in Figure A-V-8.

Chemical composition of the blowdown is similar to that of the raw water feed except that it is concentrated several times. The blowdown is alkaline, with a pH in the range of 9-11. This is due to decomposition of bicarbonate ion to carbon dioxide and carbonate ion. The carbon dioxide is degassed from the evaporator leaving carbonate in solution and yielding an alkaline pH. If the concentration of calcium sulfate is high enough, it will precipitate out of solution. Some steam electric power plants feed phosphate to the raw water feed. This phosphate reacts with calcium and lessens the precipitation of calcium carbonate and calcium sulfate.

Evaporators are usually found in older low-pressure steam electric plants. Ultra pure water required in the modern high pressure units may generally be obtained more economically by the ion exchange processes.

A typical powerplant may employ a combination of the different water treatment operations described above. However, the waste streams from all these water treatment operations are generally similar in pollutant characteristics. Consequently, a description of the combined pollutants found in the waste streams is given below.

Character of Water Treatment Wastes

Water treatment waste streams should be described by three parameters: 1) pH, 2) suspended solids concentration, and 3) concentration parameters typical of processes involved or toxic elements involved in the process. Reference 21 reports waste water flows as shown in Table A-V-2.

Clarification wastes consist of clarifier sludge and filter washes. Clarifier sludge could be either alum or iron salt sludge, from coagulant chemicals. If the clarifier is lime softening, then the sludge would be a calcium carbonate-magnesium hydroxide sludge. Filter washes would contain suspended solids either as light carry-over floc from the clarifier or as naturally contained in unclarified raw water. Activated carbon absorber wash would contain light suspended particles or very fine activated carbon particles due to attrition of the carbon.

Various attempts have been made to classify clarifier sludges. Although these vary from plant to plant, the basic characteristics are quite similar. Alum sludge is a non-Newtonian, bulky gelatinous substance composed of aluminium hydroxide, inorganic particles, such as clay or sand, color colloids, micro-organisms including plankton and other organic matter removed from water.

The major constituent in sludge from lime soda softening is calcium carbonate. Other consituents which may be present are magnesium



EVAPORATION PROCESS FIGURE A-V-8

TYPICAL	WATER	TREATM	<b>IENT</b>	WA	STE
	WATER	FLOWS	(Ref		21)

PROCESS	RANGE OF FLOWS gal/ 1000 lb water treated
Clarifier blowdown	1 - 4
Lime-soda	1 - 4
Raw water filtration backwash	0 - 6
Feed water filter	0 - 6
Sodium zeolite regeneration	0.5 - 3
Cation exchange regeneration	0.5 - 3
Anion exchange regeneration	0.5 - 3
Evaporator blowdown	12 -40
Condensate filtration and ion exchange	0.02 - 0.6
Condensate powdex	0.01 - 0.06

hydroxide, hydroxides of aluminum or iron, insoluble matter such as clay, silt or sand, and organic matter such as algae or other plankton removed from the water.

The American Water Works Association Research Foundation has conducted a study among its members to gather information on the nature of waste disposal problems in water treatment plant to assist the utilities. 14

Waste sludges from clarifiers, generally have a solids content in the range of 3,000 - 15,000 mg per liter. Suspended solids amount to approximately 75 - 80% of total solids with the quantity of volatile solids being 20 - 25% of total solids. The BOD level usually is 30 - 100 mg per liter. A large corresponding COD level of 500 - 10,000 mg per liter shows that the sludge is not biodegradable, but that it is readily oxidizable. The sludge has a pH of about 5 - 9.

Filter backwash is more dilute than the wastes from clarifiers. Generally, it is not a large volume of waste. Turbidity of wash water is usually less than 5 mg per liter and the COD is about 160 mg per liter. The total solids existing in filter backwash from plants producing an alum sludge is about 400 mg per liter with only 40 - 100 mg per liter suspended solids.

All ion exchange wastes are either acidic or alkaline except sodium chloride solutions which are neutral. While ion exchange wastes do not naturally have any significant amount of suspended solids, certain chemicals such as calcium sulfate and calcium carbonate have extremely low solubilities and are often precipitated because of common ion effects. Calcium sulfate precipitation is common in ion exchange systems because of excess quantities of sulfuric acid.

Evaporator blowdown consists of concentrated salts from the feed water. Evaporators are usually operated to a point where the blowdown is three to five times the concentration of the feed water. Due to the low solubility of calcium carbonate and calcium sulfate, it is possible that there will be precipitation of calcium carbonate and sulfate, if present in the feed water. While the concentrated salts of the feed water are neutral, decomposition of bicarbonate to carbon dioxide and calcium carbonate, creates an alkaline waste stream from the evaporator.

Table A-V-3 shows the arithemetic mean and standard deviation for a number of parameters for water treatment wastes. These data were gathered from many different sources and reported in various ways. Therefore they show wide variations. As can be seen, the standard deviation of each parameter chosen, is two to three times greater than the mean value of the parameter.

Undoubtedly, other factors that do not appear in the data caused this variation. Under the sub-heading of clarification wastes, the reported data do not indicate whether the waste stream is a sludge from a

# ARITHMETIC MEAN AND DEVIATION OF

# SELECTED WATER TREATMENT WASTE PARAMETERS

	ARITHMETIC MEAN m	STANDARD DEVIATION 0-	<u>0-</u> m	
CLARIFICATION WASTES				
Flow - M <sup>3</sup> per day	316	613	1.9	
Turbidity - J.T.U.	1,088	2,015	1.8	
Total Suspended Solids - mg TSS per l	25,213	53,060	2.1	
Total Suspended Solids - kg TSS per day	2,673	5,594	2.1	
fotal Hardness - mg CaCO <u>3</u> per 1	3,215	7,812	2.4	
Total Hardness - kg CaCO <u>3</u> per day	27	63	2.3	
Iron - mg Fe per l	352	572	1.6	
Iron - kg Fe per day	212	662	3.1	
Aluminum	1 Piece	Data	-	
ION_EXCHANGE_WASTE				
Flow - M <sup>3</sup> per day	74,515	374,737	5.0	
Total Dissolved Solids - mg TDS per 1	7,408	11,550	1.6	
Total Dissolved Solids - kg TDS per day	1,311	4,263	3.2	
Sulfate - mg SO4per 1	2,085	3,859	1.8	
Sulfate - kg SO <u>4</u> per day	1,100	3,414	3.1	
Chloride - mg Cl per l	1,708	4,603	2.7	
Chloride - kg Cl per day	124	389	3.1	
Sodium - mg Na per 1	3,112	6,448	2.1	
Sodium - Kg Na per day	558	1,572	2.8	
Ammonia - mg $NH3$ - N per 1	46	137	3.0	
Ammonia - kg NH <u>3</u> - N per day	14	41	2.9	
EVAPORATOR_BLOWDOWN				
Flow - M <sup>3</sup> per day	38	62	1.6	
Total Dissolved Solids - mg TDS per 1	730	805	1.1	
Total Dissolved Solids - kg TDS per day	88	187	2.1	
Total Suspended Solids - mg TSS per 1	175	443	2.5	
Total Suspended Solids - kg TSS per day	16	36	2.2	
Sulfate - mg SO4 per 1	79	109	1.4	
Sulfate - Kg SO4 per day	4	8	2.0	
chloride - mg Cl per l	194	337	1.7	
Chloride - Kg Cl per day	17	31	1.8	

clarifier removing suspended solids, a sludge from a lime softener for hard water, or a wash-water from a filter. Obviously, waste stream composition will vary depending upon its origin.

Similarly, data listed under ion-exchange wastes do not indicate whether the waste is acid, caustic or brine waste. There are no indicators of what source the waste originated from, or if the waste was neutralized before reporting. In summary, data collected on water treating wastes is of limited value because of the process variations which were not reported, and because of the limited quantity of information available on these waste streams.

# Boiler or PWR Steam Generator Blowdown

Except for zero solid treatment systems, no external water treatment regardless how efficient, is in itself protection against boiler scale without the use of supplementary internal chemical treatment of the boiler water.

The primary cause of scale formation is that the solubilities of scale forming salts decrease with an increase in temperature. The higher the temperature and pressure of boiler operation, the more insoluble the scale forming salts become. No method of external chemical treatment operates at a temperature as high as that of the boiler water. Consequently, when the boiler feed water is heated to the boiler operating temperatures, the solubility of the scale forming salts is exceeded and they crystallize from solution as scale on the boiler heating surfaces.

Calcium and magnesium salts are the most common source of difficulty with boiler scale. Internal chemical treatment is required to prevent deposit scale formation from the residual hardness concentration remaining in the feed water. One of the most common sources of scale is the decomposition by heat of calcium bicarbonate to calcium carbonate and carbon dioxide.

Ca(HCO3) 2 + Heat = CaCO3(s) + H2) + CO2(g)

Deposits of iron oxide, metalic copper and copper oxide are frequently found in boilers operating with very pure feedwater. The source of deposits is corrosion. Causes of the corrosive action are dissolved oxygen and carbon dioxide.

To prevent calcium and magnesium salts from scaling on boiler evaporative surfaces, internal treatment consists of precipitating the calcium and magnesium salts as a sludge and maintaining the sludge in a fluid form so that it may be removed by boiler blowdown. The blowdown can be continuous or intermittent and the operation involves controlled discharge of a certain quantity of boiler water. The most common chemicals used for precipitation of calcium salts are the sodium phosphates. Chelating or complexing agents are sometimes applied. Tetrasodium salt of ethylenediaminetetracetic acid (Na4-EDTA) and trisodium salt of nitrilotriacetic acid (Na3-NTA) are the most commonly used chelating agents. The chelating agents complex the calcium, magnesium, iron and copper in exchange for the sodium.

The solubility of iron in water increases as the pH decreases below the neutral point. To prevent corrosion, neutralization of the acid with an alkali is necessary. Sodium carbonate, sodium hydroxide and/or ammonia are commonly employed for this purpose.

Dissolved oxygen present in boiler water causes corrosion of metallic surfaces. Dissolved oxygen is introduced into the boiler, not only by the makeup water, but by air infiltration in the condensate system. In addition to mechanical deaeration, sodium sulfite is employed for chemical deaeration.

2 Na 2 So 3 + O 2 = 2 Na 2 SO 4

It is common practice to maintain an excess of the sulfite, to assure complete oxygen removal. The use of sodium sulfite is restricted to low pressure boilers because the reaction products are sulfate and dissolved solids which are undesirable in high pressure boilers.

Hydrazine is a reducing agent which does not possess these disadvantages for high pressure operation. Hydrazine reacts with oxygen to form water.

# N2H4+ O2 - 2H2O + N2

The excess hydrazine is decomposed by heat to ammonia and nitrogen.

The characteristics of boiler blowdown are an alkaline waste with pH from 9.5-10.0 for bcilers treated with hydrazine and pH from 10-11 for boilers treated with phosphates.

Blowdown from medium pressure boiler has a total dissolved solids (TDS) in the range of 100-500 mg/1. High-pressure boiler blowdown has a total dissolved solids in the range of 10-100 mg/1. Blowdown from boiler plants using phosphate treatment contain 5-50 mg/1 phosphate and 10-100 mg/1 hydroxide alkalinity. Boiler plants with hydrazine treatment produce a blowdown containing 0-2 mg/1 ammonia.

In PWR nuclear-fueled powerplants, the steam generator employs ultrafine quality water. Consequently the blowdown frequency and the impurities are much less than that in fossil fuel plants.

The blowdown frequency is commonly once a day. Most of the data also confirm the typical alkaline nature of the blowdown. The data do not show completely the type of treatment and the raw water treatment efficiency. Consequently, the data have greatly varying parameters. Reference 21 reports waste water flows from boiler blowdown ranging from 0-4 gal/1000 lb steam generated.

Equipment Cleaning

Chemical Cleaning Boiler or PWR Steam Generator Tubes

Boilers are subject to two major chemical problems, corrosion and scale formation. Proper operation and maintenance involves the pretreatment of boiler makeup water, and the addition of various corrosion and scale control additives to the feed water. Boilers operating at high pressures (and temperatures) require more critical control of boiler water chemistry than low pressure boilers.

Even with the best preventive maintenance, occasional boiler cleaning is a necessary operation for proper performance of steam boilers. ©Condenser leaks, oxygen leaks in the boiler water and corrosion/erosion of metallic parts by boiler water may increase the frequency of boiler ©cleanings.

Chemical cleaning of boilers can be of two types - 1) Preoperational-inecessary for new boilers before going on-stream and 2) Operationalinecessary for scale and corrosion products removal to maintain normal boiler operating performance.

Preoperational Boiler Cleaning Wastes

During the manufacture and assembly of boiler steel components, a black iron oxide scale (mill scale) is formed on metal surfaces. The removal of mill scale is necessary to eliminate potential galvanic corrosion and erosion of turbine blades which can occur because of trapped mill scale in the steam path. Similarly, the presence of oil, grease (used during fabrication and assembly) and construction debris can be detrimental to boilers. Consequently, preoperational cleaning of boilers is an important aspect of powerplant start-up procedures.

Typical steps for preoperational cleaning involve:

(i) an alkaline boilout using a solution containing caustic or soda ash, phosphates, wetting or emulsifying agents and sodium nitrite as an i inhibitor to protect against caustic embrittlement.

(ii) draining of the solution after achieving satisfactory removal of oil, grease, silica, loose scale, dirt and construction debris etc.

<sup>i</sup> (iii) rinsing of the boiler

<sup>1</sup>(iv) acid cleaning of the boiler to remove mill scale using corrosion inhibited hydrochloric acid or organic acids, such as citric and formic acids or patented chelating scale removers. (v) draining of the acid solution using nitrogen to prevent metal rusting

(vi) second rinsing of the boiler with demineralized water

(vii) an alkaline boilout to neutralize trapped acid and to remove trapped hydrogen gas molecules (which if left in the boiler can cause metal embrittlement over a period of time)

(viii) and finally followed by a passivation rinse using sodium nitrite and phosphate solution.

These typical preoperational cleaning steps are followed for drum type boilers. For once-through boilers, process steps are similar except that instead of boilout, continuous flushing is carried out.

The pollution parameters associated with preoperational boiler cleanings are extreme pH values (acidic or alkaline solutions), phosphates, nitrates, BOD from the organic emulsifying agents, oil and grease and suspended solids. The quantity of these wastes and the pollutant concentrations vary for each specific case.

# Operational Boiler Cleaning Wastes

A variety of cleaning formulations are used to chemically clean boilers whose operation has deteriorated due to build up of scale and corrosion products. Analyses of scale deposits are made on sample sections of tubes cut from the boiler. Based on the composition of scale discovered in these samples, a cleaning program is selected. Some procedures are more effective for copper removal, others for iron removal, and still others for silica removal. The composition of boiler scale and corrosion products is briefly described. This is followed by a description of methods used to renovate boilers.

# Composition of Scale

scale contains precipitated salts and corrosion products. Boiler Precipitation occurs because of local supersaturation of their solution concentration near the heated tube surfaces. These salts include calcium carbonate and sulfate, calcium and magnesium phosphates and silicates, and magnesium hydroxide as principal constituents. Iron and copper oxides are present as corrosion byproducts and various trace as zinc, nickel, aluminum may be present either as constituents metals of the feed water, or as corrosion products. In addition, mud, silt, dirt or other debris introduced via condenser leaks are also present. Oil contamination of boiler water results in carbonation of this waste and this is incorporated into the boiler scale. The composition of boiler scale is dependent on the composition of boiler feed water, materials of construction, boiler chemical additives, and contaminants leaked into the boiler water, and therefore will differ with each successive cleaning of the boiler.

Frequency of Boiler Cleanings

There are many factors which affect the cleaning schedule for power utility steam boilers. High pressure boilers require more critical control of feed water purity and consequently usually require less frequent cleanings. A review of boiler cleaning data in Table A-V-4 shows that cleaning frequency varies from once in seven months to once in one hundred months. The mean time between boiler cleanings is estimated from these data as thirty months with a standard deviation of eighteen months.

Types of Boiler Tube Cleaning Processes

Alkaline Cleaning Mixtures with Oxiding Agents for Copper Removal

These foundations may contain free ammonia and ammonium salts, (sulfate or carbonate), an oxidizing agent such as potassium or sodium bromate or chlorate, or ammonium persulfate, nitrates or nitrites, and sometimes caustic soda. Air is sometimes used as the oxidant. These mixtures clean by the following mechanism: Oxidizing agents convert metallic copper deposits to copper oxide. Ammonia reacts with the copper oxide to solubilize it as the copper ammonium blue complex.

Since metallic copper interferes with the conventional acid cleaning process described below, this cleaning formulation is frequently used to precede acid cleaning when high copper levels are present in the boiler scale.

The pollutants introduced by these cleaning formulations are as follows: ammonium ion, oxidizing agents, high alkalinity, and high levels of iron and copper ion dissolved from the boiler scale.

Acid Cleaning Mixtures

These mixtures are usually based on inhibited hydrochloric acid as solvent, although sulfuric, sulfamic, phosphoric, nitric, citric, formic and hydroxyacetic acids are also used. Hydrofluoric acid or fluoride salts are added for silica removal. Corrosion inhibitors, wetting agents, and complexing agents to solubilize copper may also be included.

These mixtures are effective in removal of scale due to water hardness, iron oxides, and copper oxide, but not metallic copper.

The principal pollutants introduced to the waste stream from these cleaning chemicals are acidity, phosphates, fluorides, and organic compounds (BOD). In addition large quantities of copper, iron,

# CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### INCREASE IN POLLUTANT QUANTITY PER CLEANING CYCLE

BOILER TUBES' CLEANING

A	в	с	D	Б	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	м	N	0	Р	Q	R
Plant	Cleaning Frequency	Boile	r Volume	Alkalinit		B	סר	COL	'n	Total S	Solida	Tot	al ed Solids	Tot Suspend	al ed Solids	Ammo	onia
<u></u>	months		(1000 gal.)	(1b)	Ka	(1b)	ka	(1b)	ka	(1b)	ka	(1b)	kq	(1b)	kq	(1b)	kg
				<b>\</b>	5	()	3	(200)		()	5				-		-
																16.7	7 50
3409	24	174	46	1380	626	104	47.2	4017	1823	11816	5369	8588	3899	176	80	16.7	7.58
3409	24	174	46	1380	626	104	47.2	4017	1823	11816	5369	8588	3899	1/6	80	10.7	0.54
3410	12	106	28	181	82	-9.8	-4.45	5091	2311	12024	5458	10684	4850	9.8	4.45	1.2	4 45
3412	24	215	57	-158	-72	-8.3	-3.8	8302	3769	11972	5435	11225	5096	75	34	9.0	4.45
3414	12	303	80	3770	1711.9	121.4	55	11101	5040	34817	15807	1983	900.4	505.2	229.4	52.86	24.0
3416		190	50	158.4	71.94	-1.65	-0.75	9169	4163	39698	18023	37196	16887	246	111.7	3.2	1.454
3404		571	150.8	-23.8	-10.84	0	0	-14.07	-6.39	99.34	45.1	99.34	45.1	0	0	0	0
3603	22	314.58	83.09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3603	23	117.1	30.93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3604	15		43.165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3604	20		43.165	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
3604	13	278.8	92.92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3604	7	163.4	35.97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3604	20	163.4	35.97	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3605	50	261.19	69.18	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3605	60	261.19	69.18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3605	50	261.19	69.18	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3605	12	143.45	37.89	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3605	24	143.45	37.89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3605	24	189.3	50.0	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-
3606	36	183.1	48.37	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	_	~	_	-
3606	22	183.1	48.37	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
3609	48	108.95	28.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
3609	100	108.95	28.78	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_		-	~	-	_
3609	74	108.95	28.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-
3607	15	148,903	39.33	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3610	12	136.18	35.97	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
3610		136.18	35.97	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_		
3610	18	136.18	35.97	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
3610	15	136.18	35.97	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
3611	50	129 6	34 23	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
3611	100	129.6	34 23	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	_		_	_	-	-	-
3612	60	52 65	12 0	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-	-	-	-
3612	30	52.65	13.9	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
3612	50	52.65	13.9	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2612	30	52.65	13.9	-		-		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2612	40	52.05	20.39	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3612	24	77.17	20,30	_	-		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2612	30	77.17	20.38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-
3612	36	//.1/	20.38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3612	40	//.1/	20.38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3612	40	137.54	36.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3612	30	137.54	36.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3614	40	59.9	15.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3614	24	74.4	19.66	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3614	20	74.4	19.66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3614	36	74.4	19.66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3614	14	74.4	19.66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
3614	12	74.4	19.66	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
3613	30	74.9	19.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
3613	24	74.9	19.78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3013	24	/4.9	19.18	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	~	_	-	-	-	_

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#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

## INCREASE IN POLLUTANT QUANTITY PER CLEANING CYCLE

#### BOILER TUBES' CLEANING (continued)

A	в	с	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	ĸ	L	M	N	o	P	Acidity, Oil and Greage.
Plant Code	Ni	ickel	Zin	IC	Sod	ium	Nitz	ate	Hard	ness	Bro	omide	Manga	inese	Turbidity	Mercury, Sulfite, Lead, Selenium, Phenois, Surfactants
	(њ)	kg	.(тр)	kg	(1ь)	kg	(1b)	kg	(1b)	kg	(1ь)	kg	(1b)	kg	JTU	
3409	95.8	43.5	5.99	2.72	1076	488	0.56	0.25	1-11	550	-	-	-	-	370	
3409	95.8	43.5	5.99	2.72	1076	488	0.56	0.25	1211	550	-	-	-	-	370	
3410	-	-	10.3	4.67	2018	916	-5.6	-2.54	-	-	-	-	-	-	276	
3412			-0.045	-0.02	-	-	-0.542	-0.25	-29.19	-13.25	-	-	-	=	23	
3414	294	133.88	169.6	77	4885	2218	2.9	1.32	89.86	40.8	-	-	-	-	387	
3416	108.4	49.22	91.56	41.57	12378	5620	0.817	0.371	-	-	-	-	-		100	
3404	-	-	0.00018	0.00008	-55.9	-25.46	-	-	1.25	0.57	-	-	0.0059	0.0027	0	
3603	111	50.4	141	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30.8	14	-	
3603	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	NO DATA
3604	-	-	-	-	2569	1166	-	-	-	-	484	219.7	-	-	-	
3604	-	-	-	-	2569	1166	-	-	-	-	484	219.7	-	-	-	
3604	100	45.4	126	57.2	3504	1590	-	-	-	-	492	223	27.9	12.7	-	
3604	-	-	-	-	1902	863	-	-	-	-	582	264	-	-	-	
3604	-	-	-		2742	1244	-	-	-	-	484	219.7	-	-	-	
3605	81.9	37.2	106	48.1	3363	1526	-	-	-	-	-	-	48.9	22.2	-	
3605	-	-	-	-	3363	1526	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3605	-	-	-	-	5007	2273	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3605	-	-	-	-	2200	998	-	-	-	-	503	228	-	-	-	
3605	-	-	-	-	1515	687	-	-	-	-	503	228	-	-	-	
3605	-	-	-	-	2031	922	-	-	-	-	773	350.9	-	-	-	
3606	577	262	74.89	34	182	82	-	-	-	-	635	288	15.4	7	-	
3606	-	-	-	-	243	110.3	-	-	-	-	847	384	-	-	-	
3609	33	15	44	20	128	58	-	-	-	-	444	201	11	5	-	
3609	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3609	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3607	46.2	21	59.4	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.2	6	-	
3610	-		-	-	2603	1181	-	-	-	-	476	216	-	-	-	
3610	-	-	-	-	1301	590.6	-	-	-	-	635	288	-	-	-	
3610	44	20	55	25	2603	1244	-	-	-	-	476	216	11	5	-	
3610	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	476	216	-	-	-	
3611	41.8	19	52.8	24	3500	1589	-	-	-	-	465	211	11	5	-	
3611	-	-	-	-	5374	2441	-	-	-	-	465	211	-	-	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	1144	519	-	-	-	-	481	218	-	-	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	573	260	-	-	-	-	243	110	-	-	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	1144	519	-	-	-	-	481	218	-	-	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	573	260	-	-	-	-	243	110	-	-	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	3027	1374	-	-	-	-	270	122	-	-	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	3027	1374	-	-	-	-	270	122	-	-	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3612	44.0	20	55	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	5	-	
3612	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3614	-	-	-	-	201	91.4	-	-	-	-	698	317	-	-	-	
3614	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3614	-	-	-	-	55.7	25.28	-	-	-	-	193	87.6	-	-	-	
3614	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3614	24.23	11	30.8	14	1440	653	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.6	3	-	
3614	-	-	-	-	2161	981	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3613	24.23	11	30.8	14	2105	955	-	-	-	-	201	91.2	6.6	3	-	
3613	-	-	-	-	810	367	-	-	-	-	328	148.9	-	-	-	
3613	-	-	-	-	2105	955	-	-	-	-	201	91.2	-	-	-	

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### INCREASE IN POLLUTANT QUANTITY PER CLEANING CYCLE

#### BOILER TUBES' CLEANING (continued)

А	ь	с	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	м	N	0	Ρ	Q	R	S
Plant	Phosp	orus	Sulf	ate	Chlo	ride	Flu	oride	Alum	Aluminum		ດຫານຫ	Co	oper	I	ron	Magne	sium
code	(1b)	kq	(1b)	kq	(1L)	kq	(1b)	kq	(1b)	kg	(1b)	kg	(lb)	kg	(lb)	kg	(1b)	kg
						5	•			,		-						
3409	4.07	1.84	11.26	5.11	7772	3528	-	~	_	_	6.91	3.13	251.6	114.2	599	271.9	224	101.7
3409	4.07	1.84	11.26	5.11	7772	3528	_	_	_	-	6.91	3.13	251.6	114.2	599	271.9	224	101.7
3410	0.4	0.18	-40	-18.6	19100	8671	-	-	-	-	1.4	0.63	245.5	111.4	157 <b>1</b>	713.2	-	-
3412	-0.08	-0.036	-	-	6142	2788	-	-	-	-	1.21	0.55	-	-	1668	757.2	-	-
3414	7.26	3.3	73.37	33.31	25898	11758	-	-	-	_	23.17	10.52	718	326	1841	836	13.83	6.28
3416	-0.001674	-0.00076	0.33	0.15	32191	14615	-	-	-	-	0.0832	0.0378	325	147.7	5491	2493	-	-
3404	-0.0125	-0.0057	2.24	1.02	6.03	2.74	-	-	-	-	0.035	0.0160	0.00006	0.00003	0.001	0.00045	-	-
3603	74	33.6	-	-	40361	18324	870	395	18.94	8.6	-	-	800	363	3100	1407	66	29.9
3603	-	-	-	-	15052	6834	-	-	-	-	-	-	800	363	3100	1407	-	-
3604	-	-	-	-	21006	9537	478	217	-	-	-	-	900	408.6	2400	1089	-	-
3604	-	-	-	-	21006	9537	478	217	-	-	-	-	800	363	4900	2224	-	-
3604	78.9	35.82	-	-	45224	20532	2509	1139	17	7.7	16.9	7.7	500	227	3800	1725	59.0	26.8
3604	-	-	-	-	14588	6623	514.7	233	-	-	-	-	300	136.2	2200	999	-	-
3604	-	-	-	-	14588	6623	514.7	233	-	-	-	-	600	272	2100	953	-	-
3605	58.72	26.66	-	-	42085	19107	3837	1742	13.87	6.3	13.87	6.3	200	90.8	4000	1816	48.9	22.2
3605	-	-	-	-	38290	17834	3837	1742	-	-	-	-	100	45.4	3000	1362	-	-
3605	-	-	-	-	42085	19107	3837	1742	-	-	-	-	25	11.35	3000	1362	-	-
3605	-	-	-	-	18440	8372	1050	477	-	-	-	-	500	227	1100	499	-	-
3605	-	-	-	-	18440	8372	1050	477	-	-	-	-	600	272	1100	499	-	-
3605	-	-	-	-	24332	11047	1385	628	-	-	-	-	600	272	5000	2270	-	-
3606	40.97	18.6	-	-	29422	13358	-	-	11.0	5	11.01	5	200	90.8	3500	1810	33	15
3606	-	-	-	-	29422	13358	-	-	-	-	-	-	300	136.2	4500	2043		-
3609	24.45	11.1	-	-	13167	5978	1596	724	28.6	13	6.6	3	400	181.6	1500	681	22	10
3609	-	-	-	-	13167	5978	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	90.8	2500	1135	-	-
3609	-	-	-	-	13167	5978	399	181	-	-	-	~	300	136.2	3000	1362	-	-
3607	33.76	15.33	-	-	19140	8690	-	-	8.8	4	8.8	4	300	136.2	3000	1362	28.6	13
3610	_		-	-	14588	7040	514.7	255.6	_	_		_	300	227	1000	45.4	-	-
3610	-	-	_	_	1/506	7940	997	452.0	-	~	_	-	400	101.0	1000	454	-	-
3610	50.1	13.7	-	_	14588	6623	514.7	233.6	o.o -	4	_	-	500	227	1000	454	26.43	12
2611	20 7	12 05	_	_	10477	0023	964 5	200.0	c ċ	3	<u> </u>	-	500	227	3000	408	-	-
2611	20.7	13.05	_	_	19477	7590	004.J	392.4	-	_	 -	5	400	2/2	2000	1125	24.23	11
3612	_	-	-	_	6768	3073	102.8	87 53	-	_	_	-	200	101.0	2500	109	-	-
3612	-	_	_	_	8460	3841	192.0	87.53	_	-	_	_	100	45.4	900	363	_	_
3612	-	_	_	-	6768	3073	192.8	87.53	-	-	-	_	200	40.9	700	202		_
3612	_	_	_	-	8460	3841	192.8	87.53	-	-	-		300	136.2	500	227	_	_
3612	-	-		_	8266	3753	282	128	-	-	-	-	300	136.2	1000	454	_	_
3612	~	-	_	_	8266	3753	282	128	-	-	-	-	400	181.6	1000	454	_	-
3612	_	-	_	-	12398	5629	1130	513	_	_	-	-	100	45.4	1500	681	_	_
3612	-	-	-	_	11572	5254	1130	513	_	-	-	-	100	45.4	1000	454	_	-
3612	30.9	14.03	-	_	17101	7764	504	228.8	8.8	4	8.8	4	300	136.2	3000	1362	26.43	12
3612	-	-	-	_	14733	6689	504	228.8	-	·	-	-	200	90.8	1500	681	-	-
3614	-	-	_	_	9625	4370	253	114.86	-	_	-	_	500	227	1600	726	-	_
3614	-	-	-	-	11962	5431	1092	495	_	-	-	_	100	45.4	1400	635	-	_
3614	-	-	-	-	9568	4344	546	247.88	-	-	-	_	100	45.4	1200	545	-	-
3614	-	-	-	-	11962	5431	546	247.88	-	-	-	-	100	45.4	1000	454	-	-
3614	17.24	7.83	-	-	11962	5431	552	250.6	4.4	2	13.2	6	50	22.7	1000	454	13.22	6
3614		-	-	-	11962	5431	829	376.3	-	-	-	-	50	22.7	500	227		-
3613	17.24	7.83	-	-	8022	3642	549	249.2	4.4	2	4.4	2	200	90.8	1000	454	13.22	6
3613	-	-	-	-	8022	3642	362.3	164.5	-	-	-	-	200	90.8	1000	454	_	-
3613	-	-	-	-	8022	3642	275	124.8	-	-	-	-	200	90.8	1000	454	~	-
						•												

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hardness, phosphates and turbidity are released as a result of loosening and dissolving the boiler scale.

Alkaline Chelating Rinses and Alkaline Passivating Rinses

These formulations contain ammonia, caustic soda or soda ash, EDTA, NTA, citrates, gluconates, or other chelating agents, and may contain certain phosphates, chromates, nitrates or nitrites as corrosion inhibitors. These cleaning mixtures may be used alone, or after acid cleaning to neutralize residual acidity and to remove additional amounts of iron, copper, alkaline earth scale compounds, and silica. Their use introduces the following pollutants to the discharged wastes: alkalinity, organic compounds (BOD), phosphates, and scale components such as iron, copper and hardness.

**Proprietary Processes** 

Frequently boiler tubes are cleaned by specialized companies using proprietary processes and cleaning chemicals. Most of these chemicals are similar to those described earlier and the resulting wastes contain: alkalinity, organic compounds (BOD), phosphate, ammonium compounds, and scale compounds such as iron, copper and hardness.

The data in Table A-V-4 shows pollutant concentrations for specific cases. Inasmuch as boiler cleaning is tailored for individual requirements, generalization about pollutant concentration is not possible. However, the data does indicate generally observed high amounts of metallic species and COD requirements.

In this study, boiler tube cleaning was not categorized on the basis of once-through or drum-type. However, it is to be noted that similar cleaning as described earlier is followed for once-through type boilers.

The other major heat transfer component in a boiler system is the condenser. The spent steam from the turbine is liquefied in the condenser by the condenser cooling water system. Condenser tubes are made out of stainless steel, titanium or copper alloys. Preoperational cleaning of the condensers is done with alkaline solutions, with emphasis on the steam side of the condenser because of high quality water circulation. Operational cleaning on the steam side depends upon boiler water quality and is not done frequently. The water side of the condenser is cleaned with inhibited hydrochloric acid.

In nuclear powerplants of the PWR type, strict control on the quality of steam generator water is maintained. Cleaning frequently varies with plant characteristics, as in fossil-fuel power plants, but the cleaning methods are the same. Boiler Fireside

The fireside of boiler tubes collects fuel ash, corrosion products and airborne dust. Gas-fired boilers have the cleanest combustion process.

In order to maintain an efficient heat transfer, boiler firesides are cleaned with high pressure fire hoses, while the boilers are hot. Soda ash or other alkaline materials may be used to enhance the cleaning. Depending upon the sulfur content of the fuel, the cleaning wastes are more or less acid.

Data was available from only two plants for boiler fireside cleaning. These data are shown in Table A-V-5. The pollutants in the waste stream may reveal extreme values of pH, hardness and suspended solids as well as some metals.

Air Preheater

Air preheaters are an integral part of the steam generating system. They are used to preheat the ambient air required for combustion and thus economize thermal energy. Two types of preheaters are used -tubular or regenerative. In either case, part of the sensible heat of the combustion flue gases is transferred to the incoming fresh air.

In tubular air preheaters, cold fresh air is forced through a heat exchanger tube bundle using a forced-draft-fan. The flue gases leaving the economizer flow around the tubes and heat is transferred through the metal interface. Regenerative type preheaters are used more frequently in large powerplants. In this type, heat is regenerated by using metallic elements in a rotor. The rotor revolves between two ducts -outlet duct carrying hot flue gases to the stack and intake duct carrying fresh air to the boiler windbox. Heat is transferred to the metallic elements which in turn transfer it to the fresh air by convection.

Soot and fly ash accumulate on the preheater surfaces and the deposits must be removed periodically to maintain good heat transfer rates as well as to avoid plugging of the tubes or metallic elements. Preheaters are cleaned by hosing them down with high-pressure water from fire hoses.

Depending upon the sulfur content of the fuel, the cleaning wastes are more or less acidic in nature. The washing fluid may contain soda ash and phosphates or detergents which have been added to neutralize excess acidity or alkaline depending on the cleaning product used. Fly ash and soot, rust, magnesium salts, and metallic ions leached from the ash and soot are normal constituents of the cleaning wastes. Copper, iron, nickel, and chromium are usually prevalent in this discharge, and in oil-fired installations vanadium may also be present at significant levels.

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### INCREASE IN POLLUTANT QUANTITY PER CLEANING CYCLE

#### AIR PREHEATER CLEANING

		A	в	с	Б		Б	F	G	н —	т			ĸ	г	м	N	0	Р	0	R
	Line	Plant	Cleaning	Bato	h Volumo		-	- -	- 000	••	-			Total	-	Total	 	- Cu14	-	Chlo	
Г	DINE	COGE	cvcles/vr	<u></u>	(1000 a	al.)	(lb)	<u>k</u> σ	(1b)	ka	(1b)	ka		lb)	ka	(lb)	ka	(1b)	ka	(1b)	ka
	1)	3409	12	400	100	•			14.4		11051					1075		1000	404	1 001	0.0170
	2)	3410	12	409	108	_	72.02	-32.7	14.4	6.54	11951	5426	7	907	3590	1975	897	1066	484	1.801	0.81/8
	3)	3411		1363	360	_	70.03 00.09	-10.0	10.07	7.00	24964	10400	70	000	10069	4008	1020	2231	1615	0	0
	4)	3412	12	2272	600	-5	30.39 -	-40.5	35 02	15 9	40320	20744	27	264	20006	10788	2990	6114	2776	9989	4534
	5)	3413		265	70	1	89.73	86.14	116.7	53	2616	1188	4	467	20030	477.9	217	692	314.2	0	0
	6)	3414	6	162.8	43	_	19.71	-8.95	5.72	2.6	4768	2165	3	189	1448	785.24	356.5	423.8	192.4	-8.96	-4-07
	7)	3415	4	378.6	100	-	25.02	-11.36	9.16	4.16	11257	5111	8	249	3745	1834	833	979	444.5	-14.16	-6.43
											-										
										BOIL	ER FIRESI	IDE CLEA	ANING								
	• • •																				
	81	3410	2	2626	720	-2	40 -	109	1134	515	40861	18551	35	127 1	.5948	3823	1736	11949	5425	0	0
L		3411	<u> </u>	90.8	24	5.	99 -	2.72	19	8.63	4002	1817		002	1363	119.09	54.07	299.4	135.9	18.01	8.18
										AIR	PREHEATE	R CLEAN	1 <u>1111</u> (co	ontinued)							
		A	в	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J		ĸ	L	м	N	0	P	Q	R	s
	Line	Plant	Ammon	ia	Nitr	ate	Pho	enhomie	Har	dnecs		Chromit	100	c	opper		Iron	Мас	mesium	N	ickel
Г	2110	0000	(1b)	ka	(1ь)	ka	(1b)	ka	(1b)	kq	(1b	)	ka	(1b)	kq	(1b)	kg	(1b)	kg	(1ь)	kg
			<b>,</b> ,			9	(127)		(/		,	•				·/	,	•			
1																					
	1)	3409	2.378	1.08	3.414	1.55	0.513	0.233	3949	1793	1.1		0.529	4.434	2.01	8 1531	695.1	874.45	5 397	67.55	30.67
ł	2)	3410	4.49	2.04	5.06	2.3	2.66	1,21	8255	3748	24.2	5 1	1.01	-	-	3189	1448	1850	840	140.72	63.89
	3)	3411	8.1	3.68	11.25	5.11	4.67	2.12	13372	6071	39.0	3 1	7.72	-	-	5103	2317	2986	1356	225	102.2
	4)	3412	12	5.45	5.48	2.49	5.86	2.66	22196	10077	59.1	.9 2	26.875	0	0	8506	3862	4812	2185	375.3	170.38
	5)	3413	0.722	0.328	0.471	0.214	0.035	0.016	476.8	216.5	0.74	9	0.34	2.907	1.32	3.495	1.587	107.4	48.76	28.63	13
	6) 7)	3414	0.925	0.42	1.074	0.488	0.559	0.254	1577	716	0.45	8	0.208	1.788	0.81	2.13	0.967	352.4	160	17.93	8.14
		3415	2.176	0.988	3.3/	1.53	1.32	0.6	3709	1684	0.53	3	0.242	1.80	0.848	2.3/5	1.08	828	370	20.83	9.40
										BOILE	ER FIRESI	DE CLE	NING (c	continued	)						
1	8)	2410	1 40	0.69	14 75	67		E 04	35400	16076	0.02	00 0	0126	_	-	900	109.9	11049	5425	30.02	12 63
- 1	9)	3410	1.49	0.018	0.7	0.318	0.257	0.117	791.41	359.3	0.02	.99 C	).453	0.249	0.11	30	) 13.63	190.35	5 86.42	-	-
Ľ		3411						•1117	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		2000000	D CIRM									
										AIK	PREHEATE	RCLEAD	ITNG (CC	sit indea)							
		A	в	С	D	E	F	G	н												
	Line	Plant Code	Sodi	um	Zij	nc		BOD	Turbi	dity											
ſ			(1ь)	kg	(1b)	kg	(lb)	kg		U											
	1)	3409	1.799	0.818	4.43	2.011	3.6	1.635	49	5											
	2)	3410	0	0	8.97	4.075	0	0	47	6											
	3)	3411	0	0	14.93	6.78	15 01	( 0)5	49	· /											
	4)	3412	8630	S 3918	25.02	11.30	2 32E	1 04		0											
	5)	3413	-0.35	-0 16	1 789	0.812	1.793	0.814	. 50	10											
	7)	3414	-0.35	0.10	2.07	0.942	1.668	0.757	49	8											
	.,	5415	1.00							BOIL	ER FIRES	IDE CLE	ANTNG (	continued	•)						
													terraine (	Concinder	.,						
	8)	3410	0	0	28.72	13.042	0	0	47	76											
	9)	3411	9	4.09	2	0.908	0	0		98											

115

9

4.09

2

0.908

0

0

98

Cleaning frequency is usually about once a month, but frequencies of 4 to 180 cleanings per year are reported in Table A-V-5.

Chemical data for air preheater cleaning are also shown in Table A-V-5. Data for plant number 3412 appears to deviate considerably from the other plants, and much of the data reported varies considerably from other plants, by as much as an order of magnitude.

# Miscellaneous small equipment

At infrequent intervals, other plant components such as condensate coolers, hydrogen ccolers, air compressor coolers, stator oil coolers, etc. are cleaned chemically. Inhibited hydrochloric acid is a common chemical used for cleaning. Detergents and wetting agents are also added when necessary. The waste volume is, of course, smaller than that encountered in other type of chemical cleanings. Pollutant parameters are -- low-high pH, total suspended solids (TSS) metallic components, oil, etc.

# Stack

Depending upon the fossil fuel used, the stack may have deposits of fly ash, and soot. Acidity in these deposits can be imparted by the sulfur oxides in the flue gases. If a wet scrubber is used to clean the flue gas, process or equipment upsets can result in additional scaling on the stack interior. Normally, high-pressure water is used to clean the deposits on stack walls. These wastes may contain total suspended solids (TSS), high or low pH values, metallic species, oil, etc.

Cooling tower basin

Depending upon the quality of the make-up water used in the cooling tower, carbonates can be deposited in the tower basin. Similarly, depending upon the inefficiency of chlorine dosages, some algae growth may occur on basin walls. Some debris carried in the atmosphere may also collect in the basin. Consequently, periodic basin washings with water is carried out. The waste water primarily contains total suspended solids (TSS) as a pollutant.

# Ash handling

Steam-electric powerplants which utilize oil or coal as a fuel produce ash as a waste product of combustion. The total ash is of two sorts: bottom ash and fly ash. Bottom ash is the residue which accumulates in the furnace bottom, and fly ash is the material which is carried over in the flue gas stream.

Ash-handling is the conveyance of the accumulated waste products to a disposal system. The method of conveyance may be either wet (sluicing)

or dry (pneumatic). This report discusses the wet ash handling system and in particular, the waste water which it produces.

The chemical characteristics of ash handling waste water is basically a function of the fuel burned. The following table lists commercial fuels for power production. <sup>278</sup>

Fuels Containing Ash	Fuels Containing Little or No Ash
All coals Fuel oil-"Bunker C" Refinery sludge Tank residues Refinery Coke Most tars Wood and wood products Other products of vege- table Waste-heat gases (most) Blast-furnace gas Cement-kiln gases	Natural gas Manufactured gas Coke-oven gas (clean) Refinery gas Distillates (most) Combustion-turbine exhaust

Of the fuels containing ash, coals and fuel oil are mostly used in the power industry.

Coal

Coal is the most widely used fossil fuel in United Stated powerplants. In 1972, 335 million tons of coal were consumed in the U.S. for power The average ash content of coal is 11% for the nation, 238 generation. with a range from 6 to 20%. It may, therefore be estimated that roughly 37,000,000 tons of ash were produced in 1972 by U.S. powerplants. Disposal of this quantity of solids from the waste water stream has prompted most utilities to install some sedimentation facility. In many cases, ash settling ponds are used. A typical ash pond is illustrated in Figure A-V-9, which is located in plant no. 4217. However, in some cases, because of unavailability of land, aesthetics, or some other reason, utilities have installed more sophisticated materials-handling systems based on the sedimentation process.

The characteristics of the water handling coal ash is related to the physico-chemical properties of that ash and to the volume and initial quality of the water used. Table A-V-6 lists some of the constituents of coal ash.<sup>238</sup> Table A-V-7 shows the volume and time variabilities of water flow in an ash handling system. Reference 21 reports that water requirements for ash handling are as follows:

fly ash 1,200-40,000 gal/ton ash conveyed



TYPICAL ASH POND PLANT NO. 4217 Figure A-V-9

CONSTITUENTS	OF COAL ASH 238
Constituent	<u>Percent</u>
sio <sub>2</sub>	30–50
Al203	20-30
Fe <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>3</sub>	10-30
TiO	0.4-1.3
CaO	1.5-4.7
MgO	0.5-1.1
Nao	0.4 1.5
ко	1.0-3.0
soz	0.2-3.2
C and volatiles	0.1-4.0
P	0.1-0.3
В	0.1-0.6
U and Th	0.0-0.1
Cu	trace
Mn	trace
Ni	trace
Pb	trace
Zn	trace
Sr	trace
Ba	trace
Źr	trace

Table A-V-6

# Table A-V-7

TIME OF FLOW FOR ASH HANDLING SYSTEMS

Plant No. 0110, a 952 MW unit fueled by pulverized coal - basis is one 8-hr cycle -

Duty	Flow Rate, gpm	Duration, minutes
H. E. #1 Flushing H. E. #2 Flushing H. E. #3 Flushing Purge Fill Pyrites Tank Purge Grider Seal Mill Rejects Pressure Transfer Hydrovac* Bubblers Cool Weirs Pyrites Tank Make-Mp	$ 1,960 \\ 600 \\ 1,960 \\ 600 \\ 1,960 \\ 1,960 \\ 1,500 \\ 2,660 \\ 2,660 \\ 2,660 \\ 8 \\ 515 \\ 1 \\ 4,604 \\ 4 \\ 540 \\ 640  $	73 15 60 20 47 15 $3 \times 8 \text{ each}$ $3 \times 15 \text{ each}$ 12 8 180 $7 \times 6 \text{ each}$ 210 270 continuous continuous 12

\*NOTE: Only significant item pertaining to fly ash handling. All other items pertain to bo**ttom** ash handling.

The relative percentages of bottom ash and fly ash depend upon the mode of firing and the type of combustion chamber. Following figures are satisfactory averages, for a coal of 13,000 Btu/lb.

Type of operation Fly ash (% of total ash)

Pulverized coal burners	
Dry bottom, regardless of type	
of burner	85
Wet bottom	65
(without fly ash rein jection)	
<u>Cyclone_furnaces</u>	20
Spreader stokers	
(without fly ash reinjection)	65

The number of variables involved in characterizing the water used for ash handling is such that it is not probable that any two plants would exhibit the same waste stream characteristics. The approach taken in this report is to examine a cross section of plant data. There are no data available on the actual ash sluicing waste water. However, since most plants now employ a settling pond, the ash pond overflow data can be used to evaluate associated waste water characteristics. These data are summarized in Table A-V-8.

In that table, plant capacities range from 31MW to 2533MW and the ash pond overflow varies between  $1817 M^3/day$  (480,000gpd) and  $122,946 M^3/day$  (32,473,000 gpd).

Because of the large variation in quality of coal used in powerplants, the data also show a wide variation in concentration of trace metals in the effluent. Some of the metals discharged may be harmful to aquatic life.

0i1

The ash content of fuel oils is low (about 1% of the amount commonly found in coal). 278 It is generally 0.10 to 0.15% by weight, although it may be as high as 0.2%.

The quantity of ash produced in an oil-fired plant is very small, but the settling characteristics of oil ash are not as favorable as those of coal ash. It has been found that in some cases recycling oil fly into the furnance increases efficiency and eliminates the fly ash disposal problem. Depending on the vanadium content of the oil, the dry bottom ash can actually be a saleable by-product.

Most oil ash deposits are partially soluble and can be removed by water washing. Generally the washing is done while the unit is out of

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### ASH POND OVERFLOW - NET DISCHARGE

# CHANGE IN PARAMETER LEVEL FROM INTAKE TO DISCHARGE

P	lant	Plant (	Capacity	Fuel	Flow		Total Solids						Total	Dissolve	d Solids			Tota	Total Suspended Solids		
2	Joue	MW	MWHr/day	C - Coal	m <sup>3</sup> /dav	(1000gpd)	mg/1	(lb/dav)	kg/dav	(lb/MWHr)	kg/MWHr	mq/1	(lb/day)	kg/day	(lb/MWHr)	kg/MWHr	mg/1	(lb/day)	kg/day	(lb/MWHr	) kg/MWHr
				0 <b>- 0il</b>	,			(	37 1	,,										× 10 <sup>6</sup>	x 10 <sup>6</sup>
3	412	1114.5	13205	c/0	19574	5170	3560	153490	69688	11.62	5.272	3328	143495	65147	10.87	4.929	91	3923	1781	297100	134800
3	416	740	10525	c	13100	3460	-23	-663	-301	-0.064	-0.0292	-110	-3174	-1441	-0.308	-0.14	40	1154	524	112066	50878
3	404	300	5420	C/0	2556	675	1879	10577	4802	1.952	0.886	1852	10423	4732	1.92	0.873	27	152	69	28044	12732
3	402	308	4965	C/0	2726	720	54	324	147	0.065	0.0296	40	240.2	109.04	0.483	0.219	14	84.05	38.16	16931	7687
3	401	31	865	С	9132	2412	-1338	-26914	-12219	-31.1	-14.12	-1309	-26323	-11951	-30.41	-13.81	1	20.11	9.13	2323	1055
3	405	116.2	1629	C/0	18.17	4.8	-18509	-745	-338	-0.457	-0.207	-18520	-741.41	-336.6	-0.455	-0.206	11	0.44	0.20	270	123
1	703	766	6288	с	22716	6000	-240	-12008	~5452	-1,91	-0.867	-129	-6453	-2930	-1.026	-0.465	-111	-5552	-2521	-89867	-40800
1	720	1178	16155	С	49218	13000	362	39247	17818	2.423	1.1	330	35777	16243	2.12	1	32	3469	1575	213656	97000
1	.710	1162	3164	C/0	2726	720	0	0	0	0	0	108	648.45	294.4	0.2048	0.093	0	0	0	0	0
1	722	1232	15563	С	98436	26000	112	24284	11025	1.54	0.7	106	22984	10435	1.475	0.67	-1	-216.7	-98.4	-13920	-6320
1	709	690	0706	0	3786	1000	309	2574.9	1169	0.295	0.134	328	2735	12417	0.3127	0.142	-13	-108.3	-49.2	-12445	-5650
1	.711				32560	8600	509	36506	16574	1,652	0.075	486	34856	15825	1.586	0.72	23	1647	748	75110	34100
1	711				2650	700	506	2954	1341	0,135	0.061	499	2912	1322	0.133	0.06	7	40.86	18.55	1868	848
*1	711	1179	21872	с	35210	9300		39460	17915	1,787	0.0811		37768	17147	1.719	0.78		1687.86	766.55	76978	34948
3	936				3786	1000	387	3227	1465	0.169	0.077	447	2892	1313	0.153	0.069	17	141.76	64.36	7467	3390
н 3	936				22716	6000	680	34026	15448	1,799	0.816	650	32524	14766	1.719	0.78	94	4702	2135	248678	112900
N *3	936	1086	18908	С	26502	7000		37253	16913	1.968	0.893		35416	16079	1.873	0.85		4843.76	2199.36	256145	116290
3	927	1469	21705	с	5300	1400	647	7552	3429	0.345	0.157	620	7237	3286	0.3326	0,151	17	198.45	90.1	9141	4150
2	616	933	14276	с	15901	4200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	808	732	12050	с	15144	4000	121	4035	1832	0.334	0.152	364	12143	5513	1.006	0.457	-243	-8105	-3680	-671800	-305000
1	729	186	2978	С	1817	480	670	2680	1217	0.9	0.408	646	2586	1174	0.868	0.394	51	203.96	92.6	68491	31095
1	718	1042	13856	C/0	53000	14000	79	9222	4187	0.665	0.302	75	8755	3975	0.632	0.287	1	116.74	53	8266	3753
3	930				15144	4000	1124	37491	17021	9,82	4.46	1059	35328	16039	9.25	4.2	65	2167.4	984	567841	257800
3	930				3786	1000	1084	9013	4092	2.356	1.07	1081	9013	4092	2.356	1.07	3	25	11.35	6555	2976
*3	930	500	3816	С	18930	5000		46504	21213	12.176	5.53		44341	20131	11.606	5.27		2192.4	995.35	574396	260776
1	825				37103	9800	626	51163	23228	2.06	0.936	611	49934	22670	2	0.91	15	1224.67	556	49339	22400
1	825				12115	3200	525	14011	6361	0.564	0.256	435	11608	5270	0.467	0.212	85	2268	1030	91418	41504
1	825				6058	1600	500	6669	3028	0.268	0.122	460	6136	2786	0.247	0.112	35	4669	212	1881 <del>9</del>	8544
1	825				114	30	1000	250.2	113.6	0.01	0.0045	500	125.11	56.8	.00504	0.00229	100	25.02	11.36	1008	458
<b>*</b> 1	825	1304	24813	с	553 <del>9</del> 0	14630		72093	32730	2.9031	1.319		67803	30782	2.72	1.237		8186	1809	160584	72906
3	920	544	7695	с	27259	7200	300	18614	8451	2.41 .	1.098	-320	-18614	-8451	-2.398	-1.098	-4	-300	-136.3	-39017	-17714
1	816	600	10149	с	3786	1000	1290	10757	4884	1.06	0.481	1210	10090	4581	0.994	0.4513	36	300	136.3	29581	13430
2	608	510	7550	с	5679	1500	230	2876	1306	0.362	0.164	225	2812	1277	0.354	0.1607	5	62.53	28.39	7868	3572
0	111	1300	18169	С	27782	7338	295.5	18084	8210	0.9953	0.4518	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	704	823	9874	С	15434	4076	-1	- 34	- 15	0034	0016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	119	-			40694	10748	475	42578	19330	1.3535	.6145	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	119				82252	21725	61	11052	5017	.3513	.1595	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>*</b> 2	119	2558	31458	с	122946	32473		53630	24347	1.7048	0.7740		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
0	107	568	5741	С	2726	720	182	1093	496.16	0.1904	0.0864	193	1159	526	0.2019	0.0917	-11	~66.05	-29.98	-11504	-5223
3	514	2152	11315	С	10865	2870	-	-	-	-	-	844	20201	9171	1.785	0.8098	-337	~8066	-17767	-712900	-323400
1	716				1893	500	414	1724.7	783	.1553	.0705	445	1854	842	,1672	.0759	-7	~29.07	-13,2	-2621	-1190
1	716				568	150	324	405.32	184.01	.0365	.0166	277	346.52	157.32	.0312	.0142	69	86.319	39.188	7782	3533
*11	716	676	11092	С	2461	650		2129.39	967	0.1928	0.0871		2200	999	0.1984	0.0891		57.25	26	5161	2343

## CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

# ASH POND OVERFLOW - NET DISCHARGE (Continued)

# CHANGE IN PARAMETER LEVEL FROM INTAKE TO DISCHARGE

Plant Code		То	tal Hardn	ass (CaCO-)			9	ulfate					Aluminum			Chromium					
	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/dav	(lb/MMHr)	kg/MWHr	mg/1	(lb/dav)	kg/dav	(1b/MWHr)	kg/MWHr	mg/1	(lb/day)	kg/dav	(lb/MWHr)	kq/MWHr	mg/1	(lb/day)	kq/day	(lb/MWHr	) kg/MMH	
	<b>3</b> / -			× 10 <sup>6</sup>	× 10 <sup>6</sup>		(,],		× 10 <sup>6</sup>	x 10 <sup>6</sup>	-,, -	(,],		x 10 <sup>6</sup>	x 10 <sup>6</sup>		• • • •		x 10 <sup>6</sup>	x 10 <sup>6</sup>	
3412	736	31733	14407	2403000	1090000	152	6554	2973	496300	225100	0.075	3.233	1.468	244	111	-0.113	-4.86	-2.21	-368	-167	
3416	25	1010	458.5	98057	44518	2.2	63.48	28.82	6163	2798	-	-	-	+	-	0	0	0	0	0	
3404	-	-	-	-	-	120	675.5	306.68	124378	56468	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3402	-12	-72.04	-32.71	-14513	-6589	8	48.01	21.8	9676	4393	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.059	0.027	11	5	
3401	-	-	-	-	-	-240	-4826	~2191	-5570000	-2530000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3405	-252	-10.04	-4.56	-6165	-2799	-996	-42.5	-19.3	-26165	-11879	-	-	-	-	-	0.139	0.0055	0.0025	3.407	1.547	
1703	-	-	-	-	-	45	2251	1022	357929	162500	-	-	-	-	-	0.00001	0.0005	0.00023	0.079	0.036	
1720	99	10731	4872	662995	301000	-18	-1951	-886	-120704	-54800	0.011	1.19	0.541	72.68	33	-0.014	-1.515	-0.688	-92.5	-42	
1710	-	-	_	-	_	43	258.19	117.22	81497	37000	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1722	255	55293	25103	3.546x10 <sup>6</sup>	1610000	63	13658	6201	876651	398000	0.15	32.51	14.76	2070	940	-	-	-	-	-	
1709	357	2975	1351	341409	155000	34	258.37	117.3	29515	13400	0.1	0.722	0.378	94.71	43	_	-	-	-	-	
1711	220	15777	7163	720264	327000	286	20513	9313	936123	425000	A .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1711	110	642	291 55	29361	13330	-26	-151 79	-69 01	-6940	-3151	-0 145	-0 9326	-0 384	- 29 6	-19	-0.03	-0 174	-0 079	-9.9	-4	
*1711	110	16419	7454	749625	340330	20	20665	00.91	020193	421949	0.145	-0.0320	-0.384	-19.6	-19	0.03	-0.17	-0.079	-9.9	-4	
3036	207	1724	792	90060	41300	150	1217	5244	525103	421049	_	-0.8320	-0.304	- 39.0	-	0.0005	0.0044	0.073	0.0		
3036	207	16763	7610	996340	41300	101	10057	390	63003	241414	_	-	-		_	0.0005	0.0044	0.0019	17 6	0.099	
\$2026	335	10/02	7010	077210	402357	201	11274	4366	531749	241414	-	-	-	-	-	0.007	0.35	0.139	17.0		
2027		18486	0393	9//218	443657	~~	11374	5164	601352	2/3014		-	-	-	-		0.354	0.1609	17.81	8.099	
3927	275	3209	1457	14/5//	67000	60	700	318	32158	14600	0.153	1./84	0.81	81.49	37	0.011	0.1277	0.058	5.88	2.67	
2616	-	-	-	-	-	123	4308	1956	301762	137000	1.67	58.48	26.55	4097	1860	-	-	-	-	-	
1808		-	-	-	-	128	4268	1938	352420	160000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1729	388	1552	705	521445	236736	527	2109	957.5	708205	321525	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1718	51	5953	2703	429687	195078	98	11440	5194	825674	374856	1.350	157.62	71.56	11376	5165	0.001	0.116	0.053	8.81	4	
3930	340	11341	5149	2970000	1349000	220	7339	3332	1922907	873000	0.021	0.7	0.318	182.82	83	-	-	-	-	-	
3930	350	2918	1325	764860	347248	300	2501	1135.8	655599	297642	0.021	0.175	0.0795	46.25	21	-	-	-	-	-	
*3930		14259	6474	3735000	1696000		9840	4467.8	2578506	1070642		0.875	0.3975	229.07	104		-	-	-	-	
1825	406	33182	15065	1320000	600000	180	14709	6678	592511	269000	-	-	-	-	-	0.080	6.54	2.97	262	119	
1825	250	6671	3029	268881	122072	225	60044	2726	241993	109865	-	-	-	-	-	0.004	0.105	0.048	4.4	2	
1825	200	2668	1211.5	107541	48824	314	4189	1902	168841	76654	-	-	-	-	-	0.007	0.092	0.042	4.4	2	
1825	270	67.55	30.67	2722	1236	132	33.01	14.99	1330	604	-	-	-	-	-	0.005	0.001251	0.000568	0.005	0.023	
*1825		42588	19336	1699000	772132		78975	11321	1004675	456123		-	-	-	-		6.738	3.06	270.85	123.03	
3920	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1816	-	-	-	-	-	200	1667	757	164097	74500	6	50	22.72	4912	2230	-	-	-	-	-	
2608	0	0	0	0	0	28	350.22	159	44057	20002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0111	283	17319	7863	953233	432768	93	5691.5	2584	313253	142217	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4704	-134.8	-4582	-2078	-464000	-210500	61.5	2090.6	949	211730	96125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2119	272.3	24408	11081	775892	352255	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2119	31.3	5671	2574	180278	81846	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
*2119		30079	13655	956170	434101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0107	-	_	-	-	-	129.9	840.07	381.1	146328	66433	5.30	32.12	14.58	5597	2541	0	0	0	0	0	
3514	-	-	-	-	-	446	10675	4846	943400	428300	) _ `	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	
1716	83	346	157.)	31057	14100	230	959	435.4	86343	39200	-0.22	-0.916	-0.4160	-81.49	-37	_	-	-	_	_	
1716	74	92.57	42.02	8346	3789	-49	-61.3	-27.83	-5526	-2509	0.1	0.125	0.0568	11	5	-	-	-	_	-	
*1716	/-	438	199	39403	17889		897.3	407.6	80817	36691	-0.12	-0.791	-0.3592	-70.49	-28		_	-	_	-	
																				-	

\*total of more than one waste stream for plant

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

# ASH POND OVERFLOW - NET DISCHARGE - (continued)

#### CHANGE IN PARAMETER LEVEL FROM INTAKE TO DISCHARGE

Plant Code	Sodium						Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>2</sub> )						Ammon:	ia (N)		Nitrate (N)					
<u></u>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWH) x 106	) kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	
3412	0	0	0	0	0	-19	~819.2	-371.6	-62000	-28100		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3416	-4	-115.4	-52.4	-11204	-5087	-6	-173.1	-78.6	-16808	-7631	-0.03	-0.859	-0.39	-83.39	-37.86	-	-	-	-	-	
3404	-	-	-	~	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3402	-	~	-	-	-	160	960	436	193508	87853	-2.4	-14.4	-6.54	-2903	-1318	0.24	1.44	.65	290	132	
3401	52	1046	56.07	1209000	548500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3405	<del>-</del> 1609	-63.43	-28.8	-38940	-17679	-	-	-	-	-	0.66	0.026	0.012	16.21	7.36	-0.33	-0.01	-0.005	-6	-3	
1703	-	-	-	-	-	-110	-5504	-2499	<del>-</del> 875110	-397300	-3	-150	-68.1	-23852	-10829	-0.73	-36.52	-16.58	-5806	-2636	
1720	982	106467	48336	6.58x10 <sup>6</sup>	2.99x10 <sup>6</sup>	10	1084	492.2	66960	30400	~5	-541	-246	-33480	-15200	0.12	13	5.9	804	365	
1710	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1722	26	5638	2560	361233	164000	2	433.7	196.9	27753	12600	0.1	21.67	9.84	13.92	6.32	1.3	282	128	18061	8200	
1709	-	-	-	-	-	7	58.37	26.5	6696	3040	-5	-41.69	-18.93	-4790	-2175	0.04	0.33	0.15	37.45	17	
1711	-3	-215.63	-97.9	-9845	-4470	-67	-4804	-2181	-218061	-99000	0	0	0	0	0	1.0	71.7	32.560	3260	1480	
1711	173	1008	458	46176	20964	64	373	169.6	17083	7756	-4.5	-	-	-	-	0.16	1.51	0.689	70.48	32	
*1711		793	361	36331	16494		-4431	-2010.4	-200978	-91244	-	-	-	-	-		73.21	33.249	3330	1512	
3936	30	250.22	113.60	13200	6000	13	108,37	49.20	5726	2600	0.83	6.91	3.14	365.68	166	0.8	6.87	3.12	361	164	
3936	32	1601	726.98	84656	38434	13	650.50	295.33	34392	15614	1.01	50.52	22.94	2671	1213	0.6	30.02	13.63	1588	721	
*3936		1851.22	840.58	97856	44434		758.87	344.53	40118	18214		57.43	26.08	3036	1379		36.89	16.75	1949	885	
3927	73	852.4	387	39207	17800	69	805.5	365.7	37004	16800	0.51	5.94	2.7	273.12	124	0.33	3.85	1.75	176.2	80	
2616	14	489	222	34350	15595	-67	-2345	-1065	-162995	-74000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1808	-	_	_	-	-	28	934	424	77312	35100	0 38	12,68	5,75	1000	500	0.72	24	10.9	1982	900	
1729	-	_	-	-	-	-94	-376.2	-170.8	-126330	-57354	0.12	0.48	0.218	160.8	73	1.19	4.75	2.16	1597	725	
1718	3	350.2	159	25275	11475	-15	-1751	-795	-126378	-57376	-0.04	-4 67	-2 12	-337	-153	0.09	10.5	4 77	757	344	
3930	92	3068	1393	803964	365000	120	4002	1817	1048458	476000	3.4	113.43	51.5	29713	13490	4.2	140	63 6	36696	16660	
3930	99	733 93	233 16	192309	87308	05	792 2	350 67	207605	94253	1 2	10	1 51	2623	1101	A 07	0.00	3 67	2110	10000	
*3030	00	3901	1726 16	996272	4423.09	55	1792.2	2176	1256063	570253	1.2	123 /3	56 04	32336	14691	0.57	140.09	5.07 67 77	2119	1962	
1005	27	2204	1,20.10	990272	442500	76	6120	21/0	1230003	11200	0 55	14 0	20.04	1004	14001	<i>c</i> 1	140.00	226.2	30014	17022	
1025	27	612.6	1001	24727	11221	10	12910	2705 E01 C	24009	22428	0.15	44.7	1 454	100.0	620	0.1	470	220.3	20044	9100	
1025	23	013.0	270.0	24737	1231	40	12810	301.0	31023	23438	0.12	3.2	1.454	129.9	39	2.0	69.38	31.5	2/9/	1270	
1825	18	240.15	109.03	30/8	4394	70	934	424	37638	17088	1.1	14.67	0.050	592.5	269	0.07	0.934	0.424	37.44	17	
1825	37	9.25	4.2	3/2.2	169	65	10.25	7.30	114500	290	0.5	0.1233	0.056	5.044	2.29	4.6	1.149	0.522	46.25	21	
-1825		3067	1392.03	122887	55794	20	19890	3700	114568	52024		62.89	20.57	2533	1150.3		569.46	258.74	22924	10408	
3920	-	-	-	-	-	-38	-2282	-1035	-296600	-134500	0.6	30.02	13.63	3900	1//1	-0.8	- 48.04	- 21.79	- 6000	- 2700	
1816	-	-	-	-	-	216	1799	817	1//482	80577	-0.13	-1.083	-0.492	-105.72	-48	-1.35	-11.25	-5.11	-1110	-504	
2608	23	287.7	130.5	37600	1/100	-63	- 78/1/4	-35/.//	- 99125	- 45033	-	-	-	-	-	-0.19	-2.37	-1.08	-299.6	-136	
0111	-	-	-	-	-	226.4	13855	6235	755868	343164	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4704	-	-	-	-	-	-6.2	-210.7	-95.68	-21346	-9691	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2119	-	-	-	-	-	-93.6	-8390	-3809	-266709	-121086	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2119	-	-	-	-	-	-13.	7 -2464	-1118	-77985	-35405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
*2119		-	-	-	-		-10854	-4927	-344694	-156491		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
0101	-	-	-	-	-	-16	-96.07	-43.61	-16736	-7598	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3514	-	-	-	-	-	443.7	10620	4821	938600	426100	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
1716	-45	-187.66	-85.2	-16916	-7680	-22	-91.74	-41.65	-8260	-3750	0.4	1.670	0.76	149.78	68	0.09	0.374	0.17	33	15	
1716	-136	-170	-77.24	-15339	-6964	15	18.76	8.51	1692	768	-5	-6.255	-2.84	-564	-256	0.23	0.287	0.13	26	12	
*1716		-357.6	-162.4	-32255	-13644		-72.98	-33.14	-6568	-2782		-4.585	-2.08	415.78	-188		0.661	0.3	59	27	

\*total of more than one waste stream for plant
### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### ASH POND OVERFLOW - NET DISCHARGE (continuted)

#### CHANGE IN PARAMETER LEVEL FROM INTAKE TO DISCHARGE

Plant Code		Chloride				Copper			Iron				Manganese							
	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>
3412	2415	104121	47271	7885000	3577000	-0.001	-0.043	-0.0196	-3	-1	-0.479	-20.65	-9.376	-1600	-726	-	-	-	-	-
3416	-1	-28.85	-13.1	-3215	-1460	0	0	0	0	0	0.045	1.297	0.589	125.55	57	-	-	-	-	-
3404	1700	9570	4345	1765918	801727	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-
3402	13.5	81.01	36.78	16319	7409	-0.006	-0.0359	-0.0163	-6.6	-3	-4.6	-27.62	-12.54	-5563	-2626	-	-	<b>-</b> .	-	-
3401	-140	-2815	-1278	-3230000	-1470000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1703	15	750.5	340.74	119350	54185	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1720	75	8130	3691	503295	228496	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	65	29.53	4008	1820	-	-	-	-	-
1710	1	6	2.726	1898	862	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1722	34	7372	3347	473678	215050	-	-	-	-	-	0.28	60.7	27.56	3898	1770	0.02	4.34	1.97	277.5	126
1709	81	675.3	306.6	77588	35225	0.02	0.166	0.075	18.94	8.6	0.001	0.008326	0.00378	0.9559	0.434	0.0002	0.001652	0.00075	0.189	0.0861
1711	21	1506	683.7	68859	31262	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
1711	-16	-93.4	-42.4	-4271	-1939	-	-	-	-	-	-0.252	-1.4978	-0.68	-68.28	-31	-	-	-	-	-
•1711		1412.6	641.3	64588	29323		-	-	-	-		-1.4978	-0.68	-68.28	-31	-	-	-	-	-
3936	35	291.85	132.5	15431	7006	-	-	-	-	-	0.034	0.2819	0.128	14.98	6.8	-	-	-	-	-
3936	51	2551	1158.5	134909	61249	-	-	-	-	-	0.040	2.0	0.908	105.72	48	-	-	-	-	-
S =3936	161	2842	1291	150340	68255	-	-	-	-	-		2.2819	1.208	120.70	54.8	-	-	-	-	-
3927	101	1879	853.3	86594	39314	0.005	0.0573	0.026	2.62	1.19	0.099	1.15	0.524	52.86	24	0.076	8.85	4.02	40.74	18.5
2616	2	70.04	31.0	4907	2228	-	-	-	-	-	1.770	61.98	28.14	4341	19/1	-	-	-	-	-
1000	41	33.35	13.144	2/00	25016	-0.037	-0.149	-0 0672		- 72	-0 503		-1 077		-	-	-	-	-	
1729		104.1	/4.3	53101	20010	-4.037	-0.148	-0.06/2	- 50.66	- 23	-0.393	-2.37	-20.9	~3306	-1601	-	-	_	-	_
3930	120	4002	1917	1049000	476226	_	_	-	_	-	-0.387	-45.0	-20.0		-1301	-	_	_	_	_
3930	120	1000	454.3	262240	119057	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
*3930		5002	2271	1311000	595283		_	-	+	-		-	_	_	-		-	_	_	-
1825	30	2451	1113	98804	44857	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	1-634	0.742	63.87	29	_	-	-	-	-
1825	29	773.78	351.3	31189	14160	-	-	-	-	-	0.09	2.4	1.09	96.9	44	-	-	-	_	-
1825	32	426.8	193.8	17207	7812	-	-	-	-	-	0.032	0.4270	0.194	17.6	8	-	-	-	_	-
1825	152	38.01	17.26	1533	696	-	-	-	-	-	0.098	0.0245	0.0111	0.984	0.447	-	-	-	-	-
*1825		3689	1675	148733	67525		-	-	-		0.141	4.4855	2.037	179.35	81.447		-	-	-	-
3920	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1816	41	341.4	155	33480	15200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2608	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0111	-2.5	-153	-69.46	-8421	· <b>-</b> 3823	-	-	-	-	-	0.44	26.92	12.22	1482	673	-0.02	-1.224	-0.555	-68	-31
4704	-43.7	-1485	-674	-150449	-68303	-	-	-	-	-	2.894	98.37	44.66	9963	4523	0.102	3.467	1.574	350	159
2119	-13.4	-1201	-545.3	-38183	-17335	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2119	-16.4	-2971	-1349	-94458	-42884	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*2119		-4172	-1894	-132641	-60219		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
0107	-	-	-	-	-	0.06	0.36	0.1635	62	28	0,15	0.9	0.409	32	71	-	-	-	-	-
3514	73	1747	793.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1716	163	679.6	308.56	61273	27818	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1716	26	32.52	14.76	2932	1331	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*1716		712.1	323.32	64105	29149		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### ASH POND OVERFLOW - NET DISCHARGE (continued)

#### CHANGE IN PARAMETER LEVEL FROM INTAKE TO DISCHARGE

Plant Code		Magnesium					Mercury	Mercury			Nickel				Zinc					
	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(15, MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	) kg/MwHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/MWHr) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>
3412	156	6724	3053	509200	231000	-	-	-	-	-	-0.054	-2.32	-1.057	-175	-80	-0.014	-0.603	-0.274	-45	-20
3416	-	-	~	-	- '	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.162	4.67	2.12	453.7	206
3404	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00013	0.00073	0.00032	0.134	0.061
3402	-11	-54.03	-24.53	-10885	-4942	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.17	3.41	1.552	3951	1794
3405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.117	0.00467	0.00212	2.86	1.301
1703	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0
1720	18	1951	886	120704	54800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.073	-7.9	-3.59	-489	-222
1710	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
1722	25	5420	2461	348017	158000	0.0002	0.044	0.0197	2.77	1.26	0.01	2.167	0.984	139.2	63.2	0.03	6.5	2.953	416.23	189
1709	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.011	0.09	0.041	10.35	4.7
1711	-3	-215.6	~97.9	-9846	-4470	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1711	10	58.37	26.5	2669	1212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*1711		-157.23	-71.4	-7177	-3258		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3936	15	125.11	56.8	6608	3000		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.009	0.0749	0.034	3.94	1.79
3936	14	700	318	37037	16815	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.009	0.45	0.2044	24.23	11
*3936		825.11	374.8	43645	19815		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		0.5249	0.2384	28.17	12.79
3927	21	244.5	111	11233	5100	-	-	-	-	-	0.011	0.1277	0.058	5.88	2.67	0.003	0.035	0.0159	1.6	0.73
2616	0.1	3.50	1.59	3898	1770	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1808	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~0.01	-0.332	-0.151	-2.75	-1.25
1729	-	-	-	-	-	-0.002	-0.00793	-0.0036	-0.44	-0.2	-	-	-	-	-	- `	-	-	-	-
1718	-2	-233.48	-106	-16850	-7650	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	3.5	1.59	253.3	115
3930	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.015	0.5	0.227	130.83	59.4	0.003	0.099	0.0450	24.229	11
3930	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.008	0.066	0.0302	17.62	8	0.013	0.108	0.0492	28.63	13
<b>3</b> 930		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		0.566	0.257	148.45	67.4		0.207	0.0942	52.959	24
1825	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.07	5.7	2.59	231.27	105
1825	12	320.26	145.4	12907	5860	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.007	-0.185	-0.084	-6.6	-3
1825	11	146.76	66.63	5914	2685	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.006	-0.079	-0.036	-2.2	-1
1825	12	2.99	1.36	121.1	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.000251	0.000114	0.011	0.005
1825		470	213.4	13942	8600		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		5.436	2.47	222.48	101
3920	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1816	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2608	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0111	-3.8	-232.55	-105.58	-12800	-5811	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
4704	-1.9	-64.58	-29.32	-6542	-2970	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*2119		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0107	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	0.05	0.30	0.14	50	24
3514	10	239.36	108.67	21100	9600		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1716	6	25.02	11.36	2247	1020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.12	0.5	0.227	44	20
1716	18	22.52	10.22	2031	922	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.02	-0.025	-0.0113	-2.2	-1
<b>=</b> 1716		47.54	21.58	4278	1942		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		0.475	0.216	41.8	19

\*Total of more than one waste stream for plant

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### ASH POND OVERFLOW - NET DISCHARGE (continued)

#### CHANGE IN PARAMETER LEVEL FROM INTAKE TO DISCHARGE

Plant						Sulfite, Lead, Oil and Grease,				
Code		Phosphorus (*/					Phenols, Surfactants, Algicides			
	mg/l	(lb/day)	kg/day	(1b/1008r) x 10 <sup>6</sup>	kg/MWHr x 10 <sup>6</sup>	JTU				
3412	-	-	-	-	-	~5				
3416	-	-	-	-	-	13				
3404	0	0	0	0	0	-				
3402	0	0	0	0	0	-29				
3401	-	-	-	-	-	183	NO DATA			
3405	-0.5	-0.02	-0.01	-10	-5	8				
1703	-0.33	16.5	-7.49	-2623	-1191	0				
1720	-0.7	-75.88	-34.45	-33480	-15200	-				
1710	_	-	-	-	-	-				
1722	-0.09	-19.51	-8.86	-1253	-569	10				
1709	-1 19	-9 91	-4 5	-1136	-516	27				
1711	1.1.5	-50.22	-22 8	-2290	-1040	-14				
1711	-0.7	-50.22	-22.0	-2250	-1040	-14				
1/11 10711	-	-50.00			-	1				
1/11	~ 1	-30.22	-22.8	-2290	-1040					
3936	0.1	0.815	0.37	41.8	19	-				
3936	0.2	10	4.54	528	240	-				
N *3936		10.815	4.91	569.8	259	-				
3927	0.14	1.63	0.74	74.89	34	-				
2616	0	0	0	0	0	-				
1808	0.26	8.65	3.93	718	326	-				
1729	0.08	0.319	0.145	107.93	49	-				
1718	-0.05	-5.83	-2.65	-420	-191	-				
3930	-	-	-	-	-	-2				
3930	-	-	-	-	-	-22				
*3930		-	-	-	-	-				
1825	-	-	-	-	-	-				
1825	-	-	-	-	-	-				
1825	-	-	-	-	-	-				
1825	-	-	-	-	-	-				
*1825		-	-	-	-	-				
3920	-0.09	-5.4	-2.45	-702.6	-319	_				
1816	0 41	3.41	1.55	337	153	-				
26.09	-0.06	-0 749	-0.34	-94 7	-43	-				
0111		-	-	-		-				
4704	_	_	_	_	_	_				
4704	-	-	-	_	_	-2.2				
2119	-	-	_		-	-2.2				
2119	-	-	-	-	-	16.3				
2119		-	-	-	-	-				
0107	-	-	-	-	-	-				
3514	-	-	-	-	-	-				
1716	-0.23	-0.958	-0.435	-85.9	-39	-13				
1716	-0.23	-0.280	-0.13	26	12	-13				
* 1716		-1.238	-0.565	-59.9	-27	-				

\*total of more than one waste stream for plant

service. In-service water washing at reduced loads has been practiced to some extent, using the hot, high-pH boiler water in carefully regulated amounts.

Limited data are available on the characteristics of oil ash handling waste water. Table A-V-8 lists 6 plants which use both coal and oil, but only one plant is listed using oil alone. No data are reported for vanadium in waste streams. In certain cases, however, when other means of collecting the vanadium are not available, the content of vanadium in waste water should be evaluated, because of its possibly toxic effect on aquatic life.

## Coalpile Drainage

For coal-fired generating plants, outside storage of coal at or near the site is necessary to assure continuous plant operation. Normally, a supply of 90 days is maintained. These storage piles are typically 8 to 12 meters (25-40 ft) high spread over an area of several square meters (or acres). Typically from 600 to 1,800 cubic meters (780 to 2340 cu yd) are required for coal storage for every MW of rated capacity. As such a 1000 MW plant would require from 600,000 to 1,800,000 cubic meters (78,000 to 2,340,000 cu yd) of storage. Depending on coal pile height, this represents between 60,000 to 300,000 square meters (15-75 acres) of coal storage area.

Coal is stored either in active piles or storage piles. Active piles are open and contact of active coal with air and moisture results in oxidation of metal sulfides, present in the coal, to sulfuric acid. The precipitation trickles or seeps into coal piles. When rain falls on these piles, the acid is washed out and eventually winds up in coal pile runoff. Storage piles are sometimes sprayed with a tar to seal their outer surface. In such cases, the precipitation runs down the side of the pile.

Based on typical rainfall rates, pile runoff may range from 64,000 to over 32,0000 cubic meters (17 to 85 million gallons) per year with average figures around 75,000 to 100,000 cubic meters (20 to 26 million gallons) per year. Table A-V-9 presents the amount of coal consumed per day, area and height of coal pile, average rainfall and runoff from various coal-fired generating plants across the country.

Liquid drainage from coal storage piles presents a potential danger of stream contamination, if it is allowed to drain into waterways or to seep into useful aquifers. Ground seepage can be minimized by storing the coal on an imprevious base. Vinyl liners of various thicknesses have been used for that purpose. To prevent the sharp edges of coal particles from puncturing the liner, a 15 cm(6") bed of sand or earth is placed on top of a liner before forming the coal pile.

TABLE A-V-9

COAL	PILE	DRAINAGE	
------	------	----------	--

PLANT ID	COAL CONSUMED/DAY	AREA OF PILE	HEIGHT OF PILE	AVERAGE ANNUAL RAINFALL	RUN-OFF PER YEAR
	lbs Kgs x106 x106	Acres M2 x103	Ft. Meters	Inches Meters	Million M <sup>3</sup> Gallons x10 <sup>3</sup>
4701	15 6.81	25 101.85	40 12.19	44 1.117	20 75.7
4706	31 14.07	58 236.29	25 7.62		
4702	15 6.81	75 305.55	17 5.18	54.7 1.389	25 94.62
4705	27.6 12.53	28 114.07	25 7.62		
4703	20.6 9.35	18 73.33	40 12.19	45.84 1.164	25 94.62
2120	25.4 11.53	61 248.5	22 6.7		
4704	14.34 6.51	21 85.55	25 7.62	43.1 1.094	17 64.34
2119	47.6 21.6	25 101.85		44.4 1.1277	22 83.27
0112	35.8 16.25	25 101.85	40 12.19		26.5 100.3
5305		120 488.8		60 1.524	

Water pollution associated with coal pile runoff is due to the chemical pollutants and suspended solids usually transported in coal pile drainage. Drainage quality and quantity is variable, depending on the meteorological condition, area of pile and type of coal used. Areas of high average rainfall have much higher drainage than those of low average rainfall. Contact of coal with air and moisture results in oxidation of metal sulfides to sulfuric acid and precipitation of ferric compounds. High humidity areas have higher precipitation and produce larger runoffs.

Coal pile runoff, like coal mine drainage, can be classified into three distinct types according to chemical characteristics. The first type of drainage will usually have a pH of 6.5 to 7.5 or greater, very little or no acidity, and contain iron, usually in the ferrous state. Alkaline drainage may occur where no acid-producing material is associated with the mineral seam or where the acid is neutralized by alkaline material present in the coal. Some alkaline waters have high concentration of ferrous ion, and, upon oxidation and hydrolysis, precipitate large amounts of iron.

A second type of drainage is highly acidic. This water contains large amount of iron, mostly in ferrous state, and aluminum. 137

Coal pile runoff is commonly characterized as having a low pH (high acidity) and a high concentration of total dissolved solids including iron, magnesium and sulfate. Undesirable concentrations of aluminum, sodium, manganese and other metals may also be present. Contact of coal with air and moisture results in oxidation of the metal sulfides present in the coal to sulfuric acid. Pyrites are also oxidized by ferric ion to produce ferrous sulfate. When rain falls on these piles, the acid is washed out and eventually winds up in the coal pile drainage. At the low pH produced, other metals such as aluminum, copper, manganese, zinc, etc. are dissolved to further degrade the water.

Although the exact reaction process is still not fully understood, the formation of acid coal pile drainage can be illustrated by the following equations. Initial reaction that occurs when iron sulfate and sulfuric acid

 $2 \text{ FeS}_{2+7} 02 + 2 \text{ H}_{20} = 2 \text{ FeS}_{04+2} \text{ H}_{2S}_{04}$ 

Subsequent oxidation of ferrous sulfate produces ferric sulfate:

4 FeSO4+2 H2SO4+02 = 2Fe2(SO4) 3+2 H20

Depending on physical and chemical conditions, the reaction may then proceed to form ferric hydroxide or basic ferric sulfate:  $Fe_2$  (SO4) 3+6H2O = 2Fe (OH) 3+3H2SO4

and/or

 $Fe_2$  (SO4) 3+2H2O = 2Fe (OH) (SO4) +H2SO4

Pyrites can also be oxidized to ferric ions as shown below:

FeS2+14 Fe+3=8H20 = 15 Fe+2+2SO4-2+16H+

Regardless of the reaction mechanism, the oxidation of one mole of pyrite ultimately leads to the release of two moles of sulfuric acid (acidity).

Other constitutents found in coal pile drainage are produced by secondary reactions of sulfuric acid with minerals and organic compounds present in the coal. Such secondary reactions are dependent upon type of coal and physico-chemical conditions of the pile.

The pollution of streams by coal-pile runoff may be attributed to higher concentration of dissolved solids, mineral acid, iron, and sulfate present in the runoff. In addition, aluminum, copper, zinc and manganese may be present. The degree of harm caused by these elements is compounded by synergism among several of them; for example zinc with The harmful effects of iron, copper and zinc solutions can be copper. greater in the acid water polluted by coal pile drainage than in neutral or alkaline water. Data reported from various plants are shown in Table An inspection of these data reveals an extremely large A-V-10. variation in the pollutant parameters listed. The concentration of runoff is dependent on the type of coal used, history of the pile and Plant nos. 1729, 3626, and 0107 using high sulfur coal rate of flow. are highly acidic (low pH), and have high sulfate and metallic concentrations.

The acidity, sulfate and metal concentrations of plant no. 3505 which uses very low sulfur coal are very small. The concentration of pollutants during heavy rainfall will be very small after an initial removal of precipitated material from coal, while during low flow conditions the retention time may be high enough to complete oxidation, resulting in higher runoff concentrations.

# Floor and Yard Drains

The floor drains within a powerplant generally include dust, fly ash, coal dust (coal-fired plants) and floor scrubbing detergent. This waste stream also contains lubricating oil or other oils which are washed away during equipment cleaning, oil from leakage of pump seals, etc., and oil collected from spillage around storage tank area.

No data regarding the flow and composition of this waste stream have been reported, however, oil, suspended solids, and phosphate from floor scrubbing detergent may be present in the floor drains. The discharge

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### COAL PILE DRAINAGE

	A	в	С	D	E	F	G	н	Dischar	ge Concentra	tions K	L	м	N	о	Р	Q
Line	Code	Alkalinity	BOD	COD	TS	TDS	TSS	Ammonia mg/l	Nitrate	Phosphorus	Turbidity mg/l	Acidity	Hardness mg/l	Sulfate	Chloride mg/l	Aluminum mg/l	Chromium ma/l
		mg/ I	ng/1	ng/1	liig/ 1	ng/ 1	ug/1	mg/ I	mg/ I	mg/ 1	mg/ r	uug/ 1	ing/ i	11g/ 1	1197 I		<b>m</b> g, <b>r</b>
1)	3402	6	0	1080	1330	720	610	0	0.3	-	505	-	130	525	3.6	-	ο
2)	3401	0	0	1080	1330	720	610	0	0.3	-	505	-	130	525	3.6	-	0
3)	3936	0	10	806	9999	7743	22	1.77	1.9	1.2	-	-	1109	5231	481	-	0.37
4)	1825	-	-	85	6000	5800	200	1.35	1.8	-	-	-	1850	861	-	-	0.05
5)	1726	82	3	1099	3549	247	3302	0.35	2.25	0.23	-	-	-	133	23	-	-
6)	1729	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6837	-	-	-
7)	3626	-	-	-	-	28970	100	-	-	-	-	21700	-	19000	-	1200	15.7
8)	0107	0	-	-	45000	44050	950	-	-	-	-	27810	-	21920	-	825	0.3
9)	5305	21.36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.37	8.68	-	-	-	-	-
10)	5305	14.32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.77	10.25	-	-	-	-	-
11)	5305	36.41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.13	8.84	-	-	-	-	-

Discharge Concentrations									
132		А	в	С	D	Е	F	G	
	Line	Plant Code	Copper	Iron	Magnesium	Zinc	Sodium	pH	
			mg/1	mg∕1	mg/1	mg∕l	mg/l	$\mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{H}}$	
	1)	3402	1.6	0.168	-	1.6	1260	2.8	
	2)	3401	1.6	0.168	-	1.6	1260	2.8	
	3)	3936	~	-	89	2.43	160	3	
	4)	1825	~	0.06	174	0.006	-	4.4	
	5)	1726	~	<del>-</del> .	-	0.08	-	7.8	
	6)	1729	~	0.368	-	-	-	2.7	
	7)	3626	1.8	4700	-	12.5	-	2.1	
	8)	0107	3.4	93000	-	23	-	2.8	
	9)	5305	-	1.0	-	-	-	6.7	
	10)	5305	~	1.05	-	-	-	6.6	
	11)	5305	-	0.9	-	-	-	6.6	

stream will be acidic if any wash water from air preheater or fireside of the boiler winds up in floor drains.

# Air Pollution Control

A number of processes have been proposed for removing particulate and SO2 emissions from stack gases 45. Some of these processes have been suggested for potential application in fossil-fuel powerplants 141,220. In general the SO2 removal processes can be categorized as follows: 123

- (1) Alkali scrubbing using calcium carbonate or lime with no recovery of SO2.
- (2) Alkali scrubbing with recovery of SO2 to produce elemental sulfur or sulfuric acid.
- (3) Catalytic oxidation of SO2 in hot flue gases to sulfur trioxide for sulfuric acid formation.
- (4) Dry-bed absorption of SO2 from hot flue gases with regeneration and recovery of elemental sulfur.
- (5) Dry injection of limestone into the boiler furnace for removal of SO<sub>2</sub> by gas-solid reaction.

The removal of particulate from stack gases can also be carried out separately - using an electrostatic precipitator or a dry mechanical collector, "Wet" scrubbing for SO<u>2</u> removal can be applied subsequently.

The waste water problems are mainly concerned with "wet" processes (first three types mentioned above). Wastewater problems associated with particulate (fly-ash) removal devices are described in an earlier portion of this section of the report.

At present the "wet" processes - alkali scrubbing with and without  $SO_2$  recovery, oxidation of SO2 for sulfuric acid production - are mainly in pilot plant or prototype stage of development. Of the three processes, sufficient data is available only for the alkali scrubbing process without  $SO_2$  recovery, and consequently only this process is described briefly in the following paragraph.

Flue gas from electrostatic precipitators (optional equipment) is cooled and saturated by water spray. It then passes through a contacting (scrubbing) device where SO2 is removed by an aqueous stream of lime absorbent. The clean gas is then reheated (optional step) and vented to the atmosphere through an induced draft fan if necessary. The lime absorbent necessary for scrubbing is produced by slaking and diluting quicklime in commercial equipment and passing it to the delay tank for recycle as a slurry through the absorber column(s). Use of the delay

tank provides sufficient residence time for the reaction of dissolved SO2 and alkali to produce calcium sulfite and sulfate. The waste sulfite/sulfate is them pumped as a slurry to a lined settling pond or mechanical system where sulfite is oxidized to sulfate. The clear supernatent liquid is returned to the process for reuse. The waste sludge containing fly ash (if electrostatic precipitator is not employed) and calcium sulfate is sent for disposal (as a landfill).

The process described above suffers from potential scaling problems. The calcium salts tend to form a deposit, causing equipment shutdown and requiring frequent maintenance.

The process is a closed loop type and consequently there is a no net liquid discharge from the process. The disposal of sludge has been covered in the literature <sup>161</sup>. However, depending upon the solids separation efficiency in a pond or mechanical equipment, there may be excess free water associated with the sludge. To dewater this sludge, mechanical filtration equipment may be necessary.

To date eleven utilities have committed themselves to fullscale installation of the alkali scrubbing process without SO2 recovery <sup>218</sup>. During the course of the present study, visits were made to two plants for observing the scrubbing devices. However, in plant no. 1720, the scrubber was not running because of operational problems. The process for the other plant (no. 4216) is described in this section.

Plant no. 4216 of 79 MW capacity burns 0.7% sulfur coal. The boiler gases are split into two streams - approximately 75% going to a scrubber and the remaining 25% going to an electrostatic precipitator. The exhaust gases from the two are then recombined and vented to atmosphere at 210°F. This splitting of the boiler gases is done to reheat the scrubber exhaust gases which are at 124°F (saturated). This stack gas reheating is achieved to minimize scaling problems from moist gases. The scrubber is not specifically used for SO2 removal. Rather, the primary function is to remove particulates. On the other hand, some SO2 pick-up is achieved. This is evident from Figure A-V-8 where the net output from the process (thickener underflow) is richer in sulfate than the process input (river water). The flow diagram and the different stream compositions are shown in Figure No. A-V-10.

## Miscellaneous Waste Steams

The operations and the waste streams described earlier are centered around meeting the steam generating boiler requirements. Besides these chemical waste streams, there are also miscellaneous waste streams originating in a steam electric plant. These waste streams are described in the remainder of this section.



# Sanitary Wastes

The amount of sanitary waste depends upon the number of employees. This in turn is dependent upon the type of plant--coal, oil, or gas, its size and its age. A powerplant employs administrative personnel and plant personnel (plant crews and maintenance personnel). Coal-fired plants require more operational personnel then others. For a coal-fired plant, the breakdown in types of employees is typically as follows:

operational personnel:	1	per	20-40	Mw
maintenance personnel:	1	per	10-15	Mw
administrative personnel:	1	per	15 <b>-</b> 25	Mw

A typical three boiler 1,000 MW coal-fired plant may employ 150-300 people. Whereas, in a oil plant of similar size, the total number of employees may be in the range of 80-150.

The typical parameters which define the pollutional characteristics of sanitary wastes are BOD-5 and suspended solids. The following table lists per capita design estimates for the waste stream:

	<u>Flow</u>	<u>BOD-5</u>	TSS
Office/Admin.	0.095m³/day	30 g	70 g
	(25 gpd)	(0.07 lb)	(0.15 lb)
Plant	0.133 m³/day	40 g	85 g
	(35 gpd)	(0.09 lb)	<b>(</b> 0.19 lb)

Knowing the number of personnel in the office/administrative and plant categories, the characteristics of the raw sewage waste stream can be estimated. Typically, for an oil-fired plant generating 1,000 MW the personnel required might be 20 office and administrative, and 85 plant personnel. The raw sewage characteristics for this plant can be estimated on the basis presented above as follows:

	<u>Flow</u>	BOD-5	TSS
Office/Admin.	1.890 m³/day	635 g	1360 g
	(500 gpd)	(1.40 lb)	(3.00 lb)
Plant	1.125 m³/day	3480 g	<b>7</b> 330 g
	<u>(2975 gpd</u> )	<u>(7.65_1b</u> )	<u>(16.15 lb)</u>
Total	3.015 m <sup>3</sup> /day	4115 g	8690 g
	(3475 gpd)	(9.05 lb)	(19.15 lb)

The sanitary waste from steam electric powerplants is generally similar to municipal sanitary wastes with the exception that powerplant wastes do not normally contain laundry or kitchen wastes. Moreover, the per capita hydraulic loading for powerplant personnel is relatively small (25 to 35 gallons) in comparision to domestic usage (100 to 150 gallons). Normally the local health agencies dictate requirements for treating sanitary wastes. In metropolitan areas, the raw sewage may be discharged to a municipal treatment plant. In rural areas, packaged treatment plants for sanitary wastes may be employed.

Plant Laboratory & Sampling Streams

Laboratory facilities are maintained in many steam electric powerplants to carry out chemical analysis for checking different operations such as ion exchange, water treatment, boiler tube cleaning requirements, etc. The size of the laboratory depends upon the size, type, and age of the plant. Modern high pressure steam plants require closer control on the operations and consequently increased laboratory activity. In nuclear plants the use of a laboratory is extensive.

The waste from laboratories vary in quantity and constituents, depending upon the use of the facilities and the type of powerplant.

Intake Screen Wash

Powerplants require water for various operations. Plants using oncethrough type condenser cooling systems draw the cooling water from a waterbody such as an ocean, a lake, a river, etc. On the other hand, plants using a recirculating condenser cooling system need less water intake than the once-through types. Depending upon the water requirements and the source of intake water, traveling screens are used to prevent river debris, fish, leaves, etc from entering the intake system. The accumulated debris is collected and the screens hosed down to prevent plugging.

Service Water System

Service water systems supply water which is used for such house services as bearing and gland cooling for pumps and fans, auxiliary cooling and heat exchangers, hydrogen cooler and fire pumps. In many cases toilet and potable water is included in this category.

Basically, there are two types of service water systems. Once-through service water systems are most common. In these types raw water with no treatment chemical is added. These types of systems are operated in parallel to the condenser cooling water system. Raw water is used and no continuous treatment is practiced. Occasional shock chlorination is given to similar levels as with condenser cooling water. Chlorination treatment is, however, much less frequent. Many nuclear plants integrate the emergency core cooling system with a once-through service Once-through service water systems can be used water system. in conjunction with closed-loop recirculatory systems. exclusively or With recirculatory systems the makeup can be supplied from either raw or city water. This makeup is pretreated to a high degree of purity. This closed loop recirculatory water is treated to a high degree to prevent corrosion within the system. In general, chromates are used in conjunction with caustic soda for control of pH at 9.5 to 10 up to levels of 250 ppm. Borate-nitrate corrosion inhibition treatment is also used to levels of between 500 to 2,000 ppm. Generally, there is little or no loss from these closed-loop systems. The only occasions when water loss can occur are during maintenance or occasionally if the system has to be drained for cleaning, which although infrequent can occur at a three year frequency.<sup>21</sup>

Service water requirements cover a wide range. For once-through systems water flows range from 0.5 to 35 gpm per MW of rated plant capacity. Typically, the flow is 10 to 11 gpm per MW of rated capacity. Where closed-loop systems are operated a figure of 22 to 23 gpm per MW of rated capacity is typical. On this basis, closed-loop blowdown can typically be 5 gallons per day with a settleable solids content of 1 to 2 ppm.<sup>21</sup> Service water requirements of plant no. 4251, a nuclear unit of 851 MW using 480,000 gpm of main condenser cooling water, are as follows:

Primary plant component cooling water	5,800	gpm
Secondary plant component cooling water	16,000	gpm
Centrifugal water chiller	3,000	gpm
Control room air conditioner	210	gpm

# Construction Activity

There are liquid wastes associated with on-site construction activities. Such wastes will depend upon the type and size of construction and the location.

Generally, waste water resulting from construction activity will consist of storm water runoff from the site during the course of construction. This stream can be characterized by suspended solids and turbidity resulting from the erosion of soil disturbed by the construction activity.

## Low Level Rad Wastes

The radioactive waste handling system is beyond the scope of this study. Some of the low level rad wastes from a nuclear powerplant contain boron and therefore can also be considered as chemical wastes. Consequently, a brief description of the waste handling systems in a nuclear powerplant is included. The sources of radioactive wastes are the reactor coolant and spent fuel coolant and the various systems with which these coolants come into contact. In general, the radioactive fluids are treated by filtration, ion exchange, and distillation. The fluids are then either recycled for use in the plant or diluted with condenser cooling water for discharge to the environment.

commercial nuclear powerplants in the country are either Most pressurized water reactors (PWRs) or boiling water reactors (BWRs). In a pressurized water reactor, the primary coolant is maintained at a pressure (2,200 psi) sufficient to keep it from boiling. After the primary coolant is heated in the reactor, it flows through the tube side of large heat exchangers generating steam on the shellside. This steam is used to drive the turbine and is then condensed and returned to the steam generator through a series of preheaters. Thus, in a PWR, the primary coolant is isclated from the steam-condensate system. However, some leakage through defects in steam-generator tubes may occur resulting in contamination of the steam-condensate system. There are several other fluid systems which may be contaminated. In a PWR, boron is used in the primary coolant to help control reactivity. As the fuel burn-up progresses, the boron concentration is lowered by feed and bleed of reactor coolant.

Two systems are associated with this process. The first system, which is sometimes called the chemical and volume control system (CVCS), is on stream at all times and is used to control the radioactivity chemistry and volume of reactor coolant. Reactor coolant is continously bled from the primary system into the CVCS where it usually passes through filters and ion exchangers. The coolant can then be returned to the reactor or system to allow addition of water with a diverted to the second different bcron concentration to the reactor through the CVCS. The second system can be labeled the boron management system (BMS). It processes the reactor coolant letdown after it has passed through the CVCS ion exchangers. Processing in the BMS usually includes gas stripping to remove hydrogen and the radioactive noble gases, ion exchange, and distillation. The distillate may be recycled for use as reactor coolant or diluted with condenser cooling water for discharge to the environment. The concentrated bottoms from the distillation process are either recycled as boric acid for use in the reactor coolant or mixed with cement and placed in drums or larger containers for shipment to a solid radioactive waste burial site.

Provisions are made so that after reactor shutdown it is possible to cycle reactor coolant through ion exchangers prior to flooding the reactor area and fuel transfer canal with water from the refueling water However, there is still some residual activity in both the tank. refueling water tank and the fuel storage pools. Thus, it is possible spent fuel coolant, new fuel pool water and that refueling water, secondary coolant are contaminated as well as reactor coolant and let-Also, the fluids used to transfer or regenerate resins in any of down. the systems mentioned above may be contaminated. Therefore, all leaks and resin-handling and regeneration fluids from these systems are collected and processed in a radioactive waste management system (WMS). This WMS also uses filtration, ion exchange, or distillation or a combination of the three to produce very low activity water suitable in most cases for discharge to the environment. Because the WMS processes a wide variety of liquids, some of which may be contaminated with oil or other undesirable substances, the WMS effluent is generally not recycled. Figure A-V-11 shows a block diagram of the liquid radioactive waste management system for a PWR.

In BWRs, the reactor coolant is itself boiled and thus flows through the steam condensate system. The condensate is usually heated and returned to the reactor. The solutions produced in handling or regenerating the ion exchange resins constitute the major radioactive liquid waste in a In addition to the equipment for "polishing condensate" a BWR. system is provided for filtering and demineralizing the reactor coolant. This system, called the reactor water cleanup system (RWCS), takes coolant from the reactor vessel, cools it, filters and demineralizes it and returns it to the reactor coolant system, thus controlling nonvolatile corrosion products and impurities in the reactor water. Because no boric acid is used in the reactor water under normal circumstances there is no feed and bleed operation for boron concentration control and consequently no boron management system.

As in the PWR, the water for refueling also becomes contaminated and any leakage of refueling water as well as any leakage and resin regenerating or transporting fluids and filter backwash (from any of the contaminated systems discussed above) is collected and treated. Treatment of wastes in a BWR also includes filtration, ion exchange, and distillation. The exact design of the systems vary from plant to plant; however, from the liquid radioactive waste point of view, BWRs may be placed in two categories: (1) those which use disposable ground resin in filter demineralizers for condensate polishing, and (2) those which use resin regenerable in deep bed demineralizers. In general, it appears that the former system is favored except where saline cooling water is used.

The use of regenerable resin means that large volumes of regenerant solutions have to be processed every day. The processing usually involves the use of large evaporators with total through-put capacity on the order of  $0.0025 \text{ M}^3/\text{s}$  (40gpm) or more for some plants. The distillate from these evaporators is generally sent to high-purity waste system for further treatment by ion exchange. About 90% of the effluent of this high-purity waste system is recycled for use in the reactor and 10% discharged.

In those plants which use ground resin units for condensate polishing, no regeneration takes place since water is used only to transport the powder. Thus, considerably less fluid has to be treated and, since the radionuclides are not dissolved into the water, only mechanical separation such as settling, filtration and centrifuging is used for initial treatment of the water. Again the water is sent to a high-purity waste system where it is treated by ion exchange and the bulk of the water is recycled for use in the reactor with the remainder discharged into the cooling water.



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BWRs usually use ground resin filter demineralizers in the RWCS and the liquid from transporting ground resin in the RWCS is treated in the same way as that used for ground resin condensate polishers.

Other liquid wastes from BWRs are treated by ion exchange, evaporation, and filtration. Other sources of wastes are floor drains and laundry drains (including personnel decontamination and cask cleaning). Distillates from evaporation of these waste are generally discharged to the environment. Concentrated bottoms from evaporators and solids from dewatering equipment are drummed for off-site shipment. Figure A-V-12 shows a block diagram of the liquid radioactive waste handling systems of a BWR of 1,100MW capacity.

It is difficult to establish the exact amount of liquid which will be released by the radioactive waste handling systems of a power reactor. The number and type of shutdowns and load changes the amount of leakage from various systems, and the degree of recycle of processed waste all affect the quantities of liquid discharged. However, in the process of obtaining licenses for construction and operation of a nuclear powerplant, estimates are made of these releases based on expected operating conditions. A review of several Environmental Impact Statements for PWRs and BWRs indicates a range of effluent quantities which are expected to be discharged.

PWR wastes processed in the BMS are usually of high enough quality to be recycled. In general, the distillate from BMSs contains concentrations much lower than 1 mg/l of all chemicals other than boric acid which is present at a maximum concentration of 60 mg/l. The anticipated quantities of BMS discharge for a sampling of PWRs ranges from 0 to over 5,000,000 gallons per year. The quantity of distillate discharged from the BMS depends on the operating mode of the plant (i.e. base loaded or load following), number of shutdowns and the degree of distillate recycling.

Distillate from the WMS can generally be expected to have the same chemical purity as that from the BMS although it may occasionally contain a few mg/l of sulfates and chlorides resulting from processing condensate polisher regenerants during primary to secondary leaks.

Some of the fluids rcuted to the WMS are not necessarily treated by the radwaste evaporator. These wastes are expected to be of such low activity that they will be filtered, monitored, and then treated as conventional wastes. The quantity of liquid discharged from the WMS of a PWR can vary widely. For example, during a primary to secondary leak, plant condensate polishers may process the polisher regenerants through the WMS. While this means that millions of gallons of distillate may be discharged from the WMS, it doesn't add to overall plant waste discharged at nearly the same rate by chemical treatment system in the event there were no primary to secondary leak.



LIQUID RADIOACTIVE WASTE HANDLING SYSTEM 1100 MW BWR NUCLEAR PLANT FIGURE A-V-12 As discussed above, the nature and quantity of liquid discharged by the radioactive waste systems of a BWR differ greatly between units which use ground resin condensate polishing and those which use conventional ion exchangers. Even within a given type of plant there is a large variation in techniques for handling the various wastes and the anticipated discharge quantities vary considerably. For example one plant using ground resin condensate polishers is expected to discharge approximately 1.5 million gallons per year while another also using similar polishers may discharge five times that amount.

Because of the treatment requirements for removing radioisotopes from waste streams, it is expected that most discharges from radioactive waste systems in BWRs will contain extremely low concentrations of chemical pollutants.

# Summary of Chemical Usage

Table A-V-11 lists chemicals used in steam electric powerplants corresponding to varicus classes of uses.

# Classification of Waste Waters Sources

Waste water sources can be classified as high-volume, intermediatevolume, low-volume, or rainfall run-off. Table A-V-12 lists the individual waste water sources according to the above classification.

#### Table A-V-11

# CHEMICALS USED IN STEAM ELECTRIC FOWERPLANTS Major source is Reference 21.

Use	<u>Chemical</u>	Use	<u>Chemical</u>
Coagulant in clarification water treatment	Aluminum sulfate Sodium aluminate Ferrous sulfate Ferric chloride Calcium carbonate	Corrosion inhibition or scale prevention in cooling towers	Organic phosphates Sodium phosphate Chromates Zinc salts Synthetic organics
Regeneration of ion ex- change water treatment	Sulfuric acid Caustic soda Hydrochloric acid Common salt Soda ash Ammonium hydroxide	Biocides in cooling towers	Chlorine Hydrochlorous acid Sodium hypochlorite Calcium hypochlorite Organic chromates Organic zinc compounds
Lime soda softening water treatment	Soda ash Lime Activated magnesia Ferric coagulate	pH control in cooling towers	Chlorophenates Thiocyanates Organic sulfurs Sulfuric acid
Corrosion inhibition or scale prevention in boilers	Dolomitic lime Disodium phosphate Trisodium phosphate Sodium nitrate	Dispersing agents in cooling towers	Hydrochloric acid Lignins Tannins Polvacrvlonitrile
pH control in boilers	Ammonia Cyclohexylamine		Polyacrylamide Polyacrylic acids
Sludge conditioning	Tannins Lignins Chelates such as EDTA,NTA	Biocides in condenser cooling	Polyacrylic acid salts Chlorine Hypochlorites
Oxygen scavengers in boilers	Hydrazine Morphaline	Additives to house service	Chlorine Chromates
Boiler cleaning	Hydrochloric acid Citric acid Formic acid	water systems	Caustic soda Borates Nitrates
	Potassium bromate Phosphates Thiourea	Additives to primary coolant in nuclear units	Boric acid Lithium hydroxide Hydrazine
	Hydrazine Ammonium hydroxide Sodium hydroxide Sodium carbonate Nitrates	Numerous uses	chemicals
Regenerants of ion exchange for condensate treatment	Caustic soda Sulfuric acid Ammonex		

# Table A-V-12

# CLASS OF VARIOUS WASTE WATER SOURCES

Class	Source
High Volume	Nonrecirculating main condenser cooling water
Intermediate Volume	Nonrecirculating house service water Blowdown from recirculating main cooling water system Nonrecirculating ash sluicing systems Nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems
Low Volume	Clarifier water treatment Softening water treatment Evaporator water treatment Ion exchange water treatment Reverse osmosis water treatment Condensate treatment Boiler blowdown Boiler tube cleaning Boiler fireside cleaning Air preheater cleaning Stack cleaning Miscellaneous equipment cleaning Recirculating ash sluicing systems Recirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems Intake screen backwash Laboratory and sampling streams Cooling tower basin cleaning Rad wastes Sanitary system Recirculating house service water Floor drainage Miscellaneous streams
Rainfall Runoff	Coal pile drainage Yard and roof drainage Construction activities

## PART A

## CHEMICAL WASTES

# SECTION VI

# SELECTION OF POLLUTANT PARAMETERS

# Definition of Pollutants

Section 502(6) defines the term "pollutant" to mean dredged spoil, solid waste, incineratior residue, sewage, garbage, radioactive materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt and industrial, municipal and agricultural waste discharged into water. This report addresses all pollutants discharged from steam electric powerplants with the exception of both high-level and low-level radioactive wastes of nuclear powerplants. The exclusion is made for two reasons: (1) administratively, the permiting or licensing authority for nuclear plants, from the standpoint of radiation safety resides with the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission; and (2) it is not known that the application of conventional waste water treatment technology for the control of non-radiation aspects of radioactive waste will not result in the creation of a radiation hazard (e.g. due to the concentration of the suspended solids removed).

## Introduction

Section A-V describes various operations in a steam electric powerplant which give rise to chemical wastes. Reported data were included for each waste stream wherever available. The waste streams are specific to each powerplant and depend upon factors such as raw water quality, type and size of plant, age of plant, ambient conditions and operator preferences. Table A-VI-1 summarizes the pollutants present in the various chemical waste streams based on data recorded in Section A-V, Waste Characterizaticn, and knowledge of the respective processes. The data in many cases show a wide variation from plant to plant. This wide variation in data and the presence of many pollutants in a single waste stream makes the selection of characteristic pollutants a difficult task. Table A-VI-2 summarizes the number of plants for which data was recorded in Section A-V for each waste stream.

## Common Pollutants

Since powerplant waste effluents are primarily due to inorganic chemicals, the common pollutants reflect the general level of inorganic chemical concentration.

### APPLICABILITY OF PARAMETERS TO CHEMICAL WASTE STREAMS

ł			Wate	r			Che	mical				1	1		1	[		 
	Conde	nser	Treatment		Treatment			Cleaning										
	Cooli	ng							r									
	Syste	m	es	ses									Б Г					
			ast	ast	ы						υ	]	va va					
	ਜ		i i M	× ۲	rat	uwo		۱ ۵	de	pud Low	li g	<u>،</u>		ary B	n B			1
	enc	irc	rif ior	кя nge	όOΣ	ler våc	ler es	д Д	ler ssi	КĘ Ъ	ц ц ц	Я ų	ч о́ж	i ti te	të B			
PARAMETER	hr.	ate	at.	on hai	vaj	lo. Lo	i o i	ir eat	ùr.	ve Ve	loa Dra	L Lo	200 F	lan Vas	la s			
I	он	<u>к</u> 1	0 0	но	E I	щщ	д н	A L	д н	a, U				0/5				
		v	v	v	v	 V			v						<b>#</b>			
ALKALINITY	<b>^</b>	- A	- A-	÷.		 	 	v	_ <b>A</b>	v		v	x	v				
BOD		X V	-A v	X 	Ă V	 	X 	 v		v		v	_ a	x				
COD			 	^	 	A	 	^ 		A V	v	v	v	v				
15 TDC	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	X	<u> </u>	X	X	_X	_X	_X	. X	X							 
TDS mcc	<u> </u>	_X	<u>x</u>	X	X	X_	_X	_X	_X	X	X	X	<u> </u>	X				 
100	İ	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	X	X	<u> </u>	X				
AMMON IA		X X	X	<u> </u>	X	X	X	_X	<u> </u>	X	_ X_			<u> </u>				 
NITRATE		X.	X	X	X	X	х			X	X			X				 
PHOS PHOROUS	·	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	X				 
TURB ID ITY		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		x	X	x	_X	_X	x	x	<u>x′</u>	X _	X				 
FECAL COLIFORM														<u> </u>	<u> </u>			 
ACIDITY			<u> </u>				X	X	X	X	x	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				_	
HARDNESS, TOTAL		<u>x</u>	x	х	X	X	x	_		X		x	x		Ļ			 
SULFATE		X	x	_X_	X	_X	X	X	X	X	х	X	X		ļ			 
SULFITE				ļ		ļ		x	X	x		X	x					 
BROMIDE				I			_X											 
CHLORIDE			x		X	<u> </u>	_x	x	X	x	x			x				 
FLUORIDE	L	_x	x	x	<u>⊢∙</u>		x			X	-	i 						 
ALUMINUM	L	x	x		X	<u>x</u>	x		x	x	x		x					 
BORON	[					Ì									X			 
CHROMIUM		X	x	x	х	X	x	x	х	x	x							 
COPPER	X	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x							
IRON		x	X	_X	x	x		x	х	x	x		x					
LEAD										x	x	x						
MAGNES IUM		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	Lx_	x	x	x	x					
MERCURY				x	x		x			x	x							
NICKEL	L	x	x	x		x	x	x	x_	x	x							
SELENIUM							X			x	x				}			
VANADIUM									x	x			x					
ZINC		x	x	x	x	x	x			x	x		1		İ			
OIL & GREASE				x			x			x		x	x					
PHENOLS		x	x		x					x	x				-			
SURFACTANTS		<u> </u>			x		x			x		v		v	1			 
ALGICIDES	x	x					<u>n</u>			<u> </u>	1		t		1	<u> </u>		 
CHLORINE	<b>T</b>	v	1			1				1			1	<u>⊢_</u> ^_	1			 <u> </u>
MANGANESE	<b>^</b>	y v	1	x	x	v	x		x	v	v		~			• • • •		 <u> </u>
								†		- <u> </u>				<u> </u>	+			 <u>+</u>
		_	_		_								L .					 

NOTE: Miscellaneous streams such as laboratory sampling, stack chemical cleanings, etc. are not included since the species are accounted for in other streams.

# CHEMICAL WASTES-

# NUMBER OF PLANTS WITH RECORDED DATA

-	Cond	enser ing	Water Treatment		Chemical Cleaning		1 Ng									
	Svst	em	ñ										ų			
PARAMETER	once Through	Recircu- lating	<b>Clarificati</b> c Wastes	Ion Exchange Wastes	Evaporator	Boiler Blowdown	Boiler Tubes	Air Pre- heater	Boiler Fireside	Ash Pond Overflow	Coal Pile Drainage	Floor Drains	Air Pollutic Devices SO2 Removal	Sanitary Wastes	Low Rad Wastes	
ALKALINITY	_	6	5	12	5	17	6	7	2	27	9	3	1	_	-	
BOD	-	4	4	12	7	18	6	7	2	-	4	3	-	-		
COD	_	4	5	12	7	17	6	7	2	-	5	3	-	-	-	
TS	-	4	6	16	8	17	6	7	2	28	6	3	-	-	-	
TDS	_	6	6	18	9	18	6	6	2	26	7	3	1	-	-	
TSS	-	5	6	16	8	17	6	7	2	26	7	3	1	-	-	
AMMONIA	-	5	5	15	7	15	6	7	2	21	5	3	-	-	-	
NITRATE		6	6	17	7	14	5	7	2	21	5	_3	1	-	-	
PHOSPHOROUS	-	9	6	20	9	19	17	7	2	18	2	_3	1	-	-	
TURBIDITY	-	-	6	7	5	10	6	7	2	12	3	3		-	-	
FECAL COLIFORM	-			-	-	_		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
ACIDITY		-	-	-		-		·	-	-	3	-	-		-	
HARDNESS, TOTAL		6	6	15	7	11	4	7	2	19	4	-		-	-	
SULFATE	<u> </u>		6	23	7	16	_5	7	2	27	8	_ <u>_</u>	2	-		
SULFITE			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	2	-	-	
BROMIDE	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-		
CHLORIDE	2	10	0	21	• -	1/	10	-	2	23	4	_3	-	-	-	
ATUMTNUM	-		-	-			10	_		-	-			<u> </u>	-	
RODON	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	E	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_		12	2		<u>+</u>			
	+=		5	14	8	- 11	15	7	2	12	6	1		_		
	+=	1		8	5		17	5	1	7	Δ	- <del>-</del>		-		
TPON		5	5	13	5	, 8	17	7	2	16	7					
LEAD			<u> _</u>	_	<u> </u>	_	-	-		-	<u> </u>		1	_	-	
MACNESTIM		6	5	17	6	6	13	7	2	15	2	_	1		_	
MERCURY			-	2	2	-		_	_	2	_	-			_	·
NTCKEL	-	1	2	.5	2	5	14	7	1	4	_		1	_	-	
SELENTUM	-	- 1	<u> </u>	_		-	_	_		_		-			_	
VANADIUM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
ZINC	-	5	5	16	8	13	17	7	2	16	7	1	-	-	-	
OIL & GREASE	-	-	-	2		-	-	-	_	-	-	1	-	-	-	
PHENOLS	-	2	-	5	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
SURFACTANTS	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	
ALGICIDES	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CHLORINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MANGANESE	_	3	-	4	2	-	12	-	-	5	-			_		······································

### pH Value

pH value indicates the general alkaline or acidic nature of a waste stream, and represents perhaps the most significant single criteria for the assessment of its pollutional potential. While a pH in the neutral range between 6.0 and 9.0 does not by itself assure that the waste stream does not contain detrimental pollutants, a pH outside of this range is an immediate indication of the presence of potential pollutants.

## Total Dissolved Solids

Total dissolved solids represents the residue (exclusive of total suspended solids after evaporation and includes soluble salts such as sulfates, nitrates, chlcrides, and bromides. Total dissolved solids are particularly significant as a pollutant in discharges from closed systems which involve recirculation and re-use. These systems tend to concentrate dissolved solids as a result of evaporation and require blowdown to maintain dissolved solids within ranges established by process requirements. The blowdown may contain specific pollutants in detrimental amounts depending on the number of cycles of concentration.

## Total Suspended Solids

Total suspended solids is another pollutant which is a characteristic of all the waste streams. Suspended solids are significant as an indicator of the effectiveness of solids separation devices such as mechanical clarifiers, ash ponds, etc. One of the functions of water use in a powerplant is to convey solids from one stage of the process to another or to a point of final disposal. Some processes used in a powerplant create suspended solids by chemically treating compounds in solution so that they become insoluble and precipitate. Turbidity is related to suspended solids but is a function of particle size and not an independent pollutant.

Having established the three common pollutants, the characteristic pollutants of individual waste streams are outlined below.

# Pollutants from Specific Waste Streams

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD - 5 day)

BOD is a significant pollutuant only for sanitary waste water originating from the use of sanitary facilities by plant personnel.

# Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

COD is a pollutant usually attributed to the organic fraction of industrial waste waters. Since steam electric powerplants do not have a significant volume of organic wastes, COD is generally not a significant

pollutant in powerplant effluents, but may be used as gross indicator for certain combined wastes.

Oil and Grease

oil and grease enter into the plant drainage system primarily as a result of spillage and subsequent washdown during housekeeping operations or following natural precipitation. Oil and grease are also removed from equipment during preoperational cleaning. Oil and grease is normally present in the following waste streams:

Chemical cleaning	<ul> <li>boiler tubes;</li> <li>boiler fireside;</li> <li>air preheater;</li> <li>miscellaneous small equipment;</li> </ul>
Ash handling wastes	<ul> <li>oil fired plants;</li> <li>coal fired plants;</li> <li>floor and yard drains;</li> </ul>
Drainage and misc. waste streams	- closed cooling water systems; and - construction activity.

## Ammonia

Ammonia is a significant pollutant in plants that use ammonia compounds in their operations. Ammonia may be used to control the pH in the boiler feedwater. It may also be used for ion exchange regeneration in condensate polishing and in boiler cleaning. An ammonia derivative, hydrazine, is used as an oxygen scavenger, but is used only in small quantities. Because of its instability, it is not likely to be a component of a waste stream. Ammonia will therefore be a component of those waste streams which emanate from the operations during which ammonia is added to the system, such as ion exchange wastes, boiler blowdown, boiler tube cleaning and closed cooling water systems.

## Total Phosphorus

Phosphates are used by some powerplants in recirculating systems to prevent scaling on heat transfer surfaces. To the extent that they are used, they will be a component of any blowdown from such systems. These include primarily boiler and PWR steam generator blowdown and blowdown from closed cooling water systems but could also include a number of minor auxiliary systems. In some cases, phosphorus compounds are also used in boiler cleaning operations and would therefore be a possible component of cleaning wastes.

Chlorine - Free Available

Many condenser cooling water systems use chlorine or hypochlorites to control biological growth on the inside surface of condenser tubes. The growth, if left uncontrolled, causes excessive tube biological blockages, poor heat transfer, and accelerated system corrosion--all of which reduce plant efficiency. For any cooling tower system the length of time of the chlorine feed period and the number of chlorine feed periods per day, week, or month change as the biological growth situation changes. In most cooling systems, the chlorine is added at or near the condenser inlet in sufficient quantity to produce a free level of 0.1-0.6 mg/l in the water leaving the available chlorine The amounts of chlorine added to maintain the free available condenser. chlorine depend upon the amount of chlorine demand agents and ammonia in the water.

Chlorine and ammonia react to form chloramines. Chloramines contribute to the combined residual chlorine of the water. The combined residual chlorine is less efficient and slower in providing biological control than is the free available chlorine. Total residual chlorine is the sum of the free available chlorine and the combined residual chlorine.

Although chlorination is effective for slime control in condenser tubes of cooling system, its application may result in the discharge of total residual chlorine to the receiving water. The effects of total residual chlorine on aquatic life are of great concern.

Metals

Various metals may be contained in some of the waste streams as a result of corrosion and erosion of metal surfaces and as soluble components of the residues of combustion where such residues have been handled hydraulically.

Blowdown from boiler feedwater systems and from closed cooling water systems will contain trace amounts of the metals making up the heat exchanger surfaces with which they have been in contact. Treatment of these waters generally minimizes the amount of corrosion. However, cleaning operations of these systems are designed specifically to restore the heat transfer surfaces to bare metal. In this process significant amounts of metal and metal oxide are dissolved and are conveyed with the waste streams. The two most common metals likely to be present in cleaning wastes are iron and copper.

Metals present in wastes from fuel storage and from ash handling operations will depend on the metals present in the fuel. Generalization is difficult because of the wide variation in fuel composition, but iron and aluminum are typically present in significant quantities in ash from coal. Mercury may be present if the coal used contained mercury. Vanadium is present in sufficient quantities in ash resulting from the burning of some types of residual fuel oil, notably of Venezuelan origin. If chromates and/or zinc compounds are used for the treatment of closed cooling water systems, chromium and/or zinc will be significant pollutants for any blcwdcwn or leakage from these systems.

These metals are likely to occur in the following waste streams:

1. Iron

water treatment maintenance cleaning ash handling	<ul> <li>clarification;</li> <li>boiler tubes;</li> <li>boiler fireside;</li> </ul>
ash handling	<ul> <li>air preheater;</li> <li>coal fired plants; and coal pile drainage.</li> </ul>

2. Copper

3. Mercury

ash handling - coal fired plants; and coal pile drainage.

4. Vanadium (oil-fired plants only)

ash handling; chemical cleaning - boiler fireside; and - air preheater.

5. Chromium and Zinc

recirculating condenser cooling system; and closed cooling water system.

6. Aluminum and Zinc

Phenols

Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) are sometimes used as coolants in large transformers. In case of leaks or spills, these materials could find their way into the yard drainage system. Materials showing up as phenols are also possible in drainage from coal piles, floor and yard drainage, ash handling streams, and cooling tower blowdown.

# Sulfate

Sulfates in powerplant effluents arise primarily from the regenerant wastes of ion exchange processes. Sulfate may occur in ion exchange and evaporator wastes, boiler fireside and air preheater cleaning, ash handling and coal pile drainage.

# Sulfite

Sulfite is used as an oxygen scavenger in the boiler feedwater system in some plants. Plants using sulfite may discharge the sulfite with their boiler blowdown. Because of its high oxygen demand, sulfite in significant quantities is considered undesirable in a plant discharge.

Sulfite may occur in the following waste streams:

l I

Boron

Oxidizing agents such as potassium or sodium borate may be contained in cleaning mixtures used for copper removal in the chemical cleaning of boiler and steam generator (PWR) tubes.

# Fluoride

Hydrofluoric acid or fluoride salts are added for silica removal in the chemical cleaning of boiler and steam generator (PWR) tubes.

Alkalinity and Acidity

Both alkalinity and acidity are parameters which are closely related to the pH of a waste stream.

Total Solids

Total solids is the sum of the total suspended solids and the total dissolved solids.

Fecal Coliform

Fecal coliform is only significant in sanitary waste.

Total Hardness

Hardness is a constitutent of natural waters, and as such is not generally considered as a pollutant in effluents from industrial processes. Also, hardness is not harmful in the concentrations recorded in Section A-V.

Chloride and Magnesium

Both chloride and magnesium are not practicably treatable at the levels recorded, and also are not harmful at the levels present in the various waste streams.

Bromide

Bromide may result from boiler cleaning operations, but is not considered harmful at the levels present. Moreover, it is not practicably treatable at these levels.

Nitrate and Manganese

Nitrate and manganese are also not harmful nor practicably treatable at the levels present in the various waste streams.

Surfactants

Surfactants are not practicably treatable at the recorded levels.

Algicides

Very little data was found for algicides (exclusive of chlorine) although various algicides may be utilized in cooling water systems. Most utilities requiring algicides utilize chlorine.

## Other Potentially Significant Pollutants

The following are potentially significant pollutants, which may be present in effluents from steam electric powerplants, but for which little data are available at this time.

Cadmium Lead Nickel Selenium

Complete analyses of the fossil fuel used by a particular plant can be used as a basis for determining which pollutants, in addition to those covered by effluent limitations guidelines and standards, are likely to be present in effluents in quantities justifying monitoring and the establishment of effluent limitations.

# Selection of Pollutant Parameters

The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency published (Federal Register, Volume 38, No. 199, pp. 28758-28670, October 16, 1973) 40 CFR 136 Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants. Seventy-one pollutant parameters were covered. This list with the addition of free available chlorine, polychlorinated biphenyls, chemical additives, debris and pH which were not included provides the basis for the selection of pollutant parameters for the purpose of developing effluent limitations guidelines and standards. All listed parameters are selected except for those excluded for one or more of the following reasons:

- 1. Not harmful when selected parameters are controlled
- 2. Not present in significant amounts
- 3. Not controllable
- 4. Control substitutes more harmful pollutant
- 5. Insufficient data available
- 6. Indirectly controlled when selected parameters are controlled
- 7. Indirectly measured by another parameter
- 8. Radiological pollutants not within the scope of effluent limitations guidelines and standards.

Table A-VI-3 presents a breakdown of the methodology for selection of parameters for the following waste water stream (except for sanitary wastes) which comprise the entire waste water discharged from steam electric powerplants:

High Volume

. nonrecirculating (once-through) condenser cooling systems

#### Table A-VI-3

#### SELECTION OF POLLUTANT PARAMETERS\*

POLLUTANT PARAMETER	CLASS OF WASTE WATER STREAMS							
	High-Volume	Intermediate-Volume	Low-Volume	Rainfall Runoff				
General								
Acidity (as CaCO <sub>2</sub> )	1	1	1	1 1				
Alkalinity (as CaCO_)	1	1	1					
Ammonia (as N)	2	2	2	2				
Biochemical oxygen demand (5-day)	2	2	2	2				
Chemical oxygen demand	2	2	2	2				
Hardness-total	3	4	4	4				
Kieldahl nitrogen (as N)	2	2	2	2				
Nitrate (as N)	2	2	2	2				
Nitrite (as N)	2	2	2	2				
pH value	2		-	•				
Total dissolved (filterable) solids	3	3	6	3				
Total organic carbon	2	2	2	2				
Total phosphorus (as P)	2	•	6	2				
Total solids	3	6	6	6				
Total suspended (nonfilterable) solids	3		•	•				
Total volatile solids	2	2	2	2				
	······································							
Nutrients, Anions, and Organics								
Algicides	6	6	5	2				
Benzidine	2	2	2	5				
Bromide	2	3	3	3				
Chloride	3	3	3	3				
Chlorinated organic compounds	2	5	5	5				
Chlorine-free available	•	•	2	2				
Chlorine-total residual	6 **	6**	2	2				
Cyanide-total	2	2	2	2				
Debris	•	2	2	2				
Flouride	2	2	6	2				
Oil and grease	2	•	•	•				
Organic nitrogen (as N)	2	2	2	2				
Ortho-phosphate (as P)	2	6	6	2				
Pesticides	2	5	2	5				
Phenols	2	2	2	2				
Polychlorinated biphenyls	2	2	2	•				
Sulfate (as SO,)	3	3	а	3				
Sulfide (as S) <sup>4</sup>	3	3	3	3				
Sulfite (as SO <sub>2</sub> )	3		3					
Surfactants	- 2	6	<u>с</u>					
Chemical additives (biocide.corr.inhib.)	- 6**	6**	6	2				

#### \*Key: • =Selected

2 =Rejected because not present in significant amounts

3 =Rejected because not controllable

4 =Rejected because control substitutes a more harmful pollutant

5 =Rejected because insufficient data available

1 =Rejected because not harmful when selected parameters are controlled 6 =Rejected because indirectly controlled when selected parameters are controlled

7 =Rejected because indirectly measured by another parameter

8 =Rejected because radiological pollutants are not within the scope of E.P.A. guidelines and standards

**\*\*** Selected where technology is available to achieve no discharge

#### Table A-VI-3 (continued)

### SELECTION OF POLLUTANT PARAMETERS \*

POLLUTANT PARAMETER	AMETER CLASS OF WASTE WATER STREAMS							
	High-Volume	Intermediate-Volume	Low-Volume	Rainfall Runoff				
Trace Metals								
Aluminum-total	2	6	6	6				
Antimony-total	2	2	2	2				
Arsenic-total	2	2	2	2				
Barium-total	2	2	2	2				
Bervllium-total	2	2	2	2				
Boron-total	2	3	3	3				
Cadmium-total	2	3	2	2				
Calcium-total	ī	1	1	1				
Chromium-VI		6	6	2				
Chromium-total	2	i i i	6	2				
Cobalt-total	2	2	2	2				
Copper-total	3	6	•	2				
Iron-total	3	6	•	2				
Lead-total	2	2	2	2				
Magnesium-total	1	1 1	1	1				
Manganese-total	2	2	2	2				
Mercury-total	2	2	2	2				
Molybdenum-total	2	2	2	2				
Nickel-total	3	6	6	6				
Potassium-total	1	1	1	1				
Selenium-total	2	2	2	2				
Silver-total	2	2	2	2				
Sodium-total	1	1 1	1	1				
Thallium-total	2	2	2	2				
Tin-total	2	2	2	2				
Titanium-total	2	2	2	2				
Vanadium-total	2	2	2	2				
Zinc-total	2	•	6	2				
Physical and Biological								
Coliform bacteria (fecal)	2	2	2	2				
Coliform bacteria (total)	2	2	2	2				
Color	2	6	-	6				
Fecal streptococci	2	2	2	2				
Specific conductance	2	7	- 7	7				
Turbidity	3	6	6	6				
Radiological		<u>├────</u>		<u>+</u>				
Alpha-counting error	8	8	8	8				
Alpha-total	8	8	8	8				
Beta-counting error	8	8	8	8				
Beta-total	8	8	8	8				
Radium-total	8	8	8	8				

\*Key • =Selected

1 = Rejected because not harmful when selected parameters are controlled

2 =Rejected because not present in significant amounts

3 =Rejected because not controllable

4 =Rejected because control substitutes a more harmful pollutant

5 =Rejected because insufficient data avialable

6 =Rejected because indirectly controlled when selected parameters are controlled

7 =Rejected because indirectly measured by another parameter 8 =Rejected because radiological pollutants are not within the scope of E.P.A. guidelines and standards

# Intermediate Volume

- . blowdown from recirculating condenser cooling water systems
- . nonrecirculating ash sluicing systems;
- . nonreciruclating service water systems
- . nonrecirculating wet-scrubbing air pollution control systems

## Low Volume

- . blowdown from recirculating ash sluicing systems
- . blowdown from recirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems
- . boiler blowdcwn
- . equipment cleaning (air preheater, boiler fireside, boiler tubes, stack, etc.)
- . evaporator blowdown
- . flow drains
- . intake screen backwash
- . recirculating service water systems
- . water treatment system

# Rainfall Runoff

- . coal pile drainage
- . road and yard drains

# Sanitary System

The selected parameters for the various classes of waste water streams are shown in Table A-VI-4.

# Table A-VI-4

Class of Waste Water Stream	Parameter
High Volume	Chemical additives (biocides)* Chlorine-free available Chlorine-total residual* Debris
Intermediate Volume	Chemical additives (corrosion inhibitors)* Chlorine-free available Chlorine-total residual* Chromium-total Oil and grease pH value Total phosphorus (as P) Total suspended solids Zinc-total
Low Volume	Copper-total Iron-total Oil and grease pH value Total suspended solids
Rainfall Runoff	Oil and grease pH value Polychlorinated biphenyls Total suspended solids

# SELECTED POLLUTANT PARAMETERS

\* Note: Selected where technology is available to achieve no discharge.
## PART A

### CHEMICAL WASTES

## SECTION VII

## CCNTROL AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY

## Introduction

Curry<sup>371</sup> presents a general methodology for metallic waste treatment. Some of the principles are also applicable, however, to other types of wastes. The following outline conveys, with some modifications, the general principles of Curry's work:

- I. Omit flows with a pollutant concentration lower than the concentration in equilibrium with the precipitate formed
- II. Reduce the waste water volumes requiring treatment
- III. Minimize the solubility of the pollutant
  - A. Eliminate compounds that form soluble complexes
  - B. Reduce concentration of interfering ions that increase pollutants solubilities
  - C. Maintain conditions that minimize total solubility
- IV. Control conditions to increase the proportion of the pollutants in the ionic form required for its precipitation or adsorbent reaction
- V. Avoid conditions that will form harmful amounts of gases during treatment
- VI. Select a process that will give the lowest practicable or economically achievable amounts of pollutants in the effluent, up to and including no discharge of pollutants
- VII. Select a process that produces a sludge that can be disposed of in accordance with environmental considerations.

The control and treatment technology for the discharge of chemical wastes from a steam electric powerplant involves one or more combinations of the fcllcwing techniques:

(1) Elimination of pollutants by:a) process modifications

- b) material substitutions
- c) good housekeeping practices
- (2) Control of waste streams by maximum reuse and conservation of water
- (3) Removal of pollutant from waste stream

In order to select and implement an efficient waste management program, it is necessary to evaluate the control and treatment techniques corresponding to specific factors applicable in each case.

In this section alternate control and treatment techniques and their limitations are evaluated for different chemical waste streams. Advantages and disadvantages are presented. Based on the reported data, industry-wide practices and exemplary facilities are indicated.

Chemical wastes can be discussed in three general groups (continuous wastes, periodic wastes, and wastes whose characteristics are unrelated to the powerplant operations) even though, for the purposes of guideline development, a classification by volume would be appropriate. The continuous wastes are those directly associated with the continuous production of electrical energy. They include condenser cooling water discharge (for once-through systems) or blowdown (for closed systems), water treatment plant wastes, boiler or PWR steam generator blowdown, discharges from house service water systems, laboratory, ash handling systems, air pollution control devices, and floor drains. The periodic wastes are those associated with the regularly scheduled cleaning of major units of equipment, usually at a time of plant or unit shutdown. Those include spent cleaning solutions from the cleaning of the boiler or PWR steam generator tubes, boiler fireside, air preheater and condenser cooling system, and other miscellaneous equipment cleaning The final group of wastes includes drainage from coal piles of wastes. coal fueled plants, drainage from roof and yard drains, run-off from onsite construction and sanitary wastes. Control and treatment of discharges from systems involving high-level or low-level rad wastes are not known to be practicable due to the possible adverse affects which might arise from concentrating the radioactive materials in the treatment operation.

## Continuous Wastes

Once-through Condenser Cooling System

In the once-through systems, chlorine is the major chemical pollutant where it is added for biological control. Excess total residual chlorine discharge can be minimized by monitoring and controlling free available chlorine concentrations in the discharge stream. Commercial monitoring and controlling instruments are available which can measure and maintain concentrations down to 0.2 mg/l. As shown in Figure A-VII-1, chlorine can be regulated by feedback instrumentation. The chlorine feeder is activated manually or by a Chlorine is then added to the cooling water before it goes to timer. the condenser. Cooling water leaving the condenser flows to the cooling pond or to the receiving water body. Chlorine level in the discharge is monitored by chlorine analyzer AC-1. When chlorine reaches 0.2 mg/l the analyzer opens ACS-1 which shuts down the feeder until it is restarted manually or by timer KS-1. This type of system is not in general use in industry at this time, but is common practice in municipal sewage the treatment plants. Intermittent programs of chlorine or hypochlorite addition can be employed to reduce to total chlorine residual discharged. A further technique to reduce the total residual chlorine discharged is to employ chlorination at periods of low condensor flow for a unit. If only one unit at a time at a multiunit station is chlorinated, the concentration of total residual chlorine in the combined effluent from the station is reduced. Chlorination can further be employed at times in harmony with more favorable receiving water conditions.

Controlled addition of chlorine can also be achieved without the daily use of monitoring instruments. Sampling and laboratory analysis can be employed for a number of days until a correlation is established between chlorine addition characteristics (schedule, rate, duration) and the effluent total residual chlorine concentrations. Subsequent use of the correlation with no effluent sampling, except for occasional checks, may be satisfactory in many cases.

Mechanical means for cleaning stainless steel condenser tubes is used in a few plants in place of some portion of the total required chlorine addition, however, the degree of practicability is related to the configuration of the process piping and structures involved at any station.

The substitution of stainless steel and titanium condenser tubes in place of copper alloy tubes is possible but is not known to have employed solely to reduce the quantities of copper alloy materials discharged.

Closed Condenser Cooling System Blowdown

In a closed condenser cooling system a blowdown is required to prevent scaling of the condenser. The significant pollutant parameters of this waste are TSS, chlorine and chromates.

The monitoring of chlcrine in the blowdown stream can be achieved in a manner similar to that described for the once-through system.

Further potential methods of reducing or eliminating residual chlorine levels in the blowdown are as follows:



LEGEND:

AC-1: Chlorine Analyzer
ACS1: Chlorine Feeder Contacts
KS-1: Controller (Timer Optional
: Flow Path
••••: Optional Flow Path
Instrument Signal

CHLORINE FEED CONTROL ONCE-THRU CONDENSER COOLING SYSTEM FIGURE A-VII-1

Installing residual data feedback equipment into the chlorine a) feed system. Practicing split stream chlorination (splitting the condenser b) flow into separate streams which are chlorinated one at a time). Reducing the chlorine feed period, if possible. C) Reducing the initial residual chlorine level in the condenser đ١ effluent. e) Increasing the water volume of the cooling tower. This alternative may not apply to existing cooling towers because it involves the system design. The alternative can apply to systems on the engineering drawing boards. This alternative may have other advantages--such as an extra supply of water for fire protection. Cutting off the blowdown when residual chlorine appears in the f) The blowdown flow can resume after the residual is dissipated sump. the flashing effect and the makeup water chlorine demand. by The length of time during which the blowdown can be eliminated is a function of the system's upper limit on dissolved solids. Mixing the blowdown with another stream which has a high **a**) chlorine demand.

An end-of-pipe treatment for reducing chlorine levels is the addition of reducing agents such as sodium bisulfite (NaHSO<u>3</u>). Chlorine being an oxidizing agent will oxidize these chemicals. One mole of bisulfite is required per mole of chlorine or 1.47 mg/l per mg/l of chlorine. By maintaining a 10% excess of sodium bisulfite in the discharge stream, chlorine can be eliminated. However, the excess sodium sulfite creates an oxygen demand, thus substituting one pollutant problem for another. A system of this type is currently being installed in a nuclear plant currently under construction.

The amounts of pollutants discharged in blowdown can be reduced by reducing the blowdown flow. This reduction in flow can be achieved by substituting more soluble ions for scale formers. Similarly, the use of organic sequestering agents such as polyolesters and phosphonates can be used to reduce blowdown flow rates. <sup>336</sup> These then become pollutants in the blowdown.

Water treatment chemicals are used to control several problem areas. The use of these chemicals has been greatly reduced by the substitution of plastic or plastic-coated cooling tower components. The plastic shows considerable resistance to microbiological attack, corrosion, and erosion. Many new installations using cooling towers are going this route. Where water treatment is necessary, several chemicals are being used to control the various problem areas associated with the cooling towers.

Wood deterioration includes three types of attack; chemical, biological, and physical. Chemical deterioration, which removes the lignin, is especially severe with the combined presence of high chlorine residual and high alkalinity (chlorine should be less than 1 ppm). This deterioration can be checked by maintaining the pH below 8.0. Biological attack on wood is caused by cellulolytic fungi. The application of chlorinated phenolic compounds in a controlled foam form has been found to be highly effective in promoting prolonged protection of cooling tower wood. Physical attack on wood is caused by hightemperature waters, high solids concentration, and freezing and thawing conditions.

Oxidizing biocides effectively kill the organisms, but their activity is short-lived. (Requires frequent or continuous feeding). Chemicals which are used include chlorine and calcium and sodium hydrochlorites. One method is to dose to a free available chlorine concentration of 0.3 0.6 ppm for a period of four hours daily. The chlorinated cyanurates and inocyanurates and other chlorinated organic materials are also used to introduce chlorine to water. Persulfate compounds, which are odorless, are also often used (potassium hydrogen persulfate). Ozone, another oxidizing biocide, is undergoing experiment for use in various systems. It is a very powerful oxidizing agent and is twice as potent as chlorine for destroying bacteria and organic matter. oxidizes undesirable metals such as iron and manganese. It also Several nonoxidizing biocides are also being used. Some of these compounds include: chlorinated phenolic compounds - chlorinated and phenylated phenols and their sodium or potassium salts; organotin - complex amine combinations; surface-active agents such as quartenary ammonium groups; organo-sulphur compounds such as dithocarbamate salts and the thiuram mono - and disulfides; rosin amine salts formed by reaction with carboxylic acids and acidic phenols such as the salts of acetic acid and pentachlorophenol; copper salts such as copper sulfate; thiocyanates such as methylene thiocyanates and bisthiocyanate; and acrolein which is highly flammable and may be toxic to warm-blooded animals.

In cooling water systems, two types of corrosion inhibitors can be used anodic and cathodic. Chromates, orthophosphates and nitrite - based products are examples of anodic corrosion inhibitors. Polyphosphate, silicate, and metal salts which form sparingly soluble hydroxides, oxides and carbonates (such as zinc) act as cathodic inhibitors. Chromates and other heavy metals may be harmful to aquatic organisms. Phosphates can serve as a nutrient to aquatic life. Inorganic, nonchromate corrosion inhibitors consist of various combinations of polyphosphates, silicates, ferrocyanides, nitrates, and metal ions such as zinc and copper (straight polyphosphate, zinc - polyphosphate, and ferro cyanide - polyphosphate). Work is being done to develop nonpolluting corrosion inhibiting components. Two such compounds are sodium and mercaptobenzothiazole and derivatives of organo-phosphorus. Dearborn Chemical Division of W. R. Grace and Company has developed a nonchromate, nonphosphate corrosion inhibitor. The synthetic-organic corrosion inhibitor which is hydrolytically stable and possibly This compound is designed to reduce scaling and fouling on nontoxic. heat transfer surfaces. It is not as effective as zinc and chromates,

but is at least as effective as other comparative nonchromate and zinc polyphosphate compounds.

A film-forming sulfophosphated organic corrosion inhibitor is put out by the Tretolite Division of Petrolite Corporation. Tretolite states that it is effective in both fresh and high brine waters and is less toxic to fish and other aquatic life than metal salts such as chromate. Its toxicity compares to that of methanol, gasoline, and xylene. It is said that the inhibitor also performs well in the presence of H2S or CO2.

Scale deposits are prevented by controlling the hardness and alkalinity of the water system. This is normally done by feeding an acid to the water to neutralize the bicarbonate alkalinity. An acid which is widely used is sulfuric acid. Most cooling tower systems are controlled in the pH range of six tc seven. This range depends on the balance between corrosion inhibition and deposit control. Phosphonates and polyelectrolites are used as deposit-control agents. A possible arrangement for pH control is shown in Figure A-VII-2.

Water Treatment Wastes

Clarification, Softening and Filtration

The waste streams from these operations are sludges, whose composition will vary depending on the raw water quality and the method of Sludges from plain sedimentation are essentially silty treatment. in character. If alum is used as a coagulant, the sludges will contain aluminum hydroxide together with whatever organic or inorganic colloids have been coagulated by the alum. Sludges from lime softening contain primarily calcium and magnesium carbonates and hydroxides. Sludges from filter backwash operations reflect the processes that preceded the filter and differ only to the extent that filter backwash is generally a periodic operation, whereas sludges from setting basins are withdrawn more or less continuously.

Sludges will generally contain between 0.5 and 5.0% of suspended solids. Accepted treatment techniques in the water and wastewater treatment industry consist of hydraulically thickening these sludges to about 10 to 15% solids content. Following thickening, the sludges can be further dewatered by land disposal, centrification, filtration, or incineration. Figure A-VII-3 shows two typical clarifier waste systems. These processes are discussed in further detail in Section A-IX. The supernatent from sludge thickening is generally returned to the original solids separation unit.

### Ion Exchange Wastes

Ion exchange resin beds must be regenerated periodically in order to maintain their exchange capacity. For cation resins, the most common regenerant is sulfuric acid. For anion resins, the common regenerant is



# LEGEND:

- AC-1: PH SENSOR & TRANSMITTER E/P-1: ELECTROPNELMATIC TRANSDUCER
- FC-1: FLOW CONTROL VALVE
- FLOW PATH
- ----: CONTROL SIGNAL (ELECTRICAL) \*\*\*: CONTROL SIGNAL (PNEUMATIC)

RECIRCULATING CONDENSER COOLING SYSTEM PH CONTROL OF BLOWDOWN FIGURE A-VII-2



sodium hydroxide, although ammonium hydroxide is used in some plants. Since powerplant practice is to use excess amounts of regenerants, the waste streams contain primarily sulfuric acid and sodium hydroxide, together with the ions removed from the water during the exhaustion cycle. The waste stream also includes rinse water, that is water passed through the resin beds to remove all traces of regenerant. Typical practice is to regenerate ion exchange units whenever a specified exhaustion has been reached while the units are in service. Figure A-VII-4 shows a simplified flow system.

Waste regenerants and rinses from both the cation and anion resins are normally collected in a neutralization tank and the pH is then adjusted to within the range of 6.0 to 9.0 on a batch basis by the addition of sulfuric acid or sodium hydroxide as required. If any precipitates are formed after neutralization, they are separated from the liquid by settling or by filtration. Figure A-VII-5 shows a neutralization pond.

The neutralized wastes are high in TDS and would require further treatment before they could be used for other water uses requiring low TDS water. However, they are suitable for use as makeup for closed condenser cooling systems or for such uses as ash sluicing or gas scrubbing, which do nct require high quality sources of supply. It may be desirable for some uses in the powerplant to use ion exchange wastes without neutralization. Closed cooling water systems generally require some acid treatment to reduce the buildup of alkalinity and air pollution control devices may require an alkaline source of water. Ion exchange waste therefore can often form an economical source of low grade acid or caustic for other uses in the plant.

Substantial reductions in the volume of demineralizer wastes can be achieved by the use of systems which substitute reverse osmosis (RO) or electrodialysis combined with ion exchange (IE) for systems using ion exchange alone. One study shows that RO plus IE systems are less costly than IE systems alone for total dissolved solids of 500 mg/l as CaCO<u>J</u> in the natural water available. The study is based on 100,000 gallons/day product capacity, no labor costs, and a waste disposal cost of \$5/1000 gallons.<sup>383</sup> A 250 gpm product capacity RO system has been recently installed at plant no. 5405. The available water total dissolved solids level is 750 mg/l as CaCO<u>J</u>. The system is designed to reduce the dissolved solids level of pretreated river water to the range for which the conventional resin-bed deionizers are designed.<sup>384</sup>

## Evaporator Blowdown

In those plants still utilizing evaporators to produce boiler feedwater makeup, the blowdown from the evaporator contains the salts of the original water supply in concentrated form, but generally still in the solution phase. Treatment is similar to the treatment of ion exchange wastes by adjusting the pH to the neutral range of 6.0 to 9.0 with



ION EXCHANGE WASTE TREATMENT PROCESS FIGURE A-VII-4



# NEUTRALIZATION POND

Figure A-VII-5

sulfuric acid or sodium hydroxide. If precipitates are formed during neutralization, these are removed by sedimentation and filtration.

As for ion exchange wastes, the most desirable method of disposal is by reuse within the plant for applications not requiring low TDS sources of supply.

Boiler or PWR Steam Generator Blowdown

Since the quality of the boiler feedwater must be maintained at very high levels of purity, the blowdown from these units is generally of high quality also. Boiler blowdown seldom exceeds 100 mg/l TDS and in most cases is as low as 20 mg/l. For most plants, the quality of the boiler blowdown is better than the quality of the raw water supply, whether it be from a natural source or a municipal water system. The most desirable reuse of boiler blowdown is therefore as makeup to the demineralization system.

Boiler blowdown is usually slightly alkaline, but because of the low TDS level, the pH changes very readily. Neutralization is generally not necessary for any of the forms of reuse previously discussed in this section.

Periodic Wastes

Maintenance Cleaning Wastes

All heat transfer surfaces require periodic cleaning and the usual method of cleaning beiler tube internals is to contact these surfaces with solutions containing chemicals which will dissolve any scale or other deposits on these surfaces. Cleaning operations utilizing water include cleaning of the fire side of boiler tubes, the air preheater, the cooling water side of the condenser, and other miscellaneous heat exchange equipment.

Modern steam generators do not permit inspection of areas most likely to be in distress due to internal deposits, nor can they be cleaned mechanically. Hence, the only practical and generally accepted method of cleaning is by chemical means.<sup>377</sup>

Boiler cleaning wastes pose special problems of disposal. In order to be effective, the chemicals used for cleaning must form soluble compounds with the scale and deposits on the surfaces to be cleaned. Since scale is evidence of the precipitation of an insoluble compound, the cleaning solution must somehow change that solubility. The most common means of accomplishing this objective is by extremes of pH and strong oxidation potential. Where acids are utilized as cleaning agent, there is the additional problem of metals being dissolved into the cleaning solution. Cleaning of heat transfer surfaces is a relatively infrequent operation. The rate of deposition determines the frequency. However, no general agreement exists as to how to determine when the point has been reached which calls for cleaning. Most operators clean on a time schedule, frequently established by trial and error. A majority of those that do not clean on a time schedule remove tube sections to gauge the amount of deposition.<sup>377</sup> Boilers are usually cleaned not more than once per year. Some of the auxiliary units may be cleaned twice a year. Cleaning operations are scheduled in advance in order to minimize the effect of the outage on the ability of the utility to meet the demands for electric power.

Powerplants use essentially two types of cleaning solutions. One type is an acid solution, usually hot hydrochloric acid, used to clean the water side of the bciler tubes. Hydrochloric acid cleaning is the cheapest and most effective of the cleaning methods, but requires a larger volume of water and takes longer than methods employing other chemicals. Citric and phosphoric acids are also used, primarily because they involve less outage time than hydrochloric acid. Fireside cleaning of boilers and cleaning of air preheaters is accomplished using alkaline solutions, primarily containing soda ash.

Many utilities discharge their cleaning wastes with once-through condenser cooling water, relying on the high dilution ratio to minimize adverse effects of the discharge. Some utilities collect spent cleaning solutions in storage basins or ash ponds and adjust the pH to the neutral range. This causes the precipitation of some of the less soluble compounds. The supernatent is discharged to the receiving water and the solids are removed from the basin when this becomes necessary. This technique is followed at plant no. 2525, which neutralizes its cleaning wastes before discharge to a large settling pond. Plant no. 3601 also collects cleaning wastes in a storage basin, applies lime or caustic for neutralization, and then discharges the supernatent.

Current control and treatment technology for cleaning wastes involves segregation of the waste, chemical treatment to bring the pH into the neutral range, and separation of any precipitates resulting from the neutralization.

### Miscellaneous Wastes

## Ash Handling Wastes

Most of the coal-fired plants use ash ponds. The data from existing ash settling ponds was reviewed in Part A Section V of this report. Of the plants for which useful data was obtained, 28% have a negative or zero net discharge of total suspended solids from the ash pond. For example, Federal discharge permit applications for four of these stations are given in Table A-VII-1. The data of one of these, plant no. 0107, were

# Table A-VII-1

## ASH POND PERFORMANCE

# Source: Federal discharge permit applications

Plant No.	Concentration Total Suspended Solids, mg/l			
	Plant Intake	Effluent		
0104	31	22		
0105	35	6		
0106	10	3		
0107	13	10		

verified by analyses of samples taken at the site by EPA personnel. These data are summarized in Table A-VII-2.

pH adjustment has been discussed earlier for other waste streams. Some plants provide pH control on ash pond effluent. In pH adjustment, addition of chemicals (such as lime) to the pond should be carried out such that adequate mixing and settling is provided in the pond. This can be achieved by separating the pond in two areas by use of overflow weirs.

At plant No. 3626 the fly ash is handled dry by a pressurized collection system, and the bottom ash is collected hydraulically. Once per shift the bottom ash is sluiced from the furnace bottom for settling. Water the next sluice is recycled from the effluent of the sedimentation for The settled solids are periodically drained for disposal. unit. The system is designed for complete recycle, with blowdown achieved by water retained in the settled solids. The recycle stream concentrations have equilibrated and the system has operated successfully for a number of years. A similar system in operation at plant no. 3630 was installed as retrofit. Bottom ash from the combustion of pulverized coal at plant a no. 3630 is trucked from the plant site by a purchaser. The system is shown in Figures A-VII-6 and A-VII-7.

Most oil fired plants use dry ash handling, although closed-looped wet systems are also in use. At plant No. 2512, the fly ash sluicing system The ash collected by the was designed to be a closed system. precipitators is sluiced from the hoppers to two concrete ponds. Suspended solids settle out in the ponds and a relatively clear liquor returned to the precipitators to sluice additional ash to the ponds is on a continuous basis. Due to excessive rainfall and leakage of pump sealing water, the system requires a blowdown of approximately 132.5 m<sup>3</sup> The blowdcwn (35,000)gal.) per week. is treated another in clarification pond where the solids are allowed to settle. The effluent from this pond goes to a neutralizing tank for pH adjustment, and is settled prior to discharge. The system is shown on Figure A-VII-8.

The settled solids are intermittently dug out and sold to reclaiming companies for vanadium recovery. The cost of the ash handling system is estimated at \$461,000.

The above plant is presently investigating a vacuum filter system for continuous withdrawal and treatment of settled solids, to replace the intermittent withdrawal system now used.

At plant No. 1209 fly ash from the mechanical collectors is recirculated to the boilers for reburning. Accumulated bottom ash is periodically removed during maintenance and sold for the vanadium content. The utility representatives indicate that other plants in their system utilize similar ash handling techniques.

Table .	-VII- 2	2
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SUMMARY OF E.P.A. DATA VERIFYING ASH POND PERFORMANCE, PLANT NO. 0107

Location	TSS mg/l	рH	Aluminum* mg/l	Chromium* mg/l	Copper* mg/l	Iron* mg/l	Mercury* mg/l	Zinc* mg/l
Intake	22	6.3	0.7	<b>∢</b> 0.04	<b>∢</b> 0.04	0.5	<0.04	<b>&lt;</b> 0.05
Inlet to Ash Pond		-						
<ul> <li>from fly ash</li> </ul>	76,440	4.4	1100	1.3	5.1	2500	0.1	2.8
• from bottom ash	4,110	5.6	56	0.1	0.3	112	<b>∢</b> 0.04	0.1
Ash Pond Discharge	14	4.3	6.0	<b>&lt;</b> 0.04	0.1	0.6	<b>&lt;</b> 0.1	0.1

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\* Note: Total



ASH SEDIMENTATION SYSTEM PLANT NO. 5305

Figure A-VII-6



JUKE A-VII-



plant No. 3621 employs the same type of dry bottom ash handling and reinjection of fly ash as mentioned above. The oil burned is Bunker "C" - Venezuela oil, with an ash content of 0.1%, a sulphur content of 3%, and a vanadium content of 300-400 ppm. A magnesium oxide fuel additive is used and it is estimated that bottom ash is 30%, and fly ash is 70%, the total ash and additives residue. of The following factors influenced the utility's choice of ash handling system: in a wet ash handling system it is estimated that 74.6% of the oil ash is soluble in water, and 30-40% of this ash remains in solution upon settling unless the detention time is very great - hence a large settling area requirement; oil ash sluice is expected to be acidic (pH 3.5- 4) and may cause corrosion and maintenance problems; the dry bottom ash collection system would allow a credit for the sale of this ash for its vanadium content of about \$ 0.001 per g (\$0.50 per 1b).

Plant nos. 5509 and 5511 employ completely recirculating wet fly ash handling systems. Dry bottom ash systems are in use at a few plants.

Coal Pile Runoff

In areas where water evaporation rates are higher than precipitation rates, it is possible to direct coal pile runoff to a storage pond. These ponds may be provided with an impervious liner to avoid leakage that may contaminate a ground water aquifer. Since the amount of runoff depends on rainfall, for an average annual rainfall of 100 cm (40") a flow rate of 100,000 cubic meter (26.4 million gallons) per year could be expected for a one hundred thousand square meter (25 acres) storage However, a precipitation of 5 cm (2") in one hour is also pile. possible resulting in 5000 m<sup>3</sup> (1.32 million gallons) runoff. Inasmuch as the evaporation of water is dependent on the surface area of pond, large pond areas will be required for these runoff flows. Furthermore, a leaping weir or similar device can be used to retain the initial, potentially significantly polluting, portions of storm rainfall (say the first 15 minutes of the design storm) and to divert the remaining relatively nonpolluting portions of the storm.

Storage ponds for retention and treatment of coal pile runoff should be designed for local weather conditions. The design basis of the pond should be complete retention of runoff resulting from a storm which occurs once in ten years. Piping and/or open channels used for collection of runoff from the coal pile should be designed to bypass all flow which exceeds the design basis of the storage pond. Weirs, baffles and regulators such as utilized in combined municipal sewer systems may be employed to bypass excess flow and avoid overloading of the storage pond.

Coal pile drainage with pH from 6 to 9.0, and low dissolved solids can be pumped to an ash pcnd along with other waste streams, depending upon available area of the pond. Runoff from coal pile with high acid and sulfate content can be neutralized by lime, limestone or soda ash. Any of these chemicals used for the neutralization process involves essentially the same unit operation. A typical sequence of unit operation is (a) holding (b) adding the neutralizing agent and mixing (c) sludge settling and disposal. The major difference between soda ash neutralization and lime or limestone neutralization is that soda ash produces a water low in hardness and calcium, but high in sodium. Other chemical parameters are comparable between the three neutralizing agent. Figure A-VII-9 presents the chemical cost for these three chemicals.

Limestone handling is easier than that of lime because of its low reactivity. Limestone reaction is not very sensitive quantitatively: i.e. small changes in limestone feed rate or runoff quality do not cause large changes in product water quality so that the accuracy of limestone feeding need not be controlled with the precision required for lime. Unlike lime, accidental over treatment is not a pollution problem with limestone because of its low solubility.

A major disadvantage in limestone neutralization can be attributed to the slow oxidation rate of ferrous iron and consequently lower rate of settling. The rate of settling can be increased by the addition of coagulant aids. Figure A-VII-10 and Figure A-VII-11 present a comparison of lime, limestone and soda ash reactivities and settling rates respectively. For a coal pile runoff containing ferrous iron (FeSO<u>4</u>) and free acid (H2SO<u>4</u>), the overall neutralization reaction using limestone (CaCO<u>3</u>) can be represented in the following simplified manner:

3CaCO3 + 2FeSO4 + H2SO4 + 0.5 02 + 2H20 = 3CaSO4 + 2Fe (OH) 3 + 3CO2

A method of collecting and neutralizing coal pile drainage is to excavate a channel arcund the coal pile large enough to have a 10 minute detention time. The bottom of the channel should contain a limestone bed for neutralizing the acid content of the runoff. The channel should be sloped so as to have the runoff drain to a sump from where it can be pumped or gravity fed to a holding pond prior to discharge.

Insoluble material or precipitated products from neutralization can be separated by sedimentation or filtration. The removal of solids by sedimentation has been described earlier. Figure A-VII-12 shows a typical coal pile, with a runoff collection ditch around the perimeter. Plant no. 3630 has a retrofit system for collecting and filtering coal pile drainage. The coal pile trench is designed to handle a 15-hour, once-in-36-years rainfall (3.9 inches). The inflow to the coal pile is gradually transferred to a collecting basin, which also receives yard and building drains. The maximum flow to the 100 ft diameter filtering pond is 2400 gpm. The filter medium is a 4 ft deep layer of 0.4 mm sand. The loading is 3.5 gpm/ft<sup>2</sup> and is designed to achieve 35 mg/l total suspended solids in the effluent. A design for lower effluent total suspended solids would involve a deeper bed, a better filter





COMPARISON OF LIME, LIMESTONE, AND SODA ASH REACTIVITIES

FIGURE A-VII-10



COMPARISON OF SETTLING RATE (From Reference 313)

FIGURE A-VII-11

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COAL PILE PLANT NO. 5305 Figure A-VII-12 media, or a larger bed area. This filter has achieved effluent total suspended solids levels of 15 mg/l or less over approximately 75 percent of the storm events to date. The trench and collecting basin construction costs were about \$750,000 and the filtering pond about \$150,000.

Floor and Yard Drains

Floor drains from a coal-fired generating station can be collected and pumped directly on to the coal pile so that the oil present in the drainage stream is absorbed by the coal and burned with it. The water will serve the purpose of keeping the pile wet in order to avoid spontaneous combustion. Floor drains from plants using a fuel mixture or fuel other than coal, can be neutralized (if necessary) by lime or acid to bring the pH between 6 and 9.0. Oil will be removed by passing the stream through an air floatation unit or an oil-water separator (Figures A-VII-13, 14). If the drains contain high levels of TSS, sedimentation techniques described earlier can be used. An air floatation unit used for floor and yard drains is shown in Figure A-VII-Contaminated stormwater runoff can be treated in a similiar manner. 15. Stormwater collected in oil storage tank basins is generally held for controlled discharge to an oil-water separator (Figures A-VII-16, 17).

## Air Pollution Control Scrubbing Devices

The nonrecovery alkali scrubbing process is a closed-loop type, and the process employs recycle lime scrubbing liquor. The process requires a make-up water for saturating the boiler gases. Consequently, the liquid effluent associated with the sludge removal step should be kept to a minimum to minimize make-up water requirements. This can be achieved by providing adequately sized ponds and adding flocculants for efficient settling. Use of mechanical filtration equipment will further dewater the sludge and thus minimize liquid effluent discharge. Oxidation of the scrubber discharge effluent will ensure that sulfite level in the sludge is minimal. Lime/limestone addition is necessary to eliminate acidity. If the process employs a pond in the scrubber liquor recycle loop, the pond should be lined to minimize ground seepage.

## Sanitary Wastes

Sanitary wastes can be discharged to municipal sewerage systems where possible. In rural areas, packaged sewage treatment plants are commonly used for treating this waste. Most of these plants are based on the biological principle of aerobic decomposition of the organic wastes and are able to reduce the raw sewage concentrations of BOD-5 and TSS to meet effluent standards applicable to publicly-owned treatment works.



FIGURE A-VII-43



TYPICAL A.P.I. OIL-WATER SEPARATOR FIGURE A-VII-14



# OIL SEPARATOR AND AIR FLOATATION UNIT PLANT NO. 0610 Figure A-VII-15



## CORRUGATED PLATE TYPE OIL WATER SEPARATOR FIGURE A-VII-16



OIL WATER SEPARATOR FIGURE A-VII-17 Other Wastes

Intake screen backwash can be collected, viable organisms returned to the waterway, and the collected debris removed before discharging the effluent to the receiving waters. Collected debris can be disposed of in a landfill or other solid waste disposal facility.

For other miscellaneous wastes, such as those from laboratory and sampling activities, etc., pH adjustment and TSS removal is similar to that followed in other waste streams. Technology for the control of pollution from construction activities is treated comprehensively in Reference 382.

Oil spillage from transformers can be absorbed in slag-filled pits under and around the transformers. Curbing of the pits prevents flooding by surface water and floating off the oil.

Waste water from the primary coolant loop of nuclear plants may contain boron; however, no treatment is known for boron removal. As explained in Part A Section V, nuclear plants follow a radioactive waste management system. Any treatment or recycle concept applied to remove non-radioactive pollutants from these wastes would have to consider the radioactive components of this waste.

## Pollutant-Specific Treatment Technology

Applicable control and treatment technology relevant to specific pollutants is discussed in the J.W. Patterson, et al, report "Wastewater Treatment Technology".<sup>208</sup> Based on the data of that report and other sources, the following information is given on pollutant-specific treatment technology.

Aluminum

Precipitates as the hydroxide at pH 6-7.371

Ammonia

Ammonia can be removed from waste waters by stripping with steam or air. Steam stripping systems are capable of achieving effluent ammonia concentrations of from 5 to 30 mg/l. Cooling towers could be considered as air strippers of ammonia from contaminated waters. However, the reverse effect can occur, i.e. air-borne ammonia is absorbed.<sup>375</sup>

## Antimony

Solubility data indicates a potential removal of about 90 percent by lime coagulation treatment.<sup>18</sup>

### Arsenic

Treatment processes employed involve coagulation at pH 6.0 to produce ferric hydroxide floc to tie up the arsenic and carry it from solution. This process has consistently yielded arsenic levels of 0.05 mg/l or less.

### Barium

Precipitation as barium sulfate after addition of ferric or sodium sulfate at pH 6.0 yields effluent levels of 0.03-0.27 mg/l.

Beryllium

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of beryllium from industrial waste waters. However, precipitation of insoluble sulfate, carbonate or hydroxide may be possible.

### Boron

No practicable treatment is reported. Borate-nitrate corrosion inhibition treatment is used in closed-loop house service water systems. Boron from this source could be reduced by minimizing the use of boroncontaining chemicals. However, some boron chemicals could discharge from ash sluicing operations as a result of boron content in raw coal used for firing.

## Cadmium

Cadmium precipitates as the hydroxide at elevated pH. Its solubility at pH 10 is 0.1 mg/l. The presence of iron hydroxide can enhance removal due to co-precipitation with, or adsorption on the iron floc. Complexing agents in the waste stream can reduce the effectiveness of precipitative removal.

Calcium

The lime-soda process precipitates calcium as calcium carbonate.

Chromium

The most common method of chromium removal is chemical reduction of hexavalent chromium to the trivalent ion and subsequent chemical precipitation. The standard reduction technique is to lower the waste stream pH to 3 or below by addition of sulfuric acid, and to add sulfur dioxide, sodium bisulfite (or metabisulfite or hydrosulfite), or ferrous sulfate as reducing agent. Trivalent chromium is then removed by precipitation with lime at pH 8.5-9.5.

The residual of hexavalent chromium after the reduction step depends on the pH, retention time, and the concentration and type of reducing agent employed. The following effluent levels are reported for treatment of industrial wastes:

metal finishing wastes, using sulfure dioxide - - - - - - 1 mg/1 metal finishing wastes, using sulfur dioxide - - - - - - "zero" wood preserving wastes, using sulfur dioxide - - - - - - 0.1 mg/1 electroplating wastes, using sodium bisulfite - - - - - 0.7-1.0 mg/l cooling tower blowdcwn, using metabisulfite - - - - - below 0.5 mg/1 cooling tower blowdcwn, using metabisulfite - - - - - - - 0.025-0.05 mg/1 metal plating wastes, using metabisulfite - - - - - - - 0.1 mg/l or less chrome plating wastes, using metabisulfite - - - - - - - - 0.05-0.1 mg/1

Ion exchange treatment of metal finishing waştes has successfully met chrome effluent standards equivalent to a hexavalent chromium concentration of 0.023 mg/l.

The solubility of trivalent chromium is less than approximately 0.1 mg/l in the pH range 8-9.5. Effluent levels, after precipitation of industrial wastes with lime, are reported as follows:

0.06 mg/l
3 mg/l
_
0.02 mg/1
0.75 mg/l

Ion exchange removal can effect complete removal of trivalent chromium.

The U.S. Atomic Energy Commission reports total chromate effluents of 0.1-0.2 mg/l after either chemical treatment or ion exchange. 372-373

Cobalt

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of cobalt from industrial waste waters.

## copper

Effluent concentrations of 0.5 mg/l can be consistently achieved by precipitation with lime employing proper pH control and proper settler design and operation. The maximum solubility of the metal hydroxide is in the range pH 8.5-9.5. In a powerplant, copper can appear in the waste water effluent as a result of corrosion of copper-containing components of the necessary plant hydraulic systems. Normally, every practicable effort is made, as a part of standard design and operating practices, to reduce corrosion of plant components. However, copper is not used in once-through boilers and, consequently, is not found in corresponding spent cleaning solutions. Excessively stringent effluent limitations on copper may necessitate complete redesign and alteration of condenser cooling and other systems. The following effluent levels of copper are reported for full-scale treatment of industrial wastes by lime precipitation followed by sedimentation (except as noted):

metal processing wastes	0.5 mg/l
metal processing wastes	0.2-2.5 mg/1
metal processing wastes, using	-
sand filtration	0.2-0.5 mg/l
metal fabrication wastes,	-
using coagulant	2.2 mg/l
metal finishing wastes avg.	0.2 mg/1
metal mill wastes	1-2 mg/1
wood preserving wastes	0.1-0.4 mg/1

A significant problem in achieving a low residual concentration of copper can result if complexing agents are present, especially cyanide and ammonia.

Iron

In general, acidic and/or anaerobic conditions are necessary for appreciable concentrations of soluble iron to exist. "Complete" iron removal with lime addition, aeration, and settling followed by sand filtration has been reported. Existing technology is capable of soluble iron removals to levels well below 0.3 mg/l. Failure to achieve these levels would be the result of improper pH control. The minimum solubility of ferric hydroxide is at pH 7. In some cases, apparently soluble iron may actually be present as finely divided solids due to inefficient settling of ferric hydroxide. Polishing treatment such as rapid sand filters will remove these solids. In a powerplant, iron, as with copper, can appear in the waste water effluent as a result of corrosion to iron-containing components of the necessary plant hydraulic systems. Normally, every practicable effort is made, as a part of standard design and operating procedures, to reduce corrosion of plant components. Excessively stringent effluent limitations on iron, as with copper, may necessitate complete redesign and alteration of condenser cooling and other systems.

## Lead

Precipitation by lime and sedimentation has been reported. Little data is available on effluent lead after treatment; however, the extreme insolubility of lead hydroxide indicates that good conversion of soluble lead to insoluble lead can be achieved, with subsequent removal by settling or filtration.

### Magnesium

The lime-soda process precipitates magnesium as the hydroxide.

Manganese

Precipitates upon lime addition. Significant' removals during water treatment are achieved at pH 9.4 and above.

### Molybdenum

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of molybdenum from industrial waste waters. However, precipitation as chloride or sulfide may be possible.

### Mercury

General treatment methods exist which are applicable to mercury-bearing waste streams. One of the most common, simplest, and most effective methods to remove mercury from solution is precipitation of an insoluble mercury compound. Sodium sulfide (Na2S) and sodium hydro-sulfide (NaHS) are effective in forming the extremely insoluble Hgs. This method is not favored, however, when recovery of mercury is desired, since offensive and poisonous hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas is formed in the reduction process. Other methods include filtration with adsorptive compounds such as activated carbon and graphite powder, chemical flocculation, and ion exchange.

### Nickel

Nickel forms insoluble nickel hydroxide upon addition of lime. Little efficiency is gained above a pH of 10, where the minimum theoretical solubility is 0.01 mg/l.

### Oil and Grease

Certain preventative measures can be applied to prevent spillage of oil and the entrance of oil into the plant drainage system. For example, plant No. 1201 employs inflatable "stoppers" in the entrance to plant floor drains to trap spilled oil and so that it may be removed before entering the floor drain system. Means for oil separation from waste water have been discussed in a previous discussion of treatment of floor and yard drain waste water.
Flotation is efficient in removing emulsified oil and requires minimum space. It can be used without chemical addition, but demulsifiers and coagulants can improve performance in some cases. Whenever possible, primary separation facilities should be employed to remove free oil and solids before the water enters the flotation unit. Multi-stage units are more effective than single-stage units. Partial-recycle units are more effective than full-pressure units. Oil removal facilities including single-cell flotation can achieve effluent oil and grease levels from 10-20 mg/l, while multi-stage units can achieve 2-10 mg/l.

## Total Phosphorus (as P)

Phosphorus concentrations of less than 0.1 mg/l can be routinely obtained using two-stage lime clarification at pH 11, followed by multimedia pressure filters. Single-stage lime clarification at pH 9-11 with or without filtration can achieve phosphorus concentrations of 2 mg/l or less. Figure A-VII-18 shows the effect of pH on phosphorus concentration of effluent after filtration. The average concentration for a clarifier pH of 9.5, and prior to filtration was 0.75 mg/l.<sup>37</sup>

#### Potassium

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of potassium from industrial waste waters.

# Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

PCBs are commonly used as coolants in large transformers. Special care should be taken to prevent leaks and spills and to contain possible spills of these fluids in order to prevent their discharge to water bodies.

#### Selenium

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of selenium.

## Silver

Precipitation with chloride ion can remove silver to the mg/l level. However, co-precipitation with other metal hydroxides under alkaline conditions improves silver removal to less than 0.1 mg/l.

# Sodium

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of sodium from industrial waste waters.





Effect of pH on Phosphorus Concentration of Effluent from Filters Following Lime Clarifier

#### sulfate

Use of lime (calcium carbonate) in place of dolomite (mixture of calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate) in lime treatment will minimize the presence of soluble sulfates, due to insolubility of calcium sulfate and solubility of magnesium sulfate.

# Thallium

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of thallium from industrial waste waters. However, the trivalent hydroxide is insoluble and may be removed by lime addition.

Tin

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of tin from industrial waste waters. However, precipitation as hydroxide or sulfite may occur.

Titanium

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of titanium from industrial waste water.

Total Dissolved Solids

Removal of total dissolved solids (TDS) from waste waters is one of the more difficult and more expensive waste treatment procedures. Where TDS result from heavy metal or hardness ions, reduction can be achieved by chemical precipitation methods; however, where dissolved solids are present as sodium, calcium, or potassium compounds, then TDS reduction requires more specialized treatment, such as reverse osmosis, electrodialysis, distillation, and ion exchange.

Total Suspended Solids

Suspended solids removal can be achieved by sedimentation and filtration Sedimentation lagoons are commonly used at steam electric operations. powerplants. Some plants employed configured tanks. Tanks can be used where space limitations are important. Filtration is used for rainfall runoff waste water at plant No. 3630. Tanks constructed for solids removal usually have built-in facilities for continuous or intermittent Designs based on maximum flow anticipated can provide sludge removal. Equalization can be provided to regulate flow. the best performance. The retention time required is related to the particle characteristics. Plant No. 3905 employs a settling basin 250,000 sq ft x 5 ft deep to provide a minimum retention time of 24 hours for a waste stream of normally 1800 gpm (3300 gpm maximum). The ash pond is 600 acres in area and will contain 6,700 acre ft. Coal used at the plant is pulverized to size passing 80 percent through a 200 mesh screen. Approximately 80 a percent of the ash is discharged as fly ash. No cooling water is discharged to the ash pond. The distance from inlet to outfall is about

one mile. The narrow water stream in the pond meanders through the settled ash piles. The reported flow is about 500 gpm.

Nine out of the ten fossil-fueled steam electric powerplants operated by the Tennessee Valley Authority use ash ponds for both fly ash and bottom cleaning. ash, as well as for other plant wastes such as from boiler Effluent samples from these ponds have been taken quarterly over a period of several years. Analyses were performed and reported on numerous parameters including total solids, total dissolved solids and turbidity. Total suspended solids values can be inferred as the difference between total solids and total dissolved solids. Total suspended solids can be determined from 74 of these samples. See Table The minimum number of samples for any one plant is 6 and the A-VII-3. maximum number is 16. Total suspended solids levels were 0 mg/l in 25 samples, 10 mg/l in 24 samples, and from 20 to 270 mg/l in the remaining 25 samples. Ninety-five percent of the samples were 70 mg/l or lower. The median value of the sample is 10 mg/l and the average (mean) value the low 95 percent of samples is 15 mg/l total suspended solids. of Flow rates range from 3,000 to 15,000 gpm and ash pond sizes from 35 to 275 acres.

Vanadium

No information was found concerning treatment methods for the removal of vanadium from industrial waste waters. However, precipitation as the insoluble hydroxides may occur.

# Zinc

Lime addition for pH adjustment can result in precipitation of zinc hydroxide. Operational data indicate that levels below 1 mg/l zinc are readily obtainable with lime precipitation. The use of zinc can be minimized since other treatment chemicals are available to reduce corrosion in closed cooling-water cycle. Zinc removals have been reported for a range of industrial systems and, generally, treatment is not for zinc alone. Lime addition with hydroxide precipitation followed by sedimentation (except as indicated) has yielded the following effluent zinc levels:

0.2-0.5 mg/1 2 mg/l plating wastes, using 0.6 mq/1 less than 1 mg/1 fiber manufacturing wastes - - - - less than 1 mg/1 tableware manufacturing wastes, using sand filtration - - - - - - 0.02-0.23 mg/1 fiber manufacturing wastes - - - - -0.9-1.5 mg/1 fiber manufacturing wastes - - - - - -1 mg/1 metal fabrication wastes - - - - - -0.5-1.2 mg/1

Table A-VII-3

D SOLIDS, mg/l 386

ASH POND EFFLUENT	TOTAL	SUSPENDED	SOLIDS	mg/1	
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Plant No.	0111	0112	2120	4701	4702	4703	4704	4705	4706
Flow Rate, gpm	6,000	15,000	14,000	7,000	7,000	8,000	3,000	5,000	15,000
Pond Size, acres	45		185	35	110	340	40	90	275
Total suspended	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
solids, mg/l	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10	0	0	10	О	10	0	0	0
	20	10	10	10	10	10	0	10	10
	40	10	10	10	10	10	10	20	10
	100	10	40	10	20	20	10	160	10
		20	60	10	40	30	10		20
		20	60	10	70		10		20
		30		10	200		40		
				10					
				30					
				40					
				40					
				60					
				70					
				370					

Combined Chemical Treatment

### Precipitation

effluent levels of metal ions attainable by combined chemical The treatment depend upon the insolubility of metal hydroxides in the treated water and upon the ability to mechanically separate the hydroxides from the process stream. The theoretical solubilities of copper, nickel, chromium, zinc, silver, lead, cadmium, tellurium and ferric and ferrous ircn as a function of pH are shown in Figures A-VII-19, 20. At a pH of 9.5 the solubility of copper, zinc, chromium, nickel and iron is of the order of 0.1 mg/l, or less. Experimental values plotted in Figures A-VII-21, 22 vary somewhat from the theoretical values. Nevertheless, the need for fairly close pH control in order to avoid high concentrations of dissolved metal in the effluent is evident. A pH of 8.5 to 9.0 is best for minimizing the solubility of copper, chromium and zinc, but a pH of 10.0 is optimum for minimizing the solubility of nickel and iron. To limit the solubility of all of these metals in a mixed solution, an intermediate pH level would be selected. 379

A further aspect related to solubility is the time for reaction. Figure A-VII-23 shows the change in solubilities of zinc, cadmium, copper and nickel with time for various levels of pH.

The theoretical and experimental results do not always agree well with results obtained in practice. Concentrations can be obtained that are lower than the above experimental values, often at pH values that are not optimum on the basis of the above considerations. Effects of coprecipitation and adsorption on the flocculating agents added to aid in settling the precipitate play a significant role in reducing the concentration of the metal ions. Dissolved solids made up of noncommon ions can increase the solubility of the metal hydroxides according to the Debye-Huckel Theory. In a treated solution from a typical electroplating plant, which contained 230 mg/l of sodium sulfate and 1,060 mg/l of sodium chloride, the concentration of nickel was 1.63 times its theoretical solubility in pure water. Therefore, salt concentrations up to approximately 1,000 ppm should not increase the solubility more than 100 percent as compared to the solubility in pure water. However, dissolved solids concentrations of several thousand ppm could have a marked effect upon the solubility of the hydroxide. 379

When solubilizing complexing agents are present, the equilibrium constant of the complexing reaction has to be taken into account in determining theoretical solubility with the result that the solubility of the metal is generally increased. Complexing agents such as EDTA







Figure A-VII-20

Theoretical solubilities of metal ions as a function of  ${\rm ph}^{236}$ 



Figure A-VII-21

EXPERIMENTAL VALUES – SOLUBILITY OF METAL IONS AS A FUNCTION OF pH  $^{379}$ 



Figure A-VII-22 EXPERIMENTALLY DETERMINED SOLUBILITIES OF METAL IONS AS A FUNCTION OF pH

Reference No. 236





(ethylene-diamine-tetraacetic acid), could have serious consequences upon the removal of metal ions by precipitation. <sup>379</sup>

Superposed on the situation presented above for chemical treatment for the removal of iron, copper, chromium and nickel could be requirements for removal of other heavy metals and phosphorus. Phosphorus effluents 2 mg/l are achievable with or without filtration at pH 9-11, of therefore, no problem of phosphorus removal is anticipated at pH values which are optimum for the removal of iron, copper, chromium and nickel, Reference 380 presents minimum pH values for complete (effluent generally 1 mg/l) precipitation of metal ions as hydroxides as follows: Sn+2 (pH 4.2), Fe+3 (pH 4.3), A1+3 (pH 5.2), Pb+2 (pH 6.3), Cu+2 (pH 7.2), Zn+2 (pH 8.4), Ni+2 (pH 9.3), Fe+2 (9.5), Cd+2 (pH 9.7), Mn+2 (pH 10.6). In the case of amphoteric metals such as aluminum and zinc, resolubilization will occur if the solution becomes too alkaline.

# Alkali Selection

Several alkaline materials are available for use in chemical treatment, e.g. lime, hydrated lime, limestone, caustic soda, soda ash. The choice among these may depend on availability, cost, desired effluent quality, ease of handling, reactivity, or characteristics of sludge produced. A comparison of these materials is given in Table A-VII-4. When cost and effluent quality are the most important factors, lime, hydrated lime and limestone would be the more commonly used alkalis.

Lime is readily available and relatively simple to use. In acid (coal) mine drainage applications, it consistently neutralizes the acidity and removes the iron and other metals present in mine drainage at a reasonable cost, if not the least cost. For these reasons, lime is used in most of the estimated 300 plants that treat mine drainage. 380 The relative disadvantages of lime are: an increase in the hardness of the treated water, problems of scale (gypsum) formation on plant equipment, and the difficulties in dewatering or disposal of the sludge volumes produced. There are four basic steps in lime treatment. First, waste waters are neutralized by addition of slurried lime with vigorous mixing Aeration is provided for 15-30 minutes to oxidize 1-2 minutes. for ferrous iron to the ferric state. Solids separation is provided in either mechanical clarifiers, or large earthen settling basins. treated water is discharged and the sludge is disposed of. Cap The Capital costs range from about \$40/m<sup>3</sup> processed/day for a 40,000 m<sup>3</sup>/day process to about  $100/m^3/day$  for a 2,000 m<sup>3</sup>/day process to about  $1,000/m^3/day$ for a 400 m<sup>3</sup>/day process for treatment of acid mine drainage. Operating costs vary from 3 to 12 cents per 1,000 m<sup>3</sup> (11 to 45 cents per million gallons) per mg/l of acidity but are generally in the range 4 to 7 (15 to 27) cents.<sup>380</sup> Sludge disposal costs can be as much as 50 percent of the total operating costs.

Limestone has several advantages over other alkaline agents. The sludge produced settles more rapidly and occupies a smaller volume. The pH of

# Table A-VII-4

# COMPARISON OF ALKALINE AGENTS FOR CHEMICAL TREATMENT 380

Agent	Cost, \$/ unit of CaCO <sub>3</sub> equiv.
Limestone, Rock (calcium carbonate)	8.82
Limestone, Dust (calcium carbonate)	11.02
Quick Lime (calcium oxide)	14.19
Hydrated Lime (calcium hydroxide)	20.40
Magnesite (magnesium carbonate)	23.24
Soda Ash (sodium carbonate, 50%)	42.08
Dolomite (calcium-magnesium carbonate)	47.70
Ammonium Hydroxide	50.14
Caustic Soda (sodium hydroxide,50%)	67.02

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the treatment is not so sensitive to feed rate. Limestone is easier to handle than the other alkaline materials. Disadvantages center around its slow reactivity which requires larger detention times and larger treatment vessels. As a result of its disadvantages few actual operating systems have been installed.

## Aeration

The oxidation of ferrous iron to ferric iron can be accomplished by either diffused or mechanical aeration equipment. Capital costs range from about \$2,000 for a 100 m<sup>3</sup> flow/day process to about \$50,000 for a 10,000 m<sup>3</sup> flow/day process. Operating costs will vary from 10-20 percent of the total plant operating costs.<sup>380</sup>

#### Solids Separation

The first step in separating the precipitated metals is settling, which is very slow for gellike zinc hydroxide, but accelerated by coprecipitation with the hydroxides of copper and chromium. Coagulation can also be aided by adding metal ions such as ferric iron which forms ferric hydroxide and absorbs some of the other hydroxide, forming a floc that will settle. Ferric iron has been used for this purpose in sewage treatment for many years as has aluminum sulfate. Ferric chloride is frequently added to the clarifier of chemical waste-treatment plants in plating installations. Flocculation and settling are further improved by use of polyelectrolytes, which are high molecular weight polymers containing several ionizable ions. Due to their ionic character they are capable of swelling in water and adsorbing the metal hydroxide which they carry down during settling.

Settling is accomplished in the batch process in mechanical clarifier or a stagnant tank, and after a time the sludge may be emptied through the bottom and the clear effluent drawn off through the side or top. The continuous system uses a baffled tank such that the stream flows first to the bottom but rises with a decreasing vertical velocity until the floc can settle in a practically stagnant fluid.

Although the design of the clarifiers has been improved through many years of experience, no settling technique or clarifier is 100 percent effective; some of the floc is found in the effluent - typically 10 to 20 mg/l. This floc could contain 2 to 10 mg/l of metal. Polishing filters or sand filters can be used on the effluent following clarification. The general effectiveness of such filtering has not been ascertained.

# Sludge Disposal

Clarifier underflow (sludge) contains typically 1 to 2 percent solids and can be carried to a lagoon. Run-off through porous soil to groundwater can be objectionable since precipitated metal hydroxides tend to get into adjacent streams or lakes. Impervious lagoons require evaporation into the atmosphere; however, the average annual rainfall in many locations balances atmospheric evaporation. Additionally, heavy rainfalls can fill and overflow the lagoon. Lagooning can be avoided by dewatering the sludge to a semi-dry or dry condition.

several devices are available for dewatering sludge. Rotary vacuum filters will concentrate sludge containing 4 to 8 percent solids to 20 to 25 percent solids. Since the effluent concentration of solids is generally less than 4 percent, a thickening tank is generally employed between the clarifier and the filter. The filtrate will contain more than the allowed amount of suspended solids, and must, therefore, be sent back to the clarifier.

Centrifuges will also thicken sludges to the above range of consistency and have the advantage of using less floor space. The effluent contains at least 10 percent solids and is returned to the clarifier.

Pressure filters may be used. In contrast to rotary filters and centrifuges, pressure filters will produce a filtrate with less than 3 mg/l of suspended solids. The filter cake contains approximately 20 to 25 percent solids. Pressure filters are usually designed for a filtration rate of 2.04 to 2.44 liters/min/sq m (0.05 to 0.06 gpm/sq ft) of clarifier sludge.

Solids contents from 25 to 35 percent in filter cakes can be achieved with semi-continuous tank filters rated at 10.19 to 13.44 liters/min/sq m (0.25 to 0.33 gpm/sq ft) surface. A solids content of less than 3 mg/l is normally accepted for direct effluent discharge. The units require minimum floor space.

Plate and frame presses produce filter cakes with 40 to 50 percent dry solids and a filtrate with less than 5 mg/l total suspended solids. Because automation of these presses is difficult, labor costs tend to be high. The operating costs are partially off-set by low capital equipment costs.

Automated tank-type pressure filters produce a cake the solids content of which can reach as high as 60 percent while the filtrate may have up to 5 mg/l of total suspended solids. The filtration rate is approximately 2.04 liters/min/sq m (0.05 gpm/sq ft) filter surface area. Pressure filters can also be used directly for neutralized wastes containing from 300 to 500 mg/l suspended solids at design rates of 4.88 to 6.52 liters/min/sq m (0.12 to 0.16 gpm/sq ft) and still maintain a low solids content in the filtrate. Filter cakes can easily be collected in solid waste containers and hauled to land fills.

Several companies have developed proprietary chemical fixation processes which are being used to solidify sludges prior to land disposal. In contrast to filtration, the amount of dried sludge to be hauled is

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increased. Claims are that the process produces insoluble metal ions so that in leaching tests only a fraction of a part per million is found in solution. However, much information is lacking on the long term behavior of the "fixed" product, and potential leachate problems which might arise. The leachate test data and historical information to date indicate that the process has been successfully applied in the disposal of polyvalent metal icns and it apparently does have advantages in producing easier to handle materials and in eliminating free water. Utilization of the chemical fixation process is felt to be an improvement over many of the environmentally unacceptable disposal methods now in common usage by industry. Nevertheless, chemically fixed wastes should be regarded as easier-to-handle equivalents of the raw wastes and the same precautions and requirements required for proper landfilling of raw waste sludges should be applied.

#### Evaporation Processes

Basic processes, in addition to evaporation ponds, include multi-stage flash evaporation, multi-effect long-tube (vertical) evaporation, and vapor compression evaporation. The multi-stage flash evaporation process has been considered potentially applicable to the production of potable water from acid mine drainage.<sup>380</sup> Major problems which have confronted this process are calcium sulfite scaling and brine deposit. The product water at 50 mg/l TDS is suitable for recycle to almost all water uses in steam electric powerplants.

Evaporation ponds are in use at a number of steam electric powerplants to reduce waste streams to dryness. Plant No. 4883 uses 101,000 sq ft of lined evaporation pond to evaporate a maximum flow of 43,000 gal/day of waste water (with treatment, boiler blowdown) to dryness. Configured systems are being installed at three steam electric powerplants (plant 0413, 3517 and 4907). The configured systems use nos. brine concentrators which recycle the distillate to the demineralizer system or to the cooling tower. All process 156 gpm of cooling tower blowdown. water treatment wastes, etc., are combined with the However, recirculation cooling water. The plants involved are designed to achieve no discharge of pollutants through recycle of waste water streams. Therefore, the concentrated brine ultimately contains all plant wastes. The costs of the units are approximately \$2-4/kW with about 18 months required for installation. The application of evaporative brine concentrators to low-volume waste stream effluents after chemical treatment is not known to have been achieved. Therefore, some technical risks may be involved in applying this technology directly to low-volume waste water of powerplants.

# Other Processes

Membrane processes are capable of acceptably high levels of brine concentration. However, flux-rate reduction with increasing brine concentration, and membrane fouling are problems which have not been satisfactorily overcome. Insufficient information is available to judge the performance, reliability, costs of membrane electrodialysis, ion exchange, freezing, electrochemical oxidation (of ferrous iron), ozone oxidization or any other process for the treatment of steam electric powerplant waste waters.

# Powerplant Wastewater Treatment Systems

Previous sections of this report have discussed the significant parameters of chemical pollution present in various waste streams and the control and treatment technology available to reduce these parameters to acceptable limits. It would generally not be practicable for powerplants to provide separate treatment facilities for each of the waste streams described. However, segregation and treatment of boiler cleaning waste water and ion exchange water treatment waste water is practiced in 'a relatively few stations, but is potentially practicable for all stations. Cily waste waters are segregated from nonoily waste streams at some stations and the oil and grease removed by gravity separators and/or flotation units. Combined treatment of waste water streams is practiced in numerous plants. However, in most cases treatment is accomplished only to extent that self-neutralization, coprecipitation and sedimentation occur because of the joining and and detention of the waste water streams. Chemicals are added during combined treatment at some plants for pH control. Most of these stations employ lagcons, or ash ponds, while a few plants employ configured settling tanks. It would be generally practicable, from the standpoint of costs versus effluent reduction benefits, for powerplants separately the low-volume waste streams, certain treat to intermediate-volume waste streams, the high-volume waste streams, and the waste stream caused by rainfall runoff.

The major problem in providing a central treatment facility is the variability of the flow characteristics of the waste streams generated in a powerplant. As previously indicated, some of the flows are either continuous or daily batch discharges, while others only occur a few times per year and others depend on meteorological conditions. The provision of adequate storage to retain the maximum anticipated single batch discharge is therefore a critical aspect of the design of a centralized treatment facility. For purposes of this report it has been assumed that sufficient storage would be provided to store the largest batch discharge, which in most plants would be the boiler cleaning waste, and deliver it to the treatment units at an essentially uniform rate.

A small, highly efficient central treatment facility would be primarily designed to handle low volume wastes with relatively high concentrations of heavy metals, suspended solids, acidity, alkalinity, etc. The addition of intermediate-volume wastes such as cooling tower blowdown and nonrecirculating ash sluice water to this facility would require a significantly more costly investment and would not with the same

practices be able to affect as high a degree of effluent reduction (pounds) due to the dilution factors involved. The capital investment required for inclusion of cooling tower blowdown in the central facility may be significant. The benefit derived from including this stream in terms of suspended solids removal is questionable when compared to the added cost involved. Cooling tower blowdown and nonrecirculating ash sluice water was not considered in development of the model treatment characteristics of these streams are facility because the not necessarily compatible with the treatment objectives of the central facility. Cooling tower blowdown generally can be characterized by a relatively high concentration of the total dissolved solids present in the water source and a somewhat lower concentration of the suspended In addition, tower blowdown solids present in the water source. generally contains small concentrations of chlorine and other additives from the closed cooling system. The objective of directing cooling tower blowdown to a central treatment facility would most likely be for the removal of suspended solids. However, in general treatment for removal of suspended solids prior to the use of water as make up to a cooling tower would be practiced if the suspended solids level is at all significant. In any event, some concentration of the suspended solids level will occur in the tower due to evaporation and, in some cases, due to contact with airborne particulates. However, the cooling tower basin also acts as a settling basin to some degree, so that suspended solids in many cases will settle out in the cooling tower basin. In any case, the objective of suspended solids removal from these intermediate-volume waste streams can best be achieved by the commonly employed practice of using sedimentation lagoons. In some cases in both fossil-fueled (plant no. 2119) and nuclear plants (plant no. 3905) cooling tower blowdown is combined with low volume wastes in the sedimentation pond. Better results can be obtained by segregation of these low-volume and intermediate-volume waste streams. In plant no. 3905 the pond is designed for 24 hours detention and is divided by a dike to provide settled solids accumulation in the forepond to facilitate removal, and further to prevent short-channeling of waste water flows. Segregation could have been provided at an incremental cost for the additional piping required. Where sufficient land is not available for effective ash ponds and/or where no discharge of heavy metals, etc., would be required, closed-loop recirculating systems can be employed which require much less available land. Recirculating ash sluicing systems of this type are capable of achieving no discharge of ash in waste water effluents. An example of such a system is the upgraded waste treatment facility now operating at plant No. 3630. In this system, bottom ash is sluiced from the ash hoppers and collected in the hydrobins. The sluicing water is recirculated back to the hoppers thus making a closed loop system.

# Wastewater Management

Because of the varied uses that are made of water in a powerplant and the wide range of water quality required for those uses, powerplants present unusual opportunities for wastewater management and water reuse. highest water quality requirements are for the boiler feedwater The Makeup to this system must be supply. demineralized to TDS concentrations of the order of 50 mg/l for intermediate pressure plants and 2 mg/l for high pressure plants. Boiler blowdown is generally of higher purity than the original source of supply, and can be recycled for any other use in the plant, including makeup to the demineralizers. In plants using closed cooling water systems, the blowdown from the cooling system is of the same chemical quality as the water circulating in the condenser cooling system. Limits on the water quality in that system is governed by the need to remain below concentrations at which scale forms in the condenser. However, if calcium is the limiting component, the introduction of a softening step in the blowdown stream would restore the waste to a quality suitable for reuse. Even without softening, the blowdown from the condenser cooling water system is suitable for makeup to the ash sluicing system, or for plants using alkaline scrubbers for control of sulfur dioxide in stack gases, as makeup to that system. Plants located adjacent to mines (mine-mouth plants) often have additional requirements for low quality water for ore processing at the mine.

With these cascading water uses it is frequently possible to devise water management systems in which there is no effluent as such from the powerplant. These plants still have significant overall water requirements, but the water is used consumptively for evaporation and drift in cooling towers, for sulfur dioxide removal, or for ash handling and ore preparation. Figures A-VII-24, 25 show flow diagrams, taken from Reference 378, for a typical 600-Mw coal-fired plant, with and without waste water management to achieve no discharge of pollutants. equalization basin is usually provided for temporary large waste An discharges such as result from cleaning operations, but even these wastes can be reintroduced into the system at a later time. Several "exemplary" plants visited during this study were using water management schemes of this type without economic penalties. Water management may be the most economical mode for operating a powerplant in a water short There can be no doubt that the concept of no discharge of area. pollutant is feasible for many steam electric powerplants. A number of plants within the industry currently practice recycle and reuse in varying degrees and in a number of different ways. Several plants constructed within the last few years were designed for minimal or no discharge. See Figure A-VII-26.

Plant No. 3206 was intended to be a no discharge facility and is achieving that goal although some operating problems have been encountered. The plant receives slurried coal by pipeline and after dewatering reuses the water in its service system. Makeup to the cooling towers is softened to obtain 16-17 concentrations in the system and therby minimize blowdown. Ash sluicing water is also recycled and



Figure A-VII-24 Sewage and Waste Water Disposal for a Typical Coal-Fired Unit, 600 MW 378



EVAPORATOR + BOILER BLOWDOWN 220 GPM

Figure A-VII-25 Recycle of Sewage and Waste Water for a Typical Coal-Fired Unit, 600 MW 378



RECYCLE WATER SYSTEM, PLANT NO. 2750

blowdown from this system along with other blowdown streams are sent to evaporation ponds for final disposal.

plant No. 5305 is a mine-mouth facility which also was designed to produce no discharge other than that resulting from coal pile drainage and the effluent from the sewage treatment plant. Discharges from plant operations, including cooling tower blowdown, water treatment wastes, boiler blowdown, flcor drains and blowdown from a closed ash sluicing system are collected in effluent storage ponds. Makeup to the ash sluicing operation is taken from these ponds, but the major portion of the water is transported to the mine and coal preparation plant. The plant is an excellent example of cascading water reuse to usages requiring successively lower water quality. A large amount of the water withdrawn from the river is lost through evaporation in the cooling towers. The remainder is either ultimately tied up with filter cake at the coal preparation plant or disposed of with wet ash. Both the filter cake and the ash are returned to the mine for use as fill.

Plant No. 0801 utilizes a series of ponds to achieve intermittent controlled discharge for use in irrigation. The ponds provide the water required for condenser cooling, boiler feed, flue gas scrubbing and ash sluicing. Ash sluice, boiler blowdown and scrubber wash water are discharged to two alternately used ash ponds. Overflow from these ponds and condenser cooling water are discharged to a series of three ponds or lakes. The third in the series of ponds serves as the water source, thus providing a completely closed system.

Several generating stations are utilizing closed-loop recirculating systems for ash sluicing operations. Systems of this type are capable of achieving no discharge of as in wastewater effluents. Examples of such systems include plants 3630 (a retrofit) and 3626.. Both of these installations collect sluiced bottom ash in hydrobins, and recirculate the water back to the ash hoppers for sluicing. This type of system is particularly suited to plants where sufficient land is not available for effective ash ponds. Plant No. 4846 also utilizes a closed-loop ash sluicing system, but employs an ash pond with discharge from the pond being pumped back to the plant.

Plant No. 3630 has a retrofit system for achieving no discharge of pollutants from bottom ash sluicing, boiler cleaning wastes, floor drainage, boiler blowdown, evaporator blowdown, and demineralizer This achieved through the re-use of neutralized wastes. is demineralizer waste water, boiler cleaning effluents, floor drainage, boiler blowdown, and evaporation blowdown in the ash sluicing operation. is achieved through the moisture content (15-20 Ultimate blowdown percent) of the bottom ash discharged to trucks for off-site use. Fly ash, handled dry, is also trucked to off-site uses. The plant capacity is 600 Mw and operates in the base-load mode. The bottom ash recycle and handling system occupies a space approximately 200 ft square. The entire system cost about \$2 million including equipment, foundations,

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re-piping, pumps, and instrumentation and took approximately two years including engineering, purchasing, delivery, install and to The same plant retrofit a system for collecting and installation. filtering coal-pile drainage and road and building drainage. The coal pile trench is designed to handle drainage from a "once-in-30-years" rainfall (3.9 inches). The filtering pond is 100 ft in diameter and the filter bed is sand. Trash from the bar screens of the intake is buried on-site. The demineralizer neutralization system cost about \$80,000, the boiler cleaning effluent tanks about \$100,000, re-piping about \$250,000, and the intake screen washing system about \$35,000.

Other plants employ various recycle and reuse techniques depending upon their water needs, environmental effects, plant layout, etc. Plants 2119 and 4217 utilize cooling tower blowdown as makeup to the ash sluicing system. Plant No. 3713 discharges treated chemical wastes from the ash pond into the intake to the condenser cooling water stream. Plant No. 4216 utilizes a closed-loop wet scrubbing device for air pollution control, and plant 2512 sluices fly ash from an electrostatic precipitator to a pond and reuses the water in the sluicing system.

A number of plants, including Nos. 2512, 2525, 3601A, and 4217 utilize central treatment facilities or ponds to treat chemical type wastes to acceptable levels for discharge. The effluents produced could be reused, but the availability of an adequate, cheap water supply has not made this necessary in these instances.

Recycling in nuclear plants and plants with no ash sluicing will depend primarily upon treatment of cooling tower blowdown and re-use of the blowdown as make up to the tower. The wastes resulting from water treatment could be recycled to the influent of the water treatment Blowdown from these internal recycling schemes would be treated plant. by desalination techniques to remove total dissolved solids, and as a result, water produced by this treatment could also be recycled. In plants where a water surplus would occur, the intent would be complete treatment for removal of all pollutants and discharge of clean water to the receiving stream. This interpretation of "no discharge" is meant to be no discharge of pollutants, rather than no discharge of any liquid Generally, however, it is anticipated that even nuclear plants stream. and plants with no ash sluicing will not have a water surplus, but will require makeup to the various internal recycling schemes.

In any case the degree of practicability of recycle and re-use systems would be favored in cases where: a) Tower construction is corrosion resistant to water high in TDS, sulfates and chlorides. b) Piping systems and equipment are lined or resistant to corrosion. c) Condenser leakage affecting feedwater quality for sustained power operation is minimized or compensated for. d) Sludge handling and disposal facilities are adequately designed and available. e) Designs for tower operation at a high number of cycles of concentration could be feasible if windage and drift losses are minimized to eliminate heavy carryover of solids to the surrounding areas.

In summary, the concept of recyle or re-use is not new to the steam electric powerplant industry. Many plants utilize a variety of recycle schemes to satisfy particular needs, and these systems have the potential for broad application in the industry to meet effluent limitation guidelines.

## Summary

Table A-VIII-5 provides a summary of the control and treatment technology for the various waste streams. The table includes the effluent reduction achievable with each alternative, the usage in the steam electric powerplant industry and approximately capital and operating costs. Table A-VIII-6 summarizes flow data for chemical wastes, indicating the range of values from reported data and typical flows or volumes for each chemical waste stream.

The costs of the application of various control and treatment technologies in relation to the effluent reduction benefits to be achieved are given in Table A-VII-7 for large volume waste streams, Table A-VII-8 for intermediate volume waste streams, Table A-VII-9 for low volume waste streams, and Table A-VII-10 for rainfall waste streams.

#### TABLE A-VII-5 CHEMICAL WASTES CONTROL & TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY

	Co	ntrol and/or	Effluent			
	Tr	eatment	Reduction	Industry	Costs	
Pollutant Parameter	Те	chnology	Achievable	Usage	Capital	Operating
<u>Common</u> : pH	Ne	utralization	Neutral pH	Common	\$10-20,000 (tanks,	\$3-30,000 (Chemicals,
Dissolved Solids	w 1.	ith chemicals Concentration and evaporation	Complete Removal	Not generally in use De- salinization technology	<pre>\$250,000-\$1,660,000 from Table A-VIII-5; costs are signifi- cantly less in areas where evaporation prods are feasible</pre>	fasting etc.) \$150,000-\$450,000 from Table A-VIII-6; costs are significantly less in areas where evaporation ponds are fastible
	2.	Reverse Osmosis	50-95%	Not in use Desalinization	50-80 ¢/100 total co	gal. st.
<u> </u>	3.	Distillation	60 <b>-</b> 90 <b>%</b>	Not in use Desalinization technology.	80-150 ¢/100 total cos	0 gal. t.
Suspended Solids	1.	Sedimentation	90-95%	Extensive	\$1000-\$20,000 MW based on 500 gpd/MW	1-20¢/1000 gallons
	2.	Chemical Coagulation and Precipitation	95-99%	Moderate	\$10,000-\$35,000 MW	1-20¢/1000 gallons
	3.	Filtration	95%	Not generally practiced-water treatment technology.	\$7,000-\$30,000 MW based on 500 gpd/MW	1-20¢/1000 gallons
Specific: Phosphate (Blowdown,Chemical Cleaning, Floor & Yard Drains, Plant Laboratory & Sampli	l. ng)	Chemical coagulation and Precipitation		Not generally practiced-water treatment technology.	<u>\$10,000-\$35,000</u> MW based on 500 gpd/MW	1-20¢/1000 gallons
	2.	Deep Well Disposal	Ultimate Disposa	l Not practiced	Costs extremely v	ariable-dependent
Iron (Water Treatment, Chemical Cleaning	1.	Oxidation, chemical coagulation & precipitation	Removal to 0.1 mg/1	Limited usage	\$150-4,000x10 <sup>3</sup>	10-100¢/1000 gal.
Coal Pile Drainage)	2.	Deep Well Disposal		-As described abo	ve	
Copper (Once-through Condenser Cooling)	1.	Replace condenser tubes with stain- less steel or Titanium.	Elimination of discharge.	Done in several plants where tub have erroded or corroded-not don for environmenta	Prohibitively es expensive-would not be done except e where retubing is 1 required for proce	No incremental operating cost. ss
Copper (Blowdown, Chemical Cleaning)	1.	Chemical Coagulation and Precipitation	Removal to 0.1 mg/l	Limited usage	\$100-\$9,000/1000 gpd capacity	10-350¢/1000 gal.
,	2.	Ion Exchange	Removal to 0.1 mg/l	Not Practiced	\$400-\$1200/1000 gpd capacity	31-81¢/1000 gal.
	з.	Deep Well Disposal		-As described abo	ve	
Mercury (Coal Ash Handling & Coal Pile Drainag	1. me)	Reduction & Precip- itation	Removal to 0.3 mg/l	Limited usage	\$700/1000 gpd	7¢-27¢/1000 gal.
,	2.	Ion Exchange	Removal to 0.1 mg/l	Not practiced	\$18,000-\$22,000/ 1000 gpd	\$1/1000 g <b>al.</b>
- <u></u>	3.	Adsorption	Removal to 50 µg/1	Not practiced	\$5000-\$50,000/ 1000 gpd	\$0.50-\$2/1b. mercury removed
Vanadium (Chemical Cleaning)	1. 2.	H S Treatment & Precipitation Ion Exchange	Removal of low concentrations difficult to achieve	Not practiced	Cost Data Not Cost Data Not	Available Available
Vanadium (Oil Ash Handling)	1.	Convert to Dry Collection	Ultimate Disposal	Practiced in several plants	Cost Data Not	Available
	2.	Total Recycle with Blowdown & Pre- cipitation	Complete recycle of liquid	Not generally practiced	Cost Data Not	Available

#### Table A-VII-5 CHEMICAL WASTES CONTROL & TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY (continued)

	Con	trol and/or	Effluent	_			
Pollutant Parameter	Tre Tec	atment hnology	Reduction Achievable	Industry Usage	Capital	Costs	Operating
Chlorine (Once-through Con- denser Cooling)	1.	Control of Residual Cl <sub>2</sub> with automatic instrumentation	Control to 0.2 mg/l	Limited usage in the industry- Technology from	\$5,000		Negligible
	2.	Utilize mechanical cleaning	Eliminates Cl <sub>2</sub> discharge	sewage treatment practiced in some plants-all systems are not capable of being converted to mechanical cleanin	No Cost	Data An	vailable
Chlorine (Recirculating)	1.	Control of Residual Cl_with automatic instrumentation		As described abov	e		
	2.	Reduction of Cl <sub>2</sub> with sodium bisulfite	Below detect- able limits	Being installed in a new nuclear facility;however excess NaHSO <sub>3</sub> is discharged.	No	Cost	Data Available
Aluminum/Zinc (Water Treatment, Chemical Cleaning,	1.	Chemical Precip- itation	Removal to 1.0 mg/l	Limited usage	\$500-\$3000/	1000 gpd	10-180¢/1000 gal.
Coal Ash Handling, Coal Pile Drainage)	2.	Ion Exchange	Similar to Copper				
	3.	Deep Well Disposal	As desci	ribed above			
Oil (Chemical Cleaning, Ash Handling, Floor & Yard Drains)	1.	Oil-water Separator (Sedimentation with skimming)	Removal to 15 mg/l	Common usage	\$1,500-\$15,0 based on 500 25-400 MW ra	00 gal/MW inge	No data
	2.	Air Flotation	Removal to 10 mg/1	Limited usage	\$5,000-\$50,0	00	No data
Phenols (Ash Handling, Coal Pile Drainage, Floor	1.	Biological Treatment	Removal to 1 mg/l	Not practiced in the industry.	\$150-\$2800/1	.000 gpd	22¢/1000 gal.
& Yard Drains)	2.	Ozone Treatment	Removal to <0.01 mg/1	Not practiced in the industry.	No data		No data
	3.	Activated Carbon	Removal to < 0.01 mg/1	Not practiced in the industry.	\$50-\$350/100	0 gpd	4¢-15¢/1000 gal.
Sulfate/Sulfite (Water Treatment, Chemical Cleaning, Ash Handling, Coal Pile Drainage, SO 2000000000000000000000000000000000000	Ion Oxi Exc	Bxchange(Sulfate) dation & Ion hange (Sulfite)	75-95%	Not practiced in the industry.	Total cost o	f \$2.00/	1000 gal.
Ammonia (Water Treatment, Blowdown, Chemical	1.	Stripping	50-90%	Not practiced; several installa- tions in sewage	Total cost	- 3¢/1	000 gal.
Cooling Water System:	s)			ci ed line inc			
	2.	Biological Nitrification	Removal to 2 mg/1	Not practiced for these waste stream	NO NS	Data	Available
	3.	Ion Exchange	80-95%	Not practiced	Total cost	- 10¢/100	0 gal.
Oxidizing Agents (Chemical Cleaning)	Neu red pre nec	tralization with ucing agent and cipitation where essary.	Neutral pH & >95% removal	Limited usage	No	Data	Available
BOD/COD (Sanitary Wastes)	Bio	logical Treatment	85-95%	Common practice	\$25,000-\$35	,000	Negligible
COD (Water Treatment	,1.	Chemical Oxidation	85-95%	Limited usage	NO	Data	Available
Chemical Cleaning)	2.	Aeration	85-95% 85-95%	Not practiced	No	Data	Available
Fluoride	Che	mical Precipitation	Removal to	Limited usage	Total cost	- 10-50	¢/1000 gal.
(Chemical Cleaning)	0		1 mg/1				
Boron (Low Level Radwastes)	Ion	Exchange	Removal to 1 mg/1 223	Not generally practiced-radio- active material we concentrate on ion exchange resin re- ing inclusion in a radwaste disposal	No n guir- solid	Data	Available
			223	system.			

#### TABLE A-VII- 6 FLOW RATES-CHEMICAL WASTES

	Reported Data		Typical		
Waste Stream	Waste Flow or Volume	Frequency	Flow or Volume	Basis	Remarks
Condenser Cooling Water Once-Through			500-1500 GPM/MW		Flow reported in FPC
Recirculating	20-7200 x 10 <sup>3</sup> GPD		Varies from 0.3 curculating wate	% to 4% of er flow.	Blowdown depends on water quality and varies from 2-20 concentrations.
Water Treatment Clarification Softening Ion Exchange	No Discharge No Discharge 1-533,00 x 10 <sup>3</sup> GPD	52-365 cycles/yr.			Extremely variable- depending on raw water
Evaporator	0.1-1060 x 10 <sup>3</sup> GPD	300-365 cycles/yr.			quality. Extremely variable- depending on raw water quality.
Boiler Blowdown	0.05-1120 x 10 <sup>3</sup> GPD	25-365 cycles/yr.			Flow reported in FPC Form 67.
Chemical Cleaning		-		_	
Boiler Tubes	3-5 Boiler Volumes	once/7 mos once/100 mos.	l boiler vol.per 1-2 hrsBoiler draindown time.	Frequency-once per 24-30 mos.	
Boiler Fireside	24-720 x 10 <sup>3</sup> GAL.	2-8/yr.	300,000 GAL.	5/yr.	
Air Preheater Misc. Small Equip. Stack Cooling Tower Basin	43-600 x 10 <sup>3</sup> GAL. No reported data No reported data No reported data	4-12/yr. -	200,000 GAL.	6-12/yr.	Cleaned infrequently Cleaned infrequently
Ash Handling	5-32,000 × 10 <sup>3</sup> gpd				Overflow from ash ponds reported in FPC Form 67.
Drainage Coal pile	17-27 × 10 <sup>6</sup> GAL/YR.	Dependent on rainfall		Reported data based on 43-60 inches of rain	Flow dependent upon frequency, duration and intensity of rainfall
Floor & Yard Drains	No reported data			year.	Flow dependent upon fre- quency & duration of cleaning and stormwater runoff.
Air Pollution Control Devices	No Discharge				
Misc. Waste Streams Sanitary Wastes	No reported data		25-35 gal/capita/ day	Personnel: operators-1 per 2 maintenance-1 per administrative-1	20-40 MW : 10-15 MW per 15-25 MW
Plant Laboratory and Sampling	No reported data				Nominal, variable flow
Intake Screen Backwash	No reported data				Guideline requires col- lection & removal of debris-flow data not significant.
Closed Cooling Systems	No reported data		5 gal./day		_
Low Level Rad Wastes	No reported data				Flow extremely vari- able depending on treat- ment techniques, leakage, etc.
Construction Activity	No reported data	:			Flow depends primarily on rainfall.

# Table A-VII-7 COSTS/EFFLUENT REDUCTION BENEFITS CONTROL AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY FOR POLLUTANTS OTHER THAN HEAT HIGH VOLUME WASTE STREAMS-

Waste Stream: Nonrecirculating main condenser cooling water

Pollutant / Technology	Cost / Effluent Reduction Benefit, [mill/KWH] / [mg/l] effluent concentration
Chlorine-free available	
Uncontrolled addition(S) Controlled addition(S) less than Shutdown mechanical cleaning(S) On-line mechanical cleaning (S)	Base 0.01/2 0.01/approaching 0 0.01/approaching 0 for existing units less than 0.01/approaching 0
Chemical addition treatment*(N) Alternative biocide use*(N) Copper Present system(C) Alternative condenser tube material(S)* One-stage chemical treatment(N)	for new units Prohibitive Unknown Base Prohibitive for existing units 0.01/0 for new units Prohibitive
Meaning of C = commonly employed Symbols CT = currently transferrabl PT = potentially transferra	N = not known to be practiced Le S = some usage able * = may substitute one pollutant for another

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#### Table A-VII-8 COSTS/EFFLUENT REDUCTION BENEFITS CONTROL AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY FOR POLLUTANTS OTHER THAN HEAT -INTERMEDIATE VOLUME WASTE STREAMS-

#### Waste Streams: Blowdown from recirculating main condenser cooling water systems Nonrecirculating ash sluicing water Nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems Nonrecirculating house service water

Pollutant / Technology	Cost / Effluent Reduction Benefit, [mill/KWH] / [mg/l]effluent concentration
Chlorine-free available	
Uncontrolled addition(S)	Base
Controlled addition(S)	less than 0.01/2
Shutdown mechanical cleaning(S)	0.01/approaching 0
On-line mechanical cleaning(S)	0.01/approaching 0
	for existing units
·	less than 0.01/approaching 0
	for new units
Chemical addition treatment*(S)	0.01/approaching 0
Alternative biocide uset(N)	Unknown
Copper_total	
Bresent system(C)	Base
Alternative condenser	Prohibitive
tube material (S)*	for existing units
tube material(5)	0.01/0 for new units
One stage chemical treatment (N)	0.03/1
Chemical Additives	
Uncontrolled addition(S)	Base
Controlled addition(S)	Better than base
Controlled addition(S)	Unknown
Chemical substitution (5)	Costly for existing
Design for correston protection(c)	closed <b>coo</b> ling
	systems
	less than 0.01/approaching 0
	for new systems
Mercury_total	
Present system(C)	Base
Ope-stage chemical treatment (CT)	Unknown/0.3
Evel substitution(N)	Unknown
Oil and Groase	
Present system(C)	Base
One_stage separation(S)	0.01/10
Two-stage separation(CT)	0.02/8
Total Phosphorus (as P)	
Present system (S)	Base
Chemical treatment (CT)	0.03/5
with filtertier (GT)	
(homical substitution (CT)	0.05/less than 5
pH malue	Unknown
Present sustem(C)	
Concentralization(C)	Base
Chemical addition (C)	less than 0.01
Total Suspended Solids	less than 0.01
Present suctor (0)	
Conventional colide and the (a)	Base
Fine solids separation(C)	0.01/15
Dry och handling and (a)	Prohibitive
Total Discolured Calida	0.01/sign, red.
Propert suctor(N)	
Prine concentration (CT)	Base
Chromius_total	Prohibitive
Where and and a contraction (C)	
Chomical treatment (cr)	Base
Chemical treatment (CT)	$(\frac{1}{1000 \text{ gal}})/0.2$
Chemical substitution (PT)	Unknown
Progent custor (0)	
Chemical transformers (	Base
Chemical treatment (CT)	0.05/1
Chemical substitution (PT)	Unknown
	1

Meaning of Symbols C = commonly employed CT = currently transferrable PT = potentially transferrable

N = not known to be practiced

S = some usage

\* = may substitute one pollutant
 for another

Table A-VII-9 COSTS/EFFLUENT REDUCTION BENEFITS CONTROL AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY FOR POLLUTANTS OTHER THAN HEAT -LOW VOLUME WASTE STREAMS-Waste Streams: Blowdown from recirculating ash-sluicing systems Blowdown form recirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems Boiler blowdown Cooling tower basin cleanings Floor drainage Intake screen backwash Laboratory and sampling streams Low-level radwastes\* Miscellaneous equipment cleaning - Air preheater - Boiler fireside - Boiler tubes - Small equipment - Stack, etc. Sanitary system Service and small cooling water systems blowdown, etc. Water treatment

Technology / Pollutant	Cost / Effluent Reduction Benefit, [mill/KWH], [mg/l] effluent concentration
Present System(C) One-Stage Chemical Treatment(S) Copper-total Iron-total Heavy metals in general Oil and grease pH value Total Suspended Solids	Base 0.05 mill/KWH 10 mg/l 10 mg/l 10 mg/l 6.0 to 9.0 15 mg/l
Numerous misc. parameters Two-Stage Chemical Treatment(CT)	significant reductions 0.1 mill/KWH
Chromium-total Copper-total Iron-total Heavy metals in general Oil and grease pH value Total suspended solids Numerous misc. parameters	0.2 mg/1 1 mg/1 1 mg/1 1 mg/1 <b>&lt;</b> 10 mg/1 6.0 to 9.0 15 mg/1 significant reductions
Brine Concentration and Recycle(PT)	0.5 mill/KWH
All parameters	no discharge
Biological Treatment(C)	0.01 mill/KWH
BOD, etc.	municipal stds.

Meaning of C = commonly employed Symbols CT = currently transferrable PT = potentially transferrable N = not known to be practiced

S = some usage

\* = no applicable technology due to possible radiation hazards

# Table A-VII-10 COSTS/EFFLUENT REDUCTION BENEFITS CONTROL AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY FOR POLLUTANTS OTHER THAN HEAT

-RAINFALL RUNOFF WASTE STREAMS-

Waste Streams: Coal-pile drainage Yard and roof drainage Construction activities

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Technology / Pollutant	Cost / Effluent Reduction Benefit, [mill/KWH] , [mg/l] effluent concentration
Present System(C) Conventional Solids Separation(S) Oil and grease pH value Total suspended solids One-Stage Chemical Treatment of First 15 Minutes Runoff(CT)	Base 0.01 mill/KWH no reduction no change 15 mg/l 0.01 mill/KWH
pH value Total suspended solids Numerous misc. parameters Ope-Stage Chemical Treatment of	6.0 to 9.0 15 mg/l significant reductions
Entire Runoff(N) Two-Stage Chemical Treatment(N)	unknown

Meaning of<br/>SymbolsC = commonly employedN = not known fSymbolsCT = currently transferrableS = some usagePT = potentially transferrableS = some usage

N = not known to be practiced

#### PART A

#### CHEMICAL WASTES

#### SECTION VIII

#### COST, ENERGY AND NON-WATER QUALITY ASPECTS

#### Introduction

This section discusses cost estimates for the control and treatment technology discussed in the previous section, energy requirements for this treatment technology and non-water quality related aspects of this technology such as recovery of byproducts, ultimate disposal of brines and sludges, and effects on the overall energy situation.

The estimates contained herein assume ample availability of land. It is recognized that powerplants located in highly developed urban areas may incur costs several times in excess of those shown. Other assumptions include no unusual foundation or site preparation problems. Estimates do not consider regional differences in construction costs.

Although powerplants produce many different wastewater streams with different pollutants and different flow characteristics, the most feasible concept of treatment consists of the combination of all compatible wastewater streams, with equalization or holding tanks to equalize the flow through the treatment units. Figure A-VIII-1 shows a typical flow diagram for a possible central treatment plant for chemical wastes. Two equalization basins provide separate storage for oily and oil-free wastes. The main treatment unit is a clarifier; lime is added to raise the pH to a level at which most of the metallic ions are precipitated. A flocculant is added to assist in the precipitation.

Wastewater treatment facilities for treating chemical wastes therefore consist essentially of a series of tanks and pumps, and interconnecting special equipment such as pressure filters, vacuum filters, piping: centrifuges, or incinerators as may be required. Tanks serve for several purposes, as equalization tanks to permit the following units to operate under constant flow conditions, as neutralization tanks to adjust acidity or alkalinity, or as coagulation and precipitation tanks to provide for mixing of a coagulant, the formation of the precipitates and the separation of the precipitates from the treated flow. In most cases, the mechanical equipment inside the tank is a minor cost consideration, although in the case of certain types of tanks used for softening and similar reactions the equipment cost may be significant. Chemical feeders may be of the dry volumetric type or of the solution In either case, the cost of the feeder is likely to be minor, type. although costs of associated equipment for the storage of chemicals is

often significant. A substantial amount of data is available on chemical feeders.

Two cost analyses are presented. The first cost analysis is based on the concept of a central treatment plant as shown in Figure A-VIII-1 for all low-volume waste waters containing chemical pollutants. Table A-VIII-1 shows the design flows assumed for this plant. The second cost analysis is based on the concept of complete treatment of chemical wastes with no discharge of pollutants.

Tables A-VIII-2, A-VIII-3, and A-VIII-4 contain estimates of capital costs, operating costs and annual and unit costs for a central chemical waste treatment. Estimates are presented for three sizes of powerplants with generating capacities of 100 MW, 500 MW and 1000 MW respectively. The unit cost of treatment is computed under three assumptions as to plant capacity factors. The first assumption is a capacity factor of 1.0, representing continuous operation at full capacity. Unit costs are also presented for capacity factors of 0.67, representative of base load plants, and 0.35, representative of cycling plants. Under these assumptions and conditions, the cost of treating chemical wastes is found to vary from 0.05 mills per KWH to 0.38 mills per KWH.

#### Wastes not Treated at Central Treatment Plant

The following wastes are not considered suitable for treatment at a central treatment plant for chemical wastes:

Cooling water (once-through system), cooling water blowdown (closed system), sanitary wastes, roof and yard drains, coal pile runoff, intake screen backwash, radwastes, nonrecirculating ash sluice water, nonrecirculating wet-scrubbing air pollution control waste water, and once-through (nonrecirculating) house service water.

Cost factors applicable to the treatment of these wastes are discussed in the following paragraphs. None of the costs are of a sufficient magnitude to result in a detectable increase in the unit cost of generation.

Cooling Water-Once Through Systems

The treatment technology for once-through condenser cooling water systems consist of maintaining the residual chlorine in the effluent below an established limit by controlling the chlorine added to the system. The capital costs involved consist of the cost of a residual chlorine analyzer and feedback controls to adjust the feed rate. The installed cost of a residual chlorine analyzer and control equipment is estimated to be about \$5,000 regardless of size of unit. This cost is easily amortized through savings realized by reduced consumption of chlorine.



CHEMICAL WASTES-CENTRAL TREATMENT PLANT

FIGURE A-VIII-1

# TABLE A-VIII-1

# DESIGN FLOW FOR CHEMICAL WASTES TREATMENT PLANT

		Total	Total Volume/MW		Average Volume	
Waste Stream	Frequency	3	Gal	Per Day-MW		
				<u>m</u> 3	<u>Gal</u>	
Ton exchange	Daily	0.333	88	0.333	88	
Evaporator blowdown	Daily	0.208	55	0.208	55	
Boiler blowdown	Daily	0.137	52	0.197	52	
Boiler tube cleaning	l/year	0.34	90	-	0.25	
Boiler fireside cleaning	2/year	6.06	1600	0.017	4.44	
Air preheater cleaning	6/year	15.9	4200	0.044	11.7	
Misc. small equipment						
& stack cleaning	2/year	-	-	0.004	1.11	
Cooling tower basin	2/year	-	-	0.004	2.11	
Lab. & sampling streams	Daily	_		0.044	10	
	1					
Average Volume per day-MW				0.847	223.61	
Assumed Design				0.88	230	
# ESTIMATED CAPITAL COSTS CHEMICAL WASTES TREATMENT PLANT

Description	Powerplant Generating Capacity			
	100 MW	500 MW	1000 MW	
Equalization tank	\$ 42,500	\$124,000 ·	\$248,000	
Treatment tank	4,700	6,800	7,800	
Holding tank	3,400	7,900	9,400	
Clarifier	7,000	16,000	22,000	
Filter	32,000	40,200	61,000	
Pump	3,200	2,000	2,500	
Piping	3,200	3,200	7,900	
Major equipment cost	\$ 94,000	\$201,100	\$359,400	
Installation cost @50%	47,000	100,500	179,700	
Instrumentation cost @20%	18,800	40,200	71,900	
Total construction cost	\$159,800	\$341,800	\$611,000	
Engineering @15%	24,000	51,300	91,700	
Contingency @15%	24,000	51,300	91,700	
Total capital cost	\$207,800	\$444,400	\$794,400	

# ESTIMATED ANNUAL OPERATING COSTS CHEMICAL WASTES TREATMENT PLANT

		Powerplant Generating Capacity			
Description	Units	100 MW	500 MW	1000 MW	
Chemicals and Power					
Requirements:	1			[	
Lime	tons/year	54	275	550	
Flocculants	lbs/year	4200	21,000	42,000	
Electricity	HP	10	30	75	
Annual Costs:					
Operating labor	\$15,000	\$75,000	\$105,000	\$135,000	
Lime	\$27/ton	1,500	7,400	15,000	
Floceulant	\$0.05/1b	2,100	10,500	21,000	
Electricity	12 mils/KWH	900	2,600	6,500	
		[			
Annual Operating Cost:					
Exclusive of labor		\$ 4,500	\$ 20,500	\$ 42,500	
Including labor		\$79,500	\$125,500	\$177,500	

# ESTIMATED ANNUAL AND UNIT COSTS CHEMICAL WASTES TREATMENT PLANT

Description	Powerplant Generating Capacity				
-	100 MW	500 MW	1000 MW		
Total capital costs	\$207,800	\$444,400	\$794,400		
Fixed charges @15% Maintenance @3% of construction cost	31,200 4,800	66,700 10,300	119,200 18,300		
Annual operating cost excluding labor Operating labor Total annual costs	4,500 _75,000 \$115,500	20,500 <u>105,000</u> \$202,500	42,500 <u>135,000</u> \$315,000		
Unit costs, mils/KWH of Generating capacity Production (base load) Production (cycling plant)	0.132 0.200 0.377	0.046 0.07 0.14	0.036 0.054 0.11		

-

#### Cooling Water Blowdown - Closed Systems

The treatment technology is essentially the same as for a once-through system. Residual chlorine is monitored in the effluent, and blowdown is permitted only when the residual chlorine is below the established limit. It is possible to schedule blowdown only at such times when the residual chlorine level meets the effluent limitation. Additional costs would occur in cases where sedimentation would be provided for suspended solids removal, and where chemical treatment would be required for removal of chromium, phosphorus, or zinc. Sedimentation costs, where needed, would be approximately 7 cents/1000 gallons treated and chemical treatment costs, where needed, would be about \$1/1000 gallons.

#### Sanitary Wastes

Sanitary wastes are generally discharged to municipal sewerage systems, or if municipal sewers are not available, treated in biological process treatment plants. The volume of sanitary wastes is primarily a function of the size of the labor force. For most powerplants in isolated locations, a minimum size factory preassembled activated sludge type treatment plant will provide adequate treatment. The installed cost of these plants is estimated to be \$25,000 - \$35,000 depending on geographic location.

Coal Pile Runoff

The cost of coal pile runoff treatment is a function of the meteorological conditions at each particular site. Capital costs of lined retention ponds capable of holding various volumes of runoff are shown in Figure A-VIII-2. Costs for liming contents of pond will vary with pH and frequency of treatment.

Intake Screen Backwash

The incremental cost of land disposal of debris removed from intake screens would be very insignificant in most cases.

Radwaste

No treatment is assumed due to possible hazardous effects of concentrating radioactive wastes.

Nonrecirculating Ash Sluice Water

In cases where sedimentation would be required for suspended solids removal from ash sluice water, the costs would be about 7 cents/1000 gallons. Having achieved adequate suspended solids removal, the effluent is suitable for recycle for ash sluicing, which would involve an incremental cost for pumps, piping and blowdown controls.



COST FOR COAL PILE RUNOFF COLLECTION FIGURE A-VIII-2

The backfitted configured recirculating ash sluicing system at plant No. 3630 cost approximately 3 million dollars to handle the bottom ash from coal burned at a rate of 3,000 tons/day. However, the costs for this system include modification of floor and yard drainage, neutralization and disposal of demineralizer and boiler cleaning wastes and modification of trash screens as well as the configured ash water recycle system. System components include a coal pile trench, collecting basin, filtering pond, neutralizing tanks, pumps, piping, hydrobins, settling tank and recirculating tank. The system is designed to achieve no discharge of pollutants except for those contained in the moisture removed with the settled ash.

### Complete Treatment of Chemical Wastes for Reuse

Costs associated with the complete treatment of chemical wastes for reuse within the plant will vary from plant to plant. In order to arrive at an estimate of typical costs likely to be incurred by an existing plant in implementing a complete water reuse plan, conceptual flow diagrams have been developed for such plans for coal-fired and oilfired powerplants. These flow diagrams are shown in Figures A-VIII-3 and A-VIII-4. Cost estimates were then prepared based on these flow diagrams.

The three major process units required to provide a complete treatment of chemical wastes for reuse within a powerplant include a softener and chemical feed system to reduce the hardness of the cooling tower blowdown, a brine concentrator to preconcentrate the blowdown brines resulting from the recirculating of ash sluicing water, and an evaporator-dryer to finally reduce the sludge to a solid cake for disposal by landfill.

Tables A-VIII-5, A-VIII-6 and A-VIII-7 contain estimates of capital costs, operating costs, and annual and unit costs for a complete treatment system for chemical wastes. This system will produce no discharge of pollutants while returning the water to the process for The costs shown in these tables represent upper limits of cost. reuse. At some plants it may not be necessary to concentrate brine and evaporate to dryness. For example, plants in the southwestern United States will probably be able to utilize evaporation ponds at a substantial saving in cost. Mine-mouth plants will frequently have requirements for large volumes of low quality water for coal processing with ultimate disposal to the mine. The estimates assume that no alternate ultimate disposal methods for the brines are available and that evaporation to dryness is the only feasible method of ultimate disposal. Under these assumptions, the cost of complete treatment is estimated to be 0.30 mills per KWH and the assumption of a unity capacity factor, for a 100 MW plant and 0.11 mills per KWH for a 1,000 MW plant. For a typical base load plant operating at a capacity factor of 0.67, these costs increase to 0.45 mills for a 100 MW plant and 0.17 mills per KWH for a 1,000 MW plant. Costs for a typical plant operated





# ESTIMATED CAPITAL COSTS TREATMENT OF CHEMICAL WASTES

	Powerplant Gene	rating Capacity
Description	100 MW	1000 MW
Cooling tower blowdown treatment	\$ 36,300	\$121,300
Ash-handling system modifications	10,400	37,000
Brine concentrator	77,000	460,000
Evaporator	40,000	,250,000
Major equipment cost	\$163,700	\$868,300
Installation cost @60%	98,200	521,000
Instrumentation @20%	32,700	73,400
Construction cost	\$294,600	\$1,562,700
Engineering @15%	44,200	234,300
Contingency @15%	44,200	234,300
	·	
Capital costs:		
Reuse facilities	\$383,000	\$2,031,300
Waste treatment plant	207,800	794,400
	\$500 800	¢2 025 700
TOTAL Capital Cost	\$990,000	₹2,825,700

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## ESTIMATED ANNUAL OPERATING COSTS

# TREATMENT OF CHEMICAL WASTES FOR REUSE

		Powerplant Gene	erating Capacity
Description	Units	100MW	1000MW
Chemicals and Power Requirements: Lime Flocculants Electric Power Steam	tons/yr lb/yr <sup>HP</sup> l0 <sup>3</sup> lb/yr	80 4,200 140 8,760	800 42,000 1,100 87,600
Annual Costs: Operating Labor Lime Electricty Steam Flocculants	<u>Unit Cost</u> \$15,000 \$27/ton 12 mils/kwh 1 mil/lb \$0.50/lb	\$135,000 2,200 12,300 8,800 2,100	\$270,000 21,600 96,400 87,600 21,000
Total Operating Cost: Excluding labor Including labor		\$ 25,400 \$160,400	\$225,600 \$495,600

# ESTIMATED ANNUAL AND UNIT COSTS TREATMENT OF CHEMICAL WASTES FOR REUSE

	Powerplant Gene	rating Capacity
Description	100 MW	1000 MW
Total gapital gosts	¢500,900	¢2 825 700
	\$590,800	\$2,825,700
Fixed charges @15%	88,600	423,900
Maintenance @3% of construction cost	13,600	76,200
Annual operating cost excluding labor	25,400	225,600
Operating labor	135,000	270,000
Total annual costs	\$262,600	\$995,700
Unit costs, mils/KWH of		1
Generating capacity	0.30	0.11
Production (base load)	0.45	0.17
Production (cycling plant)	0.86	0.32

in the cycling mode at a capacity factor of 0.35 are about 0.86 mills and 0.32 mills respectively. The costs of achieving no discharge of pollutants other than heat by complete chemical treatment and recycle provide a conservatively high estimate of achieving no discharge of pollutants from low-volume waste sources only.

#### Energy Requirements

Energy requirements for the treatment of chemical wastes are not a Most of the processes utilized for the significant consideration. treatment of chemical wastes require no input of energy other than that required for conveying the liquid. Some of the processes involved in the technology for achieving no discharge of pollutants involve a change of state from the liquid phase to the vapor phase, and others such as vacuum filters and reverse osmosis require substantial mechanical However, these processes are generally applied to only a small energy. portion of the total wastes, so that again the overall effect is Based on the flow diagrams for a central chemical wastes negligible. treatment plant and for complete treatment facilities designed to achieve no discharge of pollutant, the estimated energy requirements for central waste treatment are less than 10 KW per 100,000 KW of plant capacity, or less than 0.01% of the plant output. For complete treatment and reuse, including steam evaporation to dry material for ultimate disposal, the energy requirements are less than 0.2% of the plant output. For plants capable of achieving no discharge by utilizing evaporation ponds, energy requirements are about 0.04% of the plant output.

### Ultimate Disposal of Brines and Sludges

The waste treatment processes previously discussed are essentially separation techniques which produce a liquid fraction suitable for discharge or reuse and a liquid-solid residue which requires ultimate disposal. The residues from ion exchange, evaporation, and reverse osmosis processes are concentrated brines, which carry the solids in solution form. The residues from other waste treatment processes are sludges of various types and concentration, which may contain from 0.5 to 5.0 % solids in the suspended form. The ease with which these sludges can be further dewatered depends on the type of sludge. At one end of the scale are sludges which contain a high proportion of mineral solids, and which dewater readily to about 20% solids. At the other end scale are gelatinous sludges such as those resulting from alum of the coagulation which are very difficult to dewater. The following paragraphs describe some of the dewatering and ultimate disposal techniques applicable to steam electric powerplants.

#### Conveyance to Off-Site Disposal

Conveying brines and sludges to off-site disposal facilities is a method of ultimate disposal provided that the wastes have been concentrated to

make conveying economically attractive and provided there is a facility to which the wastes can be delivered. Alternate methods of conveyance are by trucks, railroad cars or pipeline. Pipeline Conveyance is the most economical means for quantities in excess of 100 m<sup>3</sup> (26,000 gal) per day. For smaller quantities, truck or rail hauling is more economical, with distance the deciding factor. Trucking is more economical for distances below 50 km (35 miles) with rail haul more economical for longer distances. In any case, costs are of the order of \$0.01 - 0.10 per m<sup>3</sup>-km (\$0.05 - \$0.50 per 1000 gal - mile) exclusive of disposal charges by the receiving agency, <sup>369</sup> These costs are sufficiently high to make conveyance economically unattractive except at sites having no alternate means of disposal.

## Evaporation Ponds (Lagoons)

Evaporation ponds are a feasible method of ultimate disposal for plants having the necessary land area available and having climatic conditions favorable to this method. In general, annual evaporation should exceed annual rainfall by over 50 cm(20 in.). This would restrict uncovered evaporation ponds to the southwestern portion of the United States.

Ponds are generally lined to prevent seepage into the ground. Multiple ponds are usually provided to allow evaporation from one pond while other ponds are receiving wastes. Facilities must also be provided to remove solids accumulated in the pond.

Landfill

Landfills are the most common method of disposal of solid residues. However, leachate from chemical wastes deposited in landfills may cause groundwater problems. If the wastes contain soluble components, fill areas must be lined and leachate and runoff collected and treated as for coal pile runoff.

## Intermediate Dewatering Devices

A number of devices are available for the intermediate dewatering of sludges from their original concentration of 1-5% solids to about 15-30% solids. These devices include vacuum filters, pressure filters and centrifuges.

Vacuum filters are devices consisting of a drum covered by a filter media and rotating slowly while partially submerged in a reservoir containing the sludge to be dewatered. A vacuum of 40 to 80 KN/m<sup>2</sup> (12 to 25 in. Hg) is applied to the inside of the drum, causing a layer of sludge to adhere to the surface of the media. As the layer emerges from the reservoir, it is further dried by air being drawn through the layer and into the interior of the drum. Just prior to resubmerging into the reservoir, the dewatered sludge is removed from the drum by a scraper and conveyed to disposal. Some sludges contain very fine or filamentous solids that clog the filter media and prevent the flow of liquid and air through the media. Such sludges must be treated to increase the porosity of the filter cake. Treatments pricr to filtration may consist of the addition of ferric chloride to colloidal sludges or diatomaceous earth to sludges containing a high proportion of silty material. <sup>182</sup>

Pressure filters are similar to vacuum filters except that the sludge or suspension is forced through the filter media by pressure rather than by vacuum. The most common filter media arrangement consists of a series of vertical frames covered by a cloth media. The sludge is applied through a header to the outside of the filter media, while the filtrate is collected from the inside. A filter aid is commonly used to increase the filterability of the sludges.

Neither vacuum filters nor pressure filters have been used for pollution control in steam electric powerplants to any significant extent, although certain types of pressure filters are used in some forms of condensate polishing.

Centrifuges are intermediate dewatering devices which make use of the gravitational forces in liquids rotating at high speeds to separate particulate matter from suspensions. There are no known instances of centrifuges being used by steam electric powerplants for pollution control, but the technology is available and should be considered as a means of concentrating and dewatering sludges.

## PART A

### CHEMICAL WASTES

#### SECTIONS IX, X, XI

## BEST PRACTICABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY CURRENTLY AVAILABLE, GUIDELINES AND LIMITATIONS BEST AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY ECONOMICALLY ACHIEVABLE, GUIDELINES AND LIMITATIONS NEW SCURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND PRETREATMENT STANDARDS

# Best Practicable Control Technology Currently Available.

Cooling Systems.

Chlorine concentrations in both recirculating and nonrecirculating cooling water systems are to be limited to average concentrations of 0.2 mg/l during a maximum of one 2-hour period a day and maximum concentrations of 0.5 mg/l. These limitations can be achieved by means available feedback control systems presently in wide use in other of applications. Chlorination for biological control can be applied intermittently and thus should not be applied on two or more units at same plant simultaneously in order to minimize the the maximum concentration of total residual chlorine at any time in the combined cooling water discharged from the plant. Furthermore, chlorination of individual units should be applied at times of lowest flow through the condensers to minimize the total amounts (mass) of total residual chlorine discharged. Generally chlorination is not required for more than two hours each day for each unit. However, additional chlorination may be allowed in specific cases to maintain tube cleanliness. cf reducing the total residual chlorine Alternative methods in nonrecirculating condenser cooling water systems include chemical treatment, substitution of other less harmful chemicals, and use of mechanical means of cleaning condenser tubes. Mechanical cleaning is some plants but its practicability depends on employed in the configuration of the process piping and structures involved at the particular unit. Moreover, chlorine may still be discharged even with mechanical cleaning of condenser tubes, because of its continued use in maintaining biological control in other parts of the cooling system. Further removal of residual chlorine in nonrecirculating condenser cooling water systems by chemical treatment is available but is not generally practicable because of the additional costs involved to treat the large volumes of water involved.

Chemical treatment of recirculating cooling water systems would be less costly and the pollution potential of residual bisulfide chemicals added would be less significant than with nonrecirculating cooling water systems due to the smaller wastes water volumes requiring treatment. Experience in this technology is highly limited in the powerplant field; however, this is a well established technology in the water supply industry. Other technologies potentially available for recirculating cooling water systems are split stream chlorination, blowdown retention, and intermittent discharge programmed with intermittent chlorination.

The use of chemicals for control of biological growth, scaling and corrosion in evaporative cooling towers is commonplace. The types and amounts of chemicals required is highly site-dependent. Chromate addition is not generally required for corrosion control. Phosphates and zinc salts are employed in some cases. Insufficient data exists to judge what alternative chemicals for control of corrosion, etc., would be generally practicable from a cost versus effluent reduction benefit Minimum discharge of added chemicals can be achieved by standpoint. employing the best practicable technology for water treatment and water chemistry to minimize the quantities of blowdown flow required. In cases where cooling towers are planned, design for corrosion protection can eliminate the need for chemical additives for corrosion protection. Treatment of cooling tower blowdown for oil and grease removal, by chemical addition for effluent pH control, and by sedimentation for reduction of effluent total suspended solids is achievable. Effluent levels of 10 mg/l oil and grease and 15 mg/l total suspended solids are achievable based on the treatment of similar waste waters. Due to wide range of flow of waste water from recirculating cooling water systems, the effluent limitations in mass units, in any particular plant would be the products of the flow times the respective concentration levels. Costs in general would be approximately 0.1 mill/kwh in the relatively small number of cases where it would be needed.

Limitation for Low-Volume Waste Waters.

Low-volume waste water sources include boiler blowdown, ion exchange water treatment, water treatment evaporative blowdown, boiler and air heater cleaning, other equipment cleaning, laboratory and sampling streams, floor drainage, cooling tower basin cleaning, blowdown from recirculating ash sluicing systems, blowdown from recirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems, and other relatively low volume streams. These wastes can be practicably treated collectively by segregation from higher volume wastes, equalization, oil separation, chemical addition, solids separation, and pH adjustment.

Oily streams such as waste waters from boiler fireside cleaning, air preheater cleaning and miscellaneous equipment and stack cleaning would be practicably treated for separation of oil and grease, if needed, to a daily average level of 10 mg/1. Addition of sufficient chemicals to attain a pH level in the range 9 to 10 and total suspended solids of 15 mg/l in the effluent of this treatment stage would be generally practicable considering the pH levels of the untreated waste streams and the waste water flow volumes involved. Generally, the higher the pH level, with total suspended solids of 15 mg/l, the greater the effluent reduction benefits attained for the numerous chemicals removed by Examples of pollutants significantly reduced by this treatment. treatment are the following: acidity, aluminum, biochemical oxygen copper, flucride, iron, zinc, lead, magnesium, manganese, demand, mercury, oil and grease, total chromates, total phosphorous, total suspended solids, and turbidity. Some waste water characteristics, such as alkalinity, total dissolved solids, and total hardness are increased, Following the above treatment it would be practicable, in a however. second stage, to adjust the effluent pH to a level in the range 6.0 to 9.0 in compliance with stream standards, with sedimentation to attain final daily average effluent total suspended solids levels of 15 mg/l. Effluent daily average concentrations of levels of 1 mg/l total copper and 1 mg/l total ircn are achievable by the application of this The effluent limitations in mass units, in any particular technology. plant, would be the products of the collective flow of all low-volume waste sources times the respective concentration levels.

Segregation and treatment of boiler cleaning waste water and ion exchange water treatment waste water is practiced in a relatively few plants, but is potentially practicable for all plants. Oily waste waters are segregated from non-oily waste streams at some plants and the oil and grease removed by gravity separators and flotation units.

Combined treatment of waste water streams is practiced in numerous plants. However, in most cases treatment is accomplished only to the extent that self-neutralization, coprecipitation and sedimentation occur because of the joining and detention of the waste water streams. Chemicals are added during combined treatment at some plants for pH control. Most of these plants employ lagoons, or ash ponds, while a few plants employ configured settling tanks.

Limitations for Once-Through Ash and Air Pollution Control Systems.

Daily average effluent total suspended solids levels of 15 mg/l are practicably attainable as are oil and grease levels of 10 mg/ and pH values in the range 6.0 to 9.0. Due to the fact that intake water to ash sluicing and air pollution control systems is often well in excess of this level, an effluent limitation of 15 mg/l total suspended solids times the waste water flow would, in many of those cases, require the removal of large quantities of suspended solids not added by the plant. In the light of this, an effluent total suspended solids level for these streams should be limited to a daily average of 15 mg/l times the waste water flow or a number of pounds per day not in excess of the total intake to the station for these systems, whichever represents the greater number of pounds per day.

Dry processes are used by most oil-fired plants for ash handling, while only fly ash is handled dry at some coal-fired plants. Gas-fired plants have little or no ash. The extent of the practicability of employing dry processes for bottom ash handling at coal-fired plants is not known. Limitations for Rainfall Run-off Waste Water Sources.

Rainfall run-off waste water sources include coal-pile drainage, yard and roof drainage, and run-off from construction activities. Effluent limitations reflect the technology of diking, oil-water separation, solids separation, and neutralization.

## Best Available Technology Economically Achievable.

The best available technology economically achievable for all plants is re-use and recycle of all waste water to the maximum practicable extent, with distillation to concentrate all low-volume water wastes and to recycle water to the process, and with evaporation to dryness of the concentrated waste followed by suitable land disposal.

Re-use of waste water streams is practiced at relatively few plants, but some employ recycle of ash sluice water. Distillation concentration with recycle is currently planned for at least three plants. Some stations plan to employ re-use of cooling tower blowdown in wet-scrubber air pollution control systems. Since water quality requirements for ash sluicing and wet scrubbing are relatively low, some degree of re-use should be practicable for most plants where these operations are employed. The concept of cascading water use, i.e., recycle and re-use water from applications requiring high quality water to applications of requiring successively lower water quality, to reduce to the volume of if any, ultimately requiring evaporation or other waste water, treatment, while practicable in all cases, would generally be subject to a case-by-case analysis to determine the optimum among the various candidate systems.

Chemical treatment of blowdown from recirculating cooling water system for removal of total chromium, total phosphorus (as P) and zinc, while not currently demonstrated, could be achieved by 1983, in the relatively small number of cases where it would be needed. Corresponding effluent limitations, based on the application of this technology, are 0.2 mg/l total chromium, 5 mg/l total phosphorus (as P), and 1 mg/l zinc-total, all times the waste water flow.

Maximum effluent reductions are attainable by segregating the initial 15 minutes of run-off from a rainfall event from the remainder of the run-off, and by treating both streams separately, each stream to achieve effluent levels of 15 mg/l total suspended solids, 10 mg/l oil and grease and a pH value in the range of 6.0 to 9.0. Chlorination programs to achieve no discharge of total residual chlorine from recirculating cooling water systems, while not currently demonstrated, could be applied by 1983.

## New Source Standards.

In view of the current technical risks associated with the application of distillation technology to waste water recycle, chlorination programs to achieve no discharge of total residual chlorine from recirculating cooling water systems, and segregation of rainfall run-off streams, new source performance standards have been determined to be identical to the limitations prescribed for best practicable control technology currently available with the following exceptions. No discharge is allowed of corrosion inhibitors in blowdown from recirculating evaporative cooling water system, based on the availability of design technology for corrosion prevention. No discharge of total residual chlorine or other for biological control in main condenser tubes, based on the additives availability of mechanical systems to achieve biological control in main condenser tubes. No discharge of pollutants from nonrecirculating ash sluicing system, based on the availability of dry systems and of recirculating wet systems.

#### Cost of Technology.

Due to the wide range of water volumes required from plant to plant for the individual unit operations involved, and further, due to the wide range (from plant to plant) of costs per unit volume of water treated, which are further related to the effluent reductions obtained, the costs vary widely for the removal of specific pollutants to various degrees. For example, boiler fireside chemical cleaning volumes vary from 24,000 gal to 720,000 gal per cleaning, with cleaning frequencies ranging from 2 to 8 times per year. The operating costs of chemical precipitation treatment for copper and iron removal to 1 mg/l effluent concentration and for chromium removal to an effluent of 0.2 mg/l range from \$0.10 to \$1.30/1000 gal. Furthermore, there are approximately 10 or more separate unit operations which are sources of waste water at power generating plants, each with its station-specific flow rate and waste water characteristics, as well as cost peculiarities. Site-related factors concerning the practicability of various re-use practices make these practices even more difficult to cost, due to the added complexities involved.

The incremental costs of controlled additions of chlorine, in the cases where chlorine is required for biological control, are less than 0.01 mill/kwh. In the relatively few cases where chromates are added for corrosion control and where other less harmful chemicals and methods can provide effective corrosion control the incremental costs are less than 0.01 mill per kilowatt hour. The incremental costs of mechanical cleaning to replace some fraction of the total required chlorine additives is approximately 0.01 mill/kwh for existing stations and considerably less for new units whether at new or existing plants.

Cost estimates based on the combined treatment of selected low-volume streams for oil and grease separation, equalization, chemical precipitation, solids separation, and further based on generalizations with respect to the cost of land, construction, site preparation and with respect to the waste water volume, indicate an approximate cost of 0.1 mill per kilowatt hour depending upon the plant's generating capacity and utilization. The highest costs are associated with the smaller plants and peaking plants which generally have the highest basic generating cost. In general, the entire incremental cost should be felt by individual plants since this type of complete chemical treatment is not generally employed.

Sedimentation of ash sluicing water, cooling tower blowdown, etc., would cost typically about 7 cents/1000 gal, with the incremental cost in mills/kwh being related to the quantitites of water treated. Since many plants already have some type of sedimentation facility, the incrememental costs of improved sedimentation performance if required will be some fraction of the cost cited.

In the few cases where it would be required chemical treatment for removal of phosphorus, total chromium or zinc from cooling tower blowdown would cost about \$1/1000 gal treated. Incremental costs of dry ash handling systems where mechanically feasible are less than 0.01 mill/kwh for existing stations converting from wet systems and are considerably less for new sources.

Recirculating ash sluicing systems require sedimentation discussed above plus pumps, piping and a blowdown system. Incremental costs above sedimentation are less than 0.01 mill/kwh for existing plants and considerably less for new plants.

The cost of evaporation in configured equipment is approximately 1.4 dollars/1000 gal. The corresponding incremental cost in mills/kwh is related to the quantities of waste water requiring evaporation. Costs would be significantly less in climates where solar evaporation in ponds could be employed.

The incremental costs of equipment design for corrosion protection are normally largely offset by other cost benefits such as reduced costs of chemicals. The net incremental costs for both lined cooling tower components and stainless steel or titanium condenser tubes would be less than 0.1 mill/kwh total, even in the case where new or old copper alloy condenser tubes were retrofitted, due to the high offsetting salvage value of copper. Replacement of existing cooling tower components would be more expensive however.

Because of the wide range of opportunities and associated incremental costs of achieving no discharge of pollutants from waste water sources other than cooling water systems and rainfall run-off (based on the technology of maximum recycle with evaporation of the final effluent) a model plant is employed as a basis for considerations of this higher level of technology. The features of the model plant are selected to produce conservatively high incremental costs of applying this technology, i.e. the determined costs would be at a level higher than would be expected for almost all other plants. The model plant would have such adverse characteristics that recycle of all water (except that used in ash sluicing systems or in wet-scrubber air pollution control would not svstems) be practicable except after distillation. Distillation is much more costly than the chemical addition and sedimentation treatments which would be used Ash in most cases. sluicing water and wet-scrubber water would be recycled after sedimentation (or filtration) for solids removal. The model plant would have to distill blowdown from ash sluicing for recycle to other processes, however, the quantities of water distilled would be less than the feed intake to the system of low quality waste waters from other sources by the amount of evaporation during sluicing and the amount of moisture removed in the ash. Therefore, the assumption of the presence of wet ash sluicing is consistent with the conservative approach of the cost analysis. Similar considerations pertain to wet-scrubber air pollution control systems. Non-solar evaporation is further assumed.

incremental costs for achieving no discharge of pollutants, The exclusive of cooling water and rainfall run-off, for the model station as previously stated are approximately 0.3 mills per kilowatt-hour for a 100 megawatt capacity base-load plant, 0.5 mills per kilowatt-hour for a cyclic plant and 1.5 mills per kilowatt-hour for a peaking plant. These costs are about 5, 6, and 12 percent of production costs, respectively. Costs for smaller plants would be generally higher and costs for larger plants would be generally lower. Costs would be less for plants in climates suitable for solar evaporation. Cost would be generally less for nuclear plants and for gas-fired plants because there is no requirement for water related to ash handling. From an overall standpoint, costs would be generally lower than the costs for the model plant due to the conservative assumptions employed in the model. Full recycle of blowdown from evaporative recirculating cooling water systems would be significantly more costly.

## Energy and Other Non-Water Quality Environmental Impacts.

Energy requirements for technologies reflecting the application of the best available technology economically achievable for pollutants other than heat are less than 0.2 percent of the total plant output.

The non-water quality impacts of technologies available to achieve limitations on pollutants other than heat are negligible with respect to quality, noise, water consumption and aesthetics. Solid waste air disposal problems associated with achieving the limits required by best technology currently available are similarly practicable control Systems with evaporation and recycle of waste water. insignificant. required to attain the effluent reductions required for which may be best available technology economically achievable will not generally create significant amounts of solid waste. If recycle of blowdown from evaporative recirculating cooling systems were to be employed, however, considerable volumes of solid waste may be generated. In most cases these are nonhazardous substances requiring only minimal custodial care. However, some constituents may be hazardous and may require special consideration. In order to ensure long term protection of the environment from these hazardous or harmful constituents, special consideration of disposal sites may be made. All landfill sites where such hazardous wastes are disposed should be selected so as to prevent horizontal and vertical migration of these contaminants to ground or surface waters. In cases where geologic conditions may not reasonably ensure this, adequate legal and mechanical precautions (e.g. impervious should be taken to ensure long term protection to the liners) environment from hazardous materials. Where appropriate the location of solid hazardous materials disposal sites should be permanently recorded in the appropriate office of legal jurisdiction.

#### PART B

## THERMAL DISCHARGES

### SECTION V

#### WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

### <u>General</u>

Significant thermal discharges from steam electric powerplants occur when a powerplant utilizes a once-through circulating water system to reject the heat not converted into electric energy. The amount of heat energy discharged with the circulating water is equal to the heat value of the fuel less the heat value converted into electric energy and miscellaneous station losses. The heat energy discharged is therefore directly related to the efficiency of the plant. According to industry practices, the efficiency of a generating unit is expressed as its heat rate, in units of Joules per KWH (BTU per KWH). A new fossil-fired generating unit may be designed for a heat rate of 9.5 million Joules per KWH (9000 BTU/KWH). Since one KWH is equivalent to 3.6 million J/KWH (3413 BTU), such a plant would have an efficiency of 38%.

The transfer of heat from the condensing steam to the cooling water results in a temperature rise of the cooling water. For a given amount of heat transfer, the temperature rise of the cooling water is inversely proportional to its flow. That is, one may either heat a small quantity of water a great deal, or a large quantity of water a small amount. On the average, temperature rises have been centered about 9 degrees C (16 degrees F) for economic and process considerations (Figure B-V-1). It is clear however, that almost any lower limit on temperature rise can be achieved given a sufficiently large source of cooling water and no economic constraints. It is also clear, however, that a temperature difference reduction does not limit the amount of heat rejection.

#### Quantification of Main Condenser Cooling Characteristics

The data presented below were obtained from the Federal Power Commission and represent a summary of the data collected on "FPC Form 67" for the year 1969.200 These data have been screened to eliminate obvious inconsistancies. The statistical analyses have been performed using standard subroutines available from IBM in their scientific subroutine package (1000) operating units. All units in this sample are fossilfueled. Heat rates for the industry are profiled in Figure B-V-2. This figure shows the mean unit heat rate to be approximately 11.8 million Joules/KWH (11,200 BTU/KWH) with a standard deviation of approximately 2.86 million Joules/ KWH (2700 BTU/KWH). These statistics are not weighted by generation. Weighted figures show the national average heat rate to be about seven (7) percent lower.<sup>281</sup> Given the heat rate, one



FIGURE B-V-1



FIGURE B-V-2

may calculate the cooling water heat rejection for fossil plants in the following manner:

1. Multiply the heat rate by the boiler efficiency (0.8-0.9 are reasonable efficiencies to use for this calculation)

2. Subtract from that number the energy of one (1) KWH (3,600,000) Joules or 3,413 BTU).

3. The result is the heat rejected to the cooling water stream.

The result obtained from this calculation is slightly higher than the real requirement in most cases. This analysis ignores the difference between the lower and higher heating values of the fuel. Heat rates can be reported using high heating values although all this energy is not available to do work. The difference is lost forming water vapor from hydrogen in the fuel and oxygen in the air. Various in-plant heat the and steam losses, and the power requirements of the plant's auxilliary equipment are also ignored. Using this analysis, the mean plant in our sample rejects about seven (7) million Joules (6,640 BTU) per net KWH Table B-V-1 lists heat rates, efficiencies, and waste heat generated. produced for a range cf plants typical of the industry. The heat rejection requirements calculated above are satisfied by the heating of the circulating water. Figure B-V-1 indicates that the mean temperature rise (unit basis, not weighted) of the cooling water is between eight and nine degrees C (about 15 degrees F) with a standard deviation of about three degrees C (5 degrees F).

Flow rates range from about 1,100 liter/min (300 gpm) to 4,000 liter/min (1,100 gpm) for each megawatt of load.<sup>280</sup> Thus a 100 MW unit operating at capacity may discharge up to 400,000 liter/min (110,000 gpm) of water heated to nine degrees C (15-16 degrees F) above ambient. (A more typical number would be about two-thirds of this example based on national heat rates).

The maximum summertime temperature of the heated effluent varies with location, but is strongly centered (Figure B-V-3) about 35 degrees C (95 degrees F). It is interesting to note the large number of plants operating at or above a maximum summertime outfall temperature of 39 degrees C (102 degrees F). At elevated temperatures turbine efficiency frequently begins to suffer.

Table B-V-2 summarizes data received from powerplants visited under this contract. Many of the plants visited were among the most efficient in the nation.

The visits were, in general, made to examine unique features in control or efficiency incorporated in the plant. These data, therefore, represent typical values for newer modern plants rather than an industry-wide cross section. Of some interest, however, are the data

Table	Bĭ	7	1
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# EFFICIENCIES, HEAT RATES AND HEAT REJECTED BY COOLING WATER

Plant Efficiency,	Plant Heat Rate	Heat Converted to Electricity	Stack and Plant Heat Losses	Heat Rejected to Cooling Water		
%	Jo	oules per KWH x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	(Btu/KWH)			
	Fossil-Fueled Units					
38	9.5 ( 9,000)	3.6 (3,400)	0.95 ( 900)	4.95 ( 4,700)		
34	10.5 (10,000)	3.6 (3,400)	1.05 (1,000)	5.85 ( 5,600)		
29	12.5 (12,000)	3.6 (3,400)	1.25 (1,200)	7.65 ( 7,400)		
23	15.5 (15,000)	3.6 (3,400)	1.55 (1,500)	10.35 (11,100)		
17	21.0 (20,000)	3.6 (3,400)	2.1 (2,000)	15.3 (14,600)		
	Nı	clear Units				
34	10.5 (10,000)	3.6 (3,400)	0.5 ( 500)	6.4 (6,100)		
29	12.5 (12,000)	3.6 (3,400)	0.6 ( 600)	8.3 (8,000)		



**FIGURE B-V-3** 

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#### TABLE B-V-2

# PLANT VISIT THERMAL DATA

			Heat Rate	Cooling	Temp.	mp. Discharge Temp.		Heat Dissipation		
		Capacity	Joules/KWH	Water Flow	Rise		°C		Joules/Hr	Joules/KWH
Plant ID	Fuel	(MW)	X 10-7	M <sup>3</sup> /min	<u> </u>	Summer	Winter	Average	<u>X 10</u> -5	X 10 °
0640	Nuclear	916	N.A.	1688	15.6	30.0	27.0	28.3	6580	7.194
1209	Nuclear	1456	1.1	4735	8.9	40.6	28.9	35.6	10588	7.27
2612	Nuclear	700	1.1	1476	13.9	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	5135	7.349
1723	Nuclear	1618	N.A.	3564	13.3	36.7	14.4	N.A.	11916	7.37
3117	Nuclear	457	1.07	1362	10.0	28.6	13.9	21.7	3417	7.48
1201	Oil & Gas	139.8	1.02	439	5.7	34.0	22.3	26.8	624.3	4.466
1201	Oil & Gas	792	N.A.	2002	8.5	39.6	29.1	32.4	4271	5.39
5105	Oil	1157	1.09	1851	13.2	45.4	18.2	36.3	6116	5.285
2525	Oil	1165	.95	2346	8.2	31.0	12.7	21.4	4840	4.156
0801	Coal & Gas	300	1.12	1056	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
1209	Coal & Gas	820	.99	2078	7.3	38.9	27.3	33.9	3786	4.626
4217	Coal	1640	1.03	2120	14.4	31.7	17.8	26.7	7676	4.68
4846	Coal	1150	1.05	2838	7.5	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	5336	4.645
3713	Coal	2137	.92	3883	10.0	28.3	17.8	N.A.	9744	4.56
2512	Oil	542.5	.94	632	16.1	33.4	22.6	28.0	2552	4.71
3115	Oil & Gas	644.7	1.06	1429	9.3	28.2	13.2	21.0	3343	5.196
2527	Oil	28	1.02	94.6	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
0610	Oil & Gas	750	1.15	1332	10.0	36.7	20.0	26.7	3343	4.46
2119	Coal	2534	N.A.	2937	13.9	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	10229	4.04
Nuclear Av	verages		1.09	N/A	12.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.33
Fossil Ave	erages		1.03	N/A	10.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.68
	-									

N.A. - Not Available

N/A - Not Applicable

from the nuclear plants visited. Since all nuclear plants in utility service are relatively new, these plants may be considered typical of nuclear plants. It is observed that the heat rejection is considerably higher for nuclear plants (by a factor of more than 1.5) than for the fossil-fueled plants studied. In addition, the temperature rise for the nuclear plants is generally higher.

Industry-wide Variations

Heat rate varies about thirteen percent regionally.<sup>201</sup> This variation is due to relative equipment age, availability of high quality fuel, and economic and other factors. For example, the northeastern section of the country has many cld, relatively inefficient units which must be operated to meet loading requirements. On the other hand, the western section of the country uses a great deal of lower heating-value lignite which contributes to its' higher average heat rate. The southeastern section of the country can attribute its lower average heat rate to many new, large, efficient units burning high-quality fuel. The net effect of the regional heat rate variation on heat rejection requirements may be'as high as twenty percent (see previous section for calculations). This number may be considered conservative, however, since some of the regional heat rate variation is fuel quality dependent.

Temperature rise varies with both heat rate and cooling water availability. In addition, considerations such as economics, ambient water temperature, and water quality requirements weigh heavily upon the design cooling water temperature rise. Thus, temperature rise requires a plant by plant evaluation.

Maximum temperature of the outfall varies with both ambient temperatures and temperature rise. Thus higher temperatures should be expected in the southern section of the country. This expectation is somewhat mitigated by the fact that the steam cycle has efficiency limitations beyond certain temperatures. Thus, utilities economically optimize temperature rise (a lower temperature rise requires more pumping power and/or a larger condenser) and final temperature (a higher final temperature reduces turbine efficiency). Therefore, regional variations in maximum summertime outfall temperature are not as large as regional variations in ambient water temperatures:

Seasonal variations in heat rate, temperature rise and outfall temperature may be significant but move in opposing directions. That is, when the ambient temperature, the maximum outfall temperature and the heat rate increase, the temperature rise, in general, falls. In many sections of the country, the summer heat rate is higher than the winter heat rate because many inefficient peaking plants are run only in the summer months. This effect is in addition to the efficiency loss created by ambient conditions. The efficiency loss is of particular concern since peak demand usually coincides with the worst (for power generation) ambient conditions, which can cause power shortages. Conversely, the wintertime heat rate (usually better than summer) occurs at a time when demand is below peak. Therefore, the heat rejected per KWH, the total heat rejected, and the maximum outfall temperature are all lower. While the temperature rise may be higher in the winter, it can be controlled by increasing the cooling water flow (which was cut back for economic reasons to cause the higher rise in the first place).

Age is a frequently mentioned parameter for the thermal effluent of powerplants. Historically, plant aging has been a double edged sword. The aging process included material and equipment deterioration (turbine blade erosion, etc.) which is an absolute loss over a period of time, and obsolescence which is a relative deterioration. Recent history indicates<sup>281</sup>, however, that there has been no heat rate improvement on a national basis for over a decade. Therefore, heat rate deterioration with age is only a function of material deterioration which is much less dramatic than the historic cycle improvements. Furthermore, older plants are traditionally smaller than newer plants. With the demand for electricity increasing exponentially, the capacity required for peaking and cycling in a system approaches the capacity of their older plants. Therefore, the older plants are usually derated to peaking and cycling service while the larger new units are base loaded. Temperature rise is not significantly affected by age (Figure B-V-4). While the trend has been slightly upward over the years, the increase has been slight (largely for thermodynamic reasons). Maximum outfall temperature has not changed materially over the years because the two determining factors (other than natural conditions) have changed in offsetting directions.

Unit capacity has a small effect on heat rate and virtually no effect on temperature rise. The effect on heat rate is due largely to engineering and capital cost considerations and to the fact that small plants are not usually base loaded.

Variation with Industry Grouping

Nuclear plants reject about 50% more heat to the cooling water per KWH than fossil plants. Fossil-fueled plants reject from 10% to 20% of the available fuel energy to the atmosphere through the stack. This energy leaves the plant in the form of water vapor (heat of vaporization) created by burning hydrogenous fuel and heated exhaust gases.

Nuclear plants reject virtually all their heat to the cooling water. If this were the only factor, nuclear plants of the same efficiency as fossil plants would reject from 18% to 43% more heat per KWH than fossil plants. However, nuclear plants of current design (PWR, BWR) cannot produce superheated steam for the generation cycle. For this reason, a well-designed nuclear plant can seldom be expected to exceed a thermal efficiency of 34% under even ideal conditions while well-designed, wellrun fossil plants have achieved thermal efficiencies of up to 39% as an average for an entire year's operation (plant no. 3713)<sup>281</sup>. Thus,

FIGURE B-V-4 264

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nuclear plants can be expected to reject more heat than fossil plants for thermodynamic reasons. The sum of these two effects yields cooling water heat rejection requirements in the range of 50% higher for nuclear plants than for fossil plants. The higher heat rejection requirements for nuclear plants are usually met by increasing the cooling water flow and slightly raising the temperature difference across the condenser. This method is practiced to avoid the additional thermodynamic inefficiencies associated with higher outfall temperatures.

Nuclear plants, then, closely approximate new fossil plants in temperature rise and maximum outfall temperature and are significantly higher in cooling water requirements. Fossil-fueled units can be divided into three categories, based on hours operated per year. The lowest group are operated less than two thousand (2,000) hours per year. The intermediate group are operated more than two thousand (2,000) and less than six thousand (6,000) hours per year, while the highest groups are operated more than six thousand (6,000) hours per year.

The highest group heat rates average 11.25 million Joules per KWH (10,636 BTU/KWH, see Figure B-V-5) with a standard deviation of about million Joules per KWH (2,100 BTU/KWH). Intermediate group heat 3.1 rates average about 13.3 million Joules per KWH (12,494 BTU/KWH, see Figure B-V-6) with a standard deviation of about 3.1 million Joules per KWH (2,950 BTU/KWH), while the lowest group averages about 16.6 million Joules per KWH (15,793 BTU/KWH, see Figure B-V-7) with a standard deviation of 4.72 million Joules per KWH (4,480 BTU/KWH). The variation in the heat rate mean is over forty-seven percent, with heat rate varying inversely with utilization. The variation in cooling water heat rejection requirements is clearly higher than the variation in heat rate since the major portion of the additional heat must be rejected to the cooling water. This is only true when the plant is on-line. If a plant is on hot standby, the heat is rejected to the atmosphere through the The impact of the increased heat rate is reduced sharply by two stack. The units with the higher heat rates are on-line less than the factors. most utilized units and produce far less electric power. As a result, the total heat rejection per year is far less than for the most utilized Furthermore, a significant contribution to the high heat rates units. of the less utilized units is the practice of keeping these units on hot standby during periods when the probability of peaking demands is high. During these periods, these units produce no electricity and, therefore, have an infinite heat rate but reject little or no heat to the cooling Thus, the heat rate figures for the least utilized plants tend water. to be misleading (on the high side) as well as less important than those for the most utilized.

(It should again be noted that all statistics in this section are unweighted arithmetic means. Weighing averages by generation would produce lower heat rates, and, therefore, lower cooling water heat rejection requirements).



**FIGURE B-V-5** 





**FIGURE B-V-7** 

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Condenser temperature rise does not vary with industry categorization (for fossil units). The mean for all three groups (based on hours operated per year) is about eight to nine degrees C (15-16 degrees F) with a standard deviation of a little under three degrees C (5 degrees F). (See Figures B-V-8, B-V-9, and B-V-10).

Maximum outfall temperature will not vary with industry grouping since it is the sum of ambient water temperature (which is unrelated to grouping) and temperature rise across the condenser (which does not vary with grouping).

In summary, the only waste stream characteristic which varies with industry grouping is the quantity of heat rejected to the cooling water. The other characteristics vary with locale, season, etc., and require site-by-site evaluation to draw any reasonable conclusion.

Finally, Table B-V-3 summarizes typical waste stream characteristic ranges for each grouping.

# Effluent Heat Characteristics from Systems Other Than Main Condenser Cooling Water

Waste heat from house service water systems and other smaller sources can contribute about 1% of the total effluent heat discharged from a generating plant. For example, the thermal discharges of one nuclear plant (no. 4251) are shown in Table B-V-4. House service water systems can be either once-through (nonrecirculatory) or recirculating. Nuclear plants have emergency core cooling systems connected to the house service water system. Where closed house service water systems are used for nuclear plants, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission Safety Guide 27 requires (indirectly) that sufficient water be stored on-site (storage pond) to assure an ultimate heat sink for safety purposes.



FIGURE B-V-8



MINIMUM=1

**FIGURE B-V-9** 





# Table B-V-3

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF WASTE HEAT REJECTION

Grouping	Heat Rate, Joules/KHW x 10	Heat Rejection to Water Joules/KWH x 10	Temperature Rise, C
Nuclear	1.02 - 1.16	0.72 - 0.80	10 - 16
Fossil (Nat- ional Average) Reference 281	1.11	0.58	8.6
High Utilization	0.92 - 1.32	0.42 - 0.80	4.5-13
Intermediate Utilization	1.05 - 1.69	0.53 - 10.7	4.5-13
Low Utilization	1.05 - 2.1	0.53 - 1.43	4.5-11

\* Note: Calculated by method discussed in this section for fossil-fueled plants and from Table B-V-2 for nuclear plants.

# Table B-V-4

TOTAL PLANT THERMAL DISCHARGES

Plant	No.	4251	(nuclear)	)

Cooling Water System	Flowrate, gpm	ΔT, <sup>o</sup> f	Heat, Btu/hr x $10^{-6}$
Main Condenser	480,400	26	6,290
Primary Plant Components	5,800	22	66*
Secondary Plant Components	11,000	10	55
Centrifugal Water Chiller	3,000	9	13
Control Room Air Conditioner	200	io	1
Steam Generator Blowdown (Discharged 1 hr out of every 100 hr)	50 max	120	3 max

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\* Note: 175 x  $10^{6}$  Btu/hr during plant cooldown once a year.

# PART B

### THERMAL DISCHARGES

# SECTION VI

# SELECTION OF POLLUTANT PARAMETER

The Act, Section 502(6), defines heat as a pollutant.

The purpose of this analysis is to suggest a functional parameter reflecting the level of effluent heat reductions achievable by the application of available control and treatment technology for steam electric powerplants. The determination of a suitable parameter for measuring the thermal component of the effluent is an essential part of the work in developing effluent limitation guidelines for thermal discharges.

The change that has occurred in the cooling water passing through the condenser is an increase in its internal energy. This term is also called "heat content". The change in internal energy or heat content is a product of the mass rate of water flow, its temperature increase, and its average specific heat.

Both the temperature increase of the cooling water and its discharge temperature do not include the quantity of water discharged at this temperature level, and thus do not reflect the total energy or heat discharged. A parameter based on temperature alone, therefore, would not be a reflection of the effluent heat in the discharge. To adequately evaluate the heat rejection to a receiving waterbody, a parameter reflecting total internal energy of the discharge is required.

The parameter that has been chosen in this report to represent the effluent thermal characteristics is the total increase in internal energy or heat content of the cooling water. This parameter directly reflects that change in the effluent which results in thermal effects.

The increase in internal energy or heat content of the cooling water is a function of the size of the powerplant. In order to compare different size plants, the increase in internal energy must be determined per kilowatt hour of plant output for each case. The increase in internal energy or heat content of the condenser cooling water is determined as follows:

$$U = \underline{m \times C \times T}_{KW}$$

Where U = increase in internal energy of condenser cooling water

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m = mass flow rate of cooling water

- c = specific heat of cooling water
- T = temperature increase of cooling water
- KW = unit power output

With commonly used sets of units U would be expressed in J/KWH (BTU/KWH). Dimensionally, m is expressed Kg/hr (lbs/hr) of cooling water, c = 4.186J/Kg/°C (1 BTU/lb/°F) and T is expressed in °C (°F)

For example, consider a powerplant with the following conditions:

Power output: KW = 225 x 10 kilowatts

Cooling water flowrate:  $m = 2.72 \times 10$  Kg/hr (6.0 x 10 lbs/hr)

Temperature increase of cooling water:  $T = 11.1^{\circ}C$  (20°F)

Specific heat of cooling water: C = 4.186 x 10 J/Kg/°C (1 BTU/lb°F)

The resultant internal energy increase is:

$$U = \frac{2.72 \times 10}{225 \times 10} (4.186 \times 10) (11.1) = 5626 \times 10 \text{ J/KWH}$$

or in English units:

$$U = 6.10 \times 10 (1) (20) = 533 \text{ BTU/KWH}$$

$$225 \times 10$$

This parameter provides a measure of the heat rejected to the receiving waterbody in a manner which can be readily monitored. The only quantities in the equation requiring measurement are the cooling water flow and temperature rise and power output of the unit. Each of these can be monitored directly without difficulty and utilized in a straightforward manner to compute the increase in internal energy or heat content.

#### PART B

#### THERMAL DISCHARGES

#### SECTION VII

# CCNTROL AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY

### Introduction

This section contains a general discussion of the various methods for controlling thermal discharge from steam electric power stations. There are three methods available to reduce the gross amount of heat rejected to receiving waters from the steam electric power generation process. These methods are:

- . process change
- . waste heat utilization
- . cooling water treatment

Various process changes can be made to the basic Rankine cycle to increase its thermal efficiency. These process changes include increasing boiler temperature and pressure rating, the addition of reheat and regenerative cycles and reducing turbine exhaust pressure. In addition, the Rankine cycle can be replaced with other forms of generation which are inherently non-polluting. Several of these new forms of generation are already available, such as the gas turbine Brayton cycle and the combined cycle plant. Looking to the future, transfer of gas turbine technology from the aerospace industry offers the promise of gross plant thermal efficiencies approaching 50% in the latter part of the decade. Since the gas turbine is air cooled, its increased use can significantly reduce heat rejection to receiving waters.

The replacement of the conventional Rankine steam plant with other forms of power generation is also receiving increased attention. It is anticipated that conservation of available energy resources will require larger expenditures in ccal research and in the development of new power generation technologies which do not require fluid fossil fuel. These new generation technologies include solar generation, fuel cells, MHD and geothermal power. In the nuclear power field, the production of a demonstrator breeder reactor by the end of the decade will lead to higher thermal efficiencies in nuclear power generation.

The utilization of portions of heat contained in the discharge of condenser cooling water can reduce the amount of heat rejected from steam electric powerplants. There are two different ways in which power station waste heat can be beneficially employed by others. This first is to use the low grade heat contained in the condenser cooling water itself. Several small-scale projects for utilizing low-grade heat (mostly for agriculture and aquaculture purposes) will be described. Other uses for partially expanded steam (extraction steam utilization) for industrial process steam, space heating and cooling, and water desalting have been practiced at several locations in conjunction with electric power generation. The use of extraction steam methods generally involves a degradation of the power cycle since the steam at the extraction point has significant enthalpy remaining. Because of this loss of cycle efficiency, extraction steam utilization tends to raise the heat discharged as measured in Joules/KWH. It is necessary in evaluating this type of alternate use of steam to combine both the powerplant and the alternate use to determine the benefits derived.

major weakness of most programs of low-grade heat utilization and The single-purpose extraction steam utilization is that many of the alternate uses of the available heat are seasonal. This means that the additional costs associated with providing the steam distribution systems must be written off over relatively few hours during the year. It also means that the full amount of heat must be discharged to the waterway during those periods when the secondary heat consumers are not operating. This weakness largely defeats the purpose of employing lowgrade heat utilization systems. The total energy concept seeks to overcome this shortcoming by aggregating all uses of heat in a region to fully utilize available energy on a year-round basis. Most total energy systems in this country are small, consisting of individual shopping centers, educational complexes and commercial developments. Larger total energy systems exist in Europe. It is felt that the rapidly increasing cost of energy brought about by greater worldwide competition for the earth's remaining fossil-fuel resources will make the total energy concept more attractive in the future. Several different waste heat utilization projects will be described.

A number of different technologies have been applied to condenser cooling water discharges to reduce heat rejected to the waterways. Three basic treatment options are available; open cooling systems, closed cooling systems, and combinations of the two. Open cooling systems discharge the full condenser flow following supplemental cooling. Closed systems recycle the bulk of the circulating water flow back to the condenser following supplemental cooling and discharge a small fraction as blowdown to control salinity buildup in the system.

Open cooling systems employing evaporative cooling have the basic disadvantage of not being able to maintain a desired level of treatment year-round due to seasonal variations in wet bulb temperature. Open cooling systems have a distinct advantage over closed systems in that they do not affect the turbine backpressure. A closed cooling system can produce a low-level heat discharge year-round at the expense of increased turbine backpressures. Increasing turbine backpressure entails increased station cost above the cost associated with the cooling system. These additional costs are incurred to buy replacement power for those periods when the station (because of high backpressures) cannot produce its rated capacity (capacity penalty) and also to pay for increased fuel cost for less efficient turbine performance (energy penalty). Both open systems and closed systems require additional power to operate pumps, fans, etc., which affects station capacity and fuel cost to some degree. Incremental capacity and fuel costs are higher for backfitting existing units than for new units.

Most existing treatment of condenser cooling water has been designed to operate in a recycle mode. These systems have generally been installed where sufficient water for once-through cooling was unavailable. Some closed systems are designed to allow open system operation for a portion of the year. All of the available cooling water treatment technologies will be described in this section.

#### Process Change

In order to properly understand both the problems and possible solutions regarding thermal discharges from powerplants, it is necessary to review a few essential thermodynamic principles. Only those principles that directly relate to the situation being investigated will be discussed. They will be presented in simplified terms, allowing a small relaxation of rigorous scientific exactitude.

The discussion is presented in three steps. First presented are principles, and then shown how they affect the steam electric powerplant cycle. Next, historic developments are reviewed, relating them to the principles. This is important to understanding some approaches to improving plants in regard to thermal effects. Finally, we have related principles as guides to possible new types of power generating systems with improved thermal effects characteristics.

Thermodynamics is the study of the conversion of energy from one form to another, particularly the forms of energy called "heat" and "work". The purpose of a steam electric powerplant is to convert heat into work or power, which is the rate of work. Thus, steam electric powerplants are directly concerned with thermodynamics. Important questions to pose about this process of getting work from heat are:

- 1. How can we increase the amount of work obtainable from a given amount of heat?
- 2. Is there a limit to how much work obtainable from a given amount of heat?
- 3. What happens to the heat that is not converted into work?

Thermodynamics is based largely on two laws. These are called the "First Law" and "Second Law". Before stating these laws, it is

necessary to include a few definitions of words or phrases used in the statements of these laws, or in explaining them.

Heat engine (powerplant) - a device or plant used to convert heat into work.

Energy - the ability to do work. Heat and work are both forms of energy. Work may appear as mechanical energy (such as the rotation of a wheel) or electrical energy.

Cycle - the processes or changes which the working fluid of heat engine (powerplant) goes through.

Efficiency - the proportion of energy input (heat) to a powerplant which is converted to energy cutput (work).

Reservoir - an energy source or an energy receiver.

There are a number of ways of stating the laws of thermodynamics. We have chosen a special phrasing that seems most applicable to this study. It should be remembered that this is a restricted non-rigorous statement.

First Law - the total energy supplied to a powerplant must be removed from the plant.

This statement is akin to the conservation of energy interpretation of the First Law, i.e., there must be a budget or accounting of the energy, and this budget must balance.

Figure B-VII-1 shows a simplified example of the energy flow for a power producing engine or plant.

The powerplant receives energy in the form of heat from combustion of fossil fuels, or from nuclear reaction. Some of this energy is converted to a useful output in the form of work (electricity). There is also heat energy cutput from the plant. This is mainly the energy associated with thermal discharge to receiving waters.

The First Law, which requires an energy balance, thus can be stated in equational form for this example as:

Energy In (Heat) = Energy Out (Work) + Energy Out (Heat) or rearranging Energy Out (Heat) = Energy In (Heat) -Energy Out (Work)

The importance of this for thermal discharges is that once the proportion of Heat Energy In that is converted to Work Energy Out is determined, the remainder is a source of thermal discharge. For example, in Figure B-VII-2 relative values of energy are indicated for a



ENERGY FLOW FOR A POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-1



ENERGY BALANCE FOR A POWER PLANT (FIRST LAW) FIGURE B-VII-2 hypothetical powerplant. For this plant, for every 100 units of energy input, 40 units are converted to useful work. The First Law reveals that inexorably there are 60 units of energy that must be rejected to the surroundings. (The relative values in this example are close to those typical of modern steam electric powerplants).

Note however, that the First Law does not require that any heat be rejected from the powerplant. It only says that we cannot produce more energy in the form of work than the quantity of energy (in the form of heat) supplied. At this point, the following might be asked:

"Does the energy rejected have to be in the form of heat?" "Can we build a plant with a better efficiency than in the example cited, which seems pretty inefficient (40%)?" "Is there any limit on efficiency, other than economic considerations? This is, can we reduce the heat rejected to the environment, without limit?"

Such questions have important implications. They lead to a statement of the Second Law of Thermodynamics:

"It is impossible for a powerplant to receive heat energy from a source and to produce the same amount of energy as work."

It might be noted at this point that the Second Law of Thermodynamics cannot be proven from other principles. It is a conclusion reached by experience: observation and experimentation. We can picture a powerplant that would violate the Second Law as stated in Figure B-VII-3. Note that it does not violate the First Law. In order to bring this powerplant into conformity with the Second Law, we try to rearrange its operation as shown in Figure B-VII-4. We are not producing the same amount of energy as work, as was supplied in the form of heat. But now we are violating the First Law, as there is an energy unbalance.

In order to make this plant conform to both laws, we must rearrange its operation as shown in Figure B-VII-5.

The remaining 60 energy units in the form of heat must be rejected to the receiver, which is the environment.

Based on our senses and experience, we are usually psychologically comfortable with the First Law. It expresses a principle that a budget must balance. Yet the Second Law may seem irrational. There seems to be nothing unnatural in having a powerplant receive heat energy and, as a result, produce some power with no other results or effects occurring. Nevertheless, evidence indicates that such a powerplant cannot be built. Some heat must be rejected. But how much? Could we build a powerplant that is 99% efficient, if we considered it financially feasible, thus rejecting a negligible quantity of heat to the environment?



POWER PLANT VIOLATING SECOND LAW FIGURE B-VII-3



POWER PLANT VIOLATING FIRST LAW FIGURE B-VII-4



POWER PLANT CONFORMING TO FIRST AND SECOND LAW FIGURE B-VII-5 There is an upper limit on the efficiency of any powerplant. This limit is that provided by a powerplant that operates on a completely reversible cycle. In this type of cycle, the plant receives heat only at a constant temperature and rejects heat only at a constant temperature. In addition, there are no losses such as friction in any of the processes taking place. The efficiency of such a powerplant depends only on the temperature at which the plant receives heat from the source, and the temperature at which it rejects heat to the surroundings.

The efficiency of this type of plant can be determined from the following equation:

 $Erc = 100 (1-T_2)$  (1) T1

where Erc = efficiency of reversible cycle powerplant

- Tl = temperature at which plant receives heat
   from heat source, expressed in absolute units
- T2 = temperature at which plant rejects heat to surroundings expressed in absolute units

This equation can be derived from the Second Law of Thermodynamics, in a somewhat lengthy procedure. There are a number of these completely reversible cycles that have been conceived of. The best known is called the Carnot cycle. For this reason, the above efficiency is often called the Carnot Efficiency, although any cycle that meets the specified conditions will have the same efficiency.

It will be instructive to determine what the efficiency of a completely reversible cycle would be for temperatures representative of modern steam electric powerplants. The maximum temperature at which a plant receives heat is about 600°C ( $1000^{\circ}F$ ). This is a limit resulting from the decreasing strength of metals at elevated temperatures. The minimum temperature at which a plant rejects heat is about 32°C ( $90^{\circ}F$ ). This is a limit resulting from the available temperature of normal surroundings, unless a plant could reject heat to outer space at absolute zero, -273°C (-460°F).

Converting these temperatures to their absolute values, (degrees Rankine), and calculating the efficiency:

T1 =  $1000 + 460 = 1460^{\circ}R$ T2 =  $90 + 460 = 550^{\circ}R$ 

$$Erc = 100 (1-550) = 62\%$$

This is the highest efficiency that can be reached by any powerplant operating within these temperature limits. The efficiency of the most modern powerplants incorporating the best technology features, operating within these temperature limits, reaches 40%. These modern powerplants achieve a quite high efficiency, relative to the maximum. If one does not consider the Second Law limitations, 40% seems a low figure, and we might conclude that great increases in efficiency could be made with reasonable research investment. But in reality, the "perfect" powerplant under these conditions is itself only 62% efficient. Thus, an actual modern powerplant has an efficiency relative to the theoretical possible of:

Relative Efficiency =  $\frac{40}{64} \times 100 = 65\%$ 

Considering additionally, the minimum practical losses in each of the components in a powerplant, even the relative efficiency of 65% is low as an indicator of the likelihood of further improvements in the existing steam electric powerplant cycle. In any case, even with the best theoretical cycle, the same basic problem would exist of discharging large amounts of waste heat to the surroundings, since only about a 33% reduction in present thermal discharges would be accomplished.

Referring to Equation (1), note that the efficiency of the completely reversible cycle is increased by raising Tl or lowering T2, and that 100% efficiency can be achieved only with an absolute zero temperature T2, or approached with an infinite temperature T1.

History of the Steam Electric Power Plant Cycle

In this section, we will outline the chronological development of the thermodynamic cycle of the steam electric powerplant. The purpose of this approach is to indicate what methods have been developed to improve cycle efficiency, and indirectly reduce the heat discharged to the environment. This will aid in understanding problems and possible directions for future cycle improvements.

The discussion should begin with a description of a completely reversible cycle, as it is the best theoretically achievable. In this way, each actual powerplant development may be compared to the paragon.

The Carnot cycle is chosen as the completely reversible cycle to describe. Figure B-VII-6 shows the basic components of the Carnot steam powerplant cycle: bciler, turbine, condenser and compressor. The





components are connected by piping as shown, with the direction of flow of the fluid between them as indicated.

The heat source may be combustion of fossil fuel or nuclear reaction (or recently geothermal heat). Heat is transferred from the source to water in the boiler. The water enters the boiler in a saturated liquid condition. This means that it is at a temperature where it will begin to boil when heated. It does not need to be heated up to boiling temperature. The water is completely evaporated, and it leaves as saturated steam. This means that it has been completely converted to vapor, but its temperature has not increased. (Further heating of the vapor to a higher temperature produces superheated steam).

The steam then flows to a steam turbine, where its energy is used to rotate a shaft and generate power. In so doing, the steam temperature and pressure drop considerably in the turbine. Steam leaving the turbine flows to the condenser, where heat is removed from it.

The condenser removes enough heat to partially condense the steam entering. Thus a mixture of liquid and vapor leaves the condenser. The temperature of the condensing steam does not change during the process. This mixture is then compressed in a compressor. This compression process raises the temperature and pressure of the fluid, and also causes the condensation of the remaining vapor. The result is that the fluid leaves the compressor at the pre-determined conditions set for the boiler, as a saturated liquid. Note that power is required to operate the compressor.

As heat is added in the boiler at a constant temperature and removed in the condenser at a constant temperature, and assuming no losses in any equipment, the cycle will be a completely reversible one, with the maximum efficiency possible for the temperatures specified.

With this paragon continually in mind as a reference standard, let us now turn to the historical development of the actual cycles used in the steam electric powerplant. We have observed that the cycle modifications and developments improved efficiency, usually however, at the expense of increased plant complexity. We also note that the developments brought the actual cycle closer to some of the features of the Carnot cycle, which being the best possible, is not a surprising development. Yet the Carnot cycle itself has great practical deficiencies.

It is worth noting that the development of the cycle was largely accomplished by inventive-minded engineers, and to a great extent at a time before thermodynamics was a fully understood or applied science.

# Rankine cycle

Named after the engineer W. J. M. Rankine (1820-1872), Professor at the University of Glasgow, the components and flow for this cycle are shown in Figure B-VII-7.

The cycle has four basic components: boiler, turbine, condenser and pump. A heat source furnishes heat to the boiler. Water entering the boiler is first heated up to its saturation temperature and then evaporated completely. The steam flows to the turbine where its energy is used to rotate a shaft and generate power. The steam leaves the turbine at a lower temperature and pressure, and flows to the condenser. Here the steam is completely dondensed to liquid water by removing heat. A pump delivers the feedwater to the boiler at the boiler pressure. Some of the heat is added in the boiler to the water, which is at a temperature lower than it would be in the boiler in a Carnot cycle at the same maximum temperature. Thus the efficiency of the Rankine cycle will be lower than that of the Carnct cycle.

Rankine cycle with Superheat

Even at very high pressures, the boiling temperature of water is considerably lower than can be achieved in the boiler, with present technology. Recalling the fact that the higher the temperature at which heat is added to the plant, the greater the efficiency, this means that with the Rankine cycle, efficiency is unnecessarily restricted.

A relatively simple means of improving this situation is to superheat the steam. A schematic flow diagram of the Rankine Cycle with superheat is shown in Figure B-VII-8. After the water has been completely evaporated, the steam is superheated to a higher temperature, within metallurgical limits. As the average temperature at which heat is supplied to the plant is higher than with the simple Rankine cycle, a higher efficiency will result.

Regenerative Cycle

With the Rankine cycle, water entering the boiler is at a relatively low temperature, i.e. the temperature at which it is condensed in the condenser. As with the Carnot cycle, the lower the condensing temperature, the greater the efficiency. However, with the Rankine cycle, having this cocl water entering the boiler means that a good part of the heat is added to the working fluid at an average temperature considerably below the maximum.

If the average temperature at which heat is added could be increased, the cycle efficiency would improve. This is the basis for the regenerative cycle. A schematic flow diagram with components for one version of the regenerative cycle shown in Figure B-VII-9.



RANKINE CYCLE POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-7



RANKINE CYCLE WITH SUPERHEAT POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-8



REGENERATIVE CYCLE POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-9

In this cycle, the boiler feed water is preheated in a heater before entering the boiler, by means of steam at an intermediate temperature and pressure bled from the steam turbine. The water entering the boiler is therefore at a higher temperature than it would be with the Rankine cycle. The heat added from the external source will now be added in the boiler at a higher average temperature, and the cycle efficiency will be higher.

To increase the efficiency still further, a few heaters in series can be used, with steam bled from the turbine at progressively different conditions. Of course, the complexity and cost of the plant increases with more heaters.

As the number of feedwater heating stages increases, the regenerative cycle more closely approaches the Carnot cycle, because less of the heat is added externally at lower than maximum temperatures (more is being added internally - hence the word regenerative). The question naturally arises as to why the Carnot cycle itself is not used, as it has a greater efficiency, and would avoid the complexity and expense of the feedwater heating stages.

In actual conditions, the Carnot cycle applied to real equipment would have a poor efficiency. The turbines, pumps and compressors have losses due to mechanical friction, fluid turbulence and similar phenomenae. Thus the pump and compressor will require more power to operate than under ideal conditions. It is the nature of the Carnot cycle that the compressor is a very large power consuming device. In a real plant, the actual power to operate this compressor would reduce the actual plant efficiency considerably. The Rankine cycle does not suffer from this shortcoming, as the pump requires relatively only a small amount of power.

#### Reheat Cycle

As the steam expands in the turbine, in addition to its temperature and pressure dropping, it begins to condense. The result is that in the latter stages of the turbine liquid water droplets form. Only a small amount of moisture can be tolerated, due to possible erosion of the turbine blades and reduction of turbine efficiency. Depending on the inlet temperature and pressure, if the designer attempts to use the minimum condensing temperature available, the moisture content in the turbine might be excessive. In that case, he would have to design the Rankine or regenerative cycle with a higher condensing temperature and suffer a loss of efficiency.

A method of overcoming this difficulty is with the reheat cycle. Figure B-VII-10 is a flow diagram of a typical reheat cycle.

Steam leaving the superheater enters a high pressure turbine. The steam does not expand in this turbine to a temperature low enough to create



REHEAT CYCLE POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-10 excess moisture. The steam leaving the turbine is reheated at the lower pressure back to a high temperature. It then flows to a low pressure turbine where it can be expanded down to the minimum condensing temperature without excess moisture being created in the turbine. The reheat cycle can be combined with the regenerative cycle also, in a similar manner.

Historical Process Changes

Changes in existing processes or their conditions may be considered as a possible way to improve plant heat rate and thus reduce heat rejection. It is worthwhile tc see how the plant heat rate has already been improved by such changes up to the present time, and then to view the progress for further improvements.

By the 1920's typical plants used steam pressures and temperatures reaching about 1900 kN/m2 (275 psi) and 293°C (560°F). The improved equipment and materials that became available in the decade enabled pressures and temperatures to be increased to the neighborhood of 3792 kN/m2 (550 psi) and 343°C (650°F), resulting in increased efficiency. Expansion in the turbine from these conditions, however, resulted in excessive moisture in the turbine, and as a result these plants adopted the reheat cycle.

By the 1930's further material improvements resulted in the availability of steam pressures and temperatures of about 6205 kN/M2 (900 psi) and  $482^{\circ}\text{C}$  (900°F). Under these conditions, expansion in the turbine occurs down to minimum condensing pressure without excessive moisture, and as a result plants were typically designed without reheat.

Further material improvements since the 1930's resulted in higher available steam pressures. A pressure of 17200 kN/m2 (2500 psi) and temperature of 538°C (1000°F) might be typical today. This increase in pressure with correspondingly little increase in temperature would result in a condition of excessive moisture if full expansion were taken in the turbine in one pass. Because of this, reheat has been adopted again in recent decades. In addition, higher fuel costs justify the increase in efficiency gained from reheat. Generally only one stage (single) reheat is economical. For plants that are designed to operate at supercritical pressures 2400 kN/m2 (3500 psi), however, double reheat may be justifiable. Triple reheat has not been found economically feasible under any conditions. Along with these developments, adoption of the regenerative cycle had become standard due to its increased efficiency over the Rankine cycle. The efficiency increases with the number (stages) of feedwater heaters used, but of course the plant initial cost increases correspondingly. For large plants, present costs justify 7 or 8 stages of heating.

### Process Changes for Existing Plants

A summary of possible individual changes in existing plants is shown in Table B-VII-1, Efficiency Improvements. Included in this table are approximate estimates of the improvement resulting from the change, the work required to effect it, estimates of outage time that the plant will be down to make changes, and approximate capital costs. These figures are quite approximate, because they actually vary with existing plant conditions.

### Feedwater Heaters

Addition of one heater improves the heat rate about 285 kJ/ KWH (270 BTU/KWH), perhaps 2%. Further heaters would improve the heat rate by a succeedingly smaller amount. Turbine modifications would probably be required.

Reduce Backpressure (Condensing Pressure)

This is accomplished by increasing the velocity of water in the condenser tubes, which results in better heat transfer and thus lower condensing temperature and pressure. The degree to which this improvement can be effected is small. Tubes must be changed to take the higher velocities without erosion, but this is limited. In any case, the increased pumping power would offset part, if not all, of the gain in efficiency.

Increase Steam Temperature

Small increases might be accomplished with boiler and main steam piping modifications. Larger increases require turbine replacement also. In any case, the maximum steam temperature practical at the present level of technology is about 540°C (1000 °F).

Increase Steam Pressure

Improvements in efficiency of the order shown may be accomplished by increasing steam pressures. However, extensive replacement of much of the plant is required.

# Reheat

On lower pressure units, 10000 kN/m2 (1450 psi and less), the efficiency gain from reheat is less than for higher pressure units, 12400 kN/m2 (1800 psi and higher). The gains and work required are as shown in Table B-VII-1. The extent of work approaches a complete replacement of the plant.

# TABLE B-VII-1 EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS

Modification	Improvement in Heat Rate	Work Required	Outage Time	Cost	Remarks
Add Feedwater Heaters	270 Btu/Htr.	Replace turbine, add heater and piping	8 mos.	\$25/ <b>KW</b>	For same steam flow the unit output would be reduced by 5%. Charge required for replacement energy.
Lower Back Pressure (Pump more C.W.)	1%/0.5"Hg	Change condenser tubes for higher velocity. Add new circulating water pumps with new intake bays and piping as required.	2 mos.	\$6-8/KW	Limit of improvement is in the order 0.25"Hg and any gain would probably be lost to increase pump power.
Increase Steam Temperature	0.8%/50 <sup>°</sup>	Possibility of boiler modification to obtain -25°F. Some modification of turbine will be required. Main steam piping will have to be replaced.	3 mos.	\$6-8/ <i>K</i> W	Practical limit for steam temperature is 1000 <sup>O</sup> F. Limitation primarily due to boiler, however turbine also poses problems
		For 50-100 <sup>°</sup> F increase make extensive modifi- cation to boiler (or replace) and replace turbine plus steam piping. Turbine pedestal modifications will also be required.	8-16 mos.	\$35-50/KW	
Increase Steam Temperature	1450-1800psig =1.7%;1800- 2400psig=2.0%; 2400-3500 psig =1.7%	Replace boiler, turbine, steam and feedwater piping, some changes to feedwater heaters. Modify turbine pedestal and install new feedwater pumps.	16 mos.	\$60-80/KW	Increases of 3-5% possible without modification. However, this will not increase cycle efficiency because the turbine is designed for maximum efficiency at rated pressure.
Add Reheat	3-4% for units operating at 1800 psi and above. 2-3% for units operating at 1200-1450 psi	Replace boiler, turbine and hot reheat piping, rebuild turbine pedestal, modify boiler controls, modify condenser and make changes to feedwater heating system.	24 mos.	\$100/KW	Typical new reheat unit would be 75MW or less in size and would operate at 1450 psi and 950°F.

Increased Cooling Gas Pressure

By increasing the pressure of the hydrogen gas used for cooling the generator, it would be possible to produce slightly more power from the generator, with higher input.

Drain Coolers

Cycle efficiency may be improved slightly by the addition of drain coolers to the existing feedwater heating system, if not already included. Figure B-VII-11 shows this arrangement. The drain cooler takes the hot condensate from the feedwater heater and uses it to preheat the feedwater leaving the condenser. In this way the cycle efficiency is increased slightly.

Drains Pumped Forward

Cycle efficiency may be improved slightly by pumping the feedwater drains forward, instead of draining it back to the condenser. Figure B-VII-12 shows this arrangement. Note that an additional pump is required for pumping the drains.

Superposed Plants

A method of improving the efficiency of older plants that has met with some success is the superposition of a higher pressure and temperature system on top of the existing plant. A new boiler, turbine, feedwater heaters and pumps are added to the plant, exhausting steam to the old turbine at its design conditions (Figure B-VII-13). The new boiler may replace the old boiler or supplement it. The advantage of this procedure is that the existing turbine and condenser are retained, and made use of. Economical upgrades of a number of plants were carried out in this way in the 1930's. It is doubtful that this approach would be economically justifiable under existing capital cost conditions.

Complete Plant Upgrading

Consider a typical non-reheat unit, rated at 75 MW, to be upgraded to get a turbine cycle heat rate of approximately 8,450 kJ/KWH (8,000 BTU/KWH). The following changes would be required:

1. Raise pressure to 16,500 KN/m2 (2,400 psi)

- 2. Increase superheat temperature to 537°C (1,000°F)
- 3. Add reheat to 537° (1,000°F)
- 4. Modify the regenerative feedwater heating cycle

To make these changes, the following work is required:

1. New boiler, turbine and boiler feed pumps



DRAIN COOLER ADDITION TO POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-11

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DRAINS PUMPED FORWARD IN POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-12

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SUPERPOSED PLANT ADDITION FIGURE B-VII-13

- 2. New steam and feedwater piping
- 3. New boiler controls
- 4. New feedwater heaters
- 5. Add cold and hot reheat piping
- 6. Rebuild the turbine pedestal
- 7. Modify the condenser

8. Modify parts of the turbine building and rebuild the boiler building

The cost of all this work would be at least as much as that of a new plant, as that is what it involves. It is estimated that a 2-3 year plant outage would be required for the work.

Future Improvements in Present Cycles

At the present time, maximum steam temperatures are limited to about 537°C (1,000°F). Temperatures above this requires changes in the type of steel used in boiler tubing, piping and in turbines that greatly increase plant costs. There is a general consensus in the utility industry that significant increases in steam temperature are not forthcoming in the immediate future.

Most of the average size units being installed at the present time, in the 300 to 600 MW size range, are at a pressure level of around 17,200 KN/m2 (2,500 psi). A significant increase to supercritical pressures, around 24,100 KN/m2 (3,500 psi) is being used for some of the larger units. A cycle efficiency improvement of about 1.5 to 2.0% occurs with this pressure increase.

Gas Cycles

In addition to the steam vapor powerplant cycle, gas cycles may be considered for generating electric power. These plants usually operate on the Brayton (Joule) cycle or some modification of this cycle. Figure B-VII-14 indicates an arrangement of components, and the gas flow.

Air is drawn into the compressor. After compression the air flows to a combustor where a gaseous or liquid fuel is burned in the air. The products of combustion at high temperature and pressure flow through the turbine and generate power. This cycle may have a relatively low thermal efficiency, even though heat is added at a relatively high temperature. This is because the gases discharged from the turbine are still at a quite high temperature. To overcome this a regenerative heat exchanger is added to the cycle, as shown in Figure B-VII-15.



# SIMPLE BRAYTON CYCLE GAS TURBINE POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-14

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BRAYTON CYCLE WITH REGENERATOR GAS TURBINE POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-15
The effect is to preheat the compressed air before combustion, utilizing the waste gas, thus increasing cycle efficiency.

Further refinements can be made by adding intercooling between compressor stages and by reheating, using a second combustion chamber. With these refinements the efficiency of the cycle may increase further.

Gas cycle power generation precludes any significant thermal wastewater, as the main effluent is a gas.

Gas Cycle Plants - Base Power

Plants using gas cycles are used for base power today only in special applications. The cycle efficiency does not equal that of the steam vapor cycles. Gas turbines are not available in sizes adequate for the larger units of present powerplant design.

present development of turbines and other plant components to withstand higher temperatures may make the gas cycle more attractive in future decades.

Gas Cycle Plants - Peaking Power

The gas turbine cycle is used today for purposes of peaking power. The structure of some power system loads is such that there is a base load plus short term requirements for peaks above that load. A gas turbine plant addition is a natural consideration for this use. A relatively inefficient cycle can be used, because of the short periods of use. The incremental capital cost of the plant addition is low.

The result of this arrangement is no increase in the thermal wastewater discharge for the additional power generated. However this holds only for the incremental power and only during the short time period that the peaking equipment produces this power.

Combined Gas - Steam Plants

An efficient combination can be obtained by utilizing the high temperature at which heat is added to the plant in the gas cycle and the low temperature at which heat is rejected from the plant in the steam cycle. An example of the plant component arrangement is shown in Figure B-VII-16.

The combined cycle has proven advantageous as a method of up-grading existing older steam plants. Usually the situation is one where the existing boilers need replacement or very extensive rebuilding. The efficiency of the existing plant is usually not high, as the steam temperatures and pressure are considerably lower than those possible today. The modernization procedure usually consists of replacing existing boilers with gas turbine exhaust heat boilers which supply



COMBINED GAS-STEAM POWER PLANT FIGURE B-VII-16 steam to the existing steam turbines. The overall plant efficiency of such an arrangement might increase 5 to 10%, thereby reducing the thermal discharge correspondingly.

plant No. 3708 has up-graded part of its plant with such a combined system. The result has been to reduce the heat rate on that part of the plant from 14,770 kJ/KWH (14,000 BTU/KWH) to 11,610 kJ/KWH (11,000 BTU/KWH).

The combined gas-steam cycle has also been chosen in some new plants recently. The overall plant efficiency is approximately the same as that which would be achieved with a modern steam plant. However, gas turbines that will withstand significantly greater temperatures are expected to be available within a few years. Higher temperatures are already in use in aircraft gas turbines, and the spin-off in technology should follow as it has previously. This is estimated to result in cycle efficiency improvements of 5 to 10% for the next generation of combined gas-steam plants over the best steam plants today. The present design of steam plants is not expected to improve by a similar increase Technological improvements in boilers to match those of of temperature. gas turbines are not expected. If such developments occured, it seems likely that the resultant steam plant would not economically compete with the combined plant.

Future Generation Processes

Binary Topping Cycles

With steam vapor cycles, much of the heat is added to the plant at lower temperatures than the maximum possible. This heat is largely used to evaporate the water. Vaporization of water cannot take place above 374°C (705°F), therefore this inefficient heat addition process cannot be avoided.

To overcome this defect, plants using two fluids, each in a separate cycle, have been conceived. An example is the mercury-steam binary cycle. Mercury is used in the topping cycle, steam in the bottom (lower temperature) cycle. Heat can be added to the mercury at practically the highest temperature metallurgically permissible. A few powerplants have been constructed using this arrangement.

Although this cycle has an inherently higher efficiency than with the steam cycle alone, serious disadvantages have led to its demise. Mercury is extremely expensive and highly toxic. Some operating problems were not satisfactorily resolved in the plants built. Theoretical interest has been shown in using other fluids for the topping cycle (e.g., potassium) but developmental work has been limited.

# Geothermal Steam

Geological conditions in certain locations provide a natural source of steam from the earth's heat. The steam can be used in a conventional power turbine. The thermal discharge rejected from the plant has less internal energy than the steam, so there is a net negative thermal discharge. However, the disposed waste heat could still be in an objectionable form and location. The use of this power source is practicably confined to only a few locations on the earth, and thus does not affect thermal discharges generally.

## MHD

Magnetohydrodynamics (MHD) is a principle of producing power quite different from the steam cycle. An electrically conducting hot gas is moved at high velocity through a magnetic field, a procedure that directly generates electricity in a surrounding coil. The present status of this phenomenon for power production is in experimental development stages only.

Fuel Cells

The efficiency of a fuel cell is not limited to that of the Carnot cycle, as it does not receive its energy by means of conversion of heat energy to work. Energy is converted directly from chemical to electrical energy. Fuel cells have been commercially developed for certain applications in small power requirements, but at the present time there is no prospect for large units on the scale of steam powerplants.

## Waste Heat Utilization

There are three ways in which heat produced by powerplants might be utilized in an alternate manner to reduce the amount of heat rejected to receiving waters. These alternate heat consuming methods are as follows:

- utilization of low-grade heat
- utilization of extraction steam
- total energy systems

Utilization of low grade heat

This process means the use of the condenser cooling water in the condition it is in as it leaves the condenser. Using low-grade heat in this manner is desirable because no modification to plant performance is required. The disadvantage of this type of system is that the heat content of the condenser water that is useable is small and large volumes of water must be transported to get a significant quantity of heat. Of the several systems of low-grade heat utilization in operation or in various stages of development, most are agriculturally or aquaculturally oriented. The findings of some of these programs are discussed below.

Agricultural uses

A considerable amount of related work has been planned by the Tennessee Valley Authority. TVA has set aside 7,280 hm<sup>2</sup> (180 acres) of land at a major nuclear installation (Plant No. 0113) for the testing of various ways of using waste heat.

The initial effort at the TVA plant will be concentrated on the development of greenhouse technology for the production of high value horticultural crops utilizing the condenser discharge water for both heating and cooling. The information on these programs has been taken from Reference 353. Initial tests will include conventional greenhouse crops such as lettuce, tomatoes, cucumbers, and radishes. Later work will include such crops as strawberries for the fresh out-of-season market. Eventually, a mix of crops which fits well in sequence during the year with production and marketing conditions and which grow well in the greenhouse climate will be determined.

Preliminary calculations have been made of several crop combinations to obtain an estimate of the potential sale value per acre of greenhouse. The data indicate gross sale potential of from \$40,000 to \$60,000 per 40.5 hm2 (acre) per year is obtainable depending on crop mix. The savings in fuel cost alone in utilizing the waste heat in this manner may be upwards of 10,000 per 40.5 hm<sup>2</sup> (acre) per year. Calculations show that the development of 1,300 hm<sup>2</sup> (32 acres) of greenhouse tomato production and 2,350 hm<sup>2</sup> (58 acres) of lettuce would utilize about 6% of the available condenser water at the plant, and provide about 1.4% of the total requirements for these products in the Southeast. The lettuce production would amount to 30 percent of that now shipped into the combined Atlanta, Memphis, Nashville, and Birmingham markets. TVA is also planning other projects for agricultural use of waste heat for subsurface heating of the ground, and also utilizing the greenhouse concept for the raising of pork and poultry. These programs are not very far advanced at this point.

A similar study of greenhouse use of waste heat has been performed by the AEC and is reported in Reference 351. This study centered on the use of waste heat from a new high-temperature gas-cooled reactor located in the Denver vicinity. The study concluded that the cost of equipment required to utilize the warm water was in the range of the cost of heating systems for conventional greenhouses. Since the cost of heating greenhouses in the Denver area is over \$5,000 per year, the potential value of the heat being wasted is greater than \$1,000,000 per year.

#### Aquaculture

The use of low-grade heat to improve the yields and productivity for fish and seafood species is called aquaculture. Basic data indicate that catfish grow three times faster at  $28.3^{\circ}$ C ( $83^{\circ}$ F) than at  $24.4^{\circ}$ C ( $76^{\circ}$ F). Similarly, shrimp growth is increased by about 80% when water is maintained at  $26.6^{\circ}$ C ( $80^{\circ}$ F) instead of  $21.1^{\circ}$ C ( $70^{\circ}$ F).

Several commercial operations of this type are in existence in the U.S. utilizing waste heat from powerplants. A commercial oyster farming operation is in existance on Long Island, N.Y. using the thermal effluent from powerplant No. 3621. Normal growing periods of four years have been reduced to 2.5 years by selective breeding, spawning, larvae growth and seeding oysters in the hatchery. This avoids reliance on variable natural conditions and permits accelerated growth in the thermal effluent discharge lagoon over a period of about 4-6 months when the water would otherwise be too cold for maximum growth. The product is marketed for \$15-20/bushel (1971) which is the upper end of the wholesale price range.

Catfish have been cultured in cages set into the thermal discharge canal of a fossil-fueled plant (plant No. 4815) located in Texas. During the winter of 1969-70 growth rates achieved were equivalent to 2250 Kg/hm2year (200,000 lb/acre-year). This is comparable to the yields of rainbow trout culture in moving water. The Texas operation is now on a commercial basis.

TVA also operates a small-scale catfish raising facility at its waste heat complex. Results from the first year's operation confirmed that the growth rate of the catfish was significantly enhanced by the addition of the heated water and that the growing season was significantly lengthened. However, several problems prevented expansion to a commercial scale operation. Feed loss and mortality rates were high. Water quality studies showed that high intensity production of catfish generated substantial quantities of waste material and that the equivalent of secondary treatment would be necessary before the facilities could be expanded.

The major weaknesses of low-grade heat utilization are the following:

1. Inability to utilize large quantities of total waste heat available. This is due not only to the capital requirement but also to the fact that the product is produced in such quantities that it may exceed market demand.

2. Uses are seasonal which require either the dumping of waste heat in the off season or the building of a cooling tower in addition to the waste heat utilization systems.

3. Inability to provide needed heat when plant is shut down and unadaptability of the cultured organisms to rapid temperature change.

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# Utilization of Extraction Steam

Extraction steam utilization increases both the number and the size of the potential heat users. Table B-VII-2 following shows the total annual energy demand by several types of heat using processes in the United States. The table is taken from Reference 24.

The most notable extraction steam heating system is located in downtown Manhattan, in which approximately 300 MW of heat is supplied from extraction and back pressure turbines. This system has been in operation for many years. District heating systems of this type are expected to increase in usage in those places where it can be marketed successfully for operation of large tonnage air conditioning loads.

Extraction steam heat utilization is also used to supply industrial process steam. The classic case of extraction steam utilization for industrial process steam takes place at powerplant No. 3414 located in the Northeast. This plant supplies the bulk of the process steam to an adjacent oil refinery. The plant was designed with this capability in mind. The alternate utilization scheme increases the efficiency of the generation cycle from 34% to 54%. This is equivalent to reducing the waste heat rejected to the environment by 25%.

Another form of extraction steam utilization is the use of steam to desalt saline or sea water. This type of use is common in arid locations and also in many of the small islands in the Carribean. Unfortunately, the quantities of heat consumed by water desalting processes are relatively small. The largest water desalting plant in operation today has a capacity of only 5.0 million gallons of water per day. This would require much less than 1% of the waste heat from a new 1000 MW nuclear plant.

The major disadvantage of extraction steam methods is the necessity of combining the plant and the adjacent steam utilizing process to determine the overall performance of the system. In addition, it is difficult to balance the often variable steam requirements with the power production process.

## Total Energy Systems

The total energy concept seeks to overcome some of the obvious shortcomings of the lcw-grade and extraction steam utilization concepts by aggregation of all energy consuming interests in a well defined area. Most total energy systems in the United States are relatively small, consisting of individual shopping centers, educational complexes and industrial complexes. The total energy concept is practiced more intensively in Europe.

	Table	∋ B-	-VII-2	2							
ENERGY	DEMAND	BY	HEAT	USING	APPLICATIONS	(1970)	24				

Application	Supply Temperature, <sup>O</sup> F	Energy Used, trillion Btu	
Electricity	_	4,000	
Space Heat	200 6,000		
Domestic Hot Water	200	1,000	
Industrial Steam	300-400	5,000	

A major study conducted by the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Reference No. 350, tested the economic feasibility of a large energy system serving a hypothetical new town of 389,000 people. The climate of the new town was similar to that of Philadelphia, Pa. The system provided in addition to electricity, heat for space heating, hot water, and air conditioning for the commercial buildings and portions of the apartment buildings. Heat was also available for manufacturing processes and desalting of sewage plant effluent for reuse. The study concluded that it would be possible in the 1975-1980 period and beyond to supply low cost thermal energy from steam electric powerplants to new cities, especially those in the population range of 200,000 to 400,000. With respect to climate, the cities could be located anywhere in the continental United States except perhaps in the most southern portions.

The use of thermal energy extracted for the turbines of the generating would be economically attractive. For example, in one plants configuration of a 1980 city with a population of 389,000 people and a climate similar to that of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, the cost of heat for space heating and domestic hot water was estimated to be approximately \$1.98/MBTU.355 This system was considered to be competitive in that its use would result in an approximately equal cost compared with other systems. It is anticipated that interest in total energy systems will increase as the rapidly increasing cost of fuel will require corresponding increases in the efficiency of fuel consumption.

# Cooling Water Treatment

#### General

Steam electric powerplants employ four types of circulating water systems to reject the waste heat represented by the difference between the energy released by the fuel and the electric energy produced by the generators. These systems are the once-through system, once-through with supplemental cooling of the discharge, closed systems, and combinations of the three systems. In a once-through system, the entire heat is discharged to the receiving body of water. The Waste applicability of this system is dependent on the availability of an adequate supply of water to carry off the waste heat and the ability of the receiving body of water to absorb the energy. There is no reduction of total waste heat energy being discharged by the plant in a oncethrough system.

A once-through system with supplemental cooling removes a portion of heat energy discharged by the plant from the plant effluent and transfers this energy directly to the atmosphere. Various devices are used to achieve this transfer. A long discharge canal could be a cooling device. If a sufficient surface area is not available, the rate of evaporation per unit area may be increased by installing sprays in the discharge canal. If sprays do not provide sufficient evaporative capacity, cooling towers may be utilized in the supplemental cooling mode. The amount of heat that can be removed from the circulating water discharge is a function of atmosphere conditions and the type and size of the cooling device provided.

Recirculating cooling water systems provide a certain type of design and operational flexibility leading to lower costs that is not available with helper systems. The costs of cooling devices are related to their The use of higher cooling water temperatures allows for the use size. of smaller, less costly cooling devices to transfer the same amount of waste heat to the environment. The recirculation to the condensers of all, or a part, of the cooling water leaving a cooling device (if its temperature exceeds intake cooling water temperature) would elevate all temperatures in the system. The result would be that, for a fixed system, more waste heat would be transferred to the atmosphere, or, for a fixed waste heat load, a smaller and less costly cooling device could used. In any case, the added or reduced costs due to changes in the be energy conversion efficiency brought about by the changed recirculation temperatures would become significant in relation to the extent of the temperature changes involved. A further cost savings of recirculating cooling water systems would be attributable to the small intake and discharge structures.

A further characteristic of helper systems is that they are designed primarily to reduce the temperature of the water discharged and not the amount of heat discharged. When recirculation of a portion or all of the cooling water is practiced, the temperature of the discharged water is actually increased (compared to operating in the helper mode) but the effluent heat is reduced (compared to the helper mode) because of the reduction in discharge volume.

Closed circulating water systems are currently in common use in the industry, although in the past the reason for employing closed systems has seldom been the elimination of thermal effects, but rather the lack of a source of water supply adequate for a nonrecirculating system.

The following section describes each of these systems in further detail.

Once-through (Nonrecirculating) Systems

These are defined as those systems in which the water is removed from the water source, pumped through the condenser in one or more passes to pick up the rejected heat, and then returned to the water source. These systems are arranged so that the warm water discharged to the receiving body of water does not recirculate directly to the intake point. Oncethrough systems have been the most prevalent in the United States to date. In general, other systems have been used only when sufficient water for once-through operation has not been available. The trend has been away from the use of once-through systems. Only about one-half of all new units are committed to once-through systems, whereas about 80% of all existing systems are once-through. The basic design of the once-through, or open, system is shown in Figure B-VII-17. The purpose of the intake structure has generally been to prevent trash, fish, grass and other materials from entering the condenser and either plugging or damaging the condenser tubes, resulting in decreased performance or shut down of the unit for repair of condenser tubes. In some cases skimmer walls are used to insure drawing cooling water from deep in the supply source, where the water is colder. The pumps required to circulate the water through the condenser are normally located at the intake structure. Normally there are several pumps for each unit, due to the large flows involved and due to the requirement of providing a higher degree of flexibility and safety in the operation of the cooling water system. Flows for a single unit can exceed 30 m3/sec (500,000 gpm), and some of the large stations require over 60 m3/sec (1,000,000 gpm). The total annual use of cooling water by steam electric rowerplants is an amount equivalent to about 15% of the total flow of all rivers and streams in the U.S. The cooling water flow rates in some plants is comparable to the flow rates of some rivers.

The discharge from the condenser can be returned to the source via a canal or pipe, depending on the local conditions. The discharge structure serves two purposes. The first is to return the water in such a manner that damage to the stream bank and bottom in the immediate vicinity is minimized. The second is to promote the type of thermal mixing required. On lakes or estuaries where water velocities are low, considerable separation between the intake and outlet structures is required to prevent warm water from recirculating directly into the intake.

When compared to closed systems, the water temperature of the circulating water in the open system tends to be lower, thereby sometimes allowing a higher generating efficiency for the plant with the open system. Plant No. 3713 has one of the best heat rates in the country, due, in part, to the low inlet water temperature, which does not exceed 24°C (75°F), during the summer months. This is discussed in more detail under closed systems. As a result of the above, the best plant efficiencies are generally obtained with once-through systems.

Once-through Systems with Supplemental Heat Removal (Helper Systems)

With the development of the larger generating stations, it has been determined in some cases that the large amount of heat rejected to the environment by cooling water discharged from these stations could seriously affect the water environment. Consequently, in those cases, the utilities have been required to re-evaluate their thermal discharge systems. One consideration short of recycling condenser cooling water would be to remove heat from the nonrecirculating system prior to discharge to the environment. This would be accomplished by a cooling device placed in the circuit between the condenser and the discharge point, as shown in Figure B-VII-18 to divert some heat directly to the

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FIGURE B-VII-17



Ocean

ONCE THROUGH (OPEN) SYSTEM WITH HELPER COOLING SYSTEM INSTALLED FIGURE B-VII-18 atmosphere. The amount of heat that could be removed by such a device operating at full capacity would be dependent upon the atmospheric or climatic conditions, principally wet bulb and dry bulb temperatures, or even wind velocity, sclar intensity, and cloud cover, depending on the type of device used.

Since these heat removal systems are also applicable to closed systems, they will be discussed here in general terms only. The design and operation of each of the systems is covered in detail under the closed systems section. Special considerations only are covered in this section. In general, limiting climatic conditions are such that while a majority of the heat can be removed, the discharge stream temperature will always be higher than the receiving water at the discharge point.

The systems considered for this end of pipe, or helper mode of thermal discharge control are cooling towers, both natural draft and mechanical draft, and ponds or canals which can contain floating powered spray modules to augment the natural cooling process. The known installations tend to be designed for operation in any one of several alternative modes. For example, Plant No. 2708 (Ref. No. 108dd) employs a mechanical draft evaporative cooling tower system capable of (a) off-line, (b) helper, (c) partial recirculating and (d) closed-cycle modes of operation that is expected to be capable of meeting water quality standards.

Diagrams of two systems presently in use are shown in Figures B-VII-19 and B-VII-20. The system in Figure B-VII-19 can be operated in both open and closed modes. The system shown in Figure B-VII-20 is much more Units 1 and 2 were originally once-through. When Unit 3 was complex. added, a once-through system could not be used due to low water availability in the summmer.<sup>359</sup> In designing the closed cooling tower system for Unit 3, it was decided to add one additional tower, which would permit operation of all three units on an almost closed system during the summer when the temperature of the discharge to the river is severely limited by environmental protection considerations. The systems illustrated indicate the degree of flexibility which can be built into a once-through system by using supplemental heat removal systems.

The seasonal variability of the performance of a helper system is shown in Figure B-VII-21. This curve shows the average monthly performance of a tower located in the East, and designed to remove 100% of the heat in September. The circulating water temperature rise was assumed to be  $11^{\circ}C$  (20°F). With a stream temperature of 27.2°C (81°F), the approach was 4.5°C (8°F). During the month of March, with a stream temperature of 5.6°C (42°F) and a wet bulb of 7.8°C (46°F) the same tower removes only 22.5% of the heat, even though the approach has increased to 6.4°C (11.5°F).

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COOLING SYSTEM CAPABLE OF BOTH OPEN AND CLOSED MODE OPERATION (Ref. 108z) FIGURE B-VII-19



# PLANT LAYOUT AT PLANT No. 2119 (From Reference 359) FIGURE B-VII-20



This decrease is due to the variation in relationship between stream temperature and wet bulb temperature. In the summer the stream temperature is well above the wet bulb temperature. In winter, in this location, the stream temperature drops below the wet bulb temperature. In addition, tower performance is lower at the lower winter temperatures.

This obviously poses a problem in the design of towers for "helper" use. In the case shown, a tower designed to remove 100% of effluent heat under the worst winter condition (March) would be over-sized by a factor of 4 during most of the summer.

There is a relatively simple solution to this dilema, and that is to partially close the system during the winter months. Part of the warm circulating water would be recirculated into the intake stream, increasing its temperature. This would increase the discharge temperature, and consequently the water temperatures in the tower. This in turn would increase the difference between the water and the wet bulb temperature and increase the amount of heat removed. The water not recirculated would be discharged. A problem then arises in that the water discharged would have a temperature significantly above the stream This temperature might not meet applicable stream temperature. standards, which would mean operation of the tower in two modes: open in summer and closed in winter. The tower would be designed to handle the heat load under the more difficult of the two operating conditions.

All evaporative type cooling systems would have this decrease in heat removal performance during winter months when operated in the "helper" mode.

One other system should be mentioned in this section. This is the dilution system to limit the temperature effect of the discharge on the water to which it is discharged. In this method an excess of water, above the quantity required in the condenser is pumped through the intake system, with the excess being mixed with the hot condenser effluent prior to discharge into the receiving water. While this dilution reduces the combined discharge water temperature, the amount of total heat discharged to the water is slightly greater due to the added generation (and heat rejection) required to power the dilution pumps.

Closed or Recirculating Systems

Closed systems recirculate water first through the condenser for heat removal, and then through a cooling device where this heat is released to the atmosphere, and finally back to the condenser. Three basic methods of heat rejection are used. The one of most commercial significance in the power industry is wet, or evaporative cooling using cooling towers, or spray augmented ponds. Evaporation at  $5 \times 105 \text{ J/kg}$ (1,000 BTU/lb) is the principal means of heat transfer. There is also some sensible heat transfer. A second method of closed system cooling commonly employed is the use of cooling lakes, which are similar in principal to open, cnce-through systems, but which are closed inasmuch as no thermal discharge cccurs beyond the confines of the lake. Dry cooling towers, in which heat is transferred by conduction and convection, have found very limited use.

The following subsections describe the available technology for achieving waste heat removal in closed or recirculation cooling systems.

- 1. Cooling ponds or lakes
- 2. Spray augmented ponds
- 3. Canals with powered spray modules
- Rotating spray system
- 5. Wet tower, natural draft crossflow
- 6. Wet tower, natural draft counterflow
- 7. Wet tower, mechanical forced draft
- 8. Wet tower, mechanical induced draft, crossflow
- 9. Wet tower, mechanical induced draft, counterflow
- 10. Dry tower, direct
- 11. Dry tower, indirect
- 12. Combined wet-dry mechanical draft tower

## Cooling Ponds

Cooling ponds are normally artificial lakes constructed for the purpose of rejecting the waste heat from a powerplant. A secondary purpose for which the pond is utilized is the storage of water for plant operation during periods of low natural availability of water. This dual usage makes cooling ponds economical in the more arid areas of the country. There are also a significant number of cooling ponds in use in the southern part of the United States. While cooling towers could be used to provide cooling in conjunction with a storage pond, the consumptive use of water in the cooling tower, plus the losses from the water storage pond, is generally greater than the losses from a dual purpose pond.

Two distinct types of ponds can be identified, based on the legal means in which discharge is defined. The first is a pond located where there is little or no natural drainage, or where the water rights on the watershed belong solely to the utility company, and there is no thermal discharge from the pond. In this case, the cooling pond is considered to be completely under the control of the utility company, and the pond is operated solely to give the best plant performance. The cooling pond at plant No. 3514 is an example of this type. While the pond itself may not come under thermal discharge regulations, any chemical discharges (blowdown) from the pcnd will. In addition, any other effects of the cooling lake on the environment would also have to be taken into account.

The second case is where the pond is constructed on a watershed having significant runoff, and where the utility does not own the pond and the total water rights on the watershed. In this case, the pond is legally considered to be external to the plant, and control of the thermal discharge is subject to state and federal regulations. Plant No. 3713 in North Carolina is an example of this type.

Cooling ponds are normally formed by construction of a dam at a suitable location in a natural watershed. Soil under the pond must be relatively impervious to avoid excessive loss of water. Ponds may be constructed by excavation, but generally the cost would be much higher than for a dammed watershed. The size of the pond is primarily related to the plant generating capacity, and rough approximations of 4000-8000 m<sup>2</sup> (1 to 2 acres) per MW, are found in the literature. At 81 hm<sup>2</sup> (2 acres) per MW, the pond for a 1,000 MW plant would be 81,000 hm<sup>2</sup> (2,000 acres) in size. Thus, the pond size for such a plant would normally be large enough to serve as a recreational site in addition to its primary function.

When a watershed is dammed to form a cooling pond, the shape is determined by the topography of the area. The station intake and discharge structures are placed on the cooling pond so that maximum use is derived from the pond, i.e. widely separated, if not at opposite ends of the pond. With excavated ponds, the shape is not totally limited by the topography. One station currently uses a pond with a dike separating the intake and outfall structures, and extending almost across the lake to provide a U-shaped pond. Another station, plant No. 1209, utilizes a series of canals as a "cooling pond" as shown in Figure B-VII-22. The land is flat, and the dikes between the canals provide a convenient place to pile the material dredged from the canal.

Considerable research on thermal aspects of cooling ponds has been undertaken. Likewise some of the research on the discharge of condenser water into lakes and rivers may be applicable. References (32), (84), and (120) are part of a series of five reports dealing with cooling ponds, and a more comprehensive study is described in Reference 246.

The performance of a cooling pond is dependent to a large extent on its physical features, as indicated below.

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COOLING CANAL PLANT NO. 1209 Figure B-VII-22

- Ponds have been arbitrarily categorized in a number of ways, such as shallow or deep, stratified or non-stratified, and plug flow or completely mixed ponds. In terms of the above, the ideal pond is a deep, stratified pond in which the hot water flows through the pond on the pond surface with no longitudinal mixing, and the cool water is removed from a deep portion of the lake.
- 2. The configuration of the discharge structure for discharging the hot water from the plant, particularly in the case of shallow ponds, greatly affects pond performance. The discharge structure should be designed to spread the hot water in a thin layer over the lake surface thus preventing mixing with the cooler subsurface water, and sustaining a high pond surface temperature to promote rapid heat transfer to the atmosphere. The suitability of the discharge structure is sometimes evaluated in terms of the Froude No., a ratio of the fluid momentum forces to the fluid gravitational forces and which relates the velocity of discharge to a characteristic length of the structure, normally the width of the channel.

Froude No. =  $V^2/Lg$ 

where V = Velocity of discharge, m/s (ft/sec)

- L = Width of discharge channel, m (ft)
- g = Gravitational constant, 9.82 m/sec<sup>2</sup> (32.2 ft/ sec<sup>2</sup>)

Discharge structures are generally considered adequate for use in relation to cooling ponds when the Froude No. is less than 1.0.

- 3. The intake structure is normally located well beneath the pond surface, if not at the bottom. Its position in relation to the discharge structure is important. Currents within the pond, particularly wind currents, must be considered in placing the structure to get the best performance out of the pond.
- 4. The pond shape has some effect on performance. The extent of the effect is dependent on the degree to which density currents exist within the pond. For those ponds with strong density currents, the pond shape is usually insignificant.
- 5. The temperature of the discharge into the pond sets the driving forces for loss of heat to the atmosphere.

Other important considerations include climatic factors, particularly wind speed, gross solar radiation, dewpoint temperature, and other factors which affect the equilibrium temperature of the pond. The pond size required for a particular plant depends on the climatic conditions in the immediate vicinity of the pond. Pond design is usually based on conditions which approach the most unfavorable conditions expected. The more accurate, reliable, and extensive the available data is, the more confidence can be placed in a design based on these data. The importance of the climatic factors outlined above is demonstrated in the following equations which describe the relationships among the principal factors involved in sizing a cooling pond. At steady state conditions, the net heat loss from the pond is equal to the waste heat from the powerplant. The steady net heat loss from the lake surface is normally expressed as:

Heat loss = KA  $(T_{\underline{S}} \rightarrow T_{\underline{E}})$ 

where  $K = \text{Heat Exchange Coefficient, } J/m^2-day-^OC$ (BTU/ft<sup>2</sup>-day-<sup>o</sup>F)

A = Area of Lake,  $m^2$  (ft<sup>2</sup>)

 $T_{\underline{S}} = Average Surface Temperature, °C (°F)$ 

TE = Equilibrium Temperature, °C (°F)

The equilibrium temperature (TE) can be estimated by the following equation:

TE = Td + Hs/K

where Td = Dewpoint Temperature, °C (°F)

Hs = Gross Solar Radiation,  $J/m^2$ -day (BTU/ft<sup>2</sup>-day)

K = Heat Exchange Coefficient, J/m<sup>2</sup>-day-<sup>o</sup>C (BTU/ft<sup>2</sup>-day-<sup>o</sup>F)

The heat exchange coefficient (K) is closely related to windspeed as shown in Figure B-VII-23, which permits determination of K in terms of windspeed and the temperature  $T = \underline{Td} + \underline{Ts}$  where an initiate value of  $\underline{Ts}$  must be 2 assumed.

The estimation of the average pond surface temperature is an important part of the analysis. Parameters necessary for this



determination are the expected temperature rise and circulating water flow rate. The degree of mixing in the pond must be estimated. Where there is little mixing (slug flow), the temperature decrease occurs during the entire transit of the pond by a typical slug of circulating water. The other extreme is where complete mixing occurs, and the temperature throughout the pond is the same. The actual degree of mixing in any particular case would lie between these two extremes.

The first step in the procedure for estimating the average pond surface temperature is to determine the discharge temperature to the cooling pond. This is done by first determining the quantity:

where K = Heat exchange coefficient estimated from Figure B-VII-23, J/m<sup>2</sup>-day-<sup>o</sup>C (BTU/ft<sup>2</sup>-day-<sup>o</sup>F)

A = Assumed pond area, m<sup>2</sup> (ft<sup>2</sup>)
p = Density water, kg/m<sup>3</sup> (lb/ft<sup>3</sup>)

cp = Heat capacity, J/kg-°C (BTU/lb-°F)

 $Qp = Condenser flow, m^3/day (ft^3/day)$ 

Figure B-VII-24 can be used to determine the approximate area A. With the condenser rise, from Figure B-VII-25,  $\theta$  (excess of discharge temperature, Tp, over the equilibrium temperature, TE) is determined. Note that curves for slug flow and complete mixing are given. Then the discharge temperature, Tp, and the inlet temperature, Tc, can be determined.

 $Tp = T\underline{E} + \theta r$ 

 $T\underline{c} = T\underline{p} - Condenser rise$ 

From Figure B-VII-26, using  $\theta$  and KA/pcQp,  $\theta$  average is determined, since  $\theta$  is Ts - TE, Ts is determined. This value of Ts will normally not correspond to the assumed value used to determine K. The correct value is then determined by iteration, i.e., new values for Ts are assumed and the process repeated until the two values of Ts agree to the degree of accuracy desired.

Once Ts has been estimated, the pond area can be determined from Figure B-VII-24, which determines the area required for each million kJ (million BTU) of heat to be rejected. If the cost per acre of pond



COOLING POND SURFACE AREA VERSUS HEAT EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT FIGURE B-VII-24







DETERMINATION OF AVERAGE SURFACE TEMPERATURE INCREASE,  $\theta$ , RESULTING FROM THERMAL DISCHARGE OF STATION FIGURE B-VII-26

surface is known, the cost per million kJ (million BTU) of heat rejected can be determined from Figure B-VII-27.

costs for cooling ponds are very dependent on local terrain. In general, costs would include the following:

- I. Preliminary
  - 1. Soil surveys
  - 2. Topographical mapping
- II. Construction
  - 1. Dam or basin
  - 2. Discharge structure
  - 3. Intake structure
  - 4. Canals or pipelines associated with 2 and 3
  - Makeup water system (pipelines, canals, pumps, etc.), if required.
  - 6. Auxiliary equipment for above, roads, fencing, etc.
- III. Maintenance
  - 1. Canal, pipeline maintenance
  - 2. Intake and discharge structures

Spray Ponds

Spray systems can be utilized to reduce the large area required by cooling ponds by up to a factor of ten. Two types of spray systems are available. In a fixed system, which essentially operates in a oncethrough mode, the hot water is pumped through a grid of piping, into which nozzles have been placed at regular intervals. The water is sprayed out, and cools by evaporation and sensible heat transfer to the air as it falls to the pond below. Water from the pond is pumped directly to the condenser. To obtain adequate cooling on this oncethrough basis, the spray must be fine. This factor, coupled with wind factors, can lead to large drift losses and associated problems in the vicinity of the pond. The relatively high pumping losses and lengthy piping required for such a fixed system would make this type of design relatively costly for a medium-sized power station.

The second type of spray pond is commonly called a spray canal due to its flow-through hydraulics and shape which makes full use of prevailing winds to enhance cooling performance. The spray is produced by modules moored at intervals in the canal and floating on the water surface. Two types currently in use are illustrated in Figures B-VII-28 and B-VII-29. The module in Figure B-VII-28 is a unitized pump and spray module. The module in Figure B-VII-29 has a central pump supplying four nozzles. Both units are powered by 56,000 watt (75 HP) motors and spray 0.631 m<sup>3</sup>/sec to 0.789 m<sup>3</sup>/sec (10,000 to 12,500 gpm). Two characteristics



ESTIMATION OF CAPITAL COST OF COOLING POND FIGURE B-VII=27



UNITIZED SPRAY MODULE (From Reference 365) FIGURE B-VII-28



FOUR SPRAY MODULE (From Reference 366) FIGURE B-VII-29 of this system are important. The first is that each slug of water can be sprayed in repetitive steps, thus minimizing the need for small droplets required by the fixed system. The droplet size can be larger, reducing the drift problem. Secondly, not all the water need be sprayed, but enough to provide the required cooling. This permits adjustment of the number of modules operating to the climatic conditions and generating level of the plant.

The use of these modules in the utility industry is relatively new, although tests have been underway for some years. Plant No. 3304 and Plant No. 5105 are using, or are installing powered spray modules. The largest installation in use is at Plant No. 0610. The canal of plant no. 0610 is U-shaped as shown in Figure B-VII-30. The intake and discharge structures are at the same end of the pond. The power and control systems for the modules are located on the central dike. Figure B-VII-31 shows the modules in operation. The diameter of the spray pattern is about 15 meters (50 feet).

Plant No. 1723 is installing a large number of each design. Spray modules are being used primarily for helper systems on existing plants when additional units are added to a plant.

The design of the cooling canal is more complex than that of a cooling tower, and computer programs are often used. To make the best use of climatic conditions, these systems are designed as canals where all the modules are exposed insofar as possible to the ambient air conditions, reducing adverse interference of performance due to proximity to other modules. The canals can be circular in shape, or straight, as required. The canals should be aligned perpendicular to the prevailing winds for maximum ambient air exposure, and therefore maximum module efficiency.

Design of the system involves determining the incremental contribution to cooling of each set of modules in series. The first module's inlet temperature is the condenser discharge temperature. The cooled spray from the first module remixes with the water in the canal, and the resulting temperature of the canal is the temperature at the inlet to This procedure is continued until the the second set of modules. desired temperature is reached, or the increase in overall performance with additional modules is not cost effective. Using some general data on one manufacturer's units, Figure B-VII-32 was developed to give a pictorial representation of the process. The initial temperature is the inlet temperature to the first set of modules (condenser discharge temperature). The wet bulb temperature is then used to determine the expected temperature decrease of the sprayed water. From the percentage of water sprayed, the change in canal temperature can be determined, and this translated into a new exit temperature from the modules. This then becomes the initial temperature for the second set of modules. The number of modules in parallel at any point in the canal can also be optimized.



SPRAY CANAL PLANT NO. 0610 Figure B-VII-30



SPRAY MODULES PLANT NO. 0610 Figure B-VII-31



GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION OF DESIGN OF SPRAY AUGMENTED COOLING POND
The retrofit installation at plant no. 1723 is representative. The two generating units at the plant are rated at 809 MW each. The cooling canal will encircle the plant and will be 4.1 km (2.5 miles) long. The canal will contain 176 units from one manufacturer, and 152 units from another manufacturer. The number of modules, or blocks of them operating at any one time will be adjusted to give the amount of cooling required. The installed power for the 328 units is 18,300 KW (24,600 HP). At 90% efficiency, this amounts to 20.4 megawatts, or 1.26% of the plant's previous output using once-through cooling. Since higher cooling water temperatures are expected, thereby reducing the plants gross generating capacity, the combined reduction in plant generating capacity will be greater than 1.26%.

For the past several years, another manufacturer has been testing a rotating disc design for producing sprays. Their current design is shown in Figure B-VII-33. This design is currently undergoing field evaluation at a station in the United States. A cross section of a proposed installation is shown in Figure B-VII-34. The spray droplets produced by these rotating discs are about 1 mm in size. As with the fixed spray systems, this size is required to get adequate cooling performance. With this size drop, drift is a problem, and adequate provision to minimize drift losses must be made.

Insufficient data has been published to make reliable performance or cost estimates. From some of the limited performance data the curves in Figures B-VII-35 and B-VII-36 were developed.

Wet Type Cooling Towers

A number of different types of evaporative cooling towers have been, and are currently, in use. The basic types are as follows:

Mechanical Draft:	Natural Draft (Hyperbolic):	Dry Type:
Counterflow-Induced Draft Crossflow-Induced Draft Counterflow-Forced Draft Crossflow-Forced Draft Wet-DryAny of the above	Counterflow Crossflow Counterflow- Fan Assisted	Direct Indirect

The terms crossflow and counterflow refer to the relationship between the air flow and the water flow. In counterflow, the water flows downward through the packing and the air flows upward (Figure B-VII-37). In crossflow, the water still flows downward, but the air flows horizontally (or perpendicularly to the water) from outside to inside as shown in Figure B-VII-38. Induced draft refers to the means for developing the air flow by a fan mounted on top of the tower which pulls the air through the tower (Figures B-VII-37 and B-VII-38). In the older, and little used today, forced draft system fans are mounted



THERMAL ROTOR SYSTEM FIGURE B-VII-33 (From Reference 389)

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DOUBLE SPRAY FIXED THERMAL ROTOR (From Reference 360) FIGURE B-VII-34

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GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION OF PRELIMINARY COST DATA ON ROTATING DISC DEVICE FIGURE B-VII-35



DETERMINATION OF REQUIRED FLOW PER DISC FOR ROTATING DISC DEVICE FIGURE B-VII-36 345



COUNTERFLOW MECHANICAL DRAFT TOWER FIGURE B-VII-37



CROSSFLOW MECHANICAL DRAFT TOWER FIGURE B-VII-38

around the periphery of the tower at ground level and force the air upward through the tower.

Drift eliminators, common to all towers except the dry-type, are used to remove most of the entrained water droplets from the air stream prior to its leaving the tower.

The wet-dry tower is a relatively new development. It consists of an upper section of dry tower emitting warm air heated solely by conduction, and a lower wet section emitting the nearly saturated air which has a high fogging potential. These two air streams are mixed in the tower, significantly reducing the fogging potential.

Natural draft towers are commonly known as hyperbolic towers, since the chimneys are hyperbolic in shape to take advantage of the excellent stress characteristics of this shape. The chimneys are normally constructed of reinforced concrete. A crossflow tower is shown in Figure B-VII-39. The tower shown in Figure B-VII-40, takes up less land space than the crossflow tower. The chimneys on these towers are tall, ranging from 90 to over 150 m (300 to over 500 feet). The tower height has the advantage that the plume is emitted high enough above the ground that if fog develops, it will normally not create a ground level hazard.

A recent modification to the natural draft tower is the fan-assisted hyperbolic. In this design, fans are placed at the periphery of the tower, along the bottom to force the air through the tower. The required tower height is diminished, since air flow does not depend solely on the difference in air density inside and outside the tower as in the unassisted tower. Several of these fan-assisted towers are in use in Europe, and have been proposed for use in specific cases in this country.

The dry-type cooling towers rely solely upon conductive and convective heat transfer for their cooling effect. Two types of systems are used. In the "direct" system, the steam condenses directly in the tubes of the heat exchanger in the tower. This type is restricted to relatively small plants due to the size of the steam piping required to circulate the relatively low density steam. In the "indirect" sytem, cold water from the tower is used to condense the steam from the turbine and the warmed water is circulated through the tower. Since the system is completely closed, a direct contact condenser can be used, greatly reducing the condenser terminal temperature difference (TTD). With the direct contact condenser, the circulating water must be of the same quality as the boiler makeup water, however direct contact condensers are less expensive than shell and tube condensers. The air system for the tower may be either induced, forced, or natural draft.



COUNTERFLOW NATURAL-DRAFT COOLING TOWER FIGURE B-VII-40

Wet Mechanical Draft Towers

The wet tower cools the water by bringing it into contact with unsaturated air and allowing evaporation to occur. Heat is removed from the water as latent heat required to evaporate part of the water. Approximately 75% of the total heat transferred is by evaporation, the remainder by sensible heat transfer to the air. (6)

In addition to the thermodynamic potentials, several other factors influence the actual rate of heat transfer, and ultimately, the temperatrue range of the tower. A large water surface area promotes evaporation, and sensible heat transfer rates are proportional to the water surface area provided. Packing (an internal lattice work) is often used to produce small droplets of water and thus increasing the total surface area per unit of throughput. For a given water flow, increasing the air flcw increases the amount of heat removed by maintaining higher thermodynamic potentials. The packing height in the tower should be high enough so that the air leaving the tower is close to şaturation.

The mechanical draft tower consists of the following essential functional components:

- 1. Inlet (hot) water distribution
- 2. Packing (film)
- 3. Air moving fans
- 4. Inlet-air louvers
- 5. Drift or carry over eliminators
- 6. Cooled water storage basin

Although the principal construction material in mechanical draft towers is wood, other materials are used extensively. In the interest of long life and minimum maintance, wood is generally pressure treated with a water-borne preservative. Although the tower structure is still generally treated redwood, a reasonable amount of treated fir has been used in this and other portions of the tower in recent years. Sheathing and louvers are generally of asbestos cement, and fan stacks of fiber glass. The trend in fill is to fire-resistant extruded PVC which, at little or no increase in cost, offers the advantage of unlimited life to its fire-resistant properties. Some asbestos cement is also used for fill. Even the trend in drift eliminators is away from wood to either PVC or asbestos cement.

Two problems arise from the use of wood: decay, and its susceptibility to fire. On multi-celled towers, the cost of fire prevention system can run into several hundred thousand dollars or more. Constant exposure to water results in leaching of the lignin from the wood, reducing its strength. Steel construction is occasionally used, but not extensively, if at all, for units in the powerplant industry.

Concrete construction, never popular because of relatively high labor costs, is actively being considered for large units of the type used in steam electric generating stations. The savings in fire protection costs and extended life make this alternative attractive in many cases.

Inlet water distribution systems are operated at low pressure and wood stave pipe, plastic and metallic pipe have been used. The blades on the fans must be reasonably lightweight, and corrosion resistant. Both cast aluminum and GRP (glass reinforced plastic), are generally used today. For large towers mounted on the ground, concrete cooled-water storage basins are used almost exclusively. For other applications, both wood and sheet metal basins have been used.

Wet Mechanical Draft Tower - Induced Draft - Crossflow

Currently one of the most widely used wet mechanical draft towers in the larger sizes is the induced draft crossflow tower illustrated in Figure B-VII-38. Primary advantages for this tower are<sup>6</sup>:

- 1. Lower pumping head as a result of lower packing.
- 2. Lower pressure drop through the packing.
- 3. Higher water lcadings for a given height.
- 4. Lesser overall tower height.

Compared to the counterflow tower, crossflow towers have the following disadvantages<sup>6</sup>:

- A substantial correction factor must be applied to the driving force to take into account the reduced thermodynamic potentials in parts of the fill. This is particularly true at wide ranges and close approaches. More ground area and more fan horsepower may be required in some cases.
- 2. The packing is not as efficient, and more air flow is required for an equivalent capacity tower.

Despite these disadvantages, the crossflow tower is widely used. With proper louver design, ice buildup is minimal. The design is much more versatile, with a tower available to meet almost every need.

sizing and costing of mechanical draft towers are dependent on climatic or operating conditions. Basic parameters controlling size and cost include:

- 1. Climatic conditions, particularly wet bulb temperatures during the summer months.
- 2. Heat load from the powerplant.
- 3. Cooling water flow rate (or temperature range).
- 4. Approach temperature.

Two of the major cooling tower manufacturers use proprietary factors for estimating the cost of cooling towers. Wet bulb temperature, approach temperature and cooling tower range are used to determine the factor. Then, the factor and the circulating water flow are used to determine the tower cost. Tables illustrating use of the factor by one of the manufacturers are shown in Figure B-VII-41. The rating factor obtained from these curves is inserted into the following equation:

Tower Units = Rating Factor x Cooling Flow (gpm)

A set of simple calculations then provides Figure B-VII-42; where cost/10<sup>6</sup> BTU is shown as a function of Rating Factor and cooling tower range. The cost factor used was \$8.11 for the cost of a tower unit.

The other manufacturer mentioned uses a slightly different technique. Using the cooling range, wet bulb temperature, and approach temperature, a "K" factor is determined. (Figure B-VII-43). The "K" factor is multiplied by the cooling water flow rate. Another chart gives a "C" factor, which multiplied by the flow through the tower gives an estimated capital ccst. The graph for the "C" factor also has curves for determining fan horsepower and basin area. A comparison between the rating factor of Manufacturer A and the K-Factor of Manufacturer B is shown in Figure B-VII-44. The relationship between the two factors is essentially linear.

The curves in Figure E-VII-43 take into account a size factor, something that the other procedure omits. Some costs for various K-Factors and ranges are shown in Figure B-VII-45.

In addition to water lost by evaporation, a small percentage of the water is lost as drift, or small droplets carried out of the tower with the air flow. Drift eliminators are generally used in the tower to reduce this to a minimum. Current designs reduce these losses to a small percentage of the throughput. This drift contains salts and chemicals added to the water for treatment. These droplets fall out in



TYPICAL CHART FOR DETERMINING RATING FACTOR

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(From Reference 74)

Figure B-VII-41













WITH WATER FLOW (from Reference 57) FIGURE B-VII-45 the surrounding area and could result in problems of corrosion to equipment or damage to plants and trees.

In addition to losses from drift, a certain amount of the water is intentionally removed from the system as blowdown to control the concentration of salts and chemical additives in the cooling water. The amount of blowdown varies with the quality of the makeup water. The amount of heat in this blowdown stream is relatively small.

Aside from the appearance of the physical structure, an additional visual result of usage of cooling towers is the formation of visible plumes of condensed water vapor under appropriate weather conditions. These plumes are formed when the temperature of the moisture-laden air leaving the tower drcps below the dew point. With mechanical draft cooling towers, these plumes are close to the ground due to the low tower height, and will drop to the ground under certain wind conditions. With their tall chimneys, natural draft towers produce plumes at 300-500 feet above the ground. Further discussion of plumes is provided in a subsequent section of the report.

Wet Mechanical Draft Towers - Induced Draft - Counterflow

This type of tower, pictured in Figure B-VII-37 is only slightly different from the crossflow type. The air flow is counter to the water flow. This makes the tower taller than the crossflow tower, because additional space must be allowed at the bottom of the tower for the air to enter.

Some advantages of this system are 6:

- 1. The coldest water contacts the driest air. The air, as it travels up through the water, contacts progressively warmer water, maintaining the potential for evaporation.
- 2. The fan forces the air straight up, minimizing air recirculation.
- 3. Larger fans can be used (up to 18.3 meters (60 feet)).
- 4. Closer approaches and large cooling ranges are possible.

There are a number of disadvantages also 6:

- 1. The small air opening at the bottom of the tower leads to high pressure drops, and subsequently, higher fan horsepower requirements.
- 2. A more sophisticated air distribution system is required to maintain uniform air flow through the packing.

3. Since the top of the packing is higher above the ground, the required pumping head is higher.

Wet Mechanical Draft Tower - Forced Draft

This tower design, pictured in Figure B-VII-46, is not currently being used to any extent, particularly in the steam electric utility industry. Its principal advantages are:

- 1. Noise levels and vibration are reduced, since fans are mounted at the base of the tower.
- 2. Blade erosion is non-existent and condensation in gear boxes is greatly reduced.
- 3. Fan units are slightly more efficient than induced draft type, since development of static pressure in tower permits some recovery of work.

Disadvantages of the forced draft tower 6:

- 1. Fan size is limited to about 3.6 m (12 ft), necessitating multiple fan installations.
- 2. Baffles are necessary for air distribution.
- 3. Recirculation of the hot, humid discharge air is a problem, as it can flow back to the low pressure intake.
- 4. During cold weather, ice may form on the fan blades, causing damage and reducing air flow.

A modern adaptation of the type of tower is the fan-assisted natural draft tower, which is discussed under the section on natural draft towers.

Wet-Dry Cooling Tower

A fairly recent development in the mechanical draft cooling tower is the wet-dry system. This design combines the wet and dry tower principles, as shown in Figure B-VII-47. The concept was originally developed to reduce or eliminate the plumes from mechanical draft towers.

The principles of operation are shown in the psychrometric chart in Figure B-VII-47. The air passing through the dry section is heated along line 1-3. The air passing through the wet section is heated and humidified along line 1-2. When the air from these two sections is mixed in the fan plenum, the condition of the mixture lies along line 2-3, at some point 4. The position of this point is dependent on the relative amount of the two air streams mixed. The relative size of the







**PARALLEL PATH WET DRY COOLING TOWER PSYCHOMETRICS** FIGURE B-VII-47 (From Reference 128) dry section is dependent on the local climatic conditions as related to the probability of fog formation.

The details of construction of the tower for plume abatement are shown in Figure B-VII-48. Note the summer damper door used to shut off most of the air flow through the dry section during the summer when plume abatement is not required. This shunts the air flow to the wet section during the summer when increased cooling is necessary.

While plume reduction itself can be beneficial, the concept of combining the wet and dry sections opens up possibilities for applications where water consumption considerations are important. By enlarging the dry section, as shown in Figure B-VII-49, the principal cooling occurs in the dry system, with the wet section used only as required. The tower performance in such a situation is indicated on the psychrometric chart in Figure B-VII-49. A contract has been signed for the installation of four wet-dry towers at plant No. 2416. The towers will cool 472,000 gpm of brackish water.

Natural Draft Cooling Towers

The natural draft tower, or hyperbolic tower, as it is commonly known, has the advantage that no mechanical energy is required to circulate the air through the tower. The tall chimney is used to develop sufficient driving force between the hot, humid air from the fill and the cooler air outside the chimney. This force difference must overcome the internal resistance tc air flow.

where pa = density of air entering the tower

pt = density of humid air in the tower

g = gravitational constant at elevation of tower

go = reference gravitational constant

h = height of tower

Approximately a tenth of the tower height is utilized for the air-water contact section, the remaining 90% is used solely to develop the required driving force for adequate air circulation. A typical installation, in plant No. 4217, is shown in Figure B-VII-50.

The economical use of natural draft towers is restricted to regions with moderate temperatures and average humidities. In areas such as the

360



PARALLEL-PATH WET DRY COOLING TOWER FOR PLUME ABATEMENT FIGURE B-VII-48 (From Reference 128)



PARALLEL-PATH WET DRY COOLING TOWER (ENLARGED DRY SECTION)

FIGURE B-VII-49

(From Reference 128)

.



TYPICAL NATURAL DRAFT COOLING TOWERS PLANT NO. 4217

Figure B-VII-50

Southwest, with high temperatures and low humidities, the potentials for favorable density differences are decreased, resulting in an impractically high chimney to provide circulation for the cooling tower. Climatic conditions in the Southeast and Gulf Coast areas do not favor natural draft towers because of the high wind design loadings.

One of the benefits of the natural draft tower, and perhaps the reason it has become so popular, is that the fog plume is released several hundred feet in the air, and does not create any local hazards due to fogging. However, care should be taken to assure that the stack gases and the tower plume do not intermix, as any SO2 that may be present in the stack gases may tend to combine with the water in the plume to form damaging acids.

The tower may be constructed for crossflow or for counterflow, with both types in use. The crossflow takes slightly more area, as the fill is located outside the tower proper. Both types may utilize fireproof construction. The fill material employed is asbestos cement.

One manufacturer gives some curves for budget estimates of the capital costs of their crossflow towers (see Figures B-VII-51 and B-VII-52). The costs are shown in 1970 dollars, and correspond to the relative humidity, range, approach and wet bulb temperature.

The fan-assisted tower, pictured in Figure B-VII-53 is a modification of the basic natural draft tower which makes it more versatile by combining some features of natural draft towers and mechanical draft towers. The tower looks like a truncated natural draft tower. Forced draft fans are installed in place of the normally large openings for the entrance of air around the bottom of the tower. With the forced draft fans, dependence on the natural chimney effect is removed, considerably increasing the versatility of the tower. The shortened natural draft chimney retains some of the driving force, reducing fan requirements. The height, intermediate between the mechanical draft and natural draft tower, reduces the chance of local hazards from fog. The possibility of recirculation is also reduced. While no fan-assisted natural draft towers are currently operating in the U.S., several towers are operating in Europe.

## Dry-Type Cooling Towers

The dry-type cooling tower is used more in the petroleum processing industry than the electric utility industry. Being a closed system, the bulk of the heat is transferred from the petroleum products to air directly, with the final cooling to ambient temperatures being accomplished with evaporative-type towers. The temperatures obtainable with dry-type cooling towers are higher than those economically useful in the electric utility industry. Since no evaporation is involved, the dry bulb temperature governs, not the wet bulb temperature. In spite of



HYPERBOLIC NATURAL DRAFT CROSSFLOW WATER COOLING TOWERS TYPICAL COST-PERFORMANCE CURVES FOR BUDGET ESTIMATES

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(From Reference 74)
Figure B-VII-51
365
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HYPERBOLIC NATURAL DRAFT CROSSFLOW WATERCCOOLING TOWERS TYPICAL COST-PERFORMANCE CURVES FOR BUDGET ESTIMATES (From Reference 74)

Figure B-VII-52



FAN-ASSISTED NATURAL DRAFT COOLING TOWER FIGURE B-VII-53 (From Reference 358) this, the utility industry is considering this type of system for specific installations where insufficient water is available for wet towers. There are approximately six electric generating stations using dry-type cooling towers, principally in Europe. The one operating facility in the U.S. is a 20 MW unit. This is a "direct" unit, with the steam condensing directly in the coils. Construction of a 330 MW unit at the same site utilizing a dry tower is contemplated. The two types of dry towers, direct and indirect, are shown in Figures B-VII-54 and B-VII-55.

The principal drawback to the use of this type of tower is the higher turbine exhaust pressures which result. Current turbine designs would have to be changed, as most turbines are designed for a maximum turbine exhaust pressure of 127 mm Hg (5 in Hg abs) whereas with dry-type cooling towers, the maximum turbine exhaust pressure would range from 200 to 380 mm Hg (8 to 15 in Hg). Dry bulb temperatures range from 5.5° to 20°C (10° to 35°F) above the wet bulb temperature. Due to the higher heat transfer equipment costs, dry-type towers optimize at higher approaches than wet towers, additionally increasing the turbine exhaust pressure.

A temperature diagram for an indirect, dry cooling tower is shown in Figure B-VII-56. In dry cooling towers the initial temperature difference (ITD) is used as a design parameter. The ITD is the difference between the saturated steam temperature of the turbine exhaust and the temperature of ambient air entering the cooling tower. The corresponding temperature difference in the wet tower system is the sum of the approach to wet bulb, cooling range and terminal temperature difference (TTD).

Assuming the design parameters typical of an eastern U.S. location (dry bulb temperature equal to  $32^{\circ}C$  ( $90^{\circ}F$ ) and wet bulb temperature of  $25^{\circ}C$  ( $76^{\circ}F$ )), the turbine exhaust pressures corresponding to a wet system and corresponding to a dry system can be compared. For the wet tower, typical values of the cooling range, approach, and terminal temperature difference are 12, 11 and 5.5°C, respectively.

The sum of these is 29°C (52°F), which yields a condensing temperature of 53.5°C (128°F) with a corresponding pressure of 14.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (4.3 in Hg abs) in the wet system.

A corresponding dry-type tower with an ITD of 29°C (52°F) with the ambient temperature of 32.2°C (90°F), gives a condensing temperature of 61.1°C (142°F) with a corresponding pressure of 20.4 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (6.2 in Hg abs). This is almost 50% higher than the condensing pressure in the wet system.

A number of economic studies have been made comparing the cost and benefits of dry-type towers with wet towers. Some data from one of these has been used to calculate the cost curves shown in Figure B-VII-







57. The curves are for the cooling tower only. The variation in cost shown is due primarily to the variation in construction costs in the different locations, Northeast, West, and Southeast rather than to variations in the design dry bulb temperature indicated on the figure.

The direct contact condenser is considerably cheaper than the normal shell and tube condenser, as it does not require expensive alloy tubes. A typical direct contact condenser is shown in Figure B-VII-58. The lower condenser costs particularly make up for the greatly increased cost of the cooling tower.

There are a number of other benefits from the dry-type cooling tower.

- 1. No water usage, thus no large makeup requirements and no buildup of solids, chemicals, etc., in the water as in an evaporative tower.
- 2. There is no possibility of fogging and there are no drift losses to deposit minerals on the surrounding territory.

On the other side of the ledger, there is a significant loss in plant efficiency due to the higher turbine exhaust pressures. Figure B-VII-59 gives the expected increases in fuel consumption and decrease in power output for a nuclear and fossil-fueled plant, provided the turbine could operate at the higher pressures indicated. Not only is there a loss in efficiency, but the maximum plant capacity is also reduced.

## Survey of Existing Cooling Water Systems

The FPC Form 67 Summary Report for 1970 summarizes the use of once-through cooling, cooling ponds, cooling towers, and combined systems by number of plants and by installed capacity (Table B-VII-3). In 1970 about 23% of the plants (18%) of installed capacity) used cooling ponds or towers. Data submitted to the FPC by Regional Reliability Councils indicates that cooling ponds or cooling towers are already committed for over 50% of the total capacity of units to be installed 1974 through 1980. See Table E-VII-4.

Site visits were made to a number of steam electric generating plants. One purpose of these visits was to observe actual operations of cooling water systems and to discuss operating experiences with plant personnel. Design and operating data were obtained for these plants, including basic plant information, type of cooling system, quantitative data such as flow rate, temperatures, and approximate cost data.

Plants visited were chosen to result in a spectrum of fossil-fueled and nuclear units, geographical locations, sizes, and types of cooling systems. Table B-VII-5 presents a list of plants visited and the basic cooling water data collected. A few plants that were visited are not included in this list as a result of incomplete data.



Capital Cost (\$/10<sup>6</sup> kJ/hr)





EFFECT OF TURBINE EXHAUST PRESSURE ON FUEL CONSUMPTION AND POWER OUTPUT (From Reference 269) FIGURE B-VII-59

## Table B-VII-3

## USES OF VARIOUS TYPES OF COOLING SYSTEMS Based on FPC Form 67 for 1969, 1970

| Type of Cooling      | Number of Plants,<br>% total |      | Installed Capacity,<br>% of total |      |
|----------------------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|------|
|                      | 1969                         | 1970 | 1969                              | 1970 |
| Once-through, fresh  | 49.8                         | 49.4 | 50.5                              | 50.1 |
| Once-through, saline | 18.9                         | 18.5 | 23.5                              | 22.8 |
| Cooling ponds        | 5.4                          | 5.7  | 5.9                               | 6.7  |
| Cooling towers       | 17.2                         | 17.5 | 10.9                              | 11.2 |
| Combined systems     | 8.7                          | 8.9  | 9.2                               | 9.2  |
## Table B-VII-4

# EXTENT TO WHICH STEAM ELECTRIC POWERPLANTS ARE ALREADY COMMITTED TO THE APPLICATION OF THERMAL CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES 361

| CONTROL TECHNOLOGY        | ASSOCIATED GENERATING CAPACITY, THOUS. MW |                                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|                           | IN ACTUAL USE<br>IN 1973                  | COMMITTED FOR UNITS INSTALLED<br>1974 THROUGH 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No Control (Once-Through) | 230                                       | 60                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Controlled                | 110                                       | 130                                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cooling Towers            | 50                                        | 80                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cooling Ponds             | 30                                        | 40                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combinations              | 30                                        | 10                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown                   | -                                         | 30                                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Table B-VII-5

#### COOLING WATER SYSTEMS DATA

PLANTS VISITED

|                                  | · ··- ··-     | Plant        |                  | <del>,</del> | Cooling | Tower |       |       | 7                       | - Cool       | ling Pond       | or Lake  |                                   |         | Once                     | e Through          | Svstem              | . =           |                                 | · · · · · · ·                                    |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Plant ID                         | Type of       | Capacity     | Type             | He           | laht    | Diam  | eter  | Water | Type                    | Surface      | Area            | Volu     | me                                | Average | Length of                | f Pipe             | Diameter            | of Pipe       | Discharg                        | 8                                                |
| Code No.                         | Fuel          | MW           |                  | Ft.          | Meters  | Ft.   | М     | F     | of Pond                 | Acres        | $M^{2}(10^{3})$ | Acre Ft. | M <sup>3</sup> (10 <sup>3</sup> ) | 1 TIME  | Ft.                      | м                  | Ft.                 | м             | Туре                            | Comments                                         |
| 0640                             | NUCLEAR       | 916          | Natural<br>Draft | 425          | 129.5   | 325   | 99.6  | 28    |                         | ···········  |                 |          |                                   |         |                          |                    |                     |               |                                 |                                                  |
| 1201                             | OIL & GAS     | 139.8        |                  |              |         |       |       |       |                         |              |                 |          |                                   |         | 850                      | 250                | 4                   | 1.22          | Gravity                         |                                                  |
| 1201                             | OIL & GAS     | 792          |                  |              |         |       |       |       | Artifical<br>Spray      | 1100         | 4460            | 9350     | 11556                             | 100     |                          |                    |                     |               |                                 |                                                  |
| 5105                             | OIL           | 1386<br>1165 |                  |              |         |       |       |       | Canal<br>Spray<br>Canal | 7.35<br>14.1 | 29.8<br>57.17   | 132      | 163.15                            |         | 800                      | 243.84             | 6(Inlet)            | 1.828         | Gravity                         | 9 mos.once thr<br>8 mos.spr.canal                |
| 2525<br>0801                     | COAL & GAS    | 300          |                  |              |         |       |       |       | Natural<br>Lakes        | 536.63       | 217 <b>6</b>    | 11234.3  | 13885                             |         |                          |                    |                     | , 5.040       | Gravity                         | pnce through                                     |
| 1209                             | CIDAL: & GAS- | 820          |                  |              |         |       |       |       | Artifical               | 1            |                 |          |                                   |         |                          |                    |                     |               |                                 | units 1&2                                        |
| 1209                             | NUCLEAR       | 1456         | Mechanica        | <br>.1       |         |       |       |       | Canal                   | 3860         | 15652           | 20,000   | 24719                             | 100     |                          |                    |                     |               | L                               | units                                            |
| 2612                             | NUCLEAR       | 700          | Draft<br>Natural | 62           | 18.89   | 48    | 14.63 | 30    |                         |              |                 |          |                                   |         | 3300                     | 1005               | 11                  | 3.352         | Gravity                         | 650 ft.<br>two towers                            |
| 4217                             | COAL          | 1640         | Draft            | 323          | 98.45   | 247   | 75.28 | 28    | Artifical               |              |                 |          |                                   |         |                          |                    |                     |               |                                 | are used                                         |
| 4846                             | COAL          | 1150         |                  |              |         |       |       |       | Lake<br>Artifical       | 2353         | 9541            | 50600    | 62541                             |         |                          |                    |                     |               |                                 |                                                  |
| ω <sup>3713</sup><br>7<br>893626 | COAL          | 2137         |                  |              |         |       |       |       | Natural<br>Lake         | 32510        | 131830          | 1093600  | 135167                            |         | 356                      | 108 5              | 0.75                | 0 228         | Gravity                         |                                                  |
| 1723                             | NUCLEAR       | 1618         |                  |              |         |       |       |       |                         |              |                 | 1        |                                   |         | 3619                     | 1103               | 16                  | 4.876         | Multiple<br>Diffuser<br>Systems | spr canal will<br>be installed<br>to replace dif |
| 2512                             | OIL           | 542.5        |                  |              |         |       | 1     |       |                         |              |                 |          |                                   |         | 250 (Inlet<br>235 (Outle | ) 76.2<br>t) 71.62 | 5.5(IN)<br>7.5(OUT) | 1.676<br>2.28 | Gravity<br>Flume<br>Outfall     | 333.                                             |
| 3115                             | OIL & GAS     | 644.7        |                  |              |         |       |       |       |                         |              |                 |          |                                   |         | 40 (Inlet)               | 12 19              | 5 5 (TN)            | 1 676         | Gravity                         | Concrete                                         |
| 3117                             | NUCLEAR       | 457          |                  |              |         |       |       |       |                         |              |                 |          |                                   |         | 15 (OUT)                 | 4.57               | 7.5 (OUT)           | 2.28          | Туре                            | Tunnel                                           |
| 2527                             | OIL           | 28           |                  |              |         |       |       |       | Spray                   | 20           | 112 54          | 1-1      | 211.25                            | -       | 80                       | 24.38              | 4.5                 | 1.51          |                                 |                                                  |
| 0610                             | OIL & GAS     | 750          | Natural<br>Draft | 427          | 122.2   | 211   | 04.0  |       | Pond                    | 20           | 113.34          | 1/1      | 211.35                            |         |                          |                    |                     |               |                                 | 3 such towers                                    |
| 2119                             | COAL          | 2534         | Diarc            | 437          | 133.2   | 311   | 94.8  | 27.7  |                         |              |                 |          |                                   |         |                          |                    |                     |               |                                 |                                                  |
|                                  |               |              |                  |              |         |       |       |       |                         |              |                 |          |                                   |         |                          |                    |                     |               |                                 |                                                  |

Many of these plants have once+through or open condenser cooling water systems. Sources of cooling water for plants visited include lakes, wells, rivers, and estuaries. Generally, the water in these plants is discharged at the temperature at which it leaves the condenser. However, several "helper" systems were observed, where the water is cooled before being returned to the source, using a cooling tower or other device. One plant discharged cooling water to a municipal water system.

Some of the plants that have been designed with or have used oncethrough cooling systems are installing closed cooling systems as a result of environmental regulations. In most instances, a small loss of plant capacity and efficiency has resulted when this change has been made.

Other plants visited have closed condenser cooling water systems, where the cooling water is not discharged to the receiving water, in order to avoid a thermal impact, but is recirculated utilizing cooling ponds and cooling towers.

A number of plants use cooling ponds. These may be artificially constructed lakes, or may be canal shaped. If available land is limited, a smaller pond may be constructed by utilizing spray modules. Among the plants visited with conventional cooling ponds, operation generally appeared satisfactory, and as predicted. Some plants using spray ponds, however, seem to be having difficulties in maintaining satisfactory operation with these units.

Cooling towers are also used in a number of cases for cooling the condenser cooling water in closed recirculating systems. Both mechanical draft and natural draft wet towers were observed. Natural draft towers seem to have been specified in cases where there was concern over possible fogging effects from mechanical draft towers. Performance of plants with cooling towers appears to have been satisfactory in all cases.

#### PART B

#### THERMAL DISCHARGES

#### SECTION VIII

## COST, ENERGY AND NON-WATER QUALITY ASPECT

#### Cost and Energy

The evaluation of the additional costs to be assessed against the power generated in a unit to which a helper or closed cooling system has been added are of prime importance to a utility. This provides a basis for determining the required rate increases. In addition, the capacity of a unit is reduced by the amount of power used in the cooling system plus any penalties that may be incurred by required shifting of unit operating parameters, primarily, the increase in the turbine exhaust pressure. This lost capacity must be replaced, either by new capacity, or operation of other units more intensively.

The economic analysis of adding a supplemental cooling system to an existing unit consists of evaluating the costs of the following:

1. Installing the cooling system

2. Operating and maintenance costs of cooling systems

3. Providing additional generation capacity to replace power used or capacity lost

4. Operating and maintenance costs for replacement capacity

5. Additional cost of generation of remaining power due to a decrease in plant heat rate

Once these individual costs are determined, the total cost for the addition of a cooling system to an existing plant can be developed.

There are a number of methods in which the costs can be evaluated. These methods include annual costs, present worth, and capitalized cost.

Probably the most popular method of comparing investment alternatives for return on capital is the present worth method. The result of this type of analysis, and the capitalized cost method, is a dollar value for each alternative.

In this study, the interest is primarily in incremental costs, i.e., how many mills/KWH will the addition of a cooling system add to the cost of generation of each KWH? Since generation costs are normally expressed in mills per kilowatt hour, this was chosen as the cost basis for the

addition of cooling systems. This cost was developed using the method of annual costs. The additional costs for the year were totaled and divided by the power generated to give an additional generation cost.

The capital investment involved in the addition of a new cooling system a once-through plant can be split into two parts. The first is the to installed cost of the tower and its necessary auxiliaries. These pumps, controls, power system, motor starters, include new and modifications to the existing condenser and piping system. The second part is the capital cost of the replacement generation capability. It is normally assumed that gas turbine units will be installed to provide the power to replace that no longer available due to installation of the cooling system. Once these costs have been determined, the annual cost is determined by use of the fixed charge rate. The fixed charge rate is a percentage, which when multiplied by the capital investment, gives the annual expenses incurred for the capital invested. Included in the fixed charge rate are interest on this capital, depreciation or amortization, taxes, and insurance. The actual fixed charge rates vary for each utility, but generally they average around 15% for investorowned utilities. The fixed charge rate for publicly-owned utilities is normally several percent lower, with a 11% rate corresponding to the 15% for the investor-owned utility.

Of the four items included in the fixed charge rate, interest on the capital and depreciation or amortization account for the largest portion of the total. Interest on the capital varies with the current cost of money. Depreciation or amortization rates depend primarily on the life of the equipment to be built. An installation with a life of 25 years would be depreciated at 4%, while an installation with a life of 5 years would be depreciated at 20%.

When the complete plant is built at the same time, one rate is normally used to cover the entire installation. When adding a cooling system onto an existing unit, the period over which the cooling system is depreciated is the remaining life of the unit, not the life of the cooling system. Whether the cooling system will have any salvage value when the unit is shut down depends on the location and type of system used. Obviously, if the cooling system can be switched to another unit, it will have salvage value. For evaporative type towers, switching to another unit is generally not possible, and the tower will therefore have no salvage value. It will usually be uneconomical to move the tower due to the high construction costs involved. Powered spray modules will have salvage value, as they could be moved to other sites. If the cooling system will have a salvage value when the unit is retired, the amount upon which the depreciation is figured is the difference between the installed cost and the salvage value.

The operating and maintenance costs for a cooling system include the incremental power required by the pumps and fans (if mechanical draft is used), maintenance and annual overhaul labor and parts and associated

overhead. Both the pumps and fans are low maintenance items, so the major cost is the energy to operate the system. One cooling tower manufacturer gives a figure of about \$200 per year per fan cell as a tower maintenance ccst. The circulating pumps would normally be overhauled once a year, which is a two week job on the average.

The amount of replacement generation capacity required is determined by capacity penalty on the unit due to increased turbine adding the backpressures to the power required by the cooling system. The unit capacity rating is normally given for a stated steam inlet condition and flow, and corresponding turbine exhaust pressure. If the cooling system can be added without changing the turbine exhaust pressure, there is no backpressure penalty. However, if the turbine exhaust pressure is increased, which normally occurs with a closed cooling system, the output of the unit is decreased by up to several percent, depending on increase in turbine backgressure. Turbine manufacturers supply the the curves necessary to determine this decrease in capacity with the The backpressure cannot be increased without limit, without turbine. necessitating redesigns of the turbine. For current condensing turbines, the maximum turbine exhaust pressures are 17 to 18.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup>(5.0 to 5.5 in Hg abs). The limiting factor is the design of the last stages in the turbine. Once the amount of replacement capacity is determined, its cost can be calculated. If new capacity is installed, it would be completely separate from the unit, and would be depreciated independently of the unit for which the capacity was required.

The operating cost of this replacement power must be charged against the cooling system. The total operating cost would depend upon how many hours a year the additicnal generation was required. Throughout most of the United States, peak loads come during the summer months. Thus the replacement power would probably only be required during the summer. The remainder of the year, the units with backfitted cooling systems should be capable of handling the demand, even at the reduced capacity. The annual operating hours for which replacement power would be required and the associated cost would depend on the particular utility involved.

Associated with any capacity penalty is an increase in unit heat rate. The Joules (BTU) heat input to the unit is changed by adding the cooling system, but less power is generated due to the higher turbine exhaust pressure. This means that more Joules (BTU) are being used per Kwhr generated. Again, by making use of the turbine curve, the corresponding magnitude of the change in generation cost can be determined. Here again, the penalty will apply only part of the year. Only when the climatic conditions are such that the design turbine exhaust pressure is exceeded will this increased generation cost exist. Furthermore, the operation of the fans in mechanical draft towers need not be continuous throughout the year. Figure B-VIII-lais an example of how the net power output of a unit can be optimized by reducing fan power. This is again dependent on the specific unit in question.



Once the annual costs for the above items have been determined, they can be totaled to give an annual cost for the addition of the cooling system for the unit. The total generation expected to be delivered to the bus bar is then determined, and the additional generation cost due to addition of the cooling system can then be determined directly.

#### Cost Data

Cost data were obtained from the steam electric generating stations which were visited during the course of this study. The utilities involved were very helpful, with seventeen providing the requested information in time for inclusion in this report. In general, the plants chosen for the visits were those considered by the Regional EPA offices as being exemplary stations, or those having an exemplary treatment system.

Nuclear plants and all three types of fossil-fueled plants (coal, oil, and gas) were visited. The size of the stations visited ranged from 28 MW to the largest in the country at approximately 2500 MW. One station had a unit constructed in 1924. In the remaining stations, all units were constructed after 1952, with 12 stations being constructed after 1960. Of the total number of plants visited, 5 were nuclear. Seven of the plants had once-through cooling systems, the remaining were on, or in the process of installing, closed or helper cooling systems.

The types of closed systems involved were mechanical and natural draft cooling towers, spray canals, and man-made cooling ponds. One of the two helper systems inspected utilized natural draft cooling towers, the other spray modules in the discharge canal.

Two types of information were requested, the first involved the physical description of the plant and its operation. The second was concerned with the cost of the plant, and the cooling system in particular. In addition, by visiting plants throughout the country, a great deal of information about regional problems and their solutions was collected.

A compilation of the cost data is shown in Table B-VIII-1. Probably the most important feature of this table is the great variation of costs involved. The land for plant No. 5105, a 1157 MW station, cost \$172,000. The land at plant No. 0610, for a 750 MW unit, cost \$3,335,000, most of which was for a spray canal. In the table, the unit cost (\$/KW) varies from a low of \$68/KW to a high of \$387/KW, with the higher values being those for the nuclear plants. The costs also vary with year of installation, with the older units having lower costs. The highest unit cost for a fossil-fueled station is plant No. 2527 at \$155/KW, for a 28 MW station. Larger stations tend to have lower unit costs. Plant No. 2525 at 1,165 MW and a unit cost of \$142/KW, seems to be an exception.

#### TABLE B-VIII-1 COOLING WATER SYSTEMS - COST DATA PLANTS VISITED

| ī       |            |          |         |        | 1         |          | 77 - 1     |            | r i       | Г         |            |          |           | -     |           | : ·· ÷··)          | I         | T        | F           | · · · · ·   |                        |                    |
|---------|------------|----------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|-------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|----------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------------|
|         |            |          |         | ī      | lant Cost | t Data   |            |            |           | c         | doling Sys | tem Cost |           |       |           | Energ              | y Cost    |          | 1           |             |                        |                    |
|         |            |          | Date of | Land   | Structure | e Equip. | Total Cap- | Unit       | Date of   | Land      | Structure  | Equip.   | Total Car | -% of | Operating | Cooling<br>System  | Increased | Loss of  | Í Í         |             |                        |                    |
| Plant , | Type of    | Capacity | const.  | Ş      | Ş         | ş        | Ital Cost  | Cost       | Const.    | ş         | Ş          | \$       | ITAL COST | Plant | Cost      | Energy<br>Reguire- | Rate      | Capacity | Type of Co  | oling       | When Inst              | alled              |
| ID      | Fuel       | Mw       |         | (1000) | (1000)    | (1000)   | \$ (1000)  | \$/KW      |           | (1000)    | (1000)     | (1000)   | \$(1000)  | Cost  | \$(1000)  | ments              | BTU/KWH   | MW       | System      | л           | in Stati               | on                 |
| 0640    | NUCLEAR    | 916      | 1969-74 | -      | -         | -        | 355,000    | 387        | 1969-71   | 111       | 13,021     | 205      | 13,337    | 3.76  | -         | -                  | -         | -        | Natural Dra | ift Wet     | Original               | Design             |
|         |            |          |         |        |           |          |            |            |           |           |            |          |           |       |           | 1                  |           |          |             |             | Original               | Desim              |
| 1201    | OIL & GAS  | 139.8    | 1956-59 | -      | 1960      | 12130    | 14,090     | 88.06      | 1956-59   | -         | 316        | 825      | 1,141     | 8.1   | 11        | -                  | -         | -        | Ouce mroué  | JII FIOW    | 1 uni                  | t                  |
|         |            |          |         | _      |           |          |            |            |           |           |            |          |           |       |           |                    |           | 6.0      |             |             | Original               | Design             |
| 1201    | OIL & GAS  | 792      | 1969-72 | 1958   | 26000     | 85000    | 112,958    | 134.8      | 1969-72   | 1544      | 6,350      | 4,045    | 11,939    | 10.6  | 13        | · -                | 89        | 6-8      | Cooling Po  | na          | Backfitte              | s<br>dito_         |
| 5105    | OIL        | 1157     | 1958-69 | 172    | 8638      | 116255   | 125,065    | 110.29     | 1970-71   | 109       | 1,082      | 1,349    | 2,540     |       | -         | <del>-</del> '     | -         | 1 -      | Helper Spra | y Canal     | eet strea<br>3 unit    | m stds<br>s        |
|         |            | 1165     |         |        |           |          |            |            | 1001 04   |           | }          |          | 0.000     |       |           |                    | 31        | 4        | Helper Spra | y Canal     | Str Stds               | o meet<br>3units), |
| 2525    | OIL        | 1102     | 1961-69 | 605    | 20915     | 138127   | 159,648    | 142        | 1971-74   |           | 1          |          | 8,000     |       |           | 4MW                | -         |          | Closed Spra | y Canal     | Orig.Des.              | (lunit)            |
| 0801    | COAL & GAS | 300      | 1924-64 | 408    | 5858      | 29288    | 35,554     | 118.5      | 1924-64   | (3)       | 1,820      | 261      | 2,081     |       | 7.04      | -                  | -         | -        | (three)     | nus         | Original               | Design             |
|         |            |          |         | )      |           |          |            |            |           |           |            | 1        |           |       |           |                    |           |          |             |             | Original<br>(to be add | Design<br>ed to    |
| 1209    | COAL & GAS | 820      | 1964-67 | 2 2213 |           |          | 59,175     | 68.5       | 1964-67   | (3)       | 1,762      | 2,146    | 3,908     | 4.5   | 10        | -                  | -         | -        | Once Throug | h Flow      | Cooling C<br>Backfitte | añal)<br>d to      |
| 1209    | NUCLEAR    | 1486     | 1967-73 | ) 2215 |           | 1        | 252,381    | 170.0      | 1971-74   |           |            |          | 37,858    |       |           |                    |           |          | Cooling Can | al          | lose syst              | em                 |
|         |            |          |         |        |           |          | ,          |            |           |           |            |          |           |       |           | _                  |           |          | Mechanical  | Draft       | sckfttd to             | close              |
| 2612    | NUCLEAR    | 700      | 1966-70 | 2393   | 37735     | 106856   | 146,984    | 210        | 1972-74   |           | 1          |          | 19,600    | ļ     |           | 14MW               | 100       | 9        | Natural Dra | ft Wet      | COOLING B              | ystem              |
| 4217    | CONT       | 1640     | 1965-69 | 3603   | 19502     | 159793   | 101 977    | 105        | 1965-69   |           |            |          | 15 750    |       | 36        |                    |           |          | Tower       | IC HEC      | Original               | Desim              |
| 4217    | COAD       | 1040     | 1903 00 | 2092   | 19302     | 130/03   | 101,577    | 105        | 1903 00   |           |            |          | 10,100    |       |           | 1                  |           |          |             | ļ           |                        |                    |
| ;       |            |          |         |        |           |          |            |            |           | (2)       | (2)        | (2)      | (2)       |       |           |                    |           |          |             | 1           |                        |                    |
| 3713    | CONT       | 2137     | 1962-70 | 781    | 30163     | 174913   | 205 857    | 102.9      |           | 11524     | 25.517     | 16.243   | 53.284    |       |           |                    |           |          | Cooling La  | ike         | Original               | Desion             |
| 51-0    | 00112      | 2=3,     | 1       |        |           |          | 2.00,000   |            | Ì         |           |            |          |           |       |           |                    |           |          |             |             |                        |                    |
| 3626    | COAL       | 290      | 1952-55 | 69.58  | 4609      | 18511    | 23,190     | 153,12     | 1952-55   |           | 258        | 585      | 844       | 3.67  | 48.5      |                    |           |          | Once Throu  | igh Flow    | Original               | Design             |
| 1773    | NUCLEAR    | 1610     | 1000 70 | 1062   | 34022     | 110542   | 146.437    | 118        |           |           |            | [        | 6804      | 4.6   |           | 28.5               | 267       | 41.4     | (in proces  | s)          | cooling                | svstem             |
| 1725    | NUCLEAR    | 1018     | 1900-72 | 1062   | 54833     |          | 110/10/    |            |           |           |            |          |           |       | l         |                    |           |          | Once Throug | h Flow      |                        |                    |
| 2512    | OIL        | 542.5    | 1963-68 | 236    | 7994      | 55283    | 63,513     | 117        | 1963-68   | 20        | 268        | 568      | 856       | 1.35  |           |                    |           |          | (seawater)  | I           | Original               | Design             |
| 3115    | OTT. & CAS | 644 7    | 1954    | 844    | 13806     | 71233    | 85,883     | 143        |           |           |            |          | 4818      | 8.03  | 4.632     | 2                  |           |          | Once Throug | n Flow      | Original               | Design             |
| 5115    | om a gro   | 044.7    | 1754    | 044    | 13000     | /1255    | 05,005     | 113        |           | 1         |            |          | 1010      | 0.05  |           | -                  |           |          | plice meerg |             | originar               | Jobran (           |
| 3117    | NUCLEAR    | 457      | 1967-73 | 213    | 165480    |          | 165,693    | 344        |           | 1         |            |          |           |       |           |                    |           |          | Once Throug | h Flow      | Original               | Design             |
| 2527    | OIL        | 28       | 1964-66 | 45     | 1072      | 3283     | 4,400      | 155        | 1         |           |            |          |           |       |           |                    |           |          | Once Throug | h Flow      | Original               | Design             |
|         |            |          |         |        |           |          |            |            |           |           |            |          |           |       |           |                    |           |          |             | /           | Change fro             | m once             |
| 0610    | OIL & GAS  | 750      | 1968-72 | 3335   | 4036      | 97681    | 105,052    | 143        | 1971-72   | 2496      |            | 6975     | 9471      | 9     | 1         |                    |           |          | Spray Canal | ,<br>At Twr | Constr.<br>Bckfttd or  | 2 units            |
| 2110    | 0011       | 2524     | 1060    | -      | -         | -        | 125,000    | 109        | 1969      | -         | -          | -        | 8036      | -     | -         | 12                 | 156       | 42       | Hlpr&Close  | d Modes     | Orig.Des.              | l unit             |
| 2119    | COAL       | 2534     | 1909    |        |           |          |            |            |           |           |            |          | Ì         |       |           |                    | 1         | 1        |             |             |                        |                    |
|         |            |          |         |        |           |          |            |            |           |           |            |          |           |       |           |                    |           |          |             |             |                        |                    |
|         |            |          |         |        | 1         | (1) fo   | r Unit 3   | only       |           |           |            |          |           |       |           |                    |           |          |             |             | 1                      |                    |
|         |            |          |         |        |           | (2) 07   | ly fracti  | on of thi  | s cost al | Locatable |            |          | !         |       |           |                    | 1         |          |             |             |                        |                    |
|         |            |          |         |        |           | t t      | station    | 3713, bre  | akdown no | t given   | in data    |          | -         |       |           |                    | 1         |          |             |             | 1                      |                    |
| ļ       | ļ          |          |         |        | 1         | (2)      | - airon 4  | ng ludod   | n nlant c | net.      | 1          |          |           |       |           |                    |           |          |             |             | i l                    |                    |
|         |            |          |         |        |           | (37 NG   |            | Le ruueu I | n pranc ¢ | ~~·       |            |          | I         |       |           |                    | [         |          |             |             |                        |                    |
|         |            |          |         |        | 1         |          |            |            | ļ         | 1         | J          |          | i         | ł     | I         | 1                  | l I       | 1        | 1 1         |             | . (                    |                    |

Land costs for cooling ponds or spray canals are higher than those for other systems due to larger land requirements. The cost of the cooling system as a percentage of total plant cost varied from 1.35% for a oncethrough system to 9% for a spray canal system. The costs depend a great deal on local conditions. In addition to varying land costs, foundation problems vary as well as length of intake and discharge channels, etc. Of the data collected, costs for cooling systems averaged less than 10% of the plant cost.

Operating and maintenance cost data for cooling systems are sketchy. In general, operating and maintenance costs appear to be a small part of the total operating cost for a station. In only one case was the reported operation and maintenance cost of the cooling system greater than 1% of the capital cost of the cooling system (Plant no. 3626). Energy required to operate the cooling systems, as reported, was 2% or less of the rated station capacity. Loss in capacity due to higher turbine exhaust pressures varied from 0.4% to 2.5%.

of the five stations reporting increases in heat rate, three reported increases of 105 kJ/KWH (100 Btu/KWH) (roughly 1% of gross plant heat rate) or greater. When a specific station is considered for a cooling system other than once-through, the station cooling system design is normally optimized. This means some increase in turbine exhaust pressure, and consequently higher circulating water temperatures. This permits use of smaller cooling towers, and the savings realized on smaller towers more than offset the increase in costs due to the higher turbine exhaust pressure. Thus part of the heat rate increase is intentional, and results in lower overall costs.

The last two columns of the table describe the cooling system currently in use or being installed and the reason for its installation. Stations employing different types of closed cooling systems were included in the plants visited. In the table, a lake is differentiated from a cooling pond in that the lake in question was created by damming a stream in which the water rights did not belong to the power company. In a cooling pond the water rights belong to the utility involved.

The last column designates whether the current cooling system is the original design or has been backfitted. Of the twenty stations visited, six are backfitted. Two of the stations visited were backfitting for the second time to meet increasingly stringent stream water quality standards. Several of the plants backfitting with closed systems are doing so as a result of legal action. In these cases the trend has been to go to a closed system. The necessity of getting additional generating capacity "on line" has been an important factor in determining the course of action taken.

It was evident from the visits that the spray canal with the powered spray modules is used primarily as a helper system to cool the circulating water to meet stream standards. This technology is

relatively new, and some ancilliary problems remain to be solved before this technology becomes sufficiently reliable for extensive utility use.

A preliminary study <sup>232</sup> has been completed to assess the feasibility of backfitting closed-cycle cooling system with national draft cooling towers at two TVA powerplants. Plant No. 4704 has four units with a total capacity of 823 MW, has a capacity factor between 0.2 and 0.6, and will have 12 years useful service life after 1983. Plant No. 0112 has eight units with a total capacity of 1978 MW. Units 1-6 have a capacity factor between 0.2 and 0.6, and a useful life of 9 years after 1983. Units 7 and 8 have a capacity factor near 0.6 and a useful life of 29 years after 1977. The pertinent results of the study are as follows:

the conversions are feasible
cost for plant No. 4704 is \$16.5 million;
cost for units 1-6 of plant No. 0112 is \$18.6 million; and
cost for units 7, 8 of plant No. 0112 is \$15.0 million

3) scheduled plant outage for any of the three is 2-3 months In each case the cost of the tower including foundations is about 40% of the total cost, civil work (dikes, pump station, earthwork, etc.) about 40-50%, electrical work less than 3%, and mechanical work (pump, piping, etc.) about 10-15%.

Based on the FPC Form 67 data for the year 1970  $^{233}$ , the capial costs reported for once-through (fresh) ccoling is \$4.03 per KW, once-through (saline) is \$4.63 per KW, cooling ponds is \$5.43 per KW, and cooling towers is \$6/25 per KW. The incremental cost shown of cooling towers over once-through systems is about \$1.6 - \$2.2 per KW.

Costs Analysis

The initial part of this work consisted of preparing cost estimates for placing the various types of evaporative cooling in a number of hypothetical plants in various representative locations in the United States.

Four typical plants were chosen:

100 MW fossil-fueled unit

300 MW fossil-fueled unit

600 MW fossil-fueled unit

1,000 MW nuclear-fueled unit

Two condenser temperature rises were chosen,  $6.7^{\circ}C$  (12°F) and  $11.1^{\circ}C$  (20°F). These represent the lower and upper design averages in plants currently operating in the once-through mode, or plants that would be

considered for backfitting with closed cooling systems. A turbine exhaust pressure of  $8.45 \text{ kN/m}^2$  (2.5 in Hg) abs. was chosen as being an average of the units in this group. This pressure, plus the climatic conditions, permitted design of a closed cooling system.

The four locations chosen for this analysis were Seattle, Washington (cool), Phoenix, Arizona (hot and dry), Richmond, Virginia (average), and Pensacola, Florida (hot and humid). The wet bulb temperatures used were those listed as being equaled or exceeded only 5% of the time, on the average during the four months of June through September. <sup>52</sup> This amounts to 110 hours for this period.

The necessary information was submitted to three cooling tower manufacturers and two powered spray module manufacturers for cost estimates. These conditions assumed 100% heat removal in the tower and no change to the generating unit, i.e., cooling water temperature was the same. Of the total of 32 separate plants resulting from the matrix of conditions, 20 were capable of being backfitted with mechanical draft cooling towers, and 16 with natural draft cooling towers. Use of natural draft towers in Phoenix were not practical due to low humidity.

One powered spray module manufacturer proposed systems for 28 of the 32 cases, while the other proposed for 16 of the 32 cases. The costs of the equipment only is shown in Table B-VIII-2. The mechanical draft tower (wood construction), and the natural draft tower (concrete construction), are the two types of cooling towers most widely used in this industry. These are considered available technology. Powered spray modules are being used for backfitting to reduce circulating water temperatures to meet stream standards. As such, they are available technology. At one major plant the powered spray modules are being installed in a closed system.

Table B-VIII-2 illustrates a number of points. The first is that under the conditions specified, natural draft cooling towers are considerably more expensive to buy than the other types. This is particularly true for smaller plant sizes in which the natural draft tower would not be expected to be competitive. However, operating costs are less, which makes their overall cost lower than the tower cost would seem to in-For mechanical draft towers, it appears that concrete dicate. construction is more expensive than wood by a factor of 1.4. The cost of all the systems, exclusive of the natural draft tower is about the same. Thus if mechanical towers are used as a technology to investigate the costs of their application, use of the other systems would result in similar costs. This leaves a number of options open to utilities for Each plant would have to be evaluated on an about the same cost. individual basis to determine the most economical system for that Cooling pends were not covered in detail since their use is station. not dependent upon equipment supplied by a manufacturer. Their cost is almost entirely composed of land cost and the cost of the retrofit.

## TABLE B-VIII-2

#### COST OF COOLING SYSTEM EQUIPMENT

| Unit | Unit      | Circulating    |              | Cost For | System | (\$ x 10 <sup>6</sup> ) |         |        |
|------|-----------|----------------|--------------|----------|--------|-------------------------|---------|--------|
| Size | Location  | Water Rise (F) | Mech. Draft  | Mech.    | Draft  | Natural                 | Powered | Spray  |
| (MW) |           |                | Wood Constr. | Concrete | Contr. | Draft                   | Mođ     | ule    |
|      |           |                | ]            | Mfr. A   | Mfr. B |                         | Mfr. A  | Mfr. B |
| 1    |           |                |              |          |        |                         |         |        |
| 100  | Seattle   | 12             | .400         | ,550     |        | 2.5                     | .380    | .364   |
|      |           | 20             | .459         | .648     | .650   | 2.8                     | .532    | .401   |
|      | Phoenix   | 12             | .612         | .857     | .825   |                         | .684    | .765   |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         | 1.596   |        |
|      | Richmond  | 12             | .567         | .798     | 0.800  | 4.1                     | .684    | .656   |
| [    |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         | 1.293   |        |
|      | Pensacola | 12             | .728         | 1.019    | 0.955  | 4.3                     | .836    |        |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         |         |        |
| 300  | Seattle   | 12             | 1.050        | 1.442    | 1      | 3.9                     | 1.064   | .875   |
|      |           | 20             | 1.195        | 1.665    | 1.490  | 4.7                     | 1.293   | 1.130  |
|      | Phoenix   | 12             | 1.768        | 2.478    | 2.232  |                         | 1.824   | 1.933  |
|      |           | 20             | 1            |          |        |                         | 4.180   |        |
|      | Richmond  | 12             | 1.640        | 2.300    | 2.010  | 8.0                     | 1.748   | 1.695  |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         | 3.345   |        |
|      | Pensacola | 12             | 2.025        | 2.835    | 2.530  | 8.3                     | 2.05    |        |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         |         |        |
| 600  | Seattle   | 12             | 1.815        | 2.491    | 1      | 5.5                     | 1.748   | 1.531  |
|      |           | 20             | 2.154        | 3.014    | 2.640  | 6.8                     | 2.200   | 1.763  |
|      | Phoenix   | 12             | 3.102        | 4.332    | 3.825  |                         | 3.118   | 3.390  |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         | 7.22    |        |
|      | Richmond  | 12             | 2.648        | 3.705    | 3.525  | 14.6                    | 2.965   | 2.984  |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         | 5.700   |        |
|      | Pensacola | 12             | 3.497        | 4.897    | 4.470  | 15.1                    | 3.57    |        |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         |         |        |
| 1000 | Seattle   | 12             | 4.275        | 5.867    |        | 10.1                    | 4.180   | 3.255  |
|      |           | 20             | 4.840        | 6.780    | 6.000  | 14.7                    | 4.940   | 3.933  |
| 1    | Phoenix   | 12             | 7.281        | 10.191   | 9.050  |                         | 7.380   | 8.070  |
| 1    |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         | 16.040  |        |
|      | Richmond  | 12             | 6.765        | 9.465    | 8.250  | 30.8                    | 6.920   | 6.984  |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         | 12.700  |        |
|      | Pensacola | 12             | 8.337        | 11.677   | 9.900  | 31.9                    | 8.51    |        |
|      |           | 20             |              |          |        |                         |         |        |

This option is available for use and considered as a lower cost available technology for those plants where suitable land is available.

Operating Costs

For the overall costs analysis, the additional cost (in mills/KWH) to install and operate a mechanical draft cooling tower as a function of the percent of heat removed from the circulating water is generally representative of the overall cost of the application of effluent heat reduction technology, due to general similarity of costs among available Due to the broad spectrum of unit sizes and conditions technologies. throughout the United States, the number of cases studied had to be strictly limited to provide a manageable number of analyses. The first restrictions were made on the basis of the categorization of the industry. Fossil-fueled plants only were considered, as these make up the bulk of existing facilities at present. The next break came on the basis of unit use. A statistical analysis of the plants reporting to FPC on Form 67 resulted in the statistics shown in Table B-VIII-3. Based on these figures, the figures shown in Table B-VIII-4 were used in The only adjustment, other than rounding off, were made analysis. the in the heat rate. These heat rates are based on total fuel burned and total KWH's generated during the year. Since by definition a base unit is operating at or near capacity most of the year, this heat rate is fairly representative of the actual heat rate while operating at near full capacity. The same is not true of the other two cases. The cyclic longer periods of time at lower loads, where unit, operates for efficiency is lower. This unit may act as spinning or standby reserve where the boiler is up to pressure, but little power is being generated. Thus the heat rate is higher than that actually existing when the plant is operating at near full capacity, the heat rate desired for this The cyclic unit heat rate was reduced to 12,000 kJ/KWH analysis. (11,500 BTU/KWH), considered to be more truly representative of the actual unit heat rate. The same factors influence the heat rate of the peaking unit, even to a greater degree. The heat rate of peaking units was reduced to 13,200 kJ/KWH (12,500 BTU/KWH) as being a more realistic figure. Note that when a unit is being held in a warm standby condition it is normally not connected to the circulating water system. Thus, most of the increased heat is discharged to the stack and not to the receiving water. Since the purpose of the analysis was to determine the range of costs involved in installing wet cooling towers on existing units, three wet bulb temperatures were chosen as the worst, near average and best wet bulb temperatures, for cooling tower design The worst, or highest purposes, in the United States. wet bulb temperature was 28°C (83°F). This was at the 1% level, exceeded only One percent of the time during June through September. An average chosen was 24°C (75°F), and the lowest summer wet bulb at the 1% level was 14°C (57°F).

The remaining factor was unit age, and this was taken into consideration as unit remaining life, assuming a unit life of 36 years. The median

| Type<br>of Unit | Hours Up<br>per Year | Heat<br>kJ/KWH | Rate<br>BTU/KWH | Capacity<br>Factor | Bus Bar Cost<br>Mils/KWH |
|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Base            | 7685                 | 11,231         | 10,636          | 0.77               | 6.24                     |
| Cyclic          | 4475                 | 13,192         | 12,493          | 0.44               | 8.35                     |
| Peaking         | 1155                 | 16,677         | 15,793          | 0.09               | 12.50                    |

TABLE B-VIII-3 HYPOTHETICAL PLANT OPERATING PARAMETERS

TABLE B-VIII-4 REVISED PLANT OPERATION PARAMETERS

| Туре           | Hours Up | Heat   | Rate    | Capacity | Bus Bar Cost |
|----------------|----------|--------|---------|----------|--------------|
| <u>of Unit</u> | per Year | kJ/KWH | BTU/KWH | Factor   | Mils/KWH     |
| Base           | 7690     | 11,088 | 10,500  | 0.77     | 6.34         |
| Cyclic         | 4500     | 12,144 | 11,500  | 0.44     | 8.35         |
| Peaking        | 1200     | 13,200 | 12,500  | 0.09     | 12.50        |

ages of the three age categories, 6, 18, and 30 years, were used. This gives a total of 27 cases, 3 types of units multiplied by 3 wet bulb temperatures multiplied by 3 ages.

Some additional information on the unit must be specified. The plant size chosen was 300 MW. By using a 300 MW unit, some idea of the magnitude of the various costs could be made. Since parameters and costs used varied linearly with unit size, the costs, in terms of mills/per KWH, will be applicable to any unit for which the basic assumptions are valid and operating parameters fall within the range indicated. It was further assumed that operation of the unit at a turbine exhaust pressure of  $8.45 \text{ kN/m}^2$  (2.5 in Hg abs) would incur no operating penalty other than the power requirements of the tower and pumps. Any increase in pressure above this would result in both an additional capacity penalty and a fuel penalty.

A circulating water temperature rise of  $16.7^{\circ}C$  ( $30^{\circ}F$ ) was chosen as being the highest to be found in the units being considered for backfitting. Due to the restrictions on approach and cold water temperature to the condenser, this is the most restrictive set of temperature criteria for tower design. The other extreme of circulating water rise is about  $6.7^{\circ}C$  ( $12^{\circ}F$ ). For the same size plant, the cooling water flow would be increased by a factor of 2.5. This has a significant effect on tower cost, but the temperature criteria are much less restrictive. This permits, as will be explained later, modification of the cooling system to significantly reduce the cost for the case with a  $6.7^{\circ}C$  ( $12^{\circ}F$ ) temperature rise.

Two additional parameters were chosen, the first was a terminal temperature difference cf  $5.5^{\circ}$ C (10°F) in the condenser. The second was to establish 6.7°C (12°F) as the minimum approach to be used in tower design. This value was determined through conferences with cooling tower manufacturers.

The above plant characteristics are summarized in Table B-VII-5.

A number of additional assumptions related to the economics of the utility industry were necessary to complete the analysis. Since the pumps required to circulate water through the cooling tower are not included in the cost of the tower, these were priced using a total dynamic head of 24 meters (80°), of this 24 meters (80°), 18 meters (60°) was required in the tower, and the remaining 6 meters (20° was for pipe losses and additional lift required. Since most once-through condensers make use of the siphon effect to lower pumping requirements, the original pumps are low head, and would not be suitable for cooling tower service. There are a number of ways in which the cooling tower could be connected, but all include new pumps, either to handle the entire system or to be placed in series with current pumps. The cost of the pumps was estimated at \$100/HP, and an overall pump-motor efficiency

#### TABLE B-VIII-5 TYPICAL PLANT CHARACTERISTICS

Unit Size - 300 MW Unit Types - Base, Cyclic, and Peaking Wet Bulb Temperatures - 83°F, 75°F, 57°F Median Remaining Unit Life - 6, 18, and 30 years Circulating Water Rise - 30°F (Upper Limit) Condenser TTD - 10°F Cooling Tower Approach - 12°F minimum of 80% was assumed. The cost of connecting the cooling tower into the existing circulating water system is site dependent and is therefore extremely variable. Factors that influence the cost of the tower installation include the relative locations of tower and plant, the type of terrain and soil conditions, and the site, type and locations of connections that must be broken into. Indirect costs for engineering, legal, and contingencies must also be included.

Table B-VIII-1 shows the cost of installing the cooling systems at the plants visited during the study. The average value for retrofitted closed cooling systems was \$14.1/KW, and average value of \$15/KW was assumed for the purposes of this analysis. For a 300 MW unit, this amounts to \$4,500,000 for the complete installation. The cost of the tower and pumps alone for this installation would be approximately \$1,121,600. Therefore, the total installed cost is approximately 400% of the cost of the major equipment involved. The basis for this estimate was a base unit installed at a location where the design wet bulb temperature was 75°F. The cost will vary for other wet bulb temperatures with a range of about \$13/KW to \$25/KW.

For the purposes of the economic analysis a markup of 300°C above the the base cost of the major equipment items was allowed to cover the installation costs and indirect costs mentioned above. This allowance is considered to be conservative for most cases.

To determine the tower costs, the cost information on mechanical draft towers from Table B-VIII-2 was used to develop a linear relationship between the tower parameters (approach, range, flow, and wet bulb) and cost. The variation in cost was less than 5% at the 28°C (75°F) wet bulb temperatures, and averaged less than 15% for the 14°C (57°F) wet bulb temperature. Land cost was not included in the tower capital cost due to wide variation throughout the country.

Fan power requirements were also determined in a similar manner, with less than 10% variation. The operating cost of the towers was assumed to be primarily the cost of the electricity to run the fans and pumps, and was charged at the average rate for the particular type of unit, except in the case of the peaking unit. In this case the average power cost was 2.5 mills/KWH higher than the operating cost of replacement gas turbines, assumed to be 10 mills/KWH. Thus in this case, it was assumed that the power required to operate the tower cost 10 mills/KWH. Ten percent of the operating cost of the fans and pumps was added to cover maintenance and parts for this equipment.

Since there were three remaining life spans considered, and since the tower had essentially no salvage value, the cost of the tower had to be absorbed during the remaining plant life. To account for this, three fixed charge rates were used, one for each of the three remaining life spans as follows: 6 years - 30%, 18 years - 19%, and 30 years - 15%.

These are rates for investor-owned utilities; public utility rates would be lower.

It was assumed that the energy required by the cooling tower system was replaced with energy produced by a gas turbine. In addition, any capability loss due to operation at higher turbine exhaust pressures was replaced with gas turbine generating capacity. It was assumed that the installed cost of these gas turbines was \$90/KW. 1970 costs are used throughout this analysis. Since the life of these units was independent of the unit whose power they were replacing, a 30 year life was assumed and the fixed charge rate was accordingly 15%. If base load capacity were used in place of turbines to replace the capability loss, the annual costs of replacement capacity would be less.

Any increase in turbine exhaust pressure results in a higher heat rate, and consequently a higher generation cost. The following changes in heat rate were assumed. They were taken from a typical curve for a turbine with initial steam conditions in the superheat region. Values used are shown in Table B-VIII-6.

This increase in generating cost was based on the average generating cost for the type of unit being considered. These factors and assumptions are summarized in Table B-VIII-7.

Several additional assumptions were made about each type of unit, base, cyclic, and peaking. These were mainly concerned with the number of hours the gas turbine would operate and the fuel penalty that would be Since the peak load normally comes in the summer months and assessed. this period is the critical one for tower operation, the penalties normally apply during this period. For the base units, it was assumed that they would operate under penalties equivalent to full penalty for one half of the average number of hours per year. Cyclic units were assumed to operate under full penalties for 2,000 hours per year. Since peaking units average 1,800 hours per the penalties would apply during the full 1,800 hours of operation. These values are considered near the maximum, and the actual values will vary from unit to unit. Shut down of the unit is required during the time required to connect the cooling tower into the existing circulating water system. The time required to make this connection will depend on the layout and accessibility of the existing cooling water system compments. It is estimated that the time required to perform this work will vary from 2 to 5 months, depending on these conditions, with an average time of 3 months. One month of this requirement can normally be scheduled to coincide with the annual maintenance period when the unit is down in anycase. Therefore, additional cost will be incurred to supply the power normally generated by the unit for a period of two months. It is further assumed that shutdowns to allow these modifications to be made can be scheduled to replacement coincide with periods of low system demand. Therefore, power can be obtained by higher utilization of other equipment in the system rather than by wholesale import of power from other sources.

### Table B-VIII-6

# ASSUMED INCREASE IN HEAT RATE COMPARED TO BASE HEAT RATE AS A FUNCTION OF THE TURBINE EXHAUST PRESSURE

| Turbine Exhaust Pressure, in Hg | Increase in Heat Rate, % of base |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2.5                             | Base                             |
| 3.0                             | 0.4                              |
| 3.5                             | 0.8                              |
| 4.0                             | 1.4                              |
| 4.5                             | 2.0                              |
| 5.0                             | 2.8                              |
| 5.5                             | 3.6                              |
|                                 |                                  |

## Table B-VIII-7

COST ASSUMPTIONS

| Pumps required for tower                                                                  | \$100/HP @ 80 ft of head,<br>80% overall efficiency                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Tower cost                                                                                | Interpolation from Table B-VIII-2                                                                                     |
| Fan power                                                                                 | Interpolation from Table B-VIII-2                                                                                     |
| Pump power                                                                                | 80 ft of head, 80% efficiency                                                                                         |
| Fan and pump operating cost                                                               | Electrical energy at average for type of unit, plus 20% for maintenance                                               |
| Fixed charge rates<br>6 yr remaining life<br>18 yr remaining life<br>30 yr remaining life | 30%<br>19%<br>15%                                                                                                     |
| Replacement power                                                                         | Combustion gas turbines @ 90\$/KW<br>and 10 mills/KWH                                                                 |
| Replacement power fixed charge rate                                                       | 15%                                                                                                                   |
| Fuel penalty                                                                              | Assessed at cost of generation for type<br>of unit considered except for peaking<br>units, where cost is 10 mills/KWH |

Replacement power for base-land units undergoing these modificiations will be supplied by operating cycling units more intensively. The utilities will incur additional operating costs because these units are typically less efficient than the base-loaded units. A differential energy cost of 3 mills/KWH was assumed to be representative of increased operating costs of these types of units. The total c the The total costs associated with loss of the unit was obtained by multiplying the capacity of the unit by the number of hours affected, the units annual capacity factor and the differential operating cost. The decreased utilization of cycling and peaking units will generally allow them to be modified without incurring downtime costs as high as the base-load units. However for the purposes of consistancy of the analysis, similar penalties were assessed against these units as well.

In order to extend this cost to the remaining units of power production. The total cost was considered to be money borrowed at an annual interest rate of 8% compounded. This loan was then assumed to be repaid over the remaining life of the unit and the annual costs obtained were spread over the average annual generation.

A sample calculation for a peaking unit with a 24°C (75°F) wet bulb design temperature, is shown in Table B-VIII-8. The procedure was to assume 8.45 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (2.5" Hg abs) turbine exhaust pressure with its corresponding 99°F hot water temperature. With a minimum approach of 6.7°C (12°F), the maximum range of the tower is  $6.7^{\circ}C$  (12°F) or the percentage of heat removed is 12/30 or 40%. Using a minimum range at 5.5°C (10°F) the % of water flow through a tower for heat removals below 40% were determined. The turbine exhaust pressure was then increased to 10.1 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (3.0 in Hg abs), the maximum heat removal determined (60%) and conditions for removal of from 40% to 60% removal determined. The same procedure was used at 11.8, 13.5, and 15.2 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (3.5, 4.0, and 4.5 in Hg abs) until 100% removal was obtained. The analysis then proceeded in an orderly fashion as shown in Table B-VIII-8. The other 26 cases were treated in a similar manner, and the result was a set of nine graphs showing the range of additional generation costs involved in backfitting the hypothetical 300 MW unit with mechanical draft cooling Since all factors were linear with size, these costs will be towers. applicable to any size plant in which the basic assumptions are still Conversations with cooling tower manufacturers indicate applicable. that for mechanical draft towers only a small variation in cost would be expected in the range of units involved, including a 1 MW plant. Pump costs may increase in the smaller size units.

The first three graphs, Figures B-VIII-1, B-VIII-2, and B-VIII-3, cover Dase-load units. Additional generation costs ranged from a low of 0.60 mills/KWH at a 13.9°C (57°F) wet bulb temperature and 30 year remaining life to a high of 0.65 mills/KWH at a 28.3°C wet bulb temperature and 6 year remaining life. These are for 100% (actually about 98%) heat removal. As indicated on the graphs, it was necessary to increase turbine exhaust pressure in every case to achieve 100% heat removal

| COOLING TOWER ECONOMIC ANALYSIS                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| (300 MWe Unit, Peaking Service, Wet Bulb Temperature 750) |

| Turbine<br>Exhaust | Percent            | t Percent   | Tower | Tower    | Tower     | Pump                        | Total     | Ann     | ual Cost |         | Annual<br>Fan Oper- | Annual<br>Pump Spe | Total<br>r-plus 10% | Fan     | Pump  | Capacity | Total   | Capital<br>Cost of | Annual  | Doerating | Fuel   | Addition  | 1 Generat | ing Cost (mi) | lls/KwH) |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------|----------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------|-------|----------|---------|--------------------|---------|-----------|--------|-----------|-----------|---------------|----------|
| in Ha aba          | Of Heat<br>Removal | t of Water  | Range | Approact | h Cost    | CUSt                        | plus      | 6 Year  | 18 Year  | 30 Year | ing Cos <b>g</b>    | ing Cos            | t for Main          | . Power | Power | Penalty  | Penalty | Gas Turbine        | 15%     | Cost      | Cost   | Remaining | Remaining | Remaining     |          |
| <u>111. 114 ab</u> |                    | r mru rower |       | <u> </u> | <u> </u>  | ş                           | 25%       | Life    | Life     | Life    | <u>(\$)</u>         | (\$)               | (\$)                | MHe     | MHe   | Mite     | Mile    | ,                  | ş       | ş         | \$     | Life      | Life      | Life          |          |
| 2.5                | 40                 | 100         | 12    | 12       | 760,70    | 0 354,200                   | 1,393,600 | 418,100 | 264,800  | 209,000 | 8,500               | 31,700             | 44,200              | .7      | 2.6   |          | 3.3.    | 301,500            | 45,200  | 40,200.   | 0      | 2.98      | 2.14      | 1.84          |          |
|                    | 30                 | 90          | 10    | 14       | 531,20    | 0 318,800                   | 1,062,500 | 318,800 | 201,900  | 159,400 | 6,000               | 28,600             | 38,100              | .5      | 2.4   | 0        | 2.9     | 259,200            | 38,900  | 34,600    | ۵      | 2.34      | 1.70      | 1.47          |          |
|                    | 20                 | 60          | 10    | 14       | 354,40    | 212,500                     | 708,600   | 212,600 | 134,600  | 106,300 | 4,000               | 19,000             | 25,300              | .3      | 1.6   | . 0      | 1.9     | 171,900            | 25,800  | 22,900    | 0      | 1.56      | 1,13      | .98           |          |
|                    | 10                 | 30          | 10    | 14       | 176,80    | 0 106,300                   | 353,800   | 106,100 | 67,200   | 53,100  | 2,000               | 9,500              | 12,600              | .2      | .8    | : 0      | 1.0     | 85,500             | 12,800  | 11,400    | 0      | 77        | .56       | .49           |          |
| 3.0                | 60                 | 100         | 18    | 12       | 1,067,30  | 354,200                     | 1,776,900 | 533,100 | 337,600  | 266,500 | 12,000              | 31,700             | 48,000              | 1.0     | 2.6   | 1.4      | 5.0     | 435,600            | 65,300  | 58,000    | 18,000 | 3.93      | 2.80      | 2.48          |          |
|                    | 10                 | 100         | 13    | 17       | 561 20    | 9 354,200<br> <br>  336 500 | 1,379,500 | 413,800 | 262,100  | 168,300 | 6 200               | 31,700             | 44,100              | • *     | 2.0   | 1.4      | 4.7     | 380 700            | 57 100  | 50.800    | 18,000 | 2.74      | 2.07      | 1.83          |          |
| 3.5                | . 77               | 100         | 23    | 12       | 1,214,900 | 354.200                     | 1.961.400 | 588,400 | 372.700  | 294.200 | 13,700              | 31,700             | 49,900              | 1.2     | 2.6   | 2.7      | 6.5     | 556,200            | 83,400  | 74,200    | 35,800 | 4.80      | 3.62      | 3.20          |          |
| 1                  | 70                 | 100         | 21    | 14       | 965,100   | ) 354,200                   | 1,649,100 | 494,700 | 313,300  | 247,400 | 10,800              | 31,700             | 46,800              | .9      | 2.6   | 2.7      | 6.2     | 534,600            | 80,200  | 71,300    | 35,800 | 3.96      | 2.98      | 2.62          |          |
|                    | 60                 | 100         | 18    | 17       | 760,700   | 354,200                     | 1,393,600 | 418,100 | 264,800  | 209,000 | 8,500               | 31,700             | 44,200              | .7      | 2.6   | 2.7      | 6.0     | 517,500            | 77,600  | 69,000    | 35,800 | 3.50      | 2.67      | 2.37          |          |
| 4.0                | 93                 | 100         | 28    | 12       | 1,351,100 | 354,200                     | 2,131,600 | 639,500 | 405,000  | 319,700 | 15,100              | 31,700             | 51,500              | 1.3     | 2.6   | 4.7      | 8.6     | 729,000            | 109,400 | 97,200    | 65,100 | 5.23      | 3.96      | 3.49          |          |
|                    | 90                 | 100         | 27    | 13       | 1,203,500 | 354,200                     | 1,947,100 | 584,100 | 369,900  | 292,100 | 13,600              | 31,700             | 49,800              | 1.1     | 2.6   | 4.7      | 8.4     | 717,300            | 107,600 | 95,600    | 65,100 | 4.90      | 3.74      | 3.32          |          |
|                    | 80                 | 100         | 24    | 16       | 931,000   | 354,200                     | 1,606,500 | 482,000 | 305,200  | 241,000 | 10,400              | 31,700             | 46,400              | .9      | 2.6   | 4.7      | 8.2     | 693,900            | 104,100 | 92,500    | 65,100 | 4.29      | 3.33      | 2.98          |          |
|                    | 70                 | 100         | 22    | 18       | 772,100   | 354,200                     | 1,707,900 | 422,400 | 267,500  | 211,200 | 8,600               | 31,700             | 44,400              | .7      | 2.6   | 4.7      | 8.0     | 680,400            | 102,100 | 90,700    | 65,100 | 3.94      | 3.10      | 2.79          |          |
| 4.5                | 100                | 100         | 30    | 15       | 1,112,70  | 354,200                     | 1,833,600 | 550,100 | 348,400  | 275,000 | 12,500              | 31,700             | 48,600              | 1.0     | 2.6   | 6.8      | 10.4    | 871,200            | 130,700 | 116,200   | 88,200 | 5.08      | 3.98      | 3.58          |          |
|                    | 90                 | 100         | 27    | 18       | 874,30    | 354,200                     | 1,535,600 | 460,700 | 291,800  | 230,300 | 9,800               | 31,700             | 45,700              | .8      | 2.6   | 6.8      | 10.2    | 851,400            | 127,700 | 113,500   | 88,200 | 4.54      | 3.62      | 3.29          |          |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             |           |         | )        |         |                     |                    |                     |         |       |          |         |                    |         |           |        |           |           |               |          |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             |           |         | 1        |         |                     |                    |                     |         |       |          |         |                    |         |           |        |           |           |               |          |
|                    |                    | :           |       |          |           | 1                           |           |         |          | 1       |                     |                    |                     |         | !     |          | 1       |                    |         |           | l      |           | 1         |               |          |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             |           |         |          |         |                     |                    |                     |         |       | i.       |         |                    |         | ;         | 1      |           |           |               |          |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             |           |         |          |         |                     |                    |                     |         |       |          |         | 4                  |         |           |        |           |           | 1             |          |
| ļ,                 |                    |             |       |          |           |                             |           |         | 1        |         |                     |                    |                     |         |       |          |         |                    |         |           |        | i         |           |               | l<br>I   |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             | 1         |         |          |         |                     |                    |                     |         |       |          |         |                    |         |           |        |           |           |               |          |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             |           | 1       |          |         |                     |                    |                     |         | 1     |          |         |                    |         |           |        | 1         | ;         |               |          |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             |           | :       |          |         |                     |                    |                     |         |       | 1        |         |                    |         |           |        |           | 1         |               |          |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             |           |         |          |         |                     |                    |                     |         | :<br> |          |         |                    |         |           |        |           |           |               |          |
|                    |                    |             |       |          |           |                             | i l       | !       | 1        |         |                     | l                  | 1 1                 |         | l     | 1        | 1       | 1                  |         | 1         | 1      | ;         | 1         | 1             | 1        |



within the limitations placed on the hypothetical unit. At an average generation cost of 6.24 mills/KWH, the maximum additional cost of 1.10 mills/KWH is an increase of about 17%, with the minimum for 100% heat removal of about 10%.

evaluate the effect of circulating water rise on additional то generation cost, additional calculations for a 6.7°C (12°F) circulating water rise were made for the 30 year and 18 year remaining life categories at a 23.9°C (75°F) wet bulb temperature. The 6.7°C (12°F) rise approximates the lowest value found in current plants. The results are shown in Figures B-VIII-4 and B-VIII-5. At heat removal fractions above 50%, costs are significantly higher. These higher costs are deceptive, because a simple change to the system can reduce the cost to approximately that at the 16.7°C (30°F) rise case. This change involves increasing the turbine exhaust pressure and then cooling only part of the circulating water to a level below that required. The required temperature is obtained when the two streams are remixed. This is possible due to the larger temperature difference between the wet bulb and cold water temperatures than in the 16.7°C (30°F) rise case. The tower cost is significantly lower due to the lower flow through it. For example, by increasing the turbine exhaust pressure to  $11.8 \text{ kN/m}^2$  (3.5 in Hg) and cooling 60% of the water 11.1°C (20°F), the additional generation cost is reduced from 1.0 mills/KWH to 0.7 mills/KWH. Thus the higher costs for the  $6.7^{\circ}C$  (12°F) rise case can be substantially reduced, an option not as readily available in the  $16.7^{\circ}C$  (30°F) rise The cost of this scheme is variable depending upon site case. conditions and plant layout.

The results for the cyclic unit are shown in Figures B-VIII-6, B-VIII-7, and B-VIII-8. The curves have essentially the same shape as the baseload unit curves, however, the additional generation costs are doubled. The reason for this is that there is much less power generated in a cycling plant against which the cost of the cooling towers can be charged. With a six year remaining life, the 75°F wet bulb case results in a higher incremental cost than the 83°F wet bulb case. For the 18 and 30 year remaining lives, the costs for the 75°F and 83°F cases are the same. The capacity factor for the cycling plant is 44% versus 77% for the base-load unit. The penalties were assumed to be the same as in the base-load unit, as the cycling units would be heavily used during the summer peak load. If this were not true for specific units, the cost would be somewhat lower.

The costs for the peaking units are shown in Figures B-VIII-9, B-VIII-10, and B-VIII-11. The costs for these units are almost an order of magnitude greater than those for the base-load unit. The maximum was 11.0 mills/KWH for a unit with 6 years remaining life and the minimum was 4.5 mills/KWH for a unit with 30 years remaining life. Here again the major difference was the number of KWH's against which the cost of the cooling system could be charged. The capacity factor for peaking units used was 9% as cpposed to 77% for base-load units. The change in



additonal generation cost with change in capacity factor, all other factors remaining the same, can be determined from Figure B-VIII-12.

The cost of backfitting mechanical draft towers on nuclear units was also determined, using the same techniques employed for the 300 MW fossil-fueled plant. Except for a few small experimental units, most facilities fall in the 500 to 1000 MW size range. nuclear An 800 MW nuclear unit was assumed for the economic analysis. The heat rate assumed was 11,088 kJ/KWH (10,500 BTU/KWH), with 6,864 kJ/KWH (6,500 BTU/KWH) being rejected through the condenser. Two circulating water temperature rises were used, 16.7°C and 6.7°C (30°F and 12°F). The remaining assumptions were essentially the same as for the 300 MW fossil-fueled unit. Since there are no large nuclear units over ten years old, only 18 and 30 years remaining lives were considered. A11 nuclear units presently are base-loaded, so only the base-load case was considered. Wet bulb temperature used for tower design was 23,9°C (75°F). Capacity factor used was 70%.

The costs resulting from this analysis are shown in Figures B-VIII-13 and B-VIII-14. For the 16.7°C (30°F) rise, the additional generation cost was higher than for the fossil-fueled unit due to the increased heat rejection to the water as expected. Here again the case where the circulating water rise was 6.7°C (12°F) was the most expensive. However, the comments concerning this in the fossil-fueled analysis are equally applicable to this case.

Reference 368 presents nomgraphs which permit the estimation of cooling system performance and costs.

Energy (Fuel) Requirements

Energy significantly in excess of that normally required by the circulating water system is required to operate all cooling systems except the cooling pond. With spray canals, the water is pumped into the spray nozzle. The natural draft tower requires the water to be pumped to the top of the packing. In the mechanical draft tower, in addition to pumping the water to packing, power is required to run the fans which move the air through the tower. The amount of energy required varies by a factor of three for mechanical draft towers due to its dependency on condenser design and climatic conditions. A condenser with a high flow rate and low temperature rise requires more pumping energy than a condenser with a lower flow rate and higher rise, for the same size plant. With adverse climatic conditions, more air is required, resulting in bigger fans requiring more energy.

Fan motors for mechanical draft cooling towers are about 0.2 percent of the unit generating capacity; pump motors are about 0.5 percent. However, fans and pumps need not be operated continuously year round. Both fan power and pump power can be reduced along with the generating demand. Furthermore, fan power can be reduced when climatic conditions



Figure B-VIII-12 VARIATION OF ADDITIONAL GENERATING COST WITH CAPACITY FACTOR





permit to optimize the net unit power output. Only incremental pumping power should be considered as chargeable to closed cooling systems. Incremental energy (fuel) consumption due to fans and pumps with mechanical draft cooling towers is estimated to be approximately 0.7 percent of base energy (fuel) consumption. With natural draft towers and spray systems there is no fan power but incremental pumping power is estimated to be approximately 0.7 percent or less of base fuel consumption. With cocling ponds there is no fan power and pumping power would be approximately the same as with once-through systems.

A further source of incremental energy (fuel) consumption due to closed-cycle cooling systems is the incremental steam cycle inefficiency due to changes in the turbine backpressure. In many cases higher turbine backpressures will result after backfitting closed-cycle cooling In these cases the higher backpressures will result in systems. incremental steam cycle inefficiencies during most of the years. The incremental fuel consumption over any span of time due to this factor is a product of the average incremental inefficiency over that span and the power generated over the span. power generated over the span. For example, the fuel consumption penalties due to increased turbine backpressure from a closed-cycle cooling system (See Figure B-VIII-15) is shown in Table B-VIII-9. The maximum penalty during any month is 0.7 percent of base fuel consumption during that month. Assuming uniform power generating from month to month, the annual penalty is 0.2 percent of base fuel consumption. The greatest fuel penalty expected would occur when the wet bulb temperature reaches the maximum level for which the evaporative cooling system is designed, i.e. the wet bulb temperature which is exceeded no more than 5% of the time during June, July, August and September. For the plant shown the maximum penalty is 2.1%. In the case of a new source the penalties would not be as great due to the opportunities to optimize the design of both the steam system (turbine, etc.) and the cooling system.

The total annual fuel penalty for the example above is 0.9 percent of base fuel consumption, assuming that the power generated from month to month is about the same. If the plant shown generates twice as much power during the months of June through September compared to other months, the annual backpressure penalty would approximately double to 0.4 percent, increasing the overall annual penalty to 1.1 percent of base fuel consumption. Based on the analysis above, an annual fuel penalty of 2 percent cf base fuel consumption would be conservative.

#### Loss of Generating Caracity

In the case of Plant no. 3713 described in the above discussion of fuel requirements, the loss of generating capacity imposed by a closed-cycle cooling system would be the sum of the fan power and pump power requirements (0.7%) and the maximum backpressure penalty (2.1%), or a total of 2.8% of nameplate generating capacity. While the direct effects of these penalties would be felt as lost generating capacity only when the demand for generation and climatic conditions coincide to actually limit

TURBINE EXHAUST PRESSURE CORRECTION FACTORS (EXAMPLE, PLANT NO. 3713)



Throttle Flow

#### Table B-VIII-9

### ENERGY (FUEL) CONSUMPTION PENALTY DUE TO INCREASED TURBINE BACKPRESSURE FROM CLOSED-CYCLE COOLING SYSTEM \*\*\* Example calculated for plant no. 3713

| Month | Dew Point<br>Temp., F | Air<br>Temp., F | Wet Bulb<br>Temp., F | Condenser Out-<br>let Temp., F | Condensing<br>Temp., F | Backpressure,<br>in of Hg | Fuel Penalty <b>;</b><br>% of base |
|-------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| J     | 32                    | 42              | 38                   | 68                             | 73                     | 0.82                      | 0.1**                              |
| F     | 32                    | 43              | 39                   | 69                             | 74                     | 0.85                      | 0.1**                              |
| м     | 36                    | 50              | 43                   | 73                             | 78                     | 0.97                      | 0.0                                |
| A     | 46                    | 59              | 52                   | 82                             | 87                     | 1.29                      | 0.0                                |
| M     | 56                    | 68              | 60                   | 90                             | 95                     | 1.66                      | 0.1                                |
| J     | 64                    | 75              | 68                   | 98                             | 103                    | 2.11                      | 0.5                                |
| J     | 67                    | 78              | 70                   | 100                            | 105                    | 2.24                      | 0.7                                |
| A     | 67                    | 77              | 70                   | 100                            | 105                    | 2.24                      | 0.7                                |
| S     | 61                    | 71              | 64                   | 94                             | 99                     | 1.88                      | 0.3                                |
| 0     | 50                    | 61              | 55                   | 85                             | 90                     | 1.42                      | 0.2                                |
| N     | 39                    | 50              | 45                   | 75                             | 80                     | 1.03                      | 0.0                                |
| D     | 32                    | 42              | 38                   | 68                             | 73                     | 0.82                      | 0.1**                              |
| L     |                       |                 |                      |                                |                        | Annual Averag             | re 0.2                             |

- \*\* Note: This plant normally reduces the flowrate of cooling water in the winter to minimize this type of penalty, therefore flowrate reduction with the closedcooling system is also assumed to eliminate the penalty during the winter months.
- \* Note: Assumes no penalty for once-through system, which is probably the case for plant no. 3713. Some penalty for once-through systems could occur for other plants during the summer months.
- \*\*\* Note: The values given in the table are computed from mean values for each month. The maximum backpressure penalty for which the cooling ststem would be designed to operate would be base on the wet bulb temperature which would be exceeded no more than 5% of the time during the three months of summer. For plant no. 3713, this wet bulb temperature is 80°F and the maximum backpressure penalty is 2.1%.

generation to below nameplate capacity, the probability of such an occurrence must be considered in system planning leading to the construction of replacement generating capacity.

The economic analysis of the cost involved in installing cooling devices on the circulating water systems assumed average site conditions. At any particular station, costs will be affected by specific conditions existing at the site. Scme of the more important factors are the following:

- 1. Cost of needed land
- 2. Layout of existing structures in plant
- 3. Design pressure of existing circulating water system
- 4. Soil conditions at the site
- 5. Site geology and topography
- 6. Replacement generating capacity cost
- 7. Power requirements of system
- 8. Cost of connecting unit, including loss of unit's capacity
- 9. Related changes required within the station
- 10. Reduction of non-water quality environmental impacts

# Non-Water Quality Environmental Impact of Control and Treatment Technology

General

The potential non-water quality environmental impacts which could influence type of system selected or which must be minimized in certain cases include these listed below.

- 1. Drift, resulting in salt deposition on surrounding areas.
- 2. Fogging, visual impact and safety hazards.
- 3. Noise levels unacceptable to neighbors.
- 4. Height, creating aviation hazards.
- 5. Water consumption by evaporative systems.
- 6. Aesthetic considerations, visual impact of cooling device.

The influence of the majority of these factors on the selection and cost of the installation of these cooling systems is summarized in Table B-VIII-10, with a detailed discussion below of each factor included in the table.

size of Plant

The use of natural draft towers is normally limited to new units of 500 MW or greater. While towers have been built for smaller units, the mechanical draft tower would probably be more economical for older, smaller units. The size and number of towers would be related to the size and number of units served.

#### Relative Humidity

Natural draft towers are limited for practical purposes to localities where the relative humidity exceeds approximately 50%. The lower humidities result in prohibitively tall towers to provide sufficient natural air flow through the tower.

#### Land Requirements

The land area for installation of cooling systems varies widely, as indicated on Table B-VIII-10. Obviously, cooling ponds will need large areas, and can only be considered where such land is economically available. The tower systems also require significant amounts of land.

The mechanical draft tower cell for medium size plants is on the order of 21 x 12 meters (70 x 40 ft). These cells are placed side by side to make up the tower, which can be as much as 183 m (600 ft) long, depending on capacity required. For a single tower installation, anywhere from 30 to 60 meters (100 to 200 feet) of clear area is required around the tower to avoid interference of surrounding structures on tower performance. This means that from 3 to 6 times the tower plan area is required. When two or more towers are necessary, the separation between towers must be 120 to 180 meters (400 to 600 feet) to avoid interference between towers. Total area required for two towers would be 4 to 7 times the tower plan area.

Reference 52 presents the following discussion of recirculation and interference as related to tower placement.

The problems most usually encountered on large mechanical draft industrial towers affecting the entering wet-bulb temperature are recirculation and interference. The former is a pollution of the inlet air by a tower's discharge vapors, and the latter is pollution of the inlet air by an adjacent tower or other heat source. These problems are TABLE B-VIII-10 EFFLUENT HEAT APPLICABILITY OF CONTROL AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY

| Factor                                                           | Mechanical Draft<br>Wet Cooling Tower                                                                                                                                                        | Natural Draft<br>Wet Cooling Tower                                                                                                                                                                                             | Surface Cooling<br>(Ponds, Canals, etc.)                                                                                                                                 | Mechanical Draft<br>Dry Cooling Tower                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Size of Plant                                                    | No limitation                                                                                                                                                                                | Greater than 500 MW                                                                                                                                                                                                            | No limitation                                                                                                                                                            | No limitation                                                                                                                                        |
| Relative Humidity                                                | No limitation                                                                                                                                                                                | Generally limited to areas<br>of the country having an<br>average relative humidity of<br>greater than 47%.                                                                                                                    | No limitation                                                                                                                                                            | No limitation                                                                                                                                        |
| Land Area                                                        | 70 ft. wide x 150 - 600 ft.<br>long (depending on plant size);<br>separation for multiple towers<br>400-600 ft.; clear area of<br>100 to 200 ft. required<br>around perimeter of tower area. | 350 - 550 ft. diameter plus<br>100 ft. open area around tower;<br>nuclear plant-tower must be<br>distance equivalent to height<br>away from reactor; 1/3 reduc-<br>tion of land area possible<br>with fan-assisted type tower. | <pre>1-3 acres per Kw of capacity<br/>depending on climatic conditions;<br/>use of spray modules reduces<br/>land requirement by approximately<br/>a factor of 10.</pre> | Higher than land require-<br>ments of mechanical draft<br>wet cooling tower.                                                                         |
| Drift                                                            | Current performance - less<br>than .03% of circulating flow;<br>anticipated improvement to less<br>than .005%; potential problem<br>in brackish or salt water areas.                         | Current performance005% of<br>circulating flow; one tower<br>under construction guaranteed<br>to be less than .002%; poten-<br>tial problem in brackish or<br>salt water areas.                                                | Applicable only with use of spray<br>modules; drift only in immediate<br>area of pond, canal, etc.                                                                       | None                                                                                                                                                 |
| Fogging                                                          | Potential local problem depend-<br>ing on location & climatic con-<br>ditions; reduction of fogging<br>possible with parallel-path wet/<br>dry type tower.                                   | Little anticipated at ground<br>level.                                                                                                                                                                                         | Potential local problem depending<br>on location & climatic conditions.                                                                                                  | None                                                                                                                                                 |
| Noise                                                            | Potential problem only if<br>adjacent to sensitive area;<br>can be reduced by attenuation<br>devices.                                                                                        | Less serious than mechanical<br>draft towers, but still poten-<br>tial problem if very close to<br>sensitive area; noise can be<br>attenuated.                                                                                 | None                                                                                                                                                                     | Potential problem only if<br>adjacent to sensitive area; can<br>be reduced by attenuation devices.                                                   |
| Height                                                           | No limitation                                                                                                                                                                                | 350-600 ft.; potential aviation<br>problem in specific locations;<br>comply with FAA restrictions.                                                                                                                             | No limitation                                                                                                                                                            | No limitation                                                                                                                                        |
| Water Consumption                                                | Up to 0.7 gallons per Kw hour<br>produced.                                                                                                                                                   | Up to 0.7 gallons per Kw hour<br>produced.                                                                                                                                                                                     | Up to 1.1 gallons per Kw hour<br>produced; includes natural evap-<br>oration from surface.                                                                               | None                                                                                                                                                 |
| Energy Requirements                                              | Fan power - 5-13 MW per million<br>GPM of circulating water; pump-<br>ing power - 7-12 MW per million<br>GPM of circulating water.                                                           | Pumping power - 10-15 MW per<br>million GPM of circulating water;<br>no fan power required.                                                                                                                                    | Pumping requirements vary with<br>plant conditions; spray modules<br>generally 75 HP per unit.                                                                           | Total power requirement0208 MW<br>per installed MW capacity.                                                                                         |
| Max. Wind Velocity                                               | No limitation                                                                                                                                                                                | Current design -120mph @ 30ft. elev                                                                                                                                                                                            | No limitation                                                                                                                                                            | No limitation                                                                                                                                        |
| Foundation Require-<br>ments                                     | Greater than 3000 psf soil bear-<br>ing value or equivalent with piles.                                                                                                                      | Greater than 6000 psf bearing<br>value or equivalent with piles.                                                                                                                                                               | No limitation                                                                                                                                                            | Greater than 3000 psf soil bearing value or equivalent with piles.                                                                                   |
| Turbine Back Pres-<br>sure(Present units<br>limited to 5 in. Hg) | Applicable to all plants; penalty<br>for operation at back pressure<br>above original design.                                                                                                | Cenerally applicable only to<br>plants above 500 MW; penalty for<br>operation at back pressure above<br>original design.                                                                                                       | Applicable to all plants; penalty<br>for operation at back pressure<br>above original design.                                                                            | Not applicable to existing plants;<br>results in back pressure of 8-15 in.<br>Hg during summer months; new plants<br>will require turbine re-design. |
| Aesthetic Consider-<br>ations                                    | Visual plume.                                                                                                                                                                                | Visual plume; size and height.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | No limitation                                                                                                                                                            | No limitation                                                                                                                                        |

nonexistent on hyperbolic towers because of the height of vapor discharge.<sup>52</sup>

The magnitude of recirculation is dependent primarily upon wind direction and velocity, tower length, and atmospheric conditions. Other factors are fan cylinder height and spacing, exit air velocity, tower height and the density difference between exit air and ambient air.<sup>52</sup>

A longitudinal wind tends to carry discharge vapors along the tower and the first few cells will not be seriously affected. However, from the initial downwind point of entry into the louver face or faces, the effect of recirculation becomes increasingly severe along the length of the tower. Therefore, as tower length increases, the more damaging a longitudinal wind can become.<sup>52</sup>

A broadside wind causes no recirculation on the windward side of the tower. Recirculation is greatest towards the midpoint on the leeward side. It diminishes towards the ends because of fresh air flow around the ends of the tower. High stacks and maximum space between stacks serve to reduce the broadside recirculation effect in proportion to the ratio of this free space area to the lee side louver area of the tower.<sup>52</sup>

It is apparent that recirculation is primarily a function of tower length. Normally, placement of single towers with ambient winds in a longitudinal direction is recommended for tower lengths up to 200 to 250 feet. For tower lengths greater than this, more rigorous study of the aforementioned factors affecting the circulation is required to determine the most suitable orientation. When tower length exceeds 300 to 350 feet, strong consideration should be given to splitting into multiple units. The problem then becomes more a matter of locating the units to minimize interference.<sup>52</sup>

The principal objective in arranging a multiple tower installation is to orient the units for minimum recirculation within themselves and minimum interference between each other, particularly during the high capability requirement periods. No set rules can be given for orientation of mulitple units, but generally, it can be stated that as the number of units increases, the broadside arrangement tends to be more favorable than longitudinal. Each installation should be analyzed for orientation within the prescribed real estate limitations with respect to the following factors: (1) number of towers in system, (2) number of cells per tower, (3) cell length and height, (4) height and spacing of stacks, (5) discharge air velocity and density, (6) ambient atmospheric conditions, and (7) prevailing wind rose for high wet-bulb hours.<sup>52</sup> See Figures B-VIII-16, 17 for possible broadside and longitudinal multiple tower orientations.

The natural draft tower, which varies in diameter from 108 to 168 meters (350 to 550 feet) normally requires a clear area 30 m (100 feet) wide


Tower No. 2 placed typically in location a,b, or c relative to Tower No. 1 and the wind-rose



around it perimeter to allow for construction. This amounts to a land area twice the plan area of the tower. For nuclear units, the tower must be separated from the reactor buildings by a distance equal to its height.

If land space is restricted, any number of solutions may be used. Rearrangement of mechanical draft towers to fit space, or use of a mechanical draft tower of a different configuration, such as round, might be used. Natural draft towers might require less land. A single large tower might take the place of two smaller, more economical ones. The fan-assisted natural draft tower appears to be a system with minimum land requirements. One existing plant, located in an urban area, is installing one of these towers in a former parking lot. An analysis of land estimated to be required for evaporative cooling towers at eight nuclear plants indicates that 20 acres/1000 megawatt generating capacity would be the maximum amount required.

The Federal Power Commission, National Power Survey (1964) puts the land requirement for mechanical draft evaporative towers at 1,000 to 1,200 square feet per megawatt including area required for spacing. Furthermore, natural draft evaporative towers would require 350 to 400 square feet per megawatt. For a 1,000 megawatt capacity tower requiring 1,200 square feet per megawatt, approximatley 28 acres of land would be required.

Due to the variations in heat rate, climatic factors, etc. from site-to-site, 28 acres per 1,000 megawatts generating capacity should be sufficient land for any plant to apply closed-cycle evaporative cooling towers. In many cases where less than this amount of land is available, it would still be practicable to apply evaporative cooling towers due to conservatism of the 28 acres per 1000 megawatt assessment and, the further, due to the possible practicability of natural draft or other Many plants which do not have land immediately systems at the site. available for evaporative cooling systems could make sufficient land available by shifting, to some degree, present uses of land at the site and by acquiring the use of neighboring land. Land requirements for other uses would depend on the types and relative amounts of fuel, and other factors in addition to plant method of ash disposal, generating capacity.

Reference 370 addresses the land requirments for projected 3,000megawatt plants as compared to 1,500-megawatt plants. The land required for a powerhouse containing three 500-megawatt units is in the range of 3 to 4 acres; for three 1,000-megawatt units the range is 6 to 7 acres. These figures include the service bay, but not space for equipment and facilities outside the powerhouse. Electrostatic precipitators, stacks, walkways, drives, and parking areas immediately adjacent to the powerhouse would be about 2-3 acres for three 500-megawatt units and 6-7 acres for three 1000-megawatt units. Sulfur dioxide removal equipment would add as much on 2-4 acres. Coal-fired plants require inactive coal storage in an amount to supply 45 - 120 day's burn at the total plant capacity. A typical coal-storage yard to provide 90 days supply at a 3,000-megawatt plant would require 40 acres and the coal pile would be 40 feet high. The switchyard area requirements for a typical 3,000megawatt plant with 500-kv-transmission voltage would be in the range of 10-15 acres. The transmission lines connecting a typical 3,000-megawatt plant with the existing transmission system at 500 kilovolts would occupy rights-of-way cf from 100 to 150 acres per mile. On-site ash disposal for a 3,000-megawatt coal-fired plant (assuming 35 year useful life and 50% capacity factor) would require 300 to 400 acres with ash piled to a depth of 25 feet to store all the ash developed during the life of the plant. Limestone-injection systems for controlling sulfur dioxide emissions would double or triple the volume of ash produced while the system is in operation. In some cases off-site disposal of ash would be an available alternative to on-site disposal.

Other facilities that would require significant amounts of land include rail, barge and truck terminals for coal-fired and oil-fired plants, oil storage for oil-fired plants, and an exclusion area for nuclear plants. In summary, a 3,000-megawatt plant would require, if coal-fired, 200 to 1200 acres, nuclear 200-400 acres, oil-fired 150-350 acres, and gas-fired 100 to 200 acres, assuming cn-site storage of coal and oil, pipeline delivery of gas with same on-site storage, and on-site coal-ash disposal.

Inspite of the ingenuity of the cooling tower engineer, there may be а significant number of units or plants where addition of a cooling tower would not be practicable. In the case of a plant in a location where the surrounding land is already highly developed, the cost of available land may be high, and it might be necessary to remove any existing structures from the land, once it was purchased. Secondary effects, such as fogging or drift could result in complaints from surrounding neighbors, as well as a requirement to repair resulting damage. Noise levels from the tower might be unacceptable to the neighbors. The number of plants located in the 50 largest metropolitan areas amounts to 15% of the total (see Table IV-2). An equal number are probably some located within the city limits of small towns, particularly in the Great Plains states. The practicality of installing cooling towers will depend on the local conditions at each plant. One may be surrounded by high rise buildings, while the next may be adjacent to a vacant city Another plant may be in a heavy industrialized area, whereas block. another would be in a semi-residential area where the tower noise aspect may be more sensitive. Land values will vary greatly, from possibly \$250 per  $hm^2$  (\$10,000 per acre) in small towns to \$25,000 per  $hm^2$ (\$1,000,000 per acre) in the center of a large metropolitan area.

Nuclear plants would not normally be seriously affected by land area limitations for two reason. They are not located in metropolitan areas, and the required exclusion area normally provides sufficient area for cooling system installation unless topographic conditions are unfavorable. However, when a nuclear plant goes from open to closed system cooling, the lcw-level radwaste system normally needs to be upgraded. With the open system, low-level radwastes are added to the circulating water for dilution to meet standards for the discharge of radioactive materials. The blowdown stream may not be sufficient for dilution, forcing installation of a new low-level radwaste system. Cost of this has been estimated to be several million dollars at one nuclear plant.

## Additional Installation Costs

The cost of installation of cooling towers can be significantly higher at sites with adverse local conditions. Land with insufficient bearing strength (see Table B-VIII-10) would require piling, or use of mechanical draft towers instead of natural draft, or both. Conversely, hilly terrain, extensive, and expensive, excavation into hard rock in might be required. Even if only piping has to be excavated into rock, the cost is increased significantly. Reference 250 contains a detailed study of tower installations at such a site. Proximity of stations to earthquake faults means additional structural strength will be required. particularly in natural-draft towers. Towers in Florida and the Southeast require hurricane-resistant design. Other factors of a specific local nature at other sites will increase the cost of installation of cooling towers.

Addition of a cooling system to an existing plant will require breaking into existing structures, piping or tunnels. Suitability of existing structures used in the new system will have to be evaluated. Will the structures withstand the new pressures? Will it be easier to modify the condensers for increased pressures, and connect directly to them, or should the cooling system be connected at the present intake and outfall? These are questions that must be answered during design of the cooling system. The current layout, pump size, and location of intake and outfall structures will influence the required decisions.

The plant or unit will be shut down during the final period of installation when the new system is connected to the unit. The unit's generating capacity is lost during this period. In some cases the connections can be made during the annual scheduled overhaul. In other cases extended downtime may be required, maybe as much as three or four months. Costs would vary accordingly. The dollar value of these costs will vary from plant to plant. Some costs for the few plants currently involved in installing cooling systems are given in Table B-VIII-1.

Drift

Water vapor and heated air are not the only effluents from a cooling tower. Small droplets of the cooling water become entrained in the air flow, and are carried out of the tower. These drops have the same composition as the cooling water, i.e., they contain the same concentration of dissolved solids and water treatment chemicals. The water may evaporate from the drops, leaving the solids behind, or the drops may impinge upon the surrounding structures or terrain. The chemicals and dissolved solids add a chemical load to the air and surrounding terrain that must be taken into account.

Some data on estimated solids in drift from cooling towers are shown in Table B-VIII-11. This was taken from the final environmental statements for a number of nuclear stations. There is obviously a large variation in the assumed drift rates. All these values are mentioned in the literature, with the lower values the more recent. Another factor is the concentration of solids in the drift. It is obvious that the proposed towers at Plant no. 1209, operating on sea water, will have a higher solids loss through drift, as indicated in Table B-VIII-11.

The amount of drift from any tower is primarily a function of the tower design, and the drift eliminators in particular. The total losses to drift are normally expressed as a percentage of the flow through the tower. Until recently, drift losses of less than 0.2% were guaranteed. <sup>140</sup> Now cooling tower manufacturers are guaranteeing much lower drift losses. Losses of 0.02% are considered high. Several new towers have been awarded based on drift guarantees in the range of 0.002 - 0.005 percent of cooling water flow. A number of tests, summarized in a report for EPA by the Argonne National Laboratory, <sup>286</sup>, showed that drift from mechanical-draft towers averaged 0.005%, while that from natural-draft towers might average half of that, or 0.0025%. With a 0.01% drift eliminater, an estimated 1 ton of salt per day would be deposited downwind of a 1,000 megawatt nuclear unit.

While better design is partially responsible for the lower drift rates, better measurement techniques are equally, if not more important in establishing drift rates. With the older, less sophisticated methods, manufacturers were less sure of the actual drift rates, resulting in high rates for guarantees.

With the greater emphasis on environmental protection, it became necessary to measure drift more accurately to determine the amount of solids leaving the tower to end up as fallout on the surrounding terrain or suspended in the atmosphere. Currently at least two systems are available. The first, the Pills System, is for continuous monitoring of drift. The second is a system for sampling the drift intermittently.

The Pills (Particle Instrumentation by Laser Light Scattering) system is an electro-optical system for monitoring the drift.

The intermittent sampling system is an isokinetic device. The discharge air is sampled at its natural flow velocity as implied by the term "isokinetic". One device uses a sampling tube filled with warmed glass

|       |      |                |          | Solids i                 | ln Drift                    |
|-------|------|----------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Plant | Size | Cooling System | Drift    |                          | lbs/KWH                     |
| No.   | MW   | (Type)         | (% Flow) | lbs./yr.                 | (installed) <sup>X10°</sup> |
|       |      |                |          |                          |                             |
|       |      | Mech. Draft    |          |                          |                             |
| 1209  | 1320 | (salt water)   | 0.1      | $3.8 \times 10^{\prime}$ | 3.3                         |
| 1311  | 1644 | Mech. Draft    | 0.2      | 6 x 10 <sup>5</sup>      | .042                        |
| 3608  | 873  | Nat. Draft     | 0.0025   | 1.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup>    | .14                         |
| 6506  | 850  | Nat. Draft     | .01      | $4.0 \times 10^{5}$      | .054                        |
| 3940  | 872  | Nat. Draft     | .01      | $9.0 \times 10^4$        | .012                        |
| 0109  | 1722 | Mech. Draft    | .01      | $10.5 \times 10^5$       | .070                        |
| 3635  | 821  | Mech. Draft    | .005     | $4.7 \times 10^4$        | .0065                       |

# TABLE B-VIII-11 SOLIDS IN DRIFT FROM COOLING TOWERS

beads. A vacuum system pulls the sample into the tube where the drift impinges on the glass beads. The moisture evaporates, leaving the solids behind. Weighing of the sample tube determines the solids collected. This, plus a knowledge of the solids contents of the water, permits calculation of the amount of drift. This device supersedes a number of isokinetic devices considerably more cumbersome, and of doubtful accuracy.

prop size is another problem. Sensitive paper, and more recently, the pills system 140 are used to measure drop sizes of 100 micron or larger. Several tests by one manufacturer indicate that the drops accounting for 85% of the mass of the drift have diameters greater than 100 microns, with less than 1% over 500 microns.

The drift from cooling towers, mechanical draft in particular, potentially can create serious problems, depending on the salts and chemicals in the cooling water. Drift coating insulators on the transformers and switchyards can possibly lead to leakage and insulator failure. Corrosion of metallic surfaces, deterioration or discoloration of paint and killing of vegetables have been noted. Thus, the minimization of drift is an important design feature of the cooling tower.

The use of brackish or seawater in cooling towers aggravates the drift problem due to the high concentration of salt in the water. Fifteen saltwater cooling towers and in use or planned for steam electric powerplants. Numerous factors affect the dispersion and deposition of drift from these towers (See Table B-VIII-12).<sup>385</sup> Proper location of the towers with respect to the plant buildings and switchyards can avoid most of the problems encountered with highly saline drift. The rate of drift fallout is related to the distance from the tower. (See Figure B-VIII-18). This is particularly true for mechanical draft towers which discharge at relatively low levels. Tests at one installation have shown that up to two-thirds of the drift hits the ground in the first 400 feet from the tower and substantially all drift droplets will reach the ground in the first 1,000 feet. In many instances therefore, drift impact can be reducted by location of the tower so that the bulk of the drift is contained within plant boundaries.

Wistrom and Ovand<sup>363</sup> concluded, from their study of field experience during the last 20 years where salt or brackish water has been used in cooling towers, that "cooling tower drift effects in the environment are localized and that beyond same reasonable distance that is usually within the plant site boundary, drift does not significantly affect the environment".

The fact remains that this salt will be deposited on the surrounding terrain. Whether or not this influences the environment, i.e., vegetation and ground water salinity, will depend on the increase over the natural deposition of salt on the surrounding terrain. The natural

# Table B-VIII-12

# FACTORS AFFECTING DISPERSION AND DEPOSITION OF DRIFT FROM NATURAL-DRAFT AND MECHANICAL-DRAFT TOWERS 385

| Factors associated with the design<br>and operation of the cooling tower                                                                                                                                                               | Factors related to atmospheric conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Other factors                                                                                           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Volume of water circulating in the<br>tower per unit time<br>Salt concentration in the water<br>Drift rate<br>Mass size distribution of drift<br>droplets<br>Moist plume rise influenced by<br>tower diameter, height and mass<br>flux | Atmospheric conditions including<br>humidity, wind speed and direction,<br>temperature, Pasquill's stability<br>chasses, which affect plume rise,<br>dispersion and deposition.<br>Tower wake effect which is especi-<br>ally important with mechanical<br>draft towers<br>Evaporation and growth of drift<br>droplets as a function of<br>atmospheric conditions and the<br>ambient conditions<br>Plume depletion effects | Adjustments for<br>non-point source<br>geometry<br>Collection efficiency<br>of ground for drop-<br>lets |

1



Figure B-VIII-18

Ground-Level Salt Deposition Rate From A Natural-Draft Tower As A Function Of The Distance Downwind. A Comparison Between Various Prediction Methods 385

salt load, particularly along ocean coasts exposed to continual wave action, can be fairly high. If the tower drift results in a salt load of only a few percent of this natural salt deposition rate, the effect would probably be minimal.

A summary of the state-cf-the-art of saltwater cooling towers (Reference No. 385) concluded that "although the environmental effects of saltwater cooling towers vary from case to case depending upon the sensitivity and diversity of local conditions, experience with existing salt water cooling towers indicates that the environmental problems would be confined up to several hundreds meters from the cooling tower. Environmental impact on the biota, bodies of fresh water, soil salinity and structures is difficult to detect at the levels of the long-term average in coastal areas. The direct experimental data available about the enviornmental effects are aparse. Most of the environmental impact predictions are based upon research studies pertinent to the coastal environment, which may or may not be applicable for salt water cooling towers in other locations. Most of this available information is descriptive in nature and does not permit a correlation between the airborne salt concentration or deposition rate and environmental effects."

Adverse environmental impacts due to drift are not a national-scale problem. Technology is available to integrate a low drift requirement into the overall tower design at moderate cost. In addition, alternate cooling systems selection and proper location of the tower with respect to prevailing winds and surrounding land uses can also be used to meet stringent drift requirements. New plants have the additional flexibility of site selection to help minimize this problem.

## Fogging

Fogging is one of the most noticeable of the possible side effects of the use of evaporative cooling devices. Fog is produced when the warm, nearly saturated air from the cooling facility mixes with the cooler As the warm air becomes cooler, it reaches first ambient air. saturation, then supersaturation with respect to water vapor content. When this occurs, the vapor condenses into visible droplets, or fog. The psychrometric chart in Figure B-VIII-19 shows representative conditions through which the air-water mixture can pass to create fog. The condition at point B is that of the ambient air. As this air leaves the tower, (point A) it mixes with the colder, less humid ambient air following the dotted line which lies largely in the portion of the chart which represents a condition where the air contains more moisture than can contain at 100% saturation. In this condition condensation it producing fog can occur, although normally some supersaturation is As more mixing occurs, the air condition eventually returns necessary. to point B.



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r... r... r... r.

The development of fog by cooling devices is primarily dependent on the local climatic conditions. The areas normally susceptible to cooling tower fog are those in which natural fogs frequently occur. EG & G, Inc. in a report for EPA, <sup>219</sup>, defines three levels of potential for fogging, as listed below.

a. <u>High Potential</u>: Regions where heavy fog is observed over 45 days per year, where during October through March the maximum mixing depths are low (400-600 m), and the frequency of low-level inversions is at least 20-30%.

b. <u>Moderate Potential</u>: Regions where heavy fog is observed over 20 days per year, where during October through March the maximum mixing depths are less than 600 m, and the frequency of low-level inversions is at least 20-30%.

c. <u>Low Potential</u>: Regions where heavy fog is observed less than 20 days per year, and where October through March the maximum depths are moderate to high (generally greater than 600m).

Using this criteria and several meteorological references, EG&G has developed the map shown in Figure E-VIII-20, indicating the fogging potential of locations within the United States.

The length of the expected fog plume can be estimated from the following equation: 95

 $Xp = 5.7(Vg)^{102} (438Vm)^{102} (Tge-Tgi)^{102} (Tp-Tgi)^{-102}$ 

Where Xp = visible plume length, ft

Tg = air or plume temperature, °C

Tp = temperature at end of visible plume, °C

Vw = wind speed, ft/sec

 $Vg = total rate from tower m^3/hr (gas evaluated at 20°C)$ 

i = tower inlet

e = tower exit

In order for fogging to create an impact it most exist in close proximity to a land use with which it interfers such as a major residential, commercial or industrial activity. As can be seen from Figure B-VIII-20, most of the major U.S. residential, commerical and industrial centers do not lie in the area of high fogging potential.

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Figure B-VIII-20

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF POTENTIAL ADVERSE EFFECTS FROM COOLING TOWERS, BASED ON FOG, LOW-LEVEL INVERSION AND LOW MIXING DEPTH FREQUENCY.

(From Reference 219)

Furthermore, local metecrology and the configuration of the source and its surroundings must permit a downwash condition to obtain fogging. These will not usually exist if the cooling tower if properly designed and located.

In view of these factors a conservatively high estimate of the plants that would be concerned with fogging problems resulting from the installation of closed cooling systems is less than 5 percent of the total plants. Moreover, fogging could only be of concern at the plants for small fractions of the total operating time.

The fog plume from a mechanical draft tower is emitted close to the ground, and under appropriate conditions, can drop to the ground. Under these conditions the fog can create a serious hazard on nearby highwavs. If the fog passes through the switchyard, insulator leakage problems can be encountered. Thus, in addition to being highly visible, the fog plumes create safety hazards and accelerate equipment deterioration. Careful placement of the towers will eliminate most of the problems. If placement is unsatisfactory, or creation of hazards is still expected, the use of a wet-dry tower can significantly reduce the plumes. In the wet-dry tower (typically) ambient air is heated from point B (See Figure B-VIII-19) to point C in the dry section. Air from the wet section (point A) and dry sections are mixed and exhausted at a condition represented by point A<sup>1</sup>. In mixing with ambient air (dotted line) subsaturated conditions exist and fogging cannot occur. Two towers of this type are currently on order or under construction for large generating plants in the U.S. It should be noted , however, that this type of tower is more costly than the conventional wet-type tower (approximately 1.3 to 1.5 times the cost of a conventional tower). This would add an increment of approximately 0.15 mills/KWH for plume abatement for a large, modern base-load unit. Other possible techniques of plume abatement includes increasing the mechanical draft stack height, heating tower exhaust air with natural gas burners, installing electrostatic precipitators or mesh at the tower exit, and spraying chemicals at the tower exhaust.

Another possible solution is to use a natural-draft tower. The plumes from these towers are emitted at altitudes at 90 to 150 meters (300 to 500') above the tower ground level, and there is little possibility of local fog hazards, as plume is normally dispersed before it can reach the ground. One hazard that might arise would be to aircraft operation, although plumes are normally localized. The use of natural draft cooling towers in high potential fog areas seems to be an accepted practice, as indicated in Figure B-VIII-21 283, which shows location of 75% of the natural draft towers expected to be constructed through 1977. Note that the majority of them are in the eastern area of high fog potential. Under freezing condition the fog may turn to ice upon contacting a freezing surface. The ice thus formed is commonly called rime ice. This is a fragile ice, and breaks off the structure before



Figure B-VIII-21 LOCATION OF NATURAL DRAFT COOLING TOWERS THROUGH 1977

(From Reference 283)

damage occurs from the additional weight, except on horizontal surfaces. Here again, although it is mentioned in the literature, the problem is considered to be insignificant.

The potential for modification of regional climate exists, but has not been verified to date. The Illinois Institute of Technology Research Institute in its report 283, for EPA on the field tests at Plant no. 4217 in Pennsylvania determined that the effects were minimal. This plant released approximately 0.63 m<sup>3</sup>/s (10,000 gpm) and 126 KG/min (120 x 10° BTU/min) to the atmosphere when operating at 1440 MW, 80% of its Two natural draft towers are installed at Plant no. design capacity. 4217. A review of weather station records at stations located 13 to 51 kilometers from the plant resulted in "a suggestion of precipitation en-Initiation of cloud cover occurred rarely, and only hancement". preceded natural development of cloud cover. The cooling tower plume would merge with low stratus clouds when they were at an appropriate elevation.

The current "state-of-the-art" in meteorology has not progressed to the point where the effects of large thermal releases to the atmosphere can be quantitatively evaluated. Improvements in meteorological techniques currently in progress will undoubtedly result in quantification of these effects. A number of meteorologists indicate that thermal emissions to the atmosphere could have significant effects on mesoscale phenomena, where mesoscale refers to a scale of from 1 to 50 kilometers. A comparison of some natural and artificial energy production rates is shown in Table B-VIII-13. <sup>367</sup> It is obvious that some of our artificially produced energy rates are equal in magnitude to those of concentrated natural production rates.

It is possible that these thermal discharges may have a "triggering" effect on a much larger phenomena, such as thunderstorms, tornados, or general cloud development and precipitation. This could prove beneficial if the triggering could be adequately controlled, and possibly disastrous if control was not possible.

Although no regional climatic changes have been noted to date, this does not mean the possibility does not exist. With larger and larger stations being built which reject their heat to the atmosphere through wet cooling towers, it becomes evident that this water must be added to the rainfall at some location, wherever it may be, and that the additional heat will influence the climatic conditions to some extent. This probably falls into the category of weather modification, even though it be unintentional, and is currently being investigated by meteorologists.

With coal-fired or oil-fired plants, there is an additional factor in relation to plumes. The stack gases of these plants contain varying amounts of SO<sub>2</sub>, depending on the sulfur content of the fuel used and the degree of flue gas desulfurization achieved. To the extent that the

# TABLE B-VIII-13

ENERGY PRODUCTION OF SOME NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL PROCESSES AT VARIOUS SCALES (367)

|                    | Natural Production                                            | Artificial Production       |                                                                               |                             |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Area<br>(m2)       | Event                                                         | Rate<br>(W/m <sup>2</sup> ) | Type of Use                                                                   | Rate<br>(W/m <sup>2</sup> ) |
| $5 \times 10^{14}$ | Solar energy absorption<br>by atmosphere                      | 25                          | Man's ultimate energy production                                              | 0.8                         |
| 1012               | Cyclone latent heat<br>release (l cm rain<br>per day)         | 200                         | Northeast U.S. ultimate<br>production (10 <sup>8</sup> people,<br>20 KW each) | 2.0                         |
| 108                | Thunderstorm latent heat<br>release (l cm rain per<br>30 min) | 5000                        | Super energy center or<br>city                                                | 1000                        |
| 10 <sup>4</sup>    | Tornado kinetic energy<br>production                          | 104                         | Dry cooling tower for<br>1000-MW (e) powerplant                               | 10 <sup>5</sup>             |

stack gases and the cooling tower fog plume became intimately intermixed, the fog will interact chemically with the SO2, forming sulfuric acid. This is a corrosive acid, and settlement on surrounding buildings will accelerate deterioration. Vegetation will also be affected by this "acid fog". The relationship between the two discharges should be such as to minimize their intermixing.

In addition to the basic meterological considerations, two other factors should be considered where stack and cooling tower plume intermixing must be minimized, as follows: (1) location of the cooling towers in relation to the stacks, and (2) the buoyancy of the plumes as related to the stack and tower heights. A further consideration is that in cases when the plumes would intermingle, they would not necessarily become intimately mixed. In the case of the study of Plant no. 4217, cited previously, measurements suggested that the plumes were not uniformly mixed and may have been merely co-mingled.

In any case, since hundreds of evaporative cooling towers have been operated over many years at coal-fired and oil-fired stations scattered across the United States without significant numbers of reports of adverse impacts due to "acid fog", the engineering and other design practices employed should be adequate to assure that this problem does not arise in subsequent applications of evaporative cooling towers.

In summary, potential adverse impacts due to fogging are not a nationalscale problem. In the relatively few instances where it could be a problem, technology is available, at a moderate incremental cost, to control or eliminate fogging to the degree required by the related considerations.

Noise

Noise created by the operation of cooling towers, results from the large high-speed fans. The enormous quantitites of air moving through restricted spaces, and large volumes of falling water contacting the tower fill and cold water basin. Mechanical draft towers will generate higher noise levels than natural draft towers. At sites where the incremental noise due to cooling towers might be a problem, it should be considered in the design of cooling tower installations. A three step procedure usually results in adequate coverage of this problem.

1. Establish a noise criteria that will be acceptable to the neighbors within hearing range cf the proposed tower.

2. Estimate the tower noise levels, taking into account distance to neighbors, location of the installation, and orientation of the towers.

3. Compare the tower noise level with the acceptable noise level.

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Only if the tower noise level exceeds the acceptable noise level need corrective action be taken.

All cooling towers and powered spray modules produce some noise. The noise from powered spray modules and natural draft cooling towers is primarily from the falling water. In the mechanical draft wet tower there is the added fan noise. In the mechanical draft dry tower there is the fan noise and possible noise from high velocity flow of the water through the cooling surface.

Since the powered spray modules are normally located in a canal, the banks tend to direct the sound upward, and the bank surface can absorb part of the sound. Their use to date has not created serious noise problems.

The noise level from cocling towers is of the same order of magnitude as that in the rest of the station, and thus noise can be a problem in noise sensitive areas. Every effort should be made to place these structures away from potential sources of complaints. Sound levels decrease with the square of distance from the source. Large flat wall surfaces can direct scund into sensitive areas. At the same time, walls and buildings can act as a sound barrier. Fan speeds can be reduced at night when load is lowest and when ambient noise levels may also be lowest. Proper attention to noise problems in tower design, selection, and placement can avoid costly corrective measures.

If the above procedures are unable to reduce noise levels in the affected areas to acceptable levels, sound attenuation can be done by modification or addition to the tower. Discharge baffles, and accoustically lined plenums can be used. Barrier walls, or baffles can be erected. Adequate noise suppression is normally possible, but the cost can be high. Good practices can minimize the expense involved in noise suppression.

It is concluded that adverse impacts of noise is not a national-scale problem. Technology is available at a moderate cost to reduce the noise impact of cooling towers. In addition, alternate cooling system selection and proper locations of the tower can be used at highly sensitive sites. New plants have the further flexibility of site selection to help minimize this problem.

Height

The height of natural draft cooling towers, up to 183 meters (600 ft) results in a localized potential hazard to aircraft. Location of such a tower would generally not be permitted in the approaches to an airport. Other pertinent FAA restrictions and regulations would have to be complied with. Aircraft warning lights would have to be installed on the tower along with provision for servicing them. The height of alternative technologies would not present hazards to aircraft.

#### Consumptive Water Use

All evaporative heat rejection systems result in the consumptive use of water. The primary consumption occurs as evaporation and drift. Even the once-through system is responsible for consumptive use of water by evaporation during the transfer of heat from the river, lake or ocean to the atmosphere, the ultimate receiver.

Heat is transferred from the river or lake to the atmosphere by three major means, radiaticn, evaporation, and conduction, with that by conduction being small compared to the other two. The Edison Electric Institute report entitled, "Heat Exchange in the Environment" <sup>84</sup>, gives a detailed analysis of these processes.

The closed systems, cooling towers and spray ponds, utilize the same mechanisms, although their respective contributions may be much different. Figure B-VIII-22, taken from a paper by Woodson, <sup>318</sup>, gives a graphic representation of the percentages of heat transferred by each process. In a report prepared for EPA, <sup>104</sup>, some representative consumptive use rates for a 1000 MW unit are shown (see Table B-VIII-14). Consumptive use varies from 1.3 to 2.1 times that of a river or lake, depending on the type of closed system used.

Woodson, in his article, <sup>318</sup> gives a more detailed analysis, including costs to make up for penalties inherent in the use of closed systems as shown in Table B-VIII-15. Consumptive use, according to his figures can be as much as 2.5 times that of a once-through system.

The amount of water consumed depends to some extent on the climatic conditions existing at the site. Some of these factors and their effect are shown in Figure B-VIII-23. <sup>133</sup> The use of cooling ponds results in the highest consumptive use, since the total consumptive loss is equal to the sum of the natural evaporation plus that due to heat rejection to the cooling pond. The increment of consumption due to natural evaporation is approximately the difference between the consumption of a cooling pond and that of a natural lake or river. The consumptive use of water in a natural lake of river is low, since the natural losses are not charged against the power station, and in addition, a significant part of the heat is transferred by radiation.

The dry-type cooling tower, as opposed to the wet-type cooling tower, has essentially no consumptive use of water. The only consumptive use would be losses from this closed system due to leaks.

In general, the replacement of a once-through cooling system with a closed system will result in somewhat higher water consumption from a broad environmental standpoint. This increase averages about 25% as shown in the referenced tables and graphs, and only presents the absolute difference in water consumed.



## Figure B-VIII-22

HEAT TRANSFER MECHANISMS

WITH ALTERNATIVE COOLING SYSTEMS

(From Reference 318)

| Cooling System            | Evaporat            |      |  |
|---------------------------|---------------------|------|--|
|                           | m <sup>3</sup> /sec | cfs  |  |
| Cooling Pond (2 acres/MW) | .566                | 20.0 |  |
| Cooling Pond (l acre/MW)  | .453                | 16.0 |  |
| Mechanical Draft Tower    | .368                | 13.0 |  |
| Spray Pond                | .360                | 12.7 |  |
| Natural Draft Tower       | .340                | 12.0 |  |
| Natural Lake or River     | .266                | 9.4  |  |
|                           |                     |      |  |

# EVAPORATION RATES FOR VARIOUS COOLING SYSTEMS (Reference 104)

<sup>1</sup>For a 1000 MWe fossil-fueled plant at 82 percent capacity factor average annual evaporation (assume constant meteorological conditions).

### TABLE B-VIII- 15

### COMPARATIVE UTILIZATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES

#### WITH ALTERNATIVE COOLING SYSTEMS

#### FOR

### FOSSIL FUEL PLANT WITH

## 680 MW NET PLANT OUTPUT

(70 per cent annual load factor)

|                                              | Gross<br>Generating<br><u>Capacity</u><br>KW | Net<br>Plant<br>Heat<br><u>Rate</u><br>BTU/KWH | Fuel<br>Input<br>Billions of<br>BTU/yr.~<br>A S E R E Q | Coal<br>Consumption<br>10,000 btu/lb<br>tons/yr<br>UIREMENT | Water<br>Consumption<br>(Evaporation)<br>Acre ft/yr | Land<br><u>Area</u><br>acres |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Once-through river or<br>lake cooling system | 715,580                                      | 9,489                                          | 39,567                                                  | 1,978,343                                                   | 2,800                                               |                              |
|                                              | ADI                                          | DITIO                                          | NS TO B                                                 | ASE REQU                                                    | IREMENT                                             | S                            |
| Alternative cooling systems                  |                                              |                                                | ,                                                       |                                                             |                                                     |                              |
| Basin cooling facility                       | -                                            | 19                                             | 79                                                      | 3,950                                                       | 5,400                                               | 1,000                        |
| Basin cooling with auxiliary sprays          | 6,360                                        | 103                                            | 429                                                     | 21,450                                                      | 6,300                                               | 5.00                         |
| Mechanical draft wet tower                   | 4,420                                        | 77                                             | 321                                                     | 16,050                                                      | 6,300                                               | 15                           |
| Mechanical draft wet/dry tower               | 5,070                                        | 86                                             | 358                                                     | 17,900                                                      | 2,800                                               | 15                           |
| Mechanical draft dry tower                   | 1 <b>7,</b> 770                              | 1,123                                          | 4,682                                                   | 23 <b>4,</b> 100                                            | *(2,800)                                            | 6                            |
| Natural draft wet tower                      | 3,060                                        | 59                                             | 246                                                     | 1 <b>2,</b> 300                                             | 6,300                                               | 15                           |

\*Denotes Decreased Requirements

ø.

(From Reference 318)



present powerplants have been sited, in many cases, where the lack of a reliable supply of quality cooling water has dictated the use of closedcycle evaporative cooling. In other words, where water is in short supply, the more-highly water consuming evaporative cooling systems have been justified and legal rights to water consumption have been obtained where required. In many states where water uses and consumers must obtain legal rights to use or consume water. In some of these states all water use and consumption rights have already been allocated but not necessarily utilized. Rights can be bought and sold among users. Many powerplants have rights to more water than they currently use or consume. In some states powerplants have the power of eminent domain over water rights, and are thereby authorized to appropriate all or a part thereof to the necessary public use, reasonable compensation being made.

## Pollutants in Blowdown

In the closed cooling systems utilizing evaporative cooling, there is а buildup of dissolved and suspended solids, including water treatment chemicals, due to evaporation, which removes pure water, leaving the above constituents behind. Without some control over this buildup, scale and corrosion may occur, damaging the equipment and reducing its To prevent excessive buildup, a small percentage of the performance. water is continually removed from the circulating water system. This is normally called "tower blowdown" or "blowdown". The water that is added to replace this water, and the evaporative and drift losses, is known as makeup. The amount of blowdown is dependent on two factors. The primary factor is the avoidance of scale or other detrimental effects in the circulating water system. Of secondary importance is the quality of the blowdown water. The two types of scale normally encountered are CaCO3 and CaSO4. The CaCO3 can be controlled by pH adjustment, with sulfuric acid normally being used to lower the pH. The  $CaSO_4$  scale formation is avoided by maintaining the concentration of  $CaSO_4$  below saturation. The  $CaSO_4$  concentration is controlled by the Thus the amount of blowdown varies with the amount of blowdown. concentration of dissolved solids in the makeup water. The blowdown on fresh water towers amounts to on the order of 2% of the total flow through the tower. With some types of water, blowdown rates of less than 1% may be used. The blowdown rate is normally determined by the number of concentrations of dissolved salts allowed in the circulating Concentrations of 10 or less are common, with water system. concentrations as high as 20 being used.

Use of salt water makeup in cooling towers would decrease the number of permissible concentrations, increasing the blowdown rate. A blowdown rate equal to the evaporation rate would result in a blowdown twice as concentrated as the makeup. In addition to concentrated salts, this blowdown will have the chemicals used to treat the water to prevent corrosion and algae growth in the system. While chromates were

previously used to a large extent, their use has decreased in recent years with the availability of other types of corrosion inhibitors.

Technology is currently available to control and treat pollutants in blowdown, to levels up to and including no discharge of pollutants. See Part A of this report for a description of the technology related to pollutants in blowdown.

Blowdown removed from the hot side of the circulating system is advantageous to the plant, as the heat in the blowdown does not have to be removed in a tower. However, it is a better environmental practice to discharge blowdown from the cool side. The percentage of heat involved is in the order of 2% of the total, and thermal discharge could be further reduced. The blowdown would normally be at a higher temperature than the receiving body, even if taken from the cool side, since the approach is to the wet bulb temperature, not the receiving water temperature.

## Aesthetic Appearance

In addition to all the other factors described, the visual impact of the cooling system could be of concern to the neighboring residents and visitors. Cooling towers create two types of aesthetic impact, First, the large size of natural draft towers will dominate most settings in which they are placed. In this regard, natural draft towers can be as high as a 50 story building and cover an area at the base equivalent to several football fields. In all applications, they will dwarf the associated powerplant. Mechanical draft towers, on the other hand, are considerably smaller in height than the natural draft towers, although the aggregate base area of a multicelled unit may be larger than the base area of a natural draft unit for the same size plant. Therefore mechanical draft towers will not be as objectionable in this regard as will natural draft towers.

The second type of aesthetic impact is common to both types of towers. This impact is caused by the visible plume that can be generated by both types of evaporative systems where plume abatement is not employed. Cooling tower plumes will sometimes be larger than the stack emission from a fossil-fuel plant, especially in areas of high fogging potential. At some plants cooling tower plumes can be so insignificant that they escape notice by many viewers. Some cooling tower plumes, however, can be visible for several miles and be noticed even where the surrounding topography completely hides both the plant and the tower. As with fogging, plume abatement technology is available at moderate cost.

The question of whether a tower or its plume creates an adverse aesthetic impact is a subjective issue since the sensibilities of individual viewers varies widely. There are those who believe that all cooling towers create a visual nuisance. Others have expressed the opinion that the hyperbolic shape of cooling towers is visually pleasing.

The aesthetic impact of cooling towers is not necessarily a function of urban or rural location as some have suggested. Discussions with utility representatives revealed as much opposition to cooling towers placed in rural settings such as along the California Coast and in scenic areas such as the Hudson River, as was voiced over towers placed in urban areas.

The impact of cooling tower aesthetics can effect the application of cooling towers at existing plants as well as at new sources. With existing plants locational factors will have been fairly well established and relatively little flexibility in the placement of the tower will be possible compared to new plants. The most critical plants will be those which are located in areas of mixed zoning. Residents of those areas which have accepted a powerplant in close proximity to their homes may object to the additional impact of a massive structure and a new, large, visible emission. In terms of aesthetic impact the mechanical draft tower is superior to the natural draft tower. The physical size of these units is much smaller than the natural draft and the mechanical draft tower can be fitted with plume tower suppressive equipment which is not yet available for natural draft towers. It is anticipated that this latter difference will be corrected in the near future. It may be that another type of evaporative cooling could be substituted for the tower in some instances. It is also noted that the fan-assist modification to the natural draft tower can substantially reduce its size.

For new plants where the location, site layout and architectural plan have not been finalized, considerably more can be done to abate adverse aesthetic impact than is possible at existing plants. In addition to the selection of a less imposing cooling system where possible, and the installation of plume abatement systems, the site location can be selected to reduce the cooling tower visual angles to a minimum. The site layout can be used to place natural barriers between the tower and the surrounding land uses. A pleasing grouping of building and common architectural treatment can be used to blend the facility into its surroundings.

Mechanical draft towers will more easily fit into the surrounding area. Plant no. 2612 is using the low hills surrounding the plant to almost completely screen the towers from view. Landscaping can hide or blend the towers into other types of terrain. Painting the towers can aid in making their appearance more pleasing.

Cooling lakes, if sufficiently large, can serve as recreation sites. With appropriate landscaring and structures, camping, boating, swimming, and fishing can be accommodated. One utility leases summer cabin sites along its cooling lake. Being low, these lakes normally blend well into the landscape. Landscaping of cuts and fill areas will normally be required.

Spray canals can be very pleasing to the eye if properly designed. Appropriate landscaping can hide the canal banks and power distribution systems. The sprays themselves can be attractive if arranged in a symmetrical pattern. They can be decorative, and be a definite asset to the plant's appearance.

In summary, aesthetics is not a national-scale problem. In cases where aesthetic impacts of towers and plumes could occur, alternative technologies are available and plume abatement technology is available at moderate incremental cost. New plants have the added flexibility of site selection to help minimize this problem.

## Icing Control

Icing can result from the operation of cooling towers in cold weather. Ice formation is usually confined to the tower itself and adjacent structures within the plant boundaries. No cases of tower related ice formation at locations external to the plant have been reported. Therefore, icing is an operational problem of the cooling system similar to the control of biological growths in the system rather than a nonwater quality environmental impact.

Control of cooling tower ice formation can be obtained by providing appropriate features as the tower design and employing certain procedures in tower operation during periods of cold weather. In the case of mechanical draft towers, ice formation in the louvers can be melted by periodically reversing the fans to drive air across the hot water and through the louvers. Louvers can also be di-iced by flooding them with hot water which is deliberatly spilled from the outer edge of the water distribution basin and allowed to cascade down over the In some instances louver icing can be louvers. controlled bv concentrating the hct water load on the outmost segments of the fill during cold weather. This is accomplished by means of partitioned distribution basins and water distribution systems which allow for flexibility in the distribution of the water load over the fill area. hyperbolics this is achieved by providing an annular channel at the For outside edge of the fill and a distribution system which can divert a large fraction of the hot water into this channel.

During cold weather an annular segment of the fill of a cross flow hyperbolic or one or more cells of mechanical draft units may be taken off line. The resulting increased water loading also serves to reduce tower icing. In some of the new designs for hyperbolics, the fill is completely bypassed during periods of very cold weather and small plant loads.

# Comparison of Control Technologies

The available control and treatment technologies for effluent heat are compared in Table B-VIII-16 based on incremental costs (production, capital, fuel, and capacity), effluent reduction benefits, and nonwater quality environmental impacts.

The incremental costs (production, capital, fuel, and capacity), and costs versus effluent reduction benefits of the application of mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers to nonnew nuclear units and fossil-fueled units (base-load, cyclic, and peaking) with various years of remaining service life is shown in Table B-VIII-17. A similar costs breakdown for new units is given in Table B-VIII-18. Both tables indicate the assumptions used in the cost analyses.

In general for nonnew sources, the total costs of the application of thermal control technology in relation to the effluent reduction benefits to be achieved from such application are the most favorable for the newest, most highly utilized generating units, and, progressively, the least favorable for the oldest, least utilized generating units. For new sources the costs versus effluent reduction benefits are even more favorable due to the absence of "backfitting" costs of any kind, which would be a major cost for nonnew sources. In the intermediate case of a nonnew source for which construction has not been completed and some backfitting cost attributable to construction aspects would not occur, the costs versus effluent reduction benefits are likewise at a level of favorability above the typical operational nonnew source and below the new source.

For otherwise similar units, the cost versus effluent reduction benefits are the most favorable for those that will be the most highly utilized, or base-load units. The costs versus effluent reduction benefits are the least favorable for the units that will be utilized the least, or peaking units. Cyclic units rank intermediate between base-load and peaking units. In any case, the costs versus effluent reduction benefits for units that are to be retired from service within 6 years are very high when compared to the newer units in that class of utilization (base-load, cyclic, peaking) which have a greater remaining service life.

## Considerations of Section 316(a)

Section 316(a) of the Act authorizes the Administrator to impose (on a case-by-case basis) less stringent effluent limitations when a discharger can demonstrate that the effluent limitation proposed for the thermal component of the discharge from his source is more stringent than necessary to assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife in and on the waterbody. The procedures for implementing Section 316(a) may extend over an estimated time span of approximately from two months to twenty months depending, from case-to-case, in the extent to which additional studies are required to establish effluent limitations based on

#### TABLE B-VIII-16

#### CONTROL AND TREATMENT TECHNOLOGIES FOR HEAT COSTS, EFFLUENT REDUCTION BENEFITS, AND NON-WATER QUALITY ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

| TECHNOLOGY<br>(Approx. no. of units             | INCREMENTAL COST FOR MAX. EFFL. RED.<br>% Base |         |           | EFFL. RED. BENEFITS<br>% Base | S NONWATER ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS |     |       |       |            |      |                   |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|-------|-------|------------|------|-------------------|
| employing technology)                           | Production                                     | Capital | Fuel      | Capacity                      |                                  | Fog | Drift | Noise | Aesthetics | Land | Water Consumption |
| Once-Through (2500)                             | 0                                              | 0       | 0         | 0                             | 0                                | 0   | 0     | 0     | 0          | 0    | 0                 |
| Process Change(0)                               | 100                                            | 100     | 15ga:     | in 15gain                     | n <u>15max</u>                   | 0   | 0     | 0     | 0          | o    | 0                 |
| Surface Cooling(100)<br>Unaugmented             | 10-20                                          | 9-14    | 1-2       | 3-4                           | 0-100                            | o   | ο     | 0     | о          | 2000 | 100               |
| Augmented                                       | 10-20                                          | 9-14    | 1-2       | 3-4                           | 0-100                            | *   | *     | 0     | *          | 1000 | 200               |
| Evaporative(Wet) Tower<br>Mechanical Draft(250) | 10-20                                          | 9-14    | 1-2       | 3-4                           | 0-100                            | *   | *     | *     | *          | 30   | 200               |
| Natural Draft(60)                               | 10-20                                          | 9-14    | 1-2       | 3-4                           | 0-100                            | 0   | o     | 0     | *          | 30   | 200               |
| Dry Tower(1)                                    | 20-40                                          | 11-16   | 4-5       | 7-10                          | 0-100                            | o   | о     | *     | 0          | 30   | 30gain            |
| Wet/Dry Tower(1)                                | 14-28                                          | 10-15   | 2-3       | 4-5                           | 0-100                            | 0   | *     | *     | 0          | 30   | 35                |
| Alternative Processes<br>Hydroelectric(100's)   | 0                                              | o       | 100ga:    | <br>in 0<br>                  | 0-100                            | 0   | 0     | о     | 0          | 2000 | 80gain            |
| Internal Combustion(100's)                      | 100                                            | 100     | 0         | 0                             | 0-100                            | 0   | . 0   | *     | 0          | о    | 100gain           |
| Combined Cycle(approx.50) a                     | арр 50                                         | app 50  | app 50ga: | in 0                          | app 50                           | 0   | 0     | *     | 0          | 0    | 50gain            |

\* Note: Some highly site-specific incremental impacts, but not generally anticipated to be limiting.

| TYPE UNIT       | REMAINING LIFT         | INCREMENTAL PI  | CODUCTION COSTS | INCREMENTAL CAP | TAL COSTS    | ADDITION  | AL FUEL CONSUMPTI | ON GENERATION CAP   | ACITY REDUCTION    |
|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
|                 | Years                  | % of Base Cost  | Cost/Benefit    | % of Base Cost  | Cost/Benefit | % of Bas  | e Fuel Cost/Benef | it % of Base Gen-   | Cost/Benefit       |
|                 |                        | }               | \$/[MWH]_       |                 | 5/{MWH]_     | Consum    | tion [MWH]_/[MW   | H]_ erating Capac.  | MW/[MWH]_          |
|                 |                        |                 | x10             |                 | x10 T        |           | ×100 <sup>F</sup> | T                   | ×10 <sup>′ T</sup> |
| 1. Nuclear      | 30-36                  | 13              | 4               | 12              | 1            | 2         | 3                 | 3                   | 1                  |
| (All base-load) | 24-30                  | 14              | 5               | 12              | 1            | 2         | 3                 | ( 3                 | 1                  |
|                 | 18-24                  | 15              | 5               | 12              | 2            | 2         | 3                 | 3                   | 1                  |
|                 | 12-18                  | 16              | 6               | 12              | 2            | 2         | 3                 | 3                   | 2                  |
|                 | 6-12                   | 19              | 7               | 12              | 5            | 2         | 3                 | 3                   | 3                  |
|                 | 0-6                    | 30              | 11              | 12              | 10           | 2         | 3                 | 3                   | 9                  |
| Average excl. 0 | -6                     | 15              | 5               | 12              | 2            | 2         | 3                 | 3                   | 1.6                |
| II. Fossil-Fuel |                        |                 |                 |                 |              |           |                   |                     |                    |
| A. Base-Load    | 30-36                  | 11              | 4               | 12              | 1            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 1                  |
|                 | 24-30                  | 12              | 4               | 12              | ī            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | ī                  |
|                 | 18-24                  | 13              | 4               | 12              | ī            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | ī                  |
|                 | 12-18                  | 14              | 5               | 12              | 2            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 2                  |
|                 | 6-12                   | 16              | 5               | 12              | 3            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 3                  |
|                 | 0-6                    | 22              | 7               | 12              | 8            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 9                  |
| Average excl. C | -6                     | 13              | 4               | 12              | 1.6          | 22        |                   | 4                   | 1.6                |
| ✤ B. Cyclic     | 3036                   | 14              | 5               | 14              | 2            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 1                  |
| 5 -             | 24-30                  | 15              | 5               | 14              | 2            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | ī                  |
|                 | 18-24                  | 16              | 6               | 14              | 2            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 2                  |
|                 | 12-18                  | 18              | 6               | 14              | 3            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 3                  |
|                 | 6-12                   | 20              | 8               | 14              | 5            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 5                  |
|                 | 0-6                    | 30              | 10              | 14              | 15           | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 14                 |
| Average excl. ( | -6                     | <u> </u>        | 6               | 14              | 3            | 2         | 3                 | Ă                   | 4                  |
| C. Peaking      | 30-36                  | 40              | 20              | 16              | 7            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 6                  |
|                 | 24-30                  | 40              | 20              | 16              | 8            | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 7                  |
|                 | 18-24                  | 45              | 20              | 16              | 10           | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 9                  |
|                 | 12-18                  | 50              | 30              | 16              | 13           | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 13                 |
|                 | 6 <del>-</del> 12      | 60              | 30              | 16              | 21           | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 21                 |
|                 | 0-6                    | 100             | 60              | 16              | 61           | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 64                 |
| Average excl. ( | 9-6                    | 47              | 24              | 16              | 10           | 2         | 3                 | 4                   | 11                 |
| Assumptions:    |                        | Base Prod. Cost | Base Cap. Cost  | Annual Boiler   | Heat Rate    | Heat Loss | Heat Converted He | at to Cooling Water | Cost Replacement   |
| muberoup,       |                        | mills/KWH       | \$/KW           | Capacity Factor | Btu/KWH      | Btu/KWH   | _Btu/KWH          | Btu/KWH             | Capac. \$/KW       |
| I.<br>II.       | Nuclear<br>Fossil-Fuel | 6.50            | 150             | 0.70            | 10,500       | 200       | 3,500             | 6,800               | 90                 |
|                 | A. Base-Load           | 6.34            | 120             | 0.77            | 10,500       | 500       | 3,500             | 6,500               | 90                 |
|                 | B. Cyclic              | 8.35            | 120             | 0.44            | 11,500       | 500       | 3,500             | 7,500               | 90                 |

#### TABLE B-VIII-17 INCREMENTAL COST OF APPLICATION OF MECHANICAL DRAFT EVEPORATIVE COOLING TOWERS TO NONNEW UNITS (BASIS 1970 DOLLARS)

C. Peaking12.51200.9411,5005003,5007,50090C. Peaking12.51200.0912,5005003,5008,50090Subscripts: F indicates electrical equivalence of fuel consumed, and T indicates electrical equivalence of heat rejected to cooling water. Both are calculated at 0.293 x10<sup>-0</sup> [MWH]/Btu.MWHMWHMWH

#### TABLE B-VIII-18 INCREMENTAL COST OF APPLICATION OF MECHANICAL DRAFT EVAPORATIVE COOLING TOWERS TO NEW UNITS (BASIS 1970 DOLLARS)

| TYPE UNIT                                                 |                      | INCREMENTAL PRODUCTION COSTS |                                                | INCREMENTAL CAPITAL COSTS        |                                 | ADDITIO              | NAL FUEL CONSUME                                        | TION                        | GENERATION CAPACITY REDUCTIO |                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
|                                                           |                      | % of Base Cos                | t Cost/Benefit<br>\$/[MWH] <sub>T</sub><br>x10 | % of Base Cos                    | t Cost/Benef<br>\$/[MWH]<br>x10 | it % of Ba<br>Consum | se Fuel Cost/Ber<br>ption [MWH] <sub>F</sub> / <br>x100 | nefit<br>[MWH] <sub>T</sub> | % of Base Ge<br>erating Capa | en- Cost/Benefit<br>hc. MW/[MWH]<br>x10 |
| <b>İ.</b> Nuclear (Al                                     | l base-load)         | 10                           | 3                                              | 9                                | 1                               | 1                    | 2                                                       |                             | 3                            | 1                                       |
| II. Fossil-Fuel<br>A. Base-Loa<br>B. Cyclic<br>C. Peaking | ad                   | 10<br>11<br>28               | 3<br>4<br>13                                   | 9<br>10<br>11                    | 2<br>4<br>18                    | 1<br>1<br>1          | 2<br>2<br>2                                             |                             | 4<br>4<br>4                  | 1<br>1<br>4                             |
| Assumptions:<br>TYPE UNIT                                 | Useful Life<br>Years | Base Prod. Cost<br>mills/KWH | Base Cap. Cost<br>\$/KW                        | Annual Boiler<br>Capacity Factor | Heat Rate B                     | Heat Loss<br>Btu/KWH | Heat Converted<br>Btu/KWH                               | Heat to<br>Btu/K            | Cooling Water<br>WH          | Cost Replacement<br>Capac. \$/KW        |
| I. Nuclear<br>II. Fossil-Fuel                             | 40                   | 6.50                         | 150                                            | 0.70                             | 10,500                          | 200                  | 3,500                                                   | 6,1                         | 800                          | 150                                     |
| A. Base-Load<br>B. Cyclic<br>C. Peaking                   | 36<br>36<br>36       | 6.34<br>8.35<br>12.5         | 120<br>120<br>120                              | 0.77<br>0.44<br>0.09             | 10,500<br>11,500<br>12,500      | 500<br>500<br>500    | 3,500<br>3,500<br>3,500                                 | 6,<br>7,<br>8,              | 500<br>500<br>500            | 120<br>120<br>120                       |

Subscripts: F indicates electrical equivalence of fuel consumed, and T indicates electrical equivalence of heat rejected to cooling water. Both are calculated at 0.293x 10<sup>-6</sup> [MWH]/Btu.

environmental need. Correspondingly, the timing for cases leading to significant thermal controls could extend in many cases beyond July 1, 1977. See Table B-VIII-19. The Act does not authorize extentions of the implementation dates for best practicable control technology currently available at individual sources to dates after July 1, 1977, even in consideration of Section 316(a).

EPA estimates of the number of various types of units that will require some thermal controls based on environmental need (Section 316(a) determination) are shown in Table B-VIII-20.

The incremental U.S. fuel consumption of thermal controls based on environmental need (Section 316(a) determination) can be estimated based on the following assumptions:

1) One-half of the plants with once-through cooling systems have no thermal effluent limitations.

2) "No discharge" thermal controls are required for one-half of the capacity of remaining once-through plants during 3-4 months of the year, scattered, in the aggregate, year round.

3) Thermal effluent limitations will be met using mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers. (This is highly conservative since all other technologies, except dry cooling towers, use less energy).

4) Equal controls regardless of fuel types.

5) No net changes from distribution shown in Figure III-1.

The estimated incremental consumption of fuels, based on the above assumptions, is 0.12% increase in nuclear fuel, 0.06% increase in coal, 0.02% increase in natural gas, and a 0.01% increase in oil, by 1980. This result is shown in graph form in Figure B-VIII-24. Further, based in a similar analysis, the annual incremental oil consumption assuming, conservatively that all thermal controls needed are added by July 1, 1977, is shown in Table B-VIII-21. Incremental oil consumption is zero unit1 July 1, 1977, with the 1980 level estimated at 41,000 barrels per day, compared to a projected total U.S. oil usage of 21,500,000 barrels per day by 1980.

# Table B-VIII-19

# TIMING FOR CASES LEADING TO SIGNIFICANT THERMAL CONTROLS

BY JULY 1, 1977

| ACCOMPLISHMENT                                                      | EARLIEST | LIKELIEST  | LATEST     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------|------------|
| Propose effluent limitations guidelines                             | Mar 1974 | Mar 1974   | Mar 1974   |
| Propose Section 316(a) procedures                                   | Mar 1974 | Mar 1974   | Mar 1974   |
| Begin Section 316(a) procedures                                     | Mar 1974 | Mar 1974   | Mar 1974   |
| Promulgate effluent limitations guidelines                          | Jul 1974 | Jul 1974   | Jul 1974   |
| Promulgate Section 316(a) procedures                                | Jul 1974 | Jul 1974   | Jul 1974   |
| Establish effluent limitation based<br>on Section 316(a) procedures | May 1974 | Jun 1975   | Nov 1975   |
| Discharger selects control means                                    | May 1974 | Jul 1975   | Feb 1976   |
| Discharger awards construction contract                             | Aug 1974 | Oct 1975   | May 1976   |
| Discharger meets effluent limitation with                           |          |            |            |
| Mechanical draft cooling tower                                      | Feb 1976 | Jul 1977   | (May 1978) |
| <ul> <li>Natural draft cooling tower</li> </ul>                     | Jul 1977 | (Dec 1978) | (Oct 1979) |
| • Other means                                                       | Jul 1977 | Jul 1977   | Jul 1977   |

( ) indicates noncompliance with 1977 date

## Table B-VIII-20

# ESTIMATED NUMBER OF UNITS REQUIRING THERMAL CONTROLS BASED ON ENVIRONMENTAL NEED

| Type of Unit                                        | Total Number<br>of Units | Number Already Com-<br>mitted to Controls | Number Requiring Some<br>Controls Based on<br>Environmental Need |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                     |                          |                                           |                                                                  |
| Base-Load                                           |                          |                                           |                                                                  |
| Completing construction<br>after July 1, 1977       | 40                       | 20                                        | 10                                                               |
| Completing construction<br>prior to July 1, 1977    |                          |                                           |                                                                  |
| <ul> <li>Capacity 500 MW and<br/>greater</li> </ul> | 260                      | 80                                        | 90                                                               |
| • Capacity 300 to 500 MW                            | 200                      | 50                                        | 50                                                               |
| Capacity less than<br>300 MW*                       | 1000                     | 250                                       | 350                                                              |
| All Other Units                                     | 1500                     | 300                                       | 600                                                              |

\* Note: Excludes units in plants under 25 MW or in systems less than 150 MW


# USP FRACTION TOTAL ENERGY

CONTROLS THERMAL ASSOCIATION WITH ВΥ AND USE ВΥ Figure B-VIII-24

## Table B-VIII-21

# INCREMENTAL OIL CONSUMPTION IF ALL ENVIRONMENTALLY-BASED THERMAL CONTROLS ARE ADDED BY JULY 1, 1977

| YEAR | TOTAL PROJECTED OIL CONSUMPTION<br>BY POWERPLANTS<br>thousand barrels per day | MAXIMUM* INCREMENTAL OIL<br>CONSUMPTION DUE TO<br>THERMAL CONTROLS<br>thousand barrels per day |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1974 | 2,200                                                                         | 0                                                                                              |
| 1975 | 2,400                                                                         | 0                                                                                              |
| 1976 | 2,600                                                                         | 0                                                                                              |
| 1977 | 2,800                                                                         | 17                                                                                             |
| 1978 | 3,000                                                                         | 36                                                                                             |
| 1979 | 3,200                                                                         | 38                                                                                             |
| 1980 | 3,400                                                                         | 41                                                                                             |

\* Note: Based on the application of mechanical draft cooling towers, which consume more incremental energy than do alternative technologies

#### PART B

#### THERMAL DISCHARGES

## SECTIONS IX, X, XI

# BEST PRACTICABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY CURRENTLY AVAILABLE, GUIDELINES AND LIMITATIONS

# BEST AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY ECONOMICALLY ACHIEVABLE, GUIDELINES AND LIMITATIONS

## NEW SOURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND PRETREATMENT STANDARDS

## Categorization

Steam electric powerplants utilize heat released from suitable fuels to produce steam which, in turn, drives turbine generators which produce electrical energy. The used, expanded steam is condensed into water by rejecting unusable waste heat into a cooling water circuit. The condensed steam, now high-purity water, is then returned to the powerplant boiler ready for re-use. The rejected heat must be discarded to the environment.

Steam electric powerplants (stations) are comprised of one or more generating units. A generating unit typically consists of a discrete boiler, turbine-generator and condenser system; however, some units employ multiple boilers with common headers to multiple turbinegenerators. Fuel storage and handling facilities, water treatment equipment, electrical transmission facilities, and auxiliary components may be a part of a discrete generating unit or may service more than one generating unit.

While there are no formal subcategories, differences in age, size, processes employed, etc., were considered in development of limitations and are reflected in the limitations and in the dates by which the limitations must be achieved. Because technology for the control and treatment of heat is specific to that parameter and higher in cost than technology required to control other parameters, the guidelines for heat were developed separately. Guidelines for other parameters apply (generally) to all generating units because factors such as age, size, etc., are not correlated with waste load or practicability of employing control technology.

The characteristics of waste water heat discharges and the degree of practicability of control and treatment technology for heat are closely associated with characteristics of the individual generating units employed. The most significant factors governing the quantity of waste heat generated relative to the electrical energy produced (a measure of

the process efficiency) are the characteristics of the generating include the raw The significant process factors process employed. materials (fuel) employed, the boiler design pressure and temperature, cycle characteristics such as reheat and regeneration, and the turbine characteristics. Generally the newer, larger, more-efficient units are assigned base-load service and the older, smaller, less-efficient units are used for meeting peak demands. The type of service (base-load, etc.) and remaining service life characteristics are significant factors affecting the degree of practicability of attaining effluent reductions relative to the quantities of heat generated inasmuch as they determine, in combination, the amount of corresponding electrical energy production to which the control and treatment costs are compared.

The 1970 National Power Survey, a report by the Federal Power Commission (FPC) describes base-load, intermediate, and peaking units as follows. Base-load units are designed to run more or less continuously near full capacity, except for periodic maintenance shutdowns. Peaking units are designed to supply electricity, principally during times of maximum system demand, and characteristically run only a few hours a day. Units used for intermediate service between the extremes of base-load and peaking service must be able to respond readily to swings in systems demand, or cycling. Units used for base-load service produce 60 percent, or more, cf their intended maximum output during any given year, i.e., 60 percent, or more, capacity factor; peaking units less than 20 percent; and cycling units 20 to 60 percent. The FPC Form 67, which must be submitted annually by all steam electric plants (except small plants or plants in small systems), reports average boiler capacity factors for each boiler. The boiler capacity factor is indicative of the gross generation of the associated generating unit. The net generation is less than the gross generation to the extent that electricity is used by the plant itself.

The operations and economics of nuclear power generation dictate baseload service for these units inspite of the significantly larger quantities of waste heat rejected to cooling water compared to otherwise similar fossil-fueled base-load units. Similarly, all of the large high-pressure, high-temperature, fossil-fueled units have been designed for base-load service.

The base-load units placed in service in the 1960's had as of 1970 approximately 15 or more years of base-load service remaining, but eventually the installation of more economic base-load generating units may make it desirable to convert certain units to cyclic or peaking service. However, some fossil-fueled units have been initially built for cyclic or peaking service, beginning in 1960 and extending to the present. Features of units designed for cyclic or peaking service include the absence of the use of coal as a fuel, high-pressure, hightemperature steam conditions, reheat stages, and some additional feedwater heaters which are normally used with most base-load units. Base-load units represent approximately 70 percent of the total U.S. installed capacity of steam-electric powerplants, cycling units 25 percent, and peaking units 5 percent. However base-load units account for approximately 90 percent of the total U.S. steam electric energy generation, and therefore, approximately 90 percent of total effluent heat. Cycling units account for approximately 10 percent of the total effluent heat, and peaking units less than 1 percent.

#### Waste Characteristics

Steam electric powerplants discharge about 50 trillion gallons of waste water per year, which is roughly 15% of the total flow of waters in U.S. rivers and streams. Almost all of this water contains heat added by the powerplants.

#### Control and Treatment Technology

Thermal (waste heat) control and treatment technologies are of two general types; those which are designed to reduce the quantities of waste heat rejected from the process in relation to the quantities of electrical energy generated and those which are designed to eliminate to some degree the reliance upon a navigable water body as an intervening step leading to the ultimate transfer of the rejected heat to and beyond the atmosphere. The former type of thermal control is confined to inprocess means, while the latter takes the form of external devices, other than navigable water bodies, which extract heat from the circulating cooling water after it obtains the rejected heat at the condenser. For the purpose of effluent heat reduction the latter is clearly the most cost effective over the range of significant effluent reductions.

External thermal control means take the form, on one extreme, of surface water bodies confined to the property of the powerplant; and, on the other, of configured engineering structures. Other methods between these extremes combine engineering equipment with the confined surface water bodies. The configured engineering structures (towers) are more universally applicable than means involving to any degree confined surface water bodies due to the significantly larger land areas needed for the latter.

Cooling towers are available utilizing any one, and in some cases more than one, of the following combinations of engineering characteristics: evaporative or nonevaporative, mechanical draft or natural draft, forced mechanical draft or induced mechanical draft, fan-assisted natural draft or unassisted natural draft, and crossflow or counterflow. The specific type of cooling tower most widely used at powerplants today is the Crossflow, induced mechanical draft, evaporative tower. Theoretically, a cooling tower of any type could be designed to remove a part of or all of the waste heat rejected by any powerplant. In practice, however, site-dependent factors prevail which can preclude the application of any particular means for any particular powerplant and which further lead to the selection of the most appropriate means from the remaining candidates due to cost and other considerations.

Mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers are in operation in conjuntion with approximately 200-300 or more steam electric generating units in the U.S. cut of a total of about 3000 units at approximately 1000 plants. Natural draft evaporative cooling towers have been constructed, or are on order, for approximately 60 additional generating units. Between 50 and 100 more units employ unaugmented or mechanically augmented cooling lakes, ponds and canals. One dry (non-evaporative) cooling tower is in use in the U.S. In most cases, the external thermal control means are employed to completely recirculate the cooling water, except for the relatively small amounts discharged in the bleed, or blowdown, necessary for control of cooling water chemistry to achieve a practical degree of corrosion and scaling protection. In this manner essentially 100% of the waste heat rejected to the cooling water is removed and tranferred directly to the atmosphere.

establishing effluent limitations reflecting levels of technology In corresponding to to best practicable control technology currently available (to be achieved no later than July 1, 1977), best available technology economically achievable (to be achieved no later than July 1, 1983), standards of performance for new sources, and pretreatment standards, it must be concluded that there is only one suitable technology available and demonstrated, evaporative external cooling to achieve essentially nc discharge of heat, except for cold-side blowdown, in a closed, recirculating cooling system. The judgments involved are therefore reduced to the determination of the types of units to which the technology should be applied and when it should be applied, in the light of incremental national-scale costs versus effluent reduction benefits as well as unit-by-unit costs versus effluent reduction benefits and other factors.

In consideration of the total costs of the application of technology in relation to the effluent reduction benefits for heat, and other factors including energy and other non-water quality environmental impacts, the effluent limitations corresponding to the best practicable control technology currently available are no discharge of heat except for coldside blowdown, for all large base-load units the construction of which is completed after July 1, 1977, as is reflected by the application of closed-cycle evaporative cooling systems. The mechanical draft evaporative cooling tower provides the basis for the analysis used to evaluate the costs, effluent reduction benefits and other factors. No limitation on heat is reflected by the best practicable control technology for cyclic and peaking units. No limitation on heat is reflected by the best practicable control technology for units with insufficient land available for mechanical draft towers, including spacing, or where salt water drift from mechanical draft towers could adversely impact neighboring land uses, provided no alternative technologies would be practicable. In addition, for all units the construction of which has been or will be completed by July 1, 1977, no limitation on heat is reflected by the best practicable control technology, since, as more fully explained below, the limitation of no discharge of heat except for cold-side blowdown is not practically achievable by July 1, 1977, the date mandated by the Act for achievement of best practicable control technology currently available.

In consideration of the relevant factors including those required in the Act, such as the cost of achieving effluent reductions, energy and non-water quality environmental impacts, the effluent limitations corresponding to the best available technology economically achievable are no discharge of heat, except for cold-side blowdown, for all but the very oldest base-load units not covered by best practicable control technology currently available and for all cyclic and peaking units, as is reflected by the application of closed-cycle evaporative cooling systems. The mechanical draft evaporative cooling tower provides the basis for the analyses of costs and other factors. No limitation on heat is reflected by the best available technology economically achievable for units where sufficient land cannot be made available for mechanical draft towers, including spacing.

The time required for owners and operators of base-load units to complete the procedures for the consideration by the Regional Administrator of exemptions to the effluent limitations on heat, as provided by section 316(a) of the Act renders an effluent limitation of no discharge of heat except for cold-side blowdown outside the scope of best practicable control technology currently available for any unit which must achieve such limitation before July 1, 1977. An owner or operator following the procedure but failing to demonstrate that the effluent limitation proposed is excessively stringent could achieve an effluent limitation of no discharge by July 1, 1977, under only an optimistic set of conditions, if construction of the control means was not begun until after completion of the section 316(a) procedures. Hence, universal achievement of no discharge of effluent limitations by existing base-load sources, by July 1, 1977, would not be realistic in the light of the time required for section 316(a) procedures. The Act contains no provisions which would allow for the delay of the required date for the application of section 301 effluent limitations in individual cases. However, since the Act requires that effluent limitations reflecting the application of the best available technology economically achievable by "no later than" July 1, 1983, it is concluded that these regulations can require that the effluent limitations be achieved by certain dates prior to July 1, 1983, if such dates are realistically achievable. Correspondingly, the realistic achievement of goals of the Act would be served if dates for complete the implementation of best available technologyzeconomically achievable were established that were realistic but not far past the 1977 horizon. This can be accomplished by limiting the coverage of the best practicable control technology currently available to the relatively small number of sources that would not be completed until after July 1, 1977. Since the scheduled dates for completion of construction for these sources would be distributed over the years 1977 to 1982, a no discharge limitation would be realistically achievable by the time the affected sources would become operational. Realistically achievable dates for the base-load units constructed before July 1, 1977, would be as follows:

1.capacity of 500 MW and greater: July 1, 1978

2.capacity 300 to 499 MW: July 1, 1979

3.capacity 299 MW and less, except for small units: July 1, 1980

4.small units, i.e., unit in a plant with a capacity less than 25 MW or in a system with a capacity less than 150 MW: July 1, 1983.

The proposed best practicable control technology currently available and best available technology economically achievable for heat are based on the above rationale.

In consideration of the relevant factors including those required in the Act, such as the cost of achieving effluent reductions, energy and nonwater quality environmental impacts, the effluent limitations corresponding to standards of performance for new sources for heat are no discharge of heat, except for cold-side blowdown, from all new sources, without variation.

Cost of Technology

The unit costs of the application of available external control and treatment technology for heat to generating units of various sizes is essentially invariant with size, over the range of present processes, due to the general availability of small modules applicable to incremental loads.

Factors affecting the incremental costs of effluent heat reductions for any particular generating unit are dependent upon the characteristics of the plant site, as follows: available land, generating unit configuration (accessibility of existing condenser cooling system, ability of space to accomodate a new circulating cooling system), requirements imposed by nearby land uses (drift, fogging and icing, noise, structure height and appearance), climatic considerations (wind direction and velocity, wet bulb temperature, relative humidity, dry bulb temperature, equilibrium temperature of natural (surface) cooling, soil bearing characteristics, significance of regional consumptive use of water, significance of impact on regional demand availability of power to consumers, and characterisitics of intake water (temperature, concentrations of dissolved materials). The significant costs of external cooling systems themselves are determined characteristically by three major engineering design parameters: the cooling water flow rate, the rate of heat removal required, and the difference between the desired temperature of the cold water returned to the condenser and the lowest cold water return temperature theoretically achievable. Other major costs generally associated with applying external cooling in the place of systems employing no external cooling means are attributable to additional piping and pumps and to the physical alterations in the cooling system that are required by the conversion. The incremental energy (fuel) consumption costs of external cooling system are determined largely by the additional pumping energy required, the power required to drive the circulating air fans, and in most cases where the cooling water discharged from the external cooling means is recirculated to the condensers, the increase in waste heat rejected due to the process energy conversion inefficiency imposed by the resulting increased turbine exhaust pressure. A further cost of external cooling means can be the reduced margin of reserve generating capacity of a system employing the generating unit to meet peak demands for power. The reduced capacity of a unit corresponds to the energy losses incurred during full capacity operation. A further reduction in margin of reserve generating caracity of a system will occur during the time in which a unit must be shut down in order to complete the changeover to the closed-cycle cooling system. Many changeovers can be made during normal periodic shutdowns for maintenance. Incremental downtime due to changeovers may be from 30 to 90 days for each unit.

In general, the monetary and energy consumption costs of effluent heat reductions of less than 100 percent would be approximately proportional to the corresponding percentage reduction. It must be noted that, while fractional heat removals are theoretically achievable, no external cooling means have been employed to date to meet requirements based on fractional heat removals for individual units. Moreover, the application of open cooling systems to achieve significant fractional heat removals would cause more damage to organisms brought into the cooling water system than would a closed-cycle system for essentially 100 percent heat removal due to the higher volume of intake water required by the former.

The following analysis of the monetary, energy consumption and capacity loss costs of external cooling systems are based on the requirement of the guidelines that blowdown is permitted only from the cold side of the external cooling means. On the conservative assumption that all external cooling means already employed on existing units provide for blowdown from the hot side, then the incremental costs associated with requiring blowdown from the cold side of the external cooling means of these units would be a fraction of the total cost of the required external cooling means, said fraction being approximately the ratio of the present blowdown flow rate to the total flow rate through the condensers, neglecting drift loss effects. This fraction is typically less than 2 percent.

The average incremental costs of the application of mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers to base-load units to achieve no discharge of heat except for blowdown are estimated to be as follows:

1.production costs: 14 percent of base

2.capital costs: 12 precent of base

3.fuel consumption: 2 percent of base

4.capacity reduction: 3 percent of base

Incremental dollar costs for cyclic units are higher by about 20%, while fuel consumption and capacity reductions are the same as for base-load units. Incremental production costs for peaking units are about three times the costs for base-load units. Incremental capital costs are about 40% higher than for base-load units, and fuel consumption and capacity reductions are the same.

The average incremental costs versus effluent reduction benefits (dollars/unit heat removed) for cyclic units are about double those for base-load units, except for fuel consumption which is invariant with the degree of utilization. Average incremental costs versus effluent reduction benefits for peaking units are about three to four times those for cyclic units.

For new sources for base-load, cyclic and peaking units respectively, the average incremental production costs are 10, 11 and 28 percent of base costs; the incremental capital costs are 9, 10, and 11 percent of base costs, the fuel consumption costs are all 1 percent of base fuel consumption, and the generating capacity reduction is 0 to 2 percent of base capacity depending on whether the capability to overdesign is considered.

The above costs for non-new sources do not reflect the exemptions from the no discharge limitation for units for which insufficient land is available for the construction of mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers or for which salt water drift precludes their use. The analyses on which the cost estimates are based assume the application of stateof-the-art technology for drift elimination, but do not assume purchase land. The factors of adverse climate, fogging and icing, and noise, of of possibly adding marginal costs where additional levels while technology are required for control, are not national-scale factors. Since the overall costs and the land availability and saltwater drift factors are based on mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers, with incremental costs for plume abatement, etc. if required, the potential aesthetic factors associated with the tall structure of natural draft towers, with spray ponds, with cooling ponds, or with cooling tower plumes have been indirectly taken into account.

While the mechanical draft evaporative cooling tower was selected as a model for the cost analyses because of its widespread use and more universal applicability, this in nc way precludes the actual use of other technologies to achieve the effluent limitations.

The costs of other external evaporative systems for effluent heat reduction are generally comparable to the costs of mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers. Site-dependent factors, however, could tend to increase some costs and lower others significantly depending on the location involved. Costs that would be incurred and corresponding effluent reduction benefits for units already planning or employing closed-cycle cooling systems would be zero or relatively insignificant depending upon whether the blowdown is from the cold-side or not. However, in the case of hot-side blowdown, the costs versus effluent reduction benefits related to achieving cold-side blowdown would be approximately in the same proportion as the costs versus effluent reduction benefits for achieving closed-cycle cooling for an otherwise similar unit with an open cooling system.

Energy and Other Nonwater Quality Environmental Impacts Impacts.

#### Energy

The incremental energy (fuel) consumption costs of mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers applied to existing units are typically about 1 to 2 percent of the energy generated or fuel consumed. Corresponding costs of unassisted natural draft cooling towers and of spray canals and ponds are lower by an increment of approximately 1/2 percent or less. Fuel consumption costs for unaugmented cooling lakes are lower by about 1/2 percent. The energy costs of mechanical draft dry (nonevaporative) cooling towers are higher by an increment of more than 2 percent. Energy (fuel) consumption costs of applying these closed-cycle cooling systems to new units would be less due to the opportunity provided for overall optimization cf the process as well as the cooling system.

A typical existing generating unit to which mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers would be applied for essentially 100 percent reduction of effluent heat would be reduced in generating capacity by about 3 to 4 percent of its former capacity during part of the year. Reduced capacity corresponding to other types of cooling employed at existing units would be approximately proportional to the fuel consumption cost percentages cited above. For new units no capacity loss would occur since the unit would be oversized to make up for this factor.

Energy requirements for technologies reflecting the application of the best available technology economically achievable for pollutants other than heat are less than 0.2 percent of the total plant output.

Reduced margins of reserve capacity due to lost generating capacity could be significantly offset by delayed retirements, but not without some added generating costs due to the relative inefficiency of the older units. The installation of combustion turbines to replace lost capacity can be accomplished relatively quickly. Eventually the lost capacity could be replaced by the construction of new highly-efficient base-load units.

Potentially, the construction of additional transmission lines and other efforts to achieve higher degrees of regional and national reliability coordination could completely offset the reduced margins of reserve capacity due to lost generating capacity. Furthermore, citizen and other user efforts to reduce consumption during the brief periods of peak demand could significantly lessen the impact of reduced reserve margins. The above factors are especially significant in the case of the numerous units in small plants and systems where the engineering design manpower requirements would be high relative to the heat removals achieved, the availability of capital would be somewhat lower due to the smaller amounts and higher risks involved, and the possible impact of reduced reserve capacity would be larger due to the relatively limited extent of the systems.

Other Non-Water Quality Environmental Impacts

Non-water quality environmental impacts of external thermal control technology include possible effects of salt water drift (droplet carryover from evaporative towers and spray systems), increased fogging or water consumption with evaporative systems, noise if mechanical draft towers are adjacent tc populated areas, and increased aesthetic impacts due to the size of natural draft towers and visible plumes from all evaporative towers. The potential effects of salt water drift have been taken into account by the exemption provided in the guidelines from the no discharge requirements in instances in which it is likely to present a significant problem.

However, in the limited number of cases where it would be required, technology is available to reduce or eliminate drift, fogging, visible plumes and noise effects, and water consumption rights are available where required, each at incremental costs above standard evaporative cooling systems for closed-cycle cooling.

Economic Impact Including Impact on U.S. Fuel Consumption

The proposed effluent limitations are based on the technological capabilities of steam electric powerplants. Section 316(a) of the Act allows for exemptions to the proposed limitations on heat, in a case-by-case basis, based on the consideration of environmental need.

It has been estimated, based on an analytical model of the cooling capacity of U.S. rivers and from a survey of EPA regional personnel,

that approximately one-half to two-thirds of the steam electric powerplants (by capacity) not already achieving "no thermal discharge" are not now in violation of present or projected thermal environmental criteria. Of the remainder, "no discharge" thermal controls corresponding to generally one-half of the capacity at each plant would be warranted during certain parts of the year, based on environmental considerations. It is further estimated that generally thermal controls would be needed during 3-4 months of the year, or approximately 30% of the time, scattered, in the aggregate, year round.

Approximately 20% of existing steam electric powerplants already achieve "no thermal discharge." A significantly larger percentage (over 50%) of plants that are not considered "new sources" under the definitions of the Act but will begin initial operation in the period 1974 - 1982 are already committed to closed cooling systems.

By 1980 approximately 30% of all U.S. energy uses has been projected to be through electrical generation. The electrical generation processes have been projected by one source to be comprised of approximately 40% coal-fueled, 25% nuclear, 15% oil-fueled, 15% gas-fueled and 5% hydro and geothermal plants. Approximately 50% of all coal is projected to go to powerplants, 15% of all natural gas, and 10% of all oil.

Incremental fuel consumption due to closed cooling water systems at steam electric powerplants is due to the power required to drive the pumps and fans (if they are employed) in the closed system and to the reduced energy conversion efficiency brought about by changes in steam condensing pressures. Generally the increased fuel consumption relative to base fuel consumption would be approximately 1% for pumps and fans (if they are employed) and 1% for changing steam pressures. Mechnical draft evaporative ccoling towers are the most widely used means for achieving closed-cycle cooling. They employ both pumps and fans. Other means commonly employed use no fans (natural draft towers, spray canals, additional pumping (cooling no ponds). cooling ponds) or Environmentally-based thermal effluent limitations may be met by open-cycle systems, that cause no loss in energy conversion efficiency due to changing steam pressures and which use the preceeding means and others.

Assuming equal environmentally-based thermal controls regardless of fuel, no net changes in generating distribution among the fuels used and use of mechanical draft cooling towers (highest fuel consumption) the above numbers translate into a 0.12% increase in nuclear fuel consumption to meet thermal controls, a 0.06% increase in total U.S. coal consumption, a 0.02% increase in total U.S. natural gas consumption and a 0.01% increase in total U.S. oil consumption, by 1980.

The estimated economic impact by 1983, of the proposed effluent limitations guidelines, considering the estimated effect of exemptions

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to be allowed through appeals under section 316(a) of the Act are as follows:

1.Total capital required is \$12.0 billion which is 3.3% of the base capital required.

2.Cost to consumers would reach \$4.1 billion per year, which is 3.6% of the base cost to consumers.

3.Price increase by 0.9 mills per kwh, or 7.2% of base production costs.

4.Fuel consumed would reach a level equivalent to 9 million tons of coal per year, or 0.2% of U.S. consumption for all purposes.

5.Capacity loss of 3,300 MW, or 0.4% of U.S. generating capacity.

Similarily for new sources, between 1985 and 1990, the above costs, respectively, are \$11.8 billion (2.0% base), \$1.7 billion per year (0.7% base), 0.05 mills per KWH (1.4% base production costs), 8 million tons per year (0.12% base), and 3,100 MW (0.25% base).

#### SECTON XII

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#### SECTION XIV

#### GLOSSARY

### Absolute Pressure

The total force per unit area measured above absolute vacuum as a reference. Standard atmospheric pressure is 101,326 N/m<sup>2</sup> (14.696 psi) above absolute vacuum (zero pressure absolute).

#### Absolute Temperature

The temperature measured from a zero at which all molecular activity ceases. The volume of an ideal gas is directly proportional to its absolute temperature. It is measured in  $^{\circ}K$  ( $^{\circ}R$ ) corresponding to  $^{\circ}C$  + 273 ( $^{\circ}F$  + 459).

### <u>Acid</u>

A substance which dissolves in water with the formation of hydrogen ion. A substance containing hydrogen which may be displaced by metals to form salts.

### Acidity

The quantitative capacity of aqueous solutions to react with hydroxyl ions (OH-). The condition of a water solution having a pH of less than 7.

### Agglomeration

The coalescence of dispersed suspended matter into larger flocs or particles which settle more rapidly.

### <u>Alkali</u>

A soluble substance which when dissolved in water yields hydroxyl ions. Alkalies combine with acids to yield neutral salts.

### <u>Alkaline</u>

The condition of a water solution having a pH concentration greater than 7.0, and having the properties of a base.

## <u>Alkalinity</u>

The capacity to neutralize acids, a property imparted to water by its content of carbonates, bicarbonates, and hydroxides. It is expressed in milligrams per liter of equivalent CaCO<u>3</u>.

### <u>Anion</u>

The charged particle in a solution of an electrolyte which carries a negative charge.

### Anthracite

A hard natural coal of high luster which contains little volatile matter.

#### Approach Temperature

The difference between the exit temperature of water from a cooling tower, and the wet bulb temperature of the air.

### <u>Ash</u>

The solid residue following combustion of a fuel.

#### <u>Ash Sluice</u>

The transport of solid residue ash by water flow in a conduit.

### Backwash

Operation of a granular fixed bed in reverse flow to wash out sediment and reclassify the granular media.

### Bag Filters

A fabric type filter in which dust laden gas is made to pass through woven fabric to remove the particulate matter.

#### Base

A compound which dissclves in water to yield hydroxyl ions (OH-).

### Base-load Unit

An electric generating facility operating continuously at a constant output with little hourly or daily fluctuation.

#### Biocide

An agent used to control biological growth.

### <u>Bituminous</u>

A coal of intermediate hardness containing between 50 and 92 percent carbon.

### Blowdown

A portion of water in a closed system which is wasted in order to prevent a build-up of dissolved solids.

#### BOD

Biochemical oxygen demand. The quantity of oxygen required for the biochemical oxidation of organic matter in a sewage or industrial waste in a specific time, at a specified temperature and under specified conditions. A standard test to assess wastewater pollution level.

#### Boiler

A device in which a liquid is converted into its vapor state by the action of heat. In the steam electric generating industry, the equipment which converts water into steam.

### Boiler Feedwater

The water supplied to a boiler to be converted into steam.

### Boiler Fireside

The surface of boiler heat exchange elements exposed to the hot combustion products.

### Boiler Scale

An incrustation of salts deposited on the waterside of a boiler as a result of the evaporation of water.

### Boiler Tubes

Tubes contained in a boiler through which water passes during its conversion into steam.

### Bottom Ash

The solid residue left from the combustion of a fuel, which falls to the bottom of the combustion chamber.

#### Brackish Water

Water having a dissolved solids content between that of fresh water and that of sea water, generally from 1000 to 10,000 mg per liter.

## Brine

Water saturated with a salt.

#### <u>Bus</u> <u>Bar</u>

A conductor forming a common junction between two or more electrical circuits. A term commonly used in the electric utility industry to refer to electric power leaving a station boundary. Bus bar costs would refer to the cost per unit of electrical energy leaving the station.

#### Capacity Factor

The ratio of energy actually produced to that which would have been produced in the same period had the unit been operated continuously at rated capacity.

### Cation

The charged particles in solution of an electrolyte which are positively charged.

### Carbonate Hardness

Hardness of water caused by the presence of carbonates and bicarbonates of calcium and magnesium.

### Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

A specific test to measure the amount of oxygen required for the complete oxidation of all organic and inorganic matter in a water sample which is susceptible to oxidation by a strong chemical oxidant.

#### Circulating Water Pumps

Pumps which deliver cooling water to the condensers of a powerplant.

### Circulating Water System

A system which conveys cooling water from its source to the main condensers and then to the point of discharge. Synonymous with cooling water system.

#### <u>Clarification</u>

A process for the removal of suspended matter from a water solution.

#### <u>Clarifier</u>

A basin in which water flows at a low velocity to allow settling of suspended matter.

#### <u>Closed</u> <u>Circulating</u> <u>Water</u> <u>System</u>

A system which passes water through the Condensers, then through an artificial cooling device, and keeps recycling it.

### <u>Coal Pile Drainage</u>

Runoff from the coal pile as a result of rainfall.

### Condensate Polisher

An ion exchanger used to adsorb minute quantities of cations and anions present in condensate as a result of corrosion and erosion of metallic surfaces.

#### <u>Condenser</u>

A device for converting a vapor into its liquid phase.

#### Construction

Any placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment (including contractual obligations to purchase such facilities or equipment) at the premises where the equipment will be used, including preparation work at the premises.

A device for converting a vapor into its liquid phase.

### Convection

The heat transfer mechanism arising from the motion of a fluid.

#### <u>Cooling Canal</u>

A canal in which warm water enters at one end, is cooled by contact with air, and is discharged at the other end.

## <u>Cooling Lake</u>

See Cooling Pond

#### <u>Cooling</u> Pond

A body of water in which warm water is cooled by contact with air, and is either discharged cr returned for reuse.

### <u>Cooling Tower</u>

A configured heat exchange device which transfers reject heat from circulating water to the atmosphere.

## Cooling Tower Basin

A basin located at the bottom of a cooling tower for collecting the falling water.

#### Cooling Water System

See Circulating Water System

### Corrosion Inhibitor

A chemical agent which slows down or prohibits a corrosion reaction.

### <u>Counterflow</u>

A process in which two media flow through a system in opposite directions.

### Critical Point

The temperature and pressure conditions at which the saturated-liquid and saturated-vapor states of a fluid are identical. For water-steam these conditions are 3208.2 psia and 705.47°F.

### Cycling Plant

A generating facility which operates between peak load and base load conditions. In this report, a facility operating between 2000 and 6000 hours per year.

### Cyclone Furnace

A water-cooled horizontal cylinder in which fuel is fired, heat is released at extremely high rates, and combustion is completed. The hot gases are then ejected into the main furnace. The fuel and combustion air enter tangentially, imparting a whirling motion to the burning fuel, hence the name Cyclone Furnace. Molten slag forms on the cylinder walls, and flows off for removal.

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#### Deaeration

A process by which dissclved air and oxygen are stripped from water either by physical or chemical methods.

#### Deaerator

A device for the removal of oxygen, carbon dioxide and other gases from water.

# **Degasification**

The removal of a gas from a liquid.

#### Deionizer

A process for treating water by removal of cations and anions.

## Demineralizer

See Deionizer

#### Demister

A device for trapping liquid entrainment from gas or vapor streams.

#### Dewater

To remove a portion of the water from a sludge or a slurry.

#### Dew Point

The temperature of a gas-vapor mixture at which the vapor condenses when it is cooled at constant humidity.

#### <u>Diesel</u>

An internal combustion engine in which the temperature at the end of the compression is such that combustion is initiated without external ignition.

#### Discharge

To release or vent.

### <u>Discharge</u> Pipe or Conduit

A section of pipe or conduit from the condenser discharge to the point of discharge into receiving waters or cooling device.

#### <u>Drift</u>

Entrained water carried from a cooling device by the exhaust air.

### Dry Bottom Furnace

Refers to a furnace in which the ash is collected as a dry solid in hoppers at the bottom of the furnace, and removed from the furnace in this state.

#### Dry Tower

A cooling tower in which the fluid to be cooled flows within a closed system. This type of tower usually uses finned or extended surfaces.

### Dry Well

A dry compartment of a pump structure at or below pumping level, where pumps are located.

## <u>Economizer</u>

A heat exchanger which uses the heat of combustion gases to raise the boiler feedwater temperature before the feedwater enters the boiler.

### <u>Electrostatic</u> <u>Precipitator</u>

A device for removing particles from a stream of gas based on the principle that these particles carry electrostatic charges and can therefore be attracted to an electrode by imposing a potential across the stream of gas.

#### **Evaporation**

The process by which a liquid becomes a vapor.

#### Evaporator

A device which converts a liquid into a vapor by the addition of heat.

#### Feedwater Heater

Heat exchangers in which boiler feedwater is preheated by steam extracted from the turbine.

#### <u>Filter</u> Bed

A device for removing suspended solids from water, consisting of granular material placed in horizontal layers and capable of being cleaned hydraulically by reversing the direction of the flow.

### <u>Filtration</u>

The process of passing a liquid through a filtering medium for the removal of suspended cr colloidal matter.

### Fireside Cleaning

Cleaning of the outside surface of boiler tubes and combustion chamber refractories to remove deposits formed during the combustion.

### <u>Floc</u>

Small gelatinous masses formed in a liquid by the reaction of a coagulant added thereto, thru biochemical processes, or by agglomeration.

#### <u>Flue</u> <u>Gas</u>

The gaseous products resulting from the combustion process after passage through the boiler.

### Fly Ash

A portion of the non-combustible residue from a fuel which is carried out of the boiler by the flue gas.

### Fossil Fuel

A natural solid, liquid or gaseous fuel such as coal, petroleum or natural gas.

#### Generation

The conversion of chemical or mechanical energy into electrical energy. .

#### <u>Heat</u> Rate

The fuel heat input (in Joules or BTU) required to generate a KWH.

### Heating Value

The heat available from the combustion of a given quantity of fuel as determined by a standard calorimetric process.

#### Humidity

Pounds of water vapor carried by 1 lb of dry air.

### Ion

A charged atom, molecule or radical, the migration of which affects the transport of electricity through an electrolyte.

### Ion Exchange

A chemical process involving reversible interchange of ions between a liquid and a solid but no radical change in the structure of the solid.

### <u>Lignite</u>

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A carbonaceous fuel ranked between peat and coal.

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#### <u>Makeup Water Pumps</u>

Pumps which provide water to replace that lost by evaporation, seepage, and blowdown.

#### Mechanical Draft Tower

A cooling tower in which the air flow through the tower is maintained by fans. In forced draft towers the air is forced through the tower by fans located at its base, whereas in induced draft towers the air is pulled through the tower by fans mounted on top of the tower.

Mill

One thousandth of a dcllar.

Mine-mouth Plant

A steam electric powerplant located within a short distance of a coal mine and to which the ccal is transported from the mine by a conveyor system, slorry pipeline or truck.

#### <u>Mole</u>

The molecular weight of a substance expressed in grams (or pounds).

Name Plate

See Nominal Capacity

#### Natural Draft Cooling Tower

A cooling tower through which air is circulated by a natural or chimney effect. A hyperbolic tower is a natural draft tower that is hyperbolic in shape.

#### <u>Neutralization</u>

Reaction of acid or alkaline solutions with the opposite reagent until the concentrations of hydrogen and hydroxyl ions are about equal.

#### <u>New Source</u>

Any source, the construction of which is commenced after the publication of porposed Section 306 regulations.

#### Nominal Capacity

Name plate - design rating of a plant, or specific piece of equipment.

#### Nuclear Energy

The energy derived from the fission of nuclei of heavy elements such as uranium or thorium or from the fusion of the nuclei of light elements such as deuterium or tritium.

## Once-through Circulating Water System

A circulating water system which draws water from a natural source, passes it through the main condensers and returns it to a natural body of water.

### <u>Overflow</u>

(1) Excess water over the normal operating limits disposed of by letting it flow out through a device provided for that purpose; (2) The device itself that allows excess water to flow out.

### <u>Osmosis</u>

The process of diffusion of a solvent thru a semi-permeable membrane from a solution of lower to one of higher concentration.

### Osmotic Pressure

The equilibrium pressure differential across a semi-permeable membrane which separates a solution of lower from one of higher concentration.

#### <u>Oxidation</u>

The addition of oxygen to a chemical compound, generally, any reaction which involves the loss of electrons from an atom.

#### Package Sewage Treatment Plant

A sewage treatment facility contained in a small area and generally prefabricated in a complete package.

### Packing (Cooling Towers)

A media providing large surface area for the purpose of enhancing mass transfer, usually between a gas or vapor, and a liquid.

#### **Precipitation**

A phenomenon that occurs when a substance held in solution in a liquid phase passes out of sclution into a solid phase.

#### Preheater (Air)

A unit used to heat the air needed for combustion by absorbing heat from the products of combustion.

#### <u>pH</u>

A scale for expressing the acidity or alkalinity of a solution. Mathematically it is the reciprocal of the logarithm of the hydrogen ion concentration solution. Neutral water has a pH of 7.0 and hydrogen ion concentration of 10-7.

### Peak-load Plant

A generating facility operated only during periods of maximum demand, in this report it is a facility operating less than 2000 hours per year.

### **Penalty**

A sum to be forfeited, or a loss due to some action.

#### <u>Plant</u> <u>Code</u> <u>Number</u>

A four-digit number assigned to all powerplants in the industry inventory for the purpose of this study.

### Plume (Gas)

A conspicuous trail of gas or vapor emitted from a cooling tower or chimney.

#### <u>Powerplant</u>

Equipment that produces electrical energy, generally by conversion from heat energy produced by chemical or nuclear reaction.

#### <u>Psychrometric</u>

Refers to air-water vapor mixtures and their properties. A psychrometric chart graphically displays the relationship between these properties.

#### Pulverized Coal

Coal that has been ground to a powder, usually of a size where 80 percent passes through a #200 U.S.S. sieve.

#### Pump Runout

The tendency of a centrifugal pump to deliver more than its design flow when the system resistance falls below the design head.

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### **Pyrites**

Combinations of iron and sulfur found in coal as FeS2.

### Radwaste

Radioactive waste streams from nuclear powerplants.

### Range

Difference between entrance and exit temperature of water in a cooling tower.

### Rankine Cycle

The thermodynamic cycle which is the basis of the steam-electric generating process.

### Rank of Coal

A classification of coal based upon the fixed carbon on a dry weight basis and the heat value.

### Recirculation System

Facilities which are specifically designed to divert the major portion of the cooling water discharge back to the cooling water intake.

#### Recirculation

Return of cooling water discharge back to the cooling water intake.

#### Regeneration

Displacement from ion exchange resins of the ions removed from the process solution.

### Reheater

A heat exchange device for adding superheat to steam which has been partially expanded in the turbine.

#### <u>Relative</u> <u>Humidity</u>

Ratio of the partial pressure of the water vapor to the vapor pressure of water at air temperature.

#### <u>Reinjection</u>

To return a flow or portion of flow, into a process.

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### Reverse Osmosis

The process of diffusion of a solvent thru a semi-permeable membrane from a solution of higher to one of lower concentration, affected by raising the pressure of a more concentrated solution to above the osmotic pressure.

### Reduction

A chemical reaction which involves the addition of electrons to an ion to decrease its positive valence.

Saline Water

Water containing salts.

Sampling Stations

Locations where several flow samples are tapped for analysis.

## Sanitary Wastewater

Wastewater discharged from sanitary conveniences of dwellings and industrial facilities.

#### <u>Saturated Air</u>

Air in which the water vapor is in equilibrium with the liquid water at air temperature.

### Saturated Steam

Steam at the temperature and pressure at which the liquid and vapor phase can exist in equilibrium.

### <u>Scale</u>

Generally insoluble deposits on heat transfer surfaces which inhibit the passage of heat through these surfaces.

#### Scrubber

A device for removing particles and/or objectionable gases from a stream of gas.

#### Secondary Treatment

The treatment of sanitary waste water by biological means after primary treatment by sedimentation.

### Sedimentation

The process of subsidence and deposition of suspended matter carried by a liquid.

### Sequestering Agents

Chemical compounds which are added to water systems to prevent the formation of scale by holding the insoluble compounds in suspension.

#### Service Water Pumps

Pumps providing water for auxiliary plant heat exchangers and other uses.

## <u>Slag Tap Furnace</u>

Furnace in which temperature is high enough to maintain ash (slag) in a molten state until it leaves the furnace through a tap at the bottom. The slag falls into the sluicing water where it cools, disintegrates, and is carried away.

#### <u>Slimicide</u>

An agent used to destroy or control slimes.

### Sludge

Accumulated solids separated from a liquid during processing.

#### Softener

Any device used to remove hardness from water. Hardness in water is due mainly to calcium and magnesium salts. Natural zeolites, ion exchange resins, and precipitation processes are used to remove the calcium and magnesium.

### Spinning Reserve

The power generating reserve connected to the bus bar and ready to take load. Normally consists of units operating at less than full load. Gas turbines, even though not running, are considered spinning reserve due to their quick start up time.

### Spray Module (Powered Spray Module)

A water cooling device consisting of a pump and spray nozzle or nozzles mounted on floats and moored in the body of water to be cooled. Heat is transfered principally by evaporation from the water drops as they fall through the air.

#### <u>Station</u>

A plant comprising one or several units for the generation of power.

#### Steam Drum

Vessel in which the saturated steam is separated from the steam-water mixture and into which the feedwater is introduced.

### Supercritical

Refers to boilers designed to operate at or above the critical point of water 22,100  $kN/m^2$  and 374.0°C (3206.2 psia and 705.4°F).

### Superheated Steam

Steam which has been heated to a temperature above that corresponding to saturation at a specific pressure.

### Thermal Efficiency

The efficiency of the thermodynamic cycle in producing work from heat. The ratio of usable energy to heat input expressed as percent.

#### Thickening

Process of increasing the solids content of sludge.

### Total Dynamic Head (TDH)

Total energy provided by a pump consisting of the difference in elevation between the suction and discharge levels, plus losses due to unrecovered velocity heads and friction.

#### Turbidity

Presence of suspended matter such as organic or inorganic material, plankton or other microscopic organisms which reduce the clarity of the water.

#### Turbine

A device used to convert the energy of steam or gas into rotational mechanical energy and used as prime mover to drive electric generators.

### Unit

In steam electric generation, the basic system for power generation consisting of a boiler and its associated turbine and generator with the required auxiliary equipment.

### <u>Utility</u>

(Public utility) A company, either investor-owned or publicly owned which provides service to the public in general. The electric utilities generate and distribute electric power.

### Volatile Combustion Matter

The relatively light components in a fuel which readily vaporize at a relatively low temperature and which when combined or reacted with oxygen, give out light and heat.

### Wet Bottom Furnace

See slag-tap furnace.

### Wet Bulb Temperature

The steady-state, nonequilibrium temperature reached by a small mass of water immersed under adiabatic conditions in a continuous stream of air.

### Wet Scrubber

A device for the collection of particulate matter from a gas stream and/or absorption of noxious gases from the stream.

### <u>Zeolite</u>

Complex sodium aluminum silicate materials, which have ion exchange properties and were the original ion exchange materials before synthetic resins were processed. APPENDIX 1

- 1. Unless otherwise noted, the generating capacity given is the installed capacity based on Federal Power Commission data of June 30, 1970, updated to January 1, 1972 through the <u>Electrical World Directory of</u> <u>Electric Utilities</u>, <u>1972-1973</u>, published by McGraw-Hill, Inc.
- 2. Plants under construction are indicated by (\*).
- 3. Plant types indicated are as follows:
  - F Fossil fuel plant
  - N Nuclear plant
  - G Gas turbine unit within a fossil fuel plant
- Unless otherwise indicated 60 Hz is the frequency of electricity generated.

## EPA REGION I

Region: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont

Region Office: Boston, Massachusetts

### CONNECTICUT

|                                         |                      |             | Gen.Capacity |      |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|------|
| Utility                                 | Plant                | Location    | (MW)         | Туре |
| Conn. Light & Power<br>Company          | Devon                | Milford     | 454          | F    |
|                                         |                      |             | 16.3         | G    |
|                                         | Montville            | Montville   | 577.4        | F    |
|                                         | Norwalk Harbor       | Norwalk     | 326.4        | F    |
|                                         |                      |             | 16.3         | G    |
|                                         | Millstone Point      | Waterford   | 661.5        | N    |
| Conn. Yankee<br>Atomic Power Co.        | Conn. Yankee Atomic  | Haddam      | 600.0        | N    |
| Hartford Electric                       | Middletown           | Middletown  | 422          | F    |
| Light Company                           |                      |             | 18.6         | G    |
|                                         | Stamford             | Stamford    | 52.5         | F    |
|                                         | South Meadow         | Hartford    | 216.8        | F    |
|                                         | Millstone No. 2      | Waterford   | 180          | G    |
|                                         |                      |             | 828          | N    |
| Norwich Department<br>Of Pub. Utilities | Norwich              | Norwich     | 14.3         | F    |
| United Illuminating                     | English Plant        | New Haven   | 163.2        | F    |
| Company                                 | Steel Point          | Bridgeport  | 174.5        | F    |
|                                         | Bridgeport Harbor    | Bridgeport  | 660.5        | F    |
|                                         |                      | •           | 18.6         | G    |
|                                         | Derby Station        | Derby       | 20.0         | F    |
| U.S. Navy                               | New London Sub. Base | New London  | 10.5         | F    |
| Wallingford<br>Electric Div.            | Alfred L. Pierce     | Wallingford | 22.5         | F    |

EPA REGION I

# NEW HAMPSHIRE

|                    |                  | Gen.Capacity |            |      |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------|------------|------|
| Utility            | Plant            | Location     | (MW)       | Туре |
| Public Service Co. | Daniel Street    | Portsmouth   | <b>2</b> 1 | F    |
| of New Hampshire   | Kelley Falls     | Manchester   | 18.8       | F    |
|                    | Manchester Steam | Manchester   | 20         | F    |
|                    | Merrimack        | Bow          | 459        | F    |
|                    | Schiller         | Portsmouth   | 37.2       | G    |
|                    |                  |              | 178.8      | F    |

## RHODE ISLAND

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| Utility                           | Plant                             | Location                 | Gen.Capacit<br>(MW) | у<br>Туре |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Blackstone Valley<br>Electric Co. | Pawtucket                         | Pawtucket                | 33.5                | F         |
| The Narragansett<br>Electric Co.  | South Street<br>Manchester Street | Providence<br>Providence | 188.6<br>132        | F<br>F    |
| Newport Electric<br>Corp          | Newport                           | Newport                  | 11.0                | F         |
| U. S. Navy                        | Quonset Point                     |                          | 5.0                 | F         |

# VERMONT

|                                       |                         |            | Gen.Capacit | ity    |  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------|--------|--|
| Utility                               | Plant                   | Location   | (MW)        | Туре   |  |
| Burlington Electric<br>Light Dept.    | J. Edward Moran         | Burlington | 30<br>28    | F<br>G |  |
| Central Vermont<br>Public Service Co. | Milton Steam<br>Rutland | St. Albans | 4.0<br>31.2 | F<br>F |  |
| Vermont Yankee<br>Nuclear Power Corp. | Vermont Yankee          | Vernon     | 513         | N      |  |

### MAINE

|                                  |                    | Gen.Capacity   |       |      |  |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------|------|--|
| Utility                          | Plant              | Location       | (MW)  | Туре |  |
| Bangor Hydro Electric            | Graham             | Bangor         | 57.5  | F    |  |
| Company                          |                    |                | 12.0  | G    |  |
| Central Maine Power              | Cape               | South Portland | 22.5  | F    |  |
| Company                          | Mason              | Wiscasset      | 146.5 | F    |  |
|                                  | W. F. Wyman        | Yarmouth       | 213.6 | F    |  |
| Maine Public<br>Service Co.      | Caribou            | Caribou        | 19    | F    |  |
| Maine Yankee<br>Atomic Power Co. | Bailey Point No. 1 |                | 855×  | N    |  |
| U. S. Navy                       | Kittery            |                | 7     | F    |  |
|                                  |                    |                | 4.3   | F    |  |

### MASSACHUSETTS

| Utility             | Plant                  | Location        | Gen.Capacity<br>(MW) | Туре |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------|
| Boston Edison Co.   | New Boston Sta.No. 400 | South Boston    | 717.75               | F    |
|                     | L Street Sta. No. 4    | South Boston    | 153.75               | F    |
|                     |                        |                 | 18.6                 | G    |
|                     | Edgar Station No. 75   | N. Weymouth     | 457.9                | F    |
|                     |                        |                 | 33.5                 | G    |
|                     | Mystic Sta. No. 200    | Everett         | 618.8                | F    |
|                     |                        |                 | 16.8                 | F    |
|                     | Leland St.Sta.No. 240  | Framingham      | 33.5                 | F    |
|                     | Pilgrim                |                 | 650*                 | N    |
| Braintree Electric  | Allen Street           | Braintree       | 21.0                 | F    |
| Light Dept.         | N.P. Potter            | Braintree       | 12.5                 | F    |
| Brockton Edison Co. | East Bridgewater       | East Bridgewate | r 20                 | F    |
| Cambridge Electric  | Blackstone Street      | Cambridge       | 24.8                 | F    |
| Light Company       | Kendell Square         | Cambridge       | 67.5                 | F    |
| Canal Electric Co.  | Canal                  | Sandwich        | 542.5                | F    |
## MASSACHUSETTS (continued)

|                                       |                    | G                | en.Capacity |      |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|------|
| Utility                               | Plant              | Location         | MW          | Type |
| Fall River Electric<br>Light Company  | Hathaway Street    | Fall River       | 14.3        | F    |
| Fitchburg Gas &<br>Electric Light Co. | Sawyer Passway     | Fitchburg        | 61.4        | F    |
| Holyoke Munic. Gas                    | Holyoke            | Holyoke          | 30          | F    |
| & Electric Dept.                      |                    |                  | 10          | G    |
| Holyoke Water Power Co.               | Mt. Tom Power Plt. | Holyoke          | 136         | . F  |
|                                       | Riverside Station  | Holyoke          | 44.8        | F    |
| Mass. Bay Trans.                      | South Boston       |                  | 120         | F    |
| Authority                             | Lincoln            |                  | 60          | F    |
| Mass. Electric Co.                    | Webster Street     | Worcester        | 34.5        | F    |
|                                       | Lynnway            | Lynn             | 49.0        | F    |
| Montaup Electric Co.                  | Somerset Station   | Fall River       | 344         | F    |
| -                                     |                    |                  | 48          | G    |
| New Bedford Gas &<br>Edison Light Co. | Cannon Street      | New Bedford      | 115.5       | F    |
| New England Power Co.                 | Salem Harbor       | Salem            | 319.9       | F    |
|                                       | Brayton Point      | Somerset         | 1124.7      | F    |
| Taunton Municipal                     | Westwater Street   | Taunton          | 49          | F    |
| Lighting Plant                        | B. F. Cleary       | Taunton          | 28.3        | F    |
| U. S. Navy                            | Boston Navy Yard   |                  | 22          | F    |
| Western Massachusetts                 | West Springfield   | West Springfield | 209.6       | F    |
| Electric Co.                          |                    |                  | 18.6        | G    |
| Yankee Atomic<br>Electric Co.         | Yankee Atomic      | Rowe             | 185         | N    |

Region: New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands Region Office: New York, New York

## NEW JERSEY

|                         |               | •              | Gen. Capacity |        |
|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--------|
| Utility                 | Plant         | Location       | MW            | Туре   |
| Atlantic City Elec. Co. | Missouri Ave. | Atlantic City  | 50            | F      |
|                         |               |                | 55.8          | G      |
|                         | Deepwater     | Penns Grove    | 308.3         | F      |
|                         |               |                | 18.6          | Ġ      |
|                         | Greenwich     | Gibbstown      | 10            | F      |
|                         | B.L. England  | Beesleys Pt.   | 299.2         | F      |
| Jersey Central Power    |               |                |               |        |
| & Light Company         | E. H. Werner  | South Amboy    | 116.3         | F      |
|                         | Sayreville    | Sayreville     | 343.8         | F      |
|                         | Oyster Creek  | Lacey Township | 640           | N      |
| New Jersey Power &      |               |                |               |        |
| Light Company           | Gilbert       | Milford        | 126.1         | F      |
| Public Service Elec.    |               |                |               |        |
| & Gas Company           | Bergen        | Ridgefield     | 640.4         | F      |
|                         |               | :              | 18.6          | G      |
|                         | Burlington    | Burlington     | 490.5         | F      |
|                         | Essex         | Newark         | 329           | F      |
|                         |               |                | 417           | G      |
|                         | Hudson        | Jersey City    | 1114.5        | F      |
|                         |               |                | 115.2         | G      |
|                         | Kearny        | Kearny         | 598.5         | F      |
|                         |               |                | 311.2         | F      |
|                         | Linden        | Linden         | 519.4         | ज      |
|                         | Tuden         | 11.000         | 113.8         | -<br>G |
|                         | Marion        | Jersev Citv    | 125           | т<br>Т |
|                         | Mercer        | Hamilton       | 652.8         | -<br>F |
|                         | MOLOGI        |                | 115.2         | G      |
|                         | Sewaren       | Sewaren        | 820           | F      |
|                         | Denazen       |                | 115.2         | G      |
|                         | Salem l       |                | 1090*         | N      |
|                         | Salem 2       |                | 1115*         | N      |
| Vineland Electric       |               |                |               | _      |
| Utility                 | Vineland      | Vineland       | 67.3          | F      |

#### NEW YORK

|                         |                        |               | Gen. Capacity |         |  |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------|--|
| Utility                 | Plant                  | Location      | MW            | Туре    |  |
| Central Hudson Gas &    |                        |               |               |         |  |
| Electric Corp.          | Danskammer Point       | Roseton       | 531.9         | F       |  |
| -                       |                        |               | 5.5           | G       |  |
|                         | Riverside              | Poughkeepsie  | 12            | F       |  |
| Consolidated Edison     |                        |               |               |         |  |
| Co. of N. Y., Inc.      | Arthur Kill            | New York      | 911.7         | F       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 16.3          | G       |  |
|                         | Astoria                | Queen         | 1550.6        | F       |  |
|                         |                        | ~             | 496           | G       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 119.8         | G       |  |
|                         | East River             | New York      | 773.7         | F       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 60            | F 25 Hz |  |
|                         | Hell Gate              | New York      | 541.3         | F       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 70            | F 25 Hz |  |
| Consolidated Edison     |                        |               |               |         |  |
| Co. of N. Y.            | Hudson Ave.            | Brooklyn      | 845           | F       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 846           | G       |  |
|                         | Indian Point           | New York      | • 275         | N       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 2138*         | N       |  |
|                         | Kent Avenue            | Brooklyn      | 107.5         | F 25 Hz |  |
|                         |                        |               | 28            | G       |  |
|                         | Ravenswood             | New York      | 1827.7        | F       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 481.8         | G       |  |
|                         | Sherman Creek          | New York      | 216.5         | F       |  |
|                         | Waterside <b>#</b> 1&2 | New York      | 140           | F 25 Hz |  |
|                         |                        |               | 572.3         | F       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 14            | G       |  |
|                         | 74th Street            | New York      | 125           | F 25 Hz |  |
|                         |                        |               | 144           | F       |  |
|                         |                        |               | 37.2          | G       |  |
|                         | 59th Street            | New York      | 184.5         | F 25 Hz |  |
|                         |                        |               | 34.2          | G       |  |
| Jamestown Board of      |                        |               |               |         |  |
| Public Utilities        | Samuel A. Carlson      | Jamestown     | 82.5          | F       |  |
| Lawrence Park           |                        |               |               |         |  |
| Heat, Light & Power Co. | Lawrence Park          | Lawrence Park | 1.1           | F       |  |

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#### EPA RÉGION II

# NEW YORK (continued)

|                                   |                  |                  | Gen. Capacity |        |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|--------|
| Utility                           | <u>Plant</u>     | Location         | MW            | Type   |
| Long Island Lighting Co.          | E. F. Barret     | Island Park      | 375           | F      |
| 2011)                             |                  |                  | 258           | G      |
|                                   | Glenwood         | Glenwood Landing | 403           | F      |
|                                   | Port Jefferson   | Port Jefferson   | 467           | F      |
|                                   |                  |                  | 16            | G      |
|                                   | Far Rockaway     | Far Rockaway     | 113.6         | F      |
|                                   | Northport        | Northport        | 774.2         | F      |
|                                   |                  |                  | 387.0*        | F      |
|                                   |                  |                  | 16            | G      |
| New York State Elec.              |                  |                  |               |        |
| & Gas Corporation                 | Goudey           | Johnson City     | 145.8         | F      |
| -                                 | -                | -                | 30.0          | F      |
|                                   | Greenr idge      | Dresden          | 160           | F      |
|                                   | Jennison         | Bainbridge       | 60            | F      |
|                                   | Hickling         | East Corning     | 70            | F      |
|                                   | Milliken         | Ludlowville      | 270           | F      |
|                                   | Bell             | Near Ludlowville | 853*          | N      |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp.        | Albany           | Albany           | 400           | F      |
|                                   | 1                | •                | 155           | G      |
|                                   | Charles L.       |                  |               |        |
|                                   | Huntley          | Buffalo          | 828           | F      |
|                                   | nunezoj          | •                | 0.7           | G      |
|                                   | Dunkirk          | Dunkirk          | 628           | F      |
|                                   | Nine Mile Point  | Oswego           | 642           | N      |
|                                   | NINE MILE I OIME | 05.1090          | 5.7           | G      |
|                                   | 09:09:00         | Oswean           | 376           | т<br>Т |
|                                   | USwego           |                  | 0.7           | G      |
| Orange & Rockland                 |                  |                  |               |        |
| Utilition The                     | Tovett           | Tomkins Cove     | 489.5         | F      |
| octificies inc.                   | Bowlin           | Near New Milford | 1246*         | F      |
|                                   | DOMITI           |                  |               | -      |
| Power Authority<br>State of N. Y. | J.A. Fitzpatrick | Oswego           | 800#          | N      |

## NEW YORK (continued)

|                       |               |                 | Gen. Capacity |      |
|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| Utility               | Plant         | Location        | MW            | Туре |
| Rochester Gas & Elec. |               |                 |               |      |
| Corp.                 | Rochester #3  | Rochester       | 206.2         | F    |
|                       |               |                 | 18.0          | G    |
|                       | Rochester #7  | Greece          | 252.6         |      |
|                       | Rochester #8  | Rochester       | 8             | F    |
|                       | Rochester #9  | Rochester       | 3             | F    |
|                       | Rochester #12 | Ontario         | 420           | F    |
|                       | Ginna R.G.    | Rochester       | 517.1         | N    |
| U.S. Military Academy | Light Power   | West Point,N.Y. | 4.5           | F    |
| (Light & Power Plant) | U.S. Military |                 |               |      |
|                       | Academy       |                 |               |      |

## PUERTO RICO

|                   |             |            | Gen. Capacity | ,    |
|-------------------|-------------|------------|---------------|------|
| Utility           | Plant ·     | Location   | MW            | Туре |
| Puerto Rico Water |             |            |               |      |
| Resources Auth.   | San Juan    | San Juan   | 640           | F    |
|                   |             |            | 30            | G    |
|                   | South Coast | Guayanilla | 287.5         | F    |
|                   |             |            | 10            | G    |
| •                 |             |            | 820*          | F    |
|                   |             |            | 40            | G    |
|                   | Palo Seco   | Catano     | 657           | F    |
|                   |             |            | 30            | G    |
| ILS. Navy         | Ceiba       | Ceiba      | 8             | न    |
| 0.0               | 00100       | CEIDA      | 0             | -    |

### VIRGIN ISLANDS

|                       |                         | Gen. Capacity |      |      |  |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------|------|------|--|
| Utility               | Plant                   | Location      | MW   | Туре |  |
| Virgin Island Water & |                         |               |      |      |  |
| Power Authority       | St. Thomas/<br>St Johns | Virgin Island | 29.2 | F    |  |
|                       |                         |               | 15.1 | G    |  |
|                       | St. Croix               | Virgin Island | 25.5 | F    |  |
|                       |                         |               | 18   | G    |  |

Region: Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia West Virginia, District of Columbia

# Region Office: Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

#### DELAWARE

|                 |                                                                                              | Gen. Capacity                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Plant           | Location                                                                                     | MW                                                                                                                  | Туре                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Delaware City   | Delaware City                                                                                | 130                                                                                                                 | F                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                 |                                                                                              | 18.6                                                                                                                | G                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Indian River    | Millsboro                                                                                    | 330.2                                                                                                               | F                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| •               |                                                                                              | 18.6                                                                                                                | G                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Edge Moore      | Edge Moore,                                                                                  | 389.8                                                                                                               | F                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                 |                                                                                              | 15                                                                                                                  | G                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                 |                                                                                              | 378*                                                                                                                | F                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| McKee Runn      | Dover                                                                                        | 37.5                                                                                                                | F                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| St. Jones River | Dover                                                                                        | 8.8                                                                                                                 | F                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                 | <u>Plant</u><br>Delaware City<br>Indian River<br>Edge Moore<br>McKee Runn<br>St. Jones River | PlantLocationDelaware CityDelaware CityIndian RiverMillsboroEdge MooreEdge MooreMcKee RunnDoverSt. Jones RiverDover | PlantLocationGen. CapacityPlantLocationMWDelaware CityDelaware City130Indian RiverMillsboro330.2Edge MooreEdge Moore18.6Indian RiverEdge Moore389.815378*McKee RunnDover37.5St. Jones RiverDover8.8 |

#### MARYLAND

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|                           |                     | •             | Gen. Capacity |      |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                   | Plant               | Location      | MW            | Туре |
| Baltimore Gas & Elec. Co. | Westport            | Baltimore     | 194           | F    |
|                           |                     |               | 121.5         | G    |
|                           | Gould Street        | Baltimore     | 173.5         | F    |
|                           | Pratt Street        | Baltimore     | 20            | F    |
|                           | Riverside           | Baltimore     | 333.5         | F    |
|                           |                     |               | 173.5         | G    |
|                           | Wagner, Herbert, A. | Baltimore     | 627.8         | F    |
|                           |                     |               | 16            | G    |
|                           |                     |               | 414.7*        | F    |
|                           | Crane P. Charles    | Baltimore     | 399.8         | F    |
|                           | Calvert Cliffs      | Nr. Annapolis | 16            | G    |
|                           |                     | -             | 1804*         | N    |
| Delmarva Power & Light    |                     |               |               |      |
| Co of Maryland            | Vienna              | Vienna        | 244.5         | F    |
| co. of mary land          | •=====              |               | 18.6          | G    |
| Hagerstown Munic Elec.    |                     |               |               |      |
| and Light Plant           | Hagerstown          | Hagerstown    | 38.8          | F    |

## MARYLAND (continued)

|                         |                 |              | Gen. Capacity |      |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                 | Plant           | Location     | MW            | Туре |
| The Potomac Edison Co.  | Smith, R . Paul | Williamsport | 159.5         | F    |
|                         | Cumberland      | Cumberland   | 30            | F    |
|                         | Celanese        | Amcella      | 10            | F    |
| Potomac Elec. Power Co. | Dickerson       | Dickerson    | 586.5         | F    |
| •                       |                 |              | 16 <b>.2</b>  | G    |
|                         | Chalkpoint      | Aquasco      | 726.6         | F    |
|                         |                 |              | 16.1          | G    |
| )                       | Morgantown      | Newburg      | 1146          | F    |
|                         |                 |              | 35.8          | G    |

### PENNSYLVANIA

|                         |                   |                   | Gen. Capacity |      |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                 | Plant             | Location          | MW            | Type |
| Chambersburg Municipal  | et l'and and      | Charles and human | 15            | Б    |
| Electric Dept.          | Chambersburg      | Chambersburg      | 15            | F.   |
| Duguesne Light Co.      | Elrama            | Elrama            | 525           | F    |
|                         | Frank R. Phillips | Wireton           | 411.2         | F    |
|                         | James H. Reed     | Pittsburg         | 180           | F    |
|                         | Colfax            | Cheswick          | 262.5         | F    |
|                         | Shippingport      | Shippingport      | 100           | N    |
|                         | Cheswick          | Springdale        | 525           | F    |
| Lansdale Elec. Dept.    | Lansdale          | Lansdale          | 24.5          | F    |
|                         |                   |                   | 11.3          | G    |
| Metropolitan Edison Co. | Portland          | Portland          | 426.7         | F    |
|                         |                   |                   | 37.6          | G    |
|                         | Titus             | Reading           | 225           | F    |
|                         |                   |                   | 18            | G    |
|                         | Crawford          | Middletown        | 116.8         | F    |
|                         | Eyler             | Reading           | 84            | F    |
|                         | Three Mile Island | Nr. Harrisburg    | 1780*         | N 、  |

## PENNSYLVANIA (continued)

|                        |                                                    | Ge              | Gen. Capacity                       |             |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| Utility                | Plant                                              | Location        | MW                                  | Туре        |
| Pennsylvania Power Co. | New Castle                                         | West Pittsburgh | 425.8                               | F           |
| Pennsylvania Power &   |                                                    |                 |                                     |             |
| Light Co.              | Burner Island                                      | York Haven      | 1577.7                              | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 1064*                               | F           |
|                        | Holtwood                                           | Holtwood        | 105                                 | F           |
|                        | Keystone Plant                                     | Schelocta       | 1872                                | F           |
|                        | Martins Creek                                      | Martins Creek   | 312.5                               | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 5                                   | G           |
|                        | Stanton                                            | Harding         | 140.5                               | F           |
|                        | Sunbury                                            | Shamokin Dam    | 409.8                               | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 6.0                                 | G           |
|                        | Suburban                                           |                 | 29.3                                | F           |
|                        | Montour                                            | Washingtonville | 822.7*                              | F           |
| Philadelphia Elec. Co. | Schuylkill                                         | Philadelphia    | 50.0                                | F 25 Hz     |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 275.4                               | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 18.6                                | G           |
|                        | Chester                                            | Chester         | 256                                 | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 55.8                                | G           |
|                        | Delaware                                           | Philadelphia    | 439.3                               | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 76.2                                | G           |
|                        | Richmond                                           | Philadelphia    | 594.0                               | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 487 <b>.2</b>                       | G           |
| Philadelphia Elec. Co. | Barbadoes                                          | Norristown      | 155 .                               | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 65.4                                | G           |
|                        | Southwark                                          | Philadelphia    | 345                                 | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 74.4                                | G           |
|                        | Cromby                                             | Phoenixville    | 417.5                               | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 275                                 | G           |
|                        | Eddystone                                          | Eddystone       | 707.2                               | F           |
|                        |                                                    |                 | 37.2                                | G           |
|                        | Peach Bottom 1<br>Peach Bottom 2<br>Peach Bottom 3 | Delta           | 40<br>1098, <sup>3</sup> *<br>1065* | N<br>N<br>N |
|                        | Limerick 1                                         | Philadelphia    | 1065*                               | N           |
|                        | Limerick 2                                         |                 | 1065*                               | N           |
| U.G.I. Corporation     | Hunlock Creek                                      | Hunlock         | 93.0                                | F           |

## PENNSYLVANIA (continued)

|                           |                   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Gen. Capacity |      |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                   | Plant             | Location                              | MW            | Туре |
| Poppeylyania Elec. Co.    | Shawville         | Shawville                             | 640           | F    |
| Pennsylvania Lice. co.    | Seward            | Seward                                | 268.3         | F    |
|                           | Warren            | Warren                                | 73.4          | F    |
|                           | Front Street      | Erie                                  | 118.8         | F    |
|                           | Saxton            | Saxton                                | 30            | F    |
|                           | Williamsburg      | Williamsburg                          | 39            | F    |
|                           | Homer City        | Homer City                            | 1320          | F    |
|                           | Conemaugh         |                                       | 936           | . F  |
|                           | ,                 |                                       | 936*          | F    |
| Pennsylvania State Uni.   | Central           | University Park                       | 7.5           | F    |
| Quakertown Mun. System    | Generating plant  | Quakertown                            | 9.9           | F    |
| Saxton Experimental Corp. | Saxton            |                                       | 10            | N    |
| Westherly Borough         |                   |                                       |               |      |
| Elec. Dept.               | Weatherly         | Weatherly                             | 1.5           | F    |
| West Penn Power Co.       | Springdale        | Springdale                            | 416           | F    |
|                           | Mitchell          | Courtney                              | 448.7         | F    |
|                           | Armstrong         | Reesedale                             | 326.4         | F    |
|                           | Milesburg         | Milesburg                             | 46            | F    |
|                           | Hartfield's Ferry | Mansontown                            | 576           | F    |
|                           |                   |                                       | 1000*         | F    |
|                           | VIRGINIA          |                                       |               |      |
|                           |                   |                                       | Gen. Capacity |      |
| Utility                   | Plant             | Location                              | MW            | Туре |
| Appalachian Power Co.     | Glen Lyn          | Glen Lyn                              | 401.1         | F    |
|                           | Clinch River      | Cleveland                             | 669           | F    |
| The Potomac Edison Co.    |                   |                                       |               |      |
| of Virginia               | Riverton          | Riverton                              | 34.5          | F    |

| Virginia | Elec.      | & Pov   | wer Co | . Bremo      | Bremo Bluff | 284.3  | F |
|----------|------------|---------|--------|--------------|-------------|--------|---|
|          |            |         |        | Chesterfield | Chester     | 1434.5 | F |
|          | Portsmouth | Norfolk | 649.6  | F            |             |        |   |
|          |            |         |        |              |             | 195.4  | G |

### VIRGINIA (continued)

|                                            |                    |              | Gen. Capacity |             |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| Utility                                    | Plant              | Location     | MW            | <u>Type</u> |
| Virginia Elec. & Power Co.                 | Possum Point       | Dumfries     | 491           | F           |
|                                            |                    |              | 96            | G           |
|                                            | Reeves Ave.        | Norfolk      | 100           | F           |
|                                            | 12th Street        | Richmond     | 102.5         | F           |
|                                            | Yorktown           | Hornsbyville | 375           | F           |
|                                            |                    | -            | 845*          | F           |
|                                            | Surry              |              | 1600*         | N           |
|                                            | North Anna         | Nr. Richmond | 1750*         | N           |
| Danville Water,Gas &<br>Electric Dept.     | Brantley Steam St. |              | 29.0          | F           |
| Virginia Polytechnic<br>Heat & Power Plant | VPI Central Heat   |              | 1.8           | F           |
| Potomac Electric Power Co.                 | Potomac River      | Alexandria   | 514.8         | F           |
| U. S. Navy                                 | Portsmouth         |              | 27            | F           |
| Davi (MUN)                                 | Brantley           |              | 29            | F           |
|                                            |                    |              |               |             |

### WEST VIRGINIA

|                       |               |               | Gen. Capacity |      |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Utility               | Plant         | Location      | MW            | Туре |
| Monongahela Power Co. | Albright      | Albright      | 263           | F    |
| -                     | Riversville   | Riversville   | 174.8         | F    |
|                       | Willow Island | Willow Island | 215           | F    |
|                       | Fort Martin   | Maidsville    | 1152          | F    |
|                       | Harrison      | Shinnston     | 1950*         | F    |
| Appalachian Power Co. | Kanahwa River | Glasgow       | 426           | F    |
|                       | Cabin Creek   | Cabin Creek   | 273.6         | F    |
|                       | Philip Sporn  | New Haven     | 1960          | F    |
|                       | John Amos     | Winfield      | 2950          | F    |
| Ohio Power Co.        | Krammer       | Captina       | 675           | F    |
|                       | Windsor       | Power         | 300           | F    |
|                       | Mitchell      | Captina       | . 1600        | F    |

\* under construction

#### WEST\_VIRGINIA (continued)

|                            |             |             | Gen. Capacity |      |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                    | Plant       | Location    | MW            | Туре |
| Virginia Elec. & Power Co. | Mount Storm | Mount Storm | 1140.5        | F    |
|                            |             |             | 18.6          | G    |
|                            |             |             | 555*          | ·F   |

#### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

|                         |               |            | Gen. Capacity |         |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|---------|
| Utility                 | Plant         | Location   | MW            | Type    |
| Potomac Elec. Power Co. | Benning       | Washington | 553.6<br>289* | F       |
|                         |               |            | 50            | F 25 Hz |
|                         | Buzzard Point | Washington | <b>27</b> 0   | F       |
|                         |               |            | 288           | G       |

Region: Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee

Region Office: Atlanta, Georgia

.

#### ALABAMA

| Utility                 | Plant            | G<br>Location    | en.Capacity<br>MW | Туре |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|------|
| Alabama Elec.Coop.,Inc. | McWilliams       | Andalusia        | 40                | F    |
|                         |                  |                  | 11.05             | G    |
|                         | Tombigee         | Leroy            | 75                | F    |
| Alabama Power Co.       | Barry            | Bucks            | 1770              | F    |
|                         |                  |                  | 60                | G    |
|                         | Chickasaw        | Chickasaw        | 138               | F    |
|                         | Gorgas           | Gorgas           | 756               | F    |
|                         | Gadsden 1 & 2    | Gadsden          | 138               | F    |
|                         | Green County     | Demopolis        | 568.5             | F    |
|                         | Farley Unit l    | Nr.Cedar Springs | 820*              | N    |
|                         | Farley Unit 2    | 17 17 11         | 820*              | N    |
| Southern Elec.Gen. Co.  | Gaston C. Ernest | Wilsonville      | 1060.8            | F    |
|                         |                  |                  | 850               | F    |
|                         |                  |                  | 21.3              | G    |
| Tennesee Valley Auth.   | Colbert          | Pride            | 1396.5            | F    |
|                         | Widows Creek     | Bridgeport       | 1978              | F    |
|                         | Brown's Ferry    | Near Decatur     | 3456*             | N    |

#### FLORIDA

|                                  |                       | Gen.Capacity |      |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------|
| Utility Plant                    | Location              | MW           | Ţуре |
| Florida Pwr. & Light Co. Sanford | Sanford               | . 156.3      | F    |
| Palatka                          | Palatka               | 109.5        | F    |
| Fort Mye                         | rs Fort Myers         | 558.3        | F    |
| Port Eve                         | rglades Port Evergl   | lades 1254.6 | F    |
| Lauderda                         | le Dania              | 312.5        | F    |
| Riviera                          | Riviera               | 739.6        | F    |
| Miami                            | Miami                 | 46           | · F  |
| Cutler                           | Cutler                | 346.3        | F    |
| Cape Ken                         | nedy Cape Kenned      | iy 804       | F    |
| Turkey P                         | oint Florida Cit      | ty 817.5     | F    |
| Turkey P                         | oínt, 3 & 4 Nr. Miami | 1456.6*      | N    |
| Hutchins                         | on Island Hutchinson  | Is. 892.5*   | N    |
| Fort Pie                         | rce Fort Pierce       | e 1500*      | N    |

# FIORIDA (continued)

|                          |                   |                | Gen. Capacity |      |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                  | Plant             | Location       | MW            | Type |
| Florida Power Corp.      | Bayboro           | St. Petersburg | 51.3          | F    |
| -                        | Paul L. Bartow    | St. Petersburg | 494.4         | F    |
|                          |                   |                | -             | G    |
|                          | Higgins           | Oldsmar        | 138           | F    |
|                          | 5.5               |                | 131.9         | G    |
|                          | Inglis            | Inglis         | · 53.8        | F    |
|                          | Suwannee River    | Live Oak       | 147           | F    |
|                          | Avon Park         | Avon Park      | 61            | F    |
|                          | George E. Turner  | Enterprise     | 201.6         | F    |
|                          |                   |                | 34            |      |
|                          | Crystal River     | Red Level      | .964.3        | F    |
|                          | Port St. Joe      | Port St. Joe   | 40.5          | F    |
|                          | Rio Pinar         | Rio Pinar      | 15            | F    |
| •                        | Anclote           | Tarpon Springs | 886*          | N    |
| Florida Public Utiilites | Marianna          | Marianna       | 2.0           | F    |
| Gulf Power Co.           | Crist             | Pennsecola     | 651           | F    |
|                          |                   |                | 578*          | F    |
|                          | Lansing Smith     | Pannama City   | 340           | F    |
|                          |                   |                | 40            | G    |
|                          | Scholz            | Chattahoochee  | 98            | F    |
| Tampa Elec. Co.          | Big Bend          | Tampa          | 869.2         | F    |
|                          |                   |                | 18            | G    |
|                          | Hookers Point     | Tampa          | 232.6         | F    |
|                          | Francis J. Gannon | Tampa          | 1270.4        | F    |
|                          |                   |                | 18            | G    |
|                          | Peter O. Knight   | Tampa          | 60            | F    |
| Gainsville Utilities     | John R. Kelly     | Gàinsville     | 99            | F    |
|                          |                   |                | 43.5          | G    |
|                          | DeErhaven         | Hague          | 81            | F    |
| Jacksonville Elec. Auth. | J. Dillon Kennedy | Jacksonville   | 356.6         | F    |
|                          |                   |                | 40            | G    |
|                          | Northside         | Jacksonville   | 560           | F    |
|                          | · · · · · · ·     |                | 32.9          | G    |
|                          | Southside         | Jacksonville   | 356.6         | F    |
|                          |                   |                | 34            | G    |

### FLORIDA (continued)

| Utility                   | Plant              | Location         | Gen. Capacity | Туре |
|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|------|
| Key West Utility Board    | City Elect. System | Key West         | 70            | F    |
| Lakeland Dept. of Elec.   |                    |                  |               |      |
| & Water Utilities         | Larsen Memorial    | Lakeland         | 120           | F    |
|                           |                    |                  | 33.8          | G    |
|                           | Power Plant #3     | Lakeland         | 90            | F    |
|                           | Lake Mirror        | Lakeland         | 10 、          | F    |
| New Smyrna Utilities      | Swoope             | New Smyrna Beach | 7.5           | F    |
| Tallahassee Elec. Dept.   | S. O. Purdom       | St. Marks        | 1,30          | F    |
|                           |                    |                  | 25            | н    |
|                           | Aruah B. Hopkins   | Tallahassee      | 80.9          | F    |
|                           |                    |                  | 17.0          | G    |
| Vero Beach Mun. Utilities | Vero Beach         | Vero Beach       | 62            | F    |
| Orlando Utilities Comm.   | Orlando            | Titusville       | 294.3         | F    |
|                           |                    |                  | 317*          | F    |
|                           | Lake Highland      | Orlando          | 103.8         | F    |

#### GEORGIA

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|                   | • <u> </u>     |               | Gen. Capacity |      |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Utility           | Plant          | Location      | MW            | Type |
| Georgia Power Co. | Arkwright      | Macon         | 181.3         | F    |
|                   |                |               | 32.6          | G    |
|                   | Atkinson       | Smyrna        | 258           | F    |
|                   |                | •             | 83.7          | G    |
|                   | Bowen          | Catersville   | 771.6         | F    |
|                   |                |               | 39.4          | G    |
|                   | Hammond        | Coosa         | 953           | F    |
|                   | Harlee Branch  | Milledgeville | 1539.7 fi     | F    |
|                   | Jack McDonough | Smyrna        | 598.4         | F    |
|                   |                |               | 80            | G    |
|                   | McManus        | Brunswick     | 143.8         | F    |
|                   |                |               | 159           | G    |
|                   | Mitchell       | Albany        | 218.3         | F    |

## GEORGIA (continued)

|                            |                |                | Gen. Capacity |      |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                    | Plant          | Location       | MW            | Туре |
| Georgia Power Co.          | Yates          | Newman         | 680           | F    |
|                            | Etowah         |                | <b>24</b> 70* | F    |
|                            |                |                | 40            | G    |
|                            | Hatch.         | Nr. Jessup     | 1701*         | N    |
|                            | Wansley        |                | 1760*         | F    |
| Savannah Elec. & Power Co. | Riverside      | Savannah       | 111           | F    |
|                            | Port Wentworth | Port Wentworth | 207.9         | F    |
| /                          |                |                | 21.6          | G    |
|                            |                |                | 120.3         | F    |
|                            | Effingham      | Nr. Guyton     | 158*          | F    |
| Thomasville Water & Light  | Thomasville    | Thomasville    | 15.5          | F    |
| Crisp Co. Power Comm.      | Crisp          | Warwick        | 10.0          | F    |

#### KENTUCKY

|                            |                           |              | Gen. Capacity |      |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                    | Plant                     | Location     | MW            | Туре |
| Kentucky Utilities Co.     | Green River               | Central City | 236.7         | F    |
|                            | Tyrone `                  | Versailles   | 137.5         | F    |
|                            | E. W. Brown               | Burgin       | 724.1         | F    |
|                            | Pieneville                | Four Mile    | 37.5          | F    |
|                            | Ghent                     | Nr. Madison  | 500           | F    |
|                            | Haefling                  | Lexington    | 51            | F    |
| Louisville Gas & Elec. Co. | Gas & Elec. Co. Canal Lou | Louisville   | 50            | F    |
|                            | Cane Run                  | Louisville   | 1016.7        | F    |
|                            |                           |              | 16.3          | G    |
|                            | Paddy's Run               | Louisville   | 337.5         | F    |
|                            |                           |              | 48.5          | G    |
|                            | Millcreek                 | Louisville   | 642.2*        | F    |
|                            |                           |              |               | `    |
| Owensboro Mun. Utilities   | Owensboro                 | Owensboro    | 52.5          | F    |
|                            | Elmer Smith               | Owensboro    | 151           | F    |
|                            |                           |              | <b>2</b> 65   | F    |

## KENTUCKY (continued)

|     | Utility                 | Plant               | Location   | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Type |
|-----|-------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------|
|     | Henderson Mun. Light    | Henderson           | Henderson  | 50.6                | F    |
|     |                         |                     |            | 2                   | G    |
|     | Big River Rural Elec.   | Robert Reid         | Sabree     | 80                  | F    |
|     |                         | Coleman             | Hanesville | 340                 | F    |
|     |                         |                     |            | 160                 | G    |
|     | E. Kentucky Rural Elec. | Wm. C. Dale         | Ford       | 196                 | F    |
|     |                         | Cooper John Sherman | Burnside   | 322                 | F    |
|     |                         | Ohio River          | Near Boone | 450*                | F    |
| • • | Tennessee Valley Auth.  | Paradise            | Paradise   | 2558.2              | F    |
|     |                         | Shawnee             | Paducah    | 1750                | F    |
|     | Kentucky Power Co.      | Big Sandy           | Louisa     | 1003                | F    |

## MISSISSIPPI

|                           |               |             | Gen. Capacity | У    |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                   | Plant         | Location    | MW            | Туре |
| Mississippi Power & Light | Rex Brown     | Jackson     | 383.2         | F    |
|                           |               |             | 10            | G    |
|                           | Delta         | Cleveland   | 220.5         | F    |
|                           | Natchez       | Natchez     | 66            | F    |
|                           | Baxter Wilson | Vicksburg   | 544.6         | F    |
|                           |               |             | 700           | F    |
| Greenwood Utilities       | Wright        | Greenwood   | 23.5          | F    |
|                           | Henderson     | Greenwood   | 12.6          | F    |
|                           |               |             | 11.5          | G    |
| Yazoo City - Public       |               |             |               |      |
| Service Commission        | Yazoo City    | Yazoo City  | 19            | F    |
|                           |               |             | 12.5          | G    |
| South Mississippi Elec.   |               |             |               |      |
| Power Association         | Moselle       | Hattiesburg | 177           | F    |
| Clarksdale Public Utility |               |             |               | -    |
| Commission                | Clarksdale    | Clarksdale  | 29.5          | F    |
|                           |               |             | 14.3          | G    |

## NORTH CAROLINA

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| х. <sup>1</sup>        |                    | G                | en. Capacity |              |
|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Utility                | Plant              | Location         | MW           | Туре         |
| Carolina Power & Light | Cape Fear          | Moncure          | 421          | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 72           | G            |
|                        | H. F. Lee          | Goldsboro        | 402.5        | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 16.3         | G            |
|                        |                    |                  | 89.9         | G            |
|                        | W. H. Weatherspoon | Lumberton        | 165.5        | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 79.5         | G            |
|                        | Louis V. Sutton    | Wilmington       | 225          | ·F           |
|                        |                    |                  | 91.3         | G            |
|                        |                    |                  | 420*         | F            |
|                        | Asheville          | Asheville        | 206.6        | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 200.0        | F            |
|                        | Roxboro            | Roxboro          | 1067.8       | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 720*         | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 16.3         | G            |
|                        | Brunswick          | Tranquil Harbor  | 1642*        | N            |
| Duke Power Co.         | Riverbend          | Mount Holly      | 631          | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 120          | G            |
|                        | Buck               | Spencer          | 440          | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 112.5        | G            |
|                        | Dan River          | Draper           | 290          | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 85           | G            |
|                        | Cliffside          | Cliffside        | 210          | F            |
|                        |                    |                  | 570*         | F            |
|                        | Allen              | Belmont          | 1155         | F            |
|                        | Marshall           | Terrell          | 200          | $\mathbf{F}$ |
|                        | Belews Creek       | Near Greensboro  | 2160*        | F            |
|                        | McGuire            | Near Mooresville | 2300*        | N            |

# SOUTH CAROLINA

|                        |                 |                 | Gen. Capacity |        |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------|
| Utility                | Plant           | Location        | MW            | Туре   |
| Lockhart Power Co.     | Lockhart        | Lockhart        | 5             | F      |
| South Carolina Elec. & |                 |                 |               |        |
| Gas Co.                | McMeekin        | Trmo            | 293.8         | F      |
|                        | Hagood          | Charleston      | 94.4          | F      |
|                        | Canadys         | Canady          | 489.6         | F      |
|                        | -               | 1               | 16.3          | G      |
|                        |                 |                 | 34.5          | G      |
|                        | Urquhart        | Beech Island    | 250           | F      |
|                        | -               |                 | 75.8          | G      |
|                        | Parr            | Parr            | 72.5          | F      |
|                        |                 |                 | 74            | G      |
|                        | Wateree         | Wateree         | 700           | F      |
|                        | Buahy Park      | Nr. Moncks Corn | er 550*       | F      |
|                        | -               |                 | 60            | G      |
| So. Carolina Public    |                 |                 |               |        |
| Service Authority      | Jefferies       | Moncks Corner   | 272.8         | F      |
| -                      |                 |                 | 172.8         | ·F     |
|                        | Grainger        | Conway          | 163.2         | F      |
| Duke Power Co.         | Lee             | Pelzer          | 345           | F      |
|                        |                 |                 | 90            | G      |
|                        | Tiger           | Duncan          | 30.0          | F      |
|                        | Buzzard Roost   | Chappels        | 16.1          | F      |
|                        |                 |                 | 196           | G      |
| Greenwood Mills        | Melhews No. 1   | Greenwood       | 25            | F      |
|                        | Melhews No. 2   | Greenwood       | 32.5          | F      |
| Carolina Power & Light | H. B. Robinson  | Hartsville      | 206           | F      |
| 2                      |                 |                 | 21.3          | G      |
|                        | Brunswick 1 & 2 | Wilmington      | 700<br>1641*  | N<br>N |

#### TENNESSEE

|                        |                 | Gen. Capacity    |         |      |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------|------|
| Utility                | Plant           | Location         | MW      | Туре |
| Tennessee Valley Auth. | Thomas H. Allen | Memphis          | 990     | F    |
|                        | Bull Run        | Clinton          | 950     | F    |
|                        | Gallatin        | Gallatin         | 1255.2  | F    |
|                        | John Sevier     | Rogersville      | 823.3   | F    |
|                        | Johnsonville    | New Johnsonville | 1485.2  | F    |
|                        | Kingston        | Kingston         | 1700    | F    |
|                        | Walts Bar       | Walts Bar Dam -  | 240     | F    |
|                        | Cumberland.     | Cumberland       | 2600*   | F    |
|                        | Seguoyah        | Daisy            | 2441.2* | N    |

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Region: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin

Region Office: Chicago, Illinois

### ILLINOIS

|                         |                    | G                 | en. Capacity |      |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|------|
| Utility                 | Plant              | Location          | MW           | Туре |
| Central Ill. Light Co.  | R. S. Wallace      | East Peoria       | 351.4        | F    |
|                         | Liberty Street     | Peoria            | <b>2</b> 5   | F    |
|                         | E. D. Edwards      | South of Peoria   | 416          | F    |
|                         |                    |                   | 350*         | F    |
|                         | Keystone           | Bartonville       | 54.4         | F    |
| Central Illinois Public | Coffeen            | Coffeen           | 389          | F    |
| Service Co.             |                    |                   | 600*         | F    |
|                         | Grand Tower        | Grand Tower       | 232.66       | F    |
|                         | Hutsonville        | Hutsonville       | 212.5        | F    |
|                         | Meredosia          | Meredosi <b>a</b> | 354.4        | F    |
| Commonwealth Edison Co. | Ridgeland          | Stickney          | 690          | F    |
|                         | Powerton           | Pekin             | 315          | F    |
|                         |                    |                   | 840*         | F    |
|                         | Joliet             | Joliet            | 1862         | F    |
|                         |                    |                   | 144          | G    |
|                         | Fisk               | Chicago           | 546.6        | F    |
|                         |                    |                   | 25           | F    |
|                         |                    |                   | 226.1        | G    |
|                         | Dresden Nuclear #1 | Morris            | 208          | N    |
|                         | Dresden #2 & 3     | Morris            | 1620         | N    |
|                         | Fordom             | Rockford          | 75.3         | F    |
|                         | Crawford           | Chicago           | 701.5        | F    |
|                         |                    |                   | 192          | G    |
|                         | Calumet            | Chicago           | 174          | F    |
|                         |                    |                   | 292          | G    |
|                         | Waukegan           | Waukegan          | 1042         | F    |
|                         | -                  |                   | 113          | G    |
|                         | Dixon              | Dixon             | 119          | F    |
|                         | Will County        | Joliet            | 1258.9       | F    |
|                         | Sabrooke           | Rockford          | 196.4        | F    |
|                         |                    |                   | 148          | G    |

## ILLINOIS (continued)

|                                           |                |             | Gen. Capacity  |        |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|--------|
| Utility                                   | Plant          | Location    | MW             | Туре   |
| Commonwealth Edison Co.                   | Kincaid        | Kincaid     | 1319.4         | F      |
|                                           | Quad Cities    | Near Albany | 1618*          | N      |
|                                           | Zion           | Waukegan    | 2100*          | N      |
|                                           | LaSalle County | Seneca      | 1156*<br>1078* | N<br>N |
| Electric Energy, Inc.                     | Joppa          | Elen        | 1100           | F      |
| Illinois Power Co.                        | Havana         | Havana      | · 230          | F      |
|                                           | Hennepin       | Hennepin    | 306.3          | F      |
|                                           | Vermilion      | Oakwood     | 182.3          | F      |
| •                                         |                |             | 15.0           | G      |
|                                           | Wood River     | East Alton  | 650            | F      |
|                                           | Baldwin        | Baldwin     | 623            | F      |
|                                           | ,              |             | 1246.1*        | F      |
| Mt. Carmel Public<br>Utility Co.          | Mt. Carmel     | Mt. Carmel  | 20.5           | F      |
| Carlyle Municipal<br>Utilities            | Carlyle        | Carlyle     | 3              | F      |
| Highland Electric -<br>Light Dept.        | Highland       | Highland    | 12.5           | F      |
| Mascoutah Munic. Light<br>& Water Dept.   | Mascoutah      | Mascoutah   | 1              | F      |
| McLeansboro Munic. Light<br>& Power Plant | McLeansboro    | McLeansboro | 0.75           | म      |
| Rochelle Municipal<br>Utilities           | Rochelle       | Rochelle    | 12.5           | F      |
| Springfield Water,                        | Lakeside       | Springfield | 155            | F      |
| Light & Power Dept.                       | Dallman        | Springfield | 70.2           | F      |

## ILLINOIS (continued)

|                                              |                             | Gen. Capacit     |            | ty     |  |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------|--------|--|
| Utility                                      | Plant                       | Location         | MW         | Туре   |  |
| Winnetka Municipal<br>Electric & Water Dept. | Winnetka                    | Winnetka         | 25.5       | F      |  |
| Southern Illinois<br>Power Cooperative       | Marion                      | South of Marion  | 94         | F      |  |
| Western Illinois Power<br>Cooperative, Inc.  | Pearl                       | Jacksonville     | 27.2       | F      |  |
| University of Illinois                       | Abbott                      |                  | 27.2       | F      |  |
| Union Electric Co.                           | Cahokia<br>Venice No. 1 & 2 | Sauget<br>Venice | 304<br>529 | F<br>F |  |
| Peru Light Dept.                             | Peru .                      | Peru             | 15.3       | F      |  |
| Iowa-Illinois Gas &<br>Electric Company      | Moline                      | Moline           | 99.1       | F      |  |
| Chicago, Metropolitan<br>Sanitary District   | Chicago                     | Chicago          | 30.5       | F.     |  |

## INDIANA

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|                      |                         |              | Gen. Capacity |        |  |
|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------|--|
| Utility              | Plant                   | Location     | MW            | Туре   |  |
| Indiana & Michigan   | Twin Branch             | Mishawka     | 384           | 、<br>F |  |
| Electric Co.         | Tanners Creek           | Lawrenceburg | 1098          | F      |  |
| -                    | Breed                   | Sullivan     | 450           | F      |  |
| Indianapolis Power & | H. T. Pritchard         | Martinsville | 393.6         | F      |  |
| Light Company        | Elmer W. Stout          | Indianapolis | 372.6         | F      |  |
|                      | C. C. Perry<br>(Sec. K) | Indianapolis | 47.5          | F      |  |
|                      | C. C. Perry<br>(Sec. W) | Indianapolis | 11            | F      |  |
|                      | Petersburg              | Petersburg   | 724.4         | F      |  |

## INDIANA (continued)

|                                                 |                     | G                | en. Capacity |        |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|--------|
| Utility                                         | Plant               | Location         | MW           | Type   |
| North Indiana Dublic                            | Michigan City       | Michigan City    | 211          | ਜ      |
| Sorvice Company                                 | Dean H Mitchell     | Gary             | 529 4        | -<br>ה |
| Service Company                                 | Deall II. MICCHEII  | Gary             | 52 2         | r<br>C |
|                                                 |                     | Duno Agrog       | 615 6        | G      |
|                                                 | Ballly              | Dulle Acres      | 33.0         | r<br>C |
|                                                 |                     |                  | 55.9<br>5354 | G      |
|                                                 |                     |                  | 535*         | F.     |
| Public Service Co.                              | Dresser             | Terre Haute      | 210          | F      |
| of Indiana, Inc.                                | Edwardsport         | Edwardsport      | 146.8        | F      |
| ·                                               | Noblesville         | Noblesville      | 100          | F      |
|                                                 | Wabash River        | West Terre Haute | 962          | F      |
|                                                 |                     |                  | 8            | G      |
|                                                 | Robert A. Gallagher | New Albany       | 600          | F      |
|                                                 | Rushville           | Rushville        | 8.25         | F      |
|                                                 | Cavuga              | Cavuga           | 500          | F      |
|                                                 | - 1 5               | 1 9              | 500*         | F      |
|                                                 |                     | 111              | 101 5        |        |
| Southern Indiana Gas &                          | Onio River          | Evansville       | 121.5        | E      |
| Electric Company                                | Culley              | Newburgn         | 153./        | F.     |
|                                                 |                     |                  | 250*         | Ę.     |
|                                                 | Warrick Unit #4     | Yankeetown       | 150          | F.     |
| Logansport Municipal                            | Logansport          | Logansport       | 55.5         | .F     |
| Utilities                                       |                     |                  | .18          | G      |
| Peru Electric Light &<br>Power Dept.            | Peru                | Peru             | 40           | F      |
| Indiana Statewide Rural<br>Electric Corp., Inc. | Petersburg          | Petersburg       | 200*         | F      |
| Indiana-Kentucky<br>Electric Corp.              | Clifty Creek        | Madison          | 1303.6       | F      |
| Frankfort Light &                               | Frankfort           | Frankfort        | 32.5         | F      |
| Power Dept.                                     |                     |                  | 16.5         | G      |

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## INDIANA (continued)

| Utility                                     | Plant             | Location       | Gen. Capacity | Туре |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|------|
| Crawfordsville Elec.<br>Light & Power Co.   | Crawfordsville    | Crawfordsville | 40.2          | F    |
| Commonwealth Edison Co.<br>of Indiana, Inc. | State line        | Hammond        | 972           | F    |
| Richmond Power and                          | Whitewater Valley | Richmond       | 30            | F    |
| Light Dept.                                 | Johnson Street    | Richmond       | 30            | F    |
|                                             |                   | Richmond       | 6 <b>6*</b>   | F    |

### MICHIGAN

| Utility            | Plant             | Location     | Gen. Capacity<br> | Туре |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|------|
| Consumer Power Co. | John C. Weadock   | Essexville   | 614.5             | ŕ    |
|                    |                   |              | 20.6              | G    |
|                    | Saginaw River     | Saginaw      | 100               | F    |
|                    | Dane E. Karn      | Éssexville   | 530               | F    |
|                    |                   |              | 615*              | F    |
|                    | Bryce E. Morrow   | Comstock     | 186               | F    |
|                    | -                 |              | 35                | Ġ    |
|                    | Kalamazoo         | Kalamazoo    | 20                | F    |
|                    | Elm Street        | Battle Creek | 30                | F    |
|                    | Justin R. Whiting | Erie         | 325               | F    |
|                    |                   |              | 20.6              | G    |
|                    | B. C. Cobb        | Muskegon     | 510.5             | F    |
|                    | Wealthy Street    | Grand Rapids | 20                | F    |
|                    | J. H. Campbell    | West Olive   | 650               | F    |
|                    | _                 |              | 20.6              | G    |
|                    | Big Rock          | Charlevoix   | 75                | N    |
|                    | Palisades         | Palisades    | 811.7*            | N    |
|                    | Midland           | Free Pond    | 1381.3*           | N    |

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## MICHIGAN (continued)

|                                        |                  |                       | Gen. Capacity |         |
|----------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|
| Utility                                | Plant            | Location              | MW            | Туре    |
| Detroit Edicon Co                      | Boscon St        | Detroit               | 27 8          | ਸ       |
| Detroit Edison Co.                     | Beacon St.       | Decioic<br>Dell Dimor | 1005          | г<br>57 |
|                                        | St. Claff        | Bell River            | 1905          | r<br>C  |
|                                        | Distant Device   | Dimon Device          | 10.0          | 9<br>17 |
|                                        | River Rouge      | RIVEL Rouge           | 933.2         | £       |
|                                        | Greenwood Energy | Detweit               | 900+          | N       |
|                                        | Center           | Detroit               | 800 °         | IN<br>T |
|                                        | Conners Creek    | Detroit               | 585           | · F.    |
|                                        | Trenton Channel  | Trenton               | 1075.5        | F       |
|                                        | Delray           | Detroit               | 391           | F       |
|                                        | Marysville       | Marysville            | 300           | F       |
|                                        | Pennsalt         | Wyandotte             | 37            | F       |
|                                        | Wyandotte North  | Wyandotte             | 54.1          | F       |
|                                        | Wyandotte South  | Wyandotte             | 18.5          | F       |
|                                        | Port Huron       | Port Huron            | 11.75         | F       |
|                                        | Harbor Beach     | Harbor Beach          | 121           | F       |
|                                        | Monroe           | Monroe                | 3000*         | F       |
|                                        | Fermi            | Detroit               | 158           | N       |
|                                        |                  |                       | 64            | G       |
|                                        |                  |                       | 1075*         | N       |
|                                        | French Island    |                       | 136           | F       |
| Indiana & Michigan<br>Power Co.        | Donald C. Cook   | Bridgman              | 2200*         | N       |
| Upper Peninsula Power Co.              | Escanaba         | Escanaba              | 25.3          | F       |
|                                        | John H. Warden   | L'Anse                | 15.6          | F       |
|                                        | Presque Isle     | Marquette             | 174.7         | F       |
|                                        |                  |                       | 170*          | F       |
| Coldwater Board of<br>Public Utilities | Coldwater        | Coldwater             | 11.125        | F       |
| Detroit Public Lighting<br>Commission  | Mistersky        | Detroit               | 174           | F       |
| Escanaba Municipal<br>Electric Utility | Escanaba         | Wells                 | 25            | F       |

## MICHIGAN (continued)

| Utility                                   | Plant              | Location     | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Туре |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|------|
| Grand Haven Board of<br>Light & Power     | Island Steam Plant | Grand Haven  | 20                  | F    |
| Holland Board of<br>Public Works          | James De Young     | Holland      | 77.2                | F    |
| Lansing Board of Water                    | Ottawa             | Lansing      | 81.5                | F    |
| and Light                                 | Eckert             | Lansing      | 381                 | F    |
|                                           | Delta              | Lansing      | 160*                | F    |
| Marquette Board of<br>Light & Power       | Marquette Gen.Plt. | Marquette    | 34.5                | F    |
| Traverse City Light<br>& Power Dept.      | Traverse City Plt. | Вау          | 35                  | F    |
| Northern Michigan<br>Electric Coop., Inc. | Advance            | Boyne City   | 41.8                | F    |
| Michigan State Univ.                      | Sixty-five         | East Lansing | . 31                | F    |
| Wvandotte Munic.                          | Wvandotte          | Wyandotte    | 41.5                | F    |
| Service Commission                        | •                  | -            | 23                  | G    |
|                                           | MINNESOTA          |              |                     |      |
|                                           |                    |              | Gen. Capacity       |      |
| Utility                                   | Plant              | Location     | MW                  | Туре |
| Minnesota Power &                         | Aurora             | Aurora       | 116.1               | F    |
| Light Co.                                 | Clay Boswell       | Cohasset     | 150                 | F    |
| <b>-</b> -                                | M. L. Hibbard      | Duluth       | 122.5               | F    |

Northern State PowerBlack DogNichols480.7Co. (Minn.)High BridgeSt. Paul458.8IslandSt. Paul16

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F

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## MINNESOTA (continued)

|                                          |                  |               | Gen. Capacity |      |
|------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                                  | Plant            | Location      | MW            | Туре |
|                                          | <b>**</b> • • •  | Desmant       |               | -    |
| Northern State Power                     | King             | Bayport       | 598.4         | F.   |
| Co. (Minn.)                              | Monticello       | Monticello    | 569           | N    |
|                                          | Red Wing         | Red Wing      | 28            | F    |
|                                          | Minnesota Valley | Granite Falls | 65            | F    |
|                                          | Riverside        | Minneapolis   | 506.4         | F    |
|                                          | South East       | Minneapolis   | 30            | F    |
|                                          | Whitney          | St. Cloud     | - 21          | F    |
|                                          | Wilmarth         | Mankato       | 25            | F    |
|                                          | Winona           | Winona        | 26            | F    |
|                                          | Prairie Island   | Near Hasting  | 1186*         | N    |
| Otter Tail Power Co.                     | Crockston        | Crockston     | 10            | F    |
|                                          | Hoot Lake        | Fergus Falls  | 136.9         | F    |
|                                          | Canby            | Canby         | 7.5           | F    |
|                                          | Ortonville       | Ortonville    | 15            | F    |
|                                          | Bemidji          | Bemidji       | 37            | F    |
| Alexandria Board of<br>Public Works      | Alexandria       | Alexandria .  | 5.25          | F    |
| Austin Utilities                         | Austin           | Austin        | 27.5          | F    |
|                                          |                  |               | 6             | G    |
|                                          |                  |               | 30            | N    |
| Benson Water & Light<br>Dept.            | Benson           | Benson        | 0.45          | F    |
| Blue Earth Power &<br>Water Dept.        | Blue Earth       | Blue Earth    | 5.0           | F    |
| Detroit Lakes Public<br>Utilities Dept.  | Detroit Lakes    | Detroit Lakes | 6.0           | F    |
| Fairmount Public<br>Utilities Commission | Fairmount        | Fairmount     | 26.5          | F    |
| Jackson Electric Light<br>Dept.          | Jackson          | Jackson       | 2.0           | F    |

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## MINNESOTA (continued)

| Utility                                     | Plant         | Location      | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Туре   |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|--------|
| Litchfield Public<br>Utilities Commission   | Litchfield    | Litchfield    | 3.5                 | F      |
| Luverne Municipal Util.                     | Luverne       | Luverne       | 3.0                 | F      |
| Madison Munic. Util.                        | Madison       | Madison       | 1.85                | F      |
| Marshall Munic. Util.                       | Marshall      | Marshall      | 3.0<br>16.5         | F<br>G |
| Moorhead Public<br>Service Dept.            | Moorhead      | Elm St. South | 34<br>10            | F<br>G |
| Mountain Iron (MUN)                         | Mountain Iron | Mountain Iron | 1.2                 | F      |
| New Ulm Public Util.<br>Commission          | New Ulm       | New Ulm       | 27                  | F      |
| Owatonna Municipal<br>Public Utilities      | Owatonna      | Owatonna      | 34.5                | F      |
| Redwood Falls Public<br>Utilities Comm.     | Redwood       | Redwood Falls | 2.0                 | F      |
| Rochester Public<br>Utility Dept.           | Rochester     | Rochester     | 113                 | F      |
| Sleepy Eye Munic.Util.                      | Sleepy Eye    | Sleepy Eye    | 3.25                | F      |
| Springfield Pub. Util.                      | Springfield   | Springfield   | 2.75                | F      |
| Two Harbor Municipal<br>Water & Light Plant | Two Harbors   | Two Harbor    | 6.0                 | F      |
| Virginia Dept. of<br>Public Utilities       | Virginia      | Virginia      | 34.5                | F      |

# MINNESOTA (continued)

|                                           |                        |                        | Gen. Capacity      | 7           |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Utility                                   | Plant                  | Location               | MW                 | Type        |
| Willmar Municipal<br>Utilities Commission | Willmar                | Willmar                | 32.4               | F           |
| Windom Munic. Util.                       | Windom                 | Windom                 | 3.0                | F           |
| Worthington Munic.<br>Public Utilities    | Worthington            | Worthington            | 16.5               | F           |
| Northern Minn. Power<br>Association       | Kettle River           | Kettle River           | 4.25               | F           |
| Rural Cooperative Power<br>Assn.          | Elk River              | Elk River              | 45.0<br>22<br>17.2 | F<br>N<br>G |
| Interstate Power Co.                      | Albert Lea<br>Fox Lake | Albert Lea<br>Sherburn | 18.5<br>104        | F<br>F      |

OHIO

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| •                  |                |              | Gen. Capacity |      |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|------|
| Utility            | Plant          | Location     | MW            | Туре |
| Cincinnati Gas &   | West End       | Cincinnati   | 219.3         | F    |
| Electric Co.       | Miami Fort     | North Bend   | 519.2         | F    |
|                    |                |              | 182           | G    |
|                    | W. C. Beckjord | New Richmond | 760.5         | F    |
|                    |                |              | 460.8*        | F    |
|                    | J. M. Suaurt   | Aberdeen     | 1830          | F    |
|                    |                |              | 610*          | F    |
|                    | Zimmer         | Near Berlin  | 1756*         | N    |
| Cleveland Electric | Ashtabula      | Ashtabula    | 456           | F    |
| Illuminating Co.   | Avon Lake      | Avon Lake    | 1275          | F    |
|                    | East Lake      | East Lake    | 577           | F    |
|                    |                |              | 680*          | F    |
|                    | Lake Shore     | Cleveland    | 514           | F    |

## OHIO (continued)

| Gen. Capaci                                          | ty            |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Utilities Plant Location MW                          | Туре          |
|                                                      |               |
| Columbus & Southern Poston Athens 232                | F             |
| Ohio Electric Co. 13.8                               | G             |
| Conesville Conesville 433.5                          | F             |
| . 842*                                               | F             |
| 13.8                                                 | G             |
| Picway Columbus 230.8                                | F             |
| . 251.28                                             | G             |
| Walnut Columbus 75                                   | F             |
| 65.3                                                 | G             |
| The Dayton Power & Miamisburg 6.4                    | F             |
| Light Co. J. M. Straut Aberdeen 610.2                | F             |
| Frank M. Tait Dayton 444.1                           | F             |
| O. H. Hutchings Dayton 414                           | F             |
| 32.6                                                 | G             |
| Troy Troy 24                                         | F             |
| Ohio Edison Company W. H. Sammis Stratton 1979       | F             |
| , 323*                                               | -<br>म        |
| R. E. Burger Shady Side 544                          | F             |
| Toronto Toronto 315.8                                | <br>F         |
| Niles Niles 250                                      | F             |
| Edgewater Lorain 174.9                               | F             |
| Gorge Akron 87.5                                     | F `           |
| Mad River Springfield 75                             | F             |
| Scioto Scioto 40.3                                   | F             |
| Obio Power Company Muskingum River Beverly 1466.8    | म्            |
| Woodcock Bluffton 42.5                               | -<br>म        |
| Tidd Brilliant 222.2                                 | -<br>म        |
| $\begin{array}{c} Philo \\ Philo \\ 500 \end{array}$ | -<br>म        |
| Cardinal Brilliant 1270.5                            | -<br>म        |
| GenlaJames M.Gavin Near Gallipolis 2600*             | -<br>य        |
| Caldwell Caldwell 2.8                                | <u>-</u><br>म |
| Martins Ferry Martins Ferry 6.5                      | -<br>म        |
| 2.0                                                  | G             |

## OHIO (continued)

|                                       |                |                | Gen. Capacity |      |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                               | Plant          | Location       | MW            | Type |
| Ohio Valley Elec. Corp.               | Kyger Creek    | Gallipolis     | 1086.3        | F    |
| Toledo Edison Co.                     | Bay Shore      | Oregon         | 639.5         | F    |
|                                       |                |                | 16            | G    |
|                                       | Acme           | Toledo         | 307           | 5    |
|                                       |                |                | 30            | F F  |
| ,                                     | Clyde          | Clyde          | 1             | F    |
| ,                                     | Davis-Beese    | Toledo         | 2             | F    |
|                                       |                |                | 870*          | N    |
| Cleveland Div. of                     | Lake Rd.       | Cleveland      | 172.5         | F    |
| Light & Power                         | East 53rd St.  | Cleveland      | 50            | F    |
| -                                     | West 41st St.  | Cleveland      | 35.6          | F    |
| Columbus Munic. Electric              | Columbus       | Columbus       | 43.5          | F    |
| Light Dept.                           |                |                | 14.5          | G    |
| Celina Munic. Util.                   | Celina         | Celina         | 25            | F    |
|                                       |                |                | 20*           | G    |
| Dover Electric Dept.                  | Dover          | Dover          | 33.2          | F    |
| East Palestine Munic.<br>Elect. Dept. | East Palestine | East Palestine | 16.5          | F    |
| Hamilton Dept. of                     | Hamilton       | Hamilton       | 84            | F    |
| Public Utilities                      |                |                | 28.9          | G    |
| Napoleon Munic. Util.                 | Napoleon       | Napoleon       | 22.65         | F    |
| Norwalk Municipal<br>Elect. Dept.     | Woodlawn Ave.  | Norwalk        | 31.3          | F    |
| Orriville Munic. Util.                | Orriville      | Orriville      | 38.5          | F    |
|                                       |                |                | 62.5*         | F    |
| Painesville Electric<br>Power Dept.   | Painesville    | Painesville    | 38            | F    |

## <u>OHIO</u> (continued)

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|                                   |           |           | Gen. Capacity |      |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|------|--|--|
| Utility                           | Plant     | Location  | MW            | Туре |  |  |
| Piqua Munic. Power Plant          | Piqua     | Piqua     | 53            | F    |  |  |
| Reading Municipal Water           | Prospect  | Reading   | 9.5           | F    |  |  |
| and Light Plant                   |           |           | 14*           | F    |  |  |
| St. Marys Munic. Light<br>& Power | St. Marys | St. Marys | 22            | F    |  |  |
| Shelby Munic. Elect.              | Shelby    | Shelby    | 26.5          | F    |  |  |
| Plant                             |           |           | 12.5*         | F    |  |  |
|                                   |           |           | 3             | G    |  |  |
|                                   |           |           | 2600*         | N    |  |  |

## WISCONSIN

| Utility                             | Plant           | Location        | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Туре |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| Lake Superior District<br>Power Co. | Bay Front       | Ashland         | 82.2                | F    |
| Madison Gas & Elect.Co.             | Blount          | Madison         | 195.5               | F    |
| Northern States Power               | Edison          | La Crosse       | 5                   | F    |
| Co. (Wisconsin)                     | French Island   | La Crosse       | 25                  | F    |
|                                     | Sherbourne      |                 | 1360*               |      |
| Superior Water, Light & Power Co.   | Winslow         | Superior        | 25.2                | F    |
| Wisconsin Electric                  | Lakeside        | St. Francis     | 344.7               | F    |
| Power Co.                           | Commerce        | Milwaukee       | 35                  | F    |
|                                     | East Wells      | Milwaukee       | 13.7                | F    |
|                                     | Port Washington | Port Washington | 400                 | F    |
|                                     | Port Washington | Port Washington | 19                  | G    |
|                                     | North Oak Creek | Oak Creek       | 500                 | F    |
|                                     | South Oak Creek | Oak Creek       | 1170                | . F  |
|                                     |                 |                 | 19                  | G    |

## WISCONSIN (continued)

|                                       |                   |                 | Gen. Capacity |      |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                               | Plant             | Location        | MW            | Туре |
| Minerania Plastaia                    | <b>Malle</b>      | Milerenkoa      | 200 7         | -    |
| Wisconsin Electric                    | valley            | Milwaukee       | 269.7         | F.   |
| Power Co.                             | Point Beach       | Two Creeks      | 19.6          | F,   |
|                                       | Point Beach 1 & 2 | Manitowoc       | 1005.7        | N    |
| Wisconsin Power & Light               | Edgewater         | Sheboygan       | 351           | F    |
| Company                               |                   |                 | 129           | F    |
|                                       | Rock River        | Beloit          | 159.4         | . F  |
|                                       |                   |                 | 46.8          | G    |
|                                       | Black Hawk        | Beloit          | 57.5          | F    |
|                                       | Nepson Devy       | Cassville       | 227.3         | F    |
|                                       | Kewaunee          | Kewaunee        | 527*          | N    |
|                                       | Columbia          | Near Portage    | 527*          | F    |
| Wisconsin Public Service              | Pulliam           | Green Bay       | 392.5         | F    |
| Corp.                                 | Weston            | Rothschild      | 135           | F    |
| -                                     |                   |                 | 19.6          | G    |
| Manitowoc Public Util.                | Manitowoc         | Manitowoc       | 75            | F    |
| Marshfield Electric &<br>Water Dept.  | Wildwood          | Marshfield      | 50 <b>.2</b>  | F    |
| Menasha Electric &<br>Water Utilities | Menasha           | Menasha         | 29.2          | F    |
| Richland Center Munic.<br>Utilities   | Richland Center   | Richland Center | 14.2          | F    |
| Dairyland Power Coop.                 | Alma              | Alma            | 187           | F    |
|                                       | Stoneman          | Cassville       | 51.8          | F    |
|                                       | Genoa St. #1      | Genoa           | 14.0          | F    |
|                                       | Genoa St. #2      | Genoa           | 50            | N    |
|                                       | Genoa St. #3      | Genoa           | 300           | F    |
| Oconto Elec. Coop.                    | Stiles            | Stiles          | 1             | F    |

Region: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Texas, Oklahoma Region Office: Dallas, Texas

#### ARKANSAS

| Utility                          | Plant            | Location       | Gen. Capacity | Type |
|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|------|
|                                  |                  |                |               | _    |
| Arkansas Power & Light Co        | . Robert Ritchie | Helena         | 903.6         | F    |
|                                  |                  |                | 18            | G    |
|                                  | Lake Catherine   | Hot Springs    | 756.0         | F    |
|                                  | Cecil Lynch      | N. Little Rock | 259.8         | F    |
|                                  | Harvey Couch     | Stamps         | 187.5         | F    |
|                                  | Hamilton Moses   | Forest City    | 138           | F    |
|                                  | Russellville     | Russellville   | 793*          | N    |
|                                  |                  |                | 920*          | N    |
| Hope Water & Light Plt.          | Норе             | Норе           | 6             | F    |
| Jonesboro Water & Light<br>Plant | Jonesboro        | Jonesboro      | 27.7          | F    |
| Arkansas Electric Coop.          | Fitzhugh         | Ozark          | . 59.8        | F    |
| Corp.                            | Bailey           | Augusta        | 122           | F    |
|                                  |                  |                | 200*          | F    |
|                                  | McClellan        | Camden         | 134           | F    |

#### LOUISIANA

|                    |                  |             | Gen. Capacity |      |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| Utility            | Plant            | Location    | MW            | Туре |
| Central Louisiana  | Coughlin         | St. Landry  | 483.3         | F    |
| Elec. Co., Inc.    | Teche            | Baldwin     | 428           | F    |
|                    | Little Gypsy     | La Place    | 1250.8        | F    |
|                    | Nine Mile Point  | Westwego    | 1101          | F    |
|                    | Sterlington      | Sterlington | 351.5         | F    |
| New Orleans Public | Mark St. Station | New Orleans | 96.3          | F    |
| Service, Inc.      | A. B. Patterson  | New Orleans | 218.3         | F    |
|                    | Michoud          | New Orleans | 959.3         | F    |

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## LOUISIANA (continued)

|                                            |                   |              | Gen. Capacity |         |  |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--|
| Utility                                    | Plant             | Location     | MW            | Type    |  |
|                                            |                   |              |               | _       |  |
| Southwestern Electric                      | Arsenal Hill      | Shreveport   | 170.0         | F       |  |
| Power Co.                                  | Liberman          | Mooringsport | 277.3         | F       |  |
| Alexandria Munic. Power                    | Alexandria        | Alexandria   | 97.5          | F       |  |
| & Light Dept.                              |                   |              | 80*           | F       |  |
| Homer Light & Power<br>Dept.               | Homer             | Homer        | 8.7           | F       |  |
| Houma Munic. Light Plt.                    | Houma             | Houma        | 40.7          | F       |  |
| Lafayette Util. System                     | Rodemacher        | Lafayette    | 45.7          | F       |  |
|                                            | Louis "Doc" Bonin | Lafayette    | 143.3         | F       |  |
| Minden Light & Power                       | Minden            | Minden       | 25            | F       |  |
| Monroe Util. Comm.                         | Park Ave.         | Monroe       | 172           | F       |  |
|                                            |                   | ·            | 10            | G       |  |
| Morgan City Munic.<br>Electric Plant       | Morgan            | Morgan City  | 31            | F       |  |
| Natchitoches Munic.<br>Elec. Light & Water | Natchitoches      | Natchitoches | 55.8          | F       |  |
| Ruston Munic. Light Dept.                  | Ruston            | Ruston       | 41.4          | F       |  |
| Opelousas Munic. Elec.                     | Opelousas         | Opelousas    | 12.7          | F       |  |
| Dept.                                      |                   |              | 26*           | F       |  |
| Plaquemine Light Dept.                     | Plaquemine        | Plaquemine   | 20.5*         | F       |  |
|                                            | -                 |              | 10.8          | G :     |  |
| New Orleans Course C                       |                   |              | 47.0          |         |  |
| Water Board                                | Power House No. 2 | New Orleans  | 4/.U ·        | F-25 HZ |  |
| Mater Board                                |                   |              | 20            | G-25 H2 |  |

### LOUISIANA (continued)

| ntility                           | <u>Plant</u>       |               | Gen. Capacity | _    |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
|                                   |                    | Location      | MW            | туре |
| Gulf State Utilities Co.          | Louisiana St. #1&2 | Baton Rouge   | 428           | F    |
|                                   | Roy S. Nelson      | Westlake      | 920.5         | F    |
|                                   | Willow Glen        | St. Gabriel   | 994.4         | F    |
|                                   |                    |               | 530*          | F    |
|                                   | River Bend #1&2    | Baton Rouge   | 1880*         | N    |
| Louisiana Electric<br>Coop., Inc. | New Roads          | Near Morganza | 230*          | F    |

#### NEW MEXICO

|                                                 |            |                    | Gen. Capacit | У    |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|------|
| Otility                                         | Plant      | Location           | MW           | Туре |
| New Mexico Electric<br>Service Co.              | Maddox     | Hobbs              | 118          | F    |
| Public Service Co. of                           | Reeves     | Albuquerque        | 175          | F    |
| New Mexico                                      | Person     | <b>Albuquerque</b> | 125          | F    |
|                                                 | Prager     | Albuquerque        | 35           | F    |
|                                                 | Santa Fe   | Santa Fe           | 12           | F    |
| Clayton Municipal<br>Electric System            | Clayton    | Clayton            | 4            | F    |
| Farmington Electric<br>Utility                  | Animas     | Farmington         | 28.5         | F    |
| The Raton Public<br>Service Company             | Raton      | Raton              | 12           | F    |
| Lea County Electric<br>Cooperative, Inc.        | Lea County | N. Lovington       | 59.6         | F    |
| Plains Elec. Generation<br>& Trans. Coop., Inc. | Plains     | Algodones          | 51.8         | F    |
# NEW MEXICO (continued)

| Utility                                 | Plant        | Location      | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Туре |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|------|
| Southwestern Public                     | Cunningham   | Hobbs         | 265.4               | F    |
| Service Co.                             | Carlsbad     | Carlsbad      | 44.3                | F    |
| 5017100 000                             | Roswell      | Roswell       | 24.2                | F    |
|                                         |              |               | 11.5                | G    |
| Arizona Public Service Co.              | Four Corners | Nr.Farmington | 2369.8              | F    |
| U.S. Atomic Energy<br>Commission        | TA-3         | Los Alamos    | 20                  | F    |
| Gallup Electric Light<br>& Power System | Gallup       | Gallup        | 16.1                | F    |

# TEXAS

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|                           |                |                | Gen. Capacity |      |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                   | Plant          | Location       | MW            | Туре |
| Central Power & Light Co. | La Palma       | San Benito     | 217           | F    |
|                           | Victor P.S.    | Victoria       | 553.5         | F    |
|                           | Nueces Bay     | Corpus Christi | 244.5         | F    |
| -                         | Lon C. Hill    | Calallen       | 574.2         | F    |
|                           | Laredo P.S.    | Laredo         | 72            | F    |
|                           | J. L. Bates    | Mission        | 188.7         | F    |
|                           | E. S. Jospin   | Point Comfort  | 234.9         | F    |
| Dallas Power & Light Co.  | Dallas         | Dallas         | 223.5         | F    |
|                           | Mountain Creek | Dallas         | 989.7         | F    |
|                           | Parksdale      | Dallas         | 340.6         | F    |
|                           | North Lake     | Dallas         | 708.6         | F    |
|                           | Lake Hubbard   | Dallas         | 396.5         | F    |
|                           |                |                | 526.0*        | F    |
|                           | Big Brown      | Dallas         | 83.3          | F    |
| El Paso Electric Co.      | Rio Grande     | El Paso        | 235           | F    |
|                           | Newman         | El Paso        | 265.8         | F    |

# TEXAS (continued)

|                                      |                    | G                | en. Capacity |      |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|------|
| Utility                              | Plant              | Location         | MW           | Туре |
| Gulf State Util. Co.                 | Neches             | Beaumont         | 452.3        | F    |
|                                      | Sabine             | Bridge City      | 952          | F    |
|                                      |                    | <b>,</b>         | 580*         | F    |
|                                      | Lewis Creek        | Willis           | 500          | F    |
| Houston Lighting &                   | Deepwater          | Houston          | 334.125      | F    |
| Power Company                        | Gable Street       | Houston          | 84.1         | F    |
|                                      | Deepwater-Champion | Houston          | 334.9        | F    |
|                                      | Hiram O. Clarke    | Houston          | 210          | F    |
|                                      |                    |                  | 96           | G    |
|                                      | Greens Bayou       | Houston          | 375          | F    |
|                                      | Cedar Bayou        | Bayton           | 692          | F    |
|                                      |                    |                  | 823*         | F    |
|                                      | Webster            | Webster          | 614          | F    |
|                                      |                    |                  | 16.3         | G    |
|                                      | Bertrom, Sam       | Houston          | 826.3        | F    |
|                                      |                    | •                | 49           | G    |
|                                      | T. H. Wharton      | Houston          | 322.8        | F    |
|                                      |                    |                  | 16.3         | G    |
|                                      | W. A. Parish       | Richmond ·       | 1255.4       | F    |
|                                      |                    |                  | 16.3         | G    |
|                                      | P. H. Robinson     | Bacliff          | 1549.5       | F    |
|                                      |                    |                  | 16.3         | G    |
| Southwestern Electric<br>Servïce Co. | Jacksonville       | Alabama          | 11.0         | F    |
| Southwestern Public                  | Plant "X"          | Earth, Tex.      | 434.4        | F    |
| Service Co.                          | Nichols            | Amarillo, Tex.   | 474.8        | F    |
|                                      | Denver City        | Denver City,Tex. | 87.5         | F    |
|                                      | East Plant         | Amarillo         | 71           | F    |
|                                      | Riverview          | Borger           | 69.5         | F    |
|                                      | Jones              | Lubbock          | 235.2        | F    |
|                                      | Moore County       | Sunray           | 68.2         | F    |
|                                      | Tuco               | Abernathy        | 40           | F    |

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# TEXAS (continued)

|                         |                     |                | Gen. Capacity     |      |
|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|------|
| Utility                 | Plant               | Location       | MW                | Туре |
|                         |                     |                |                   |      |
| Texas Electric Service  | Graham              | Graham         | 634.8             | F    |
| Company                 | Eagle Mountain      | Fort Worth     | 706.2             | F    |
|                         | Handley             | Fort Worth     | 523.4             | F    |
|                         | North Main          | Fort Worth     | 116.3             | F    |
|                         | Wichita Falls       | Wichita Falls  | <b>2</b> 5        | F    |
|                         | Permian Basin       | Monahans       | 165               | F    |
|                         |                     |                | 535.5*            | F    |
|                         | Morgan Creek        | Colorado City  | 845.8             | F    |
|                         | Big Brown           | Fairfield      | 593               | F    |
|                         |                     |                |                   |      |
| Texas Power & Light Co. | Collin              | Frisco, Tex.   | 156.3             | F    |
| -                       | Lake Creek          | Waco, Tex.     | 315.6             | F    |
|                         | River Crest         | Bogata         | 112.5             | F    |
|                         | Stryker Creek       | Rusk, Tex.     | 703.5             | F    |
|                         | Trading House Creek | Waco, Tex.     | 588.2             | F    |
|                         | -                   |                | 799.2*            | F    |
|                         | Trinidad            | Trinidad, Tex. | 413.3             | F    |
|                         | Valley              | Savoy, Tex.    | 1175              | F    |
|                         | Waco                | Waco, Tex.     | 13                | F    |
|                         | De Cordova          |                | 775*              | F    |
|                         |                     |                |                   |      |
| West Texas Util. Co.    | Abilene             | Abilene, Tex.  | 26.3              | F    |
|                         | Concho              | San Angelo     | 52.5              | F    |
|                         | Pauline             | Quanah         | 44.5              | Ė    |
|                         | Oak Creek           | Bronte         | 81.6 <sup>.</sup> |      |
|                         | Paint Creek         | Stamford       | 241.6             |      |
|                         | Rio Pecos           | Girvin, Tex.   | 136.5             | F    |
|                         |                     |                | 5.0               | G    |
|                         | San Angelo          | San Angelo     | 100.8             | F    |
|                         | -                   |                | 32.6              | G    |
|                         |                     |                | ,                 |      |
| Austin Electric Dept.   | Seaholm Station     | Austin         | 134               | F    |
|                         | Holly Street        | Austin         | 416               | F    |
|                         | Decker Creek        | Austin         | 300               | 、 F  |
|                         |                     |                |                   | •    |
| Bryan Municipal         | Bryan               | Bryan          | 128.7             | F    |
| -1                      |                     |                |                   |      |

Elect. System

# TEXAS (continued)

|                                          |                  |                 | Gen. Capacity |      |
|------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                                  | <u>Plant</u>     | Location        | MW            | Type |
| Coleman Munic. Power<br>& Light Dept.    | Coleman          | Coleman         | 9.2           | F    |
| Denton Munic. Util.                      | Denton           | Denton          | 123.8         | F    |
| Garland Electric Dept.                   | C. E. Newman     | Garland         | 96.5          | F    |
|                                          | Ray Olinger      | Garland         | 187           | F    |
| Greenville Munic. Light<br>& Power Dept. | Greenville       | Greenville      | 48.2          | F    |
| Lubbock Power & Light                    | Holly Ave.       | Lubbock         | 130.5         | F    |
| Dept.                                    |                  |                 | 29.5          | G    |
| San Antonio Public                       | Leon Creek       | San Antonio     | 263.6         | F    |
| Service Board                            | Mission Rd.      | San Antonio     | 163.6         | F    |
|                                          | W. B. Tuttle     | San Antonio     | 493.9         | F    |
|                                          | W. H. Brattnig   | San Antonio     | 882           | F    |
|                                          | Owsommers        | San Antonio     | 430           | F    |
|                                          | Pearsall         | San Antonio     | 75            | F    |
|                                          | Comal            | San Antonio     | 60            | F    |
| Brownsville Public                       | Silas Ray        | Brownsville     | 53.0          | F    |
| Utilities Board                          |                  |                 | 15.0          | G    |
| Brazos Electric Power                    | Poage            | Belton          | 23            | F    |
| Coop., Inc.                              | Worth Tex.       | Weathorford     | 81.6          | F    |
|                                          | Randle W. Miller | Palo Pinto      | 166           | F    |
| South Texas Electric                     | Sam Rayburn      | Nursery         | 25            | F    |
| Coop., Inc.                              |                  |                 | 23            | G    |
| Texas A & M University                   | Univ. Utilities  | College Station | 22.25         | F    |
| Lower Colorado River                     | Comal            | New Braunfels   | 60            | F    |
| Authority                                | Sim Gideon       | Bastrop         | 250           | F    |
| -                                        |                  |                 | 315*          | F    |
|                                          | Granite Shoals   | Marble Falls    | 408*          | F    |

# TEXAS (continued)

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|                       |           |           | Gen. Capacit | y    |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------|
| Utility               | Plant     | Location  | MW           | Туре |
| Southwestern Electric | Knox Lee  | Longview  | 186          | F    |
| Power Co.             | Lone Star | Lone Star | 50           | F    |
|                       |           |           | 49           | G    |
|                       | Wilkes    | Jefferson | 869.5        | F    |

#### OKLAHOMA

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|                                          |                 |            | Gen. Capacity | 7    |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                                  | Plant           | Location   | MW            | Туре |
| Oklahoma Gas & Elect.Co.                 | Seminole Sta.   | Konawa     | 567           | F    |
|                                          |                 |            | 22            | F    |
|                                          | Horse Shoe Lake | Harrah     | 916.2         | F    |
|                                          |                 |            | 27.2          | G    |
|                                          | Mustang         | Okla. City | 509.3         | F    |
|                                          |                 |            | 80            | G    |
|                                          | Arbuckle        | Sulphur    | 73.5          | F    |
|                                          | Belle Isle      | Okla. City | 55.0          | F    |
|                                          |                 |            | 8.0           | G    |
|                                          | Riverbank       | Muskogee   | 195.9         | F    |
|                                          | Osage           | Ponca City | 40            | F    |
|                                          | Byng            | Byng       | 14            | F    |
| Public Service Co. of                    | Southwestern    | Washita    | 482.7         | F    |
| Oklahoma                                 | Tulsa           | Tulsa      | 482           | F    |
|                                          | Weleetka        | Weleetka   | 83            | F    |
|                                          | Northeastern    | Oolagah    | 642.5         | F    |
|                                          | Lawton          | Lawton     | 29.5          | F    |
| Kingfisher Munic. Light<br>Dept.         | Kingfisher      | Kingfisher | 2             | F    |
| Ponca City Munic.<br>Water & Light Dept. | Ponca City      | Ponca City | 16.5          | F    |
| Stillwater Water &<br>& Light Dept.      | Boomer Lake     | Stillwater | 22.65         | F    |

# OKLAHOMA (continued)

|                 |           |           | Gen. Capaci | ty   |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------|
| Utility         | Plant     | Location  | MW          | Туре |
| Western Farmers | Anadarko  | Anadarko  | 83          | F    |
| Electric Coop.  | Mooreland | Mooreland | 191         | F    |
| Grand River Dam | Chouteau  | Chouteau  | 56.3        | F    |

Region: Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska

Region Office: Kansas City, Missouri

# IOWA

|                         |                               | C              | En.Capacity |      |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------|------|
| <u>Utility</u>          | <u>Plant</u>                  | Location       | MW          | Type |
| Interstate Power Co.    | M. L. Kapp                    | Clinton        | 237.2       | F    |
|                         | Dubuque                       | Dubuque        | 91.3        | F    |
|                         | Lansing                       | Lansing        | 64          | F    |
|                         | Mason City                    | Mason City     | 23.5        | F    |
| Iowa Electric Light     | Sutherland                    | Marshaltown    | 156.6       | F    |
| & Power Co.             | Boone                         | Boone          | 34.3        | F    |
|                         | Iowa Falls                    | Iowa Falls     | 12.8        | F    |
|                         | Cedar Rapids                  | Cedar Rapids   | 92.3        | F    |
|                         | Duane Arnold                  | Cedar Rapids   | 550*        | N    |
| Iowa, Illinois Gas &    | Riverside                     | Beltendorf     | 237         | F    |
| Electric Co.            |                               |                | 72          | G    |
| Iowa Power & Light Co.  | Des Moines Pwr.<br>Station #2 | Des Moines     | 324.6       | F    |
|                         | Council Bluffs                | Council Bluffs | 103.6       | F    |
| Iowa Public Service Co. | Neal                          | Sioux City     | 147         | F    |
|                         |                               |                | 300*        | F    |
|                         | Maynard                       | Waterloo       | 107.4       | F    |
|                         | Big Sioux                     | Sioux City     | 41          | F    |
|                         | Kirk                          | Sioux City     | 17.5        | F    |
|                         | Hawkeye                       | Storm Lake     | 19          | F    |
|                         | I.P.S. Gen.Plt.               | Caroll         | 10.75       | F    |
|                         | I.P.S. Gen.Plt.               | Eagle Grove    | 7.5         | F    |
|                         | Charles City                  |                | 4.5         | F    |
|                         |                               |                | 36.0        | G    |
| Iowa Southern Util. Co. | Burlington                    | Burlington     | 212         | F    |
|                         | Bridgeport                    | Eddyville      | 71          | F    |

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#### IOWA (continued)

| <u>Utility</u>                              | Plant                        | Location      | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Type   |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|--------|
| Ames Electric Utility                       | Ames Municipal               | Ames          | 63.7                | F      |
| Atlantic Munic. Util.                       | Atlantic                     | Atlantic      | 14.75               | F      |
| Cedar Falls Munic. Util.                    | Streeter                     | Cedar Falls   | 31.3<br>22          | F<br>G |
| Denison Munic. Util.                        | Denison                      | Denison       | 4.5                 | F      |
| Grundy Center Munic.<br>Light & Power       | Grundy Center                | Grundy Center | 1.25                | F      |
| Harlan Munic. Util.                         | Harlan                       | Harlan        | 6.4                 | F      |
| Mt. Pleasant Util.                          | Mt. Pleasant Munic.          | Mt. Pleasant  | 13.3                | F      |
| Muscatine Power &<br>Water Dept.            | Muscatine                    | Muscatine     | 108                 | F      |
| Pella Munic. Power &<br>Light Dept.         | Pella                        | Pella         | 17.0                | F      |
| Sibley Munic. Util.                         | Sibley                       | Sibley        | 2.5                 | F      |
| Spencer Munic. Util.                        | Spencer                      | Spencer       | 17.5<br>22.4        | F<br>G |
| Trear Munic. Util.                          | Trear                        | Trear         | 1                   | F      |
| Webster City. Munic.<br>Light & Power Dept. | Webster City                 | Webster City  | 15.4<br>20.6        | F<br>G |
| Central Iowa Power Coop.                    | Prairie Creek<br>Summit Lake | Cedar Rapids  | 244.7<br>22.5       | F<br>F |
| Corn Belt Pwr. Coop.                        | Humbolt                      |               | 43.8                | F      |

# <u>KANSAS</u>

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| Utility                                   | <u>Plant</u>      | Location         | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Type |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|------|
| Central Kansas Power Co.                  | Hays              | Hays             | 17                  | F    |
|                                           | Ross Beach        | Hill City        | 35                  | F    |
|                                           | Colby             | Colby            | 12                  | F    |
| Kansas Gas & Elec. Co.                    | Gordon Evans      | Wichita          | 539.3               | F    |
|                                           | Murray Gill       | Wichita          | 348.3               | F    |
|                                           | Neosho            | Parsons          | 113.5               | F    |
|                                           | Ripley            | Wichita          | 87.3                | F    |
|                                           | Wichita           | Wichita          | · 22.8              | F    |
| Kansas Pwr. & Light Co.                   | Tecumseh          | Tecumseh         | 346.1               | F    |
|                                           | Lawrence          | Lawrence         | 613.4               | F    |
|                                           | Hutchinson        | Hutchinson       | 252.2               | F    |
|                                           | Abilene           | Abilene          | 33.8                | F    |
| Western Power Div.                        | Phillipsburg      | Phillipsburg     | 3.0                 | F    |
| Central Telephone &<br>Utilities Corp.    | Arthur Mullergren | Great Bend       | 133.5               | F    |
| Anthony Electric Dept.                    | Power Station     | Anthony          | 5.25                | F    |
| Chanute Munic. Elec.Dept.                 | Chanute           | Chanute          | 19                  | F    |
| Clay Center Munic.<br>Electric Dept.      | Clay Center       | Clay Center      | 12.5                | F    |
| Coffeyville Munic. Water<br>& Light Dept. | Coffeyville       | Coffeyville<br>、 | 40.25               | F    |
| Iola Electric Dept.                       | Municipal         | Iola             | 15.5                | F    |
| Kansas City Board of                      | KAW               | Kansas City      | 161.3               | F    |
| Public Utilities                          | Quindaro          | Kansas City      | 331.6               | F    |
|                                           |                   |                  | 15                  | G    |
| Larned Elec. Light Dept.                  | Larned            | Larned           | 12.8                | F    |

#### KANSAS (continued)

| Utility                          | Plant        | Location    | Gen. Capacity<br><u>MW</u> | Type    |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|---------|
| Mepherson Board of               | Mepherson #1 | Mepherson   | 25.5                       | F       |
| of Public Utilities              | Mepherson #2 | Mepherson   | 32                         | F       |
| Ottawa Water & Light             | Ottawa       | Ottawa      | 7.25                       | F       |
| Dept.                            | •            |             | 11.8                       | G       |
| Pratt Munic. Elect.Dept.         | Pratt .      | Pratt       | 23.8                       | F       |
| Washington Munic. Light<br>Plant | Washington   | Washington  | 4.8                        | F       |
| Winfield Munic. Elec.            | Winfield     | Winfield    | 18                         | F       |
|                                  |              |             | 11.3                       | G       |
|                                  | Winfield     | Winfield    | 26.5                       | F       |
| Wheatland Elec. Coop., Inc.      | Garden City  | Garden City | 28.5                       | F       |
|                                  | -            | •           | 15                         | G       |
| Sunflower Elec. Coop.            | Ross Beach   | Ross Beach  | 25                         | F       |
| Empire Dist. Elec. Co.           | Riverton     | Riverton    | 42.5                       | F.25 Hz |
| _                                |              |             | 112.5                      | F       |
|                                  |              |             | 12.5                       | G       |

#### MISSOURI

|                                  |                           |   |                            | Gen. Capacity | Y       |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------|---------|
| <u>Utility</u>                   | <u>Plant</u>              | • | Location                   | MW            | Туре    |
| Empire Dist.Elec. Co.            | Asbury                    |   |                            | 200           | F       |
| Kansas City Power &<br>Light Co. | Motrose<br>Hawthorn       |   | Clinton<br>Kansas City     | 563.1<br>887  | F<br>F  |
| -                                | Northeast<br>Grand Avenue |   | Kansas City<br>Kansas City | 156<br>116.8  | F<br>F  |
|                                  |                           |   |                            | 10            | F 25 Hz |

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# MISSOURI (continuted)

|                                         |                     | Gei                       | n. Capacity   |              |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Utility                                 | Plant               | Location                  | MW            | Type         |
| Missouri Power & Light Co.              | Gen. Plant          | Jefferson City            | 12.7          | म            |
| MISSOULL TOWEL & DIGHE CO.              | Gen. Plant          | Mexico                    | 19            | F            |
|                                         |                     |                           |               |              |
| Missouri Public Service                 | Sibley              | Sibley                    | 518           | F            |
| Inc.                                    | Ralph Green         | Pleasant Hill             | 49.5          | F            |
| St. Joseph Light &                      | St. Joseph Gen.Plt. | St. Joseph                | 42.5          | F            |
| Power Co. /                             | St. Joseph Gen.Plt. | St. Joseph                | 150.5         | F            |
| Union Electric Co.                      | Labadie             | Labadie                   | 1110          | F            |
|                                         | Meramec             | SE St. Louis Co.          | 923           | F            |
|                                         | Ashley              | St. Louis                 | 70            | $\mathbf{F}$ |
|                                         | Mound               | St. Louis                 | 40            | $\mathbf{F}$ |
|                                         | Sioux               | Near Portage Des<br>Sioux | 1099.6        | F            |
| Chillicothe Munic.Util.                 | Chillicothe         | Wabash Tracks             | 15            | F            |
| Columbia Water & Light<br>Dept.         | Columbia            | Columbia                  | 90            | F            |
| Fulton Board of Public                  | Fulton Plt. #1      | Fulton                    | 11.5          | F            |
| Works                                   | Fulton Plt. #2      | Fulton                    | 8.3           | F            |
| Hannibal Board of Public<br>Works       | Hannibal            | Hannibal                  | .34           | F            |
| Independence Power &                    | Blue Valley         | Independence              | 115           | F            |
| Light Dept.                             | Dodgion Street      | Independence              | 10            | F            |
| Macon Municipal Util.                   | Macon               | Macon                     | , <b>4.</b> 5 | F            |
| Sikeston Board of<br>Munic. Utilities   | Coleman             | Sikeston                  | 6.25          | F            |
| Springfield City Util.                  | James River         | Kissick                   | 268           | F            |
| Northeast Missouri<br>Elec. Power Corp. | Gen. Plant          | South River Sta.          | 15            | F            |

# MISSOURI (continued)

| Utility                           | <u>Plant</u>    | Location      | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Type |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|------|
| N.W. Electric Pwr. Coop.,<br>Inc. | Generation Plt. | Missouri City | 40                  | F    |
| Arkansas-Missouri<br>Power Co.    | Jim Hill        |               | 33                  | F    |
| ASEC                              | Thomas Hill     |               | 440*                | F    |
| Central Elec. Power Coop.         | Chamois         |               | 59                  | F    |

# NEBRASKA

| <u>Utility</u>                                      | Plant         | Ge<br>Location   | n. Capacity<br>MW | Туре |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|------|
| Alliance Munic. Elec.<br>Dept.                      | Alliance      | Alliance         | 16.5              | F    |
| Fairbury Light & Water<br>Dept.                     | Fairbury      | Fairbury         | 21.5              | F    |
| Fremont Dept. of Util.                              | Fremont       | Fremont          | 70.0              | F    |
| Grand Island Elec.Dept.                             | C. W. Brudick | Grand Island     | 70.5<br>60*       | F    |
| Hasting Utilities Dept.                             | Hasting       | Hasting          | 54                | F    |
| Schuyler Dept. of Util.                             | Schuyler      | Schuyler         | 9                 | F    |
| Central Nebraska Public<br>Power & Irrigation Dist. | Çanady        | Lexington        | 100               | F    |
| Nebraska Public Power                               | Bluffs        | Scottsbluff      | 42.4              | F    |
| District                                            | Gen. Plant    | Ogallala         | 9                 | F    |
|                                                     | Sheldon       | Hallam           | 228.6             | F    |
|                                                     | Kramer        | Bellevue         | 113               | F    |
|                                                     | K Street      | Lincoln          | 31.1              | F    |
| •                                                   | Cooper        | Nr.Nebraska City | 800*              | N    |

# NEBRASKA (continued)

|                         |              |          | Gen. Capacity |      |
|-------------------------|--------------|----------|---------------|------|
| <u>Utility</u>          | <u>Plant</u> | Location | MW            | Type |
| Omaha Public Pwr. Dist. | Jones Street | Omaha    | 173.5         | F    |
|                         | North Omaha  | Omaha    | 644.7         | F    |
|                         | South Omaha  | Omaha    | 20            | F    |
|                         | Ft. Calhoun  | Omaha    | 455*          | N    |

Region: Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming

Region Office: Denver, Colorado

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# COLORADO

|                            |               | G                | en. Capacity   |      |
|----------------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|------|
| Utility                    | Plant         | Location         | MW             | Туре |
| Public Service Co. of      |               |                  |                |      |
| Colorado                   | Valmont       | Valmont          | 281.8          | F    |
|                            | Zuni          | Denver           | 115.3          | F    |
|                            | Alamosa       | Alamosa          | 18.9           | F    |
|                            | Arapahoe      | Denver           | 250.5          | F    |
|                            | Cameo         | Cameo            | 75             | F    |
|                            | Cherokee      | Denver           | 250.5          | F    |
|                            | Ft. St. Vrain | Plattsville      | 330*           | N    |
|                            | Comenche      | Comenche         | 350            | F    |
| Central Telephone &        |               |                  |                |      |
| Utilities Corp.            | Pueblo        | Pueblo           | 30             | F    |
|                            | Canon City    | Canon City       | 43.8           | F    |
|                            | Rocky Ford    | Rocky Ford       | . 7 <b>.</b> 5 | F    |
| Western Colorado Power Co. | J. Bullock    | Montrose         | 10             | F    |
|                            | Durango       | Durange          | 5              | F    |
|                            | Oliver        | Paonia           | 3              | F    |
| Colorado Springs Dept.     |               |                  |                |      |
| of Public Utilities        | G. Bridsall   | Colorado Springs | 62.5           | F    |
|                            | Martin Drake  | Colorado Springs | 150            | F    |
| Burlington Municipal       |               |                  | ,              |      |
| Light & Power              | Burlington    | Burlington       | 7.5            | F    |
| Ft. Collins Light & Power  | Ft. Collins   | Ft. Collins      | 8.0            | F    |
| Lamar Utilities Board      | Lamar         | Lamar            | 34             | F    |
| Trinidad Municipal         |               |                  |                |      |
| Power & Light              | Trinidad      | Trinidad         | 7.5            | F    |

#### DRAFT

### EPA REGION VIII

# COLORADO (Continued)

|            |                                                           | Gen. Capacity                                                           |                                                                                                             |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Plant      | Location                                                  | MW                                                                      | Туре                                                                                                        |
| Welsenburg | Welsenburg                                                | 11.0                                                                    | F                                                                                                           |
|            |                                                           |                                                                         |                                                                                                             |
| Hayden     | Hayden                                                    | 163.2                                                                   | F                                                                                                           |
| Nucla      | Nucla                                                     | 34.5                                                                    | F                                                                                                           |
| McGregor   | McGregor                                                  | 5.3                                                                     | F                                                                                                           |
|            | <u>Plant</u><br>Welsenburg<br>Hayden<br>Nucla<br>McGregor | PlantLocationWelsenburgWelsenburgHaydenHaydenNuclaNuclaMcGregorMcGregor | PlantLocationGen. CapacityPlantLocationMWWelsenburgWelsenburg11.0HaydenHayden163.2NuclaNucla34.5McGregor5.3 |

#### MONTANA

|                       |               |            | Gen. Capacity |      |
|-----------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|------|
| Utility               | Plant         | Location   | MW            | Туре |
| Montana-Dakota        |               |            |               |      |
| Utilities Co.         | Lewis & Clark | Sidney     | 50            | F    |
|                       | Glendive      | Glendive   | 7             | F    |
|                       | Miles City    | Miles City | 2             | F    |
|                       | Baker         | Baker      | . 1           | F    |
| Montana Light & Power | Libby         | Troy       | 12.6          | F    |
|                       | Troy          | Troy       | 3.5           | F    |
| Montana Power Co.     | Frank Bird    | Billings   | 69            | F    |
|                       | J.E. Corette  | Billings   | 172.8         | F    |

#### NORTH DAKOTA

|                            |               |             | Gen. Capacity |      |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| <u>Utility</u>             | Plant         | Location    | MW            | Туре |
| Montana-Dakota             |               |             |               |      |
| Utilities Co.              | R. M. Heskett | Mandan      | 100.1         | F    |
|                            | Beulah        | Beuhla      | 13.5          | F    |
|                            | Williston     | Williston   | 2             | F    |
| Valley City Municipal      |               |             |               |      |
| Utility                    | Valley City   | Valley City | 5             | F    |
|                            |               |             |               |      |
| Basin Electric Power Coop. | Leland Olds   | Stanton     | 240           | F    |

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# NORTH DAKOTA (continued)

| Utility                    | Plant                         | Location              | Gen. Capacity<br>MW | Type   |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Central Power Elec. Coop.  | Wm. J. Neal                   | Velva                 | 38                  | F      |
| Minnkota Power Coop., Inc. | F. P. Wood<br>Milton R. Young | Grand Forks<br>Centre | 21.5<br>234.5       | F<br>F |
| United Power Assoc.        | Stanton                       | Stanton               | 1 <b>72</b>         | F      |

|                           | SOUTH DAKOTA   | <u>.</u>       |      |                |      |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|------|----------------|------|
| Utility                   | Plant          | Location       | Gen. | Capacity<br>MW | Туре |
| Black Hills Power & Light | Kirk           | Lead           |      | 31.5           | F    |
|                           | Ben French St. | Rapid City     |      | 22             | F    |
| Northern States Power Co. | Lawrence       | Sioux Falls    |      | 48             | F    |
|                           | Path Finder    | Sioux Falls    |      | 66             | F    |
|                           |                |                |      | 72             | N    |
|                           | Sioux Falls    | Sioux Falls    |      | 16             | F    |
| Northwestern Public       |                |                |      |                |      |
| Service Co.               | Aberdeen       | Aberdeen       |      | 12.5           | F    |
|                           | Mitchell       | Mitchell       |      | 12.5           | F    |
| Rushmore Elec. Power      |                |                |      |                |      |
| Coop., Inc.               | Kirk           | Near Whitewood | l    | 15             | F    |
|                           |                |                |      | 16.5           | F    |
|                           |                |                |      |                |      |

UTAH

|                                     | <u></u> | -              |              | _    |
|-------------------------------------|---------|----------------|--------------|------|
|                                     |         | . G            | en. Capacity | 7    |
| Utility                             | Plant   | Location       | MW           | Туре |
| Utah Power & Light                  | Carbon  | Castle Gate    | 188.6        | F    |
| 2                                   | Gadsby  | Salt Lake City | 251.6        | F    |
|                                     | Hale    | Orem           | 59           | F    |
|                                     | Jordan  | Salt Lake City | 25.0         | F    |
| Provo City Power                    | Provo   | Provo          | 14           | F    |
| California-Pacific<br>Utilities Co. | Cedar   | Cedar City     | 7.5          | F    |

# WYOMING

|                           |              |                 | Gen.    | Capacity |      |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------|----------|------|
| Utility                   | Plant        | Location        | <u></u> | MW       | Type |
| Montana-Dakota Utilities  | Acme         | Sheridan        |         | 12       | F    |
| Black Hills Power & Light | Neil Simpson | Wyodak          |         | 27.7     | F    |
|                           | Osage        | Osag <b>e</b>   |         | 34.5     | F    |
| Pacific Power & Light Co. | D. Johnaron  | Glenrock        | 4       | 56.7     | F    |
|                           |              |                 | · 3     | 330*     | F    |
|                           | Trona        | Near Green Rive | r       | 15.6     | F    |
| Uťah Power & Light Co.    | Naughton     | Kemmerer        | 7       | 207      | F    |
| Rushmore Elec. Power      |              |                 |         |          |      |
| Coop., Inc.               | Naughton     | -               | 3       | 80.8     | F    |
|                           | •            |                 | 2       | 200*     | F    |
| Sinclair Refining Co.     | Sinclair     | Sinclair        |         | 6.2      | F    |

Region: Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada

Region Office: San Francisco, California

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#### ARIZONA

| Utility                   | <b>Plant</b>  | Icaption    | Gen. Capacity | T    |  |  |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|------|--|--|
| <u></u>                   | <u>LIGIIC</u> |             |               | туре |  |  |
| Arizona Public Service Co | . Yuma Axis   | Yuma        | 86.7          | F    |  |  |
|                           | Saguaro       | Red Rock    | 250           | F    |  |  |
|                           | Ocotillo      | Tempe       | 227.3         | F    |  |  |
|                           | Cholla Point  | Joshep City | 113.6         | F    |  |  |
|                           | Phoenix .     | Phoenix     | 116.0         | F    |  |  |
| Tucson Gas & Elec. Co.    | DeMoss-Petrie | Tucson      | 104.5         | F    |  |  |
|                           | Irvington     | Tucson      | 504.5         | F    |  |  |
| Arizona Elect. Power      | Apache        | Cochise     | 75            | F    |  |  |
| Coop., Inc.               | ,<br>,        |             | 11.3          | G    |  |  |
| Salt River Project        | Agua Fria     | Glendale    | 390.5         | F    |  |  |
| Agricultural Impr. &      | Crosscut      | Tempe       | 30            | F    |  |  |
| Power District            | Kyrene        | Tempe       | 108           | F    |  |  |
|                           | Navajo        | Paige       | 2310          | *F   |  |  |
| Southern Calif. Edison    | Yuma Axis     | Yuma        | 75            | F    |  |  |

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# CALIFORNIA

|                         |               | •             | Gen. Capacity |      |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| <u>Utility</u>          | <u>Plant</u>  | Location      | MW            | Type |
| Pacific Gas & Elec. Co. | Avon          | Avon          | 40            | F    |
|                         | Contra Costa  | Antioch       | 1253.6        | F    |
|                         | Humboldt Bay  | Eureka        | 102.4         | F    |
|                         | -             |               | 60            | N    |
|                         | Hunters Point | San Francisco | 391.4         | F    |
|                         | Kern          | Bakersfield   | 152           | F    |

# CALIFORNIA (continued)

|                          |                  |                | Gen. Capacity |      |  |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|------|--|
| Utility                  | Plant            | Location       | MW            | Type |  |
|                          |                  |                |               |      |  |
| Pacific Gas & Elec. Co.  | Martinez         | Martinez       | 40            | F    |  |
| (cont.)                  | Morro Bay        | Morro Bay      | 1056.3        | F    |  |
|                          | Moss Landing     | Salinas        | 2152.2        | F    |  |
|                          | Oleum            | Oleum          | 80            | F    |  |
| 1                        | Pittsburg        | Pittsburg,Cal. | 1277.8        | F    |  |
|                          | Potrero          | San Francisco  | 317.9         | F    |  |
|                          | Geysers          | Geysers        | 190           | F    |  |
|                          | Diablo Canyon    | Near Oceano    | 1134*         | N    |  |
| San Diego Gas & Elec.Co. | Station B        | San Diego      | 93            | F    |  |
|                          | Silvergate       | San Diego      | 247           | F    |  |
|                          | Encina           | San Diego      | 330.8         | F    |  |
|                          |                  |                | 20            | G    |  |
|                          | South Bay        | Chula Vista    | 738.0         | F    |  |
|                          | -                |                | 18.6          | G    |  |
| Southern California      | Redondo Beach    | Redondo Beach  | 1579.4        | F    |  |
| Edison Co.               | Long Beach       | Long Beach     | 180           | F    |  |
|                          | Etiwanda `       | Etiwanda       | 911           | F    |  |
|                          |                  |                | 138.1         | G    |  |
|                          | Alamitos         | Long Beach     | 1982.4        | F    |  |
|                          |                  |                | 138.0         | G    |  |
|                          | El Segundo       | El Segundo     | 996.5         | F    |  |
|                          | Huntington Beach | Hermosa Beach  | 870.4         | F    |  |
|                          |                  |                | 121           | G    |  |
|                          | Mandlay Steam    | Oxnard         | 435.2         | F    |  |
|                          | _                |                | 121           | G    |  |
|                          | Ormond Beach     | Ormond Beach   | 750           | F    |  |
|                          | Highgrove        | Colton         | 169           | F    |  |
|                          | San Bernardino   | Loma Linda     | 130.6         | F    |  |
|                          | Cool Water       | Dagget         | 146.9         | , F  |  |
|                          | San Onofre       | San Clemente   | 450           | N    |  |
| Burbank Public Service   | Mangolia         | Burbank        | 70            | F    |  |
| Dept.                    |                  |                | 21            | G    |  |
|                          | Olive            | Burbank        | 99            | F    |  |

# CALIFORNIA (continued)

| <u>Utility</u>                           | <u>Plant</u>        | Location      | Gen. Capacity<br><u>MW</u> | Type |
|------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------------------|------|
| Glendale Public Service<br>Dept.         | Glendale            | Glendale      | 163                        | F    |
| Los Angeles Dept. of                     | Harbor              | Wilmington    | 355                        | F    |
| Water and Power                          | Valley              | Sun Valley    | 512.5                      | F    |
|                                          | Scattergood         | Playa Del Rey | 312.5                      | F    |
|                                          | Haynes              | Seal Beach    | 1606                       | F    |
| Pasadena Water & Power                   | Broadway            | Pasadena      | 171                        | F    |
| Dept.                                    | Glenram             | Pasadena      | 65.3                       | F    |
| Imperial Irrigation Dist.                | El Centro Steam Pl. | El Centro     | 187.6                      | F    |
| Sacramento Municipal<br>Utility District | Rancho Seco         | Rancho Seco   | 913*                       | N    |

# HAWAII

|                       |              |          | Gen. Capacity |      |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------|---------------|------|--|--|
| <u>Utility</u>        | <u>Plant</u> | Location | MW            | Type |  |  |
| Hawaiian Electric Co. | Honolulu     | Honolulu | 168.2         | F    |  |  |
|                       | Waiau        | Waiau    | 394.5         | F    |  |  |
|                       | Kahe         | Kahe     | 239.0         | F    |  |  |
|                       | Hilo         | Hilo     | 37.5          | F    |  |  |
|                       |              |          | 11.7          | G    |  |  |
|                       | Maui         | Maui     | 35            | F    |  |  |
| Kauai Electric Co.    | Port Allen   | Kauai    | 10            | F    |  |  |
| Maui Elec. Co., Ltd.  | Kahului      | Maui     | 38.5          | F    |  |  |

#### NEVADA

|                                   |                               | G              | Gen. Capacity |      |  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------|--|
| Utility                           | Plant                         | Location       | MW            | Type |  |
| Nevada Power Co.                  | Clark Station                 | East Las Vegas | 190.3         | F    |  |
|                                   | Sunrise Station               | Las Vegas      | 81.6          | F    |  |
|                                   | Reid Gardner St.              | Моара          | 227.3         | F    |  |
| Sierra-Pacific Power Co.          | Tracy Steam Plt.              | Sparks         | 135           | · F  |  |
|                                   |                               |                | 25            | G    |  |
|                                   | Fort Churchill<br>Steam Plant | Yerington      | 110           | F    |  |
| Southern California<br>Edison Co. | Mohave                        | Near Big Bend  | 1210          | F    |  |

# EPA REGION X

# Region: Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington

# Region Office: Portland, Oregon

#### ALASKA

|                        |                   |                | Gen. Capacity |      |
|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                | Plant             | Location       | MW            | Туре |
| Fairbanks Municipal    |                   |                |               |      |
| Utilities System       | Fair Banks        | Fairbanks      | 8.5           | F    |
|                        |                   |                | 7.0           | G    |
| Chugach Electric       |                   |                |               |      |
| Association Inc.       | Kink Arm          | Anchorage      | 14.5          | E    |
| Golden Valley Electric |                   |                |               |      |
| Association Inc.       | Fairbanks         | Fairbanks      | 9.5           | F    |
|                        |                   |                | 17.5          | G    |
|                        | Healy             | Healy          | 22            | F    |
| U. S. Air Force        | Elmendorf West    | Elmendorf      | 22.5          | F    |
|                        | Elmendorf Central | Elmendorf      | 9.0           | F    |
|                        | Fort Wainwright   | Near Fairbanks | 23.5          | F    |
|                        | Eielson           | Eielson        | 10            | F    |
|                        | Clear AFB         | Near Nenana    | 22.5          | F    |
| U.S.Army               | Ft. Richardson    | Anchorage      | 18.0          | F    |
| -                      | Ft. Greely        | Ft. Greely     | 2.0           | N    |
|                        | Port Whittier     | Portage        | 6.5           | F    |
| U. S. Navy             | Kodiak            | Kodiak         | 4.0           | F    |
| -                      | Adak              | Adak           | 15.9          | F    |
|                        | IDAHO             |                |               |      |
|                        |                   |                | Gen. Capacity |      |
|                        |                   |                |               |      |

| Utility               | Plant     | Location  | MW | Туре |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|----|------|
| Potlatch Forests Inc. | Lewinston | Lewinston | 10 | F    |

#### EPA REGION X

# OREGON

|                            |             |             | Gen. Capacity |             |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| Utility                    | Plant       | Location    | MW            | <u>Type</u> |
| Pacific Power & Light Co.  | Lincoln     | Portland    | 35            | F           |
|                            | North Bend  | North Bend  | 15            | F           |
|                            | Astoria     | Astoria     | 8             | F           |
|                            | Springfield | Springfield | 5             | F           |
| Portland Gen. Elec. Co.    | Station L   | Portland    | 75.5          | F           |
| Eugene Water & Elec. Board | Eweb        | Eugene      | 25            | F           |

# WASHINGTON

|                            |                |             | Gen. Capacity |      |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|------|
| Utility                    | Plant          | Location    | MW            | Туре |
| Seattle Dept. of Light.    | Lake Union     | Seattle     | 30            | F    |
|                            | Georgetown     | Seattle     | 22            | F    |
| Tacoma Public Utilities-   |                |             |               |      |
| Light Division             | Steam Plant #1 | Tacoma      | 9             | F    |
|                            | Steam Plant #2 | Tacoma      | 50            | F    |
| Pacific Power & Light Co.  | Centralia      | Centralia   | <b>7</b> 00   | F    |
|                            |                |             | 700*          | F    |
| Public Utility Dist. No.1  |                |             |               |      |
| of Cowlitz County          | Long View      | Lewis River | 26.7          | F    |
| Public Utility Dist. No. 1 |                |             |               |      |
| of Pend Dreille Co.        | Box Canyon     | Lone        | 77.2          | F    |
| Puget Sound Power & Light  | Shuffleton     | Renton      | 87.5          | F    |
|                            |                |             |               |      |
| Washington Public Power    |                |             |               |      |
| Supply System              | Hanford        | Hanford     | 860           | N    |
|                            |                |             | 1135*         | N    |

APPENDIX 2

PLANT CODE NO. 0108

# CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

| <u> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</u> |       |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------|--|
| <br>000                                       | Maria |  |

| <br>TABULATION B | IY : | \$C     |  |
|------------------|------|---------|--|
| <br>DATE :       |      | 4-30-73 |  |
| <br>             |      | 1       |  |

CAPACITY: 898 MW FUEL: Nuclear AGE OF PLANT: Under construction SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

|    |                                    | [                       | A               | в                            | с                         |          | F               | F                | <u> </u>                    |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          | · ·····              |                                               |        |          | <b></b>  |              |          |          |
|----|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|
| 1  |                                    |                         |                 |                              | -                         |          |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    | WAS                   | TE STR                                                                                                          | J<br>EAM           | ĸ        | <u> </u> _           | М                                             | N.     | <u> </u> | Р        | Q            | R        | S        |
|    | PARAMETE                           | R                       |                 | WA                           |                           | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | C                                                                                                               |                    |          |                      |                                               |        | r        | r - 1    |              |          |          |
| ļ  |                                    |                         | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLA   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>ORAINAGE | BOILER                                                                                                          | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER   | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION                              | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR  |              |          |          |
| 1  | FLOW                               | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY |                 |                              | 72                        |          |                 | 2434;            | 2                           | 1                     |                                                                                                                 |                    | -        |                      | DEVICES                                       | DHAINS |          | CONTHOL  |              |          |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE                        | °c                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          | 1                    |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS_CACO              | ٣Ý                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 4  | 800                                | M%                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        | 1        |          |              |          |          |
| 5  | 000                                | MY.                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 6  | TS                                 | "%                      | 57              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 7  | TDS                                | 1                       | 45              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 8  | T55                                | X                       | 12              |                              |                           | ļ        |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               | _      |          |          | ·            |          |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N                       | X                       | <0.1            |                              | L                         | L        |                 | <b>-</b> 0.1     |                             | L                     |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          | <u>-</u> 0.1 |          |          |
| ю  | NITRATE AS N                       | Ľ,                      | 0.09            |                              | ļ                         | ļ        |                 | 0.1              |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          | 0.1          |          |          |
| 11 | AS P                               | X                       | 0.15            |                              | 0.3                       |          | ļ               | 0.2              | ļ                           |                       |                                                                                                                 | ļ                  |          |                      |                                               |        | ļ        | ·        | 0.5          |          |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                          | JTU                     |                 |                              |                           |          | ļ               | L                |                             | <b>_</b>              |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        | ļ        |          |              |          |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM                     | 88                      |                 | ļ                            | ļ                         | ļ        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | ļ                     |                                                                                                                 |                    |          | -                    |                                               |        | ļ        |          |              |          |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,<br>TOTAL HARDNESS | 1                       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | +                |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          | -        |              |          |          |
| 15 | AS CACO                            | <u></u>                 | 18              |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 16 | SULFAIL                            | <u>\</u>                | 5               |                              | 41                        | ļ        |                 | 8                | <u> </u>                    |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          | 49           |          |          |
| 17 | 2000000                            | 1                       |                 |                              | h                         |          |                 | +                | +                           |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 10 |                                    | -<br>-<br>-             |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | 1        |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    | r        | <u> </u>             |                                               |        |          |          |              |          | ļ        |
| 20 | FLUCENDE                           | 4                       | 2               |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 | •                |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 21 | ALUMINUM                           | 14                      |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 22 | BORON                              | 16                      |                 |                              |                           | 0.05     |                 | <u> </u>         |                             | 1                     |                                                                                                                 |                    |          | 1                    |                                               |        |          | <u> </u> | 0.05         |          |          |
| 23 | CHRONIUM                           | 19                      |                 |                              |                           | 0.05     | <del> </del>    | 1                |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 | t                  |          |                      | +                                             |        | 1        |          |              | <u> </u> |          |
| 24 | COPPER                             | 14                      |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        | 1        |          |              |          |          |
| 25 | IRON                               | 14                      | 300             |                              | 0                         |          |                 | 400              |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          | 400          |          |          |
| 26 | LEAD                               | 1%                      |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM                          | 2                       | 1.25            |                              | 1                         |          |                 | 2                |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          | 3            |          |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE                          | 3                       | 110             |                              | 0                         |          |                 | 220              |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          | ļ                    |                                               |        |          |          | 220          |          |          |
| 29 | MERCURY                            | X                       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           | ļ                     | L                                                                                                               | ļ                  |          | ļ                    | <u> </u>                                      |        | ļ        |          |              | <u> </u> | ļ        |
| 30 | NICKEL                             | 1%                      |                 |                              | L                         | ļ        |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      | <u> </u>                                      |        | <u> </u> |          |              |          |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM                           | 12                      |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | ļ        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u>              |                                                                                                                 | <b> </b>           | <u> </u> | <u> </u>             | <u> </u>                                      |        | <u> </u> |          |              | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 32 | VANADRUM                           | 12                      |                 |                              | -                         |          |                 |                  | ļ                           | ļ                     |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
| 33 | ZINC                               | X                       | L               | L                            | ļ                         |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             | <u> </u>              |                                                                                                                 | +                  | ├        |                      |                                               |        |          | + ·      |              |          | ┝───     |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE                       | [Ž                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 | ļ                  |          |                      |                                               |        | +        | <u> </u> |              |          |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS                            | [X                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <b>_</b>         |                             | +                     |                                                                                                                 |                    |          | +                    | <u> </u>                                      |        | +        |          | <u> </u>     | ļ        | <b> </b> |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS                        | X                       |                 | L -                          |                           |          | <b> </b>        |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      | <u> </u>                                      |        |          | <u> </u> |              |          |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES                          | X                       | <b></b>         |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             | ł                     |                                                                                                                 | <u> </u>           |          | +                    | <u> </u>                                      |        | <u> </u> |          | 31           |          | <u> </u> |
| 30 | SODIUM                             | Cres                    | 8               |                              | 18                        | 0.2      |                 | 13               |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 | <u> </u>           |          | 1                    |                                               |        | +        | 1        | <u> </u>     |          | 1        |
| 39 | TREQUENCY                          | 1 AR                    |                 |                              | ļ                         | +        |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                                                                                                                 |                    |          | +                    | <u>                                      </u> |        | <u> </u> |          |              |          | <u> </u> |
|    |                                    |                         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          | ——           |          |          |
|    |                                    |                         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ·                |                             |                       |                                                                                                                 |                    |          |                      |                                               |        |          |          |              |          |          |
|    |                                    | - 1                     |                 |                              | 1                         | 1        | 1               |                  |                             | 1                     | Long to the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s |                    | _        |                      | _                                             | _      |          |          |              |          |          |

| REMARKS                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Data Source: Final Environmental Statement,<br>United States Atomic Energy Commission<br>Dated, June 1972 |
| N: Estimated maximum concentrations of chemicals                                                          |
| in cooling water discharge to the                                                                         |
| D: From steam generator blowdown                                                                          |
| C: Demineralization regeneration waste                                                                    |

PLANT CODE NO. 0107

# <u>PLANT DATA SHEET</u>

 CAPACITY:
 568
 MW
 (5741
 MW
 Hr/day
 )
 TABULATION
 BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Coal
 DATE:
 4-19-73
 DATE:
 4-19-73

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO.
 1
 OF\_\_2

|    |                 | ſ                | A               | в                            | С                         | D      | Е               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | j                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | М                         | 0                  | p.                            | Q        | R | S |
|----|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|---|---|
| ſ  |                 |                  |                 |                              | -                         |        |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    | ·                    |                             |                           |                    |                               | <u> </u> |   |   |
|    |                 |                  |                 | WAT                          | ER                        | BL     | OWDOW           | 'N               |                             |                       | c               |                    | 3                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
|    | PARAMETE        | ĸ                | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |          |   |   |
| 1  | FLOW            | M <sup>3</sup> / | 2726            |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 2726                 |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |          |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE     | °c               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | _                  |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY      | ₩6/              | 21              |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 4  | BOD             | MG               | ~               |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 5  | COD             | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 2                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 6  | TS              | MG               | 91              |                              |                           |        |                 |                  | -                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 93                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 7  | TDS             | MG               | 78              |                              |                           |        |                 |                  | · · · ·                     |                       |                 |                    |                    | 83                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 8  | T55             | MG               | 13              |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 10                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N    | ΜĊ               | 0.33            |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.06                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N    | MG               | 0.08            |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.08                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| Ш  | PHOSPHORUS      | MG               | 0.29            |                              | 1                         |        |                 | ·                |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY       | JTU              |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM  | NQ/              |                 |                              | 1                         |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO | MG/              |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS  | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE         | MG               | 0               |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 17 | SULFITE         | MG               |                 |                              | 1                         |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE         | MG               | _               |                              | _                         | !      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE        | MG               | 7               |                              | 1                         |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 12                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE        | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM        | #%               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 22 | BORON           | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        | !               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM        | #6/              | <b>〈</b> 40     |                              |                           |        | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <b>〈</b> 40          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 24 | COPPER          | <u>"</u> {       | <b>4</b> 40     |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <b>〈</b> 40          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 25 | IRON            | <u>~~</u> /      | 180             |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 2100                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 26 | LEAD            | #%               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | _                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM       | ₩Ç               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE       | #G<br>X          |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY         | μG<br>∕L         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 30 | NICKEL          | <sup>₽</sup> G   |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM        | #6/              |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM        | "之               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC            | <u>"%</u>        | <b>4</b> 10     |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 30                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE    | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS         | 12               | 11              |                              |                           |        | <u> </u>        | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 24                   | _                           |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS     | ₩ζ               |                 | ļ                            |                           | L      | ļ               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES       | ₩ <u>\</u>       | L               |                              | ļ                         | ļ      | ļ               | L                | ļ                           | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM          | MU/              |                 | L                            | Ļ                         |        |                 |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY       | AYR              | L               |                              | ļ                         |        |                 | L                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
|    | Į               |                  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | .                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      |          |   |   |
|    | 1               |                  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |   |
|    | 1               |                  | L               | 1                            | 1                         | 1      | ł.              | 1                | F I                         | 1                     |                 |                    | 1                  | 1                    | 1                           |                           | 1                  | 1                             |          |   |   |

|              |                                             | R | Е | М | A  | R | к | s | S |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|
| Data Source: | Corps of Engineers discharge<br>application |   |   |   | -  | _ |   |   |   |
|              | dated June 29, 1971.                        |   |   |   | 1- |   |   |   |   |
|              |                                             |   |   |   | +  |   |   |   |   |
|              |                                             |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |   |
|              |                                             |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |   |
|              |                                             |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |   |
|              |                                             |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |   |
|              |                                             |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |   |

# PLANT CODE NO. 0107

# CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

.

CAPACITY: <u>568 MW -5741MW Hr./Day</u> TABULATION BY: \_\_\_\_\_\_SC FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_Coal \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_\_5-2-73

 FUEL:
 Coal
 DATE:
 5-2

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO. 2 OF 2

|     |                       | _          | Α               | В                           | С                         | D        | E                                             | F                | G                           | н                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | I               | J                                             | к                  | L                    | M                | N      | 0                                            | Р                  | 0        | R        | S        |
|-----|-----------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|
|     |                       |            |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             | WAS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | TE STR          | EAM                                           |                    | • <u> </u>           |                  |        |                                              | <u> </u>           |          |          |          |
|     | PARAMETE              | R          |                 |                             | MENT                      | BL       | OWDOW                                         | /N               |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | C               |                                               | 3                  | <u> </u>             |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
|     |                       |            | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ion<br>Exchange<br>Wastes | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR                               | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER                            | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY                                     | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |          |          |          |
| Ι   | FLOW                  | M /<br>DAY |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  | (G1)                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    | 2726                 | UEVICES          |        | <u></u>                                      |                    |          |          |          |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE           | °c         |                 | _                           |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 | -                                             |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | X          | 16              |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  | 14.5                        | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                 |                                               |                    | 0                    |                  |        |                                              |                    | 1.0      | 0        |          |
| 4   | 900                   | Ľ          |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 5   | 000                   | X          |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 6   | TS                    | X          | 105             |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  | 93                          | 45000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                 |                                               |                    | 287                  |                  |        |                                              |                    | 4200     | 58700    |          |
| 7   | TDS                   | 7          | 82              |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  | 73                          | 44050                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                 |                                               |                    | 275                  |                  |        |                                              |                    | 90       | 460      |          |
| 8   | 755                   | 7          | 23              |                             | L                         | ļ        |                                               | L                | 20                          | 950                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                 |                                               | _                  | 12                   |                  |        |                                              |                    | 4110     | 58290    |          |
| 9   | AND COMPANY AS N      | 7          |                 | <br>                        |                           | L        | <u> </u>                                      | ļ                |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 10  | NUTRATE AS N          | []         |                 | ļ                           |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 11  | AS P                  | X          |                 | ļ                           |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 12  | TURBIDITY             | JIU<br>MQ/ |                 | <u> </u>                    |                           | <u> </u> | <u> </u>                                      | <u>.</u>         |                             | <u> </u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                 |                                               |                    | ļ                    |                  |        |                                              | Ļ                  |          |          |          |
| 13  | ACTION ACTION         | COM<br>ML/ | <u> </u>        | 1                           | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u> |                                               | <u> </u>         |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 | ļ                                             |                    | -                    |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
|     | TOTAL HARDNESS        | 1          | 2.5             |                             | <u> </u>                  |          |                                               |                  | 3.1                         | 27810                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                 |                                               |                    | 56                   |                  |        |                                              | <u> </u>           | 5        | 139      |          |
|     | AS CACO               | - / -      | 16.1            |                             | <u> </u>                  |          | <u> </u>                                      |                  | 10.7                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        | <u> </u>                                     |                    |          |          |          |
| 17  | SULTRIE               | 2          | 10.1            |                             |                           | <u> </u> |                                               |                  | 18.3                        | 21920                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                 |                                               |                    | 146                  |                  |        |                                              |                    | 32.9     | 225      |          |
| 10  | 8904105               | 2          | _               |                             |                           |          | <u> </u>                                      |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              | <del> </del>       |          |          |          |
| 19  | CHLORIDE              | MGy        |                 |                             | <u> </u>                  | 1        | <u> </u>                                      |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    | <u>+</u>             |                  |        | i —                                          |                    |          |          |          |
| 20  | FLUORIDE              | 14         |                 |                             |                           |          | <u> </u>                                      |                  |                             | <u> </u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                 |                                               |                    | +                    | i                |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 21  | ALUMINUM              | -4         | 650             |                             | · ·                       |          |                                               | +                | 750                         | (H21)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                 |                                               |                    | 5950                 |                  |        | -                                            |                    | 56000    | (821)    |          |
| 22  | BORON                 | 46         | 0.50            | 1                           |                           |          |                                               | <u> </u>         | / 30                        | (                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                 |                                               | -                  | 5550                 |                  |        |                                              |                    |          | (        |          |
| 23  | CHROMIUM              | 14         | 40              |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  | 40                          | 300                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                 |                                               |                    | 40                   |                  |        |                                              |                    | 10       | 1300     |          |
| 24  | COPPER                | 14         | 40              |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  | 40                          | 3400                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                 |                                               |                    | 100                  | 1                |        |                                              |                    | 30       | 5100     |          |
| 25  | IRON                  | 14         | 450             |                             | 1                         | 1        |                                               |                  | 850                         | (H25)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                 |                                               |                    | 600                  |                  |        |                                              |                    | (Q25)    | (R25)    |          |
| 26  | LEAD                  | 12         |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM             | 2          |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | _               |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 28  | MANGANESE             | 18         |                 |                             |                           | L        |                                               | <u> </u>         | <br>                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 | ļ                                             | ļ                  |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 29  | MERCURY               | <b>"</b> ′ | 40              |                             |                           | L        |                                               | <u> </u>         | 40                          | 40                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                 |                                               | <u> </u>           | 40                   |                  | ⊨—     | ļ                                            |                    | 10       | 100      |          |
| 30  | NICKEL                | X          |                 | ļ                           | <b> </b>                  |          | ļ                                             | ļ                |                             | <b> </b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                 |                                               |                    | <b> </b>             | <b>İ</b>         |        | ł                                            |                    |          |          |          |
| 31  | SELENIUM              | X          |                 | ļ                           | <b> </b>                  | <b> </b> | <b>└</b> ───                                  | <u> </u>         |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    | <u> </u>             |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
| 32  | VANADIUM              | 17         |                 | <u> </u>                    | <b> </b>                  |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    | 1.00                 | <u> </u>         | ┣      | +                                            |                    | 1.       |          |          |
| 33  | ZINC                  | X          | 50              | ļ                           |                           |          | ļ                                             |                  | 55_                         | 23000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                 |                                               |                    | 100                  |                  |        | <u> </u>                                     |                    | 10       | 2750     | -        |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE          | [Ž         |                 |                             |                           | <u> </u> |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>             | <u> </u>         |        |                                              | <u> </u>           |          |          |          |
| 35  | PHENOLS               | X          |                 |                             |                           | <b> </b> |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | -               |                                               | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>             |                  | ├──    | <u> `</u>                                    |                    |          | <u>}</u> |          |
| 36  | SURFACTANTS           | X<br>MG,   |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             | +                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                 | +                                             |                    | +                    |                  |        | <u> </u>                                     |                    |          |          |          |
| 13/ | ALGICIDES             | X<br>MC/   |                 | <u>}</u>                    |                           | <u> </u> | ┢                                             |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 | <u>                                      </u> |                    | <del> </del>         |                  |        | <u>†                                    </u> |                    | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 30  | EDEOLIENCY            | 4          |                 |                             |                           |          | <u>                                      </u> |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               | <u> </u>           | <u>+</u>             |                  |        |                                              | +                  |          | ·        |          |
| 29  |                       | 1/18       |                 |                             | ļ                         | <u>↓</u> |                                               | <u> </u>         |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               | <u>†</u>           | 1                    | <u> </u>         |        |                                              | 1                  |          |          |          |
|     |                       |            |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              | 1                  | —        |          |          |
|     |                       |            |                 |                             |                           |          |                                               |                  |                             | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                      |                  |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |
|     | 1                     |            | 1               | 1                           | 1                         | 1        | 1                                             |                  | Law and the second          | damage and the second s |                 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·         |                    |                      | _                |        |                                              |                    |          |          |          |

| REM                                            | A R K S |
|------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: Chemical Analysis of the Samples  |         |
| Collected during Burns & Roe visit             |         |
|                                                |         |
| Q: Ash Pond Bottom Ash In                      |         |
| R: Ash Pond Fly Ash In                         |         |
|                                                |         |
| $(31: 1.55(10^6))$ R21: 1.1 (10 <sup>6</sup> ) |         |
| $H21: B25,000$ $B25: 2.5 (10^6)$               |         |
| $H25: 93 (10^6)$                               |         |
| 925: 112.000                                   |         |

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| PLANT | DATA | SHEET |
|-------|------|-------|
|-------|------|-------|

CAPACITY: 1300 MW

FUEL: Coal

PLANT CODE NO. 0111

#### <u>LS</u> 4-18-73 TABULATION BY : \_\_\_ DATE : \_\_\_\_ AGE OF PLANT: <u>Units 1-4, 1955</u> Unit 5, 1965 SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

|     |                 | ſ                   |                 |                              | -                         |          | _               | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------|----------|
|     |                 |                     | A               | Β                            | C                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     |                 | J                  | K                  | L                    | м                           | N                         | 0                  | P                             | Q | R        | 5        |
|     |                 |                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
|     |                 | 'n                  | Í               | WA<br>TREAT                  | TER<br>MENT               | BI       | OWDOW           | /N               | 1                           |                       | С               | LFANIN             | 5                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
|     | FARAMETE        |                     | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |          |          |
| 1   | FLOW            | M³/                 | · · · · ·       |                              |                           |          |                 | [                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 27702                |                             | <u> </u>                  | <u>.</u>           |                               |   |          |          |
| 2   |                 | PC DAY              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 41104                |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 2   | ALKALINITY      | MG/                 | 40              |                              |                           |          |                 | <u>├</u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 275 1                |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 3   | AS CACO         | ∕L<br>MG∕           | 49              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    | 215.4                |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 4   | BOD             | /L<br>MG/           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 5   | COD             | 1                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | ┟───┤    |          |
| 6   | TS              | 1                   | 146.5           | ·                            |                           |          | ļ               | 1                | l                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 442                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 7   | TDS             | 7                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 418                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 8   | TSS             | MY                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 24                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | $\vdash$ |          |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N    | MY                  | _               |                              | L                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | $\vdash$ |          |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N    | 2                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ·                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| н   | PHOSPHORUS      | МÇ                  |                 |                              | L                         | L        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 12  | TURBIDITY       | JTU                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | < 25                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM  | NQ/                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 4   | ACIDITY AS CACO | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS  | MG                  | 76              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 359                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 16  | SULFATE         | MG                  | 12              |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | 105                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 17  | SULFITE         | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | [        |          |
| 18  | BROMIDE         | MG                  |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 19  | CHLORIDE        | MG                  | 17              |                              | 1                         | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 14.5                 |                             |                           |                    |                               | _ |          |          |
| 20  | FLUORIDE        | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 21  | ALUMINUM        | 46                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 22  | BORON           | MG                  |                 |                              | +                         | +        | 1               | +                | +                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 23  | CHROMIUM        | "FG/                |                 |                              |                           | <u>.</u> |                 | +                | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 24  | COPPER          | 146/                | <b>-</b>        |                              |                           | +        |                 | +                | +                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          | -        |
| 25  | IRON            | ;/L<br>///          | 150             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | -                     |                 |                    |                    | 500                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | ├        |          |
| 26  |                 | - <u>`</u> L<br>#67 | 1.30            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | -               |                    |                    | 390                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 27  |                 | ΥL<br>MG,           | 4 1             |                              |                           | +        |                 |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    | 0.3                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 28  | MANCANESE       | 1 L<br>4 Gy         | 4.1             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 15                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 20  |                 | 1<br>46,            |                 |                              |                           |          | +               | +                | +                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 17                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 30  | NICKEL          | /L<br>#G/           |                 |                              |                           |          | 1               |                  | +                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | ļ                           |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 21  | CET ENIL 144    | 1-6,                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |          |          |
| 20  |                 | 46/                 |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | +        |                 | +                | +                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | ├───┤    | <u> </u> |
| 22  | ZILIC           | 1/L                 | <b> </b>        |                              |                           |          | i               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 33  |                 | ΛL<br>MG,           | ļ               |                              | -                         |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 134 | UIL & GHEASE    | 1                   |                 |                              | +                         |          |                 |                  | ł                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 30  | PHENULS         | KG.                 |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | +        |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | <u>↓</u>                    | ļ                         |                    |                               |   | ┝──┤     |          |
| 36  | SURFACTANTS     | X<br>MG,            | ┨               |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 | +                | <u>↓</u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 31  | ALGICIDES       | MG,                 |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | +                | +                           |                       |                 | <b></b>            |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 38  | 50010M          | 1<br>Cres           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     | ļ               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
| 39  | FREQUENCY       | ∕Y₽                 |                 | L                            | L                         |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | -                     | 1               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | ļ        |          |
|     |                 |                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | l               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
|     |                 |                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |          |          |
|     | 1               |                     |                 |                              | 1                         | 1        | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | 1                    | 1                           |                           | 1                  |                               |   | 1        |          |

| REMA                                          | RKS                  |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Data Source: Report on "Review of Wastewater  | Furnace Type         | Pulverized |
| Control System"                               | _Number of Units     | 5          |
|                                               | Coal Consumption/Day | 12,000 Tn. |
| L: Fly ash is collected from stack gases with | Bottom ashes %       | 25%        |
| mechanical or electrostatic precipitators.    | Coal ashes %         | 13.5%      |
| Fly ash and ash from the furnaces are sluiced |                      |            |
| into a 45 acre settling pond. The ash         |                      |            |
| settles out in the pond and the sluice water  |                      |            |
| returns to the Tennessee River. Also in-      |                      | 1          |
| cluded in the sluice water is coal dust,      |                      |            |
| pyrites reject.                               |                      |            |

|         |                       |            |          |             |                 |          |          | <u>C</u> - | EMICAL   | WAS       | E CH         | ARACI                                         | ERIZA        | TION     |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
|---------|-----------------------|------------|----------|-------------|-----------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|----------|----------------------|-----------------|----------|--------------------|------|---|---|
|         |                       |            |          |             |                 |          |          |            | E        | LANT      | DATA         | SHEET                                         |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
|         | PLANT                 | COL        | DE NO    | • <u>01</u> | 12              |          |          | (          |          | Y: 197    | 78 MW        |                                               |              |          | TARUI AT             | ION BY          | :        | $\mathbf{LS}$      |      |   |   |
|         |                       |            |          |             |                 |          |          | F          | FUEL:    | Coa       | 1            |                                               | _            |          | DATE : _             |                 |          | 4-18               | 3-73 |   |   |
|         |                       |            |          |             |                 |          |          | ป          | ₩£±0₽    | ,P1995    | Unit         | s 1-3<br>s 5-6                                | <u>, 185</u> | 2        | SHEET                | NO. 1           | OF       | 1                  |      |   |   |
|         |                       | ,          |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           | Unit<br>Unit | 8;                                            | 1961-        | -        |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
|         |                       |            | A        | 8           | C               | D        | E        | F          | G        | н         | I            | Ĵ                                             | к            | L        | м                    | М               | 0        | P                  | 0    | R | s |
|         |                       |            |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          | WAS       | TE STR       | EAM                                           |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
|         | PARAMETE              | R          |          | TREAT       | TER<br>MENT     | B        | LOWDOV   | VN         |          |           | C            |                                               | G            | <u> </u> |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
|         |                       |            | INTAKE   | CLARIFI-    | ION<br>EXCHANCE |          | EVAPO-   | COOLING    | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER       | AIR PRF-                                      | BOILER       | ASH ROND | AIR                  | YARD &          | SANITARY | NUCLEAR            |      |   |   |
|         |                       | 1          | WATER    | WASTES      | WASTES          |          | RATOR    | TOWER      | WATER    | ORAINAGE  | TUBES        | HEATER                                        | FIRESIDE     | OVERFLOW | POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | FLOOR<br>DRAINS | WASTES   | REACTOR<br>CONTROL | (    |   |   |
| 1       | FLOW                  | DAY        |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              | 78168    |                      | <u></u>         |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 2       | TEMPERATURE           | °c         |          |             | ļ               |          | L        | ļ          |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 3       | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | X          |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              | 73.6     |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 4       | BOD                   | 1          |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 5       | 000                   | μζ         |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 6       | TS                    | ₩Ç∕<br>Ĺ   |          | i<br>•      |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              | 246      |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 7       | TOS                   | MY         |          |             |                 | 1        | T<br>1   |            |          |           |              |                                               |              | 210      |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 8       | TSS                   | MY         |          |             |                 | +        |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              | 36       |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 9       | AMMONIA AS N          | <b>۳</b> ۲ |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 10      | NITRATE AS N          | 4          |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 | -        |                    |      |   |   |
| н       | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P    | 1/2        |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 12      | TURBIDITY             | JTU        |          |             |                 |          |          | 1          |          |           |              | -                                             |              | <25      |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 13      | FECAL COLIFORN        | 8€         |          |             |                 | 1        | 1        | 1          |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 | -        |                    |      |   |   |
| 14      | ACIDITY AS CACO       | 14         |          |             |                 | 1        | 1        |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 | -        |                    |      |   | 1 |
| 15      | TOTAL HARDNESS        | S MG       |          |             |                 | 1        | †        | 1          |          |           |              |                                               |              | 143.2    |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 16      | SULFATE               | 14         |          |             |                 | •        |          | +          |          |           |              |                                               |              | 84.4     |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   | - |
| 17      | SULFITE               | MC/        |          | 1           |                 | ;        | •···-    | 1          |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 18      | BROMIDE               | My         |          | 1           |                 | +        | !        | 1          |          |           |              | 1                                             | [            |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   | - |
| 19      | CHLORIDE              | MG         |          |             |                 | 1        | 1        |            |          |           |              |                                               |              | 1        |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 20      | FLUORIDE              | -4         | 1        | 1           |                 | 1        | 1        | 1          | 1-       |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      | 1 |   |
| 21      | ALUMINUM              | 14         | l        | 1           | 1               |          | 1<br>;   | 1          |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      | 1 |   |
| 22      | BORON                 | 24         |          |             | ,               | +        | +        | 1          | 1        |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 23      | CHROMIUM              | -6         |          |             | 1               |          |          | +          |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 24      | COPPER                | "          | t i      | !           | +               | 1        |          |            |          | 1         |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 25      | IRON                  | -5/        | <b></b>  | •           | • <u> </u>      | t        |          | 1          | [        |           |              | 1                                             |              | 350      |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 26      | LEAD                  | 14         | 1        | +           | <u> </u>        | +        | ,        |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 27      | WAGNESIUM             | MG         |          | +           | +               | 1        | 1        |            |          |           |              |                                               |              | 3.25     |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 28      | MANGANESE             | 14         | t        |             |                 | 1        | 1        | 1          | <u> </u> |           |              |                                               |              | 70       |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 29      | MERCURY               | "5         | 1        | <u> </u>    | 1               | 1        | • •••    |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 30      | NICKEL                | "5/        |          | <u>†</u>    | ¥               | +<br>,   | -        | 1          | 1-       | 1         |              |                                               |              |          | 1                    |                 | 1        |                    |      |   |   |
| 31      | SELENIUM              | 1 <u>L</u> |          | +           |                 | 1        |          |            | 1        | 1         |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 32      | VANADIUM              | 10         | t        | <u> </u>    |                 | 1        |          |            | +        |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 33      | ZINC                  | 19         |          | <u>+</u>    | t               |          | ,        |            | 1        |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 34      | OIL & GREASE          | MG         |          |             |                 | <u> </u> |          |            | 1        | 1         |              |                                               |              | 1        |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 135     | PHENOLS               | 1-6/       |          | +           |                 | <u> </u> | 1        | <u> </u>   | †        |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 34      | SURFACTANTS           | MG         | 1        | +           |                 | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u>   |          | 1         |              |                                               |              | -        |                      |                 | -        |                    |      |   |   |
| 37      | ALGICIDES             | MC         |          | <u> </u>    | +               | <u> </u> | +        | +          | 1        | <u> </u>  |              |                                               |              | 1        |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 30      | SODIUM                | MG/        | 1        | <u> </u>    | +               |          |          | <u> </u>   | †        | 1         |              | <u>                                      </u> | 1            | 1        |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| 39      | FREQUENCY             | CYC'S      |          | +           | <u> </u>        | +        | <u> </u> |            | †        | 1         |              |                                               | <u> </u>     | 1        | 1                    |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |
| <u></u> |                       | I/YR       | <b> </b> | ÷           |                 | +        |          |            | †        | 1         |              | <u>├</u> ──                                   | ·            | 1        |                      | l .             |          |                    |      |   |   |
|         |                       |            |          |             |                 |          |          |            |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 | 1        |                    |      |   |   |
|         |                       |            | I        |             |                 |          | ·        | ·          |          |           |              |                                               |              |          |                      |                 |          |                    |      |   |   |

| R F M /                                                                                                                                                                                     | ARKS                                                    |                               |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Data Source: Report on "Review of Wastewater<br>Control Systems"                                                                                                                            | Furnace Type<br>Number of Units<br>Coal Consumption/Day | Pulverized<br>8<br>17,900 Tn. |
| L: Fly ash is collected from stack gases of Units<br>1-6 with Cyclone ash collectors. Unit 7 & 8<br>are equipped with electrostatic precipitators.                                          | Bottom ashes %<br>Coal ashes %                          | 25%<br>17%                    |
| Fly ash and ash from the furnaces are slutted<br>into a 65 acre settling pond. The ash settles<br>out in the pond and sluice water returns to<br>the Tennessee River via Widows Creek. Also |                                                         |                               |

pyrite rejects and (infrequently) boiler cle A2-5

\_\_\_

PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO, 0413

CAPACITY: 2310 MW FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ AGE OF PLANT:

TABULATION BY : \_\_\_\_ SC 5-2-73 \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1\_\_\_ OF\_\_1\_\_\_

|    |                  | ſ                  | Α      | В                  | C               | D                                            | E            | F        | G                  | н         | Ι       | ſ        | к        | L        | м                 | ы        | 0        | Р.      | Q | R        | 5        |
|----|------------------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|-------------------|----------|----------|---------|---|----------|----------|
| [  |                  |                    |        | _                  |                 |                                              |              |          |                    | WAS       | TE STR  | EAM      |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          | <b></b>  |
|    | PARAMETE         | R                  |        | TREAT              | ER<br>MENT      | BI                                           | LOWDOW       | /Ň       |                    |           | С       | LFAMIN   | 3        |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
|    | .,               |                    | INTAKE | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILLA                                       | EVAPO-       | COOLING  | CONDENS<br>COOLING | COAL PILE | BOILER  | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLILUTION | YARD &   | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |   |          |          |
|    |                  | 132                | WATER  | WASTES             | WASTES          |                                              | RATOR        | TOWER    | WATER              | DRAINAGE  | TUBES   | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES           | DRAINS   | WASTES   | CONTROL |   |          |          |
|    | FLOW             | DAY                |        |                    |                 |                                              |              | 5113     |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          | ·        |         |   |          |          |
| 2  |                  | -c<br>MG∠          |        |                    |                 |                                              |              |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 3  | AS CACO          | ΎL<br>MG           |        |                    |                 |                                              | ├            |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 4  | BOD              | ∕L<br>MG∕          |        |                    |                 |                                              |              | <u> </u> |                    |           |         |          | <u> </u> |          |                   |          |          |         |   | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
|    | 76               | <u>√</u><br>MG∕    |        |                    |                 | ·                                            | <u> </u>     |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   | <u> </u> |          |
|    | 13               | <u>^</u> 1<br>₩6⁄  |        |                    |                 |                                              | <u> </u>     |          |                    |           |         |          |          | · · · ·  |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 8  | 755              | ∕L<br>MG∕          |        |                    |                 |                                              |              |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   | <u> </u> |          |         |   |          |          |
| 0  |                  | <u> ~</u> ∟<br>MG∕ |        |                    |                 |                                              | <del> </del> |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N     | r∟<br>MG∕          |        |                    |                 |                                              | <u> </u>     |          |                    |           |         |          |          | ļ —      |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
|    | PHOSPHORUS       | MG                 |        |                    |                 |                                              |              | <u> </u> |                    | <b> -</b> | · · · · |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          | <u> </u> |
| 12 | AS P             | JTU                |        |                    |                 |                                              |              |          |                    | <u> </u>  |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM   | NQ/                |        |                    |                 | <u> </u>                                     | +            |          | 1                  |           |         |          |          | <u> </u> |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO, | MG                 |        |                    |                 | <u>†                                    </u> |              |          |                    | <u> </u>  |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS   | MG                 |        | <u> </u>           |                 | t                                            | +            | 2580     | -                  | 1         |         |          |          | <b> </b> |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 16 | SULFATE          | 49                 |        |                    |                 | <u>†</u>                                     | <u> </u>     | 5821     |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 17 | SULFITE          | мç                 |        |                    |                 | 1                                            |              |          |                    |           |         |          |          | <u> </u> |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE          | ₩C <sub>2</sub>    |        |                    |                 | 1                                            |              |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE         | MG/                |        |                    |                 |                                              |              | 1221     |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE         | мY                 |        |                    |                 |                                              |              |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 21 | ALUMINUM         | *%                 |        |                    |                 |                                              | ļ            | L        |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 22 | BORON            | ₩G/                |        |                    |                 | ļ                                            | <br>         |          |                    | ļ         |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM         | 1/                 |        |                    |                 | ļ                                            | )<br>+       | ļ        | ļ                  |           |         |          |          |          | -                 |          |          |         |   |          | Ļ        |
| 24 | COPPER           | X                  |        |                    |                 | ļ                                            | ļ            |          | L                  | -         |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   | <b> </b> |          |
| 25 | IRON             | <u>~</u>           |        |                    |                 | ļ                                            | <u> </u>     | <u> </u> |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          | ļ        |
| 26 | LEAD             | 7                  |        |                    |                 | ÷                                            | <u> </u>     |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   | <u> </u> |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM        | 1                  |        | <u> </u>           |                 | <u> </u>                                     |              | 1580     |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE        | -Ζ<br>μG,          |        |                    |                 |                                              | ───          | +        | į                  |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          | i i     |   |          |          |
| 29 | MERLURY          | 16,                |        |                    |                 | +                                            | +            | +        |                    |           |         |          |          | -        |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 30 |                  | 46/                |        |                    | ──              |                                              | <u> </u>     |          | <u> </u>           |           |         |          |          |          |                   | ·        | ÷        |         |   | <b> </b> |          |
| 32 |                  | 1 <u>-</u><br>46/  |        |                    |                 |                                              | <u> </u>     |          | +                  |           |         |          |          | <u>+</u> |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 33 | ZINC             | 1 <u>-</u>         |        | <u> </u>           | <u>+</u>        | +                                            | +            | <u> </u> |                    |           |         |          |          | <u>+</u> |                   |          | •        |         |   |          |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE     | MG,                |        |                    | ł               | +                                            | +            |          |                    |           |         |          |          | <u> </u> |                   |          |          |         |   | <b> </b> |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS          | - <u>-</u>         |        |                    | +               |                                              |              | +        | +                  | <u> </u>  |         |          |          |          |                   |          | <u> </u> |         |   |          |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS      | MG                 |        | <u> </u>           | 1               | +                                            | 1            | 1        |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES        | MG                 |        |                    | <u>+</u>        | +                                            | +            |          |                    |           |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 38 | SODIUM           | MG                 |        | 1                  | <u>+</u>        | <u>†                                    </u> | <u> </u>     | 2409     | <u> </u>           |           |         |          |          | -        |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY        | CYCS<br>/YR        |        | <u> </u>           | <u>†</u>        | +                                            | +            |          | 1                  | 1         | 1       | <u> </u> |          | t        |                   | -        |          |         |   |          |          |
| L  |                  | <u> </u>           |        |                    | +               | 1                                            | 1            | 1        | 1                  | 1         |         |          |          |          |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
|    |                  |                    |        |                    |                 |                                              |              |          |                    |           | ——      |          |          | -        |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |
|    | 1                |                    |        | I——                |                 | 1                                            | ·            | 1        | I                  | I         | I ——    |          |          | I        |                   |          |          |         |   |          |          |

| REM                                          | A R K S |
|----------------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: Draft Southwest Energy Study,   |         |
| Water Pollution aspects, Office of           |         |
| Water Programs, Office of Research           |         |
| and Monitoring, EPA                          |         |
| F: Raw makeup water will be pumped           |         |
| to introduction to the plant cooling system. |         |
|                                              |         |
|                                              |         |
|                                              |         |

PLANT CODE NO. 0506

# CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

# PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: Unit 2: 902 MW

TABULATION BY: \_\_\_\_\_SC

.

FUEL: <u>Nuclear</u> AGE OF PLANT: Under constructionSHEET NO. 1 OF 1

DATE : \_\_\_\_ 4-30-73

| _  |                  |             | A               | 8                            | C                                             | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  |                      | м                | Ы      | 0                  |                    | 0           | ъ          | <u>د</u> |
|----|------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| ſ  |                  |             |                 |                              |                                               |          | _               |                  | _                           | WAS                   | TE STR          | AM                 | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>             | 141              | 14     |                    |                    | <u> </u>    |            | 3        |
|    | PARAMETE         | R           |                 |                              | ER<br>MENT                                    | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | C               | FANN               |                    |                      |                  |        | ·                  |                    |             |            |          |
|    |                  |             | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANCE<br>WASTES                     | BOILLR   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |             |            |          |
| ī  | FLOW             |             |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | - 2                |                      | DEVICES          | DRAINS |                    | CONTROL            |             |            |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE      | °c          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            | ••••     |
| 3  | ALKALINITY       | *%          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 4  | BOD              | нý          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | ·                |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 5  | (00              | ۳¢          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 6  | TS               | mig-        |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             | -          |          |
| 7  | T05              | мġ          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             | -          |          |
| 8  | TSS              | MG          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N     | **          |                 |                              | _                                             |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             | -                     | -               |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    | 165         |            |          |
| ю  | NITRATE AS N     | Mý.         |                 |                              | <u> </u>                                      |          | <u> </u>        | 711              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    | 102         |            |          |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS       | 4           |                 |                              | <u>                                      </u> | <u> </u> |                 | -/11             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             | - 4        |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY        | 110         |                 | <u></u>                      |                                               |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             | t                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    | · · ·              |             |            |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM   | NQ/         |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             | -                     |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO, | 5           |                 | <u>}</u>                     |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             | <u>†</u>              |                 |                    |                    | i                    |                  |        |                    |                    |             | ·          |          |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS   | ₩9          |                 | <u>+</u>                     | ł                                             |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 16 | SULFATE          | HG.         |                 | <u> </u>                     | 277                                           |          | <u> </u>        | 20650            |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    | <b>E</b> 12 | 1          |          |
| 17 | SULFITE          | MC/         |                 | <u> </u>                     | 341                                           |          |                 | 20650            |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    | 34          | 0 7        |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE          | NG          |                 | 1                            |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             | <u>.</u> , |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE         | MG          |                 | <u>†</u> · · · ·             | 11                                            | f        |                 | 1629/            | 900                         |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             | -          |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE         | -cy         |                 | 1                            |                                               |          |                 | 33               | 500                         | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        | · · ·              |                    |             |            |          |
| 21 | ALUMINUM         | -9          |                 | <u> </u>                     | t                                             |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 22 | BORON            | 5           |                 | -                            | <u> </u>                                      |          |                 |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 23 | CHRONIUM         | -6/         |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 24 | COPPER           | HG/         |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 | -                |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    | 15 2        |            | -        |
| 25 | IRON             | -5/         |                 |                              | 0 09                                          |          |                 | 63               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    | -12-2       |            |          |
| 26 | LEAD             | "5          |                 |                              | 0.02                                          |          |                 |                  |                             | · · · ·               | -               |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 27 | RAGNESIUM        | HS-         |                 |                              | 2.0                                           |          |                 | 1158             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    | -           |            |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE        | 19          |                 |                              | c0.06                                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    | <                  | :0.03       |            |          |
| 29 | MERCURY          | #G<br>/1    |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 30 | NICKEL           | #6          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 31 | SELENKUM         | #6/         |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 | [                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 32 | VANADIUM         | 10/         |                 | 1                            |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 33 | ZINC             | 1/2         |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE     | MG          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS          | 15          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS      | MG/         |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES        | ₩Ÿ          |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | L                    |                  |        | ļ                  |                    |             |            |          |
| 38 | SODIUM           | MG/         |                 |                              | 156                                           |          |                 | 11578            |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    | ļ                  | 72          | 6          |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY        | CYCS<br>/YR |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                  |        | ļ                  | L                  |             |            |          |
|    |                  |             |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    | <u> </u>           |             |            |          |
|    |                  |             |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |             |            |          |
|    |                  |             |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    | L                  |             |            |          |

| R                                          | Ε | М | Α  | RK | S |          |   |   |      |            |                                       |
|--------------------------------------------|---|---|----|----|---|----------|---|---|------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Data Source: Final Environmental Statement |   |   |    |    |   |          |   |   | <br> |            |                                       |
| U.S. Atomic Energy Commission              |   |   |    |    |   | <u>.</u> | , |   | <br> |            |                                       |
| Dated, September 1972                      |   |   | +  |    |   |          |   |   | <br> |            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|                                            |   |   |    |    |   |          |   |   | <br> |            |                                       |
| Q: Turbine Condensate Demineralizer        |   |   | +- |    |   |          |   |   | <br> |            |                                       |
| C: Makeup Water Demineralizer              |   |   | 4- |    |   |          |   |   | <br> |            |                                       |
| R: Steam Generator Blowdown                |   |   |    | •  |   |          |   |   | <br> |            |                                       |
|                                            |   |   |    |    |   |          |   |   |      |            |                                       |
| Estimated Discharge Composition            |   |   |    |    |   |          |   | · | <br> | . <u> </u> |                                       |
| (All Data in lbs./day)                     |   |   | ┛  |    |   |          |   |   |      |            | - <u>-</u>                            |

PLANT CODE NO. 0640

#### PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 913 MW FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_Nuclear

| TABULATION BY : | SC      |
|-----------------|---------|
| DATE :          | 4-30-73 |
|                 |         |

AGE OF PLANT: Under Construction SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

|          |                    | ſ                | Δ               | B                           | с                         | D        | F               | F                | G                           | н                     |                 | J                  | к                  |                      | м                           | N                         | 0                  | Р                             |  | R | 5          |
|----------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|------------|
| ſ        |                    | +                |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | FAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   | <u> </u>   |
|          |                    |                  |                 | WAT                         | ER                        | RI       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | C               |                    |                    |                      |                             | -                         |                    |                               |  |   |            |
|          | PARAMETE           | R                | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | Air Pre-<br>Heater | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ash pond<br>Overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | yard &<br>Floor<br>Drains | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |  |   |            |
| 1        | FLOW               | M <sup>3</sup> / | 78480           |                             |                           |          |                 | 4497             |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 2        | TEMPERATURE        | °c               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | -                  |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 3        | ALKALINITY         | MC/              | 25              |                             |                           |          |                 | 27               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 4        | BOD                | MG               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   | <u> </u>   |
| 5        | COD                | MG               |                 | -                           |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 6        | TS                 | MG               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 7        | TDS                | MG               | 58              |                             |                           |          |                 | <b>-</b> 800     |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 8        | T5S                | MG               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 9        | AMMONIA AS N       | MG               | -               |                             |                           |          |                 | 11.6             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 10       | NITRATE AS N       | MG               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 11       | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P | MG               | <1              |                             |                           |          |                 | 2                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 12       | TURBIDITY          | JTU              |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 13       | FECAL COLIFORM     | NQ/              |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 14       | ACIDITY AS CACO    | MG               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 15       | TOTAL HARDNESS     | MG               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 16       | SULFATE            | MG               | 7               |                             |                           |          |                 | 431              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 17       | SULFITE            | MG               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 18       | BROMIDE            | мç               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 19       | CHLORIDE           | MG               | 3               |                             |                           |          |                 | 41               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  | _ |            |
| 20       | FLUORIDE           | мç               | -               |                             |                           |          |                 | 0.3              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 21       |                    | #%               | -               |                             |                           |          |                 | 1 <b>7</b> 00    |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 22       | BORON              | MG/L             | <0.1            |                             |                           |          | <br>            | <1               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 23       | CHROMIUM           | <u>"%</u>        |                 |                             |                           | ļ        | i<br>1          |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 24       | COPPER             | 1%               |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 25       |                    | 2                |                 |                             |                           |          |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 26       | LEAD               | *%               |                 |                             |                           |          | İ               | ļ                | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 27       | MAGNESIUM          | MC<br>L          | 2               |                             |                           |          | <br>            | 28               | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 28       | MANGANESE          | ""               |                 |                             |                           | <u> </u> |                 | ļ                | <u> </u>                    | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 29       | MERCURY            | 1/               |                 |                             | ļ                         |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | -                         |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 30       |                    | X                |                 |                             |                           | <b> </b> |                 |                  |                             | <u>↓</u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 51       | SELÉNIUM           | 1                | <b> </b>        |                             |                           |          |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | -                         |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 32       |                    | 1                |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 35       |                    | X                | 0.02            |                             |                           |          | -               | <b>4</b> 0.3     |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 34<br>75 | OIL & GREASE       | 1                | <u> </u>        |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   | - <u>-</u> |
| 35       | PHENOLS            | <u>/</u><br>мс,  |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 30       |                    | <i>λ</i><br>MG,  |                 |                             |                           | ╂        |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |  |   |            |
| )ر<br>حد | SODIUM             | /L<br>MG/        |                 |                             |                           | <u> </u> | <u> </u>        |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |  |   |            |
| 30       | EDEOLIENCY         | 1/1              | 2               |                             | <u> </u>                  |          |                 | 39               | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
| 72       | I MENUENLI         | AV.              |                 |                             | ļ                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
|          |                    |                  |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | ·                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |
|          |                    |                  |                 |                             |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |  |   |            |

| R                                          | ΕI | M A | RK | S |       |   |      |
|--------------------------------------------|----|-----|----|---|-------|---|------|
| Data Source: Final Environmental Statement |    |     |    |   |       |   |      |
| U.S. Atomic Energy Commission              |    |     |    |   | <br>  |   |      |
| March 1973                                 |    |     |    |   |       |   |      |
|                                            |    |     |    |   | <br>• |   |      |
| Anticipated Discharge Composition          |    |     |    |   |       |   | <br> |
|                                            |    |     |    |   |       |   |      |
|                                            |    |     |    |   |       |   |      |
|                                            |    |     |    |   |       |   | <br> |
|                                            |    |     |    |   | <br>  | · |      |
|                                            |    |     |    |   | <br>1 |   |      |

#### PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 913 MW

PLANT CODE NO. 0640

#### FUEL: <u>Nuclear</u> AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 DATE:
 5-2-73

 SHEET NO,
 2

|     |                        |                  | A               | В                            | c                                             | D        | Ε               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | м        | 0                  | p                  | 0        | R        | 5 |
|-----|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|----------|---|
|     |                        |                  | Ţ               |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             | .,       | <u> </u>           |                    |          | <u> </u> |   |
|     | PARAMETE               | R                |                 |                              | MENT                                          | 8        | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | <br>3              |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
|     |                        |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES                     | BOILER   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | CDAL PILE<br>ORAINAGE | GOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &   | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |          |          |   |
|     | FLOW                   | M"/<br>DAY       |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 | 4906             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | or neto                     |          |                    | Contract           |          |          |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE            | °c               |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACOL | 1                | 21              |                              |                                               |          |                 | 210              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 4   | 900                    | <b>"</b> ℃       | 10              |                              |                                               |          |                 | 0                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | _                           |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 5   | 000                    | **               | 10              |                              |                                               |          |                 | 0                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 6   | TS                     | 1                | 55              |                              | L                                             |          |                 | 750              |                             |                       | •               |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 7   | TDS                    | ۳₹               | 50              |                              | _                                             |          |                 | 700              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 8   | tss                    | ₩ζ               | 5               |                              |                                               | L        | L               | 50               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N           | X                | 0.02            |                              |                                               |          |                 | 0.2              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N           | Ž.               | 0.05            |                              |                                               | ļ        | Ļ               | 0.5              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 1   | AS P                   | X                | 0.06            |                              | <u> </u>                                      | ļ        |                 | 0.6              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 12  | Turbidity              | ມານ              |                 |                              | L                                             |          | L               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM         | 0014             |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO,       | 7                |                 |                              |                                               | ļ        | ļ               |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |          | ļ                  |                    |          |          |   |
| 15  | AS CACO,               | X                | 31              |                              | ļ                                             |          | L               | 310              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 16  | SULFATE                | X                | 2.5             |                              | <b> </b>                                      | <b> </b> |                 | 418              |                             |                       |                 | _                  |                    | Í                    |                             |          | Ļ                  |                    |          |          |   |
| 17  | SULFITE                | $\boldsymbol{X}$ |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE                | 7                |                 |                              | ļ                                             | 1        | ļ               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | ļ        |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 9   | CHLORIDE               | 7                | 3               |                              |                                               | -        |                 | 30               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| Z   | FLUORIDE               | 7                | 0.27            | <u> </u>                     |                                               |          | <u> </u>        | 0.3              |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      | <u> </u>                    |          | <u> </u>           |                    |          |          |   |
| 2   | ALUMINUM               | <u>7</u><br>NG   | 500             |                              | <u> </u>                                      | }        |                 | 1133             | <b> </b> -                  | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 22  | BORON                  | 7                | 0.05            |                              |                                               | ļ        |                 | 0.5              |                             |                       |                 |                    | · · · ·            |                      |                             | <u> </u> |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 23  |                        | 1                | 12              |                              | <u>+</u>                                      |          |                 | 120              |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    | +                  |          |          | - |
| 24  |                        | 1                | 174             |                              |                                               |          |                 | 1740             |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          | -                  | +                  |          | <u> </u> |   |
| 20  |                        | 1                | 116             |                              |                                               | +        |                 | 1100             |                             |                       | -               |                    |                    | <u></u>              |                             |          |                    | <u> </u>           |          |          | 1 |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM              | 16               | -               |                              | <u> </u>                                      | <u> </u> | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          | <u> </u>           |                    | · · · ·  | <u> </u> |   |
| 28  | MANGANESE              | 19               | - 3             | <u> </u>                     |                                               | +        |                 | 120              | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | +                           |          | †                  | +                  |          |          | + |
| 2   | MERCLIRY               | 16               | <u> </u>        |                              |                                               |          |                 | 1.5              |                             |                       | -               | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |          | +                  |                    |          |          |   |
| 3   | NICKEL                 | 1/L<br>1/6/      | 8               |                              | <u> </u>                                      |          |                 | 80               | ł                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    | <u> </u>                    |          | 1                  | 1                  |          |          |   |
| 3   | SELENIUM               | 1                |                 |                              |                                               | +        |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | 1        | †                  | 1                  | <u> </u> |          | - |
| 32  | VANADIUM               | 1                |                 |                              | <u> </u>                                      |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | 1        |                    | 1                  |          |          | 1 |
| 37  | ZINC                   | 1.               | 25              | -                            |                                               | +        | i               | 250              |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE           | MG               | 23              |                              |                                               |          | · ·             |                  |                             | <u> </u> _            |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | 1        |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 135 | PHENOLS                | -6/              |                 |                              | <u>+                                     </u> |          | 1               |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 34  | SURFACTANTS            | 46/              | 0.0             | •                            |                                               |          |                 | 0.22             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 37  | ALGICIDES              | mc/              | 0.0             | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                                      |          | 1               | <u> </u>         |                             |                       | •               |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 38  | SODIUM                 | HG               | Δ               |                              |                                               |          |                 | 40               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
| 39  | FREQUENCY              | CYCS<br>//B      |                 |                              | · · · ·                                       | <u> </u> | 1               | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | ļ        | ļ        | ļ |
| L   | <u> </u>               | <u>_</u>         |                 | <u> </u>                     | ·                                             | 1        | 1               | T                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |          |   |
|     |                        |                  |                 |                              |                                               |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | .                           |          | .                  | ·                  |          | .        | . |
|     |                        |                  |                 |                              |                                               | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          | 1                  |                    | 1        | 1        | L |

| - REM                                       | ARKS. |
|---------------------------------------------|-------|
| Data Source: Corps of Engineers Application |       |
| dated January 1, 1972.                      |       |
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PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 0801

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|    |                 | ſ                     |                 | 0      |          | 0        |                 |          | G            |           |                 |                    | L K      |          | м         | <u>ь</u> |          |         | 0 | Р |          |
|----|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------|----------|----------|-----------------|----------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|---------|---|---|----------|
| ſ  |                 | -+                    |                 | D      |          |          |                 | Г        | 0            |           |                 |                    |          | <u> </u> | 191       |          | Ū.       | -       | Q |   |          |
|    |                 |                       | -               | \w/Δ   | FR       | <u> </u> |                 |          | r            | WAS<br>TT | IE SIR          |                    |          | r        |           |          |          | r1      |   |   | <u> </u> |
|    | PARAMETE        | R                     |                 | TRËAT  | MENT     | - BI     | LOWDOM          | /N       |              |           | C               | L FAI JIN(         | 6<br>r   | -        |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
|    |                 |                       | IN"AKÉ<br>WATER | CATION | EXCHANGE | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING  | COOLING      | COAL PILE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER   | ASH POND | POLLUTION | FLOOR    | SANITARY | REACTOR |   |   |          |
| _  |                 | M <sup>3</sup> /1     |                 | WASTES | WASTES   |          |                 |          | WAILH        |           |                 |                    | 1        | =        | DEVICES   | DRAINS   |          |         |   |   |          |
| -  | FLOW            | DAY                   |                 |        |          |          | <u> </u>        |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          | 654       |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 2  |                 | -C                    |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 3  | AS CACO         | 7                     |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 4  | BOD             |                       |                 |        |          | ļ        |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 5  | COD             | 7                     |                 | _      | ļ        |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 6  | TS              | Mγ<br>L               |                 | _      |          |          |                 |          | L            |           |                 |                    |          | ļ        |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 7  | TDS             | MG⁄(                  |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 8  | TSS             | MG                    |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N    | MG                    |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N    | MG                    | 1.1             |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          | 36.1      |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| Ш  | PHOSPHORUS      | MG                    | (0.01           |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          | 42.7      |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY       | JTU                   |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM  |                       |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO | MG                    |                 |        |          |          |                 | 1        |              | 1         |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS  | MG                    |                 |        |          |          | 1               | + -      |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 16 | SULFATE         | MG                    | 17 6            |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          | 13916     |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 17 | SULFITE         | MG                    | (1              |        |          | +<br>    |                 |          |              | 1         |                 |                    |          |          | <1        |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE         | MG                    | <u>`</u>        |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    | <u> </u> |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE        | MG                    |                 |        |          | 1        |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE        | MG                    |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 21 | ALUMINUM        | #G/                   | 470             |        |          |          | +               |          |              | 1         |                 |                    |          |          | (1/21)    |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 22 | BORON           | MG                    |                 |        |          |          | 1               |          | -            | 1         |                 |                    |          |          | (MZI)     |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM        | μGγ                   | 1 10            |        | †        | +        |                 | <u>+</u> | +            | +         |                 |                    |          |          | 1000      |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 24 | COPPER          | HG/                   |                 |        |          | +        | 1               | <u></u>  | <u> </u>     | 1         |                 |                    |          |          | 1600      |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 25 | IRON            | - <u>-</u> C          |                 |        |          | †·       | +               | 1        | +            | +         |                 |                    |          |          | 7010      |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 26 | L F AD          | 1<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>7 | 480             |        |          |          | <u>+</u>        | +        | +            |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM       | MG                    | 0.6             |        | +        |          | +               | +        |              |           |                 |                    |          |          | 300       |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE       | - L<br>μGγ            | 9.6             |        | <u> </u> |          |                 |          | <del> </del> |           |                 |                    |          |          | 350       |          |          | -       |   |   |          |
| 20 | MEDCUDY         | 1<br>46,              |                 |        | -        |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 30 | NICKEI          | /L<br>#G/             |                 |        |          | +        | +               | +        | <u> </u>     |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 30 | CTI ENUIN       | /(<br>#G/             | <b>&lt; 1</b> 0 |        | +        | -        | !               |          | <u> </u>     | +         |                 |                    |          |          | 1133      |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 10 |                 | 1/1                   |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              | +         |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          | İ       |   |   |          |
| 22 | ZINIC           | 1                     |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 35 |                 | X<br>MG               |                 | ŀ      |          |          | į               |          | -            |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE    | 7                     |                 |        | <u> </u> | +        | ļ               |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS         | X                     |                 |        |          | ļ        | ╡               |          |              | <b> </b>  |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS     | X                     |                 |        |          | ļ        | <u> </u>        |          | <u> </u>     | ļ         |                 |                    | ļ        |          |           |          | L        |         |   |   |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES       | X                     |                 |        | +        |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    | <u> </u> |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
| 38 | SODIUM          | 1<br>V                | 20              |        | Ļ        | <u> </u> | -               | ļ        | L            | ļ         |                 | L                  |          |          | 30,18     |          | <u> </u> |         |   |   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY       | /YR                   |                 |        |          | ┥        | ļ               | I        |              | ↓         |                 |                    | ļ        |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
|    |                 |                       |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
|    |                 |                       |                 |        |          |          |                 |          |              |           |                 |                    |          |          |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |
|    |                 |                       |                 |        | Ì        | ļ        |                 | 1        |              | 1         | 1               |                    |          | 1        |           |          |          |         |   |   |          |

| REM /                                                        | ARKS                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Data Source: Information supplied during Burns &             | Data reported is average scrubber blowdown con- |
| Roe's visit to                                               | centrations                                     |
| M: Stack gases from Unit #5 are passed through a             |                                                 |
| mechnical cyclone separator. From the cyclone                | M21: 550(10 <sup>3</sup> )                      |
| 40/ of the stack gases pass through an electro-              |                                                 |
| static precipitator, and 60% of the flue gases               |                                                 |
| pass through a HOP, 470,000 ACFM wet scrubber.               |                                                 |
| Wet scrubber requires 1200 M <sup>3</sup> /day. Makeup with  |                                                 |
| 654 M <sup>3</sup> /day blowdown to the ash pond and remain- |                                                 |
| ing to stack effluent from scrubber water.                   |                                                 |

#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 0807

# CAPACITY: 330 MW

FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_Nuclear\_\_\_\_

SC TABULATION BY : \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ DATE : \_\_\_\_\_ 4-30-73 AGE OF PLANT: Under construction SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

|     | ·                     |                     | A               | В                            | C                         | D        | Ε               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | 1                    | м                           | М        | 0                  | P                                            | 0        | R        | 5  |
|-----|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----|
|     |                       |                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |          | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>                                     |          | ····     |    |
|     | PARAMETE              | R                   |                 |                              | MENT                      | B        | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | C               |                    | 3                  |                      |                             | · · ·    | [                  |                                              |          |          |    |
|     |                       |                     | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | KON<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOLLER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>Heater | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &   | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR                           |          |          |    |
| 1   | FLOW                  | N'/<br>DAY          | 2235:           |                              |                           |          |                 | 9813             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          | <u>+</u>           | - CONTINUE                                   | 2017     | 1444     |    |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE           | •c                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 2017     | 1444     |    |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | ۳۲                  | 286             |                              |                           |          |                 | 556              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 264      | 342      |    |
| 4   | 900                   | ۳Ý                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | _               |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 5   | 000                   | *                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 6   | TS                    | *                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 7   | TDS                   | "ኛ                  | 932             |                              |                           |          |                 | 2154             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 810      | 1164     |    |
| 8   | T55                   | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 9   | AMBIONIA AS N         | X                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 0.72     | 0.93     |    |
| Ю   | NETRATE AS IN         | 1                   | 8.4             |                              |                           |          |                 | 16.3             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 44       | 57       |    |
| П   | AS P                  | $\boldsymbol{\chi}$ |                 | ļ                            | L                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 0.2      | 0.26     |    |
| 12  | TURBIDITY             | JTU                 |                 | ļ                            | <u> </u>                  |          |                 | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 13  | FEAL COLIFORM         |                     |                 | · · · · ·                    |                           | ļ        | L               | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO       | X                   |                 | <b>_</b>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 445      | 576      |    |
| 15  | AS CACO,              | X                   | 458             | ļ                            |                           |          | ļ               | 890              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 100      | 241      |    |
| 16  | SULFATE               | X                   | 390             | ļ                            | <b></b>                   |          |                 | 1089             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 17  | SALFITE               | $\boldsymbol{X}$    |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    | L                                            |          |          |    |
| 18  | BROMIDE               | X                   |                 |                              |                           | <br>     |                 | ļ                | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 19  | CHLORIDE              | X                   | 56              |                              |                           | ļ        | Ļ               | 109              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             | L        | ļ                  |                                              | 69       | 89       |    |
| 20  | FLUORIDE              | 7                   | 1.3             |                              | L                         |          |                 | 2.5              | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 21  | ALUMINUM              | 7                   |                 | <br>                         |                           |          | <b> </b>        |                  | L                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 22  | BORON                 | Ž                   | 0.3             |                              |                           |          | <br>            | 0.58             | L                           | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 23  | CHROMIUM              | X                   |                 | <u> </u>                     | ļ                         | I        | <br>            | <b></b>          | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          | ļ                  | <u> </u>                                     |          |          |    |
| 24  | COPPER                | X                   |                 |                              |                           | ļ        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | ļ        | <u> </u>           |                                              |          |          |    |
| 25  | IRON                  | X                   | 100             |                              |                           |          | <b> </b>        | 190              | <b> </b>                    | ļ. —                  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 0.1      | 0.13     |    |
| 26  | LEAD                  | 7                   | ·               |                              |                           |          | <b>↓</b>        |                  | <b> </b>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          | <u> </u> |    |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM             | 7                   | 52              |                              | ļ.,                       | <b> </b> |                 | 101              | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 31       | 40       |    |
| 28  | MANGANESE             | X                   |                 | <b> </b>                     |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          | ┥                  |                                              | <u> </u> |          |    |
| 29  | MERCURY               | 1                   |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          | <u> </u>        | ┥ —              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |          | <u> </u>           |                                              |          |          |    |
| 130 |                       | 1                   |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          | <b> </b>        |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
| 片   | SELENIUM              | イ                   |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         | ├                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | ├                  |                      |                             | <u> </u> |                    | <u> </u>                                     |          |          |    |
| 12  |                       | 1                   |                 | <b></b>                      |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              | 0.044    | 0.057    |    |
| 20  |                       | X                   |                 | <b> </b>                     |                           |          |                 |                  | ┣                           | +                     |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |          | <u> </u>           | <u>+</u>                                     | 0.044    | 0.05/    |    |
| 120 | UIL & GREASE          | 1                   |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         | <b> </b>                    | +                     |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |          | †                  | <u> </u>                                     |          |          |    |
| 130 | PHENOLS               | 46,                 |                 |                              |                           |          | <u>├</u>        | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | +                    |                             |          | <u>├</u>           |                                              |          |          |    |
| 36  | SURFACTANTS           | X<br>MG,            |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 | <u>+</u>         | ├                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | <u>+</u>             |                             |          | 1                  | <b> </b>                                     | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |    |
| 3/  | ALGICIDES             | <i>1</i><br>Мб,     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | 1 222            |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          | +                  | <u>†                                    </u> | 82       | 106      |    |
| 30  | EDEOLOGICS            | 1                   | 120             |                              |                           |          |                 | 233              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    | <u> </u>                                     | - 52     |          |    |
| 29  | PREQUENCY             | ∕ <b>Y</b> R        |                 | ļ                            | Ļ                         |          |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |          | 1                  | <u> </u>                                     | +        |          |    |
|     |                       |                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                                              |          |          |    |
|     |                       |                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    | 1                                            |          | <u> </u> |    |
|     | 1                     |                     | 1               | 1                            | 1                         | 1        | 1               | I                |                             | 1                     | L               | 1                  | L                  | L                    | <u>م</u>                    | <u> </u> | J                  |                                              |          | 4 mar    | 1. |

| REM                                                 | ARKS |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: Final Environmental Statement          |      |
| U.S. Atomic Energy Commission<br>Dated, August 1972 |      |
|                                                     |      |
| Q: <u>Makeup for Service Water Cooling Tower</u>    |      |
| R: Blowdown Service Water Cooling Tower             |      |
| Patimated Average Composition of Discharge Streams  |      |
| ESTIMATED AVELAGE COMPOSITION OF SHE                |      |
|                                                     |      |

PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 0802

CAPACITY: <u>101 MW</u> FUEL: <u>Coal-Oil-Natural Gas</u> AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

|     |                 |                                         | А        | В        | C               | D        | E           | F        | G        | н         |        | J        | к        | L        | м                | N        | 0        | Δ.      | Q        | R | S          |
|-----|-----------------|-----------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---|------------|
|     |                 |                                         |          |          | WASTE STREAM    |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
|     | PARAMETER       |                                         |          |          |                 | BI       | OWDOW       | /N       |          |           | С      | LFAUIN   | S        |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
|     |                 |                                         | INTAKE   | CLARIFI- | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILLA   | EVAPO-      | COOLING  | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &   | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |          |   |            |
|     |                 |                                         | WATER    | WASTES   | WASTES          | _        | RATOR       | TOWER    | WATER    | DRAINAGE  | TUBES  | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES          | DRAINS   | WASTES   | CONTROL |          |   |            |
| 1   | FLOW            | DAY                                     |          |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 2   |                 | °с<br>MGZ                               |          |          |                 |          | · · · · · · |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 3   | AS CACO         | 7<br>MGZ                                | Ö        |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          | 108              | <u> </u> |          |         |          |   |            |
| 4   | 800             | 7<br>Μ67                                | _        |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 5   | COD             | ٦<br>MGZ                                |          |          |                 |          |             |          | -        |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 6   | T5              | 7L<br>MG/                               |          |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 7   | TDS             | ί<br>MGZ                                | 225      |          |                 | ļ        |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          | 16633            |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 8   | 155             | ∕L<br>MG∕                               | 0        |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          | 5.48             |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 3   | AMMONIA AS N    | νL<br>MG/                               |          |          |                 |          | <br>        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   | . <u> </u> |
| 10  | PHOSPHORUS      | ΓL<br>MG/                               |          |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 112 |                 | 1                                       |          |          |                 | <u> </u> |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 12  |                 | NQ/                                     |          | <u> </u> |                 |          | <u> </u>    |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         | -        |   |            |
|     | ACIDITY AS CACO | MG/                                     |          |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS  | MG/                                     |          | ·        |                 |          |             |          |          | <u> </u>  |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 15  | AS CACO,        | <u> ~∟</u><br>₩6⁄                       | 160      | <u> </u> | †               |          | <u> </u>    |          |          |           |        |          |          |          | 2458             |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 17  | SULFITE         | MG/                                     | 1 11/    |          | ·               | +        | <u> </u>    |          |          |           |        |          |          |          | 0                |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 18  | BROMIDE         | MG                                      | 0        | <u> </u> |                 |          | <u> </u>    | <u>†</u> |          | · · ·     |        |          |          |          | -                |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 19  | CHLORIDE        | MG                                      |          |          |                 | 1        | <u> </u>    |          |          |           |        |          |          | <u> </u> |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 20  | FLUORIDE        | MG                                      |          |          |                 |          | -           | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |           |        |          |          | <u> </u> |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 21  | ALUMINUM        | 10                                      |          |          |                 |          |             | 1        | · · ··   |           |        |          |          | -        |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 22  | BORON           | MG                                      |          |          |                 | +        | t           |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 23  | CHROMIUM        | 1.6                                     |          |          | 1               | +        |             |          |          |           |        |          |          | <u> </u> |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 24  | COPPER          | #G                                      |          |          |                 | 1        |             | -        |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 25  | IRON            | 15/                                     | 72       |          |                 | 1        |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 26  | LEAD            | "~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ |          |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        | -        |          |          | (M26)            |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM       | MG                                      |          |          |                 |          |             | Γ        |          |           |        |          |          | -        |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 28  | MANGANESE       | "~                                      |          |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 29  | MERCURY         | 1/2                                     |          |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 30  | NICKEL          | #6/                                     |          |          |                 |          |             |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          | ļ        |         |          |   |            |
| 31  | SELENIUM        | 1%                                      |          |          |                 |          |             |          | L .      |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 32  | VANADIUM        | 1/2                                     |          | ļ        | ļ               | ļ        |             | ļ        |          |           |        |          | <br>     | ļ        |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 33  | ZINC            | 12                                      |          |          | ļ               | 1        |             | 1.       |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE    | My<br>L                                 |          |          | -               |          | ļ           |          | 1        |           | L      |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 35  | PHENOLS         | 17                                      |          |          |                 | ļ        | <u> </u>    | <u> </u> | <br>     |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 30  | SURFACTANTS     | ľχ<br>MG                                |          |          | ļ               | <b> </b> | <u> </u>    | ļ        | <b> </b> | <u> </u>  | L      |          |          |          |                  | L        |          |         |          |   |            |
| 37  | ALGICIDES       | ΜG,                                     |          | <u> </u> | +               | <u> </u> | <u> </u>    |          |          | ļ         |        |          | ļ        |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 38  | SODIUM          | 1/<br>(YCS                              | <u> </u> |          |                 |          |             |          |          | ļ         |        |          |          | -        |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
| 139 | FREQUENCY       | /YR                                     | <b> </b> | ·        | <u> </u>        | +        | ļ           | ļ        |          | ļ         |        |          |          | ļ        | ·                |          | <b> </b> |         | <u> </u> |   |            |
|     |                 |                                         |          |          |                 | ·        |             |          |          |           | — —    |          | <u> </u> |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
|     |                 |                                         |          |          |                 |          | ·           |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |
|     | L               |                                         | 1        | 1        |                 | 1        | 1           | 1        |          | 1         |        |          |          | 1        |                  |          |          |         |          |   |            |

|                                      | REM       | ARKS | • |                                       |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Data Source: Information supplied by | _Utility. |      |   |                                       |
| M. Scrubber blowdown                 |           |      |   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| M26: 387(10 <sup>3</sup> )           |           |      |   |                                       |
|                                      |           |      |   |                                       |
|                                      |           |      |   |                                       |
|                                      |           |      |   |                                       |
|                                      |           |      |   |                                       |
### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 0905

### CAPACITY: <u>600 MW</u> FUEL: <u>Nuclear</u> AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 DATE:
 5-1-73

 SHEET NO.
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|    |                       |             | Α               | 8                            | C                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к      | 1                    | м                | м       | 0        | P        | 0 | R | 5        |
|----|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------|----------------------|------------------|---------|----------|----------|---|---|----------|
|    |                       |             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |        |                      |                  |         |          | L. H     |   |   |          |
|    | PARAMETE              | Ŕ           |                 | TREAT                        | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               | · · · ·                     |                       | С               |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          | <u> </u> |   |   |          |
|    |                       |             | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &  | SANITARY | NUCLEAR  |   |   |          |
|    | FLOW                  | M /<br>DAY  |                 |                              | 453                       |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | =                    | DEVICES          | URANINS | <u></u>  | CONTROL  |   |   |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | ٩           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | мX          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 4  | 800                   | мÝ          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          | •        |   |   |          |
| 5  | 00                    | MK.         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | ·      |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 6  | TS                    | **          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 7  | TDS                   | ۳¢          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 8  | T55                   | MG          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | ·                     |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | 14          | _               |                              | 0.025                     |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 | -                  |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | 49          | -               |                              | 0.018                     |          |                 |                  | t                           |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS            | 8           |                 | -                            | 0.103                     |          |                 |                  | <b></b>                     |                       | _               |                    |        |                      | · · · · -        |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU         |                 | 1                            | · · · ·                   |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        | HQ/         |                 |                              |                           |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 | -                  |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   | · |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | 14          | -               |                              | -                         |          | -               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS        | MG          |                 | 1                            |                           |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 16 | SULFATE               | MG          | 2.19            |                              | 55.8                      | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 17 | SULFITE               | 14          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | 1                           | - 1                   |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | 4           |                 | 1                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | mgy         | 11              | <u> </u>                     | 1.00                      | 2        |                 |                  | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | 14          |                 |                              |                           | <b>F</b> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          | - |   |          |
| 21 | ALUMINAM              | 14          |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 22 | BORON                 | MG          |                 |                              | 0.082                     |          | ţ               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | i                    |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM              | 14          |                 |                              |                           | +        | İ               |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   | _ |          |
| 24 | COPPER                | IFG/        |                 |                              |                           |          | -               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 25 | IRON                  | 19/         | 220             |                              | 229                       |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 1                    |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 26 | LEAD                  | 14          |                 |                              |                           |          | -               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | 19          | 4.1             |                              | 5.56                      | T        | -               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | 18          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 29 | MERCURY               | #G          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 30 | MICKEL                | #G          |                 |                              |                           | [        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | 1%          |                 |                              | 1                         | [        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 32 | VANADILM              | 18          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | ļ                    |                  | ļ       |          |          |   |   | L        |
| 33 | ZINC                  | 12          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MУ          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         | L        |          |   |   |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | 14          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | ļ                    | L                |         |          | ļ        | L |   |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | *%          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | L      |                      | L                |         |          |          |   |   | L        |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | жç<br>Х     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |        |                      | L                |         |          |          |   | l |          |
| 38 | SODIUM                | MG/         | 6.3             |                              | 36.3                      |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | L      |                      |                  |         |          | ļ        |   | ļ | <b> </b> |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYCS<br>/YR |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |        | <u> </u>             | <b></b>          |         |          | ļ        |   |   |          |
|    |                       |             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          |          |   |   |          |
|    |                       |             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                  |         |          | ·        |   |   |          |
|    |                       |             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    | L      | <u> </u>             |                  |         | <u> </u> |          |   |   | L .      |

|              | R                             | Ε | М | Α            | R K | S |      | <br> |         |      |  |
|--------------|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------|-----|---|------|------|---------|------|--|
| Data Source: | Draft Environmental Statement | , |   |              |     |   |      |      |         | <br> |  |
|              | U.S. Atomic Energy Commission |   |   |              |     |   | <br> | <br> |         | <br> |  |
|              | Dated, March 1973             |   |   | +            | _   |   | <br> |      | · · · · | <br> |  |
|              |                               |   |   |              |     |   | <br> | <br> |         | <br> |  |
|              |                               |   |   | $\mathbf{T}$ |     |   |      | <br> |         | <br> |  |
|              |                               |   |   |              |     |   | <br> | <br> |         |      |  |
| ·            |                               |   |   |              |     |   | <br> | <br> |         |      |  |
|              |                               |   |   |              |     |   | <br> | <br> |         | <br> |  |
|              |                               |   |   | 1            |     |   | <br> | <br> |         |      |  |

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### PLANT DATA SHEET

| PLANT | CODE | NO. | <u>    1311    </u> |
|-------|------|-----|---------------------|
|-------|------|-----|---------------------|

CAPACITY: 786 MW FUEL: <u>Nuclear</u> AGE OF PLANT Under Construction SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

TABULATION BY: \_\_\_\_\_SC 5-1-73 \_\_\_\_\_DATE : \_\_\_\_\_

|    |                  | ſ                 | А        | В                  | С               | D        | Е               | F        | G        | н         | I               | J        | к      | L        | М                | N      | 0        | P       | Q        | R        | S        |
|----|------------------|-------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------------|----------|--------|----------|------------------|--------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
|    |                  |                   |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          | WAS       | TE STR          | EAM      |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
|    | PARAMETE         | R                 |          | WAT<br>TREAT       | IER<br>MENT     | BI       | OWDOW           | /N       |          |           | С               |          | 3      |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
|    |                  |                   | INTAKE   | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR |          | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE- | BOILER | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |          |          |          |
| -  | FLOW             | M3/               |          | WASIES             | WASIES          |          |                 | 12000    | WAITH    |           |                 |          |        |          | DEVICES          | DRAINS | [<br>[   | CONTROL |          | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE      | °C                |          |                    | сц.             |          |                 | 1,3007   |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY       | MG                |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |         |          |          | <u> </u> |
| 4  | AS CACO          | MG                |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 5  | COD              | MG                |          |                    | -               |          |                 | · · ·    |          |           |                 |          |        |          | -                |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 6  | TS               | MG                |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 7  | TDS              | MG                | 75       |                    | 230             |          |                 | 150      |          |           | -               |          |        |          |                  | _      |          |         |          |          | <u> </u> |
| 8  | T55              | MG                |          |                    | 233             |          |                 | 1.20     |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N     | MG                |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N     | MG                |          |                    | 1               |          |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          | -                |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS       | MG                | 0.2      |                    | 0.6             | <u> </u> |                 | 0.4      |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY        | JTU               |          |                    |                 | <u> </u> |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM   | NG / 10           |          |                    |                 | [        |                 | -        |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         | ·        |          |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO, | MG                |          |                    |                 |          |                 | · · ·    |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        | -        |         |          |          |          |
| ١5 | TOTAL HARDNESS   | MG                | 42       |                    | -               |          |                 | 84       |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 16 | SULFATE          | ₩¢                | 5.8      |                    | 136.4           |          |                 | 11.6     |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 17 | SULFITE          | MG                |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE          | МY                |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE         | МÇ                |          |                    |                 |          | [               |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE         | мç                |          |                    |                 | L        |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 21 |                  | "%                |          |                    |                 | L        |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 22 | BORON            | MC                |          | ļ                  |                 |          | <br>            |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM         | "%                |          |                    |                 | İ        | <br>+           |          | L        |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 24 | COPPER           | 1/2               |          |                    |                 | L        |                 |          |          | ļ         |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 25 | IRON             | 1/2               | 350      |                    | 300             |          |                 | 700      | ļ        |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        | ļ        |         |          |          |          |
| 26 | LEAD             | <u>"۲</u>         |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          | ļ         |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM        | ~~~               | 3.5      | ļ                  | 2.0             | <u> </u> |                 | 7.0      |          | ļ         |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE        | 1/                |          | <b> </b>           | <b> </b>        | <u> </u> |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 29 | MERCURY          | /(<br>#G,         |          | <u> </u>           |                 | <u> </u> |                 |          |          | <u> </u>  |                 |          |        |          |                  |        | ļ        |         |          |          |          |
| 30 |                  | <u>и</u> С,       | ┣──      |                    |                 | <u> </u> |                 |          |          | <b> </b>  |                 |          |        |          |                  |        | ļ        |         |          |          |          |
| 31 | VANAOUUN         | 4                 |          |                    | <u> </u>        | <u> </u> | <u> </u>        |          |          | <u> </u>  |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 72 |                  | 1/L<br>#G/        |          |                    |                 |          |                 |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 20 |                  | 1 <u>(</u><br>MG, | <u> </u> | +                  |                 | -        | <u> </u>        | <u> </u> |          |           | <u> </u>        |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         | -        |          |          |
| 34 | DUE & GHEASE     | /L<br>#6/         |          | <u> </u>           |                 | <u> </u> |                 | <u> </u> |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          | ,        |
| 33 |                  | /L<br>MG/         |          |                    |                 |          | · ·             | <u> </u> | · ·      | <u> </u>  |                 |          |        | ļ        |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 37 |                  | ΛL<br>MG/         |          |                    |                 | ├        | <u> </u>        |          |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 30 | SODIUM           | MG                | 6.6      |                    | <u></u>         | <u> </u> | -               | 12 0     | <u> </u> |           |                 |          |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY        | cres              | 6.6      |                    | 64.0            | <u> </u> |                 | 13.2     | <u> </u> | <b> </b>  |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
|    |                  | ∕YR               | ļ        |                    | I               | <u> </u> | <u> </u>        | +        |          | +         |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |
|    |                  |                   |          |                    |                 |          |                 | ·        |          |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |         | <u> </u> |          |          |
|    |                  |                   |          |                    |                 |          |                 | ·        |          |           |                 |          |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |         |          |          |          |

| R                                                                            | Εľ         | v v | A R | κs | <br>  |      |      |      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|----|-------|------|------|------|
| Data Source: Final Environmental Statement<br>U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, | ۰ <u> </u> |     |     |    | <br>  | <br> | <br> | <br> |
| Dated, October 1972                                                          |            |     |     |    |       | <br> |      |      |
| Estimated discharge concentrations                                           | -          |     | -   |    | <br>  |      |      | <br> |
| C1: 136000                                                                   |            |     |     |    |       | <br> |      | <br> |
|                                                                              |            |     |     |    | <br>· | <br> | <br> | <br> |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 1703

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 CAPACITY:
 766 MW
 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Coal
 DATE:
 4-18-73

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO.
 1 OF
 1

|     |                       |                  | A               | в                            | с                         | D      | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | I               | J                  | к      | L                    | м                           | М                         | 0                  | Р                             | Q | R | S |
|-----|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
|     |                       | T                |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|     | PARAMETE              | R                | [               | WAT                          | MENT                      | B      | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | ;      |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|     |                       |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ion<br>Exchange<br>Wastes | BOILER | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |   |   |
| 1   | FLOW                  | M <sup>*</sup> / | (A1)            |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | ·      | 22716                |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE           | •c               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | **{              | 221             |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 111                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 4   | BOD                   | MG               | 17              |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 5                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 5   | 00                    | мÝ               | 25              |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 2                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 6   | TS                    | <b>۳</b> %       | 715             |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 475                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 7   | TDS                   | "ל"              | 577             |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 448                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 8   | TSS                   | MY               | 138             |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 27                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N          | *                | 6               |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 3                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| ю   | NITRATE AS N          | ¥۳<br>۲          | 1               |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 0.27                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| п   | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P    | 7                | 0.33            |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 0                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 12  | TURBIDITY             | JTU              | 0               |                              |                           |        | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 0                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM        |                  |                 |                              |                           | ļ      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | X                |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 15  | AS CACO               | 12               |                 |                              |                           | ļ      |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |        | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 16  | SULFATE               | X                | 42              | L                            | ļ                         | ļ      | .               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 87                   |                             |                           | L                  |                               |   |   |   |
| 17  | SULFITE               | X                |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | ļ      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE               | X                |                 |                              |                           | +      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           | •                  |                               |   |   |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE              | X                | 42              |                              | Ļ                         | Į      |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    | ļ      | 57                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE              | X                |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | +                |                             |                       | <u> </u>        |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 21  | ALUMINUM              | 7                |                 | <u> </u>                     | +                         | ŀ      | +               | +                | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 22  | BORON                 | 1                |                 |                              | +                         | ļ      |                 |                  | <del> </del>                |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             | <u> </u>                  |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 23  | CHROMIUM              | 7                | 0.02            |                              |                           | -      |                 | +                | <u> </u>                    | <del> </del>          |                 |                    |        | 0.03                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 24  | COMPER                | 1                | —               |                              | +                         | +      |                 |                  | +                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   |   |
| 20  |                       | 1-6/             |                 | +                            | +                         | -      | +               | +                | <u>+</u>                    | +                     |                 | +                  |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 20  | HACHESIUM             | NG<br>NG         |                 |                              | +                         | +      | +               | -                | +                           |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 20  | MANGANESE             | 19               |                 | <u> </u>                     | +                         |        | +               | +                | <u>†</u>                    |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 20  | HERCIRY               | 10               |                 |                              |                           | +      | +               | +                | 1                           | +                     |                 | <u> </u>           |        |                      |                             | <b></b>                   | t                  | <u> </u>                      |   |   |   |
| 3   | NICKEL                | 16               |                 |                              |                           |        | +               |                  | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |        | 1                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 31  | SELENIUM              | 1-6/             |                 |                              |                           | 1      | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           | 1                  |                               |   |   |   |
| 32  | VANADILA              | 1-9              |                 |                              |                           | 1      |                 |                  |                             |                       | <u> </u>        |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 33  | ZINC                  | 1.5              | 0.12            |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       | 1               |                    |        | 0.0                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE          | MG               | <u> </u>        |                              | t                         | 1      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 35  | PHENOLS               | 16               |                 |                              |                           | -      |                 | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    | •      |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 136 | SURFACTANTS           | Hic .            |                 | 1                            |                           |        | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           | •                  |                               |   |   |   |
| 37  | ALGICIDES             | MG               |                 |                              |                           | 1      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 36  | SODIUM                | MG               | 1               |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 39  | FREQUENCY             | CYCS<br>MP       |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|     |                       | 1.11             |                 |                              | 1                         |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|     |                       |                  | <b></b>         |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | -                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|     |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | L |   |

| REM                                              | ARKS       |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research |            |
| Region V Corps of Engineers dischar              | <b>7</b> 6 |
| permits.                                         |            |
| $A1: 1.7 \times 10^6$                            |            |
|                                                  |            |
|                                                  |            |
|                                                  |            |
|                                                  |            |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 1722

# CAPACITY: 12.32 MW TABULATION BY: SC FUEL: Coal & Gas DATE: 4-18-73 AGE OF PLANT: SHEET NO. OF1

TABULATION BY: <u>SC</u> DATE: <u>4-18-73</u> SHEFT NO. 1 OF 1

|         |                  | Γ                | Α               | в                            | С                         | D        | E               | F                 | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | N                         | 0                  | Р                             | Q | R | 5 |
|---------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
| ſ       |                  |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | AM                 |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|         | PARAMETER        | R                |                 | TREAT                        | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N                |                             |                       | С               |                    | 3                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|         |                  |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | evapo-<br>Rator | cool.ing<br>Tower | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |   |   |
|         | FLOW             |                  | (21)            |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 98436                |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   |   |
| 2       | TEMPERATURE      | °c               | -1011           |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 | -                  |                    | 31,143,301           |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 3       | ALKALINITY I     | "%               | 88              |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 90                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 4       | BOD              | мŶ               | 2               |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 5       | (00              | ₩Ÿ               | 14              |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 8                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 6       | 75               | ۳¢               | 374             |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 486                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 7       | TDS              | ۳Ŷ               | 350             |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 456                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 8       | TSS              | ₩Ŷ               | 24              |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 23                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 9       | AMMONIA AS N     | ₩G/              | 0.1             |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.2                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 10      | NITRATE AS N     | 1                | 0.3             |                              |                           |          |                 |                   | -                           |                       |                 |                    | · · · · · ·        | 1.6                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| н       | AS P             | 7                | 0.11            |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0_02                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 12      | TURBIDITY        | JTU              | 1               |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 11                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 13      | FECAL COLIFORM   | NG/              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | •                         |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 14      | ACIDITY AS CACO, | 7<br>NG/         |                 |                              |                           | -        |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 15      | AS CACO,         | 17<br>HG         | 0               |                              |                           |          | İ               |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 255                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 16      | SULFATE          | 1.<br>NG/        | 0               |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 63                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 14      | SOLFITE          | /L<br>MGy        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|         |                  | <u>́г</u><br>MG⁄ |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 2       | FLUORIDE         | ×ι<br>₩ς∕        | 0               |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 34                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 21      | ALUMINUM         | *9               | 0               |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 150                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 22      | BORON            | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 | _                  |                    | 150                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 23      | CHROMIUM         | #6/              |                 |                              |                           |          | 1               |                   | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 24      | COPPER           | 1/2              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | t                 |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 25      | IRON             | "Y               | ο               |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 280                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 26      | LEAD             | *%               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | _                           |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 27      | MAGNESIUM        | μÇ               | 0               |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 25                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 28      | MANGANESE        | 1                | 0               |                              |                           |          | ļ               |                   | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 20                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 29      | MERCURY          | X                | 0               | <b> </b>                     |                           | ļ        |                 | <b> </b>          |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.2                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 30      | NICKEL           | X                | 0               | ļ                            |                           | <b> </b> |                 | <u> </u>          |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 10                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 131     | SELENIUM         | 1                | 0               | <b> </b>                     |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>          | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 22      |                  | 1/               |                 |                              |                           |          | ·               |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 35      |                  | 1.<br>MGy        | 0               |                              |                           | ┢────    | -               |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | _30_                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 135     |                  | 1.<br>#67        |                 | <u></u>                      |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 35      | SURFACTANTS      | 1<br>14          |                 |                              |                           | +        |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 37      | ALGICIDES        | MG               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 | +                 |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 38      | SODIUM           | HC/              |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          | <u> </u>        | +                 | ┣                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 20                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 39      | FREQUENCY        | CYC'S            |                 |                              |                           |          | †               | †                 |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| <b></b> |                  |                  |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | 1                 |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|         |                  |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|         |                  |                  |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |

|                                     | REMA            | RKS |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|--|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollu | tion Research   |     |  |
| Program, computer revi              | ew of EPA       |     |  |
| Region V Corps of Engi              | neers discharge |     |  |
| permits.                            |                 |     |  |
| 6                                   |                 |     |  |
| Al: 2.88 x 10                       |                 |     |  |
|                                     |                 |     |  |
|                                     |                 |     |  |
|                                     |                 |     |  |
|                                     | 1               |     |  |

## CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 690 MW FUEL: 011

### FUEL: \_\_\_ AGE OF PLANT: \_

٠ SC TABULATION BY : \_\_\_ 4-18-73 DATE : \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

|    |                    |             | Α               | B                            | С                         | D        | Е               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | .i                 | ĸ                  |                      | м                | M        | 0                  |                    | 0        | R | 5        |
|----|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|---|----------|
|    |                    | Ι           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ·                |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    | <u>ب</u>             |                  |          |                    | <u> </u>           | <u> </u> |   |          |
|    | PARAMETER          | ۹ĺ          |                 | TREAT                        | MENT                      | 8        | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | G                  |                      |                  |          |                    | r - 1              |          |   |          |
|    |                    |             | INTAKE<br>WIEER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>Exchange<br>Wastes | BOILER   | evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &   | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR | ĺ        |   |          |
| 1  | FLOW               | N3/<br>DAY  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | -2                 | 3786                 | DEVICES          |          |                    | CONTROL            |          |   |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE        | ۰           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 3700                 |                  | <b></b>  |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY AS CACO | *           | 153             |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 160                  |                  |          |                    |                    |          | - |          |
| 4  | 800                | "2          | 8               |                              |                           |          |                 | . –              |                             | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                  |          |                    | ·                  |          |   |          |
| 5  | 80                 | ¥۲          | 40              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | 30                   |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   | ,        |
| 6  | TS .               | X           | 373             | _                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 682                  | _                |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 7  | TDS                | ፟ጚ          | 332             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | _               |                    |                    | 660                  |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 8  | T55                | **          | 35              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 22                   | -                |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N       | Y           | 5.1             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N       | ሻ           | 0.2             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.24                 |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P | X           | 1.19            |                              | L                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY          | JTU         | 9               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 36                   |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM     | 004         |                 | ļ                            |                           | L        |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| м  | ACDITY AS CACO     | X           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 15 | AS CALOS           | $\chi$      | 103             | <b></b>                      |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 460                  |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 16 | SULFATE            | 7           | 70              |                              | <b></b>                   |          |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 104                  |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 17 | SULFITE            | X           | _               | ļ                            | ļ                         | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE            | X           |                 | —                            |                           | ;<br>†   | ļ               |                  | L                           | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | +                    |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 9  | CHLORIDE           | X           | 74              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | -                     |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | 155                  |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE           | 7           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | L                    |                  |          |                    |                    |          | ļ |          |
| 2  |                    | 1           | 0               |                              |                           |          |                 | +                | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | 100                  |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 22 | BORON              | 1           | 10              | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 10                   |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 2  | C09050             | 1-          | 10              | <del> </del>                 |                           |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 20                   |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 25 |                    | 4           | 0.0             |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  | <u>-</u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1.8                  |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 26 | LEAD               | 1           | 0.0             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u>†</u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 27 | MAGNESAM           | -<br>-<br>- | 0               |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.2                  |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE          | 8           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u>+</u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 29 | MERCURY            | 5           |                 | t                            | 1                         |          | i               | 1                | †                           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 30 | NICKEL             | -6/         |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | <br>             |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM           | 14          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 32 | VINADILA           | 7           |                 | Ĺ                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    |                    | ļ        |   |          |
| 33 | ZWC                | X           | 19              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 30                   |                  |          |                    | ļ                  |          |   | ļ        |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE       | MG          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   | L        |
| 35 | PHENOLS            | "           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | L                | Ļ                           | L                     | _               |                    |                    |                      |                  |          | ļ                  | ļ                  |          |   | ļ        |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS        | **          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | L                | ļ                           | ļ                     |                 |                    | ļ                  |                      | ļ                |          |                    | <u> </u>           |          | ļ | ļ        |
| 37 | ALGICIDES .        | %           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                | <b> </b>                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      | ļ                |          |                    | <b> </b>           |          | ļ |          |
| 38 | SODIUM             | 1           | L               | ļ                            | ļ                         |          |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | <u> </u>         |          |                    |                    |          |   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY          | //R         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <b> </b>         |                             | <b>.</b>              | ·               |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                  |          |                    |                    |          |   | <u> </u> |
|    |                    |             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | .                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | <u> </u> |                    |                    |          |   |          |
|    | 1                  |             |                 |                              |                           |          | ł               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |          |                    | ·                  |          |   |          |
|    | l                  |             |                 |                              | L                         |          |                 |                  | L                           | <u> </u>              | L               | <u> </u>           | I                  | 1                    | L                | L        | 1                  | 1                  |          | L | L        |

| ſ                                      | REMARKS                               |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Data Source:                           | National Thermal Pollution Research   |
|                                        | Program, computer review of EPA       |
| ····                                   | Region V Corps of Engineers discharge |
|                                        |                                       |
|                                        |                                       |
|                                        |                                       |
|                                        |                                       |
|                                        |                                       |
|                                        |                                       |
| ······································ |                                       |

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PLANT CODE NO. 1711

## PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 1179 MW FUEL: Coal & Gas AGE OF PLANT:\_\_\_\_\_

sc TABULATION BY : \_\_\_\_ 4-18-73 DATE : \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

|     |                            | Γ                | A               | 8                            | С                         | D        | Е               | F                | G                           | н                     | I               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | Ы                         | 0                  | P                             | Q    | R | S |
|-----|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------|---|---|
| [   |                            |                  |                 |                              |                           | BLOWDOWN |                 |                  | WAS                         | TE STR                | EAM             |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
|     |                            |                  |                 | WAT                          | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               | _                           |                       | С               |                    | 5                  | Γ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
|     | FARAMETE                   |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | KON<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |      |   |   |
|     | FLOW                       | M <sup>3</sup> / | (A1)            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 32560                |                             |                           |                    |                               | 2650 |   |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE                | °c               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO      | Μ¢/              | 141             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | _                  |                    | 74                   |                             |                           |                    |                               | 205  |   |   |
| 4   | BOD                        | мç               | 6               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 6                    |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0    |   |   |
| 5   | COD                        | M°∕              | 28              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 28                   |                             |                           |                    |                               | 53   |   |   |
| 6   | TS                         | MG∕              | 381             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 890                  |                             |                           |                    |                               | 887  |   |   |
| 7   | TDS                        | MG/              | 351             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 837                  |                             |                           | _                  |                               | 850  |   |   |
| 8   | <b>T</b> 55                | мç               | 30              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | [                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 53                   |                             |                           |                    |                               | 37   |   |   |
| 9   | Ammonia as n               | MG∕              | 4.5             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 4.5                  |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0    |   |   |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N               | MG               | 0.4             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1.4                  |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0.56 |   | _ |
| Ш   | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P         | ٣X               | 0.8             |                              |                           |          | ĺ               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.1                  |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0    |   |   |
| 12  | TURBIDITY                  | JTU              | 14              |                              | L                         |          |                 | _                | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                             |                           |                    |                               | 15   |   |   |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM             | NQ/              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO            | <u>₩</u> 2       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS CACO, | ٣X               | 161             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 381                  |                             |                           |                    |                               | 271  |   |   |
| 16  | SULFATE                    | ₩62              | 71              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 357                  |                             |                           |                    |                               | .45  |   |   |
| 17  | SULFITE                    | M℃/              |                 |                              |                           | İ        |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | -    |   |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE                    | ΜÝ               |                 |                              |                           | <br>+    | L               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <br>                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE                   | MG/              | 57              |                              | -                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 78                   |                             |                           | · · · · ·          |                               | 33   |   |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE                   | μζ               |                 |                              |                           | ļ        | ļ               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 21  | ALUMINUM                   | #4               | 245             |                              |                           |          |                 | L                | ļ                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | 245                  |                             |                           |                    |                               | 100  |   |   |
| 22  | BORON                      | <u>₩</u> %       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |      |   |   |
| 23  | CHROMIUM                   | 1                | 30              |                              |                           | <u> </u> | ।<br>∤          |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 30                   |                             |                           | ļ. <u> </u>        |                               | 0    |   |   |
| 24  | COPPER                     | X                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 25  | IRON                       | ľ.               | 672             |                              |                           | ļ        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |                    | 672                  |                             |                           | <b>_</b>           | ļ                             | 420  |   |   |
| 26  | LEAD                       | 77               | 10              |                              |                           | +        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM                  | 7                | 18              |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 15                   |                             |                           |                    |                               | 28   |   |   |
| 28  | MANGANESE                  | X<br>#6,         |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 29  | MERCURY                    | /L<br>#G/        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |      |   |   |
| 30  |                            | 1                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <b> </b>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | +                  |                               |      |   |   |
| 10  | VANADU                     | 1                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <del> </del>     |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                             |                           | +                  |                               |      |   |   |
| 27  | ZINC                       | 1/1              |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> | +               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 20  |                            | <u>/</u><br>MG,  | <b></b>         |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | +                           | +                     |                 |                    | -                  | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 134 | OL & GREASE                | /L<br>#G/        | <u> </u>        |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    | Í                    |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |      |   |   |
| 20  | SI IDEACTANTE              | /L<br>MG/        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | +                | +                           |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 30  | AL GICIDES                 | 1<br>MG/         |                 |                              |                           | +        | <u> </u>        | ł                | +                           | +                     |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |      |   |   |
| 30  | SODIUM                     | MG,              |                 |                              | +                         | +        | +               | +                | +                           | +                     |                 | ł                  |                    | + · · ·              |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
| 39  | FREQUENCY                  | cres             |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> | -               |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                             |                           | +                  |                               |      |   |   |
| L   |                            | <u> ∕ YR</u>     |                 |                              | ↓                         | +        |                 | <del> </del>     | +                           | +                     |                 | <u>├</u>           | <u> </u>           | +                    |                             |                           | +                  |                               |      |   |   |
|     |                            |                  |                 |                              |                           | ·        |                 | ·                |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |
|     |                            |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ·                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |   |

| REMA                                             | ARKS |
|--------------------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research |      |
| Program, computer review of EPA                  |      |
| Region V Corps of Engineers dischar<br>permits.  | ge   |
| 0: Ash Pond Overflow Stream #2                   |      |
|                                                  |      |
| Al: $4.46 \times 10^6$                           |      |
|                                                  |      |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

CAPACITY: <u>676</u> FUEL: <u>Coal & Gas</u> AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

 TABULATION BY:
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 DATE:
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|     |                       |                   | A               | В                            | C                         | D        | Ε               | F                | G        | н         | I      | J        | ĸ       | L        | м                | М      | 0        | P.          | 0          | R | 5        |
|-----|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|----------|------------------|--------|----------|-------------|------------|---|----------|
|     |                       |                   |                 |                              |                           |          | _               |                  |          | WAS       | TE STR | EAM      |         | <u>-</u> |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
|     | PARAMETE              | R                 |                 | TREAT                        | MENT                      | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |          |           | С      |          | 5       |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
|     |                       |                   | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | KON<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER |          | CCAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER  | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR     |            |   |          |
| 1   | FLOW                  |                   | (21)            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | WAICH    |           |        |          |         | 1002     | DEVICES          | DRAINS |          | CONTROL     | 5.60       |   |          |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE           | •ر                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 1893     |                  |        |          |             | 568        |   |          |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | ٣Ý                | 165             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        | _        |         | 143      |                  |        |          |             | 180        |   |          |
| 4   | BOD                   | ΨY                | 5               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 145      |                  |        |          |             | 100        |   |          |
| 5   | 000                   | mg/               | 21              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          | _         |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             | 10         |   |          |
| 6   | TS                    | μζ                | 364             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           | -      |          |         | 778      |                  |        |          |             | 688        |   |          |
| 7   | TDS                   | ጚ                 | 333             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 778      |                  |        |          |             | 610        |   |          |
| 8   | TSS                   | M<br>Y            | 11              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 4        |                  |        |          |             | 80         |   |          |
| 9   | Ammonia as n          | X                 | 5               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 5.4      |                  |        |          |             | 0          |   |          |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N          | 7                 | 0.35            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 0.44     |                  |        |          |             | 0:58       |   |          |
| 11  | AS P                  | 7                 | 0.23            |                              |                           | ļ        |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 0        |                  |        |          |             | <u>, o</u> |   |          |
| 12  |                       | JTU<br>₩Q∕        | 13              |                              | <b></b> .                 |          |                 |                  | <u> </u> |           |        |          |         | 0        |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 13  |                       | cont.<br>MG/      |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 | ┣───             |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS        | <u>~1</u><br>1469 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 13  | AS CACO <sub>3</sub>  | <u>^</u> ∟<br>₩6⁄ | 170             | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 253      |                  |        |          |             | 244        |   |          |
| 17  | SULFITE               |                   | 82              |                              |                           |          | <u>}</u>        |                  |          |           |        | -        |         | 312      |                  |        |          |             | 33_        |   |          |
| 18  | BROMIDE               | 5                 |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u> | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |          | 1         |        |          |         | <u> </u> |                  |        | · · ·    |             |            |   |          |
| 19  | CHLORIDE              | MG/               | 176             | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |          |           | -      |          |         | 339      |                  |        |          |             | 202        |   |          |
| 20  | FLUORIDE              | 8                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 21  | ALUMINUM              | *4                | 220             | Γ                            |                           |          |                 | Г.               |          |           |        |          |         | 0        |                  |        |          |             | 320        |   |          |
| 22  | BORON                 | 3                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 23  | CHRONIUM              | "4                |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> | <br>            |                  |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 24  | COPPER                | 1/                |                 |                              |                           | ļ        | ļ               | L                | ļ        |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             | ···        |   |          |
| 25  | IRON                  | 1                 |                 | ļ                            |                           |          | ļ               | <b> </b>         |          | <b>_</b>  |        | ļ        |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 26  | LEAD                  | 7                 |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          | <b> </b>    |            |   |          |
| 21  | MAGNESIUM             | 7                 | 0               |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |          |           |        |          |         | 6        |                  | -      |          |             | 18         |   | -        |
| 20  | MANGANESE             | X<br>#6,          |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 30  | NICKEL                | /L<br>#6,         |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | ┣        |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | ł        | <u> </u>         |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 31  | SELENIUM              | 46/               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 1        |                  |        | †        |             |            |   |          |
| 32  | VANADIUM              | 1 <u>–</u>        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u>  ·</u>       |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 33  | ZINC                  | 1                 | 120             |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | 240      |                  |        |          |             | 100        |   |          |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE          | MG                | 120             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 35  | PHENOLS               | 1/2               |                 |                              | _                         |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         | ļ        | [                |        |          |             |            |   |          |
| 36  | SURFACTANTS           | *%                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                | ļ        | ļ         |        |          |         |          | ļ                |        |          | L           |            |   |          |
| 37  | ALGICIDES             | MG∕<br>∕L         |                 |                              |                           | L        |                 | ļ                |          | <u> </u>  |        |          |         |          |                  |        |          | <u> </u>    |            | L |          |
| 38  | SODIUM                | 1                 | 245             |                              | ļ                         |          |                 |                  | <u> </u> | <u> </u>  |        |          |         | 200      |                  |        | <u> </u> |             | 109        |   |          |
| [39 | FREQUENCY             | ANR.              | L               |                              | ļ                         | <u> </u> |                 | <b> </b>         |          | <u> </u>  |        |          |         |          |                  |        | +        |             |            |   |          |
|     |                       |                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          | ·         |        |          | <u></u> |          |                  |        | ·        | <del></del> |            |   | <u> </u> |
|     |                       |                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |           |        |          |         |          |                  |        | ·        | ·           |            |   |          |
|     | 1                     |                   |                 | l l                          | 1                         | 1        |                 | i                |          | L         |        |          |         | 1        | L                |        | 1        | L           | L          |   | L        |

|                                         | REMARKS                             |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Data Source: Nat                        | cional Thermal Pollution Research   |
| Rec                                     | gion V Corps of Engineers discharge |
| pei                                     |                                     |
| <u>Q: Ash Pond</u> Disc<br>Al: 1.8 x 10 | barge #2                            |
| · · · · ·                               |                                     |

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### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 1710

### CAPACITY: <u>1162 MW</u> FUEL: <u>Coal & Oil</u> AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

| TABULA | TION | BY : |     | SC      |      |
|--------|------|------|-----|---------|------|
| DATE : |      |      |     | 4-18-73 |      |
| SHEET  | NO.  | 1    | OF. | 1       | <br> |

|    |                       |                                        | Α        | В        | C               | D                | E        | F        | G        | н         | 1           | J         | К        | L L      | M                | N      | 0        | P       | Q | R          | S        |
|----|-----------------------|----------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|------------------|--------|----------|---------|---|------------|----------|
|    |                       |                                        |          |          |                 |                  |          |          |          | WAS       | te str      | EAM       |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
|    | PARAMETE              | R                                      |          | TREAT    | ER<br>MENT      | BL               | OWDOW    | /N       |          |           | С           | LEANIN    | 5        |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
|    |                       |                                        | INTAKE   | CLARIFI- | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER           | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER      | AIR PRE-  | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |   |            |          |
|    |                       |                                        | WATER    | WASTES   | WASTES          |                  | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER    | DRAINAGE  | TUBES       | HEATEN    | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES          | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |   | Ļ <u> </u> |          |
|    | FLOW                  | DAY                                    | (A1)     |          |                 |                  | L        |          |          |           |             |           |          | 2726     |                  | -      |          |         |   | <b> </b>   | ļ        |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c                                     |          |          |                 |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  | _      |          |         |   | <b> </b> _ |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | ™{                                     | 195      |          |                 |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | 195      |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 4  | BOD                   | <u>₩</u> %                             |          |          |                 |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | 6        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 5  | COD                   | MG∕                                    | 20       |          |                 |                  | _        |          |          |           |             |           |          | 20       |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 6  | TS                    | MG [                                   | 0        |          |                 |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | 0        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 7  | TDS                   | ₩%                                     | 456      |          |                 |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | 564      |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 8  | T55                   | MG                                     | 0        |          |                 |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | 0        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | MG∕                                    | 4        |          |                 |                  |          | -        |          |           |             |           |          | 4        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | 1                                      | 4.7      |          |                 |                  | Ì        |          |          |           |             |           |          | 4.7      |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 11 | AS P                  | 1                                      |          |          |                 | L                |          |          | L        |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            | ļ        |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU                                    |          |          |                 | Ļ                | ļ        |          |          | <u> </u>  |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            | <u> </u> |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        | ICOM                                   |          |          |                 | <br>             | ļ        |          |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            | <u> </u> |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ |          |          |                 |                  |          | ļ        | ļ        | ···       |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   | µ          | L        |
| 15 | AS CACO               | 17                                     |          |          | ļ               |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 16 | SULFATE               | 7                                      | 86       |          |                 |                  | ·        |          |          |           |             |           |          | 129      |                  |        |          |         |   |            | L        |
| 17 | SULFITE               | 1                                      |          |          |                 |                  | ļ        | <u> </u> |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            | <b>—</b> |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | 7                                      |          |          |                 | <br><del> </del> |          |          |          | ļ         |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            | <u> </u> |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | 1                                      | 51       | <b> </b> | ·               |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | 52       |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | 7                                      |          |          | <u> </u>        |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        | ļ        |         |   |            |          |
| 21 |                       | L<br>MG                                |          | <u> </u> |                 |                  |          | +        |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 22 | CLOOMUNA              | 1                                      | <u> </u> |          |                 |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |         |   | · · · · •  |          |
| 23 | CORPER                | 1-                                     |          |          | <u> </u>        |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | ·        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 24 |                       | 1<br>#6/                               |          | <b> </b> |                 | <u> </u>         |          |          |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            | <u> </u> |
| 25 |                       | 1-                                     |          | •·       | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |          |          | + • • •  |           | · · ·       |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 20 |                       | r<br>₩Gy                               | 25       |          |                 | +                |          |          |          |           |             |           |          | 25       |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | <br>⊮Gy                                |          |          |                 | +                |          | ł        | <u> </u> |           |             |           |          | 35       |                  |        |          |         |   | i          |          |
| 29 | MERCURY               | 1L<br>46                               | ·        |          |                 | <del> </del>     |          |          |          | <u> </u>  |             |           | -        |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                | 16                                     |          |          |                 | <u>+</u>         |          |          |          | <u> </u>  |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 3  | SELENIUM              | 140                                    |          | <u> </u> |                 |                  |          | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u>  | · · · · · - |           |          | +        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | 10                                     |          |          |                 | t                |          | 1        |          |           |             |           | ·        |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            | <u> </u> |
| 33 | ZINC                  | 19                                     | 1        |          | <u> </u>        | ł                |          | 1        | -        |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG                                     |          |          |                 | +                | <u> </u> |          |          |           |             | · · · · · |          | 1        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | #6/                                    |          | 1        |                 | t                |          | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |           |             |           |          | 1        |                  |        |          |         |   |            | <u> </u> |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | MG                                     |          |          | <u> </u>        | †                | 1        | <u> </u> | t        | 1         |             |           |          | t        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | M%                                     |          | 1        |                 | 1                |          | 1        |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 38 | SODIUM                | MKS/                                   |          | <u> </u> | 1               | Γ.               | 1        | † · ·    | <u> </u> | 1         |             |           |          | <u>†</u> |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYCS<br>/YR                            |          |          | <u> </u>        | <u>†</u>         |          | 1        | 1        | 1         |             |           |          | †        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
|    |                       | ·                                      |          |          |                 | [                | 1        |          | 1        | 1         |             |           | 1        |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
|    | 1                     |                                        |          |          |                 |                  |          |          |          |           |             |           |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |
|    | 1                     |                                        | <u>.</u> |          | I <u> </u>      | 1                |          |          |          | I         |             |           | ·        | 1        |                  |        |          |         |   |            |          |

| REM                                             | A R K S |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Researc | h       |
| Program, computer review of EPA                 |         |
| Region V Corps of Engineers discha              | rde     |
| permits.                                        |         |
|                                                 |         |
| A1: $1.38 \times 10^{\circ}$                    | ,       |
|                                                 |         |
|                                                 |         |
|                                                 |         |
|                                                 |         |

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## CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

 
 PLANT DATA SHEET

 CAPACITY:
 1178 MW

 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 DATE:

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO.
 \_\_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1 OF\_\_1

|     |                       | _                    | A               | 8                            | C                         | Ð                                            | E               | F                                             | G                  | н                     | 1               | J                  | ĸ                  |                      | м                | ы      | 0                  | 9                  | 0 | R | 5 |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|
|     |                       | 1                    |                 |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   | L |
|     | PARAMETE              | R                    |                 |                              | MENT                      | 8                                            | .OWDOW          | /N                                            |                    |                       | C               |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
|     |                       |                      | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | KON<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER                                       | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER                              | CONDENS<br>COOLING | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>Overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |   |   |   |
| T   | FLOW                  | M Z                  | (Al)            |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               | †                  |                       |                 |                    |                    | 40030                | LEVICE3          |        | <u>+</u>           | CONTROL            |   |   |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE           | °c                   |                 |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 93210                |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | 1                    | 145             |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 155                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 4   | 900                   | <u>۳۲</u>            | 5               |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 5   | 00                    | Ϋ́                   | 25              |                              |                           | L                                            |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    | -                  | 29                   |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 6   | T5                    | X                    | 358             |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 720                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 7   | TDS                   | 7                    | 334             |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 664                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 8   | T55                   | X                    | 24              |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 56                   |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N          | 7                    | 5               | —                            |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    | _                |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N          | 7                    | 0.2             |                              |                           |                                              | <u> </u>        |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.32                 |                  |        | L                  |                    |   |   |   |
| 11  | AS P                  | ス                    | 0.7             |                              |                           | ļ                                            | <b> </b>        |                                               |                    | i                     |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                  |        | L                  |                    |   |   |   |
|     |                       | NQ/                  |                 | l                            | <u> </u>                  |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        | <u> </u>           |                    |   |   |   |
| 10  |                       | 004.<br>MGY          |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u>                                     |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS        | 14<br>14<br>14<br>14 | 104             |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        | <u> </u>           |                    |   |   |   |
| 2   | AS CACO,              | 1                    | 74              |                              |                           |                                              |                 | }                                             | <u>}</u>           | }                     |                 |                    |                    | 293                  |                  |        | <u>}</u>           |                    |   |   |   |
| 17  | SULFITE               | 1                    | / •             |                              |                           | <u> </u>                                     |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 56                   |                  |        | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>           |   |   |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE               | 1                    |                 |                              |                           |                                              | † —             | -                                             |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE              | 1                    | 51              | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u> </u>                                     |                 | <u> </u>                                      | 1                  | <u>+</u>              |                 |                    |                    | 126                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE              | 8                    |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u>                                     |                 | <u> </u>                                      |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 120                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 21  | ALUMINUM              | 8                    | 0               | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u> </u>                                     | +               |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 11                   |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 22  | BORON                 | 16                   |                 |                              | ·                         |                                              | 1               | 1                                             | 1                  |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 23  | CHRONIUM              | 14                   | 14              |                              |                           |                                              | İ               |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 24  | COPPER                | #G/                  |                 |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| ත   | IRON                  | 7                    | 600             |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1200                 |                  |        | L                  |                    |   |   |   |
| 26  | LEAD                  | ጞ                    |                 |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       | _               |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM             | 2                    | 77              |                              |                           | L                                            |                 |                                               | ļ                  |                       |                 |                    | ļ                  | 95                   |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 28  | MANGANESE             | 12                   |                 |                              |                           | ļ                                            |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 29  | MERCURY               | ľχ                   |                 | L                            |                           | Ļ                                            |                 | <b> </b>                                      |                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 30  | NICKEL                | X                    |                 | ļ                            | ļ                         | <u>                                     </u> |                 |                                               | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    | ļ                  |                      | <b> </b>         |        | <u> </u>           |                    |   |   |   |
| 31  | SELÉNIUM              | X                    |                 | ļ                            | <u> </u>                  |                                              |                 | <u> </u>                                      |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 122 | VANADILM              | 1                    |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u>                                     |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        | +                  |                    |   |   |   |
| 35  | ZINC                  | X                    |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u>                                     | ļ               |                                               | <u> </u>           | ├                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 26  | UIL & GREASE          | /L<br>#6,            |                 |                              |                           |                                              |                 | <u> </u>                                      | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | · · ·              |                      |                  |        | +                  |                    |   |   |   |
| 25  | CIPENTANTE            | /L<br>#6/            |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |                                              | +               | <u> </u>                                      | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        | · · ·              | <u> </u>           |   |   |   |
| 37  | ALGICIDES             | 1.                   |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u>                                     | <u>├</u> ──     |                                               | <u>├</u> ──        | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                  |        | 1                  |                    |   |   |   |
| 38  | SODIUM                | ГL<br>MG             |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>                                     | †               | 1                                             | t                  | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | 1                  |                      | [                |        |                    |                    |   |   | 1 |
| 39  | FREQUENCY             | cres<br>An           |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>                                     |                 | <u>                                      </u> | t                  | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | [                    |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| ئ   | <b> </b>              | <u>117 1</u>         |                 |                              | ↓                         |                                              | 1               |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
|     |                       |                      |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
|     | ]                     |                      |                 |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                                               |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | <u> </u>         |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |

| REM                                              | ARKS |
|--------------------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research |      |
| Region V Corps of Engineers discharg             | 8    |
| permits.                                         |      |
| Al:_ 5.03 x 106                                  |      |
|                                                  |      |
|                                                  |      |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

### CAPACITY: 1042 MW FUEL: Coal, Oil & Gas

AGE OF PLANT:\_\_\_\_\_

|    |                  | [            | A               | В                  | _ C                       | D        | E               | F                | G                                              | н                     | Ι               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | N               | 0                  | P                  | Q | R | S           |
|----|------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|---|-------------|
| ]  |                  |              |                 |                    |                           | •        | _               |                  |                                                | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      | _                           |                 |                    |                    |   |   | · · · · · · |
|    |                  |              |                 | TREAT              | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                                                |                       | С               |                    | 5                  |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
|    |                  |              | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER                    | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR | I |   |             |
| {  | FLOW             | M3/          | (A1)            |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 53004                | 0.11003                     |                 | <u> </u>           | Contract           |   |   |             |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE      | °c           | <u></u>         |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   | _           |
| 3  | ALKALINITY       | wc/          | 110             |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 95                   |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 4  | BOD              | MG           |                 |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 5  | COD              | MG           | 11              |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 5                    |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 6  | TS               | MG           | 204             |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 283                  |                             |                 |                    |                    |   | ~ |             |
| 7  | TDS              | MG           | 175             |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 250                  |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 8  | TSS              | MG           | 29              |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    | ·                  | 30                   |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N     | MG           | 0.11            |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | b.07                 |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N     | MG           | 0.23            |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | D.32                 |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS       | MG           | 0.21            |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.16                 |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 12 | TURBIDITY        | JTU          | 18              |                    |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 2                    |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM   | NQ/          |                 |                    |                           |          |                 | -                |                                                | †                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO, | MG           |                 |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS   | MG           | 149             |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 200                  |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 16 | SULFATE          | MG           | 22              |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                | h                     |                 |                    |                    | 120                  |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 17 | SULFITE          | MC           |                 |                    |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 120                  |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 18 | BROMIDE          | MG           |                 | <u> </u>           |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | i                    |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 19 | CHLORIDE         | MG           | 10              |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 18                   |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 20 | FLUORIDE         | MG           | 10              |                    | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    | - |   |             |
| 21 | ALUMINUM         | #9           | 120             |                    |                           |          |                 |                  | 1                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1470                 |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 22 | BDRON            | MG           |                 |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 23 | CHROMIUM         | "            | 4               |                    | [                         | 1        | 1               |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 5                    |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 24 | COPPER           | #G/          |                 |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 25 | IRON             | <u>"%</u>    | 420             |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 33                   |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 26 | LEAD             | 46           |                 |                    |                           |          |                 |                  | 1                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM        | MG           | 16              |                    |                           |          |                 | 1                | 1                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    | 14                   |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 28 | MANGANESE        | 12           |                 |                    |                           | 1        |                 | 1                | 1                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 29 | MERCURY          | #G           |                 |                    |                           |          |                 | 1                | <b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 30 | NICKEL           | <u>۴</u> 6/  |                 |                    |                           | †        |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | -                           |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 31 | SELENIUM         | #5           |                 | 1                  |                           |          | <u> </u>        | 1                | <u> </u>                                       |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 32 | VANADIUM         | "%           |                 |                    | [                         |          |                 |                  |                                                | · · · · ·             |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | -               |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 33 | ZINC             | "%           | 26              |                    |                           |          | 1               |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | 56                   |                             |                 |                    |                    |   | - |             |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE     | MG           |                 |                    |                           | <b> </b> |                 | 1                | 1                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 35 | PHENOLS          | #5/<br>L     |                 |                    |                           |          |                 | 1                | ľ                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS      | MG           |                 |                    |                           |          |                 | 1                |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 37 | ALGICIDES        | мć           |                 |                    |                           |          |                 | 1                |                                                |                       |                 |                    | i                  |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 38 | SODIUM           | ₩C/          | 6               |                    |                           | ]        |                 |                  | [                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    | 9                    |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
| 39 | FREQUENCY        | CYC'S<br>∕YR |                 |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
|    |                  |              |                 |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
|    |                  |              |                 |                    |                           |          |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |
|    |                  |              |                 |                    |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                                                |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |   |   |             |

| R E M                                   | A R K S |
|-----------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution |         |
| Research Program, computer review       |         |
| of EPA Region V Corps of Engineers      |         |
| discharge permits.                      |         |
| 6                                       |         |
| A1: 3.48 x 10                           |         |
|                                         |         |
|                                         |         |
|                                         |         |
|                                         |         |

## CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

# PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 1100 MW FUEL: Coal

AGE OF PLANT:\_\_\_\_\_

| _ | TABULATION BY : | SC      |
|---|-----------------|---------|
| _ | DATE :          | 4-18-73 |
|   | SHEET NO. 1 OF  | - 1     |
|   |                 |         |

|    |                    | [                           | Α               | B                            | С                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               |                    | ĸ                  |                      |                                               | E.       |                                                | -                                            | ~           |          |          |
|----|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|
|    |                    |                             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    | <u> </u>             | HAI                                           | 14       |                                                | F                                            | <u>v</u>    |          |          |
|    | PARAMETER          | <b>ء</b>                    |                 | TREA                         | ER<br>MENT                | B        | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | C               |                    | 5                  |                      | · · · ·                                       |          | 1                                              | [                                            |             |          |          |
|    |                    |                             | INTAKE<br>WITER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION                              | YARD &   | SANITARY<br>WASTES                             | NUCLEAR                                      |             |          |          |
| I  | FLOW               | 1"/<br>DAY                  |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             | 363                   |                 |                    | -ر <del>ي</del> ب  | ¦… <u></u>           | UEVICES                                       |          | <u></u>                                        | CONTROL                                      | aj= <u></u> | 1        | <u> </u> |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE        | °C                          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | ···                |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY AS CACO | $\boldsymbol{\gamma}$       | 67              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 82                    |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 4  | 800                | "8                          | 2               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 3                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 5  | 000                | *                           | 12              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 1099                  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          | -                                              |                                              |             |          |          |
| 6  | TS                 | 7                           | 324             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 3549                  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          | · · · · ·                                      |                                              |             |          |          |
| 7  | TDS                | 2                           | 200             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 247                   |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 8  | T5S                | **                          | 124             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 3302                  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          | ·                                              |                                              |             |          |          |
| 9  | ANNONIA AS N       | Y                           | 0.21            | i<br>                        | L                         |          |                 |                  |                             | 0.35                  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              | _           |          |          |
| 10 | NETRATE AS N       | X                           | 1.8             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 2.25                  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 11 | AS P               | X                           | 0.1             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           | 0.23                  |                 | _                  |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY          | JTU                         |                 |                              | ļ                         | ļ        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM     |                             | ļ               | L                            |                           | <b> </b> |                 | $\vdash$         | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| M  | ACTITY AS CACO,    | Ž                           |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | ļ        | ļ               | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 15 | AS CACO.           | X                           |                 |                              | ļ                         | ļ        | <b>İ</b>        | Ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          | ļ        |
| ю  | SULFATE            | 7                           | 66              |                              |                           | ļ        |                 | ļ                |                             | 133                   |                 |                    |                    |                      | ļ                                             |          | ļ                                              |                                              |             | · ·      |          |
| 17 | SULFITE            | X                           |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    | <b> </b>           |                      |                                               |          | ļ                                              | <b> -</b>                                    |             |          |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE            | 7                           |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | +        | ļ               |                  | <b> </b>                    |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | ļ                    |                                               | <b> </b> |                                                |                                              |             | ļ        | <u> </u> |
| 19 | CHLORIDE           | X                           | 23              |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | +                |                             | 23                    |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             | <u> </u> |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE           | 7                           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       | _               |                    |                    |                      | ···-                                          |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 2  |                    | <u>`∕</u><br>₩6∕            |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  | <u> </u>             |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             | ļ        |          |
| 22 | Chillon II at      | 1                           |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | ÷        | +               |                  | +                           |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                                               | +        |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 2  |                    | 1.                          |                 |                              | t                         |          | <u> </u>        | +                |                             |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                                               | <u> </u> |                                                |                                              |             | +        | <u> </u> |
| 24 |                    | 1.                          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | +                |                             |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | <u>+</u>             |                                               |          | +                                              |                                              |             |          |          |
| 26 |                    | -1<br>-67                   |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  | 1                           |                       | <u> </u>        |                    |                    |                      | <u>+</u>                                      |          | <u>†</u>                                       |                                              |             |          |          |
| 27 | MAGNESKIM          | <u>^</u><br>⊮⊊              |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | +        |                 | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          | 1                                              |                                              |             |          | <u>+</u> |
| 28 | MANGANESE          | -1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u>├</u> ──               |          | +               | <u> </u>         | <u>+</u>                    | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | 1                    | <u>                                      </u> | t        | <u>† – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –</u> | <u> </u>                                     |             |          | 1        |
| 29 | MERCURY            | •6/                         |                 | <u>+</u>                     | 1                         |          | • —             |                  | 1                           | 1                     |                 | · · · ·            |                    | 1                    |                                               |          | 1                                              | 1                                            |             | <u> </u> |          |
| 30 | NICKEL             | FG/                         |                 |                              | +                         | 1        | •               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               | 1        |                                                | 1                                            |             |          | 1        |
| 31 | SELENNUM           | 14                          |                 | †                            | 1                         | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 32 | VANADILAI          | 5                           |                 | <u> </u>                     | 1                         | -        | ;               |                  |                             | T                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 33 | ZINC               | 1                           | 10              | -                            | 1                         |          |                 |                  |                             | 80                    |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE       | ЧŶ                          |                 | <u>+</u>                     |                           |          |                 | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               |          |                                                |                                              |             |          |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS            | 4                           |                 | 1                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                                               | L        |                                                | Ļ                                            |             | L        |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS        | "/                          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             | ļ                                             |          |                                                | ļ                                            |             |          |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES          | "                           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>             | ļ                                             | L        |                                                | <b></b>                                      | ļ           | ļ        | ļ        |
| 38 | SODIUM             | ₩¢/                         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | L                | L                           |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>             |                                               |          |                                                | <u>                                     </u> |             | ļ        | <b> </b> |
| 39 | FREQUENCY          | CYC'S<br>/YR                | [               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | ļ                           | <b></b>               | <b> </b>        |                    |                    |                      |                                               | ļ        |                                                | <b> </b>                                     | <b> </b>    | <b>.</b> |          |
|    |                    |                             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | .                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                                               |          | .                                              | -                                            |             |          |          |
|    |                    |                             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ·                    | ·                                             |          | -                                              | -                                            |             |          |          |
|    |                    |                             |                 |                              |                           |          | ļ               |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       | L               | L                  |                    | <u> </u>             | <u> </u>                                      | <u> </u> | 1                                              | <u> </u>                                     | I           |          |          |

|                                       |          |                    | RE     | MA  | R | κs |      |   |   | <br> |
|---------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|--------|-----|---|----|------|---|---|------|
| Data Source:                          | National | Thermal Pollution  | Resear | ch  |   |    | <br> |   |   | <br> |
|                                       | Program, | computer review of | EPA    |     |   |    | <br> |   |   | <br> |
|                                       | Region V | Corps of Engineers | disch  | arg |   |    | <br> |   |   | <br> |
|                                       | permits. |                    |        |     |   |    | <br> | • |   | <br> |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |                    |        |     |   |    | <br> |   |   | <br> |
|                                       |          |                    |        |     |   |    | <br> |   |   | <br> |
|                                       |          |                    |        |     |   |    | <br> |   |   | <br> |
|                                       |          |                    |        |     |   |    | <br> |   |   | <br> |
|                                       |          |                    |        | +   |   |    | <br> |   | · | <br> |
|                                       |          |                    |        |     |   |    |      |   |   |      |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

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CAPACITY: 186 MW AGE OF PLANT:

sc TABULATION BY : \_\_\_\_ 4-18-73 SHEET NO. \_1 OF\_\_1

|          |                           | ſ                 | A               | в                            | C               | D        | E               | F                                            | G                           | н                                            | 1               | J                  | к                  | L        | м                           | N                         | 0                  | Q                  | Q    | R | S |
|----------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|---|---|
|          |                           |                   |                 |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             | WAS                                          | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
|          | PARAMETE                  |                   |                 | WAT<br>TRÉAT                 | ER<br>MENT      | BL       | OWDOW           | /N                                           |                             |                                              | С               |                    | S                  |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
|          |                           |                   | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER                             | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage                        | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |      |   |   |
| 1        | FLOW                      |                   | 4165            |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             | 23                                           |                 |                    |                    | 1817     |                             |                           | <u></u>            |                    | 1666 |   |   |
| 2        | TEMPERATURE               | °c                |                 |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 3        | ALKALINITY                | mg/               | 143             |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 49       |                             |                           |                    |                    | 139  |   |   |
| 4        | BOD                       | MG                | 10              |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 10       |                             |                           |                    |                    | 10   |   |   |
| 5        | COD                       | MG                | 15              |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 15       |                             |                           |                    |                    | 15   |   |   |
| 6        | ts                        | MG                | 441             |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 1111     |                             |                           |                    |                    | 1117 |   |   |
| 7        | TD5                       | MG                | 408             |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 1054     |                             |                           |                    |                    | 1096 |   |   |
| 8        | <b>T</b> 55               | Mγ                | 6               |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 57       |                             |                           |                    |                    | 21   |   |   |
| 9        | AMMONIA AS N              | MG                | 0.06            |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 0.18     |                             |                           |                    |                    | 0.11 |   |   |
| 10       | NITRATE AS N              | MG                | 1.41            |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 2.6      |                             |                           |                    |                    | 0.51 |   |   |
| ll       | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P        | ΜĠ                | 0.06            |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 0.14     |                             |                           |                    |                    | 0.08 |   |   |
| 12       | TURBIDITY                 | JTU               |                 |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 13       | FECAL COLIFORM            | NQ/               |                 |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 14       | ACIDITY AS CACO           | ₩G/               |                 |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    | _                  |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 15       | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS CACO | MK~               | 312             |                              |                 |          | <br>            |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 700      |                             |                           |                    |                    | 664  |   |   |
| 16       | SULFATE                   | MG<br>۲           | 138             |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             | 6837                                         |                 |                    |                    | 665      |                             |                           |                    |                    | 2240 |   | - |
| 17       | SULFITE                   | MG                |                 |                              |                 | ļ        |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 18       | BROMIDE                   | MΥ                |                 |                              |                 | 1        |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 19       | CHLORIDE                  | MG                | 20              |                              |                 |          | ļ               |                                              |                             | 0                                            |                 |                    |                    | 61       |                             |                           | ļ                  |                    | 33   |   |   |
| 20       | FLUORIDE                  | 1                 | 0.17            | ļ                            | ļ               |          |                 | <b>_</b>                                     |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 0.34     |                             |                           |                    |                    | 0    |   |   |
| 21       | ALUMINUM                  | 1/2               |                 | ļ                            | <u> </u>        | ļ        |                 | <u> </u>                                     |                             |                                              | . <u>-</u>      |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 22       | BORON                     | 1                 |                 |                              |                 |          |                 | Ļ                                            |                             |                                              | -               |                    |                    | ·        | ļ                           |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 23       | CHROMIUM                  | 1                 |                 | <b> </b>                     |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | ļ        |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 24       | COPPER                    | 1                 | 37              |                              |                 |          | ļ               |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 0        |                             |                           |                    |                    | 15   |   |   |
| 25       |                           | ×<br>+6,          | 237             | <b>↓</b>                     |                 |          | <u> </u>        |                                              |                             | 368                                          |                 |                    |                    | 830      |                             |                           | ļ                  | <b> </b>           | 1614 |   |   |
| 20       |                           | μÇ                |                 |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 21       | MAGNESIUM                 | 1                 |                 |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 20       | MERCURY                   | 1<br>46,          |                 | +                            |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             | <u> </u>                                     |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u> |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 30       | NICKEL                    | /L<br>#G/         | 2               | +                            | ļ               | +        | <u>.</u>        | <del> </del>                                 |                             | 0                                            |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | 0        | ļ                           |                           | <b> </b>           |                    | 0    |   |   |
| 31       | SELENIUM                  | 1-                |                 | +                            |                 |          |                 | +                                            | +                           | <u>+</u>                                     |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           | +                  |                    |      |   |   |
| 32       | VANADIUM                  | 1 <u>-</u><br>49/ |                 | +                            | +               |          | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>                                     | +                           |                                              |                 |                    | <u>+</u>           |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 33       | ZINC                      | 1-1-              |                 |                              |                 | <u> </u> | †               |                                              | +                           |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                    |      |   |   |
| 34       | OIL & GREASE              | MG                |                 | <u>+</u>                     |                 |          |                 | 1                                            |                             | <u> </u>                                     |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |          |                             |                           | -                  |                    |      |   |   |
| 35       | PHENOLS                   | 12 L<br>14 G/     | -               | +                            | +               | <u>+</u> | <u>+</u>        | <u>†                                    </u> |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 36       | SURFACTANTS               | MG                |                 |                              | 1               | +        | 1               | 1                                            | +                           | 1                                            |                 |                    | -                  |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 37       | ALGICIDES                 | MG                |                 |                              |                 | +        | <u> </u>        | +                                            |                             | +                                            |                 |                    |                    | 1        |                             |                           | +                  | <u> </u>           |      |   |   |
| 38       | SODIUM                    | MG                |                 | 1.                           | 1               |          | <u> </u>        | 1                                            | 1                           |                                              |                 |                    |                    | 1        |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>           |      |   |   |
| 39       | FREQUENCY                 | CYCS<br>/YR       |                 | 1                            | 1               |          | 1               |                                              | 1                           | -                                            |                 |                    |                    | 1        |                             |                           | 1                  | 1                  |      |   |   |
| <u> </u> | <b> </b>                  | <u> </u>          |                 | 1                            |                 |          |                 | 1                                            | †                           | <u>†                                    </u> |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | 1        |                             |                           | 1                  |                    |      |   |   |
|          |                           |                   |                 |                              |                 |          |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
|          |                           |                   |                 |                              |                 | 1        |                 |                                              |                             |                                              |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |

|              | R E M                                                                                         | ARKS |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: | National Thermal Pollution                                                                    |      |
|              | Research Program, computer review<br>of EPA Region V Corps of Engineers<br>discharge permits. |      |
| Q: Composite | Discharges                                                                                    |      |
|              |                                                                                               |      |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

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CAPACITY: 1304 MW FUEL: Coal AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

 TABULATION
 BY:
 SC

 DATE:
 4-18-73

 SHEET
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| ,  |                        | _              | A               | В                                            | C                         | D        | E                                       | F                                            | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | М                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 0                  | Р                             | Q        | R    | S        |
|----|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|------|----------|
|    |                        |                | I               |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             | WAS                   | te str          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    | •                             |          |      |          |
|    | PARAMETE               | R              |                 | TREAT                                        | MENT                      | BL       | OWDOW                                   | /N                                           |                             |                       | C               |                    | 5                  |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
|    |                        |                | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES                 | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | Evapo-<br>Rator                         | COOLING<br>TOWER                             | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |          |      |          |
| Ι  | FLOW                   | M°/<br>DAY     | (A1)            |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 37103                |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <u> </u>           |                               | 12115    | 6058 | 114      |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE            | °ر             |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACON | **{            | 67              |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 142                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 115      | 137  | 132      |
| 4  | 800                    | мÝ             | 2               |                                              | _                         |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 4                    |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    | ,                             | 5        | 5    | 4        |
| 5  | (00)                   | <u>۳</u>       | 9               |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             | 85                    |                 |                    |                    | 18                   |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 23       | 19   | 28       |
| 6  | TS                     | <u>"%</u>      | 280             |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             | 6000                  |                 |                    |                    | 906                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 805      | 780  | 1280     |
| 7  | TD5                    | 7              | 250             |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             | 5800                  |                 |                    |                    | 861                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 685      | 710  | 750      |
| 8  | TSS                    | <u>"</u> Y     | 35              | Ĺ.                                           |                           |          |                                         | -                                            |                             | 200                   |                 |                    |                    | 50                   |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 120      | . 70 | 135      |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N           | X              | 0.18            | ļ                                            |                           | ļ        |                                         | ļ                                            |                             | 1.35                  |                 |                    |                    | 0.73                 |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 0.3      | 1.28 | 0.68     |
| 0  | NITRATE AS N           | Ţ              | 7.4             | <u> </u>                                     |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             | 1.8                   |                 |                    |                    | 13.5                 |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 10       | 7.47 | 12.0     |
| 11 | AS P                   | 7              |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | -        | -    | -        |
| 12 | TURBIDITY              | JTU            |                 | ļ                                            | ļ                         |          |                                         | ļ                                            |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM         | COM<br>MG/     |                 |                                              |                           |          | <u></u>                                 | <u> </u>                                     | -                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 14 | TOTAL HARDNESS         | 1              |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 13 | AS CACO,               | <u>/</u><br>#G | 150             |                                              | -                         |          |                                         | <u> </u>                                     |                             | 1850                  |                 |                    |                    | 556                  |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 400      | 350  | 420      |
| 17 | SULFAIL                | 1.<br>MG/      | 100             |                                              |                           | <u> </u> | -                                       | <u> </u>                                     |                             | 861                   |                 |                    |                    | 280                  | ;-                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 325      | 414  | 232      |
| 10 | 8004105                | ∕∟<br>₩¢∕      |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 10 |                        | /∟<br>₩6⁄      |                 |                                              | <b> </b>                  | †        |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | <u> </u> |      | 102      |
| 10 | FLUORIDE               | 4.<br>11.      | 40              |                                              |                           |          |                                         | <u>+</u>                                     | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 70                   |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <u> </u>           |                               | -69      | 12   | 192      |
| 21 | ALUMINUM               | 1              |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         | <u>†                                    </u> |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | '        |      |          |
| 22 | BORON                  | 1              |                 |                                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                                         | +                                            |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    | 1                             |          |      |          |
| 23 | CHRONIUM               | 14             | 1320            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        | <u> </u>                  |          |                                         | 1                                            |                             | 50                    |                 |                    |                    | 1400                 |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 1324     | 1327 | 1325     |
| 24 | COPPER                 | 4              |                 |                                              | 1                         |          | <b></b>                                 | <u> </u>                                     |                             |                       | -               |                    |                    | [                    |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 25 | IRON                   | 14             | 60              | 1                                            |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             | 60                    |                 |                    |                    | 80                   |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 150      | 92   | 158      |
| 26 | LEAD                   | え              |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM              | ٩              | 10              |                                              |                           |          | [                                       |                                              |                             | 174                   |                 |                    |                    | 10                   |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 22       | 21   | 22       |
| 28 | MANGANESE              | Ľ              |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              | <br>                        |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 29 | MERCURY                | #6<br>/L       |                 | L                                            |                           | <b></b>  | ļ                                       | L                                            |                             |                       |                 | L                  |                    | <b> </b>             |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ļ                  |                               |          |      |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                 | 1              |                 | ļ                                            |                           |          | ļ                                       | <u> </u>                                     | I                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | <b> </b>             | ļ                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ↓                  |                               |          |      |          |
| 31 | SELÉNIUM               | 1/1            |                 | <b> </b>                                     | <b> </b>                  |          |                                         | <u> </u>                                     |                             |                       | · · · - · · ·   |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <u> </u>           |                               |          |      | <b>-</b> |
| 32 | VANADIUM               | [X]            |                 | ļ                                            |                           |          |                                         | <u> </u>                                     | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
| 33 | ZINC                   | X              | _ 10            | <u>                                     </u> |                           | <u> </u> | <b> </b>                                |                                              | <u> </u>                    | 6                     |                 |                    |                    | 80                   |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>                      | 3        | 3.8  | 11       |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE           | X              |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         | <u> </u>                                     |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <u> </u>           | +                             |          |      |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS                | ×.             |                 | <u> </u>                                     |                           | ┣──      |                                         |                                              | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    | +                             |          |      |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS            | X<br>MG,       |                 |                                              |                           | <u> </u> |                                         | ┼──-                                         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <u> </u>           |                               |          |      |          |
| 3/ | ALGICIDES              | /L<br>MG/      |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 51                   |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               | 47       | 42   | 61       |
| 30 |                        | 1              | 24              |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             | <u>ل</u>              |                 |                    |                    | - 21                 |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    | <u> </u>                      | 4/       | 42   | -01      |
| 59 |                        | ∕ <b>Y</b> R   |                 |                                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                                         | <u> </u>                                     |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | [                    |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    | 1                             | 1        |      |          |
|    |                        |                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      | <u> </u>                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
|    |                        |                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                                         |                                              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                               |          |      |          |
|    |                        |                |                 |                                              | 1 .                       |          | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | A                                            |                             |                       |                 |                    | _                  |                      |                             | and the second se |                    |                               |          |      |          |

| RE M                                             | A R K S |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research |         |
| Program, computer review of EPA                  |         |
| Region V Corps of Engineers discharg             | ę       |
| permits.                                         |         |
| O. P. S. Other Ash Pond Discharge Stream         |         |
| Q, R, S. Other ish fond field                    |         |
| A1: $10.52 \times 10^6$                          |         |
|                                                  |         |
|                                                  |         |

PLANT CODE NO. 1808

|     |                            | ſ         | Α               | в                            | С                         | D        | Е               | F                | G                           | н                     | I               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | М                         | 0                  | .P.                           | Q | R            | S |
|-----|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------|---|
| ſ   |                            |           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | -                           | WAS                   | te str          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| - 1 |                            |           |                 | WAT                          | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | N.               |                             |                       | С               | LFANING            | ;                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
|     | FARAMETE                   |           | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |              |   |
|     | FLOW                       |           | (Al)            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | i                  |                    | 15144                |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE                | °c        | <b>1</b>        |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO      | m?        | 138             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 166                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 4   | BOD                        | MG∕ I     | 10              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 10                   |                             | ·                         |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 5   | COD                        | MG        | 18              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 38                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 6   | TS                         | MΥ        | 582             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 703                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 7   | TDS                        | ₩Ŷ        | 309             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 673                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 8   | T55                        | ΜĊ        | 273             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 30                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N               | MG        | 0.5             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.12                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N               | ₩¢{       | 0.03            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | _                           |                       |                 |                    | •                  | 0.75                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 11  | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P         | MG        | 0.49            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.75                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 12  | TURBIDITY                  | JTU       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM             | NQ/       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO,           | MG/       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS (ACO) | MG        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 16  | SULFATE                    | ₩G.       | 18              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 146                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 17  | SULFITE                    | мY        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE                    | ٣٤        |                 |                              |                           | !<br>•   |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE                   | мç        | 27              |                              |                           | L        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 28                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE                   | мç        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 21  | ALUMINUM                   | "%        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 22  | BORON                      | MG/       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 23  | CHROMIUM                   | "%        |                 |                              |                           |          | <br>            |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |   |              |   |
| 24  | COPPER                     | X         |                 |                              |                           | ļ        |                 | ļ                | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 25  | IRON                       | 7         |                 |                              | ļ                         | ļ        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 26  | LEAD                       | 1         |                 |                              |                           | ļ        |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    | · •                |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM                  | 1         |                 |                              |                           |          | ļ               | ļ                | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 28  | MANGANESE                  | 1         |                 |                              |                           | <b>├</b> | <u> </u>        | <b> </b>         | i                           | i                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 29  | MERCURY                    | 1         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <b> </b>         | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | ļ                         |                    |                               |   | <b> </b>     |   |
| 30  | NICKEL                     | 1         |                 | <b> </b>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 3   | SELENIUM                   | 1/        | ļ               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <b> </b>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 2   | VANADIUM                   | 1         | <b> </b>        |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 33  |                            | X<br>MG,  | 20              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 10                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE               | /L<br>#6/ |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 30  | CURRENULS                  | /<br>MG,  | l               |                              | + • •                     |          | ·               |                  | <u> </u>                    | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 30  | AL CICIDES                 | 1<br>MG,  |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              | { |
| 20  | SODIUM                     | ∕L<br>MG∕ |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u> </u> |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | <del> </del> |   |
| 30  | FREQUENCY                  | rrs       |                 | +                            | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
| 55  |                            | /YR       |                 |                              | <b> </b>                  |          |                 | <u> </u>         | <u>}</u>                    | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
|     |                            |           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |              |   |
|     |                            |           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | ·                           |                           |                    | ——                            |   |              |   |

| REM                                                                   | ARKS |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research                      |      |
| Program, computer review of EPA<br>Region V Corps of Engineers discha |      |
| permits.                                                              |      |
| A1: $1.47 \times 10^6$                                                |      |
|                                                                       |      |
|                                                                       |      |
|                                                                       |      |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 1816 .

# CAPACITY: 600 MW TABULATION BY: SC FUEL: Coal DATE: \_\_\_\_\_\_ AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_\_

|          |                            |           | A              | B                            | С                         | D                                            | E               | F                | G                  | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                                            | L                    | м                | N               | 0                      | þ                  | Q        | R                                            | 5        |
|----------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------|----------|
|          |                            | Τ         |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    | WAS                   | TE STR          | AM                 |                                              |                      |                  |                 | ·                      |                    |          |                                              |          |
|          | PARAMETER                  | ۱ ۽       | [              | TREAT                        | MENT                      | Bt                                           | OWDOW           | /N               |                    |                       | С               |                    | G                                            |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
|          |                            |           | INTAKE<br>WEER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER                                       | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>Heater | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE                           | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>FOLLUTION | YARD &<br>FLOOR | SANITARY<br>WASTES     | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |          |                                              |          |
| T        | FLOW I                     | */        |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       | <u> </u>        |                    | ~                                            | 2796                 | UEVILES          |                 | ••• ••• <u>•••</u> ••• |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 2        | TEMPERATURE                | •         |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 3/60.                |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 3        | ALKALINITY I               | $\chi$    | 40             |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 256                  |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 4        | 800                        | 8         |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 2.30                 |                  |                 |                        |                    | -        |                                              |          |
| 5        | 000                        | *         |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 6        | TS .                       | 8         | 200            |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 1490                 |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 7        | TDS                        | *         | 175            |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 1385                 |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 8        | TSS                        | 19        | 23             |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 59                   |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 9        | AMILICINA AS N             | *         | 0.15           |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 0.02                 |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 10       | NITRATE AS N               | **        | 2.25           |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 0.9                  |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| н        | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P         | X         | 0              |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 0.41                 |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 12       | TURBIOITY                  | JTU       |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 13       | FECAL COLIFORM             | 욽른        |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| iн       | ACIDITY AS CACO,           | Υ.        |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 15       | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS (200) | X         |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 16       | SULFATE                    | 7         | 34             |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 234                  |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 17       | SULFITE                    | *%        |                |                              |                           |                                              | ·               |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 18       | BROMIDE                    | X         |                |                              |                           | ļ                                            | ļ               |                  | L                  |                       | L               |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 19       | CHLORIDE                   | X         | 21             |                              |                           | -                                            |                 |                  |                    |                       | <u> </u>        |                    | ļ                                            | 62                   |                  |                 | L                      |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 20       | FLUORIDE                   | ۶         | 0              | ļ                            | L                         |                                              | ļ               |                  |                    | ļ                     | <u> </u>        |                    |                                              | 0.7                  |                  |                 | ļ                      |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 21       | AUNINUM                    | X         | 0              | <u> </u>                     |                           |                                              | ļ               | <b></b>          | +                  |                       |                 |                    |                                              | 6000                 |                  | <b> </b>        | <b> </b>               |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 22       | BORON                      | X         |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 | <b> </b>         |                    |                       | ┣               |                    |                                              |                      |                  | <u> </u>        |                        |                    |          |                                              | ——       |
| 23       | CHROMIUM                   | X         |                | <b> </b>                     |                           | i—                                           |                 | +                |                    |                       | <u> </u>        |                    | <u>                                     </u> |                      |                  |                 | <u> </u>               |                    | · ·      |                                              |          |
| 24       | COPPER                     | X         |                | ļ                            | <u> </u>                  |                                              | +               |                  | ──                 | +                     | ┣──             |                    | <u> </u>                                     |                      |                  | <u> </u>        |                        |                    |          |                                              | <u> </u> |
| 25       | IRON                       | 7         |                |                              |                           |                                              | +               |                  | <u>↓</u>           |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      | <u> </u>         | ┣──             | <u> </u>               |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 26       | LEAD                       | 7         |                | <u> </u>                     | l                         | +                                            |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 | +                      |                    |          |                                              | <u> </u> |
| 27       | MAGNESRUM                  | 7         |                | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u>+</u>                                     | +               | +                |                    |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                                              | +                    |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              | <u> </u> |
| 28       | MANGANESE                  | X.        |                |                              | -                         |                                              | <u> </u>        |                  | +                  |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  | <u> </u>        |                        |                    |          |                                              | <u> </u> |
| 29       |                            | /L<br>#G, |                | +                            |                           | +                                            |                 | +                |                    | +                     |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| Har I    | INCKEL                     | 1         |                |                              | <u> </u>                  | <del> </del>                                 | +               | <u> </u>         | +                  | +                     | <u> </u>        | +                  | <u>                                     </u> | +                    | <u>+</u>         | <u> </u>        | †—                     |                    |          |                                              | <u> </u> |
| 13       | SELENIUM                   | 1         |                | +                            | +                         | ╂───                                         | +               | +                | +                  | +                     | <u> </u>        |                    | <u>+</u>                                     | +                    |                  | +               | +                      |                    |          | <u>†                                    </u> | <u> </u> |
| 22       | 704                        | 1         |                | +                            |                           | <u> </u>                                     |                 | ·   ····         | <u> </u>           | +                     |                 | <u>+</u>           | +                                            | <u> </u>             | <u>+</u>         |                 | <u> </u>               |                    | <u> </u> |                                              | <u> </u> |
|          |                            | 1         |                | +                            | +                         | +                                            | <u> </u>        | +                | +                  | +                     | <u>+</u>        | <u> </u>           | <u>+</u>                                     | 1                    | +                |                 | 1                      | <u>+</u>           |          | <u> </u>                                     | +        |
| 134      | DENDE                      | 1         |                | +                            | +                         | +                                            | +               | 1                |                    | 1                     |                 | <u> </u>           | 1.                                           |                      |                  | <u> </u>        |                        |                    | <u> </u> | 1                                            |          |
|          | SUDENCIANTE                | 4         |                |                              |                           | <u>†                                    </u> | <u> </u>        |                  |                    |                       | 1               | 1                  |                                              |                      |                  | <u> </u>        |                        | 1                  |          | 1                                            | 1        |
| 17       | AL GICIPES                 | 1         |                |                              | <u>+</u>                  | <u>†</u>                                     |                 | +                |                    |                       | 1               |                    | 1                                            |                      | 1                |                 |                        | 1                  | · · ·    |                                              |          |
| 70       | SODIUM                     | 1         |                |                              | <u> </u>                  | 1                                            |                 | 1                | 1                  |                       | 1               |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| 39       | FREQUENCY                  | ncs       |                |                              |                           | <u> </u>                                     | 1               | 1                | 1                  |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
| <u> </u> |                            | אדע       |                | <u> </u>                     |                           | 1                                            | 1               | 1                |                    | 1                     |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
|          |                            |           |                |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  | -                  |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
|          |                            |           |                |                              |                           | 1                                            |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |
|          | -                          |           | _              |                              |                           |                                              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                                              |                      |                  |                 |                        |                    |          |                                              |          |

| REM /                                            | A R K S |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research |         |
| Program, computer review of EPA                  |         |
| Region V Corps of Engineers discusse             |         |
| permits.                                         |         |
|                                                  |         |
|                                                  |         |
|                                                  |         |
|                                                  |         |

### CHEMICAL WASTL CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 1909

# AGE OF PLANT:

 
 CAPACITY:
 569 MW
 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Nuclear
 DATE:
 4-30-73
 SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

|    |                              | ſ   | A               | в                            | с                         | D      | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                           | L                    | М                           | Ы                         | 0        | Р                             | Q | R        | s |
|----|------------------------------|-----|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|---|----------|---|
| ſ  |                              | -+  |                 |                              |                           |        | -               |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                             |                      |                             |                           |          | ļ                             |   |          |   |
|    | <b>D1</b> D <b>1 1 1 TTT</b> |     | ļ               | WAT                          | ER                        | <br>Bi | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               | LEANIN             | 3                           |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
|    | PARAMETE                     | ĸ   | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | cdal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | bóiler<br>Fi <b>resi</b> de | ash pond<br>Overflow | air<br>Pollution<br>Devices | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |          |   |
| T  | FLOW                         |     |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | 21775            |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE                  | °c  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | -                  |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO        | MG/ |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 4  | BOD                          | MG  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 5  | COD                          | MG∕ |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | [                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 6  | TS .                         | ΜĠ  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | [                |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 7  | TDS                          | мç  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 8  | TSS                          | MG  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N                 | MG  | 0.5             |                              |                           |        |                 | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N                 | MG  | 0.65            |                              |                           |        |                 | 1.69             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| Ш  | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P           | МĠ  | 1.22            |                              |                           |        |                 | 3.29             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           | _        |                               |   |          |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                    | JTU |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM               |     |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,             | MG/ |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS               | MÝ. |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 16 | SULFATE                      | MG  | 38              |                              |                           |        |                 | 501              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 17 | SULFITE                      | MG∕ |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE                      | MG∕ |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE                     | MG  | 18.1            |                              |                           |        |                 | 48.9             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE                     | мç  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM                     | 1/2 |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 22 | BORON                        | ₩Y  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM                     | "%  |                 |                              |                           | !<br>  | i<br>+          |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 24 | COPPER                       | *%  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 25 | IRON                         | 12  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 26 | LEAD                         | "%  |                 |                              | ļ                         | ļ      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM                    | мç  |                 |                              | ļ                         |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             | L                    |                             |                           |          |                               |   | <u> </u> |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE                    | 12  |                 |                              |                           | ļ      |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                             | L                    |                             |                           |          |                               |   | ļ        | L |
| 29 | MERCURY                      | 1   |                 | ļ                            |                           |        |                 |                  | ļ                           | Ļ                     |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 30 | NICKEL                       | 1   |                 |                              |                           | ļ      |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM                     | 1/  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM                     | 1   |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 33 | ZINC                         | 12  |                 |                              |                           | ļ      |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE                 | 7   |                 |                              | ļ                         |        |                 |                  | i                           | ļ                     |                 |                    |                             | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS                      | ×.  |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS                  | 2   |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES                    | 17  |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |        |                 |                  | <b> </b>                    | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
| 58 | SODIUM                       |     |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | ļ                |                             | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |                             | L                    |                             |                           |          |                               |   | <u> </u> |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY                    | ∕YR |                 |                              | ļ                         |        | ļ               | <b> </b>         |                             | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |                             | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |          |                               |   | ┝━━━━┥   |   |
|    |                              |     |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | ·                |                             | ·                     |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
|    |                              |     |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | ·                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                             |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |          |   |
|    | 1                            |     | 1               | 1                            | 1                         | 1      | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     |                 | 1                  | 1                           | 1                    | 1                           | 1                         | 1        | 1                             |   | ( I      | 1 |

|                                        |                               | ₹E | М | A | RK | S |           |   |      |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----|---|---|----|---|-----------|---|------|
| Data Source:                           | Final Environmental Statement | 5  |   | Т |    |   | · · · · · |   |      |
|                                        | U.S. Atomic Energy Commission | 1  |   |   |    |   |           |   |      |
|                                        | Dated, March 1973             |    |   |   |    |   | <br>      | - |      |
| ······································ |                               | -  |   |   |    |   |           |   |      |
|                                        | L.                            |    |   |   |    |   |           |   |      |
|                                        |                               |    |   |   |    |   |           |   |      |
|                                        |                               |    |   |   |    |   |           |   |      |
|                                        |                               |    |   |   |    |   |           |   | <br> |
|                                        |                               |    |   |   |    |   |           |   |      |
|                                        |                               |    |   | T |    |   |           |   | <br> |

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### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

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### CAPACITY: <u>1,750 MW</u> FUEL: <u>Coal</u> AGE OF PLANT.<u>Unit 1-3/1953,</u> 4-7/1954,8-9/1955, 10/1956

|    |                                        |                   | Α               | В                                            | C                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                | M      | 0                  | Р                  | Q | R | s |
|----|----------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|
|    |                                        | - [               |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                  |        | ł                  |                    |   |   |   |
|    | PARAMETE                               | R                 |                 | WA<br>TREAT                                  | ER<br>MENT                | BI       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | C               | LFANIN             | 5                  |                      |                  |        |                    | []                 |   |   |   |
|    |                                        |                   | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES                 | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRÉSIDE | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |   |   |   |
| 1  | FLOW                                   |                   |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | (7.1)                | ucrices          |        | <u></u>            | Continue           |   |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE                            | •ر                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | ·                  |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO                  | "%                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 215                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 4  | BOD                                    | MÝ                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 212                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 5  | 000                                    | mer<br>Y          |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 6  | TS                                     | мX                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 416                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 7  | TDS                                    | ۳Ý                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 415                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 8  | T55                                    | мγ                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  | 1                    |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N                           | **{               |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <b>L</b>             |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 0  | NITRATE AS N                           | μç                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| Ш  | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P                     | щζ                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                              | JTU               |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 25                   |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM                         | ₿ĕ                |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO                        | *                 |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS CACO <sub>2</sub> | え                 |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 297                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE                                | мс,               |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 144                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 17 | SULFITE                                | **                |                 |                                              |                           | İ        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        | _                  |                    |   |   |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE                                | X                 |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE                               | ₩ <u>X</u>        |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 34                   |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE                               | X                 |                 | ļ                                            |                           |          |                 | L .              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    | _                  |   |   |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM                               | 17                |                 | <br>                                         |                           |          | <u> </u>        | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 22 | SORON                                  | 7                 |                 |                                              | ļ                         |          | <br>            |                  | ļ                           | -                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM                               | X                 |                 |                                              | h                         | i        | !<br>•          |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 24 | COPPER                                 | X                 |                 |                                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 25 | IRON                                   | 7                 |                 |                                              |                           | <u> </u> | +−−−            | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 160                  | L                |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 26 | LEAD                                   | 7                 |                 |                                              |                           | <u> </u> | ├               | ļ —              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        | Ì                  |                    |   |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM                              | 7                 |                 |                                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 2.2                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE                              | X<br>#6           |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  | İ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 147                  |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY                                | 1                 |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 30 | NICKEL                                 | Χ.                |                 |                                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | _                  |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM                               | 1                 |                 |                                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM                               | 1                 |                 | <u>                                     </u> |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC                                   | X                 |                 | -                                            |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE                           | <u> </u>          |                 |                                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS                                | /<br>MG.          |                 | <u> </u>                                     |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    | ├                  |   |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS                            | X<br>MG,          |                 |                                              | <u> </u>                  |          | ┝──             |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 3/ | ALGICIDES                              | / <u> </u><br>NG/ |                 | <b> </b>                                     |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    | <u>├</u>              | <u> </u>        |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
| 30 | COLOURNEY                              | 1                 |                 | <u> </u>                                     | ┝                         |          |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u> i            |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    | <b> </b>           |   |   |   |
| 23 | REQUENCY                               | ∕YR               |                 |                                              | <u> </u>                  |          | ├               | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                  |        |                    | <u></u> † ↓        |   |   |   |
|    |                                        |                   |                 |                                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |
|    |                                        |                   |                 |                                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       | · —             |                    |                    |                      |                  |        |                    |                    |   |   |   |

| REMA                                                | ARKS                 |                                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Data Source: TVA Report on "Review of Wastewater    | Furnace Type         | Pulverized                            |
| Control Systems"                                    | Number of Units      |                                       |
|                                                     | Coal Consumption/Day | 12,700 Th                             |
| T. 2 hoilong por worr with 5% HCl(waste sol, dilute | Bottom Ashes %       | 25                                    |
| to 2%) & Cu solvent Sol, with 1% NHV, K Br          | Coal Ashes %         | 12.4                                  |
| (NHy) CO                                            |                      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| L: Sanitary sewage is treated in a 61,500 L septic  |                      |                                       |
| tank and pumped to the ash pond.                    |                      |                                       |
| L1: 7.3 x $10^4$                                    |                      | •                                     |
|                                                     |                      |                                       |

### PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 2558 MW

PLANT CODE NO. 2119

FUEL: <u>Coal</u> AGE OF PLANT: <u>1963/1970</u>

 TABULATION BY:
 LS

 DATE:
 4-18-73

 L970
 SHEET NO.
 1

|         |                       |               | Α      | В        | LC                                           | D                                            | E         | F          | G        | н         |          | J        | к           | L        | м                | Ν        | 0        | <b>P</b> | Q     | R        | S        |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------|--------|----------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------|----------|----------|
| [       |                       |               |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          | WAS       | TE STR   | EAM      |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
|         | PARAMETE              | R             | ſ      | TREAT    | ER<br>MENT                                   | BI                                           |           | /N         |          |           | С        | LEANING  | 3           |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
|         |                       | ·             | INTAKE | CLARIFI- | ION<br>EXCHANGE                              | BOILER                                       | EVAPO-    | COOLING    | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER   | AIR PRE- | BOILER      | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &   | SANITARY | NUCLEAR  |       |          |          |
| _       |                       | _             | WATER  | WASTES   | WASTES                                       |                                              | RATOR     | TOWER      | WATER    | DRAINAGE  | TUBES    |          | FIRESIDE    | OVERFLOW | DEVICES          | DRAINS   | WASTES   | CONTROL  |       | <u>_</u> |          |
| Т       | FLOW                  | DAY           |        |          | <u>                                     </u> | $\square$                                    | <b> </b>  |            | <u> </u> | ļ         |          |          |             | 40694    |                  |          |          |          | 82252 | $\vdash$ |          |
| 2       | TEMPERATURE           | °c            | •      |          | Ļ!                                           | Ļ'                                           | L         |            | <u> </u> |           |          |          | Ĺ           |          |                  |          | <u> </u> |          |       | $\vdash$ | ——       |
| 3       | ALKALINITY<br>AS_CACO | ~             | 100.i  |          | ļ                                            | ļ!                                           | L         | <u> </u>   |          | L         | ļ        |          | <u> </u>    | 6.5      | <u> </u>         | ļ        |          |          | 86.4  |          | <u> </u> |
| 4       | BOD                   | Ľ             |        |          | ļ                                            | <u>                                     </u> | <u> </u>  | <u> </u>   |          | $\square$ |          |          | L           |          |                  |          | Ļ        |          |       |          | L        |
| 5       | coD                   | 1             |        |          | ļ'                                           | '                                            | <u> </u>  | <u> </u>   | ļ        |           |          |          |             | ļ        |                  |          | <u> </u> |          |       | <u> </u> | L        |
| 6       | TS                    | 2             | 185    |          | ļ'                                           | ļ!                                           | Ļ         | ļ          | Ļ        |           |          |          | ļ           | 660      | $\vdash$         |          |          |          | 246   |          |          |
| 7       | TDS                   | <u>"</u> ?    |        |          | ļ'                                           | <u> </u>                                     |           | <u> </u>   | L        |           |          |          | <b> </b>    | 575.4    |                  |          |          |          | 179   |          |          |
| 8       | TSS                   | <u>MG</u>     |        |          | ļ'                                           | ļ'                                           | ļ         | Ļ          | L        |           |          | Ľ.       | ļ           | 84.6     | L]               |          |          |          | 67    | ,        |          |
| 9       | AMMONIA AS N          | MG            |        |          | ļ'                                           | Ļ'                                           | L         | ļ          | ļ        |           | ļ        |          | ļ           |          | L]               |          |          |          |       | <u> </u> |          |
| 10      | NITRATE AS N          | MG/           |        |          | ļ                                            | ļ'                                           |           | <u> </u>   | ļ        |           |          | ļ        | l           |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| ш       | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS_P    | 12            |        |          |                                              |                                              | <u> </u>  |            |          |           |          |          | Ļ           |          |                  |          |          |          |       | <b></b>  |          |
| 12      | TURBIDITY             | JTU           | 15     |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             | 12.8     |                  |          |          | L,       | 31.3  |          |          |
| 13      | FECAL COLIFORM        | NQ/           |        |          |                                              | · · · ·                                      |           | L          |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 14      | ACIDITY AS CACO       | MG/L          |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          | <u> </u>  |          |          |             | 39.5     |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 15      | TOTAL HARDNESS        | MУ            | 138.8  | <u> </u> |                                              |                                              |           |            | <u> </u> |           |          |          |             | 411.1    |                  |          |          |          | 170.1 |          |          |
| 16      | SULFATE               | MG.           |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             | 357.5    |                  |          |          |          | 117   |          |          |
| 17      | SULFITE               | MG/           |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 18      | BROMIDE               | MY            |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 19      | CHLORIDE              | MG            | 26.7   |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             | 13.3     |                  |          |          |          | 10.3  |          |          |
| 20      | FLUORIDE              | мX            |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 21      | ALUMINUM              | *2            |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 22      | BORON                 | MG            |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 23      | CHROMIUM              | "%            |        |          |                                              |                                              | 1         |            |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 24      | COPPER                | #G/           |        |          |                                              |                                              |           |            |          |           |          |          |             | 1        |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 25      | IRON                  | 1%            |        |          | 1                                            |                                              | 1         |            | 1        |           |          |          |             | 1020     | <b>_</b>         |          |          |          | 3800  |          |          |
| 26      | LEAD                  | "%            |        |          |                                              |                                              | 1         | 1          | 1        | 1         |          |          |             |          |                  |          | <u> </u> |          |       |          |          |
| 27      | MAGNESIUM             | MG            |        |          | 1                                            |                                              | ţ         | 1          | 1        | 1         | -        |          |             | 14.3     |                  |          |          |          | 10.7  |          |          |
| 28      | MANGANESE             | "X            |        |          |                                              | 1                                            | $\square$ | 1          | +        | 1         | <u> </u> |          |             | 490      |                  |          |          |          | 480   |          |          |
| 29      | MERCURY               | <sup>#G</sup> |        |          |                                              | 1                                            |           |            |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 30      | NICKEL                | HG/           |        |          |                                              |                                              |           | 1          | 1        | 1         |          |          |             |          |                  |          | 1        |          |       |          |          |
| 31      | SELENIUM              | #%            |        |          |                                              |                                              | 1         | <u> </u>   |          |           |          |          |             |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 32      | VANADIUM              | #6/           |        | 1        |                                              |                                              | 1         | 1          | 1        |           |          |          |             | 1        |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 33      | ZINC                  | *%            |        |          | 1                                            | 1                                            | 1         | 1          |          | 1         |          |          | 1           | 1        |                  |          | 1        |          |       |          |          |
| 34      | OIL & GREASE          | MG            | 1      |          | 1                                            | 1                                            | 1         | 1          | 1        | 1         |          |          | 1           | 1        | <b> </b>         |          | 1        |          |       |          |          |
| 35      | PHENOLS               | 46/           | i –    |          | 1                                            | 1                                            | 1         | <u>†</u> - | 1        | 1         |          |          | +           | 1        |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 36      | SURFACTANTS           | MG            |        |          | 1                                            | 1                                            | <u> </u>  | +          | +        | <u> </u>  |          |          | t           | 1        | <b> </b>         |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| 37      | ALGICIDES             | MC            |        | 1        | 1                                            | 1                                            | 1         | +          | †        | +         |          |          | 1           | +        |                  |          | 1        |          |       |          |          |
| 38      | SODIUM                | MG            | i i    |          |                                              | 1                                            | 1         |            | <u>†</u> | 1         | <u> </u> |          |             |          |                  |          | <u> </u> |          |       |          |          |
| 39      | FREQUENCY             | CYCS          | l      | <u>†</u> |                                              | +                                            | 1         | +          | 1        |           |          |          | <u>├</u> ── |          |                  |          |          |          |       |          |          |
| <b></b> |                       | <u></u>       |        | <u> </u> |                                              | <u>+</u>                                     |           | <u>+</u>   | +        | · ·       |          |          | <u> </u>    | 1        |                  | <u> </u> |          |          |       |          |          |
|         |                       |               |        |          | ·                                            | ·                                            |           | ·1——       | -        |           |          |          |             | ·        |                  |          |          |          | 1     |          |          |
|         |                       |               |        |          | ·                                            |                                              | -         | ·          | · [      |           | 1        |          |             | ·        |                  |          | ·        | ·        |       |          |          |

| REM                                                                                          | ARKS                 |            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Data Source: TVA Report on "Review of Wastewater                                             | Furnace Type         | Cyclone    |
| Control Systems"                                                                             | Number of Units      | 1-2/3      |
|                                                                                              | Coal Consumption/Day | 23.800 Tn. |
| I: 3% Ac.Sol.(1% Formic Ac. + 2% Hydroxyacetic                                               | Bottom Ashes %       | 70%        |
| + .25% NH <sub>4</sub> HF <sub>2</sub> ) 100,000 Gal./Boiler x 3 =                           | Coal Ashes %         | 18.6%      |
| $300,000 \text{ Gal}.7\text{yr}. = 821 92 \text{ Gal}.7\text{Day} = 3.11 \text{ M}^3/\Gamma$ | )av                  |            |
| to the Ash Ponds.                                                                            |                      |            |
| L: New Fly Ash Pond Effluent                                                                 |                      |            |
| Q: Bottom Ash Pond Effluent                                                                  |                      |            |
|                                                                                              |                      |            |

PLANT CODE NO. 2612

## PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 700 MW

SC I TABULATION BY : \_\_\_\_ 4-30-73 DATE : \_

FUEL: Nuclear AGE OF PLANT: Commercial operation HET NO. 1 OF ... 1

|    |                       | Γ                  | A      | в        | с            | D        | F        | F        | 6          |           |        |        | V        |          |          | ħ1 -            |          |          |          |   |   |
|----|-----------------------|--------------------|--------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|-----------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|---|---|
| [  |                       |                    |        |          | - <u>- </u>  |          | <u> </u> | . ·      | ,          | WAS       | TE STR | FAM    | <u> </u> | L        | 141      | 17              | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u> | h |   |
|    |                       |                    | Ì      | WA       | ERNIT        | 8        | OWDOW    | /N       |            |           | 0.0    |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
|    |                       | ^                  | INTAKE | CLARIFI- | ION          | 00110    | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS    | COAL PILE | BOILER |        | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR      | YARD &          | SANITARY | NUCLEAR  |          |   |   |
|    |                       |                    | WATER  | WASTES   | WASTES       | BOILEN   | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER      | DRAINAGE  | TUBES  | HEATER | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES  | FLOOR<br>DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL  |          |   |   |
| Ц  | FLOW                  | DAY                |        |          | 82           |          |          | 7200     |            |           |        |        | -        |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c                 |        |          |              |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITT<br>AS CACO | 7                  |        |          |              |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 4  | 800                   | <u> </u>           |        |          |              |          |          |          | L          |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 5  | (00)                  | 7                  |        |          |              |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 6  | TS                    | X                  |        |          |              |          |          |          | L          |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 7  | TDS                   | 7                  |        |          |              |          |          |          | L          |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 8  | TSS                   | 7                  |        |          | <u> </u>     |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | 7                  |        |          |              |          |          |          |            | -         |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | 7                  |        |          |              |          | ļ        | ļ        |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
|    | AS P                  | χ                  | 0.01   | 8        | 0            | ļ        |          | 0.27     | <b> </b>   | -         |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             |                    |        |          |              |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          | ·        |   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        | COM.               |        |          |              |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 14 | TOTAL HARDNESS        | ΥL<br>MG           |        |          |              |          |          |          | <u> </u>   | -         |        |        |          | -        |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 15 | AS CACO               | `/<br>MG           |        |          |              | <u> </u> | <b> </b> |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE               | <u>∕</u> L.<br>MG∕ | 22.2   |          |              |          |          | 48.9     | <u> </u>   |           |        |        |          | -        |          | · ·             |          |          |          |   |   |
| 17 | SOLFITE               | ∕∟<br>MG∕          |        |          |              |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          | 1        |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 81 | BROWIDE               | ∕⊥<br>MG∕          |        |          |              | ł –      |          |          | ╞───       |           |        |        |          | ÷        |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 20 | CHLORIDE              | /î.<br>₩G∕         | 9      |          | .003         | -        | +        | 10.7     | <u> </u>   |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          | •        |          |   |   |
| 20 |                       | 14                 |        | <u> </u> |              |          |          |          | <u> </u>   |           |        |        |          | ·        |          |                 |          |          | -        |   |   |
| 22 | 80804                 | ~L<br>₩Gy          | 0      |          | 0            |          | +        | <u> </u> | +          | +         |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM              | 1                  | -      |          | <u>↓</u>     |          | +        | †        | t          |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 24 | COPPER                | #6/                |        |          | <del> </del> |          | 1        | +        | f          | †         |        |        | · · · ·  |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 25 | IRON                  | -5/                | 100    |          | 0.03         |          |          | 120      | <b>_</b>   |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 26 | LEAD                  | -6/                |        |          | 1            |          | 1        |          | t          |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | 49                 | 11.    | 2        | 1            |          |          | 13.      | 4          |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | - 6                | 20     | [        | .006         |          |          | 24       | 1          |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY               | #G                 |        |          |              | 1        |          | -        |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 30 | NICKEL                | 16                 |        |          | 1            |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 | [        |          |          |   |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | 1%                 |        |          |              |          |          |          |            |           |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          | _        |   |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | 1%                 |        | [        |              |          | ]        |          |            |           |        |        |          |          | ļ        |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC                  | 1%                 | 10     |          | 0            |          |          | 36       |            | -         |        |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG                 |        |          |              |          |          |          | L          |           | ļ      |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | 14                 |        |          | L            |          | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> _ | <u> </u>  |        |        | ļ        |          | ļ        | ļ               | Ļ        |          |          |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | *                  |        | 1        |              |          | L        | 1        | <u> </u>   | <b>_</b>  | ļ      | L      | <b> </b> |          | ļ        | ļ               | I        | 1        | L        |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | m%                 |        |          | <b></b>      |          | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |            | <b>.</b>  | Ļ      |        | ļ        | <b> </b> | ļ        |                 |          | <u>↓</u> |          |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                | ₩G/                | 10.6   | L        | ļ            |          | ļ        | 12.7     |            | <b> </b>  |        | ļ      | ļ        | <b> </b> | <b> </b> |                 |          |          |          |   | L |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYCS<br>AR         |        |          | ļ            | ļ        | L        |          | ┟          | ļ         | ╞───   |        |          |          |          |                 |          |          |          |   |   |
|    |                       |                    |        | <u> </u> |              |          |          | -        | -          |           |        |        |          | .        |          |                 |          | ·        |          |   |   |
|    |                       |                    |        |          |              |          | -        |          |            |           |        |        |          | ·        | ·        | <u> </u>        |          | ·[       |          |   |   |
|    |                       |                    |        | 1        | 1            | 1        |          |          |            |           | 1      |        |          |          |          |                 | 1        |          |          |   |   |

| R                                           | ΕN | A A | A F | ₹ K | S | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|---|---------------------------------------|
| Data Source: Final environmental statement, |    |     |     |     |   |                                       |
| U.S. Atomic Energy Commission               |    | _   |     |     |   |                                       |
| Dated October 1972                          |    |     |     |     |   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|                                             |    |     |     |     |   | ·····                                 |
| Estimated Discharge Composition             |    |     |     |     |   |                                       |
|                                             |    |     |     |     |   |                                       |
|                                             |    |     |     |     |   |                                       |
|                                             |    |     |     |     |   |                                       |
|                                             |    |     |     |     |   |                                       |

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PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 510 MW

PLANT CODE NO. 2608

FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_Coal AGE OF PLANT:

SC TABULATION BY : \_\_\_ 4-18-73 DATE : \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO, 1 OF 1

| _        |                        |                                         | A                | 8        | C          | D        | Е        | F        | G        | н         | 1       | J        | ĸ        | L        | м       | N      | 0        | P       | Q  | R        | S       |
|----------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------|----------|---------|----|----------|---------|
| Í        |                        |                                         |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          | WAS       | te stri | AM       |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
|          |                        |                                         | Ī                | TREAT    | ER<br>MENT | BI       | OWDOW    | /N       |          |           | С       |          | ŝ        |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 1        |                        | `                                       | INTAKE           | CLARIFI- |            | BOULE    | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER  | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR     | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |    |          |         |
|          |                        |                                         | WATER            | WASTES   | WASTES     |          | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER    | DRAINAGE  | TUBES   | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |    |          |         |
| 1        | FLOW                   | M <sup>3</sup> /                        | (A1)             |          |            |          |          | ļ        |          |           |         |          |          | 5679     |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 2        | TEMPERATURE            | °c                                      |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 3        | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO3 | Μζ                                      | 160              |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         | _        |          | 97       |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 4        | 800                    | ₩Ý                                      | 3                |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 2        |         |        |          |         | _  |          |         |
| 5        | 000                    | MG∕                                     | 46               |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 61       |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 6        | TS                     | мÝ                                      | 207              |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 437      |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 7        | TDS                    | ₩Y                                      | 203              |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 428      |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 8        | 755                    | MG                                      | 4                |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 9        |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 9        | Ammonia as n           | ₩G∕                                     |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        | -        |         |    |          |         |
| 0        | NITRATE AS N           | ΜĊ                                      | 0.36             |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 0.17     |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| н        | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P     | "%]                                     | 0.11             |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 0.05     |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 12       | TURBIDITY              | JTU                                     |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 13       | FECAL COLIFORM         | NQ/                                     |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 14       | ACIDITY AS CACO,       | ™{_                                     |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 15       | TOTAL HARDNESS         | ₩%_                                     | 161              |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 161      |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 16       | SULFATE                | ₩6                                      | 13               |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | 41       |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 17       | SULFITE                | MG∕                                     |                  |          |            | ļ        |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 18       | BROMIDE                | ٣X                                      |                  |          | _          | <br>+    | ļ        |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 19       | CHLORIDE               | MG/                                     |                  |          |            | -        |          | ļ        |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 20       | FLUORIDE               | MY                                      |                  |          | L          | ļ        |          |          | <br>     |           |         |          | ļ        | L        | _       |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 21       | ALUMINUM               | 12                                      |                  |          | <u> </u>   |          |          |          | ļ        |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 22       | BORON                  | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 23       | CHROMIUM               | 1                                       |                  |          |            | ĺ –      | <u> </u> |          |          |           |         |          |          | <u> </u> |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 24       | COPPER                 | X                                       |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        | L        |         |    |          |         |
| 25       | 1RON                   | <u>~</u>                                |                  |          |            |          |          | - · · ·  |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 26       | LEAD                   | Ϋ́.                                     |                  |          |            |          | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u> |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         | ·· |          |         |
| 21       | MAGNESIUM              | 1<br>4 Gz                               |                  |          |            |          |          | <b> </b> | <u> </u> | <b> </b>  |         |          |          |          |         |        | <u> </u> |         |    |          |         |
| 28       | MANGANESE              | μG,                                     |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          | ł        | <u> </u> |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 29       |                        | /L<br>#G,                               |                  |          |            | ļ        | <u> </u> |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    | <u> </u> |         |
| 130      | NICKEL                 | X<br>46,                                |                  |          | +          |          | ļ        |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 131      | SELENIUM               | 1<br>4 G/                               | ┝───             |          |            | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 2        | VANADIUM               | 1                                       | ├                |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 33       | ZINC                   | Ϋ́<br>MG                                |                  |          |            |          | İ —      |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 134      | OIL & GHEASE           | 46,                                     | <u> </u>         |          | -          |          | <u> </u> |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          | · · · · |
| 30       | CUDEACTANTE            | 1/1<br>MG,                              | <b> </b>         |          |            | <u> </u> |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        | <u> </u> |         |    |          |         |
| 30       | ALCICIDES              | Λ.<br>MG,                               |                  |          |            | <u> </u> |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | —        |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 30       | SODIUM                 | ∕L<br>MG∕                               |                  |          |            |          | +        |          | <u> </u> | <u> </u>  |         |          | • ·      | 24       |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| 30       | EREQUENCY              | crcs                                    | <u>├<u>↓</u></u> |          | +          |          | ł        |          |          |           |         |          |          | 34       |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
| <u> </u> |                        | .∕YR                                    | <u> </u>         |          | ļ <u> </u> | · · · ·  |          |          |          |           |         |          |          | <u> </u> |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
|          |                        |                                         |                  |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |
|          |                        |                                         | — <u> </u>       |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |    |          |         |

| REM                                     | ARKS |
|-----------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution |      |
| Research Program, computer review       |      |
| of EPA Region V Corps of Engineers      |      |
| discharge permits.                      |      |
|                                         |      |
| Al: $17 \times 10^6$                    |      |
|                                         |      |
|                                         |      |
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PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 2616

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|    |                    |                                         | Α               | В                            | С                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | ĸ                  | L                    | м                           | N                         | 0                  | P                             | Q        | R | S        |
|----|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|---|----------|
|    |                    | T                                       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
|    | PARAMETER          | 2                                       |                 | TREAT                        | MENT                      | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | 5                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
|    |                    |                                         | INTAKE<br>WITER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>Heater | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |          | ſ |          |
| ī  | FLOW               |                                         | Al)             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 15901                |                             |                           | <u></u>            |                               |          |   |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE        | •                                       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY A       | $\boldsymbol{\chi}$                     | 80              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 13                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 4  | 800                | ۴Ý                                      | 1               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 5  | 000                | Y                                       | 9               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 2                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 6  | TS                 | *                                       | 133             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 133                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 7  | TDS                | *?                                      | 124             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 124                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   | _        |
| 8  | TSS                | мç                                      | 9               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 9                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N       | X                                       | 0.01            |                              |                           | ·        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.01                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N       | 7                                       | 0.18            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.18                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P | X                                       | 0.14            |                              | ļ                         |          |                 | L                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.14                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY          | JTU                                     |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM     | 004                                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,   | 7                                       |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     | <u> </u>        |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 15 | AS CACO            | 7                                       |                 | ļ                            |                           | <u> </u> |                 | <u> </u>         | -                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 16 | SULFATE            | 7                                       | 15              | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  |          | ļ               | l                | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 138                  |                             |                           | i                  |                               |          |   |          |
| 17 | SULFITE            | 7                                       | 0.2             | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.2                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE            | N.                                      |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE           | X<br>S                                  | 15              | <u>+</u>                     | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | 17                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 2  | FLUORIDE           | 1                                       | 1               | <u> </u>                     | + .                       |          |                 | +                | <u>+</u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1.000                |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 2  |                    | 1<br>16/                                |                 |                              | +                         |          |                 | +                |                             | +                     | <u> </u>        |                    |                    | 1670                 |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |          |   |          |
| 27 | CHROMILINA         | 1                                       |                 |                              | +                         |          | +               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | · .      |   |          |
| 20 | COPPER             | 16                                      |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u>+</u>                  |          |                 | +                | +                           | <u> </u>              | <u> </u>        |                    |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u>                  |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 25 | IRON               | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | -        | <u> </u>        | †                | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u>              | 1               | f                  | f                  | 1770                 |                             | <u> </u>                  |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 26 |                    | 1                                       |                 | t                            | +                         | +        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    | -                             |          |   |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM          | ۳Ġ                                      |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          | +               | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.1                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE          | 14                                      |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 29 | MERCURY            | <b>#</b> 6                              |                 | <u>+</u>                     |                           |          |                 | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 30 | NICKEL             | "5                                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM           | 14                                      |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   | ·        |
| 32 | VANADIUM           | 1/2                                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | ļ                             |          |   | L        |
| 32 | ZINC               | 12                                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | [                  |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u>                  | ↓                  |                               |          |   | ŀ        |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE       | MG                                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | ļ               | ļ                  |                    |                      | L                           | ļ                         | ·                  |                               |          |   | ļ        |
| 35 | PHENOLS            | 10%                                     |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | ļ               | ļ                  |                    | <u> </u>             |                             | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>           |                               | <b></b>  |   | <b> </b> |
| 3  | SURFACTANTS        | МX                                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | ļ               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   | <u> </u> |
| 37 | ALGICIDES          | мX                                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | -                           |                       | <u> ·</u>       |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               | <u> </u> |   |          |
| 36 | SODIUM             | MG/                                     | 7               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | .21                  |                             |                           | -                  | -                             |          |   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY          | CYCS<br>/YR                             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      | +                           |                           |                    | -                             |          | - |          |
|    |                    |                                         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | ·                         | ·                  |                               |          |   |          |
|    |                    |                                         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | -                |                             | ·                     |                 | ·                  |                    | -                    | ·                           |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
|    |                    |                                         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 1                     | 1               |                    |                    |                      | I                           | 4                         |                    |                               | L        |   | L        |

| REM                                              | A R K S |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research |         |
| Program, computer review of EPA                  |         |
| Region V Corps of Engineers discharg             |         |
| permits.                                         |         |
| A1: $2.46 \times 10^6$                           |         |
|                                                  |         |
|                                                  |         |
|                                                  |         |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 2630

## CAPACITY: Two Units 1093 MW Each TABULATION BY: SC FUEL: Nuclear DATE: 5-3

 FUEL:
 Nuclear
 DATE:

 AGE OF PLANT:
 Under construction
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5-1-73 1

|    |                       | F            | Δ        | в        | C      | D              | F        | F        | G        | н         | 1      | J        | к        | T                                             | м       | М      | 0        | D                                     | 0 | R | ۲. |
|----|-----------------------|--------------|----------|----------|--------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|---------|--------|----------|---------------------------------------|---|---|----|
| ſ  |                       | -+           | $\hat{}$ |          |        |                |          |          |          | WAS       | TE STR | EAM      |          |                                               |         |        | <u> </u> | ·                                     |   |   |    |
|    |                       |              |          | WA       | ER     | . 8            | OWDOW    | /N       |          |           | C      |          | <br>G    | <u> </u>                                      |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
|    | PARAMETE              | ×            | INTAKE   | CLARIFI- | ION    |                | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND                                      | AIR     | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR                               |   |   |    |
|    |                       |              | WATER    | WASTES   | WASTES | BOILEH         | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER    | DRAINAGE  | TUBES  | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW                                      | DEVICES | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL                               |   |   |    |
| 1  | FLOW                  | M /<br>DAY   |          |          |        |                | 218      |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c           |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | ₩?{          |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 4  | BOD                   | MG           |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          | -        |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 5  | COD                   | MG           |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 6  | 15                    | ΜĠ           |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 7  | TDS                   | ₩¢<br>Ľ      | 0        |          |        |                | 50       |          | L        |           |        |          | -        |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 8  | TSS                   | MG           | _        |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 9  | Ammonia as n          | MG∕          |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | ₩Y           |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| Ш  | AS P                  | 1            | 0        |          |        |                | 5        |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU          |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        | IOOM         |          |          |        |                |          |          | ļ        |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | ~~           |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 15 | AS CACO               | Mγ<br>115    |          |          | ļ      | ļ              |          | ļ        |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 16 | SULFATE               | 7            |          |          |        | <b> </b>       |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          | _                                     |   |   |    |
| 17 | SULFITE               | X            |          |          |        |                |          |          | ļ        |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | "Z<br>MG/    |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | 1            | 0        |          |        |                | 5        |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | 7            |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 21 | ALUMINUM              | MG,          |          |          |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 22 | BORON                 | 46/          |          |          |        | ·              |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 20 | CHROMIUM              | /L           |          |          |        | <u>+</u>       | 100      |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 24 |                       | -L<br>       | 0        |          |        |                | 100      |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 20 |                       | 1-6/         | 0        |          |        |                | 100      |          |          |           |        |          |          | +                                             |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 20 | MAGNESIUM             | ΥL<br>MG     |          |          |        |                | 0.1      | <u> </u> |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | -'L<br>μ6γ   | 0        |          |        |                | 0.1      | i        | <u> </u> |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 29 | MERCURY               | μG           |          | -        |        |                |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 30 | NICKEL                | μĠ           |          |          |        |                | <u> </u> |          |          | -         |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | 1-1-<br>1-5- |          |          | !      | <u> </u>       | <br>     | -        |          | +         |        |          |          |                                               |         |        | <u> </u> |                                       |   |   |    |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | 19           |          | -        |        | <u> </u> · · · | <u> </u> |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 33 | ZINC                  |              |          |          | 1      | <u> </u>       |          |          | <u> </u> | 1         |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG           |          | -        |        | t              |          | <u>+</u> | 1        | <u> </u>  |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 35 | PHENOLS               |              |          |          |        | <u> </u>       | <u> </u> |          |          | 1         |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | MG           |          |          | 1      |                | <u> </u> | †        | 1        | -         |        |          | -        | 1                                             |         |        |          |                                       |   |   | 1  |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | MG           |          |          |        | <u> </u>       |          |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
| 38 | SODIUM                | MG           |          |          |        |                |          | 1        |          | 1         |        |          |          | <u>                                      </u> |         |        |          | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |   |   |    |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYCS<br>⁄YR  |          |          |        |                |          |          |          | <u> </u>  |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
|    |                       |              |          |          |        |                |          |          |          | <u> </u>  |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
|    |                       |              |          |          |        |                | <u> </u> |          |          |           |        |          |          |                                               | []      |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |
|    | 1                     |              |          |          |        | 1              |          | I        |          | I         |        |          |          |                                               |         |        |          |                                       |   |   |    |

| R                                          | Ε | MA | RH | ŚŚ |  |
|--------------------------------------------|---|----|----|----|--|
| Data Source: Draft Environmental Statement |   |    |    |    |  |
| U.S. Atomic Energy Commission              |   |    |    |    |  |
| Dated, December 1972                       |   |    |    |    |  |
|                                            |   |    |    |    |  |
| E: Steam Generator Blowdown - Estimated    |   |    |    |    |  |
| Discharge Concentrations                   |   |    |    |    |  |
|                                            |   |    |    |    |  |
|                                            |   |    |    |    |  |
|                                            |   |    |    |    |  |
|                                            |   |    |    |    |  |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

CAPACITY: <u>583 MW</u> FUEL: <u>Nuclear</u>

\_\_\_\_\_ TABULATION BY: <u>\_\_\_\_\_</u> \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_5-1-73

AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_OF\_\_\_\_OF\_\_\_\_OF\_\_\_\_

|    |                                    | Г                       | Α      | в        | C                                             | D        | F            | E          | 6        | L L L                                  |       |        | 14       | <u> </u> |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
|----|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|--------------|------------|----------|----------------------------------------|-------|--------|----------|----------|----------------------|--------|------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
|    |                                    | -†                      |        |          |                                               |          |              | <u> </u>   | 0        |                                        |       | - J    | ĸ        | L        | м                    | FI.    | 0          | Р       | Q       | <br>R   | 5        |
|    |                                    |                         |        | TOPA     | ER.                                           |          |              | /N         |          | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |       |        |          | <u> </u> |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
|    | MARAMETE.                          | ĸ                       | INTAKE | CLARIFI- | ION                                           |          | EVAPO-       | 000 840    | CONDENS  |                                        | 00150 |        |          |          | АR                   | YARD & |            | NUCLEAR | i       |         |          |
|    |                                    |                         | WATER  | WASTES   | EXCHANCE                                      | BOILLR   | RATOR        | TOWER      | WATER    | DRAINAGE                               | TUBES | HEATER | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | FLOOR  | WASTES     | REACTOR |         |         |          |
| 1  | FLOW                               | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY |        |          | 567                                           |          |              |            | i        | i                                      |       |        |          |          |                      |        | ** - ***** |         |         |         |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE                        | °c                      |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         | · · · · |         |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO              | ٣٢                      |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 4  | 80D                                | мç                      |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 5  | 00                                 | ٣٤                      |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 6  | TS                                 | μζ                      |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        | -        |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 7  | TDS                                | ۳°γ                     |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 8  | tss                                | MG-                     |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 9  | AMMONEA AS N                       | ×                       |        | <br>     |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N                       | Ž                       |        | ļ        |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          | _        |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 11 | AS P                               | 7                       |        | <b> </b> |                                               | Ì        | ļ            |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         | _        |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                          | JTU                     |        | <u> </u> |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM                     | COM.                    |        | <b> </b> |                                               | <u> </u> |              |            | <u> </u> |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,<br>TOTAL HARDNESS | 7                       |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 15 | AS CACO                            | ·7                      |        |          |                                               |          | ļ            |            | ļ        |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 16 | SULFATE                            | MG/                     | 42     |          | 404                                           | ļ        | ļ            | <u> </u>   |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
|    | SUCHE                              | 4                       |        |          |                                               |          | · · ·        |            |          |                                        |       |        | -        |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 10 | CHI COIDE                          | ∕L<br>MG∕               |        |          |                                               | ,<br>    |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 20 |                                    | 4                       | 13.5   |          | 14.0                                          |          |              | -          |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      | -      |            |         |         |         |          |
| 20 | ALLIMINEM                          | -64                     |        |          |                                               |          | +            |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 22 | BORON                              | 1 <u>1</u>              | -      |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM                           | 19                      |        |          | 1                                             |          | 1            |            | <u>†</u> |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 24 | COPPER                             | rG/                     |        | 1        | <u>+</u>                                      |          |              |            |          | <u> </u>                               |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 25 | IRON                               | <i>"</i> %              |        | 1        | <u>                                      </u> | 1        | 1            |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 26 | LEAD                               | ~~                      |        |          | 1                                             | -        | +            |            | 1        |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM                          | MG                      | 18     |          | 37                                            |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        | -          |         |         |         |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE                          | *%                      |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 29 | MERCURY                            | #G<br>/L                |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                             | *4                      |        |          |                                               |          |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM                           | *%                      |        |          |                                               |          |              | ļ          |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 32 | VANADIUM                           | 1%                      |        | L        |                                               |          |              |            |          | ļ                                      |       |        |          |          |                      |        | <u> </u>   |         |         |         |          |
| 33 | ZINC                               | *%                      |        | ļ        |                                               |          | į -          | I          |          |                                        |       | <br>   |          |          | <br>                 | -      |            |         |         |         |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE                       | MG.                     |        |          | ļ                                             |          | ļ            |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS                            | 1/                      |        |          |                                               |          |              | <b> </b> _ | ļ        | ļ                                      |       |        |          | ļ        |                      |        |            |         |         | <b></b> |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS                        | 1                       |        | 1        |                                               | ļ        |              |            | ļ        |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES                          | 1                       |        |          |                                               |          |              | <u> </u>   | <b> </b> |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         | <u> </u> |
| 38 | SODIUM                             | X                       | 12     | ļ        | 196                                           | <u> </u> | ļ            |            | ļ        |                                        |       |        | <u> </u> |          |                      |        |            |         |         | l       |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY                          | ∕YR                     |        | ļ        | L                                             |          | <del> </del> |            |          | <b> </b>                               |       |        |          | <u> </u> |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |
|    | Į                                  |                         |        |          |                                               |          |              |            | ·        |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         | ——      |          |
|    |                                    | ł                       |        |          |                                               | ┨        |              |            |          |                                        |       |        |          |          |                      |        |            |         |         |         |          |

| Data Source: Draft environmental statement,<br>U. S. Atomic Energy Commission,<br>dated January, 1973<br>C: Estimated discharge concentrations. | REM                                                                                                   | A R K S |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| C: Estimated discharge concentrations.                                                                                                          | Data Source: Draft environmental statement,<br>U. S. Atomic Energy Commission,<br>dated January, 1973 |         |
|                                                                                                                                                 | C: Estimated discharge concentrations.                                                                |         |
|                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                       |         |
|                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                       |         |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3401

 CAPACITY:
 31
 MW (865
 MW
 Hr/day)
 TBORULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Coal
 DATE:
 4-17-73

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO.
 1
 OF\_1

|           |                        | ſ                          | A               | в                            | с                         | D                | E               | F                | G                                            | н                     | I               | J                  | к                  | L        | м                           | N                         | 0                  | C                             | Q        | R              | S |
|-----------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------------|---|
|           |                        |                            |                 |                              |                           |                  |                 |                  |                                              | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                | - |
|           | PARAMETE               | R                          | [               | WAT<br>TREAT                 | ËR<br>MENT                | BL               | OWDOW           | /N               |                                              |                       | С               | LFANIN             | 3                  |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
|           |                        |                            | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>Exchange<br>Wastes | BOILER           | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER                  | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>Heater | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND | AIR<br>Pollution<br>Devices | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |          |                |   |
| Τ         | FLOW                   | M <sup>3</sup> /           |                 | .0416                        | 11.64                     | 5.83             |                 |                  |                                              | 3.06                  |                 |                    |                    | 9132     |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 2         | TEMPERATURE            | °c                         |                 |                              |                           |                  |                 |                  |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 3         | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACON | ₩S <sub>2</sub>            | 52              | 940                          | 0                         | 25               |                 |                  |                                              | 0                     |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               | 6        |                |   |
| 4         | BOD                    | MÝ                         | <b>&lt;</b> 1   | 1                            | 0                         | 6                |                 |                  |                                              | 0                     |                 |                    |                    | <1.0     |                             |                           |                    |                               | 3        | 6              |   |
| 5         | COD                    | MG                         | 10              | 196                          | -                         | 8                |                 |                  |                                              | 1080                  |                 |                    |                    | 510      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 20       | 1060           |   |
| 6         | 15                     | MG/                        | 128             | (B6)                         | 8846                      | 240              |                 |                  |                                              | 1330                  |                 |                    |                    | 32412    |                             |                           |                    |                               | 45       | <b>3</b> 3750  |   |
| 7         | TDS                    | MG∕:                       | 128             | 21090                        | 8842                      | 240              |                 |                  |                                              | 720                   |                 |                    |                    | 32423    |                             |                           |                    |                               | 7        | 33732          |   |
| 8         | TSS                    | MG                         | 0               | (B8)                         | 3                         | 0                |                 |                  |                                              | 610                   |                 |                    |                    | 19       |                             |                           |                    |                               | 38       | 18             |   |
| 9         | AMMONIA AS N           | мç                         | <b>≊</b> 0.5    | 0                            | 1.1                       | -                |                 |                  |                                              | 0                     |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0        |                |   |
| Ņ         | NITRATE AS N           | MG                         | .001            | .079                         | 0.5                       | -                |                 |                  |                                              | 0.3                   |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0        |                |   |
| п         | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P     | мУ                         | 0.39            | 0.02                         | 0.8                       | <b>&lt;</b> 0.02 |                 |                  |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    | .05      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          | <b>&lt;.</b> 2 |   |
| 12        | TURBIDITY              | JTU                        | 5               | 1600                         | 5                         | 0                |                 |                  |                                              | 505                   |                 |                    |                    | 200      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0        | 17             |   |
| 13        | FECAL COLIFORM         |                            |                 |                              | L                         |                  |                 |                  | L.                                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 14        | ACIDITY AS CACO,       | ₩ <u>C</u>                 |                 |                              |                           |                  |                 |                  |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 15        | AS CACO,               | MX                         | 24              | 19185                        | 3.3                       | 0                | 1               |                  | L                                            | 130                   |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               | _0       |                |   |
| 16        | SULFATE                | мç.                        | 9.2             | 91.2                         | 2900                      | 105              |                 | ļ                |                                              | 525                   |                 |                    |                    | 2160     |                             |                           |                    |                               | 5.6      | 2400           |   |
| 17        | SULFITE                | МĽ                         |                 |                              | ļ                         |                  |                 | <u> </u>         | ļ                                            |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          | -              |   |
| 18        | BROMIDE                | MY.                        |                 |                              |                           |                  |                 |                  |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 19        | CHLORIDE               | <del>M</del> G/            | 3.7             | 5.7                          | 60                        | 9.1              |                 | ļ                |                                              | 3.6                   |                 |                    |                    | 15830    |                             |                           |                    |                               | 1.8      | 15970          |   |
| 20        | FLUORIDE               | мç                         | L               | ļ                            |                           |                  | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         | ļ                                            |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 21        | ALUMINUM               | ""                         |                 |                              |                           |                  | L               | ļ                |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    | <br>     |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 22        | BORON                  | ۳X                         |                 |                              | Į                         |                  | <br>            |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ        |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 23        | CHROMIUM               | 12                         | <b>~</b> 50     |                              | 120                       | <u> </u>         | <br>            | <b>_</b>         |                                              | 0                     |                 | ļ'                 |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0        |                |   |
| 24        | COPPER                 | X                          |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |                  |                 |                  |                                              | 1600                  |                 |                    |                    | -        |                             |                           |                    |                               | 1300     |                |   |
| 25        |                        | 1                          | 370             | (B25                         | 120                       | 48               |                 | ļ                | }                                            | 168                   | -               |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 26        | LEAD                   | ~~~<br>₩6.                 |                 |                              |                           | <u>+</u>         |                 | ļ                |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 27        | MAGNESIUM              | 46,                        | 1.6             | 1348                         | 0.7                       | 0                |                 |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 28        | MANGANESE              | X<br>46,                   |                 |                              |                           |                  |                 |                  | ·                                            |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          | - 1            |   |
| 129       |                        | 1/L<br>4/G/                |                 |                              |                           |                  |                 |                  | ├                                            | 3.4                   |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0        |                |   |
| 1         | SELENILIM              | 46,                        |                 |                              |                           | +                |                 |                  | +                                            | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |          |                             |                           | + ——               |                               |          |                |   |
| 30        | VANADIUM               | 1<br>49                    |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  |                  |                 |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           | +                  |                               |          |                |   |
| 33        | ZINC                   | 1 <u>-</u><br>#6/          | 460             | 2200                         | - 200                     | 41               |                 | <u>+</u>         | <u> </u>                                     |                       |                 |                    |                    | 5.00     |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 34        |                        | MG                         | 460             | 3300                         | 380                       | 41               |                 |                  |                                              | 1600                  |                 |                    |                    | 520      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 1300     | 350            |   |
| 35        | PHENOLS                | 11<br>11<br>11<br>11<br>11 |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>        | 1                |                                              |                       |                 | 1                  |                    | (        | [                           |                           | <del> </del>       |                               |          |                | { |
| 36        | SURFACTANTS            | MG                         |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | 1                | !               |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       | ļ               |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      | 25_      |                |   |
| 37        | ALGICIDES              | MG                         |                 |                              | ţ                         | <u> </u>         |                 |                  | <u>†</u>                                     |                       | ·               |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
| 38        | SODIUM                 | MG                         | 22              | 3.75                         | 2188                      | 58               |                 | 1                | <u> </u>                                     | 1260                  |                 |                    |                    | 5214     |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0        | 5944           | 1 |
| 39        | FREQUENCY              | CYC5<br>/YR                |                 | 365                          |                           | 104              |                 | 1                | †                                            | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | 2244     |                             |                           |                    |                               |          | 2000           |   |
| <b></b> _ | 1                      |                            |                 |                              | +<br>                     |                  |                 |                  | <u>†                                    </u> | 1.                    |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               | <u> </u> |                |   |
|           |                        |                            |                 |                              |                           |                  |                 |                  |                                              |                       |                 | <b>-</b>           |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |
|           |                        |                            |                 |                              |                           | 1                |                 |                  |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                    |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |                |   |

|                                         | R | Е | M | A R | ĸ | S |  |
|-----------------------------------------|---|---|---|-----|---|---|--|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files |   |   |   | Ι   |   |   |  |
| Q: Intake water for Coal Drainage       |   |   |   |     |   |   |  |
| R: Intake water for Ash Pond            |   |   |   |     |   |   |  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |   |   |   |     |   |   |  |
| B6: 154240                              |   |   |   |     |   |   |  |
| B8: 133150                              |   |   |   |     |   |   |  |
| B25: 330000                             | _ |   |   | 1   |   |   |  |
|                                         |   |   |   |     |   |   |  |
|                                         |   |   |   |     |   |   |  |
|                                         |   |   |   |     |   |   |  |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

### PLANT DATA SHEET

CAPACITY: 300 MW, 5420 MW Hr./dayABULATION BY \_\_\_\_\_ SC FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_ COAL & OIL \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ 4-17-1

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AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ DATE : \_\_\_\_ 4-17-73 SHEET NO. 1\_ OF\_1\_

,

|     | PARAMETE              |              |                 |                              |                           | <del></del>  |                |                  |                                              |                       | ,                                            |                    |                    | 1                                            | 141          |          |                    |                                              |             |              | -                                              |
|-----|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------|
|     | PARAMETE              | - 1          | - F             |                              |                           |              |                |                  |                                              | WAST                  | TE STRE                                      | AM                 |                    |                                              |              |          |                    | ,                                            |             |              |                                                |
|     |                       | RΙ           |                 | WAT                          | MENT                      | BL           | OWDOW          | 'N               |                                              | T T                   | CI                                           | FANING             | ; 1                | <u>г т</u>                                   |              | <u> </u> | r                  |                                              |             |              |                                                |
|     | ·                     |              | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR       | Evapo<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER                  | COAL PILE<br>ORAINAGE | BOILER                                       | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW                         | AIR          | YARD &   | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR                           |             |              |                                                |
| 1 6 | LOW                   | M*/<br>DAY   |                 |                              | 143.1                     | 4233         |                |                  |                                              | <u> </u>              | 567                                          |                    | ~                  | 2556                                         | JETAES       |          |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |
| 2 1 | TEMPERATURE           | ٩            |                 |                              |                           |              |                |                  |                                              |                       |                                              |                    | <b> </b>           |                                              |              |          |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |
| 3 / | ALKALINITY<br>NS CACO | ۳ć           | 87              |                              | 199                       | 58           |                |                  |                                              |                       | 52                                           |                    |                    | 67                                           |              |          |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |
| 4 6 | 300                   | ۳Ý           | 6               |                              |                           | 2            |                |                  |                                              |                       | <1.0                                         |                    |                    | 18                                           |              |          |                    |                                              | -1.0        |              |                                                |
| 5 0 | :00                   | мÝ           | 706             |                              |                           | 784          |                |                  |                                              |                       | 0.8                                          |                    |                    | 1180                                         |              |          |                    |                                              | 12          |              |                                                |
| 6   | TS                    | *            | 28667           |                              | 936                       | 26077        |                |                  |                                              |                       | 196                                          |                    |                    | 80546                                        |              |          |                    |                                              | 117         |              |                                                |
| 7   | TDS                   | мç           | 28634           |                              | 917                       | 26006        |                |                  |                                              |                       | 196                                          |                    |                    | 80486                                        |              |          |                    |                                              | 117         |              |                                                |
| 8   | T55                   | μÇ           | 33              |                              | 30                        | 71           |                |                  |                                              |                       | _0                                           |                    |                    | 60                                           |              |          |                    |                                              | K0.5        |              |                                                |
| 9 / | AMMONIA AS N          | "            | <0.5            |                              | <0.5                      | <0.5         |                |                  |                                              |                       | <0.5                                         |                    |                    | <0.5                                         |              |          |                    |                                              | <b>£0.5</b> |              |                                                |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N          | MG.          | c 001           |                              | 0.15                      | <.001        |                |                  |                                              |                       | 0.115                                        |                    |                    | <.003                                        |              |          |                    |                                              | 0.32        |              |                                                |
|     | hidsphorus<br>As p    | ×            | 0.02            |                              | 0.04                      | 0.13         |                |                  |                                              |                       | 0.2                                          |                    |                    |                                              |              |          |                    |                                              | 0.21        |              |                                                |
| 12  | TURBIDITY             | JTU          | 13              |                              |                           | 23           | L              | ļ                |                                              |                       | 1                                            |                    |                    |                                              |              |          |                    |                                              |             | ]            |                                                |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM        | 2            |                 | ļĪ                           |                           |              |                |                  |                                              |                       |                                              |                    |                    |                                              | ļ]           |          |                    |                                              | Ļ]          |              |                                                |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | X            |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |              |                |                  | ļ                                            |                       |                                              |                    |                    |                                              |              |          |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |
| 15  | IUTAL HARDNESS        | 1%           | 2400            |                              | 200                       | 2900         |                | <u> </u>         | ļ                                            |                       | 69                                           |                    |                    | -                                            |              |          |                    |                                              | . 70        |              | L                                              |
| 16  | SULFATE               | X            | 1880            |                              | 387                       |              | Ļ              |                  | L                                            | -                     | 11.4                                         |                    |                    | 2000                                         | ļ            | ļī       | ļ                  | ۔<br>ا                                       | 9.6         |              | ļ                                              |
| 17  | SULFITE               | X            | <b> </b>        | <b>├</b> i                   |                           | <b> </b>     |                | <u> </u>         |                                              | ┟───┤                 |                                              | L                  | <u> </u>           |                                              | —            | L        | <b>├</b> ──-i      |                                              |             |              | <b> </b>                                       |
| 18  | BROMIDE               | X            |                 |                              | L                         |              | Ļ              |                  | Ļ                                            | -1                    |                                              | Ļ                  | ļ                  |                                              |              | ļ        |                    | <u> </u>                                     | I           |              |                                                |
| 19  | CHLORIDE              | X            | 14800           | <b> </b>                     | 18.3                      |              | L              | <b> </b>         |                                              | ┝──┥                  | 16.1                                         | <b></b>            | <u> </u>           | 16500                                        |              | L        |                    | ┣──┥                                         | 11.3        |              |                                                |
| 20  | FLUORIDE              | X            | <b>_</b>        | ┣╡                           |                           |              |                |                  | <u> </u>                                     | - +                   | <u> </u>                                     |                    | <b> </b>           | Į                                            |              |          |                    |                                              |             | l            |                                                |
| 21  |                       | 7            | <b> </b> i      |                              |                           |              |                | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                                     | ┥───┤                 |                                              | L                  |                    |                                              | <u> </u>     |          | ┢───               | <b>├</b> ──-i                                |             |              |                                                |
| 22  | BORON                 | X            |                 |                              |                           |              |                | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                                     | <b>├───┤</b>          |                                              | ļ                  | <b> </b>           |                                              | <u> </u>     |          | ┠────              | ┣──┤                                         |             |              | <b> </b>                                       |
| 23  | CHRONIUM              | X            |                 | <b> </b>                     | 0.16                      |              |                |                  | <u> </u>                                     | <u>├</u>              | 0.37                                         |                    | ╂───               |                                              | <u>-</u>     |          | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>                                     | 0.09        | <b></b>      |                                                |
| 4   |                       | 1            | 0.06            |                              |                           | p.104        | ├              | ──               | <u> </u>                                     | $\vdash$              | 0.103                                        |                    | <u> </u>           | <del> </del>                                 | <u> </u>     |          | ┣                  | <u> </u>                                     | .05         | ļ            |                                                |
| 25  |                       | 7            | 1.0             |                              | 1.5                       | 2.3          |                | ──               | ┥───                                         | ┼───┤                 | 0.9                                          | <b> </b>           |                    | +                                            | ┣────        |          | ┢───               | ┝───┐                                        | 0.1         | ┞────        | <u> </u>                                       |
| 20  | LEAD                  | 1<br>MG      |                 |                              |                           |              |                | <u> </u>         | <u>-</u>                                     | ┼───┤                 |                                              | <u>├</u> ──-       | +                  | ┼───                                         | <del> </del> |          |                    | <b>}</b>                                     |             | ļ            |                                                |
| 4   |                       | 1            | 424             | <u> </u>                     | 7.8                       | 552          | }              | ┝                | <u> </u>                                     | ╉───┤                 | <u>8. د</u>                                  | <u> </u>           | <del> </del>       | <del> </del>                                 | <del> </del> | <u> </u> | <u> </u>           | <u>†</u>                                     |             | ┝━━━         |                                                |
| 20  |                       | 1<br>16,     |                 | <u>├</u>                     |                           | <del> </del> |                | ┼───             | <u> </u>                                     | ╉───┤                 |                                              |                    | <del> </del>       | +                                            | <u>†</u>     | h        | +                  | <u>†                                    </u> | <u> </u>    | <u>├</u> ─── | <u> </u>                                       |
| 5   | MCKFI                 | /L<br>#G,    |                 | ┝──                          | <u> </u>                  | ┣──          | <u> </u>       | <u> </u>         | t                                            | †i                    |                                              | }                  | †                  | 1                                            | +            | <u> </u> | +                  | 1                                            | <u>}</u> i  | ┣───         | <u>†</u>                                       |
| 븱   | CEI ENE IM            | 1            |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>     | <u> </u>       | +                | t                                            | <u> </u>              |                                              |                    | †                  | +                                            | <u>+</u>     | ┝━──     | †                  | <u> </u>                                     |             | <b>├</b> ─── | <u> </u>                                       |
| 10  | VENAMEN               | 2            | ┣               | +                            | +                         | <u> </u>     |                | <u>+</u>         | <b> </b>                                     |                       | <u> </u>                                     | <u>├</u> ──        | <u>†</u>           | <u>†                                    </u> | <u> </u>     | 1        | +                  | 1                                            | <u> </u>    | <u> </u>     | 1                                              |
| 1   | 7INC                  | 1-9-         |                 |                              | +                         | 0.50         | <u> </u>       | ╂────            |                                              | <u>+</u>              | 0 62                                         |                    | 1                  | 0.50                                         | †            | <u> </u> | <u>†</u>           | †                                            | 0.49        | <u> </u>     | 1                                              |
| 2   | OIL & GREACE          | 4            | u~46_           | ┝──                          | 10 - 48                   | <u>.u.58</u> |                | 1                | <u>†                                    </u> | <u>† – – –</u>        | V-04_                                        | <u> </u>           | 1                  | 10.23                                        | 1            | <u> </u> | 1                  | <u>}</u>                                     |             | [            | 1                                              |
| 3   | PHENOLS               | 1            | 0024            |                              | <u> </u>                  | 0044         | <u> </u>       | 1                | <u> </u>                                     | 1 7                   | .006                                         | <u> </u>           | 1                  | 1                                            | 1            | <u> </u> | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>                                     | .007        | <u> </u>     | <u>† – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –</u> |
| 2   | SUDER TANTS           | 16           | .0034           | ┣──                          | <u>+</u>                  |              | <u> </u>       | 1                | <u>†                                    </u> | 1                     | 1                                            | <u> </u>           |                    | 1                                            | 1            | 1        |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |
| 37  | AL GICIDES            | 1            | ┣               | ╀───                         | +                         | <u> </u>     |                | ╀───             | †                                            | <u> </u>              | <u>                                     </u> | ŀ                  | 1                  | <u> </u>                                     | 1            | <u> </u> |                    |                                              |             | <u> </u>     | 1                                              |
| 30  | SODIUM                | 1/L<br>MG    | 2220            | <u>├</u> ───                 | 2566                      | 1067         | <b> </b>       | +                | <u> </u>                                     | <u>† – – –</u>        | 29.4                                         | 1                  | 1                  | 1                                            | 1            | <u> </u> |                    |                                              | .74         | <u> </u>     |                                                |
| 39  | FREQUENCY             | rres<br>Cres | <u>p320</u>     | <u> </u>                     | 12300                     | Con+         | <u> </u>       | <u> </u>         | <u>†</u> -                                   |                       | 2/5                                          |                    | T                  | 1                                            |              |          |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |
| 4   |                       | K MB         |                 |                              | <u>↓</u>                  | 100mc        |                | <u>†</u>         | 1                                            |                       |                                              | <u> </u>           | 1                  |                                              |              |          |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |
|     | I                     |              |                 |                              |                           |              |                | ·                | 1                                            |                       | —                                            | <b></b>            | -                  |                                              |              |          |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |
| ļ   |                       |              |                 |                              |                           | 1            |                | ·                | <u> </u>                                     |                       |                                              |                    |                    |                                              |              |          |                    |                                              |             |              |                                                |

|                                                |     |   |   |              |    | -        | - | _        | _ |      | The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se | <br>         |            |          |
|------------------------------------------------|-----|---|---|--------------|----|----------|---|----------|---|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|----------|
|                                                | R   | E | м | A I          | RК | ( S      | ì |          |   |      | <br>                                                                                                            | <br>         |            |          |
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files        |     |   |   | <b>—</b>     |    |          |   |          |   |      | <br>                                                                                                            | <br><u> </u> |            |          |
| <u>Q: Intake Water for Ion Exchange Wastes</u> | and |   |   | $\pm$        |    | <u> </u> |   |          |   | •••• | <br>                                                                                                            | <br>         |            |          |
| Botter tube cleaning                           |     |   |   |              |    | _        |   |          |   |      | <br>                                                                                                            | <br>         |            |          |
|                                                |     |   |   | ┶            |    |          |   |          |   |      | <br>                                                                                                            | <br>         | _ <u>_</u> | ·        |
|                                                |     |   |   | +            |    |          |   | <u> </u> |   |      | <br><u> </u>                                                                                                    | <br>         |            | <u> </u> |
|                                                |     |   |   | ╋            |    |          |   |          |   |      | <br>                                                                                                            | <br>         |            |          |
|                                                |     |   |   | +            |    |          |   |          |   |      | <br>                                                                                                            | <br>         |            |          |
|                                                |     |   |   | $\mathbf{t}$ |    |          |   |          |   |      |                                                                                                                 |              |            |          |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3402

CAPACITY: 308 MW (4965.5 MWbr/day) TABULATION BY: \_\_\_\_\_SC

|    |                           | ſ                | Α               | в                            | С                         | D        | £               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | N                         | 0                                             | Р                             | Q     | R     | S    |
|----|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| ſ  |                           | -                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <b>.</b>         |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    | ·                    | ,                           | ·                         | •                                             |                               |       |       |      |
|    |                           | .                | Ì               |                              | ERNT                      | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | C               |                    | 5                  |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
|    | PARAMETE                  | R                | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | KON<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES                            | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |       |       |      |
| 1  | FLOW                      | M <sup>3</sup> / |                 | 1556                         | 545                       |          | 6.53            |                  | Ī                           | 6.62                  |                 |                    |                    | 2726                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE               | °c               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 3  | ALKALINITY                | MG               | 24              | 612                          | 34                        |          | 224             |                  | <b>_</b>                    | 6                     |                 |                    |                    | 230                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 70    | 0     | 124  |
| 4  | BOD                       | MG               | 1               | 40                           | 2                         |          | 8               |                  |                             | 0                     |                 |                    |                    | _                    |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 2     | 3     | 1    |
| 5  | COD                       | MG/              | 10              | 1180                         | 60                        |          | 78              |                  |                             | 1080                  |                 |                    |                    | 20                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | < 5   | 20    | 10   |
| 6  | TS                        | мç               | 129             | 9180                         | 6350                      |          | 594             |                  |                             | 1330                  |                 |                    |                    | 249                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 195   | 45    | 256  |
| 7  | TDS                       | мç               | 127             | 202                          | 6150                      |          | 586             |                  |                             | 720                   |                 |                    |                    | 235                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 195   | 7     | 192  |
| 8  | 155                       | MG               | 2               | 8973                         | 200                       |          | 88              |                  |                             | 610                   |                 |                    |                    | 14                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 0     | 38    | 64   |
| 9  | Ammonia as n              | MG               | 0               | 1.4                          | 1.28                      |          | 0               |                  |                             | 0                     |                 |                    |                    | 0.84                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 3.24  | 0     | 0    |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N              | MG               | 0.9             | 1.7                          | 1.68                      |          | 0.33            | •                |                             | 0.3                   |                 |                    |                    | .04                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 0.43  | 0     | 0.4  |
| H  | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P        | мç               | Ó 1             | 16.2                         | 0.42                      |          | 0,57            |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 0.2   |       | 0.71 |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                 | JTU              | 34              | 5500                         | 76                        |          | 50              |                  |                             | 505                   |                 |                    |                    | 5                    |                             |                           |                                               |                               | ·34   | 0     | 4    |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM            | NQ 4             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       | _    |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,          | MG/L             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS CACO | MY L             | 64              | 164                          | 248                       |          | 3               |                  |                             | 130                   |                 |                    |                    | 80                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 92    | 0     | 20   |
| 16 | SULFATE                   | MG               | 32              | 92                           | 115                       |          | 15              |                  |                             | 525                   |                 |                    |                    | 51                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | _43   | 5.6   | 3    |
| 17 | SULFITE                   | МX               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 18 | BROMIDE                   | ΜÝ               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 19 | CHLORIDE                  | MG               | 17.8            | 19.2                         | 3580                      |          | 152             |                  |                             | 3.6                   |                 |                    |                    | 47.]                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 33.6  | 1.8   | 38   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE                  | MG               |                 |                              |                           | L        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 21 | ALUMINUM                  | 1%               |                 | L                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 22 | BORON                     | MG⁄              |                 | ļ                            |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       | ·     |      |
| 23 | CHROMIUM                  | 1/2              | 0               | 20                           | 8                         | ļ        | 0               |                  |                             | 0                     |                 |                    |                    | 15                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | <5    | 0     | 0    |
| 24 | COPPER                    | X                | 120             | 1750                         | 38                        |          | 240             |                  |                             | 1600                  |                 |                    |                    | 24                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 30    | 1300  | 36.5 |
| 25 | IRON                      | 1                | 2800            | (B25)                        | 37500                     | l        | 10600           | <u> </u>         |                             | 168                   |                 |                    |                    | 400                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 5000_ | 0     | 3300 |
| 26 | LEAD                      | 12               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM                 | 7                | 23              | 0                            | . 58                      |          | 0               |                  |                             | 5                     |                 |                    |                    | 30                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 41    | 0     |      |
| 28 | MANGANESE                 | × G.             |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  | <del> </del>                | <b> </b>              | · · · ·         |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 29 | MERCURY                   | /L               | 4.6             |                              | 0                         |          |                 | -                |                             | 3.4                   |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       | 0     |      |
| 30 |                           | 46,              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | -                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 20 | SELENIUM                  | 46               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 32 | 200C                      | 1                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         | ł                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | <b> </b>                                      |                               |       |       |      |
| 30 |                           | 1/L<br>MG,       | 170             | 880                          | 47                        | <u> </u> | 220             | <u> </u>         |                             | 1600                  |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |                           | <u> </u>                                      |                               | 21    | 1300_ | 21   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE              | 46,              |                 | ŀ                            |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | ·                                             |                               |       |       | _ ·  |
| 30 |                           | 1/L<br>MG/       |                 |                              | <del> </del>              |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
| 30 | AL OK IDES                | MG               |                 | h                            | ł                         | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | h                  | <u> </u>             |                             |                           | <u>                                      </u> |                               |       |       |      |
| 38 | SODIUM                    | MG               | 9 /             | 46                           | 2280                      | †        | 114             |                  |                             | 1260                  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       | 72   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY                 | cres             |                 |                              | 2200                      | +        | 114             |                  | <u> </u>                    | 1200                  |                 |                    |                    | +                    |                             |                           | <b> -</b>                                     | -                             | 28.5  | Q     |      |
| Ľ. |                           | 14 IN            |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u><br>              | † ·      | <u> </u>        | t                |                             | <u>†</u>              |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |
|    | 1                         | ļ                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               | —     |       |      |
|    |                           |                  | · · ·           |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |       |      |

|                                                                     | REMARKS                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Q: Intake water for Ash Pond.<br>R: Intake water for Coal Drainage. | S: Intake water for evaporator blowdown |
| B25: 1.35x10 <sup>6</sup>                                           |                                         |
|                                                                     |                                         |
|                                                                     |                                         |
|                                                                     |                                         |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3406 .

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|                |                  | ſ             | A              | в                  | С               | D        | F        | F        | 6                  | ш         |          |          | K          |          |                  |        | •        |          |          | _ |          |
|----------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------|-----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|------------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|---|----------|
|                |                  |               |                |                    | <u> </u>        |          |          | <u> </u> |                    |           |          |          | <u> </u>   | <u> </u> | M                | N      | 0        | Ρ        | <u> </u> | R | 5        |
|                | DADAMETE         | .             |                | TDEAT              | ERAIT           | Ř        | OWDOW    | /N       | <b></b>            | 1100      |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
|                | FARAMETE         | к             | INTAKE<br>WEER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILLA   | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS<br>COOLING | COAL PILE | BOILER   | AIR PRE- | BOILER     | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR  |          |   |          |
|                | FLOW             | M*/           |                | WASIES             | WESTES          |          |          |          | WATER              | UNUNUE    | IUBES    |          | FIRESIDE   | OVERFLOW | DEVICES          | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL  |          |   |          |
| 2              | TEMPERATURE      | °C            |                |                    | 16.35           | 6.35     | -37.9    |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 3              | ALKALINITY       | MG/           |                |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    | -         |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 4              | BOD              | MG            | - ,            |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          | i        |          |   |          |
| 5              | 000              | MG            |                |                    |                 | 2        | 1.6      | <u> </u> |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 6              | TS               | MG            | 14             |                    |                 | 18       | 29.6     |          | <u> </u>           |           |          |          |            |          | -                |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 7              | TDS              | ₩¢.           | 211            |                    | 1785            | 583      | 628      |          | <u> </u>           |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 8              | 155              | MG            | 203            |                    | 1/83            | 562      | 569      | <u>├</u> |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   | _        |
| 9              | AMMONIA AS N     | MG/           | 8              |                    |                 | 22       | 59       | <u> </u> |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 10             | NITRATE AS N     |               | 0.26           |                    | D 44            | <u> </u> | 0.45     |          | <u>+</u>           | <u> </u>  |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 11             | PHOSPHORUS       | 14            | 0.65           |                    | 2 1             | 2 1      | 0.52     | <u> </u> | <u> </u>           | t         |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 12             | TURBIDITY        | JTU           | 0.9            | -                  | D.5             | 1 33     | 27       | <b> </b> | <u>+</u>           |           |          |          |            | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 13             | FECAL COLIFORM   | NQ/           |                |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 14             | ACIDITY AS CACO, | 1             |                |                    | 1               |          |          |          |                    | +         |          |          |            | t        |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 15             | TOTAL HARDNESS   | 19            | 26             |                    | 12              | 11       | 4        |          |                    | <u> </u>  |          |          |            | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 16             | SULFATE          | MG            | 12             |                    | 101             | 107      | 152      | -        | t                  | <u>†</u>  |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 17             | SULFITE          | MG            | -12            |                    | 101-            | + 127    | -123     |          | 1                  |           | ······   |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 18             | BROMIDE          | X             |                |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    |           |          |          |            | 1        |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 19             | CHLORIDE         | MC 1          | 18             | -                  | 73              | 128      | 61       |          |                    | -         |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 20             | FLUORIDE         | 14            |                |                    |                 |          |          | 1        |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 21             | ALUMINUM         | 14            |                | [                  |                 |          |          |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 22             | BORON            | ~             |                |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 23             | CHROMIUM         | 14            | 0              |                    | 4               | 5        | 0        |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          | •        |   |          |
| 24             | COPPER           | <sup>#G</sup> |                |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 25             | IRON             | 14            |                |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 26             | LEAD             | 14            |                |                    |                 |          |          | ļ        |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 27             | MAGNESIUM        | ¥¢-           |                |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 28             | MANGANESE        | -2            |                |                    |                 |          |          |          | <u> </u>           |           |          |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 2 <del>9</del> | MERCURY          | 14            |                |                    |                 | I        | ļ        | ļ        | L                  | ļ         |          |          |            | Ļ        | L                |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 30             | NICKEL           | 12            |                |                    | ļ               |          | ļ        | L        | <b> </b>           |           |          |          |            | ļ        |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 31             | SELENHUM         | 12            |                | <u> </u>           | L               | L        | L        | L        | <u> </u>           | ļ         |          |          | <u> </u>   |          | ļ                |        |          | L        |          |   | ·        |
| 32             | VANADIUM         | 12            |                | L                  |                 | L        |          |          | <u> </u>           |           |          |          | ļ          |          | Ļ                |        |          | ļ        |          |   |          |
| 33             | ZINC             | 12            | 20             |                    | 13              | 0        | 80       | ļ        | <u> </u>           |           |          |          |            |          | <b> </b>         |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 34             | OIL & GREASE     | 2             |                |                    |                 |          | <u>└</u> | ļ        |                    | <b>.</b>  |          |          | - <u>-</u> |          | ļ                |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 35             | PHENOLS          | 1/            |                | L                  |                 | <u> </u> | <b> </b> | ┥        |                    |           |          |          | ļ          | <u> </u> | ļ                |        | h        | <b>_</b> |          | L | <u> </u> |
| 36             | SURFACTANTS      | 1%            |                |                    |                 | ļ        |          |          | ┣                  | <b> </b>  | ļ        |          |            | <b> </b> | <b> </b>         |        |          |          |          | ļ | L        |
| 37             | ALGICIDES        | X             | L              |                    | <u> </u>        | <u> </u> | ļ        | L        | <u> </u>           | <b> </b>  | <u>`</u> | <u> </u> | <b> </b>   |          |                  |        | <u> </u> |          |          |   |          |
| 38             | SODIUM           | X             | 23             | Ļ                  | 36              | 112      | 200      |          | ┼──                |           | ļ        |          |            |          |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
| 39             | FREQUENCY        | AR.           |                | ·                  | ļ               |          |          | ļ        | <u> </u>           |           |          |          | ┣──        | ·        |                  |        |          | <u> </u> |          | - |          |
|                |                  |               |                |                    |                 |          |          | .        | .                  | -         |          |          |            | ·        |                  |        |          |          |          |   |          |
|                |                  |               |                |                    |                 |          | .        |          |                    |           |          |          |            | ·        |                  |        |          | ·        |          |   |          |
|                |                  |               |                |                    |                 |          |          |          |                    | 1         |          | <u> </u> | L          | 1        |                  |        | L        | l        | l        |   | 1        |

| -                                    | F    | Ε | М | A R | к | 5 |   |      |      |      |  |
|--------------------------------------|------|---|---|-----|---|---|---|------|------|------|--|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office fi | les. |   |   |     |   |   |   |      |      | <br> |  |
|                                      |      |   |   |     |   |   |   |      | <br> |      |  |
|                                      |      |   |   |     |   |   |   |      |      | <br> |  |
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|                                      |      |   |   |     | _ |   |   | <br> |      | <br> |  |
|                                      | _    |   |   |     |   |   | _ | <br> | <br> |      |  |
|                                      |      |   |   |     |   |   |   |      |      |      |  |
|                                      |      |   |   |     |   |   |   |      |      |      |  |

PLANT CODE NO. 3406

PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY:346 MW - 6227 MWhr/day TABULATION BY: SC FUEL: Coal, Oil & Gas DATE: 4-17-73 AGE OF PLANT:

SHEET NO. \_2\_ OF\_ 2 \_\_\_\_

. 27

|    |                  | ſ                | Δ               | B                            | C                         | D      | F               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | .,                 | ĸ                  |                      | м                           | М                         | 0                  | ρ                             | 9        | R        | s S      |
|----|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| ſ  |                  | +                |                 |                              |                           | 0      |                 | L'               | L •                         | WAS                   | TE STR          | FAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>                      | ¥.       |          | <u> </u> |
|    |                  |                  | ŀ               | WA                           | IER I                     |        | OWDOW           | /NI              |                             | (,,,)                 |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          | ·        |
|    | PARAMETE         | R                | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>Pollution<br>Devices | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>ORAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL | 4        |          |          |
| 1  | FLOW             | M <sup>3</sup> / |                 |                              | 20.12                     | 4.53   |                 | [                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE      | °c               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY       | MG/              | -               |                              | -                         | _      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 4  | BOD              | MG               | 1               |                              |                           | 11     |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 5  | COD              | MG               | 14              |                              | 0                         | 12     |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 6  | 15               | MG               | 211             |                              | 3/3                       | 101    |                 | 1                | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 7  | TDS              | MG               | 202             |                              | 220                       | 70     |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 8  | <b>T</b> 55      | MG               | <u> </u>        |                              | 15                        | 22     |                 | ·                | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N     | MG               | 0 13            |                              | 1 17                      | 0 34   |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          | í —      |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N     | MG               | 0.26            |                              | 0 12                      | 0.0    |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          | •        |          |
| =  | PHOSPHORUS       | MG               | 0.65            |                              | 0 13                      | 0 47   |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY        | JTU              | 0.05            |                              | 2 5                       | 0.21   |                 | 1-               | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM   |                  | U-9             |                              |                           | -u.e.  |                 |                  |                             | †                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO, | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | -        |          |          |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS   | MG               | 26              |                              | 121                       | 1      |                 |                  | t                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | · · · ·                   |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 16 | SULFATE          | MG               | 12              |                              | 249                       | 18     |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 17 | SULFITE          | MG               | - 44-           |                              | - 232                     |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | -                         |                    |                               | _        |          |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE          | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE         | MG               | 10              |                              | 200                       | 7 0    |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE         | m <sup>2</sup>   |                 |                              | 202                       |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 21 | ALUMINUM         | 10/2             |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 22 | BORON            | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        | 1               | -                | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM         | <u>_</u> ۳       | 0               |                              |                           | 0      | i               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 24 | COPPER           | #6/              |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 25 | IRON             | <u>~~</u>        |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 26 | LÊAD             | 14               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM        | MG               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE        | #%               |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          | L        |
| 29 | MERCURY          | μ6<br>/L         |                 | ļ                            |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 30 | NICKEL           | #G               |                 |                              |                           | _      |                 | 1                | ļ,                          |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM         | 1/2              | ļ               |                              |                           |        | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          | ļ        |          |
| 32 | VANADIUM         | 12               | L               | ļ                            |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 33 | ZINC             | #G               | 20              |                              | 38                        | 30     |                 | ļ                | L                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE     | 1/2              | <b> </b>        |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          | L        |
| 35 | PHENOLS          | 1/2              | <b> </b>        |                              |                           |        |                 | ļ                | -                           |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          | <u> </u> |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS      | X                | <b></b>         |                              |                           |        | <u> </u>        | ļ                | ļ                           | ļ                     | ļ               |                    | <b> </b>           |                      |                             |                           | <b> </b>           |                               |          |          | <u> </u> |
| 37 | ALGICIDES        | ľχ<br>MG         | Į               |                              |                           | ļ      |                 | <u> </u>         | <b> </b>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |          | ┟───┤    | <b>├</b> |
| 38 | SODIUM           |                  | 23              |                              | 61                        | .25    | ļ               | <b>_</b>         |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |          | <b> </b> | ┣        |
| 39 | FREQUENCY        | /YR              |                 | ļ                            | 50                        |        |                 | +                |                             | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          | <b> </b> | <b> </b> |
|    |                  |                  |                 |                              | ·                         |        |                 | .                |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      | <u> </u>                    |                           |                    |                               | <u> </u> |          |          |
|    | 1                |                  | I               |                              | .                         | ┨────  |                 | .                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |          |          |
|    | 1                |                  | íl 🛛            | 1                            | 1                         | 1      | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     | 1               | 1                  | 1                  | 1                    | 1                           |                           | 1                  | 1                             |          | 1 1      | 1        |

| 4                                        | ₹E | М | A | RК | S |   |
|------------------------------------------|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office files. |    |   | Т |    |   |   |
|                                          |    |   | Ι |    |   |   |
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|                                          |    | - | 1 |    |   |   |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

PLANT DATA SHEET

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| CAPACITY: 116 MW - 1629 MW Hr./D | A BULATION BY : | SC      |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------|
| FUEL: Coal & Oil                 | DATE :          | 4-17-73 |
| AGE OF PLANT:                    | SHEET NO. 1_ OF | 2       |

|     |                       | r             |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       | _                |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
|-----|-----------------------|---------------|-------|---------------|--------------------|--------|-----------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|---|-------------|---|
| ſ   |                       | -             |       | 8             | _ C                | D      | E               | F                | G          | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                                     | м                | N        | 0        | P                  | Q | R           | S |
|     |                       | ļ             |       | WA            | FR                 |        |                 |                  | ·          | WAS                   | TE STR          | AM                 |                    | ,                                     |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
|     | PARAMETE              | R             |       |               | MÉNT               |        | LOWDOW          |                  | CODENE     |                       | C               |                    | 3                  |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
|     |                       |               | WITER | CATION WASTES | EXCHANCE<br>WASTES | BOILER | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | COOLING    | coal pile<br>Orainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND                              | AIR<br>POLLUTION | FLOOR    | SANITARY | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR | l |             |   |
| 1   | FLOW                  | ξ             |       |               | 3.18               |        | 11.7            |                  |            | Ī                     | <u></u>         |                    | ·                  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                  |          | <u></u>  |                    |   |             |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE           | °c            |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | *             | 4.2   |               | -                  |        | _               |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 4   | 800                   | X             | <1    |               | -                  |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 5   | (00                   | X             | 20.3  |               | 102                |        | 0               |                  | L          |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 6   | TS                    | X             | 193   |               | <u> 86237</u>      |        | 271             |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 7   | TOS                   | 7             | 166   |               | 35235              |        | 271             |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 8   | 155                   | X             | 27    | <u> </u>      | 1                  |        | 0               |                  | ļ          |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 9 9 | AMMONIA AS N          | X             | 0.5   | <u> </u>      | 0                  |        | 0.03            | <u> </u>         |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| Ē   | PHOSPHORUS            |               | 0.23  | <u> </u>      | 7.8                |        | 0.1             |                  |            | <b>—</b> —.           |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 12  | AS P                  | 1             | 0     | <b> </b>      | 3.3                |        | 0               |                  |            |                       | -               |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          | <u> </u>           |   |             |   |
| 12  | FRCAL COLIFORM        | NQ/           | 62    | <u> </u>      |                    |        | 20              |                  |            | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 14  | ACDITY AS CATD.       |               |       | ╄───          |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 15  | TOTAL HANDLESS        | 19            |       |               | 1000               |        | 16              |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  | <b></b>  |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 16  | SULFATE               |               | 2.5   |               | 129                |        | 26              |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   | . · · · · · |   |
| 17  | SULFITE               | 4             | 2.5   | <u> </u>      |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>                              |                  | <u> </u> |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE               | 1             |       |               |                    |        | †               |                  | <u></u>    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          | -                  |   |             |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE              | 1             | 95    |               | 3100               |        | 10              |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE              | 4             |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 21  | ALUMINUM              | 14            |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  | _          |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 22  | BORON                 | 2             |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 23  | CHROMIUM              | 1%            | 0     |               | 30                 |        | 60              |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 24  | COPPER                | 12            |       |               | ļ'                 |        | <u> </u>        |                  |            | -                     |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          | -        |                    |   |             |   |
| 25  |                       | 12            |       |               |                    | ļ      |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 26  | LEAD                  | 12            |       | ļ             |                    | ļ      | ļ               |                  |            | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM             | 7             |       | <u> </u>      |                    |        | -               |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 28  | MANGANESE             | X             |       |               |                    |        | <u> </u>        |                  | <b>İ</b> — |                       |                 |                    | <br>               |                                       |                  |          | ļ        |                    |   |             |   |
| 29  | MERCURY               | 1             |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    | + · · · -                             |                  |          | <u> </u> |                    |   |             |   |
| 30  |                       | 1             |       | ┼───          | <u> </u>           |        | <u> </u>        |                  |            |                       |                 | ļ                  | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>                              |                  |          | +        |                    |   |             |   |
| 22  | SCLENUM               | 1             |       | <u> </u>      | <u>├</u>           |        | <del> </del>    | <u> </u>         |            |                       |                 |                    |                    | +                                     |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 22  | 700                   | 2             |       |               |                    |        | 100             |                  | <u> </u>   |                       |                 |                    |                    | †                                     |                  |          |          |                    | _ |             |   |
| 30  | OIL & CREASE          | 1<br>11<br>11 | 60    |               | 0                  |        | 1 100           |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 35  | PHENOIS               | 5             |       | <u> </u>      |                    |        |                 | <u> </u>         |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          | <u> </u>           |   |             |   |
| 36  | SURFACTANTS           |               | -     |               |                    |        |                 | <u> </u>         |            |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                                     |                  | <u> </u> |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 37  | ALGICIDES             | MGy           |       | <u> </u>      |                    |        | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>   | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | 1                                     |                  |          | <u> </u> |                    |   |             |   |
| 38  | SODIUM                | NK.           | 20    |               | 80000              |        | 63              |                  |            | T                     |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
| 39  | FREQUENCY             | 1             |       |               | 156                |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
|     |                       |               |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
|     |                       |               |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |
|     |                       |               |       |               |                    |        |                 |                  |            |                       |                 |                    |                    |                                       |                  |          |          |                    |   |             |   |

|                                         | R | Ε | М | A | R | ĸ | s |      |      |      |      |  |
|-----------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|--|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      | <br> | <br> |      |  |
| C: Anion Demineralizer                  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | <br> | <br> | <br> |      |  |
|                                         |   |   |   |   | _ |   |   |      |      | <br> | <br> |  |
|                                         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | <br> | <br> |      |      |  |
|                                         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |      | <br> | <br> |      |  |
|                                         |   |   |   | T |   |   | · |      |      | <br> |      |  |
|                                         |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | <br> | <br> |      | <br> |  |
|                                         |   |   |   | Т |   |   |   |      | <br> | <br> |      |  |
|                                         |   |   |   | Γ |   |   |   |      |      |      |      |  |
|                                         |   |   |   | T |   |   |   |      |      |      | <br> |  |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3405

CAPACITY: 116 MW - 1629 MW Hr. / CRADULATION BY: \_\_\_\_\_ SC

 FUEL:
 Coal & Oil
 DATE:
 4-17-73

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO, 2
 OF
 2

|     |                            | ſ                | A                | B        | С          | D        | E      | F        | G       | н         | ŧ.     | J        | к                                            | L        | м       | 11     | 0        | 9.      | à     | R        | S |
|-----|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|------------|----------|--------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|----------------------------------------------|----------|---------|--------|----------|---------|-------|----------|---|
| - [ |                            |                  |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         | WAS       | te str | EAM      |                                              |          | -       |        |          |         |       |          |   |
|     |                            |                  | Ī                | WAT      | ER<br>MENT | BL       | OWDOW  | N N      |         |           | С      | LFANING  | 3                                            |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| - 1 | PARAMETE                   | ۳                | INTAKE           | CLARIFI- | ION        | 00000    | EVAPO- | COOLING  | CONDENS | COAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER                                       | ASH POND | AIR     | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |       |          |   |
|     |                            |                  | WATER            | WASTES   | WASTES     | BOILER   | RATOR  | TOWER    | WATER   | DRAINAGE  | TUBES  | HEATER   | FIRESIDE                                     | OVERFLOW | DEVICES | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |       |          |   |
| 1   | FLOW                       | M <sup>3</sup> / |                  | 68.14    | 6.15       | 9.46     | 68.14  |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 18.17    |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE                | °c               |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO      | MG/              | 4.2              | -        | -          |          | _      |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | _        |         |        |          |         | -     |          |   |
| 4   | BOD                        | MG               | <1               | _        |            | 3        | -      |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 15       |         |        |          |         | 1     |          |   |
| 5   | COD                        | MG∕              | 20               | -        | 440        | 0        | 0      |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 48       |         |        |          |         | 60    |          |   |
| 6   | TS                         | MG               | 193              | 328      | 9507       | 53       | 3276   |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 199      |         |        |          |         | 18708 |          |   |
| 7   | TDS                        | ₩Ŷ               | <sup>1</sup> 166 | 215      | 9507       | 51       | 1895   |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 139      |         |        |          |         | 18659 |          |   |
| В   | TSS                        | MG               | 27               | 113      | 0          | 0        | 1381   |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 60       |         |        |          |         | 49    |          |   |
| 9   | Ammonia as n               | ₩Ç/              | 0.5              | 0.3      | 0          | 0.3      | 0.21   |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 0.89     |         |        |          |         | 0.23  |          |   |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N               | MG/              | 0.23             | 2.05     | 4.2        | 0        | 6.33   |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 0.23     |         |        |          |         | 0.56  |          |   |
| н   | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P         | MG               | 0                | 0        | 0          | 5.2      | _      |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 0        |         |        |          |         | 0.5   |          |   |
| 12  | TURBIDITY                  | JTU              | 62               | 87       |            | 1.4      | -      |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 35       |         |        |          |         | 27    |          |   |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM             |                  |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO,           | MG/              |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS CACO, | MΥ               | 44               | 42       | 8000       | 0        | 250    |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 22       |         |        |          |         | 274   |          |   |
| 16  | SULFATE                    | ₩G.              | 2.5              | 0        | 4.5        | 28.4     | 124.8  | 3        |         |           |        |          |                                              | 42       |         |        |          |         | 1038  |          |   |
| 17  | SULFITE                    | MC/              |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE                    | MG∕              |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE                   | MG               | 95               | 250      | 20500      | 8.5      | 1250   |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 65       |         |        |          |         | 19641 |          |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE                   | мY               |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 21  |                            | *%               |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 22  | BORON                      | ₩ <u>%</u>       |                  |          |            | _        | <br>+  |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 23  | CHROMIUM                   | "%               | 0                | 30       | 15         | 60       | 130    |          |         |           |        |          |                                              | 156      | L       |        |          |         | 17    |          |   |
| 24  | COPPER                     | 2                |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 25  | IRON                       | 12               |                  |          |            |          | -      | ļ        |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 26  | LEAD                       | ۳ζ               |                  |          | ļ          |          | ļ      |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          | ļ       |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM                  | МÇ               |                  |          |            |          |        |          | L       |           |        |          |                                              |          | ļ       |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 28  | MANGANESE                  | *%               |                  |          |            |          |        | L        | <br>    |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 29  | MERCURY                    | μς<br>∕L         |                  |          |            |          |        |          |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        | ļ        |         |       |          |   |
| 30  | NICKEL                     | <sup>#G</sup>    |                  |          | L          |          |        |          | ļ       |           |        |          |                                              |          | ļ       |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 31  | SELENIUM                   | 16               |                  |          |            | ļ        | ļ      | L        |         |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
| 32  | VANADIUM                   | 12               |                  |          | ļ          |          |        | ļ        | ļ       |           |        | ļ        | L                                            | ļ        | ļ       |        |          | ļ       |       |          |   |
| 33  | ZINC                       | 12               | 60               | 50       | 4500       | 0        | 1750   | ļ        |         |           |        | ļ        |                                              | 160      |         |        | ļ .      |         | 43    |          |   |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE               | 14               |                  |          | I          | ļ        | 1      | ļ        |         |           |        | L        | ļ                                            |          | L       |        | ļ        | ļ       |       |          |   |
| 35  | PHENOLS                    | "%               |                  |          | <u> </u>   | ļ        | ļ      |          |         | <b></b>   |        |          | ļ                                            |          |         |        | <b>_</b> | ļ       |       |          |   |
| 36  | SURFACTANTS                | 1                |                  | 1        | ļ          |          |        | ↓        |         |           | ļ      |          | ļ                                            | ļ        | Ļ       |        |          |         | L     |          |   |
| 37  | ALGICIDES                  | X                |                  |          | <u> </u>   | <u> </u> |        | ļ        |         | +         |        |          |                                              |          | ļ       |        |          | ·       |       | <b>├</b> |   |
| 38  | SODIUM                     | CYCC             | 28               | 92       | 13200      | 74       | 970    | <u> </u> |         | <u> </u>  |        |          |                                              | 12       |         |        | ļ        |         | 1621  |          |   |
| 39  | FREQUENCY                  | /YR              |                  | 208      | 208        |          |        | +        | ł       | -         |        |          | <u>                                     </u> |          |         | ļ      | <b> </b> |         |       | ┝───┦    |   |
|     |                            |                  |                  |          |            |          |        | .        | ·       |           |        |          |                                              |          |         |        |          |         |       |          |   |
|     | ļ                          |                  | <b>-</b>         |          |            |          |        | .        | ·       |           |        |          |                                              |          | ·       | í      |          |         |       |          |   |
|     | 1                          |                  | 11               | 1        | 1          | 1        | 1      | 1        | 1       | 1         | Ł      | 1        | 1                                            | 1        | 1       | 1      | 1        | 1       | 1     | 1 7      |   |

| REN                                     | A R K S |
|-----------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files |         |
| C: Cation Demineralizer                 |         |
| O: Intake Water for L                   |         |
|                                         |         |
|                                         |         |
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|                                         |         |
|                                         |         |
|                                         |         |
|                                         |         |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3408 ۰.

### CAPACITY:126 MW AGE OF PLANT:

SC 
 CAPACITY:126\_MW\_\_\_\_\_\_
 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Gas & Oil
 DATE:
 4-17-73
 \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1\_\_\_\_OF\_\_\_1

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|                |                       |                         | A               | 8                            | C                         | D        | Е               | F                                             | G                           | н                     |                 | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | Ν               | 0        | P                             | Q        | R        | 5         |
|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
|                |                       |                         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | AM                 |                    |                      |                             |                 |          | ,                             |          |          |           |
|                | PARAMETE              | R                       |                 | TREAT                        | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N                                            |                             |                       | С               |                    | G                  |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
|                |                       |                         | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER                              | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>ORAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |          |          |           |
| -              | FLOW                  | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY |                 |                              | 3.78                      |          | 10.98           |                                               |                             |                       | Dia             |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                             |                 |          | <u></u>                       |          |          |           |
| 2              | TEMPERATURE           | °c                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 3              | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | мY                      | _               |                              | -                         |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 4              | BOD                   | MG                      | 2               |                              | 2                         |          | 0.5             |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 5              | (00                   | ٣X                      | 2               |                              | 90                        |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 6              | TS                    | 1                       | 159             |                              | 2428                      |          | 787             |                                               | İ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 7              | TDS                   | X                       | 141             |                              | 2422                      |          | 765             |                                               | L                           | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | _                    |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 8              | T55                   | 1                       | 17              | <u> </u>                     | 6                         |          | 22              | L                                             |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 9              | AMMONIA AS N          | X                       | 0.24            | <b>!</b>                     | 0                         |          | -               | <u> </u>                                      | ļ                           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 10             | NITRATE AS N          | X                       | 0.53            | <b>}</b>                     | 1.03                      |          |                 | <u> </u>                                      |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | ···             |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 1              | AS P                  | X                       | 0.2             | <b>2</b>                     | 0.98                      |          | 6.5             | <b> </b>                                      | <b> </b>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 12             | TURBIDITY             | JTU                     | 12              | <u> </u>                     | 20                        |          | -               | <u> </u>                                      |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 13             | FECAL COLIFORM        | COM                     |                 | <b> </b>                     | ·                         |          |                 | <u> </u>                                      |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
|                | TOTAL HARDNESS        |                         |                 | ┣──                          |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                                               |                             | ŀ                     |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               | ·        |          |           |
|                | AS CACO               | 1∕L<br>₩Gy              | 70              | <u> </u>                     | 352                       |          | 0.4             |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    | 1                  |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| H <sup>B</sup> |                       | MG/                     | 27              |                              | 23.7                      |          |                 | <u> </u>                                      |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| H'             | RECTIC                | MGY                     |                 | <u> </u>                     | +                         |          |                 | <u>                                      </u> |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 19             | CHLORIDE              | MGY                     | 17              |                              | 1100                      | 1        |                 | <u>+</u> -                                    |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             | <u> </u>        |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 120            | FLUORIDE              | 4 <u>6</u>              |                 |                              | 1100                      | <u> </u> | <u>+</u>        | <u> </u>                                      |                             | +                     | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             | <u>}</u>        |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 21             |                       | 19                      |                 | †——                          |                           |          | +               | 1                                             | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 22             | BORON                 | MG                      |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | 1        | +               | <u>+</u>                                      |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 23             | CHROMIUM              | 14                      | 0               | <u> </u>                     | 0                         |          | 2               |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 24             | COPPER                | 19                      | Ť               |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 25             | IRON                  | 19                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 26             | LEAD                  | 1%                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             | Γ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 27             | MAGNESIUM             | MC                      |                 |                              |                           | ,        |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | I                    |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 28             | MANGANESE             | <u>م</u>                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       | I               |                    |                    |                      | $\downarrow$                |                 | I        | ļ                             | ļ        |          | L         |
| 29             | MERCURY               | 1%                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 30             | NICKEL                | 1%                      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      | į                           |                 | <u> </u> |                               |          |          |           |
| 31             | SELENIUM              | 12                      |                 |                              |                           |          | ļ               |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                 | +        | +                             |          |          |           |
| 32             | VANADIUM              | 12                      | ļ               |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u>        |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 33             | ZINC                  | 12                      | 2               |                              | 259                       |          | 4               |                                               | -                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          | -                             |          |          |           |
| 34             | OIL & GREASE          | X                       | <b></b>         |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | +                    |                             |                 |          |                               | <u> </u> |          | -         |
| 35             | PHENOLS               | X                       |                 |                              |                           |          | +               | +                                             |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                 | <b>+</b> |                               | +        | ———      |           |
| 3(             | SURFACTANTS           | X                       |                 |                              |                           |          | +               |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u>        |          |                               |          |          |           |
| 37             | ALGICIDES             | MG                      | <b> </b>        |                              |                           |          |                 |                                               | -                           | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          |                               | †        |          | <u> </u>  |
| 36             | SODIUM                | Cres                    | 8               |                              | 266                       |          |                 | +                                             |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | <b>—</b> —      |          |                               | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |           |
| 39             | FREQUENCY             | /YR                     |                 |                              | 52                        |          | Cont            |                                               |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u>        |          | 1                             |          | 1        |           |
|                |                       |                         |                 |                              | ·                         |          |                 |                                               |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                 |          | -                             |          |          |           |
|                |                       |                         |                 |                              | ·                         |          |                 |                                               |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                 |          | ·                             | ·        |          |           |
|                | 1                     |                         |                 |                              |                           | 1        | 1               |                                               |                             | 1                     | L               |                    |                    |                      | <u> </u>                    | ÷               |          | • • •                         |          |          | · · · · · |

|              |                                         |           |       | RE | М | A R | к | S |      |      |      |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|-------|----|---|-----|---|---|------|------|------|
| Data Source: | EPA Region                              | II Office | Files |    |   |     |   |   | <br> | <br> | _    |
|              |                                         |           |       |    |   |     | _ |   | <br> | <br> | <br> |
|              |                                         |           |       |    |   | T   |   |   |      |      |      |
|              |                                         |           |       |    |   |     |   |   |      |      |      |
|              |                                         |           |       |    |   | T   |   |   |      |      |      |
|              |                                         |           |       |    |   | Τ   |   |   |      |      |      |
|              |                                         |           |       |    |   | T   |   |   |      |      |      |
|              |                                         |           |       |    |   |     |   |   |      |      |      |
|              | · _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |           |       |    |   |     |   |   | <br> |      |      |
|              |                                         |           |       |    |   |     |   |   |      |      |      |

PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3410

 CAPACITY:
 491
 MW (7471
 MWHr/day)
 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Coal, Gas
 DATE:
 \_4-16-73

 AGE
 OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO.
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 OF\_1

|    |                       | ſ                       | А        | В        | C          | D        | E         | F        | G        | н         | 1        | J        | к        | L        | м       | М      | 0        | P.      | Q        | R    | 5 |
|----|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------|----------|---------|----------|------|---|
| 1  |                       |                         |          |          |            |          |           |          |          | WAS       | TE STR   | EAM      |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
|    |                       |                         |          | WA       | ER<br>MENT | BL       | OWDOW     | /N       |          |           | С        | LFANN    | G        |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
|    |                       | ^                       | INTAKE   | CLARIFI- | ION        |          | EVAPO-    | COOLING  | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER   | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR     | YARD & | SANITARY |         |          |      |   |
|    |                       |                         | WATER    | WASTES   | WASTES     | DOILER   | RATOR     | TOWER    | WATER    | DRAINAGE  | TUBES    | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |          |      |   |
| Ι  | FLOW                  | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY |          | 8.33     | 76         | 89.3     |           |          |          |           | 18627    | 852      | 2726     |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c                      |          |          |            |          |           |          |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | MG∕                     | 63       | 65       | 300        | 100      |           |          |          |           | 26       | 0        | o        |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | _40  |   |
| 4  | BOD                   | MG                      | 2_       | 2        | 9          | 1        |           |          |          |           | 0        | 6        | 6        |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 6    |   |
| 5  | COD                   | MG                      | 4        | 3        | 19         | 4        |           |          |          |           | 1041     | 20       | 200      |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 11   | _ |
| 6  | TS                    | мY                      | 175      | 155      | 830        | 425      |           |          |          |           | 2624     | 13500    | 7000     |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 195  |   |
| 7  | TDS                   | MG∕<br>L                | 165      | 142      | 780        | 415      |           |          |          |           | 2341     | 9000     | 6000     |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 150  |   |
| 8  | 755                   | MĞ                      | 8        | 7        | 40         | 2        |           |          |          |           | 10_      | 2200     | 700      |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 63   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | MG                      | .21      | 1.04     | 1.0        | .05      |           |          |          |           | .45.     | 2.75     | 0.6      |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | . 35 |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | MG∕<br>₹                | 1.4      | 1.6      | 6.6        | .08      |           |          |          |           | .26      | 4.25     | 4        | ·        |         |        |          |         | 0        | 1.54 |   |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P    | МY                      | . 1      | 0.2      | 0.5        | 27.75    |           | ,        |          |           | .02      | 1.57     | 2        |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 0 15 |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU                     | 0        | 20       | _          |          |           |          |          |           | 300      | 500      | 500      |          |         |        |          |         | Ó        | 24   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        | NQ/                     |          |          |            |          |           |          |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | MG∕                     |          |          |            |          |           |          |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS        | M%                      | 100      | 102      | 475        |          |           |          |          |           |          | 4500     | 6000     |          |         | _      |          |         |          | 103  |   |
| 16 | SULFATE               | щ                       | 12       | 10       | 2200       | 60       |           |          |          |           | 3.8      | 1200     | 2000     |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 10.3 |   |
| 17 | SULFITE               | M%∕                     |          |          |            |          |           |          |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | MG                      |          |          |            | <br>     |           | L.       |          |           |          |          |          | <br>     |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | ₩G⁄                     | 15       | 13       | 70         | 5        |           |          |          |           | 3905     | 10       | 10       |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 10   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | MG                      |          |          |            |          |           |          |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM              | 1%                      |          |          |            | L        |           |          |          |           |          |          |          | -        |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 22 | BORON                 | MG                      |          |          |            | ļ        |           |          |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM              | 1%                      | 0.5      | 0.5      | 2.4        | 1_1_     | <br>      |          |          |           | 285      | 13000    | . 80     |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 75   |   |
| 24 | COPPER                | 12                      | 80       | 60       | 380_       | 111      |           | ļ        | L        |           | 50000    |          |          |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | _    |   |
| 25 | IRON x10              | 12                      | _ 10     | -03      | 475        | 202      | ļ         | ļ        |          |           | 32.0     | 1700_    | 150      |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 1.25 |   |
| 26 | LEAD                  | 12                      |          |          |            |          |           |          |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | 1                       | _10_     | 10       | 48         |          |           |          |          | ļ         |          | 1000     | 1300     | ļ        |         |        | <u> </u> |         |          | 13   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | 12                      |          |          |            | ļ        |           | ļ        |          |           |          | <br>     |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 29 | MERCURY               | 1/                      |          |          | ļ          |          |           | ļ        |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 30 | NICKEL                | X                       |          |          |            | 130      | ļ         | Ļ        |          |           |          | 75000    | 5000     | L        | İ       |        |          |         | 0        | 3    |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | 12                      |          |          |            | ļ        | <u> </u>  |          |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 32 |                       | 17                      | ļ        |          |            |          |           | <u>.</u> |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
| 33 | ZINC                  | 12                      | 200      | 200      | 950        | 100      |           | L        |          |           | 21000    | 5000     | 5000     |          |         |        |          |         | 0        | 216  |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | X                       |          |          | <u> </u>   |          | <u> </u>  | <u> </u> |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        | l        |         |          |      |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | X                       | <b> </b> | ļ        | <b> </b>   | <u> </u> | <u>⊢-</u> | ļ        |          | -         |          |          | ļ        |          |         |        | ļ        |         |          |      |   |
| 30 | SURFACTANTS           | MG                      |          |          | <u> </u>   | <b> </b> | <u> </u>  | +        | <u> </u> | ļ         | ļ        | <u> </u> | ļ        | ļ        |         |        | L        |         |          | L    |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | X<br>MG,                | <b> </b> | <u> </u> |            | <u>.</u> |           | -        | <b> </b> | <b> </b>  | <u> </u> | ľ        | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |         |        | <u> </u> |         |          |      |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                | Cres                    | 9        | -        | 3690       | <u> </u> | <u> </u>  | <b> </b> |          | <u> </u>  | 420      | 7        | 7        |          |         |        | <u> </u> |         |          | 7    |   |
| 39 | REQUENCY              | ∕YR                     |          | 90       |            | 300      |           |          | ļ        | ļ         | 1/2      | 12       | 2        | <u> </u> |         |        |          |         | <u> </u> |      |   |
|    | 1                     |                         |          |          |            | ·        |           | ·        |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
|    |                       |                         | <u> </u> |          |            |          |           | ·        |          |           |          |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |          |      |   |
|    |                       |                         |          | 1        | 1          | 1        | 1         | 1        | 1        | 1         | 1        | 1        | 1        | 1        |         | 6      | 1        | 1       |          |      |   |

|                                       | R       | Е | M | Α | RK | < S |   |      |   | <br> |      |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---|---|---|----|-----|---|------|---|------|------|
| 0: Intake for boiler blowdown.        | ,       |   |   | Т |    |     |   |      |   |      |      |
| R: Intake for cleaning waste streams. |         |   |   |   |    |     |   |      | _ |      |      |
|                                       |         |   |   |   |    |     |   |      |   |      | <br> |
|                                       |         |   |   | Т |    |     |   |      |   |      |      |
|                                       | • • • • |   |   |   |    |     |   |      |   |      |      |
|                                       |         |   |   |   |    |     |   |      |   |      |      |
|                                       |         |   |   |   |    |     |   |      |   |      |      |
|                                       |         |   |   |   |    |     |   |      |   |      |      |
|                                       |         |   |   |   |    |     |   | <br> |   |      |      |
|                                       |         |   |   |   |    |     | - |      |   | <br> | <br> |

PLANT DATA SHEET

| PLANT | CODE | NO. | 3414 |
|-------|------|-----|------|
|       |      |     |      |

# CAPACITY: 520 MW, 10383 MW Hr. data dation BY: SC FUEL: 011 DATE: 4-17 AGE OF PLANT: SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

4-17-73

|    | ·                      |                 | A               | 8                            | C                         | D        | E               | F                | G        | н             |                 | J                  | к        | L                    | м                | N        | 0                  | 2        | Q              | R        | S        |
|----|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------|
|    |                        |                 | I               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          | WAS           | TE STRE         | AM                 |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
|    | PARAMETE               | R               |                 | TREAT                        | MENT                      | 8        | OWDOW           | /N               |          |               | C               |                    | 3        |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
|    |                        |                 | INTAKE<br>WITER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS  | COAL PILE     | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER   | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &   | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR  |                |          |          |
| ī  | FLOW                   |                 |                 | 227                          | 2007                      | 45       |                 |                  |          |               | 1571            | 163                |          |                      | UEVICES          |          | <u></u>            | CONTHOL  |                |          |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE            | °c              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          | <u>├</u> ───┤ | /-              |                    |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACOL | "%              | 55              | 25                           | 467                       | 15       |                 | t                |          |               | 1100            |                    |          |                      |                  |          | -                  |          | 0              | 11       |          |
| 4  | 800                    | 12              | 1               | 56                           | 1                         | 0        |                 | 1                | †        |               | 36              | 6                  |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                | 1        |          |
| 5  | 000                    | *               | 4               | 4398                         | 3,4                       | 3        |                 |                  | †        |               | 3209            | 20                 |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 1        |          |
| 6  | TS                     | *               | 200             | 9245                         | 1698                      | 25       |                 |                  |          |               | 10100           | 13500              | )        |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 40       |          |
| 7  | TDS                    | **{             | 137             | 165                          | 1163                      | 20       |                 |                  |          |               | 600             | 9000               |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 27       |          |
| 8  | T\$S                   | 1               | 10              | 9080                         | 85                        | 20       |                 |                  |          |               | 148             | 2200               |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 2        |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N           | 1               | 0.15            | 0.40                         | 1.27                      | .05      |                 |                  |          |               | 15.3            | 2.75               |          |                      |                  | -        |                    |          | 0              | .03      |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N           | X               | 1.25            | 2.0                          | 10.65                     | .02      |                 | L                | <u> </u> |               | 1.14            | 4.25               |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 0.3      |          |
| Ш  | AS P                   | $\chi$          | .01             | 0.3                          | 0.01                      | 6.58     |                 |                  |          |               | 2.1             | 1.57               |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | .003     |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY              | JTU             | 5               | 500                          | 100                       | 50       |                 |                  | <u> </u> |               | 392             | 500                |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | _5       |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORN         | COM             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                |          | <b> </b>      |                 |                    |          |                      |                  | <u> </u> | ļ                  |          |                |          |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO        | 7               |                 |                              |                           | ļ        |                 | <b> </b>         | ∔        | <u> </u>      |                 | <u> </u>           |          | ļ                    |                  |          | ļ                  |          |                |          |          |
| 15 | AS CACO                | X               | 100             | 120                          | 849                       |          |                 | ļ                | <u> </u> | I             | 46              | 4500               |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 20       |          |
| 16 | SULFATE                | X               | 18.3            | 23.6                         | <u>1388</u>               | 0.1      | ·               | <u> </u>         | <u> </u> |               | 30.8            | 1200               |          | ļ                    |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 2.6      |          |
| 17 | SULFITE                | 7               |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  | ┼───     |               |                 |                    |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
| 8  | BROMIDE                | 7               |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 | +                | ┨        | 1             |                 |                    |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
| 20 | CHLORIDE               | <u>.</u>        | 35              | 240                          | 328                       | 0.5      |                 | +                | <u>+</u> |               | 7490            | 10                 |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 7        |          |
| 20 | FLUCHIDE               | 1               |                 | (201)                        |                           |          |                 |                  | +        |               |                 |                    |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
| 21 | 8090                   | <u>^</u><br>₩6⁄ | 30              | (BZT)                        |                           |          | -               |                  | ┼───     |               |                 |                    |          | <u> </u>             | +                |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
| 23 | CHROMILM               | 1 1             | 20              | 2000                         | 170                       | 5        | 1               |                  | +        |               | 6700            | 1200               |          |                      | <u> </u>         |          |                    |          | 0 <sup>.</sup> | 4        |          |
| 24 | COPPER                 | 1L<br>146/      | 10              | 570                          | 86                        | 5        | <u> </u>        |                  | †        |               | (124)           | 5000               |          |                      | -                |          | <u> </u>           |          | 0              | 2        | _        |
| 25 | IRON                   | -5/             | 50              | 83000                        | 430                       | 50       | <u> </u>        |                  | †        | <u>†</u>      | (125)           | 6000               |          |                      |                  |          | 1                  |          | 0              | 10       |          |
| 26 | LEAD                   | 19              |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          | <u>†</u>        |                  | †        | <u> </u>      | <b>•</b> •      |                    |          | † - · ·              | <u>+</u>         |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM              | 19              | 13              | 11                           | 110                       | 0.2      | Ì               |                  | 1        | 1             | 7               | 1000               |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          | 0              | 3        |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE              | 8               |                 | 1                            |                           |          |                 |                  | Ι        |               |                 |                    |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
| 29 | MERCURY                | 2               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |               |                 |                    |          |                      |                  |          |                    |          |                |          |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                 | 46              | 10              | 625                          |                           | 5        |                 |                  |          |               | 85200           | 50000              |          |                      |                  |          | <u> </u>           |          | 0              | 2        |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM               | %               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |          |               |                 |                    |          | <u> </u>             | L                | ļ        | ļ                  | ļ        |                |          | ·        |
| 32 | VANADIUM               | 1/              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | ļ        |               | L               | <u> </u>           |          | ļ                    | 1                | <u> </u> | ļ                  | ļ        |                | ļ        |          |
| 33 | ZINC                   | *%              | 10              | 4370                         | 86                        | 5        |                 | ļ                | ļ        |               | 49000           | 5000               | <b>i</b> | ļ                    | <u> </u>         | <u> </u> | ļ                  | ļ        | 0              | 30       | <b> </b> |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE           | MG              |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | L        | ····            | <u> </u>         |          | <u> </u>      | ļ               |                    | <u> </u> |                      |                  | ļ        | ļ                  | <b> </b> |                | <b> </b> | ļ        |
| 35 | PHENOLS                | "%              |                 |                              |                           |          | ļ               |                  |          | <u> </u>      | ┨────           |                    | Ļ        | -                    | ļ                | <u> </u> | <u> </u>           |          | <u> </u>       | <u> </u> | <b> </b> |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS            | 2               |                 | 1                            | ļ                         |          |                 | <u> </u>         |          |               |                 |                    |          |                      | .                |          | ļ                  |          |                |          |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES              | <b>*</b> %      |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <b> </b> |                 |                  | ┥        |               | <u> -</u>       | ļ                  | ╂        |                      | <b> </b>         | +        |                    | -        | <u> </u>       |          |          |
| 38 | SODIUM                 | 1               | 8               | 25                           | <u>1329</u>               | 14       |                 |                  | +        |               | 1414            | 7                  |          |                      | <u> </u>         | <u> </u> |                    |          | 0              | 2        | -        |
| 39 | FREQUENCY              | 10              |                 | 365                          | 365                       | 30       | <u>  </u>       |                  |          |               | <b>1</b>        | 6                  |          |                      | ┼┈──             |          | <u> </u>           |          |                | -        |          |
|    |                        |                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | -                | -        | -             | ·               |                    | ·[       | -                    | .                | ·        |                    | -        |                |          |          |
|    | i                      |                 |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          | -               | -                | ·        |               |                 |                    |          | -                    | ·                | ·        | -                  |          |                |          |          |
|    | 1                      |                 |                 |                              | 1                         |          |                 | 1                | 1        | L             |                 |                    | <u> </u> | 1                    | 1                | <u> </u> |                    | <u></u>  |                |          | <u> </u> |

|                                          | ₹E | М | Α  | R | ĸ | s |        |     |      |  |
|------------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|---|---|--------|-----|------|--|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files  |    |   | Ŧ  |   |   |   |        |     |      |  |
| R: Intake Water for Boiler Tube Cleaning |    |   | +  |   |   |   |        |     | <br> |  |
| B21: 160000                              |    |   | +  |   |   |   |        | · . |      |  |
| <u>124: 208000</u><br><u>125: 532000</u> |    |   | +- | - |   |   | ······ |     |      |  |
|                                          | _  |   | +  |   |   |   |        |     | <br> |  |

•

PLANT CODE NO. 3412

PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 1114.5 MW TSZO5 MW Hr./Day TABULATION BY: \_\_\_\_\_ FUEL: Coal, Oil & Gas AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

SC 4-17-73 DATE : \_\_\_\_\_

|     |                  | ſ                | Α        | 8                 | с               | D        | E        | F        | G                                            | н         | 1      | J        | к        | L        | М                | Ν      | 0        | Р       | Q | R | s        |
|-----|------------------|------------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|--------|----------|---------|---|---|----------|
| ſ   |                  |                  |          |                   |                 |          |          |          |                                              | WAS       | TE STR | EAM      |          | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
|     |                  |                  |          |                   | ER<br>MENT      | 8        | LOWDOM   | /N       | [                                            |           | С      |          | 3        |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
|     | FARAMETE         | ^                | INTAKE   | CLARIFI<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER   | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS                                      | COAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |   |   |          |
|     |                  | M <sup>3</sup> Z | WAUEH    | WASTES            | WASTES          |          | RAIOR    | IOWER    | WATER                                        | DHAINAGE  | 10865  |          |          |          | DEVICES          | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |   |   | <br>     |
| -   | FLOW             | DAY              |          |                   | 303             |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   | <u> </u> |
| 2   | ALKALINITY       | ⁺C<br>MG∠        |          |                   |                 |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 3   | AS CACO          | イ<br>MGZ         | 0        |                   | 0               |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   | l | <u> </u> |
| 4   | 800              | MGZ              | 0        |                   | 0               |          |          | <u> </u> |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 5   | COD              | ×<br>MGZ         | 0        |                   | 0.              |          |          | · · ·    |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 6   | TS               | Ϋ́               | 0        |                   | 5375            |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 7   | TDS              | 7                | 0        |                   | 5070            |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          | 1        | _                |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 8   | 755              | ""\"             |          |                   | 20              |          |          |          | -                                            |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N     | 1                | 0        |                   | 435             |          |          | i        | -                                            |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N     | 1<br>MGZ         | 0        |                   | 0               |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
|     | AS P             | 7                | 0        |                   | 0               |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 12  | TURBIDITY        | JTU              |          | ļ                 | 10              |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM   | ICCML            |          |                   |                 |          |          | ·        | <u> </u>                                     |           |        |          | L        |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO, | 1                |          |                   |                 | 1        |          | <u>↓</u> |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   | <b> </b> |
| 15  | AS CACO,         | 17               | 0        | <b> </b>          | 0               |          | ļ        | ļ        |                                              |           |        |          |          | ļ        |                  |        | -        |         |   |   |          |
| 16  | SULFATE          | ΠΥ<br>NG         | 0        |                   | 6930            | -        |          | ļ        |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 17  | SULFITE          | 1                | ļ        |                   | ļ               |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          | i        |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 18  | BROMIDE          | 7                | l        |                   |                 |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 19  | CHLORIDE         | 1                | 0        |                   | 0               |          |          |          |                                              |           |        | -        |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 20  | FLUORIDE         | 1                |          |                   |                 | L        |          |          |                                              |           |        |          | <u> </u> |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 21  |                  | 17               |          |                   |                 |          | +        | <u> </u> | -                                            |           |        |          | ·        |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 22  | BORON            | 1                |          |                   |                 | ₋        |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          | ļ                |        | <u> </u> |         |   |   |          |
| 23  | CHROMIUM         | 17               | 0        |                   | 0               | 1        | 1        |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 24  | COPPER           | 1/               | 0        |                   | 0               |          | <u> </u> |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 25  |                  | 1/2              |          |                   | 1980            |          | <u> </u> |          | -                                            |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        | ļ        |         |   |   |          |
| 20  | LEAD             | MG,              |          |                   |                 | <u> </u> |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        | · · · ·  |         |   |   |          |
| 21  | MAGNESIUM        | 1 L              |          |                   |                 |          |          |          |                                              | ┝         |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 20  | MANGANESE        | <u>۲</u>         |          | +                 |                 |          |          | +        | <del> </del>                                 |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 29  | MERCURY          | /L               |          |                   |                 | <u> </u> | 1        |          | <u> </u>                                     |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        | <u> </u> |         |   |   |          |
| 30  |                  | 1<br>4G,         |          |                   |                 |          |          | -        |                                              | -         |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 31  |                  | 46               |          |                   |                 |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 32  | 7414010M         | 1-6              |          | <u> </u>          |                 |          | -        |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 35  |                  | MG               | 0        |                   | 0               |          | -        |          |                                              | -         |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 175 | OIL & GREASE     | 1.               | ·        | +                 |                 | +        |          |          |                                              |           |        |          |          | ·        |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 30  |                  | MG,              |          |                   |                 |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          | <u> </u> |          |                  |        | +        |         |   |   |          |
| 20  |                  | MG,              | <b> </b> |                   | +               |          |          | +        | <u>                                     </u> | -         |        |          |          |          | Į                |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 30  |                  | MG/              |          |                   |                 |          | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u>                                     |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 10  | FREQUENCY        | CYC'S            |          | <u> </u>          | 1752            |          |          |          |                                              |           |        |          | +        |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |
| 59  | - neworker       | ∕YR              |          |                   | ļ               |          | +        |          |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          | · ·     |   |   |          |
|     |                  |                  |          |                   |                 |          |          | ·        | ·                                            | ·         |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         | — |   |          |
|     |                  |                  | [        |                   |                 |          |          | ·        |                                              |           |        |          |          |          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |          |

|    |         |    |     |            |     |          | RF    | м  | ARK   | ς    |          |      |        |    |                                        |      |   |
|----|---------|----|-----|------------|-----|----------|-------|----|-------|------|----------|------|--------|----|----------------------------------------|------|---|
| C: | Average | of | two | condensate | ion | Exchange | Waste | St | reams | Data | Source : | E PA | Region | II | Office                                 | File | s |
|    |         |    |     |            |     |          |       |    |       |      |          |      |        |    |                                        |      |   |
|    |         |    |     |            |     |          |       |    |       |      |          |      |        |    |                                        |      |   |
|    |         |    |     |            |     |          |       |    |       |      |          |      |        |    |                                        |      |   |
|    |         |    |     |            |     |          |       |    |       |      |          |      |        |    |                                        |      |   |
|    |         |    |     |            |     |          |       |    |       |      |          |      |        |    | ······································ |      |   |

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

Т

PLANT DATA SHEET

CAPACITY: 1114 MW, 13205 MW Hr . TABBY ATION BY: SC AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_ OIL & Gas \_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_ 4-17-73 SHEET NO. 2 OF 2

|    |                                        | _[                | A               | 8                            | с                         | D            | Ε               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J             | ĸ                  | 1                    | м                           | Ν               | 0                  | P                  | 0    | R | s |
|----|----------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|---|---|
|    |                                        | T                 |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u>     |                 |                  | WAST                        |                       | TE STR          | EAM           |                    | <u> </u>             |                             | • 1             | , ř.               | ·                  |      |   |   |
| l  | PARAMETER                              |                   | ľ               |                              |                           | BLOWDOWN     |                 | T                |                             |                       |                 |               |                    |                      |                             |                 | [····]             | T                  |      |   |   |
|    |                                        |                   | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR       | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | JOAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | 601LER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-      | Boiler<br>Fireside | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICE- | YARD &<br>FLOOR | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |      |   |   |
| ī  | FLOW                                   |                   |                 | 34.0                         | 189                       |              |                 | <b></b> _        |                             |                       | 1514            | 2272          |                    | 19574                | UL VILLO                    |                 | <u></u>            | CONTINUE           |      |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE                            | ٩                 |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |               |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACOL                 | 7                 | 45              | 47                           | 270                       |              |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       | 7               | 0             |                    | 87                   |                             |                 |                    |                    | 106  |   |   |
| 4  | 900                                    | 19                | 2               | 2                            | 12                        |              |                 | ţ                |                             |                       | 0               | 6             |                    | 2                    |                             |                 |                    |                    | 3    |   |   |
| 5  | 000                                    | *                 | 4               | 3                            | 54                        |              |                 |                  |                             |                       | 2000            | 200           |                    | 306                  |                             |                 |                    |                    | 193  | - |   |
| 6  | TS                                     | **{               | 129             | 150                          | 774                       |              |                 |                  |                             |                       | 3000            | 22000         | )                  | 12467                |                             |                 |                    |                    | 8907 |   |   |
| 7  | TDS                                    | мç                | 108             | 115                          | 648                       |              |                 |                  |                             |                       | 2800            | 17500         |                    | 11982                |                             |                 |                    |                    | 8654 |   |   |
| 8  | T55                                    | ΜŶ                | 7               | 15                           | 42                        |              |                 |                  |                             | ì                     | 25              | 2200          |                    | 135                  |                             |                 |                    |                    | 44   |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N                           | 1                 | 0.14            | 0.25                         | .84                       |              |                 |                  |                             |                       | 2.5             | 6             |                    | 17                   |                             |                 |                    |                    | 3.6  |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N                           | μų                | 0.19            | 0.2                          | 1.14                      |              |                 |                  |                             |                       | 0.06            | 4.5           |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    | 3.4  |   |   |
| П  | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P                     | X                 | 0.03            | 0.03                         | 0.18                      |              |                 |                  |                             |                       | .01             | 2.0           |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    | .83  |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                              | JTU               | 2               | 20                           | 12                        |              |                 |                  |                             |                       | 25              | 500           |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    | 22   |   | ] |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM                         |                   |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |               |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO                        | 7                 |                 |                              |                           |              |                 | ļ                | L                           |                       |                 |               |                    | ļ                    | L                           |                 |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 15 | total hardness<br>as caco <sub>a</sub> | 14                | 52              | 55                           | 312                       |              |                 | i                |                             |                       | 8               | 5750          |                    | 2050                 |                             |                 |                    |                    | 1314 |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE                                | 7                 | 15              | 18                           | 9947                      | ļ            |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 | 1450          |                    | 380                  |                             |                 |                    |                    | 228  |   |   |
| 17 | SULFITE                                | X                 |                 | <b> </b>                     | L                         | ļ            |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |               |                    | -                    |                             |                 | ļ                  |                    |      |   |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE                                | X                 |                 |                              |                           | <br>         |                 | <b> </b>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |               |                    | i<br>                |                             |                 |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 19 | CHILORIDE                              | X                 | 27              | 27                           | 162                       | ļ            | <b> </b>        | <b> </b>         | L                           |                       | 1500            | 69 <b>7</b> 8 | ļ                  | 7407                 |                             |                 |                    |                    | 4992 |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE                               | X                 |                 | ļ                            | ļ                         | <b> </b>     | <b> </b>        | <b> </b>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |               |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |      |   |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM                               | X                 | L               |                              |                           | ·            |                 |                  | $\vdash$                    |                       |                 |               | <u> </u>           | 105                  |                             |                 |                    |                    | 30   |   |   |
| 22 | BORON                                  | 7                 |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u>     | +               |                  |                             |                       |                 |               |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |      |   |   |
| 23 |                                        | X<br>#6,          | 10              | 10                           | 60                        | <del> </del> | :<br>           | +                | <u> </u>                    | <b> </b>              | 300             | 12000         |                    | 57                   |                             |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | 170  |   |   |
| 24 |                                        | 1                 | 260             | 260                          | 1560                      | <u> </u>     |                 |                  | <b> </b>                    |                       |                 | 10            | <b> </b>           | 9                    |                             |                 |                    | <b>├</b> ───       | 10   |   |   |
| 25 |                                        | 7<br>#6,          | 150             | 150                          | 900                       | <u> </u>     | <u> </u>        | +                | +                           |                       | (125)           | (J25)         |                    | 651                  |                             |                 |                    |                    | 1130 |   |   |
| 20 | LEAD                                   | 1<br>MG           | <u> </u>        | -                            |                           | +            |                 | +                | +                           |                       |                 | 1200          |                    | 204                  |                             |                 |                    |                    | 220  |   | · |
| 21 | MAGNESIUM                              | 1                 | 5               | 5_                           | 30                        | +            |                 | +                | ┼───                        | +                     |                 | μ200          | -                  | 394                  |                             |                 |                    | <u>├</u>           | 238  |   |   |
| 20 |                                        | 1                 |                 |                              |                           |              | <b>-</b>        |                  | +                           | +                     |                 |               | <u>+</u>           | +                    |                             |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |      |   |   |
| 30 | MCKE                                   | 1 <u>1</u><br>#6/ | 10              | 1.0                          |                           | +            |                 |                  | +                           |                       |                 | 75000         | <u> </u>           | 122                  | <u> </u>                    |                 |                    | t                  | 176  |   |   |
| 30 | SELENKIM                               | 1                 | 10              | 1 10                         | 60                        |              | +               |                  | +                           |                       |                 | 15000         | 1                  | 166                  |                             |                 | †                  |                    | 19   |   |   |
| 30 | VANADILM                               | 1-                |                 |                              |                           |              | †               | <u>+-</u>        | †                           | <u> </u>              |                 |               |                    |                      | <u> </u>                    |                 | 1                  | 1                  |      |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC                                   | 1-                | 10              | 10                           | 60                        | +            |                 | 1                | †                           | t                     | 4               | 5000          | 1                  | 40                   |                             |                 | 1                  |                    | 54   |   |   |
| 30 | OIL & GREASE                           | 1 <u></u><br>MGy  | 10              | 10                           | 00                        |              |                 | 1                | †                           | 1                     |                 |               |                    | 1.1                  | †—                          |                 | 1                  | 1                  |      |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS                                |                   |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u>†</u>                  | 1            | 1               | 1                | †                           |                       | <u> </u>        |               | [                  | 1                    |                             |                 |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS                            | мсу               |                 |                              | 1                         | 1            |                 |                  | 1-                          | 1                     |                 | 1             |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u>        | 1                  |                    |      |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES                              | MC                |                 |                              |                           | 1            | 1 -             | 1                | †                           | 1                     | 1               |               |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                                 | HK.               | 21              | 25                           | 106/                      | 1            |                 |                  | 1                           |                       |                 | 4275          |                    | 2550                 |                             |                 |                    |                    | 2550 |   |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY                              | CYCS              |                 | 52                           | 200                       | <u> </u>     | 1               |                  |                             | <u> </u>              | 1,              | 12            |                    | 300                  |                             |                 |                    |                    |      |   |   |
|    | t                                      | <u>, 18</u>       |                 | - 54                         | <u>, 23</u>               | 1            |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |               |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |      |   |   |
|    |                                        |                   |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |               |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    | .                  |      |   |   |
|    |                                        |                   |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |               |                    |                      |                             |                 |                    |                    |      |   | 1 |

| REM                                              | ARKS |
|--------------------------------------------------|------|
| Pata Source: FPA Region II Office Files          |      |
| O: Intake for Air Preheater Cleaning and Ash Pon | d    |
|                                                  |      |
| 735 . 400000                                     |      |
| $725 \cdot 1.7 \times 10^{6}$                    |      |
|                                                  |      |
|                                                  |      |
|                                                  |      |
|                                                  |      |
|                                                  |      |

### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3413

CAPACITY: 600 MW, (5598 MW Hr./DayTABULATION BY: \_ FUEL: Oil & Coal AGE OF PLANT:

sc 4-17-73 DATE : \_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

С D Ε F J к м N 0 P. Q R s А в G н L WASTE STREAM WATER TREATMENT BLOWDOWN CLFAIJING PARAMETER CLARIFI- ION CATION EXCHANGE WASTES WASTES COOLING CONDENS COAL PILE ASH POND AIR YARD & OVERFLOW DEVICES DRAINS NUCLEAR EVAPO-AIR PRE-INTAKE BOILER BOILER SANITARY BOILER REACTOR WATER RATOR TUBES HEATER FIRESIDE WASTES CONTROL WASTES ----22 265 I FLOW 76 46 DA 2 TEMPERATURE °c ALKALINITY MG 3 410 0 85 310 5 AS CACO, 4 BOD 9 0\_ 6 0 2 MG 5 COD 23 3 205 0 5 <u>n</u> 6 TS 10 4736 0 254 1168 Leane MG 7 138 5 7790 0 TDS 635 ME I Д 0 8 **T**55 0.1 0.5 5 820 Very AMMONIA AS N 0 9 .04 0.19 .05 1.28 NITRATE AS N 0 10 5.15 1.11 .02 PHOSPHORUS E E 11 .01 0 .07 0.05 0 AS P 500 0 12 JTU 0.3 100 .03 He TURBIDITY FECAL COLIFORM ane 0 13 14 ACIDITY AS CACO, B ъфу TOTAL HARDNESS MG 115 SULFATE MG 14.5 SULFATE MG 14.5 15 932 529 0 1200 16 1170 0.1 17 MC 18 BROMIDE MG 19 CHLORIDE 241 0.5 52 0 52 MG 20 FLUORIDE 21 14 MG 22 BORON 10 23 CHROMIUM 20 92 5 1300 0 #G 24 COPPER 20 5000 0 92 5 25 IRON 0 10 6000 46 50 46 26 LEAD MG 27 MAGNESIUM 7 32 0.2 191 0 19 28 MANGANESE 402020 MERCURY 29 30 NICKEL 10 46 5 50000 0 31 SELENIUM 32 VANADIUM 1/2 33 12 ZINC 150 690 5 500**0** 0 34 MG OIL & GREASE HG/ 35 PHENOLS 36 SURFACTANTS MG 37 ALGICIDES MG 38 SODIUM 2225 **986** 0 36 14 39 FREQUENCY 360 35

|    | REMARKS         |                                        |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|-----------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| D: | Boiler Blowdown | Unit 7 & 8                             |                                       | Data Source: EPA Region II Office | e Files |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0: | Intake for D    |                                        |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |                 |                                        |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |                 |                                        |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | -               |                                        |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |                 |                                        |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |                 |                                        |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |                 |                                        | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |                 |                                        |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |                 | ······································ |                                       |                                   |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
PLANT CODE NO. 3413

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

#### PLANT DATA SHEET

| PLANT DAVA SHEET                 |                |         |           |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------|
| CAPACITY: 600 MW, 5598 MW Hr./da | YTABULATION BY | SC      | 1 000 MMD |
| FUEL: Coal & Oil                 | DATE :         | 4-17-73 |           |
| AGE OF PLANT:                    | SHEET NO. 2    | 0F_2    |           |

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|    |                  |                   | A               | В                            | С                         | D        | Е               | F                | G                           | н                      | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | н                         | 0                  | P.                            | Q | R         | 5 |
|----|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------|---|
|    |                  |                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                    | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | , ,                           | • |           |   |
|    | PARAMETER        | 2                 |                 | TREAT                        | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                        | С               |                    | 3                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
|    |                  |                   | INTAKE<br>WITER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Oriainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |           |   |
| Τ  | FLOW             | Mª/<br>DAY        |                 |                              |                           | 10       |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u>               |                 |                    | ÷.                 |                      |                             |                           | ····               | <u>.</u>                      |   |           |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE      | °د                |                 |                              |                           |          | _               |                  |                             |                        |                 | -                  |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           | _ |
| 3  | ALKALINITY I     | %                 | 0               |                              |                           | 850      |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 4  | 800              | 4                 | 0               |                              |                           | 20       |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | '                             |   |           |   |
| 5  | 000              | *                 | 0               |                              |                           | 50       |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 6  | TS               | **{               | 0               |                              |                           | 2540     |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 7  | TDS              | <b>۳</b> Υ        | 0               |                              |                           | 1380     |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 8  | TSS              | 1                 | 0               |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA ÁS N     | 1                 | 0               |                              |                           | Ò.4      |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N     | 2                 | 0               |                              |                           | 3.0      |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 11 | AS P             | Z                 | 0               |                              |                           | 35       |                 | ļ                |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY        | JTU               | 0               | ļ                            |                           | 10       |                 |                  | L                           | <u> </u>               |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM   |                   |                 | <b> </b>                     |                           |          |                 | <b> -</b>        | L                           |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO, | 7                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 15 | AS CACO,         | 7                 | 0               | <b> </b>                     |                           | 1150     |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 16 | SULFATE          | 7                 | 0               |                              |                           | 145      | ļ               |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    | i                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 17 | SULFITE          | X                 |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |                             | <u> </u>               |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE          | 7                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 19 | CHILORIDE        | <u>/</u>          | 0               |                              |                           | 523      |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 20 | FLUCINGE         | /<br>#6y          |                 | <u> </u>                     | -                         |          |                 |                  | <u>+</u>                    |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | - |           |   |
| 2  |                  | 1<br>MG/          |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u> |                 | ·                |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | · · · · · |   |
| 22 |                  | ∕ <u>∖</u><br>⊮6⁄ | 0               |                              | <u> </u>                  | 200      |                 | +                | <u>+</u>                    |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 20 | CORPER           | 1<br>#6/          |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | 200      | 1               |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 25 | 180N             | 1-                |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | 100      |                 | <u> </u>         | +                           |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 26 | LEAD             | 1                 |                 |                              |                           | 100      |                 |                  | t                           | 1                      |                 |                    |                    | -                    | -                           |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM        | HG.               |                 |                              |                           | 70       | <u> </u>        | 1                | †                           | 1                      |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | -                  |                               |   |           |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE        | 4                 |                 |                              |                           | 10       |                 |                  | †                           |                        |                 |                    |                    | -                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 29 | MERCURY          | ×6/               |                 | 1                            | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  | <b></b>                     | 1                      |                 |                    | [                  |                      |                             |                           | [                  |                               |   |           |   |
| 30 | NICKEL           | Ĩ,                | 0               | <u> </u>                     |                           | 100      | 1               | 1                |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      | ;<br>                       |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM         | 16/               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM         | 1                 |                 |                              | _                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 33 | ZINC             | 1                 | 0               |                              |                           | 1500     |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |           |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE     | MG                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                        | [               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |   |           |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS          | "                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | ļ                         | ļ                  |                               |   |           |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS      | "%                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | L                | $\downarrow$                |                        |                 |                    |                    | L                    |                             | ļ                         |                    | ļ                             |   |           | ļ |
| 37 | ALGICIDES        | ₩G/               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                        |                 | ŀ<br>              | L                  |                      | ļ                           | ļ                         | <b> </b>           | ļ                             |   |           | L |
| 38 | SODIUM           | MK/               | 0               |                              | ļ                         | 361      | ļ               |                  | L                           | <b> </b>               |                 | L                  | <u> </u>           |                      | <u> </u>                    |                           |                    |                               |   |           | ļ |
| 39 | FREQUENCY        | CYCS<br>APR       |                 | ·                            | L                         | 60       | ļ               |                  |                             |                        | <b> </b>        |                    |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u>                  | ┿╼───              |                               |   |           |   |
|    |                  |                   |                 |                              |                           | .        |                 |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u>                  |                    |                               | — |           |   |
|    |                  |                   |                 |                              |                           |          | .               |                  |                             |                        |                 |                    |                    | .                    |                             |                           | .                  | ·                             |   |           | 1 |
|    |                  |                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           | 1                      |                 | L                  | L                  |                      | L                           | L                         | L                  | 1                             | I |           | L |

|    |           |        |         |   | R | EM | AR | к  | 5        |         |        |        | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|----|-----------|--------|---------|---|---|----|----|----|----------|---------|--------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| D: | Boiler Bl | owdown | Station | A |   |    | Da | ta | Source : | EPA Reg | ion II | Office | Filesting                             |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    |    |    |          |         |        |        | Autor                                 |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    |    |    |          | · · ·   |        |        |                                       |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    |    |    |          |         |        |        |                                       |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    |    |    |          |         |        |        |                                       |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    |    |    | _        |         |        |        | ·                                     |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    |    |    | -        |         |        |        |                                       |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    | -  |    |          |         |        |        |                                       |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    |    |    |          |         |        |        |                                       |
|    |           |        |         |   |   |    | -  |    |          |         |        |        | t                                     |

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#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3411

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CAPACITY: 329 MW, 2855 MW Hr./dayTABULATION BY: SC

4-17-73

|       | 4-1/-/3 |  |
|-------|---------|--|
| NO. 1 | OF 1    |  |
|       |         |  |

| •  |                  | ſ                |                 |                              | 6                                 | D        | c               | -                | 6                           | ц                     |                 |                    |                    | ,                    |                             | М                         |                    |                    | - |          |   |
|----|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|----------|---|
| 1  |                  |                  |                 | 0                            |                                   |          |                 | <u>г</u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | <u></u> _            | 191                         | 14                        | <u> </u>           |                    | u |          | 5 |
|    |                  |                  |                 | WA                           | ER                                |          | 0100            | /61              | I                           | 11/12                 |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          | · |
|    | PARAMETE         | R                | intake<br>Water | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | MENT<br>ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>ORAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |   |          |   |
|    | FLOW             | M <sup>3</sup> / |                 |                              |                                   |          |                 | t                | 1                           | †                     | 568             | 1363               | 90.8               |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                    |   |          |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE      | °c               |                 | <u> </u>                     |                                   |          |                 |                  |                             | · · · ·               |                 | 1000               |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY       | MG/              | 30              |                              |                                   | 340      |                 |                  |                             |                       | 0               | 0                  | 0                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 4  | BOD              | MG               | 1               |                              |                                   | 0        |                 |                  |                             |                       | 1               | 1                  | 1                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 5  | COD              | MG               | 5               |                              |                                   | 4        |                 |                  |                             | 1                     | 13              | 10                 | 100                |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   | <u> </u> |   |
| 6  | TS               | MG               | 85              |                              |                                   | 8500     |                 |                  |                             |                       | 16900           | L3500              | 20000              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 7  | TDS              | MG               | 75              |                              |                                   | 8200     |                 | 1                |                             |                       | 1300            | 9000               | 15000              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 8  | TSS              | MG               | 5               |                              |                                   | 300      |                 |                  |                             |                       | 2800            | 2200               | 600                |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N     | MG               | 0.1             |                              |                                   | 0.01     |                 | 1                |                             |                       | 3.4             | 2.8                | 0.3                |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N     | ΜÇ               | 0.5             |                              |                                   | 5.0      |                 |                  |                             |                       | 5.7             | 4.25               | 4.0                |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS       | MG               | 0.0             | l.                           |                                   | 29.0     |                 |                  |                             |                       | 2.0             | 1.57               | 1.3                |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY        | JTU              | 3               |                              |                                   | 20       |                 |                  |                             |                       | 500             | 500                | 100                |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM   |                  |                 |                              |                                   |          | L               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO, | MG/              |                 |                              |                                   |          | L               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 15 | AS CACO          | мÝ               | 46              |                              | L                                 | 300      |                 |                  |                             |                       | 4500            | 45 <b>0</b> 0      | 4000               |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 16 | SULFATE          | 1                | 4               |                              | L                                 | 80       | ļ               | ļ                |                             |                       | 1200            | 1200               | 1500               | 1                    |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 17 | SULFITE          | MX               |                 |                              | ļ                                 | ļ        |                 |                  | Ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | [                    |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE          | ₩Y<br>₩C         |                 |                              |                                   | <br>     |                 | 1                | ļ                           | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | <br>                 |                             |                           | ļ                  |                    |   |          |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE         | 12               | 10              |                              |                                   | 15       |                 | ļ                | <u> </u>                    |                       | 10              | 10                 | 100                | 1                    |                             |                           |                    |                    |   | ┝──┤     |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE         | 12               |                 | <u> </u>                     |                                   | <u> </u> |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       | ļ               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | · · ·              |                    |   |          |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM         | MG,              |                 |                              | -                                 |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             | -                     |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   | ┟───┤    |   |
| 22 | CURON            | 1                |                 |                              | +                                 |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | 12000           |                    | 5000               |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   | ŀ        |   |
| 23 |                  | 1                | 150             | <u> </u>                     |                                   | 200      | <u>.</u>        | +                |                             | · · ·                 | 13000           | 13000              | 1500               |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   | ┝──┥     |   |
| 25 |                  | 1<br>15/         | 150             | -                            |                                   | 300      |                 | <u> </u>         | 1                           | <u> </u>              | (725)           | ( 725 )            | (125)              |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                    |   | ├──┤     |   |
| 26 | LEAD             | 16/              | 130             |                              |                                   | 300      | +               |                  |                             |                       | (12)            | (0257              | (123)              |                      | !                           |                           |                    |                    |   | ļ        |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM        | MG               | 5               |                              |                                   | 33       | <u> </u>        | +                |                             |                       | 1000            | 1000               | 960                |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE        | 2                |                 | <u> </u>                     | 1                                 |          |                 | 1                |                             | +                     | 1000            | 1000               |                    | <b> </b>             |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 29 | MERCURY          | 46               | i —             |                              |                                   |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 30 | NICKEL           | 49               | 5               | 1                            |                                   | 125      | 5               | <b>†</b>         | 1                           |                       | 75000           | 75000              |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                    |   |          |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM         | "~               |                 |                              |                                   | 1        | 1               | 1                |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | [                    |                             |                           | 1                  |                    |   |          |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM         | *%               |                 |                              |                                   |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 33 | ZINC             | *%               | 25              |                              |                                   | 1.00     |                 |                  |                             |                       | 5000            | 5000               | 10000              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE     | MG               |                 |                              |                                   |          | [               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS          | 1%               |                 |                              |                                   |          | ·               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS      | MC               |                 |                              | ļ                                 |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES        | MG<br>MG         | <b> </b>        | ļ                            | ļ                                 | <b> </b> | ļ               | <u> </u>         | <b> </b>                    | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | ļ                  |                    |   |          |   |
| 38 | SODIUM           | TY-              | 5               |                              |                                   | <u> </u> | L               | 1                |                             | ļ                     | 5               | 5                  | 50                 | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                    |   | ļ]       |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY        | AYR              | ┠               | <b> </b>                     | ļ                                 | +        |                 | ┢───             | <u> </u>                    | ļ                     | 2               | 8                  |                    | <b> </b>             |                             |                           | <u> </u>           | <b> </b>           |   | ļ        |   |
|    | !                |                  |                 |                              | .                                 | -        |                 | .                |                             | .                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>           |   |          |   |
|    | 1                |                  |                 |                              |                                   |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                    |   |          |   |
|    | 1                |                  | 11 ·            | 1                            | 1                                 | 1        | 1               | 1                | 1 .                         | 1                     | 1               | 1                  | 1                  | 1                    | 1                           |                           | 1                  | 1                  | l | 1 7      |   |

|                             | REM    | ARKS                                  |                 |
|-----------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 125: 1.7 x 10 <sup>0</sup>  | •<br>• | Data Source: EPA Region               | II Office Files |
| J25: 1.7 x 10 <sup>6</sup>  |        |                                       |                 |
| K25: 0.15 x 10 <sup>6</sup> |        |                                       |                 |
|                             |        | •                                     |                 |
|                             |        |                                       |                 |
|                             |        | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                 |
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|                             |        |                                       |                 |
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#### PLANT CODE NO. 3409 .

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

PLANT DATA SHEET

CAPACITY:<u>650 MW, (8467 MW Hr./dama)ulation by:</u><u>SC</u> FUEL:<u>Coal & Gas</u>DATE:<u>4-17-73</u>

|           |                        | _[                              | A               | в                            | . c                       | D             | Ε                                            | F                | G                                            | н                     |                 | JT                 | ĸ                 |                                               | м                           | <u>м</u> 1 | 0,                                           | Р                             | 0    | R             | 5 |
|-----------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|---------------|---|
|           |                        | T                               |                 |                              |                           |               |                                              | •                |                                              | WAS                   | TE STRE         | AM                 |                   | لمشعا                                         |                             | ·          | <u> </u>                                     |                               |      |               |   |
|           | PARAMETE               | <u>ء</u>                        |                 |                              |                           | BL            | OWDOW                                        | /N               |                                              |                       | C               |                    | ;                 | 1                                             | I                           |            |                                              |                               |      | 1             |   |
|           |                        |                                 | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR        | EVAPO-<br>Rator                              | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER                  | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>PARSIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW                          | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES |            | SANITARY                                     | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |      |               |   |
| 1         | FLOW                   | M'/                             |                 |                              | 75.7                      | 56 . 8        |                                              |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       | 170 8           | 108 pl             |                   |                                               |                             | <br>       | <del>ا … ا</del>                             |                               |      |               |   |
| 2         | TEMPERATURE            | ۰                               |                 |                              |                           |               |                                              |                  |                                              | 1                     |                 |                    |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               |      | $\rightarrow$ |   |
| 3         | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACOS | **{                             | 80              |                              | 400                       | 15            |                                              |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       | 1100            | 0                  |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | 48   | $\rightarrow$ |   |
| 4         | BOD                    | мç                              | 2               |                              | 10                        | 1             |                                              |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       | 88              | 6                  | <u> </u>          |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | 1    |               |   |
| 5         | 000                    | мÝ                              | 4               |                              | 20                        | 3             | 1                                            |                  |                                              |                       | 3400            | 20                 |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | 2    |               |   |
| 6         | TS                     | **                              | 230             |                              | 1150                      | 22            |                                              |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       | .00001          | 13500              |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | 138  |               |   |
| 7         | TDS                    | ۳ć                              | 220             |                              | 1100                      | 19            |                                              |                  |                                              |                       | 7300            | 9000               |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | 132  |               |   |
| 8         | 755                    | мç                              | 5               |                              | 25                        | 3             |                                              |                  | <u> </u>                                     |                       | 150             | 2200               |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | 3    |               |   |
| 9         | AMMONIA AS N           | **                              | 0.1             |                              | 0.5                       | 0.1           |                                              |                  |                                              |                       | 14.0            | 2.75               |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | .06  |               |   |
| 10        | NITRATE AS N           | 14                              | •46             |                              | 2.3                       | .02           |                                              |                  |                                              |                       | 0.74            | 4.25               |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | ).27 |               |   |
| 11        | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P     | $\gamma$                        | 1               |                              | 5                         | 3.25          |                                              |                  |                                              |                       | 4               | 1.57               |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | ).6  |               |   |
| 12        | TURBIDITY              | งาน                             | 5               |                              | 100                       | 10            |                                              |                  | $\perp$                                      |                       | 370             | 500                |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | 0    |               |   |
| 13        | FECAL COLIFORM         |                                 | L               |                              |                           |               | ļ                                            | Ļ                | Ļ                                            |                       |                 |                    |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               |      | $\square$     |   |
| 14        | ACIDITY AS CACO        | X                               | L               | ļ                            |                           |               |                                              | ļ                | <u> </u>                                     |                       |                 |                    |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
| 15        | AS CACO.               | 12                              | 115             | <b> </b>                     | 575                       | .5            | <b> </b>                                     | <b> </b>         | └──                                          |                       | 1080            | 4500               | L                 |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | 69   |               |   |
| 16        | SULFATE                | ĽX.                             | 16              | ļ;                           | 1361                      | 0.1           | 1                                            | <b> </b>         |                                              | $\square$             | 19              | 1200               |                   |                                               |                             |            | Ļ                                            |                               | 9.6  |               |   |
| 17        | SULFITE                | X                               | ļ               | <u> </u>                     | <b> </b>                  | ļ             | <b> </b>                                     | ┥───             | <u> </u>                                     | 4                     | Ļ               |                    | ļ                 |                                               | İ                           | Ļ          |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
| 18        | BROMIDE                | X                               | ۹               | <b> </b>                     | <b> </b>                  | <u> </u>      | <b> </b>                                     |                  | ┣                                            | <b>↓</b> i            | i               | <u> </u>           | ļ                 | <u> </u>                                      |                             | · .        |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
| 19        | CHLORIDE               | X                               | 22              | <b> </b>                     | 466                       | .05           | 4                                            | ┥                | <b> </b>                                     | <u>↓</u>              | 7500            | 24                 |                   | +                                             | i                           | ļ          |                                              |                               | 13   |               |   |
| 20        | FLUORIDE               | X                               | ļ               | —                            |                           | <u> </u>      | <u> </u>                                     | <b> </b>         | ╉───                                         | <b>↓</b>              |                 | └                  | ļ                 | +                                             |                             | ļ          |                                              |                               | L    |               |   |
| 21        | ALUMINUM               | X                               | ļ               | ┢───                         | <u> </u>                  | ├             | —                                            | +                | ╂                                            | <u> </u>              |                 | <b>└</b> ──┤       |                   | +                                             |                             | ļ          | <u> </u>                                     | <u> </u>                      | ļ    |               | L |
| <u>22</u> | BORON                  | X                               | <b>┞</b> ──_    |                              |                           | <del> </del>  | ┥───                                         | +                | ┿──                                          | <u>+</u> 1            | 5994            | 1200               | <b>.</b>          | <u>∔</u> i                                    |                             | ļ          |                                              |                               | ┝━┳┤ |               |   |
| 23        | CHNONIUN               | 1                               | 5               | ┝───                         | 25                        |               | <del> </del>                                 | +                | +                                            | +                     | 5770            | 1300               |                   | <u> </u>                                      |                             |            | ┫────┤                                       |                               | 3    |               |   |
| 24        | LOPPER                 | 1                               | 65              | ┣───                         | 325                       | 6             | <del> </del>                                 |                  | <b>+</b>                                     | +                     | (124)           | 5000               | <u> </u>          | ╉────                                         | <u> </u>                    |            | <u> </u>                                     | <b>├</b> ──┤                  | 39   |               | 1 |
| 25        |                        | 1,                              | <u>15</u>       |                              | 1102                      | + <u>15</u> - | <del> </del>                                 | +                | +                                            | <u> </u>              | (125)           | (025)              |                   | +                                             | ┣┐                          |            | <del> </del>                                 |                               | - 9  |               |   |
| 26        | MAGNEENer              | 1                               | <u>├</u>        | <del> </del>                 |                           |               | +                                            | +                | <del> </del>                                 | +                     | 100             | 0.75               | <u> </u>          | <del> </del>                                  | <u> </u>                    |            | <u>†                                    </u> |                               |      | <b>۱</b>      | ļ |
| 21        | MANCANEER              | 1-6-                            | <u>⊢ 7</u>      | +                            | 35                        | + 0.1         | 4                                            | +                | <u>+</u>                                     | <u>+</u>              | 192             | 978                | <u> </u>          | +                                             | <u> </u>                    |            | <u> </u>                                     |                               |      | └─── <b>┤</b> | ŀ |
| 20        | MERCIRY                | 1-6/                            | ┞──             | ╆                            | <u>∤</u>                  | +             | <u>†                                    </u> | +                | <u>†</u>                                     | +                     | <u>†</u> '      |                    | <b> </b>          | <u>†                                     </u> | <u> </u>                    |            | 1                                            |                               | 1 1  |               |   |
| 30        | NICKEL                 | 1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 | <u> </u>        | †                            | 10                        | 7             | †                                            | +                | +                                            | 5                     | 30000           | 75000              | <u> </u> .        | <u> </u>                                      | <u> </u>                    |            | 1                                            | 1                             | 2    |               |   |
| 31        | SELENIUM               | 1-                              | <b>⊢</b>        | +                            |                           | +             | <u> </u> -                                   | +                | +                                            | †`                    |                 |                    | †                 |                                               |                             |            | 1                                            | 1                             | [    |               | ŀ |
| 32        | VANADIUM               | 14                              | ţ               | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | 1             | 1                                            | †                | +                                            | $\uparrow$            | <u> </u>        |                    |                   | 1                                             |                             |            | 1                                            |                               |      |               |   |
| 33        | ZINC                   | Γ,L                             | 80              | <u> </u>                     | 400                       | 1             | <u>†</u>                                     | 1                | <u>†                                    </u> |                       | 10000           | 5000               |                   | 1                                             | L                           |            |                                              |                               | 48   |               |   |
| 34        | OIL & GREASE           | ¥Ģ.                             |                 | 1                            | †                         | 1             | <u>† .</u>                                   |                  | <u>†                                    </u> | 1                     |                 |                    |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
| 35        | PHENOLS                | 15/<br>15/                      | t               | 1                            | 1                         | 1             | 1                                            | 1                | 1                                            | 1                     |                 | L                  | [ ·               | L                                             |                             |            |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
| 36        | SURFACTANTS            | MG/                             | t               | 1                            | 1                         | 1             | 1                                            |                  | Γ                                            | <u> </u>              | L               |                    | L                 |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
| 37        | ALGICIDES              | MGY                             | t               | 1                            | 1                         |               |                                              | L                |                                              |                       | ·               |                    |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
| 38        | SODIUM                 | MG/                             | 5               | 1                            | 1277                      | 1             |                                              | Γ                | Γ_                                           |                       | 900             | 7                  |                   |                                               |                             |            | ļ                                            |                               | 2    |               |   |
| 39        | FREQUENCY              | Cres<br>Vo                      | 1               | · ·                          | 360                       | 50            |                                              | L                |                                              |                       | 4               | 12                 |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
| Ĺ         | †                      | <u>- 18</u>                     | 1               | <u> </u>                     | 1                         |               |                                              |                  |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               | I    | <u> </u>      |   |
|           |                        |                                 |                 |                              |                           | 1             |                                              |                  |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                   |                                               |                             |            |                                              |                               |      |               |   |
|           |                        |                                 |                 |                              |                           | 1             | 1                                            |                  |                                              |                       |                 |                    |                   |                                               | •                           |            |                                              | 1                             |      |               |   |

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| -                                     | RE    | MA | RK   | 5        |     |          |           |              |  |
|---------------------------------------|-------|----|------|----------|-----|----------|-----------|--------------|--|
| : Intake Concentration "Zero"         |       |    | Data | Source : | EPA | Region   | II Office | <u>Files</u> |  |
| : Boiler is twin unit: Each unit is w | ashed |    |      |          |     |          | · · ·     |              |  |
| successively                          |       |    |      |          |     |          |           |              |  |
| Data = 1 Unit/Day                     |       |    |      |          |     |          |           |              |  |
| : Intake for Boiler Tube Cleaning     |       |    |      |          |     |          |           |              |  |
|                                       |       |    |      |          |     |          |           |              |  |
| $124: .21 \times 10^{6}$              |       |    |      |          |     |          |           |              |  |
| T25: .5 x 10 <sup>6</sup>             |       |    |      |          |     |          |           |              |  |
| $125: 1.7 \times 10^6$                |       |    |      |          |     | - 41.000 |           |              |  |
|                                       |       |    |      |          |     |          |           |              |  |

PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3415

 CAPACITY:125 MW, 1341 MW Hr./DayTABULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Coal & Oil
 DATE:
 4-17-73

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO.
 1 OF
 1

|    |                  |            | А        | 8            | _ C _           | D      | Ê        | F       | G        | н         | 1      | J        | к        | L        | м                | N        | 0        | p.      | Q          | R | S |
|----|------------------|------------|----------|--------------|-----------------|--------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|----------|----------|---------|------------|---|---|
|    |                  |            |          |              |                 |        |          |         |          | WAS       | TE STR | EAM      |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
|    | PARAMETE         | R          | 1        | WAT<br>TREAT | ER<br>MENT      | BL     | OWDOW    | N       |          |           | С      | LFANIN   | 5        |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
|    |                  |            | INTAKE   | CLARIFI-     | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILLR | EVAPO-   | COOLING | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &   | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |            |   |   |
|    | <u> </u>         | <u></u>    | WAJER    | WASTES       | WASTES          |        | RAIOR    | TOWER   | WATER    | ORAINAGE  | TUBES  | HEATER   | HIMESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES          | DRAINS   | WASTES   | CONTROL |            |   |   |
| 1  | FLOW             | DAY        |          | -            |                 | 7.57   | 75.7     |         |          |           |        | 378.0    | 5        |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 2  |                  | °C         |          |              |                 |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 3  | AS CACO          | 7          | 0.6      |              |                 | 75     | 390      |         |          |           |        | 0        |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 30         |   |   |
| 4  | BOD              | 7          | .04      |              |                 | 0.4    | 5        |         |          |           |        | 4        |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 2          |   |   |
| 5  | COD              | 7          | 0.2      |              |                 | 2      | 117      |         |          |           |        | 20       |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 9          |   |   |
| 6  | TS               | 7          | 3        |              |                 | 30     | 1677     |         |          |           | 1      | .3500    |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 129        |   |   |
| 7  | TDS              | 7          | 2        |              |                 | 20     | 1404     |         |          |           |        | 9000     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 108        |   |   |
| 8  | 755              | 7          | 0.14     |              |                 | 1.4    | 91       |         |          | _         |        | 2200     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 7          |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N     | 2          | 0        | _            |                 | 0      | 1.82     |         |          |           |        | 2.75     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 0.14       |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N     | 7          | 0        |              |                 | 0      | 2.47     |         |          |           |        | 4.25     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 0.19       |   |   |
| П  | AS P             | 7          | 0_       |              | L               | 17.9   | 0.39     |         |          |           |        | 1.57     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | .03        |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY        | JTU        | 0        |              |                 | 2      | 2        |         |          |           |        | 500      |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 2          |   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM   | ICOM       |          |              |                 |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO, | ~~~        |          |              |                 |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 15 | AS CACO          | 12         | 1        |              |                 | 10     | 676      |         |          |           |        | 4500     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 52         |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE          | <u> </u>   | 0.5      |              |                 | 5.2    | 338      |         |          |           |        | 1200     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 26         |   |   |
| 17 | SULFITE          | 1          |          |              |                 |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   | _ |
| 18 | BROMIDE          | 1          |          |              |                 |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE         | MG/        | 0.5      |              | <u> </u>        | 5      | 351      |         |          |           | _      | 10       |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 2 <b>7</b> |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE         | MG/        |          |              | <u> </u>        |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM         | **         |          |              |                 |        | ļ        |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 22 | BORON            | <b>M</b> % |          |              | _               |        | <br>     |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM         | #%         | 0.2      |              |                 | 2      | 130      |         |          | ļ         |        | 650      |          |          |                  |          | L        |         | 10         |   |   |
| 24 | COPPER           | 1/2        | 5        |              |                 | 50     | 3380     |         |          |           |        | 2500     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 260        |   |   |
| 25 |                  | ~~         | 3        | ļ            |                 | 30     | 1590     |         |          |           |        | 3000     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 150        |   |   |
| 26 | LEAD             | "\         |          |              |                 |        |          | ļ       | <u> </u> | ļ         |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM        | 7          | 0.1      | <u> </u>     |                 | 1.2    | 78       |         |          |           |        | 1000     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 6          |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE        | "χ         |          | L            | ļ               |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY          | 72         |          |              | ļ               | -      |          |         |          | <b></b>   |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 30 | NICKEL           | X          | 0.2      |              | L               | 2      | 130      |         | -        |           |        | 25000    |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 10         |   |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM         | 1          |          |              |                 |        | <u> </u> |         | <b> </b> | <u> </u>  |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM         | 1          |          |              | L               |        |          |         |          | L         |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 33 |                  | 17         | 0.2      |              | L               | 6      | 130      |         | ļ        | ļ         |        | 2500     |          |          |                  |          |          |         | 10         |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE     | 7          | 1        | L            |                 |        | L        | L       | ļ        | ļ         |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS          | 7          |          | ļ            |                 |        |          | l       |          | ļ         |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS      | 7          | <u> </u> |              | L               |        |          | ļ       | ļ        | <u> </u>  |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES        | ×          |          |              | <u> </u>        | L      |          |         | L        | ļ         |        |          |          |          |                  | <u> </u> |          |         |            |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM           | 7          | 0.6      |              | <b> </b>        | 6      | 403      |         |          | <b> </b>  |        | 33       |          |          |                  |          | ļ        |         | 31         |   |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY        | ∕y₽        |          |              | L               | 330    | 300      | L       | <b> </b> |           |        | 4        |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
|    |                  |            |          |              |                 |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
|    | İ                |            |          |              |                 |        |          |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |
|    |                  |            |          |              | ĺ               |        | i        |         |          |           |        |          |          |          |                  |          |          |         |            |   |   |

|            |                             |          | R   | E | M | A R | к   | S       |     |        |      |        |       |  |
|------------|-----------------------------|----------|-----|---|---|-----|-----|---------|-----|--------|------|--------|-------|--|
| <u>ç</u> : | Intake Water for Evaporator | Blowdown | and |   |   | Da  | ita | Source: | EPA | Region | II ( | Office | Files |  |
|            | ALL HEREALET Cleaning.      |          |     |   |   |     |     |         |     |        |      |        |       |  |
|            |                             |          |     |   |   |     |     |         |     |        |      |        |       |  |
|            |                             | -        |     |   |   |     |     |         |     |        |      |        |       |  |
|            |                             |          |     |   |   |     |     |         |     |        |      |        |       |  |
|            |                             |          |     |   |   |     |     |         |     |        |      |        |       |  |
|            |                             |          |     |   |   |     |     |         |     |        |      |        |       |  |

PLANT CODE NO. 3416

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

 
 PLANT DATA SHEET

 CAPACITY:
 740 MW, 10525 MW Hr./DataBulation BY:
 SC

 Capacity:
 Capacity:
 4-17-73
 FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_ Coal & Gas \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_

AGE OF PLANT:

\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1\_\_\_OF\_\_1\_\_\_

|    |                       |          | Α               | В                            | C               | D          | E               | F                | G        | н                     | I               | J                  | к      | L        | м                | ΄ Ν    | 0                  | Р        | Q    | R    | S        |
|----|-----------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------|----------|------------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------|------|----------|
|    |                       |          |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |        | <u>+</u> |                  |        |                    |          |      |      |          |
|    | PARAMETE              | R        |                 |                              | MENT            | BL         | OWDOW           | 'N               |          |                       | С               |                    | 3      |          |                  |        | l                  |          |      |      | _        |
|    |                       |          | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER     | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS  | CCAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR  |      |      |          |
| Π  | FLOW                  |          |                 |                              |                 | 95         |                 |                  |          |                       | 757             | 9906               |        | 13100    | DEVICES          | ORAINS |                    | CONTROL  |      |      |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °⊂       |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          |                       | 131             | 2000               |        | 13100    |                  |        |                    |          |      |      |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | ΜG/      | 40              |                              | 174             | 10         |                 |                  |          |                       | 125             | 18                 |        | 25       |                  |        |                    |          | 20   | 31   | 0        |
| 4  | BOD                   | мÝ       | 2               |                              | 9               | 0          |                 |                  |          |                       | 0               |                    |        | 4        |                  |        |                    |          |      | 5    | 0        |
| 5  | 00                    | мç       | 4               |                              | 17              | 2          |                 |                  |          |                       | 5500            | 27                 |        | 30       |                  |        |                    |          | 2    | 45   | 0        |
| 6  | TS                    | "%       | 150             |                              | 650             | 5          |                 | _                |          |                       | 23800           | 380                |        | 180      |                  |        |                    |          | 75   | 203  | 0        |
| 7  | TDS                   |          | 131             |                              | 568             | 5          |                 |                  |          |                       | 22300           | 250                |        | 120      |                  |        |                    |          | 65   | 230  | 0        |
| 8  | T55                   | μζ       | 5               |                              | 22              | 5          |                 |                  |          |                       | 150             | 40                 |        | 60       |                  |        |                    |          | 2.5  | 20   | 0        |
| 9  | AMMONDA AS N          | ٣ć       | 0.16            |                              | 0.69            | 0.1        |                 |                  |          |                       | 2.0             | 0.5                |        | 0.3      |                  |        |                    |          | . 08 | 0.33 | 0        |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | ž        | 0.52            |                              | 2.25            | .01        |                 |                  | L        |                       | 0.75            | 2.05               |        | -        |                  |        |                    |          | .26  | 1.26 | o        |
| Ш  | AS P                  | $\chi$   | <b>p.</b> 033   |                              | 0.14            | 3.01       |                 |                  |          |                       | .015            | 0.09               | ļ      | -        |                  |        |                    |          | .016 | 0.18 | 0        |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU      | 0               |                              | 100             | 10         |                 |                  |          | <u> </u>              | 100             | 90                 |        | 40       |                  |        |                    |          | 0    | 27   | ٥        |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        | ICOM.    |                 |                              | ļ               | ↓<br>┿──── |                 |                  | L        | ļ                     |                 |                    |        | ļ        |                  |        | ļ                  |          |      |      |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | 7        |                 |                              |                 | <b>-</b>   |                 |                  | ļ        | ļ                     |                 |                    |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |                    | L        |      |      | ·        |
| 15 | AS CACO,              | X        | 90              |                              | 390             | ļ          | <b> </b>        | <b></b>          | <b>_</b> | ļ                     |                 | 250                |        | 180      |                  |        |                    |          |      | 155  | 0        |
| 16 | SULFATE               | K.       | 12              |                              | 848             | 0.1        |                 |                  |          |                       | 6.0             | 123                |        | 15       |                  |        |                    |          | 5.8  | 12.8 | 0        |
| 1  | SUDITE                | 1        |                 | <u> </u>                     |                 |            |                 |                  |          | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        | 1        |                  |        |                    |          |      |      |          |
|    | CHI ORIDE             | MGY      |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          |                       | 10200           |                    |        |          |                  | -      |                    |          |      |      |          |
|    | FLUORIDE              | 1.       | 20              |                              | 285             | 0.2        |                 |                  |          |                       | 19300           | 15_                |        | 12       |                  |        |                    |          | 10   |      | 0        |
| 21 | ALUMINUM              | 1-9      |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |      |      |          |
| 22 | BORON                 | -6/      |                 |                              | ÷               | <u> </u>   |                 |                  |          |                       |                 |                    |        | +        |                  |        | +                  |          |      |      |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM              | 1.54     | 500             |                              | 2168            | 10         |                 |                  | <u> </u> | -                     | 300             | 75                 |        | 75       |                  |        |                    |          | 250  | 75   | 0        |
| 24 | COPPER                | 46       | 32              |                              | 138             | 20         |                 | 1                | <u> </u> | 1                     | (124)           | 105                |        | 100      |                  |        |                    |          | 16   | 100  | 0        |
| 25 | IRON                  | -9       | 113             |                              | 490             | 50         |                 |                  |          |                       | (125)           | 480                |        | 500      |                  |        |                    |          | 67   | 455  | 0        |
| 26 | LEAD                  | 12       |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |      |      |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | MC/      | 6.96            |                              | 30,2            | -          |                 |                  |          |                       |                 | 17                 |        |          |                  |        |                    | _        |      | 21   |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | 12       |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          |                       |                 |                    |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |                    |          |      |      |          |
| 29 | MERCURY               | #G/L     |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          |                       |                 |                    |        | ļ        | ļ                |        | ļ                  |          |      |      |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                | 12       |                 |                              | İ               |            |                 |                  |          |                       | 65000           | -                  |        | ļ        |                  |        |                    |          | 2    |      | <u> </u> |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | 12       |                 | ļ                            | ļ               |            | ļ               |                  | ļ        |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        | ļ                  |          |      |      | <b> </b> |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | 12       |                 | <u> </u>                     | ļ               |            |                 |                  |          |                       | -               |                    |        | ļ        |                  |        |                    |          |      |      |          |
| 33 | ZINC                  | 12       | 200             | <u> </u>                     | 864             | 10         |                 |                  |          |                       | 55000           | 200                |        | 60       |                  |        | <b> </b>           |          | 100  | 38   | 0        |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | X        |                 |                              |                 | <u> </u>   | ļ               |                  |          |                       |                 |                    |        | ÷        |                  |        |                    |          |      |      | <u> </u> |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | X        |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  | <u> </u> |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        | <u> </u>           |          |      |      |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | X        |                 |                              |                 |            | ┣──             | <u> </u>         | <u> </u> |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        | <u> </u>           |          | [    |      | <u> </u> |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | Λ<br>MG, |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          | <u> </u>              | 7407            |                    |        | -        | <u>+</u>         |        | <u> </u>           | <u> </u> |      |      |          |
| 38 | SOURIM                | 1        | 5               | <u> </u>                     | 238             |            |                 |                  |          |                       | /425            | 100                |        | 200      |                  |        | +                  |          | 2.5  | 10   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | /YR      |                 | <u> </u>                     | ļ               | 40         | <u> </u>        |                  |          | +                     |                 | <u> 190</u>        |        | 360      |                  |        | 1                  |          |      |      |          |
|    |                       |          |                 |                              |                 |            |                 |                  |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |      |      |          |
|    |                       |          |                 | <u> </u>                     |                 |            |                 |                  |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    | ·        |      |      |          |

|                                            |   | -  |   |     | and the second se |      |      |  |
|--------------------------------------------|---|----|---|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|--|
| R                                          | E | MA | R | K S | ·                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |      |      |  |
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files    |   |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <br> | <br> |  |
| Q: Intake Water for Boiler Tube Cleaning   |   |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      |      |  |
| R: Intake Water for Air Preheater Cleaning |   |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <br> | <br> |  |
| S: Intake Water for Boiler Blowdown        |   |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <br> | <br> |  |
| 6                                          |   |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <br> | <br> |  |
| <u>124: 195 x 100</u>                      | - |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <br> | <br> |  |
| $125: 3.3 \times 10^{-10}$                 |   |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      | <br> |  |
|                                            |   |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      |      |  |
|                                            |   |    |   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |      |      |  |

PLANT CODE NO. 3514

# PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 2162MW (4129945 MW Hr · /¥ABU) ATION BY: FUEL: COA1 AGE OF PLANT: SHEET NO.

SC 5-2-73 DATE : \_\_\_\_\_\_ 5-2 SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_ OF \_\_\_\_\_

|     |                    |                    | Α        | в            | С          | D                                            | Е        | F        | G         | н         | -        | J        | к        | L        | м        | N      | 0        | .P.     | Q                                     | R        | S        |
|-----|--------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------|------------|----------------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|---------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|
|     |                    | Τ                  |          |              |            |                                              |          |          |           | WAS       | TE STR   | EAM      |          |          |          | _      |          |         |                                       |          |          |
|     | PARAMETE           | R                  |          | WAT<br>TREAT | êr<br>Ment | BL                                           | OWDOM    | /N       |           |           | С        | LFANN    | G        |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 1   |                    |                    | INTAKE   | CLARIFI-     |            | BOILLE                                       | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS   | COAL PILE | BOILER   | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR      | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR | , i                                   |          |          |
|     |                    |                    | WATER    | WASTES       | WASTES     |                                              | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER     | DRAINAGE  | TUBES    | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES  | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |                                       |          |          |
| 1   | FLOW               | DAY                |          |              |            | L                                            | L        | 19574    |           |           |          |          |          | 10865    |          | -      |          |         |                                       |          | ļ        |
| 2   |                    | °c                 |          |              |            | l                                            | L        |          |           |           |          | -        |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       | ļ        | ļ        |
| 3   |                    | 1                  | 99.26    | 5            |            |                                              | L        | 100      |           |           |          |          |          | 543      |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 4   | BOD                | <b>M</b> Y         |          |              |            |                                              | ļ        | 8.6      |           |           |          |          |          | 2.53     |          |        |          |         |                                       |          | L        |
| 5   | COD                | MG/                |          |              |            | L                                            | L        | 7.4      |           |           |          |          |          | 21.0     |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 6   | TS                 | мY                 |          |              |            | L                                            |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 7   | TDS                | ₩ζ                 | 391      |              |            |                                              |          | 891      |           |           |          |          |          | 1235     |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 8   | TSS                | MG                 | 425      |              |            |                                              |          | 3.78     |           |           |          |          |          | 88       |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N       | M℃                 |          |              |            |                                              |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       | L        |          |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N       | мç                 |          |              |            |                                              | · .      |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| П   | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P | МÝ                 |          |              |            |                                              |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 12  | TURBIDITY          | JTU                |          |              |            |                                              |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM     | NQ/                |          |              |            |                                              |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO,   | MG                 |          |              |            |                                              |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS     | MG.                |          |              |            |                                              |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 16  | SULFATE            | ₩67                | 144      |              |            |                                              |          | 464      |           |           |          |          |          | 590      |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 17  | SULFITE            | MG                 |          |              |            |                                              |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 18  | BROMIDE            | MG                 |          |              |            |                                              |          | 1        |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 19  | CHLORIDE           | MG                 | 13       |              |            |                                              |          | 62       |           |           |          |          |          | 86       |          | -      |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 20  | FLUORIDE           | MG                 |          |              |            | <b></b>                                      |          |          | <u> </u>  | 1         |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 21  |                    | 1%                 |          |              |            |                                              | -        |          |           | 1         |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 22  | BORON              | MG                 |          |              |            | t                                            |          | · ·      |           |           |          |          |          | 1        |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 23  | CHROMIUM           | 46/                |          |              | 1          | <u>+</u>                                     | İ        |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        | 1        |         |                                       |          |          |
| 24  | COPPER             | HG/                |          | 1            |            | †                                            | 1        |          |           |           |          |          |          | 1        |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 25  | 1RON               | <u>"</u> 6⁄        |          | 1            | · · · ·    | †                                            |          |          | -         | 1         |          |          |          | +        |          |        | <u> </u> |         |                                       |          |          |
| 26  | LEAD               | #6/                |          | • • • • •    |            | <u>†</u>                                     | <u>†</u> | +        |           | +         |          |          |          |          |          | _      |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM          | MG                 | A A      |              | 1          | t                                            | 1        | 150      | 1.        |           |          |          |          | 54       |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 28  | MANGANESE          | -9                 |          | †*****       |            | †                                            | 1        | 135      | <u>†</u>  |           |          |          | +        | 24       |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 29  | MERCURY            | #G                 |          |              |            | <u>†                                    </u> |          | +        |           | +         |          |          |          | +        |          |        | +        |         |                                       |          |          |
| 30  | NICKEL             | μG                 |          | +            |            | † <b>-</b>                                   | <u>+</u> | 1        |           | 1         |          |          |          |          | ļ        |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 31  | SELENIUM           | 46                 |          | <u> </u>     | <u>+</u>   | +                                            |          |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        | <u> </u> |         |                                       |          |          |
| 32  | VANADIUM           | 46/                |          | <u> </u>     |            | t                                            |          | 1        |           | +         |          | -        |          |          |          |        | -        |         | ,                                     |          |          |
| 33  | ZINC               | +6/                |          |              |            | <u>+</u>                                     | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u>  | +         |          |          | <u> </u> | 1        |          |        |          |         | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |          |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE       | MG,                | <u> </u> | <u> </u>     |            | <u>+</u>                                     |          |          |           | -         |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       | <b> </b> |          |
| 135 | PHENOLS            | <u>, Г</u><br>#6/1 |          |              |            | <u>†</u>                                     |          | <u>+</u> |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 36  | SUPPACTANTS        | ∕∟<br>MG⁄          |          | <u> </u>     | ļ          | <del>†</del>                                 | ┢        |          |           |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
| 1   |                    | ∕L<br>MG∕          |          |              |            | +                                            | <u>├</u> |          | <u> </u>  |           |          |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          | <u> </u> |
| 120 | SODIUM             | MG                 |          |              | +          | <b>+</b>                                     | ┼───     |          | <u> -</u> | +         |          |          |          |          | <u> </u> |        | +        |         | ł                                     | ┟──┤     | ┝┥       |
| 120 | FREQUENCY          | cycs               | <b> </b> | -            |            | +                                            | <u> </u> |          |           | ┨────     |          |          |          | +        | ┼        |        |          |         | I                                     | ├        | ├        |
|     |                    | I∕YR               |          | <u> </u>     | <u> </u>   | <u>+</u>                                     |          | +        |           | +         |          |          | <u> </u> |          |          |        | +        |         |                                       | ├┦       |          |
|     |                    |                    |          |              |            |                                              |          | -        |           | ·         |          |          |          | ·        |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |
|     |                    |                    |          |              |            | 1                                            |          | -        |           |           | <u> </u> |          |          |          |          |        |          |         |                                       |          |          |

| REM                                               | A R K S |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: Draft, Southwest energy study, water |         |
| pollution aspects, Office of Water                |         |
| Programs, Office of Research and                  |         |
| Monitoring, EPA                                   |         |
|                                                   |         |
| F: Blowdown from The buildup of                   |         |
| total-solid required the blowdown of the lake     |         |
| whenever total solid exceeds 900 PPM, four        |         |
| times yearly to date at a rate of about 1800      |         |
| acre ft. four times yearly.                       |         |

#### PLANT CODE NO. 3618

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

CAPACITY: 200 MW 
 CAPACITY:
 200 MW
 TABULATION BY:

 FUEL:
 Coal, Oil & Gas
 DATE:
 4-18-73
 AGE OF PLANT .\_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

SC '

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|    |                       |                    | A               | В                            | C                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | N        | 0                  | Р,                 | Q        | R            | s        |
|----|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------|----------|
|    |                       |                    |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                | ·                  |                      |                             |          |                    | i                  | <u>_</u> |              |          |
|    | PARAMETER             | 2                  |                 | WA<br>TREAT                  | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | 3                  |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
|    |                       |                    | INTAKE<br>WATER | Clarifi-<br>Cation<br>Wastes | KON<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boilea<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &   | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |          |              |          |
| 1  | FLOW                  | M³/<br>DAY         |                 |                              |                           | 145.3    |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  | j                    |                             |          |                    |                    | 9.84     |              |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | *                  | -03             |                              |                           | 46.5     |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 23.8     |              |          |
| 4  | 800                   | "8                 | 0               |                              |                           | 0        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 0        |              |          |
| 5  | 000                   | ۳۲                 | 0               |                              |                           | 0        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 0        |              |          |
| 6  | TS                    | <u>۳</u> ۲         | 0               | L                            |                           | 1000     |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 1000     |              |          |
| 7  | TDS                   | 2                  | 0               |                              |                           | 1000     |                 |                  | [                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 1000     |              |          |
| 8  | 755                   | μÇ                 |                 |                              | L                         | 0        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 0        |              |          |
| 9  | Ammonia as n          | 7                  | 0               |                              |                           | 0        |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 0        |              |          |
| 0  | NITRATE AS N          | ž                  | 0               | ļ                            | ļ                         | 0        |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 0        |              |          |
| 11 | AS P                  | $\chi$             | 103             | <b> </b>                     |                           | 4.88     |                 | ۱<br>۲           | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 4,89     |              |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU                |                 | L                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        |                    |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | —                    |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              | <u> </u> |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | 7                  |                 | <b> </b>                     | ļ                         | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |          |                    | L                  |          |              |          |
| 15 | AS CACO,              | 7                  | 0               | ļ                            |                           | 0        |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | <br>•                |                             |          |                    |                    | 0        |              |          |
| 16 | SULFATE               | 7                  | 0               |                              |                           | 15       | ⊢ —             | <u> </u>         |                             |                       | · · · -         |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 40       |              |          |
| 17 | SULFITE               | 7                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | -                    | ļ                           |          |                    |                    |          |              | L        |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | 7<br>MG            |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | +        |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       | . <u> </u>      |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | 7                  | 0               | <u> </u>                     |                           | 60.6     | t               | +                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 182.1    |              |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | 7                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              | $\vdash$ |
| 21 |                       | 1<br>NG/           |                 |                              | <b></b>                   |          | <b> </b>        | +                | +                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | -        |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 22 | Chipotetting          | 1                  |                 |                              | ·                         | -──      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 23 |                       | 1<br>#6/           |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | +                | <del> </del>                | +                     |                 |                    |                    | +                    |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 24 |                       | /L<br>#6/          |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u>+</u>                  | <u></u>  |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 | · · · ·            |                    | ·                    |                             |          | -                  |                    |          |              | <u> </u> |
| 26 |                       | <u>́</u> ′∟<br>⊬6⁄ |                 | <u>+</u> −−                  |                           |          | <b> </b>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | <u>^</u> L<br>MG∕  |                 | +                            |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | <u>ب</u><br>بوس    |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | †                    |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 29 | MERCURY               | <i>FC</i>          |                 |                              |                           | ···      |                 | 1                |                             | 1                     | L               |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                | 1 L<br>4 G         |                 | ·                            | -                         | <u> </u> |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | -                    | <del>!</del>                | -        |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | ×6/                |                 |                              | <u>+</u>                  | !        |                 | -                |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | 19                 |                 |                              | 1                         | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ·                    |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 33 | ZINC                  | 14                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    | -                  |          |              |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | 16                 |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | MG                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | 1%                 |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          |              |          |
| 38 | SODIUM                | μ¢/                | 0               | 1                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    | 118      |              |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYCS<br>Arr        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          | <u> </u>           |                    |          | ļ            | <b></b>  |
|    | ı                     |                    |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |          |                    |                    |          | <sup> </sup> |          |
|    |                       |                    |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | [                           |          | [                  | .                  |          |              |          |
|    |                       |                    |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | <u> </u> | L                  |                    |          | Ĺ            |          |

|                                          | R | ΕM | 1 A | R | к | s |      |     | <br> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------|---|----|-----|---|---|---|------|-----|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files. |   |    |     |   |   |   | <br> |     |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| D: Boiler Blowdown #6                    |   |    |     |   |   |   | <br> |     | <br> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Q: Boiler Blowdown #5                    |   |    |     |   |   |   | <br> |     | <br> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                          |   |    | +   |   |   | - |      |     |      | ÷                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                          |   |    | _   |   |   |   | <br> | - ~ |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                          |   |    | -+  |   |   |   | <br> |     | <br> | and the second s |
|                                          |   |    | -1  |   |   |   |      |     |      | · · · · ·                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

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#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3618

CAPACITY: 200 MW FUEL: Coal, Oil & Gas \_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_ AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

sc \_\_\_\_ TABULATION BY : \_\_\_\_ 4-16-73 SHEET NO. 2 OF 2

| _  |                 |             | Α      | В                                              | C               | D        | E              | F        | G              | н         | 1      | J        | к        | L                                             | м                | Ν               | 0        | Р.      | Q          | R     | S        |
|----|-----------------|-------------|--------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------|---------|------------|-------|----------|
|    |                 |             |        |                                                |                 |          |                |          |                | WAS       | TE STR | EAM      |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
|    | PARAMETE        | R           |        | TREAT                                          | ER<br>MENT      | BL       | OWDOW          | N        |                |           | С      | LFANING  | G        |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
|    |                 |             | INTAKE | CLARIFI-<br>CATION                             | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER   | EVAPO-         | COOLING  | CONDENS        | COAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND                                      | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &<br>FLOOR | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |            |       | ł        |
|    |                 |             | WALEH  | WASTES                                         | WASTES          |          | RAIOR          |          | WATER          | DRAINAGE  | TUBES  | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW                                      | DEVICES          | DRAINS          | WASTES   | CONTROL |            |       | ļ        |
|    | FLOW            | DAY         |        |                                                | 16.9            | 48.0     | 53.53          |          | ×              |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 5.45            |          |         |            |       |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE     | °C          |        |                                                |                 |          |                | $\sim$   | ~~             |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          | •       | - 1        |       |          |
| 3  | AS CACO         | ~~          | 14     |                                                | 787.4           | 19.88    | 60.95          | i        | _110           |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | _14             |          |         | 110        | 17_   | 0.03     |
| 4  | BOD             | <u>"%</u>   | 2_     |                                                | 112.4           |          | 10.79          |          | 18             |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 2               |          |         | 18         | 3     | -        |
| 5  | COD             | <u>~</u>    | 2      |                                                | 112.4           |          | 7.17           |          | 132            |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | _ 2             |          |         | 132        | <2    | _        |
| 6  | TS              | <u>~</u>    | 75     |                                                | 11467           | 35       | 3563           |          | <u>32678</u>   |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 75              |          |         | 32678      | 994   | 0        |
| 7  | TDS             | 7           | 70     |                                                | 11467           | 35       | 3563           | <br>     | 32676          |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 70              |          |         | 32676      | 994   | 0        |
| 8  | 155             | MY<br>L     | 5      |                                                | 0               | 0        | 0              |          | 2              |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 5               |          |         | 2          | 0     | 0        |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N    | 1           | 0.01   |                                                | 0.56            | 0        | .1075          |          | 0.01           |           |        |          | [        |                                               |                  | 0.01            |          |         | 0.01       | .03   | 0.25     |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N    | 1           | 2.1    |                                                | 118             | -        | 3.94           |          | 1.0            |           |        |          |          | ·                                             |                  | 2.1             |          |         | 1.0        | 1.1   | -        |
| 11 | AS P            | 2           | 0.01   |                                                | 0.56            | 4.238    | .1717          |          | 0.13           |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 0.01            |          |         | 0.13       | .02   | 0        |
| 12 | TURBIDITY       | JTU         | 1      |                                                |                 |          | -              |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 1               |          |         |            | -     |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM  |             |        |                                                |                 |          | -              |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO | ~~~         |        |                                                | ~~              |          | -              |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
| 15 | AS CACO,        | 7           | 7      |                                                | 407             | ļ        | (E15)          |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            | 43.06 | ·        |
| 16 | SULFATE         |             | 1.3    |                                                | 3998            |          | 13.62          |          | 1613           |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 1.3             |          |         | 1613       | 3.8   |          |
| 17 | SULFITE         | 1           | -      |                                                |                 |          | -              |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE         | Ϋ́ζ         |        |                                                |                 | 1        |                |          |                | ļ         |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE        | 7           | 8      | · ·                                            | 144             |          | (E <b>1</b> 9) |          | 12672          |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 8               |          |         | 12672      | 109   |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE        | <u>م</u>    |        |                                                |                 |          | ~              |          |                | ļ         |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
| 21 |                 | ~/_<br>MG/  |        |                                                |                 |          | -              |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
| 22 | BORON           | /<br>#G/    |        |                                                |                 | <u> </u> |                |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            | •     |          |
| 23 | CORDER          | /L<br>#G/   | 20     |                                                | 1130            |          |                |          | 10             |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 20              |          |         | 10         | 0     |          |
| 24 |                 | 1.          | 55     |                                                | 3091            |          | 172            |          | 63             |           |        |          |          |                                               | <u> </u>         |                 |          |         | 65         | 48    |          |
| 25 |                 | -L<br>#6/   | 40     |                                                | 160             |          | 430            |          | 140            |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         | 110        | 120   |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM       | 11<br>MG    |        |                                                | 17 0            |          |                | <u> </u> | 4              | <u> </u>  |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         | 3          | 0     | <u> </u> |
| 28 | MANGANESE       | -<br>μ6γ    |        |                                                | 4/.0            | <u>}</u> | 8.1            | t        | (850           |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         | 830        | 2.26  |          |
| 29 | MERCURY         | μ <u>ς</u>  | 1      |                                                | 1023            |          | 107            | t ·      | ( <u>r 28)</u> | <u> </u>  |        |          |          | <u> </u>                                      |                  |                 |          |         | 120        | 3     |          |
| 30 | NICKEL          | ́~∟<br>#С∕  |        |                                                | 560             | <u> </u> | <u>- v. /</u>  | ł        | 150            |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         | 160        |       |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM        | 1L<br>46/   |        |                                                | 500             | <u> </u> | -              | <u> </u> | - 150          |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | ļ,              |          |         | <b>190</b> | +     | <u> </u> |
| 32 | VANADIUM        | - 67        | -      |                                                |                 |          | <u>+</u>       |          | <u>+</u>       |           |        |          | <u> </u> | <u>                                      </u> |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
| 33 | ZINC            | 1/2/        | 10     |                                                | 56              | + -      | .1613          |          | <u> </u>       |           |        |          |          | <u> </u>                                      |                  | 10              |          |         |            | 045   |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE    | MG          | 1      | <u>                                       </u> | 24.5            |          | -              | 1        | t              |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  | 10_             |          |         |            |       |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS         | #5/         | 1      | <b> </b>                                       | 0               |          | (E35)          |          | [              | 1         |        |          | <u> </u> |                                               |                  | 1               |          |         |            | .001  |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS     | MG          | .03    |                                                | 1.69            |          | .179           | l        |                |           | 1      |          | 1        | _                                             |                  |                 |          |         |            | .05   |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES       | MG/L        |        |                                                |                 |          |                |          |                |           |        |          | 1        |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
| 38 | SODIUM          | MG          | 5      |                                                | 6304            |          | 172.1          |          | 7125           |           |        |          | [        |                                               |                  |                 |          |         | 7250       | 4.8   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY       | CYCS<br>/YR |        | •                                              |                 |          |                |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
|    |                 |             |        |                                                |                 |          |                |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
|    |                 |             |        |                                                |                 |          |                |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |
|    |                 |             |        |                                                |                 |          |                |          |                |           |        |          |          |                                               |                  |                 |          |         |            |       |          |

| REM                                         | ARKS |
|---------------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files,    |      |
| D: Boiler Blowdown #40 & #50                |      |
| Q: Intake Water for condenser cooling water |      |
| R: Intake Water for Evaporator              |      |
| S: Intake Water for Boiler                  |      |
| E15: 154.37                                 |      |
| E19: 390.76                                 |      |
| F28: 120.05                                 |      |
| E35: .00358                                 |      |
|                                             |      |

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. \_\_3620\_\_\_

#### CAPACITY: 100 MW FUEL: Coal, Oil & Gas AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

TABULATION BY:<u>SC</u> DATE: <u>4-18-73</u> SHEET NO. <u>1</u> OF<u>1</u>

|         |                       | $\rightarrow$ | Α               | В                            | C                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к            | L                    | м                           | Ν                         | 0                  | ρ.                            | Q    | R     | 5 |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------|-------|---|
|         |                       |               |                 |                              | -                         |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
|         | PARAMETE              | R             |                 | TREAT                        | MENT                      | BL       | OWDOW           | N                |                             |                       | С               | FANING             | 5            |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
|         |                       |               | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER       | ash pond<br>Overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |      |       |   |
| ł       | FLOW                  | M'/DAY        |                 |                              | 5.36                      | 24.4     | 9.85            |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | -,-          |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      | 1.03  |   |
| 2       | TEMPERATURE           | °c            |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
| 3       | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | $\chi$        | 17              |                              | 3831                      | 26.9     | 33.15           |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 17   | 136   |   |
| 4       | BOD                   | <b>"</b> %    | 5               |                              | 344                       | -        | 9.75            |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 5    | 40    |   |
| 5       | 000                   | MG∕<br>{      | 12              |                              | 8.27                      | -        | 23              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 12   | 96    |   |
| 6       | TS                    | *%            | 94              |                              | 6480                      | 35       | 183_            |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 94   | 752   |   |
| 7       | TDS                   | ጚ             | 94              |                              | 6480                      | 35       | 183             |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 94   | 752   |   |
| 8       | TSS                   | ጚ             | 0               |                              |                           |          | 0               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0    | 0     |   |
| 9       | AMMONIA AS N          | X             | .01             |                              | 0.69                      |          | 0.02            | ,<br>,           |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | .01  | 0.08  |   |
| 10      | NITRATE AS N          | X             | 0.3             |                              | 5.07                      |          | 0.585           |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0.3  | 2.4   |   |
| 11      | AS P                  | X             | 0.02            |                              | 1.38                      | 5.54     | 0.039           | ļ                | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 0.02 | 0.16  |   |
| 12      | TURBIDITY             | UTU           | 17              |                              |                           | ļ        | 42              |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 17   | 0.136 |   |
| 13      | FECAL COLIFORM        |               |                 | <b>.</b>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | ļ               |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
| 14      | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | Z             | <u> </u>        |                              |                           | ļ        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    | <b></b>      | ļ                    |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |      |       |   |
| 15      | AS CACO               | X             | 17              |                              | l                         |          | 33.15           | į                | <u> </u>                    | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |              | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               | 1    | -     |   |
| 16      | SULFATE               | X             | 1.3             | Í                            | 2008                      | ļ        | 2.63            | ļ                |                             | _                     |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 1.3  | 10.4  |   |
| 17      | SULFITE               | X             |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | ļ        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | ļ            | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
| 18      | BROMIDE               | X             |                 |                              |                           | 1        | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              | ·                    |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |      |       |   |
| 19      | CHLORIDE              | 1             | 16              |                              | 545                       | 1.52     | 31.2            |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |              |                      | <u> </u>                    |                           |                    |                               | 1015 | 128   |   |
| ZC<br>A | FLUORIDE              | 1             |                 |                              |                           | ┿        |                 |                  | +                           |                       |                 |                    |              | +                    |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |      |       |   |
| 2       | ALUMINUM              | .'∕<br>∎⊊     | 0               |                              | · ·                       | +        | <u>+</u>        |                  | +                           | +                     |                 |                    |              | +                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
| 22      | BORON                 | 1             |                 |                              |                           | +        | <u> </u>        |                  |                             | -                     | <u> </u>        |                    |              |                      |                             | +                         | +                  |                               |      | +     |   |
| 23      | CHROMIUM              | 1             | 0               |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 | <u>+</u>         | +                           | +                     |                 | <u> </u>           | <del> </del> | +                    | <u> </u>                    |                           | +                  |                               |      | 960   |   |
| 2       |                       | 14            | 120             |                              | ·                         | +        | <u>303</u>      |                  | +                           | +                     | <u>+</u>        |                    |              | +                    | <u> </u>                    |                           |                    | +                             |      | 2560  |   |
| 2       |                       | 1             | 320             |                              |                           |          | 024             |                  | +                           | +                     | <u> </u>        |                    | -            | +                    | +                           |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
| 20      |                       | 1             | 0               | +                            | +                         |          |                 |                  |                             | +                     | +               |                    | +            |                      |                             | <u> </u>                  | ····               |                               |      | 10 99 |   |
| 25      | MANGANESE             | -9            | 1,36            | +                            |                           |          | 2.05            |                  |                             | +                     | <u>+</u>        |                    | <u> </u>     |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      | 160   |   |
| 1×      | MERCURY               | -1_<br>       | 1 0             |                              |                           |          | 1 05            |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |              |                      |                             | 1                         |                    |                               |      | 2     |   |
| 3       | NCKEL                 | 19            | 1.0             |                              | 1                         | 1        | 1 05            | -                | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    |              |                      | +                           |                           |                    |                               |      | 8     |   |
| 3       | SELENIUM              | 10            | 1.0             |                              | 1                         | 1        |                 | 1                |                             | 1                     |                 | <b></b>            |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       | • |
| 32      | VANADIUM              | 15            |                 |                              | 1                         | 1        |                 | 1                | T                           |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
| 3       | 3 ZINC                | 1.5           | 5               |                              | 345                       | 1        | 9.75            |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      | 4     |   |
| 34      | OIL & GREASE          | MG            |                 | 1                            |                           | 1        | 1 56            | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      | 6.4   |   |
| 3       | PHENOLSX 10           | 14            | 4.4             |                              | +                         | 1        | 8.58            | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    | ·            |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      | 35    |   |
| 3       | SURFACTANTS           | MG            | 0.04            | 1                            |                           | <b>_</b> | 0.079           | 2                |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           | •                  |                               |      |       |   |
| 37      | ALGICIDES             | MG            | 0.04            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       | •               |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
| 36      | SODIUM                | MG            | 3 9             |                              |                           | 7.41     | 0.98            | 3                |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      | 6.4   |   |
| 39      | FREQUENCY             | (1<br>/10     | plan.           |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      | _                           |                           |                    |                               |      | -     |   |
|         |                       | 1 01          | <b></b>         | -                            |                           | T        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |
|         |                       |               |                 |                              | ·                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      |                             |                           |                    | _                             |      |       |   |
|         |                       |               |                 |                              |                           | 1        | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |              |                      | •                           |                           |                    |                               |      |       |   |

|                                          | R | E | М | A | R | ĸ | s |      |      |      |      |
|------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office files. |   |   |   | Ŧ | _ |   |   | <br> | <br> | <br> |      |
|                                          |   |   |   | ╉ |   |   |   | <br> |      | <br> | <br> |
| D: Intake values are zero                |   |   |   | t |   |   |   |      |      |      |      |
| R: Evaporator blowdown #2                |   |   |   | + |   |   | _ | <br> |      | <br> | <br> |
|                                          |   |   |   | ╉ |   |   | _ |      | <br> |      | <br> |
|                                          |   |   |   | 1 |   |   |   |      |      |      | <br> |
|                                          |   | _ |   | T |   |   |   | <br> |      |      | <br> |
|                                          |   |   |   |   | _ |   |   | <br> | <br> |      |      |

PLANT CODE NO. 3619

PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 438 MW FUEL: Coal & Oil AGE OF PLANT:

|    |                        |                         | Α      | в        | C          | D        | ε        | F       | G        | н         | I       | J        | к        | L        | м       | Ы      | 0        | P       | Ø | R     | S |
|----|------------------------|-------------------------|--------|----------|------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------|----------|---------|---|-------|---|
|    |                        |                         |        |          |            |          |          | -       |          | WAS       | te stri | EAM      |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
|    | DADAMETE               |                         |        | WAT      | ER<br>MENT | BL       | OWDOW    | 'N      |          |           | С       | LEANIN   | 3        |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
|    |                        | ``                      | INTAKE | CLARIF!- | ION        | BOILER   | EVAPO-   | COOLING |          | COAL PILE | BOILER  | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND |         | YARD & | SANITARY |         |   |       |   |
|    |                        |                         | WAJER  | WASTES   | WASTES     | DOILEN   | RATOR    | TOWER   | WATER    | DRAINAGE  | TUBES   | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |   |       |   |
| 1. | FLOW                   | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY |        |          | 5.7        | 50.6     | 4013     |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE            | °c                      |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS C+CO3 | мс                      | 16     |          | 918        | 26.9     | 16       |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 4  | BOD                    | MG∕_                    | 2      |          | 2          | 0        | 2        |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 5  | COD                    | MG∕                     | 3      |          | 3          | 0        | 3        |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 6  | T5                     | MG                      | 423    |          | 21252      | 35       | 594      |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 7  | TDS                    | M%:                     | 423    |          | 21252      | 35       | 594      |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 8  | 755                    | MG                      | 0      |          | 0          | 0        | 0        |         | [        |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 9  | Ammonia as n           | MG∕                     | 0.01   |          | 89.6       | 0        | 0.01     |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N           | MG                      | 0.2    |          | 0.2        | 0        | 0.01     |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS             | MG/                     | 0.01   |          | 87.2       | 5.54     | 0.01     |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        | -        |         |   |       |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY              | JTU                     |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM         | NQ/<br>100%             |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,       | MG                      |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS         | M℃.                     | 16     |          | 7016       |          | 13.9     |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 16 | SULFATE                | MG<br>۲                 | 6.3    |          | 6.3        | 0        | 6.3      |         |          |           |         |          |          | 1        |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 17 | SULFITE                | MG                      |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE                | MG/                     |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE               | MG/L                    | 103    |          | 11983      | 1        | 103.3    |         |          |           |         |          |          | 1        |         |        |          |         |   | _     |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE               | MG                      |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM               | ₩%                      |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 22 | BORON                  | MG                      |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM               | #G/                     | 5      |          | 5          | :<br>    | 5        |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 24 | COPPER                 | #6/                     |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 25 | IRON                   | "%                      |        |          |            |          | <br>     |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 26 | LEAD                   | ۳ζ                      |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM              | MG                      | 1.5    |          | 753        |          | 1.3      |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE              | "%                      |        |          |            |          |          |         | <br>     |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 29 | MERCURY                | μG<br>/                 |        | ļ        |            | L        |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          | Ĺ       |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 30 | NICKEL                 | μG<br>/                 |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        | L        |         |   |       |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM               | 14                      |        |          |            |          |          | Ĺ       |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM               | "%                      |        |          |            | ļ        |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 33 | ZINC                   | *%                      | 12     |          | 12         |          | 12       |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE           | MС                      |        |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS                | "                       | 10     |          | 10         | L        | 10       |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS            | MG⁄<br>∕{               |        | 1        | ļ          | L        | ļ        | ļ       |          |           |         |          | L        | ļ        |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES              | м <u>с</u><br>Х         |        | ļ        | ļ          | <b> </b> | <b> </b> | ļ       |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   | L     |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                 | MU                      | 6.2    |          | 5821       | 13       | 6.4      | ļ       | ļ        |           |         |          |          | 1        |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY              | /YR                     |        | ļ        | L          | ļ        |          |         | <u> </u> |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   | ┝───┥ |   |
|    |                        |                         |        |          |            |          |          |         |          | .         |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
|    |                        |                         | ]      |          |            |          |          |         |          |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |       |   |
|    |                        |                         |        |          |            |          |          |         | _        |           |         |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   | i     |   |

|                                 | REM  | ARKS                                    |  |
|---------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------------|--|
| D: Intake Water Zero Concentrat | ions | Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files |  |
|                                 |      |                                         |  |
|                                 |      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |  |
|                                 |      |                                         |  |
|                                 |      |                                         |  |
|                                 |      |                                         |  |
|                                 |      |                                         |  |
|                                 |      |                                         |  |

#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3617

## CAPACITY: 350 MW TABULATION BY: SC FUEL: Coal, Oil & Gas DATE: 4-18-73 AGE OF PLANT: SHEET NO, 1 OF 2 CAPACITY: 350 MW

|    |                                       | Г    | Δ               | R                  | <u> </u>        | D        | E                | c                |          | Ц         |                 |                    | 14                 | <b>.</b> .           | ·                |               |            |            |          | - 1                                          |   |
|----|---------------------------------------|------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|------------------|----------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|----------------------------------------------|---|
| ſ  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | -+   |                 |                    |                 | <u> </u> |                  |                  | 6        | WAS       |                 | J                  | ĸ                  | L                    | м                | М             | 0          | P          | <u>u</u> | к                                            |   |
|    |                                       | .    |                 | WA                 | ERNIT           | 8        |                  | /N               |          |           | C               | FAMIN              |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
|    |                                       | R    | INTAKE<br>WITER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER   | EVIAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOKLER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &        | SANITARY   | NUCLEAR    |          |                                              |   |
| T  | FLOW                                  |      |                 |                    | 174 2           |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      | DEVICES          | E AF          | <u> </u>   |            |          |                                              |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE                           | ٩    |                 |                    | 1/4.3           |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 | -                  | _                  |                      |                  | 5.45          |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO                 | "%   | 35              |                    | 220             |          | <u> </u>         |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | 25            |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 4  | BOD                                   | 19   | 4               |                    | 0               |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | <br>/         |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 5  | 00                                    | MG/  | 4               |                    | 4.9             |          | 1                |                  |          | <b></b>   |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | 4             |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 6  | TS                                    | щ    | 176             |                    | 431             |          |                  | 1                |          |           |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                  | 181           |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 7  | TDS                                   | ₩¢   | 176             |                    | 431             |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | 176           |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 8  | 155                                   | МÝ   | 0               |                    | 0               |          |                  |                  | [        |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | 5             |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N                          | *    | .07             |                    | 0               |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | .07           |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N                          | 14   | 0.5             | ļ                  | 0.5             |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | 0.5           |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| п  | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P                    | X    | .01             |                    | 3.17            |          | ļ                |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | <b>k</b> 0.01 |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                             | JTU  | 0               | ļ                  |                 |          | ļ                |                  |          | ļ         |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | <1            |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM                        | 1004 |                 | ļ                  |                 |          |                  | L                |          | ļ         |                 |                    |                    |                      | L                |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO                       | X    |                 | ļ                  |                 | <u> </u> | ļ                |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 15 | AS CACO                               | X    | 29.1            | <u></u>            | 6               |          |                  | <b> </b>         |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 16 | SULFATE                               | X    | 5               |                    | 31.3            |          |                  | <b> </b>         | ļ        | ļ         |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 17 | SULFITE                               | X    |                 |                    |                 | <u> </u> |                  |                  |          | ──        |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          | -                                            |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE                               | Z.   |                 |                    |                 | 1        | +                |                  | +        |           |                 |                    |                    | +                    |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
|    | CHLORIDE                              |      | 10              |                    | 70              | +        |                  |                  | +        |           |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                  | 10            | -          |            |          |                                              |   |
| 20 | ALLINANTIN                            | 1    |                 | +                  | +               | +        |                  | -                |          |           |                 |                    |                    | +                    |                  |               | <u>+</u> - | <u></u>    |          |                                              |   |
| 22 | 80804                                 | 1    |                 | <u> </u>           | +               | <u> </u> | +                |                  | + ·- ·-  |           |                 |                    |                    | +                    |                  |               | 1          |            |          |                                              |   |
| 23 | CHROMILIN                             | 1    |                 |                    |                 |          | +                | +                | +        |           |                 |                    |                    |                      | +                |               | <u> </u>   |            |          |                                              |   |
| 24 | COPPER                                | 10   |                 |                    | +               | 1        | 1                |                  | 1        | 1 -       | -               |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 25 | IRON                                  | 19   |                 |                    | 1               | <u> </u> | +                |                  | 1        | <u> </u>  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            | +          | -        |                                              |   |
| 26 | LEAD                                  | -4   |                 | 1                  |                 |          | 1                |                  | <u> </u> | 1         |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM                             | MG   | 1               | 1                  | 0.4             | 1        | 1                |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE                             | 12   |                 |                    |                 |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    | Γ                    |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 29 | MERCURY                               | 14 G |                 |                    |                 |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               | 1          |            |          |                                              |   |
| 30 | NCKEL                                 | 14   |                 |                    |                 |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               | ↓          |            |          |                                              |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM                              | 14   |                 |                    |                 |          | <u> </u>         |                  |          |           |                 |                    | ļ                  |                      | ļ                | ļ             |            | <u>ا ا</u> |          |                                              |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM                              | 1%   |                 |                    | 1               |          |                  |                  |          |           | L               |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 33 | ZINC                                  | *%   | 4               |                    | 25              |          |                  |                  |          |           |                 |                    | ļ                  |                      | Ļ                |               | <u> </u>   |            |          |                                              | - |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE                          | MG   | 4               |                    | 0               |          | 4                |                  |          | ļ         |                 | <b> </b>           | 1                  |                      |                  | 5             | <b> </b>   |            |          |                                              |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS                               | 1/1  | 1               |                    | 0               |          | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>         | <u> </u> | <u> </u>  |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS                           | *%   |                 | 1                  |                 | <b>_</b> |                  |                  |          |           | ↓               |                    |                    |                      | <u> </u>         | ÷             | <u> </u>   | ļ          |          |                                              |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES                             | 1/2  | <b>[</b>        |                    |                 |          | ┥                | <u> </u>         | +        |           | ┣──             |                    |                    | +                    |                  | <u> </u>      |            | +          |          | <u>├                                    </u> |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                                | K    | 4               |                    | 4.9             |          |                  |                  | <b>+</b> |           |                 | ···                | <u> </u>           | +                    |                  |               |            |            |          | <u> </u>                                     |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY                             | 1/YR |                 |                    |                 |          | +                | +                | +        |           | +               |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              | · |
|    | 1                                     |      |                 | -                  | ·               | -        | .                | -                |          |           | ·               |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |
|    |                                       |      |                 |                    | ·               |          |                  | -                |          | ·         |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |               |            |            |          |                                              |   |

| REMARKS                                            |  |
|----------------------------------------------------|--|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files.           |  |
| C: Boiler Evaporator Blowdown #1 & Ion Exchange #1 |  |
|                                                    |  |
|                                                    |  |
|                                                    |  |
|                                                    |  |
|                                                    |  |

PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3617

CAPACITY: <u>350 MW</u> FUEL: <u>Coal, Oil & Gas</u> AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_TABULATION BY: <u>SC</u>\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_DATE: \_\_\_\_\_**4-18-73**\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_SHEET NO. <u>2</u>\_\_OF\_<u>2</u>\_\_\_\_\_

|    |                       | Γ                       | A            | в        | С           | D        | E         | F        | G        | н              | +      | J        | к        | L        | м       | Ы      | 0        | P.      | Q | R | s |
|----|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------------|--------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------|----------|---------|---|---|---|
| Γ  |                       |                         |              |          |             |          |           |          |          | WAS            | TE STR | EAM      |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 1  |                       |                         |              |          | ER<br>MENT  | BL       | OWDOW     | /N       |          |                | С      |          | 5        |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
|    | PARAMETE              | R.                      | INTAKE       | CLARIFI- | ION         | Poulp    | EVAPO-    | COOLING  | CONDENS  | COAL PILE      | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND |         | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |   |   |   |
|    |                       |                         | WATER        | WASTES   | WASTES      | BULLER   | RATOR     | TOWER    | WATER    | DRAINAGE       | Tubres | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |   |   |   |
| 1  | FLOW                  | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY |              |          | 319.2       |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          | _        |         | 13.6   |          |         |   |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °ر                      |              |          |             |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | ₩C⁄[                    | 35           |          | 135         |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 35     |          |         |   |   |   |
| 4  | 800                   | MG                      | 4            |          | 0           |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 4      |          |         |   |   |   |
| 5  | COD                   | MG                      | 4            |          | 15          |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 4      |          |         |   |   |   |
| 6  | TS                    | MG/                     | 176          |          | <b>3</b> 66 |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 176    |          |         |   |   |   |
| 7  | TDS                   | мç                      | 176          |          | 366         |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 176    |          |         |   |   |   |
| 8  | 755                   | Mγ                      | 0            |          | 0           |          | -         |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 0      |          |         |   |   |   |
| 9  | Ammonia as n          | MG                      | 0.07         |          | 0           |          |           | 1        |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 0.07   |          |         |   |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | HG/                     | 0.5          |          | 1.91        |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 0.5    |          |         |   |   |   |
| Ш  | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P    | MG                      | .01          |          | 1.97        |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 40.01  |          |         |   |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU                     | <b>\$</b> 1  |          |             |          |           |          |          | 1              |        |          |          |          |         | < 1    |          |         |   |   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        | NQ/                     |              |          |             |          |           |          |          | <b>•</b> ••••• |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO       | MG                      |              |          |             |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS        | MG                      | 29           |          | 36          |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE               | MG                      | 5            |          | 19.1        |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 17 | SULFITE               | MG                      | - <b>-</b>   |          |             |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   | _ |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | MG                      |              |          | 1           |          |           | <u> </u> |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | MG                      | 10           |          | 99          |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         | 10     | -        |         |   |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | MG                      |              |          |             |          | <u> </u>  |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 21 |                       | #6/                     |              |          |             |          | -         | 1        |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 22 | BORON                 | MG                      |              |          |             |          |           | +        |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM              | 46                      |              | -        | 1           | <u> </u> |           |          | 1        |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 24 | COPPER                | HG/                     |              |          |             | h        |           |          | <u> </u> |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 25 | IRON                  | "9                      |              |          |             |          |           |          |          |                |        | i        |          | +        |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 26 | LEAD                  | #G/                     |              |          |             |          |           |          | 1        |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | MG                      | - 1          |          | 1           |          |           | 1        |          | -              |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | 19                      | -            |          |             |          |           | <u> </u> | 1        |                |        |          |          | <u></u>  |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY               | HG                      |              |          |             |          |           | †        |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 30 | NICKEL                | #G                      | _            |          |             |          |           | <u> </u> |          | <u>†</u>       |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | FG/                     |              |          |             |          |           |          | <u> </u> | +              |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | 1/2                     |              |          | 1           |          | 1         |          | <u> </u> |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC                  | +6/                     | 1            |          | 15          | t        | †         | 1        |          | 1              |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG                      |              |          | 0           |          | -         |          | t        |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | 15                      | 1            |          |             | <u>+</u> |           | 1        | t        |                |        |          |          | ····     |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | MC                      |              |          | μ <u>ν</u>  | +        |           | ţ        |          | 1              |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | MC                      |              |          |             |          |           | 1        | <u> </u> | <u> </u>       |        |          |          | +        |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                | MG                      | 1            |          | 10          |          | <u> -</u> |          |          | 1              |        |          |          | <u> </u> |         |        |          |         |   |   | 1 |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYČS<br>ZYR             | <del>-</del> | 1        | - 32        |          |           | 1        | <u> </u> | +              |        |          |          |          |         |        |          | -1      |   |   |   |
| L  |                       |                         |              |          | +<br>       |          | 1         |          | <u> </u> | 1.             |        |          | 1        |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
|    |                       |                         |              |          |             |          |           | ·        |          | -              |        |          | <b>-</b> |          |         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
|    |                       |                         |              |          |             |          |           |          |          |                |        |          |          |          |         |        |          | ·       |   |   |   |

| REMA                                           | A R K S |
|------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Data Source: EPA Region II Office Files.       |         |
|                                                |         |
| C: Evaporator Boiler Blowdown #2, Ion Exchange |         |
| Waste #2                                       |         |
|                                                |         |
|                                                |         |
|                                                |         |
|                                                |         |
|                                                |         |
|                                                |         |

CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 300 MW

PLANT CODE NO. 3626

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|     |                       |                         | Α               | В                                             | C                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | Ι               | J                  | к                  | L                    | М                           | М                         | 0                  | Ρí                            | Q     | R          | S |
|-----|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------|------------|---|
|     |                       |                         |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | ·, ·                          |       |            |   |
|     | PARAMETE              | R                       |                 |                                               | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | 3                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
|     |                       |                         | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES                  | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ash pond<br>Overflow | AIR<br>Pollution<br>Devices | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL | :     |            |   |
| 1   | FLOW                  | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               | 261.2 |            |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE           | °c                      |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | M℃/                     | 88              |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 86    |            |   |
| 4   | 800                   | MG/                     |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 5   | 00)                   | <u>۳</u>                |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 6   | TS                    | <u>~</u>                |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 7   | TDS                   | 7                       | 305             |                                               | L                         |          |                 |                  |                             | 28970                 |                 |                    | _                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 315   |            |   |
| 8   | T55                   | 7                       | 15              |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 100                   |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | <br>                      |                    |                               | 370   |            |   |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N          | X                       |                 | <br>                                          | <b> </b>                  | <br>     |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
|     | NITRATE AS N          | X                       |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  | <b> _</b>                   |                       |                 |                    |                    | '                    |                             |                           |                    |                               | •     |            |   |
|     | AS_P                  | Z                       |                 | <u> </u>                                      |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 12  |                       | 10                      |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | •     | · · · ·    |   |
|     | ACIDITY AS CLOD       | MGy                     |                 | <b> </b>                                      |                           | ÷        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       | <u>400</u> |   |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS        | 1<br>1467               |                 |                                               |                           |          | ┼──             |                  | ┝                           | 21700                 |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       | 1 7 A5 :   |   |
| 16  | AS CACO,<br>SULFATE   | 1                       | - 24            | <u> </u>                                      |                           |          | · · ·           |                  |                             | 10000                 |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 17  | SULFITE               | 4 <u>6</u> /            | 24              |                                               |                           | <u>+</u> |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | 19000                 |                 |                    | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>             |                             | •                         |                    |                               | _40   |            |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE               | NG/                     |                 |                                               | <u> </u>                  |          |                 | +                |                             | <b>-</b>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE              | щý                      |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE              | 14                      |                 |                                               |                           |          | t               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | ,     |            |   |
| 21  | ALUMINUM              | 1%                      | 100             |                                               | 1                         |          | -               |                  |                             | (H21)                 |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             |                           |                    |                               | 710   | 1.1.4      |   |
| 22  | BORON                 | ž                       |                 | · · ·                                         |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | ·                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 23  | CHROMIUM              | *7                      | 10              |                                               |                           |          | [               |                  |                             | 15700                 |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 45    |            |   |
| 24  | COPPER                | *%                      | <b>&lt;</b> 10  |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 1800                  |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 10    |            |   |
| 25  | IRON                  | 1                       | 100             |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | (H25)                 |                 |                    | L                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 600   | •          |   |
| 26  | LEAD                  | 14                      |                 |                                               | ļ                         | L        |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |       |            |   |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM             | 7                       |                 | <u> </u>                                      | L                         |          | <b> </b>        | ļ .              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | •     |            | , |
| 28  | MANGANESE             | 12                      |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 29  | MERCURY               | 16,                     |                 | <u>                                      </u> | -                         | -        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | <u> </u>                    |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |       | T.         |   |
| 30  |                       | X<br>#6,                |                 |                                               |                           |          | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 10  |                       | 1-                      |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  | <b></b>                     |                       |                 |                    | <b> </b>           |                      |                             | -                         |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 22  | 714                   | 46                      | 14              |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | 1 2500                |                 | -                  |                    |                      | -                           |                           |                    | -                             | 10    |            | _ |
| 30  |                       | MG                      | 14              | <u> </u>                                      | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    | 12500                 | · · •           |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | t                  |                               | 19    |            |   |
| 136 | PHENOLS               | -6/                     |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  | <b> </b>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | t                    |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      |       |            |   |
| 176 | SURFACTANTS           | 1<br>46/                |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | <b> </b>           |                      |                             |                           | 1                  |                               |       |            |   |
| 37  | ALGICIDES             | MG                      |                 |                                               |                           | <u> </u> | -               |                  | <u> </u>                    | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 38  | SODIUM                | MG/                     |                 |                                               |                           | <u> </u> |                 | t –              |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
| 39  | FREQUENCY             |                         |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
|     |                       |                         |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |            |   |
|     |                       |                         |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | . <u></u>                   |                           |                    | .                             |       |            |   |
|     |                       |                         |                 |                                               |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | L                           |                           | 1                  | L                             |       |            |   |

| REMA                                          | ARKS                                  |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Data Source: Chemical Analysis of the Samples |                                       |
| collected during Burns & Roe, Inc.            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| visit to plant.                               |                                       |
| O: Average of Unit #1 & 2 Ash Hopper Flow     |                                       |
| H21: 1.2 (10 <sup>6</sup> )                   |                                       |
| H25: 4.7 (10 <sup>6</sup> )                   |                                       |
|                                               | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|                                               |                                       |
|                                               |                                       |
|                                               |                                       |

#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3630

#### CAPACITY: <u>628 MW</u> FUEL: <u>Coal</u> AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

| _  |                            |                  | Α               | В                            | _ C                       | D        | Е               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | К                  | L                    | М                           | N                         | 0        | P                             | Q | R | S        |
|----|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|---|---|----------|
|    |                            |                  |                 |                              | _                         |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
|    | PARAMETE                   | p                |                 | WAT                          | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | 5                  |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
|    |                            |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | EVAPO-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | air<br>Pollution<br>Devices | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |   |          |
| 1  | FLOW                       | M <sup>3</sup> / |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | ₹.                 |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE                | °c               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY                 | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 4  | BOD                        | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 5  | COD                        | MG               |                 | _                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 6  | TS                         | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 7  | TDS                        | MG               |                 |                              |                           | 7        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 8  | T55                        | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N               | ΜĠ               |                 |                              |                           | 0.15     |                 |                  |                             | -                     |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N               | MG               | _               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | •                    |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| Ш  | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P         | MG               |                 |                              |                           | 0.1      |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                  | JTU              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               | • |   |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM             | NQ/              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,           | MG/              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS CACO, | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | _        |                               |   |   |          |
| 16 | SULFATE                    | мç               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 17 | SULFITE                    | MG/              |                 | ļ                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   | - |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE                    | Μζ               |                 |                              |                           | <br>     |                 | L                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <br>                 |                             |                           |          |                               | _ |   |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE                   | MG.<br>.L        |                 | ļ                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE                   | 1                |                 | ļ                            |                           | ļ        |                 |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 21 | ALUMINUM                   | 17               |                 | <br>                         |                           | ļ        |                 | <u> </u>         | ļ                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 22 | BORON                      | 7                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM                   | 1/               |                 |                              |                           | 50       | ,<br>           |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   | <u> </u> |
| 24 |                            | 1                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             | +                     |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 25 |                            | 1                |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          | ļ               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 20 |                            | ΥL<br>MG,        |                 | <u>+</u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 21 | MAGNE SIUM                 | μGγ              |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 20 | MERCURY                    | 1<br>46,         |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                     | 1/L<br>#6/       |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u> |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM                   | 1<br>46/         |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 | <u>+</u>         | <u>+</u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | <del> </del>         |                             | · ·                       |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 32 | VANADIUM                   | 4.67             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 33 | ZINC                       | -2               |                 |                              |                           | 30       |                 |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE               | MG               |                 |                              | <u>†</u>                  |          | <u> </u>        |                  | <u>+</u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS                    | 46               |                 | -                            |                           |          |                 | 1                | <u>+</u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS                | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <b>†</b>         |                             | t                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES                  | MC               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | 1        |                 | 1                | <u> </u>                    | 1                     |                 |                    | •                  |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 38 | SODIUM                     | MG               |                 | 1                            | 1                         | <u> </u> | †               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      | 1                           |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY                  | CYCS<br>/YR      |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
|    |                            |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | 1                           | İ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
|    |                            |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |
|    |                            |                  |                 | }                            |                           | 1        |                 |                  | · ·                         |                       |                 |                    | ——                 |                      | <u> </u>                    |                           |          |                               |   |   |          |

|              |                         | REM                                   | ARKS                                  |                                       |  |
|--------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Data Source: | Information supplied by | utility.                              |                                       |                                       |  |
|              |                         |                                       | 1                                     | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |
|              |                         | -                                     |                                       |                                       |  |
|              |                         | ······                                |                                       | •                                     |  |
|              |                         |                                       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                                       |  |
|              |                         |                                       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |
|              |                         |                                       |                                       |                                       |  |
|              |                         | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                                       |                                       |  |
|              |                         |                                       |                                       |                                       |  |
|              |                         |                                       | l                                     |                                       |  |

#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3635

# CAPACITY: 610 MW TABULATION BY: FUEL: Nuclear DATE: AGE OF PLANT: Construction SHEET NO. 1

| TABUL ATION | BY : | SC     |
|-------------|------|--------|
| DATE :      |      | 5-1-73 |
|             | 1 05 | 1      |

|    |                    | _               | A               | В                            | C                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | I.              | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | Ы                         | 0                  | 9                             | Q | R | S |
|----|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
|    |                    |                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | te str          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|    | PARAMETER          | R               |                 |                              | MENT                      | B        | OWDOW           | N                |                             |                       | С               |                    | 5                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|    |                    |                 | INTAKE<br>WITER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ion<br>Exchange<br>Wastes | BOILLR   | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>CDOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   | ĺ |   |
| 1  | FLOW               | M*/<br>DAY      | (Al)            |                              | (C1)                      |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                             | adr. Co.s                 |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE        | •               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | -                  |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY I       | ٣٤              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | _                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 4  | BOD                | ۳ <u>۶</u>      |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 5  | 000                | мÝ              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 6  | TS                 | "%              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 7  | TOS                | <b>۳</b> %      | 233             |                              | 233.1                     | 3        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 8  | T55                | ٣Ŷ              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N       | 2               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N       | 4               | 0.62            |                              | 0.621                     |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P | **              | 0.19            |                              | 0.19                      |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY          | JTU             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM     | KOOMA           |                 |                              | Ļ                         |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO    | X               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 15 | AS CACO            | X               |                 | L                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE            | X               | 30              |                              | 30.64                     | <b> </b> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 17 | SULFITE            | X               |                 | ļ                            | <u> </u>                  |          | ļ               | <u> </u>         |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    | <br>                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE            | X               |                 |                              |                           | +        |                 | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE           | 7               | 30              | <u> </u>                     | 30.08                     | 3        |                 | +                | +                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE           | 7               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | _                         |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM           | L<br>MC/        |                 |                              | +                         | ļ        | <u> </u>        |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 22 | BORON              | 1               |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | <b> </b> | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       | -               |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 23 | CORONIUM           | 1 -6/           |                 | +                            | <u> </u>                  |          | !               | +                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 24 |                    | 1-6/            |                 |                              | 100                       |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 20 |                    | 16/             | 90              |                              | 1100                      |          |                 |                  | +                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM          | Ľ.<br>₩G        |                 |                              | 0.01                      |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE          | 19              | 10              | +                            | 10.02                     | 1        |                 |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY            | #G              |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  |          |                 | 1                | <u>†</u>                    | 1                     |                 | †                  |                    |                      |                             |                           | 1                  |                               |   |   |   |
| 30 | NICKEL             | 10              |                 | †                            | -                         | †        |                 | 1                |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      | 1                           |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM           | 1               |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  |          | 1               | <u> </u>         | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 32 | VANADRAM           | 1.5             |                 | <u> </u>                     | 1                         | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC               | 18              |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE       | MGy             |                 | 1                            | 1                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS            | 1%              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 34 | SURFACTANTS        | 12              |                 | 1                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | l                  | <b></b>            |                      |                             |                           | L                  |                               |   |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES          | *%              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     | <u> </u>        | L                  | ļ                  | ļ                    | L                           |                           |                    |                               |   |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM             | <del>الار</del> | 17              |                              | 17.31                     |          |                 | L                |                             |                       | ļ               |                    | ļ                  | ļ                    | ļ                           |                           | ļ                  |                               |   |   | L |
| 39 | FREQUENCY          | CYC'S<br>/YR    |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                | <b></b>                     | <u> </u>              | ļ               |                    | ļ                  | <u> </u>             | ļ                           | <u> </u>                  | ļ                  | ļ                             |   |   |   |
|    |                    |                 |                 |                              | İ                         |          |                 |                  |                             | .                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | İ <u></u>                 |                    |                               |   |   |   |
|    | I                  |                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | .                             |   |   |   |
|    | 1                  |                 |                 |                              |                           | 1        | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     | 1               | 1                  | 1                  | 1                    | 1 .                         | 1                         | 1                  | 1                             |   | 1 | 1 |

| R E M A                                         | A R K S            |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Data Source: Final Environmental Statement      | A1: 2018544        |
| U.S. Atomic Energy Commission                   | <u>C1: 2018544</u> |
| Dated, March 1973                               |                    |
|                                                 |                    |
| C: Dissolved in 2018544M /Day Circulating Water |                    |
| during 10-hour periods of chemical discharge    |                    |
| once every 4 days.                              |                    |
|                                                 |                    |
|                                                 |                    |
|                                                 |                    |

#### <u>PLANT DATA SHEET</u>

PLANT CODE NO. 3713

CAPACITY: 2137 MW FUEL: Coal & Oil AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

TABULATION BY: \_\_\_\_\_\_SC SHEET NO. <u>1</u> OF <u>1</u>

|    |                        | ſ                   | А               | В                            | С                         | D        | Ε               | F                | G                           | н                     | T               | J                  | к                  | L                    | М                           | М                         | 0                  | P                             | Q    | R | S   |
|----|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------|---|-----|
| [  |                        |                     |                 |                              | · · ·                     |          | ·               |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | ·                             |      |   |     |
| 1  |                        |                     |                 | WAT<br>TREAT                 | ER<br>MENT                | BI       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | 3                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
|    | FARAMETE               |                     | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | air<br>Pollution<br>Devices | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |      | 1 |     |
| 1  | FLOW                   | M <sup>3</sup> /DAY |                 | 75.7                         | 38.46                     | 0.15     |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 41267                |                             |                           |                    |                               | 7.57 |   |     |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE            | °c                  | -               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO- | ₩G/                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 4  | BOD                    | MG                  |                 | -                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 5  | COD                    | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 6  | TS                     | MG                  |                 | 70                           | _                         | 50       |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 35                   |                             |                           |                    |                               | 300  |   |     |
| 7  | TDS                    | MG                  |                 | 300                          | 26000                     | 2        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 182                  |                             |                           |                    |                               | 975  |   |     |
| 8  | T55                    | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | † ·· ·           |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N           | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N           | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS             | MG                  |                 |                              |                           | 0        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 12 | TURBIDITY              | JTU                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM         | NQ/                 | -               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO        | мÇ                  |                 |                              |                           | 1        | -               |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS         | ΜŶ                  |                 |                              |                           |          | 1               | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 16 | SULFATE                | MG                  |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | †<br>1               |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 17 | SULFITE                | MG                  |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 | 1                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 18 | BROMIDE                | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ]                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 19 | CHLORIDE               | MG/                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 20 | FLUORIDE               | MG                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 21 | ALUMINUM               | #%                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 22 | BORON                  | MG                  |                 |                              |                           | !<br>+   | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 23 | CHROMIUM               | μζ                  |                 | L                            |                           | +        | ·               | ļ                | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |      |   |     |
| 24 | COPPER                 | 14%                 |                 | L                            | L                         | L        | <u> </u>        |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | 100                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 25 | IRON                   | "%                  |                 |                              |                           |          | ļ               | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 500                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 26 | LEAD                   | "۲                  |                 |                              |                           | ļ        | ļ               |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM              | MG.                 |                 |                              |                           |          | <br>            |                  |                             |                       | _               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 28 | MANGANESE              | #Υ                  |                 | -                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 29 | MERCURY                | μG<br>/L            |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 30 | NICKEL                 | 1/2                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | 1                | <br>                        |                       |                 |                    |                    | 500                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 31 | SELENIUM               | #6                  |                 | [<br>                        |                           |          | +               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 32 | VANADIUM               | "%                  |                 |                              |                           |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 33 | ZINC                   | "%                  |                 |                              | ļ                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE           | MG                  |                 | L                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | L                  | <br>+                |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 35 | PHENOLS                | 46                  |                 |                              | ļ                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS            | Mς/                 |                 | L                            | 1                         |          | L               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 37 | ALGICIDES              | 1/2                 |                 |                              | ļ                         | <u> </u> | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 | ļ                  | ļ                  | -                    | İ —                         |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 38 | SODIUM                 | M                   |                 | ļ                            |                           |          | L               | L                | L                           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
| 39 | FREQUENCY              | /YR                 |                 | ļ                            | L                         | ļ        | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         | L                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | ļ                  | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
|    |                        | i                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      |      |   |     |
|    |                        |                     |                 |                              |                           |          | -               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |      |   |     |
|    | 1                      |                     | 1               | 1                            | 1                         | 1        | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     | 1               | 1                  | 1                  | 1                    | 1                           | 1                         | 1                  | 1                             |      |   | 1 1 |

| R E M                                          | ARKS |
|------------------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: Information supplied during Burns |      |
| & Roe - EPA Visit to plant                     |      |
|                                                |      |
| L: Also includes coal pile drainage            |      |
| B: Filter backwash waste stream                |      |
| Q: Coagulant sludge waste stream               |      |
|                                                |      |
|                                                |      |
|                                                |      |
|                                                |      |

PLANT CODE NO. 3920

 PLANT DATA SHEET

 CAPACITY:
 544 MW

 FUEL:
 Coal

 DATE:
 4-18-73

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

|                       |                       |                         | А               | В                            | С                         | D      | E               | F                | G                  | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                           | L        | м                | D        | 0                  | p.                 | Q          | R           | S |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|-------------|---|
|                       |                       |                         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    | WAS                   | te str          | EAM                |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
|                       | PARAMETE              | R                       |                 | TREAT                        | ER<br>MENT                | B      | OWDOW           | /N               |                    |                       | С               |                    | 3                           |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
|                       |                       |                         | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fi <b>re</b> side | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &   | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |            |             |   |
| 1                     | FLOW                  | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             | 27259    |                  |          | h                  | CONTROL            |            |             |   |
| 2                     | TEMPERATURE           | °c                      |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          | –                  |                    |            |             |   |
| 3                     | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | M¢                      | 38              |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             | 42       |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 4                     | BOD                   | ۳Ý                      | 0               |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             | 0        |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 5                     | (00)                  | MG                      | 70              |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             | 54       |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 6                     | 15                    | ₩ <u>%</u>              | 340             |                              |                           | l      |                 |                  | L                  |                       |                 |                    |                             | 650      |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 7                     | TDS                   | 7                       | 330             |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             | 640      |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 8                     | TSS                   | 1                       | 5               | ļ                            |                           | <br>   |                 |                  | L                  |                       |                 |                    |                             | 10       |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 9                     | AMMONIA AS N          | 7                       | 0.2             |                              | ļ                         |        |                 | }                |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             | 0.7      |                  |          | ļ                  | ļ                  |            |             |   |
| 10                    | NITRATE AS N          | L<br>MG                 | 0.8             |                              |                           | <br>   |                 |                  | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                             | 0.8      |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| <u><u><u></u></u></u> | AS P                  | ス                       | 0.09            |                              |                           |        |                 |                  | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    |                             | 0        |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 12                    |                       | MQ/                     |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
|                       | ACIDITY AS CACO       | MG/                     |                 | <del> </del>                 |                           |        |                 |                  | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 15                    | TOTAL HARDNESS        | MG                      |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| IE                    | SULFATE               | MG                      |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | †                |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 17                    | SULFITE               | MG                      |                 | 1                            | † ·                       |        | 1               |                  | <u>+</u>           |                       |                 |                    |                             |          | -                |          |                    | •·                 |            |             |   |
| 18                    | BROMIDE               | MG                      |                 |                              |                           | !      |                 | 1                | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    |                             |          | -                |          |                    | +                  |            |             |   |
| 19                    | CHLORIDE              | MG                      |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             | <u>+</u> |                  |          | 1                  |                    |            |             |   |
| X                     | ) FLUORIDE            | MG                      |                 |                              |                           | İ      |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 21                    | ALUMINUM              | 1                       |                 |                              |                           |        | <br>            |                  | L                  |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 22                    | BORON                 | 12                      |                 |                              |                           |        | ,               | L                | L                  |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 23                    | CHROMILIM             | #%                      |                 |                              | <br>                      | +      | +               | ļ                |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          | ļ                  |                    |            |             | - |
| 24                    | COPPER                | 12                      | L               | L                            |                           |        | 1               |                  | L                  |                       | ļ               |                    |                             |          | <u> </u>         |          |                    | ļ                  |            |             |   |
| 25                    |                       | 14                      | l<br>           |                              |                           |        | +               |                  | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          | <u> </u>           |                    | <u>-</u> - |             |   |
| 20                    | LEAD                  | 17                      |                 |                              |                           | +      | +               |                  | <u> </u>           |                       | -               | -                  |                             | -        |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 27                    | MAGNESIUM             | 7                       |                 |                              |                           |        | +               |                  | +                  |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    | +                  |            |             |   |
| 20                    | MANGANESE             | 7                       |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  | +                  |                       |                 |                    |                             | -        |                  |          | <u>+</u>           |                    |            |             |   |
|                       |                       | /L<br>#G,               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | +      |                 | +                | +                  |                       |                 |                    |                             | +        |                  |          | 1                  | +                  |            |             |   |
|                       |                       | 16,                     |                 | +                            |                           | +      |                 |                  | +                  | -                     |                 |                    | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u> |                  |          | +                  | +                  | <u> </u>   |             |   |
| 1                     |                       | 1-6                     |                 |                              |                           | +      | +               | <u> </u>         | +                  |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>                    |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            | - · · · · · |   |
| 1                     | 3 7100                | 1-5/                    |                 |                              | +                         |        | <u>†</u>        |                  | †                  |                       |                 |                    |                             | 1        | +                | •        | +                  | +                  |            |             |   |
| -<br>N                | 4 OIL & GREASE        | MG                      |                 |                              | +                         | +      | +               |                  | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          | 1                  | 1                  |            |             |   |
| 13                    | PHENOLS               | 16/                     |                 | 1                            |                           |        |                 |                  | 1                  |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>                    |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 3                     | SURFACTANTS           | HG/                     |                 | 1                            |                           | 1      | <u> </u>        | T -              | Γ                  |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 3                     | ALGICIDES             | MC                      |                 | 1                            | <u> </u>                  |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 3                     | 3 SODIUM              | MG                      |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          |                  |          |                    |                    |            |             |   |
| 39                    | FREQUENCY             | (775<br>/7R             |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 | ļ                  |                             |          | <b> </b>         | <u> </u> | <u> </u>           |                    |            | L           | ļ |
| <b></b>               |                       |                         |                 |                              | 1                         |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             |          | .                |          | .                  |                    |            |             |   |
|                       |                       |                         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                             | .        |                  |          | -                  | -                  |            |             | . |
|                       |                       |                         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  | <u> </u>           |                       |                 | L                  |                             |          | <u> </u>         | L        |                    |                    | <u> </u>   | <u> </u>    | l |

| [            | REMARKS                                                                |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Data Source: | National Thermal Pollution Research<br>Program, computer review of EPA |
|              | Region V Corps of Engineers discharge permits.                         |
|              |                                                                        |
| ·            |                                                                        |
|              |                                                                        |

#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3927

AGE OF PLANT:

 
 CAPACITY:
 1469 MW
 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Coal
 DATE:
 4-18-73
 \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_ OF\_\_\_\_

|    |                       | [                 | A               | В                            | С                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | М                         | 0                                             | Р                             | Q     | R | S |
|----|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|---|---|
| ſ  |                       |                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    | · · · ·              |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
|    |                       |                   |                 | WA<br>TREAT                  | ER<br>MENT                | Bl       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               | LEANING            | ;                  |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   | - |
|    |                       |                   | intake<br>Water | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boiler<br>Fireside | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES                            | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |       |   |   |
| 1  | FLOW                  |                   | (A1)            |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | i                  |                    | 5300                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 45432 |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | Μ¢                | 95              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 164                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 120   |   |   |
| 4  | BOD                   | мÝ                | 0               |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0                    |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 0     |   |   |
| 5  | COD                   | MG                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 6  | TS                    | ₩%{               | 590             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1237                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 1556  |   |   |
| 7  | TDS                   | ₩¢~[              | 550             |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1170                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 1442  |   |   |
| 8  | 155                   | ₩Ŷ                | 36              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 53                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 110   |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | MG∕               | 0.40            | [                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.91                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 0.69  |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | ₩¢_               | 0.8             |                              | l                         | l        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1.13                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 1.79  |   |   |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS            | MC                | 0.1             |                              |                           |          | ļ               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.24                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 0.2   |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <b>_</b>         | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        |                   |                 |                              |                           | I        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | -                         |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO       | <u>~</u>          | 2               | I                            |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 4                    |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 6     |   |   |
| 15 | AS CACO               | M%                | 400             |                              |                           | <b> </b> |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | 675                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 910   |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE               | 1                 | 50              |                              |                           |          | ļ               |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 110                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 192   |   |   |
| 17 | SULFITE               | 7                 |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | 7                 | 0.09            |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 0.13                 |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 0.13  |   |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | 1                 | 149             | <u> </u>                     |                           |          | ÷               |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 310                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 376   |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | 7                 |                 |                              | ŀ                         |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 21 |                       | ₩G2               | 37              |                              |                           | +        |                 | +                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 190                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 86    |   |   |
| 22 | BORON                 | / <u>(</u><br>#6/ | 160             | · ·                          |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 920                  |                             | <u> </u>                  |                                               |                               | 1260  |   |   |
| 23 |                       | 1 <u></u><br>#6/  | 10              |                              |                           | <u> </u> | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 21                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 18    |   |   |
| 24 |                       | /∟<br>#6∕         | 91              |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  | <u> -</u>                   |                       |                 |                    |                    | 190                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 192   |   |   |
| 26 |                       | 1<br>46/          | 6               |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | +                | <u> </u>                    | +                     |                 |                    |                    | 150                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 102   |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | r<br>₩G           | 25              |                              |                           |          |                 | +                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 15                   |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 73    |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | νς<br>γς          | 157             | +                            |                           |          | +               | +                | ÷                           |                       | -               |                    |                    | 222                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 600   |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY               | μG                | /               |                              |                           | 1        |                 | 1                | <u> </u>                    | <u>†</u>              |                 |                    |                    | 2.2.5                |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 699   |   |   |
| 30 | NICKEL                | μG                | 13              | <u> </u>                     |                           |          | 1               |                  | <u> </u>                    | +                     | <del>-</del>    |                    |                    | 24                   | ļ•                          |                           | <b> </b>                                      |                               | 31    |   |   |
| 31 | SELÊNIUM              | ۲ <u>۲</u>        | 27              | <u> </u>                     | +                         |          | ∔<br>           | 1                | <u> </u>                    | +                     |                 |                    |                    | 58                   |                             |                           | t                                             |                               | 65    |   |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | #5/               |                 |                              |                           |          | 1               | 1                |                             |                       | <u> </u>        |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC                  | #5                | 15              | t                            | 1                         |          |                 | 1                | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 18                   | 1                           |                           | <u>                                      </u> | -                             | 50    |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG                |                 |                              | 1                         | 1        |                 | 1                |                             | +                     |                 |                    | -                  | 1                    |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | #6/<br>L          |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | †                           |                           | <u> </u>                                      | 1                             |       |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | МÝ                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | ЖÇ                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | Γ                           | 1                     |                 |                    | 1                  |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                | MG                | 98              |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 171                  |                             |                           |                                               |                               | 236   |   |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYCS<br>/YR       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
|    |                       |                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
|    |                       |                   |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               |                               |       |   |   |
|    | i                     |                   |                 | -                            | 1                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                                               | [                             |       |   |   |

| REMARKS                                                                  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research                         |  |
| Program, computer review of EPA<br>Region V Corps of Engineers discharde |  |
| permits.                                                                 |  |
| Q: Composite Discharges                                                  |  |
| A1: $2.98 \times 10^6$                                                   |  |
|                                                                          |  |

PLANT CODE NO. 3930

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

CAPACITY: \_\_\_\_\_\_COB\_1\_\_\_\_\_ FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_COB\_1\_\_\_\_\_ AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ TABULATION BY: \_\_\_\_\_<u>SC</u>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_<u>4-18-73</u>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ SHEET NO. \_1\_\_\_OF 1\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

|    |                       |                  | Α               | B        | C               | D        | Е               | F        | G                  | н         | 1        | J   | к      | L.       | м                | N                 | 0                                              | P        | Q            | R | S |
|----|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|----------|-----|--------|----------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------|--------------|---|---|
|    |                       |                  |                 |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    | WAS       | TE STR   | EAM |        | •        | •                |                   |                                                | ···      |              |   |   |
|    | PARAMETE              | R                |                 |          | MENT            | BL       | OWDOW           | /N       |                    |           | С        |     | 5      |          |                  |                   |                                                |          |              |   |   |
|    |                       |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI- | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR |          | CONDENS<br>COOLING | COAL PILE | BOILER   |     | BOILER | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLIUTION | YARD &            | SANITARY                                       | NUCLEAR  |              |   |   |
| 1  | FLOW                  | M <sup>2</sup> / | (3.1)           | WASIES   | III-SIES        |          |                 |          | WATER              |           |          |     |        |          | DEVICES          | DRAINS            |                                                | CONTROL  |              |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c               |                 |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 1514     |                  |                   |                                                |          | 3786         |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | MG/              | 135             |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 255      | <u> </u>         |                   |                                                |          | 220          |   |   |
| 4  | BOD                   | <u> </u>         | 0               | <u> </u> |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 233      |                  |                   |                                                |          | 230          |   |   |
| 5  | 000                   | MY               | 0               |          |                 |          |                 |          | _                  |           |          |     |        | 0        |                  |                   |                                                |          | 0            |   |   |
| 6  | TS                    | мY               | 1170            |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 2294     |                  |                   |                                                |          | 2254         |   |   |
| 7  | TDS                   | ۳ć               | 1134            |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 2193     |                  |                   |                                                |          | 2215         |   |   |
| 8  | T55                   | ۳۶               | 36              |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 101      |                  |                   |                                                |          | 39           |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | ٣٢               | 1.3             |          |                 | L        |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 4.7      |                  |                   |                                                |          | 2.5          |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | 1                | 0               |          |                 |          |                 |          | L                  |           |          |     |        | 4.2      |                  |                   |                                                |          | 0 <b>.97</b> |   |   |
| 11 | AS P                  | X                |                 |          | <u> </u>        | 1        | ļ               |          |                    |           |          |     |        | ļ        | ļ                |                   |                                                |          |              |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU              | 23              | <u> </u> |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 21       |                  |                   |                                                |          | 1            |   |   |
| 13 | FELAL COLIFORM        | ICOM<br>MG/      |                 |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          | ļ   |        |          |                  |                   |                                                |          |              |   |   |
| 14 | TOTAL HARDNESS        | L<br>MGy         |                 |          | <u> </u>        |          | <u> </u>        |          |                    | <u>-</u>  |          |     |        |          | +                |                   |                                                |          |              |   |   |
| 13 | AS CACO               | 1<br>MGy         | 330             |          |                 |          |                 |          | ├                  |           |          |     |        | 670      | <u> </u>         |                   | <u> </u>                                       |          | 680          |   |   |
| 17 | SLETTE                | 1<br>MG/         | 160             | i        | <u> </u>        |          |                 | <u> </u> |                    | <u> </u>  |          |     |        | 380      |                  |                   | <u></u>                                        |          | _460         |   |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | MGY              |                 |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    | <u> </u>  |          |     |        | h 04     |                  |                   |                                                |          | 0.04         | _ |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | MG               | 400             | <u> </u> | †               | <u>†</u> | 1               | 1        | <u> </u>           |           |          |     |        | 520      | +                |                   | <u>                                       </u> |          | 0.04         |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | 1                | 400             |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 1.520    | <u> </u>         |                   |                                                |          | , 20         |   |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM              | 1                | 0               |          |                 |          |                 |          | <u> </u>           |           |          |     |        | 21       |                  | -                 |                                                |          | 21           |   |   |
| 22 | BORON                 | *%               | 0               |          |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | 0        |                  |                   |                                                |          | 190          |   |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM              | え                |                 |          |                 |          | 1               |          | L                  |           |          |     |        |          |                  |                   |                                                |          |              |   |   |
| 24 | COPPER                | 2                |                 |          |                 | ļ        |                 |          | L                  |           | _        |     |        | L        |                  | ļ                 | ļ                                              |          |              |   |   |
| 25 | IRON                  | 7                |                 |          | ļ               | ļ        |                 | Ļ        |                    | <u> </u>  |          |     |        |          |                  | <u> </u>          | ļ                                              |          |              |   |   |
| 26 | LEAD                  | 1                |                 | ļ        | ļ               | ļ        | ļ               | ļ        | Ļ                  |           |          |     |        |          |                  |                   | <u> </u>                                       |          |              |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | 7                |                 | ļ        | <u> </u>        | <u> </u> |                 | <u> </u> |                    |           |          |     |        | ──       |                  |                   |                                                |          |              |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | ۲X<br>د          |                 | ┢        |                 |          |                 |          | <u> </u>           | ╉────     |          |     |        | <u> </u> |                  |                   | <b>+</b>                                       |          |              |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY               | /L<br>#G,        |                 | <u> </u> |                 | ┢        |                 | <u> </u> | +                  |           | ļ        |     |        | 16       | +                | <u> </u>          | +                                              |          |              |   |   |
| 20 | CEI EMILIM            | 1<br>#67         |                 | <u> </u> | <u>├</u>        |          | +               |          | +                  |           | ļ        |     |        | 12       |                  | <u>  · · · · </u> | +                                              | +        | 37           |   |   |
| 30 | VANADILM              | 1-               |                 | <u> </u> | 1               |          |                 | +        | <u>†</u>           |           |          |     |        | 74       |                  | 1                 |                                                | <u> </u> | /            |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC                  | 1-               | _               | <u> </u> | <u> </u>        | <u> </u> | <u> </u>        | <u> </u> | <u> </u>           | 1         | <u> </u> |     |        | 3        |                  |                   |                                                |          | 12           |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | щÇ               |                 |          | 1               | 1        | † ···           |          | <u> </u>           |           |          |     |        |          |                  |                   |                                                |          |              |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | 10               |                 |          |                 |          | 1               | 1        |                    |           |          |     |        |          |                  |                   |                                                |          |              |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | *                |                 | 1        |                 |          |                 |          |                    |           |          |     |        | Į        | ļ                | ļ                 |                                                |          |              |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | MG/              |                 |          |                 |          |                 |          | L                  |           |          |     |        |          | ļ                | ļ                 | ļ                                              | <b> </b> |              |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                | MG               | 0               |          |                 | L        | Ļ               | L        |                    | <b> </b>  |          |     |        | 92       | <u> </u>         |                   | <br>                                           |          | 88           |   |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYCS<br>Arr      |                 | · .      | ļ               | ļ        | L               |          |                    |           |          |     |        |          |                  |                   |                                                | <u> </u> |              |   | · |
|    |                       |                  | I               |          | İ               |          |                 | ·        |                    | ·         |          |     |        | ·        |                  |                   |                                                | ·        |              |   |   |
|    |                       |                  |                 |          |                 |          | .               | .        |                    |           |          |     |        | ·        |                  |                   | ·                                              | ·        |              |   |   |
|    |                       |                  | _               |          | l               |          |                 | L        | L                  | <u> </u>  | L        | L   | L      | 1        | <u> </u>         | L                 | L                                              | 1        | l            | 1 | L |

|      |                                        |                        | R             | E    | M A  | R | к | S_ |                                       |
|------|----------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|------|------|---|---|----|---------------------------------------|
| Data | Source: Natio                          | and Thermal Pollution  | Rese<br>f EP/ | aro  | ch   |   |   |    |                                       |
|      | Regio                                  | on V Corps of Engineer | <u>s dis</u>  | icha | arge |   |   |    |                                       |
| ·· · | perm;                                  | ts                     |               | _    |      |   |   |    |                                       |
| Q:   | Ash Pond discha                        | arge second stream.    |               |      |      |   |   |    | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| A1:  | 2.39 x 10 <sup>6</sup>                 |                        |               | _    |      |   |   |    |                                       |
|      | ······································ |                        |               |      |      |   |   |    |                                       |

.

PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 3936

CAPACITY: \_\_\_\_\_1086 MW FUEL: \_\_\_\_\_Coal AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

 TABULATION
 BY : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_SC

 DATE : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
 4-18-73

 SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_OF\_\_\_\_1

|    |                           | [                       | A      | 8           | С          | D        | Е      | F        | G        | н         | 1      | J        | к        | L        | м       | N      | 0        | n.      | Q          | R | S |
|----|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------------|------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------|----------|---------|------------|---|---|
|    |                           | _                       |        |             |            |          |        |          |          | WAS       | TE STR | EAM      |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
|    |                           | .                       | ĺ      | WA<br>TREAT | ER<br>MENT | BL       | OWDOW  | /N       |          |           | C      |          | G        |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
|    |                           |                         | INTAKE | CLARIFI     |            | BOILE    | EVAPO- | COOLING  |          | COAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND | AIR     | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |            |   | ĺ |
|    |                           |                         | WATER  | WASTES      | WASTES     |          | RATOR  | TOWER    | WATER    | ORAINAGE  | TUBES  | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW | DEVICES | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |            |   |   |
|    | FLOW                      | M <sup>3</sup> /<br>DAY | (Al)   |             |            |          |        |          | Ļ        |           |        |          |          | 3786     |         |        |          |         | 22716      |   |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE               | °c                      |        |             |            |          | L      |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO     | мY                      | 33     |             |            |          |        |          | 1        | 0         |        |          |          | 46       |         |        |          |         | 46         |   |   |
| 4  | BOD                       | MG/                     | 13     |             |            |          |        |          | i        | 10        |        |          |          | 15       |         |        |          |         | 15         |   |   |
| 5  | COD                       | ™{]                     | 14     |             |            |          |        |          |          | 806       |        |          |          | 16       |         |        |          |         | 30         |   |   |
| 6  | TS                        | мç/                     | 318    |             |            |          |        |          |          | 9999      |        |          |          | 705      |         |        |          |         | 998        |   |   |
| 7  | TDS                       | МÝ                      | 386    |             |            |          |        |          |          | 7743      |        |          |          | 833      |         |        |          |         | 1036       |   |   |
| 8  | <b>T</b> 55               | ΜĊ                      | 26     |             |            |          |        |          |          | 22        |        |          |          | 43       |         |        |          |         | 120        |   |   |
| 9  | AMMONTA AS N              | ₩¢                      | 1.04   |             |            |          |        |          |          | 1.77      |        |          |          | 1.87     |         |        |          |         | 2.05       |   |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N              | мç                      | 7.2    |             |            |          |        |          |          | 1.90      |        |          |          | 8.0      |         |        |          |         | 7.8        |   |   |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P        | МÇ                      | 0.1    |             |            |          |        | <u> </u> |          | 1.2       |        |          |          | 0.2      |         |        |          |         | 0.3        |   |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                 | JTU                     |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM            | NO/                     |        |             |            | <u> </u> |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,          | ₩¢_                     |        |             |            | ļ        | ļ      | L        |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS CACO | MУ                      | 160    |             |            |          |        |          |          | 1109      |        |          |          | 367      |         |        |          |         | <u>495</u> |   |   |
| 16 | SULFATE                   | ጚ                       | 103    |             |            |          |        |          |          | 5231      |        |          |          | 261      |         |        | L        | _       | 304        |   |   |
| 17 | SULFITE                   | мX                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         | _          |   |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE                   | МY                      |        |             |            |          |        | I        |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 19 | CHLORIDE                  | MG/                     | 39     |             |            |          |        |          |          | 481       |        |          |          | 74       |         |        |          |         | 90_        |   |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE                  | мq                      |        |             |            |          |        |          | <u> </u> |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 21 | ALUMINUM                  | *%                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 22 | BORON                     | МÝ                      |        |             | <u> </u>   |          | [<br>  |          |          |           | -      |          |          | ļ        |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 23 | CHROMIUM                  | 1/2                     | 4      |             |            |          | )<br>+ |          | L        | 370       |        |          |          | 4.5      |         |        |          |         | 11         |   |   |
| 24 | COPPER                    | *%                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 25 | IRON                      | "                       | 110    |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          | 144      |         |        |          |         | 150        |   |   |
| 26 | LEAD                      | *%                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM                 | M¢<br>₹                 | 14     |             |            |          |        |          |          | 89        |        |          |          | 29       |         |        |          |         | 28         |   |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE                 | 2                       |        |             |            |          |        |          | ĺ        |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 29 | MERCURY                   | #G<br>/                 |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 30 | NICKEL                    | #6                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          | L       |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM                  | <u>م</u> ر              |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM                  | *%                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 33 | ZINC                      | *                       | 15     |             |            |          |        |          |          | 2428      |        |          |          | 24       |         |        |          |         | 24         |   |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE              | MG                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS                   | "%                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS               | 2                       |        | 1           |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          | -        |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES                 | MG                      |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
| 38 | SODIUM                    | 1                       | 22     |             |            | ŀ        | L      |          |          | 160       |        |          |          | 52       | ļ       | L      |          |         | 54         |   |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY                 | CYCS<br>AR              | L      |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            | ] |   |
|    |                           |                         |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
|    |                           |                         |        |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |
|    | 1                         |                         | · ·    |             |            |          |        |          |          |           |        |          |          |          |         |        |          |         |            |   |   |

| REMARKS                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------|
| Data Source: National Thermal Pollution Research |
| Program, computer review of EPA                  |
| Region V Corps of Engineers discharge            |
| permits.                                         |
|                                                  |
| Q: Ash Pond Discharge #2                         |
|                                                  |
| A1: $4.55 \times 10^{5}$                         |
|                                                  |
|                                                  |

PLANT CODE NO. 4019 .

PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 45 MW FUEL: Coal - Oil - Gas AGE OF PLANT:

SC TABULATION BY : \_\_\_\_ DATE : \_\_\_\_\_ 5-1-73 SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

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|    |                 | r                |                 |                    |                 |          |                 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
|----|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------|----------|------------------|--------|--------------------|----------|---------------|---|----------|
| ſ  |                 |                  | A               | В                  | _ C             | D        | E               | _ F                                   | G        | н                     | 1               | J                  | к      | L        | М                | N      | 0                  | Р        | Q             | R | S        |
|    |                 |                  | ļ               |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       |          | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
|    | PARAMETE        | R                |                 |                    | MENT            | В        | LOWDOW          | /N                                    |          |                       | C               |                    | G      |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
|    |                 |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING                               |          | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR  |               |   |          |
| 1  | FLOW            | M'/              |                 |                    | 212             |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    | ~      |          | DEVICES          | URAINS | <u>.</u>           |          | 1 202         |   |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE     | °c               |                 |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 | -                  |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 1203          |   |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY      | MG               |                 |                    |                 |          | <b></b>         | •                                     |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
| 4  | BOD             | MG/              | 00              |                    | 82              |          |                 |                                       | _        |                       |                 |                    | ŀ.     |          |                  |        |                    |          | -39           |   |          |
| 5  | (00             | MG               | 1.0             |                    | 3.0             |          |                 | · · · · ·                             |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 3             |   |          |
| Ĕ  | TS              | 1                | 70              |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 9.8           |   |          |
| 7  | The             | <u>^L</u><br>NGy | 222             |                    | 284             |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 552           |   |          |
| Ľ. | 105             | 1<br>MG/         | 222             |                    | 278             |          |                 |                                       |          | +                     |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 547           |   |          |
| P  | 133             | 1<br>MG/         | 07              |                    |                 |          |                 | +                                     |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 5             |   | ļ        |
| 3  |                 | 1<br>MG          | 0.7             |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 0             |   |          |
| Ľ  | PHOSPHORUS      | 1<br>MG          | 0.4             |                    | 0.7             |          |                 | <u> -</u>                             |          | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 1.7           |   |          |
|    | AS P            | 1                | 0.3             |                    | 1.3             |          | <u> </u>        |                                       | <u> </u> | +                     |                 |                    |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |                    | <u> </u> | 0.3           |   |          |
| 12 |                 | NOZ              | 4.0             |                    | -               | <u> </u> |                 | <u> </u>                              |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | -             |   |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM  | ICOM             |                 |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    | <b>_</b> |               |   |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO | 7                |                 |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       | <b> </b> |                       |                 |                    |        | L        |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
| 15 | AS CACO         | X                | 146             |                    | 144             |          | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>                              |          |                       |                 |                    | ļ      | ļ        |                  |        |                    |          | 290           |   |          |
| 16 | SULFATE         | X                | 48              | <u> </u>           | 78              |          | ļ.,             |                                       | ļ        |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        | -                  |          | 52            |   | -        |
| 17 | SULFITE         | X                |                 | ļ                  |                 |          |                 | ╞───                                  |          | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        | ļ                  | <u> </u> |               |   |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE         | X                |                 |                    |                 | +        | ļ               |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    | l        |               |   |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE        | X                | 13              |                    | 28              | 1        | <u> </u>        | ļ                                     |          |                       |                 |                    |        | -        | ļ                |        |                    | ļ        | 34            |   |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE        | X                | 0.15            | <u> </u>           |                 | ļ        |                 | ļ                                     | ļ        | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | ļ      | ļ        | ļ                |        | ļ                  | ļ        | 0.15          |   |          |
| 21 | ALUMINUM        | X                |                 |                    | · ·             | ļ        |                 |                                       |          |                       | · -             |                    |        |          | <br>             |        |                    |          |               |   | L        |
| 22 | BORON           | 1%               |                 |                    | Ļ               |          |                 |                                       |          |                       | <b> </b>        |                    |        |          |                  |        | L                  |          | <br>          |   | ļ        |
| 23 | CHROMIUM        | 1%               | 170             |                    | 210             |          |                 | 1                                     |          |                       | <u> </u>        |                    | ļ      |          |                  | L      | ļ                  |          | 120           |   | <b> </b> |
| 24 | COPPER          | 1%               | 80              |                    | 50              | L        |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        | ļ        | ļ                | ļ      |                    | L        | 50_           |   |          |
| 25 | IRON            | 12               | 200             |                    |                 |          | L               | L                                     |          | L                     | 1               |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 100           | L |          |
| 26 | LEAD            | 12               |                 |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    | ļ        | +             |   |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM       | ۳۶               | 6               |                    | 3.5             |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        | 1                  |          | 8.8           |   | L        |
| 28 | MANGANESE       | 3                | 2000            |                    | 3100            |          |                 |                                       |          |                       | L               |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
| 29 | MERCURY         | 75               |                 |                    | [               |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
| 30 | NICKEL          | #G               | 6.5             | 2                  | 8.4             |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          | ļ                |        | ↓                  |          |               |   |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM        | 14               |                 |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       | _        |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   | ·        |
| 32 | VANADIUM        | 19               | Ĩ               |                    |                 |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
| 33 | ZINC            | 19               | 50              |                    | 100             |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 0.5           |   |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE    | MG               |                 |                    | 1               |          | · ·             |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS         | -6/              | 100             |                    | 50              |          |                 | 1                                     |          |                       | 1               |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 50            |   | ļ        |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS     | 46/              |                 | 1                  | +               |          |                 |                                       |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          | 1                |        |                    |          |               |   | [        |
| 37 | ALGICIDES       | MG               | h 003           |                    | 0.003           | <u> </u> |                 | 1                                     |          |                       | •               | ·                  |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | <b>\$.003</b> |   |          |
| 30 | SODIUM          | MG               | 8 7             | 1                  | 25.7            |          | 1               | 1                                     |          |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          | 15.0          |   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY       | cres             | <u> </u>        | <del>  .</del>     |                 | <u> </u> |                 | 1                                     | 1        | 1                     |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
| 25 | +               | IN YR            |                 |                    | +               | <u>+</u> | 1               | 1                                     | <u> </u> |                       | 1               | 1                  |        |          |                  |        |                    |          |               |   |          |
|    |                 |                  |                 |                    | ·               |          |                 |                                       | -        | -                     |                 |                    |        | -        |                  |        |                    |          | 1             |   |          |
|    |                 |                  |                 |                    | ·               |          | -               |                                       | ·        | ·                     |                 |                    |        |          |                  |        | -                  | -        | -             |   | ·        |

| -                                       | REMARKS .     |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|
| Date Source: Corps of Engineers Dischar | arqe Permit - |
| Dated: June 30, 1971                    |               |
|                                         |               |
| Q: Water Treatment Waste                |               |
|                                         |               |
|                                         |               |
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|                                         |               |

PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 4007

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CAPACITY: 40 MW, 80500 MW Hr./Yr TABULATION BY: SC 5-2-73 FUEL: Coal & Gas

AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_

DATE : \_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 1 OF\_

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Б С D Е F G н t J к L М Ρ R N 0 Q S А WASTE STREAM WATER TREATMENT BLOWDOWN CLFANING PARAMETER BOILER ASH POND POLLUTION FIRESIDE OVERFLOW DEVICES YARD & FLOOR DRAINS CLARIFI CATION WASTES ION EXCHANGE BOILLR WASTES CONDENS COOLING WATER NUCLEAR REACTOR CONTROL INTAKE WATER EVAPO-Rator COOLING TOWER COAL PILE DRAINAGE boiler Tu**be**s AIR PRE-HEATER SANITARY WASTES M<sup>3</sup>/ DAY FLOW 54.5 °c TEMPERATURE ALKALINITY AS CACO MG/L MG/L MG/L 40 0 BOD 0 0 COD 0 0 MG тs 0 0 MG 7 TDS 0 397 MG TSS 0 0 MG AMMONIA AS N 0 0 MG NITRATE AS N 0 0 PHOSPHORUS AS P 0 3.3 JTŲ TURBIDITY FECAL COLIFORM TOTAL HARDNESS MG MG SULFATE 27 155 MC SULFITE MÝ BROMIDE MG CHLORIDE 407 7.2 MG FLUORIDE #% ALUMINUM MC BORON 46 CHROMIUM 20 20 1% COPPER 46/ 46/ IRON LEAD MG MAGNESIUM 19 28 MANGANESE μG 29 MERCURY 30 NICKEL ۴G 1/2 31 SELENIUM 1/2 32 VANADIUM #% 33 ZINC 0 0 34 OIL & GREASE 35 PHENOLS μG/ 0 0 MG SURFACTANTS ALGICIDES MG SODIUM 76 109 FREQUENCY

|              | REMARKS                                            |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Data Source: | Corps of Engineers Discharge Permit<br>Application |
|              | Dated, June 23, 1971                               |
|              |                                                    |
|              |                                                    |
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#### PLANT CODE NO. 4004

### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION

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PLANT DATA SHEET

|    |                                    | -          | A               | в                            | C                         | D      | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | I               | J                  | к      | L        | м                           | N                         | 0                  | Ρ                             | Q | R | S        |
|----|------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|----------|
|    |                                    |            | ļ               | 1472                         |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | AM                 |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
|    | PARAMETE                           | R          |                 | TREAT                        | MENT                      | BL     | OWDOW           | N                |                             |                       | С               | FANING             | ;      |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
|    |                                    |            | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR | Evapo-<br>Rator | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |   |          |
| 1  | FLOW                               | M³/<br>DAY |                 |                              |                           | 45.2   |                 | 910              |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE                        | °c         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO              | "%         | 215             |                              |                           | 324    |                 | 127              |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 4  | 800                                | ٣          | 0               |                              |                           | 3      |                 | 2.3              |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 5  | 000                                | 4          | 0               |                              |                           | 13     |                 | 50               |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 6  | TS                                 | 7          | 1081            |                              |                           | 670    |                 | 7524             |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 7  | TDS                                | 7          | 1081            |                              |                           | 200    |                 | 4.07             |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 8  | TSS                                | Mγ<br>I    | 0               |                              |                           | 0.6    |                 | 0.2              |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N                       | X          | 0.087           |                              |                           | 0.22   |                 | 0.23             |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| ю  | NITRATE AS N                       | 1          | 0.32            |                              |                           | 0.07   |                 | 1.28             |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 11 | AS P                               | X          | 0.25            |                              |                           | 0.07   |                 | 0.11             |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             | -                         |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY                          | JTU        |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM                     | COM.       |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,<br>TOTAL HARDNESS |            |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 15 | AS CACO,                           | 1          | 352             |                              |                           | 348    |                 | 1400             |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 16 | SULFATE                            | MG/        | - 33            | <u> </u>                     |                           | 46.5   |                 | 1108             |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        | +        |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
|    | SOUTHE                             | 1          |                 | +                            |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE                            | MG         | 2.22            |                              |                           | 100    |                 | 1051             |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | İ —      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   |          |
|    | CHLORIDE                           | 1.<br>167  | 321             | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | 400    | <u> </u>        | 1351             | · · · –                     | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        | <u> </u> |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   |          |
| 20 |                                    | 1          |                 |                              | <u>+</u>                  |        |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | <u> </u> |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   |          |
| 2  | BORON                              | 10         |                 | ┼                            | +                         | +      | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |                             | <u>+ ·</u>            |                 |                    |        |          |                             | -                         |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM                           | -9         | 20              |                              |                           | 20     | †               | 20               |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 24 | COPPER                             | 10         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 25 | IRON                               | 15         |                 | 1                            |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          | 1                           |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   |          |
| 26 | LEAD                               | 16         |                 |                              |                           | 1      | f               | 1                | [                           |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM                          | <b>W</b> G |                 |                              |                           |        | T               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE                          | 12         |                 |                              | 1                         |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 29 | MERCURY                            | 16         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 30 | NCKEL                              | rG/        |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |   |   |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM                           | 10         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          | ļ                           |                           |                    |                               |   |   | L        |
| 32 | VANADIUM                           | 1%         |                 |                              | L                         |        |                 |                  | ļ                           | ļ                     |                 |                    |        | L        | L _                         | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   | L        |
| 33 | ZINC                               | "%         | 20              |                              |                           | 20     | ļ               | 3000             |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | <u> </u> | <u> </u>                    | ļ                         |                    |                               | ļ |   | <b>_</b> |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE                       | MG         |                 |                              |                           |        | L               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | ļ        |                             |                           | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>                      |   |   |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS                            | "/         | 0               |                              |                           |        |                 | 0                |                             |                       |                 | <b> </b>           |        |          |                             |                           |                    | +                             | · |   |          |
| 34 | SURFACTANTS                        | 2          |                 | ļ                            |                           |        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    | -                             |   |   |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES                          | MG         |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             | <u> </u>                  |                    | +                             |   |   |          |
| 36 | SODIUM                             | 1          |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY                          | /YR        |                 |                              |                           |        |                 | 1-               |                             | +                     |                 | I                  |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   | -        |
|    |                                    |            |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             | -                     | <u> </u>        |                    |        |          |                             |                           |                    |                               | - | - |          |
|    |                                    |            |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | ·        | ·                           |                           |                    |                               |   |   |          |
|    |                                    |            |                 |                              |                           |        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        | 1        | 1                           | L                         |                    | 1                             |   |   |          |

|                                                | RE   | М   | A  | R | ĸ | 5 |      |   |   |      |
|------------------------------------------------|------|-----|----|---|---|---|------|---|---|------|
| Data Source: Corps of Engineers Discharge Data | Perm | it_ | T  |   |   |   | <br> |   |   |      |
| Dated, June 23, 1971                           |      |     |    |   |   |   | <br> |   |   | <br> |
|                                                |      |     | +- |   |   |   | <br> |   |   |      |
| F: Estimated Concentrations                    |      |     |    | _ |   |   | <br> |   |   |      |
|                                                |      |     | ╋  |   |   |   | <br> | _ | = |      |
|                                                |      |     | ╉─ |   | · |   | <br> |   | • |      |
|                                                | ·    |     | ╈  |   |   |   |      |   |   | <br> |

PLANT CODE NO. 4003

## PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 510 MW, (3215700 MW TABULATION BY: SC FUEL: Coal, Oil, Gas Mr./Yr.) DATE: 5-2-73 AGE OF PLANT: SHEET NO. 1 OF\_1

|    |                 |                 | Α      | в                  | с               | D        | E               | F         | G            | н         | 1               | J        | к      | L        | м                | Ν      | 0        | ρ.       | Q   | R            | S |
|----|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|----------|--------|----------|------------------|--------|----------|----------|-----|--------------|---|
| f  |                 |                 |        |                    |                 |          |                 | · · · · · | WASTE STREAM |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
|    | PARAMETER       |                 |        | WAT                | ER<br>MENT      | BL       | OWDOW           | /N        |              |           | С               | LFANING  | 3      |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
|    |                 | `               | INTAKE | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR |           | CONDENS      | COAL PILE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE- | BOILER | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR  |     |              |   |
|    | FLOW            | M /             |        | WASTES             | WASTES          | 0.22     |                 |           | WATER        |           |                 |          |        |          | DEVICES          | DRAINS |          | CONTROL  |     |              |   |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE     | °ç              |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           |              |           |                 |          | ·      |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 3  |                 | MG              | 0      |                    | _               | 9        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 4  | BOD             | MG              | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 5  | COD             | MG              | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 6  | TS              | MG              | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 7  | TDS             | мų              | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 8  | TSS             | MG              | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N    | MG              | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N    | MG/L            | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| н  | PHOSPHORUS      | мç              | 0      |                    |                 | 2.5      |                 |           | L            |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 12 | TURBIDITY       | JTU             |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           | L            |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM  | NO/             |        | ļ                  |                 |          |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        | ļ        |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO | M6/             |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 15 | AS CACO,        | 12              |        |                    | ļ               | 1        |                 |           | L            |           |                 |          |        | ļ        |                  |        |          |          |     | <u>لا</u>    |   |
| 16 | SULFATE         | 7               | 57.4   | <b>1</b>           | <b></b>         | 87.8     |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     | <u> </u>     | , |
| 17 | SULFITE         | 1               |        | <u> </u>           |                 | <u> </u> |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     | ⊢Ì           |   |
| 18 | BROMIDE         | 7               |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     | ⊢            |   |
| 19 |                 | .∕.<br>MG∕      | 25     | <u> </u>           |                 | 6        |                 | +         |              | _         |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     | il           |   |
| 20 | FLUORIDE        | 1<br>46/        |        | <u> </u>           |                 |          |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |          |     | ┟───┤        |   |
| 21 |                 | MG/             |        | <u> </u>           |                 |          |                 | +         | <u> </u>     |           |                 |          |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |          |     | ┟────┥       |   |
| 23 | CHROMITIM       | 1               | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 | + • •     |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     | ├            |   |
| 24 | COPPER          | 12              |        |                    | <u> </u>        |          |                 | <u>+</u>  | ├──          |           |                 |          |        | <u> </u> |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 25 | IRON            | <u></u><br>     |        |                    | <u> </u>        |          |                 | <u> </u>  | <u> </u>     |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 26 | LEAD            | 46              |        |                    |                 | +        |                 | <u> </u>  | +            |           | Ì               |          |        | +        | -                |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM       | MG              |        |                    | 1               |          |                 | +         | <u> </u>     |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          | · · · ·  |     |              |   |
| 28 | MANGANESE       | 24              |        |                    | <u> </u>        |          |                 | 1         | <u> </u>     |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     | ·            |   |
| 29 | MERCURY         | #G              |        |                    | <u> </u>        |          |                 | 1         | †            | 1         |                 | 1        |        |          |                  |        | l        | İ        |     |              |   |
| 30 | NICKEL          | ₩G/             |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           |              |           | -               |          |        |          | <u> </u><br>     |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 31 | SELENIUM        | <u>"%</u>       |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 32 | VANADIUM        | 12              |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 33 | ZINC            | #%              | 0      |                    |                 | 0        |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE    | MG              |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           |              |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 35 | PHENOLS         | 12              | 0      | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>        | 0        |                 | ļ         | L            |           |                 |          |        |          |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS     | <u>₩6</u>       |        | ļ                  | ļ               | <b> </b> |                 | ļ         |              | ļ         | <u> </u>        |          |        |          |                  |        | <u> </u> |          |     |              |   |
| 37 | ALGICIDES       | 12              |        | ļ                  |                 | ļ        |                 |           | L            |           | ļ               |          |        | ļ        |                  | ļ      | ļ        |          | L . | <sup> </sup> |   |
| 38 | SODIUM          | 1               | 50     | <b> </b>           | L               | 51.7     |                 |           | <u> </u>     |           | ļ               |          |        | <u> </u> |                  | ļ      | <u> </u> | <b> </b> |     | <sup> </sup> |   |
| 39 | FREQUENCY       | ∕y <sub>R</sub> |        |                    | L               |          |                 |           | L            | <u> </u>  |                 | <u> </u> |        |          | ļ                | L      |          |          |     |              |   |
|    |                 |                 |        |                    |                 |          |                 | -         |              |           |                 |          |        | ·        |                  |        |          |          |     | <sup> </sup> |   |
|    |                 |                 |        |                    |                 |          |                 |           |              |           | i               |          |        | .        |                  |        |          |          |     |              |   |
|    | 1               |                 |        | 1                  |                 | 1        |                 |           | 1            | 1         | 1               | I I      | 1      | 1        | 1                | 1      | 1        | 1        | i   | 1            |   |

| R                                           | ΕM | M A | A F | γк | S | <br> | <br> |      |
|---------------------------------------------|----|-----|-----|----|---|------|------|------|
| Data Source: Corps of Engineers Application |    |     |     | •  |   | <br> | <br> | <br> |
|                                             |    |     | -   |    |   | <br> |      | <br> |
|                                             |    |     |     |    |   |      | <br> |      |
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|                                             |    |     |     |    |   |      |      | <br> |

|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 |          |          | CF                                           | EMICAI   | WAS       | TE CH  |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|------|----------|-------------|
|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 |          |          | <u>.</u>                                     | <u>F</u> | PI ANIT   | ΓλΑΤΔ  | CHEET    |           |           |             |          |          | ,        |      |          |             |
|               | PLANT CODE NO. 4706 CAPACITY 1.700 MW |             |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              |          | •         |        |          |           |           | LS          |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 |          |          | 1                                            | FUEL:    | Coa       | 1      |          |           |           | DATE :      |          | '        | 4-1      | 8-73 |          |             |
|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              | AGE OF   | PLANT     | Unit   | s_1-4    | , 195     | 4         | SHEET NO OF |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              |          |           | Unit   | s 5-9    | , 195     | 5         |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|               |                                       | _ [         | Α        | В           | С               | D        | E        | F                                            | G        | н         | 1      |          | к         |           | м           | N        | 0        |          | 0    | R        | 5           |
|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 | •        | <b>-</b> |                                              |          | WAS       | TE STR | EAM      |           | <u> </u>  |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|               | PARAMETE                              | R           |          | WA<br>TREAT | IER<br>MENT     | 8        | LOWDOV   | VN                                           |          |           | c      |          | G.        |           | _           |          |          | -        |      |          |             |
|               |                                       |             | INTAKE   | CLARIFI-    | ION<br>EXCHANCE | BOILER   | EVAPO-   | COOLING                                      | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER | AIR PRE- | BOILER    | ASH POND  | AIR         | YARD &   | SANITARY | NUCLEAR  |      |          |             |
|               |                                       |             | WATER    | WASTES      | WASTES          |          | RATOR    | TOWER                                        | WATER    | DRAINAGE  | TUBES  | HEATER   | FIRESIDE  | OVERFLOW  | DEVICES     | DRAINS   | WASTES   | CONTROL  |      |          |             |
| 1             | FLOW                                  | DAY         |          |             |                 | I        | <b> </b> |                                              |          |           |        |          |           | 74117     |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 2             | TEMPERATURE                           | °C<br>MG    |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 3             | AS CACO                               | 7           |          |             |                 | <br>     |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           | 31.2      |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 4             | BOD                                   | MGZ         |          |             |                 |          | <b> </b> | <u>                                     </u> |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| P             |                                       | 1<br>MG     |          | <u> </u>    |                 | <u> </u> |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 9             | 13                                    |             |          |             |                 |          | <u> </u> |                                              |          |           |        | <u> </u> |           | 193.6     |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|               | 105                                   | 1           |          |             |                 | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u>                                     |          |           |        |          |           | 177.6     | ļ           |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|               |                                       | 1<br>MG/    | <u> </u> |             |                 | <u>+</u> |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           | 16        |             |          | ļ        |          |      |          |             |
| 10            | NITRATE AS M                          | 1           | <u> </u> | İ           | <del> </del>    | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |                                              |          |           |        | <u> </u> |           |           |             |          | ļ        |          |      |          |             |
| <del>ار</del> | PHOSPHORUS                            | Hig-        |          |             | <u> </u>        |          |          |                                              | <u>}</u> |           |        | <u> </u> |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 12            | AS P<br>TURBIDITY                     | JTU         |          |             |                 | +        |          | 1                                            | <u>├</u> |           |        | <u> </u> |           |           |             |          |          |          | ;    |          |             |
| 13            | FECAL COLIFORM                        | NQ/         |          |             |                 |          | 1        |                                              |          |           |        |          |           | 7.04      |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 14            | ACIDITY AS CACO                       | 1           |          |             | <u>†</u>        | 1        |          |                                              |          | ł         |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 15            | TOTAL HARDNESS                        | MG          |          |             |                 | <u> </u> | <u>+</u> | 1                                            |          | †         |        | <b>F</b> |           | 96.2      |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 16            | SULFATE                               | MG          |          | <b> </b>    | 1               | 1        |          | +                                            |          | <u> </u>  |        |          |           | 164.3     |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 17            | SULFITE                               | MG          |          |             |                 | 1        |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 18            | BROMIDE                               | MY          |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 19            | CHLORIDE                              | MG          |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           | 5.13      |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 20            | FLUORIDE                              | 4           |          |             |                 | ļ        |          |                                              |          |           |        | L        |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 21            | ALUMINUM                              | 1           |          | <br>        | ļ               | ļ        |          |                                              |          |           |        | L        |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 22            | BORON                                 | X           |          |             |                 | ļ        |          |                                              |          |           |        | ┣──      |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 23            | CHROMIUM                              | X           |          |             |                 | <u> </u> | 1        |                                              | ļ        |           |        | <u> </u> |           |           |             |          | ·        |          |      |          |             |
| 24            | COPPER                                | 1           |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              |          |           |        | ┣───     |           |           |             |          | <u> </u> |          |      |          |             |
| 25            |                                       | 71          |          |             |                 |          | +        |                                              |          |           |        |          |           | 710       |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 20            | MAGNESHIM                             | 1<br>NG     |          |             | <u> </u>        | +        |          |                                              | <u> </u> |           |        | <u> </u> |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 20            | MANGANESE                             | 1           |          |             | +               | +        | +        | +                                            | <u> </u> |           |        | <u> </u> | ļ         | 460       |             |          | <b> </b> |          |      |          | <b>—</b> —— |
| 20            | MERCURY                               | 40          |          |             | <u> </u>        |          | -        |                                              |          |           |        | <u> </u> |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 30            | NICKEL                                | 10          |          |             |                 | +        | 1        | +                                            | †        |           |        | <u> </u> |           | <u> </u>  |             |          |          | <u> </u> |      |          |             |
| 31            | SELENIUM                              | 1-          |          |             | <u> </u>        | 1        |          | <u> </u>                                     | <u>+</u> |           |        | <u> </u> |           | <b> -</b> |             | <b> </b> | <u>+</u> | <u> </u> |      |          |             |
| 32            | VANADIUM                              | 5           |          |             | 1               | 1        | 1        |                                              | 1        | 1         |        | <u> </u> |           |           | †           |          | ···      |          |      |          |             |
| 33            | ZINC                                  | 1.5         |          |             |                 | 1        |          | 1                                            |          |           |        | <u> </u> |           |           | 1           | 1        | 1        |          |      |          |             |
| 34            | OIL & GREASE                          | MG          |          |             |                 | <u> </u> | 1        | 1                                            |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 35            | PHENOLS                               | 15/         |          |             |                 | Ī        |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 36            | SURFACTANTS                           | 2           |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 37            | ALGICIDES                             | МÇ          |          |             |                 | [        |          |                                              |          |           |        | <u> </u> |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
| 38            | SODRJM                                | MG          |          |             |                 |          |          | L                                            | ļ        |           |        | Ļ        | <b> _</b> |           | L           | <b></b>  | <u> </u> |          |      |          |             |
| 39            | FREQUENCY                             | (YCS<br>/YR |          |             |                 | 1        | ļ        | <b> </b>                                     |          | <u> </u>  |        | <b> </b> |           |           | <b> </b>    |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 |          |          |                                              |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      |          |             |
|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 |          |          | .                                            |          |           |        |          |           |           |             |          |          |          |      | <u> </u> |             |
|               |                                       |             |          |             |                 |          |          | L                                            | 1        | 1         |        | L        |           |           | L           |          | 1        | 1        | L    |          |             |

| Furnace Type<br>Number of Units | Pulverized                                                                 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of Units                 |                                                                            |
|                                 | 9                                                                          |
| Nameplate MWatts                | 1,700 MW                                                                   |
| Coal Consumption/Day            | 15,500 Tn.                                                                 |
| Bottom Ashes %                  | 25%                                                                        |
| Coal Ashes %                    | 18%                                                                        |
|                                 |                                                                            |
|                                 |                                                                            |
| _                               | Nameplate MWatts<br>Coal Consumption/Day<br>Bottom Ashes %<br>Coal Ashes % |

•

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| plant | CODE | $NO_{\bullet}$ | 4704 |
|-------|------|----------------|------|
|-------|------|----------------|------|

PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 823 MW 
 FUEL:
 Coal
 DATE:

 AGE OF PLANT:
 Units 1-2, 1955
 SHEET NO. 1 OF\_

 Unit 4; 1957
 SHEET NO. 1 OF\_

LS 4-18 73 TABULATION BY:\_\_\_\_ 1

|           |                  | ſ           | А               | В                  | С               | D                                            | E               | F        | G        | н         | I               | J                  | к        | L        | м                | Ы      | 0                  | 9       | Q        | R | S |
|-----------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|----------|----------|------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|----------|---|---|
|           |                  |             |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          | WAS       | TE STR          | EAM                |          |          | <u> </u>         |        | •                  |         | <u>-</u> |   |   |
| 1         | PARAMETER        |             |                 | WA                 | IER<br>MENT     | BL                                           | OWDOW           | /N       |          |           | С               |                    | G        |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
|           | FARAMETE         |             | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER                                       | Evapo-<br>Rator |          | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILEA   | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR |          |   |   |
| <b></b> _ | FLOW             | M'/         |                 | WASTES             | WASIES          |                                              |                 |          | WATEN    |           |                 |                    | *.       | 15434    | UEVICES          | URAINS |                    | CONTROL |          |   |   |
| 2         | TEMPERATURE      | °C          |                 |                    |                 | <u>├</u>                                     |                 |          | ·        |           |                 |                    |          | 19494    |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 3         | ALKALINITY       | MG/         | 94 3            |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          | 79 1     |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 4         | BOD              | MG          | 04.5            |                    |                 |                                              |                 | <u> </u> |          |           |                 |                    |          | /0.1     |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 5         | COD              | MG          | 43              | _                  |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 6         | TS               | MG          | 372             |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          | <u> </u> |           |                 |                    |          | 971 2    |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 7         | TDS              | MG          |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          | 353.7    |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 8         | <b>T</b> 55      | MG          |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          | 17.5     |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 9         | AMMONIA AS N     | MG          |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 | 1        |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 10        | NITRATE AS N     | MG          |                 | -                  |                 | <u></u>                                      |                 | 1        |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| II        | PHOSPHORUS       | MG          |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          | <u>.</u> |           |                 |                    |          | 1        |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 12        | TURBIDITY        | JTU         |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          | ₹25      |                  |        | <b>†</b>           |         |          |   |   |
| 13        | FECAL COLIFORM   | NQ/         |                 | 1                  |                 |                                              | <u> </u>        | †        |          | † • • • • |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        | <u> </u>           |         |          |   |   |
| 14        | ACIDITY AS CACO, | MG          |                 |                    |                 |                                              | <u> </u>        | <u> </u> |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 15        | TOTAL HARDNESS   | MG          | 279             |                    |                 | 1                                            | <u> </u>        | +        | <u> </u> |           |                 |                    | <u> </u> | 144.2    |                  |        | <u> </u>           |         |          |   |   |
| 16        | SULFATE          | MG          | 36              |                    |                 | +                                            |                 | +        | +        | <u> </u>  |                 |                    |          | 97.5     |                  |        | <u> </u>           |         |          |   |   |
| 17        | SULFITE          | MG          |                 | 1                  |                 |                                              |                 |          | 1        |           |                 |                    | <u> </u> | 1        |                  |        | <u> </u>           |         |          |   |   |
| 18        | BROMIDE          | MG          |                 |                    |                 | 1                                            |                 | 1        | t        |           |                 |                    |          | 1        |                  |        | <u> </u>           |         |          |   |   |
| 19        | CHLORIDE         | MG          | 142             |                    |                 |                                              | <u> </u>        |          | †        |           |                 |                    |          | 98.3     |                  |        | <b>†</b>           |         |          |   |   |
| 20        | FLUORIDE         | MG          |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    | <u> </u> | 1        |                  |        | 1                  |         |          |   |   |
| 21        |                  | 46          |                 |                    | 1               |                                              | 1               |          | 1        | <u> </u>  |                 |                    |          | 1        |                  |        | †                  |         |          |   |   |
| 22        | BORON            | MG          |                 |                    |                 | †                                            | <u>†</u>        |          |          | 1         |                 |                    |          | 1.       |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 23        | CHROMIUM         | #6          |                 |                    |                 | <u>†                                    </u> | İ               | 1        | 1        | <u> </u>  |                 |                    |          | 1        |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 24        | COPPER           | -9          |                 |                    | 1               | 1                                            |                 |          | 1        |           |                 |                    |          | <u> </u> |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 25        | IRON             | 15/         | 136             |                    |                 |                                              | 1               |          | †        | 1         |                 |                    |          | 3030     |                  |        | 1                  |         |          |   |   |
| 26        | LEAD             | 46/         |                 |                    | 1               |                                              | 1               | <b>†</b> |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 27        | MAGNESIUM        | MG          | 10.7            |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          | 1        |           |                 |                    | 1        | 8.8      |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 28        | MANGANESE        | 4.5         | 93              |                    |                 |                                              |                 | 1        | †        |           |                 |                    |          | 195      |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 29        | MERCURY          | #G          |                 |                    |                 | 1                                            |                 |          | 1        | 1         |                 |                    |          | <u> </u> | 1                |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 30        | NICKEL           | #G          |                 |                    |                 | 1                                            |                 |          | 1        | 1         | · · ·           |                    |          | 1        | ;<br>            |        | 1                  |         |          |   |   |
| 31        | SELENIUM         | #G/         |                 |                    |                 | 1                                            |                 |          |          | 1         |                 |                    |          | 1        |                  |        | 1                  |         |          |   |   |
| 32        | VANADIUM         | 12          |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        | 1                  |         |          |   |   |
| 33        | ZINC             | 14          |                 |                    |                 | 1                                            |                 | Γ        |          |           | Ì               | 1                  |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 34        | OIL & GREASE     | MG          |                 |                    |                 | 1                                            |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        | 1                  |         |          |   |   |
| 35        | PHENOLS          | #5/         |                 |                    |                 |                                              | •               |          | 1        |           |                 |                    |          |          | [                |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 36        | SURFACTANTS      | mg/         |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    | Ι.       |          |                  | -      |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 37        | ALGICIDES        | мc          |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 | -                  |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 38        | SODIUM           | MG          | 39              |                    |                 | [ ·                                          |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
| 39        | FREQUENCY        | CYCS<br>/YR | [               |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          | 1        | 1         | ľ               |                    |          | 1        |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
|           |                  |             |                 |                    | Í               |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 |                    |          |          |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |
|           |                  |             |                 |                    |                 |                                              |                 |          |          |           |                 | <u> </u>           |          |          |                  |        |                    | 1       |          |   |   |
|           |                  |             | · ·             |                    |                 | 1                                            |                 | -        | · ·      |           |                 |                    |          | -        |                  |        |                    |         |          |   |   |

| REMARKS                                          |                      |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Data Source: TVA Report on "Review of Wastewater | Furnace Type         | Pulverized |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Control System"                                  | Number of Units      | 4          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                                  | Coal Consumption/Day | 7,170 Tn.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                                  | Bottom Ashes %       | 25%        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L: Primary wastes received by pond are fly ash   | Coal Ashes %         | 15.6%      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and ash from the furnaces. The settling          |                      |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| pond also receives drainage and runoff from      |                      |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| coal storage yards, pulverized pyrite rejects    |                      |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| coal transfer point and bunker dusts, air        |                      |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| preheater fly ash and (infrequently) boiler      |                      |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cleaning waste.                                  |                      |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 990 MW

PLANT CODE NO. 4701 .

### CAPACITY: 990 MW TABULATION BY: LS FUEL: Coal & Natural Gas DATE: 4-18-73 AGE OF PLANT 1959/1965 by TVA SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

LS

|    |                        |                 | A               | 8                            | С                         | D            | ε               | F                | G                  | н                     | I               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м        | ħ      | 0        | Р          | Q   | R        | 5        |
|----|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|--------|----------|------------|-----|----------|----------|
|    |                        |                 |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    | ·                    |          |        | <b></b>  | أسيست أسيا |     |          | <u> </u> |
|    | PARAMETE               | R               |                 |                              | ER<br>MENT                | ė            | LOWDOW          | /N               |                    |                       | c               |                    | G                  |                      |          |        | · · · ·  |            |     |          |          |
|    |                        |                 | INTAKE<br>WRTER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR       | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING | COAL PILE<br>ORAINAGE | BOILER<br>TUBES | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ASH POND<br>OVERFLOW | AIR      | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR    |     |          |          |
| 1  | FLOW                   |                 |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | (ī.1)                | DEVICES  | UHAINS |          | CONTROL    |     |          |          |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE            | ٩               |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 20                   |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACON | 1               |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 01                   |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 4  | 800                    | щÝ              |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 24                   |          | -      |          |            |     |          |          |
| 5  | 000                    | ľ.              |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 6  | TS                     | *               |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 335                  |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 7  | TDS                    | ₩~              |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 285                  |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 8  | T55                    | ₩¢.             |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 50                   |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N           | *               |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N           | Y               |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 1  | PHOSPHORUS             | X               |                 |                              |                           |              |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY              | JTU             |                 |                              |                           | 1            |                 | L                |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 34                   |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM         |                 |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u>     | L               | L                |                    | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,       | 7               |                 |                              | L                         | <b></b>      |                 | L                | <b></b>            | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | L                    |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 15 | AS CACO                | X               |                 | ļ                            | L                         | Ļ            |                 |                  | ļ                  |                       |                 |                    |                    | 178                  |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 16 | SULFATE                | 7               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <b> </b>     | <b> </b>        |                  | L                  | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |                    | 139                  |          |        | L        |            |     |          |          |
| 17 | SULTITE                | X               | <u> </u>        |                              | <u> </u>                  | <b> </b>     |                 |                  | ļ                  | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE                | X               |                 | ļ                            | ļ                         | 1            |                 |                  | <u> </u>           | <b> </b>              |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE               | 1               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>     |                 |                  | l                  |                       |                 |                    | ļ                  | 17                   |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE               | 1               | ļ               |                              | <b> </b>                  | <u> </u>     | ──              | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>           | <b>.</b>              |                 |                    | ļ                  | <u> </u>             |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 2  |                        | 1<br>MG,        |                 |                              | · · ·                     |              |                 |                  | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 22 | BORON                  | 1               |                 | ļ                            | <u> </u>                  | ╉────        |                 | <u> </u>         |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 23 |                        | 16/             |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <del> </del> | i –             | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 24 | IBON                   | 14              |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | +            |                 | +                |                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          | ŀ          |     |          |          |
| 20 |                        | 1               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |              | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 4020                 |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 20 | MAGNESHIM              | <u>^</u><br>⊮⊊  |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | 1            | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 1 1 7                |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE              | 19              |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | ├            |                 | <u>├</u> ──      | <u>+</u>           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 240                  |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 20 | MERCURY                | 1               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | ┼──          |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 240                  |          |        |          |            |     | I        |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                 | 16              |                 | +                            | <u> </u>                  | 1            |                 | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>           | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | +                    | <b>+</b> |        |          | <u> </u>   |     |          |          |
| 3  | SELEMIUM               | 1               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |              | <u>†</u>        | <u>  · -</u>     |                    | 1                     |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |          |        | <u> </u> | <u> </u>   |     |          | ·        |
| 32 | WINADILM               | 1               |                 |                              |                           | †            | <u> </u>        | 1                | <u>†</u>           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |          |        |          | <u> </u>   |     |          |          |
| 33 | ZINC                   | 1               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | 1            |                 | <u> </u>         | 1                  | 1                     |                 | -                  |                    | 1                    | 1        |        |          | <b></b>    |     |          |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE           | MG              |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | t            | 1.              | t                | t                  | <u> </u>              |                 |                    | 1                  | 1                    | t        |        | 1        | 1          | t — | t        |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS                | 5               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |              | †               |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    | † <del>.</del>     | 1                    |          | ļ      | Ì        | 1          |     | <b> </b> | [        |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS            | нс <sub>у</sub> |                 | <u> </u>                     | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>     |                 | 1                |                    | 1                     |                 | 1                  | [                  | 1                    | 1        |        | •        |            | 1   | <u> </u> |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES              | uc,             |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>     | 1               |                  |                    | 1                     | •               | ŀ                  |                    |                      |          |        |          | 1          |     |          |          |
| 38 | SODIUM                 | HC/             |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  | 1            | <u> </u>        | 1                |                    | I                     |                 |                    | •                  |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY              |                 | •               | ŀ                            |                           | †            |                 |                  |                    | 1                     | 1               |                    |                    | I                    |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
| L  |                        |                 |                 |                              |                           | T            | Γ               |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
|    |                        |                 |                 |                              |                           | 1            |                 |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |          |        |          |            |     |          |          |
|    |                        |                 |                 |                              |                           | 1            | 1               |                  |                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | •        |        |          |            |     |          |          |

| REM                                                                                            | ARKS            |          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Data Source, MVA Beport on "Review of Wastewater                                               | Furnace Type    | Cyclone  |
| Control Systems"                                                                               | Number of Units | <u>3</u> |
| I: 45.420 L of 30% HCl & Cu solvent with small                                                 | Bottom ashes &  | 70%      |
| amounts of KBr + (NH <sub>4</sub> ) HCO <sub>3</sub> + (NH <sub>4</sub> ) OH $\rightarrow$ 75% | Coal ashes %    | 10%      |
| East Pond, 25% Cond. Disch.                                                                    |                 |          |
| L1: 3.27 x 10 <sup>4</sup>                                                                     |                 |          |
|                                                                                                |                 |          |

| CHEMICAL | WASTE  | <b>CHARACTERIZATION</b> |
|----------|--------|-------------------------|
|          | ANT DA |                         |

| PLANT DAT | A SHEET |
|-----------|---------|
|-----------|---------|

## CAPACITY: 1,255 MW TABULATION BY: FUEL: Coal DATE: AGE OF PLANT: Unit 1, 1956 Units 3-4, 1959 SHEET NO. 1 OF

 TABULATION
 BY:
 LS

 DATE:
 4-18-73

 SHEET
 NO.
 1

|     |                    | Γ            | А       | в        | с          | D        | E        | F        | G        | н         |          | J        | к        | L            | м                | М      | 0        | Р       | Q | R | s |
|-----|--------------------|--------------|---------|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|------------------|--------|----------|---------|---|---|---|
| [   |                    |              |         |          |            |          |          |          |          | WAS       | TE STRE  | EAM      |          |              | _                |        |          |         |   |   |   |
|     |                    |              |         | WAT      | ER<br>MENT | BL       | OWDOW    | 'N       |          |           | C        | FANING   | 5        |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
|     | FARAMLIC           |              | INTAKE  | CLARIFI- |            | BOILER   | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS  | COAL PILE | BOILER   | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND     | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR |   |   |   |
|     |                    |              | WATER   | WASTES   | WASTES     |          | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER    | ORAINAGE  | TUBES    | HEALER   | HIRESIDE | OVERHOW      | DEVICES          | DRAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL |   |   |   |
| 1   | FLOW               | DAY          |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 43615        |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 2   |                    | °C           |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 3   | AS CACO            | ~~           | _       |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 2.55         |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 4   | BOD                | 7            |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 5   | COD                | MY           |         |          |            | _        |          | ļ        |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 6   | T5                 | <u>~</u> {   |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 425          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 7   | TDS                | ₩%           |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 407          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 8   | TSS                | MG           |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 18           |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 9   | Ammonia as n       | MG           | _       |          |            |          |          | L        |          | ļ         |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 10  | NITRATE AS N       | MG/          |         |          |            |          | <br>     |          |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| н   | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P | MG I         |         |          |            |          | L        |          | ļ        |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 12  | TURBIDITY          | JTU          |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | <25          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM     | NQ/<br>100ML |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 4   | ACIDITY AS CACO    | M℃           |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS     | MG           |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 244          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 16  | SULFATE            | MG           |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | ĺ            |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 17  | SULFITE            | MG           |         |          |            |          | 1        |          |          |           |          |          |          | 183          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE            | MG           |         |          |            | 1        | 1        | 1        |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE           | MG           |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 7            |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE           | MG           |         |          |            |          | 1        |          |          |           |          |          |          | <u>-</u>     |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 21  | ALUMINUM           | 19           |         | 1        |            | +        | <u> </u> | 1        | 1        |           | ~~       |          |          | 1            |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 22  | BORON              | MG           |         |          |            |          | 1        | 1        |          | 1         |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 23  | CHROMIUM           | μG           |         |          |            | +        | 1        |          | 1        |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 24  | COPPER             | #G           |         | -        |            | 1        | 1        | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | †         |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   | _ |
| 25  | IRON               | <u>~</u> 6/  |         |          | <u>+</u>   | 1        |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 7500         |                  |        | -        |         |   |   |   |
| 26  | LEAD               | <i>#6</i> /  |         | 1        | 1          |          | 1        | 1        |          | 1         | -        |          |          | 1 300        |                  |        |          | -       |   |   |   |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM          | MG           |         | +        |            | <u> </u> | 1        |          | +        |           |          |          |          | 4 1          |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 28  | MANGANESE          | μGγ          |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          | 1400         |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 29  | MERCURY            | μG           |         | †        | <u> </u>   |          |          | +        | +        |           |          |          |          | -            |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 30  | NICKEL             | μG           |         | +        |            |          | †        | 1        | <u> </u> | 1         |          |          |          | <u> </u>     | <u>+</u>         | +      |          |         |   |   |   |
| 31  | SELENIUM           | 4G/          |         |          |            |          |          | · · ·    |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        | <u>+</u> |         |   |   |   |
| 32  | VANADIUM           | 46/          | ·       |          | +          |          | <u>†</u> | 1        |          |           |          |          |          | <u></u>      | <u> </u>         |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 33  | ZINC               | 4G/          |         |          |            | <u> </u> | †        | <u> </u> |          | -         |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 34  | OIL & GREASE       | MG           | · · · · |          |            | 1        | ┼──      | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u>  |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 135 | PHENOLS            | <br>⊮6∕      |         | +        | <u> </u>   | 1        | +        | +        | <u> </u> |           |          |          |          |              | <u> </u>         |        | <u> </u> |         |   |   |   |
| 30  | SURFACTANTS        | <u> </u>     |         |          | +          | +        |          | <u>+</u> | <u> </u> |           |          |          | ł        |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 37  | AL GICIDES         | ∧L<br>MG∕    |         |          | +          | 1        | +        | +        | <u> </u> | +         |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
| 30  | SODIUM             | MG           |         | +        |            | <u> </u> |          |          | <u> </u> |           | <u> </u> |          |          | +            | <u> </u>         |        | <u> </u> |         |   |   |   |
| 70  | FREQUENCY          | CYC'S        |         |          | +          | +        | +        | +        | ┨        | ╂╾───     |          |          |          | <del> </del> |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
|     |                    | ∕YR          |         |          | I          |          | <u>+</u> | +        | ┥───     | +         | <u> </u> |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
|     |                    |              |         |          |            |          |          |          |          | ·         |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |
|     |                    |              |         |          |            |          |          |          |          |           |          |          |          |              |                  |        |          |         |   |   |   |

| REM                                              | A R K S              |            |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Data Source: TVA Report on "Review of Wastewater | Furnace Type         | Pulverized |
| Control Systems"                                 | Number of Units      | 4          |
|                                                  | Coal Consumption/Day | 10.300 Tn. |
| L: Average of analysis made on weekly samples    | Bottom Ashes %       | 25%        |
| collected during 1971 from old ash pond          | Coal ashes %         | 16.2%      |
| sampling of new pond was begun in March 1970     |                      |            |
| but was soon discontinued because of sub-        |                      |            |
| surface leakage.                                 |                      |            |
|                                                  |                      |            |
|                                                  |                      |            |

|      |                 |            |                 |             |             |          |                                              | <u>C</u> - | EMICAL   | WAS            | TE CH  | IARAC1            | <b>ERIZA</b>     | TION            |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
|------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------------|------------|----------|----------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|------|----------------------------------------------|------------|
|      |                 |            |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            | E        | LANT           | DATA   | SHEET             |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
|      | PLANT           | COE        | DE NO           | • <u>47</u> | 05          |          |                                              | (          | CAPACIT  | Y: <u>1,48</u> | 35 MW  |                   |                  |                 | TABULA           | FION BY  | ′ı       | LS                 |      |                                              |            |
|      |                 |            |                 |             |             |          |                                              | F          | FUEL:    | Coa.           | L      |                   |                  |                 | DATE : _         |          |          | 4-1                | 3-73 |                                              |            |
|      |                 |            |                 |             |             |          |                                              | ,          | AGE OF   | PLANT          |        | <del>ts ]</del> = | $\frac{2}{1953}$ | <u>51</u><br>52 | SHEET            | NO. 🔟    | OF       | 1                  |      |                                              |            |
|      |                 | ſ          |                 | •           |             | <u> </u> | <u> </u>                                     | <u> </u>   |          |                | Ūnī    | E 7;              | 1958             | - Uni           | ts 8-            | 10,      | 1959     |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 1    |                 |            |                 | 8           | <u> </u>    |          | E                                            | F          | G        | н              | 1      | J                 | ĸ                | L               | М                | М        | 0        |                    | Q    | R                                            | 5          |
|      |                 |            |                 | AW.         | FR          |          |                                              | ··         |          | WAS            | TE STR | EAM               |                  | <b>,</b>        | • • • •          |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
|      | PARAMETE        | R          |                 |             | MENT        | 8        | LOWDOW                                       | /N         |          |                | C      | LFANIN            | 5                |                 |                  |          | ſ        |                    |      |                                              |            |
|      |                 |            | INTAKE<br>WATER | CATION      | EXCHANGE    | BOILER   | F.VAPO-                                      | COOLING    | COOLING  | COAL PILE      | BOILER | AIR PRE-          | BOILER           | ASH POND        | AIR<br>POLLUTION | FLOOR    | SANITARY | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |      |                                              |            |
| П    | FLOW            | M³/        |                 | THASIES     | 1003123     | <u> </u> | <u> </u>                                     |            | WATER    |                |        |                   |                  | 66.24           | DEVICES          | DRAINS   | WASIES   | CONTROL            |      |                                              |            |
| 2    | TEMPERATURE     | ●c         |                 |             |             |          | <b>+</b>                                     |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 0024            | <b></b>          |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 3    | ALKALINITY      | MG/        |                 | ·           |             | <u> </u> | +                                            |            |          |                |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 4    | 800             | MG         |                 |             |             |          | -                                            |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 117             | •                |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 5    | (00             | MG         |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              | ·· · · · · |
| 6    | TS              | MG         |                 |             |             | <u> </u> | <u> </u>                                     |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | -               |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 7    | TDS             | MG         |                 |             | <u>+ · </u> |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 266             |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 8    | TSS             | MG         |                 |             | t           |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 250             |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 9    | ANUMONIA AS N   | My         |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 10              |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 10   | NITRATE AS N    | MG         |                 |             |             |          | +                                            |            |          |                |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| h    | PHOSPHORUS      | MG/        |                 |             | 1           | +        | ╆                                            |            | ┣┉───    |                |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 12   | TURBIDITY       | JTU        |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | - 25            |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 13   | FECAL COLIFORN  | ¥2         |                 |             |             | +        |                                              | <u>+</u>   |          | <u>.</u>       |        |                   |                  | ~25             |                  |          | <u> </u> |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 1 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO | 19         |                 |             |             | 1        | -                                            |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 1               |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 15   | TOTAL HARDNESS  | MG         |                 |             | 1           |          | <u>+</u>                                     |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 174             | <u> </u>         |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 16   | SULFATE         | HG.        |                 |             | <u>+</u>    |          | <u>†                                    </u> | <u> </u>   |          | <u> </u>       |        |                   |                  | 96.6            |                  |          | <u> </u> |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 17   | SULFITE         | MG         |                 | †           | 1           | 1        |                                              |            | <u> </u> |                |        |                   |                  | 10.0            |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 18   | BROMIDE         | MGY        |                 |             | <u> </u>    |          |                                              |            |          | 1              |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 19   | CHLORIDE        | MG         |                 | <u> </u>    | <u>†</u>    | 1        |                                              |            | 1        | <u> </u>       |        | <u> </u>          | -                | 13              | <u> </u>         |          |          |                    | -    |                                              |            |
| 20   | FLUORIDE        | -          |                 |             |             | 1        | 1                                            | 1          |          |                |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 21   | ALUMINUM        | 14         |                 |             |             |          | 1                                            |            | <u> </u> |                | _      |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 22   | BORON           | MG         |                 |             |             | 1        | 1                                            |            |          | 1              |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    | -    |                                              |            |
| 23   | CHROMIUM        | "4         |                 |             | 1           |          | i                                            | 1          | 1        | 1              |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 24   | COPPER          | 10%        |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 25   | IRON            | 14         |                 |             | T           |          |                                              |            |          | 1              |        |                   |                  | 250             |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 26   | LEAD            | "%         |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  |                 |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 27   | MAGNESIUM       | 14         |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 1.33            |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 28   | MANGANESE       | 12         |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | 9               |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 29   | MERCURY         | <u>۴</u> % |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  | ļ               | L                |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 30   | NICKÉL          | 1%         |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            |          |                |        |                   |                  |                 | <u> </u>         |          | <u> </u> |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 31   | SELENIUM        | 12         |                 |             |             | L        |                                              |            | ļ        |                | L      |                   | ļ                | <u>.</u>        | ļ                |          | ļ        |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 32   | VANADIUM        | 12         |                 |             |             |          |                                              |            | L        |                |        |                   | <b></b>          |                 |                  | ļ        | ļ        | ļ                  |      |                                              |            |
| 33   | ZINC            | 12         |                 | <u> </u>    |             | L        | 1                                            | 1          | L        | <b> </b>       |        |                   |                  | ļ               |                  |          | <u> </u> | ļ                  |      | d                                            |            |
| 34   | OIL & GREASE    | МŶ         |                 |             | <u> </u>    |          |                                              | ļ          | Ļ        |                |        | ļ                 | ļ                |                 |                  | L        | ļ        | <u> </u>           |      |                                              |            |
| 35   | PHENOLS         | 1%         |                 | L           | ļ           | ļ        | <b> </b>                                     | ļ          | ļ        | <u> </u>       |        | ļ                 | <b> </b>         |                 |                  |          | <u> </u> | <u> </u>           |      |                                              |            |
| 36   | SURFACTANTS     | *%         |                 | 1           |             | ļ        | ļ                                            | ļ          | <b> </b> | ļ              |        |                   | ļ                |                 | ļ                |          | ļ        | L                  |      |                                              |            |
| 37   | ALGICIDES       | ₩¢γ        |                 |             | L           | <b>_</b> | <u> </u>                                     | ļ          | <u> </u> | ļ              |        |                   |                  |                 | <u> </u>         |          |          | <u> </u>           |      |                                              |            |
| 38   | SODIUM          | 1          | L               |             | ļ           | <u> </u> | ļ .                                          | ļ          | <b> </b> |                |        | <b></b>           | <b></b>          | <b> </b>        | ļ                |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
| 39   | FREQUENCY       | AR .       |                 |             | L           | <u> </u> |                                              | ļ          | L        | <b> </b>       | ļ      |                   | <b> </b>         | <u> </u>        |                  | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u>           |      | <u>                                     </u> | <u> </u>   |
|      |                 |            |                 |             | İ           |          |                                              |            |          | ·              |        |                   |                  | ·               |                  |          | .        |                    |      |                                              |            |
|      |                 |            |                 |             |             |          | -                                            | .          |          |                |        |                   |                  | .               |                  |          |          |                    |      |                                              |            |
|      | 1               |            |                 | i           | 1           | 1        | 1                                            | 1          | 1        | 1              |        | 1                 | 1                |                 | 1                |          |          | 1                  |      | 1                                            | _          |

| REM                                              | ARKS                            |                 |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Data Source: TVA Report on "Review of Wastewater | L: Average Discharge Analysis o | f South & North |
| Control Systems" for                             | Outfall.                        |                 |
| I. Fly ach is collected from stack gases with    | Furnace Type:                   | Pulverized      |
| mechanical (cyclone) ash collector on each       | Number of Units:                | 10              |
| unit Fly ach and ash from the furnaces           | Coal Consumption/Day:           | 13,800 Tn.      |
| are sluiged into a 90-acre settling pond. The    | Bottom ashes %:                 | 25%             |
| ash settles out and sluice water returns to      | Coal ashes %:                   | 13%             |
| Tennessee River, Other discharges to the ash     |                                 |                 |
| pond include pulverized pyrites reject, coal     | <u> </u>                        |                 |
| dust, economizer and stack residue fly ash.      |                                 |                 |

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#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 4702

CAPACITY: 950 MW FUEL: <u>Coal</u> AGE OF PLANT: <u>1967</u>

TABULATION BY : LS DATE: 4-18-73 SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

|    |                       | ſ                | Α               | В                            | С                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | N                         | 0                  |                               | Q        | R | S        |
|----|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------|---|----------|
|    |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | WAS                   | te stri         | EAM                |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
|    |                       | .                |                 | WAT<br>TREAT                 | ER<br>MENT                | BL       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | ;                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
|    |                       |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | Boilér<br>Fireside | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |          |   |          |
| 1  | FLOW                  | M <sup>3</sup> / | <u> </u>        | <u>اللك و الم المع</u>       |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | (1.1)                |                             |                           |                    |                               | <u> </u> |   | <u></u>  |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c .             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | ™{[              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 45                   |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 4  | BOD                   | M                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 5  | COD                   | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 6  | T5                    | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 416                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   | _        |
| 7  | TDS                   | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 180                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 8  | TSS                   | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | [                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 236                  |                             |                           |                    | _                             |          |   |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P    | ΜÝ               |                 |                              |                           | <br>     |                 |                  |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          | - |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <b>_</b>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | <b>\$</b> 25         |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | -                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO       | <u>~</u>         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | ļ                | ļ                           | l                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 15 | AS CACO               | 7                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 153                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 16 | SULFATE               | 7                |                 |                              |                           | ÷        | ļ               |                  | <u> </u>                    | ļ                     |                 |                    |                    | 133                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 17 | SULFITE               | 7                |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | ļ        |                 |                  | -                           | · · ·                 |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | 7                |                 |                              |                           | ¦<br>†   |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | .∕.<br>MG∕       |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>         |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | 5.25                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | 1<br>µ6/         | ·               | -                            | -                         |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 21 | ALUMINUM              | ∕L<br>MG∕        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | +                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 23 | CHROMIUM              | _∟<br>µ6∕        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 24 | COPPER                | 1<br>#G/         |                 | +                            |                           | -        |                 | ł                | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 25 | IRON                  | <i>#G/</i>       |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | +        |                 | <u>-</u> .       | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    | 2425                 |                             |                           |                    | ·                             |          |   |          |
| 26 | LEAD                  | #6/              |                 | +                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                    | 14.15                |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | MG               |                 |                              | 1                         |          | 1               | 1                | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 9 06                 |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | #G               |                 | 1                            | -                         |          |                 | 1                | 1                           |                       |                 |                    |                    | 517                  |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 29 | MERCURY               | #6               |                 | 1                            |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 30 | NICKEL                | #G               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | ≁%               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | -        |   |          |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | <u>"%</u>        |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 33 | ZINC                  | *%               |                 |                              | <u> </u>                  |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG               |                 | Ļ                            |                           |          |                 | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | <u>~</u> %       |                 |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |          |   |          |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | X                |                 | ļ                            | ļ                         | 1        | ļ               | ļ                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    | L                           |                           |                    |                               | <br>     |   |          |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | 12               |                 | ļ                            | L                         |          |                 | 1                | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | <b> </b>                    |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |          |   | <u> </u> |
| 38 | SODIUM                | Ĩ.               | ļ               |                              |                           | <u> </u> |                 |                  |                             | <u> </u>              | ļ               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | /YR              |                 |                              | -                         |          |                 | -                |                             |                       | ļ               |                    | ļ                  | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    | ł                             | _        |   |          |
|    |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      | —        |   |          |
|    |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |          |   |          |
|    | 1                     |                  | 1               | 1                            | 1                         | 1        | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    | 1                  | 1                    | 1                           | l                         |                    |                               |          |   |          |

| REM                                                                                              | ARKS                 |                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Data Source: TVA Report On "Review of Wastewater                                                 | Furnace Type         | Pulverized     |
| Control Systems" for Bull Run Steam                                                              | Number of Units      | l twin furnace |
| Plant                                                                                            | Coal Consumption/Day | 7560 Tn.       |
| I: Boilers are cleaned every 2-3 years with a sol-                                               | Bottom Ashes %       | 25%            |
| <u>ution containing 3% citric acid &amp; NHy &amp; NaNO</u><br>drained to the ash disposal area. | Coal Ashes %         | 13.68          |
| $1: 3.9 \times 10^4$                                                                             |                      |                |
|                                                                                                  |                      |                |
|                                                                                                  |                      |                |

#### PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. \_ 4901\_

# CAPACITY: 188.6 MW,89000 MW Hr.7ABULATION BY: SC FUEL: Coal and Oil DATE: 5-2-73 AGE OF PLANT: SHEET NO. 1 OF 1

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|        |                            |                 | Α               | 8                  | _ C             | D            | ε        | F        | G        | н            | 1        | J       | к         | L        | м                                     | N.       | 0                 | в        | Q | R        | 5        |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|---------|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|---|----------|----------|
|        |                            |                 | Ţ               |                    |                 |              |          |          |          | WAS          | TE STR   | EAM     |           |          | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |                   | , , ,    |   |          |          |
|        | PARAMETE                   | R               |                 | TREAT              | MENT            | BL           | OWDOW    | N        |          |              | c        |         | 5         |          |                                       |          |                   | 1        |   |          |          |
|        |                            |                 | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER       | EVAPO-   |          | CONDENS  | COAL PILE    | BOILER   |         | BOILER    | ASH POND | AIR<br>POLLUTION                      | YARD &   | SANITARY          | NUCLEAR  |   |          |          |
| $\neg$ | FLOW                       | M'              |                 | WASTES             | WASTES          | 18 0         |          | 272      | WATER    |              | IUBES    | INCALEN | rimetalDE | UVERFLOW | DEVICES                               | DRAINS   | WASTES            | CONTROL  |   |          |          |
| 2      | TEMPERATURE                | °c              |                 |                    |                 | 10.3         | <u> </u> | 212      |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 3      | ALKALINITY AS COOL         | 1               | 260             |                    |                 | 25           |          |          | ·        | <u>}</u> -   |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 4      | BOD                        | чç              | 5               |                    |                 | 5            |          | 94       |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 5      | 000                        | MGY             | 11              |                    |                 | 25           |          | 436      | ··       |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 6      | ts                         | 19              | 360             |                    |                 | 115          |          | 1440     |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 7      | TOS                        | 1               | 345             |                    |                 | 105          | <u></u>  | 1225     |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 8      | TSS                        | MG              | 7               |                    |                 | 9            |          | 220      |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   | •        |          |
| 9      | AMMONIA AS N               | 14              | 0.05            |                    |                 | <b>D.</b> 05 |          | 0.05     |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 10     | NITRATE AS N               | MÝ              | 0.1             |                    |                 | 0.05         |          | 0.1      |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| п      | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P         | μç              | 0.1             |                    |                 | 1.7          |          | 3.0      |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          | <u> </u>          |          |   |          |          |
| 12     | TURBIDITY                  | JTU             |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          | 1 |          |          |
| 13     | FECAL COLIFORM             |                 |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 14     | ACIDITY AS CACO,           | mg              |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 15     | TOTAL HARDNESS<br>AS CACO, | MY              | 320             |                    |                 | 40           |          | 1400     |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 16     | SULFATE                    | ₩ <u>₹</u>      | 14              |                    |                 | 218          |          | 420      |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 17     | SULFITE                    | mg/             |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 18     | BROMIDE                    | MY              |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 19     | CHLORIDE                   | мç              | 10              |                    |                 | 3.0          |          | 23       |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 20     | FLUORIDE                   | **              |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          | , |          |          |
| 21     | ALUMINUM                   | 1/2             | ļ               |                    | L               |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       | ļ        |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 22     | BORON                      | mc/             |                 | 2                  | L               |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 23     | CHROMIUM                   | 12              | 50              |                    |                 | 1500         |          | 50       | L        |              |          |         |           | L        |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 24     | COPPER                     | 1               |                 |                    | ļ               |              |          | <u> </u> | ļ        |              |          |         |           | ļ        |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 25     |                            | Ϋ́              |                 |                    | ļ               | <u> </u>     |          |          |          |              |          |         |           | ļ        |                                       | <u> </u> |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 26     |                            | 17              |                 |                    | <b> </b>        |              | L        |          | <b> </b> |              |          | ļ       | ļ         |          |                                       | ļ        | ļ                 |          |   |          |          |
| 27     | MAGNESIUM                  | 7               |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           | <u> </u> | ļ                                     |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 28     | MANGANESE                  | X               | · ·             |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           | <u> </u> |                                       |          |                   | <u> </u> |   |          |          |
| 29     | MERCURY                    | 1               | ——              |                    | ļ               | <u> </u>     |          |          |          | <u> </u>     |          |         | ļ         | <u> </u> | ļ                                     |          | ļ                 |          |   |          |          |
| 30     | NICKEL                     | X               |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           | <u> </u> |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 3      | SELENIUM                   | 1               |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          | ŀ        |              | <u> </u> |         |           |          | <u> </u>                              |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 52     | VANADIUM                   | 1               |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 33     | ZINC                       | X<br>MG.        | 50              |                    | i               | 200          |          | 450      |          | <u> </u>     | <u> </u> |         |           |          |                                       |          |                   | <u>+</u> |   | ļ        | -        |
| 34     | OIL & GREASE               | 7               |                 |                    |                 | -            |          |          |          |              |          |         |           | <u>+</u> |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
| 35     | PHENOLS                    | Ϋ́              | 2               |                    |                 | 500          |          | 12       |          |              | <u> </u> |         |           |          |                                       |          | <u> </u>          | <u>+</u> |   |          | <u> </u> |
| 56     | SURFACTANTS                | X<br>MG,        |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          | <del> </del> |          |         |           | ···      |                                       | <u> </u> |                   |          |   |          | <u> </u> |
| 3/     | ALGICIDES                  | <u>/</u><br>h() |                 |                    |                 |              |          | +        | <u> </u> | <u> </u>     |          |         | <u> </u>  | <u>+</u> |                                       |          | <u>+ · · · · </u> | <u> </u> |   | <u> </u> |          |
| 38     | SODIUM                     | 4               | ┝───            |                    | <u> </u>        |              |          | ·        | <u> </u> |              |          |         |           | +        |                                       |          |                   | <u> </u> | ł | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 39     | PREGUENCY                  | AYR             |                 |                    | ļ               | ·            |          |          |          |              |          |         | <b> </b>  | ┼        |                                       |          | 1                 |          |   | <u> </u> |          |
|        |                            |                 |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           | ·        |                                       |          |                   | ·        |   |          |          |
|        |                            |                 |                 |                    |                 |              |          |          |          |              |          |         |           | ·        |                                       |          |                   |          |   |          |          |
|        | 1                          |                 | 1               |                    | i .             |              |          | L        |          | I            |          | L       |           | 1        | L                                     | <b></b>  | <u> </u>          | ÷        | L |          | 1        |

|                                            | -  |   |    | - |                                       |                                           |
|--------------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| R                                          | ЕM | Α | RK | S |                                       |                                           |
| Data Source: Corps of Engineer Application |    |   |    |   |                                       | <br>                                      |
|                                            |    |   |    |   |                                       |                                           |
| Dated June 28 1971                         |    |   |    |   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                                           |
| Dated, time 20, 1112                       |    |   |    |   |                                       |                                           |
|                                            |    |   |    |   |                                       | <br>                                      |
| D: Boiler & Evaporator Blowdown.           |    |   |    |   |                                       | <br>                                      |
|                                            |    |   |    |   |                                       | <br>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|                                            |    |   |    |   |                                       | <br>                                      |
|                                            |    | T |    |   |                                       |                                           |
|                                            |    |   |    |   |                                       |                                           |
|                                            |    | Т |    |   |                                       |                                           |
|                                            |    |   |    |   |                                       |                                           |

CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 4902

 CAPACITY:172 MW, 645 MW Hr./Yr. TABULATION BY:
 SC

 FUEL:
 Coal - Oil - Gas
 DATE:
 5-2-73

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO.
 1
 OF
 1

|    |                 |              | А        | В            | L C                                          | D          | Е        | F        | G                  | н         | 1        | J            | к        | L          | м                | n            | 0          | 9                  | Q              | R                                      | S        |
|----|-----------------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------------------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|--------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|----------|------------|------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|----------|
|    |                 |              |          |              |                                              |            |          |          |                    | WAS       | TE STR   | EAM          |          |            |                  |              |            |                    |                |                                        |          |
|    | PARAMETE        | R            |          | WAT<br>TREAT | ER<br>MENT                                   | BL         | .OWDOM   | √N       |                    |           | С        | LFANIN       | G        |            |                  |              |            |                    |                |                                        |          |
|    |                 |              | INTAKE   | CLARIFI-     | ION<br>EXCHANGE                              | BOILLR     | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS<br>COOLING | COAL PILE | BOILER   |              | BOILER   | ASH POND   | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &       | SANITARY   | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |                | , I                                    |          |
|    |                 | ज्य र        | WATER    | WASTES       | WASTES                                       |            | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER              | DRAINAGE  | TUBES    | HEALER       | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW   | DEVICES          | DRAINS       | WASTES     | CONTROL            |                |                                        |          |
| 1  | FLOW            | DAY          |          | ⊢]           |                                              | 108        | <u> </u> | 109      | ł                  | <u>↓</u>  |          |              | <u> </u> | <u> </u>   |                  |              | <u> </u>   |                    | 109            | ┌───┤                                  |          |
| 2  |                 | °C           |          |              |                                              |            |          |          |                    | <b> </b>  |          |              | <u> </u> |            |                  | ļ            | <u> </u>   |                    |                |                                        |          |
| 3  | AS CACO         | 1            | 222      |              |                                              | 227        |          | 27       | ļ                  | ļ!        |          | ļ            |          | <u> </u>   |                  |              | <u> </u>   |                    | _30            | ]                                      | il       |
| 4  | 800             | 7            | 5        | !            |                                              | 5          | <b></b>  | 5        |                    |           |          |              |          |            |                  |              |            |                    | 5              | <b>_</b>                               |          |
| 5  | 00              | 1            | 12       |              |                                              | 18         | <b> </b> | 36       |                    | ļ         |          | ļ            | ļ        | ļ          |                  |              |            |                    | 70             |                                        |          |
| 6  | TS              | 7            | 1220     |              | <u> </u>                                     | 925        | <b> </b> | 3090     |                    |           |          |              |          |            |                  | i            |            | <u> </u>           | 3835           |                                        | <u> </u> |
| 7  | TDS             | Z            | 1210     |              | L                                            | 800        |          | 2965     |                    | ļ!        |          | <u> </u>     | <b> </b> |            |                  |              |            | <u> </u>           | 3640           |                                        | <u> </u> |
| 8  | 155             | ٣X<br>L      | 20       |              |                                              | 84         | <b> </b> | 30       |                    | ļ         |          |              |          | <u> </u>   |                  |              | <u> </u>   |                    | 40             |                                        |          |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N    | 7            | 1.0      | ·<br>+       |                                              | 0.25       | ļ        | 0.3      | <b></b>            | ļ         | ļ        |              |          |            |                  |              |            | ļ <sup>j</sup>     | 0.25           | ل                                      |          |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N    | 1            | 1.2      |              |                                              | 1.30       | <b> </b> | 7.0      |                    | +         | ┢───     |              | <u> </u> | <u>↓ ·</u> |                  |              |            |                    | 7.0            | <u> </u>                               |          |
| Ш  | AS P            | 77           | 1.3      | ļ            | <u> </u>                                     | 2.4        | <u> </u> | 17.7     | ┢───               |           |          |              |          | <u> </u>   | '                |              |            |                    | 19.7           | لـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ |          |
| 12 | TURBIDITY       | JTU          | <b> </b> | <u> </u>     | <u>                                     </u> |            | ļ        |          |                    | <u> </u>  | ļ        |              | ļ        | ┨────      | ļ'               |              | <u> </u>   |                    | <u> </u>       | ل                                      | ⊢        |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM  | DOOML        |          | <u> </u>     |                                              |            | <b> </b> | ₋        |                    |           |          |              |          |            |                  |              | <u> </u>   |                    | <b>  </b>      |                                        | i]       |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO | X            |          | <b>_</b>     |                                              | <b></b>    | <b></b>  | <u> </u> | <b></b>            | +         | <b> </b> |              | <u> </u> | <u> </u>   | <b> </b>         |              | <b></b>    | ļ'                 | I              | $\square$                              |          |
| 15 | AS CACO,        | X            | 576      |              | <u> </u>                                     | 40         | ļ        | 2052     | <u> </u>           | <b></b>   |          | <u> </u>     | <u> </u> | <u> </u>   |                  |              | <u></u>    |                    | 1712           |                                        |          |
| 16 | SULFATE         | X            | 122      | <b> </b>     | <u> </u>                                     | 106        | Ļ        | 660      | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>  | ļ        | <u> </u>     |          |            | <b> </b>         |              | <u> </u>   | <sup> </sup>       | 750            | <u> </u>                               | $\vdash$ |
| 17 | SULFITE         | 17           |          | <u> </u>     | <u> </u>                                     |            | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |                    | <b></b>   |          | <b> </b>     | <b> </b> | <u> </u>   |                  |              |            |                    | <b>↓</b>       | <u> </u>                               | L        |
| 18 | BROMIDE         | 1            |          | <b> </b>     | <b></b>                                      | 1          | ļ        | <b></b>  | <b>_</b>           |           | <u> </u> | <u> </u>     |          |            |                  | <b> </b>     |            |                    | <b>↓</b>       | µ]                                     | L        |
| 19 | CHLORIDE        | 12           | 320      | <u> </u>     |                                              | 160        | <b> </b> | 40       | <u> </u>           | ļ         | ļ        |              | <u> </u> | <u> </u>   |                  | <b> </b>     | <u> </u>   | <u> </u>           | 650            | <b>⊢−−−−</b>                           |          |
| 20 | FLUORIDE        | 1            | ┠───     | <b></b>      |                                              | <b> </b>   | Ļ        | ∔        | <b>_</b>           |           | <u> </u> | <b> </b>     | <u> </u> | <u> </u>   | <u> </u>         |              | <b></b>    | ļ                  |                | µ]                                     |          |
| 21 |                 | 17           | <b> </b> | <u> </u>     |                                              | ──         | <u> </u> | +        |                    | +         |          |              | <u> </u> |            |                  | <u> </u>     | <u> </u>   |                    |                | <u> </u>                               | $\vdash$ |
| 22 | BORON           | 7            |          |              |                                              |            |          | <u> </u> | ₋                  | <u> </u>  | <b> </b> |              | <u> </u> | ╡───       |                  | <u> </u>     | ļ          | <u> </u>           |                | ⊢−−−                                   | $\vdash$ |
| 23 | CHROMIUM        | 17           | 50       | <u> </u>     |                                              | 50         | +        | 50       | +                  | <u> </u>  |          |              |          |            |                  |              | <b> </b>   |                    | 50             | ┝────┤                                 |          |
| 24 | COPPER          | 17           | <u> </u> | <b> </b>     |                                              | ÷          | į        | <u> </u> | +                  | ┿╌───     |          | +            | <u> </u> | <u> </u>   | <b>_</b>         | <b> </b>     |            | <u>↓</u>           |                | <u> </u>                               |          |
| 25 | IRON            | 12           | Į        | ──           | <b> </b>                                     | ──         | <b> </b> |          | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>  |          |              |          |            |                  |              |            | <b>_</b>           |                | ┍╴╴━╾╴┤                                |          |
| 20 | LEAD            | 17<br>MG     | <b>i</b> |              |                                              |            |          | +        | –                  |           |          | ł            | <b> </b> |            | ──               |              |            |                    |                | <del>ب</del> ا                         |          |
| 21 | MAGNESIUM       | 46           |          | +            |                                              | <u>+</u> ~ | <u> </u> | ┼        | <u> </u>           | +         | <b> </b> | <b> </b>     | <b></b>  | ──         |                  |              | ───        |                    | <b>├</b>       |                                        |          |
| 20 | MANGANESE       | 1A<br>146,   | ╉───     | ──           | +                                            | +          | +        | +        | ่──                | +         | <u> </u> | +            | +        | +          | <b> </b>         |              | <u> </u>   | i                  |                | <b>├───</b> ┤                          |          |
| 29 | MERCURY         | 1/L          | <b>_</b> | ┿            |                                              | ──         | ──       | +        | +                  | +         |          | ┨────        | <u> </u> | +          | ļ                |              | <u> </u>   |                    |                | ┍───┤                                  | <u> </u> |
| 30 | NICKEL          | A<br>HG      | ╉────    | +            | +                                            | +          | <u> </u> | +        |                    |           | <u> </u> |              |          | ──         | <u> </u>         |              | + <b>-</b> | ──                 | <b>├</b> ────┥ |                                        |          |
| 10 | SELENIUM        | 1            |          | +            | +                                            | ┼          |          | +        | +                  | +         | <u> </u> |              | ┨────    | ──         | +                |              | ──         |                    | <u>├</u>       | اـــــــا                              | <u> </u> |
| 22 |                 | 1/1          |          | <u> </u>     |                                              | <u> </u>   |          | +        | ╆───               | +         |          | ┥────        | ┼        | ──         |                  | }            | ┨────      |                    |                | j                                      |          |
| 30 |                 | MG           | 50       |              | +                                            | 100        |          | 150      | +                  | +         | <u> </u> |              |          |            | ┢                | <del> </del> | ┼───       | <u> </u>           | 150            | μ]                                     |          |
| 34 | OIL & UREADE    | 1-1-<br>1-6/ |          | +            | +                                            | +          | <u>+</u> | +        | +                  | +         |          |              | ┼-       |            | ──               | <u> </u>     |            |                    |                |                                        |          |
| 30 | PHENOLS         |              | 0.1      | <u> </u>     | +                                            | 0.1        | <u> </u> | 0.1      | +                  | +         |          |              |          | +          | —                |              |            | <u> </u>           | 0.1            | ┝───┦                                  |          |
| 30 | SURFACIANTS     | MG,          |          | +            | +                                            |            |          | +        |                    | +         |          |              |          | +          | <u> </u>         |              | ───        | ┼                  | <b>├</b> ───┤  | ├───┤                                  |          |
| 3/ | ALGICIDES       | MG           | ┦───     | <u> </u>     |                                              | +          | <u> </u> | +        | +                  |           |          | <u> </u>     |          | +          | +                |              | <u> </u>   | <u> </u>           |                | ┟────┦                                 |          |
| 30 | COCOUGNEY       | CYC5         |          | +            |                                              |            | ┝        | +        |                    | ──        |          |              |          | +          |                  | <u> </u>     | <u> </u>   |                    |                | ┟───┛                                  |          |
| 39 |                 | ∕YR          |          | <u> </u>     |                                              | <u> </u>   |          | +        |                    | +         |          | <del> </del> |          | <u> </u>   | +                | <u> </u>     | +          |                    |                | ┟────┤                                 |          |
|    |                 |              |          |              | .                                            |            |          | -        |                    | -         |          |              |          |            | ·                |              |            | ·                  |                | !                                      |          |
|    |                 |              |          |              |                                              |            |          |          |                    |           |          |              |          | ·          | ·                |              | ·          | ·                  |                | i——!                                   |          |

| R E M                                            | ARKS |
|--------------------------------------------------|------|
| Data Source: Corps of Engineers Discharge Permit |      |
| Application                                      |      |
| Dated, June 28, 1971                             |      |
|                                                  |      |
| Q: Cooling Tower Blowdown #2                     |      |
| D: Boiler and Evaporator Blowdown - Intake       |      |
| values are zero.                                 |      |
|                                                  |      |
|                                                  |      |
|                                                  |      |

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 4904

#### CAPACITY: 25 MW FUEL: 011 AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_\_

 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 DATE:
 5-2-73

 SHEET NO, 1
 OF

| 1  |                       |                  | A               | В                            | C                         | D        | _Ε              | F                 | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | м                           | N                         | 0                  | P                             | Q | R | 5     |
|----|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|-------|
|    |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             | WAS                   | TE STR          | EAM                |                    |                      |                             | ·                         |                    | ·                             |   |   |       |
|    | PARAMETE              | R                |                 | TREAT                        | MENT                      | BL       | OWDOW           | 'N                |                             |                       | С               |                    | 3                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
|    |                       |                  | INTAKE<br>WITER | Clarifi-<br>Cation<br>Wastes | ion<br>Exchange<br>Wastes | BOILLR   | evapo-<br>Rator | COOL.ING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | COAL PILE<br>DRAINAGE | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>HEATER | BOILER<br>FIRESIDE | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION<br>DEVICES | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |   |   |       |
| Ι  | FLOW                  | M /<br>DAY       |                 |                              |                           | 1.93     |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           | <u> </u>           |                               |   |   |       |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | **               | 0               |                              |                           | 127      |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 4  | 800                   | мç               | 0               |                              |                           | 5        | _               |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 5  | (00)                  | мç               | 0               |                              |                           | 18       |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | 1                         |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 6  | TS                    | ₩ <u>₹</u>       | 0               |                              |                           | 260      |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 7  | TOS                   | የ                | 0               |                              |                           | 250      |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 8  | T5S                   | MG~              | 0               |                              |                           | 5        |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | 1                | 0               |                              |                           | Ò.15     |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | 1                | 0               |                              |                           | 0.30     |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| μ. | AS P                  | X                | 0               |                              |                           | 0.1      |                 |                   | L                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU              |                 | ļ                            |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | L                             |   |   |       |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO       | 7                |                 |                              |                           | · · · ·  |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 15 | AS CACO               | X                | 0               | L                            |                           | 40       |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 16 | SULFATE               | X                | 0               | ļ                            |                           | 160      | ŀ               | ļ                 | ļ                           |                       |                 | ļ                  | ļ                  | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    | ļ                             |   |   |       |
| 17 | SULFITE               | X                |                 | I                            |                           | ļ        |                 | ļ                 |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | X                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | 7                | 0               |                              |                           | 16       |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      |   |   |       |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | 7                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 21 |                       | 1                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | <u> </u>          |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 22 | CHROMUM               | 1                | -               |                              | <u> </u>                  |          | <u> </u>        |                   |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                    | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    | <b> </b>                      |   |   |       |
| 23 |                       | 1.               | 0               | -                            |                           | 50       |                 | <u> </u>          | -                           |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 26 |                       | 1/1              |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>           |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 26 |                       | 1-64             |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | <br>₩6⁄          |                 | <u>+</u>                     |                           | <u> </u> |                 | <u> </u>          |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      |   |   |       |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | -'L              |                 | +                            | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u> | <u> </u>        | <u>}</u>          |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      |   | ł |       |
| 29 | MERCURY               | μG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |                    |                      |                             |                           | ·                  |                               |   |   |       |
| 30 | NCKEL                 | 46/              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   | <u>-</u>                    |                       |                 | <u> </u>           | +                  |                      |                             |                           |                    | †                             |   |   |       |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | 10               |                 | · · ·                        |                           |          |                 |                   | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | <u> </u>                    |                           | <u>+</u>           | t                             |   |   | · · · |
| 32 | VANADRUM              | 1.5              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 | <u> </u>           | <b></b>            |                      |                             |                           |                    | 1                             |   |   |       |
| 33 | ZINC                  | -67              | 0               | <u> </u>                     |                           | 50       |                 |                   |                             | <u> </u>              |                 | ·                  |                    |                      | 1                           |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          | <u> </u>        | 1                 |                             |                       |                 |                    | 1                  |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   | Ī     |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | 1%               | 0               |                              |                           | 0.001    |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | MG               |                 | 1                            |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | мź               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       | •               |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
| 38 | SODIUM                | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    | ļ                             |   | ļ |       |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYC <sup>C</sup> |                 | ŀ                            |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             | ļ                         | $\vdash$           |                               |   | ļ |       |
| -  |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   |   |       |
|    |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |   | . |       |
|    |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                   |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      | Ľ.                          |                           | 1                  | 1                             |   |   |       |

#### <u>PLANT DATA SHEET</u>

PLANT CODE NO. 5004

#### CAPACITY: <u>540 MW</u> FUEL: <u>Nuclear</u> AGE OF PLANT: <u>6 months</u>

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|     |                    | ſ               | A               | в                            | С               | D        | Ę                                            | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к                  | L                    | М                | N                         | 0                  | Р                  | Q    | R | 5 |
|-----|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|----------|----------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|---|---|
|     |                    | -+              |                 |                              | WASTE STREAM    |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
|     | PARAMETER          |                 |                 | WAT                          | ER IT           | BI       | OWDOW                                        | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | 3                  |                      |                  |                           | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>           |      |   |   |
|     |                    |                 | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILLA   | Evapo-<br>Rator                              | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | BOILER<br>TUBES | air Pre-<br>Heater | Boiler<br>Fireside | ash pond<br>overflow | AIR<br>POLLUTION | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR |      |   |   |
| +   | FLOW               |                 | (A1)            | 1110120                      | 34              |          |                                              | 27258            | (G1)                        |                       |                 |                    | -                  |                      | de rides         |                           | <u></u>            |                    | 34   |   |   |
| 2   | TEMPERATURE        | °c              | <u>,</u> /      |                              | - 37.           |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    | -                  |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 3   | ALKALINITY         | *5/             |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 4   | BOD                | HG/             |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 5   | 00                 | uG/             |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 6   | TS                 | MG              | 78              |                              | ··              |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 7   | TDS                | MG              | 73              |                              |                 | ·        |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 8   | T55                | MG              | 5               |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 9   | AMMONIA AS N       | MC/             |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | 1                         |                    |                    |      | - |   |
| ю   | NITRATE AS N       | MG              |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| н   | PHOSPHORUS<br>AS P | ٣Ŷ              |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 12  | TURBIDITY          | JTU             | 1.8             |                              |                 | l        |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 13  | FECAL COLIFORM     | NO/             |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 14  | ACIDITY AS CACO,   | MG              |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 15  | TOTAL HARDNESS     | MG              |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 16  | SULFATE            | ₩G <sub>2</sub> | 9.4             |                              | 4000            |          |                                              | 7.2              | 9.6                         |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    | 2600 |   |   |
| 17  | SULFITE            | MG              |                 |                              |                 | Ľ        |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 18  | BROMIDE            | MY              |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 19  | CHLORIDE           | MG/             | 7               |                              | ļ               |          | L                                            |                  | 7.3                         |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 20  | FLUORIDE           | ₩Ŷ              |                 |                              |                 |          | L .                                          |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 21  | ALUMINUM           | 14              |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | <b></b>              |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 22  | BORON              | 1               |                 |                              | -               |          | !<br><del> </del>                            | <b> </b>         |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 23  | CHROMIUM           | 12              |                 |                              | -               | -        | ۱<br><del> </del>                            |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 24  | COPPER             | 2               | 10              |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 25  | IRON               | 7               | 340             |                              | <u> </u>        |          | <u> </u>                                     | I                |                             | ┣━                    |                 |                    |                    | ļ                    |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 26  | LEAD               | 7               |                 |                              |                 | <u> </u> |                                              |                  | ļ                           |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 27  | MAGNESIUM          | ~~~<br># C.     |                 |                              | <u> </u>        |          |                                              |                  |                             | ┥                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 28  | MANGANESE          | X<br>#6,        |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             | -                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 29  |                    | 1/1             |                 |                              | <u> </u>        |          | 1                                            | ł                | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 30  |                    | 1               | <10             |                              |                 |          |                                              | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           | <u> </u>           |                    |      |   |   |
| 30  |                    | 46/             |                 |                              | +               |          | +                                            | <u>  '</u>       |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 32  | 7INC               | 1-<br>46/       | - 00            |                              |                 | -        |                                              | +                |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 34  |                    | MG,             | <u>&lt;20</u>   |                              |                 | +        | <u> </u>                                     |                  | <u>+</u>                    | ┼──                   |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 135 | PHENOLS            | 467<br>1        |                 |                              |                 | <u> </u> | <u> </u>                                     | <u> </u>         | <u> </u>                    | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    | i · ·                |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 36  | SURFACTANTS        | r ∟<br>MG∕      |                 | -                            | <u> </u>        | +        |                                              | †                |                             | +                     |                 |                    | <b> </b> -         | +                    |                  |                           |                    | <u> </u>           |      |   |   |
| 37  | ALGICIDES          | MG              |                 |                              |                 | 1        | <u> </u>                                     |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
| 38  | SODIUM             | MG              | 4.3             |                              | 2000            | <u> </u> | <u>†                                    </u> | 3 4              | 4 5                         | +                     |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    | 1200 |   |   |
| 39  | FREQUENCY          | CYCS            |                 |                              | 104             | <u> </u> |                                              | <sup></sup>      | 1                           |                       | · · · ·         |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           | <u> </u>           |                    | 3    |   |   |
| L   |                    | <u></u>         |                 |                              | <u>  -0-2</u>   | 1        | <u> </u>                                     | <u> </u>         |                             | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |
|     |                    |                 |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |                    |                      |                  | <u> </u>                  |                    | <u> </u>           |      |   |   |
|     |                    |                 |                 |                              |                 |          |                                              | ·                |                             |                       |                 |                    | <u> </u>           |                      |                  |                           |                    |                    |      |   |   |

| R E M                                      | ARKS                        |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Data Source: Final Environmental Statement | e                           |
| U.S. Atomic Energy Commission              | A1: $2.1 \times 10^{\circ}$ |
| Dated, July 1972                           | G1: $2.1 \times 10^{6}$     |
|                                            | Alternate Cooling System    |
| C: Cation and Anion Bed Regeneration       |                             |
| Q: Mixed Bed Regeneration                  |                             |
|                                            |                             |
|                                            |                             |
|                                            |                             |
|                                            |                             |

#### CHEMICAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION PLANT DATA SHEET

PLANT CODE NO. 5305

# CAPACITY: 1400 MW

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\_ TABULATION BY : SC 
 FUEL:
 Coal
 DATE:
 5-4-73

 AGE OF PLANT:
 SHEET NO.
 OF
 3

| - 1  |                 | _                | A        | в                                             | C               | D            | Ē        | F        | G       | н         | 1        | J        | к        | L            | м       | М      | 0        | P        | Q       | R        | S |
|------|-----------------|------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|----------|---------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|---------|--------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---|
|      | PARAMETER       |                  |          |                                               |                 | WASTE STREAM |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
|      |                 |                  |          | TREAT                                         | MENT            | BLOWDOWN     |          |          |         | С         | LFANING  | 3        |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
|      |                 |                  | INTAKE   | CLARIFI-<br>CATION                            | ION<br>EXCHANGE | BOILER       | EVAPO-   | COOLING  | CONDENS | COAL PILE | BOILER   | AIR PRE- | BOILER   | ASH POND     | AR      | YARD & | SANITARY | NUCLEAR  |         |          |   |
|      |                 |                  |          | WASTES                                        | WASTES          |              | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER   | DRAINAGE  | TUBES    | HEATER   | FIRESIDE | OVERFLOW     | DEVICES | ORAINS | WASTES   | CONTROL  |         |          |   |
| 1    | FLOW            | DAY              |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 2    | TEMPERATURE     | ۲<br>۲           |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         | _         |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 3    | AS CACO         | $\chi$           |          |                                               |                 |              |          | _        |         | 21.36     |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 4    | BOD             | Ϋ́               |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 5    | 00              | 1                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 6    | TS              | 7                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 7    | TDS             | ጚ                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 8    | TSS             | μÇ               |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 9    | AMMONIA AS N    | X                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 10   | NITRATE AS N    | X                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| Ш    | AS P            | $\chi$           |          |                                               | L               |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 12   | TURBIDITY       | JTU              | L        |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         | 8.37      |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 13   | FECAL COLIFORM  |                  |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 14   | ACIDITY AS CACO | 7                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         | 8.68      |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 15   | AS CACO,        | X                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 16   | SULFATE         | 7                |          |                                               |                 | <br>         |          |          |         |           |          |          |          | ļ            |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 17   | SULFITE         | 1                |          |                                               |                 | ļ            |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 18   | BROMIDE         | X                |          |                                               |                 | <br><b> </b> | ļ        |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 19   | CHLORIDE        | X                |          |                                               |                 |              | ļ        |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 20   | FLUORIDE        | X                | <u> </u> |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 21   | ALUMINUM        | 7                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 22   | BORON           | 7                |          |                                               |                 | ļ            |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 23   | CHROMIUM        | K/               | <u> </u> |                                               |                 | <u> </u>     | ,<br>    |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 24   | COPPER          | 1                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 25   | 1KON            | 1                |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         | 1000      |          |          |          |              |         |        |          | <u> </u> |         |          |   |
| 20   |                 | <u>^(</u><br>₩6, |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 21   | NAGHESIUM       | _ر<br>س          | ··       |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 20   | MANUANESE       | 1.               |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         | ┞──┤      |          |          |          | <u>├</u> ──┤ |         |        |          |          |         | <u> </u> |   |
| 20   |                 | /L<br>#G,        |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           | -        |          | <u> </u> | +            |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 30   |                 | 1-               |          | <u> </u>                                      |                 |              | <b> </b> |          |         |           |          |          |          | <u> </u>     |         |        |          |          |         | <u> </u> |   |
| 10   |                 | 12               |          | <u> </u>                                      |                 |              |          |          |         | ┣───┤     | <u> </u> |          | <u> </u> |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| 12   | 71NC            | 14               |          |                                               |                 |              | -        |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         | -      |          |          |         |          |   |
| 20   | OIL & COENEF    | 1 <u>1</u><br>MG | <u> </u> |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         | <u> </u> |   |
| 1 74 | PHENOLS         | 16/              |          | <u>                                      </u> |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          | t        |         |          |   |
| 74   | SURFACTANTS     | <u>~1</u><br>M6y | <u> </u> |                                               | ·               |              |          | <u> </u> |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        | <u> </u> |          | · · · · |          | 1 |
| 37   | ALGICIDES       | MG               |          |                                               |                 |              |          | <u> </u> |         |           |          |          |          | ļ — —        |         |        | -        |          |         |          |   |
| 38   | SODIUM          | MG               |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          | 1       | <u> </u>  |          |          |          |              |         |        | 1        |          | _       |          |   |
| 39   | FREQUENCY       | eres<br>An       | <b> </b> |                                               |                 |              |          | '        | 1       |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
| ت    |                 | <u>" 18</u>      | <b></b>  |                                               | <br>            |              | [        |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
|      |                 |                  |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |
|      |                 |                  |          |                                               |                 |              |          |          |         |           |          |          |          |              |         |        |          |          |         |          |   |

| RE                                           | M | ARK      | S |           |       |      |
|----------------------------------------------|---|----------|---|-----------|-------|------|
| Data Source: Data supplied by Utility        |   |          |   | <br>      | <br>  |      |
|                                              |   |          |   | <br>      |       | <br> |
| H: Average concentration during March, 1973. |   |          |   | <br>      | <br>  | <br> |
|                                              |   |          |   | <br>      | <br>, |      |
|                                              |   |          |   | <br>      | <br>  | <br> |
|                                              |   | <b> </b> |   | <br>      | <br>  |      |
|                                              |   | <u> </u> |   | <br>• • • | <br>  | <br> |
|                                              |   |          |   |           |       |      |

#### PLANT DATA SHEET CAPACITY: 1400 MW

PLANT CODE NO. 5305

#### FUEL: Coal AGE OF PLANT: \_\_\_\_

sc TABULATION BY : \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ DATE : \_\_\_\_\_ 5-4-7.3 \_\_\_\_\_ SHEET NO. 2 OF 3

\_\_\_\_

|    |                       | Γ                | A               | в                            | С                         | D        | E               | F                | G                           | н                     | 1               | J                  | к      | L                    | м                           | Ы                         | 0                  | P                             | Q     | R        | S   |  |
|----|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------|----------|-----|--|
| ſ  |                       |                  |                 | WASTE STREAM                 |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
|    | PARAMETER             |                  |                 | WAT<br>TREAT                 | ÊR<br>MÊNT                | BI       | OWDOW           | /N               |                             |                       | С               |                    | 5      |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
|    |                       |                  | INTAKE<br>WATER | CLARIFI-<br>CATION<br>WASTES | ION<br>EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILLR   | EVAPO-<br>RATOR | COOLING<br>TOWER | CONDENS<br>COOLING<br>WATER | coal pile<br>Drainage | Boiler<br>Tubes | AIR PRE-<br>Heater | BOILER | ash pond<br>overflow | air<br>Pollution<br>Devices | YARD &<br>FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | NUCLEAR<br>REACTOR<br>CONTROL |       |          |     |  |
|    | FLOW                  | M <sup>3</sup> / |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | 36.41                 |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 19.13 | 8.84     | 14  |  |
| 4  | BOD                   | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | _     |          |     |  |
| 5  | COD                   | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 6  | TS                    | мç               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 7  | TDS                   | MG.<br>Ľ         |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| в  | 755                   | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 9  | Ammonia as n          | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 | i                  |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | ₩G               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           | ļ                  |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 11 | PHOSPHORUS            | ΜÝ               |                 | ļ                            |                           | <br>+    |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |        | ļ                    |                             |                           |                    | ļ                             |       |          |     |  |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU              |                 | ļ                            |                           |          | ļ               |                  |                             | 6.13                  |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 4.38  | 4.2      | 2.6 |  |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        |                  |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           |          |                 |                  |                             | L                     |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO       | 1                |                 |                              |                           | ļ        | <u> </u>        | <u> </u>         |                             | 8.84                  |                 |                    | ļ      |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 8.63  | 8.6      | 8.2 |  |
| 15 | AS CACO,              | 17               |                 |                              |                           | 1        | <u> </u>        |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 16 | SULFATE               | 7                | L               | <u> </u>                     |                           | İ        | 1               | <u> </u>         |                             | 1                     |                 |                    |        | <b> </b>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 17 | SULFITE               | X                | -               |                              |                           | ļ        |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |        | i                    |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | X                |                 |                              |                           | 1        |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 |                    |        | <u> </u>             |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | Ϋ́.              |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 20 |                       | 7                |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      | · -                         |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 21 |                       | ∕L<br>MG∕        |                 | <u> </u>                     |                           | +        | +               | +                |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      | ·                           |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 22 | CHRONIUM              | 1                |                 | +                            | +                         | 1        | i               |                  | +                           |                       |                 | <u> </u>           |        |                      | <u> </u>                    |                           | <del> </del>       | -                             |       |          |     |  |
| 24 | COPPER                | 1-               |                 |                              | t                         |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 25 | 1RON                  | 1-L<br>45/       | <u> </u>        |                              | -                         | <u>i</u> | !               |                  | ┼───                        |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    | <u> </u>                      |       |          |     |  |
| 26 | LEAD                  | 1                |                 | +                            |                           |          | <u> </u>        |                  |                             | 1_300                 |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               | 1000  | 2500     | 780 |  |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | MG               |                 |                              |                           | -        |                 |                  |                             | +                     |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | 4 Gy             |                 | <u>†</u> -                   |                           |          | <del> </del>    |                  | <u> </u>                    |                       |                 |                    |        | T T                  |                             |                           |                    | <u>+</u>                      |       |          | -   |  |
| 29 | MERCURY               | <sup>µG</sup>    | 1               |                              |                           |          | 1               | †                |                             |                       |                 |                    | 1      |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 30 | NICKEL                | HG/              | <b>-</b>        |                              | 1                         |          | i               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      | +<br>                       |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | 1%               |                 |                              | +                         |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           | 1                  |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 32 | VANADIUM              | 1%               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 33 | ŻINC                  | 1%               |                 |                              |                           |          | 1               |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | 1%               |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | M℃/              | k               |                              | ļ                         |          | ļ               |                  |                             |                       | <u> </u>        |                    |        |                      |                             |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | MC/              | ļ               |                              |                           | ļ        |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      | ļ                           |                           |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 38 | SODIUM                | 1                |                 |                              | ļ                         |          |                 |                  |                             | ļ                     |                 | ļ                  |        | ļ                    | L                           | ļ                         | ļ                  |                               |       |          |     |  |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | /YR              | <b>]</b>        |                              |                           |          |                 |                  | L                           | <u> </u>              |                 |                    |        | ļ                    | ļ                           |                           |                    |                               |       | <b> </b> |     |  |
|    |                       |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 |                  |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             | Í                         |                    |                               |       |          |     |  |
|    | ]                     |                  |                 |                              |                           |          |                 | -                |                             |                       |                 |                    |        |                      |                             |                           | .                  | .                             |       |          |     |  |
|    |                       |                  | l               | 1                            | 1                         | 1        | 1               | 1                | 1                           | 1                     |                 |                    | 1      | 1                    | 1                           |                           | 1                  | L                             |       | 1        |     |  |

| REM                                            | ARKS                                          | |
|---|---|---|
| Data Source: Data supplied by Utility          | S: Average coal pile drainage analysis during |
|                                                | October, 1972.                                |
| H: Average coal pile drainage analysis during  |                                               |
| May, 1972.                                     |                                               |
| Q: Average coal pile drainage analysis during  |                                               |
| June, 1972.                                    |                                               |
| R: Average coal pile drainage analysis during  |                                               |
| Sept. 1972, higher iron when equipment digging |                                               |
| in trench.                                     |                                               |
|                                                |                                               |
| <u>CHEMICAL</u> | WASTE | CHARACTERIZATION |
|-----------------|-------|------------------|
| _               |       |                  |

PLANT CODE NO. 5305

PLANI DATA SHEET CAPACITY: <u>1400 MW</u>

FUEL: <u>Coal</u> AGE OF PLANT:\_\_\_\_\_ 
 TABULATION BY:
 SC

 DATE:
 5-4-73

 SHEET NO.
 3 OF

|    |                       | Γ                   | Α      | В                | С                  | D         | F        | F        | 6           |          | ,            |          |          | r        |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
|----|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|------------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|------|
| [  |                       | -                   |        |                  |                    |           |          | <u> </u> |             | L        | TE CTO       |          | K        |          | M:         | E)              | 0                  |          | Q        | R        | 5    |
|    | PARAMETER             |                     |        | WATER            |                    |           |          | /NI      | <del></del> |          | OLE STREAM   |          |          |          | ,          |                 | ,                  | <u> </u> | 1        |          |      |
|    |                       |                     | INTAKE | CLARIFI-         | ION                |           |          |          | CONDENS     |          |              |          | 3        | 1.       | ΔIR        | YADD 4          |                    |          |          |          |      |
|    |                       |                     | WATER  | CATION<br>WASTES | EXCHANGE<br>WASTES | BOILER    | RATOR    | TOWER    | WATER       | ORAINAGE | TUBES        | AIR PRE- | FIRESIDE | ASH POND | POLLUTION  | FLOOR<br>DRAINS | SANITARY<br>WASTES | REACTOR  |          |          |      |
|    | FLOW                  | M <sup>3</sup> /DAY |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             | <u> </u> |              |          |          |          |            |                 | +                  |          |          |          |      |
| 2  | TEMPERATURE           | °c                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             | - · ·    |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | t I      | <b>1</b> |      |
| 3  | ALKALINITY<br>AS CACO | мХ                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             | 14.32    | ···· <u></u> |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | 14 63    | 20.9     | 24 1 |
| 4  | 800                   | MY                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          | ·            |          |          | <u>+</u> |            |                 |                    |          | 17.03    | 20.0     | 34.1 |
| 5  | 00                    | MY                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          | †           |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | -        |          |      |
| 6  | TS                    | MY                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 7  | TDS                   | MУ                  |        |                  |                    | · · · · · |          |          | 1           |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 8  | TSS                   | MG                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          | •            |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 9  | AMMONIA AS N          | MC/                 |        | 1                |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 10 | NITRATE AS N          | MG                  |        |                  |                    | !         |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| П  | PHOSPHORUS            | MG                  |        | 1                |                    | 1         |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 12 | TURBIDITY             | JTU                 |        |                  |                    |           | -        |          | · · · · ·   | 2 77     |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | 208 8    | 135 6    | 3 06 |
| 13 | FECAL COLIFORM        |                     |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | 200.0    | 133.0    | 5.00 |
| 14 | ACIDITY AS CACO,      | ΜY                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             | 10.26    |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | 9.46     | 9 66     | 9 99 |
| 15 | TOTAL HARDNESS        | MG                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          | 2.00     |      |
| 16 | SULFATE               | щ                   |        |                  |                    | <u> </u>  |          |          |             |          |              |          |          | i        |            |                 |                    |          |          | · · ·    |      |
| 17 | SULFITE               | мX                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 18 | BROMIDE               | Mg                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          | 1           | 1.       |              |          |          |          |            |                 | 1                  |          |          |          |      |
| 19 | CHLORIDE              | МÇ                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 20 | FLUORIDE              | мç                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 21 | ALUMINUM              | 10/                 |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 22 | BORON                 | ₩°2                 |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 | 1                  |          |          |          |      |
| 23 | CHROMIUM              | #%                  |        |                  |                    |           | i        |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 | 1                  |          |          |          |      |
| 24 | COPPER                | #G/                 |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 25 | IRON                  | <i>"</i> ~          |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             | 1050     |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | 890      | 1090     | 900  |
| 26 | LEAD                  | "%                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 27 | MAGNESIUM             | MG                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 28 | MANGANESE             | *%                  |        |                  |                    |           | <br>     |          | L           |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          |      |
| 29 | MERCURY               | #G<br>/L            |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | L        |          |      |
| 30 | NICKEL                | #6                  |        |                  | Ĺ                  |           | 1        |          |             |          |              |          |          |          | ļ          |                 | ļ                  |          |          |          |      |
| 31 | SELENIUM              | #6/                 |        |                  |                    |           | <u> </u> | 1        |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          | <br>     |          |      |
| 32 | VANADILM              | 14                  |        |                  |                    |           | <br>     |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    |          |          |          | L    |
| 33 | ZINC                  | "%                  |        |                  |                    | L         | <u> </u> |          | ļ           | ļ        |              |          | L        |          |            |                 | L                  |          | <u> </u> |          |      |
| 34 | OIL & GREASE          | MG                  |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             | L        |              |          |          | <br>     |            |                 |                    |          | ļ        |          |      |
| 35 | PHENOLS               | " /                 |        |                  |                    | ļ         |          |          |             | ļ        |              |          | L        |          | ļ .        |                 |                    | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |          |      |
| 36 | SURFACTANTS           | 12                  |        |                  |                    | L         |          |          |             | L        |              |          |          |          | L          |                 |                    |          |          |          | ļ    |
| 37 | ALGICIDES             | Mς/                 |        |                  |                    | L         | ļ        |          |             |          |              |          |          |          | <u> </u>   |                 |                    | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |          |      |
| 38 | SODRUM                | ₩G/                 |        | ļ                | ļ                  |           |          |          | L           | <b></b>  |              |          |          |          | <u> </u>   |                 | <u> </u>           | ļ        | <b> </b> |          |      |
| 39 | FREQUENCY             | CYC'S<br>/YR        |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             | ļ        |              |          |          |          | L          |                 | <u> </u>           |          | <u> </u> |          |      |
|    |                       |                     |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             | .        |              | <u> </u> |          |          | . <u> </u> |                 |                    |          | —        |          |      |
|    | ļ                     |                     |        |                  |                    |           |          |          |             |          |              |          |          |          |            |                 | .                  |          |          | ·        |      |
|    | 1                     | ŀ                   | 1      |                  | 1                  | 1         |          |          | [           | 1        |              |          |          |          |            |                 |                    | 1        | 1        |          | _    |

| REI                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | A R K S                                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Data Source; Data supplied by Utility                                                                                                                                                                                  | S: Average coal pile drainage analysis during<br>pebruary, 1973. |
| <ul> <li>H: Average coal pile drainage analysis during<br/>November 1972.</li> <li>Q: Average coal pile drainage analysis during<br/>December, 1972.</li> <li>R: Average coal pile drainage analysis during</li> </ul> |                                                                  |
| January, 1973.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                  |

APPENDIX 3

## PART 423---EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES FOR EXISTING SOURCES AND STANDARDS OF PERFORMANCE AND PRETREATMENT STANDARDS FOR NEW SOURCES FOR THE STEAM ELECTRIC POWER GENERATING CATEGORY

| Sec.   |                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 423.10 | Applicability; description of steam electric power                                                                                                                                   |
| 423.11 | Special definitions.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 423.12 | Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of<br>effluent reduction attainable by the application<br>of the best practicable control technology<br>currently available. |
| 423.13 | Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of<br>effluent reduction attainable by the application<br>of the best available technology economically<br>achievable.       |
| 423.14 | Reserved                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 423.15 | Standards of performance for new sources.                                                                                                                                            |
| 423.16 | Pretreatment standards for new sources.                                                                                                                                              |

8 423.10 Applicability; description of steam electric power generating category.

The provisions of this part are applicable to discharges resulting from the operation of an establishment primarily engaged in the generation of electricity for distribution and sale, which generation results primarily from a process utilizing fossil-type fuel (coal, oil, gas), or nuclear fuel in conjunction with a thermal cycle employing the steam-water system as the thermodynamic medium.

**8** 423.11 Special definitions.

For the purposes of this Part:

(a) The term "base-load unit" shall mean any unit except a generating unit that is one or more of the following:

(i) a generating unit which, according to the Federal Power Commission Form 67 Steam Electric Plant Air and Water Quality Control Data for the Year Ended December 31, 1973, had an average boiler capacity factor during the year of less than 60 percent, except in the case where the accuracy of the Form 67 data is questioned.

In any case in which the average boiler capacity factor is not reported in Federal Power Commission Form 67 for the year ended December 31, 1973, or in which the accuracy of the Form 67 data is questioned, the average boiler capacity factor for that generating unit shall be determined according to the data recorded on the operating record book or log of that unit for the entire calendar year 1973. (ii) a generating unit (1) for which the average boiler capacity factor is not reported in Federal Power Commission Form 67 for the year ended December 31, 1973, and operating records are not available for the entire calendar year 1973, (2) which has one or more of the design characteristics of non-base-load units, and (3) which can be demonstrated by the owner or operator not to be planned to be operated to generate more than 31,600,000c kilowatt-hours (gross) per megawatt of nameplate generating capacity during the six most productive calendar years, which need not be consecutive, of its useful service life including both past and future service.

(iii) a large generating unit for which a retirement date on or before July 1, 1986, is committed or proposed, as most recently reported to the Federal Power Commission by the appropriate reliability coordinating council, agreement, network, pool, or group as required annually pursuant to Federal Power Commission, Order No. 383-2, Docket No. R-362.

In the case in which said unit is in a system that is not a member of a reliability coordinating council, agreement, network, pool, or group, the retirement date for that generating unit shall be determined on the basis of evidence submitted by the owner or operator of that unit.

(iv) a small generating unit for which a retirement date on or before July 1, 1989, or earlier is committed or proposed, as most recently reported to the Federal Power Commission by the appropriate reliability coordinating council, agreement, network, pool, or group as required annually pursuant to Federal Power Commission, Order No. 383-2, Docket No. R-362.

In the case in which said unit is in a system that is not a member of a reliability coordinating council, agreement, network, pool, or group, the retirement date for that generating unit shall be determined on the basis of evidence submitted by the owner or operator of that unit.

(b) The term "cyclic unit" shall mean any unit except a generating unit that is one or mcre of the following:

(i) a base-load unit.

(ii) a generating unit which, according to the Federal Power Commission Form 67 Steam-Electric Plant Air and Water Quality Control Data for the Year Ended December 31, 1973, has an average boiler capacity factor during the year of 20 percent or less, except in the case where the accuracy of the Form 67 data is questioned.

In any case in which the average boiler capacity factor is not reported in Federal Power Commission Form 67 for the year ended December 31, 1973, or in which the accuracy of the Form 67 data is questioned, the average boiler capacity factor for that generating unit shall be determined according to the data recorded on the operating record book or log of that unit for the entire calendar year 1973.

(iii) a generating unit (1) for which the average boiler capacity factor is not reported in Federal Power Commission Form 67 for the year ended December 31, 1973, and operating records are not available for the entire calendar year 1973, (2) which has one or more of the design characteristics of non-base-load units, and (3) which can be demonstrated by the owner or operator not to be planned to be operated to generate more than 10,500,000 kilowatt-hours (gross) per megawatt of nameplate generating capacity during the six most productive calendar years, which need not be consecutive, of its useful service life including both past and future service.

(iv) a generating unit for which a retirement date on or before July 1, 1989, is committed or proposed, as most recently reported to the Federal Power Commission by the appropriate reliability coordinating council, agreement, network, pool, or group as required annually pursuant to Federal Power Commission Order No. 383-2, Docket No. R-362.

In the case in which said unit is in a system that is not a member of a reliablility coordinating council, agreement, network, pool, or group, the retirement date for that generating unit shall be determined on the basis of evidence submitted by the owner or operator of that unit.

(c) The term "peaking unit" shall mean any unit except a generating unit that is one or mcre of the following:

(i) a base-load unit or a cyclic unit.

(ii) a generating unit for which a retirement date on or before July 1, 1989, is committed or proposed, as most recently reported to the Federal Power Commission by the appropriate reliability coordinating council, agreement, network, pool, or group as required annually pursuant to Federal Power Commission Order No. 383-2, Docket No. R-326.

In the case in which said unit is in a system that is not a member of a reliability coordinating council, agreement, network, pool, or group, the retirement date for that generating unit shall be determined on the basis of evidence submitted by the owner or operator of that unit.

(d) The term "large unit" shall mean a unit which is both (1) a part of a plant with a rated generating capacity of 25 megawatts or more and (2) a part of an electric utility system with a generating capacity of 150 megawatts or more.

(e) The term "blowdown" shall mean the minimum discharge of recirculating water for the purpose of discharging materials contained in the water, the further buildup, otherwise, of which would cause concentration in amounts exceeding limits established by best engineering practice.

(f) The term "free available chlorine" shall mean the value obtained using the amperometric titration method for free available chlorine described in <u>Standard Methods for the Examination of Water</u> and <u>Wastewater</u> 13th Edition, 1971, Method 144B, page 112.

(g) The term "design characteristics of non-base-load units" shall mean the following, provided that the unit is not coal-fired: (i) no reheat stage, (ii) fewer than five feedwater heaters, (iii) a steam throttle pressure less than 137 atm. (2000 psig), and (iv) a steam throttle temperature less than  $538^{\circ}C$  (1000°F).

(h) The term "sufficient land" shall mean 100 sq m (1100 sq ft) or more per megawatt of nameplate generating capacity.

(i) The term "intermediate-volume waste sources" shall mean blowdown from recirculating main condenser cooling water systems, waste water from nonrecirculating ash handling systems, and waste water from nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems.

The term "low-volume waste sources" mean, shall (j) taken collectively as if from one source, waste water from boiler blowdown, treatment ion exchange water treatment wastes, water evaporator blowdown, boiler tube cleaning, boiler fireside cleaning, air preheater cleaning, laboratory and sampling streams, floor drainage, cooling tower basin cleaning wastes, blowdown from recirculating ash handling systems, blowdown from recirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems, stack cleaning, miscellaneous equipment cleaning, recirculating house service water systems, and other waste sources of comparable volume.

(k) The term "small unit" shall mean a unit which is not large.

(1) The term "daily average" shall mean the average of daily values for thirty consecutive days. When waste water from the source in question is not discharged on a particular day during the thirty consecutive days, the daily value for that day shall not be included in the average.

(m) The term "FLCW" shall mean the daily flow, 1, of waste water from the source (e.g. recirculating cooling water system, low-volume waste sources, nonrecirculating ash sluicing system, nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control system) in question.

(n) The term "recirculating system" shall mean a system from which there is no discharge of waste water other than blowdown.

(O) The term "nonrecirculating system" shall mean a system that is not a recirculating system.

8 423.12 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

In establishing the limitations set forth in this section, the Environmental Protection Agency took into account all information it was able to collect, develop and solicit with respect to factors (such as and size of plant, utilization of facilities, raw materials, age manufacturing processes, non-water quality environmental impacts, control and treatment technology available, energy requirements, costs) which can affect the industry subcategorization and effluent limitations established. It is, however, possible that data which would affect these limitations have not been available and, as a result, these limitations should be adjusted for certain plants in this industry. An individual discharger or other interested person may submit evidence to the Regional Administrator (or to the State, if the State has the authority to issue NPDES permits) that factors relating to the equipment facilities involved, the process applied, or other such factors or related to such discharger are fundamentally different from the factors considered in the establishment of the guidelines. On the basis of such evidence or other available information, the Regional Administrator (or the State) will make a written finding that such factors are or are not

fundamentally different for that facility compared to those specified in the Development Document. If such fundamentally different factors are found to exist, the Regional Administrator or the State shall establish for the discharger effluent limitations in the NPDES permit either more or less stringent than the limitations established herein, to the extent dictated by such fundamentally different factors. Such limitations must be approved by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency. The Administrator may approve or disapprove such limitations, specify other limitations, or initiate proceedings to revise these regulations.

The following limitations constitute the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties which may be discharged after application of the best practicable control technology currently available by a point source subject to the provisions of this Part:

(a) (1) There shall be no discharge of heat from a large base-load unit for which construction is completed on or after July 1, 1977, except that heat may be discharged in blowdown from recirculating cooling water systems provided that the temperature at which the blowdown is discharged does not exceed at any time the lowest temperature of the recirculating cooling water prior to the addition of make-up water.

(2) The limitation in subparagraph (a) (1) shall not apply where the owner or operator of a unit otherwise subject to it can demonstrate:

(A) that sufficient land for mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers is not available on the premises or on adjoining property under the ownership or control of the owner or operator, as of the date on which these regulations were proposed, with some amount of land use reassignment and no other available alternative evaporative cooling system is practicable, or

(B) that total dissolved solids concentrations in available intake cooling water exceed 30,000 mg/l, and land not owned or controlled by the owner or operator is located within 150 m (500 ft) downwind (prevailing) of all practicable locations for mechanical draft cooling towers and no other alternative evaporative cooling system is practicable.

(3) The limitations in subparagraph (a) (1) shall not apply to discharges from nonrecirculating house service water systems in nuclear-fueled generating units, and to waste water discharges from low-volume waste sources or intermediate volume waste sources other than blowdown from recirculating cooling water systems.

(b) There shall be no discharge of pollutants from clarification water treatment and softening water treatment.

(c) Concentrations of free available chlorine in waste water discharged from nonrecirculating and recirculating cooling water systems shall not exceed average concentrations of 0.2 mg/l and maximum concentrations of 0.5 mg/l at the outlet corresponding to an individual unit during a maximum of one 2-hour period a day. No discharge of total residual chlorine is otherwise allowed. No discharge of total residual chlorine is allowed from one unit while another unit at the same plant is being chlorinated. When it can be demonstrated by the owner or operator that higher levels of free available chlorine or more-lengthy total periods of application are required to maintain a reasonable level of condenser tube cleanliness for nonrecirculating cooling water systems, discharges of amounts of free available chlorine in excess of the above limitations which are necessary to maintain such level of condenser tube cleanliness may be permitted.

(d) There shall be no discharge of polychlorinated biphenyl transformer fluid.

(e) Total iron and total copper in waste water from low-volume waste sources shall not exceed daily average amounts, mg, of 1 mg/l total copper x FLOW and 1 mg/l total iron x FLOW.

(f) (1) Total suspended solids in waste water from low-volume waste sources shall not exceed daily average amounts, mg, of 15 mg/l x FLOW or a maximum amount, mg, for any one day of 100 mg/l x FLOW.

(2) Total suspended solids in waste water from recirculating cooling water systems shall not exceed daily average amounts, mg, of 15 mg/l x FLOW or a maximum amount, mg, for any one day of 100 mg/l x FLOW.

(3) Total suspended solids in waste water from nonrecirculating ash sluicing systems and from nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems shall not exceed daily average amounts, mg, of 15 mg/l x FLOW or a maximum amount, mg, for any one day of 100 mg/l x FLOW, except that amounts, mg, in excess of the above limitations are allowed only to the extent that the amount, mg, of total suspended solids in waste water from nonrecirculating ash sluicing systems and from nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control systems does not exceed the amount, mg, of total suspended solids brought into the plant, over the same time span, for use in conjunction with the nonrecirculating ash sluicing system or the nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control system, respectively.

(4) Total suspended solids in waste water run-off from rainfall run-off sources, taken collectively as if from one source, including coal pile drainage, yard and roof drainage, and run-off from construction activities shall not exceed average concentrations of 15 mg/l during the time span of each run-off event or a maximum concentration of 100 mg/l at any time.

(g) The pH value of all streams discharged, with the exception of nonrecirculating cooling water, shall be in the range of 6.0 to 9.0 at all times.

(h) Waste waters discharged from the sanitary system shall meet applicable standards for publicly-owned treatment works specified in 40 CFR Part 133.

(i) No debris from the intake means shall be discharged.

(j) There is no effluent limitation on waste waters from the radiological waste system presented in this regulation.

(k) (1) Oil and grease in waste water from low-volume waste sources shall not exceed daily average amounts, mg, of 10 mg/l x FLOW, or a maximum concentration of 20 mg/l at any time.

(2) Oil and grease in waste water from recirculating cooling water systems shall not exceed daily average amounts, mg, of 10 mg/l x FLOW.

(3) Oil and grease in waste water from rainfall run-off sources, taken collectively as if from one source, shall not exceed daily average

concentrations of 10 mg/l during the time span of each run-off event or a maximum concentration of 20 mg/l at any time.

(4) Oil and grease in waste waters from nonrecirculating ash sluicing systems and from nonrecirculating wet-scrubber air pollution control system shall not exceed daily average amounts, mg, of 10 mg/l x FLOW.

(1) Where waste waters from one source with effluent limitations for a particular pollutant are combined with other waste waters (such as the combination of waste water from low-volume sources with nonrecirculating cooling water), the effluent limitation, mg (or mg/l), for the particular pollutant, excluding pH, for the combined stream shall be the sum of the effluent limitations (for concentration limits apply appropriate dilution factors) for each of the streams which contribute to the combined stream, except that the actual amount, mg (or mg/l), of the pollutant in a contributing stream will be used in place of the effluent limitation for those contributing streams where the actual amount, mg (or mg/l), of the pollutant is less than the effluent limitation, mg (or mg/l), for the contributing stream.

6 423.13 Effluent limitation guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable.

The following limitations constitute the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties which may be discharged after application of the best available technology economically achievable by a point source subject to the provisions of this Part:

(a) (1) There shall be no discharge of heat, except that heat may be discharged in blowdown from the recirculating condenser cooling water system provided that the temperature at which the blowdown is discharged does not exceed at any time the lowest temperature of the recirculating cooling water prior to the addition of make-up water.

(2) The limitation set forth in subparagraph (a)(1) shall be achieved as follows:

(i) No later than July 1, 1978, by base-load units presently in operation or on which construction is completed prior to July 1, 1977, with a nameplate generating capacity of 500 megawatts or greater.

(ii) No later than July 1, 1979, by base-load units presently in operation or on which construction is completed prior to July 1, 1977, with a nameplate generating capacity of less than 500 megawatts, but greater than 299 megawatts.

(iii) No later than July 1, 1980, by all other large base-load units.

(iv) No later than July 1, 1983, by all other units, including cyclic units, peaking units and small base-load units.

(3) The limitation set forth in subparagraph (a) (1) shall not apply to units as to which the owner or operator can demonstrate that (1) sufficient land for mechanical draft evaporative cooling towers is not available on the premises, with a reasonably significant amount of land use reassignment or on adjoining properties, whether or not owned or controlled by the owner or operator, and (2) none of the available alternative evaporative cooling systems is practicable.

(4) The limitations set forth in subparagraph (a) (1) shall not apply to discharges from nonrecirculating house service water systems in nuclear-fueled units.

(b) The effluent limitations set forth in sections 423.12 (c), (f) (2), (g), (h), (i), (k) (2), and (k) (3) shall apply to discharges of pollutants from recirculating and nonrecirculating cooling water, and sanitary wastes, except that no discharge is allowed of total residual chlorine from recirculating cooling water systems and that total chromium, total phosphorus (as P), and total zinc in waste water from recirculating cooling water systems shall not exceed daily average amounts, mg, of 0.2 mg/l total chromium x FLOW, total phosphorus (as P) of 5 mg/l x FLOW, and 1 mg/l of total zinc x FLOW.

(c) (1) There shall be no discharge of waste water from run-off waste sources, taken collectively as if from one source, unless the first 15 minutes of rainfall run-off are segregated from the remainder during any rainfall event.

(2) Total suspended solids and oil and grease in waste waters from the first 15 minutes of rainfall run-off from any rainfall event, taken collectively as if from one source, shall not exceed average concentrations of 15 mg/l and 10 mg/l, respectively, and maximum concentrations of 100 mg/l and 20 mg/l, respectively.

(3) Total suspended solids and oil and grease in waste waters from all but the first 15 minutes of rainfall run-off from any rainfall event, taken collectively as if from one source, shall not exceed average concentrations of 15 mg/l and 10 mg/l, respectively, and maximum concentrations of 100 mg/l and 20 mg/l, respectively.

(d) There shall be no discharge of pollutants other than from those waste sources controlled by paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this section.

(e) There is no effluent limitation on waste waters from the radiological waste system presented in this regulation.

(f) Where waste waters from one source, with effluent limitations for a particular pollutant, are combined with other waste waters (such as the combination of waste water from low-volume waste sources with nonrecirculating cooling water), the effluent limitation, mg (or mg/l), for the particular pollutant, excluding pH, for the combined stream shall be the sum of the effluent limitations (for concentration limits apply appropriate dilution factors) for each of the streams which contribute to the combined stream except that the actual amount, mg (or mg/l), of the pollutant in a contributing stream will be used in place of the effluent limitation for those contributing streams where the actual amount, mg (or mg/l), of the pollutant is less than the effluent limitation, mg (or mg/l), for the contributing stream.

6 423.14 Reserved.

The following limitations constitute the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties which may be discharged after application of standards of performance by a new source subject to the provisions of this Part:

(a) There shall be no discharge of heat by any new sources, except that heat may be discharged in blowdown from recirculating cooling water systems provided that the temperature at which the blowdown is discharged does not exceed at any time the lowest temperature of the recirculating cooling water prior to the addition of make-up water.

(b) The effluent limitations set forth in section 423.12(b) through (k) shall apply to discharges of pollutants other than heat, except as provided in paragraph 423.15(c).

(C) There shall be no discharge of:

(i) corrosion inhibitors in blowdown from recirculating cooling water systems;

(ii) total residual chlorine, or other chemical additives used for biological control in main condenser tubes from nonrecirculating cooling water systems;

(iii) pollutants from systems providing sluicing of bottom ash from the combustion of oil or fly ash from the combustion of any fuel; or

(iv) pollutants from nonrecirculating ash sluicing systems.

(d) Where waste waters from one source with effluent limitations for a particular pollutant are combined with other waste waters (such as the combination of waste water from low-volume waste sources with nonrecirculating cooling water), the effluent limitation, mg (or mg/l), for the particular pollutant, excluding pH, for the combined stream shall be the sum of the effluent limitations (for concentration limits apply appropriate dilution factors) for each of the streams which contribute to the combined stream except that the actual amount, mg (or mg/l), of the pollutant in a contributing stream will be used in place of the effluent limitation for those contributing streams where the actual amount, mg (or mg/l), of the pollutant is less than the effluent limitation, mg (or mg/l), for the contributing stream.

6 423.16 Pretreatment standards for new sources.

The pretreatment standards under section 307(c) of the Act, for a source within the steam electric power generating category which is an industrial user of publicly owned treatment works, (and which would be a new source subject to section 306 of the Act, if it were to discharge pollutants to navigable waters), shall be the standard set forth in Part except that for the purposes of this section, 128.133 40 128 40 CFR, amended to read as follows: "In addition to the shall be CFR prohibitions set forth in 128.131 of this title, the pretreatment standards for incompatible pollutants introduced into a publicly owned treatment works by a major contributing industry shall be the standard of performance for new sources specified in 423.15, 40 CFR, Part 423, provided that, if the publicly owned treatment works which receives the pollutants is committed, in its NPDES permit, to remove a specified percentage of any incompatible pollutant, the pretreatment standard applicable to users of such treatment works shall be correspondingly reduced for that pollutant."