



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

APR 13 1998

OFFICE OF  
SOLID WASTE AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE

OSWER Directive 9200.4-26

**MEMORANDUM**

**SUBJECT:** Approach for Addressing Dioxin in Soil at CERCLA and RCRA Sites

**FROM:** Timothy Fields, Jr. Acting Administrator  
Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response *Timothy Fields, Jr.*

**TO:** Director, Office of Site Remediation and Restoration  
Region I  
Director, Emergency and Remedial Response Division  
Region II  
Director, Division of Environmental Planning and Protection  
Region II  
Director, Hazardous Waste Management Division  
Regions IX  
Director, Waste Management Division  
Region IV  
Director, Waste, Pesticides, & Toxics Division  
Region V  
Director, RCRA Multimedia Planning & Permitting Division  
Region V  
Director, Superfund Division  
Regions III, V, VI, VII  
Assistant Regional Administrator, Office of Ecosystems Protection and Remediation  
Region VIII  
Director, Hazardous Waste Program  
Region VIII  
Director, Office of Environmental Cleanup  
Region X  
Director, Office of Waste and Chemical Management  
Region X

## **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this Directive is to recommend preliminary remediation goals (PRGs) or starting points for setting cleanup levels for dioxin in soil at Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) corrective action sites. These recommended levels are to be used pending the release of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) comprehensive dioxin reassessment report and cross-program assessment of the impacts of the report. One ppb (TEQs, or toxicity equivalents) is to be generally used as a starting point for setting cleanup levels for CERCLA removal sites and as a PRG for remedial sites for dioxin in surface soil involving a residential exposure scenario. For commercial/industrial exposure scenarios, a soil level within the range of 5 ppb to 20 ppb (TEQs) should generally be used as a starting point for setting cleanup levels at CERCLA removal sites and as a PRG for remedial sites for dioxin in surface soil. These levels are recommended unless extenuating site-specific circumstances warrant a different level.

The dioxin levels discussed in this Directive are also generally recommended for actions taken under RCRA at corrective action sites. The recommended levels of 1 ppb (TEQs) for residential soils and within the range of 5 ppb to 20 ppb (TEQs) for commercial/industrial soils should generally be used as starting points in setting soil cleanup levels at RCRA corrective action sites. These levels are generally consistent with soil cleanup levels set at RCRA facilities throughout the country where dioxin is a principal contaminant of concern at the facility. However, because states are the primary implementors of the RCRA Corrective Action program, this Directive does not prescribe specific procedures for implementation under RCRA.

This Directive sets forth the policy basis for these recommended levels and prescribes procedures for implementing these recommendations.

## **BACKGROUND**

To date, EPA has generally selected 1 ppb as a cleanup level for dioxin in residential soils at Superfund and RCRA cleanup sites where dioxin is a principal contaminant of concern at the facility. EPA has also, to date, generally selected a cleanup level for dioxin within the range of 5 ppb to 20 ppb for commercial/industrial soils at Superfund and RCRA cleanup sites where dioxin is a principal contaminant of concern at the facility. The levels that EPA has selected at these sites are protective of human health and the environment. Based on presently available information, and using standard default assumptions for reasonable maximum exposure scenarios, the upper-

bound lifetime excess cancer risk from residential exposure to a concentration of 1 ppb dioxin is approximately  $2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ , which is at the higher end of the range of excess cancer risks that are generally acceptable at Superfund sites. The calculated upper-bound excess cancer risk associated with a lifetime commercial/industrial exposure to 5 ppb, or the lower end of the range recommended for commercial/industrial soils, is approximately  $1.3 \times 10^{-4}$ , which is also within the CERCLA risk range. It should be noted that there is more difficulty in generalizing about the cancer risk associated with commercial/industrial cleanup levels than there is with residential cleanup levels due to the greater variability in exposures associated with commercial/industrial scenarios. Accordingly, the consultation process for Superfund sites referenced in the implementation section of this Directive should be used to ensure the selection of appropriate, protective dioxin levels at CERCLA commercial/industrial sites. Similarly, for RCRA corrective action sites, please refer to the implementation section of this Directive.

EPA is presently completing work on a comprehensive reassessment of the toxicity of dioxin, to be embodied in the documents entitled "Health Assessment Document for 2,3,7,8 tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) and Related Compounds" and "Estimating Exposure to Dioxin-like Compounds." The reassessment report, which is scheduled to be issued in 1998, will represent the culmination of an Agency-wide effort to collect, analyze and synthesize all of the available information about dioxin. It has undergone significant internal and external review and is one of the most comprehensive evaluations of toxicity of a chemical ever performed by the Agency. Following release of the report, the Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) will participate in a cross-program review of the implications of the report for the regulation and management of dioxin by EPA. We anticipate that this review will culminate in OSWER guidance addressing the management of dioxin at CERCLA and RCRA sites.

The Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response does not believe it is prudent to establish new, and possibly varying, precedents for Superfund or RCRA dioxin levels just prior to the release of this reassessment report. As with any other pollutant, it is important that EPA ensure appropriate national consistency in remediation efforts. The Agency has used 1 ppb as a residential cleanup level and between 5 ppb and 20 ppb as a commercial/industrial cleanup level at CERCLA and RCRA cleanup sites for dioxin in soil in the past; it is anticipated that OSWER will be issuing guidance, informed by the reassessment effort, that will provide a basis for the selection of dioxin cleanup levels in the near future. In the interim, for sites that require the establishment of a final dioxin soil cleanup level prior to the release of the reassessment report and

development of OSWER guidance, EPA should generally use 1 ppb (TEQs) as a starting point for residential soil cleanup levels for CERCLA non-time critical removal sites (time permitting, for emergency and time critical sites) and as a PRG for remedial sites. EPA should generally use a level within the range of 5 ppb to 20 ppb (TEQs) as a starting point for cleanup levels at CERCLA non-time critical removal sites (time permitting, for emergency and time critical sites) and as a PRG for remedial sites for commercial/industrial soil. These levels should also be used as starting points in setting soil cleanup levels at RCRA corrective action sites.

For CERCLA remedial sites, consistent with 40 CFR § 300.430(f)(5)(iii)(D), EPA should commit to reviewing Records of Decision (RODs) (i.e., RODs in which this Directive has been used to develop dioxin soil cleanup levels) promptly following the release and analysis of the reassessment report and OSWER guidance, and, if necessary, to making changes to the RODs and cleanup actions, based on the information contained in the reassessment report and in the OSWER guidance. Similarly, in the case of non-time critical removal actions (time permitting, for emergency and time critical actions), EPA should commit to reviewing Action Memoranda promptly following the release and analysis of the reassessment report and OSWER guidance, and, if necessary, to making changes to the Action Memoranda and cleanup actions, based on the information contained in the reassessment report and the OSWER guidance. EPA should similarly commit to reviewing RCRA cleanup decisions (i.e., decisions for which this Directive has been used) promptly following the release and analysis of the reassessment report and OSWER guidance.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

Regional management should consult with the appropriate Office of Emergency and Remedial Response (OERR) Regional Centers on all proposed Fund and Potentially Responsible Party-lead site decisions under CERCLA, including other Federal agency-lead and state-lead site decisions, involving the development of dioxin soil cleanup levels for non-time critical removal sites (time permitting, for emergency and time critical removal sites) and remedial sites. Consultation should be initiated at the risk assessment stage. For Federal agency-lead sites, OERR will, in turn, notify the Federal Facilities Restoration Reuse Office of ongoing consultations. The Office of Site Remediation Enforcement will provide support if enforcement issues are identified. For consultation procedures, refer to the OSWER "Headquarters Consultation for Dioxin Sites", 9200.4-19, December 13, 1996, plus the OSWER "Consolidated Guide to Consultation Procedures for Superfund Response Decisions", 9200.1-18FS, May 1997.

In the case of EPA-lead RCRA corrective action sites, Regions should provide the Office of Solid Waste Permits and State Programs Division (OSW/PSPD) with proposed dioxin soil cleanup levels (i.e., prior to notice and comment) in order to ensure appropriate implementation of this Directive. For state-lead RCRA corrective action sites, it is also recommended that states use the dioxin levels recommended by this Directive as starting points in setting soil cleanup levels. States are encouraged to share their approaches with the Regions in a manner consistent with established procedures for EPA support and oversight of state RCRA Corrective Action programs.

The levels in this Directive are recommended unless extenuating site-specific circumstances warrant different levels, a more stringent state applicable or relevant and appropriate requirement (ARAR) establishes a cleanup level at CERCLA sites, or a more stringent state requirement applies at RCRA sites. We recommend that levels other than 1 ppb (TEQs) for residential soils and outside the range of 5 ppb to 20 ppb (TEQs) for commercial/industrial soils be used only where evidence exists that risks posed by the site differ from risks estimated using standard national default guidance values. These recommendations apply to RCRA corrective actions, CERCLA non-time critical removal actions (time permitting, for emergency and time-critical actions) and CERCLA remedial actions where cleanup levels are to be developed for dioxin in soil, regardless of whether dioxin itself drives the decision-making process.

The recommended levels found in this Directive, generally considered protective of human health and the environment, apply to surface soils. Please note that with respect to human health, these levels are based on the direct contact exposure pathway. The recommended levels in this Directive do not apply to other exposure pathways, such as migration of soil contaminants to ground water or to agricultural products. While the focus of this Directive is on soils, these recommended levels also apply to sediments in the event that this environmental medium is considered to be a direct exposure pathway for human receptors.

This document provides guidance to EPA staff. The guidance is designed to communicate national policy on dioxin cleanups for soil. The document does not, however, substitute for EPA's statutes or regulations, nor is it a regulation itself. Thus, it cannot impose legally-binding requirements on EPA, states, or the regulated community, and may not apply to a particular situation based upon the circumstances. EPA may change this guidance in the future, as appropriate.

If you have any questions concerning this Directive, please contact either Marlene Berg at (703)603-8701 in Headquarters or Elmer Akin of Region 4 at (404)562-8634, as Marlene and Elmer are

co-chairs of the Superfund Dioxin Workgroup. For the RCRA Corrective Action program, please contact Robert Hall of the Office of Solid Waste Permits and State Programs Division at (703)308-8484. Attached, for your information, is a list of Regional points of contact who are serving on the dioxin workgroup.

Attachment: Superfund Dioxin Workgroup: Regional Points of Contact

cc: Mike Shapiro, OSWER  
Peter Grevatt, OSWER  
Steve Luftig, OERR  
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Superfund Dioxin Workgroup

**SUPERFUND DIOXIN WORKGROUP - REGIONAL POINTS OF CONTACT**

- Region 1: Superfund/RCRA - Anne-Marie Burke. (617) 223-5528
- Region 2: Superfund - Marian Olsen. (212) 637-4313  
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- Region 4: Superfund - Elmer Akin. (404) 562-8634  
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- Region 7: Superfund - Bob Feild. (913) 551-7697  
RCRA - Scott Ritchey. (913) 551-7641
- Region 8: Superfund contact Susan Griffin. (303) 312-6651  
RCRA - Tala Henry. (303) 312-6648
- Region 9: Superfund - Sophia Serda. (415) 744-2307  
RCRA - Mary Blevins. (415) 744-2069
- Region 10: Superfund/RCRA - Marcia Bailey. (206) 553-0684