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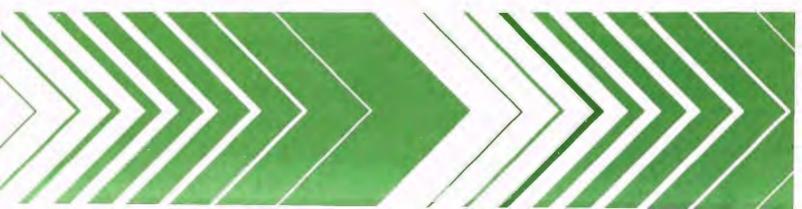
Research and Development

Environmental Monitoring Series

Hazardous Materials Spill Monitoring

Safety Handbook and Chemical Hazard Guide

Part B - Chemical Data



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HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SPILL MONITORING

Safety Handbook and Chemical Hazard Guide Part B - Chemical Data

by

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CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
2.	INDEX OF CHEMICALS ADDRESSED	2
3.	CHEMICAL DATA SHEETS	.1

SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION

Part B - Chemical Data should be used in conjunction with Part A of this manual as a reference to the nature and known hazards of 655 specific chemical compounds. Safety and first aid measures in the event of exposure are included. Part B is not designed as a stand-alone reference. It is packaged in its present form, separate from Part A, to facilitate the addition of new chemical data sheets and allow update or modification of the chemical data already included, as new information becomes available.

It is strongly recommended that personnel be familiar with the contents of this manual and have read the introductory chapters (Part A) prior to responding to spills of any type.

Part A should be inserted and maintained in a loose-leaf binder with Part B. The user must be familiar with the explanatory information of Part A to effectively utilize the chemical data sheets in Part B of this manual.

Part A discussed toxicity and factors determining and influencing toxic effects; protective measures to avoid exposure, and first aid practices in the event of exposure to hazardous substances; and factors which may complicate the spill-site picture. Also included in Part A is a method for prioritizing chemical spills on the basis of specific health, reactivity and fire hazards and historical spill frequencies. A group of 273 chemical compounds are so ranked, using the formula presented.

Information essential to the effective use of the chemical data sheets (Part B), e.g., explanation of the coding system for hazard identification, as well as the sources of the chemical information used are presented in Part A.

Part B contains an index of the 655 chemical compounds addressed by this manual, followed by alphabetized chemical data sheets with specific precautionary information and first aid procedures. The data sheets cross-reference the known common synonyms of the various chemicals as well as available trade names.

The information included in the chemical data sheets of Part B represents material that was available in the source reference documents as of 1975. Data sheets are included for 655 compounds, even when no information was listed. These sheets can be updated as information on the compounds becomes available.

SECTION 2. INDEX OF CHEMICALS ADDRESSED

.

Chemical Compound	Page	Chemical Compound	Page
Acetaldehyde	12	Ammonium oxalate	56
Acetic acid	13	Ammonium pentaborate	57
Acetic anhydride	14	Ammonium perchlorate	58
Acetone	15	Ammonium persulfate	59
Acetone cyanohydrin	16	Ammonium sulfamate	60
Acetonitrile	17	Ammonium sulfate	61
Acetophenone	18	Ammonium sulfide	62
Acetyl bromide	19	Ammonium sulfite	63
Acetyl chloride	20	Ammonium tartrate	64
Acetylene	21	Ammonium thiocyanate	65
Acrolein	22	Ammonium thiosulfate	66
Acrylic acid	23	Amyl acetate	67
Acrylonitrile	24	n-Amyl alcohol	68
Adiponitrile	25	Aniline	69
Aldrin	26	Aniline sulfate	70
Allyl alcohol	27	Antimony pentachloride	71
Allyl chloride	28	Antimony pentafluoride	72
Aluminum chloride	29	Antimony potassium	
Aluminum fluoride	30	tartrate	73
Aluminum sulfate	31	Antimony tribromide	74
Amines	32	Antimony trichloride	75
Aminoethylethanolamine	33	Antimony trifluoride	76
Ammonia	34	Antimony triiodide	77
Ammonium acetate	35	Antimony trioxide	78
Ammonium benzoate	36	Arsenic acid	79
Ammonium bicarbonate	37	Arsenic compounds	80
Ammonium bichromate	38	Arsenic disulfide	8].
Ammonium bifluoride	39	Arsenic pentoxide	82
Ammonium bisulfite	40	Arsenic tribromide	83
Ammonium bromide	41	Arsenic trichloride	84
Ammonium carbonate	42	Arsenic trifluoride	85
Ammonium chloride	43	Arsenic triiodide	86
mmonium chromate	44	Asphalt	87
Ammonium citrate	45	Asphalt blending stocks	88
Ammonium ferrocyanide	46	Barium carbonate	89
Ammonium fluoborate	47	Barium cyanide	90
mmonium fluoride	48	Benzaldehyde	91
mmonium fluosilicate	49	Benzene	92
mmonium formate	50	Benzene hexachloride	93
mmonium hydroxide	51	Benzoic acid	94
mmonium hypophosphite	52	Benzonitrile	95
mmonium iodide	53	Benzoyl chloride	96
mmonium molybdate	54	Benzyl chloride	97
mmonium nitrate	55	Beryllium chloride	98

SECTION 2. INDEX OF CHEMICALS ADDRESSED

	Page	Chemical Compound	Page
Beryllium compounds	99	Calcium hypochlorite	143
Beryllium fluoride	100	Calcium oxide	144
Beryllium hydroxide	101	Camphene	145
Beryllium nitrate	102	Camphor oil	146
Beryllium phosphate	103	Captan	147
Beryllium sulfate	104	Carbaryl	148
Bisphenol A	105	Carbolic oil	149
Borax	106	Carbon bisulfide	150
Boric acid	107	Carbon tetrachloride	151
Boron compounds	108	Catechol	152
Bromine	109	Chlordane	153
Brucine	110	Chlorine	155
Butane	111	Chlorobenzene	155
1,3-Butadiene	112	Chloroform	155
Butadiene nitrile	113	Chlorohydrins	150
1,4-Butanediol	114	Chlorosulfonic acid	158
1,4-Butenediol	115	Chromic acid	150
Butyl alcohol	116	Chromic acetate	160
sec-Butyl alcohol	117	Chromic sulfate	161
tert-Butyl alcohol	118	Chromium compounds	162
n-Butyl acetate	119	Chromous carbonate	162
sec-Butyl acetate	120	Chromous chloride	165
n-Butyl acrylate	121	Chromous oxalate	165
tert-Butyl hydroperoxide	122	Chromyl chloride	166
Butylamine	123	Cobalt compounds	167
Butylene	124	Cobaltous acetate	168
1,4-Butynediol	125	Cobaltous bromide	169
Butyraldehyde	126	Cobaltous chloride	170
Butyric acid	127	Cobaltous citrate	170
Cacodylic acid	128	Cobaltous fluoride	171
Cadmium acetate	129	Cobaltous formate	173
Cadmium bromide	130	Cobaltous iodide	175
Cadmium chloride	131	Cobaltous nitrate	174
Cadmium compounds	132	Cobaltous perchlorate	175
Cadmium fluoborate	133	Cobaltous succinate	170
Cadmium nitrate	134	Cobaltous sulfamate	178
Cadmium sulfate	135	Cobaltous sulfate	170
Calcium arsenate	136	Copper compounds	180
Calcium arsenite	137	Coumaphos	1.81
Calcium carbide	138	Cresols	182
Calcium chromate	139	Crotonaldehyde	183
Calcium cyanide	140	Cumene	184
Calcium fluoride	140	Cupric acetate	185
Calcium hydroxide	142	Cupric acetoarsenite	185

Chemical Compound	Page	Chemical Compound	Page
Cupric acetylacetonate	187	Dichloropropene	230
Cupric bromide	188	Dichlorvos	231
Cupric chloride	189	Dicyclopentadiene	232
Cupric formate	190	Dieldrin	233
Cupric gluconate	191	Diethanolamine	234
Cupric glycinate	192	Diethyl benzene	235
Cupric lactate	193	Diethyl carbonate	235
Cupric nitrate	194	Diethylamine	237
Cupric oxalate	195	Diethylene glycol	238
Cupric subacetate	196	Diethylene glycol	250
Cupric sulfate	197	dimethyl ether	239
Cupric sulfate,	± 7 /	Diethylene glycol	237
ammoniated	198	monoethyl ether	240
Cupric tartrate	199	Diethylene glycol	240
Cuprous bromide	200	monomethyl ether	241
Cuprous iodide	201	Diethylene triamine	241
Cyanides	201	Diisobutyl carbinol	242
Cyanogen bromide	202	Diisobutylene	243
Cyanogen chloride	205	•	244
Cyanopyridine	204	Diisopropanolamine Dimethylamine	
Cyclohexane	205	Dimethyl formamide	246 247
Cyclohexanol	200	1,1-Dimethyl hydrazine	247
Cyclohexanone	207	· · ·	
Cyclohexylamine	200	Dimethyl sulfate	249
2,4-D acid		Dimethyl sulfoxide 2,4-Dinitroaniline	250 251
2,4-D esters	210 211	Dinitrobenzene	
Dalapon	211	Dinitro-ortho,sec-Butyl	252
DDT	212	phenol	253
Decaldehyde	213	2,4-Dinitrophenol	255
1-Decene	214	Dioctyl adipate	
n-Decyl alcohol	215	Dioctyl phthalate	255
Diacetone alcohol	210	1,4-Dioxane	256
Diazinon	217	Diphenyl	257
Dibenzoyl peroxide	218	Diphenyl methane	258
Dibutyl phthalate	219	diisocyanate	259
Dicamba	220	Dipropylene glycol	259
Dichlobenil	222	Diquat	260
Dichlone	223	Distillates flashed	201
o-Dichlorobenzene	223	feed stocks	262
p-Dichlorobenzene	224	Distillates straight	202
Dichlorodifluoromethane	225	-	060
Dichloromethane	220	run Disulfonton	263
2,4-Dichlorophenol	227	Disulfonton Diuron	264
Dichloropropane			265
	229	Dodecanol	266

F

Chemical Compound	Page	Chemical Compound	Page
Dodecene	267	Ferric ammonium citrate	304
1-Dodecene	268	Ferric ammonium oxalate	305
Dodecyl benzene	200	Ferric chloride	306
sulfonic acid	269	Ferric fluoride	307
Dowtherm	270	Ferric glycerophosphate	308
Dursban	270	Ferric nitrate	309
Endosulfan	271	Ferric phosphate	310
Endrin	272	Ferric sulfate	311
Epichlorohydrin	273	Ferrous ammonium	312
Ethane	274	Ferrous chloride	312
Ethion	275	Ferrous oxalate	
Ethoxy triglycol	278	Ferrous sulfate	314
Ethoxylated dodecanol	277	Fluorides	315
Ethoxylated pentadecanol		Fluorine	316
Ethoxylated tetradecanol	279		317
Ethoxylated tridecanol	280	Formaldehyde Formic acid	318
Ethyl acetate	281		319
Ethyl acrylate	282	Fumaric acid	320
Ethyl alcohol	283	Furfural	321
Ethyl benzene	284	Gasolines	322
Ethyl butanol	285	Glycerine	323
Ethyl chloride	286	Glycidyl methacrylate	324
Ethyl ether	287	Glycols	325
2-Ethyle-3-Propylacrolein	288	Guthion	326
Ethylene	289	Heptachlor	327
Ethylene cyanohydrin	290	Heptane	328
Ethylene diamine	291	Heptanol	329
Ethylene diamine	292	1-Heptene	330
tetraacetic acid		Hexamethylene diamine	331
Ethylene dibromode	293	Hexamethylene tetramine	332
Ethylene dichloride	294	Hexane	333
Ethylene glycol	295	Hexanol	334
Ethylene glycol dimethyl	296	1-Hexene	335
ether		Hexylene glycol	336
Ethylene glycol monobutyl	297	Hydrazine	337
ether		Hydrochloric acid	338
Ethylene glycol monoethyl	298	Hydrofluoric acid	339
ether	200	Hydrogen chloride	340
Ethylene glycol monoethyl	29 9	Hydrogen cyanide	341
ether acetate	200	Hydrogen fluoride	342
	300	Hydrogen peroxide	343
Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether	201	Hydrogen sulfide	344
Ethyleneimine	301	Hydroquinone	345
Ethylene oxide	302	Hydroxylamine	346
Dentrene Aviac	303	Iodides	347

Chemical Compound	Page	Chemical Compound	Page
Isoamyl alcohol	348	Lithium chromate	392
Isobutane	349	Lithium fluoride	393
Isobutyl acetate	350	Malathion	394
Isobutyl acrylate	351	Maleic acid	395
Isobutyl alcohol	352	Maleic anhydride	396
Isobutylene	353	Mercuric acetate	397
Isobutyraldehyde	354	Mercuric ammonium chloride	398
Isodecaldehyde	355	Mercuric bromide	399
Isodecyl alchol	356	Mercuric chloride	400
Isohexane	357	Mercuric cyanide	401
Isooctaldehyde	358	Mercuric iodide	402
Isooctyl alcohol	359	Mercuric nitrate	403
Isopentane	360	Mercuric oxide	404
Isoprene	361	Mercuric sulfate	405
Isopropyl acetate	362	Mercuric thiocyanate	406
Isopropyl alcohol	363	Mercurous chloride	407
Jet fuels: JP-3	364	Mercurous iodide	408
Jet fuels: JP-4	365	Mercurous nitrate	409
Jet fuels: JP-5	366	Mercury	410
Kelthane	367	Mercury compounds	411
Kerosene	368	Methane	412
Latex, liquid synthetic	369	Methanearsonic acid,	
Lauryl mercaptan	370	sodium salts	413
Lead acetate	371	Methoxychlor	414
Lead arsenate	372	Methyl acrylate	415
Lead bromide	373	Methyl alcohol	416
Lead chloride	374	Methyl amyl acetate	417
Lead compounds	375	Methyl amyl alcohol	418
Lead fluoborate	376	Methyl bromide	419
Lead fluoride	377	Methyl chloride	420
Lead iodide	378	Methyl ethyl ketone	421
Lead nitrate	379	2-Methy1-5-Ethy1 pyridine	422
Lead stearate	380	Methyl isobutyl ketone	423
Lead sulfate	381	Methyl mercaptan	424
Lead sulfide	382	Methyl methacrylate	425
Lead tetraacetate	383	Methyl parathion	426
Lead thiocyanate	384	Mineral spirits	427
Lead thiosulfate	385	Molybdic trioxide	428
Lead tungstate	386	Monochlorodifluoromethane	429
Linear alcohols	387	Monoethanolamine	430
Liquefied natural gas	388	Monoethylamine	431
Liquefied petroleum gas	389	Monoisopropanolamine	432
Lithium aluminum hydride	390	Monomethylamine	433
Lithium bichromate	391	Morpholine	434

Chemical Compound	Page	Chemical Compound	Page
Motor fuel antiknock com-		Oils: Miscellaneous,	
pounds with lead alkyls	435	lubricating	475
Naled	435	Oils: Miscellaneous,	475
Naphtha: Coal tar type	430	mineral	476
Naphtha stoddard solvent	437	0ils: Miscellaneous,	470
Naphtha VM&P	438	mineral seal	477
Naphthalene	439	Oils: Miscellaneous,	4//
Naphthenic acid(s)	440	Motor	478
Nickel acetate	441	0ils: Miscellaneous,	470
Nickel ammonium sulfate	442	penetrating	/70
Nickel bromide		Oils: Miscellaneous,	479
Nickel carbonyl	444	-	(90
Nickel chloride	445	range	480
	446	Oils: Miscellaneous,	(01
Nickel compounds Nickel fluoride	447	resin	481
	448	Oils: Miscellaneous,	(
Nickel formate	449	spendle	482
Nickel hydroxide	450	Oils: Miscellaneous,	
Nickel iodine	451	spray	483
Nickel nitrate	452	Oils: Miscellaneous,	
Nickel perchlorate	453	road	484
Nickel sulfate	454	Oils: Miscellaneous,	
Nitrates	455	transformer	485
Nitric acid	456	Oleum	486
Nitriles	457	Oxalates	487
Nitrobenzene	458	Oxalic acid	488
Nitrogen dioxide	459	Paraformaldehyde	489
Nitrogen oxides	460	Parathion	490
Nitromethane	461	Pentachlorophenol	491
Nitrophenol	462	Pentadecanol	492
Nitrosyl chloride	463	Pentane	493
Nonanol	464	1-Pentene	494
Nonene	465	Petrolatum	495
1-Nonene	466	Petroleum naphtha	496
Nonyl phenol	467	Phenol	497
Octanol	468	Phosdrin	498
1-Octene	469	Phosgene	499
Oils: Crude	470	Phosphine	500
Oils: Diesel	471	Phosphoric acid	501
Oils: Fuel 2	472	Phosphorus compounds	502
Oils: Miscellaneous,	• / •	Phosphorus oxychloride	503
absorption	473	Phosphorus pentachloride	505
Oils: Miscellaneous,	715	Phosphorus pentafluoride	505
coal tar	474	Phosphorus pentasulfide	506
	7/4	rusphurge benegenting	200

Chemical Compound	Page	Chemical Compound	Page
Phosphorus, red	507	Sodium amide	. 547
Phosphorus trichloride	508	Sodium arsenate	548
Phosphorus, white	509	Sodium arsenite	549
Phthalic anhydride	510	Sodium bichromate	550
Polybutene	511	Sodium bifluoride	551
Polychlorinated biphenyls	512	Sodium bisulfite	552
Polyphosphoric acid	513	Sodium borate	553
Polypropylene glycol		Sodium borohydride	554
methyl ether	514	Sodium cacodylate	555
Potassium arsenate	515	Sodium chlorate	556
Potassium arsenite	516	Sodium compounds	557
Potassium bichromate	517	Sodium cyanide	558
Potassium chromate	518	Sodium ferrocyanide	559
Potassium cyanide	519	Sodium fluoride	560
Potassium hydroxide	520	Sodium hydride	561
Potassium iodide	521	Sodium hydrosulfide	562
Potassium permanganate	522	Sodium hydroxide	563
Propane	523	Sodium hypochlorite	564
Propionaldehyde	524	Sodium methylate	565
Propionic acid	525	Sodium nitrite	566
Propionic anhydride	526	Sodium phosphate,	
n-Propyl acetate	527	dibasic	567
n-Propyl alcohol	528	Sodium phosphate,	
Propylene	52 9	monobasic	568
Propylene butylene		Sodium phosphate,	
polymer	530	tribasic	569
Propylene glycol	531	Sodium selenite	570
Propylene glycol methyl		Sodium silicate	571
ether	532	Sodium sulfide	572
Propylene oxide	533	Sodium sulfite	573
Pyrethrins	534	Sorbitol	574
Pyridine	535	Stannous fluoride	575
Pyrogallic acid	536	Strontium chromate	576
Quinoline	537	Strychnine	577
Resorcinol	538	Styrene	578
Selenic acid	539	Sulfates	57 9
Selenium compounds	540	Sulfides	5 80
Selenium oxide	541	Sulfites	581
Selenium oxychloride	542	Sulfolane	582
Silver nitrate	543	Sulfur (liquid)	583
Sodium	544	Sulfur compounds	584
Sodium alkyl sulfates	545	Sulfur dioxide	585
Sodium alkylbenzene	P 1 -	Sulfur monochloride	586
sulfonates	546	Sulfuric acid	587

Chemical Compound	Page	Chemical Compound	Page
Sulfuryl chloride	588	Vinyl chloride	630
2,4,5-T Acid	589	Vinyl toluene	631
2,4,5-T Esters	590	Vinylidene chloride,	
Tannic acid	591	inhibited	632
TDE	592	Waxes: Carnauba	633
Tetrachloroethylene	593	Waxes: Paraffin	634
Tetradecanol	594	Xylene: Ortho, meta,	
1-Tetradecene	595	para	635
Tetraethyl lead	596	Xylenol	636
Tetraethyl pyrophosphate	597	Zectran	637
Tetrahydrofuran	598	Zinc acetate	638
Tetrahydronaphthalene	599	Zinc ammonium chloride	639
Tetramethyl lead	600	Zinc ammonium sulfate	640
Titanium tetrachloride	601	Zinc bichromate	641
Toluene	602	Zinc borate	642
Toluene-2,4-Diisocyanate	603	Zinc bromide	643
Toxaphene	604	Zinc carbonate	644
Trichlorfon	605	Zinc chloride	645
Trichloroethane	606	Zinc compounds	646
Trichloroethylene	607	Zinc cyanide	647
Trichlorofluoromethane	608	Zinc fluoride	648
Trichlorophenol	609	Zinc formate	649
Tricresyl phosphate	610	Zinc hydrosulfide	650
1-Tridecene	611	Zinc nitrate	651
Triethanolamine	612	Zinc permanganate	652
Triethylamine	613	Zinc phenolsulfonate	653
Triethylbenzene	614	Zinc phosphide	654
Triethylenetetramine	615	Zinc potassium chromate	655
Trimethylamine	616	Zinc propionate	656
Turpentine	617	Zinc silicofluoride	657
Undecano1	618	Zinc sulfate	658
1-Undecene	619	Zinc sulfate monohydrate	659
Uranium peroxide	620	Zirconium acetate	660
Uranyl acetate	621	Zirconium ammonium	
Uranyl nitrate	622	fluoride	661
Uranyl sulfate	623	Zirconium compounds	662
Valeraldehyde	624	Zirconium nitrate	663
Vanadium compounds	625	Zirconium oxychloride	664
Vanadium oxytrichloride	626	Zirconium potassium	
Vanadium pentoxide	627	fluoride	665
Vanadyl sulfate	628	Zirconium sulfate	666
Vinyl acetate	629	Zirconium tetrachloride	667

SECTION 3. CHEMICAL DATA SHEETS

CAS No. 75-07-0	ACETALDEHYDE Colorless, watery liquid; sharp fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Acetic aldehyde, ethanal, ethyl aldehyde
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. All equipment should not have exposed rubber parts.
HAZARDS	Extremely flammable. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Severely explosive. Can react with oxidizing materials. Eye, skin and respiratory irritant. Can produce severe eye burns. Prolonged inhalation may have narcotic effect. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

CAS No. 64-19-7	ACETIC ACID Colorless, watery liquid; strong vinegar odor.
SYNONYMS	Ethanoic acid, vinegar acid, methane carboxylic acid, glacial acetic acid. Vinegar is dilute acetic acid.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing.
HAZARDS	Combustible. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. High explosive hazard when exposed to flame. Can be irritating, can cause burns. When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes. Repeated inhalation of vapor may cause chronic inflammation of upper respiratory tract and chronic bronchitis. TLV 10 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to nose and throat. If inhaled will cause coughing, nausea, vomiting or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid or Solid Will burn skin or eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS No. 108-24-7	ACETIC ANHYDRIDE Colorless, water liquid; strong vinegar odor.
SYNONYMS	Ethanoic anhydride, acetyl oxide, acetic oxide.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
HAZARDS	Flammable liquid. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. When heated to decomposition, will emit toxic fumes. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Reacts vigorously with water to form acetic acid. Corrosive on contact with tissue. Especially hazardous to the eyes - with delayed action will cause burn. Will react violently on contact with water or steam. TLV 5 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Will burn eyes. Irritating to nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS No.	ACETONE
67-64-1	Colorless, watery liquid; sweet odor.
SYNONYMS	Dimethyl ketone, propanone, ketone propane.
0111011110	
	Stay upwind.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
TILADUNLO	
·	
	Flammable.
	Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
	Narcotic in high concentrations. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.
	TLV 1000 ppm in air.
HAZARDS	
UHTHKAR	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat.
	If inhaled, may cause difficult breathing or loss of consciousness.
i	Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	Liquid
	Irritating to eyes. Not irritating to skin.
EXPOSURE	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 75-86-5	ACETONE CYANOHYDRIN Colorless, watery liquid; mild almond odor.	
SYNONYMS	Alpha-hydroxyisobutyranitrile, 2-methyllactonitrile, oxyisobutyric nitrile.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind. Wear chemical protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Combustible liquid. Forms explosive mixture with air. Readily decomposes to hydrocyanic acid and acetone. Poisonous gases are produced when heated. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. TLV 10 ppm.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 75-05-8	ACETONITRILE Colorless, watery liquid; sweet odor.	
syndiams	Methyl cyanide, cyanomethane, ethanenitrile.	
safety Measures	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and goggle Stay upwind. Treat as cyanide.	es.
hazards	Flammable liquid. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Can react with oxidizing materials. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Will react with water, steam or acids to produce of flammable vapors. Highly toxic, can be absorbed through skin and restract. High concentrations cause rapid death. Products of decomposition are highly toxic. TLV 40 ppm.	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Treat as cyanide <u>Vapor</u> Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirate If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plent IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim or milk.	ty of water.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 98-86-2	ACETOPHENONE Colorless liquid; flowery-sweet odor. $(1)^{2}$
SYNONYMS	Acetylbenzene, methyl phenyl ketone, phenyl methyl ketone, hypnane, hypnone.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
HAZARDS	Combustible. Reacts with oxidizing materials. Narcotic in high concentrations.
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Irritating to eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

CAS No. 506-96-7	ACETYL BROMIDE Colorless fuming liquid; turns yellow in air.
SYNONYMS	Ethanoyl bromide.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and goggles, stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Flammable. Highly explosive. Decomposes violently on contact with moisture. Dangerous when heated to decomposition, it produces fumes of carbonyl bromide and bromine. Reacts with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Strong irritant to eyes and skin. See bromides.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ivo. 75-36-5	ACETYL CHLORIDE Colorless fuming liquid.
Synonyms	Ethanoyl chloride.
SAFETY Measures	Wear full-protective clothing, self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Flammable liquid. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts violently with water to form acetic acid and hydro- chloric acid. Reacts violently with alcohol. Severely explosive when exposed to heat or shock. When heated to decomposition, (hydrogen chloride and phosgene) extremely poisonous gases are involved. Highly toxic, strong irritant.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 74-86-2	ACETYLENE Colorless compressed gas; mild garlic odor.
SYNONYMS	Ethine, ethyne.
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Mixture of air and acetylene will explode. At high pressure and moderate temperature, will decompose explosively to form explosive compounds with copper, silver and mercury. Forms spontaneously explosive acetylene chloride in contact with chlorine. When mixed with oxygen, acetylene can act as a narcotic and has been used as an anesthetic. Nontoxic but can cause asphyxiation by exclusion of oxygen.
EXPOSURE	Gas Not irritating to eyes, nose or throat. If inhaled will cause headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

CAS No. 107-02-8	ACROLEIN Colorless or yellowish liquid; choking odor.
SYNONYMS	2-Propenal, acrylic aldehyde, acraldehyde, allyl aldehyde.
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing.
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable liquid when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. When heated it decomposes to form highly toxic fumes. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Small amounts are highly toxic and poisonous. Highly irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. May result in serious burns. TLV 0.5 ppm in air.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritates eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. May result in serious burns. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected ares with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 79-10-7	ACRYLIC ACID Colorless watery liquid; irritating odor.	
SYNONYMS	Propenoic acid, acroleic acid, n-butyl acrilate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear full protective clothing, goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber clothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Flammable liquid. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Moderately explosive. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. When heated to decomposition, produces lightly toxic fumes. Can react with oxidizing materials. Liquid corrosive to skin. Toxic - one of the most serious eye injury chemicals.	
EXPOSUR	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid or Solid</u> Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS NO. 107-13-1	ACRYLONITRILE
SYNONMIS	Propenenitrile, vinyl cyanide.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable liquid. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Dangerous on decomposition or on contact with acid. Produces highly toxic fumes of cyanides. Toxic by inhalation, ingestion or skin absorption. TLV 20 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLEWED. Contact with skin may produce welts. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. IF IN EYES hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping the victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 111-69-3	ADIPONITRILE Colorless-to-light yellow; odorless liquid.
SYNONYMS	1,4-Dicyanobutane, tetramethylene cyanide.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear special protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Can react with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. Produces disturbances of the respiratory and circulatory systems. See hydrocyanic acid and nitriles. TLV 20 ppm. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

CAS No. 309-00-2	ALDRIN Brown solid or solution; mild chemical odor.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing, including gloves.
HAZARDS	The dry powder will not burn. If heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of hydrogen chloride, chlorinated breakdown products and phosgene. Commercial solutions may contain flammable or combustible liquids. Severe poisoning may result from ingestion of 1 to 2 grams. Toxic by skin contact, inhalation, or swallowing. Solutions containing 10% or more are rapidly absorbed by the skin. Spray mists are extremely hazardous. TLV 25 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<u>Gases</u> - POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. <u>Solid or Solution</u> POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 107-18-6	ALLYL ALCOHOL Colorless, watery liquid; sharp mustard odor.		
SYNONYMS	2-propen-1-ol, propenyl alcohol, vinyl carbinol.		
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).		
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable liquid. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. Moderate explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strongly irritant to eyes. Readily absorbed through skin. High concentration causes narcosis and kidney damage. TLV 2 ppm in air. 		
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

CAS No. 107-05-1	ALLYL CHLORIDE Colorless to brown-red liquid; irritating odor.		
SYNONYMS	3-chloropropene, 3-chloropropylene.		
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing. Stay upwind.		
HAZARDS	Highly flammable liquid. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Highly toxic. Absorbed through the skin. Contact may result in temporary loss of vision. Vapor is painfully irritating to skin, eyes, and nose. Exposure to saturated atmosphere might be lethal in a few minutes. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.		
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS limit first aid to keeping victim warm.		

CAS No. 7446-70-0	ALUMINUM CHLORIDE Yellow-grayish crystals or powder; irritating odor		
SYNONYMS			
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with solid or dust. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).		
HAZARDS	Not explosive or combustible but may react slowly in a fire. Reacts violently with water to form hydrochloric acid. Highly toxic. Will cause burns on contact with skin and eyes. Severe respiratory irritant.		
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.		
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

CAS No. 7784-18-1	ALUMINUM FLUORIDE White, odorless, solid powder or granules. 3^{3}
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with dust. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Noncombustible. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to tissue. TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Dust If inhaled, irritating to nose and throat. Move to fresh air.

CAS No. 10043-01-3	ALUMINUM SULFATE	300
SYNONYMS	Cake alum	
SAFETY MEASURES	Guard against ingestion. Avoid breathing dust.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Hydrolyzes readily to form sulfuric acid which act tissue irritant, particularly to the lungs. See Sulfuric acid.	sasa
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	AMINES
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Toxicity variable; some are highly toxic, others only slightly. Many are skin irritants and some are sensitizers.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	

CAS No. 111-41-1	AMINOETHYLETHANOLAMINE Colorless liquid; mild ammonia odor.		
SYNONYMS	Hydroxyethyl-ethylenediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl), ethanolamine, 2[(2-aminoethyl)amino] ethanol, N-B-Hydroxyethylenediamine, N-hydroxyethyl-1,2-ethanediamine		
SAFETY Measures			
Combustible. May react with oxidizing materials.			
HAZARDS			
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

CAS No. 7664-41-7	AMMONIA Colorless, liquefied compressed gas; ammonia odor. 3^{1}	
SYNONYMS	Liquid ammonia, ammonia gas.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Presence of oil or other combustible materials will increase fire hazard. When exposed to heat it emits toxic fumes of ammonia. TLV 100 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed, corrosive to mouth, throat and stomach. Will cause frostbite. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>	

CAS No. 631-61-8	AMMONIUM ACETATE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear goggles and protective clothing.
HAZARDS	Combustible. Potential source of burns. Acid solution may cause irritation.
- EXPOSURE	

CAS No. 1863-63-4	AMMONIUM BENZOATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 1066-33-7	AMMONIUM BICARBONATE	
SYNONYMS	Ammonium acid carbonate, ammonium hydrogen carbonate	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Noncombustible. Decomposes at 36 ⁰ - 60 ⁰ C to evolve ammonia. See ammonia.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No.	AMMONIUM BICHROMATE	
7789-09-5	Yellow needles.	
SYNONYMS	Ammonium dichromate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear skin protection and industrial mask. Fire and heat may necessitate use of self-contained breathing apparatus.	
Hazards	Flammable. May explode on contact with organic materials. Strong oxidizing agent. Dust may cause skin and nasal irritation and asthmatic symptoms. Strong solutions can be irritating to skin. See chromium compounds. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ in air.	
exposure	Solutions If swallowed, cause prompt vomiting. If retained, may lead to kidney injury and ulceration of the stomach. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. Dust Irritating to skin and respiratory tract. Move to fresh air. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1341-49-7	AMMONIUM BIFLUORIDE	
SYNONYMS	Ammonium hydrogen fluoride, ammonium acid fluoride.	
SAFETY Measures	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.	
	Decomposes in hot water. Highly toxic, strong irritant.	
	See fluorides and ammonia. TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ of air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 16. 10192-30-0	AMMONIUM BISULFITE White crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Ammonium hydrogen sulfite	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Will react with water to form toxic and corrosive s	fumes.
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 12124-97-9	AMMONIUM BROMIDE Colorless, cubic, slightly hygroscopic crystals. $\sqrt{2}^{0}$
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Noncombustible. When strongly heated, emits highly toxic fumes of bromides. Moderately toxic by ingestion or inhalation. May produce rash, especially on face. See bromides and ammonium.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 10361-29-1	AMMONIUM CARBONATE Colorless, crystalline plates.	
SYNONYMS	Crystal ammonia, ammonium sesquicarbonate, hartshorn	
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear skin protection and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Noncombustible. Moderately explosive. Decomposes in hot water to produce ammonia and carbon dioxide. Releases flammable ammonia gas in fire. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Mild chronic irritant.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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	CAS No. 12125-02-9	AMMONIUM CHLORIDE White crystals.	
	SYNONYMS	Sal ammoniac	
	SAFETY MEASURES	Wear goggles and protective clothing. Self-contained breating apparatus may be required if in high concentrations.	
	Noncombustible. Fumes toxic by inhalation.		
	HAZARDS	Toxic - large doses cause nausea, vomiting and aci Slight chronic irritant. Systemic hazard.	dosis.
	EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 52110-72-2	AMMONIUM CHROMATE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Dust is moderate fire hazard. Can react with reducing materials. Can explode if shocked or heated. Severely toxic as chromate. Chromate salts have been associated with cancer of the lungs. Corrosive effect on skin. Highly toxic when ingested or inhaled. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ .
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7632-50-0	AMMONIUM CITRATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Slightly toxic.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 14481-29-9	AMMONIUM FERROCYANIDE Yellow-to-blue crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Dangerous when heated to decomposition. On contact with hot concentrated acids will emit hig fumes of cyanides.	hly toxic
HAZARDS	See cyanides.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 13826-33-0	AMMONIUM FLUOBORATE Crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See fluorides and boron compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 12125-01-8	AMMONIUM FLUORIDE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly irritant and toxic. See fluorides and ammonia.
	TLV 2.5 mg/m (fluorides)
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 53238-22-5	AMMONIUM FLUOSILICATE
SYNONYMS	Ammonium silicofloride, cryptohalite
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Strong irritant to skin and eyes. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation.
HAZARDS	TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ (fluorides)
EXPOSURE	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 540-69-2	AMMONIUM FORMATE White deliquescent crystals.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Fire hazard.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 1336-21-6	AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	
SYNONYMS	Ammonia water, aqueous ammonia, aqua ammonia ammonium hydrate	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves.)	
HAZARDS	Not flammable. When heated emits toxic fumes. Highly toxic by ingestion. Can react with oxidizing materials. Both liquid and vapor extremely irritating, especially to eyes. See Ammonia. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Vapor Irritating to skin, eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.</pre>	

CAS No. 7803-65-3	AMMONIUM HYPOPHOSPHITE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Evolves flammable and toxic fumes on heating. See phosphene.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 12027-06-4	AMMONIUM IODIDE Colorless hygroscopic crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Moderately toxic. May cause skin rash. See iodides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 11098-84-3	AMMONIUM MOLYBDATE Colorless or yellowish or greenish crystals.
SYNONYMS	Ammondum paramolybdate
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Noncombustible. When mixed with water emits ammonia. Moderately toxic and irritant to skin and mucous membranes.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	

CAS No. 6484-52-2	AMMONIUM NITRATE Odorless solid pellets or flakes, white-gray-brown
SYNONYMS	Nitran.
SAFETY MEASURES	Evacuate area of large discharge. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	May cause fire and explode on contact with combustibles. POISONOUS GASES OF OXIDES-OF-NITROGEN MAY BE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE IN FIRE. May explode under confinement and high pressure, but not readily detonated. Can react vigorously with reducing materials. When contaminated with other organic materials and flammable liquids is explosive, especially in compound spills. See nitrogen oxides.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Get to hospital immediately. Dust Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, may cause coughing or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breating is difficult, give oxygen. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 14258-49-2	AMMONIUM OXALATE Colorless crystals.	300
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Highly toxic. Oxalates have caustic effect on mouth, esophagus, a stomach if swallowed. See oxalates.	nd
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 12007-39-5	AMMONIUM PENTABORATE White solid.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Ammonium decarborate	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See boron compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 7790-98-9	AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE White, odorless, solid crystals.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	May cause fire and explode on contact with combustibles. CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE IN FIRE. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Severely explosive when shocked. If contaminated by reducing materials it can become a very sensitive high explosive. Strong oxidizing agent. Skin irritant. See ammonia and chlorates.
EXPOSURE	Solid Irritating to eyes and skin. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

CAS No. 7727-54-0	AMMONIUM PERSULFATE White crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Ammonium peroxydisulfate	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Strong oxidizing agent. Dangerous fire hazard on contact with organic mater Reacts vigorously with reducing agent. Low toxicity. See sulfates.	rials.
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 7773-06-0	AMMONIUM SULFAMATE Deliquescent crystalline material.	>
SYNONYMS	Ammate	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Dangerous when heated to decomposition or on contact with acid or water, it emits highly toxic fumes of sulfur oxides. Probably moderate toxicity. Ingestion may cause gastric irritation. TLV 15 mg/m ³	
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 7783-20-2	AMMONIUM SULFATE Brownish-gray to white crystals.	300
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Noncombustible. Yields toxic gasses, ammonia and sulfur trioxide wh above 455 ⁰ F. See sulfates.	en heated
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 12135-76-1	AMMONIUM SULFIDE Yellow hygroscopic crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNO nym s	Ammonium monosulfide.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Moderately flammable. Evolves hydrogen sulfide (highly toxic) on contact or acid fumes. Strong irritant to skin and mucous membranes. Toxic by skin absorption. If taken internally, is corrosive. See sulfides.	with acid
EXPOSURE	Irritating to skin, eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plent water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	y of

CAS No. 10196-04-0	AMMONIUM SULFITE Colorless crystals.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	When heated, emits highly toxic fumes. Will react with water or acids to produce toxic an materials.	d corrosive
HAZARDS	Moderately toxic by ingestion and inhalation.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 14307-43-8	AMMONIUM TARTRATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 1762-95-4	AMMONIUM THIOCYANATE Colorless solid.	\Diamond
Synonyms	Ammonium sulfocyanate.	
SAFETY Measures		
	Thiocyanates are normally not dissociated into cya They have low acute toxicity. Prolonged absorption may cause skin eruptions, run and occasionally dizziness, cramps, nausea and vom Dangerous when heated to decomposition or in conta acid or acid fumes, they might emit highly toxic f cyanides.	ny nose, iting. ct with
HAZARDS		
exposure		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7783-18-8	AMMONIUM THIOSULFATE White, monoclinic crystals.		\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Ammonium hyposulfate.		
SAFETY Measures			
	Dangerous when heated to decomposition; it em fumes of oxides of sulfur. Most of thiosulfates have low toxicity.	nits h	ighly toxic
HAZARDS			
EXPOSURE			

CAS No. 628-63-7	AMYL ACETATE Watery liquid, colorless to yellow; banana odor.
SYNONYMS	Acetic acid n-amyl ester.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, headache or dizziness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 71-41-0	N-AMYL ALCOHOL Colorless liquid; mild sweet odor.
SYNONYMS	1-pentanol, primary amyl alcohol, pentyl alcohol, n-butylcarbinone.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
	Flammable. Vapor may explode if ignited in enclosed area.
	Moderately toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Maximum allowable concentration for inhalation 100 to 200 ppm.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled will cause coughing, nausea, headache, and difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to skin. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.
	68

CAS No.	ANILINE	
62-53-3	Colorless to brown, oily liquid; weak odor.	
SYNONYMS	Amino benzine, aniline oil, plenylamine, blue oil.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical protective clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Combustible liquid. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. POISONOUS GAS IS PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Highly toxic when absorbed through the skin, inhaled a vapor, or swallowed. Local contact can cause dermatitis. Excessive exposure causes respiratory paralysis. TLV 5 ppm. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	IS ā
Exposure	Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drin or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	water. k water

CAS No. 542-16-5	ANILINE SULFATE	320
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures	•	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 7647-18-9	ANTIMONY PENTACHLORIDE Reddish-yellow, oily liquid; offensive odor.	
SYNONYMS	Antimonic chloride, antimony perchloride.	
SAFETY Measures	Wear full protective clothing.	
HAZARDS	Noncombustible but corrosive. Reacts with water and moisture to form hydrochlori Heat from fire can cause evolution of chlorine gas Fumes from reactions with water are toxic and irri eyes, skin, and mucous membranes. Liquid can cause skin burns. TLV 0.5 mg/m ³ in air.	•
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7733-70-2	ANTIMONY PENTAFLUORIDE Oily, colorless liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Antimony fluoride.	
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Dangerous when heated to decomposition or in conta or acid fumes; it emits highly toxic fumes of anti- fluorides. It will react with water or steam to produce toxic corrosive fumes. See fluorides. TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ of air.	mony and
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 16039-64-0	ANTIMONY POTASSIUM TARTRATE Colorless crystals; white powder.	\diamondsuit
SYNONYMS	Tartar emetic, potassium antimony tartrate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic by ingestion.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 7789-61-9	ANTIMONY TRIBROMIDE	
SYNONYMS	Antimony bromide	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Decomposes in water to form hydrogen bromide. Highly toxic. See bromides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 10025-91-9	ANTIMONY TRICHLORIDE Colorless, transparent, crystalline mass.	
synonyms	Antimonous chloride, antimony chloride, caustic antimony	
safety Measures		
Hazards	Reacts vigorously with moisture, generating heat and hydrogen chloride gas which is highly irritating. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to eyes and skin. Can cause pulmonary edema when inhaled. See chlorides.	
exposure	Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

ANTIMONY TRIFLUORIDE White, odorless, solid crystals.
Antimony fluoride.
Avoid contact with solid.
Non-flammable. Dangerous; when heated to decomposition or on contact with acid or acid fumes, it emits highly toxic fumes of fluoride and antimony. Will react with water or steam to form toxic and corrosive fumes. See fluorides.
HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7790-44-5	ANTIMONY TRIIODIDE Red-to-yellow crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Antimony iodide.	
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Dangerous when heated to decomposition or on conta or acid fumes, it emits highly toxic fumes of iodi antimony. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic an fumes. Highly toxic.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS-No. 1309-64-4	ANTIMONY TRIOXIDE White, odorless, tasteless, crystalline powder	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Antimony white, antimony oxide.	
SAFETY Measures		
	Highly toxic. TLV 0.5 mg/m³ in air (antimony compounds).	
HAZARDS		
exposure	CALL FOR MEDIÇAL AID.	

CAS No. 1327-52-2	ARSENIC ACID White, translucent crystals.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY Measures	
	Dangerous when heated to decomposition or on contact with acids or acid fumes, emits highly toxic fumes of arsenic. Highly toxic. See arsenic compounds.
HAZARDS	
exposure	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 110.	ARSENIC COMPOUNDS
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY Measures	
HAZARDS	Used as insecticides, herbicides, silvicides, defoliants, desciciants and rodenticides. Poisoning from arsenic compounds may be acute or chronic. Acute poisoning usually results from swallowing arsenic compounds. Chronic poisoning from swallowing or inhalation. Recognized carcinogen of the skin.
EXPOSURE	

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CAS No. 1303-32-8	ARSENIC DISULFIDE Red-brown crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Arsenic monosulfide, ruby arsenic, red arsenic gla red arsenic sulfide, red arsenic.	55,
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Moderately flammable in the form of dust when exposor or flame. When heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxinoxides of sulfur and arsenic. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic and vapors. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation.	c fumes of
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1303-28-2	ARSENIC PENTOXIDE White, deliquescent, amorphous solid.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Arsenic oxide, arsenic anhydride, arsenic acid.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. See arsenic compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7784-33-0	ARSENIC TRIBROMIDE Yellowish-white crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Arsenic bromide, arsenious bromide, arsenous bromide	2
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Decomposes in water to form bromides. Highly toxic. See arsenic compounds and bromides:	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7784-34-1	ARSENIC TRICHLORIDE Clear to pale yellow corrosive, oily liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Arsenic chloride, arsenious chloride, arsenous chloride, caustic arsenic chloride, fuming liquid arsenic	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Noncombustible. Dangerous when heated to decomposition or on contac or acid fumes; emits highly toxic fumes of hydroch and arsenic. Will react with water and steam to produce heat and corrosive fumes. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to eyes and skin. See arsenic compounds and hydrochloric acid.	ioric acid
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS Ho. 7784-35-2	ARSENIC TRIFLUORIDE Oily liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Arsenic fluoride	
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Dangerous when heated to decomposition or on contac acid or acid fumes; it emits highly toxic fumes of fluoric acid and arsenic. Will react with water and steam to produce heat and and corrosive fumes. Highly toxic. See arsenic compounds and fluorides.	hydro-
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7784-45-4	ARSENIC TRIIODIDE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Arsenous iodide, arsenious iodide, arsenic iodide	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Highly toxic. Decomposes in hot water to form toxic gas. See arsenic and iodide compounds.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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	ASPHALT
	Dark brown to black thick liquid; tar odor.
SYNONYMS	Trinidad pitch, mineral pitch
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
	<u>Liquid</u> Will burn skin and eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	

ASPHALT BLENDING STOCKS Dark brown-to-black oily liquid; tar odor.	
Liquid asphalt, asphaltum, fluxing oil, road oil, petroleum tailings, dust-laying oil, petroleum residue, road binder MS seal-coating material, residual asphalt petroleum pitch	
Avoid contact with liquid.	
Combustible.	
Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink plenty of water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	

CAS i.b. 513-77-9	BARIUM CARBONATE White, odorless, solid crystals or powder.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Non-flammable. Highly toxic by ingestion. Irritant to eyes, nose and throat.
	TLV of barium compounds 0.5 mg/m ³ in air.
HAZARDS	
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
	<u>Solid</u> If swallowed, will cause nausea and vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 542-62-1	BARIUM CYANIDE White crystalline powder.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic by ingestion. See cyanides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 100-52-7	BENZALDEHYDE Colorless to yellow liquid; bitter almond odor.	
SYNONYMS	Oil of bitter almond, benzoic aldehyde.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.	
HAZARDS	Combustible when exposed to heat or flame. Moderately toxic by ingestion. Reacts as a feeble local anesthetic. Can cause convulsions in large doses.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 71-43-2	BENZENE Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.	
SYNONYMS	Benzol, bensole.	
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Flammable, dangerous fire hazard. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Breathing high concentrations may cause acute poisoning and death. Repeated inhalation of low concentrations often results in severe or fatal anemia. Poisoning occurs most commonly through inhalation of vapor although benzene can penetrate the skin. Skin and eye irritant. Is a carcinogen. TLV 25 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache, difficult breathin of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirati If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk.</pre>	on. y of water.

CAS No. 118-74-1	BENZENE HEXACHLORIDE Brown crystals, powder or solution; musty.	
SYNONYMS	Gammahexane, lindane, hexachlorocyclohexane, streunex.	
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and solid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	<pre>When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes of phosgene. May be absorbed through the skin. Highly toxic by ingestion or skin absorption. Skin irritant. See phosgene and DDT. TLV 0.5 mg/m³ in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.</pre>	
EXPOSURE	Solid or Solution POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 65-85-0	BENZOIC ACID White solid crystals or powder; faint pleasant odor
SYNONYMS	Phenylformic acid, benzecarboxylic acid, carboxylbenzene.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Fire hazard slight when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. May cause nausea and gastroenteric upset. Possible allergic reactions.
EXPOSURE	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Dust Irritating to nose and throat if inhaled. Move to fresh air. Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

BENZONITRILE Transparent, colorless oil; almond-like odor.	\otimes
Phenyl cyanide.	
Flammable, moderate fire risk. Highly toxic.	
See cyanides.	
CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	
	Transparent, colorless oil; almond-like odor. Phenyl cyanide. Flammable, moderate fire risk. Highly toxic. See cyanides.

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CAS No. 98-38-4	BENZOYL CHLORIDE	
90-00-4	Colorless to slightly brown, watery liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Benzenecarbonyl chloride	
SAFETY Measures	Avòid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Combustible liquid. Will react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Will react energetically with water or steam producing heat and toxic and corrosive fumes. DANGEROUS WHEN HEATED, GENERATES TOXIC FUMES OF PHOSGENE. DO NOT USE WATER. Yapors highly irritating to eyes and nose. Liquid corrosive to skin. See chlorides. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water IF SWALLOWED, and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	er. ater

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CAS Ho.	BENZYL CHLORIDE $(2)^{2}$
100-44-7	Colorless liquid; irritating unpleasant odor.
SYNONYMS	a-chlorotoluene.
	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Combustible liquid.
	Moderately explosive when exposed to flame. May react explosively when exposed to metals such as iron. When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes of
	phosgene. Will react with water and steam to produce toxic and corrosive
	fumes. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.
HAZARDS	Internally irritating to eyes, skin, and respiratory tract.
IINENINUS	TLV 1 ppm in air 5 mg/m ³
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7787-47-5	BERYLLIUM CHLORIDE Colorless deliquescent needles.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic by inhalation and ingestion. See beryllium compounds.	
Hazards		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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cas ild.	BERYLLIUM COMPOUNDS	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Beryllium compounds can enter the body through inhal dust and fumes. May act locally on the skin. May have long-term affects. Toxic by inhalation. Skin irritant.	ation of
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7737-49-7	BERYLLIUM FLUORIDE Amorphous colorless mass.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY Measures	
	See beryllium compounds and fluorides. TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ .
HAZARDS	
exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ib. 13327-32-7	BERYLLIUM HYDROXIDE Amorphous powder or crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
	Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. See beryllium compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 13597-99-4	BERYLLIUM NITRATE White, yellowish crystals.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Oxidizing material. Dangerous fire risk. When heated to decomposition or in contact with aci fumes, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of nitrog beryllium. Can react vigorously with reducing materials. Highly toxic by inhalation. See beryllium and nitrate compounds.	d or acid en and
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS (lb. 35089-00-0	BERYLLIUM PHOSPHATE Crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
	See beryllium compounds and phosphates.	
HAZARDS		
exposure		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 116. 13510-49-1	BERYLLIUM SULFATE Crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
	Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. See beryllium compounds.	
HAZARDS		
exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 80-05-7	BISPHENOL A White to brown solid flakes or powder;medicine odor.
SYNONYMS	4,4'-isopropylidendiphenol, p,p'-Dihydroxydiphenyldimethyl methane.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust.
HAZARDS	Combustible. May be toxic by ingestion.
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to nose and throat if inhaled. Move to fresh air. Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1303-96-4	BORAX White-grayish, bluish or greenish white streak.	
SYNONYMS	Tincal, tinkal, borax decahydrate.	
SAFETY • MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Noncombustible. Low toxicity. See boron compounds.	
Exposure		

CAS No. 11113-50-1 Synonyms	BORIC ACID White crystals or powder. Boracic acid, o-boric acid, orthoboric acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Moderately toxic in large doses (5 grams for infants). See boron compounds.
EXPOSURE	

	BORON COMPOUNDS	\Diamond
synonyms		
SAFETY Measures		
	Not highly toxic. Can be absorbed through wounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

	BROMINE
CAS No. 7726-95-6	Reddish-brown watery liquid; sharp irritating odor.
synonyms	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber over- clothing (including gloves).
Hazards	Not flammable. Strong oxidizing agent. May ignite combustibles on contact. POISONOUS GASES PRODUCED IN FIRE. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes. Can react vigorously with reducing materials. Liquid and vapor highly toxic and severe skin irritant. The action of bromine is the same as that of chlorine, being an irritant to mucous membranes of eyes and upper respiratory tract. TLV 0.1 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing, difficult breathing, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing stopped, give artifical respiration (but NOT MOUTH-TO-MOUTH). If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

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CAS No. 357-57-3	BRUCINE Monoclinic prisms.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Demethyloxystrychnine.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Dangerous; when heated it emits toxic fumes. An alkaloid like strychnine, but one-sixth as toxi Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation.	с.
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	BUTANE
106-97-8	Liquified compressed gas; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	n-butane, methylethylmethane, butyl hydride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode in an enclosed area. Reacts with oxidizing materials. When heated, emits acrid fumes. Produces drowsiness. Simple asphyxiant.
Exposure	<pre>Vapor If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Not irritating to eyes, nose or throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.</pre>

CAS 110. 106-99-0	1,3-BUTADIENE 2^{4}	
SYNONYMS	Divinyl, vinylethylene, butadiene inhibited.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and gas. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable gas. Containers may explode in fire. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Slightly toxic but may cause asphyxiation by exclusion of oxygen. Slight respiratory irritant. Direct expansion on skin may cause freeze burns. TLV 1000 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.</pre>	

CAS No. 1001-56-5	BUTADIENE NITRILE	
SYNONYMS	Butadiene acrylonitrile rubber.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 110-63-4	1,4-BUTANEDIOL Colorless, odorless, thick liquid.
Synonym	Butanedio, 1,4-butylene glycol, 1,4-dihydroxybutane, tetramethylene glycol.
SAFETY MEASURE	
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by ingestion.
HAZARD	
EXPOSU	Liquid or Solid Irritating to the skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

CAS No, 29733-86-6	1,4-BUTENEDIOL
synonyms	2-butene-1,3-diol, 1,4-dihydroxy-2 butene
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid.
HAZARDS	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials. Primary skin irritant.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

cas no.	BUTYL ALCOHOL		
synonyms	Butanol, butyric alcohol, n-butanol, trimethylcarbinol, hydroxybutane, n-propylcarbinol, methylethylcarbinol, n-butyl alcohol.		
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Wear full-protective clothing and canister type mask. Stay upwind.		
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Can react with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. Irritating to eyes and skin. TLV 100 ppm in air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.		
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, headache and dizziness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>		

CAS No.	SEC-BUTYL ALCOHOL
78-92-2	
synonyms	2-Butanol, 2-Hydroxybutane, Methylethyl carbinol.
	Avòid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
	Can react with oxidizing materials.
HAZARDS	
	<u>Vapor</u> Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache, dizziness or difficult
	breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	Liquid Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	TERT-BUTYL ALCOHOL
75-65-0	Colorless, oily liquid; sharp alcohol odor.
SYNONYMS	2-methyl-2-propanol, trimethyl carbinol.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode in an enclosed area. Can react with oxidizing materials. TLV 100 ppm.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

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CAS No.	N-BUTYL ACETATE	
123-86-4	Colorless watery liquid; pleasant fruity odor.	
SYNONYMS	Acetic acid n-butyl ester, Butyl acetate, butyl ethanoate	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avòid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react with oxidizing materials. High concentrations are irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. High concentrations cause narcosis. TLV 220 ppm.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, dizziness, headache or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>	

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CAS No.	SEC-BUTYL ACETATE	
105-46-4	Colorless watery liquid; pleasant fruity odor.	V
SYNONYMS	Acetic acid sec-butyl ester, 2-butanol acetate.	
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.	
Hazards	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react with oxidizing materials. Moderate explosion hazard when exposed to flame. Mild irritant. Acute ingestive hazard.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, headache or difficul Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirati If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	on.

N-BUTYL ACRYLATE Colorless, watery liquid; sharp fragrant odor.	
Butyl acrylate, n-Butyl-2-propenoate, acrylic acid n-butyl ester.	
Avoid contact with liquid.	
Combustible. Containers may explode in fire. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	

CAS No. 75-91-2	TERT-BUTYL HYDROPEROXIDE Odorless, colorless, watery liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Cadox TBH	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable liquid. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Spontaneous chemical reaction and/or explosion may occur if mixed with readily oxidizable, organic or flammable materials. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Can react with reducing materials. Moderately toxic. Skin sensitizer.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>	

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CAS No.	BUTYLAMINE	
109-73-9	Liquid; ammonia-like odor.	N N
	1-Aminobutane, n-Butylamine	
SYNONYMS		
	Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus	•
SAFETY		
MEASURES		
	Flammable liquid.	
	Vapor forms explosive mixtures with air. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
	Moderately toxic. Eye, skin and respiratory tract irritant.	
	TLV 5 ppm.	
HAZARDS		
1		
EXPOSURE		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS No. 25167-67-3	BUTYLENE Liquefied compressed gas; gasoline-like odor.	
SYNONYMS	Transbutane-2, isobutane, butene-1, cis-butene-2.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Vapor may explode if ignited in enclosed area. Can react with oxidizing materials. Caution - an anesthetic or asphyxiant.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor If inhaled, will cause dizziness and difficult brea Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirati If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	1,4-BUTYNEDIOL	\land
CAS No. 110-65-6	White-yellow crystals; brownish watery solution.	\otimes
SYNONYMS	2-Butyne-1,4-diol, 1,4-dihydroxy-2-butyne.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or solid.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. Dangerous when heated to decomposition; it emits ac and may explode. May explode on contamination with mercury salts, st and alkali earth hydroxides and halides at high tem Highly toxic. Strong irritant.	rong acids
exposure	Liquid or Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyerids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	/ of water. brink water

CAS No. 123-72-3	BUTYRALDEHYDE		
Synonyms	Butaldehyde, butyric aldehyde, butanal, butylaldehyde.		
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Stay upwind.		
HAZARDS	Extremely flammable liquid. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapors may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Moderately toxic. May produce skin and eye burns. Slightly toxic by inhalation.		
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting headache, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin. Will burn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>		

CAS No. 107-92-6	BUTYRIC ACID	
SYNONYMS	Liquid. Butanoic acid, ethylacetic acid, propylformic acid.	~
SAFETY MEASURES	Weàr goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus	
HAZARDS	Combustible. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. Can react with oxidizing materials. Toxic. Eye, skin and respiratory tract irritant.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS the.	CACODYLIC ACID
75-60-5	Odorless, colorless crystals; soluble in water.
SYNONYMS	Dimethylarsenic acid, hydroxydimethyl arsenic oxide, alkargen.
SAFETY Measures	
HAZARDS	Hazardous when water solution is in contact with active metals such as iron, aluminum and zinc. Hazardous when heated to decomposition. Highly toxic. See arsenic compounds.
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 116. 543-90-8	CADMIUM ACETATE Colorless crystals; odor of acetic acid.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
	Highly toxic. See cadmium compounds.	
HAZARDS		
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7789-42-6	CADMIUM BROMIDE Yellow crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. See cadmium compounds and bromide compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 10108-64-2	CADMIUM CHLORIDE Odorless, hexagonal, colorless crystals.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
Hazards	Non-flammable. Dangerous when in contact with organic materials. Moderate fire hazard by chemical reaction with reducing agents. Powerful oxidizing agent. Explosion hazard moderate when shocked or exposed to heat. When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes of cadmium, chlorine and chloride's. Highly toxic. See cadmium and chloride compounds. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
exposure	Solid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	

	CADMIUM COMPOUNDS	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Oral toxicity of cadmium compounds is high. The inhalation of fumes or dusts of cadmium primari the respiratory tract. Brief exposure may result in pulmonary edema and de Are suspected carcinogens.	
Exposure		

CAS No. 14486-19-2	CADMIUM FLUOBORATE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY Measures	
	See cadmium compounds and fluorides.
HAZARDS	
exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 10325-94-7	CADMIUM NITRATE White prismatic needles.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
	Dangerous fire and explosion hazard. Highly toxic.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 10124-36-4	CADMIUM SULFATE Rhombic white crystals.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. See cadmium compounds and sulfates.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7778-44-1	ĈALCIUM ARSENATE White, amorphous powder.	\bigotimes
Synonyms	Tricalcium-o-arsenate, calcium-o-arsenate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Decomposes on heating to arsenic. Recognized carcinogen. Highly toxic by ingestion. See arsenic compounds. TLV 1 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 52740-16-6	CALCIUM ARSENITE White, granular powder.	\otimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. See arsenic compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	CALCIUM CARBIDE Gray-to-bluish black granules; garlic odor.	
75-20-7 Synonyms	Carbide, acetylenogen.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avòid contact with solid and gas.	
HAZARDS	Not flammable in dry state. FLAMMABLE, EXPLOSIVE ACETYLENE GAS PRODUCED ON CONTACT WITH WATER. When decomposed in water it forms acetylene and calcium hydroxide. DO NOT USE WATER OR FOAM ON ADJACENT FIRES. Irritant to eyes and can cause skin burns. See acetylene and calcium hydroxide.	
EXPOSURE	Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 13765-19-0	CALCIUM CHROMATE Yellow prisms.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Carcinogen. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to skin. See chromium compounds. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 592-01-8	CALCIUM CYANIDE White powder or crystals.	3,00
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with solid. Wear full protective clothing, self-contained breat apparatus.	hing
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Very poisonous and flammable hydrogen cyanide gas i rapidly on contact with acid. On contact with water, slowly releases hydrogen cya Highly toxic. Do not handle with bare hands. See cyanides.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	CALCIUM FLUORIDE	
7789-75-5	Odorless, gray powder or granules.	
SYNONYMS	Fluospar.	
SAFETY Measures		
	Non-flammable. Will react with concentrated sulfuric acid to produ fluoric acid.	ce hydro-
	Highly toxic, and irritant.	1
	See fluorides.	
	TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ in air.	
HAZARDS		
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
	Solid	
	Harmful if swallowed. Not irritating to skin or eyes.	
	IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim d or milk.	Irink water
		:
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	\otimes
1305-62-0	Odorless white granules.	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
SYNONYMS	Hydrated lime, slaked lime, calcium hydrate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus an overclothing, including gloves.	d rubber
	Non-flammable.	
HAZARDS	Has caustic reaction and is irritating to skin and system. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to nose and throat if inhaled. Move to fresh air. Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	y of water. drink water

CAS No. 7778-54-3	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE White granules; household bleaching powder odor.	
SYNONYMS	Bleaching powder, calcium oxychloride, sentry HTH, HTH drychlor- ine, neutral anhydrous calcium hypochlorite.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid or dust. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and chemical protective suit.	
Hazards	Non-flammable. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. On contact with acid or moisture, evolves chlorine freely at ordinary temperatures. Hazardous on contact with combustible, organic or other easily oxidizable materials. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed will cause nausea, vomiting, or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected area with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	

CAS No.		
1305-78-8	Odorless, white granules.	
SYNONYMS	Unslaked lime, quick-lime, burnt lime, Calx.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid. Wear rubber overclothing, including gloves.	
HAZARDS	Not combustible. May cause fire on contact with water and combustibl Caustic irritant to eyes, and respiratory tract. TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to nose and throat. Move to fresh air. Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	y of water. drink water

CAS No. 79-92-5	CAMPHENE Cubic crystals	
SYNONYMS	3,3-Dimethyl-2-methylene norcamphone.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Yields flammable vapors when heated. Reacts with oxidizing materials.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	CAMPHOR OIL Colorless, brown or blue oily liquid; camphor odor.
	Liquid camphor.
SYNONYMS	
	Avòid contact with liquid.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials.
	Moderately explosive in form of vapor when exposed to heat or flame.
	Moderately toxic.
	A local irritant. TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes.
	If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting, or loss of consciousness.
	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.
EXPOSUDE	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
EXPOSURE	OF WITK.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 133-06-2	CAPTAN	
SYNONYMS	n-trichloromethylthiotetrahydrophthalimide	
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic funchlorides. Toxic and irritant. See chlorides.	mes of
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	CARBARYL
<u>63-25-2</u> Synonyms	White-to-gray powder or solution; weak odor.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and solution.
HAZARDS	Solid not flammable, but usually dissolved in combustible liquid. Toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. Irritant. See parathion. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Solid or Solution Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	CARBOLIC OIL Colorless liquid, darkens on exposure to light.	•
SYNONYMS	Middle oil, liquified phenol.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.	
	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED.	
HAZARDS	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED, and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink wate or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	r

CAS No. 75-15-0	CARBON BISULFIDE	
SYNONYMS	Carbon Disulfide.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	 Flammable liquid that gives off flammable vapors even at low temperatures which will form explosive mixtures in air over a wide range. Can react vigorously with oxidizing material. Anesthetic action is much more powerful than chloroform. Toxic by oral intake or prolonged contact with skin. Acts on central nervous system as narcotic or anesthetic in acute poisoning. Death is caused by respiratory failure. TLV 2.0 ppm in air (by skin absorption). 	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 56-23-5	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE
SYNONYMS	Carbon Tet, tetrachloromethane.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avòid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Nonflammable liquid. POISONOUS AND IRRITATING GASES OF PHOSGENE ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Carbon tetrachloride has a narcotic action resembling that of chloroform but not as strong. Eye and skin irritant. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. See phosgene. TLV 10 ppm in air.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 116. 120-30-9	CATECHOL Quantum Colorless crystals.
SYNONYMS	Pyrocatechol, 1,2-benzendiol, pyrocatechin, o-dihydroxybenzene
SAFETY Measures	
HAZARDS	Fire hazard slight when exposed to heat. Dangerous - when heated it emits highly toxic fumes. Can react with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin abosorption. Strong irritant. Can cause convulsions and injury to blood. See also phenol.
EXPOSURE	

CAS No.	CHLORDANE Colorless-to-amber; odorless, viscous liquid.	
12789-03-6 Synonyms	Chloradanoctachlorotetrahydromethano indane, "Octa-klor", "1068", "Velsicol 1068", "Dowklor", "Ortho-Klor" and other trade names.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Extremely poisonous by ingestion and skin absorption. On contact with skin can cause death. Ingestion of 2-4 grams can cause death. TLV 0.5 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 7782-50-5	CHLORINE	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Noncombustible in air but most combustible materials will burn in chlorine as they do in oxygen. Flammable gases and vapors will form explosive mixtures with chlorine. Reacts explosively or forms explosive compounds with many common chemicals such as: turpentine, ethers, ammonia gas, hydrogen, hydrocarbons, powdered metals. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Extremely strong oxidizing agent. It combines with moisture to liberate nascent oxygen and forms hydrochloric acid. Toxic gas. Liquid chlorine will cause serious skin burns. Extremely irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract. TLV 0.1 ppm 1000 ppm fatal HADMEUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY ION CONCENTRATIONS	
EXPOSURE	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Vapor Poisonous if inhaled. Will burn eyes. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration (but NOT MOUTH-TO-MOUTH). If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 108-90-7	CHLOROBENZENE Clear colorless liquid.	
108-90-7		
SYNONYMS	Phenyl chloride, monochlorobenzene, chlorobenzol.	
SAFETY Measures	Avòid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Flammable liquid. May explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Explodes when exposed to heat or flame. Toxic by inhalation, skin contact, or ingestion. An eye irritant. Strong narcotic. 3700 ppm fatal. TLV 75 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor If inhaled will cause coughing or dizziness. Not irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirate If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk.	y of water.

CAS No.	CHLOROFORM	
67-66-3	Colorless, watery liquid; sweet odor.	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
SYNONYMS	Trichloromethane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
	Non-flammable. POISONOUS AND IRRITATING GASES OF PHOSGENE ARE PROD HEATED. Will cause narcosis and heart damage. TLV 50 ppm.	UCED WHEN
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache, nausea, dizziness, of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CO limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	ion. y of water. irink water

CAS No. 96-24-2	CHLOROHYDRINS	
Synonyms	Crude epichlorohydrin, 1-chloropropane-2,3-diol, glyceryl- alpha-chlorohydrin.	
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. Containers may explode in fire. Poisonous gases are produced in fire. Toxic if inhaled or ingested.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Poisonous if inhaled. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Poisonous if swallowed. Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, Iimit first aid to keeping victim warm.	

CAS No.	CHLOROSULFONIC ACID	
7790-94-5	Colorless to light yellow liquid; choking odor.	
SYNO n yms	Sulfuric chlorohydrin, chlorsulfonic acid.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Dangerously reactive in the presence of moisture or water. May cause ignition by contact with combustible materials. Corrosive to most metals, with evolution of hydrogen gas which is flammable or explosive. Will react with water and organic materials with evolution of heat. Explosive reaction with water, liberating hydrochloric and sulfuric acids. Produces severe acid burns. Highly toxic. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Yapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED, and victim is ÇONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>	

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CAS №. 11115-74⊱5	CHROMIC ACID Odorless, dark red flakes or powder.	
SYNONYMS	Chromic anhydride, chromium trioxide, chromic oxide.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Containers may explode when heated in a fire. Powerful oxidizing material. May react with organic material rapidly enough to generate sufficient heat for ignition. Contact with powerful reducing agents can cause violent reactions. Will ignite on contact with acetic acid and alcohols. Solid or concentrated solutions destroy tissue. Contact with eyes may result in loss of sight. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.	
HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Solid Will burn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. EXPOSURE CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

CAS No. 1066-30-4	CHROMIC ACETATE Gray-green powder or bluish-green pasty mass.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY Measures	
	Toxic by ingestion. See chromium compounds.
HAZARDS	
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 10101-53-8	CHROMIC SULFATE Violet or red powder.	
SYNONYMS	Chromium sulfate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Probably toxic by ingestion. Carcinogenic. See chromium compounds and sulfates.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	CHROMIUM COMPOUNDS	
Synonyms		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Chromic acid and its salts have a corrosive action and mucous membranes. Chromate salts are recognized carcinogens. Hexavalent compounds are said to be more toxic than trivalent.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 13734-50-4	CHROMOUS CARBONATE
SYNONYMS	Chromium carbonate.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with dust and solid.
HAZARDS	Toxic by ingestion. Irritant to skin and tissues. See chromium compounds.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 10049-05-5	CHROMOUS CHLORIDE	>
SYNONYMS	Chromium chloride.	
SAFETY Measures		
	Carcinogenic. See chromium compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 814-90-4	CHROMOUS OXALATE Yellow crystalline powder.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with skin in both dust and solid form	
	Toxic by ingestion, irritant to skin and tissue. Carcinogenic. See chromium compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 14977-61-8	CHROMYL CHLORIDE Dark red liquid; musty burning odor.
SYNONYMS	Chromium oxychloride, chlorochromic anhydride.
SAFETY Measures	
	Hydrolizes to form chromic and hydrochloric acids. A strong irritant. Carcinogenic.
	See chlorides and chromium compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No.	COBALT COMPOUNDS
SYNO nym s	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Experimental evidence shows the toxicity of cobalt by ingestion is low. May cause skin irritation. They are suspected carcinogens.
EXPOSURE	

CAS No. 71-48-7	COBALTOUS ACETATE Red-violet crystals.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Cobalt acetate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Toxicity low. See cobalt compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

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CAS No. 7739-113-7	COBALTOUS BROMIDE
SYNONYMS	Cobalt bromide.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	May be toxic. See cobalt compounds and bromides.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7646-79-9 Synonyms	COBALTOUS CHLORIDE Black crystals. Cobalt chloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	May be toxic. See cobalt compounds and chlorides.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 866-81-9	COBALTOUS CITRATE Rose-red crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See cobalt compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS ilo. 10026-17-2	COBALTOUS FLUORIDE Rose-red crystals.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Cobalt fluoride.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic and irritant. See cobalt compounds and fluorides.	
	TLV 2.5 mg/m of air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 544-18-3	COBALTOUS FORMATE Red crystals.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Cobalt formate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See cobalt and formic acid.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS :40. 15238-00-3	COBALTOUS IODIDE Hexagonal black crystals.
SYNONYMS	Cobalt iodide.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Moderately toxic. See cobalt compounds and iodides.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1014;1-05-6	COBALTOUS NITRATE Red crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Cobalt nitrate.	
SAFETY Measures		
	On decomposition releases oxides of nitrogen. Moderately toxic. See oxides of nitrogen. See cobalt compounds and nitrates.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 13455-31-7	COBALTOUS PERCHLORATE
SYNO n yms	Cobalt perchlorate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Fire and explosive risk in contact with organic materials. Strong oxidizing agent. Moderately toxic.
	See cobalt compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 3267-76-3	COBALTOUS SUCCINATE
SYNONYMS	Cobalt succinate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	See cobalt compounds.
Hazards	
EXPOSURE	

CAS Ho. 14017-41-5	COBALTOUS SULFAMATE
SYNONYMS	Cobalt sulfamate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	See cobalt compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 10124-43-3	COBALTOUS SULFATE Red, water-soluble crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Cobalt sulfate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See cobalt compounds and sulfates.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

	COPPER COMPOUNDS
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Copper chloride and sulfate have been reported as causing irritation of the skin and conjunctiva. Cuprous oxide is irritating to the eyes and upper respiratory tract. The ingestion of a large quantity of copper sulfate has caused vomiting, gastric pain, dizziness, exhaustion, anemia, cramps, convulsions, coma and death. Deaths have been reported after ingestion of as little as 27 g of the salts, while other victims have recovered after doses up to 120 g.
EXPOSURE	

CAS No. 56-72-4	COUMAPHOS	
SYNONYMS	Co-ral	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic insecticide.]
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS No.	
1319-77-3	Colorless or yellow liquid or crystals; tarry odor.
SYNONYMS	2-methoxy-4-methyl phenol, 4-methyl guaiacol, 2-methoxy-p-cresol cresylic acids, hydroxytoluenes, methylphenols, oxytoluenes.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
HAZARDS	Flammable. Vapors form explosive mixtures with air. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Corrosive to body tissue. Toxic by inhalation, ingestion and skin absorption. Production of severe burns and dermatitis. TLV 5 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

	CAS No. 4170-30-3	CROTONALDEHYDE
2-butenal, crotonic aldehyde, β-methylacrolein. SYNONYMS Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind. Stay upwind.		2-butenal, crotonic aldehyde, β-methylacrolein.
		Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
	HAZARDS	Highly flammable liquid. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Extreme eye, respiratory tract and skin irritant. Very dangerous to eyes; can cause corneal damage. Regard as an acute irritant on very short exposure to small quantities. TLV 2 ppm.
	EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing, nausea, or loss of conscious- ness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS No. 93-82-3	CUMENE Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.	>
SYNO nym s	Cumol, isopropylbenzene, 2-phenylpropane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing agents. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 50 ppm.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	r

CAS :16. 14:2-71-2	CUPRIC ACETATE Greenish-blue fine powder or crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Copper acetate, verdigris.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Moderately toxic.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 12002-03-8	CUPRIC ACETOARSENITE
SYNONYMS	Copper acetoarsenite, copper acetate arsenite, Paris green, emerald green, imperial, king's green, moss green, Vienna green.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic by ingestion. See copper compounds and arsenic compounds.
HAZARDS	
exposure	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 13595-16-9	CUPRIC ACETYLACETONATE	>
SYNONYMS	Scheel's green, copper-2,4-pentadione.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	See copper compounds.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS i \b. 7739-45-9	CUPRIC BROMIDE Black, deliquescent crystals.
SYNONYMS	Copper bromide.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	See copper compounds, bromides.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 744:7-39-4	CUPRIC CHLORIDE Yellowish-brown powder.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Copper chloride.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Moderately toxic. See copper compounds and chlorides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ib. 5/4-19-4	CUPRIC FORMATE Blue crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Copper formate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	1	
	See copper compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CÁŠ 140. 527-09-3	CUPRIC GLUCONATE	\bigotimes
SYNO nym s	Copper gluconate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Low toxicity.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 13479-54-4	CUPRIC GLYCINATE	\otimes
SYNONYMS	Copper glycinate, cupric aminoacetate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See copper compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 16039-52-4	CUPRIC LACTATE Monoclinic dark blue crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Copper lactate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic by ingestion. See copper compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 140. 3251-23-8	CUPRIC NITRATE Blue, deliquescent crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Copper nitrate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	<pre>Increases flammability of any combustible substance Oxidizing material. In contact with organic materials it may cause viol combustion or explosion. When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic nitrogen oxide. Moderately toxic. See nitrogen oxides. See copper compounds and nitrate.</pre>	ent
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ilo. 814-91-5	CUPRIC OXALATE Solid; light bluish-green powder.	\otimes
SYNONYMS	Copper oxalate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See copper compounds and oxalates.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 52503-64-7	CUPRIC SUBACETATE
SYNONYMS	Copper acetate basic, copper subacetate, verdigris.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Moderately toxic. See copper compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 110.	CUPRIC SULFATE		
7758-98-7	Odorless, white-to-blue granules or crystals.		
SYNONYMS	Copper sulfate, blue vitriol, sulfate of copper, copper sulfate pentahydrate, blue stone, roman vitriol.		
SAFETY MEASURES			
	Non-flammable. Hydrolyzes in water to form sulfuric acid.		
	Highly toxic by ingestion.		
	See copper compounds and sulfates.		
	see copper compounds and surraces.		
HAZARDS			
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.		
	Solid If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of conscious-		
	ness. IF SWALLOWED, and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.		
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EXPOSURE			
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

	CUPRIC SULFATE, AMMONIATED
SYNONYMS	Ammoniated copper sulfate, ammoniated ammino-cupric sulfate, copper aminosulfate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic by ingestion. See copper compounds, ammonia and sulfate.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 315-52-7	CUPRIC TARTRATE	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Copper tartrate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See copper compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7737-70-4	CUPROUS BROMIDE White crystals.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	See copper compounds and bromides.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7631-65-4	CUPROUS IODIDE Cubic, white crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Marshite.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Moderately toxic in greater than trace amounts. See copper compounds and iodides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	CYANIDES	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Cyanides inhibit tissue oxidation and cause death t asphyxia. Cyanogen is probably as toxic as hydrocyanic acid. The nitriles are somewhat less toxic. The non-volatile cyanide salts appear to be relativ systemically, as long as they are not ingested and tion of hydrocyanic acid is prevented. Many cyanides evolve flammable and highly toxic hyd acid. Carbon dioxide from the air is sufficiently acidic hydrocyanic acid from cyanide solutions. On contact with acid, acid fumes, water or steam, t produce toxic and flammable vapors of hydrogen cyan	ely nontoxic the forma- rocyanic to liberate :hey will
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 506-68-3	CYANOGEN BROMIDE	2
SYNONYMS	Bromine cyanide.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH SOLID AND DUST. Wear chemical protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to skin and eyes. See cyanides and bromides. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solids POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of wate IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink wat or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	CYANOGEN CHLORIDE	
506-77-4 Synonyms	Colorless liquid or compressed gas; pungent odor.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED IN FIRE. Highly dangerous when in contact with water or steam it will react to produce highly toxic and corrosive fumes. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation. Strong irritant to skin and eyes. Vapors highly irritant. See cyanides and hydrochloric acid. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>	

CAS No. 29386-66-1	CYANOPYRIDINE Gray crystals.	4
SYNO n yms	3-cyanopyridine, 4-cyanopyridine.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Slightly flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Dangerous when heated to decomposition. Emits toxic fumes on contact with acid. Acid fumes, water or steam will react to produce to flammable cyanide vapors. Can react with oxidizing materials. Probably highly toxic. See cyanides.	xic and
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 110-82-7	CYCLOHEXANE Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	Hexahydroxybenzene, hexamethylene.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Eye and respiratory protection recommended. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Can cause skin irritation. May act as simple asphyxiant. TLV 300 ppm in air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, nausea, vomiting and loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No.			
108-93-0	Colorless-to-yellow oily liquid; alcohol odor.		
SYNONYMS	Hexahydrophenol, cyclohexyl alcohol, hexalin, hydroxy- cyclohexane.		
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves) and self-contained breathing apparatus.		
	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.		
	Highly toxic by skin absorption and inhalation. Narcotic in high concentrations. Irritant to eyes. TLV 50 ppm.		
HAZARDS			
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

CAS No.		
108-94-1	Colorless-to-yellow oily liquid; peppermint odor.	
SYNONYMS	Cyclohexyl ketone.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials. Slightly explosive when exposed to flame. Irritant to eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Narcotic. Mildly toxic if inhaled or ingested. TLV 50 ppm.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn eyes and skin. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	

CAS No. 108-91-8	CYCLOHEXYLAMINE Colorless liquid; strong fishy odor.	
SYNO n yms	Aminocyclohexane, hexahydroaniline.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and overclothing (including gloves).	i rubber
HAZARDS	Extremely flammable liquid. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. Dangerous when heated to decomposition; emits highly toxic fumes. It can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. Severe eye and respiratory irritant. Vapors cause nausea. Burns skin on contact. TLV 22 ppm.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim di or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	of water. rink water

CAS No. 94-75-7	2,4-D ACID
SYNONYMS	2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Dangerous when heated to decomposition; it emits highly toxic fumes of chloride. Toxic and irritant. See chlorides. TLV 10 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	2,4-D ESTERS	
SYNONYMS	2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, esters.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Non-flammable. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic vapors. High inhalation hazard.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS :16. 75-99-0	DALAPON	
SYNONYMS	"Dowpon M", "Gramevin", "Radapon", Unipon 2, 2-DPA 2,2-dichloropropionic acid, 2,2-dichloropropanoic acid.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Dangerous when heated to decomposition; it emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Moderately toxic. Strong irritant to eyes and skin. See chlorides.	
EXPOSURE	Irritates skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.	

CAS No. 50-29-3	DDT Odorless, colorless, solid.
SYNONYMS	Dichloro-diphenyl-trichloroethane, chlorophenothane, dicaphane, 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis(p-chlorophenyl)ethane
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES OF CHLORIDES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Absorbed by skin if in solution. Carcinogenic potential. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Solids Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting, headache and loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No.	DECALDEHYDE
112-31-2	Colorless to light yellow liquid; pleasant odor.
SYNONYMS	Decanal, capric aldehyde, capraldehyde, aldehyde C-10.
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Flammable.
	Narcotic in high concentrations. Probable low toxicity.
	Irritant.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid
	Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
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EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	1-DECENE	
872-05-9	Colorless watery liquid; pleasant odor.	
SYNONYMS	n-decylene, alpha-decene.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear full-protective clothing and self-contained br apparatus.	eathing
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
	Believed to be narcotic and moderately toxic throug and inhalation. May be irritating.	h ingestion
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty	of water.

CAS No.	N-DECYL ALCOHOL
112-30-1	Colorless to light yellow liquid; alcohol odor.
SYNONYMS	1-decanol, nonyl carbinol, capric alcohol.
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible.
	Can react with oxidizing materials.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 123-42-2	DIACETONE ALCOHOL Colorless-yellow watery liquid; pleasant odor.
SYNONYMS	4-hydroxy-4-methylpentanone-2, diacetone.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic. Irritating to eyes and mucous membranes. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 50 ppm in air.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

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CAS 1\b. 333-41-5	DIAZINON Liquid; faint ester-like odor.
SYNO n yms	"Dipofene", "Diazitol", "Basudin", Spectracide", "G-24", "480"
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Emits highly toxic fumes when heated to decomposition. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. Fatal dose 360 mg/kg. See parathion. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ by skin absorption.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 94-36-0	DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE Odorless, white solid powder or granules. 4^{4}
SYNONYMS	Benzoyl peroxide, benzoyl superoxide, lucidol, oxylite, BPO, BP
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
	Highly flammable. MAY EXPLODE IF SUBJECTED TO HEAT, SHOCK OR FRICTION. May cause fire and explode on contact with combustibles. Powerful oxidizer. Mixed with large surplus of water it is relatively safe. It is most dangerous when it contains low percentages of water. TLV 5 mg/m ³
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.

CAS No.	DIBUTYL PHTHALATE
34-74-2	Odorless, colorless, oily liquid.
SYNONYMS	Dibutylisophthalate, dibutyl-1,2-benzenedicarboxylate, n-butyl phthalate.
SAFETY Measures	
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials.
	Moderate ingestive poison.
	TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air.
HAZARDS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	<u>Liquid</u> No appreciable harm.
	NO appreciatie nami.
EXPOSURE	

CAS No. 1913-00-9	DICAMBA	\Diamond
SYNO n yms	"Banrel D", 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid, 2-methoxy-3 benzoic acid.	,6-dichloro
SAFETY Measures		
	Probably toxic. See chlorides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1194-65-6	DICHLOBENIL
SYNONYMS	2,6-dichlorobenzonitrile
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Very toxic by ingestion and inhalation. See chlorides and nitriles.
HAZARDS	
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 117-33-6	DICHLONE Golden-yellow crystals.
SYNO n yms	Generic name for 2,3-dichloro-1,4-naphthoquinone, " ^P hygon"
SAFETY MEASURES	
	When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Irritating to skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Large doses can cause central nervous system depression.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	

CAS No.	o-DICHLOROBENZENE			
95-50-1	Colorless liquid; pleasant odor.			
	1,2-dichlorobenzene.			
SYNONYMS				
	Avoid contact with liquid.			
	Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.			
SAFETY				
MEASURES				
	Combustible.			
	POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Can react with oxidizing materials.			
	Highly irritant.			
	Moderately toxic by inhalation and ingestion. The ortho form is probably more toxic than the para or			
	meta forms.			
HAZARDS				
	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes.			
	Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.			
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.			
	IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting.			
	IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.			
EXPOSURE				
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.			
<u>i</u>	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.			

CAS No.	P-DICHLOROBENZENE			
106-46-7	White to clear solid crystals; mothball odor.			
synonyms	Paradichlorobenzene, "Dichlorocide", "Paradi"			
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with solid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.			
	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE.			
	Moderately toxic. Irritating to eyes.			
	TLV 75 ppm in air.			
HAZARDS				
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.			
	Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.			
EXPOSURE				
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.			

CAS 116. 75-71-3	DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE Colorless compressed gas; faint odor.		
SYNONYMS	"Freon-12", "Arcton 6", "Eskimon 12", "F-12", "Genetron 12", "Isotron 12"		
SAFETY Measures	~		
	Non-flammable. POISUNOUS GASES OF PHOSGENE AND FLUORIDES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE OR ON CONTACT WITH METALS. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 1000 ppm in air; 4950 mg/m ³ of air.		
HAZARDS			
EXPOSURE	<u>Vapor</u> Not irritating to eyes, nose or throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

CAS No. 75-09-2	DICHLOROMETHANE Colorless, watery liquid; sweet, pleasant odor.
SYNO n yms	Methane chloride, methylene dichloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Vapors form explosive mixtures in air. POISONOUS GASES OF PHOSGENE ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Can be absorbed by the skin. Very dangerous to eyes. Induces narcosis. Narcosis occurs above 500 ppm. TLV 500 ppm.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea and dizziness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No.	2,4-DICHLOROPHENOL		
120-83-2	Colorless, solid crystals; medicinal odor.		
SYNONYMS			
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).		
	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES OF CHLORIDES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Dangerous when in contact with acid or acid fumes, it emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Toxic by all routes.		
HAZARDS			
EXPOSURE	Solid or Dust Will burn skin and eyes. Poisonous if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

CAS ilo. 26638-19-7	DICHLOROPROPANE Colorless watery liquid; sweet odor.		
SYNONYMS	Acetone dichloride, propylene dichloride, telone.		
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves) and self-contained breathing apparatus if in fire. Stay upwind.		
HAZARDS	Extremely flammable. POISONOUS GASES OF PHOSGENE ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. One of the more toxic hydrocarbons. TLV 75 ppm in air; 346 mg/m ³ of air.		
Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drin or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		y of water.	

CAS No. 26952-23-3	DICHLOROPROPENE Colorless liquid; sweet odor.	
SYNO n yms	1,3-dichloropropylene, Telone.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. WEAR GOGGLES AND SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
	Flammable. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.	
	Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	<u>Vapor</u> Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirate If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having Co limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	y of water. drink water
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 62-73-7	DICHLORVOS
SYNONYMS	Generic name for 2,2-dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate, DDVP.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic. See chlorides and phosphorus compounds.
	TLV 0.1 ppm in air by skin absorption.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 77-73-6	DICYCLOPENTADIENE Colorless liquid or solid crystals; camphor odor.
SYNONYMS	Bicyclopentadiene
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Stay upwind.
	Combustible. Very toxic.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

CAS No.	DIELDRIN	\Diamond
60-57-1 Synonyms	Crystalline. Compound 497, Octalox, HEDO, and other trade names.	~
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic to chlorides. Is readily absorbed through the skin. Potential carcinogen. See aldrin. TLV 0.25 mg/m ³ .	fumes of
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 111-42-2	DIETHANOLAMINE Oily liquid; white crystals; dead fish odor.			
SYNONYMS	di(2-hydroxyethyl)amine, DEA, 2,2-iminodiethanol, bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amine.			
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.			
	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.			
	Slightly irritating to skin, eyes and lungs. Toxic by ingestion or inhalation.			
	See amines.			
HAZARDS				
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.			
	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.			
EXPOSURE				
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.			

	XAS No. 840-17-4	DIETHYL BENZENE Colorless liquid; sweet gasoline-like odor.	
SY	Nonyms		
	AFETY Asures	Avoid contact with liquid.	
H/	AZARDS	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Emits toxic vapors when heated to decomposition. Moderately toxic. May be absorbed by the skin.	
E	XPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty	v of water.

CAS 110.	DIETHYL CARBONATE	
105-58-8		\mathbf{V}
SYNONYMS	Ethyl carbonate, carbonic ether, carbonic acid diethyl	ester.
	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly flammable. Vapor may explode if ignited in enclosed area. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Can react with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache, dizziness, nausea, or consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty o IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim driv or milk.	f water.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 116. 109-39-7	DIETHYLAMINE Colorless, watery liquid; fishy, ammonia odor.	•
SYNONYMS	DEN	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
	Extremely flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Irritating vapors are produced when heated. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. A severe respiratory irritant and corrosive to the skin and eyes.	
HAZARDS	TLV 25 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>	

CAS No. 111-4:6-6	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL Odorless, colorless, oily liquid.
SYNONYMS	DEG, 2,2 oxybisethanol, Diglycol, β , β ² -Dihydroxydiethyl ether.
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Flammable. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Not harmful.

CAS No. 111-96-6	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL DIMETHYL ETHER Colorless, watery liquid; pleasant odor.
SYNONYMS	Poly solv, bis(2-methoxyethyl)-ether, Diglyme.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials. See glycols.
HAZARDS	see grycors.
EXPOSURE	Liquid If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting, or loss of consciousness. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS Ho. 111-90-0	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER Colorless liquid; fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Poly Solv DE, Dowanol DE, Carbitol, 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy) ethanol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Moderately flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Mildly irritant. Highly toxic by ingestion. See glycols.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

CAS No.	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER
111-77-3	Colorless liquid; pleasant odor.
SYNONYMS	2-beta-methyl "carbitol", methoxyethoxy ethanol, Poly solv DM, Dowanol DM, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-ethanol,methyl carbitol.
	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear full-protective clothing and canister mask.
SAFETY Measures	wear full-protective clothing and canister mask.
	Moderately flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.
	Highly toxic by ingestion. Moderately toxic by inhalation. Moderately irritant. See glycol compounds.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid Irritating to eyes. Harmful if swallowed. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 111-40-0	DIETHYLENE TRIAMINE Colorless-to-yellow liquid; ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	2,2'-diaminodiethylamine, Bis(2-aminoethyl)amine
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Do not use copper or copper alloy equipment.
	Flammable. Emits highly toxic fumes when heated to decomposition.
	High concentration of vapors can cause irritation of respira- tory tract, nausea and vomiting. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant to eyes and skin.
	TLV 1 ppm in air by skin absorption.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
	Emits highly toxic fumes when heated to decomposition. High concentration of vapors can cause irritation of respir tory tract, nausea and vomiting. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant to eyes and skin. TLV 1 ppm in air by skin absorption. <u>Liquid</u> Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of wate IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink wat or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

cas ind.	DIISOBUTYL CARBINOL
103-32-7	Colorless, oily liquid.
SYNO n yms	Wonyl alcohol, 2,6-dimethyl heptanol-4.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Moderately flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS Ho.	
25167-70-8	Colorless liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	2,4,4-Trimethyl-1-pentene.
	Stay upwind.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Extremely flammable. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Dangerous, can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic vapors. Irritant and narcotic in high concentrations. Mildly toxic by inhalation.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CNS ib.	DI I SOPROPANOLAMINE
110-97-4	Liquid; white-yellow crystals; ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	DIPA, 1,1-iminodi-2-propanol, 2,2'-dihydroxydipropylamine.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
	Flammable liquid. Vapor forms explosive material with air. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors. Can react with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic. Irritant.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.

[
CAS No.	DIMETHYLAMINE
124-40-3	Liquefied compressed gas; dead fish or ammonia odor
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Moderately toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Eye, skin, and respiratory irritant. Direct and prolonged contact can cause burns or severe injury. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

	
CAS No.	DIMETHYL FORMAMIDE
63-12-2	Colorless, watery liquid; slight ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	N,N-dimethyl formamide, DMF
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
	Combustible.
	Highly toxic. Absorbed by the skin. Highly irritating.
	TLV 10 ppm in air by skin absorption.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ild. 57-1/!-7	1,1-DIMETHYL HYDRAZINE Colorless, watery liquid; fishy or ammonia-like odor	
SYNO NYM S	asym-dimethyl hydrazine, Dimazine, unsym-dimethylhydrazine, UDMH	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Extremely flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. DANGEROUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic. Absorbed by skin. TLV 0.5 ppm in air by skin absorption.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	DIMETHYL SULFATE	
77-73-1	Colorless liquid; mild onion odor.	
SYNONYMS	Methyl sulfate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Combustible liquid. Can react with oxidizing materials. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Possible carcinogenic. Highly toxic. Absorbed by the skin. Particularly hazardous to eyes. TLV 1 ppm.	
Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. EXPOSURE CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		y of water. drink water

CAS ilo.	DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE	
67-68-5	Colorless, liquid; mild garlic odor.	
SYNONYMS	DMSO	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Can react with oxidizing materials. Dangerous if ingested. Slight inhalation hazard. Freely penetrates skin. Moderately toxic by skin absorption. Can act as solvent for skin absorption of other more toxic materials. An irritant and allergen. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.	

CAS No. 97-92-9	2,4-DINITROANILINE Yellow powder or crystals; musty odor.	
37-02-9		
SYNONYMS	2,4-dinitrophenylamine.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH SOLID AND DUST. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Flammable. May explode if subjected to heat or flame. Can react with oxidizing agents. POISONOUS GAS IS PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant. A powerful poison.	
EXPOSURE	Dust POISONOUS IF INHALED. Move to fresh air. Solid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OF IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plent; IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having Co limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	drink water

CAS Ho. 25154-54-5	DINITROBENZENE Colorless or yellowish needles or plates.	
SYNONYMS	o-dinitrobenzol	
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear protective clothing; self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Highly explosive. It can be detonated by shock or heat under confineme permit high pressure build-up. When heated to decomposition, it emits toxic fumes of of nitrogen, and explodes. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Extremely toxic by absorption, ingestion, or inhalat Strong irritant. See oxides of nitrogen.	of oxides
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1344-30-5	DINITRO-ORTHO, SEC-BUTYL PHENOL Crystals.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. See nitrates.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	2,4-DINITROPHENOL	
51-23 - 5	Yellow crystals; sweet musty odor.	
SYNONYMS	α-Dinitrophenol, 1-hydroxy-2,4-dinitro-benzene.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH SOLID AND DUST. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Flammable. POISONOUS GAS IS PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Highly explosive. Highly toxic. Absorbed by the skin. Dust inhalation may be fatal. Can damage liver, kidneys, or cause death. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water	

CAS No.		\square
103-23-1	DIOCTYL ADIPATE	\otimes
105-25-1 Odorless, colorless, oily liquid. Adipic acid bis(2-ethylexyl)ester, Di(2-ethylhexyl)adipat		dipate
SYNONYMS		
	Avoid contact with liquid.	
SAFETY		
MEASURES		
	Combustible. When heated, it emits acrid fumes. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
HAZARDS		
	Liquid	
	Irritating to eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty	of water.
	TP IN ETES, nord eyernes open and rissn wrom premo	
EXPOSURE		
		-
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	DIOCTYL PHTHALATE
117-31-7	Colorless, oily liquid; slight odor.
SYNONYMS	Phthalic acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl ester), DOP, Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, actoil di-sec-octyl phthalate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. May react with oxidizing agents. Probably a slight ingestive and inhalative toxin.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Not harmful.

CAS 16. 123-91-1	1,4-DIOXANE	
125-91-1	Colorless liquid; slight alcohol odor.	
SYNO n yms	Dioxane, p-dioxane, diethylene oxide, diethylene dioxide, dioxyethylene ether.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable liquid. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Can form explosive peroxides under certain conditions. Highly toxic by inhalation. Absorbed by the skin. Eye, skin and respiratory irritant and poison. Repeated exposure to low concentrations has resulted in death. TLV 100 ppm. 	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk; have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 110. 92-52-4	DIPHENYL	
SYNO nym s	Bipheny].	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Slightly flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
	Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. TLV 0.2 ppm in air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	DIPHENYL METHANE DIISOCYANATE	
26447-40-5	White-to-light yellow solid.	
SYNO n yms	MDI, Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate, methylene bis-(4-phenyl isocyanate), methylene-diparaphenylene isocynate.	
	Avoid contact with solid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
	wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
MEASURES		
	Combustible.	
	Moderately toxic. Strong irritant.	
	TLV 0.02 ppm in air.	
HAZARDS		
(IALANDS		
	C-114	
	<u>Solid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.	
	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.	
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

·	CAS tilo. 25265-71-8	DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL Odorless, colorless, thick liquid.	
	SYNONYMS	2,2'-dihydroxyisopropyl ether.	
	SAFETY MEASURES		
	HAZARDS	Flammable. May react with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by ingestion. See glycol compounds.	
	EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty	of water.

CAS No. 2764-72-9	DIQUAT	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Aquacide, Dextrone, Reglone, Diquat dibromide	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with compound. Wear chemical-protective suit and self-contained breathin apparatus.	ıg
	Highly toxic on contact. TLV 0.5 mg/m ³ of air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	DISTILLATES FLASHED FEED STOCKS Colorless liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Flammable. Vapor may explode if ignited in enclosed area. Flashback along vapor trail may occur.
Indiado	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquids Irritating to eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

	DISTILLATES STRAIGHT RUN
	Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	Straight run gasoline.
	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
HAZARDS	
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 116. 298-04-4	DISULFONTON	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	o,o-diethyl-s-2-(ethylthio)ethyl phosphorodithioate	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Absorbed by the skin.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 116. 330-54-1	DIURON
SYNONYMS	3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea
SAFETY MEASURES	Non-flammable. On decomposition emits highly toxic fumes.
	On decomposition emits highly toxic fumes. Highly toxic.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAC M-	
CAS No.	
112-54-9	Colorless, thick liquid; sweet odor.
	Lauryl alcohol, Dodecyl alcohol.
SYNONYMS	
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Flammable.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid
	Irritating to skin. Will burn eves.
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 25373-22-7	DODECENE Colorless, watery liquid; pleasant odor.	\Diamond
SYNO n yms	Dodecylene, propylene tetramer.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. May react with oxidizing materials.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of w IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	water.

CAS 16. 112-41-4	1-DODECENE Colorless, watery liquid; mild pleasant odor.	
SYNO n yms	Alpha-Dodecylene.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.	
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	y of water. drink water

CAS No. 27176-37-0	DODECYL BENZENE SULFONIC ACID DDBSA, sodium dodecylbenzensulfonate.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Moderately toxic by ingestion.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	DOWTHERM	
8004-13-5	Light-dark brown liquid; fragrant odor.	
SYNONYMS		
	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Trritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CO limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	frink water

DURSBAN
Highly toxic. Affects nervous system. See chlorides and parathion.
CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS 116. 115-29-7	ENDOSULFAN Thiodan.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. Absorbed by the skin. See chlorides and sulfur compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 72-20-8	ENDRIN	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES	Nonflammable. Powder will decompose on heating, emitting highly t of hydrogen chloride and chlorinated decomposition Highly toxic by inhalation, ingestion, and skin abs See aldrin. TLV 0.25 mg/m ³ of air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 106-39-3	EPICHLOROHYDRIN Colorless, watery liquid; sweet garlic odor.
SYNO nym s	1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, 3-chloro-1,2-propylene oxide.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind. Materials quickly corroded by hydrogen chloride should not be used.
HAZARDS	Moderately flammable. Vapors may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. POISONOUS GASES OF PHOSGENE ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Can react with oxidizing materials. Irritant and allergen. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. Estimated that 1 gram could be fatal. See phosgene. TLV 5 ppm.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	ETHANE
74-34-0	Colorless, liquefied compressed gas; gasoline odor. 100
SYNONYMS	Bimethyl, methyl methane, dimethyl, ethyl hydride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor explosive if ignited in an enclosed area. May react vigorously with oxidizing materials. A simple asphyxiant.
EXPOSURE	Vapor If inhaled will cause difficult breathing. Not irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ∃bo. 563-12-2	ETHION ETHION	
SYNONYMS	o,o,o',o'-tetraethyl-s,s-methylene diphosphorodithioate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of sulphur and phosphorus.	
	See parathion.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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	ETHOXY TRIGLYCOL 0 dorless, colorless liquid.
SYNO nym s	Ethoxytriethylene glycol, Triethylene glycol monoethyl ether.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Not harmful.

CAS No.	ETHOXYLATED DODECANOL	
9002-92-0	Colorless-to-yellow oily liquid; pleasant odor.	
SYNONYMS	Ethoxylated dodecyl alcohol, ethoxylated lauryl alcohol, Tergitol nonionic, TMN.	
	Avoid contact with liquid.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin. Will burn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS 110. 341393-05-5	
SYNONYMS	Ethoxylated pentadecyl alcohol, Tergitol nonionic 45-S-10. YMS
SAFETY Measures	
HAZARDS	Combustible. RDS
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin. Will burn eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. SURE

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CAS 110. 27306-79-2	ETHOXYLATED TETRADECANOL Colorless-to-yellow liquid; pleasant odor.
SYNONYMS	Ethoxylated tetradecyl alcohol, ethoxylated myristyl alcohol, Tergitol nonionic 45-S-10.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to the skin. Will burn eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

	CAS 140. 249333-91-8	ETHOXYLATED TRIDECANOL Colorless-to-yellow liquid; pleasant odor.
Ethoxylated tridecyl alcohol, Tergitol nonion		Ethoxylated tridecyl alcohol, Tergitol nonionic 3-A-6.
	SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	HAZARDS	Combustible.
	EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin. Will burn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

	CAS No. 141-78-6	ETHYL ACETATE Colorless, watery liquid; pleasant fruity odor.	
S	YNO nym s	Acetic acid ethyl ester, ethyl ethanoate, acetic es	ter.
	SAFETY EASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear eye and respiratory equipment. Stay upwind.	
	HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in enclosed area. May react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by inhalation, ingestion, and skin absorption. Irritating to skin and eyes. High concentrations may injure kidney and liver. TLV 400 ppm.	
	EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled will cause headache, dizziness, nausea, consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirati If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plent; IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim o or milk.</pre>	ion. y of water.

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CAS No.	ETHYL ACRYLATE $(2^3)^2$
140-88-5	Colorless liquid; fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Acrylic acid ethyl ester, Ethyl-2-propenoate.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Containers may explode in fire. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Can penetrate the skin. TLV 25 ppm.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache or nausea. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS 116. 64-17-5	ETHYL ALCOHOL
SYNONYMS	Alcohol, grain alcohol, denatured alcohol, ethanol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. May react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Mild irritant. Can be absorbed by the skin. Narcotic properties. TLV 1000 ppm. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. Liquid Not harmful. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	ETHYL BENZENE	
100-41-4	Colorless liquid; sweet, gasoline-like odor.	
SYNONYMS	EB, phenylethane, ethylbenzol.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. Strong irritant. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 100 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. D0 NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	

CAS No.	ETHYL BUTANOL 1^{2}	
97-95-0	Colorless liquid; mild alcohol odor.	
SYNONYMS	2-ethylbutyl alcohol, sec-pentylcarbinol, pseudohexyl alcohol.	
	Avoid contact with alcohol.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
	May be toxic by ingestion.	
	May be mild irritant by direct contact.	
HAZARDS		
	Liquid Will burn eyes.	
	Harmful if swallowed. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.	
	IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	
ENDOONDE		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 75-00-3	ETHYL CHLORIDE Colorless liquid; pleasant odor.	
SYNONYMS	Chloroethane, ether hydrochloric, muriatic ether.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable liquid which rapidly volatilizes at room temperature. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. POISONOUS PHOSGENE GAS IS PRODUCED IN FIRE. Reacts with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes. Can react violently with oxidizing materials. Slight eye, skin and respiratory irritant. Inhalation produces narcotic and anesthetic effects. See phosgene. TLV 1000 ppm in air. 	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ilo. 60-29-7	ETHYL ETHER Colorless, watery liquid; sweet odor.	
SYNONYMS	Sulfuric ether, anesthesia ether, ether, diethyl oxide.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Severe explosive hazard. Moderately toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. Medical anesthetic. TLV 400 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, headache, and loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>	

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CAS No.	2-ETHYL-3-PROPYLACROLEIN	$\frac{2}{1}$
645-62-5	Yellow liquid. 🔨	Y
SYNONYMS	2-ethylhexenal, 2-ethyl-3-propyl acrylaldehyde	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
	Moderately toxic by inhalation or ingestion. Strong irritant.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of w IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink or milk.	ater. water

CAS No.	ETHYLENE	
74-85 - 1	Colorless liquefied compressed gas; sweet odor.	\checkmark
SYNONYMS	Ethene, elayl, etherin.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable gas. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. May explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Explosive in sunlight with chlorine. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. High concentrations cause anesthesia. A simple asphyxiant. Moderately toxic by inhalation.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.	

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CAS No.	ETHYLENE CYANOHYDRIN	
109-78-4	Colorless-to-yellow-brown liquid; weak odor.	
SYNONYMS	β-hydroxypropionitrile, hydracrylonitrile, glycol cyanohydrin	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear full-protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not use soft steel equipment.	
HAZARDS	Flammable. POISONOUS GASES (CYANIDES) PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Will react with acid or acid fumes, water and steam to produce toxic and flammable vapors. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Fatal amounts may be absorbed through the skin. Can cause cyanosis, dizziness, and headache. See nitriles. TLV 5 ppm.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 16. 107-15-3	ETHYLENE DIAMINE Colorless liquid; mild ammonia odor.	
SYNONYMS	1,2-diaminoethane, 1,2-ethanediamine.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Combustible. May react with oxidizing materials. Strong irritant to skin and eyes. Highly toxic by inhalation and skin absorption. TLV 10 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 60-00-4	ETHYLENE DIAMINE TETRAACETIC ACID Odorless, white solid powder.
SYNONYMS	EDTA, versene acid, tetrine acid, ethylene bis(iminodiacetic acid).
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Non-flammable.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

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CAS No.	ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	
106-93-4	Colorless liquid; sweet odor.	V
SYNONYMS	1,2-Dibromoethane, glycol dibromide.	
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Reacts vigorously with metals (aluminum, magnesium, potassium), strong alkalies and oxidizing agents. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Toxic by inhalation, skin contact, or ingestion. Strongly irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory tr Prolonged or repeated exposures in any form are haza TLV 25 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	act.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim dr or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	of water.

CAS No.	ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE $\sqrt{2}$	
107-06-2	Colorless liquid; sweet odor.	
SYNONYMS	1,2-Dichloroethane, ethylene chloride, EDC, dichloroethane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear gas-type goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Moderately explosive. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Toxic by inhalation, skin contact or ingestion. Very serious eye irritant. Narcotic. TLV 50 ppm. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, dizziness, or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>	

CAS No. 107-21-1	ETHYLENE GLYCOL
SYNONYMS	Glycol, monoethylene glycol, 1,2-ethanediol, glycol alcohol, ethylene alcohol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Moderate explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Ingestive poison. Very toxic in particulate form. May be fatal through kidney damage. <u>Particulate Vapor</u> TLV 10 mg/m ³ 100 ppm
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.

CAS No. 110-71-4	ETHYLENE GLYCOL DIMETHYL ETHER Colorless liquid; fragrant odor.
SYNONYMS	Monoglyme, 1,2-dimethoxyethane, glyme, dimethylcellosolve, Ansul ether 12, GDME, glycol dimethyl ether.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Combustible. May react with oxidizing materials. Explosive when exposed to sparks or flame.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Not irritating to skin. If swallowed will cause nausea, vomiting, or loss of conscious- ness. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>

CAS No.	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	
111-76-2	Colorless, oily liquid; mild rancid odor.	
SYNONYMS	Butyl "cellosolve", glycol monobutyl ether, 2-butoxy ethanol, Dowanol ED, Poly-solv EB.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear full-protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Ingestive poison. Can be absorbed by the skin. Moderately toxic. See glycols. TLV 50 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	

CAS No. 110-30-5	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER Colorless oily liquid; sweet odor.	
synonyms	Poly-solv EE, Dowanol EE, Cellosolve, Glycol monethyl ether, 2-ethoxyethanol.	
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. Moderately explosive when vapor is exposed to heat or flame. May react with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic. Absorbed by the skin. Ingestive poison. Mild irritant by inhalation and skin absorption. See glycols.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 111-15-9	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER ACETATE Colorless liquid; pleasant odor.	
SYNONYMS	Poly-solv EE acetate, Cellosolve acetate, 2-ethoxyethylacetate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. Vapor may explode if exposed to heat. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. See glycols. TLV 25 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	
109-36-4	Odorless, colorless liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Poly-solv/EM, Dowanol EM, methyl cellosolve glycol monomethyl- ether, 2-methoxyethanol.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
	Flammable. May react with oxidizing materials.	
	Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation or skin absorption.	
	See glycols.	
	TLV 25 ppm.	
	τ εν 23 βρ ία.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	ETHYLENE OXIDE 2^4	
75-21-8	Colorless, liquefied gas; sweet odor.	
SYNONYMS	Oxinane, 1,2-epoxyethane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear gas-tight goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. May react with oxidizing materials. Highly explosive when exposed to flame. Highly toxic. Irritating to skin and eyes. TLV 50 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting and difficult breath- ing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>	

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CAS No.		
151-56-4	Colorless, oily liquid; ammonia odor.	
SYNONYMS	Dimethyleneimine, aziridine.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Heat and/or the presence of catalytically active metals or chloride ions can cause a violent exothermic reaction. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes. Highly toxic and corrosive. Absorbed by the skin. Intensely irritating to skin. TLV 0.5 ppm in air. 	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>	

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CAS 116. 1135-57-5	FERRIC AMMONIUM CITRATE
SYNONYMS	Iron ammonium citrate.
SAFETY MEASURES	-
	Toxicity low.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	

CAS 116. 55488-87-4	FERRIC AMMONIUM OXALATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Iron ammonium oxalate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Emits toxic fumes when heated. Moderately toxic. Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ilo. 7705-08-0	FERRIC CHLORIDE Black-brown solid.	
SYNONYMS	Iron chloride, ferric trichloride, ferric perchlori trichloride, iron perchloride.	de, iron
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Dangerous, when heated to decomposition, it emits h fumes of chlorides and hydrochloric acid. Will react with water to produce toxic and corrosiv Mild irritant. Moderately toxic by ingestion.	1
EXPOSURE		

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CAS No.	FERRIC FLUORIDE
7783-50-8	Green crystals.
SYNONYMS	Iron fluoride.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Highly toxic. Strong irritant. See fluorides. TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSUR	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1301-70-3	FERRIC GLYCEROPHOSPHATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 10421-43-4	FERRIC NITRATE
SYNONYMS	Iron nitrate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Reacts with organic materials. Strong oxidant and irritant.
HAZARDS	See nitrates.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 10045-86-0	FERRIC PHOSPHATE Iron phosphate.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Low toxicity.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS illo. 10028-22-5	FERRIC SULFATE	
SYNONYMS	Iron sulfate, ferric trisulfate, iron tersulfate, i persulfate.	ron
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Non-flammable. Emits sulfur oxides when heated to decomposition. Mild irritant. Slightly toxic by ingestion. Practically non-toxic systemically.	
HAZARDS	Practically non-toxic systemically.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 10045-89-3	FERROUS AMMONIUM SULFATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Mohr's salt, iron ammonium sulfate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 7758-94-3	FERROUS CHLORIDE Green-to-yellow, deliquescent crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Iron chloride, iron dichloride, iron protochloride, Lawrencite.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fu hydrochloric acid. Low toxicity. See chlorides.	umes of .
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 516-03-0 Iron oxalate. SYNONYMS EVOLVES CARBON MONOXIDE ON HEATING. Highly toxic. See oxalates. HAZARDS	
SYNONYMS SAFETY MEASURES EVOLVES CARBON MONOXIDE ON HEATING. Highly toxic. See oxalates.	$\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{b}}}$
MEASURES EVOLVES CARBON MONOXIDE ON HEATING. Highly toxic. See oxalates.	
Highly toxic. See oxalates.	
See oxalates.	
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS NO. 7720-78-7	FERROUS SULFATE Odorless, green solid.
SYNONYMS	Iron vitriol, green vitriol, Copperas, iron(ous) sulfate, Sal-chalbis.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Non-flammable. Slightly toxic by inhalation and ingestion.
	Mild irritant.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Solid If swallowed will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of consciousness. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	FLUORIDES	\bigotimes
SYNO n yms		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Dangerous when heated to decomposition or on contact or acid fumes; they emit highly toxic fumes. Inorganic fluorides are generally highly irritant a	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		-

CAS 1.6. 7782-41-4	FLUORINE Clear-to-yellow liquefied gas; very irritating odor
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. WILL CAUSE FIRE AND REACT VIOLENTLY WITH COMBUSTIBLES. POISONOUS GAS IS PRODUCED IN FIRE. Dangerously reactive gas. Reacts vigorously with most oxidizable and reducing substances at room temperature, frequently with ignition. Reacts with water to form hydrogen fluoride and oxygen. Reacts with nitric acid to form explosive gas. Toxic gas. A very powerful caustic irritant. Burns skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Fatal dose 0.5 g/kg of body weight. TLV 0.1 ppm. 2.5 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 50-00-0	FORMALDEHYDE Colorless watery liquid; irritating odor.	
SYNONYMS	Formalith, Fyde, formaline, formic aldehyde solution, methanal solution, oxymethylene.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear gas-tight goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Combustible. Vapor will burn. Explosive at elevated temperatures. Highly toxic by inhalation, ingestion, or skin contact. Irritant to eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Allergen. TIV 2 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS No.	FORMIC ACID	
64-18-6	Colorless liquid; penetrating odor.	V
SYNONYMS	Methanoic acid, hydrogen carboxylic acid, formylic a	acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, a overclothing (including gloves).	nd rubber
	Combustible. Strong reducing agent.	nosura
	Highly toxic by inhalation or ingestion on short ex Strong irritant to eyes. Produces blisters and burns on contact.	posure.
	TLV 5 ppm in air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim d or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CO limit first aid to keeping victim warm. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	lrink water
	CALI. FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 110-17-3	FUMARIC ACID Colorless, odorless crystals.
SYNONYMS	Boletic acid, lichenic acid, allomaleic acid, trans-butendioic acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Flammable at elevated temperatures. Mild irritant.
	Slight ingestive toxin.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 93-01-1	FURFURAL	
SYNO n yms	2-furancarbonal, 2-furaldehyde, fural, furale, ant oil, pyromucic aldehyde, bran oil.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubb overclothing (including gloves).	er
HAZARDS	Flammable liquid. Vapor forms flammable mixture with air. Moderately explosive when exposed to heat, flame or by chemical action. Explosion may occur on contact with mineral acid, alkalies or heat and flame. May react with oxidizing materials. Irritant. Highly toxic. Absorbed by the skin. Very dangerous to eyes. TLV 5 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	3
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of wat IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink wa or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIC limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	iter

	GASOLINES
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts with oxidizing materials. Moderately explosive when exposed to flame. Acts as a simple asphyxiant. TIV 500 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, headache, difficult breathing and loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS !b. 56-81-5	GLYCERINE Odorless, colorless oily liquid.
SYNONYMS	1,2.3-propanetriol, 1,2,3-trihydroxypropane, glycerol, glycyl alcohol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Can react violently with powerful oxidizers. Mild irritant. Slight ingestive toxin.
EXPOSURE	Not harmful.

CAS No.	GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE
106-91-2	Colorless liquid; fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Glycidyl alpha-methyl acrylate, methacrylic acid-2,3-epoxy- propyl ester.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN FYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

	GLYCOLS	\Diamond
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Dihydric alcohols are physically and chemically re glycerol. Most glycols have low volatility and consequently p little danger from inhalation of vapors. Severe and even fatal poisonings have been reported ingestion of ethylene glycol.	present
EXPOSURE		

CAS 110. 36-50-0	GUTHION GUTHION
SYNO nym s	Gusathion, Azinphos-methyl.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. Affects nervous system. May cause death or permanent injury after short exposure. See parathion. TLV 2 mg/m ³ in air by skin absorption.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

∵ CAS No. 76-44-8	HEPTACHLOR Crystals.
SYNONYMS	Velsicol-104, E-3314, Heptagran, Drinox.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Dangerous when heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation or skin exposure. Acute exposure will cause liver damage. TLV 0.25 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS (16.	HEPTANE
142-32-5	Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	Heptyl hydride, dipropyl methane, n-heptane.
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor can explode if ignited in an enclosed area. May react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Narcotic in high concentrations. Moderately toxic by inhalation. TLV 500 ppm in air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose or throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF INEYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS. have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

CAS 140. 53535-33-4	HEPTANOL Colorless, watery liquid; weak alcohol odor.
SYNONYMS	Enanthic alcohol, 1-hydroxyheptane, 1-heptanol, heptyl alcohol alcohol C-7. Enanthyl alcohol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Moderately flammable. May react with oxidizing materials. Direct contact may dry skin by drawing out oils.
	Probably low toxicity.
HAZARDS	
	Not harmful.
EXPOSURE	

CAS 16.	1-HEPTENE
592-76-7	Colorless watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	α-heptylene, heptylene.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. A simple asphyxiant.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS No. 124-09-4	HEXAMETHYLENE DIAMINE Colorless solid or watery liquid; ammonia odor.
SYNO n yms	1.6-hexanediamine, 1.6-diaminohexane.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors. May irritate skin, eyes, and mucous membranes.
	Moderately toxic by ingestion. Strong irritant.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid or Solid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.
	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
EXPOSURE	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water
EXPOSURE	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water

CAS ilo.	HEXAMETHYLENE TETRAMINE
100-97-0	White crystals or powder; mild ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	Methenamine, formamine, hexamine, urotropin, metramine, HEXA, ammonioformaldehyde, HMTA.
	Avoid contact with solid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Flammable. On decomposition liberates formaldehyde. May react with oxidizing materials.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

CAS No. 110-54-3	HEXANE Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.	
SYNONYMS	N-hexane, hexyl hydride.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. May irritate respiratory tract. Narcotic in high concentrations. Slightly toxic by inhalation and ingestion. TLV 500 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing and dizziness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult. give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ivo.	HEXANOL	>
25917-35-5	Colorless clear liquid; sweet odor.	
SYNO nym s	n-hexyl alcohol, n-amyl carbinol, 1-hexanol.	
	Avoid contact with liquid.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing agents.	
	Low toxicity.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will hurn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES. hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink wate or milk.	r. er
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

··· CAS No.	1-HEXENE
25264-93-1	Colorless, watery liquid; mild pleasant odor.
	Butylethylene, hexylene, α-hexene.
SYNONYMS	
	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus
	Stay upwind.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Highly flammable.
	Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
	May react vigorously with oxidizing materials.
	Moderately toxic and irritant.
HAZARDS	
HAZAKUS	
	Vapor
	If inhaled, will cause dizziness, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness.
	Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes.
	Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
EXPOSURE	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN FYFS, hold evelids open and flush with plenty of water.
	IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 107-41-5	HEXYLENE GLYCOL Colorless, oily liquid; mild sweet odor.
SYNONYMS	2-methyl-2,4-pentanediol
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials. Large oral doses can produce narcosis. Irritating to skin, eyes, and mucous membranes.
	See glycols.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	HYDRAZINE
302-01-2	Colorless, watery liquid; ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	Hydrazine base, diamine, hydrazine anhydrous.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
	Highly flammable and explosive. May ignite by itself when in contact with earth, wood, or cloth. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Vapors are very toxic and attack eyes and respiratory system. Liquid is corrosive to skin. Can be absorbed by the skin.
HAZARDS	TLV 1 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7647-01-0	HYDROCHLORIC ACID Colorless, watery liquid; sharp irritating odor.
SYNO nym s	Muriatic acid, chlorohydric acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Respiratory equipment should not be constructed of materials readily corroded by acid. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metals. Toxic. Eye, skin and respiratory irritant. Irritating to mucous membranes and eyes. Inhalation of concentrations of about 1500 ppm are fatal in a few minutes. TLV 5 ppm. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS No.	HYDROFLUORIC ACID
7664-39-3	Colorless-to-green watery liquid; irritating odor.
SYNONYMS	Fluorhydric acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective suit and self-contained breathing apparatus. Need plastic lens goggles (attacks glass). Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	 Non-flammable. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metals. When heated it emits highly corrosive fumes of fluorides. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic or corrosive fumes. Highly toxic by inhalation or ingestion. Highly corrosive to skin and mucous membranes. Gangrene of affected areas may follow. TLV 3 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Will burn eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if swallowed. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS No.	
7647-01-0	HYDROGEN CHLORIDE
7047-01-0	Colorless-yellow, liquefied gas; irritating odor.
SYNONYMS	Hydrochloric acid, anhydrous.
	AVALD CONTACT LITTLE LOUID AND VADOD
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
	Non-flammable. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metals.
	TLV 5 ppm.
HAZARDS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED.
	Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	<u>Liquid</u> POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED.
	Will burn skin and eyes. Will cause frostbite.
EXPOSURE	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
	IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 74-90-8	HYDROGEN CYANIDE Colorless, watery liquid or gas; bitter almond odor.
SYNO n yms	Hydrocyanic acid, prussic acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. EVACUATE AREA. WEAR CHEMICAL-PROTECTIVE SUIT WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Breathing apparatus alone is not considered adequate protection in atmospheres containing more than 100 ppm because toxic amounts can be absorbed through the skin. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Highly explosive when exposed to heat or flame and by chemical reaction with oxidizers. Will react with water, steam, acid or acid fumes to produce toxic fumes. Extremely toxic - a few breaths can cause death. See cyanides. TLV 10 ppm. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration (but <u>NOT</u> mouth-to-mouth). If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.

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CAS No. 7664-39-3	HYDROGEN FLUORIDE
SYNONYMS	Hydrofluoric acid, anhydrous.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective suit including self-contained breath- ing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metals. When heated it emits highly toxic fumes of fluorides. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes. TLV 3 ppm.
EXPOSURE	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

∵ CAS No. 7722-84-1	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE
//22-04-1	Colorless, watery liquid; slight sharp odor.
SYNO n yms	Hydrogen dioxide, peroxide, albone, superoxol.
	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR.
SAFETY Measures	
HAZARDS	 Non-flammable. Powerful oxidizing material. May cause fire and explode on contact with combustible metals. Violent decomposition may be caused by contact with iron, copper, chromium, brass, bronze, lead, silver, manganese and their salts. Severely explosive when highly concentrated or exposed to heat or mechanical impact. Extremely irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory tract. TLV 1 ppm.
Exposure	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS ito. 7783-06-4	HYDROGEN SULFIDE Colorless liquefied compressed gas; rotten egg odor
SYNONYMS	Sulfuretted hydrogen.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with gas. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable gas. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. May explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Forms explosive mixture with air. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of sulfur. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials and nitric acid. Highly toxic by inhalation. Strong irritant to eyes and mucous membranes. Asphyxiant - high concentrations can cause almost immediate death. TLV 20 ppm in air.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

		7
CAS 110.	HYDROQUINONE	
123-31-9	Colorless, hexagonal prisms.	_
SYNONYMS	1,4-benzenediol, quinol, hydroquinol.	
	Avoid contact with solid or vapors.	1
SAFETY MEASURES		-
	Flammable. Slightly explosive when exposed to heat. Reacts with oxidizing materials.	l
	Irritant and allergen.	
	TLV 2 ppm.	
HAZARDS		
	Solid or Dust	۲
	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed.	
	Will cause nausea, dizziness, headache and finally collapse. On contact with skin will cause dermatitis.	
	Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.	
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of soap and warm water.	
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7303-49-3	HYDROXYLAMINE Colorless liquid or white needles.	\bigotimes
SYNO n yms	Oxammonium.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly flammable. Highly explosive under confinement. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors. Moderately toxic by inhalation and ingestion. A local irritant.	
HAZARDS	A local irritant.	
EXPOSURE		

	IODIDES
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Similar in toxicity to bromides. Prolonged absorption of iodides may produce "iodism" which is manifested by skin rash, runny nose, headache and irritation of mucous membranes. In severe cases, the skin may show pimples, boils, redness, black and blue spots, hives and blisters. When heated to decomposition they emit highly toxic fumes of iodine and iodine compounds.
EXPOSURE	

	
CAS Ib.	ISOAMYL ALCOHOL
123-51-3	Colorless, liquid; mild choking alcohol odor.
SYNONYMS	Isobutyl carbinol, fusel oil, isopentyl alcohol, 3 methyl-1- butanol, fermentation amyl alcohol.
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. Slightly explosive when exposed to heat or flame. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials.
	Moderately toxic and irritant.
	TLV 100 ppm in air.
HAZARDS	
1	
	DAMAGENOUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	<u>Vapor</u> Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	Liquid Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	I SOBUTANE
CAS !lo. 75-28-5	Odorless, colorless, liquefied compressed gas.
SYNONYMS	2-methylpropane, trimethyl methane.
SAFETY Measures	Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Highly explosive when exposed to heat or flame. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 110-19-0	ISOBUTYL ACETATE Colorless, watery liquid; pleasant fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Acetic acid isobutyl ester.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. May explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Extremely explosive near heat or flame. Moderately toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 150 ppm in air.
exposure	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.</pre>

CAS No. 106-63-8	ISOBUTYL ACRYLATE Colorless watery liquid; sharp fragrant odor.
SYNO n yms	Isobutyl-2-propenoate, acrylic acid isobutyl ester.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor.
HAZARDS	Combustible.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>

	
CAS No.	ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL
78-83-1	Colorless, oily liquid; mild alcohol, choking odor.
	Isopropylcarbinol, 2-methyl-1-propanol, isobutanol.
SYNONYMS	
311001113	
	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor.
	Stay upwind.
SAFETY MEASURES	
MEASURES	
	Flammable.
	Moderately explosive when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
	Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Í	Strong irritant.
	Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation.
	TLV 100 ppm.
HAZARDS	
	· ·
	Vapor
	Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, dizziness, and headache.
	Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	Liquid
1	Irritating to eyes. Harmful if swallowed.
	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water
EXPOSURE	or milk.
	·
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.
L	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

C10.11	
CAS No. 115-11-7	ISOBUTYLENE
<u>шэ-ш-/</u>	Colorless, liquefied compressed gas; gasoline odor.
SYNONYMS	Isobutene, 2-methylpropene.
	Avoid contact with liquid. Stay upwind.
CAFETY	
SAFETY Measures	
	Highly flammable.
	Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials.
	Simple asphyxiant.
	May have narcotic action.
HAZARDS	
	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat.
	If inhaled, will cause dizziness or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.
	DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS 116. 72-84-2	ISOBUTYRALDEHYDE Colorless watery liquid;pleasant gasoline-like odor
SYNONYMS	2-methyl propanal, isobutyric aldehyde, isobutylaldehyde.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with reducing materials.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin. Will burn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No. 132-89-7	ISODECALDEHYDE Colorless liquid, fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Isodecaldehyde mixed isomers.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible. Probably toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. Strong irritant.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

CAS %6. 25339-17-7	ISODECYL ALCOHOL Colorless liquid, mild alcohol odor.	\bigotimes
SYNO nym s		
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid Wear goggles and rubber overclothing (including glo	ves.)
	Moderately flammable.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. If SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim d or milk.	rink water.

CAS :16. 107-83-5	ISOHEXANE Watery, liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	2-methylpentane
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flash back along vapor trail may occur. Explosive when exposed to sparks, heat or open flame. Can react with oxidizing materials. Vapor may explode if ignited in en enclosed area.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INCLUDE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

CAS 116. 26637-24-1	ISOOCTALDEHYDE Colorless liquid; mild fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	6-methyl-1-heptanal, oxo-octaldehyde, isooctylaldehyde
SAFETY Measures	
	Flammable. Strong irritant. Toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption.
HAZARDS	
Exposure	Liquid Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

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··· CAS No.	ISOOCTYL ALCOHOL	
26952-21-6	Colorless liquid; mild odor.	
SYNONYMS	Isooctanol, 6-methyl-1-heptanol, oxo-octyl alcohol	
	Avoid contact with liquid.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly flammable.	
HAZARDS	May be toxic by ingestion or inhalation.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	

CAS No.	ISOPENTANE
78-78-4	Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNO n yms	l-methyl butane, isoamyl hydride, ethyldimethylmethane.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. See pentane.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Yapor Irritating to nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS No.	
73-79-5	Colorless watery liquid; mild odor
SYNONYMS	2-methyl-1,3-butadiene, beta-methylbivinyl, 3-methyl-1-1,3- butadiene.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear skin protection and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable and explosive. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Containers may explode in fire. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with reducing agents. Moderately toxic by inhalation and ingestion. Irritant. Narcotic in high concentrations. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. VALL FOR MEDICAL AID

CAS No.	ISOPROPYL ACETATE
108-21-4	Colorless, watery liquid; pleasant fruity odor.
SYNO N YMS	2-propyl acetate, acetic acid, isopropyl ester.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Moderately explosive when exposed to heat or flame. Moderately toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Narcotic in high concentrations. Mild irritant. TLV 250 ppm.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

	
CAS No.	ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL
67-63-0	Colorless, watery liquid; unpleasant alcohol odor
SYNONYMS	Isopropanol, 2-propanol, dimethyl carbinol, sec-propyl alcohol, rubbing alcohol
	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Moderately explosive. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by inhalation or ingestion. Absorbed by the skin. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 400 ppm in air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATION.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to eyes. Harmful if swallowed. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

	JET FUELS: JP-3
	Colorless, watery liquid; fuel oil odor.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing, dizziness, headache or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED nad victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING</pre>

	JET FUELS: JP-4
	Colorless, watery liquid; fuel oil odor.
SYNONYMS	
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Highly flammable.
HAZARDS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes.
	Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water
	or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

	JET FUELS: JP-5 Colorless liquid; fuel oil odor.
SYNO n yms	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUGE VOMITING.

· CAS No. 115-32-2	KELTHANE
SYNONYMS	Di(p-chlorophenyl)-trichloromethyl carbinol, DTMC, Dicofol
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Nonflammable When heated to decomposition emits toxic chlorides Highly toxic. See chlorides and DDT
Exposure	

	KEROSENE
	Colorless, watery liquid; fuel oil odor
SYNONYMS	JP-1 Jet fuel, range oil, Fuel oil No.1, illuminating oil
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. Moderate explosion hazard when exposed to flame or heat.
HAZARDS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

	LATEX, LIQUID SYNTHETIC
SYNONYMS	Plastic latex, synthetic rubber latex
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Not flammable. Combustible solid produced when heated.
HAZARDS	
	<u>Liquid</u> Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
exposure.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

CAS No.	LAURYL MERCAPTAN
112-55-0	Colorless, oily liquid, mild skunk odor
SYNONYMS	1-dodecanethiol, dodecyl mercaptan, tert-dodecyl mercaptan
	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly flammable. POISONOUS GASES PRODUCED WHEN HEATED.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

CAS No. 15347-57-6	LEAD ACETATE White crystals or brown or gray lumps. Sugar of lead.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	A suspected carcinogen. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation or skin absorption. See lead compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	LEAD ARSENATE	\land
7645-25-2	Odorless, white solid.	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
SYNO n yms	Plumbous arsenate, lead arsenate acid, lead-o-arsenate, lead di-o-arsenate, lead mono-o-arsenate, lead pyroarsenate, lead-m-arsenate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH SOLIDS. Wear skin protection and filter mask.	
HAZARDS	Not flammable. On heating, emits highly toxic fumes. Poisonous through acute or chronic inhalation, ingestion and skin absorption. Arsenate compounds are allergens and irritants. See lead compounds. TLV 0.15 mg/m ³ in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Solids POISDNOUS IF SWALLOWED. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim d or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS, limit first keeping victim warm.	

CAS No. 10031-22-8	LEAD BROMIDE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic as dust. See lead compounds and bromides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID	

CAS No. 7758-95-4	LEAD CHLORIDE
SYNONYMS	Contunnite
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic by inhalation, ingestion and skin absorption See lead compounds and chlorides.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

	LEAD COMPOUNDS
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Toxcity of various lead compounds is dependent on several factors: 1. The solubility of the compound in body fluids. 2. The fineness of the particles of the compound. 3. Of the lead compounds, the carbonate, monoxide, and sulfate are considered more toxic than metallic lead. Lead arsenate is very toxic. Lead compounds can be absorbed through the skin, especially organic compounds of lead. Lead is a cumulative poison.
EXPOSURE	

CAS ilo. 13314-96-5	LEAD FLUOBORATE	\Diamond
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See lead compounds	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID	

CAS No. 7783-46-2	LEAD FLUORIDE Colorless solid
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic, strong irritant. See lead compounds and fluorides.
HAZARDS	TLV 2.5 mg/m³ in air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

-	CAS No. 10101-63-0	LEAD IODIDE
	SYNONYMS	
	SAFETY MEASURES	
	HAZARDS	Highly toxic See lead compounds and iodides.
	EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID

. CAS No. 10099-74-8	LEAD NITRATE 10^{0} White crystals.
SYNO N YMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
. HAZARDS	<pre>Flammable. Strong oxidizing material. Decomposes at 210° C releasing toxic gaseous oxides of nitrogen. In contact with easily oxidized materials can cause ignition, combustion or explosion. Increases flammability of any combustible materials. Highly toxic. Can be absorbed by the skin. See lead compounds.</pre>
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 140. 7428-48-0	LEAD STEARATE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic. Absorbed by the skin. See lead compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 15739-80-7	LEAD SULFATE White rhombic crystals.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Anglisite.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Noncombustible. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin abs	orption.
	See lead compounds and sulfates.	
HAZARDS		
-		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS iND. 1314-87-0	LEAD SULFIDE Silvery metallic crystals or black powder.
SYNONYMS	Galena, plumbous sulfide.
SAFETY Measures	
	Highly toxic by ingestion. See lead compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 546-67-3	LEAD TETRAACETATE Colorless to faintly pink crystals.	>
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. Absorbed by the skin. See lead compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS №. 592-87-0	LEAD THIOCYANATE White, monoclinic crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Lead sulfocyanate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic by inhalation and ingestion. See lead compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 26265-65-6	LEAD THIOSULFATE White crystals.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Lead hyposulfite.	
SAFETY Measures		
	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fu and oxides of sulfur. See lead compounds.	mes of lead
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	LEAD TUNGSTATE
12737-98-3	Yellowish powder.
SYNONYMS	
AFETV	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic.
	See lead compounds.
HAZARDS	~
	· · ·
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	LINEAR ALCOHOLS Colorless, liquid; mild alcohol odor.
SYNONYMS	Tridecanol, tetradecanol.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS Liquefied compressed gas; odorless or skunk odor.
SYNONYMS	LNG
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. May explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. Incomplete combustion yields carbon monoxide. Vapor is a simple asphyxiant. TLV 1000 ppm.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose or throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected area with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.

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	LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS Colorless, liquefied compressed gas; weak odor.
SYNO n yms	Propane-butane-(propylene), Pyrofax, LPG.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Containers may explode in fire. May explode if ignited in an enclosed area. TLV 1000 ppm.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose, or throat. If inhaled, will cause loss of consciousness, dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.

CAS No.	LITHIUM ALUMINUM HYDRIDE	
16353-85-3	Odorless, white-to-gray solid powder.	>
SYNONYMS	LAH, Lithium tetrahydroaluminate	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flammable gas is released on contact with water, metals or acids. REACTS VIOLENTLY WITH WATER. When exposed to water or moisture, it produces very caustic lithium hydroxide. DO NOT USE WATER, DRY CHEMICALS, CARBON DIOXIDE OR FOAM ON FIRE Highly caustic by inhalation, ingestion or skin absorption. 	
EXPOSURE	Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink wate or milk.	r. er

···CAS No. 13843-31-7	LITHIUM BICHROMATE
SYNONYMS	Lithium dichromate.
SAFETY Measures	
HAZARDS	Highly toxic. A recognized carcinogen. May ignite organic materials. Reacts with reducing materials. See chromium compounds. TLV as chromate = 0.2 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 14307-35-8	LITHIUM CHROMATE Vellow crystalline powder.
SYNO n yms	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Combustible. May ignite organic materials. Reacts with reducing materials. Highly toxic. Strong irritant. See chromium compounds. TLV as chromate = 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7789-24-4	LITHIUM FLUORIDE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic. Strong irritant to eyes and skin. See fluorides. TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ of air.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS tio.	MALATHION	
121-75-5		
SYNONYMS	Dimethyl dithiophosphate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate, Cynthion insecticide.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.	
	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE OR WHEN HEATED. Containers may explode in fire.	
	Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption.	
	TLV 15 mg/m ³ of air.	
HAZARDS		
	-	
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

.CAS No.	MALEIC ACID	\otimes
110-16-7	White crystals, faint acidulous odor.	V
SYNONYMS	Maleinic acid, toxilic acid, cis-butenedioic acid.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Slightly flammable (requires preheating).	
	Moderately toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant to tissues.	
HAZARDS		-
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ild.	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	
108-31-6	Colorless crystals, tablets or molten; choking odor.	
SYNONYMS	Toxilic anhydride, cis-butenedioic anhydride, 2,5-furandione.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Dust cloud may explode if ignited by sparks or flame. When heated, emits toxic fumes. Can react with oxidizing materials, water or steam. Strong irritant. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. TLV 0.25 ppm.	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS. Liquid or Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.	
EXPOSURE	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	MERCURIC ACETATE	$\langle \rangle$
1600-27-7	White, crystalline powder.	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
SYNONYMS	Mercury acetate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.	
Hazards	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. Strong irritant. See mercury compounds. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirat If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plent CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 10124-48-8	MERCURIC AMMONIUM CHLORIDE	
SYNONYMS	Mercury ammonium chloride.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	<pre>When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. Strong irritant. See mercury compounds. TLV 0.05 mg/m³ in air.</pre>	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.</pre>	

CAS No. 7789-47-1	MERCURIC BROMIDE Rhombic, colorless crystals. Mercury bromide.
SYNO n yms	
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury. Highly toxic by inhalation, ingestion, and skin absorption. Strong irritant. See mercury compounds. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ in air.
EXPOSURE	<u>Vapor</u> Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Solid</u> Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS 116. 7487-94-7	MERCURIC CHLORIDE White crystals or powder.	
SYNONYMS	Corrosive sublimate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury and chlorides. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation and skin absorption. MAY BE FATAL. See mercury compounds and chlorides. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.</pre>	

CAS No. 592-04-1	MERCURIC CYANIDE	
SYNO n yms	Mercury cyanide.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Approach from upwind. Wear full protective clothing, self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Dangerous, when heated to decomposition or on contact with acid or acid fumes, it emits highly toxic fumes of cyanides and mercury. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic fumes. Highly toxic by inhalation, ingestion, and skin absorption. See mercury compounds, hydrogen cyanide. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected skin areas with water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS the.	MERCURIC IODIDE	\bigotimes
7774-29-0	Yellow or red crystals or powder.	
SYNONYMS	Mercury iodide.	
	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing appa	ratus.
SAFETY MEASURES		
	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fun mercury and iodides.	nes of
	Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin abso Strong irritant. See mercury compounds.	orption.
	TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ in air.	
HAZARDS		
	Vapor Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.	on.
	Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty	of water.
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

··· CAS No. 10045-94-0	MERCURIC NITRATE	
SYNONYMS	Mercury nitrate, mercury pernitrate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Dangerous fire risk in contact with organic materials. Highly toxic. See mercury compounds. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.</pre>	

CAS No. 21900-53-2	MERCURIC OXIDE Odorless, orange-yellow or orange-red powder.
SYNONYMS	Mercury oxide, red or yellow.
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury. Can react with reducing materials. Highly toxic. See mercury compounds. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ in air.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

CAS Ib.	MERCURIC SULFATE
7783-35-9	White crystalline powder.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Dangerous when heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. Is an allergen. See mercury compounds and sulfates. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.</pre>

CAS No. 592-85-8	MERCURIC THIOCYANATE
SYNONYMS	Mercuric sulfocyanate, mercury rhodanide, mercuric sulfocyanide, mercury sulfocyanate.
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing; appropriate breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury and cyanide. If in contact with acid or acid fumes, will emit toxic fumes of cyanide. POISON. High irritant and allergen. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7546-30-7	MERCUROUS CHLORIDE White rhombic crystals or crystalline powder.
SYNONYMS	Calomel; mercury monochloride; monochloride; mercury protochloride; mercury chloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury and chlorides. When in contact with acids, evolves highly toxic chloride fumes. Highly irritant and allergenic. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. See mercury compounds and chlorides. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	<u>Vapor</u> Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Solid</u> Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7783-30-4	MERCUROUS IODIDE Yellow tetragonal crystals or amorphous powder.
SYNONYMS	Mercury protoiodide.
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	<pre>When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of iodine and iodine compounds or mercury. Irritant and allergen. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. See mercury compounds and iodides. TLV 0.05 mg/m of air.</pre>
EXPOSURE	Vapor Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

CAS No. 10415-75-5	MERCUROUS NITRATE Short colorless prismatic crystals.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Full protective clothing, appropriate breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	POISON. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of mercury. Explosion hazard. Nitrates may explode when shocked, when exposed to heat or flame, or by spontaneous chemical reaction. Irritant and allergen. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. See mercury compounds and nitrates. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Nove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7439-97-6	MERCURY Silver, odorless liquid.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear protective clothing and appropriate breathing a	ipparatus.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Volatile at room temperature, vapors represent the hazard in most spill situations. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.	orimary
EXPOSURE	Liquid Effects may be delayed. Serious cumulative poison by inhalation, possible a	bsorption.

	MERCURY COMPOUNDS
SYNO n yms	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with all mercury compounds. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
	When heated to decomposition, emit highly toxic fumes of mercury. Toxic by ingestion, inhalation or skin absorption. Mercury salts can cause severe eye injury. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ of air.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	METHANE
74-82-3	Colorless liquefied compressed gas; weak odor.
SYNONYMS	Marsh gas, natural gas, methyl hydride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Explosive when exposed to heat or flame. May explode if ignited in an enclosed area. A simple asphyxiant.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, difficult breathing and loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.

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CAS No.	METHANEARSONIC ACID, SODIUM SALTS
22959-24-0	Odorless colorless solid or red or green solution.
SYNONYMS	Disodium methane arsonate, monosodium methane arsonate, MSMA, DSMA, Sodium methylarsonate.
	Avoid contact with solid and solution. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Non-flammable. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED.
	Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation.
	See arsenic compounds.
HAZARDS	
MAZAKUS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	Solid or Solution Irritating to skin and eyes.
	If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of conscious- ness.
1	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.
l	IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting.
	IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.
EVBOOLOF	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS i.lo. 72-43-5	METHOXYCHLOR Crystals.
SYNONYMS	DMDT, Methoxy DDT.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Dangerous when heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Prolonged exposure may cause kidney damage. Allergen. See also DDT. TLV 15 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No.	METHYL ACRYLATE
96-33-3	Colorless, watery liquid; sweet sharp odor.
SYNONYMS	Acrylic acid methyl ester, methyl-2-propenoate.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear chemical-protective suit and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Dangerous when heated to decomposition, it emits toxic fumes. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Containers may explode when heated. Explosive when exposed to heat, sparks, or flame. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Severe eye and respiratory irritant. Absorbed by the skin. TLV 10 ppm in air; 35 mg/m³ of air.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No.	METHYL ALCOHOL	
67-56-1	Colorless, watery liquid; alcohol odor.	
SYNONYMS	Methanol, wood alcohol, wood naphtha, wood spirit, pyroxylic spirit.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Moderately explosive when exposed to heat. Toxic by ingestion (causes blindness). Narcotic. TLV 200 ppm in air; 262 mg per am³ of air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>	

CAS No.	METHYL AMYL ACETATE	
108-84-9	Colorless, watery liquid; pleasant fruity odor.	
SYNONYMS	4-methyl-2-pentanol acetate, MAAC, 4-methyl-2-pentyl acetate, hexyl acetate, methyl isobutyl carbinol acetate, sec-hexyl acetate.	
	Avoid contact with liquid.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
	Mild irritant.	
	Moderately toxic by ingestion or inhalation.	
	TLV 50 ppm in air.	
HAZARDS		
nazarus		
	Liquid	
	Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.	
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.	
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS No. 54972-97-3	$\begin{array}{c} \text{TETHYLAMYL ALCOHOL} \\ \text{Colorless, oily liquid; mild alcohol odor.} \end{array} \qquad $	
SYNONYMS	Isobutyl methyl carbinol, 4-methyl-2-pentanol, methyl isobutyl carbinol.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor.	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. A strong irritant. High concentrations cause anesthesia. TLV 25 ppm in air; 100 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Harmful if skin is exposed. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>	

CAS No. 7!1-33-9	METHYL BROMIDE Colorless, liquefied gas; odorless to sweet odor.	
SYNONYMS	Bromomethane, Embafume.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Rubber or leather should not be used as they absorb methyl bromide. Equipment should not contain aluminum or magnesium parts. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Practically non-flammable. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of bromide. POISONOUS AND IRRITATING GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Absorbed by the skin. Irritating to lungs. May cause death. Extreme irritant to skin. May produce severe burns. High concentrations can cause fatal pulmonary edema. TLV 4 ppm in air; 78 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration (BUT NOT MOUTH-TO-MOUTH). If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	METHYL CHLORIDE	
74-87-3	Colorless, liquefied gas; odorless to sweet odor.	
SYNONYMS	Chloromethane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Wear gas-tight goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should be resistant to hydrochloric acid with no aluminum, zinc, or organomagnesium parts or alloys. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. POISONOUS GASES OF CHLORIDES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. It has narcotic action. Can damage the central nervous system. TLV 100 ppm in air; 209 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose or throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.	

CAS No.	METHYL ETHYL KETONE	$\sqrt{3}$
78-93-3	Colorless liquid; sweet odor.	
SYNO nym s	2-Butanone, MEK, ethylmethyl ketone.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Produces local mild irritation and narcosis. Moderately toxic by inhalation. TLV 200 ppm in air; 590 mg/m ³ of air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirati If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of water or milk.</pre>	on. y of water.

	2-METHYL-5-ETHYL PYRIDINE Colorless liquid; sharp odor.	
	Colorless liquid; sharp odor.	
SYNONYMS	5-ethyl-2-picoline, MEP	
	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
	Moderately toxic.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim o or milk.	y of water. drink water

∵ CAS No. 108-10-1	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE Colorless, watery liquid; mild pleasant odor.
synonyms	4-methyl-2-pentanone, isobutyl methyl ketone, MIBK, Hexone, 2-pentanone isopropyl acetone.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus and full- protective clothing. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. May react vigorously with reducing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. May cause narcosis. Irritating to eyes and mucous membranes. TLV 100 ppm in air; 409 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No. 74-93-1	METHYL MERCAPTAN
SYNO nym s	Methanethiol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. On decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of sulfur. Will react with water, steam, or acids to produce toxic and flammable vapors. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. TLV 0.5 ppm.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

C/NS No. 30-62-6	METHYL METHACRYLATE	
SYNONYMS	Methacrylic acid methyl ester.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	l rubber
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Moderately explosive. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react with oxidizing materials. Containers may explode when heated. Irritant to eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Toxic by ingestion or inhalation. TLV 100 ppm. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<u>Vapor</u> Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, headache, difficul or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim dr or milk.	on. of water.

CAS No.	METHYL PARATHION 4^{3}	
298-00-0	White powder or as 80 ⁰ percent solution in xylene.	
SYNO n yms	Methron, MPT, Paridol, Alkron, Nitran, Wolftex.	
SAFETY Measures	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE AND WHEN HEATED. Extremely flammable and explosive, prepared with xylene. May explode in fire. Can react with oxidizing materials. Containers may explode in fire. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation or skin absorption. Short exposure may cause death or permanent injury. See parathion. TLV 10.2 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

MINERAL SPIRITS Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.
Petroleum spirits; Mineral spirits, 360 ⁰ end point.
Avoid contact with liquid.
Combustible. TLV 100 ppm.
Liquid Trritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1313-27-5	MOLYBDIC TRIOXIDE	
SYNONYMS	Molybdenum trioxide, molybdenum anhdride, molybdic oxide, molybdic acid anhydride	
SAFETY Measures		
	Molybdic compounds have mild irritant and slight chronic toxicity by inhalation. TLV 15 mg/m ³ of air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 75-45-6	MONOCHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE Colorless, liquefied compressed gas; faint odor.	
SYNONYMS	Freon-22, Genetron 22, Isotron-22, Uconn-22, chlorodifluoro methane, difluorochloromethane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Weakly flammable. POISONOUS GASES OF PHOSGENE AND FLUORINE ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Moderately toxic by inhalation. See phosgene and fluorine.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.	

CAS No. 141-43-5	MONOETHANOLAMINE
SYNONYMS	2-aminoethanol, beta-aminoethyl alcohol, 2-hydroxyethylamine, ethanolamine, Calamine.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not use rubber or copper materials.
HAZARDS	Moderately flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Emits toxic vapors when heated to decomposition. Hazardous by ingestion or inhalation. TLV 0.5 ppm of air; 1 mg/m ³ of air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Trritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. INDUCE VOMITING AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 75-04-7	MONOETHYLAMINE Colorless, liquid; strong ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	Ethylamine, aminoethane.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear full-protective clothing.
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Dangerous when exposed to heat or flame. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to eyes, skin and respiratory tract. TLV 20 ppm in air; 46 mg/m³ of air.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. If in eyes, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 73-96-6	MONOISOPROPANOLAMINE Colorless, thick liquid; slight ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	Isopropanolamine, 1-amino-2-propanol, 2-hydroxypropylamine, MIPA, alnha-aminoisopropyl alcohol.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
HAZARDS	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Irritant. Amines are generally caustic with moderate-to-high toxicity through ingestion or inhalation.
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 74-39-5	MONOMETHYLAMINE	
SYNONYMS	Amino methane, methylamine.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. Explosive when exposed to heat or flame. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Emits toxic fumes when heated to decomposition. A strong irritant. Corrosive to skin. TLV 10 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 110-91-8	MORPHOLINE Colorless, oily liquid; fishy-ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine, tetrahydro-p-oxazine, diethylenimide oxide.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Equipment should have no copper or copper alloy parts.
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. When heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of nitrogen. Can react with oxidizing materials. Corrosive to skin. Can be absorbed by the skin. Irritating to skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. TLV 20 ppm in air.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, headache or difficult breathing Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>

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•••	MOTOR FUEL ANTIKNOCK COMPOUNDS WITH LEAD ALKYLS Oily liquid, dyed red, orange or blue; fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.
	Combustible. Container may explode when heated. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE.
	Vapors very toxic. Fatal lead poisoning may occur by ingestion, inhalation or skin absorption.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 116. 300-76-5	NALED	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	1,2-dibromo-2,2-dichloroethyl dimethyl phosphate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	May be toxic. See parathion.	
	TLV 3 mg/m^3 of air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	NAPHTHA: COAL TAR TYPE Colorless-yellow watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.
syno nym s	Naphtha, 49 ⁰ Be.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials. TLV 100 ppm in air.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

	NAPHTHA STODDARD SOLVENT Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.	
SYNO n yms	Petroleum solvent, dry clear nanhtha, spotting naphtha, white spirits, Varnoline, Safety solvent	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.	
HAZARDS	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Explosive when exposed to flame. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid fumes. Can react with oxidizing materials. TLV 500 ppm.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	NAPHTHA VM&P Colorless, watery liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	50 ⁰ Flash, High Flash, Regular grades.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Explosive when exposed to heat or flame. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea and vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

		:
CAS No.	NAPHTHALENE	
91-20-3	Colorless molten solid; mothballs odor.	
SYNONYMS	Tar camphor, Mothflakes, Whitetar.	
	Avoid contact with liquid or solid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
SAFETY		
MEASURES		
	Moderately flammable and explosive.	
	Vapor forms explosive mixtures with air. Reacts with oxidizing materials. Dust can be explosive in air.	
	Irritant.	
	Moderately toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption.	
	TLV 10 ppm of air.	
HAZARDS		
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	ļ
	Solid or Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes.	
	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.	l
		ł
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL	

	NAPHTHENIC ACID(S)
	Odorless crystals to dark foul sludges.
SYNONYMS	Hexahydrobenzoic acid, cyclohexane carbarylic acid, cyclo- alkyl fatty acid mixture.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Flammable when exposed to flame. Can react with oxidizing materials.
HAZARDS	Moderate to high aquatic toxicity.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 373-02-4	NICKEL ACETATE Green prisms.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	See nickel compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 116. 13462-88-9	NICKEL BROMIDE Yellowish-brown crystals.	\otimes
SYNONYMS	Nickelous bromide.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See nickel compounds and bromides.	
HAZARDS		
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ilo.	NICKEL CARBONYL
13463-39-3	Colorless, volatile liquid or needles.
SYNO n yms	Nickel tetracarbonyl.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Wear chemical protective-suit and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Explosive when exposed to heat or flame. When in contact with acid or acid fumes, or when heated, it emits highly toxic fumes. It can react with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by inhalation or ingestion. May be a carcinogen. TLV 0.001 ppm in air; 0.007 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	If inhaled, will cause dizziness, nausea, headache, vomiting, fever and difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.

CAS No. 7718-54-9	NICKEL CHLORIDE Yellow scales or green crystals.
SYNO n yms	Nickelous chloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Nonflammable. When heated to decomposition, it emits toxic chlorides. Mild irritant and allergen. Slight toxic action.
	See nickel compounds and chlorides.
HAZARDS	
	TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE IN LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	NICKEL COMPOUNDS	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Development of "nickel itch" dermatitis. Most salts of nickel are generally considered NOT to systemic poisoning. If ingested, will cause giddiness and nausea. Inhalation of dust may cause pneumonitis and pulmona TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air (for metal and insoluble compound ' TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE IN LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 10023-13-9	NICKEL FLUORIDE Green crystals.
SYNONYMS	Nickel difluoride.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	See fluoride and nickel compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1584:3-02-4	NICKEL FORMATE Green crystals.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	When heated, emits acrid fumes. See nickel compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 12054-43-7	NICKEL HYDROXIDE Odorless pale green, crystals or amorphous. Nickelous hydroxide, nickelic hydroxide.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY Measures	
	See nickel compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 13462-90-3	NICKEL IODIDE Black crystals. Nickelous Iodide.
SYNONYMS	······································
SAFETY Measures	
	Toxic by ingestion. See nickel compounds and iodides.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 116. 13138-45-9	NICKEL NITRATE Green crystals.	
SYNO n yms		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Strong oxidizing agent. Dangerous fire hazard. Explosive as dust. May explode when shocked or heated. Increases flammability of any flammable substance. Yields gases of oxides of nitrogen in fire. Can cause intestinal damage. See nickel compounds and nitrates. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE		

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CAS No. 13637-71-3	NICKEL PERCHLORATE Hexagonal, green needles.
SYNO n yms	
SAFETY MEASURES	·
HAZARDS	Powerful oxidizer. Is an explosive. When heated, emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Irritating to skin and mucous membranes. See nickel compounds.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	NICKEL SULFATE
7736-81-4	Odorless pale green crystals.
SYNONYMS	Nickelous sulfate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Nonflammable.
	Slightly toxic by ingestion or inhalation as dust. Mild irritant and allergen.
	See nickel compounds.
	TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air.
HAZARDS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	<u>Solid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

••	NITRATES	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Moderately flammable by spontaneous chemical reacti Powerful oxidizing agents. Nitrates may explode when shocked, when exposed to flame, or by spontaneous chemical reaction. All inorganic nitrates act as oxygen carriers. On decomposition, they emit toxic fumes. Will cause violent reactions with reducing material If ingested, may lead to dizziness, abdominal cramy vomiting, bloody diarrhea, weakness, convulsions ar collapse.	heat or Is.
EXPOSURE		

CAS No.	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2	Colorless-brown watery liquid; choking odor.	
SYNONYMS	Aqua fortis, hydrogen nitrate, azotic acid.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	 Moderately flammable by chemical reaction with reducing agents. Is a powerful oxidizing agent. Flammable gas may be formed in contact with metals. Poisonous gases are produced of oxides of nitrogen and hydrogen nitrate when heated. Will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic and corrosive fumes. Corrosive to tissues. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. Ingestion causes burning of inner tissues, abdominal tenderness, shock and death. TLV 2 ppm in air or 5 mg/m³ of air. 	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Will burn eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause difficult breathing and loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	NITRILES
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Nitriles are organic cyanides. Acrynitrile, propionitrile and others resemble cyanides in toxicity. Cyanamides and cyanates have no cyanide effect. When heated to decomposition, they emit highly toxic cyanide fumes. See cyanides.
Exposure	

CAS No.	N I TROBENZENE	
98-95-3	Yellow-brown oily liquid; shoe polish odor.	
SYNONYMS	Nitrobenzol, oil of mirbane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. POISONOUS VAPOR IS PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Vapor forms explosive mixtures with air. Mild eye irritant. Fatal amounts may be taken by inhalation, ingestion, or skin absorption. TLV 1 ppm in air; 5 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 10102-44-0	NITROGEN DIOXIDE	
SYNONYMS	Nitrogen peroxide, nitrogen dioxide, red oxide of nitrogen, dinitrogen tetroxide.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Equipment should be resistant to nitric acid corrosion.	
Hazards	Non-flammable. May cause fire and explode with combustibles. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE AND WHEN HEATED. Will react with water or steam to produce corrosive liquids. Can react strongly with reducing materials. Highly toxic. Strong irritant. Inhalation may be fatal. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	NITROGEN OXIDES	3000 3000 0000
SYNONYMS	Various mixtures of nitrogen oxides, dioxides, and	trioxides.
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	When heated, they evolve highly toxic fumes. Will react with water or steam to produce heat and nitric acid. Can react vigorously with reducing materials. Concentrations of 100 to 150 ppm of nitrogen oxide dangerous for short exposures of 30 to 60 minutes. Higher concentrations may be fatal after very short	fumes are
EXPOSURE		

CAS ind,	NITROMETHANE	
75-52-5	Colorless, watery liquid; strong odor.	
SYNONYMS	Nitrocarbol.	
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with vapor. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Containers may explode when heated. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Dangerous, shock or heat will explode it. On decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of nitrogen. Can react with oxidizing materials. TLV 100 ppm in air; 250 mg/m ³ of air. HAZARDS	
exposure	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>	

CAS No. 25154-55-6	NITROPHENOL	
SYNO n yms	para-Nitrophenol.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear full protective clothing.	
	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. POISONOUS FUMES OF OXIDES OF NITROGEN ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation or skin absorption. Inhalation hazard only in association with heat.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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NITROSYL CHLORIDE	
Orange-red, liquefied compressed gas; choking odor.	
Nitrogen oxychloride.	
AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
Non-flammable. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED.	
See chlorides and nitrogen oxides.	
HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	
28473-21-4	NONANOL $1^2 0$
	Colorless liquid; rose or fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	1-Nonanor, honyraiconor, occyr carbinor.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
	<u>Liquid</u> Harmful if swallowed.
	IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	NONENE	
27215-95-8	Colorless, liquid; gasoline-like odor.	
SYNO n yms	Propylene trimer.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Moderately toxic by inhalation.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or loss of consci Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirat If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plent IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	tion. ty of water.

CAS No. 124-11-8	1-NONENE Colorless liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNONYMS	1-nonylene, n-heptyl ethylene.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, headache, difficult breath- ing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

Cost ND. NOWLE FRENUL 25154-52-3 Straw yellow, thick liquid; medicinal odor. SYNONYMS Avoid contact with liquid. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves), and self-contained breathing apparatus. SAFETY MEASURES Flarmable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Phenols in general are highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. HAZARDS HAZARDS Liquid Mill burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SALLOWE EXPOSURE	CAS No.	NONYL PHENOL
SYNONYMS Avoid contact with liquid. Wear rubber overlothing (including gloves), and self- contained breathing apparatus. SAFETY MEASURES Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Phenols in general are highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. HAZARDS Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.		
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Can react with oxidizing materials. Phenols in general are highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. HAZARDS HAZARDS <u>Liquid</u> Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.		Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves), and self-
HAZARDS Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.		
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Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	HAZARDS	
CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	EXPOSURE	Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.

		_
CAS No.	OCTANOL	
29063-28-3	Colorless, thick liquid; sweet odor.	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
SYNO nym s	l-octanol, octyl alcohol, heptyl carbinol, z-ethyl alcohol, 2-ethyl hexanol.	hexyl
	Avoid contact with liquid.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	y of water.

CAS No. 111-66-0	1-OCTENE
SYNONYMS	Colorless liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Moderate inhalation hazard.
EXPOSURE	Vapor If inhaled, will cause dizziness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	OILS: CRUDE Dark oily liquid; acrid odor.
	Petroleum earth oil, seneca oil.
SYNONYMS	
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Combustible.
	Flammable vapor may be produced.
HAZARDS	
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose and throat.
	Liquid
	Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.
	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

· · ·	OILS: DIESEL
SYNONYMS	Fuel oil 1-D, Fuel oil 2-D, Fuel oil 4-D.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
HAZARDS	Combustible. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

	OILS: FUEL 2	
SYNONYMS	Home heating oil.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.	
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea and vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, ABSORPTION Colorless to yellow liquid; fuel oil odor.
SYNO n yms	Absorbent oil.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid.
HAZARDS	Combustible.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, COAL TAR Colorless to yellow liquid; pleasant odor.
SYNONYMS	Light oil.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, LUBRICATING
	Yellow-brown, oily liquid; Lube oil odor.
	Crankcase oil, Transmission oil, Motor oil.
SYNONYMS	
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HEROONEO	
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid
	Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
	IF IN ETES, Note events open and ridsh with prends or more than the second open and th
	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, MINERAL Odorless, colorless, oily liquid.
SYNONYMS	White oil, Liquid petrolatum.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, MINERAL SEAL Colorless-yellow oily liquid; kerosene odor.
SYNONYMS	Longtime burning oil, 300° oil, Mineral colza oil, Signal oil.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

il, lubricating oil. Act with liquid.
ct with liquid.
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to skin and eyes. swallowed. taminated clothing and shoes. cted areas with plenty of water. , hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. ED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water UCE VOMITING.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, PENETRATING Yellow oily liquid; motor oil odor.
SYNO nym s	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, RANGE Colorless, watery liquid; kerosene odor.
SYNONYMS	Kerosine, Kerosene, Fuel oil No. 1, JP-1.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, RESIN
SYNONYMS	Rosin oil, Petinol, Rosinol, Codoil
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Flush affected areas with plenty of water.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, SPINDLE Brown oily liquid; kerosene odor.
SYNO n yms	High-speed bearing oil, bearing oil.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
HAZARDS	Combustible. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, SPRAY Brown oily liquid; kerosene odor.
Plant spray oil, dormant oil, foliage oil.
Avoid contact with liquid.
Combustible.
DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, ROAD Black oily liquid; tar odor.
SYNONYMS	Slow-curing asphalt, Petroleum asphalt, Liquid asphalt.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

	OILS: MISCELLANEOUS, TRANSFORMER Colorless-brown oily liquid; motor oil odor.
Synonyms	Insulating oil, electrical insulating oil, petroleum insulating oil.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible.
HAZARDS	
FYDOSIIDE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 8014-95-7	OLEUM Colorless-brown oily liquid; choking odor.
SYNONYMS	Fuming sulfuric acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND MIST. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Dangerously flammable by chemical reaction with reducing agents and carbohydrates. May cause fire on contact with combustibles. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metals. Highly explosive by chemical reaction with moisture and some organics. Will produce heat, toxic and corrosive fumes when reacting with water or steam. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of sulfur. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	Mist Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration (NOT MOUTH-TO-MOUTH). If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED, and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

	OXALATES 🐼
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	-
HAZARDS	Oxalates are corrosive and produce local irritation. When taken by mouth they have a caustic effect on the mouth, esophagus and stomach. The soluble oxalates are readily absorbed from the gastro- intestinal tract and can cause severe damage to the kidneys. When heated to decomposition, they emit toxic fumes.
EXPOSURE	

CAS No.	OXALIC ACID	
144-62-7	Odorless, white solid crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Ethanedioic acid.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, an overclothing (including gloves).	d rubber
HAZARDS	Combustible solid. Poisonous gases are produced in fire. Strong irritant. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. If swallowed, death may follow quickly. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust Will burn eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or loss of consciour Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim d or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	sness. of water.

CAS No.	PARAFORMALDEHYDE	
30525-89-4	White powder; irritating odor.	
SYNONYMS	Polyformaldehyde, polyoxymethylene, paraform, formaldehyde polymer, trioxymethylene, trioxane.	
	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor or dust may form explosive mixtures with air. Releases flammable and toxic formaldehyde vapors. When heated, it forms formaldehyde gas and oxides of carbon. Can react with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion. Moderately toxic by inhalation.	
HAZARDS	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Solid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of conscious- ness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	PARATHION	
56-33-2	Yellowish liquid.	
SYNONYMS	0,o-diethyl-O-nitrophenyl thiophosphate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID ALL CONTACT. Wear chemical-protective clothing, self-contained breathing apparatus, and gloves.	
Non-flammable unless in solvent. When heated to decomposition, can emit additional toxic of oxides of nitrogen, phosphorus and sulfur. Readily absorbed by the skin. May cause death or permanent injury after short exposure small quantities. Toxic by ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. TLV 0.1 ppm. HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	 <u>Vapor</u> If inhaled, may cause blurred vision, nausea, general we and difficulty in breathing. Move to fresh air. GIVE VICTIM TWO ATROPINE TABLETS <u>AT ONCE</u>. DO NOT WAIT F DOCTOR. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> <u>Contact with skin may cause blurred vision, nausea, gene</u> weakness and difficulty in breathing. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. GIVE VICTIM TWO ATROPINE TABLETS <u>AT ONCE</u>. DO NOT WAIT F DOCTOR. 	OR ral

SYNONYMS SAFETY	Penta, Santophen 20, Dowicide 7. Avoid contact with dust and solid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
SVEETA	Avoid contact with dust and solid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Not flammable. When heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Strong irritant. Highly toxic by all routes. Can be absorbed by the skin. Dust can cause convulsions or death. Can damage lungs, liver and kidneys. TLV 0.5 milligrams per cubic meter of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.

CAS 116. 2765-11-9	PENTADECANOL Colorless liquid; alcohol odor.
SYNO n yms	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Combustible. May be inhalative hazard.
HAZARDS	HARMFUL TO FISH AND WATERFOWL.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	PENTANE	
109-66-0	Colorless liquid; gasoline odor.	∇
SYNONYMS	Amyl Hydride	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Containers may explode when heated. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Flammable vapor is produced. Highly explosive when exposed to heat or flame. May be narcotic in high concentrations. Slight inhalation hazard. TLV 500 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breat Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirat If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>	ion.

CAS No. 109-67-1	1-PENTENE Colorless liquid; gasoline odor.	
SYNONYMS	Amylene, propylethylene, alpha-n-amylene, methyl butene.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with vapor. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Explosive when exposed to flame. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Containers may explode when heated. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Flammable vapor is produced. May react with oxidizing materials. When heated to decomposition, it emits toxic fumes. Moderately hazardous via all routes. Can be absorbed by the skin. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 1000 ppm in air, 2950 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor If inhaled, will cause dizziness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>	

	PETROLATUM
	Thick liquid; brown, green, amber, white.
SYNONYMS	Petroleum jelly.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
HAZARDS	Combustible.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

_	PETROLEUM NAPTHA Colorless liquid; gasoline-like odor.
SYNOIMMS	Petroleum solvent, petroleum spirit, petroleum benzine, light ligroin, petroleum ether.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid or vapor. Stay upwind.
Hazards	Flammable, volatile liquid. Explosive when exposed to heat or flame. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, may cause dizziness or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS ivo. 108-95-2	PHENOL 3^{2}	
SYNONYMS	Carbolic acid, hydroxybenzene, phenic acid, phenylic acid.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND SOLID. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Equipment should not have exposed rubber, aluminum, zinc, lead, or alloy parts.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Fumes may react with oxidizing materials. POISONOUS. Causes severe tissue burns. Lethal amounts may be ingested, inhaled or absorbed by the skin. TLV 5 ppm in air (skin absorption). HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7786-34-7	PHOSDRIN Crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	2-carbomethoxy-1-methyl vinyl dimethylphosphate, Me	vinphos.
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fu Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin abs Small doses of phosdrin can cause death or permaner See parathion. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.	sorption.
EXPOSURE		

· CAS No.	PHOSGENE	
75-44-5	Liquefied compressed gas or yellow liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Carbonyl chloride, carbon oxychloride, chloroformyl chloride.	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Non-combustible. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED WHEN HEATED. In presence of moisture, decomposes to form hydrochloric acid and carbon monoxide. Strong irritant. Highly toxic by inhalation. 50 ppm is rapidly fatal. No immediate warning that dangerous amounts of phosgene are being inhaled. TLV 0.1 ppm in air; 4 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. EFFECTS MAY BE DELAYED. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration (BUT NOT MOUTH-TO-MOUTH). If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Maintain absolute rest until medical aid arrives. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7303-51-2	PHOSPHINE Colorless gas.	
SYNONYMS	Hydrogen phosphide, phosphoretted hydrogen.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Wear goggles, full protective clothing, and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Flammable by spontaneous chemical reaction. Explosive when exposed to flame. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of phosphorus. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic gas. Strong irritant. TLV 0.05 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	Inhalation of phosphine causes restlessness followed by tremors, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, frequently severe gastric pain and diarrhea, often headache, thirst, and dizziness.	

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CAS No. 7664-33-2	PHOSPHORIC ACID	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained t apparatus.	preathing
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Flammable gas is formed on contact with metals. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes of phosphorus. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	oxides of
EXPOSURE	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	PHOSPHORUS COMPOUNDS
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Toxicity varies. Most inorganic phosphates, except phosphine, have low toxicity but in large doses they may cause serious disturbances.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	

	······································	
·· CAS No.	PHOSPHORUS OXYCHLORIDE	
10025-87-3	Colorless-yellow oily liquid; musty odor.	
SYNONYMS	Phosphoryl chloride.	
31110141113		
	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor.	
	Wear chemical-protective suit and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
SAFETY	Equipment must be acid-resistant.	
MEASURES		
	Non-flammable corrosive liquid. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of	
	chlorides and oxides of phosphorus. Will react violently with water to produce heat and toxic and	
	corrosive fumes.	
	Inhalation may cause pulmonary edema. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation.	
HAZARDS	See hydrochloric acid.	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
	<u>Vapor</u> Irritating to eyes, nose and throat.	
	Harmful if inhaled.	
	Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.	
:	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.	
	<u>Liquid</u> Will burn skin and eyes.	
	Harmful if swallowed. Remove to fresh air.	
EXPOSURE	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.	
ENFUSURE	IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	
	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS i.b. 10026-13-3	PHOSPHORUS PENTACHLORIDE Yellowish-white, fuming crystalline mass.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	-
	Moderate fire hazard by chemical reaction. Reacts violently with moisture. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Will react with water or steam to produce heat and toxic, corrosive fumes. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7647-19-0	PHOSPHORUS PENTAFLUORIDE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Dangerous when heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes of fluorine and phosphorus compounds. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to eyes and skin. See fluorides. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1314-30-3	PHOSPHORUS PENTASULFIDE Yellow-green flakes or powder; odorless	
SYNO n yms		
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. MAY BE IGNITED BY SPARK, FRICTION OR STATIC DISCHARGE. Containers may explode in fire. POISONOUS, IRRITATING GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Will react with water, steam or acids to produce toxic and flammable vapors. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

			
CAS No.	PHOSPHORUS, RED		
7723-14-0	Odorless red-brown solid powder.		
	Amorphous phosphorus.		
SYNONYMS			
	AVOID CONTACT WITH SOLID.		
	Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves).		
SAFETY			
MEASURES			
	Highly flammable when exposed to heat or by chemical reaction with oxidizers.		
	POISONOUS, IRRITATING AND FLAMMABLE GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Explosive by chemical reaction or on contact with organic		
	compounds. Reacts with oxygen and water vapor to emit phosphine.		
	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of phosphorus.		
HAZARDS			
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.		
	<u>Solid</u> Will burn eyes.		
	Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.		
	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of wa IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink w		
	or milk.		
EXPOSURE			
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

CAS No.		
7719-12-2	PHOSPHORUS TRICHLORIDE	
	Colorless to yellow liquid; irritating odor.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Moderate danger through chemical reactions. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes of chlorides and oxides of phosphorus. Will react with water, steam or acids to produce heat and toxic or corrosive fumes. Will react violently when brought into contact with water causing flash fires. Highly irritating and corrosive to skin and mucous membranes. TLV 0.5 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS. Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Poisonous if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7723-14-0	PHOSPHORUS, WHITE	
SYNONYMS	Yellow phosphorus.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid. Wear rubber clothing (including gloves) and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. May ignite on contact with air. POISONOUS, IRRITATING GASES OF OXIDES OF PHOSPHORUS ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Vapors of burning phosphorus may cause severe injury or death. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Solid Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of consciousness. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	

CAS No. 85-44-9	PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE Colorless-yellow flakes or liquid; choking odor.
SYNONYMS	PAN, phthalic acid anhydride, phthalandione.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves).
HAZARDS	Flammable. Reacts with oxidizing materials. Explosive in the form of dust when exposed to flame. When heated, emits acrid fumes. Mild irritant. Slight ingestive and inhalative hazard. Will cause acid burns with moist skin. TLV 2 ppm in air.
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled will cause coughing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid or Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

° CAS No. 9003-29-6	POLYBUTENE Colorless, odorless oily liquid.	\bigotimes
SYNO n yms	Polyisobutylene waxes, butene resins.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Not harmful.	

	POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS
SYNONYMS	PCB, chlorinated biphenyl, Arochlor.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and solid.
HAZARDS	Combustible. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors. Strong irritant. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. Causes liver damage and skin changes. TLV 0.5 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Irritating to eyes and skin. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

	POLYPHOSPHORIC ACID
	Colorless, odorless liquid.
SYNONYMS	Condensed phosphoric acid, phospholeum.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metal. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of phosphorus. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

CAS No.	
37236-64-9	POLYPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER Colorless, odorless liquid.
	Polyoxypropylene glycol methyl ether.
SYNONYMS	
	Avoid contact with liquid.
	Stay upwind.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HENOUNEO	
	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame.
	Vapors can explode if ignited or heated.
	Probable ingestive and inhalative hazard.
HAZARDS	
nazakus	
	<u>Liquid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes.
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 7724-41-0	POTASSIUM ARSENATE
SYNONYMS	Potassium dihydrogen arsenate, Macquer's sait.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	When heated to decomposition or on contact with acids or acid fumes, emits highly toxic fumes of arsenic. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant. See arsenic compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 16. 10124-50-2	POTASSIUM ARSENITE White powder.	\Diamond
SYNO N YMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant. See arsenic compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	POTASSIUM BICHROMATE	
7773-50-9	Odorless, red-to-orange crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Potassium dichromate, bichrome red, potassium chromate.	
	Avoid contact with solid and dust.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Non-flammable. May cause fire on contact with combustibles or oxidizing materials. Powerful oxidizer. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Chromium compounds have been associated with cancer of the lungs. Direct contact will cause destruction of the mucous membranes.	
HAZARDS	See chromium compounds and dichromates. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS. Dust Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solids Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting, or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	POTASSIUM CHROMATE
7739-00-6	Rhombic yellow crystals.
SYNONYMS	Neutral potassium chromate, tarapacaite.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Chromates have been associated with lung cancer. They have corrosive effect on the skin. Highly toxic when ingested or inhaled. Strong irritant. See chromium compounds and chromates. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 151-50-8	POTASSIUM CYANIDE	
SYNO n yms		
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH DUST, SOLID AND WATER SOLUTION. Wear chemical-protective suit and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. On contact with acids, releases highly flammable and poisonous gas of HYDROGEN CYANIDE. Extremely poisonous. Toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Hydrogen cyanide gas is toxic by all routes. TLV 5 mg/m ³ c ² air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATION.	
EXPOSURE	Dust POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

		
CAS No.	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	
1310-58-3	Odorless, white crystals or watery liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Potassium hydrate, lye.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid, solid, vapor and dust. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves). Breathing apparatus must be worn in closed quarters or high concentrations.	
Non-flammable. May cause fire on contact with moisture and flammables. Flammable hydrogen gas can be produced on contact with Inhalation of dust or mist can damage respiratory tract extensively and may be fatal.		
	Severe eye hazard. Solid or liquid destroys tissue on contact. Highly poisonous by ingestion or inhalation.	
HAZARDS	TLV 2 mg/m ³ of air.	
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
Dust of Mist Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty or Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty o IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim dri or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7681-11-0	POTASSIUM IODIDE Odorless white crystals.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Emits toxic iodides when heated to decomposition. Moderate ingestive and inhalative hazard. See iodides.	
EXPOSURE	Solid Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim d or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	lrink water

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CAS IVO.	POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE	
7722-64-7	Odorless dark purple crystals.	- YOXY
SYNONYMS	Chameleon-mineral.	
	Avoid contact with solid and dust.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Containers may explode in fire. May cause fire and explode on contact with combustibles. Reacts violently with easily oxidized substances. Powerful oxidizing agent. Spontaneously flammable on contact with glycerine and ethylene glycol. Strong irritant in high concentrations. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation.	
EXPOSURE	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS. Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting, or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS; limit first aid to keeping victim warm. POSURE CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS No. 74-98-6	PROPANE Colorless liquefied compressed gas.	
SYNONYMS	Dimethyl methane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Containers may explode in fire. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 1000 ppm.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Not irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness, difficult breath of consciousness. Move victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirat If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid May cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 16. 123-38-6	PROPIONALDEHYDE Colorless liquid; suffocating odor.	
SYNO n yms	Propyl aldehyde, propionic aldehyde, methyl acetaldehyde, propanal, propylic aldehyde.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Flammable irritating vapor is produced when in contact with water. Reacts with oxidizing agents. Irritant. Moderate hazard through inhalation and skin absorption.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea or vomiting. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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	CAS : Io.	PROPIONIC ACID
ł	79-09-4	Colorless liquid; sharp rancid odor.
┝		Propanoic acid, ethanecarboxylic acid, methyl acetic acid.
	SYNONYMS	Propanoie actu, etnanecarboxyric actu, metnyr deette actu.
	STNUMTINS	
┢		AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR.
		Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber
		overclothing (including gloves).
	SAFETY	
ł	MEASURES	
		Combustible at high temperatures or pressures.
		When heated, emits acrid fumes.
İ		Severe eye and skin irritant.
		Slight ingestive hazard. Low toxicity.
	HAZARDS	
		DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
T		Vapor
		Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. Move to fresh air.
		Liquid Will burn skin and eyes.
		Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
		Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
I		IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
	EXPOSURE	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
ł		
		CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.
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CAS No. 123-62-6	PROPIONIC`ANHYDRIDE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Combustible liquid. Vapor forms explosive mixtures with air. May react with oxidizing materials. Reacts with water to form propionic acid. Irritant. Slight ingestive toxicity. See propionic acid.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 109-60-4	N-PROPYL ACETATE Colorless liquid; mild odor.
SYNONYMS	Acetic acid n-propyl ester.
SAFETY MEASURES	Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Narcotic in high concentrations. Irritating to skin and mucous membranes. Moderately toxic via all routes. Can be absorbed by the skin.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No.	N-PROPYL ALCOHOL	
71-23-8	Colorless liquid; alcohol odor.	
SYNONYMS	l-propanol.	
Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind. MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing agents. Flammable irritating vapor is produced when mixed with water. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Vapor Trritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, dizziness, or headache. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink plenty of water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS illo,	PROPYLENE	
115-07-1	Colorless liquefied compressed gas; mild odor.	
SYNO n yms	Propene, methylethylene.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Flammable, visible vapor cloud is produced when mixed with water. May explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Containers may explode in fire. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Simple asphyxiant. No irritating effects from high concentrations in gaseous forms. TLV 2-11% in air. 	
EXPOSURE	Vapor If inhaled, will cause dizziness or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 29160-13-2	PROPYLENE BUTYLENE POLYMER	\otimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Flush affected areas with plenty of water.	

cas ilo. 57-55-6 synonyms	PROPYLENE GLYCOL Odorless, colorless thick liquid. 1,2-propanediol, 1,2-dihydroxypropane, methylene glycol, methyl glycol.	>
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Flammable. Explosive when exposed to flame. May react with oxidizing materials. Mild irritant. Allergen. Slight ingestive hazard. Slight local irritant.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS ilb. 28677-93-2	PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER	
SYNONYMS	Propylene glycol monoethyl ether, 1-methoxy-2-propanol Dowanol PM, Dowanol 33B, UCAR	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly flammable. May react with oxidizing materials. TLV 100 ppm in air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ivo. 75-56-9	PROPYLENE OXIDE Colorless liquid; sweet alcohol odor.
SYNO n yms	Methyloxirane, propeneoxide, 1,2-epoxypropane.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flammable irritating vapor is produced when mixed with water. Containers may explode in fire. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Highly explosive when exposed to flame. May react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Moderately hazardous by all routes. TLV 100 ppm in air; 240 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache, nausea, vomiting, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ilo. 121-29-9	PYRETHRINS	\bigotimes
Viscous liquid. Pyrethrolone, ester of chrysanthemum, monocarboryli Pyrethrin I or Pyrethrin II.		ic acids,
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Slight fire hazard. Emits acrid fumes when heated. Pyrethrin II is less toxic than Pyrethrin I.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 110-36-1	PYRIDINEColorless to yellow liquid; nauseating odor.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. EMITS HIGHLY TOXIC FUMES OF CYANIDES. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Mild irritant. Moderate ingestive hazard. Slight inhalative hazard. Can cause liver and kidney damage. TLV 5 ppm in air; 15 mg/m³ of air.
EXPOSURE	<u>Vapor</u> Poisonous if inhaled or if skin is exposed. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> Poisonous if swallowed or if skin is exposed. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.

CAS No. 37-66-1	PYROGALLIC ACID White lustrous crystals.
SYNONYMS	Pyrogallol, trihydroxybenzene, 1,2,3-benzetriol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Emits highly toxic fumes when heated. Highly toxic. Readily absorbed by the skin. If swallowed, will cause vomiting, diarrhea, kidney and liver damage.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS illo. 91-22-5	QUINOLINE Colorless liquid; peculiar odor.
SYNO n yms	Chinoline, Leukol, benzopyridine, benzazine.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Flammable. When heated to decomposition, it emits toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. See nitrogen oxide compounds.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 140. 108-46-3	RESORCINOL White crystals; turn pink on exposure to light. \bigvee^{1}
SYNONYMS	Resorcin, 1,3-benzenediol, m-dihydroxybenzene, 3-hydroxyphenol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Can react with oxidizing materials. Skin irritant. Can cause systemic poisoning. Hazardous to eyes. Can be absorbed by the skin if in a solvent. Can cause dermatitis.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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··· CAS ilo. 7783-08-6	SELENIC ACID Colorless, hexagonal prisms.
SYNONYMS	Selenious acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Flammable in form of dust when exposed to heat or flame. Flammable by chemical reaction with oxidizers. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to skin and membranes. See selenium compounds. TLV 0.2 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	SELENIUM COMPOUNDS
SYNO n yms	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Elemental selenium has low acute systemic toxicity, but dust or fumes can cause serious irritation of the respiratory tract. It is a suspected carcinogen. Hydrogen selenide is highly toxic and selenium oxychloride produces blisters. Some organoselenium compounds are highly toxic. Inorganic selenium compounds can cause dermatitis.
EXPOSURE	

CAS No. 12640-39-0	SELENIUM OXIDE
SYNONYMS	Selenium dioxide, selenous acid anhydride, selenous anhydride.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Highly toxic by inhalation. Moderately toxic by ingestion and skin absorption. See selenium compounds. TLV 2 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ib. 7791-23-3	SELENIUM OXYCHLORIDE Colorless to yellowish liquid.	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Seleninyl chloride.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See selenium compounds and chlorides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

-CAS ilo.	SILVER NITRATE	
7761 - 88-8	Odorless, colorless-to-grayish black crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Lunar caustic.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with dust and solid. Wear chemical-protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear goggles.	
	Non-flammable. Increases flammability of combustible materials.	
	Powerful caustic. Toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Ingestion may cause death.	
	TLV 0.01 mg/m ³ of air.	
HAZARDS		
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS,	
EXPOSURE	<u>Solids</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS Ho.	SODIUM
7440-23-5	Odorless, silver to grayish-white soft solid.
SYNONYMS	Natrium.
	AVOID CONTACT WITH SOLID. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber
CAFETY	overclothing (including gloves).
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly flammable.
	FIRE MAY START ON CONTACT WITH AIR. Flammable gas formed on contact with water or moisture.
	Highly explosive when exposed to moisture in any form. Evolves hydrogen when it decomposes.
	Emits toxic fumes when heated in air.
	Caustic to all tissues.
HAZARDS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	<u>Solid</u> Will burn skin and eyes.
	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.
	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

		SODIUM ALKYL SULFATES Yellow solid or thick liquid; detergent odor.	\bigotimes
	SYNO n yms	Sodium hydrogen alkyl sulfate.	
	SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and solid.	
•	HAZARDS	Non-flammable. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS	
	EXPOSURE	Liquid or Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plent IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having C limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	y of water. drink water

	SODIUM ALKYLBENZENE SULFONATES Yellow thick liquid or solid; detergent odor.	
SYNONYMS	Sulfonated alkylbenzene sodium salt, alkylbenzene sulfonic acid sodium salt.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Non-flammable.	
HAZARDS	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	

CAS No. 7782-92-5	SODIUM AMIDE Odorless, colorless solid.
SYNONYMS	Sodamide.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves).
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. POISONOUS GAS IS PRODUCED IN FIRE. Reacts violently with water. In the presence of moisture, liberates sodium hydroxide and ammonia. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of ammonia and sodium oxide. Can react with oxidizing materials. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

CAS 110. 7631-39-2	SODIUM ARSENATE Colorless crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNO nym s		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Emits toxic vapors when heated or in contact with a acid fumes. Irritant and allergen. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. See arsenic compounds.	acid or
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS %0. 14060-38-9	SODIUM ARSENITE Colorless or grayish-white powder.	\otimes
SYNONYMS	Sodium meta arsenite.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. See arsenic compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID:	

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CAS No.	SODIUM BICHROMATE	
10588-01-9	Odorless red-to-orange crystals.	O XYY
SYNONYMS	Sodium dichromate.	
	Avoid contact with solid and dust.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Non-flammable. May cause fire on contact with combustibles. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors.	
	Strong irritant. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation.	
	TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.	
HAZARDS	DANGEDOUG TO AQUATIC LIFE IN UICH CONCENTRATIONS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirat If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Solid Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea and vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plent IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	cy of water.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1333-83-1	SODIUM BIFLUORIDE White powder.	\diamondsuit
SYNONYMS	Sodium acid fluoride, sodium difluoride.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. Strong irritant to tissues. See fluorides and hydrofluoric acid.	
	TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ of air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1333-73-9	SODIUM BORATE White crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Sodium tetraborate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Noncombustible. Emits toxic vapors and dust when heated to decompose Moderately toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Can be absorbed by the skin. See boron compounds.	sition.
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	SODIUM BOROHYDRIDE
16940-66-2	Odorless, white powder or pellets.
SYNONYMS	Borohydride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves) and dust respira- tor.
HAZARDS	Combustible. Flammable and explosive gas may be produced on contact with metals, acids, or when heated. Will react with water or steam to produce hydrogen and sodium hydroxide.
EXPOSURE	Dust Harmful if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed or if skin is exposed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

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°CAS No. 124-65-2	SODIUM CACODYLATE
SYNONYMS	Sodium dimethyl arsenate, arsysodila.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. See arsenic compounds and cacodylic acid.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS 140. 77775-09-9	SODIUM CHLORATE Odorless, colorless-to-pale yellow crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Chlorate of soda, soda chlorate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid. Do not use leather shoes or gloves. Avoid greases or ointments which may form explosive mixtures with chlorates.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE IN FIRE. May cause fire on contact with combustibles. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors. May cause explosions in presence of other materials. Mild irritant. Moderately toxic by ingestion or inhalation. See chlorates. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Solid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	

	SODIUM COMPOUNDS
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Toxicity is variable. Sodium ion is practically nontoxic. The toxicity of sodium compounds is frequently, though not always, due to the anion involved. The hydroxide is very corrosive, being strongly basic.
EXPOSURE	

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CAS No.	SODIUM CYANIDE		
143-33-9	White granules, flakes or lumps; almond odor.		
SYNONYMS			
	AVOID CONTACT WITH SOLID, DUST, AND SOLUTION.		
	Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.		
SAFETY	No smoking or eating allowed near discharge site because of potential of hydrogen cyanide vapors.		
MEASURES			
	Non-flammable.		
	Releases highly hazardous cyanides when heated to decomposition or on contact with acid or acid fumes.		
	Highly poisonous.		
	TLV 0.5 ppm.		
HAZARDS			
THE REPORT			
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.		
	Dust POISONOUS IF INHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED.		
	Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.		
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.		
	Solid DOTEDNOUS TE SHALLOWED OF TE SKIN IS EXPOSED		
	POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes.		
	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.		
EXPOSURE	IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water		
	or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS,		
Į	limit first aid to keeping victim warm.		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.		

∵ CAS No. 13601-19-9	SODIUM FERROCYANIDE Odorless, yellow solid.	\bigotimes
SYNO n yms	Yellow prussate of soda.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Emits highly poisonous hydrogen cyanide on contact or when heated to decomposition. Mild irritant.	with acid
EXPOSURE	Solid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having C limit first aid to keeping victim warm.	

CAS 110.	SODIUM FLUORIDE
7681-49-4	Odorless white or tinted blue crystals or powder.
	Villiaumite.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
PIEMOUREO	
	Non-flammable. Emits highly toxic vapors when heated to decomposition or on contact with acid.
	Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Strong irritant.
	TLV 2.5 mg/m ³ of air.
HAZARDS	
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	Solid
	Poisonous if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water
	or milk.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS ivb.	SODIUM HYDRIDE
7646-69-7	Gray powder in oil; kerosene odor.
SYNONYMS	
	Avoid contact with discharged material. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves).
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. MAY EXPLODE ON CONTACT WITH WATER. Flammable hydrogen gas is produced on contact with water. Will react with oxidizing agents. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of sodium. Highly toxic. See sodium hydroxide.
	DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	SODIUM HYDROSULFIDE	
16721-30-5	Colorless needles.	
SYNONYMS	Sodium bisulfide, sodium sulfhydrate, sodium hydrogen sulfide.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Moderate fire hazard when exposed to flame. Hydrogen sulfide is released upon contact with acids or moisture. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of sulfur. Skin irritant. Corrosive and irritant through release of hydrogen sulfide if ingested. See sulfides.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1310-73-2	SODIUM HYDROXIDE Odorless, white flakes or pellets.	
SYNONYMS	Lye, caustic soda, white caustic sodium hydrate.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. Wear rubber overclothing (including gloves). Equipment should not be made of soft iron, copper, tin, aluminum, zinc, or alloys.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. May cause fire on contact with combustibles. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metals. Will react with water or steam to produce heat. Emits toxic dusts when heated to decomposition. Severe eye hazard. Solid or concentrated solution destroys tissue on contact. Inhalation of dust may seriously affect lungs. Will attack living tissues. TLV 2 mg/m ³ of air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. Solid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 16. 7631-52-9	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE Green to yellow liquid; bleach odor.
SYNONYMS	Clorox, liquid bleach.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
Hazards	Non-flammable. Flammable on contact with organic materials or reducing agents. Powerful oxidizer at higher temperatures: chlorine, then oxygen are evolved. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic or corrosive fumes. When in contact with acid or acid fumes, emits highly toxic fumes of chlorine and chlorides. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 124-41-4	SODIUM METHYLATE Sodium methoxide.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Moderately flammable when exposed to heat or flame Decomposes in water to methanol and sodium hydroxi When heated to decomposition, emits toxic dusts.	de.
HAZARDS	See methanol and sodium hydroxide.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	SODIUM NITRITE
7632-00-0	White or yellowish crystals, sticks or powder.
SYNONYMS	Diazotring salts, erintrit, soda niter, nitratine.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	<pre>Violent combustion or explosion when in contact with easily oxidizable substances. Will ignite by friction when in contact with organic matter. Explodes when heated to temperature of 1000° F or in contact with cyanides. Yields toxic gaseous oxides of nitrogen when involved in fire. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. See nitrites.</pre>
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ivo. 7553-79-4	SODIUM PHOSPHATE, DIBASIC
SYNONYMS	Disodium hydrogen phosphate, DSP, disodium phosphate, disodium orthophosphate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Emits toxic fumes when heated to decomposition. Low toxicity.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7558-89-7	SODIUM PHOSPHATE, MONOBASIC
SYNONYMS	Sodium acid phosphate, sodium biphosphate, sodium orthophos- phate, MSP, sodium dihydrogen phosphate, monosodium phosphate.
SAFETY Measures	
	Non-flammable. Low toxicity.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ito. 7601-54-9	SODIUM PHOSPHATE, TRIBASIC
SYNONYMS	TSP, trisodium orthophosphate, trisodium phosphate, tertiary sodium phosphate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of oxides of phosphorus. A strong caustic material. Moderately toxic by ingestion. Irritating to tissues.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 10102-13-3	SODIUM SELENITE White crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Flammable in form of dust when exposed to heat or by chemical reaction with oxidizers. Dust effects respiratory system. Emits toxic dusts when heated to decomposition. Highly toxic by ingestion. Moderately toxic by all routes. Can be absorbed by the skin. See selenium compounds. TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.	flame or
EXPOSURE		

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CAS ilo. 1344-09-8	SODIUM SILICATE $1 \downarrow 0 \downarrow 0$ Odorless, colorless, thick liquid.
SYNONYMS	Soluble glass, water glass.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic dusts. Caustic irritant. Slight ingestive hazard. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

CAS No.	SODIUM SULFIDE	
1313-52-2	Yellow to red flakes; rotten eggs odor.	
SYNONYMS	Sodium monosulfide, sodium sulfuret.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and dust. WEAR GOGGLES, SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND RUBBER OVERCLOTHING (INCLUDING GLOVES).	
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS HYDROGEN SULFIDE GAS MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Flammable, poisonous gas is formed on contact with acids, water, or steam. Reacts violently with oxidizing materials. May explode upon rapid heating and shock. Liberates toxic hydrogen sulfide gas on contact with skin. Irritant. See hydrogen sulfide. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Dust Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. Move to fresh air. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. Solid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

C∕\S №. 10579-83-6	SODIUM SULFITE Colorless, odorless solid.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors o dioxide. Can react with water, steam or acid to produce tox corrosive material. Moderately toxic by ingestion or inhalation. Ingestion can irritate the stomach by producing su See sulfites. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	ic and
EXPOSURE	Solid If swallowed, may cause loss of consciousness. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	drink water

CAS No.	SORBITOL	
50-70-4	Colorless, odorless liquid.	
SYNONYMS	Sorbol, Sorbit, 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexanehexol, D-glucitol, D-sorbite, D-sorbitol, hexahydric alcohol.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS	Dangerous to aquatic life in high concentrations.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.	

CAS No.	STANNOUS FLUORIDE	\land
7783-47-3	White lustrous crystalline powder.	\otimes
SYNO nym s	Tin fluoride, tin bifuoride.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition or on contact with acid highly toxic fumes. Highly toxic. See fluorides. TLV 2 mg/m ³ of air.	d, emits
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ;ib. 7739-06-2	STRONTIUM CHROMATE Yellow crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Strontium dichromate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly corrosive on contact with skin and tissues. See chromium compounds.	
HAZARDS	TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS 116. 57-24-9	STRYCHNINE Hard white crystalline alkaloid.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Dangerous, when heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes. Allergen. Highly toxic by ingestion or inhalation. TLV 0.15 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	Solid IF SWALLOWED, HIGHLY POISONOUS. Do not give water as this increases the solubility and absorption by the stomach and intestine. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID AT ONCE.

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CAS No.	STYRENE 232	
100-42-5	Colorless to yellow liquid; sweet odor.	
SYNONYMS	Phenylethylene, styrol, vinylbenzene, polystyrene, cinnamene.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear chemical-protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE IN FIRE. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Flammable, irritating vapor is produced on contact with water. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. When heated to decomposition, emits acrid fumes. Severe eye injuries. Respiratory irritant. Moderately toxic by ingestion or inhalation. TLV 100 ppm in air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>	

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	SULFATES
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Toxicity is variable. Dangerous when heated to decomposition, they emit highly toxic fumes of sulfur oxides.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	

	SULFIDES	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Toxicity is variable. The alkaline sulfides (potassium, ammonium, calcium sodium) cause softening and irritation of the skin If taken by mouth they are corrosive and irritant liberation of hydrogen sulfide and free alkali. Hydrogen sulfide is especially toxic. Sulfides of the heavy metals are generally insolub have little toxic action except through the libera hydrogen sulfide. When heated to decomposition, emit highly toxic fun oxides of sulfur. React with water, steam or acids to produce toxic flammable vapors of hydrogen sulfide.	through the le, hence, tion of mes of
EXPOSURE		

	SULFITES	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY Measures		
HAZARDS	Fairly large doses of sulfites can be tolerated sin are rapidly oxidized to sulfates, although, if swa they may cause irritation of the stomach by libera sulfurous acid. When heated to decomposition, emit highly toxic fur sulfur dioxide. Will react with water, steam or acids to produce a corrosive material.	llowed ting mes of
EXPOSURE		

CAS No.	SULFOLANE	
126-33-0	Colorless oily liquid; weak oily odor.	
SYNONYMS	Tetrahydrothiophene-1,1-dioxide, tetramethylene sulfone.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Not irritating to skin. Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of wate IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink wat or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSION do nothing except keep victim warm.	ter

CAS No.	SULFUR (LIQUID)	
770/4-3/4-9	Yellow to brown to gray liquid; rotten egg odor.	
SYNO n yms	Brimstone, flowers of sulfur, sulfur flour.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and solid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GAS IS PRODUCED IN FIRE. Hazardous on contact with oxidizing materials. Vapor forms explosive mixtures in air. Low health hazard if no fire involvement. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	

	SULFUR COMPOUNDS
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Toxicity variable. When heated to decomposition, can evolve highly toxic fumes containing oxides of sulfur.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	

CAS No.	SULFUR DIOXIDE
71:416-09-5	Colorless, liquefied gas; irritating odor.
	Sulfurous acid anhydride.
SYNONYMS	
	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor.
•	Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
SAFETY	
MEASURES	
	Non-flammable.
	In moist air or fogs it combines with water to form sulfurous acid which very slowly oxidizes to sulfuric acid.
	Highly toxic.
	Dangerous to the eyes and respiratory tract. Corrosive and poisonous.
	Excessive exposure can be fatal. Strong irritant.
HAZARDS	TLV 5 ppm in air; 13 mg/m ³ of air.
111211120	
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED.
	Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.
	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
	Liquid Will cause frostbite.
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
	DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 10025-67-9	SULFUR MONOCHLORIDE Yellow to red oily liquid; irritating odor.
SYNO n yms	Sulfur chloride, sulfur subchloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
HAZARDS	Combustible. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes of chlorides and oxides of sulfur. On contact with water, decomposes to form hydrogen chloride, thiosulfuric acid, and sulfur. Highly irritating fumes. See chlorides. TLV 1 ppm in air; 6 mg/m ³ of air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes. Poisonous if inhaled. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Poisonous if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7664-93-9	SULFURIC ACID Colorless, odorless oily liquid
SYNONYMS	Oil of vitriol, dipping acid, fertilizer acid, battery acid, hydrogen sulfate.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. May cause fire on contact with combustibles. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metals. Mixes violently with water; irritating mist is produced. Can react with oxidizing or reducing materials. POISONOUS GAS MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Contact with body results in rapid destruction of tissues causing severe burns. TLV 1 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Mist Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS :16. 7791-25-5	SULFURYL CHLORIDE
SYNONYMS	Sulfuric chloride, chlorosulfuric acid, sulfonyl chloride, sulfuric oxychloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and gas. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Flammable gas may be produced on contact with metals. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides and oxides of sulfur. Mixes and reacts violently with water producing sulfuric acid and poisonous gas of hydrogen chloride. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing, difficult breathing, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing is difficult, give artificial respiration. If breathing has stopped, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>

CAS No. 93-76-5	2,4,5-T ACID Crystals; light tan solid.
SYNONYMS	2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides. Highly toxic. Possible liver and kidney damage. See chlorides. TLV 10 mg/m ³ of air.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	2,4,5-T ESTERS 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic esters.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1401-55-4	TANNIC ACIDYellowish-white, brown bulky powder or flakes.
SYNONYMS	Tannin, gallotannic acid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Slightly flammable when exposed to heat or flame. Mild irritant. Toxic by ingestion or inhalation.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 27013-25-3	TDE Crystals.	
SYNONYMS	DDD, tetrachlorodiphenyl ethane, 1,1-dichloro-2,2-bis(p-Chloro-phenyl)ethane.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of chlorides.	
	Toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.]

CAS iNo. 127-18-4	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE
SYNONYMS	Tetracap, Perclene, perchloroethylene carbon dichloride, ethylene tetrachloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear chemical-protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Poisonous gases of chlorides are produced when heated. Irritating vapor is produced when mixed with water. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Acts as an anesthetic. Moderately toxic through skin absorption. TLV 100 ppm in air.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS ivo.	TETRADECANOL
27196-00-5	Colorless thick liquid; faint alcohol odor.
SYNONYMS	Myristic alcohol, n-tetradecyl alcohol.
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials.
	Moderate ingestion hazard.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with water.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

··· CAS No. 1120-36-1	1-TETRADECENE Colorless liquid; mild pleasant odor.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. May react with oxidizing materials. Probably irritant and narcotic in high concentrations.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No.	TETRAETHYL LEAD
73-00-2	Colorless oily liquid; fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	TEL, lead tetraethyl.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES OF LEAD ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Containers may explode in fire. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react with oxidizing materials. Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. A cumulative poison. TLV 0.075 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor POISONOUS IF NNHALED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>

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CAS ilo. 107-49-3	TETRAETHYL PYROPHOSPHATE White to amber, hygroscopic liquid.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	TEPP, Fosvex, Hesamite, Nifos, TEP, Tetron, Vampton	e.
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	WHEN HEATED TO DECOMPOSITION, EMITS HIGHLY TOXIC FU Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, or skin abso See parathion as toxic actions are similar. TLV 0.05 mg/m ³ of air; 0.004 ppm by skin absorption	rption.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 109-99-9	TETRAHYDROFURANColorless liquid; faint fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Cyclotetramethylene oxide, diethylene oxide, THF.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Flammable, irritating vapor is produced when mixed with water. Can react with oxidizing materials. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Forms thermally explosive peroxides on exposure to air. Irritating to eyes and mucous membranes. Narcotic in high concentrations. TLV 200 ppm.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, headache or loss of conscious- ness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No. 119-64-2	TETRAHYDRONAPHTHALENE Colorless liquid; moldy turpentine odor. $\sqrt{1}^{2}$
SYNO nym s	Tetralín, Tetranap.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
HAZARDS	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. Narcotic in high concentrations. Irritating to skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Hazardous by ingestion or inhalation. Reported as causing cataracts.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED, and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS (16. 75-74-1	TETRAMETHYL LEADColorless oily liquid; fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Lead Tetramethyl.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Flammable. Containers may explode in fire. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Explosive in the form of vapor when exposed to flame. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes of lead. Poisonous, flammable vapor is produced when mixed with water. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Powerful poison. Highly toxic by all routes. Fatal lead poisoning may occur by ingestion, inhalation, or skin absorption. TLV 0.150 mg/m ³ by skin absorption.
EXPOSURE	Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED OR IF SKIN IS EXPOSED. Will burn eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 7550-45-0	TITANIUM TETRACHLORIDE
SYNO n yms	Titanic chloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Equipment should be acid-resistant.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Reacts violently with water. Produces dense fumes in air. Highly corrosive because it liberates heat and hydrochloric acid upon contact with moisture. If spilled on skin, wipe off with dry clothing before applying water. Highly toxic. Irritates skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing and headache. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea and vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ilo. 108-88-3	TOLUENE Colorless liquid; pleasant odor.	
SYNO n yms	Toluol, methylbenzene, methylbenzol, phenylmethane.	
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. When heated, it emits toxic fumes. Flammable, irritating vapor is produced when mixed Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Narcotic in high concentrations. Eye and respiratory irritant. Hazardous by all exposure routes. Can be absorbed by the skin. TLV 100 ppm by skin absorption; 200 ppm in air. DANGEROUS TO AQUATIC LIFE IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.	with water.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, headache, difficult breathing, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respirati If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting or loss of ness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim of or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>	on. of conscious- y of water.

CAS No. 584-34-9	TOLUENE-2,4-DIISOCYANATE
SYNONYMS	TDI, Hylene T, Mondur TDS, Naccanate 100, 2,4-tolylene diisocyanate.
SAFETY MEASURES	AVOID CONTACT WITH LIQUID AND VAPOR. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GAS IS PRODUCED IN FIRE. Reactive in confinement. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Vapors cause serious lung damage. Strong irritant to skin and tissues, especially to eyes. TLV 0.02 ppm.
EXPOSURE	Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Will burn skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	
3001-35-2	Amber waxy solid or in solution
SYNO nym s	Chlorinated camphene, Strobane, Alltox, Geniphene, Toxakil, Toxadust, Octachlorocamphene.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and solution. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves).
	Solid not flammable, but usually dissolved in combustible liquid. POISONOUS GASES OF CHLORIDES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE.
HAZARDS	Highly toxic by ingestion, inhalation, and skin absorption. About four times as toxic as DDT. Can cause death. Systemic absorption of toxaphene is increased by the presence of digestible oils. The liquid preparations penetrate the skin more readily than do dusts and wettable powders. Lethal dose is estimated to be 2 to 7 grams.
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Solid or Solution POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS, or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim quiet and warm.
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 52-68-6	
SYNONYMS	Dipterex, Dylox.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Highly toxic. Absorbed by the skin. Affects the nervous system. See chlorides, phosphates, and parathion.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS 140. 25323-89-1	TRICHLOROETHANE Colorless liquid; sweet odor.	
SYNO n yms	Methyl chloroform, vinyl trichloride, 1, 1, 1-trichlorocthane.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear chemical-protective suit and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES OF CHLORIDES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Irritating vapor is produced when mixed with water. Can be absorbed by the skin. Narcotic in high concentrations. Local irritant to eyes, nose and lungs. See chlorides. TLV 350 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, may produce nausea. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>	

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CAS No.	
79-01- 6	Colorless, liquid; sweet odor.
SYNONYMS	Ethinyl trichloride, ethylene trichloride, trichloroethene, triclene.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES OF OXIDES OF CHLORIDES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Irritating vapor is produce when mixed with water. Highly toxic by inhalation. Moderately toxic by ingestion and skin absorption. High concentrations cause narcosis and anesthesia. Moderate concentrations cause headache and drowsiness. Can cause cardiac failure and death. See chlorides. TLV 100 ppm.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, vomiting, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.</pre> Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk, and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS, limit first aid to keeping victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	
75-69-4	Colorless, odorless liquid.	
SYNO n yms	F-11, Frenoil, Genetronil, Fluorotrichloromethane Fluorocarbon-11.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. POISONOUS GASES OF FLUORIDES AND CHLORIDES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Harmful vapor is produced when mixed with water. High concentrations cause narcosis and anesthesia. Can be absorbed by the skin. Mild irritant. Slight hazard by all exposure routes. TLV 1000 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Not harmful.</pre>	

CAS ilo.	
25167-32-2	Yellow crystals or flakes; disinfectant odor.
SYNONYMS	Dowicide 2, Phenachlor, 2,4,5-trichlorophenol.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Flammable. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant. Absorbed by the skin. Can cause liver, lung, kidney damage or death. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Dust or Solid Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE $(2)^{1}$	
1330-78-5	Colorless, odorless liquid.	
SYNONYMS	TCP, tritolyl phosphate, mixture of o-,m-, and p-isomers, tolyl-phosphate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Combustible. When heated to decomposition, it emits toxic fumes of phosphorus oxides. Can react with oxidizing materials. Moderately toxic by ingestion and skin absorption. The ortho isomer is highly toxic.	
HAZARDS	TLV 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Harmful if swallowed. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.	

•	CAS No. 2437-56-1	1-TRIDECENE Colorless liquid; mild pleasant odor.
	SYNONYMS	Undecylethylene.
	SAFETY MEASURES	
	HAZARDS	Flammable. May react with oxidizing materials. Irritant. Narcotic in high concentrations.
	EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	
102-71-6	Colorless oily liquid; mild ammonia odor.
SYNONYMS	Triethylolamine, trihydroxytriethylamine, tris (hydroxyethyl)- amine, TEA.
	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. POISONOUS GASES OF OXIDES OF NITROGEN MAY BE PRODUCED IN FIRE. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.
	Irritant to skin and eyes. Toxic by ingestion and skin absorption.
HAZARDS	
	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
	Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No.	TRIETHYLAMINE	
121-44-8	Colorless liquid; fishy odor.	$\mathbf{\nabla}$
SYNONYMS	TEN.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Reacts vigorously with oxidizing materials. Flammable and irritating vapor is produced on contact water. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. Strong irritant to tissues. May cause liver and kidney damage. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	t with
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause coughing, difficult breathing of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim dr or milk and have victim induce vomiting. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CON limit first aid to keeping victim warm.</pre>	n. of water. ink water

CAS No. 25340-18-5	TRIETHYLBENZENE Colorless liquid; weak chemical odor.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid.
HAZARDS	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials.
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water.

CAS No.	TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE	
112-24-3	Straw to amber oily liquid; ammonia odor.	
SYNONYMS	TETA, N,N,-Bis(2-aminoethyl)ethylene-diamine.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus and rubber overclothing (including gloves).	
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	TRIMETHYLAMINE
75-50-3	Colorless, liquefied compressed gas; fish odor.
SYN onym s	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Floats, mixes and boils on water. Poisonous, flammable, visible vapor cloud is produced. Can react with oxidizing materials. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor POISONOUS IF INHALED. Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No.	
42 101	Colorless liquid; penetrating unpleasant odor.
SYNO n yms	Spirits of turpentine, turps, gum turpentine, wood turpentine, gum thus.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor.
HAZARDS	Flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Irritating vapor is produced on contact with water. Highly toxic by ingestion. Moderately toxic by inhalation and skin absorption. Mild allergen. TLV 100 ppm in air. Dangerous to aquatic life in high concentrations.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause nausea, headache, difficult breathing or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED. Irritating to skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS No. 30207-98-8	UNDECANOL Colorless liquid; mild odor.	
SYNO nym s	Hendecanol, alcohol c-11, undecyl alcohol.	
SAFETY MEASURES	-	
	Combustible.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to eyes. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No.	1-UNDECENE
821-95-4 Synonyms	Colorless liquid; mild odor.
	Avoid contact with liquid.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Flammable. Potential irritant and narcotic in high concentrations.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

CAS No. 19525-15-6	URANIUM PEROXIDE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Fire and explosion risk on contact with organic materials. Uranium compounds are highly toxic, especially if soluble. Recognized carcinogen.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 541-09-3	URANYL ACETATE Rhombic yellow crystals.	OTY OTY
SYNONYMS	Uranium oxyacetate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Uranium compounds are highly toxic. A recognized carcinogen.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 10102-06-4	URANYL NITRATE Rhombic yellow crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Uranium oxynitrate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Severe fire and explosive risk when shocked or heated, or in contact with organic materials. Highly toxic.]
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1314-64-3	URANYL SULFATE Yellow-green crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Uranium oxysulfate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Uranium compounds are highly toxic. A recognized carcinogen. See sulfates.	
HAZARDS		
Exposure	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS No.	VALERALDEHYDE
110-62-3	Colorless watery liquid; fruity odor.
SYNONYMS	Amyl aldehyde, valeric aldehyde, pentanal, valeral.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Stay upwind.
	Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Mildly irritant and narcotic by ingestion or inhalation.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	<u>Vapor</u> Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. Move to fresh air. <u>Liquid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.

	VANADIUM COMPOUNDS
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Toxicity is variable. Vanadium compounds act chiefly as irritants to the conjunctiva and respiratory tract. Prolonged exposure may lead to pulmonary involvement.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	

CAS No. 7727-18-6	VANADIUM OXYTRICHLORIDE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Hydrolizes to form hydrochloric acid. Highly toxic. Strong irritant to tissues. See hydrochloric acid.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1314-62-1	VANADIUM PENTOXIDE
SYNONYMS	Vanadic acid anydride.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic by inhalation. TLV dust 0.5 mg/m ³ of air; fumes 0.1 mg/m ³ of air.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ivo. 27774-13-6	VANADYL SULFATE Blue crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNO n yms	Vanadic sulfate, vanadium sulfate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	May be toxic and irritant.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ito. 103-05-/1	VINYL ACETATE Colorless liquid; pleasant fruity odor.
SYNO n yms	VyAc, Vinyl A monomer.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Containers may explode in fire. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Will react with oxidizing materials. Reacts violently with peroxides. Flammable, irritating vapor is produced on contact with water. When heated to decomposition, emits acrid fumes. Vapor is narcotic in high concentration. Vapor will irritate eyes. Low toxicity. Skin irritant. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed or if spilled on skin. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>

CAS № 75-01-4	VINYL CHLORIDE Colorless, liquefied compressed gas; sweet odor.	
SYNONYMS	Chloroethylene, chloroethene, VCl, Vinyl C monomer.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Stay upwind.	
HAZARDS	Extremely flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. POISONOUS GAS OF PHOSGENE IS PRODUCED IN FIRE. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Liquid floats and boils on water, producing flammable, irritating, visible vapor cloud. In high concentrations acts as an anesthetic. Causes skin burns by rapid evaporation. Consequent freezing may be fatal in high concentrations. TLV 500 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will cause frostbite. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. DO NOT RUB AFFECTED AREAS.</pre>	

CAS No. 25013-15-4	VINYL TOLUENE Colorless watery liquid; unpleasant odor.	
SYNONYMS	p-methylstyrene.	
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.	
Hazards	Flammable. Containers may explode in fire. Vapor forms explosive mixture with air. Can react with oxidizing materials. Can be absorbed by the skin. Moderately toxic. Eye and respiratory irritant. High concentrations cause anesthesia and have systemic effects. TLV 100 ppm in air.	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Irritating to skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS (lb.	VINYLIDENE CHLORIDE, INHIBITED		
75-35-4	Colorless, watery liquid; sweet odor.		
SYNONYMS	1,1-dichloroethylene, unsym-dichloroethylene.		
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear goggles, self-contained breathing apparatus, and rubber overclothing (including gloves). Stay upwind.		
HAZARDS	 Highly flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. POISONOUS GAS OF HYDROGEN CHLORIDE IS PRODUCED IN FIRE. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. Flammable irritating odor is produced when in contact with water. Moderately toxic by inhalation or absorption. See vinyl chloride. TLV 2 ppm. 		
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause dizziness or difficult breathing. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Harmful if swallowed. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk.</pre>		

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	WAXES: CARNAUBA Odorless, yellow to dark green thick liquid.
SYNONYMS	Brazil wax.
SAFETY Measures	
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Remove wax. Flush affected areas with plenty of water.

	WAXES: PARAFFIN Yellow to white thick liquid; waxy odor.
SYNONYMS	Petroleum wax.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Combustible. Can react with oxidizing materials.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	Liquid Will burn skin and eyes. Remove wax. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	XYLENE: ORTHO, META, PARA (23)
	Colorless, watery liquid; sweet odor.
SYNONYMS	o-,p-, and m-xylol.
SAFETY Measures	Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
HAZARDS	Flammable. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapors may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Can react with oxidizing materials. Toxic. Vapors are anesthetic in high concentrations. Irritant to skin and upper respiratory tract. TLV 100 ppm.
	HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	<pre>Vapor Irritating to eyes, nose and throat. If inhaled, will cause headache, difficult breathing, or loss of consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. <u>Liquid</u> Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea, vomiting, or loss of consciousness. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</pre>
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 1377-71-6	XYLENOL <	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	3,5-dimethylphenol, 1-hydroxy-3,5-dimethylbenzene, 5-hydroxy-1,3-dimethylbenzene, dimethyl phenol, hydroxydimethyl benzene.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Flammable. Can react with oxidizing materials. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Highly toxic by ingestion and skin absorption. Fatal amounts can be absorbed by the skin in 30 minutes. Strong irritant. See phenol.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 315-18-4	ZECTRAN
SYNO nym s	Mexacarbate.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 557-34-6	ZINC ACETATE Monoclinic crystals.	>
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	When heated to decomposition, emits zinc oxide fumes. Low oral toxicity. Mildly irritating to skin and mucous membranes.	
HAZARDS	See zinc compounds.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 52623-25-8	ZINC AMMONIUM CHLORIDE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Zalcon.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Low toxicity. See zinc compounds and chlorides.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 13314-37-4	ZINC AMMONIUM SULFATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See zinc compounds and sulfates.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS iilo. 14013-95-2	ZINC BICHROMATE Orange-yellow powder; red-brown crystals.	
SYNO n yms	Zinc dichromate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Flammable by chemical reaction. Can react with reducing materials. A powerful oxidizing agent.	
HAZARDS	Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 1332-07-6	ZINC BORATE White amorphous powder.	\bigotimes
SYNO n yms		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Low toxicity. Non-flammable. See zinc compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

	° CAS No. 7699-45-8	ZINC BROMIDE Rhombic colorless crystals.	\bigotimes
	SYNO n yms		
	SAFETY MEASURES		
		Low toxicity. See zinc compounds and bromides.	
	HAZARDS		
	EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 34136-35-9	ZINC CARBONATE White crystalline powder.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Nontoxic. See zinc compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7646-85-7	ZINC CHLORIDE
SYNONYMS	Butter of zinc.
SAFETY MEASURES	Avoid contact with solid and solution. Filter mask required or self-contained breathing apparatus if in fire.
HAZARDS	Non-flammable. Combustion with moderate heating. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic fumes. Can cause ulceration of skin. Dose of 6 grams has been fatal to man. TLV Fumes - 1 mg/m ³ of air. HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.
EXPOSURE	Solid or Solution Irritating to skin and eyes. If swallowed, will cause nausea or vomiting. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with plenty of water. IF IN EYES, hold eyelids open and flush with plenty of water. IF SWALLOWED and victim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink water or milk. IF SWALLOWED and victim is UNCONSCIOUS or having CONVULSIONS; do nothing except keep victim warm. CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	ZINC COMPOUNDS	\Diamond
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Zinc is not inherently toxic, however, when heated a fume of zinc acid which, when inhaled fresh, can disease called "Brass founders' ague" or "Brass chi Zinc oxide dust which is not freshly formed is virt innocuous. There is no cumulative effect. Fatalities however, have resulted from lung damage inhalation of high concentrations of zinc chloride Soluble salts of zinc in small doses can cause naus vomiting. Large doses can cause violent vomiting and surging. TLV 5 mg/m ³	cause a lls." caused by fumes. sea and
EXPOSURE		

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CAS No. 557-21-1	ZINC CYANIDE Rhombic, colorless crystals.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Soluble in dilute mineral acids with production of cyanide. Highly toxic by ingestion and inhalation. See zinc compounds and cyanides.	hydrogen
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7783-49-5	ZINC FLUORIDE White powder.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. See zinc compounds and fluorides.	
	TLV 2.5 mgm ³ in air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 557-41-5	ZINC FORMATE White crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	May be toxic by ingestion. See zinc compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS ivo. 7779-36-11	ZINC HYDROSULFIDE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See zinc compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7779-88-6	ZINC NITRATE Needles or tetragonal colorless crystals.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Highly flammable. Explosive. Strong oxidizing agent. May explode if shocked or heated. When heated to decomposition, emits highly toxic va Slight ingestive hazard.	pors.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 23414-72-4	ZINC PERMANGANATE Violet brown or black crystals.	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Flammable. Strong oxidizing agent. Flammable when in contact with organic materials. See zinc compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 127-82-2	ZINC PHENOLSULFONATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Zinc sulfocarbolate, zinc sulfophenate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Probably toxic by ingestion. See zinc compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 51810-70-9	ZINC PHOSPHIDE Cubic, dark gray crystals or powder.
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Reacts violently with acids or acid fumes to emit highly toxic phosphine. Highly toxic by ingestion.
	See zinc compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 11103-36-9	ZINC POTASSIUM CHROMATE
SYNONYMS	Citron yellow, buttercup yellow, zinc chrom, zinc yellow.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Toxic by ingestion. See zinc compounds and chromium compounds.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS ;ilo. 557-28-8	ZINC PROPIONATE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	Combustible. Decomposes in moist atmosphere liberating propionic acid. Low toxicity. See zinc compounds and propionic acid.
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

CAS No. 16371-71-9	ZINC SILICOFLUORIDE	\Diamond
SYNONYMS	Zinc fluosilicate.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Highly toxic. See zinc compounds.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS ivo. 7733-02-0	ZINC SULFATE Rhombic, colorless crystals.	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Zinkosite.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	When heated to decomposition, emits toxic vapors. Low toxicity. See zinc compounds and sulfates.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	-

CAS No. 7446-19-7	ZINC SULFATE MONOHYDRATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
	See zinc compounds and sulfates.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS ∷b. 7535-20-8	ZIRCONIUM ACETATE
SYNONYMS	
SAFETY MEASURES	
	TLV 5 mg/m ³
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CNS 16. 16919-31-6	ZIRCONIUM AMMONIUM FLUORIDE White rhombic or colorless crystals.
SYNONYMS	Ammonium zirconifluoride.
SAFETY MEASURES	
	Highly toxic and irritant. TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air.
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

	ZIRCONIUM COMPOUNDS	
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Most zirconium compounds in common use are insoluble and considered inert. Pulmonary granuloma has been reported in zirconium workers. Sodium zirconium lactate has been held responsible for skin granulomas. Consider zirconium compounds toxic. TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE		

CAS No. 13746-89-9	ZIRCONIUM NITRATE White crystals.	>
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Highly flammable and explosive risk in contact with organic materials. Strong oxidizing agent. See nitrates. TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 7599-43-6	ZIRCONIUM OXYCHLORIDE
SYNONYMS	Zirconium chloride basic, zirconyl chloride.
SAFETY MEASURES	
HAZARDS	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.

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CAS No. 16923-95-8	ZIRCONIUM POTASSIUM FLUORIDE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS	Potassium fluorzirconate, potassium zirconifluoride	2.
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Toxic and irritant. See fluorides.	
	TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air.	i
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE		
	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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CAS No. 14644-61-2	ZIRCONIUM SULFATE	\bigotimes
SYNONYMS		
SAFETY MEASURES		
HAZARDS	Emits toxic vapors when heated to decomposition. See zirconium compounds. TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air.	
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

CAS No. 10025-11-6	ZIRCONIUM TETRACHLORIDE White lustrous crystals.	
SYNONYMS	Zirconium chloride.	
SAFETY MEASURES		
	Toxic and irritant.	
	See zirconium compounds and chlorides. TLV 5 mg/m ³ in air.	
HAZARDS		
EXPOSURE	CALL FOR MEDICAL AID.	

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This volume is for use with its companion volume, Part A.			
16. ABSTRACT This two-part document is intended to serve as a guide to the hazards associated with a broad range of chemical compounds which may be encountered in hazardous materials			
spills. The document addresses 655 chemicals identified on the basis of known toxicity			
or spill history and designated "hazardous" by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.			
Part A of this document is a safety and first aid reference for personnel responding to spills of hazardous materials which may involve any of the chemicals addressed. It includes safety considerations, first aid procedures, and descriptions of protective equipment; a description of the hazard-rating system used in Part B; and a priority listing of hazardous materials based on their hazard ratings and reported spill frequency.			
Part B of this document is an index of the 655 chemicals. Part B includes a data sheet for each chemical showing its CAS number, synonyms, and hazard priority number, and			
giving information on hazards, safety measures, and exposure. This part is provided in			
a form for loose-leaf binding to facilitate addition, revision, and update as new data			
become available.			
17. KEY WORDS AND DOCUMENT ANALYSIS			
a. DESCRIPTORS	b.IDENTIFIERS/OPE	N ENDED TERMS	c. COSATI Field/Group
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