GUIDANCE FOR THE REREGISTRATION OF PESTICIDE PRODUCTS

CONTAINING

CARBARYL

AS THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT 056801

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF PESTICIDE PROGRAMS

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

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INTRODUCTION

The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA Section 3(g), as amended in 1978, directs EPA to reregister all pesticides as expeditiously as possible. Each registrant of a manufacturing use product of the active ingredient who wishes to continue to sell or distribute that product must apply for reregistration.

To fulfill this Congressional mandate, we have established the Registration Standards program which will review all pesticide active ingredients first registered before January 1, 1977. These pesticides will be reviewed in use clusters which are prioritized on the basis of a ranking scheme giving preference to pesticides used on food and feed crops.

The Registration Standards program involves a thorough review of the scientific data base underlying pesticide registrations and an identification of essential but missing studies which may not have been required when the product was initially registered or studies that are now considered insufficient. Our reassessment results in the development of a regulatory position, contained in this document, on each pesticide and its uses. The regulatory position may require the registrant to modify product labels to provide additional precautionary statements, restrict the use of the pesticide to certified applicators, provide reentry intervals, modify uses or formulation types, specify certain packaging limitations, or other requirements to assure that proper use of the pesticide poses no potential adverse effects to human health or the environment.

The scientific review, which is not contained herein but is available upon request, concentrates on the technical grade of the active ingredient and identifies missing generic data. However, during the review of these data we are also looking for potential hazards that may be associated with the formulated (end-use) products that contain the active ingredient. If we find serious concerns, we will bring formulated products under the provisions of the Registration Standards program to the extent necessary to protect the public.

EPA has the authority under FIFRA $\S3(c)(2)(B)$ to require that certain registrants submit generic data that will answer our questions regarding the hazard that may result from the intended use of the pesticide under review. Further, $\S3(c)(2)(B)$ provides that these data are to be submitted by those registrants who do not qualify for the formulator's exemption [FIFRA $\S3(c)(2)(D)$]. Normally, this means that the registrants who are responsible for filling the data gaps are the manufacturing-use product producers (basic

suppliers of the active ingredient). However, end-use producers will not qualify for the formulator's exemption if the source of their active ingredient: (1) is not registered with EPA, and/or (2) is produced by the registrant's firm, or a firm which has ownership in common with the registrant's firm. These end-use producers can qualify for the formulator's exemption if they change their source of supply to a registered source, provided the source does not share ownership in common with the registrant's firm. If the end-use product registrant decides to switch sources, a new Confidential Statement of Formula, EPA Form 8570-4, must be submitted to the appropriate Product Manager within 90 days of receipt of this Guidance Document. The chart on the following page shows what is generally required of those who do and do not qualify for the formulator's exemption in the Registration Standards program.

If you decide to request the Agency to discontinue the registration of any of your products subject to the reregistration requirements of this Guidance Document, please notify the Product Manager named in the cover letter, within 90 days from the receipt of this document, that you wish to voluntarily cancel the registration(s). If you decide to maintain your product registration(s), you must provide the information described in the following pages within the time-frames outlined. EPA will issue a notice of intent to cancel or suspend the registration of any currently registered product if you fail to comply with the requirements set forth in this Guidance Document.

This Guidance Document will be supplemented by EPA with additional information about compliance with data support requirements. In Monsanto v. Administrator, EPA was recently enjoined from implementing in any way the "mandatory data licensing" aspects of §3(c)(l)(D) of FIFRA. EPA is assessing the implications of the injunction for the reregistration process. Because this situation is currently unresolved, EPA has decided to proceed with the requirements in this Guidance Document which do not relate to compliance with the §3(c)(l)(D) provisions and to supplement the Document with additional guidance when circumstances permit. Failure to comply with the provisions of the subsequent guidance will also result in issuance by EPA of an intent to cancel the affected product registration(s).

Registrants are reminded that §6(a)(2) of FIFRA requires you at any time to submit factual information raising concerns of possible unreasonable adverse effects of a pesticide. You should notify the Agency of interim results of studies in progress if those results show possible unreasonable adverse effects.

PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO THE REGISTRATION STANDARDS PROGRAM	ACTION(S) REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN REGISTRATION
I. Products That Do Not Qualify For The Formulator's ExemptionA. Single Active Ingredient Products*	These products must be reregistered. To obtain reregistration
· 	labeling, packaging and data requirements must be satisfied in accordance with the Registration Standards Guidance Document.
B. Multiple Active Ingredient Products	These products will not be reregistered at this time. However, generic data required to continue the registration of the active ingredient under review, as described in the Registration Standards Guidance Document, will be required and some labeling precautions may also be required.
II. Products That Do Qualify For The Formulator's Exemption	Only when additional restrictions or labeling are needed to protect man or the environment will these products be subject to the Registration Standard requirements. Affected products will be dealt with in a variety of ways, including but not limited to the Label Improvement Program and special intent to cancel notices.

* End-use products of registrants who also produce a manufacturinguse product will not be required to be reregistered provided that registrant fulfills the requirements specified in the Guidance Document for manufacturing-use product(s). Such end-use products will be subject to the labeling changes required for products in "II" above. If there are no manufacturing-use products registered by any company end-use products will be required to be reregistered.

NOTE: If all registrants in "I" above fail to meet the requirements in I-A and B above, then the registrants in "II" lose their right to qualify for the formulator's exemption and become subject to the requirements in I-A and B.

I. Regulatory Position

A. Introduction

This guidance document describes the Agency's regulatory position on registered manufacturing-use products (MPs) containing the insecticide carbaryl. The position is based on an evaluation of all accepted uses of pesticide products, under sections 3 and 24(c) of the FIFRA, with carbaryl as the sole pesticide active ingredient. Other considerations include the known chemical and toxicological characteristics of this pesticide chemical and the established tolerances for residues in or on food and feed commodities. From these considerations the Agency sets forth the data and labeling requirements that must be met by registrants and applicants of carbaryl products in order for the products to be reregistered or registered under this document. Only those registration requirements for current and future substantially similar MPs are addressed here. Future MPs that differ appreciably from those described in this document may require that amendments be made to this document to reflect the differences.

B. Description of Chemical and Use Profile

Carbaryl is the American National Standards Institute's (ANSI) acceptable common name for 1-Naphthyl methylcarbamate or 1-Naphthyl N-methylcarbamate. Other names and code designations are: Carbamine(India), Cekubaryl, Denapon®, Devicarb,

Dicarbam®(Germany), Hexavin®, Karbaspray®, Nac®, Rayvon®, Septene®, Sevin®, Tercyl®(Philippines), Tricarnam®, and UC-7744.

The current Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) registry number for carbaryl is 63-25-2 and the EPA Shaughnessy number is 056801.

Technical carbaryl is a white crystalline solid with no appreciable odor and which melts at approximately 142° C. It is soluble in most polar organic solvents such as acetone and mixed cresols. It is only slightly soluble in water (40ppm at 30°C). It hydrolyzes rapidly in alkaline solutions. The empirical formula is $C_{12}H_{11}NO_2$ and the molecular weight is 201.2.

In addition to the federal registrations, there are 284 carbaryl products manufactured by 95 companies for intra-state use in 26 states. This pesticide is produced domestically by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Company, Inc. It is also imported into the U.S. from Israel, where it is manufactured by the Makhteshim Chemical Works Ltd. Carbaryl is also manufactured in the Federal Republic of Germany and Spain. However, these materials are not registered for use in the U.S.

There are thirty three registered manufacturing-use products which contain carbaryl as an active ingredient of which three are technical carbaryl products (99%). Carbaryl end-use formulations include baits, dusts, granulars(pelleted/tableted), wettable powders, impregnated materials, flowable concentrates, ready-to-use liquids and pressurized liquids. Carbaryl is registered to control insect pests on more than 100 different

crops, including citrus, pome, stone, and berry fruits, forage, field and vegetable crops, nuts, lawns, forests, ornamental plants, rangeland, shade trees, as well as poultry and pets and indoor use.

C. Regulatory Background

In 1976 the Agency initiated a review to determine if a Rebuttable Presumption Against Registration (RPAR) should be issued for carbaryl. The primary reason carbaryl was submitted as a candidate for the RPAR process was a 1968 study which found carbaryl to cause teratogenic effects when administered in low doses to pregnant beagle dogs. A 1969 study produced similar effects, again in beagle dogs. In addition, the Agency was concerned that use of carbaryl had the potential to cause the following effects: mutagenicity, oncogenicity, neurotoxicity, and viral enhancement.

After a review of the available data on carbaryl, the Agency published in the <u>Federal Register</u> (45 FR 81869) on December 12, 1980 a notice of determination not to initiate an RPAR for carbaryl. The Agency concluded that the available data did not support the above concerns and therefore the risk criteria governing an RPAR had not been met or exceeded. Carbaryl was returned to the registration process.

During the review of the available data on carbaryl, the Agency did discover some limitations in the data pertaining to the

possible adverse effects of carbaryl. The <u>FR</u> Notice, while concluding that an RPAR for carbaryl was not warranted, also stated that additional data would be requested to support carbaryl registrations pursuant to section 3(c)(2)(B) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended. This Guidance Document will require the data referred to in the December 12, 1980 FR Notice as well as other data.

The Agency's conclusions regarding the potential for carbaryl to produce the adverse effects of original concern in the pre-RPAR review are listed in the Regulatory Rationale (Section E).

D. Regulatory Position

Based on a review and evaluation of data and other relevant information on carbaryl, the Agency has made the following determinations:

- 1. The data that have been reviewed do not show that the criteria listed in 40 CFR \$162.11 (a) have been met or exceeded for the uses of carbaryl listed in this Guidance Document. However, because of gaps in the data base, the Agency cannot complete a full risk assessment of carbaryl.
- 2. The Agency is unable to complete a full tolerance reassessment because of certain residue chemistry and toxicology data gaps, namely a one year dog feeding study and the need for residue data on various processed food commodities.

An acceptable daily intake (ADI) has been calculated. However, the results of the dog feeding study could affect the current ADI calculation. [Refer to Section I, Tolerance Reassessment]

- 3. No federal or state reentry intervals have been established for carbaryl, Based on available environmental fate and toxicology data, the Agency has determined that the criteria in §158.140 have not been met. Therefore, there is no need to establish a reentry interval.
- 4. Manufacturing-use pesticide products containing carbaryl as the sole active pesticide ingredient may be registered for sale, distribution, reformulation, and use, subject to the terms and conditions specified in this Guidance Document.
- 5. Registrants must provide or agree to develop additional data, as specified in the data tables, in order to maintain existing registrations or to obtain new registrations for substantially similar MPs.
- on the labeling for carbaryl products. These precautions are located in Section H of this Document.

E. Regulatory Rationale

The Agency has determined that it will continue to allow the registration of carbaryl based on the following:

1. Acute Toxicity

Adequate studies are available to assess the acute toxico-logical effects of carbaryl to humans. Technical carbaryl is assigned Toxicity Category II on the basis of acute oral effects, Toxicity Category III based on dermal and eye effects and Toxicity Category IV on the basis of dermal irritation. Human hazard precautionary statements associated with Toxicity Category II and III labeling [40 CFR §162.10 (h)(2)(i)] should minimize the acute hazards associated with these routes of exposure.

Oncogenicity

The Agency used ten studies to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of carbaryl. In evaluating these studies, each was found to be flawed, although for several of the studies the flaws were not serious. Some of the deficiencies were: poor experimental design, insufficient number of animals in the test or control group, improper age of the animals tested, improper execution of the study and duration of the study. No significant increase in the incidence of tumors was observed in these studies at levels as high as 400 ppm (highest level tested for both rats and mice) as compared to the control groups. Therefore, the Agency believes that when the ten studies are examined collectively they provide sufficient evidence that carbaryl is not oncogenic in experimental animals.

3. Neurotoxicity

Several studies were reviewed by the Agency to determine the neurotoxic potential of carbaryl. In one study, carbaryl was administered subcutaneously to hens at the approximate LD50 dose of 2000 mg/kg. Upon histopathological examination, the carbaryl treated hens showed no signs of demyelination. In another study, carbaryl was administered to swine at 150 and 300 mg/kg daily for eight and twelve weeks, respectively. Incoordination, muscular weakness and tremors were reported. Microscopic examination of skeletal muscle showed myodegeneration and vascular degeneration at both levels. However, the lesions described were not characterized as being the result of delayed neurotoxicity. Based on this evidence, the Agency believes that carbaryl does not pose a neurotoxic hazard.

4. Mutagenicity

Numerous studies were reviewed to determine the mutagenic potential of carbaryl. Although several of the studies contained deficiencies, when the studies were examined collectively the evidence suggests that carbaryl may have some potential to cause heritable genetic effects. Carbaryl appears to act as a weak mutagen in mutagenic test systems. No evidence has been presented on which to base a conclusion that a reproductive effect would occur as a result of exposure to carbaryl. The potential for gonadal effects to occur from an exposure to carbaryl is considered suggestive

rather than conclusive. Because only weak mutagenic responses have been measured and there is no evidence conclusively demonstrating the potential of carbaryl to reach germinal tissue, the Agency believes there is enough evidence to conclude carbaryl will not pose a mutagenic risk.

5. Viral Enhancement

The effect of Sevin 4 Oil on the replication of the human herpes virus varicella-zoster (VZ) in human embryonic lung (HEL) and HEP-2 cell cultures was investigated by Abrahamsen and Jerkofsky in 1980. A 12 to 15 fold increase in virus production by cells pretreated with Sevin 4 Oil was observed. Similar results were obtained when HEP-2 cells were used. No enhancement was observed in base oil treated cultures. Viral enhancement appeared to be dose related. These studies were carried out in tissue culture (TC) which which allows no inference concerning interaction of cell, virus, and "chemical" in the intact animal.

The Agency concluded that the work of Abrahamsen and Jerkof-sky was preliminary and did not constitute a basis on which to conclude that carbaryl poses a human hazard in terms of viral enhancement. At this time, the Agency does not have any additional evidence to change this conclusion.

6. Teratogenicity

Twenty-four studies have been evaluated to determine the teratogenic potential of carbaryl. In evaluating these

studies, the Agency found some to be flawed due to:

study design, execution of the study, number of animals

tested, inadequate dosage levels, and route and duration

of compound administration. Other studies demonstrated

no teratogenicity or maternal toxicity at high doses.

Some studies demonstrated maternal toxicity but no teratogenicity. There were studies which demonstrated teratogenic

effects, although the doses also caused maternal toxicity.

Two of the studies that produced teratogenic effects were

conducted using the beagle dog. Maternal toxicity was

reported at all levels tested including the teratogenic

no-effect level. These studies produced no effect levels

for the teratogenic effects at dosage levels below those

levels which had demonstrated teratogenic with maternally

toxic effects in other species.

The Agency found that the quality of the the two studies did not meet current scientific standards. An insufficient number of animals was used in the dose groups. There was not enough attention paid to the condition of the bitches and the maternal and fetal blood levels during the treatment period. Therefore, the dog studies were classified as "supplemental".

The Agency concluded (45 FR 81869) that "the extremely high doses of carbaryl used to elicit effects in the developing organism, coupled with the positive correlation of maternal

and fetal toxicity in the multiple species tested (the dog being a possible exception), do not indicate that carbaryl constitutes a potential human teratogen or reproductive hazard under proper environmental usage". At this time the Agency does not have any additional evidence to alter this conclusion.

7. Data Requirements

Although it appears from current data that carbaryl has only low teratogenic potential, the results of the dog studies continue to be a concern that has never been fully resolved. Because of the problems identified in the dog studies, particularly the presence of maternal toxicity at all doses tested, it is not clear that carbaryl would prove to be teratogenic in the dog if tested and evaluated by current procedures or, if so, at what levels. Therefore, the Agency is requesting the teratology study be repeated in the beagle dog.

The December 12, 1980 FR Notice also stated that labeling changes were to be considered in an effort to keep exposure to a minimum. However, since a risk assessment cannot be conducted, label changes are not warranted on the basis of the available dog studies. A new study conducted in accordance with presently accepted protocols would provide the basis for any appropriate regulatory action. In addition, a new dog teratology study will also allow the Agency to assess the risks to dogs independently of their use as

human surrogates for teratogenicity from exposure to carbaryl. In the interim, until a new dog teratology study has been submitted and reviewed, the Agency has determined that a label precaution stating not to use carbaryl on pregnant dogs is warranted. Once this study has been submitted and reviewed, a risk assessment will be conducted to determine the adequacy of this precaution.

A major argument that was used to discount the significance of the dog studies was the proposal that there are differences in the metabolism of carbaryl between dog and man. These differences however, have not been demonstrated. Therefore, a metabolism study in the beagle dog versus the rat or monkey and its relation to human metabolism is being requested. This study should allow the Agency to determine if there are measurable or meaningful differences between the metabolism of the dog and other mammalian species. This metabolism study will also be used in the assessment of the effects of carbaryl on kidney dysfunction described below.

Long term dietary studies in rats and dogs and a short term feeding study in humans using carbaryl demonstrated an apparent effect on renal function, although this effect was produced only at the highest dose in each study. This eff-

ect was found in the rat and dog through microscopic examinations of the kidneys. In humans, the effect was demonstrated by a reversible increase in the ratio of urinary amino acid nitrogen to creatinine nitrogen which has been interpreted as a slight decrease in the ability of the proximal convoluted tubules to reabsorb amino acids. Gelatin capsules containing 0.06 and 0.12 mg/kg of carbaryl had been ingested daily for six weeks by male subjects with an effect observed at the 0.12 mg/kg level but not at the 0.06 mg/kg level. The NOEL in the human study was not utilized in the derivation of the ADI because results of this study were not supported with individual data, were limited to only a few individuals per dose (all male), was conducted for only a short period of time, and provided opposite results at the low versus high dose compared to control values. Furthermore, the ratio of amino acid to creatinine nitrogen is only a rough measure of the reabsorptive capacity of the proximal tubules. None of the subjects, at any dose, experienced any other effects attributable to carbaryl. Clinical chemistry and urinalysis examinations in the rat and dog were incomplete, so that no subsequent comparison could be made. A one year dog feeding study is being required in order to determine the effects of carbaryl on kidney dysfunction. Because of the inconclusiveness of the currently available data, no regulatory action based on a positive reversible kidney effect is warranted at this time

No other human toxicological hazards of concern to the Agency have been identified in the studies reviewed for this Registration Standard.

8. Tolerance Exposure

Based on residue chemistry and toxicological considerations, there is no evidence to suggest that the current tolerances are likely to expose the public to unreasonable adverse effects.

9. Incidents

The Pesticide Incident Monitoring System (PIMS) records from 1966 through January, 1980 shows 441 poisoning incidents, including three fatalities, for carbaryl. The fatalities were the result of suicides. Approximately 50% of the reported incidents cannot be completely attributed to carbaryl because these incidents involved carbaryl in combination with other active pesticide ingredients. The remaining incidents do not conclusively indicate any hazards associated with the registered uses of carbaryl. A substantial number of these incidents occurred as a result of failure to follow label directions, improper use of safety procedures in the home, improper use of application equipment, equipment failure and many other reasons. Carbaryl was also cited as responsible for bee kills.

The incidents that have occurred (except for the bee kills) do not indicate that there is a consistent pattern of hazard

associated with the registered uses of carbaryl. Rather, the number of incidents involving carbaryl may be a reflection of the common, high frequency and broad spectrum use of carbaryl.

10. Environmental Fate

Available data are insufficient to fully assess the environmental fate of carbaryl. Carbaryl is expected to be stable under acidic conditions but decomposes under alkaline conditions. Photolysis varies with the seasons of the year. An evaluation by $^{14}\text{CO}_2$ evolution demonstrated that carbaryl degradation in soil varies with the soil type in the order of clay loam > sandy loam > clay > loam > loamy sand. Carbaryl is moderately mobile in soil with mobility decreased by increased organic carbon. Preliminary data indicate that there may be a potential for carbaryl to accumulate in catfish, crayfish, snails, duckweed, and algae. Based on the available data on leaching characteristics, degradation rates and pathways, the Agency does not consider carbaryl to have the potential to contaminate groundwater. The additional studies requested in this Guidance Document should allow the Agency to improve its assessment of the environmental fate of carbaryl.

11. Ecological Effects

Based on studies available to assess hazards to wildlife and aquatic organisms, carbaryl is characterized as extremely toxic to aquatic invertebrates and certain estuarine/ marine organisms. It is also extremely toxic to honey bees. It is moderately toxic to both warmwater and coldwater fishes and has low toxicity to birds. There is insufficient information to characterize the chronic toxicity of carbaryl to aquatic invertebrates. Label precautions required by this Guidance Document should reduce the hazard to wildlife. Once data gaps are filled, additional labeling precautions may be required.

12. Summary of Regulatory Rationale

Under FIFRA the Agency cannot cancel or withhold registration simply because data are missing or inadequate (see Sections 3(c)(2)(B) and 3(c)(7) of the FIFRA). Rather, issuance of this Guidance Document provides a mechanism for identifying data needs. These data will be reviewed and evaluated when they are received and the Agency will determine at that time whether they will affect the registrations of carbaryl.

F. Criteria for Products Subject to the Guidance Document

This Guidance Document covers products that contain carbaryl as the sole pesticide active ingredient, and the chart in the Introduction describes the extent to which such products are subject to this Document. Applicants for registration or reregistration of such products must comply with all terms and conditions described herein. This includes making a commitment to fill data gaps on a schedule specified by the Agency. Also,

applicants for reregistration must follow the instructions contained in the Guidance Document and complete and submit the appropriate forms within the specified times. End-use products must be in compliance with the label changes specified in this Document.

G. Acceptable Ranges and Limits

1. Product Composition Statements

To be fully covered under this Guidance Document, manufacturing-use products must contain carbaryl as the sole active ingredient. Each MP formulation proposed for reregistration or registration must be fully described with an appropriate certification of limits.

2. Acute Toxicity Limit

The Agency will consider for registration any MP whose acute toxicity category (I, II, III, IV) is supported by adequate acute toxicity data and appropriate precautionary statements in the labeling.

H. Required Labeling

All manufacturing-use products containing carbaryl must bear appropriate labeling as specified in 40 CFR §162.10. More specific requirements are as follows:

1. Label Requirements for Manufacturing-Use Products

a. Ingredient Statements

The ingredient statement for MP's must list the active

ingredient as:

carbaryl: 1-Naphthyl N-methylcarbamate

or

1-Naphthyl methylcarbamate

Use Pattern Statement

All MPs must state that they are intended only for formulation into end-use products for any of the use patterns listed below. A limiting factor will be the data that supports these use patterns. No use may be included in the labeling where the registrant fails to comply with the data requirements in either Table A or Table B for that use pattern.

- Terrestrial, food uses on: alfalfa, almonds, apples, apricots, asparagus, bananas, beans, garden beets, birdsfoot trefoil, blackberries, blueberries, boysenberries, broccoli, brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, cherries, chestnuts, chinese cabbage, citrus fruits, clover, collards, corn, cotton, cowpeas, cucumbers, dandelions, dewberries, eggplant, endive, filberts, flax, grapes, grass(including pastures and rangeland), horseradish, kale, kohlrabi, lentils, lettuce, loganberries, sugar maple (sap), melons, millet, mustard greens, nectarines, okra, olives, parsley, parsnips, peaches, peanuts, pears, peas, pecans, peppers, pistachio nuts, plums(fresh prunes), potatoes, prickly pear cactus(pods and fruit)(Special Local Need use only), pumpkins, radishes, raspberries, rutabagas, salsify, sorghum, soybeans, spinach, squash, strawberries, sugar beets, sunflowers, sweet potatoes, swiss chard, tomatoes, turnips, walnuts and wheat.
- Terrestrial, non-food uses on: ornamental trees, ornamental woody shrubs, ornamental herbaceous plants, lawns and turf, uncultivated non-agricultural areas, recreational areas and parks, plague resevoir host animal premises and tobacco.
- Greenhouse, food use on: Refer to the crops listed for terrestrial, food use.
- Greenhouse, non-food use on: ornamental plants.

- Omestic outdoor use on: ornamental trees, ornamental woody shrubs, ornamental herbaceous plants, lawns and turf, pet sleeping quarters, domestic dwellings, and garbage cans.
- Aquatic, food use on: cranberries, rice, oysters(Special Local Need use only).
- Forests use on: Christmas tree plantations, forest trees, recreational areas and parks, shelterbelt plantings.
- Indoor use on: dogs and pets, poultry and horses, poultry houses, barns, domestic dwellings, recreational areas, commercial and industrial and institutional(inedible areas only), food marketing and storage and distribution(inedible areas), food processing plants (inedible areas), eating establishments(inedible areas).

The attached "Index" entry summarizes the registered uses for carbaryl as a single active ingredient. Refer to it for a more complete description of the uses, dosage rates and restrictions for carbaryl.

c. Precautionary Statements

Labels for <u>all</u> MP products containing carbaryl must bear statements reflecting the acute human toxicity of the compound. The following hazard statements must appear on MP labels:

All MP products containing carbaryl 69% and greater must bear the signal word WARNING. The Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals paragraph must read as listed below:

WARNING: May be fatal if swallowed. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

All products containing carbaryl 68% or less must bear the the signal CAUTION. The Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals paragraph must read as listed below:

CAUTION: May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

All MP products containg carbaryl must bear the following Environmental Hazards paragraph:

This pesticide is extremely toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds, or public water except in accordance with an NPDES permit. For further guidance, contact the nearest EPA Regional Office.

2. Label Requirements for End-Use Products

a. Ingredient Statement

The ingredient statement for EP products must list the active ingredient statement as:

Carbaryl: 1-Naphthyl N-methylcarbamate or 1-Naphthyl methylcarbamate

b. Precautionary Statements

Labels for all EP products containing carbaryl must bear statements reflecting the acute human toxicity of the compound. The following hazard statements must appear on EP labels:

All EP products containing carbaryl 69% and greater must bear the signal word WARNING. The Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals paragraph must read as listed below:

WARNING: May be fatal if swallowed. Avoid breathing dust [vapors or spray mist]. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handing.

All EP products containing carbaryl 68% or less must bear the signal word CAUTION. The Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals paragraph must read as listed below:

CAUTION: May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing dust [vapors or spray mist]. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

- All EP products containing carbaryl must bear an Enviromental Hazards paragraph. This paragraph must read as listed below:
 - (a) This product is extremely toxic to aquatic invertebrates.
 - (b) Do not apply directly to water or wetlands.
 - (c) Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Products which contain forest use directions must modify statement (b) to read as listed below. Statements (a) and (c) remain unchanged.

Do not apply directly to water or wetlands, except under the forest canopy.

Products which contain directions for citrus, corn, cotton, cranberries, rice, sorghum, soybeans forests, or mosquito control must modify statement (a) to read as listed below. Statements (b) except for forest use and rice and (c) remain the same.

This pesticide is extremely toxic to aquatic and estuarine invertebrates.

Products which contain directions for use for rice must modify statement (b) to read as listed below. Statement (c) will remain the same and statement (a) will remain as previously discussed.

Do not apply directly to water or wetlands, except for rice uses. Discharge from rice fields may kill aquatic and estuarine invertebrates.

Products which contain directions for use for rice and forests will require the following paragraph:

This product is extremely toxic to aquatic and estuarine invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water and wetlands, except under the forest canopy and use on rice. Discharge from rice fields may kill aquatic and estuarine invertebrates. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

All products containing carbaryl with outdoor use directions must include the Bee Caution listed below their Environmental Hazards paragraph. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

Ontil crop rotation data are submitted and evaluated, the crop rotation restriction listed below must be placed on all EP products containing carbaryl:

Do not rotate to any crop not listed on this label or other carbaryl labels.

Preliminary data indicates that there may be a potential for carbaryl to accumulate in catfish and crayfish. Therefore, all EP products containing carbaryl and directions for use on rice must add the restriction listed below.

Do not use on rice fields in which crayfish and catfish farming are included in the cultural practice.

To delete the above restriction refer to additional data being requested in the Environmental Fate tables which must be submitted and evaluated.

- Available data shows that residues on cowpeas at a 0 day PHI can be as high as 26.0 ppm. The established tolerance for cowpeas is 5.0 ppm. Therefore, EP products containing directions for use on cowpeas must change the PHI from 0 day to 3 days.
- All products containing carbaryl with directions for use on dogs must include the precaution listed below. This precaution must be placed in the Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals paragraph.

Do not use this product on pregnant dogs.

H. Tolerance Reassessment

Based on the established tolerances published in 40 CFR §180.169, the Theoretical Maximum Residue Contribution (TMRC) for carbaryl

residues in the human diet is calculated to be 5.48 mg/day for a 1.5 kg food diet for a 60 kg person. The Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) of carbaryl is 0.1 mg/kg/day. This is based on a twoyear rat feeding study No Observable Effect Level (NOEL) of 200 ppm and a safety factor of 100. The Maximum Permissible Intake (MPI) is 6 mg/day. The percent of the ADI that has been utilized at this time is 91.33%, although data being requested by this Guidance Document may necessitate a reevaluation of the ADI. Long term dietary studies using carbaryl demonstrated an apparent effect on renal function. In addition, the World Health Organization (WHO) has noted, in deriving their ADI for carbaryl, that kidney effects occurred in humans at lower levels than in laboratory animals, although this could be the result of insufficient or incomplete clinical evaluations in the dog. A 1-year dog feeding study is being requested in order to determine the effects of carbaryl on kidney dysfunction. The results of these data may suggest that the ADI for carbaryl be recalculated.

U.S. tolerances for most raw agricultural commodities are supported by current residue chemistry data. In some cases however, more data are required:

- Additional residue data are needed for soybeans at 2.5 lb. active/acre and cranberries and blueberries at 4 lb. active/acre to support dust formulations.
- Additional residue data are needed on cotton or a 7-day preharvest interval must be established.
- Additional residue data are needed on alfalfa or a 3-day preharvest interval must be established.
- ° A tolerance for sugarbeet roots must be proposed.

- Additional residue data on grass to support the rangeland and pasture uses must be submitted.
- ° Aerial application data on citrus must be submitted.
- Additional data are needed on oats, rye and barley to obtain a group tolerance.
- Data are needed to establish a food additive regulation to support the use of carbaryl in food areas of food handling establishments, restaurants, or other places where food is prepared or processed.

Residue data on the following processed commodities must be submitted.

- ° Alfalfa meal
- ° Dried apple pomace
- ° Dried apricots
- ° Bean cannery waste
- ° Citrus molasses, oils, and peels
- ° Corn (field) milled products
- ° Corn (sweet) cannery wastes
- ° Grape pomace, grape juice, raisins and raisin wastes
- ° Olive pomace
- Peanut soapstock
- ° Prunes
- Potato granules, chips, and dried products
- ° Rice bran with germ, polished rice, hulls and milled products
- Sorghum flour and milled products
- Sorghum (sweet) syrup
- ° Soybean meal, hulls, soapstock, crude oil, and refined oil
- ° Sugarbeet pulp, molasses, and refined sugar

- Sunflower meal, hulls, oil (crude), and oil (refined)
- Tomato pomace (wet and dry), puree, catsup, and juice

The interim tolerance of 0.5 ppm for residues of carbaryl and 1-naphthol on eggs, calculated as carbaryl, must be converted to a permanent tolerance.

The U.S. tolerances for carbaryl for many commodities are numerically compatible with the maximum residue levels (MRL's) of Codex Alimentarius and/or the tolerances of Canada and Mexico. However, U.S. tolerances are established for residues of carbaryl and 1-naphthol, calculated as carbaryl (excepting meat and milk, where other metabolites are included). Internationally, other than the U.S., tolerances for carbaryl are usually expressed in terms of carbaryl alone.

The inclusion of 1-naphthol in the expression of tolerances for carbaryl was based on the inadequacy of the residue data to differentiate how much of the residue was carbaryl versus 1-naphthol. Present analytical methodology can differentiate between carbaryl and 1-naphthol residues. Therefore, to provide for conformity between U.S. tolerances for carbaryl and tolerances established by the Codex Alimentarius, Canada, and Mexico, the expression of U.S. tolerances for carbaryl will be changed to omit reference to 1-naphthol. However, the data from studies on plant metabolism show such variability that a simple ratio of carbaryl/1-naphthol cannot be established. Therefore, any numerical change in current tolerances for car-

baryl to exclude 1-naphthol to permit comformity with Codex will be proposed within the year.

Crop groupings (48 FR 29855) can be established for Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables, Fruiting Vegetables (except Cucurbits), Fruiting Vegetables, (Cucurbits), Stone Fruits, and Small Fruits and Berries. A crop grouping for Citrus Fruits has been previously established.

Corrections to 40 CFR 180.169 will be made as follows:

- `A new group tolerance for "Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables" will be established at 10.0 ppm.
- A new group tolerance for "Fruiting Vegetables (except Cucurbits)" will be established at 10.0 ppm.
- 'A new group tolerance for "Fruiting Vegetables (Cucurbits)" will be established at 10.0 ppm.
- ` A new group tolerance for "Stone Fruits" will be established at 10.0 ppm.
- A new group tolerance for "Small Fruits and Berries will be established at 12.0 ppm.

c056801

CARBARYL*

TYPE PESTICIDE: Insecticide, Acaricide, Molluscicide

FORMULATIONS: Tech (95%, 97.5%, 99%); FI (9%, 46%, 50%, 80%, 85%);

D (1.5%, 1.75%, 2%, 2.5%, 2.65%, 3%, 5%, 7.5%, 10%, 20%, 25%, 50%, xx%);

G (1.25%, 1.3%, 1.75%, 1.786%, 2%, 2.05%, 2.1%, 2.3%, 3.34%, 4.55%,

4.6%, 5%, 6%, 6.24%, 6.25%, 7.15%, 7.5%, 8%, 8.75%, 10%, 14.29%, 15%,

16%, 20%); P/T (2.1%, 5%, 10%, 20%); WP (50%, 80%, 85%); WP/D (2%, 5%, 10%, 50%); Impr (8.5%, 9%, 12%, 16%); F1C (1.6 lb/gal, 2 lb/gal, 2.36 lb/gal, 3.8 lb/gal, 4 lb/gal, 5 lb/gal, 0.5%, 5%, 10%, 21.5%, 23%, 25%,

27%, 41.8%, 42.6%); RTU (2 lb/gal, 3.8 lb/gal, 4 lb/gal, 0.5%); PrL (0.5%)

GENERAL WARNINGS AND LIMITATIONS: Carbaryl may be injurious to tender foliage. Do not apply when foliage is wet or when rain or excessive humidity is expected during the next 2 days. Carbaryl is unstable under highly alkaline conditions. It is not effective if used with alkaline materials such as Bordeaux, lime, lime sulfur, and casein-lime spreaders. It is not compatible with diesel fuel, kerosene, fuel oil, or aromatic solvents. Do not apply where shrimp and crabs are important resources as these may be killed at listed application rates.

Bee Cautions:

(proposed) Carbaryl is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treated area.

Agricultural Crop Tolerances:

Barley, grain - 0 ppm
Barley, green fodder and straw - 100 ppm
Chestnuts - 1 ppm
Lentils - 10 ppm
Maple sap - 0.5 ppm
Pistachio nuts - 1 ppm
Rye, grain - 0 ppm
Rye, green fodder and straw - 100 ppm

Deficiely of Manager

Definition of Terms:

*Tablespoons actual. A hypothetical quantity computed by multiplying the number (or equivalent number) of tablespoons of product by the concentration of carbaryl in the formulation.

**Computed from tablespoon/teaspoon dosages.

Claims for pest control limited to suppression of population are indicated by parenthesized pest name.

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

. AGRICULTURAL CROPS

General Warnings and Limitations: For spray formulations on vegetable and field crops, apply per acre rates in a minimum of 3 gallons of water per

*1-naphthyl methyl carbamate 1-napthyl N-methylcarbamate

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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre by ground equipment. For spray formulations on deciduous fruit crops, apply per acre rates in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per aircraft, in 20 to 100 gallons of water per acre by low volume ground equipment, or in 100 to 800 gallons of water per water per acre by high volume ground equipment. Apply 400 to 2,000 gallons of finished spray per acre on citrus by ground equipment. Apply a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre on young fruit plantings. If low volume ground equipment is desired, the rate per 100 gallons of water should be adjusted in order to maintain the correct rate of active ingredient per acre. For small fruits, apply in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre by aircraft, in 30 to 100 gallons of water per acre by low volume ground equipment, or in 100 to 300 gallons of water per acre by high volume ground equipment. For dust formulations, apply to upper and lower leaf surfaces, but excessive dusting may result in crop injury. If used in accordance with label directions, forage, feed and other crops, including almond hulls, bean vines, carrot tops, citrus pulp, cotton forage, cowpea hay, pea vines, rice straw, rye straw, soybean hay, and sugar beet tops may be grazed or harvested for use as feed for dairy and meat animals without resulting in residues in excess of established tolerances in milk or meat. Apply when pest first appears and repeat at 5 to 14 day intervals as needed, unless otherwise specified. Center Pivot Irrigation System Directions: When using carbaryl through center pivot irrigation system, apply in 1 to 4 gallons of water per acre. Set sprinkler to deliver 0.1 to 0.3 inches of water per acre. Start sprinkler and then uniformly inject the suspension into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line. ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. When treatment has been completed, further field irrigation over the treated area should be avoided for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the CTOP.

23001AA

Alfalfa

100 ppm (alfalfa and hay) No preharvest interval through 1.6 pounds per acre for foliar application. No preharvest interval through 1.78 pounds per acre for ultra low volume foliar application. No preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for application through center pivot irrigation. No preharvest interval through 1.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Repeat applications at 7 to 14 day intervals as needed. Observe plant response precaution.

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CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations						
	Alfalfa (continued)								
ITBJADA INAMARA	Alfalfa caterpillar Bean leaf beetle	0.88-1.13 1b/A	Foliar application.						
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	(1.75-10% D)							
ITBCCCA	Green cloverworm	(50-85% WP)							
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	(50% WP/D)							
IRAFAAA	Leafhoppers	(2-5 lb/gal							
IRASADA	Threecornered alfalfa hopper	FlC)							
IMOAAAA	Thrips								
ITBCATA	Velvetbean cater- pillar								
ITBJADA	Alfalfa caterpillar		Center pivot irrigation application.						
IRAFAAA	Leafhoppers	(80% WP)							
INASBUC	Alfalfa weevil (larvae)	0.88-1.56 1b/A	Foliar application. For alfalfa weevil larvae, if pretreatment						
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	(1.75-10% D)	damage is extensive, cut alflafa						
INASBUA	Clover head weevil	(50-85% WP)	and treat the stubble. Use higher						
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	(50% WP/D)	rate in areas east of the Rocky						
ITBCABA	Cutworms	(2-5 lb/gal	Mountains. On dense growth, apply						
INAPAOA	European alfalfa beetle	F1C)	in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre for thorough coverage. In						
INASBTC	Egyptian alfalfa weevil (larvae)		western areas, apply the lower rate in early spring.						
ITBCCTA	Fall armyworm								
IQAMARA	Lygus bugs								
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs		•						
ITAAAMA	Webworms								
ITBCCQA	Yellowstriped armyworm								
INASBUC		0.5-1 1b/A (50% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. For use in CO, ID, NE, NV, and OR.						
INBGAAA	Blister beetles	0.44-1.13	Foliar application.						
INAPAFA	Mexican bean beetle								

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CARBARYL

CARDARIL								
Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations						
Alfalfa (continued)								
Grasshoppers	0.44-1.5 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.						
	F1C)	Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the lower rate for nymphs on small plants or sparse vegetation and the higher rate when grasshoppers are mature or vegetation is thick. May be applied by aircraft undiluted or diluted with diseal fuel, number 2 fuel oil, or kerosene. May be applied by ground mist blowers or cold fogging when diluted with aliphatic compounds mentioned above. Refer to manufacture's directions for additional information on dilution rates, nozzles, and calibration. Do not mix with alcohol, water, or aromatic solvents. Do not mix with fertilizers. Formulated with petroleum distillate.						
	2 1b/A (80% WP)	Center pivot irrigation application.						
Ants Armyworms Crickets (including field crickets) Cutworms Darkling beetles Grasshoppers	1.5 1b/A (5% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, apply in late afternoon.						

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BAAA

AAA CFA IAAA

ABA AAA AAA

ACA

ABA

AEA

Slugs

Snails

Sowbugs

CARBARYL

9	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
03001AA	Almond		<pre>l ppm (nuts) 40 ppm (almond hulls) No preharvest interval through 8 pounds per acre for foliar application.</pre>
ITBGBBA	Filbertworm	1 1b/100 gal	Foliar application. Apply in 'pop-
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leafrol- ler	or 3-8 lb/A	corn' or petal fall stages and again when the May brood of the peach twig
ITAMABA	Peach twig borer	(50-85% WP)	borer begins to hatch or thereafter
IRAKBYA	San Jose scale	(50% WP/D)	as needed.
IRAAABG	Scales (crawlers)	(2-4 lb/gal F1C) or l tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.167 oz**/ gal (2 lb/gal F1C) (25% F1C)	
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leaf rol- ler	4-8 lb/A (10% D)	Foliar application. May be applied by aircraft.
ITBMCFA	Navel orangeworm	0.167 oz**/ gal (2 lb/gal F1C) or 1 lb/100 gal (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Time early and midseason applications to coincide with peak moth flight. Make a late season application at the initiation of hull split or up to 10 percent hull split.

CARBARYL

10 ppm

Site, Dosage	Tolerance,	Use,	Limitations
and Formulation			

4001AA Apple

RACAUA

OBMAQA

RAWAHA

TBGAZA

TAUAEA

BEARA

PBGBOA

RAKBVA

LBUAGA

NBPAZA

ALAHA

rbuala takbha

₹AXALA

AGACA

NASAVA BUAPA

LACBOA

LAKBYA

CAPABA

10 pounds per acre for foliar application.
1 day preharvest interval through 2.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application.
To avoid possible foliar injury to McIntosh and York varieties, do not apply before the second cover spray east of the Rocky Mountains. To avoid apple thinning, delay use at least 30 days following full bloom. Foliar injury may result from combination with summer oils.

1 day preharvest interval through

3.4-6 1b/AApple aphid Apple maggot (5-10% D) Apple mealybug (5% WP/D) Codling moth or Eastern tent 1.5-10 1b/A (5-10% D)caterpillar European apple sawfly Eyespotted bud moth Forbes scale Fruittree leafrol-Japanese beetle Lecanium scales Orange tortrix Oystershell scale Pear psvlla Periodical cicada Plum curculio Redbanded leafrol-1er Rosy apple aphid San Jose scale Tentiform leafminer White apple leaf-

roller

Foliar application. For use east of the Rocky Mountains. May be applied by aircraft. For rosy apple aphid control, apply before leaves curl. For scale control, apply when crawlers are present in spring and early summer. For apple maggot control, apply at 10 day intervals in July. For codling moth and plum curculio, apply for full coverage in normal schedules. Refer to your state recommendations.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Apple (continued)		
IRACAUA IRAWAHA ITBGAZA IRAFBAA	Apple aphid Apple mealybug Codling moth White apple leaf- roller	0.5 1b/100 gal or 3-6 1b/A (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) or 3-10 1b/A (4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.5 tbls actual*/gal (50-85% WP) or 0.08-0.167 oz**/gal (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (10-41.8% F1C)	Foliar application. For use east of the Rocky Mountains. Heavy aphid populations may require repeated applications. For codling moth, apply for full coverage in normal spray schedules.
IRACAUA ILAJAKA IRAXAJA ITBKABA ITBGAZA INAMACA ITBGBOA ITBCBSA IRAHAĴA ITBGASA IQAMARA ITBUALA IRAKBHA IRAXALA ILAJAOA ILAJAWA IRAKBYA ITAPABA IRACBUA	Apple aphid Apple rust mite Apple sucker Bagworm Codling moth Cucumber beetles Eyespotted bud moth Green fruitworm Lecanium scales Lesser appleworm Lygus bugs Orange tortrix Oystershell scale Pear psylla Pear rust mite Pearleaf blister mite San Jose scale Tentiform leafminer Woolly apple aphid	gal or 3-6 1b/A (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 3-10 1b/A (4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.125-0.167	Foliar application. For use west of the Rocky Mountains. Heavy aphid populations may require repeated applications. For scale control, apply when crawlers are present. For pear psylla control, apply when eggs hatch or when young nymphs are present. For codling moth, apply for full coverage in normal schedules.

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CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Apple (continued)		
IRACAUA	Apple aphid	1 1b/100 gal	Foliar application. For use east of
IOBMAQA	Apple maggot	or	the Rocky Mountains. Heavy aphid
ILAJAKA	Apple rust mite	3-6 1b/A	populations may require repeated
ITBKABA	Bagworm	(50-85% WP)	applications. For rosy apple aphid
ITBGAZA	Codling moth	(50% WP/D)	control, apply before leaves curl.
ITAUAEA	Eastern tent caterpillar	(2-5 lb/gal F1C)	For scale control, apply when crawlers are present. For pear psylla
ISBEARA	European apple sawfly	or 3-10 lb/A	control, apply when eggs hatch or when young nymphs are present. For
ITBGBOA	Eyesported bud moth	(4 lb/gal F1C)apple maggot control, apply at 10
IRAKBVA	Forbes scale	or	day intervals in July. For codling
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leafrol- ler	l tbls actual*/gal	moth, oriental fruit moth, and plum curculio, apply for full coverage
ITBCBSA	Green fruitworm	(50-85% WP)	in normal schedules.
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	or .	
īrahaja	Lecanium scales	0.08-0.167	
ITBGASA	Lesser appleworm	oz**/gal	
10BMAFA	Oriental fruit moth	(2-5 lb/gal	
IRAKBHA	Oystershell scale	F1C)	
<u> </u>	Pear psylla	(10-41.8%	
I LAJAOA	Pear rust mite	FIC)	
LAJAWA	Pearleaf blister mite		
!RAGACA	Periodical cicada		
INASAVA	Plum curculio		
TBUAPA	Redbanded leafrol- ler		
RACBQA	Rosy apple aphid		•
RAKBYA	San Jose scale		
QAMATA	Tarnished plant bug		
TAPABA	Tentiform leafminer		
RACBUA	Woolly apple aphid		
TBUACA	Yellowheaded fire- worm		
RACAUA	Apple aphid	5 1b/A	Foliar application. Apply as a
TBGAZA	Codling moth	(50% WP)	concentrate spray in a minimum of
TBCBSA	Green fruitworm		50 gallons of water per acre by
TBUALA	Orange tortrix		ground equipment or in 20 gallons of water per acre by aircraft.
SASAAA	Ants	2-2.5 1b/A	Broadcast soil application. Gran-
VAHAAA	Crickets	(5% G)	ular formulation may be applied by
TBCABA	Cutworms	(5% P/T)	aircraft.
VABAAA	Grasshoppers		
IFAAEA	Sowbugs		

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
05001AA	<u>Apricot</u>		10 ppm 3 day preharvest interval through 8 pounds per acre for foliar or bark application. 3 day preharvest interval through 2.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application.
IRACAAA	Aphids	3.75-8 1ь/А	Foliar application. For scale con-
IRACCSA	Black cherry aphid	(7.5-10% D)	trol, apply when crawlers are pre-
IRAHAGA	Brown soft scale	or	sent. For codling moth, oriental
IQAAABA	Catfacing insects	1 1b/100 gal	fruit moth, and plum curculio, apply
ITBGAZA	Codling moth	or	at petal fall and repeat at 10 to
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	3-6 lb/A	14 day intervals until control is
ITAUAEA	Eastern tent	(50-85% WP)	achieved.
	caterpillar	(2-5 lb/gal	
IMDCABA	European earwig	F1C)	*
ITBGBOA	Eyespotted bud moth	or	
IRAKBVA	Forbes scale	3-8 lb/A	
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leafrol- ler	(4 lb/gal F1C)	
ITBCBSA	Green fruitworm	l tbls	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	actual*/gal	
INBPADA	June beetle	(50% WP)	
IRAHAJA	Lecanium scales	or	
IRACCAA	Mealy plum aphid	0.125-0.375	•
IRAKBPA	Olive scale	oz**/gal	
ITBUALA	Orange tortrix	(2-5 lb/gal	
IOBMAFA	Oriental fruit moth	F1C)	
		(10-25% F1C)	
IRAKBHA	Oystershell scale		
ITBUAYA	Pandemis moths		
ITAMABA	Peach twig borer		
IRAGACA	Periodical cicada		
INASAVA	Plum curculio		
ITBUAPA	Redbanded leafrol-		
INBPAUA	ler Rose chafer		
IRAKBYA	San Jose scale		
-IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug		
ITAXAAA	Tussock moths		
ITBUBBA	Variegated leafrol-		•
-104000	ler >		
•	161		

CARBARYL

·	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Apricot (continued)		
ΓΒQΑLA	Lesser peachtree borer	1 1b/100 gal (50-80% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.167-0.334 oz**/gal (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (25% F1C)	Bark application. Apply during appearance of moths in early to late summer. Make 2 or 3 applications at 7 day intervals to main limbs and to trunk from ground to scaffold limbs timed with moth flight.
BASAAA VAHAAA PBCABA VABAAA IFAAEA	Ants Crickets Cutworms Grasshoppers Sowbugs	2-2.5 1b/A (5% G) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. Granular formulation may be applied by aircraft.
5002AA	Asparagus	•	10 ppm 1 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
IBCCFA NAMBDA NAMBHA NAMACA IBCABA QAQAKA NBPAZA QAMARA QAQAAA 10AAAA	Armyworm Asparagus beetle Corn rootworms Cucumber beetle Cutworms Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Lygus bugs Stink bugs Thrips	1-2 1b/A (2-5% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply to seed- lings or spears. Do not repeat application within 3 days.

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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Asparagus (continued)

or 0.1-0.2 tbls actual*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (50% WP) OT 0.039-0.154 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) (21.5-42.6% F1C)

IVABAAA Grashoppers

0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (5-10% D) half of the dosage range for control (50-80% WP) of nymphs on small plants and upper (2-4 lb/galhalf of the dosage range for control F1C) of adults or when crops require, or greater coverage. 0.01-0.02 oz/10 ft row (5% D) OT 0.01-0.015 oz**/0.1 gal /10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) OT 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.077 0z**/100sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft]

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(2-4 lb/gal F1C)

CARBARYL

Tolerance, Use, Limitations

Dosages and

```
Formulation(s)
         Asparagus (continued)
           Apache cicada
BA
                                 2-4 lb/A
                                                Postharvest application. Apply to
DA
           Asparagus beetle
                                 (2-10\% D)
                                                ferns or brush. Do not repeat
                                 (50-80% WP)
                                                application within 3 days
                                 (50% WP/D)
                                 (2-4 1b/gal)
                                  F1C)
                                   or
                                 0.02 - 0.04 \text{ oz}/
                                  10 ft row
                                 (5% D)
                                   or
                                 0.02 oz**/
                                 0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                  ft row
                                 (2 1b/gal
                                 F1C)
                                 0.2-0.4 tbls
                                 actua1*/0.1
                                 gal/100
                                  sq.ft
                                 (50% WP)
                                   or
                                0.058-0.308
                                 oz**/100
                                 sq.ft
                                 [0.23 - 0.46]
                                 ga1/100
                                 sq.ft]
                                 (2-4 lb/gal)
                                 FIC)
A
           Ants
                                1-2 lb/A
                                               Broadcast soil application. For
A
           Armyworm
                                (5% D)
                                               nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in
           Crickets
                                (5% G)
                                               the afternoon banded along rows or
A
           Cutworms
                                (5-20\% P/T)
                                               broadcast. For earwigs, apply dur-
Α
           Darkling beetles
A
                                               ing cutting season.
A
           Earwigs
           Grasshoppers
Æ
           Millipedes
A
A
           Slugs
```

Snails Sowbugs

A

A

Site and Pest

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
06002AA	<u>Banana</u>		10 ppm No preharvest interval through 1 pound per acre for foliar application.
ITAAAAA	Lepidopterous larvae (caterpil- lars) Caligo sp. Ceramidia sp. Opsiphanes sp. Sibine sp.	1 1b/A (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply by aircraft after leaf perforation has commenced. Do not exceed l application.
28001AA	Beans		10 ppm (beans) 100 ppm (forage and hay) No preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by air- craft. Observe plant response pre- cautions.
ITBJADA	Alfalfa caterpillar	1 1b/A	Foliar application.
INAMARA	Bean leaf beetle	(1.5-10% D)	rollar application.
INAMARA	Bean leaf beetle	(1.5-10% D)	
INAMARA ITASAEA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP)	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D)	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/gal	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D)	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater-	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA IMOAAAA ITBCATA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater- pillar	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater-	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA IMOAAAA ITBCATA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater- pillar Western bean cut-	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA IMOAAAA ITBCATA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater- pillar Western bean cut- worm	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C)	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA IMOAAAA ITBCATA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater- pillar Western bean cut- worm	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA IMOAAAA ITBCATA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater- pillar Western bean cut- worm	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.089-0.133 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA IMOAAAA ITBCATA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater- pillar Western bean cut- worm	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.089-0.133 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft	
INAMARA ITASAEA INBGAAA INAMACA INAMACA ITBCCCA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IRASADA IMOAAAA ITBCATA	Bean leaf beetle Bean leafroller Blister beetles Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Green cloverworm Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean cater- pillar Western bean cut- worm	(1.5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.013-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.089-0.133 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/	

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations Site and Pest Dosages and Formulation(s) Beans (continued) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal)FIC) (5-42.6% F1C) 1-1.5 1b/AArmyworm Foliar application. (1.75-10% D) Corn earworm (50-80% WP) Cowpea curculio Corn rootworms (50% WP/D)Cutworms (2-5 lb/gal)European corn borer F1C) Fall armyworm OF . Lace bugs 0.01-0.02 oz/Pea weevil 10 ft row Sap beetles (2-10% D)Stink bugs OT Tarnished plant bug 0.017 oz**/ Webworms 0.1 gal/ Yellowstriped 10 ft row (2 1b/gal armyworm FlC) or 0.1-0.2 tbls actua1*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) 0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/ga1)

ITBCCFA

ITBCBOA

ITASARA

INAMBHA

ITBCABA

INBMCCA

ITBCCTA

IQAXAAA

INAGADA

INBJAAA

IQAQAAA

IQAMATA ITAAAMA

ITBCCQA

F1C)

(5-41.8% F1C)

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations
            Site and Pest
                                     Dosages and
                                     Formulation(s)
              Beans (continued)
                Blister beetles
INBGAAA
                                     0.5-1 1b/A
                                                   Foliar application.
INAPAFA
                Mexican bean beetle (80% WP)
                                     (4 1b/gal
                                      FIC)
                                       or
                                     1 tbls
                                      actual*/gal
                                     (80% WP)
                                       or
                                     0.25 oz**/gal
                                     (4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                                   Use limited to CA.
                                     2 1b/A
ITBCBOA
                Corn earworm
                                     (1.75-10% D) Foliar application.
                Cowpea curculio
ITASARA
                                     (50-85% WP)
ITBMBFA
                Limabean pod borer
IQAMARA
                                     (2-4 lb/gal
                Lygus bugs
IQAQAAA
                Stink bugs
                                     F1C)
                                     0.01-0.02 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                     (5% D)
                                       or
                                     0.022 oz**/
                                     0.1 gal/
                                      10 ft row
                                     (2 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
                                       or
                                    0.67-0.266 tbls
                                      actual*/0.1
                                      ga1/100
                                      sq.ft
                                     (50-85% WP)
                                    0.039-0.077
                                     oz**/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      [0.23 - 0.46]
                                     gal/100
                                     sq.ft]
                                    (2-4 lb/gal)
                                     F1C)
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CARBARYL

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations
            Site and Pest
                                     Dosages and
                                     Formulation(s)
              Beans (continued)
                                      0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
TVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                     (5-10% D)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                     (50-80% WP)
                                                    of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                     (2-4 lb/gal)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                      FlC)
                                                    of adults or when crops require
                                        or
                                                    greater coverage.
                                     0.01-0.02 \text{ oz/}
                                      10 ft row
                                     (5% D)
                                       OT
                                     0.01-0.015
                                      oz**/0.1 gal
                                      /10 ft row
                                       or
                                     0.05-0.015
                                      tbls actual*
                                      /0.1 gal/
                                      100 sq.ft
                                     (50% WP)
                                       or
                                     0.019-0.058
                                      oz**/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      [0.23-0.46]
                                      gal/100
                                      sq.ft]
                                     (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                     (5% F1C)
INA PAFA
                Mexican bean beetle 0.5 lb/A
                                                    Foliar application. Apply when egg
                                     (1.5-10% D)
                                                    masses first appear on the underside
                                     (50-85% WP)
                                                    of the leaves.
                                     (2-50\% WP/D)
                                     (2-5 lb/gal
                                      FIC)
                                     (42.6% F1C)
                                       OT
                                    0.007-0.02 oz/
                                      10 ft row
                                     (1.75-10% D)
                                       or
                                     0.011 oz**/
                                      0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                      ft row
                                     (2 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s)

Beans (continued)

0.02-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) (10% WP/D) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C) (21.5-42.6% F1C)

or

ISASAAA Ants ITBCCFA Armyworm IVAHAAA Crickets ITBCABA Cutworms Darkling beetles INBUAAA IMDAAAA Earwigs Grasshoppers IVABAAA IJCAAAA Millipedes IGDAACA Slugs Snails IGDAABA **IIFAAEA** Sowbugs

1-2 1b/A(5-10% G) (5-20% P/T) Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or

broadcast.

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
28002AA	<u>Beets</u>		5 ppm (roots) 12 ppm (tops) 3 day preharvest interval (roots) through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. 14 day preharvest interval (tops) through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA INBGAAA ITBCCSA INAMBHA INAMACA ITBCABA ITBMCCA ITBCCOA INBPAZA IQAMARA IQAQAAA IQAMATA IMOAAAA	Armyworm Blister beetle Cabbage looper Corn rootworms Cucumber beetles Cutworms European corn borer Fall armyworm Japanese beetle Lygus bugs Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug Thrips	1-2 1b/A (5-7.5% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.2 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.029-0.154 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (5-25% F1C)	Foliar application. Where the cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pesticide specifically recommended for it. For control of small cabbage loopers after edible parts start to form, apply at 5 to 7 day intervals.

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Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations
             Site and Pest
                                      Formulation(s)
               Beets (continued)
                 Flea beetles
                                      0.5-1 \text{ 1b/A}
                                                     Foliar application.
INAMACA
                                      (5-7.5% D)
                 Harlequin bug
IQAQAKA
                                      (50-80% WP)
IRAFAAA
                 Leafhoppers
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                       F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.01-0.02 \text{ oz}/
                                       10 ft row
                                      (5% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.011 oz**/
                                       0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                       ft row
                                      (2 1b/gal
                                       F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.05-0.1 tbls
                                       actual*/0.1
                                       ga1/100
                                       sq.ft
                                      (50% WP)
                                        or
                                      0.019-0.077
                                       oz**/100
                                       sq.ft
                                       [0.23-0.46
                                       gal/100
                                       sq.ft]
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                       F1C)
                                      (5-25% F1C)
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                      0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                      (5-10% D)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                                    of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                      F1C)
                                                    of adults or when crops require
                                                    greater coverage.
                                        OT
                                      0.01-0.02 oz/
                                     10 ft row-
                                      (5% D)
                                       OT
                                     0.01-0.015
                                      oz**/0.1 gal
                                       /10 ft row
                                     (2 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
            Issued: 5-16-81
                                          II-056801-19
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Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
Beets (continued)		
	or 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	
Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Earwigs Grasshoppers Millipedes Slugs Snails Sowbugs	1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
Blackberry Boysenberry Dewberry Loganberry Raspberry		12 ppm 7 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar application.
Climbing cutworms European raspberry aphid Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Leafrollers Orange tortrix Rose chafer Sawflies Snowy tree cricket	2 1b/A (5-10% D) or 0.6 oz/100 ft row (5% D) or 1-2 1b/A (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Dust formulations may be applied by aircraft. For Japanese beetle, apply when adults first appear and repeat as needed.

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ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA IGDAACA IGDAABA IIFAAEA

01002AA 01003AA 01004AA 01005AA 01006AA

ITBCCZA IRACAYA

INBPAZA IRAFAAA IMAAAEA ITBUALA INBPAUA ISAAABA IVAHAGA

CARBARYL

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Site and Pest Formulation(s) Blackberry cluster (continued) or 1-2 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.167-0.334 oz**/gal (2-4 lb/galF1C) Foliar application. Apply as Grasshoppers (5-10% D) needed. Omnivorous leafrol- 2 lb/A Foliar application. For use in CA. (80% WP) ler Raspberry sawfly or 1-2 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) OT 0.334 oz**/

> gal (2 1b/gal F1C)

/ABAAA

CBUBCA

BEASA

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
009AA	Blueberry		10 ppm No preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar application.
ВМАРА	Blueberry fruit fly	1.5-2 lb/A	Foliar application. Dust formula-
BGARA	Cherry fruitworm	(1.75-10% D)	tions may be applied by aircraft.
BMAGA	Cranberry fruitworm	(50-85% WP)	For blueberry fruit fly, apply 3
BCABA	Cutworms	(2-5 lb/gal	weeks before harvest timed with the
AHALA	European fruit lecanium	FlC)	emergence of adult flies and repeat 10 days later or as needed according
8PAZA	Japanese beetle	1-2 tbls	to local schedules. For fruitworms
AFAAA	Leafhoppers	actual*/gal	and scales, apply immediately after
3UALA	Orange tortrix	(50% WP) or 0.125-0.334 oz**/gal (2-5 lb/gal F1C) (10% F1C)	bloom or as soon as pest becomes active and repeat at 10 day intervals until harvest. For Japanese beetle, apply when adults first appear and repeat as needed.
ABAAA	Grasshoppers		Foliar application. Apply as needed.
	Boysenberry	See Blackberry	cluster.

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
AA AA* AA AA AA	Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower Kohlrabi		10 ppm 3 day preharvest interval through 2.1 pounds per acre for foliar application. 3 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
FA	Armyworm		Foliar application. Where cabbage
SA	Cabbage looper	(1.75-10% D)	looper is the principal problem,
OA	Corn earworm	(50-85% WP)	use an alternative pesticide speci-
HA	Cross-striped cab- bageworm	(2-5 lb/gal	fically recommended for it. For control of small cabbage loopers
FC	Diamondback moth (larvae)	F1C) 0.01-0.054	after edible plant parts start to form. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals
OA	Fall armyworm	oz/10 ft row	
HA	Imported cabbage	(5-10% D)	
CA	Saltmarsh cater- pillar	0.017-0.022 oz**/0.1	
AA	Stink bugs	ga1/10	
ſA	Tarnished plant bug	ft row (2 lb/gal F1C)	
		or 0.1-0.4 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100	
		sq.ft (50-80% WP) or	
		0.039-0.156 oz**/100 sq.ft	
		[0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft]	
		(2-5 lb/gal F1C)	
		(5-25% F1C)	

CARBARYL

Dosages and

Tolerance, Use, Limitations

```
Site and Pest
                                    Formulation(s)
             Broccoli cluster (continued)
NAMADA
               Flea beetles
                                    0.44 - 1.13
                                                   Foliar application.
QAQAKA
               Harlequin bug
                                     1b/A
                                    (1.75-10% D)
                                    (50-85% WP)
                                    (50\% WP/D)
                                    (2-5 lb/gal)
                                     F1C)
                                      OT
                                    0.01-0.054 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                    (5-10% D)
                                      or
                                    0.011 oz**/
                                     0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                     ft row
                                    (2 1b/gal
                                     F1C)
                                      or
                                    0.05-0.2 tbls
                                    actua1*/0.1
                                     ga1/100
                                     sq.ft
                                    (50-85% WP)
                                      or
                                    0.019-0.116
                                     oz**/100
                                     sq.ft
                                     [0.23-0.46
                                     ga1/100
                                     sq.ft]
                                    (2-5 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
                                    (5-25% F1C)
'ABAAA
               Grasshoppers
                                    0.44-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                    (1.75-10% D) half of the dosage range for control
                                    (50-80% WP)
                                                  of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                    (4 1b/gal
                                                  half of the dosage range for control
                                     F1C)
                                                  of adults or when crops require
                                      OT
                                                  greater coverage.
                                 • 0.02 oz/
                                    10 ft row
```

(5% D)

CARBARYL

Site and Pest Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s) Broccoli cluster (continued) OT 0.017 oz**/ 0.1 gal

/10 ft row (2 lb/gal)F1C) or 0.05 - 0.15tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50-80% WP) OT 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal)F1C)

2 1b/A ISASAAA Ants Armyworm (5% G) ITBCCFA Crickets (including (5-20% P/T) IVAHAAA field crickets) broadcast. Cutworms ITBCABA Darkling beetles INBUAAA IMDAAAA Earwigs IVABAAA Grasshoppers

Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or

ITBCABA

IJCAAAA

IGDAACA

IGDAABA

IIFAAEA

Cutworms

Millipedes

Slugs

Snails

Sowbugs

2 1b/A or

sq.ft

(10% G)

Preplant broadcast soil application. Disk or work into top 3 to 4 inches 0.074 oz/100 of soil before planting. Use not registered on Kohlrabi.

Brussels Sprouts

See Broccoli cluster.

Cabbage

See Broccoli cluster.

Cantaloupe

See Melons.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations	
28073AA	Carrots		10 ppm No preharvest interval through pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. acre rates may be applied by craft.	nd Per
IRAFAVA IQAMARA IRAEAAA	Aster leafhopper Lygus bugs Spittlebugs	1-1.5 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.017 oz**/0.1 gal /10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.15 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.039-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Repeat a 7 day intervals.	it 5 to

CARBARYL

Site and Pest Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Carrots (continued) --

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ITBCCFA INBGAAA ITBCCSA INAMACA ITBCABA INBPAZA IQAMARA IRAEAAA IQAQAAA IQAMATA IMOAAAA	Armyworm Blister beetles Cabbage looper Cucumber beetles Cutworms Japanese beetle Lygus bugs Spittlebugs Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug Thrips	1-2 lb/A (1.75-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 lb/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.2 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) or 0.039-0.154 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C) (5-41.8% F1C)	Foliar application. Where the cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pesticide specifically recommended for it. For control of small cabbage loopers after edible plant parts start to form, apply at 5 to 7 day intervals.
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CARBARYL

Dosages and

Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations

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Formulation(s)
               Carrots (continued)
INAMADA
                 Flea beetles
                                      0.5-1 \, 1b/A
                                                     Foliar application.
IRAFAAA
                 Leafhoppers
                                       (1.75-10% D)
                                      (50-85% WP)
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-5 lb/gal)
                                       F1C)
                                        OT
                                      0.01-0.02 \text{ oz}/
                                       10 ft row
                                      (5-10% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.011 oz**/
                                       0.1 \, \text{gal}/10
                                       ft row
                                      (2 lb/gal)
                                       F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.05-0.1 tbls
                                       actua1*/0.1
                                       ga1/100
                                       sq.ft
                                      (50-85\% WP)
                                        OT
                                      0.019-0.077
                                       02**/100
                                       sq.ft
                                       [0.23 - 0.46]
                                       ga1/100
                                       sq.ft]
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                       F1C)
                                      (5-41.8% F1C)
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                      0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                      (5-10% D)
                                                     half of the dosage range for control
                                      (50-85% WP)
                                                     of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                                     half of the dosage range for control
                                       F1C)
                                                     of adults or when crops require
                                        OT
                                                     greater coverage.
                                      0.01-0.02 oz/
                                      10 ft row
                                      (5-10% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.01-0.015
                                       oz**/0.1 gal
                                       /10 ft row
                                      (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
            Issued: 5-16-81
                                         II-056801-28
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CARBARYL Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Site and Pest Formulation(s) Carrots (continued) OT 0.05-0.15 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C)

ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Earwigs Grasshoppers Millipedes	1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
IGDAACA	Slugs		
IGDAABA	Snails		
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		

See Melons.

Cauliflower

Casaba Melons

See Broccoli cluster.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
28003AA	Celery		10 ppm 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar appli- cation. Per acre rates may be ap- plied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA ITBCBOA ITBCCOA IQAQAAA IQAMATA		1-2 1b/A (80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP) or 0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.
IRAFAVA IQAMARA IRAEAAA	Aster leafhopper Lygus bugs Spittlebugs	1-1.5 1b/A (80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP) or 0.039-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals.

CARBARYL .

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Celery (continued)		
INAMADA IRAFAAA	Flea beetles Leafhoppers	0.5-1 1b/A (80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP) or 0.019-0.039 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
05002AA	Cherry		10 ppm 1 day preharvest interval through 6 pounds per acre for foliar or bark application. 1 day preharvest interval through 2.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application.
IRACAAA	Aphids		
IOBMAQA	Apple maggot	3-6 1b/A	Foliar application. Dust formula-
ITBUBAA	Apple pandemis	(5-10% D)	tions may be applied by aircraft.
IRACCSA	Black cherry aphid	(5% WP/D)	For scale control, apply when craw-
IRAHAGA	Brown soft scale	or	lers are present. For oriental
IQAAABA	Catfacing insects	1 lb/100 gal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
IOBMALA	Cherry fruit fly	or	ply at petal fall and repeat at 10
ITBGARA	Cherry fruitworm	3-6 1b/A	to 14 day intervals until control
ITBCCUA	Citrus cutworm	(50-85% WP)	is achieved.
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	(50% WP/D)	
ITAUAEA	Eastern tent caterpillar	(2-5 lb/gal F1C)	
IMDCABA	European earwig	or	
ITBGBOA	Eyespotted bud moth	1 tbls	
IRAKBVA	Forbes scale	actual*/gal	
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leafrol- ler	(50-85% WP)	
ITBCBSA	Green fruitworm	0.5 tbls	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	actual*/gal	
INBPADA	June beetle	(5% WP/D)	
IRAFAAA	Leafhoppers	or	
IRAHAJA	Lecanium scales	0.125-0.334	
IRACCAA	Mealy plum aphid	oz**/gal	
IRAKBPA	Olive scale	(2-5 lb/gal	
IOBMAFA	Oriental fruit moth	FlC)	
IRAKBHA	Oystershell scale	(25-41.8%	
ITAMABA	Peach twig borer	F1C)	
IRAGACA	Periodical cicada		
INASAVA	Plum curculio		
IRAFAGA	Prune leafroller		
ITBUAPA	Redbanded leafrol-		
INBPAUA	Rose chafer		
IRAKBYA	San Jose scale		
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug		
ITAXAAA	Tussock moths		
ITBUBBA	Variegated leafrol- ler		

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Cherry cluster (continued)

ITBGAZA ITAUAEA ITBUALA ITAXAAA ITAXAFA	Codling moth Eastern tent cater- pillar Orange tortrix Tussock moths Western tussock moth	3-6 1b/A (5-10% D) or 0.75 1b/100 gal or 3-6 1b/A (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) or 0.75-1 tbls actual*/gal (50-85% WP) or 0.094-0.25 oz**/gal (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (25% F1C)	Foliar application. Dust formulations may be applied by aircraft. For codling moth, apply at petal fall and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals until control is achieved.
ITBQALA	Lesser peachtree borer	3.5-4 1b/A (5% D) (5% WP/D) or 1 1b/100 gal (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.5 tbls actual*/gal (5% WP/D) or 0.125-0.334 oz**/gal (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (25-41.8% F1C)	Bark application. Apply during appearance of moths in early to late summer. Make 2 or 3 applications at 7 day intervals to lower limbs and to trunk from ground to scaffold limbs timed with moth flight.

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Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

	Cherry cluster (conti	nued)	
ІТВОАНА	Peachtree borer	l tbls actual*/gal (50% WP)	Bark application. Apply during appearance of moths in early to late summer. Make 2 or 3 applications at 7 day intervals to trunk from scaffold limbs to ground timed with moth flight.
ISASAAA IVAHAAA ITBCABA IVABAAA IIFAAEA	Ants Crickets Cutworms Grasshoppers Sowbugs	2-2.5 lb/A (5% G) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. Gran- ular formulation may be applied by aircraft.
13010AA	Chinese Cabbage		10 ppm 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil application. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	1-2 1b/A	Foliar application. Where cabbage
ITBCCSA	Cabbage looper	(5-10% D)	looper is the principal problem,
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	(50-80% WP)	use an alternative pesticide speci-
ІТВМВНА	Cross-striped cabbage worm	(50% WP/D) (2-4 lb/gal	fically recommended for it. For control of small cabbage loopers
ITBWAFC	Diamondback moth (larvae)	FlC)	after edible plant parts start to form. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals
ITBCCTA	Fall armyworm	0.01-0.02 oz/	as needed.
ITBJAHA	Imported cabbage- worm	10 ft row (5% D)	
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs	or	
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug	0.017-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 lb/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.2 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-80% WP)	

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Site and Pest

CARBARYL

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Site and Pest Formulation(s) Chinese Cabbage (continued) or 0.039-0.116 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C) Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to Aster leafhopper 1-1.5 1b/A (5-10% D) 7 day intervals. (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) OT 0.017 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10ft row (2 1b/gal FlC) OT 0.1-0.15 tbls actual*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (50-80% WP) OT 0.039-0.116 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]

IRAFAVA

gal/100 .
sq.ft]
(2-4 lb/gal
F1C)

CARBARYL

Dosages and

Tolerance, Use, Limitations

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Formulation(s)
               Chinese Cabbage (continued)
INAMADA
                 Flea beetles
                                      0.5-1.13 lb/A Foliar application.
IQAQAKA
                 Harlequin bug
                                      (5-10% D)
IRAFAAA
                 Leafhoppers
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-4 1b/gal)
                                       FIC)
                                        or
                                      0.01 oz/
                                       10 ft row
                                      (5% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.011 oz**/
                                       0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                      ft row
                                      (2 1b/gal
                                       FIC)
                                        OF
                                      0.05-0.125
                                       tbls actual*
                                      /0.1 \text{ gal}/100
                                       sq.ft
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                      0.019-0.077
                                       oz**/100
                                       sq.ft
                                       [0.23 - 0.46]
                                       ga1/100
                                       sq.ft]
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                     0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                      (5-10% D)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                     (50-80% WP)
                                                    of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                     (4 lb/gal
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                      FlC)
                                                    of adults or when crops require
                                       or
                                                    greater coverage.
                                     0.02 oz/
                                      10 ft row
                                  (5% D)
                                       OT
                                     0.017 ūz**/
                                      0.1 gal
                                      /10 ft row
                                     (2 lb/gal)
                                      F1C)
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Site and Pest

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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Chinese Cabbage (continued)

or 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50-80% WP) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C)

CTBCCFA Armyworm
CVAHAAA Crickets
CTBCABA Cutworms
NBUAAA Darkling beetles
CVABAAA Grasshoppers
IFAAEA Sowbugs

2 1b/A Broadcast soil application. (5% G)

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
02000AA	Citrus Fruits		10 ppm 5 day preharvest interval through 1 pound per 100 gallons of water or 20 pounds for per acre foliar application. Do not apply more than 2,000 gallons of finished spray per acre. No preharvest interval through 2.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application. Treated pulp may be fed to dairy and meat animals.
ITAPAFA	Avocado leafroller	l 1b/100 gal	Foliar application. Apply only in
ІТВНАНА	California orange- dog	(50-85% WP) (2-4 lb/gal	full cover sprays. May be tank mixed with petroleum oils commonly
ITBCCUA	Citrus cutworm	F1C)	used on citrus. Do not apply less
INASCUA	Citrus root weevil	or	than 10 gallons of finished spray
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	l tbls	per mature tree.
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leafrol- ler	actual*/gal (50% WP)	
ITBUALA	Orange tortrix	or	
INASFAA	Sugarcane rootstalk borer weevil	oz**/gal	
ITAXAFA	Western tussock moth	(2 lb/gal F1C) (10-25% F1C)	
IRAHBBA	Black scale	0.75-1 1b/	Foliar application. Apply only in
IRAHAGA	Brown soft scale	100 gal	full cover sprays. May be tank
IRAKAEA	California red scale	(50-80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal	mixed with petroleum oils commonly used on citrus. Apply low dosage
IRAHAHA	Citricola scale	FIC)	early in the season or against light
IRAKBŻA	Citrus snow scale	or	infestations. Apply high dosage
IRAKBYA	San Jose scale	1 tb1s	late in the season or against heavy
IRAKAFA	Yellow scale	actual* (50% WP) or 0.125-0.167	infestations and situations involving infested fruit. Do not apply less than 10 gallons of finished spray per mature tree.
		oz**/gal	rimished spray ber marate cres.
		(2 1b/gal F1C)	
	•	(10-25% F1C)	
	i i		

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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

	Citrus Fruits (contin	ued)	
ISASAAA	Ants	2-2.5 lb/A	Broadcast soil application. Gran-
I VAHAAA	Crickets	(5% G)	ular formulation may be applied by
ITBCABA	Cutworms	(5% P/T)	aircraft.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	(0)	
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		
	, a		
02000DA	Citrus (nonbearing st	ock)	
IRAHAGA	Brown soft scale	4-8 lb/A	Foliar application. Dust formula-
ITBCCUA	Citrus cutworm	(10% D)	tion may be applied by aircraft.
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leafrol-	or	Apply to nonbearing trees or to
	ler	l tbls	mature trees with no fruit present.
ITBUALA	Orange tortrix	actual*/gal	For lepidopterous insects, apply
ITAXAFA	Western tussock	(50% WP)	when young larvae are present.
	moth		
23003AA	Clover		No preharvest interval through 1.6 pounds per acre for foliar application. No preharvest interval through 1.78 pounds per acre for ultra low volume foliar application. No preharvest interval through 1.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application. Observe plant response precautions.
ITBJADA INAMARA	Alfalfa caterpillar Bean leaf beetle	0.88-1.13 1b/A	Foliar application.
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	(1.75-10% D)	
ITBCCCA	Green cloverworm	(50-85% WP)	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	(50% WP/D)	
IRAFAAA	Leafhoppers	(4-5 lb/gal	
IŖASADA	Threecornered	F1C)	•
	alfalfa hopper		
IMOAAAA	Thrips		
ITBCATA	Velvetbean cater- pillar ?		
TIBCCQA	Yellowstriped army- worm		

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations	
	Clover (continued)			
INASBWS	Alfalfa weevil (larvae)	0.88-1.56 1b/A	Foliar application.	
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	(1.75-10% D)		
INASBUA	Clover head weevil	(50-85% WP)		
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	(50% WP/D)		
ITBCABA	Cutworms	(4-5 lb/gal		
INASBTC	Egyptian alfalfa weevil (larvae)	F1C)		
ITBCCTA	Fall armyworm			
IQAMARA	Lygus bugs			
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs			
ITAAAMA	Webworms			
INASBUC	Alfalfa weevil (larvae)	0.5-1 lb/A (50% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. For use in COID, NE, NV, and OR.),
INBGAAA INAPAFA	Blister beetles Mexican bean beetle	0.44-1.13 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (4-5 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.	

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CANDALIB			
Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations	
Clover (continued)			
Grasshoppers	0.44-1.5 lb/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.	
	F1C)	Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the lower rate for nymphs on small plants or sparse vegetation and the higher rate when grasshoppers are mature or vegetation is thick. May be applied by aircraft undiluted or diluted with diesel fuel, number 2 fuel oil, or kerosene. May be applied by ground mist blowers or cold fogging when diluted with aliphatic compounds mentioned above. Refer to manufacturer's directions for additional information on dilution rates, nozzles, and calibration. Do not mix with alchol, water, or aromatic solvents. Do not mix with fertilizers. Formulated with petroleum distillate.	
Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles	1.5 1b/A (5% D) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application.	

A A A

A

A A

A

Grasshoppers

Slugs

Snails

Sowbugs

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
13009AA 13011AA 13021AA 13026AA	Collards Kale Mustard (greens) Turnips (greens)		12 ppm 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil application. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA ITBCCSA ITBCBOA ITBMBHA ITBWAFC ITBCCTA ITBJAHA IQAQAAA IQAMATA	Armyworm Cabbage looper Corn earworm Cross-striped cab- bageworm Diamondback moth (larvae) Fall armyworm Imported cabbage worm Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug	1-2 1b/A (2-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.022 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.4 tbls actual*/100 sq.ft [0.1-0.23	Foliar application. Where cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pesticide specifically recommended for it. For control of small cabbage looper after edible plant parts start to form. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals.
		gal/100 sq.ft] (50-80% WP) or 0.23-0.46 oz**/gal/ 100 sq.ft (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Collards cluster (continued)

```
IRAFAVA
```

```
Aster leafhopper
                    1-1.74 lb/A Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to
                    (2-10% D)
                                  7 day intervals.
                      or
                    1-1.54 1b/A
                     (50-80% WP)
                    (50% WP/D)
                    (2-4 lb/gal)
                     F1C)
                      or
                    0.01-0.02 oz/
                     10 ft row
                    (5% D)
                      or
                    0.017 oz**/
                     0.1 gal/10
                     ft row
                    (2 1b/gal
                     F1C)
                      or
                    0.1-0.15 tbls
                     actual*/100
                     sq.ft
                     [0.1-0.23 gal
                     /100 sq.ft]
                    (50-80% WP)
                      or
                    0.039-0.116
                     oz**/100
                     sq.ft
                     [0.23 - 0.46]
                     ga1/100
                     sq.ft]
                    (2-4 lb/gal
```

F1C)

CARBARYL

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Site and Pest Dosages and Formulation(s) Collards cluster (continued) INAMACA Flea beetles 0.5-1.13 lb/A Foliar application. (2-10% D) IQAQAKA Harlequin bug IRAFAAA (50-80% WP) Leafhoppers (50% WP/D) (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) OT 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 lb/gal F1C) OT 0.05-0.2 tbls actual*/100 sq.ft [0.1-0.25 gal/ 100 sq.ft] (50-80% WP) OT 0.019-0.116 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C) **IVABAAA** Grasshoppers 0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (5-10% D) half of the dosage range for control (50-80% WP) of nymphs on small plants and upper (4 lb/gal half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require F1C) greater coverage. or 0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.017 oz**/ 0.1 gal /10 ft row

(2 lb/gal F1C)

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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Collards cluster (continued)

or 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50-80% WP) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C)

ITBCCFA Armyworm IVAHAAA Crickets ITBCABA Cutworms Darkling beetles INBUAAA Grasshoppers IVABAAA IJCAAAA Millipedes IGDAACA Slugs IGDAABA Snails IIFAAEA Sowbugs

2 1b/A (5% G) (5-20% P/T) Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

craft.

28005AA

Corn Field, Pop, Sweet

5 ppm fresh (including sweet) kernel and cob with husks removed. 100 ppm (fodder and forage) No preharvest interval through 2.1 pounds per acre for foliar application. No preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for band soil application. No preharvest interval through 6.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application. Application of carbaryl to the tassel region on the corn during the pollen shedding period will seri-

ously reduce bee populations. Per acre rates may be applied by air-

ITBCCFA	Armyworm
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm
INAMBHA	Corn rootworms
	(adults)
ITBCABA	Cutworms
INBMCCA	European corn
	borer (including
	larvae)
ITBCCTA	Fall armyworm
INAMADA	Flea beetle
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle
IRAFAAA	Leafhoppers
INBJAAA	Sap beetles
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs
ITBMAYA	Southwestern corn
	borer

(50-85% WP) (2-5 lb/gal F1C) OT 0.01-0.054 oz/10 ft row (5-10% D) OT 0.055-0.08 (5% D) OT 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 lb/gal F1C)

OT 0.067-0.45

> tbls actual* /100 sq.ft [0.1-0.13]gal/100 sq.ft] (50-85% WP)

0.88-2.1 lb/A Foliar application. For larvae in (1.75-10% D) the whorl and foliar feeders, apply to entire plant. Consult the State (2-50% WP/D) Agricultural Extension Service for proper timing of applications. Repeat as needed. For insects attacking silks and ears, apply at 1 to 6 day intervals starting when silks first appear and continuing until silks begin to dry. Three or more applications may be required depending on severity of infestation. Timing and good coverage are essenoz/100 sq.ft tial for effective control. When using homeowner dosages for budworm damage, apply thoroughly into the whorls when plant is about knee high. Repeat at 7 day intervals as needed. For dust formulations, reapply immediately after rain.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Corn Field, Pop, Swee	et (continued)	
		or 0.12 oz/gal (2% WP/D) or 0.019-0.155 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-5 lb/gal F1C) (5-25% F1C)	
IQALAFA	Chinch bug	1-2 1b/A or 0.022 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row or 0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Use high gallonage ground application directed at the base of plants.
ITBCABA	Cutworms	2 lb/A or 3-3.2 oz/ 1,000 ft row [12 in band] or 6.4-6.5 lb/A [broadcast] (50-80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. For 12 inch band, apply in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. For broadcast application, apply by aircraft in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre or in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre by ground equipment.
INBMCCA	European corn borer (including larvae)		Foliar application. Apply directly into whorls of plants when damage from first generation larvae threatens. Consult local Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service for proper timing of applications.
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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Corn Field, Pop, Sweet (continued)

```
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                    0.44-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                    (1.75-10% D) half of the dosage range for control
                                                  of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                    (50-80% WP)
                                                  half of the dosage range for control
                                    (4 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
                                                  of adults or when crops require
                                                  greater coverage.
                                      or
                                    0.02 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                    (5% D)
                                      OT
                                    0.017 oz**/
                                     0.1 gal
                                     /10 ft row
                                    (2 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
                                      or
                                    0.05-0.015
                                     tbls actual*
                                    /0.1 gal/
                                     100 sq.ft
                                    (50-80% WP)
                                      OT
                                    0.019-0.077
                                     oz**/100
                                     sq.ft
                                     \{0.23-0.46
                                     gal/100
                                     sq.ft]
                                    (2-4 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
                                    (5% F1C)
                                    2 lb/A
ITBCBTA
                Western bean cut-
                                                  Foliar application. Apply when in-
                                    (10% D)
                                                  festation averages 15 percent and
                 wo TI
                                    (80% WP)
                                                  90 to 100 percent tassel emergence.
                                    (2-4 lb/gal
                                                  Treatment after 100 percent silk
                                                  emergence will reduce effectiveness.
                                     F1C)
                                      or
                                    0.011 oz **/
                                 ; 0.1 gal
                                     /10 ft row
```

(2 lb/gal FlC)

CARBARYL

Site and Pest Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Corn Field, Pop, Sweet (continued)

or
0.2 tbls
actual*/0.1
gal/100
sq.ft
(80% WP)
or
0.077-0.116
oz**/100
sq.ft
[0.23-0.46
gal/100
sq.ft]
(2 lb/gal
F1C)

	F1C)	•
Western corn root- worm (adults)	0.75 lb/A (2 lb/gal F1C) (2 lb/gal RTU)	Use limited to the North Central States. Foliar application. Apply by aircraft or ultra low volume ground application. Repeat in 7 days as needed.
Corn earworm	2 1b/A (80% WP)	Center pivot irrigation application. Apply when first silks appear. If local populations warrant, make a second application 5 to 7 days after the first. Optimum timing is essential for effective control.
Corn rootworms (adults)	2 1b/A (80% WP)	Center pivot irrigation application. Repeat as needed.
Grasshoppers		·
•		Center pivot irrigation application. Repeat as needed. Optimum timing
Southwestern corn borer		is essential for effective control.
Western bean cut- worm ;	2 1b/A (80% WP)	Center pivot irrigation application. Make 2 applications, the first at 60 percent egg hatch and the second at 98 percent egg hatch. Optimum timing is essential for effective control.
	Corn rootworms (adults) Grasshoppers European corn borer (including larvae) Southwestern corn borer Western bean cut-	Western corn root- worm (adults) (2 lb/gal F1C) (2 lb/gal RTU) Corn earworm 2 lb/A (80% WP) Corn rootworms (adults) (adults) Grasshoppers European corn borer 2 lb/A (including larvae) Southwestern corn borer Western bean cut- 2 lb/A

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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Corn Field, Pop, Sweet (continued)

ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA	Ants 2 lb/A Armyworm (5% G) Crickets (including (5-20% P/T) field crickets)
ITBCABA	Cutworms
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles
IMDAAAA	Earwigs
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers
IJCAAAA	Millipedes
IGDAACA	Slugs
IGDAABA	Snails

Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

INAMBHC

IIFAAEA

Corn rootworms

(larvae)

Sowbugs

1.5 lb/A or 0.022 oz/ 10 fr row (10% D) Band soil application. Apply in a 5 to 7 inch band over row at time of planting.

28007AA Cotton

5 ppm (cottonseed) 100 ppm (forage)

No preharvest interval through 2.63 pounds per acre for foliar application.

No preharvest interval through 1.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application.

To avoid staining lint, do not apply spray formulations containing molasses after bolls have opened. May be applied by aircraft. For concentrate dust applications by aircraft, use standard venturi-type equipment with spreader vanes or swathmaster type spreaders. Fly at normal height (4 to 6 feet above plant tops) and maintain regular swath width (30 to 35 feet). For ground equipment, use tractor mounted power dusters with a metering device that feeds the concentrate dust through 1 nozzle per row (with deflector) or similarly designed electronic dusters.

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II-056801-50

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations)
	Cotton (continued)		
IRACAAA	(Aphids)	(5-20% D) (80-85% WP)	Foliar application. Claims for control are limited to population suspression with repeated applications.
ITBCCFA INASAHA ITBCBOA ITAYAHA ITBCCTA IRAFAAA IMAAAEA IQAMARA IQAMATA ITBCCQA	Armyworm Boll weevil Bollworm Cotton leafperforator Fall armyworm Leafhoppers Leafrollers Lygus bugs Tarnished plant bug Yellowstriped armyworm (cotton cutworm)	F1C) (4 1b/gal RTU) or 1-2 1b/A	Foliar application. For light to moderate infestations of lygus bugs in Western irrigated cotton. For mid to late season control of all other pests. Repeat application at 5 to 7 day intervals as needed. For improved bollworm control with wettable powder and flowable concentrate formulations, substitute 1 gallon of blackstrap molasses (feed grade) for 1 gallon on water in the finished spray per acre. Do not exceed 20 gallons of finished spray per acre.
IQAMAYA ITBCAOA INAMADA INBGAIA IMOAAAA	Cotton fleahopper Cotton leafhopper Flea beetles Striped blister beetle Thrips	0.5-1.13 lb/A (5-20% D) (80-85% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C) (4 lb/gal RTU) or 0.5-1 lb/A [concentrate dust] (25-50% D)	Foliar application. For early season control of cotton fleahopper, flea beetles, and thrips.

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Cotton (continued)		
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.5-1.52 lb/A (5-10% D) (80-85% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C) (4 lb/gal RTU) or 0.5-1.5 lb/A [concentrate dust] (25-50% D)	• • •
ITAMAOA	Pink bollworm	1.5-2.63 lb/A (5-20% D) (80-85% WP) (1.6-4 lb/gal F1C) (4 lb/gal RTU) or 1.5-2.5 lb/A [concentrate dust] (50% D)	Foliar application. Repeat application at 5 to 7 day intervals as needed.
ITABACA	Saltmarsh cater- pillar	1-2.5 1b/A (5-10% D)	Foliar application.
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs	or 2-2.13 1b/A (80-85% WP) (1.6-4 1b/gal F1C) or 1-2 1b/A (4 1b/gal RTU) or 1-2.5 1b/A [concentrate dust] (25-50% D)	

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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations

	Site and rest	Formulation(s)
	Cotton (continued)		
ISASAAA	Ants	1.5 1b/A	Broadcast soil application. For
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	(5% G)	nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in
IVAHAAA	Crickets (including field crickets)	(5-20% P/T)	the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
ITBCABA	Cutworms		
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles		
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers		•
IGDAACA	Slugs		
IGDAABA	Snails		
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		
15008AA	Cowpeas		5 ppm (peas) 100 ppm (forage, hay) No preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar application. Observe plant response.
1TBJADA	Alfalfa caterpillar	0.88-1.13	Foliar application.
INAMARA	Bean leaf beetle	lb/A	
ITASAEA	Bean leafroller	(1.75-10% D)	
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	(50-85% WP)	
ENAMADA	Flea beetles	(50% WP/D)	
(TBCCCA	Green cloverworm	(4-5) lb/gal	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	F1C)	
RAFAAA	Leafhoppers		
TRASADA	Threecornered alfalfa hopper		•
MOAAAA	Thrips		
TBCATA	Velvetbean cater- pillar		
TBCCFA	Armyworm	0.88-1.56	Foliar application.
TBCBOA	Corn earworm	1b/A	
TBCABA	Cutworms	(1.75-10% D)	
QAQAAA	Stink bugs	(50-80% WP)	
TAAAMA	Webworms	(50% WP/D)	
		(4-5 lb/gal F1C)	·
NBGAAA	Blister beetles	0.44-1.13	Foliar application.
NAPAFA	Mexican bean beetle	1b/A (1.75-10% D)	
		(50-80% WP)	•
		(50% WP/D)	
		(4-5 lb/gal	
		F1C)	

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Cowpeas (continued)		
ITBCBOA ITBMBFA IQAMARA IQAQAAA	Corn earworm Limabean pod borer Lygus bugs Stink bugs	1.825-2 lb/A (5-10% D) (80% WP)	Foliar application.
INASARA	Cowpea curculio	2 1b/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D)	Foliar application. Make 4 applications beginning at first bloom and at 5 day intervals thereafter.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.44-1.5 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.
01010AA	Cranberry		10 ppm 1 day preharvest interval through 4 pounds per acre of dust formula- tions or 3 pounds per acre of spray formulations for foliar applica- tions. May kill shrimp or crabs. Do not apply where these are impor- tant resources.
ITBCCZA ITAAAKA ITBMAGA INBPAZA IRAFAĀA INBPAUA IQAQAAA INASAKA	Climbing cutworms Cranberry fireworms Cranberry fruitworm Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Rose chafer Stink bugs Strawberry weevil	1-3 1b/A (1.75-10% D) or 1.5-4 1b/A (7.5-10% D) or 1.5-3 1b/A) (50-85% WP) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) or 0.5-1 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.078-0.5 oz**/gal/ (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (10% F1C)	Foliar application. Dust formulation may be applied by aircraft. Apply in late bloom and as needed at 7 to 10 day intervals.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Crenshaw Melons		See Melons.
10010AA	Cucumber		10 ppm No preharvest interval through l pound per acre for foliar and broad- cast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as needed. Avoid excessive applica- tions. Observe plant response pre- cautions.
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	1 1b/A	Foliar application.
ITBCCSA	Cabbage looper	(1.75-10% D)	rollar application.
INAMCFA	Colorado potato	(50-80% WP)	
40.0-2.0-2.0	beetle	(2-50% WP/D)	
INAMBHA	Corn rootworms	(2-5 lb/gal	
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	F1C)	
ITBCABA	Cutworms	(42.6% F1C)	
ITBCCTA	Fall armyworm	or	
INAMADA	Flea beetle	0.01 oz/	
IQAQAKA	Harlequin bug	10 ft row	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	(5-10% D)	
TRAFAAA	Leafhoppers	or	
IQAMARA	Lygus bugs	0.011 oz**/	
IQAGAFA	Squash bug	0.1 gal/10	
ITBQADA	Squash vine borer	ft row	
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs	(2 lb/gal	
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug	F1C)	
IMOAAAA	Thrips	or	
		0.05-0.1 tbls	
	•	actual*/0.1	
		ga1/100	
		sq.ft (50-95% (m)	
		(50-85% WP)	
		or 0.029-0.077	
		oz**/100	
		sq.ft	
		[0.23-0.46	
		ga1/100	
		sq.ft]	
	_	(2-4 lb/gal	
		F1C)	
		(5-42.6% F1C)	

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Cucumber (continued)

IVABAAA

Grasshoppers

0.5-1 1b/A(50-85% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C) or 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) OT 0.01 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10ft row (2 lb/gal F1C) OT 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal)F1C)

0.5-1 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (5-10% D) half of the dosage range for control (50-85% WP) of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.

CARBARYL

Dosages and Formulation(s)

Tolerance, Use, Limitations

Cucumber (continued) 0.5-1 1b/AITBMAUA Melonworm Foliar application. **ITBMAWA** Pickleworm (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/gal)F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) OT 0.05-0.1 tbls actua1*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) OT 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46]ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C) (5-42.6% 1b/ gal F1C) ISASAAA Ants 1 1b/A Broadcast soil application. For ITBCCFA (5-10% G) Armyworm nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in (5-20% P/T)IVAHAAA Crickets the afternoon banded along rows or ITBCABA Cutworms broadcast. INBUAAA Darkling beetles IMDAAAA Earwigs IVABAAA Grasshoppers IJCAAAA Millipedes ICDAACA Slugs IGDAABA Snails IIFAAEA Sowbugs

Site and Pest

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
13014AA	Dandelion		12 ppm 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Observe plant response precautions.
ITBCCFA ITBCCSA INAMACA ITBCABA INBPAZA IQAQAAA IMOAAAA	Armyworm Cabbage looper Cucumber beetles Cutworms Japanese beetle Stink bugs Thrips	1-2 1b/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.2 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Where the cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pesticide specifically recommended for it. For control of small cabbage loopers after edible plant parts start to form. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals.

CARBARYL

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Site and Pest
                                      Dosages and
                                                   Tolerance, Use, Limitations
                                      Formulation(s)
              Dandelion (continued)
RAFAVA
               Aster leafhopper
                                      1-1.5 \text{ 1b/A}
                                                     Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to
                                      (5-10% D)
                                                     7 day intervals.
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                      F1C)
                                        or
                                     0.01-0.02 \text{ oz/}
                                      10 ft row
                                      (5% D)
                                       OT
                                     0.011-0.017
                                      oz**/0.1 gal
                                      /10 ft row
                                     (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
                                       OF
                                     0.1 - 0.15 tbls
                                      actual*/0.1
                                     ga1/100
                                      sq.ft
                                     (50% WP)
                                       OT
                                     0.039-0.077
                                      oz**/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      [0.23-0.46
                                      ga1/100
                                      sq.ft]
                                     (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                                    Foliar application.
                                     0.5-1 \text{ lb/A}
TAMADA
               Flea beetles
AFAAA
               Leafhoppers
                                     (5-10% D)
                                     (50-80% WP)
                                     (50% WP/D)
                                     (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                       or
                                     0.01 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                  (5% D)
                                       OT
                                     0.011 oz**/
                                      0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                      ft row
                                     (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
```

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Site and Pest Dosages and

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Dandelion (continued)

or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C)

ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IVABAAA IIFAAEA Armyworm Crickets Cutworms

Darkling beetles Grasshoppers

Sowbugs

1-2 1b/A

(5% G)

Soil application. Broadcast application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded

along rows or broadcast.

Dewberry

See Blackberry cluster.

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II-056801-60

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s)	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
11001AA	Eggplant		10 ppm No preharvest interval through 4 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.
ITBCCFA INBGAAA INAMBHA INAMACA ITBMCCA ITBCCTA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IQAXAAA IQAMARA IQAMAAA IQAMATA IMOAAAA ITBCBOA ITBRAJA ITAMANA		F1C) or 1-4 1b/A (5-10% D) (5% P/T) (4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/	Foliar application.

CARBARYL

Dosages and

Tolerance, Use, Limitations

```
Formulation(s)
               Eggplant (continued)
INAMCFA
                 Colorado potato
                                      0.5-1 1b/A
                                                     Foliar application.
                  beetle
                                      (1.75-10% D)
                                      (50-80\% WP)
INAMACA
                 Flea beetles
IRAFAAA
                 Leafhoppers
                                      (5-50\% WP/D)
                                      (2-5 lb/gal
                                       F1C)
                                      (42.6% F1C)
                                      0.01-0.02 oz/
                                       10 ft row
                                      (2-10% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.011 oz**/
                                       0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                       ft row
                                      (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
                                      0.044-0.133
                                       tbls actual*
                                       /0.1 gal/
                                       100 sq.ft
                                      (50-85% WP)
                                      0.019-0.077
                                      oz**/100
                                       sq.ft
                                       [0.23-0.46
                                       ga1/100
                                       sq.ft]
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                      (5-42.6% F1C)
ITBCABA
                Cutworms
                                      2 1b/A
                                                   Foliar application.
                                      (5-10% D)
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                        or
                                   . 0.022 oz/
                                      /0.1 gal/
                                      10 ft row
                                      (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
```

Issued: 5-16-81

Site and Pest

II-056801-62

CARBARYL

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Site and Pest Dosages and Formulation(s) Eggplant (continued) or 0.2 tbls actua1*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.077-0.154 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C) 0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower Grasshoppers (5-10% D) half of the dosage range for control (50-80% WP) of nymphs on small plants and upper (2-4 lb/gal)half of the dosage range for control FIC) of adults or when crops require or greater coverage. 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) 0.01-0.015 oz**/0.1 gal /10 ft row or 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) OT 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]

Issued: 5-16-81 II-056801-63

gal/100
sq.ft]
(2-4 lb/gal
F1C)

IVABAAA

CARBARYL

roadcast soil application. For octurnal cutworms, spread bait in see afternoon banded along rows or roadcast.
octurnal cutworms, spread bait in le afternoon banded along rows or
ppm day preharvest interval through pounds per acre for foliar and coadcast soil applications. r acre rates may be applied by rcraft. serve plant response precautions.
liar application. Where the cab- ge looper is the principal pro- em, use an alternative pesticide ecifically recommended for it. r control of small cabbage loopers ter edible plant parts start to rm. Apply at 5 to 7 day inter- ls.

Issued: 5-16-81 II-056801-64

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Endive (Escarole) (continued)

Aster leafhopper Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to IRAFAVA 1-1.5 1b/A (5-7.5% D) IQAMARA Lygus bugs 7 day intervals. (50-80% WP) IRAEAAA Spittlebugs (50% WP/D) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)" or 0.01-0.02 oz/10 ft row (5% D) OT 0.011-0.017 oz**/0.1 gal /10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) OT 0.1-0.15 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]ga1/100 sq.ft]

(2-4 lb/gal F1C)

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Endive (Escarole) (continued)

INAMACA IQAQAKA IRAFAAA Flea beetles Harlequin bug Leafhoppers

0.5-1 lb/AFoliar application. (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100

sq.ft]
(2-4 lb/gal
F1C)
(10% F1C)

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Endive (Escarole) (continued)

_			_	-			
۲	v	Δ	R	Δ	Δ	Δ	

Grasshoppers

0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
(5-10% D) half of the dosage range for control
(50-80% WP) of nymphs on small plants and upper
(2-4 lb/gal half of the dosage range for control
of adults or when crops require
or greater coverage.

0.01-0.02 oz/
10 ft row
(5-10% D)
or
0.01-0.015

10 ft row
(5-10% D)
or
0.01-0.015
oz**/0.1 gal
/10 ft row
(2 1b/gal
F1C)
or
0.05-0.015
tbls actual*
/0.1 gal/
100 sq.ft
(50% WP)

0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal

F1C)

or

ISASAAA Ants ITBCCFA Armyworm IVAHAAA Crickets ITBCABA Cutworms Darkling beetles INBUAAA IMDAAAA Earwigs IVABAAA Grasshoppers IJCAAAA Millipedes IGDAACA Slugs IGDAABA Snails

IIFAAEA

1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)

Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

Sowbugs

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
3005AA	Filbert		l ppm No preharvest interval through 5 pounds per acre for foliar appli- cation.
RACCPA TBUBIA TBGBBA TBUAGA	Filbert aphid Filbert leafroller Filbertworm Fruittree leafrol- ler	or	Foliar application. Dust formulations may be applied by aircraft. Apply when leafroller eggs are hatching. Repeat on first appearance of adult filbertworms and again 21 to 28 days later.
	Grapefruit		See Citrus Fruits.

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Site and Pest Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Formulation(s)	Limitations
pounds per acre application. No preharvest i pounds per acre application.	nterval through 2 for foliar nterval through 2.5 for broadcast soil
ITBCABA Cutworms 0.8-2 lb/A Delayed dormant	and foliar applica-
ITBCAPA Eightspotted (1.75-10% D) tion. Dust for	mulations may be ap- ft. Make first ap-
	pefore blooms open,
INBPAZA Japanese beetle 0.8 oz/100 second just aft	er bloom, third 10
INBPADA June beetle ft row days later and	thereafter at 14 day
	Japanese beetle, ts first appear and
ITBUALA Orange tortrix 2 lb/A repeat as neede	1.
ITBUAPA Redbanded leafrol- (50-85% WP) ler (50% WP/D)	
ITABACA Saltmarsh caterpil- (2-5 lb/gal lar F1C)	
or 0 5 2 2 2 1 2	·
_ 0.5-2 tbls actual*/gal	
(50-85% WP)	
or	
0.5 tbls	
actual*/gal	
(5% WP/D)	
0T 0 167-0 227	
0.167-0.334 oz**/gal	
(2-5 lb/gal	
FIC)	
(25% F1C)	

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Grapes (continued)		
IRAHALA	European fruit lecanium	0.6-2 1b/A (1.5-10% D)	Foliar application. Dust formula- tions may be applied by aircraft.
INAMADA	Flea beetles	(5% WP/D)	For grape leaffolders, apply just
ITBMATA	Grape leaffolder	or	before first brood larvae emerge
IRAFAOA	Grape leafhopper	0.4 - 0.8 oz/	from rolls. Apply at 7 day inter-
ITBXACA	Western grapeleaf skeletonizer	100 ft row (5% D)	vals as needed for second and third broods. Apply as needed for leaf-
ITBCCRA	Western yellow- striped armyworm	or 1-2 lb/A (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/gal F1C) or 0.5-2 tbls actual*/gal (50-85% WP) 0.5 tbls actual*/gal (5% WP/D) or 0.078-0.334 oz**/gal (2-5 lb/gal F1C) (25% F1C)	hoppers. Thorough coverage is essential.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	 (5-10% D)	Foliar application. Apply as needed.
ISASAAA IVAHAAA ITBCABA IMDAAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA IIFAAEA	Ants Crickets Cutworms Earwigs Grasshoppers Millipedes Sowbugs	1.25-2.5 lb/A (5% G) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. Gran- ular formulation may be applied by aircraft.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
22001AA 21001BA	Grass (Hay) Grass (seed crop)		100 ppm (grass and hay) No preharvest interval through 2 pound per acre for foliar application. May be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA IQAMAJA IQALAFA ITBCBOA ITASAIA ITBCCTA INBPAZA IRAFAAA INAPAFA ITBNAJA IOBNACA IQAQAAA ITBCDBA IMOAAAA ITBCATA	Armyworm Black grass bug Chinch bug Corn earworm Essex skipper Fall armyworm Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Mexican bean beetle Range caterpillars Range crane fly Stink bugs Striped grass loopers Thrips Velvetbean cater- pillar	0.88-1.5 lb/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (4-5 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. To control thrips in grasses grown for seed, use high spray pressure to improve penetration into boot.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers .		Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.
INBPALC	Green june beetle (larvae)	1.5-2 1b/A (50-80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.
LAAMAQI	Mosquitoes (adults)	0.25-0.5 1b/A (10% D)	Foliar application. For airblast duster application only. Thorough coverage is required for effective control. Apply in early morning or evening when air is calm and adults are active.
	,		Foliar application. Apply in early morning or evening when air is calm and adults are active.

Issued: 5-16-81 II-056801-71

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
13019AA	Hanover salad		12 ppm (turnips, tops) 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar application. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	1-2 1b/A	Foliar application.
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	(80% WP)	••
ITBCCOA	Fall armyworm	(2-4 lb/gal	
ITBJAHA	Imported cabbage-	F1C)	
	worm	or	
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs	0.1-0.2 tbls	
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug	ga1/100	
		sq.ft	
		(80% WP)	
·=		or	
		0.017-0.022 oz**/0.1	
		gal/10	
		ft row	
		(2 lb/gal	
		F1C)	
		or	
		0.039-0.116	
		oz**/100	
		sq.ft	
		[0.23-0.46	
		ga1/100	
		sq.ft]	
		(2-4 lb/gal FlC)	
		/	

CARBARYL

Tolerance, Use, Limitations

Dosages and

Formulation(s)

Site and Pest

Hanover salad (continued) IRAFAVA Aster leafhopper 1-1.5 1b/A Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to (80% WP) 7 day intervals. (2-4 lb/galF1C) OT 0.1-0.15 tbls actua1*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (80% WP) OT 0.017 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) INAMADA Flea beetles 0.5-1 1b/AFoliar application. IQAQAKA Harlequin bug (80% WP) IRAFAAA Leafhoppers (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actua1*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (80% WP) OT 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10ft row

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> (2 lb/gal
' F1C)
 or

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s)

greater coverage.

half of the dosage range for control

of nymphs on small plants and upper

half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require

Hanover salad (continued)

0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/ga1)F1C)

IVABAAA Grasshoppers

0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C) OT 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (80% WP) or 0.017 oz**/ 0.1 gal /10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100

sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C)

Honeydew

See Melons.

Issued: 5-16-81 II-056801-74

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
14008AA 14014AA 14015AA 14019AA	Horseradish Radish Rutabaga Turnip (root crop)		5 ppm 3 day preharvest interval through 2 pound per acre for foliar and broad- cast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA ITBCCSA ITBCCZA ITBCBOA ITBMBHA ITBWAFC ITBCCTA ITBJAHA IQAQAAA IQAMATA	Armyworm Cabbage looper Climbing cutworms Corn earworm Cross-striped cabbage worm Diamondback moth (larvae) Fall armyworm Imported cabbage- worm Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug	10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 lb/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.2 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-80% WP) or 0.039-0.116 oz**/100	Foliar application. Where cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pesticide specifically recommended for it. For control of small cabbage loopers after edible plant parts start to form. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals as needed.
		sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C) (10% F1C)	

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations

Dosages and

Formulation(s)

Site and Pest

Issued: 5-16-81

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Horseradish cluster (continued)
IRAFAVA
                 Aster leafhopper
                                       1-1.5 \text{ lb/A}
                                                      Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to
                                                      7 day intervals as needed.
                                       (5-10% D)
                                       (50-80% WP)
                                       (50% WP/D)
                                       (2-4 lb/gal)
                                        FIC)
                                         or
                                       0.01-0.02 \text{ oz}/
                                       10 ft row
                                       (5% D)
                                         OT
                                       0.017 oz**/
                                       0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                       ft row
                                       (2 1b/gal
                                       F1C)
                                         or
                                       0.1-0.15 tbls
                                        actual*/0.1
                                        gal/100
                                       sq.ft
                                       (50-80% WP)
                                         or
                                      0.039-0.116
                                       oz**/100
                                        sq.ft
                                        [0.23 - 0.46]
                                       ga1/100
                                       sq.ft]
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                       FIC)
INAMADA
                Flea beetles
                                      0.5-1.13 lb/A Foliar application.
IQAQAKA
                Harlequin bug
                                      (5-10% D)
IRAFAAA
                Leafhoppers
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                       F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.01-0.02 oz/
                                    10 ft row (5% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.011 oz**/
                                       0.1 gal/10
                                       ft row
                                      (2 1b/gal
                                       F1C)
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II-056801-76

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Horseradish cluster (continued)

or 0.05-0.125 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-80% WP) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C) (10% F1C)

IVABAAA Grashoppers

0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (5-10% D) half of the dosage range for control (50-80% WP) of nymphs on small plants and upper (4 lb/gal half of the dosage range for control F1C) of adults or when crops require or greater coverage. 0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) OF 0.017 oz**/ 0.1 gal /10 ft row (2 1b/gal FIC) OT 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50-80% WP) 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23 - 0.46]gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal

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II-056801-77

F1C)

CARBARYL

Site and Pest	Dosages and	Tolerance,	Use,	Limitations
	Formulation(s)		

Horseradish cluster (continued)

ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA IGDAACA IGDAABA	Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Grasshoppers Millipedes Slugs Snails	2 1b/A (5% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		

<u>Kale</u> See Collards cluster.

Kohlrabi See Broccoli cluster.

<u>Kumquat</u> See Citrus Fruits.

<u>Lemon</u> See Citrus Fruits.

Issued: 5-16-81 II-056801-78

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
13020AA	Lettuce Head, Leaf		10 ppm 3 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications to head lettuce. 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications to leaf lettuce. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	1-2 lb/A	Foliar application. Where cabbage
ITBCCSA	Cabbage looper	(1.75-10% D)	looper is the principal problem, use
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	(50-80% WP)	an alternative pesticide specifi-
ITBMBHA	Cross-striped cab-	(50% WP/D)	cally recommended for it. For con-
	bageworm	(2-5 lb/gal	trol of small cabbage loopers after
INAMACA	Cucumber beetle	F1C)	edible plant parts start to form,
ITBCABA	Cutworms	0.01-0.02	apply at 5 to 7 day intervals. For
ITBWAFC	Diamondback moth (larvae)	oz/10 ft row (5-10% D)	the corn earworm, use the 2 pound rate at 5 to 7 day intervals after
ITBJAHA	Imported cabbage worm	or 0.011-0.022	heads start to form.
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	oz**/0.1-	
IQAXAAA	Lace bugs	0.25 gal/	
IQAMARA	Lygus bugs	10 ft row	
ITABACA	Saltmarsh cater- pillar	(2 lb/gal FlC)	
INBJAAA	Sap beetles	or	
IRAEAAA	Spittlebugs	0.067-0.1	
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs	tbls actual*	
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug		
IMOAAAA	Thrips	sq.ft	
ITBCCOA	Yellowstriped army- worm	(50% WP)	
		0.029-0.077	
		oz**/100	
	·	sq.ft	
		[0.23-0.46	
		gal/100	
		sq.ft]	•
		(2-4 lb/gal	
		F1C)	
		(5-41.8% F1C)	

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Lettuce Head, Leaf (continued)

```
IRAFAVA
                Aster leafhopper
                                    1-1.5 \text{ lb/A}
                                                   Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to
                                     (1.75-10% D) 7 day intervals.
IQAMARA
                Lygus bugs
IRAEAAA
                Spittlebugs
                                    (50-85% WP)
                                    (50% WP/D)
                                    (2-5 lb/gal)
                                     F1C)
                                      or
                                    0.01-0.02 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                    (5% D)
                                      OT
                                    0.011-0.017
                                    oz**/0.1 gal
                                     /10 ft row
                                    (2 1b/gal
                                     F1C)
                                      OT
                                    0.03-0.15 tbls
                                     actual*/100
                                     sq.ft
                                     [0.1-0.25 gal
                                     /100 sq.ft]
                                    (50% WP)
                                      or
                                    0.039-0.077
                                     oz**/100
                                     sq.ft
                                     [0.23-0.46
                                     ga1/100
                                     sq.ft]
```

(2-4 lb/gal F1C)

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Lettuce Head, Leaf (continued)

INAMADA Flea beetles 0.05-1 1b/AFoliar application. (1.75-10% D) IQAQAKA Harlequin bug IRAFAAA Leafhoppers (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/gal)F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10ft row (2 1b/gal FIC) or 0.025-0.1 tbls actual* /100 sq.ft [0.1-0.25 gal/100 sq.ft] (50-85% WP) 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal

F1C)

(5-41.8% F1C)

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Lettuce Head, Leaf (continued)

<u>.</u>	Lettuce Head, Lear	(continued)	
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.5-1.5 1b/A (5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.01-0.015 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.05-0.15 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.
ISASAAA ITBCCFA	Ants Armyworm	1-2 lb/A (5-10% G)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in
IVAHAAA	Crickets	(5-20% P/T)	the afternoon banded along rows or
ITBCABA	Cutworms	() 20% E/L)	broadcast.
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles	•	produces c.
IMDAAAA	Earwigs		
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers		
IJCAAAA	Millipedes		
IGDAACA	Slugs	*	
IGDAABA	Snails		
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		

Lime

See Citrus Fruits.

Loganberry

See Blackberry cluster.

Issued: 5-16-81

cast soil applications. Carbaryl		Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
INBGAAA	10001AA	Melons		No preharvest interval through l pound per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Carbaryl injures watermelons in FL. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/ga1 F1C) (5-41.8% F1C)	INBGAAA ITBCCSA INAMBHA INAMACA ITBCABA ITBCCOA INAMADA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IQAMARA INBJAAA IQAGAFA IQAGAFA IQAQAAA IRASADA	Blister beetles Cabbage looper Corn rootworms Cucumber beetles Cutworms Fall armyworm Flea beetles Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Lygus bugs Sap beetles Squash bug Stink bugs Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Yellowstriped army-	(1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 ga1/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.08-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 ga1/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) or 0.029-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Melons (continued)

IVABAAA

Grasshoppers

0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (5-10% D) half of the dosage range for control (50-85% WP) of nymphs on small plants and upper (2-4 lb/galhalf of the dosage range for control F1C) of adults or when crops require greater coverage. or 0.01-0.02 oz /10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.01-0.015 oz**/0.1 gal /10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.05 - 0.15tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal)

F1C)

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Melons (continued)		
ITBMAUA ITBMAWA	Melonworm Pickleworm	0.5-1 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (5-42.6% F1C)	Foliar application.
ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA IGDAACA IGDAABA IIFAAEA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Earwigs Grasshoppers Millipedes Slugs Snails Sowbugs	1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
	Muskmelons		See Melons.
	Mustard (Greens)		See Collards cluster.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
05003AA	<u>Nectarine</u>		10 ppm 3 day preharvest interval through 8 pounds per acre for foliar application. 3 day preharvest interval through 2.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application.
ITBUBAA	Apple pandemis	1 1b/100 gal	Foliar application. For codling
IRACCSA	Black cherry aphid	or	moth, oriental fruit moth, and plum
IRAHAGA	Brown soft scale	3-8 1b/A	curculio, apply at petal fall and
IOAAABA	Catfacing insects	(50-85% WP)	repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals
ITBGAZA	Codling moth	(2-5 1b/gal	until control is achieved. For
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	F1C)	scale control, apply when crawlers
IMDCABA	European earwig	or	are present.
ITBGBOA	Eyespotted bud moth	l tbls	•
IRAKBVA	Forbes scale	actual*/gal	•
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leafrol-	(50% WP)	
	ler	or	
ITBCBSA	Green fruitworm	0.125-0.375	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	oz**/gal	
INBPADA	June beetle	(2-5 lb/gal	
IRAHAJA	Lecanium scales	F1C)	
IRACCAA	Mealy plum aphid	(10-25% F1C)	
IRAKBPA	Olive scale		
ITBUALA	Orange tortrix		•
IOBMAFA	Oriental fruit moth		
IRAKBHA	Oystershell scale		
ITBUAYA	Pandemis moths		·
ITAMABA	Peach twig borer Periodical cicada		
IRAGACA			
INASAVA ITBUAPA	Plum curculio Redbanded leafrol-		
LIDUAFA	ler		
INBPAUA	Rose chafer		
IRAKBYA	San Jose scale	•	
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug		
ITAXAAA	Tussock moths		
ITBUBBA	Variegated leafrol-		•
	ler	•	

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Nectarine (continued)		
ITBGAZA ITBUAGA	Codling moth Fruittree leafrol-	3-6 1b/A (5-10% D) or	Foliar application. May be applied by aircraft. For codling moth and oriental fruit moth, apply at petal
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	3.75-8 1b/A	fall and repeat at 10 to 14 day
INBPADA	June beetle	(7.5-10% D)	intervals until control is achieved.
ITBUALA	Orange tortrix	,,,,,	
IOBMAFA	Oriental fruit moth		
ITAMABA	Peach twig borer		
IRAGACA	Periodical cicada		
INASAVA	Plum curculio		
ITAXAAA	Tussock moths		
ITBQALA	Lesser peachtree borer	1 1b/100 gal (50-80% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (5% WP) or 0.125-0.334 oz**/gal (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (25% F1C)	Foliar application. Apply when moths appear in early to late summer. Make 2 or 3 applications to limbs and trunk from ground to scaffold limbs at 7 day intervals timed with moth flight.
IOBMAFA ITAMABA	Oriental fruit moth Peach twig borer	1.5-3 lb/A (50% WP)	Foliar application. Apply in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre by low volume ground equipment only. Apply higher rate at petal fall and lower rate in summer stages.
ISASAAA IVAHAAA ITBCABA IVABAAA IIFAAEA	Ants Crickets Cutworms Grasshoppers Sowbugs	2-2.5 1b/A (5% G) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. Granular formulation may be applied by aircraft.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
10015AA	Okra		10 ppm No preharvest interval through 2 pound per acre for foliar and broad- cast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals as needed.
ITBCCFA INBGAAA ITBCCSA ITBCBOA INAMACA ITBCABA INAMADA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IRAFAAA IQAQAAA IMOAAAA	Armyworm Blister beetles Cabbage looper Corn earworm Cucumber beetles Cutworms Flea beetles Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Leafhoppers Stink bugs Thrips	1-2 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.2 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) or 0.029-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations Site and Pest Dosages and Formulation(s) Okra (continued) 0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower IVABAAA Grasshoppers (5-10% D) half of the dosage range for control (50-85% WP) of nymphs on small plants and upper (2-4 lb/gal)half of the dosage range for control F1C) of adults or when crops require greater coverage. or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.01-0.015 oz**/0.1 gal /10 ft row (2 lb/gal)F1C) or 0.05-0.15 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C) 1-2 1b/A ISASAÁA Broadcast soil application. For Ants (5-10% G) ITBCCFA Armyworm nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in IVAHAAA (5-20% P/T)Crickets the afternoon banded along rows or ITBCABA Cutworms broadcast. INBUAAA Darkling beetles IMDAAAA Earwigs Grasshoppers IVABAAA *IJCAAAA Millipedes IGDAACA Slugs IGDAABA Snails -IIFAAEA Sowbugs

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
06009AA	Olive		10 ppm No preharvest interval through 15 pounds per acre for foliar application. Do not exceed 2 applications per year.
IRAKBPA	Olive scale	0.75-1 1b/ 100 gal or 3-8 1b/A (50-80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.125-0.167 oz**/gal (2 1b/gal F1C) (25% F1C)	Foliar application. Tank mix with summer oil and apply when crawlers are present.
	Orange		See Citrus Fruits.

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
13022AA	Parsley		12 ppm 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by air- craft.
IRAFAVA ITBCCFA ITBCCSA ITBCABA ITBCCOA INBPAZA IQAQAAA IQAMATA IMOAAAA	Aster leafhopper Armyworm Cabbage looper Cutworms Fall armyworm Japanese beetle Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug Thrips	1-2 1b/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Where the cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pesticide specifically recommended for it. For control of small cabbage looper after edible plant parts start to form. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals.

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations
             Site and Pest
                                      Dosages and
                                      Formulation(s)
               Parsley (continued)
IRAFAVA
                 Aster leafhopper
                                      0.5-1 \, 1b/A
INAMACA
                 Flea beetles
                                                     Foliar application.
IRAFAAA
                 Leafhoppers
                                      (5-10% D)
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                       F1C)
                                        OT
                                      0.01-0.02 \text{ oz/}
                                       10 ft row
                                      (5\% D)
                                       or
                                      0.011 oz**/
                                       0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                       ft row
                                      (2 1b/gal
                                       F1C)
                                        OT
                                      0.05-0.1 tbls
                                       actua1*/0.1
                                       gal/100
                                       sq.ft
                                      (50% WP)
                                      0.019-0.077
                                       oz**/100
                                       sa.ft
                                       [0.23-0.46]
                                       ga1/100
                                       sq.ft]
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                       F1C)
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                      0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                      (5-10% D)
                                                     half of the dosage range for control
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                                     of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                                     half of the dosage range for control
                                       FIC)
                                                     of adults or when crops require
                                        or
                                                     greater coverage.
                                      0.01-0.02 \text{ oz}/
                                      10 ft row
                                      (5-10% D)
                                        or
                                      0.01-0.015
                                       oz**/0.1 gal
                                       /10 ft row
                                      (2 lb/gal
                                       F1C)
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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Parsley (continued)

or 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C)

ISASAAA	Ants
ITBCCFA	Armyworm
IVAHAAA	Crickets
ITBCABA	Cutworms
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles
IMDAAAA	Earwigs
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers
IJCAAAA	Millipedes
IGDAACA	Slugs
IGDAABA	Snails
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs

1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)

Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

	CARBARYL		
	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
14012AA	Parsnip		5 ppm 3 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by air- craft.
ITBCCFA IRAFAVA ITBCCSA ITBCABA INBPAZA IQAXAAA IQAMARA IQAQAAA IQAMATA IMOAAAA		1-2 1b/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.1-0.2 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.154 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (5-10% F1C)	Foliar application.

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Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s) Site and Pest Parsnip (continued) IRAFAVA Aster leafhopper 1-1.5 1b/A Foliar application. Repeat at 5 to (5-10% D) 7 day intervals. (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 lb/galF1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.017 oz**/0.1 ga1/10 ft row (2 1b/gal FlC) or 0.1-0.15 tbls actua1*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) OT 0.039-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C)

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Dosages and

Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations

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Formulation(s)
               Parsnip (continued)
                Flea beetles
INAMACA
                                      0.5-1 \, lb/A
                                                    Foliar application.
                                      (5-10% D)
                Leafhoppers
IRAFAAA
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal)
                                       F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.01-0.02 \text{ oz}/
                                      10 ft row
                                      (5% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.011 oz**/
                                      0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                       ft row
                                      (2 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                       OT
                                     0.05-0.1 tbls
                                      actua1*/0.1
                                      ga1/100
                                      sq.ft
                                     (50% WP)
                                       OT
                                     0.019-0.077
                                      oz**/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      [0.23-0.46
                                      gal/100
                                      sq.ft]
                                     (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                     (5-10% F1C)
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                     0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                     (5-10% D)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                     (50-80% WP)
                                                    of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                     (2-4 lb/gal)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                      F1C)
                                                    of adults or when crops require
                                                    greater coverage.
                                       or
                                     0.01-0.02 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                     (5-10% D)
                                       or
                                     0.01-0.015
                                      oz**/0.1 gal
                                      /10 ft row
                                     (2 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
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                                          II-056801-96
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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Parsnip (continued)

or 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C)

ISASAAA Ants ITBCCFA Armyworm IVAHAAA Crickets Cutworms **ITBCABA** INBUAAA Darkling beetles IMDAAAA Earwigs IVABAAA Grasshoppers IJCAAAA Millipedes **IGDAACA** Slugs Snails IGDAABA IIFAAEA Sowbugs

1-2 lb/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T) Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
28035AA 28045AA	Pasture Rangeland		100 ppm (grass and hay) No pregrazing interval through 1.78 pounds per acre for ultra low volume foliar application. No pregrazing interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar applica- tion or broadcast soil application. May be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA IQAMAJA IQALAEA ITASAIA ITBCCOA ITBNAJA IOBNACA IQAQAAA ITBCDBA	Armyworm Black grass bugs Chinch bugs Essex skipper Fall armyworm Range caterpillars Range crane fly Stink bugs Striped grass loopers Thrips	0.88-1.5 lb/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (4-5 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application.
ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCCOA IVABAAA	Armyworm Crickets Fall armyworm Grasshoppers	1-2 1b/A (10-20 P/T)	Broadcast soil application. Apply lower rate for control of early instars on sparse vegetation and higher rate for mature crickets and grasshoppers or late instar armyworms on dense vegetation.
IQAMAJA	Black grass bug	F1C) (3.8-4 lb/gal RTU)	Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the lower rate for immature bugs in sparse vegetation and the higher rate for mature bugs or when vegetation is thick. May be applied by aircraft undiluted or diluted with diesel fuel, number 2 fuel oil, or kerosene. May be applied by ground mist blowers or cold fogging when diluted with aliphatic compounds mentioned above. Refer to manufacturer's directions for additional information on dilution rates, nozzles, and calibration. Do not mix with alcohol, water, or aromatic solvents. Do not mix with fertilizers. Formulated with petroleum distillate.

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Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s)

Pasture cluster (continued)

IVABAAA

Grasshoppers

0.44-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (1.75-10% D) half of the dosage range, for (50-85% WP) control of nymphs on small plants (2-4 lb/gal)and upper half of the dosage range F1C) for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.

0.59-1.78 lb/A F1C) RTU)

Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the (3.8-4 lb/gal lower rate for nymphs on small plants or sparce vegetation and the (3.8-4 lb/gal higher rate when grasshoppers are mature or vegetation is thick. May be applied by aircraft undiluted or diluted with diesel fuel, number 2 fuel oil, or kerosene. May be applied by ground mist blowers or cold fogging when diluted with aliphatic compounds mentioned above. Refer to manufacture's directions for additional information on dilution rates, nozzles, and calibration. Do not mix with alcohol, water, or aromatic solvents. Do not mix with fertilizers. Formulated with petroleum distillate.

INBPALC

Green june beetle (larvae)

1.5-2 lb/A(50-80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C)

Foliar application.

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Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s)

Pasture cluster (continued)

INBPAZA	
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Japanese beetle

1.19 1b/A F1C) RTU)

Ultra low volume or low volume fo-(3.8-4 lb/gal liar application. Apply when adults are present. May be applied (3.8-4 lb/gal by aircraft undiluted or diluted with diesel fuel, number 2 fuel oil, or kerosene. May be applied by ground mist blowers or cold fogging when diluted with aliphatic compounds mentioned above. Refer to manufacture's directions for additional information on dilution rates, nozzles, and calibration. Do not mix with alcohol, water, or aromatic solvents. Do not mix with fertilizers. Formulated with petroleum distil-

IOAMAAJ

Mosquitoes (adults) 0.25-0.53

1b/A (10% D) (50-80% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C)

Foliar application. Apply by mist blower or airblast dusters. Thorough coverage is essential for effective control. Apply in early morning or evening when air is calm and adults active. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

0.5-1 1b/A(80% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C)

Foliar application. Apply by aircraft in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Apply in early morning or evening when air is calm and adults are active. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

0.25-1 1b/A (10% D) (2-4 1b/gal)FIC) or 1 1b/A

Foliar application. Apply sprays by low pressure ground sprayers in sufficient water for through coverage. Apply in early morning or evening when air is calm and adults are active. Repeat at 7 to 10 day (50-80% WP) intervals.

water (50-80% WP)

1 lb/100 gal Foliar application. Apply where pest congregates in early morning or evening when (2-4 lb/gal air is calm and adults are active.

F1C)

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Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s)

Pasture cluster (continued)

Range caterpillars 0.59-1.19

1b/A

F1C)

RTU)

Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the lower (3.8-4 lb/gal rate when larvae are in early instars and the higher rate for (3.8-4 lb/gal later instars. May be applied by aircraft undiluted or diluted with diesel fuel, number 2 fuel oil, or kerosene. May be applied by ground mist blowers or cold fogging when diluted with aliphatic compounds mentioned above. Refer to manufacture's directions for additional information on dilution rates, nozzles, and calibration. Do not mix with alcohol, water, or aromatic solvents. Do not mix with fertilizers.

Formulated with petroleum distillate.

Peach

10 ppm

1 day prehambest interval through 8 pounds per acre for foliar or bark application.

1 day preharvest interval through 2.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil applications. To avoid possible fruit thinning, do not apply wettable powder formulations until 2.5 days after full bloom.

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Site and Pest

CAAA

UBAA

CCSA

HAGA

AABA

GAZA

HAWA

MACA

CABA

HALA

GBOA

KBVA

UAGA

CBSA

PAZA

PADA

HAGA

CCAA

KBPA

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Peach (continued)

Aphids Apple pandemis or 3-8 1b/ABlack cherry aphid (50-85% WP)Brown soft scale (50% WP/D) Catfacing insects Codling moth (2-5 lb/gal)F1C) Cottony peach scale Cucumber beetles OT European earwig 0.5-2 tbls European fruit actual*/gal lecanium (50-85% WP) Evespotted bud moth or Forbes scale 0.5 tbls Fruittree leafactual*/gal roller (5% WP/D) Green fruitworm OF 0.125-0.375 Japanese beetle June beetle oz**/gal (2-5 lb/gal)Lecanium scales Mealy plum aphid FIC) Olive scale (10-41.8%F1C) Oriental fruit moth

1 1b/100 gal Foliar application. For codling or moth, oriental fruit moth, and plum 3-8 1b/A curculio, apply at petal fall and (50-85% WP) repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals until control is achieved. For scale control, apply when crawlers are present. For Japanese beetle or and June beetle, apply when adults 0.5-2 tbls appear and repeat in 10 to 14 days actual*/gal if needed.

MAFA **KBHA** Oystershell scale Pandemis moths UAYA Peach twig borer MABA GACA Periodical cicada Plum curculio SAVA UAPA Redbanded leafroller PAUA Rose chafer San jose scale KBYA Stink bugs OAAA Tarnished plant bug MATA HANA Terrapin scale XAAA Tussock moths UBBA Variegated leafroller KBWA Walnut scale MBNA Western spotted cucumber beetle CBUA White peach scale

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Peach (continued)		
IQAAABA	Catfacing insects	1.5-6 1b/A	Foliar application. May be applied
ITBGAZA	Codling moth	(5-10% D)	by aircraft. For codling moth, ori-
IRAKBVA	Forbes scale	(5% WP/D)	ental fruit moth and plum curculio,
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leaf- roller	or 3.75-8 1b/A	apply at petal fall and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals until control is
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	(7.5-10% D)	achieved. For scale control, apply
INBPADA	June beetle		when crawlers are present in spring
IRAHAGA	Lecanium scales		and early summer.
IRAKBPA	Olive scale		•
ITBUALA	Orange tortrix		
IOBMAFA	Oriental fruit moth		
ITAMABA	Peach twig borer		•
IRAGACA	Periodical cicada		
INASAVA	Plum curculio		
ITBUAPA	Redbanded leaf- roller		
IRAKBYA	San jose scale		
ITAXAAA	Tussock moths		
ITBGAZA	Codling moth	0.75 1b/100	Foliar application. For codling
ITAUAEA	Eastern tent cater- pillar	(50-85% WP)	moth, apply at petal fall and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals until
ITBUALA	Orange tortrix	(50% WP/D)	control is achieved.
ITAXAAA	Tussock moths	(2-5 lb/gal F1C) or	
		3-8 lb/A	
		(4 lb/gal F1C)	
		or	
		l tbls	·
		actual*/gal (50% WP)	
		or 0 125-0 167	
		0.125-0.167	
		oz**/gal (2 lb/gal	
		F1C)	
		(10-27% F1C)	

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Peach (continued)		
ITBQALA	Lesser peachtree borer	1 1b/100 ga1 (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/ga1 F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/ga1 (50-85% WP) or 0.5 tbls actual*/ga1 (5% WP/D) or 0.167-0.334 oz**/ga1 (2-4 1b/ga1 F1C) (25-41.8% F1C)	Bark application. Apply during appearance of moths in early to late summer. Make 2 or 3 applications to limbs and trunk from ground to scaffold limbs at 7 day intervals timed with moth flight.
IOBMAFA ITAMABA	Oriental fruit moth Peach twig borer	1.5-3 1b/A (50% WP)	Foliar application. Apply in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre by low volume ground equipment only. Apply higher rate at petal fall and lower rate in summer stages.
ITBQAHA	Peachtree borer	(5-10% D) or 3.5 1b/A (5% WP/D)	Bark application. Dust limbs and trunks thoroughly. Apply during appearance of moths in early to late summer. Make 2 or 3 applications to trunk from ground to scaffold limbs timed with moth flight.
	•	<pre>1 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.5 tbls actual*/gal (5% WP/D) or 0.125 oz**/ gal (27% F1C)</pre>	Bark application. Apply during appearance of moths in early to late summer. Make 2 or 3 applications to trunk from ground to scaffold limbs timed with moth flight.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Peach (continued)		
ISASAAA IVAHAAA ITBCABA IVABAAA IIFAAEA	Ants Crickets Cutworms Grasshoppers Sowbugs	2-2.5 lb/A (5% G) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. Granular formulation may be by aircraft.
28015AA	Peanuts		5 ppm (peanuts) 100 ppm (hay) No preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar application. No preharvest interval through 1 pound per acre for broadcast soil application. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Observe plant response precaution.
ITBJADA	Alfalfa caterpillar		
INAMARA	Bean leaf beetle	0.88-1.13	Foliar application.
INAMA CA	Cucumber beetles	1b/A	
ITBCCCA	Green cloverworm	(1.75-10% D)	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	(50-85% WP)	
IRAFAAA	Leafhoppers (including potato leafhopper)	(50% WP/D) or 0.1 tbls	
ITAMATA	Rednecked peanut- worm	actual*/ 0.1 gal/	
ITBCCLA	Southern armyworm	100 sq.ft	
INAMBMA	Spotted cucumber beetle	(50-80% WP) or	
IBASADA	Three-cornered alfalfa hopper	0.017-0.022 oz**/0.1gal/	
IMOAAA	Thrips	10 ft row	
ITBCATA	Velvetbean cater- pillar	(2 lb/gal FlC) or	
		0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2 lb/gal F1C)	

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CARBARYL

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations
            Site and Pest
                                     Dosages and
                                     Formulation(s)
              Peanuts (continued)
                                     0.88-1.56
                                                    Foliar application.
LTBCCFA
                Armyworm
                                     (1.75-10% D)
                Corn earworm
ITBCBOA
                                     (50-85% WP)
                Fall armyworm
ITBCCOA
[OAOAAA
                Stinkbugs
                                     (50% WP/D)
                                     (2-5 lb/gal
I.TAAAMA
                Webworms
                                      F1C)
                                       or
                                     0.1 - 0.15 tbls
                                      actual*/
                                      0.1 gal/
                                      100 sq.ft
                                     (50-80% WP)
                                       OT
                                     0.011-0.022
                                      oz**/0.1
                                      ga1/10
                                      ft row
                                     (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
                                       OT
                                     0.039-0.058
                                      oz**/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      [0.23 - 0.46]
                                      ga1/100
                                      sq.ft]
                                     (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
NBGAAA
               Blister beetles
                                     0.44-1.13
                                                   Foliar application.
                                     (1.75-10% D)
                                     (50-85% WP)
                                     (50% WP/D)
                                     (2-5 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                       OT
                                     0.011 oz**/
                                      0.1 gal/
                                      10 ft row
                                     (2 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                       or
                                     0.05-0.1 tbls
                                      actual*/
                                      0.1 gal/
                                      100 sq.ft
                                     (50-80% WP)
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Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations
            Site and Pest
                                    Formulation(s)
              Peanuts (continued)
                                      or
                                    0.019-0.039
                                     oz**/100
                                     sq.ft
                                     [0.23-0.46]
                                     ga1/100
                                     sq.ft]
                                    (2 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
                                    2 1b/A
ITBCABA
                Cutworms
                                                  Foliar application.
INASBOJ
               Whitefringed beetle (80% WP)
                (adults)
                                    (4 lb/gal
                                    FlC)
                                      or
                                    0.2 tbls
                                    actual*/
                                     0.1 gal/
                                    100 sq.ft
                                    (80% WP)
                                     OT
                                    0.077 oz**/
                                    0.23-0.46
                                    ga1/100
                                    sq.ft
                                    (2 lb/gal
                                    F1C)
IVABAAA
                                   0.44-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
               Grasshoppers
                                    (1.75-10% D) half of the dosage range for con-
                                    (50-85% WP) trol of nymphs or small plants and
                                   (50% WP/D)
                                                 upper half of the dosage range for
                                   (4 lb/gal F1C)control of adults or when crops
                                     OT
                                                 require greater coverage.
                                   0.05-0.1 tbls
                                    actual*/
                                    0.1 gal/
                                    100 sq.ft
                                   (50-80% WP)
                                     or
                                 > 0.017 oz**/
                                    0.1 gal/
                                    10 ft row
                                   (2 lb/gal
                                    FIC)
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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Peanuts (continued)

or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)

1 1b/A ISASAAA Ants (5% G) ITBCCFA Armyworm IVAHAAA Crickets (including (5-20% P/T) field crickets) ITBCABA Cutworms Darkling beetles INBUAAA IVABAAA Grasshoppers IGDAACA Slugs Snails IGDAABA IIFAAEA Sowbugs

Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
04003AA	<u>Pear</u>		10 ppm 1 day preharvest interval through 10 pounds per acre for foliar application. 1 day preharvest interval through 2.5 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application. Foliage injury may result from wet- table powder formulations tank mixed with summer oils.
IRACAUA	Apple aphid	3.4-6 lb/A	Foliar application. For codling
IOBMAQA	Apple maggot	(5-10% D)	moth and plum curculio, apply at
ISBEBAA	California pear sawfly	(5% WP/D) or	petal fall and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals until control is
ITBGAZA	Codling moth	1.5-10 1b/A	achieved. For rosy apple aphid
ITAUAEA	Eastern tent caterpillar	(5-10% D)	control, apply before leaves curl. For scale control apply when crawl-
ISBEARA	European apple sawfly		ers are present in spring and early summer. For apple maggot control
ITBGBOA	Eyespotted bud moth		apply at 10 day intervals beginning
IRAKBVA	Forbes scale		in July.
ITBVAGA	Fruittree leaf roller		
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle		
IRAHAJA	Lecanium scales		
ITBUALA	Orange tortrix		
IRAKBHA	Oystershell scale		
IRAXALA	Pear psylla		
ISBEAEA	Pear sawfly		
IRAGACA	Periodical cicada		
INASAVA	Plum curculio		
ITBUAPA	Redbanded leafroller	•	
IRACBQA	Rosy apple aphid		
IRAKBYA	San jose scale		
ITAPABA	Tentiform leafminers	3	

CARBARYL

Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
Pear (continued)		
Apple aphid Codling moth	0.5 1b/100 gal or 3-6 1b/A (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) or 3-10 1b/A (4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.5 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) (5% WP/D) or 0.0625-0.167 oz**/gal (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (5-41.8% F1C)	Foliar application. For use east of the Rocky Mountains. Heavy aphid populations may require repeat applications. For codling moth, apply at petal fall and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals until control is achieved.
Apple aphid Apple rust mite Bagworm California pear sawfly Codling moth Eyespotted bud moth Green fruitworm Lecanium scales Lesser appleworm Lygus bugs Orange tortrix Oystershell scale Pearleaf blister mite Pear psylla Pear rust mite San jose scale Tentiform leaf- miners Woolly apple aphid	0.75-1 1b/ 100 gal or 3-6 1b/A (50-85% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 0.125-0.167 ·oz**/gal (2-2.36 1b/ gal F1C) (5-27% F1C) or 3-10 1b/A (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. For use west of the Rocky Mountains. Heavy aphid populations may require repeat applications. For codling moth, apply at petal fall and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals until control is achieved. For psylla, apply when eggs hatch or young nymphs are present. For scale control, apply when crawlers are present.

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AUA AZA

AUA AKA ABA BAA

AZA BOA BŚA AJA ASA

ARA ALA BHA AWA

ALA AOA BYA ABA

BUA

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Pear (continued)		
IOBMAQA	Apple maggot	1 1b/100 gal	Foliar application. For use east
ILAJAKA	Apple rust mite	or	of the Rocky Mountains. For plum
ITBKABA	Bagworm	3-6 1b/A	curculio, apply at petal fall and
ITAUAEA	Eastern tent	(50-85% WP)	repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals
	caterpillar	(50% WP/D)	until control is achieved. For
ISBEARA	European apple sawfly	(2-5 lb/gal FlC)	rosy apple aphid, apply before leaves curl. For scale control,
ITBGBOA	Eyespotted bud moth	or	apply when crawlers are present.
IRAKBVA	Forbes scale	3-10 1b/A	For apple maggot control, apply at
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leaf- roller	(4 lb/gal F1C)	10 day intervals in July. For pear psylla control, apply when eggs
ITBCBSA	Green fruitworm	1 tbls	hatch or young nymphs are present.
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	actual*/gal	
IRAHAJA	Lecanium scales	(50% WP)	•
ITBGASA	Lesser appleworm	or	
IRAKBHA	Oystershell scale	0.5 tbls	
ILAJAWA	Pearleaf blister mite	actual*/gal (5% WP/D)	
IRAXALA	Pear psylla	or	
ILAJAOA	Pear rust mite	0.083-0.167	
IRAGACA	Periodical cicada	oz**/gal	
INASAVA	Plum curculio	(2-5 lb/gal	
ITBUAPA	Redbanded leaf- roller	F1C) (5-41.8% F1C)	
IRAKBYA	Sanyjoselscaleid		
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug		
ITAPABA	Tentiform leaf- miners		
IRACBUA	Woolly apple aphid		
ITBUACA	Yellowheaded fire- worm		
ISASAAA	Ants	2-2.5 1b/A	Broadcast soil application.
IVAHAAA	Crickets	(5% G)	Granular formulation may be
ITBCABA	Cutworms	(5% P/T)	applied by aircraft.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers		••
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
28016AA	Peas		10 ppm (peas with pod) 100 ppm (peavines) No preharvest interval through 2.6 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by air- craft.
ITBJADA	Alfalfa caterpillar	1-1.5 lb/A	Foliar application.
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	(1.75-10% D)	
INAMARA	Bean leaf beetle	(50-85% WP)	
ITASAEA	Bean leafroller	(50% WP/D)	
INBGAAA	Blister beetles	(2-5 lb/gal	
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	F1C)	
INAMBHA	Corn rootworms	or	
INASARA	Cowpea curculio	0.01-0.02 oz/	
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	10 ft row	
ITBCABA	Cutworms	(2-10% D)	
IT BMCCA	European corn borer	or	
ITBCCOA	Fall armyworm	0.011-0.017	
INAMADA	Flea beetles	oz **/0.1	
ITBCCCA		gal/10	
IQAQAKA	Harlequin bug	ft row	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	(2 lb/gal FlC)	
INASDPA	Pea leaf weevil	or	
INAGADA	Pea weevil	0.1-0.2 tbls	
INBJAAA	Sap beetles	actual*/	•
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs	0.1 gal/	
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug		
IRASADA	Three cornered alfalfa hopper	(50-85% WP)	
IMOAAAA	Thrips	0.039-0.077	
ITBCATA	Velvet bean cater- pillar	oz**/100 sq.ft	
ITAAAMA	Webworms	[0.23-0.46	•
ITBCATA	Western bean cutworm	gal/100 sq.ft]	
ITBCCQA	Yellowstriped armyworm	(2-4 lb/gal F1C)	·
	-	(5-10% F1C)	

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Peas (continued)		
ITBCAVA INAMCFA	Alfalfa looper Colorado potato beetle	1 1b/A (5-10% D) (50-85% WP)	Foliar application. Claims for Colorado potato beetle are limited to control on weeds in pea fields
TRAFAAA	Leafhoppers	(50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/ 10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.1 tbls actual*/ 0.1 gal water/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.039-0.0770 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	to avoid insect contamination in processed peas.
ITBCAVA	Alfalfa looper	(50-80% WP) (2.4 lb/gal F1C) or 0.25 tbls actual*/	Foliar application.

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Site and Pest Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s) Peas (continued) or 0.116 oz**/ 0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) . Corn earworm 2 lb/A ITBCBOA Foliar application. ITBMBFA Limabean pod borer (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) Lygus bugs IQAMARA IQAQAAA Stink bugs (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/10 ft row (5% D) OT 0.022 oz**/ 0.1 gal/ 10 ft row (2 lb/gal F1C) or 0.067-0.266 tbls actual*/ 0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) OT 0.039-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C)

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations
            Site and Pest
                                    Formulation(s)
              Peas (continued)
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                    0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                    (5-10% D)
                                                  half of dosage range for control of
                                    (50-85% WP)
                                                  nymphs on small plants and upper
                                    (2-4 lb/gal
                                                  half of dosage range for control of
                                     F1C)
                                                  adults or when crops require
                                                   greater coverage.
                                      or
                                    0.01-0.02 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                    (5-10% D)
                                      or
                                    0.01-0.015
                                     tbls
                                     actual*/
                                     100 sq.ft
                                    (50% WP)
                                      OT
                                    0.019-0.058
                                     oz**/100
                                     sq.ft
                                     [0.23-0.46
                                     ga1/100
                                     sq.ft]
                                    (2-4 lb/gal
                                     FIC)
                                    (5% F1C)
                                                  Foliar application. Apply when egg
INAPAFA
               Mexican bean beetle 0.5 lb/A
                                    (1.75-10% D) masses on the underside of the
                                    (50-85% WP)
                                                  leaves first appear.
                                    (50% WP/D)
                                    (2-4 lb/gal
                                     FIC)
                                      OT
                                    0.02-0.1 tbls
                                     actual*/
                                     0.1 gal/
                                     100 sq.ft
                                    (50% WP)
                                      or
                                    0.019-0.039
                                     oz**/100
                                     sq.ft
                                     [0.23 - 0.46]
                                     ga1/100
                                     sq.ft]
                                    (2-4 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
```

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Peas (continued)		
		or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (1.75-10% D)	,
ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA IGDAACA IGDAABA IIFAAEA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Earwigs Grasshoppers Millipedes Slugs Snails Sowbugs	1-2 1b/A (5% D) (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
03008Aa	<u>Pecan</u>		1 ppm No preharvest interval through 7.2 pounds per acre for foliar applica- tion.
ERACCNA ETABA IA ETBGAXA ETBMEHA ERAVA IA ETBMADA ERAEAĎA ENASBBA ENALBCA ETBDABA	Blackmargined aphid Fall webworm Hickory shuckworm Lesser webworm Pecan leaf phylloxera Pecan nut casebearer Pecan spittlebug Pecan weevil Twig girdler Walnut caterpillar	1-2.5 lb/100 gal [200-300 ga1/A] [10-20 ga1/ tree] (50-80% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C) or l tbls actual*/gal (50% WP) or 3.125 lb/A or 0.167-0.417 oz**/gal (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply full coverage sprays when pests are active, but do not exceed 1 application per 7 days.
TBMADA NASBBA	Pecan nut casebearer Pecan weevil	3.5-6 1b/A (50% WP)	Foliar application. Apply as a concentrate spray in 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre by ground equipment or aircraft.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s)	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Pecan (continued)		
INASBBA	Pecan weevil	1.25 lb/tree (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Soil application. Apply when foliar application is not feasible. Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per tree to uniformly cover the entire area beneath the tree canopy 10 feet beyond the dripline. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals beginning at shell hardening (early August) until adult weevils are no longer present (approximately September 15).
28017AA	<u>Peppers</u>		10 ppm No preharvest interval through 4 pounds per acre for foliar and 2 pounds per acre for broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as needed.
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	1-2 1b/A	Foliar application.
INBGAAA	Blister beetles	(1.75-10% D)	
ITBCCSA	Cabbage looper 🕻	(50-80% WP)	
ITBCCZA	Climbing cutworms	(5-50% WP/D)	
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	(2-5 1b/gal	
INAMBHA	Corn rootworms	F1C)	
ITBCABA	Cutworms	(42.6% F1C)	
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	or	
ITBMCCA	European corn borer	1-4 lb/A	
ITBCCOA	Fall armyworm	(5-10% DO	
IQAQARA	Harlequin bug	(5% P/T)	
INBPAZA	Japnanese beetle	(4 lb/gal	
IQAXAAA	Lace bugs	F1C)	
IQAMARA	Lygus bugs	or	
IQAMAAA	Plant bugs	0.01-0.02 oz/	
INBJAAA	Sap beetles	10 ft row	
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs	(5-10% D)	
IQAMATA	Tarnished plant bug	or	
IMOAAAA	Thrips	0.011-0.022	
ITBCBOA	Tomato fruitworm 💡	oz**/0.1 gal	
TITBRAJA	Tomato hornworm	10 ft row	
ITAMANA	Tomato pinworm	(2 lb/gal F1C)	

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Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations
Site and Pest
                         Formulation(s)
 Peppers (continued)
                           OT
                         0.089-0.266
                          tbls
                          actual*/
                          0.1 gal/
                          100 sq.ft
                         (50-85% WP)
                           or
                        0.039-0.154
                         oz**/100
                          sq.ft
                          [0.23-0.46
                         gal/100
                          sq.ft]
                         (2-4 lb/gal)
                         F1C)
                        (5-42.6% F1C)
   Colorado potato
                        0.5-1 \, 1b/A
                                       Foliar application.
    beetle
                        (1.75-10% D)
                        (50-80% D)
   Flea beetles
   Leafhoppers
                        (5-50% WP/D)
                        (2-5 lb/gal
                         F1C)
                        (42.6% F1C)
                          or
                        0.01-0.02 oz/
                         10 ft row
                        (2-10% D)
                         or,
                        0.011 oz**/
                         0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                         ft row
                        (2 lb/gal
                         F1C)
                          OT
                        0.044-0.133
                         tbls
                         actual*/
                         0.1 gal/
                     100 sq.ft (50-85% WP)
```

INAMCFA

INAMADA

IRAFAAA

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations

	Site and rest	Formulation(s)
	Peppers (continued)		
		or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (5-42.6% F1C)	
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.5-1.5 lb/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.01-0.015 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row	Foliar application. Apply lower half of dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.
		(2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.05-0.15 tbls actual*/ 0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft	
		(50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	
ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms	1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
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Site and Pest Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Peppers (continued)

Pest list continued from previous page.

INBUAAA	Darkling beetles
IMDAAAA	Earwigs
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers
IJCAAAA	Millipedes
IGDAACA	Slugs
IGDAABA	Snails
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs

Persian Melons

See Melons.

Plum

See Cherry cluster.

14013AA Potato

0.2 ppm
No preharvest interval through 2
pounds per acre for foliar and
broadcast soil application. Per
acre rates may be applied by air-

craft.

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Site and Pest
                                                   Tolerance, Use, Limitations
                                     Dosages and
                                     Formulation(s)
              Potato (continued)
                                     0.039-0.154
                                      oz**/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      [0.23 - 0.46]
                                     gal/100
                                      sq.ft]
                                     (2-4 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
                                     (5-42.6% F1C)
INAMCFA
                                    0.5-1 1b/A
                Colorado potato
                                                  Foliar application.
                 beetle
                                     (1.5-10% D)
                Flea beetles
                                     (50-80% WP)
INAMADA
IRAFAAA
                Leafhoppers
                                     (5-50\% WP/D)
                                     (2-5 lb/gal)
                                     F1C)
                                       or
                                    0.01-0.02 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                    (2-10% D)
                                    0.011 oz**/
                                     0.1 gal/10
                                     ft row
                                    (2 1b/gal
                                     F1C)
                                      or
                                    0.025-0.133
                                     tbls
                                     actual*/0.1-
                                     0.25 gal/
                                     100 sq.ft
                                    (50-85% WP)
                                    (10% WP/D)
                                      OT
                                    0.019-0.077
                                     oz**/100
                                     sq.ft
                                     [0.23-0.46
                                     ga1/100
                                    sq.ft]
                                    (2-4 lb/gal
                                     F1C)
                                    (10-25% F1C)
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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Potato (continued)		
INAMCFA ITBCABA ITBMCCA INAMADA	Colorado potato beetle Cutworms European corn borer Flea beetles	2 1b/A (80% WP)	Center pivot irrigation application.
ITBCABA	Cutworms	2 1b/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.022 oz**/ 0.1 gal/ 10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.2 tbls actual*/ 0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.077-0.154 oz**/100 sq.ft ½0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft½ (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.5-1.5 lb/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.2 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Potato (continued)

or 0.01-0.015 oz**/0.1 ga1/10 ft row (2 1b/gal FIC) or 0.05-0.15 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) OT 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/galF1C)

ISASAAA	Ants
ITBCCFA	Armyworm
IVAHAAA	Crickets
ITBCABA	Cutworms
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles
IMDAAAA	Earwigs
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers
IJCAAAA	Millipedes
IGDAACA	Slugs
IGDAABA	Snails
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs

1-2 lb/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T) Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Prune		See Cherry cluster.
001 1AA	<u>Pumpkin</u>	•	10 ppm No preharvest interval through l pound per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Observe plant response precaution.
TBCCFA	Armyworm	1 1b/A	Foliar application.
RAFAVA	Aster leafhopper	(1.75-10% D)	••
NBGAAA	Blister beetles	(50-85% WP)	
TBCCSA	Cabbage looper	(50% WP/D)	
TBCBOA	Corn earworm	(2-5 lb/gal	
NAMBHA	Corn rootworms	F1C)	
NAMACA	Cucumber beetles	(42.6% F1C)	
TBCABA	Cutworms	or	
TBCCOA	Fall armyworm	0.01 oz/	
NAMADA	Flea beetles	10 ft row	
QAQAKA	Harlequin bug	(5-10% D)	
NBPAZA RAFAAA	Japanese beetle Leafhoppers	or 0.011 oz**/	
QAMARA	Lygus bugs	0.011 0244/ 0.1 gal/	
QAGAFA	Squash bug	10 ft row	
TBQADA	Squash vine borer	(2 lb/gal	
QAQAAA	Stink bugs	F1C)	
QAMATA	Tarnished plant bug	or	
MDAAAA	Thrips	0.05-0.1 tbls	
		actual*/	
		0.1 ga1/	
		100 sq.ft	
		(50-85% WP)	
		or	
		0.039-0.077 oz**/100	
		sq.ft	
		[0.23-0.46	
		gal/100	
		sq.ft]	
		(2-4 lb/gal	·
		F1C)	
		(5-42.6% F1C)	

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CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)
	Pumpkin (continued)	
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.5-1.5 lb/A (5-10% D) half of dosage range for control of (50-80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal half of dosage range for control of fIC) adults or when crops require greater or er coverage. 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.01 oz**/ 0.1 gal/ 10 ft row (2 lb/gal FIC) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/ 0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50-80% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal FIC)
ITBMAUA ITBMAWA	Melonworm Pickleworm	0.5-1 1b/A Foliar application. (1.75-10 % D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/ 0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50-85% WP)
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CARBARYL

Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
Pumpkin (continued)		
	or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C) (5-42.6% F1C)	
Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Earwigs Grasshoppers Millipedes Slugs Snails Sowbugs	1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
Radish		See Horseradish cluster.
Raspberry		See Blackberry cluster.
Rice		5 ppm (grain) 100 ppm (straw) 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar application. Do not apply propanil within 15 days before or after carbaryl application to avoid injuring the rice. May be applied by aircraft. May kill shrimp and crabs. Do not use in areas where these are important resources.
Armyworm Chinch bugs Fall armyworm Stink bugs Thrips	0.94-1.5 lb/A (5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (4-5 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. For use in MI Delta and TX.

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ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA IGDAACA IGDAABA IIFAAEA

,8072AA

TBCCFA QALAEA TBCCOA QAQAAA MOAAAA

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CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Rice (continued)		
ITBCCFA IRAFAAA IIBAABA	Armyworm Leafhoppers Tadpole shrimp	2 1b/A (5-10% D) (5-10% G) (50-80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. For use in CA. For tadpole shrimp apply to the water when shrimp first appear.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.5-1.5 lb/A (5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.
	Rutabaga		See Horseradish cluster.
14016AA 23026AA	Salsify (roots) Salsify (tops)	·	5 ppm (roots) 10 ppm (tops) 3 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre of salsify roots. 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre of salsify tops. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Repeat at 5 to 7 day in- tervals as needed. Observe plant response precaution.
ITBCCFA INBPAZA IQAQAAA IQAMATA IMOAAAA	Armyworm Japanese beetle Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug Thrips	1-2 1b/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/ 0.1 gal/ 10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.

CARBARYL

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Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations
Site and Pest
                        Formulation(s)
 Salsify (roots) cluster (continued)
                          or
                        0.05-0.1 tbls
                         actual*/
                         0.1 gal/
                         100 sq.ft
                        (50% WP)
                          OT
                        0.039-0.154
                         oz**/100
                         sq.ft
                         [0.23-0.46]
                         ga1/100
                         sq.ft]
                        (2-4 lb/gal
                         F1C)
   Flea beetles
                        0.5-1 1b/A
                                      Foliar application
   Leafhoppers
                        (5-10% D)
                        (50-80% WP)
                        (50\% WP/D)
                        (2-4 1b/ga1
                         F1C)
                          OF
                        0.01-0.02 oz/
                        10 ft row
                        (5% D)
                          OT
                        0.011 oz**/
                         0.1 gal/
                         10 ft row
                        (2 1b/gal
                        F1C)
                         or
                        0.05-0.1 tbls
                         actual*/
                         100 sq.ft
                        (50% WP)
                          OT
                        0.019-0.077
                         oz**/100
                         sq.ft
                         [0.23-0.46
                         gal/100
                         sq.ft]
                        (2-4 lb/gal
                         F1C)
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INAMADA

IRAFAAA

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Salsify (roots) cluster (continued)

IVABAAA

Grasshoppers

0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (5-10% D) half of dosage range for control of (50-80% WP) nymphs on small plants and upper (2-4 lb/gal half of dosage range for control of adults or when crops require great-F1C) or er coverage. 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.01-0.015 $0z^{**}/0.1$ ga1/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/ 0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz*/0.23-0.46 gal/ 100 sq.ft (2-4 lb/gal)

F1C)

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
28019AA	Sorghum, Grain, Milo, Sweet		10 ppm (grain) 100 ppm (forage) 21 day preharvest interval for grain through 2 pounds per acre for broad- cast soil application. 2 day preharvest interval for grain through 2.03 pounds per acre for foliar application. No preharvest interval for forage through 2 pounds per acre for broad- cast soil application. No preharvest interval for forage through 2.03 pounds per acre for foliar application. May be applied by aircraft. For insect control, on grain, sorghum, direct carbaryl into the forming heads.
ITBCCFA IQALAEA ITBCBOA ITBCCOA IQAQAAA IMOAAAA ITAAAMA	Armyworm Chinch bugs Corn earworm Fall armyworm Stink bugs Thrips Webworms	0.88-2.03 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (4-5 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. For control of chinch bugs, use high volume ground spray equipment directed at the base of the plants.
ITBCABA	Cutworms	2 1b/A (50-80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers		Foliar application. Apply lower half of dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Sorghum, Grain, Milo, Sweet (continued)

IOAMAIA	Sorghum midge	1.5-1.56 lb/A (5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (4-5 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply when 35 to 40 percent of heads have emerged from boot and are in bloom (about 3 to 4 days after heads have emerged from boot). Repeat 3 to 5 days later if adults are still active. A third application may be needed if crop is late planted or if pest is abundant.
ITBMAYA	Southwestern cornborer	1.5 lb/A (80% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application.
ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IVABAAA IGDAACA IGDAABA IIFAAEA	Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Grasshoppers Slugs Snails Sowbugs	1.5-2 1b/A (5% G) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
23022AA	<u>Soybeans</u>		5 ppm (soybeans) 100 ppm (forage and hay) No preharvest interval through 2.5 pounds per acre for foliar application. Do not use spray formulations in combination with 4-(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)butyric acid. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Observe plant response precautions.
ITBJADA	Alfalfa caterpillar	0.88-1.13	Foliar application.
INAMARA	Bean leaf beetle	1b/A	Tottat application.
INAMACA	Cucumber beetles	(1.75-10% D)	
ITBCCCA	Green cloverworm	(50-85% WP)	
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	(50% WP/D)	
IRAFAAA	Leafhoppers	(2-5 lb/gal	
IRASADA	Threecornered alfalfa hopper	F1C)	•
IMOAAAA	Thrips		
ITBCATA	Velvetbean cater- pillar		
INASBWC	Alfalfa weevil (larvae)	0.88-1.56 1b/A	Foliar application. To control heavy infestations use higher rate.
ITB CCFA	Armyworm	(1.75-20% D)	
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	(50-85% WP)	
ITBCABA	Cutworms	(50% WP/D)	
ITBCCTA	Fall armyworm	(2-5 lb/gal	
IQAQAAA	Stink bugs Webworms	F1C)	
ITAAAMA	wedworms		
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	1.5 lb/A	Foliar application. Concentrate
INBGÁAA	Blister beetle	(50% D)	dust treatment. Apply during bloom
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	(20.0 -)	period and pod fill when pests are
INAMBMA	Spotted cucumber beetle		present. To apply concentrate dust by aircraft, use standard venturitype equipment with spreader vanes or Swathmaster type spreaders. Fly at normal height (4 to 6 feet above plant tops) and maintain regular swath width (30 to 35 feet). For ground equipment, use tractor mounted power dusters with a metering device that feeds the concentrate dust through 1 nozzle per row (with deflector) or similarly designed electronic dusters.

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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations
Formulation(s)

Soybeans (continued)

AMARA APAFA	Bean leaf beetle 1 1b/A Mexican bean beetle (50% D)	Foliar application. Concentrate dust treatment. Apply during bloom period and pod fill when pests are present. To apply concentrate dust by aircraft, use standard venturitype equipment with spreader vanes or Swathmaster type spreaders. Fly at normal height (4 to 6 feet above plant tops) and maintain regular swath with (30 to 35 feet). For
·		ground equipment, use tractor mounted power dusters with a meter-ing device that feeds the concen-
		trate dust through 1 nozzle per row

Bean leaf beetle 0.5-0.53 lb/A Foliar application. Controls light Cucumber beetles (50-80% WP) to moderate infestations. Green cloverworm (4 lb/gal Mexican bean beetle FIC)

Velvetbean cater-

pillar

AMARA AMACA

3CCCA

APAFA 3CATA

iGAAA

1MBAA

\PAFA

Blister beetles 0.44-1.13 Foliar application. To control Grape colaspis 1b/A heavy infestations use higher rate. Mexican bean beetle (1.75-20% D)

(with deflector) or similarly de-

signed electronic dusters.

(50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/gal F1C)

(50-85% WP)

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<u>s</u>	ite and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Soybeans (continued)		
ITBCBOA	Corn earworm	1.5 lb/A (50% D)	Foliar application. Concentrate dust treatment. Apply when I larvae can be found per 3 feet of row. To apply concentrate dust by aircraft, use standard venturi-type equipment with spreader vanes or Swathmaster type spreaders. Fly at normal height (4 to 6 feet above plant tops) and maintain regular swath with (30 to 35 feet). For ground equipment, use tractor mounted power dusters with a metering device that feeds the concentrate dust through I nozzle per row (with deflector) or similarly designed electronic dusters.
		0.5-1 1b/A (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Controls light to moderate infestations.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.44-1.5 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.
ITBEAJA ITABACA ITBCCQA	Painted lady Saltmarsh caterpil- lar Yellowstriped army- worm	(4 lb/gal	Foliar application. To control heavy infestation use higher rate.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
1 3024AA	Spinach		12 ppm 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals as needed.
ITBCCFA ITBCAAA ITBCCSA ITBCABA ITBCCOA INBPAZA IQAMARA INBJAAA IQAQAAA IQAMATA IMOAAAA	Armyworm Blister beetles Cabbage looper Corn earworm Cutworms Fall armyworm Japanese beetle Lygus bugs Sap beetles Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug Thrips	1-2 1b/A (2-10% D) (50-80% WP) (50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022 oz**/0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.089-0.2 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.058-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (5-25% F1C)	Foliar application.

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Dosages and

Site and Pest

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations

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Formulation(s)
              Spinach (continued)
                Flea beetles
                                      0.5-1 1b/A
                                                    Foliar application.
INAMACA
IRAFAAA
                Leafhoppers
                                      (2-10\% D)
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                       F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.01-0.02 \text{ oz}/
                                      10 ft row
                                      (5% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.011 oz**/
                                      0.1 \text{ gal}/10
                                       ft row
                                      (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.05-0.1 tbls
                                      actual*/0.1
                                      ga1/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      (50% WP)
                                      0.019-0.039
                                      oz**/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      [0.23 - 0.46]
                                      ga1/100
                                      sq.ft]
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                     (5-25% F1C)
                                     0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                     (5-10% D)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                     (50-80% WP)
                                                    of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                     (2-4 lb/gal)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                      F1C)
                                                    of adults or when crops require
                                                    greater coverage.
                                       or
                                     0.01-0.02 oz/
                                     10 ft row
                                     (5-10% D)
                                       OT
                                     0.01-0.015
                                      oz**/0.1 gal
                                      /10 ft row
                                     (2 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Spinach (continued)

or 0.05-0.015 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal F1C)

ISASAAA	Ants
ITBCCFA	Armyworm
IVAHAAA	Crickets
ITBCABA	Cutworms
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles
IMDAAAA	Earwigs
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers
IJCAAAA	Millipedes
IGDAACA	Slugs
IGDAABA	Snails
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs

1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)

Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
10012AA	<u>Squash</u>		10 ppm No preharvest interval through 1 pound per acre for foliar and broad- cast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft. Observe plant response precaution.
ITBCCFA IRAFAVA ITBCCSA ITBCBOA INAMBHA INAMACA ITBCABA ITBCCOA INAMADA IQAQAKA INBPAZA IQAXAAA IRAFAAA IQAGAFA ITBQADA IQAGAAA IQAGAAA IQAMATA IMOAAAA	Armyworm Aster leafhopper Cabbage looper Corn earworm Corn rootworms Cucumber beetles Cutworms Fall armyworm Flea beetles Harlequin bug Japanese beetle Lace bugs Leafhoppers Lygus bugs Squash bug Squash vine borer Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug Thrips	1 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-80% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) or 0.029-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (5-42.6% F1C)	Foliar application.

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Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s)

greater coverage.

half of the dosage range for control

of nymphs on small plants and upper

of adults or when crops require

half of the dosage range for control

Squash (continued)

IVABAAA

Grasshoppers

0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower (5-10% D) (50-85% WP) (2-4 lb/gal)F1C) OT 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (5-10% D) or 0.01 oz**/ 0.1 gal water/10 ft row (2 lb/gal F1C) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/100 sq.ft (50% WP) OT 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 ga1/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal

F1C)

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CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Squash (continued)		
ITBMAWA ITBMAWA	Melonworm Pickleworm	0.5-1 1b/A (1.75-10% D) (50-80% WP) (2-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.01 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.05-0.1 tbls actual*/0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C) (5-42.6% F1C)	Foliar application.
ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA IGDAACA IGDAABA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Earwigs Grasshoppers Millipedes Slugs Snails Sowbugs	1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
01016AA	<u>Strawberry</u>		10 ppm 1 day preharvest interval through 2 pound per acre for foliar and broad- cast soil applications. Wettable powder formulations may cause injury to Early Dawn and Sunrise varieties on the Delmarva Peninsula.
ITBCABA	Cutworms	0.75-2 lb/A	Foliar application. Dust formula-
INAMADA	Flea beetles	(1.75-10% D)	tions may be applied by aircraft.
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	(5-50% WP)	For spray formulations make full
'RAFAAA	Lea fho ppers	or	coverage applications postbloom and
QAMARA	Lygus bugs	0.2 oz/100	summer sprays. Repeat in normal
RAEAKA	Meadow spittlebug	ft row	schedule of 3 to 5 applications at 7
TBUAWA	Omniverous leaftier	(5% D)	to 10 day intervals when pest first
TABACA	Saltmarsh caterpil- lar	or 1-2 lb/A	appears. For meadow spittlebug, apply when spittle masses first appear
TBGADA	Strawberry leafrol- ler	(50-85% WP) (50% WP/D)	on or between young leaves and re- peat as needed. For strawberry
NASAKA	Strawberry weevil	(2-5 lb/gal	leafroller and strawberry weevil,
QAMATA	Tarnished plant bug	F1C) (21.5% F1C) or	apply to blossom buds and repeat as needed.
		<pre>1-2 tbls actual*/gal</pre>	
	•	(50-85% WP)	
		0.5 tbls actual*/gal	
		(5% WP/D)	
		0.125-0.334	
		oz**/gal (2-5 lb/gal	
		F1C) (10-25% F1C)	
		(10 23% : 10)	

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Strawberry (continued	i)	
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	(5-10% D)	Foliar application. Apply as needed.
ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IVABAAA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Earwigs Grasshoppers Sowbugs	1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T) or 0.074 oz/100 sq.ft (10% G)	Broadcast soil application. May be applied by aircraft.
28020AA	Sugar Beets		100 ppm (tops) 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for broadcast soil applications. 14 day preharvest interval through 2.03 pounds per acre for foliar applications. May be applied by aircraft.
ITBCAVA ITBCCFA INAMBXA INBGAAA ITBCCOA INAMADA IRAFAAA	Alfalfa looper Armyworm Beet leaf beetle Blister beetle Fall armyworm Flea beetles Leafhoppers (including beet leafhopper) Webworms (including beet webworms)	0.88-2 lb/A (1.75-10% D) or 1-1.5 lb/A (50-85% WP) (4-5 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations

	0100 4110 1000	Formulation(s)
	Sugar Beets (continue	d)	
ITBCABA	Cutworms	1.5 1b/A (80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.44-1.5 lb/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.
ISASAAA	Ants	2 1b/A	Broadcast soil application. For
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	(5% G)	nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in
IVAHAAA	Crickets (including field crickets)		the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
ITBCABA	Cutworms		
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles		
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers		
IGDAACA	Slugs		
IGDAABA	Snails		•
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		
28021AA	Sunflower		1 ppm (seeds) 60 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Do not allow animals to graze on treated crops. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	1.5-2 lb/A	Foliar application.
ITBCCTA	Fall armyworm	or 1.5-2 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP)	
ITBCABA	Cutworms	1.5 1b/A or	Foliar application.
		1.5 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP)	
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	1-1.5 lb/A or 1.5 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP)	Foliar application.
	Issued: 5-16-81	11-056801	-143

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Sunflower (continued)		
INAMDIA INASGOA	Sunflower beetle Sunflower stem weevil complex	1-2 lb/A or 1-2 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP)	Foliar application.
ITBCABA IVABAAA	Cutworms Grasshoppers	1-2 1b/A (10-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application.
14018AA	Sweet Potato		0.2 ppm No preharvest interval through 2 pound per acre for foliar application. Per acre rates may be applied by aircraft.
ITBCBOA INAMACA INAMADA ITBRACA INAMABA	Corn earworm Cucumber beetles Flea beetles Sweetpotato horn- worm Tortoise beetle	1-2 1b/A (80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C) or 0.039-0.077 oz**/0.23 gal/100 sq.ft (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application.
INASBGA	Sweetpotato weevil	1-2 lb/A (80% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C) or 0.039-0.077 oz**/0.23 gal/100 sq.ft (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Full coverage of plant is essential. Use lower rate on young plants and higher rate on mature plants.
	?	7.2 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP)	Preplant dip treatment. Dip cuttings just prior to planting.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
13025AA	Swiss Chard		12 ppm 14 day preharvest interval through 2 pounds per acre for foliar and broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by air- craft. Repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals.
ITBCCFA ITBMBWA INBGAAA ITBCCSA INAMBHA INAMACA ITBCABA ITBCCBOA ITBCBOA INBPAZA IQAMARA IQAMARA IQAMATA IMOAAAA	Armyworm Beet webworm Blister beetles Cabbage looper Corn rootworms Cucumber beetles Cutworms European corn borer Fall armyworm Japanese beetle Lygus bugs Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug Thrips	10 ft row (5% D) or 0.011-0.022	Foliar application.

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations

Dosages and

Formulation(s)

Site and Pest

Issued: 5-16-81

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Swiss Chard (continued)
INAMACA
                 Flea beetles
                                      0.5-1 \text{ lb/A}
                                                    Foliar application.
                 Harlequin bug
                                      (5-7.5% D)
IQAQAKA
                                      (50-80% WP)
IRAFAAA
                 Leafhoppers
                                      (50% WP/D)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.01-0.02 \text{ oz}/
                                       10 ft row
                                      (5% D)
                                       or
                                      0.011 oz **/
                                       0.1 gal/10
                                       ft row
                                      (2 lb/gal
                                      F1C)
                                        or
                                      0.05-0.1 tbls
                                      actual*/0.1
                                     gal/100
                                       sq.ft
                                      (50% WP)
                                        OT
                                      0.019-0.077
                                      oz**/100
                                       sa.ft
                                       [0.23-0.46
                                       gal/100
                                       sq.ft)
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                       F1C)
                                      (5-10% F1C)
                                      0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                      (5-10% D)
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                      (50-80% WP)
                                                    of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                      (2-4 lb/gal
                                                    half of the dosage range for control
                                      F1C)
                                                    of adults or when crops require
                                        or
                                                    greater coverage.
                                      0.01-0.02 \text{ oz/}
                                      10 ft row
                                      (5-10% D)
                                        OT
                                      0.01-0.015
                                       oz**/0.1 gal
                                       /10 ft row
                                      (2 lb/gal FlC)
                                       or
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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Swiss Chard (continued)

0.05-0.15 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/ 100 sq.ft (50% WP) or 0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal)FIC)

ISASAAA	Ants
ITBCCFA	Armyworm
IVAHAAA	Crickets
ITBCABA	Cutworms
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles
IMDAAAA .	Earwigs
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers
IJCAAAA	Millipedes
IGDAACA	Slugs
IGDAA BA	Snails
II FAAEA	Sowbugs

1-2 lb/A Broadcast soil application. For (5-10% G) nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in (5-20% P/T) the afternoon banded along rows or

broadcast.

Tangelo

See Citrus Fruits.

Tangerine

See Citrus Fruits.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
26003DA	Tobacco (to be transp	lanted)	N.F. Treated fields may be entered immediately after dust has settled or foliage has dried. To prevent plant injury avoid excessive applications.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.44-1.5 lb/A (1.75-10% D) (50-80% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage.
INBPALC	Green june beetle (larvae)	0.5-0.53 lb/ 100 gal [50-100 gal/ 100 sq.yd] (50-85% WP) (50% WP/D) (4 lb/gal F1C)	Soil application. May be applied before or after seeding. Apply only to areas where pest has up-rooted plants. Sprinkle as a drench. Avoid excessive application or plant injury may result.
	•	0.05-0.1 lb/ 100 sq.yd (7.5-10% D)	Foliar application. Apply when plants appear. Repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals as needed and just before transplanting.
INAMBUA	Tobacco flea beetle	2-2.13 lb/ 100 gal (50-85% WP) (4 lb/gal FlC) or 1.333-2.125 tbls actual* /gal (50-85% WP) or 0.5-1 oz*/gal [6 gal/100 sq.yd] (4 lb/gal FlC)	Foliar application. Apply when plants appear. Repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals as needed and just before transplanting. Apply per 1 gallon water rates by hand with a knapsack sprayer.

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CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations			
Tobacco (to be transplanted) (continued)						
ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IVABAAA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Grasshoppers	0.025-0.05 1b/1,000 sq.ft (5% G) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application.			
26003AA	Tobacco		N.F. Do not exceed 2 pounds per acre for broadcast soil application or 2.5 pounds per acre for foliar application. If late season applications are needed, allow 3 days before priming or cutting. Treated fields may be entered immediately after dust has settled or foliage has dried. Avoid getting wet with plant juices when cutting crop. Do not use carbaryl on shade tobacco in combination with parathion. May be applied by aircraft. Observe plant response precaution.			
IRACAAA IVABAAA IQAMAFA	Aphids Grasshoppers Suckfly	1.5-2.5 lb/A (2-10% D)	Foliar application.			
ITBCCOA IQAMAFA	Fall armyworm Suckfly	1-2 1b/A (80% WP) (4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Begin application when larvae are small. Use lower rate on plants up to knee high. Apply a minimum of 10 gallons finished spray per acre.			
IRAMADA ITBCCVA	Flea beetles (including tobacco flea beetle) Tobacco budworm complex	0.4-0.6 lb/A (2-10% D)	Foliar application. For hand application directed to the bud and top leaves only. Avoid heavy applications with cloth bags or shorter cans or by hand 'pinching' as plant injury may result. Apply with rotary dusters.			

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Tobacco (continued)		
IRAMADA	Flea beetles (including tobacco flea beetle)		Foliar application. Use the lower rate on plants up to knee high. Begin application when larvae are
ITBRAAA	Hornworms (including tobacco hornworm)	0.94-2.03 1b/A (50-85% WP)	small (less than 1.5 inches long). For sprays, apply in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre.
INBPAZA	Japanese beetles	(2-5 lb/gal	Where budworm damage is prevalent,
INBPADA	June beetles	F1C)	direct application into bud. Avoid
ITBCCVA	Tobacco budworm complex	or 4.25 tbls actual*/gal (85% WP) or 0.156-0.208 oz/gal water (5 lb/gal F1C)	excess application in plant buds as injury may result. Apply per gallon rates by hand or with a knapsack sprayer. For flea beetles, apply to undersides of leaves as well. Good coverage is essential for effective control.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.44-1.7 lb/A (1.75-10% D) (50-85% WP) (4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply lower half of the dosage range for control of nymphs on small plants and upper half of the dosage range for control of adults or when crops require greater coverage. Apply also to barrier strips 15 to 30 feet wide around plant. Do not graze or feed animals on treated barrier strips for 7 days following treatment.
ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IVABAAA IIFAAEA	Ants Armyworm Crickets (including field crickets) Cutworms Darkling beetles Grasshoppers Sowbugs	1-2 1b/A (5% G) (5% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. May be applied by aircraft.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
005AA	Tomato		10 ppm No preharvest interval through 4 pounds per acre for foliar applica- tion and 2 pounds per acre for broadcast soil applications. Per acre rates may be applied by air- craft.
BCCFA	Armyworm	1-2 lb/A	Foliar application.
BGAAA	Blister beetles	(1.75-10% D)	appraudzent
AMBHA	Corn rootworms	(50-80% WP)	
AMACA	Cucumber beetles	(2-50% WP/D)	
BMCCA	European corn borer		
BCCOA	Fall armyworm	F1C)	
AQAKA	Harlequin bug	(42.6% F1C)	
BPAZA	Japanese beetle	or	
AXAAA	Lace bugs	1-4 1b/A	
AXAKA	Lygus bugs	(5-10% D)	
AMAAA	Plant bugs	(5% P/T)	
BJAAA	Sap beetles Stink bugs	(4 lb/gal FlC)	
AQAAA AMATA	Tarnished plant bug		
ASADA	Threecornered	0.01-0.02 oz/	
	alfalfa hopper	10 ft row	
OAAAA	Thrips	(5-10% D)	
BCBOA	Tomato fruitworm	or	
BRAJA	Tomato hornworm	0.011-0.022	
AMANA	Tomato pinworm	oz**/0.1	
		ga1/10	
		ft row	
		(2 lb/gal F1C)	
		0.089-0.266	
		tbls actual*/	
		100 sq.ft	
		[0.1-0.25 ga1/100	
		sq.ft]	
		(50-85% WP)	
		or	
		0.039-0.154	
		oz**/100	
		sq.ft	
		[0.23-0.46	
		ga1/100	
		sq.ft] (2-4 lb/gal	
		F1C)	
		(5-42.6% F1C)	
		(2 (2)00 (20)	
		•	

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Tomato (continued)		
ITBCCZA	Climbing cutworms	1 1b/A (5-10% D) (50% WP)	Foliar application.
INAMCFA	Colorado potato beetle	0.5-1 1b/A (1.75-10% D)	Foliar application.
INAMACA IRAFAAA	beetle Flea beetles Leafhoppers	(50-80% WP) (5-50% WP/D) (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (42.6% F1C) or 0.01-0.02 oz/ 10 ft row (2-10% D) or 0.011 oz**/ 0.1 gal/10 ft row (2 1b/gal F1C) or 0.044-0.133 tbls actual* /0.1 gal/100 sq.ft (50-85% WP) or 0.019-0.077 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	•
		(5-42.6% F1C)	•

CARBARYL

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Tolerance, Use, Limitations
            Site and Pest
                                     Dosages and
                                     Formulation(s)
              Tomato (continued)
ITBCABA
                Cutworms
                                     2 1b/A
                                                   Foliar application.
                                     (50-80% WP)
                                     (2-4 1b/gal)
                                      F1C)
                                       or
                                     0.2 tbls
                                      actual*/0.1
                                      gal/100
                                      sq.ft
                                     (50% WP)
                                       or
                                     0.077-0.154
                                      oz**/100
                                      sq.ft
                                      [0.23-0.46
                                      ga1/100
                                      sq.ft]
                                     (2-4 1b/ga1)
                                      F1C)
IVABAAA
                Grasshoppers
                                     0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply lower
                                     (5-10% D)
                                                   half of the dosage range for control
                                     (50-80% WP)
                                                   of nymphs on small plants and upper
                                     (2-4 lb/gal)
                                                   half of the dosage range for control
                                      F1C)
                                                   of adults or when crops require
                                       OT
                                                   greater coverage.
                                     0.01-0.02 \text{ oz/}
                                      10 ft row
                                     (5-10% D)
                                       OT
                                     0.01-0.015
                                      oz**/0.1 gal
                                      /10 ft row
                                     (2 1b/gal
                                      F1C)
                                       or
                                     0.05-0.15
                                      tbls actual*
                                      /0.1 gal/
                                      100 sq.ft
                                  , (50% WP)
                                       or
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CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Tomato (continued)		
		0.019-0.058 oz**/100 sq.ft [0.23-0.46 gal/100 sq.ft] (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	
ISASAAA ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCABA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IVABAAA IJCAAAA IGDAACA IGDAABA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms Darkling beetles Earwigs Grasshoppers Millipedes Slugs Snails Sowbugs	1-2 1b/A (5-10% G) (5-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. For nocturnal cutworms, spread bait in the afternoon banded along rows or broadcast.
	Turnip (greens)		See Collards cluster.
	Turnip (root crops)		See Horseradish cluster.
03009AA	Walnut		1 ppm No preharvest interval through 5 pound per acre for foliar application or 2 pounds per 100 gallons of water for bark application.
IRAHAKA	Calico scale		Foliar application. Apply per acre
ITBGAZA	Codling moth	(5% D)	rate in a minimum of 200 gallons of
TRAHALA	European fruit lecanium	or 0.5 1b/100	water per acre by low volume ground equipment. For codling moth, apply
ITBGBBA	Filbertworm	gal	when average cross sectional diam-
IRAHAPA	Frosted scale	[1,000 gal	eters of developing nuts reaches
ITBUAGA	Fruittree leafrol- ler	/A]	0.5 to 0.75 inch. Repeat during mid to late June if needed. For
IRAAABA	Scales	4-5 1b/A (50-85% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or	scale control, apply when crawlers are present.

CARBARYL Site and Pest Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s) Walnut (continued) 0.5 tbls actual*/gal (50% WP)OT 0.0625-0.167 oz**/gal (2 1b/gal F1C) (5-10% F1C) European earwig 2 lb/100 gal Foliar application. OT 3-5 1b/A(50-80% WP) (4 lb/gal

IMDCABA

FIC) OT 0.334 oz** /gal (2 lb/gal F1C)

IRACBHA

Walnut aphid

0.167 oz**/

Use limited to CA. Foliar application.

gal

(25% F1C)

Watermelons

See Melons.

48065AA

Wheat

0 ppm (grain) 100 ppm (green fodder and straw) 21 day preharvest interval for grain through 1.5 pounds per acre for foliar application. 21 day preharvest interval for grain through 1.78 pounds per acre for ultra low volume foliar application. No preharvest interval for green wheat used as pasture or forage through 1.5 pounds per acre for foliar application. No preharvest interval for green wheat used as pasture or forage through 1.78 pounds per acre for ultra low volume foliar application. May be applied by aircraft. Do not make more than 2 applications after grain heads emerge from boot.

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CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Wheat (continued)		•
ITBCCFA ITBCCOA	Armyworm Fall armyworm	0.5-1.5 lb/A (10-20% P/T) (80% WP)	Foliar application.
INAMCMA	Cereal leaf beetle	1 1b/A (80% WP)	Foliar application. Effective against eggs, larvae, and adults.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.5-1.5 lb/A (10-20% P/T) (80% WP)	Foliar application.
		0.59-1.78 1b/A (3.8 1b/gal F1C) (3.8 1b/gal RTU)	Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the lower rate for nymphs on small plants or sparce vegetation and the higher rate when grasshoppers are mature and vegetation is thick. May be applied by aircraft undiluted or diluted with diesel fuel, number 2 fuel oil, or kerosene. May be applied by ground mist blowers or cold fogging when diluted with aliphatic compounds mentioned above. Refer to manufacturer's directions for additional information on dilution rates, nozzles, and calibration. Do not mix with alcohol, water, or aromatic solvents. Do not mix with fertilizers. Formulated with petroleum distillate.

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Site and Pest	Dosages and	Tolerance,	Use,	Limitations
	Formulation(s)		

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

	(Poultry)		
55001IA 55002IA 55011IA 55003IA 55012IA 55005IA 55006IA 55008IA	Chickens Ducks Gamebirds Geese Partridges Pheasants Pigeons Turkeys		0.5 ppm (eggs) interim tolerance 5 ppm (meat and fat) 7 day preslaughter interval through 0.05 pound per 100 birds for animal treatment or 0.125 pound per 50 birds for animal dust box treatment. Do not contaminate feed and drinking water.
ILAHABA	Chicken mite	0.047-0.05	Animal treatment. Apply as a mist
IMNAAAA	Fleas	1b/100 birds	by electric fog machines. Apply to
IMAAADA	Lice (including chicken body louse, fluff louse, shaft louse, wing louse)	(50-85% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	birds in cages, on litter, or on slatted floors. Repeat in 28 days if needed. For chicken mite and fleas this is supplemental to spraying roosts and buildings.
ILAOADA	Northern fowl mite		
		0.0375-0.0425 1b/100 birds (50-85% WP) (2-5 1b/gal F1C)	Animal treatment. Apply as a spray by conventional knapsack or compressed air sprayers. Apply to birds in cages, on litter or slatted floors. Repeat in 28 days if needed. For chicken mite and fleas this is supplemental to spraying roosts and buildings.
		0.047-0.05 1b/100 birds (5-10% D)	Animal treatment. Apply as a dust by shaker can or hand duster. Direct dust to vent and fluff areas. Also treat head and neck for stick tight fleas. Repeat in 28 days if needed. For chicken mite and fleas this is supplemental to spraying roosts and buildings.
		0.125 1b/ 50 birds (5-10% D)	Animal dust box treatment. For chicken mite and fleas this is supplemental to treating roosts and buildings. On ranges, 2 natural wallows may be substituted for each dust box.

		CAR	BARYL
	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(Tolerance, Use, Limitations
56005IA	Horses		
IMNAAAA IOAUADA IMAAADA IOAUAHA ILAAACA	Fleas Horn fly Lice (Stable fly) Ticks	0.1 oz/ animal (5% D) 0.16 oz/qt/ mature animal (50% WP)	Animal treatment. Rub dust into hair on back and neck. Claims for stable fly are limited to suppression of populations. Animal treatment. Apply 1 quart finished spray per mature animal and less on smaller animals. Repeat at 4 day intervals. For stable fly direct spray towards legs. Claims for stable fly are limited to suppression of populations.
	AGRICULTURAL PREMISES	AND EQUIPMENT	
	(Poultry Houses, Ed	quipment and Yard	ls)
55000JA	Poultry Houses		0.5 ppm (eggs) interim tolerance 5 ppm (meat and fat) 7 day preslaughter interval through 5.12 ounces per 1.000 square feet (spray) or 1.25 pounds per 1,000 square feet (dust) for premise

AL00055	Poultry Houses	÷	0.5 ppm (eggs) interim tolerance 5 ppm (meat and fat) 7 day preslaughter interval through 5.12 ounces per 1.000 square feet (spray) or 1.25 pounds per 1,000 square feet (dust) for premise treatment. Do not contaminate nests, eggs, feed, or drinking water. Ventillate during treatment.
IQAFACA	Bed bug	0.64-1.4 1b/	Premise treatment. Apply to floors,
ILAHABA	Chicken mite	1,000 sq.ft	roosts, and interior surfaces by
IMNAAAA	Fleas	(50-85% WP)	conventional power sprayers or knap-
IMAAADA	Lice	(2-5 lb/gal	sack sprayers. Force spray into
ILAOADA	Northern fowl mite	F1C) (25% F1C)	cracks and crevices. Repeat as needed.
ILACABA	Fowl Tick	2.56-5.12 oz/ 1,000 sq.ft (50-85% WP) (2-5 1b/gal F1C)	
IQAFACA ILAHABA IMNAAAA	Bed bug .* Chicken mite Fleas	1.25 lb/ 1,000 sq.ft (5-10% D)	Premise treatment. Apply to floors, roosts, and interior surfaces by using a scoop, hand duster or power
IMAAADA	Lice	(10% G)	duster. Force dust into cracks and
ILAOADA	Northern fowl mite	(10.0 0)	crevices. Repeat as needed.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Poultry Houses (continued)

INBUACA

Lesser mealworm

1.25 lb/ Premise treatment. Apply to floors 1,000 sq.ft and surface litter. Repeat as

(5-10% D) needed.

or 0.5-1 1b/1,000 sq.ft (80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal)F1C)

(Farm Storage and Equipment (nonanimal))

51009JA

Barns

:SASAAA	Ants	2-2.5% susp.	Use limited to Professional Pest
AGAADV.	Cockroaches	(80% WP)	Control Operators.
IAMAQA	Brown dog tick	(2-4 lb/gal	Premise treatment. Apply as a
MDAAAA	Earwigs	F1C)	coarse wet spray or with a paint
IMNAAAA	Fleas		brush. Thoroughly treat cracks and
LICAAAA	Millipedes	0.8-1.2%	crevices, baseboards, corners,
MPBACA	Silverfish	susp. (80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	walls, door sills, window frames, pet quarters, ant trails, outside perimeter of dwellings, and places where pests tend to congregate. Apply up to 2 times per 7 day interval. Do not use as a space spray. Do not use where edible products are exposed, being prepared, processed, or served. Avoid application to surfaces where visible residues are objectionable.

(Empty Mushroom Houses and Greenhouses, Uncropped Mushroom House and Greenhouse Soil)

1015JA

Greenhouses

IFAAEA

Sowbugs

Premise treatment. Apply where pests congregate on the framework, or propagation benches, and in between frame and soil.

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CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations

Formulation(s)

HUMANS, PETS AND OTHER ANIMALS

54002IA	Cats
54003IA	Dogs

Do not treat puppies and kittens less than 28 days of age. Do not use on pets nursing young under 28 days old.

IMNAAAA Fleas IMAAADA Lice ILAAACA Ticks

Animal treatment. Dust liberally over animal and rub thoroughly in towards the skin. For brown dog tick also apply to the legs, feet, and between the toes. Comb out dead ticks a few hours after treatment. Do not apply more than once per 7 days. Use in conjunction with premise treatment.

0.5 tbls actual*/ pint/ (50% WP)

(2-10% D)

Animal treatment. Sponge on hair coat until saturated. Allow coat to dry naturally. Apply up to 3 times average size at 7 day intervals. Use in conjunction with premise treatment.

shampoo (0.5% F1C)

Animal treatment. Thoroughly wet the entire hair coat with warm water and apply enough shampoo to form a lather. Work lather into hair coat. Allow lather to remain in contact with the skin for a minimum of 5 minutes before rinsing. Do not apply more than once per 7 days. Do not allow to get on eyes or scrotum. Formulated with ethanol, ethoxylated lanolin, disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate, and ammonium lauryl sulfate.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
54002IA	Cats		-
IMNAAAA	Fleas	flea collar (8.5% Impr)	Animal treatment. Do not use on kittens under 42 days of age. Cut off excess collar yet leave ample length for growth of cat. Buckle loosely to avoid possible skin irritation. Observe neck area when collar is first worn and remove if irritation persists. Do not use with any other pesticide. Do not use on sick or convelescing animals. Labeling claims control for up to 17 weeks.
		foam spray (0.5% PrL)	Animal treatment. Hold can 1 inch from cats' back and apply a strip of foam down the back from the neck to the base of the tail. If cat is laying down a line of foam may be applied to the side or belly. Do not rub in. Do not get on eyes or scrotum. Apply at 7 day intervals.
IMNAAAA ILAAACA	Fleas Ticks	pump spray (0.5% RTU)	Animal treatment. Apply evenly to coat until tips of hair are moist. Ruffle long hair cats for spray to reach skin. Spray ticks directly. Repeat at 7 day intervals. Use in conjunction with premise treatment.
54002IA 54003IA		Also refer to mation.	Cats clusters for additional infor-
<u>I</u> 54003¶A	Dogs		
IMNAAAA	Fleas	flea collar (9-12% Impr)	Animal treatment. Do not use on puppies under 35 days of age. Cut off excess collar yet leave ample length for growth of dog. Buckle loosely to avoid possible skin irritation. Observe neck area when collar is first worn and remove at first sign of irritation or other adverse effects. Remove collar when bathing dog and do not replace until animal is dry. Do not allow dog to chew on the collar. Do not use any other pesticide on the dog while the

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Dogs (continued)		
			collar is worn. Labeling claims control for up to 2 months for 9 percent formulation and up to 3 months for 12 percent formulation.
IMNAAAA	Fleas	flea collar	Animal treatment. See use direc-
ILAAACA	Ticks	(16% Impr)	tions above. Labeling claims control of fleas for up to 4 months and ticks for up to 1 month.
54002IA		Also refer to	Cats cluster for additional infor-
54003IA		mation.	
54002JA	Catteries		
54003JA	Kennels		
54000JA	Pet Sleeping Quarters		
ISASAAA	Ants	2-2.5% susp.	Use limited to Professional Pest
IVAAABA	Cockroaches	(80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Control Operators. Premise treatment. Apply as a coarse wet spray or with a paint brush. Apply to pet sleeping quar-
ILAMAQA	Brown dog tick	0.8-1.2%	ters and other areas where pests
IMDAAAA	Earwigs	susp.	tend to congregate. Do not treat
IMNAAAA	Fleas	(80% WP)	animals. Apply up to 2 times per 7
IJCAAAA	Millipedes	(2-4 lb/gal	day intervals.
IMPBACA	Silverfish	F1C)	
ILAMAQA	Brown dog tick	2 tbls	Premise treatment. Apply wettable
IMNAAAA	Fleas	actual*/gal	powder and flowable concentrate for-
ILAAACA	Ticks	water	mulations as a spray to inside and
		(50% WP) or	outside of doghouses and other areas where pet sleeps. Replace with
		0.468 lb/	fresh bedding. Repeat at 14 to 21
			day intervals as needed. Apply
		(25% F1C) or	ready-to-use to cats' bedding and immediate area.
		pump spray	
		(0.5% RTU)	

CARBARYL

Site and Pest	Dosages and	Tolerance,	Use,	Limitations
	Formulation(s)		

Catteries cluster (continued)

IMNAAAA	Fleas		Premise treatment. Apply by garden type dusters. Force dust into cracks and crevices. Repeat as needed. Do not expose kittens under 4 weeks of age to treated area.
ILAAACA	Ticks	 (2% D) or 0.125-0.25 1b/5,000 sq.ft (5-10% D)	

ORNAMENTALS

General Warnings and Limitations: Do not apply to Boston ivy, Virginia creeper and maidenhair fern. Do not apply to sand pine and Virginia pine during early season.

(Ornamental Plants (herbaceous, woody shrubs, trees and vines))

General Warnings and Limitations: Observe plant response precautions.

31000AA 31000DA 31007AA 31007DA	Ornamental Herbaceous cluding nursery stoc Ornamental Herbaceous (including nursery s	k) Annual Plants	For aerial and concentrate spray applications to commercially grown ornamentals and nursery stock, apply rate given in per 100 gallons in sufficient water for thorough coverage.
ISASAAA ITBCCFA ITBCABA ITBCCOA INASCWA IOAHAAA IVABAAA ITBRAMA INBPAUA ISAAABA IIFAAEA IMCAAAA	Ants Armyworm Cutworms Fall armyworm Fuller rose beetle Gall midges Grasshoppers Poinsettia hornworm Rose chafer Sawflies (exposed) Sowbugs Springtails Webworms	or 1 1b/100 gal	Foliar application. Apply when pest first appears and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Apply dilute sprays for thorough coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces. For larval control, treat in early instars. Addition of stickers may improve residual control. Extenders may be added to increase interval between applications, up to 21 to 28 days.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Ornamental Herbaceous Plants (including nursery stock) cluster (continued)

	(00110211002)		
NBGAAA NAMADA NBPAZA NBPADA QAXAAA RAFAAA MAAAEA RAWAAA QAMAAA RAXAAA RASAFA MOAAAA	Blister beetles Flea beetles Japanese beetles June beetles Lace bugs Leafhoppers Leafrollers Mealybugs Plant bugs Psyllids Thornbug Thrips (exposed)	1.5-2 1b/A or 0.055-0.075 oz/100 sq.ft (1.75-10% D) or 0.9-1 1b/ 100 gal or 1 tbls actual*/gal (50-85% WP) (5-10% WP/D) or 0.9-1 1b/ 100 gal or 0.125-0.5 oz**/gal (2.5 1b/gal F1C) (5-42.6% F1C)	Foliar application. Refer to use directions above for additional information.
SASAAA TBCCFA VAHAAA TBCABA	Ants Armyworm Crickets Cutworms	1-2.4 1b/A or	Broadcast soil application. Repeat at 14 day intervals. For cutworms and sowbugs apply in late afternoon.

S T V TBCABA Cutworms 100 sq.ft
Darkling beetles (5-20% P/T) NBUAAA MDAAAA Earwigs Grasshoppers VABAAA JCAAAA Millip**e**des VA IAAA Mole crickets IFAAEA Sowbugs

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
35000AA 35000DA 34000AA 34000DA	Ornamental and/or Sha (including nursery s Ornamental Woody Shru (including nursery s	tock) ubs and Vines	For aerial and concentrate spray applications to commercially grown ornamentals and nursery stock, apply rate given in per 100 gallons in sufficient water for thorough coverage.
ISASAAA IRACAUA ITBKABA ISBEAMA IQAUACA IOAHASA IRACDUA INAMDAA ITAXAIA INBPAZA INBPADA IQAXAAA IRAFAAA IRAFAAA ITAOACA ITAPALA ITBUALA ITBUALA ITBUALA IRAGACA IQAMAAA IRAXAAA ITAZACA IRACCKA ISBEAIA IRAAABA ITAAABA	Ants Apple aphid Bagworm Birch leafminer Boxelder bug Boxwood leafminer Elm leaf apid Elm leaf beetle Gypsy moth Japanese beetle June beetle Lacebugs Leafhoppers Leafrollers Mealybugs Mimosa webworm Oak leafminers Orange tortrix Periodical cicada Plant bugs Psyllids Puss caterpillar Rose aphid Roseslug Scales (including black scale, cottony maple scale, European scale, oak kerms scale, oystershell scale, soft brown scale) Tent caterpillars Thornbug Thrips (exposed) Willow leaf beetle	1 1b/100 gal or 1 tbls actual*/gal (50-85% WP) (5-10% WP/D) or 0.93-1 1b/ 100 gal or 0.17-0.375 oz**/gal (2-5 1b/gal F1C) (5-42.6% F1C) or 1.5-2 1b/A or 0.055-0.075 oz/100 sq.ft (1.75-10% D)	Foliar application. Apply dilute sprays for thorough coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces. Apply when pest first appears and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. For larval control, treat in early instars. For scale insects apply sprays to stems, twigs, and bark in addition to foliage when crawlers are present. Addition of stickers may improve residual control. Extenders may be added to increase interval between application, up to 21 to 28 days.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Ornamental and/or Shade Trees (including nursery stock) cluster (continued)

	ITBCCFA	Armyworm		Foliar application.	
	ITAPAGA	Azalea leafminer	or	directions for ants	group above.
	ITAXAGA	Browntail moth	l tbls		
	ITANABA	Cankerworms	actual*/gal		
:	ITBRAEA	Catalpa sphinx	(50-80% WP)		
	IRAUAEA	Cooley spruce gall	or		
		adelgid	0.93-1 1b/	·	
	ITBCABA	Cutworms	100 gal		
	ITPWAIA	Cypress tip moth	or		
	ITAXAEA	Douglas-fir tossock	0.156-0.25		
:		moth	oz**/gal		
,	IRAVADA	Eastern spruce gall	(2-5 1b/gal		
		adelgid	FlC)		
;	ITANAHA	Elm spanworm			
•	ILAJAAA	Eriophid mites			
	ITBGBKA	European pine shoot			
•		moth			
	ITAUAGA	Forest tent cater-			
		pillar			
	IOAHAAA	Gall midges			
	ISANAAA	Gall wasps		·	
	IVABAAA	Grasshoppers			
	ITBNAPA	Greenstriped maple-			
		worm			
	IRADAGA	Grenade scale			
	IRAXAEA	Hackberry nipple-			
		gall maker			
	ITBGBIA	Holly bud moth			
	IOABALA	Holly leafminer			
	ITBUAUA	Jack pine budworm			
	ITAMXYA	Jeffrey pine			
		needleminer			
	•	Locust borer		•	
		Maple leafcutter			
	ITBEAFA	Mourningcloak			
		butterfly			
	ITBGBLA	Nantucket pine			
	7717171	tip moth			٠٠٠
	ITAYAEA	Oak skeleton-			
	TTDVACA	izer			
		Oakworm			
	ITAJADA	Oleander cater-			
	IZZZDRA	pillar Olive ash borer			
		Orangestriped			
	T+3111274	oakworm			
	ISAOABA	Pine sawfly			
	TOUMUNU	rine searry			

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Ornamental and/or Shade Trees (including nursery stock) cluster (continued)

Pest list continued from previous page.

Pine spittlebug ITBGBNA Pitch pine tip mo th Red humped oakworm ITBDALA INBPAUA Rose chafer ITBDAFA Saddled prominent ISAAABA Sawflies (exposed) IIFAAEA Sowbugs Springtails IMCAAAA ITBUASA Spruce budworm Spruce needleminer ITBGBPA ITBGBWA Subtropical pine tip moth ITBDABA Walnut caterpillars Webworms ITAAAMA ITANANA Western hemlock looper Western spruce ITBUATA budworm INASEZA Yellow-poplar weevil

IRAEABA

ILAJAAA

Eriophid mites

gal OT 1-2 tbls actual*/gal (50-80% WP) OT 1-2 1b/100gal or 0.156-0.25 oz**/gal (2-4 lb/galF1C)

1-2 15/100

Foliar application. Tank mix dilute applications with an emulsifiable horticultural oil.

CARBARYL

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Site and Pest Formulation(s)

Ornamental and/or Shade Trees (including nursery stock) cluster (continued)

INBQBYA INBQAUA	Ips beetles Mountain pine		preventive treatment only. Apply in
INBQAMA	beetle Round headed pine beetle	of bark surface (80% WP)	late May to early June, or prior to beetle attack. Treat trunks from ground level up until trunk diameter
ITBGBMA	Western pine beetle	•	is less than 5 inches. Repeat annually as needed to prevent beetle attacks.
ISASAAA	Ants	1-2.4 lb/A	Broadcast appliation. Repeat at 14
ITBCCFA	Armyworm	or	day intervals. For cutworms and
IVAHAAA	Crickets	0.04-0.09 oz/	· · · · · ·
ITBCABA	Cutworms	100 sq.ft	3 ,
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles	(5-29% P/T)	
IMDAAAA	Earwigs		
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers		
IJCAAAA	Millipedes		
IVALAAA	Mole crickets		
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		
	(Lawns and Turf (inclu	iding ground c	overs))
33028AA	Dichondra)	Keep children and pets off treated area until material is watered in and area dry.
			Dichondra should be dry before ap-
			plication and the soil slightly
			moist. After treatment thoroughly
			wash material from leaf cups into root zone.
INASCCA	Vegetable weevil	1 1b/	Application to established dichondra
	6	5,000 sq.ft	
		(5-16% G)	or early February. Repeat in 8 weeks.
		0.57 1b/	May be formulated with aromatic pe-
	•	5,000 sq.ft	

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INASAAA

ITBCABA

IMDAAAA

Ants

Cutworms

Earwigs

(2.1% G)

5,000 sq.ft lawns.

> 0.438-1.1 lb/ Application to established dichondra

(1.3-16% G) May be formulated with aromatic pe-

troleum derivative solvent.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
33007AA 33010AA 33008AA	Golf Course Turf Lawns Turf		Keep children and pets off treated area until material is watered in and area dry.
ISASAAA IQALAEA IVAHAAA ITBCABA IMDAAAA ITBCCOA IRAFAAA IJCAAAA ITBMABA	Ants Chinch bug Crickets Cutworms Earwigs Fall armyworm Leafhoppers Millipedes Sod webworms	0.94-1.24 lb/ 5,000 sq.ft [150-200 ga1/5,000 sq.ft] (50-85% WP) (5-50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/ga1 F1C) (5-42.6% F1C)	Application to established lawns and turf. Mow lawn, remove clippings, and apply after rain or watering. Apply by garden hose sprayers or pressure type equipment and ensure good penetration of turf. Do not water for 2 days following application. Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals. Spreader stickers may be added to sprays. Extenders may be added to sprays of flowable concentrate formulations to increase time between applications. For fall armyworm and sod webworm, apply in the late afternoon. For chinch bug and sod webworm, cut lawn or turf closely before application.
TMA CDV T	Ants Chinch bug Crickets Cutworms Earwigs Fall armyworm Leafhoppers Millipedes Sod webworms	0.9-1.25 lb/ 5,000 sq.ft (2.65-10% D) (1.25-20% G) (10% WP/D)	Application to established lawns and turf. Mow lawn, remove clippings, and apply after rain or watering. Apply by conventional lawn spreaders for even coverage. Water following treatment. Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals. For fall armyworm and sod webworm apply in the late afternoon. For chinch bug and sod webworm, cut lawn or turf closely
INASDYJ	Bluegrass billbug (adults)	0.9 lb/ 5,000 sq.ft (2.56% D) or 1.25-1.38 lb/ 5,000 sq.ft (4.6-20% G)	before application. May be formulated with aromatic petroleum derivative solvent; or petroleum distillate.

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Site and Pest Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Golf Course Turf cluster (continued)

ISASAAA	Ants	2-4 oz/	Bait application to established
ITBCCFA	Armyworms	5,000 sq.ft	lawns and turf. Mow lawn, remove
IVAHAAA	Crickets	(5-20% P/T)	clippings, and apply after rain or
ITBCABA	Cutworms	•	watering. Do not water for 24 hours
INBUAAA	Darkling beetles		following treatment. Repeat at 14
IMDAAAA	Earwigs		day intervals. For cutworms and
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers		sowbugs, apply in late afternoon.
IJCAAAA	Millipedes		
IVAIAAA	Mole crickets		•
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs		
ITBCCFA	Armyworms	1 1b/	Application to established lawns and
INASDYA	Bluegrass billbug	150-200 gal/	turf. Mow lawn, remove clippings,
ІЈВАААА	Centipedes	5,000 sq.ft	and apply after rain or watering.
ITASAIA	Essex skipper	(50-80% WP)	Apply by garden hose sprayers or
INBPAGA	European chafer	(2-4 lb/gal	pressure type equipment and ensure
ITASADA	Fiery skipper	F1C)	good penetration of turf. Repeat at
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers		14 to 21 day intervals.
INBPADA	June beetles		
ITBCDGA	Lucerne moth		
IIFAAEA	Sowbugs	•	•
IMCAAAA	Springtails	•	
ITBCCQA	Yellowstriped army- worm		
IQALAEA	Chinch bug	1.5 1b/	
INBPAAA	White grubs	150-200 gal/	•
	-	5,000 sq.ft	
		(2-4 lb/gal	
		F1C)	
ISASAÅA	Ants	0.5-1.1 1b/	Preplant soil application. Broad-
IQALAEA	Chinch bug	5,000 sq.ft	cast uniformly over soil surface.
ITBCCOA	Fall armyworm	(1.3-2.1% G)	Work into top 3 inches of soil.
ITBMABA	Sod webworms		•

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s)

FOREST, CHAPARRAL, NONAGRICULTURAL AND WASTELANDS (including tree plantations, and Christmas tree plantations)

	/Indiading thee plane	relons, and one				
30005AA	Christmas Tree Plant	ations				
30000AA	Forest Trees, Forest Lands, Forest					
	Plantations					
67002AA	Recreational Areas as					
30007AA	Shelterbelt Plantings	<u>3</u>				
ITBKABA	Bagworms	1 1b/100 gal				
ISBEAMA	Birch leafminer	or				
IQAUACA	Boxelder bug	0.8-1 1b/A				
ITAXAGA	Browntail moth	(80% WP)				
ITANABA	Cankerworms	or				
ITBRAEA	Catalpa sphinx	1 1b/100 gal				
ILAWAAA	Chigger mites	or				
IRAUAEA	Cooley spruce gall	T -				
	adelgid	(2-4 lb/gal				
ITPWAIA	Cypress tip moth	F1C)				
ITAXAEA	Douglas-fir tussok					
	moth					
IRAVADA	Eastern spruce gall					
	adelgid					
ITANAHA	Elm spanworm '					
ILAJAAA	Eriophid mites					
ITBGBKA	European pine shoot	•				
	moth					
ITAUAGA	Forest tent cater-					
70	pillar					
IOAHAAA	Gall midges					
ISANAAA	Gall wasps					
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers					
ITBNAPA	Greenstriped maple-	•				
TTA VA T A	worm					
ITAXAIA	Gypsy moth					
IRAXAEA	Hackberry nipple-					
ITBUAUA	gall maker Jack pine budworm					
INBPAZA	•					
ITAMXYA	Japanese beetle Jeffrey pine					
TIMINIA						
IMAAAEA	Leafrollers	•				
INALAPA	Locust borer					
ITATACA	Maple leafcutter					
IRAWAAA	Mealybugs					
ITBEAFA	Mourningcloak					

butterfly

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Mimosa webworm

ITAOACA

0.5 ppm maple sap Forest For aerial and concentrate ground applications, apply specific dosage per acre in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage. Avoid__ direct application to lakes, me now allowed streams and ponds.

Chungad.

00 gal Delayed dormant or foliar application. Apply dilute sprays to obtain thorough coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces. For larval control, treat in early instars. For scale 00 gal insects, apply sprays to stem, twigs, and bark in addition to foliage when crawlers are present. Addition of stickers may improve residual control. For control of Gypsy moth on eastern hardwoods, delay application until leaves are one third to one half grown. For control of western tent caterpillar on aspen, aerial applications of wettable powder formulation may be applied in 1 gallon of fuel oil per acre.

II-056801-171

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

ITBGBLA

INASEZA

Tolerance, Use, Limitations Dosages and Formulation(s)

Christmas Tree Plantations cluster (continued)

Pest list continued from previous page.

Nantucket pine tip moth Oak leafminers ITAPALA Oak skeleton-ITAYAEA izer ITBNADA Oakworm IZZZDRA Olive ash borer ITBNASA Orangestriped oakworm Orange tortrix ITBUALA IRAGACA Periodical cicada ISAOABA Pine sawfly Pine spittlebug IRAEABA ITBGBNA Pitch pine tip moth IRAXAAA Psyllids Puss caterpillar ITAZACA ITBDALA Red humped oakworm ITBDAFA Saddled prominent ISAAABA Sawflies (exposed) IRAAABA Scales ITBUASA Spruce budworm ITBGBPA Spruce needleminer ITBGBWA Subtropical pine tip moth ITAUADA Tent caterpillars (including western tent caterpillars) IRASAFA Thornbug IMOAAÂA Thrips (exposed) ILAAACA Ticks Walnut caterpillars ITBDABA ITAAAMA Webworms ITANANA Western hemlock looper **ITBUATA** Western spruce budworm

Yellow-poplar weevil

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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Christmas Tree Plantations cluster (continued)

INBQBYA INBQAUA INBQAMA INBGBMA	Ips beetles Mountain pine beetle Roundheaded pine beetleWestern pine beetle	of bark surface (80% WP)	Bark application. Effective as a preventative treatment only. Apply in late May to early June or prior to beetle attack. Treat trunks from ground level up until trunk diameter is less than 5 inches. Repeat annually as needed to prevent beetle attacks.
30005AA	Christmas Tree Plantat	ions	0.5 ppm maple sap
30000AA	Forest Trees, Forest L Plantations	ands, Forest	Avoid direct application to lakes, streams and ponds. May kill shrimp
67002AA	Recreational Areas and	Parks	or crabs. Do not apply where these
30007AA	Shelterbelt Plantings		are important resources. Apply in
67000AA	(including logging ca	mps, military	early morning or evening when air is calm and adults are active. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.
IOAMAAJ	(adults)	0.25-0.5 1b/A (5-10% D) or 0.25-0.53 1b/100 gal	Foliar application. Apply by airblast dusters or mist blowers. Thorough coverage is essential for effective control.
		0.5-101b/A) (80% WP)gal (2-4)1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply by air- craft in sufficient water for thor- ough coverage.
		0.25-1 lb/A (5-10% D) (50-80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply by low pressure ground sprayers or dusters.

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Site and Pest

Dorages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Christmas Tree Plantations cluster (continued)

1 1b/100 gal Foliar application. Apply by dilute (50-80% WP) ground equipment or hand sprayers (2-4 lb/galto small or limited areas. Thor-F1C) oughly cover foliage such as shrubbery, flower beds, turf, and shaded or 1-1.6 tbls* areas around buildings where adult actual/gal mosquitoes congregate. Avoid appli-(50-80% WP) cation to Boston ivy, Virginia creeper, maidenhair fern, sand pine OT 1.67-0.25 (in early season), or Virginia pine oz**/gal (in early season). (2-4 lb/galF1C)

25 1b/A Foliar application. For residual or control in subtropical regions.

0.5 1b/2 gal/ Repeat at 3 to 6 month intervals.

1,000 sq.ft
(80% WP)
(2-4 1b/gal F1C)

AIAAA Biting midges
AUAFA House fly
AMAAA Mosquitoes

0.3 1b/A (1% D) Foliar application. Apply by power duster or large hand duster to wooded areas.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
67000AA	Uncultivated Non-Agr Areas (including bo ditch banks, and wa	rders,	For 3.8 and 4 pound per gallon flowable concentrate or ready to use formulations. May be applied by aircraft undiluted or diluted with diesel fuel, number 2 fuel oil, or kerosene. May be applied by ground mist blowers or cold fogging when diluted with aliphatic compounds mentioned above. Refer to manufacture's directions for additional information on dilution rates, nozzles, and calibration. Do not mix with alcohol, water, or aromatic solvents. Do not mix with fertilizers. Formulated with petroleum distillate.
ALANADI	Black grass bug	0.6-1.2 lb/A (3.8-4 lb/ gal FlC or RTU)	Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the lower rate for immature bugs in sparse vegetation and the higher rate for mature bugs or when vegetation is thick.
IVABAAA	Grasshoppers	0.6-1.78 lb/A (3.8-4 lb/ gal FlC or RTU)	Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the lower rate for nymphs on small plants or in sparse vegetation and the higher rate for grasshoppers are mature or when vegetation is thick.
INBPAZA	Japanese beetle	1.2 1b/A (3.8-4 1b/ gal F1C or RTU)	Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply when adults are present.
ITBNAJA	Range caterpillar	0.6-1.2 lb/A (3.8-4 lb/ gal FlC or RTU)	Ultra low volume or low volume foliar application. Apply the lower rate when larvae are in early instars and the higher rate for later instars.

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Grasshoppers 0.5-1.5 lb/A Foliar application. Apply the lower

Site and Pest Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Uncultivated Non-Agricultural Areas (including borders, ditch banks, and wastelands) (continued)

IVABAAA

		(2-10% D) (50-80% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	half of the dosage range for control of nymphs or sparse vegetation and the upper range when grasshoppers are mature or when area requires greater coverage. Flowable concentrates may be applied by aircraft and low volume equipment.
ITBCCFA IVAHAAA ITBCCOA IVABAAA	Armyworms Crickets Fall armyworm Grasshoppers	1-2 1b/A (10-20% P/T)	Broadcast soil application. May be applied by aircraft. Apply the lower rate for early instars, or nymphs, or when vegetation is sparse
E T RUCCA	or agginopper a		and the higher rate for later in- stars or mature crickets and grass- hoppers or when vegetation is dense.

DOMESTIC DWELLINGS, MEDICAL FACILITIES AND SCHOOLS

63001JC	Domestic Dwellings	(Indoor)	
	***************************************		Use limited to Professional Pest
ISASAAA	Ants	2-2.5% susp.	Control Operators.
IVAAABA	Cockroaches	(80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Premise treatment. Apply as a course wet spray or with a paint brush. Thoroughly treat cracks and crevices, baseboards, corners,
ILAMAQA	Brown dog tick	0.8-1.2%	walls, door sills, window frames,
IMDAAAA	Earwigs	susp.	pet quarters, ant trails, outside
IMNAAAA	Fleas	(80% WP)	perimeter of dwellings and places
ITCAAAA	Millipedes	(2-4 lb/gal	where pests tend to congregate.
ІМРВАСА	Silverfish	F1C)	Apply up to 2 times per 7 day interval. Do not use as a space spray. Do not use as where edible products are exposed, being prepared, processed, or served. Avoid application to surfaces where visible residues are objectionable. Fresh bedding should be replaced in animal quarters following treatment. Do not treat animals. Do not spray kennels or animal areas until animals have been removed.

CARBARYL

Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Domestic Dwellings (Indoor) (continued)

ISAAACA ISBIADA ISAAADA	Bees Hornets Wasps	(5% D)	Locate nest in wall, bore a one quarter inch hole in wall at nest site, insert nozzle, and inject dust. If hole is undesirable, sprinkle dust around nest and pump dust into enterance. Do not eat honey from treated bee hives.
IMNAAAA	Fleas	 (5% D)	Sprinkle lightly on floors, rugs, and furniture. Remove with a vacuum cleaner after a period of 1 to 2 hours.
IOAMAAJ	Mosquitoes (adults)	1 qt 2-2.5% susp./ 120 sq.ft (80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Use limited to Professional Pest Control Operators. Use limited to subtropic and tropical areas. Treat interior and exterior wall surfaces, ceilings, eaves, and roofs of dwellings constructed of wood, bamboo, metal, cement, brick, thatch, or whitewashed clay. Repeat at 3 to 6 month intervals. Do not treat rugs, carpets, drapes, and other fabrics as staining may result. Avoid application to structural surfaces where visible spray residue and water stains are objectionable.

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		CARE	ARIL
	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
3003AA	Domestic Dwellings (C	outdoor)	Avoid application to Boston ivy, maidenhair fern, Virginia creeper, sand pine (in early season), and Virginia pine (in early season).
SASAAA MNAAAA OAMAAA LAAACA	Ants Fleas Mosquitoes Ticks	0.9-1.25 lb/ 5,000 sq.ft (2.65-10% D) (1.25-20% G) (50-85% WP) (10-50% WP/D) (2-5 lb/gal F1C) (5-42.6% F1C) or 2-5 oz/ 5,000 sq.ft (5-20% PT)	Control of pests is a result of a lawn pest control program. Mow lawn, remove clippings and apply for even coverage. Keep children
LAWAAA	Chigger mites	0.5 1b/ 5,000 sq.ft (3.34-10% G) or 1 1b/5,000 sq.ft (80% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	
SASAAA SBCAEA	Ants Digger wasps	1 tbls 4.6% G/ant- hill or nest (4.6% G) or (6.8% G) (10% WP/D)	Spot treatment. For ants, apply to hills and wash into soil. For digger wasps, apply at dusk when pests are less active.

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Site and Pest Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Domestic Dwellings (Outdoor) (continued)

ISASAAA ILAMAQA ILAWAAA IVAAABA IVAHAAA INBUAAA IMDAAAA IMDAAAA IJCAAAA IJCAAAA IJBEAAA IJBEAAA ILAAACA	Ants Brown dog tick Chigger mites Cockroaches Crickets Darkling beetles Earwigs Fleas Millipedes Scorpions Sowbugs Ticks	0.5-1 1b/ 5,000 sq.ft (10% D) (2-10% G) (50% WP) (10% WP/D) or 1.25 oz/gal (25% F1C) or 2-4.5 oz/ 5,000 sq.ft (5-20% PT)	Outdoor treatment. Treat areas around foundations, porches where pests are found. Granular and dust materials may be worked in with coarse spray. Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals.
ILAWAAA ILAAACA	Chigger mites Ticks	1 tbls actual*/gal (50-80% WP) or 0.167-0.25 oz**/gal (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Outdoor treatment. Apply to shrubs and other ornamentals when pests appear.
IMDAAAA IJCAAAA	Earwigs Millipedes	0.5-0.75 lb/ 5,000 sq.ft (5-10% D)	Outdoor treatment. Apply to soil surfaces, mulch, and debris around moist shady areas.
IMNAAAA	Fleas	0.25-0.5 lb/ 5,000 sq.ft (5-10% D)	Outdoor treatment. Apply to pens, yards, lawns and under buildings around the home. Force dust into cracks and crevices.

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	Site and Pest	Dosages and Formulation(s	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
	Domestic Dwellings (Outdoor) (conti	inued)
IOAMAAJ	Mosquitoes (adults)	0.25-0.5 1b/ 5,000 sq.ft (5-10% D)	Outdoor treatment. Apply to lawns, shrubs, and other vegetation around the home. Repeat as needed.
		1-1.6 tbls* actual/gal (50-80% WP) or 1.67-0.25 oz**/gal (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Outdoor treatment. Apply by hand sprayers to yards. Thoroughly cover foliage of shrubs, flower beds, grass, and shade areas around buildings where adult mosquitoes congregate. Apply in early morning or evenings when air is calm and mosquitoes are active. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.
ILAAACA	Ticks	0.125-0.25 1b/5,000 sq.ft (5-10% D)	Outdoor treatment. Apply to ground, debris, and vegetation to a height of 2 feet on lawns, vacant fields, and wooded areas around the home. Repeat as needed.
89001JA	Garbage Cans		.•
ISASAAA	Ants	0.32 oz/100 sq.ft (2% G)	Outdoor treatment. Apply evenly with shaker can.
	URBAN AND RURAL/INDOOR	AND OUTDOOR AR	EAS (Public Health)
68015AA	Plague Reservoir Host Animal Premises	Ē	For use only by or under super- vision of Federal or state public health or wildlife officials.
INMAAAA	Fleas (plague vectors)	0.1 oz/ burrow (5-10% D)	Apply by hand or power applicator.
	.	0.2 oz/bait station (5-10% D)	Apply 4 to 6 bait stations per acre.

1 1b/A Apply by hand or power applicator (5-10% D) as and area dust treatment.

CARBARYL

	Site and Pest	Dosages and	Tolerance, Use, Limitations
		Formulation(<u>s)</u>
67002JA	Recreational Areas (Indoor)	
ISASAAA	Ants	2-2.5%	Use limited to Professional Pest
IVAAABA	Cockroaches	suspension (80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Control Operators. Premise treatment. Apply as a course wet spray or with a paint brush. Thoroughly treat cracks and crevices, baseboards, corners,
ILAMAQA	Brown dog tick	0.8-1.2%	walls, door sills, window frames,
IMDAAAA	Earwigs	suspension	pet quarters, ant trails, outside
IMNAAAA	Fleas	(80% WP)	perimeter of dwellings and places
IJCAAAA	Millipedes	(2-4 _{1b/gal}	where pests tend to congregate.
ІМРВАСА	Silverfish	F1C)	Apply up to 2 times per 7 day intervals. Do not use as a space spray. Do not use as where edible products are exposed, being prepared, processed, or served. Avoid application to surfaces where visible residues are objectionable.
67002AA	Recreational Areas an (Outdoor)	nd Parks	Avoid direct application to lakes, streams and ponds. May kill shrimp or crabs. Do not apply where these are important resources.
ILAWAAA IMNAAAA IOAMAAA ILAAACA	Chigger mites Fleas Mosquitoes Ticks	0.9-1 lb/ 5,000 sq.ft (4.6-10% D) (50-80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application to recreational areas, path borders, roadways, or turf areas. Apply for even coverage. Keep children and pets off treated area until material is watered in and area is dry.

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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Recreational Areas and Parks (Outdoor) (continued)

			
ILAWAAA ILAAACA	Chigger mites Ticks	1 1b/100 gal or 1 1b/A (80% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C) or 1 tbls actual*/gal (80% WP) or 0.167-0.25 oz**/gal (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. For aerial and concentrate applications, apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Addition of stickers may improve residual control.
IOAMAAJ	Mosquitoes (adults)	0.25-0.53 lb/ 100 gal (50-80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply by mist blowers. Thorough coverage is essential for effective control. Apply in early morning or evening when air is calm and adults are active. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.
		0.5-1 lb/A (80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply by aircraft in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Apply in early morning or evening when air is calm and adults are active. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.
		0.25-1 1b/A (50-80% WP) (2-4 1b/gal F1C)	Foliar application. Apply by low pressure ground sprayers in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Apply in early morning or evening when air is calm and adults are active. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

Recreational Areas and Parks (Outdoor) (continued)

1 1b/100 gal Foliar application. Apply by high (50-80% WP) volume ground equipment or hand (2-4 lb/galsprayers to small or limited areas. F1C) Thoroughly cover foliage such as shrubbery, flower beds, turf, and or 1-1.6 tbls* shaded areas around buildings where actual/gal adult mosquitoes congregate. Avoid (50-80% WP) application to Boston ivy, Virginia creeper, maidenhair fern, sand pine OT 1.67-0.25 (in early season), or Virginia pine oz**/gal (in early season). Repeat at 7 to (2-4 lb/gal 10 day intervals. F1C)

25 1b/A Foliar application. For residual or control in subtropical regions.

0.5 1b/2 gal/ Repeat at 3 to 6 month intervals.

1,000 sq.ft
(80% WP)
(2-4 1b/gal F1C)

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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

(Commercial Establishments (areas other than edible product))

77000JC 72000JC 73000JC 71000JC	Commercial, Institutional, and Industrial Areas Eating Establishments Food Marketing, Storage and, Distribution Facilities Food Processing, Handling and, Storage Plants/Areas		
ISASAAA IVAAABA	Ants Cockroaches	2-2.5% suspension (80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	Use limited to Professional Pest Control Operators. Premise treatment. Apply as a course wet spray or with a paint brush. Thoroughly treat cracks and crevices, baseboards, corners,
ILAMAQA IMDAAAA IMNAAAA ITCAAAA IMPBACA	Brown dog tick Earwigs Fleas Millipedes Silverfish	0.8-1.2% suspension (80% WP) (2-4 lb/gal F1C)	walls, door sills, window frames, pet quarters, ant trails, outside perimeter of dwellings and places where pests tend to congregate. Apply up to 2 times per 7 day interval. Do not use as a space spray. Do not use as where edible products are exposed, being prepared, processed, or served. Avoid application to surfaces where visible residues are objectionable.

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Site and Pest

Dosages and Tolerance, Use, Limitations Formulation(s)

AERIAL, MOTHPROOFING AND TANK MIX APPLICATIONS

9001500 AAAAAA Aerial Application

Refer to

AGRICULTURAL CROPS

All sites

ORNAMENTALS

(Ornamental Plants (herbaceous, woody shrubs,

trees and vines))

All sites

FOREST, CHAPARRAL, NONAGRICULTURAL AND WASTELAND

All sites

9900300 " AAAAAAA Tank Mix

Refer to

AGRICULTURAL CROPS

Citrus Fruits, Olive

ORNAMENTALS

(Ornamental Plants (herbaceous, woody shrubs,

trees and vines))

Ornamental and/or Shade Trees (including nursery stock), Ornamental Woody Shrubs and Vines (including

Nursery Stock)

CARBARYL

Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation

95% technical chemical carbaryl (056801) 000264-00329

97.5% technical chemical carbaryl (056801) 000264-00325 004816-000270

99% technical chemical carbaryl (056801) 000264-00324

9% formulation intermediate carbaryl (056801) 002724-00243

46% formulation intermediate carbaryl (056801) 005481-00190

50% formulation intermediate

carbaryl (05680)	1)		
000148-00623	000264-00313	000264-00327	000476-01886
001598-00199	002124-00370	002459-00255	003743-00180
005905-00338		·	

80% formulation intermediate

carbaryl (056801) 000239-01829 000264-00328 000769-00450 001598-00227

85% formulation intermediate - carbaryl (056801) 000264-00326

1.5% dust carbary1 (056801) 004185-00158

1.75% dust (056801)

arbaryl (056801	.)		
000016-00028	000016-00071	000070-00200	000072-00355
000226-00143	000226-00206	000239-01570	000635-00521
000769-00236	000829-00131	001127-00060	002124-00565
002459-00127	002917-00069	003342-00056	005797-00056
005927-00008	007401-00291	042463-00001	

2% dust

carbaryl (056801) 000016-00012 000595-00250 000635-00196 001772-00042 003743-00256 012130-00012

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Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation (continued)

2.5% dust carbaryl (056801) 000004-00134 037509-00001

2.65% dust

carbaryl (056801) 008780-00021

3% dust

carbary1 (056801)

000148-01025 000595-00247 000829-00133 001386-00446 002342-00816 004185-00136 008590-00043

5% dust

carbary1 (056801) 000016-00027 000016-00069 000004-00143 000016-00015 000070-00002 000070-00166 000072-00345 000148-00735 000149-00005 000192-00070 000148-01031 000148-01032 000226-00145 000226-00147 000226-00207 000239-01349 000239-02181 000240-00136 000279-01418 000279-01642 000299-00121 000299-00143 000299-00144 000299-00119 000327-00098 000407-00281 000410-00076 000419-00148 000430-00030 000449-00307 000468-00011 000476-01428 000476-01999 000477-00185 000550-00046 000557-01613 000557-01931 000572-00107 000595-00252 000635-00243 000682-00053 000728-00058 000682-00051 000746-00101 000769-00306 000769-00405 000769-00418 000778-00001 000779-00045 000802-00273 000802-00442 000829-00128 000829-00159 000869-00005 000869-00118 000904-00191 000904-00264 000912-00053 001007-00077 001127-00061 001159-00128 001191-00244 001202-00300 001258-01024 001339-00159 001348-00204 001386-00451 001386-00515 001526-00504 001598-00092 001772-00053 001772-00083 001812-00037 001842-00184 001871-00083 001990-00238 002006-00059 002124-00514 002125-00040 002169-00214 002217-00383 002217-00572 002269-00075 002301-00012 002342-00792 002342-00831 002382-00018 002393-00174 002393-00375 002459-00134 002459-00140 002491-00234 002517-00017 002517-00018 002553-00032 002553-00033 002553-00035 002596-00047 002724-00075 002935-00193 003286-00007 003325-00069 003342-00051 003468-00048 003509-00035 003509-00083 003509-00117 003743-00134 003770-00108 004139-00026 003772-00012 004185-00154 004876-00007 004578-00007 004887-00074 004931-00072 004972-00055 005131-00005 005481-00058 005481-00098 005535-00082 005549-00010 005719-00036 005719-00080 005797-00057 005887-00043 005905-00048 005905-00309 005927-00007 006175-00009 006248-00012 006720-00064 006720-00078 006735-00014 006853-00012 007001-00214 007225-00006 007273-00052 007393-00016 007401-00069 007567-00001 008220-00026 008222-00046 008344-00001

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CARBARYL

Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation (continued)

5% dust (continued)

008344-00014	008590-00120	008590-00235	008590-00257*
008590-00291	008612-00079	008620-00033	009275-00015
009404-00010	009468-00008	009779-00074	009779-00190
009859-00089	009859-00161	009859-00186	010159-00002
010290-00026	010517-00001	012130-00013	014782-00002
020954-00072	033955-00462	034704-00026	034911-00006
035138-00013	036272-00014	040940-00022	042057-00042
042057-00085	042463-00002	043288-00003	044317-00022

^{*}Jacket currently unavailable for review

7.5% dust

carbaryl (05680)	L)		
000148-00686	000148-01022	000226-00170	000239-01361
000299-00155	000476-01323	000557-01832	000635-00322
000769-00228	001202-00142	001339-00137	001386-00472
001812-00067	001842-00200	002124-00283	002459-00139
002917-00068	003051-00047	003743-00304	005905-00043
005905-00319	007001-00215	008620-00048	008934-00007
009779-00082	009779-00180	009859-00150	

10% dust

carbaryl (056801) 000016-00098

arbaryi (U)0001	L /		
000016-00098	000070-00165	000148-00633	000148-01027
000226-00144	000239-01513	000279-01498	000279-01569
000299-00117	000373-00079	000407-00305	000416-00067
000430-00049	000449-00362	000476-01385	000550-00047
000557-01870	000635-00252	000769-00229	000769-00315
000802-00268	000829-00200	001191-00245	001202-00154
001208-00032	001258-01022	001339-00136	001386-00514
001526-00443	001598-00082	001812-00064	001842-00197
001871-00084	002124-00497	002269-00074	002342-00728
002393-00225	002459-00135	003286-00045	003342-00069
003509-00091	003743-00277	004139-00027	004185-00151
004887-00076	005481-00108	005549-00008	005605-00083
005797-00055	005905-00044	005905-00317	005927-00012
006720-00136	006735-00015	006754-00070	006853-00013
007001-00179	007401-00154	007401-00166	008344-00007
008612-00080	008620-00032	009275-00010	009779-00081
009779-00181	009859-00039	009859-00149	012130-00014
034704-00025	040940-00020	042463-00004	044317-00021

20% dust

carbaryl (056801) 005905-00342

25% dust

carbaryl (056801) 042463-00007

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CARBARYL

Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation (continued)

50% dust

carbaryl (056801)

000148-01082 000635-00550 000769-00361 001258-01026 004185-00411 005905-00069 006735-00135 009779-00061

009779-00182 012130-00002

xx% dust

carbaryl (056801)

008590-00079*

*Jacket currently unavailable for review

1.25% granular

carbaryl (056801)

006482-00006

1.3% granular

carbaryl (056801)

000539-00245

1.75% granular

carbaryl (056801)

000557-01779

1.786% granular

carbaryl (056801)

007401-00051

2% granular

carbaryl (056801)

000539-00266 007401-00148

2.05% granular

carbaryl (056801)

020954-00041

2.1% granular

carbaryl (056801)

008590-00353*

*Jacket currently unavailable for review

2.3% granular

carbaryl (056801)

010942-00005

3.34% granular

carbaryl (056801)

007401-00043

4.55% granular

carbaryl (056801)

002491-00217

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CARBARYL

Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation (continued)

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4.6% granular
carbaryl (056801)
000004-00142
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5% granular carbaryl (056801) 000004-00232 000192-00015 000239-02245 000264-00317 000279-02653 000279-01991 000769-00413 000802-00493 000961-00262 001339-00190 002342-00715 002393-00209 003442-00678 003770-00296 005481-00090 005905-00168 005967-00105 006720-00254 007001-00168 008940-00001 008940-00006 009779-00156 010163-00032 011656-00021 032182-00001 042057-00088 034704-00023

carbaryl (056801) plus aromatic petroleum derivative solvent (006501) 006720-00253

6% granular carbaryl (056801) 002217-00451

6.24% granular carbaryl (056801) 000557-01780

6.25% granular carbaryl (056801) 000779-00055 001159-00176

7.15% granular carbaryl (056801) 000961-00290

7.5% granular carbaryl (056801) 005535-00083

87 granular carbaryl (056801) 000572-00204

8.75% granular carbaryl (056801) 000538-00047

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Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation (continued)

10% granular

carbaryl (056801)

00148-00977	000407-00304	000407-00305	000449-00399
00572-00161	000635-00654	001029-00069	001767-00089
02217-00549	002393-00208	002393-00228	003770-00265
05481-00089	005905-00169	034704-00013	
	00572-00161 02217-00549	00572-00161 000635-00654 02217-00549 002393-00208	00572-00161 000635-00654 001029-00069 02217-00549 002393-00208 002393-00228

14.29% granular

carbaryl (056801) 002491-00199

15% granular

carbaryl (056801)

005905-00180 034704-00012

16% granular

carbaryl (056801) 000538-00067

20% granular carbaryl (056801)

000004-00177 006621-00043

2.1% pelleted/tableted

carbaryl (056801) 000239-02362

5% pelleted/tableted

carbaryl (056801)

000239-02235	000264-00320	000407-00327	001202-00185
001209-00128	002393-00213	002935-00366	005719-00046
006720-00255			

10% pelleted/tableted

carbaryl (056801) 000264-00312

20% pelleted/tableted

carbaryl (056801) 000264-00311

50% wettable powder

carbaryl (056801)

000004-00133	000016-00099	000016-00120	000072-00322
000148-00986	000226-00161	000239-01701	000239-01434
000264-00314	000279-01512	000299-00141	000327-00128
000407-00287	000419-00162	000449-00436	000468-00017
000477-00178	000539-00169	000572-00106	000572-00160
000602-00162	000635-00348	000728-00064	000769-00271
000779-00043	000779-00076	000802-00358	000829-00142
000869-00066	000904-00214	001159-00127	001348-00173

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CARBARYL

Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation (continued)

50% wettable powder (continued)

001386-00445	001767-00064	001772-00043	001812-00101
002125-00063	002169-00165	002217-00366	002217-00389
002393-00220	002393-00316	002749-00151	003286-00009
003743-00213	003770-00055	003772-00013	004185-00302
004185-00416	004758-00077	004931-00091	005481-00065
005535-00038	005062-00056	005605-00049	005887-00086
006035-00052	006835-00018	006830-00053	006993-00048
007395-00015	008590-00017	008590-00021	008590-00266
008923-00001	033955-00450	042057-00038	

80% wettable powder

carbary1 (056801)

000148-01128 000264-00316 002749-00204 019713-00050

85% wettable powder

carbary1 (056801)

000070-00171 000264-00315 000299-00158 004876-00038

2% wettable powder/dust

carbary1 (056801) 001772-00042

5% wettable powder/dust

carbaryl (056801) 001767-00065

10% wettable powder/dust

carbaryl (056801) 000004-00078

50% wettable powder/dust

carbaryl (056801) 004931-00100

8.5% impregnated materials

carbaryl (056801) 002724-00272

9% impregnated materials

carbaryl (056801)

002724-00173 002724-00203 002724-00241

12% impregnated materials

carbary1 (056801)

002724-00242

16% impregnated materials

carbaryl (056801) 002724-00273

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CARBARYL

Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation (continued)

1.6 lb/gal flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801) 007401-00208

2 lb/gal flowable concentrate

carbaryl (05680)	L)		
000004-00237	000072-00500	000264-00334	000407-00383
000499-00514	000449-00518	000476-02104	000769-00490
000779-00092	000904-00208	000904-00241	002125-00061
002169-00207	002217-00600	005887-00102	005887-00108
006720-00080	006973-00008	007401-00210	009404-00009
033955-00533	042057-00093		

2.36 lb/gal flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801) 000869-00134

3.8 lb/gal flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801) 000264-00337

4 1b/gal flowable concentrate

carbary1 (056801) ,		
000004-00167	000148-01147	000226-00209	000264-00321
000264-00333	000264-00335*	000343-00027	000449-00519
000476-01347	000572-00221	000635-00677	000769-00493
000779-00069	000829-00239	000904-00137	001812-00248*
002393-00255	005887-00089	005905-00251	006735-00232
007001-00105	007001-00194	008590-00419	009859-00238
010163-00060	012434-00003	034704-00024	

*Jacket currently unavailable for review

5 lb/gal flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801)

000072-00454 009859-00092

0.5% flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801), ethanol (001501), ethoxylated lanolin (031607), disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate (039115) plus ammonium lauryl sulfate (888888) 002097-00008

5% flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801) 005719-00035

10% flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801) 000802-00477

21.5% flowable concentrate

carbary1 (056801)

000016-00076

000557-01944 II-056801-193 Issued: 5-16-81

CARBARYL

Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation (continued)

23% flowable concentrate carbaryl (056801) 011287-00009

25% flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801)

000192-00094 007401-00083 008222-00047

27% flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801) 000239-02356

41.8% flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801)

005535-00072 005605-00091

42.6% flowable concentrate

carbaryl (056801) 001767-00084

2 lb/gal liquid-ready to use

carbaryl (056801) 000449-00514

3.8 lb/gal liquid-ready to use

carbaryl (056801) plus petroleum distillate (063503) 000264-00337

4 1b/gal liquid-ready to use

carbaryl (056801)

000264-00321 000343-00027 000635-00677 001812-00248

carbaryl (056801) plus petroleum distillate (063503) 000264-00323

0.5% liquid-ready to use

carbaryl (056801)

000778-00015

0.5% pressurized liquid

carbaryl (056801) 000778-00032

Issued: 5-16-81

CARBARYL

State Label Registrations

AR Reg. No. 001016-06729			
AZ Reg. No.			
001016-07050	001202-05012	001526-03810	001526-03817
001526-03818	001526-03819	002935-06577	011656-05725
023529-09277	037832-08446	037915-09434	037915-09436
CA Reg. No.			
000239-04144	000239-04150	000239-04151	000239-04241
000279-03219	000279-03896	000279-03999	000279-04012
000909-04646	000909-04648	000909-04649	001016-06730
001016-06731	001016-06732	001202-05048	001202-05050
002935-06671	005481-03855	005719-04894	005967-05148
005967-05149	006973-03582	006973-03583	007001-07697
007001-07698 007729-06063	007729-04636 007729-06064	007729-06056 008434-04729	007729-06062 010226-03776
010963-03722	010965-09913	010965-09914	010226-03776
011050-06798	011074-09528	011093-07114	011093-07373
011090-00790	011117-06049	011035-07133	011149-04667
011149-04668	011117 00043	011197-04445	011208-04574
011360-08854	011369-08761	011137 04443	011393-05937
011656-03404	011656-05914	011656-05915	035042-06796
035296-05812			
CO Reg. No.			
000960-03827	008773-04622		
DE Reg. No.			
014782-03201			
014701 03201			
FL Reg. No.			
000422-05384	001016-06733	001016-06734	001016-06735
003122-07554	003122-07555	003122-08829	003122-08850
003442-03698	006720-03353	007478-07990	007478-07992
009169-05226	009169-05288	009782-03659	009782-03660
009782-03661 014775-08768	011393-05937 035222-07170	011656-03404 035253-06040	014775-08766
014775-00700	033222-07170	033233-06040	
GA Reg. No.			
001016-06736	001016-06737	001016-06738	001812-03878
035219-06091			•
HI Reg. No.			
000239-04184	037843-08561	037843-08581	037843-08586
ID Reg. No.			
001016-06739	001016-06740	001016-10149	
IL Reg. No.			•
030774-08144			
Issued: 5-16-81	II	-056801-195	

CARBARYL

State Label Registrations (continued)

KS Reg. No. 001016-06741

LA Reg. No. 001016-06742 004841-06163 004841-06249

MD Reg. No. 014782-03016

MI Reg. No. 000595-04551 001016-06743 001016-06744 001016-06745

MS Reg. No. 001016-06746

NJ Reg. No. 005131-07219 005131-07224

NM Reg. No. 003051-09469

NY Reg. No. 038655-10429 038655-10439 038655-10440 038655-10468

OR Reg. No. 001016-06747 001871-08942 001871-08943

SC Reg. No. 001016-06748 001016-06749 001016-06750

TX Reg. No.

000430-08874 001016-06451 001016-06753 001016-10148
003286-08040 003286-08048 003286-08102 003286-08105
003442-03697 006853-06933 006853-07289 006853-07346
006853-07351 006926-03332 006926-03333 006926-03337
006926-03339 007467-03388 008127-05568 008127-05569
008127-05570 008127-05571 008127-05572 008612-03914
008612-03924 010290-04935 015887-04988 015887-04989
031143-04471 036007-03949 037803-08401 037854-08294

VA Reg. No. 014782-03017

WA Reg. No. 001016-06728 001016-06752 001016-10147

Issued: 5-16-81 II-056801-196

Index of Currently Acceptable Uses* CARBARYL

Provisional Update Cover Sheet

The purpose of this "Provisional Update Cover Sheet" is to reflect any additions or modifications to use information and precautionary language subsequent to the development of the original "Index" entry. This update sheet also reflects additional uses covered by special local need (24-c) registrations and multiple active ingredient (MAI) registrations that were not originally covered in the attached single active ingredient (SAI) entry. The reader should note that the scope of this update sheet is limited to changes and additions reflected by the Registration Standard Guidance Document for carbaryl and is not intended to serve as a comprehensive update.

Additional Use Information

Site of Application	Type of Registration	Comments
birdsfoot trefoil	None	New tolerance
chestnut	SAI	New use
flax	None	New tolerance
lentils	None	New tolerance
maple	SAI	New use
millet	None	New tolerance
oysters	24-C	·
pistachio nuts	SAI	New use
prickly pear cactus	24-C	

^{*} Covers single active ingredient products only

Provisional update 3/23/84

111-056801-197

Index of Currently Acceptable Uses

CARBARYL

Additional or Modified Precautionary Language

Site	Page	Instruction	Precautionary Language
General Warnings & Limitations	1	Add	"Do not rotate to any crop other than those with registered carbaryl uses".
Cowpeas	53	Change	"No preharvest interval" to "3 day preharvest interval".
Rice	126	Add	"Carbaryl is extremely toxic to aquatic and estuarine invertebrates. Discharge from rice fields may kill aquatic and estuarine invertebrates".
		Add	"Do not use on rice fields in which crayfish and catfish farming are included in the cultural practice".
		Delete	"May kill shrimp and crabs. Do not use in areas where these are important resources".
Dogs	160	Add	Do not use on pregnant dogs.
Forest trees	171	Change	"Avoid direct application to lakes, streams, and ponds" to "Carbaryl is extremely toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands, except under the forest canopy".

II. REQUIREMENT FOR SUBMISSION OF GENERIC DATA

A. This portion of the guidance document is a Notice issued under the authority of FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) and describes, in table format, the data required for maintaining the registrability of each product. Additionally, a bibliography (Appendix II-1) is included that identifies that data considered as part of the data base supporting this standard. EPA has determined that additional generic data described in this Notice must be submitted to EPA for evaluation in order to maintain in effect the registration(s) of your product(s) identified as an attachment to the cover letter accompanying this guidance document. As required by FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B), you are required to take appropriate steps to comply with this Notice.

EPA may suspend the registration of each of those products unless, within the specified time, you have informed EPA how you will satisfy the requirements of this Notice. Any such suspension will remain in effect until you have complied with the terms of this Notice.

What Generic Data 1/ Must Be Submitted. You may ascertain which generic data you must submit by consulting Table A at the end of this chapter. That table shows all the generic data needed to evaluate the continued registrability of all products, and the dates by which the data must be submitted. The required data must be submitted and any necessary studies must be conducted in accordance with EPA-approved protocols, the Pesticide Registration Guidelines 2/, or data collected under the approved protocols of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). If you wish not to develop data which are necessary to support the registration or reregistration of certain uses appearing in your labeling, you may delete those uses at the time you submit your revised labeling.

Also for certain kinds of testing (generally ecological effects), EPA requires the test substance to be a "typical formulation," and in those cases EPA needs data of that

^{1/} Generic data pertain to the properties or effects of a
partIcular ingredient, and thus are relevant to an evaluation of
the risks of all products containing that ingredient (or all such
products having a certain use pattern), regardless of any such
product's unique composition or use. Product-specific data relate
only to the properties or effects of a product with a particular
composition (or a group of products with closely similar composition)

²/ The Pesticide Registration Guidelines were reproposed on November 24, 1982 in 47 Federal Register 53192.

type for each major formulation category (e.g., emulsifiable concentrates, wettable powders, granulars, etc.) These are classified as generic data and when needed are specified in Table A. EPA may possess data on certain "typical formulations" but not others. Note: The "typical formulation" data should not be confused with product-specific data (Table B) which are required on each formulation. Product-specific data are further explained in Chapter IV of this document.

C. Options Available for Complying With Requirements to Submit Data

Within 90 days of your receipt of this Notice you must submit to EPA a completed copy of the form entitled "FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) Summary Sheet" [EPA Form 8580-1, Appendix II-2] for each of your products. On that form you must state which of the following methods you will use to comply with the requirements of this Notice:

- 1. (a) Notify EPA that you will submit the data, and
 - (b) either submit the existing data you believe will satisfy the requirement, or state that you will generate the data by conducting testing. If the test procedures you will use deviate from (or are not specified in) the Registration Guidelines or protocols contained in the Reports of Expert Groups to the Chemicals Group, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Chemicals Testing Programme, you must enclose the protocols you will use.
- 2. Notify EPA that you have entered into an agreement with one or more other registrants to jointly develop (or share in the cost of developing) the data. If you elect this option, you must notify EPA which registrant(s) are parties to the agreement.
- 3. File with EPA a completed "Certification of Attempt to Enter Into an Agreement With Other Registrants for Development of Data" (EPA Form 8580-6, Appendix II-3)*/
- 4. Request that EPA amend your registration by deleting the uses for which the data are needed. (This option is not available to applicants for new products.)

^{*/} FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) authorizes joint development of data by two or more registrants, and provides a mechanism by which parties can obtain an arbitrator's decision if they agree to jointly develop data but fail to agree on all the terms of the agreement. The statute does not compel any registrant to agree to develop data jointly. (Footnote continued at bottom of next page)

- 5. Request voluntary cancellation of the registration(s) of your products for which the data are needed. (This option is not available to applicants for new products.)
- D. Procedures for Requesting Changes in Testing Methodology and Extensions of Time

EPA recognizes that you may disagree with our conclusions regarding the appropriate ways to develop the required data or how quickly the data must be submitted. If the test procedures you plan to use deviate from (or are not specified in) the registration guidelines or protocols contained in the reports of the Expert Groups to the Chemical Groups, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Chemicals Testing Programme, you must submit the protocol for Agency review prior to the initiation of the test.

If you think that you will need more time to generate the required data than is allowed by EPA's schedule, you may submit a request for an extension of time. The extension request must be submitted in writing to the Product Manager. The extension request should state the reasons why you conclude that an extension is appropriate. While EPA considers your request, you must strive to meet the deadline for submitting the required data.

(Footnote continued from previous page)

In EPA's opinion, joint data development by all registrants who are subject to the requirements to submit a pertinent item of data or a cost-sharing agreement among all such registrants is clearly in the public interest. Duplication of testing could increase costs, tie up testing facilities, and subject an unnecessarily large number of animals to testing.

As noted earlier, EPA has discretion not to suspend the registration of a product when a registrant fails to submit data required under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B). EPA has concluded that it is appropriate to exercise its discretion not to suspend in ways which will discourage duplicative testing. Accordingly, if (1) a registrant has informed us of his intent to develop and submit data required by this Notice; and (2) a second registrant informs EPA that it has made a bona fide offer to the first registrant to share in the expenses of the testing [on terms to be agreed upon or determined by arbitration under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)(iii)]; and (3) the first registrant has declined to agree to enter into a cost-sharing agreement, EPA will not suspend the second firm's registration. While the first firm is not required to agree to jointly develop data, EPA is not required to force the second firm to engage in economically inefficient duplicative testing in order to maintain its registration.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CHEMICAL: Carbaryl

Guideline Citation and Name of Test	Test l Substance	Guidelines Status	Are D Requi Yes	Nata ² red No	Footnote Number
§158.120 Product Chemistry					
Product Identity:		•			
61-1 - Identity of Ingredients	TGAI	R	(\overline{x})		
61-2 - Statement of Composition	TGAI	R	(\overline{X})	[_]	
61-3 - Discussion of Formation of Ingredients	TGAI	R	(\overline{X})		
Analysis and Certification of Product Ingredients					
62-1 - Preliminary Analysis	TGAI	CR	$[\overline{X}]$		
62-2 - Certification of Limits	TGAI	R	(\overline{X})	<u>[]</u>	
62-3 - Analytical Methods for Enforcement of Limits	TGAI	R	(\overline{X})		
Physical and Chemical Characteristics					
63-2 - Color	TGAI	R	(\overline{X})		
63-3 - Physical State	TGAI	R	(\overline{X})	[]	
63-4 - Odor	TGAI	R	(\overline{X})	(_)	
63-5 - Melting Point	TGAI	R	(\overline{X})		
63- 6 - Boiling Point	TGAI	R	(_)	$(\overline{\underline{x}})$	***

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CHEMICAL: Carbaryl

Quideline Citation and Name of Test	Testl Substance	Guidelines Status	Are [Requi Yes		Footnote Number
\$158.120 Product Chemistry					
Physical and Chemical Characteristics (Continued)					
63-7 - Density, Bulk Density, or Specific Gravity	TGAI	R	(\overline{x})	Ō	
63-8 - Solubility	TGAI or PAI	R	(\overline{X})	\Box	
63- 9 - Vapor Pressure	PAI	R	(\overline{x})	\Box	
63-10 - Dissociation constant	PAI	R	$[\overline{X}]$	[]	
63-11 - Octanol/water partition coefficient	PAI	R	(\overline{X})		
63-12 - pH	TGAI	R	(\overline{x})	Ū	
63-13 - Stability	TGAI	R	(\overline{x})	<u>[</u>]	
Other Requirements:					
64-1 - Submittal of samples	Choice	CR	Ü	(\overline{X})	
<pre>1. Test Substance: TGAI = Technical substance.</pre>	grade of the	active ingredi	ent; PAI	= Pure acti	ve ingredient; C = Either
2. Data must be submitted by	1967 1984	·			•

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirements §158.125 Residue Chemistry	l Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
171-4 - Nature of Residue (Metabolism) - Plants	PAIRA	Yes	00116083*;0011834: 00053897*;0004913: GS0080083;GS00800: GS0080069*;GS00800 GS0080077	5 82
- Livestock	PAIRA and plant metabolites	Yes	00118371;00080686; 00118368;00080683; 00080682*;0008068; 00091952;00118375; 00080690*;0011837; 00080417;00118346;00080680;00118376*;0011834; GS0080072;GS00800;GS0080073;GS0080073;GS0080071;GS00800700015669	* 9* 7* 7 75 76
171-4 - Residue Analytical Method				
- Plant residues	TGAI and metabolite	es Yes	05018884;GS008007 GS0080050;GS00800 GS0080091;GS00800 GS0080093;0500872 05004154;05014156 05010424;05001852 05014889;05004934 05016141;05019959	54 92 8

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirements §158.125 Residue Chemistry	l Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
171-4 - Residue Analytical Method		•		
Plant residues	TGAI and metabolite	s Yes	GS0080052;GS00800 GS0080079;GS00800 GS0080067;GS00800 GS0080062;GS00800 GS0080056;GS00800 GS0080079;GS00800 00118373;00118346 00118370;00118372 00080680;00118366 00118377;00118366	066 064 055 057 049 063 6
- Animal residues	TGAI and metabolite	s Yes	GS0080052;GS00800 GS0080054;GS00800 GS0080055;GS00800 00118375;00118370 00080680;00118340 00118373;00118370 00118372;00118360 00080417;00118360 00118367;05018880 00061103;GS008000 GS0080050;GS008000 GS0080058;GS008000	078 056 062 6 6 0 6 8 8 4 35*

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

	Companie	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirements	Composition ¹	No, or Partially)	Citation	3(c)(2)(B)? ²
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
- Animal residues	TGAI and metabolites	Yes	GS0080038;0500415 05008728;05016141 05014156;05010424 05019959;05016141 05001852;05014889	 -
171-4 - Storage Stability Data	PAI	Yes	GS0080036*;GS0080 GS0080068	0061 No
171-4 - Magnitude of the Residue- Residue Studies for Each Food Use				
- Root and Tuber Vegetable Grou	<u>p</u>			
Beets	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Carrots	TEP	Yes	00090325	No
Horseradish	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Parsnips	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Potatoes	TEP	Partial	00107017;GS008000 GS0080089;GS00800	
Radishes	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Rutabagas	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Salsify	TEP	Yes	00089868	No

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

	1	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirements	Composition	No, or Partially)	Citation	3(c)(2)(B)? ²
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
Sugarbeets	TEP	Partial	00089868	Yes ⁴
Sweet potatoes	TEP	Yes	00107017	No
Turnips	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
- Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegeta	ble Group			
Beets (garden)	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Salsify	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Sugarbeets	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Turnips	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
- Leafy Vegetables Group				
Celery	TEP	Yes	GS0080018	No
Dandelion	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Endive	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Lettuce	TEP	Yes	00090162;000898	68 _{NO} 26
Parsley	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Spinach	TEP	Yes	00089868	No

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirements	l Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
Swiss chard	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
- Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vege	table Group			
Broccoli	TEP	Yes	00090325	No
Brussels sprouts	TEP	Yes	00090325	No
Cabbage	TEP	Yes	00090325	No
Cauliflower	TEP	Yes	00090325	No
Chinese cabbage	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Collards	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Kale	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Kohlrabi	TEP	Yes	00090325	No
Mustard greens	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
- Legume Vegetables (Succule	nt or Dried) Group	,		
Beans	TEP	Partial	GS0080002;GS00800	_{Yes} 5 26
Cowpeas	TEP	Yes	00089837	No6
Lentils	TEP	Yes	GS0080017;GS00800 GS0080004;0008983	

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

ata Requirements	l Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
158.125 Residue Chemistry				
Peas	TEP	Yes	00090113;GS0080017	_{No} 26
Soybeans	TEP	Partial	00089837	_{Yes} 7
- Foilage of Legume Vegetable	Group			
Beans, forage and hay	TEP	Yes	GS0080002;GS008000 GS0080004;0008983	
Cowpeas, forage and hay	TEP	Yes	00089837	No
Pea vines	TEP	Yes	00089837;GS0080017	7 _{NO} 26
Soybeans, forage and hay	TEP	Yes	00089837	No
- Fruiting Vegetables				
Eggplant	TEP	Yes	00089600	No
Peppers	TEP	Yes	00089600	No
Tanatoes	TEP	Partial	00089600	Yes ⁸
- Cucurbit Vegetables Group				
Cucumbers	TEP	Yes	00089376	No
Melons	TEP	Yes	00090325	No
Pumpkins	ТЕР	Yes	00090325	No .
Squash, summer	TEP	Yes	00089376	No

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirements	. 1 Camposition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
Squash, winter	TEP	Yes	00090325	No
- Citrus Fruits Group				
Citrus fruits	TEP	Partial	GS0080029;GS00800 00090204	30 Yes ⁹ 26
- Pome Fruits Group			00090204	
Apples	TEP	Partial	GS0080031;GS00800 GS0080045;GS00800	
Pears	TEP	Yes	00089455;00080419	_{NO} 26
- Stone Fruits Group				
Apricots	TEP	Partial	00090160	Yesll
Cherries	TEP	Yes	GS0080028;GS00800	34 _{NO} 26
Nectarines	TEP	Yes	00090160	No
Peaches	TEP	Yes	GS0080033	No
Plums (fresh prunes)	TEP	Partial	GS0080028;GS00800	34 Yes12 26
- Small Fruits and Berries Group				
Blackberries	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Blueberries	TEP	Partial	00090161;GS008000	9 Yes13 26

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirements	l Camposition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)		Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
Boysenberries	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Cranberries	TEP	Partial	00090161;GS0080009	yes14 26
Dewberries	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Grapes	ТЕР	Partial	GS0080019;GS008002 00089418	20 _{Yes} 15 26
Loganberries	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Raspberries	TEP	Yes	00089868	No
Strawberries	TEP	Yes	GS0080028;GS008004	13 _{NO} 26
- Tree Nuts Group				
Almonds	TEP	Yes	GS0080011;GS008001	12 _{NO} 26
Almond hulls	TEP	Yes	GS0080011;GS008003	12 _{NO} 26
Chestnuts	TEP	Yes	GS0080011;GS008003	12 _{NO} 26
Filberts	TEP	Yes	GS0080008	No
Pecans	TEP	Yes	GS0080015	No
Pistachio nuts	TEP	Yes	GS0080039	No
Walnuts	TEP	Yes	GS0080011;GS00800	12 _{NO} 26

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirements	l Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)	Dat Bibliographic Und	t Additional a Be Submitted er FIFRA Section c)(2)(B)? ²
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
- Ceral Grain Group				
Barley	TEP	Yes	GS0080022*;GS0080023* GS0080024*;GS0080088*	_{No} 16 26
Corn	TEP	Partial	GS0080006;GS0080007 GS0080005;00089420	_{Yes} 17 26
Millet, proso, grain	TEP	Yes	GS0080036	No
Oats, grain	TEP	Yes	GS0080040;GS0080047 GS0080048;GS0080085 GS0080024*	_{No} 16 26
Rice	TEP	Partial	GS0080021;00089837	Yes 18 26
Rye, grain	TEP	Yes	Yes GS0080040;GS0080047 GS0080048;GS0080086* GS0080087*;GS0080022 GS0080024*;00015669	
Sorghum, grain	TEP	Partial GS0080024*		Yes ¹⁹
Wheat, grain TEP		Yes	GS0080040;GS0080047 GS0080048;GS0080022* GS0080024*;GS0080086* GS0080087*;00015669	No ²⁶

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

	1	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirements	Composition	No, or Partially)	Citation	$3(c)(2)(B)?^2$
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
- Forage, Fodder, and Straw of	Cereal Grains Group			
Barley, green fodder straw	TEP	Yes	GS0080022*;GS008 GS0080024*;GS008	
Corn, forage fodder	TEP	TEP Yes		006 _{No} 26 20
Millet, proso, straw	TEP	Yes	GS0080036	No
Oats, fodder, green straw	ТЕР	Yes	GS0080040;GS0080 GS0080048;GS0080 GS0080024*;GS008 00089837	085
Rice, bran straw	TEP	Yes	GS0080021;000898	37 No ²⁶
Rye, fodder, green straw	TEP	Yes	GS0080040;GS0080 GS0080048;GS0080 GS0080022*;GS008 GS0080086*;GS008 00015669	085 0024*
Wheat, fodder, green TEP straw		Yes	GS0080022*;GS008 GS0080040;GS0080 GS0080048;GS0080 GS0080087*;00015	047 086*

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultual Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

ata Requirements	l Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)		Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Sectio 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
158.125 Residue Chemistry				
- Grass Forage, Fodder, and Hay	Group			
Grass Grass, hay	TEP	Partial	GS0080010;GS008002 GS0080026;GS008002 GS0080021;GS008004 GS0080085	4
 Non-Grass Animal Feeds (Foragand Hay) Group 	e, Fodder, Straw,			
Alfalfa Alfalfa, hay	TEP	Partial	GS0080022*;GS00800 GS0080024*;GS00800 GS0080026*;GS00800 00089837	25
Clover, hay	TEP	Yes	GS0080025;GS008002 GS0080041;00089837	
Birdsfoot trefoil forage hay	ТЕР	Yes	GS0080022*;GS00800 GS0080024*;GS00800 GS0080026*;GS00800 GS0080046;00089837	225 141
- Miscellaneous Crops		: -		
Asparagus	TEP	Yes	GS0080013;GS008001	4 No ²⁶
Bananas	TEP	Yes	00089602	No
Cotton, forage Cottonseed	TEP	Partial	GS0080005;00089837 GS0080084	_{Yes} 22 26

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirements	l Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)	[Nust Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
Flax, seed straw	TEP	Yes	GS0080037	No
Maple sap	TEP .	Yes	GS0080090*	No
Okra	TEP	Yes	00090229	No
Olives	TEP	Partial	00090281	Yes ²³
Oysters	TEP	Yes		No
Peanuts Peanuts, hay	TEP	Partial	00089837	Yes ²⁴
Sunflower seeds	TEP	Partial	GS0080016	Yes ²⁵
Tobacco	TEP	Yes		No
171-4 - Magnitude of the Residues	s in Food-producing animals	5		
Meat/Milk/Poultry/Eggs	TGAI or plant metabolite	Yes es	GS0080059;GS0080076 GS0080054;GS0080056 GS0080056;GS0080064 GS0080061;GS0080066 GS0080080;00118378 00118373;00080420 00118342*;00061103 00118375*;00118376	5 9 3 0

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirements	l Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No, or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ²
§158.125 Residue Chemistry				
Meat/Milk/Poultry/Eggs	TGAI or plant metabo	Yes lites	00118370;00118372 00118366;00080417 00118368;00118367 00015669;00118346 00118374;00080680 00080419	
Food Handling Establishments	TEP ·	No	-	Yes ²⁷

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultual Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

\$158.125 Residue Chemistry (continued)

- 1. Composition: TGAI = Technical grade of the active ingredient; PAIRA = Pure active ingredient, radiolabelled; TEP = Typical end-use product; EP = End-use product.
- 2. Data must be submitted no later than APR 1986
- 3. Residue data on potato granules, chips and dried products must be submitted.
- 4. A tolerance for sugarbeet roots must be proposed. Also, data on residues in dried pulp, molasses and refined sugar must be submitted.
- 5. Residue data on bean cannery wastes must be submitted.
- 6. The available data shows that residues on cowpeas at a 0-day PHI can be as high as 26 ppm. The established tolerance is 5ppm. A 3-day PHI for cowpeas must be established.
- 7. Residue data on soybean meal, hulls, soapstock, crude oil and refined oil must be submitted. Also, additional data data are needed to support a 2.5 lb. a.i./A rate for a dust formulation.
- 8. Residue data on tomato pomace (wet and dry), puree, catsup, and juice must be submitted.
- 9. Residue data on citrus molasses, oils, and peels must be submitted. Also, residue data must be submitted to support the aerial application use.
- 10. Residue data on dried apple pomace must be submitted.
- 11. Residue data on dried apricots must be submitted.
- 12. Additional residue data on prunes must be submitted.
- 13. Additional residue data on blueberries are needed to support the 4 lb. a.i./A rate for dust formulations.
- 14. Additional residue data on cranberries are needed to support the 4 lb. a.i./A rate for dust formulations.

TABLE A GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

\$158.125 Residue Chemistry (continued)

- 15. Residue data on grape pomace, grape juice, raisins, and raisin wastes must be submitted.
- 16. Residue data for barley, oats, and rye are needed to obtain a finite group or individual tolerances.
- 17. Residue data on field corn milled products must be submitted. Residue data on sweet corn cannery wastes must be submitted.
- 18. Residue data on rice bran with germ must be submitted.
- 19. Residue data on sorghum flour, milled products, and sweet syrup must be submitted.
- 20. The limited available data suggest that the tolerance may be exceeded at the recommended dosage rates. Additional data must be submitted. Additional data must be submitted to support the rangeland and pasture uses.
- 21. Residue data on alfalfa meal must be submitted. The available data show that at a 0-day PHI the tolerance for alfalfa could be exceeded. Therefore, either additional residue data must be submitted or a 3-day PHI must be established.
- 22. Additional residue data must be submitted or a 7-day PHI must be established.
- 23. Residue data on olive pomace and pressed cake must be submitted.
- 24. Residue data on peanut soapstock must be submitted.
- 25. Residue data on sunflower meal, hulls, crude oil, and refined oil must be submitted.
- 26. All references must be cited.
- 27. A petition for a food additive regulation must be submitted or the use in food areas of food handling establishments, restaurants, or other places where food is prepared or processed must be deleted from labeling. The following restriction would then be placed on all carbaryl labels with directions for use indoors: "Do not use this product in food areas of food handling establishments, restaurants, or other places where food is prepared or processed."

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

	1	Use 2	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirement	Composition	Pattern	No or Partially)	Citation	3(c)(2)(B)? ³
§158.130 Environmental Fate					
DEGRADATION STUDIES-LAB:					
161-1 - Hydrolysis	TGAI or PAIRA	A,B,C,D,E,F	Partial	GS0080751;05003	
Photodegradation		G,H		GS0080750;0011	5465
161-2 - In water	TGAI or PAIRA	A,B,C,D,G	Partial	00115465	yes 5
161-3 - On soil	TGAI or PAIRA	A,G	No '	-	Yes
161-4 - In Air	TGAI or PAIRA	A	No	-	Yes
METABOLISM STUDIES-LAB:					
162-1 - Aerobic Soil	TGAI or PAIRA	A,B,E,F,G,H	No		Yes
162-2 - Anaerobic Soil	TGAI or PAIRA	A	No		Yes
162-3 - Anaerobic Aquatic	TGAI or PAIRA	C,D,G	No	-	Yes
162-4 - Aerobic Aquatic	TGAI or PAIRA	C,D	Partial	05018064	Yes6
MOBILITY STUDIES:		. ;			
163-1 - Leaching and Adsorption/Desorption	TGAI or PAIRA	A,B,C,D,E,F, G,H	, Partial	00037300;05019	948 Yes ⁷
163-2 - Volatility (Lab)	TEP	A,E,F	No	_	NO8
163-3 - Volatility (Field)	TEP	A,E,F	No	-	NO9

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

		l Use 2	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirement	Composition	Pattern	No or Partially)	Citation	3(c)(2)(B)? ³
§158.130 Environmental Fate					
(continued)					
DISSIPATION STUDIES-FIELD:	·				
164-1 - Soil	TEP	A,B,H	No	-	Yes
164-2 - Aquatic - Soil (Sedime	nt) TEP	C,D	No	_	Yes
- Water	TEP	C,D	No		Yes
164-3 - Forestry	TEP	G	No	-	Yes
164-4 - Combination and Tank Mixes	-	-	N/A	-	No10
164-5 - Soil, Long-term	TEP	A,C	No		Reserved11
ACCUMULATION STUDIES:					
165-1 - Rotational Crops (Confined)	PAIRA	A,C	No	-	Yes
165-2 - Rotational Crops (Field)	ТЕР	A,C	· No	-	Yes
165-3 - Irrigated Crops	TEP	C,D	No		Yes
165-4 - In Fish TG	AI or PAIRA	A,B,C,D, G	No	-	Yes12
165-5 - In Aquatic Non-Target Organisms	TEP	D,G	No	-	Reserved13

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirement C	omposition	Use ² Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)?3
§158.130 Environmental Fate (continued)					
165 - Accumulation Studies for t	he Aquatic (Jses	·		
 Residue Data on Crops Receiving Irrigation Water from Treated Rice Fields 	ТЕР	С	No	-	Yes14
- Residue Data on Crops Used in Rotation With Rice	TEP	С	No	-	Yes14
 Residue Data on Crayfish and Catfish That are Farmed in Rice Fields 	1 TEP	С	No.	-	Yes14
- Residue Data on Crops Receiving Irrigation Wat from Treated Cranberry E (Marsh) If Included in Cultural Practice		С	No	-	Yes14

§158.130 Environmental Fate (continued)

- l. Composition: TGAI = Technical grade of the active ingredient; PAIRA = Pure active ingredient, radiolabelled; TEP = Typical end-use product.
- 2. The use patterns are coded as follows: A=Terrestrial, Food Crop; B=Terrestrial, Non-Food; C=Aquatic, Food Crop; D=Aquatic, Non-Food; E=Greenhouse, Food Crop; F=Greenhouse, Non-Food; G=Forestry; H=Domestic Outdoor; I=Indoor.
- 3. Data must be submitted no later than APR 1986
- 4. These studies provide information on the rate of hydrolysis of carbaryl. However, these studies do not provide sufficient data on the identification and quantification of the hydrolysis products. 1-Naphthol was the only hydrolysis product identified but it was not quantified.
- 5. This study provides information on the rate of photolysis of carbaryl in distilled water under natural sunlight. A material balance must be submitted or this study must be repeated.
- 6. This study provides information on the rate of aerobic aquatic metabolism in creek water. Formation and decline of degradation products must be submitted or this study must be repeated.
- 7. These studies provide information on the mobility of carbaryl under rapid leaching conditions in loam, sandy loam, and silty clay loam soil columns and mobility of carbaryl in a silty clay loam by soil TIC. Information was also provided on the adsorption coefficient (Kd) for carbaryl on loam, sandy loam, and silty clay loam. However, to totally satisfy this data requirement, the following studies are required: (1) A mobility study to assess the leaching potential of carbaryl and its degradates after the pesticide has been aged in a sandy soil or a soil representative of the use area (this will satisfy the data requirements for the terrestrial, food crop and terrestrial, non-food use patterns), (2) Batch equilibrium (adsorption/desorption) studies conducted on a minimum of four soils, such as sand (agricultural), sandy loam, silty loam, clay or clay-loam, each having a pH within the range of 4-8 (this will satisfy the data requirements for the greenhouse, food crop, greenhouse, non-food, and domestic outdoor use patterns), and (3) A batch equilibrium (adsorption/desorption) study on one aquatic sediment obtained from or representative of the use area (this will satisfy the data requirements for the aquatic, food and aquatic, non-food use patterns).

\$158,130 Environmental Fate (continued)

- 8. Not required because carbaryl is not expected to significantly volatilize.
- 9. Not required because carbaryl does not require a reentry interval.
- 10. This Guidance Document deals only with single active ingredients.
- 11. The requirements for a soil and water long-term study(s) are reserved pending the evaluation of the field dissipation studies (Terrestrial and Aquatic).
- 12. Fish accumulation data will not normally be required in situations where registrant(s) can offer acceptable evidence demonstrating that the active ingredient and/or its principal degradation products: will not persist in water (i.e., a half-life of approximately 4 days or less) and has properities suggesting: (a) a relatively low potential for accumulation in fish (an octanol/water partition coefficient less than 1000) or (b) a lack of accumulation in the organs and tissues of mammals or fish.
- 13. The requirement for an aquatic non-target organism study is reserved pending the evaluation of the fish accumulation study.
- 14. These data must be submitted and evaluated in order to delete the label restriction "Do not use on rice fields in which crayfish and catfish farming are included in the cultural practice."

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

	1	Use 2	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirement	Composition	Patterns	No or Partially)	Citation	3(c)(2)(B)?
§158.135 Toxicology					
ACUTE TESTING:		•			
81-1 - Oral LD ₅₀ - Rat	TGAI	A,B,C,D,E, F,G,H,I	Yes	GS0080999*	No
81-2 - Dermal LD ₅₀	TGAI	A,B,C,D,E, F,G,H,I	Yes	GS0080999*	No
81-3 - Inhalation LC_{50} - Rat	TGAI	A,B,C,D,E, F,G,H,I	No .	-	Yes ¹⁰
81-7 - Acute Delayed Neurotoxicity - Hen	TGAI	A,B,C,D,E, F,G,H,I	Yes	00061102	No ⁵
SUBCHRONIC TESTING:					
82-1 - 90-Day Feeding - Rodent, Non-rodent	TGÁI	A,C,E	Yes	00061102	No
82-2 - 21-Day Dermal	TGAI	A,B,C,D,E,F, G,H,I	No	-	No
82-3 - 90-Day Dermal	TGAI	A,B,C,D,E,F G,H,I	No	-	No
82-4 - 90-Day Inhalation - Rat	TGAI	A,B,C,D,E,F G,H,I	No	-	No
82-5 - 90-Day Neurotoxicity- Hen/Mammal	TGAI	A,B,C,D,E F,G,H,I	No	-	No ⁴

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirement	l Composition	Use ² Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No or Partially)?		Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)?
§158.135 Toxicology (continued)		•			
CHRONIC TESTING:					
83-1 - Chronic Toxicity - 2 species: Rodent and Non-rodent	TGAI	A,C,E	Partial	00061102	Yes3,6
83-2 - Oncogenicity Study - 2 species: Rat and Mouse preferred	TGAI	A,C,E	Yes	GS00801006;00061102 05004401;00080671 00085448;00080669 GS00801080	No ⁷
83-3 - Teratogenicity - 2 species	TGAI	A,C,E	Partial	GS00801010;GS008010 GS00801012;GS008010 00080416;05020870 00080874	
83-4 - Reproduction, 2-generation	TGAI	A,C,E	Yes	00080874	No
MUTAGENICITY TESTING					
84-2 - Gene Mutation	TGAI	A,C,E	Yes	GS00801018; GS008010 GS00801026 GS008010 GS00801029; GS008010 GS00801051; GS008010 GS00801043; GS008010 GS00801063; 00115485 05011624; 00066864 05019339; 00043655 05022257; 05018390	34 31 33 46

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirement	2 Composition	Use ² Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No or Partially)?	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ³
§158.135 Toxicology (continued)					
84-2 - Chromosomal Aberration	TGAI	A,C,E	Yes	GS00801020;GS008010 GS00801022;GS008010 GS00801028;GS008010 GS00801063;GS008010 GS00801047;GS008010 GS00801053;GS008010 00080874;05016869)23)34)36)52
84-2 - Other Mechanisms of Mutagenicity	TGAI	A,C,E	Yes	GS00801019;GS008010 GS00801049;GS008010	
SPECIAL TESTING					
85-l - General Metabolism	PAI or PAIRA	A,C,E	Partial	GS00801050;GS008010 GS00801061;05008717 GG00801079;05004999 00015699	1
85-2 - Domestic Animal Safety	Choice	A,C,E	Partial	00042411;00005130	Yes4,7,9

§158.135 Toxicology (continued)

1.	Composition: PAI = Pure active ingredient; PAIRA = Pure active ingredient, radiolabelled; Choice = Choice of severa test substances determined on a case-by-case basis.
2.	The use patterns are coded as follows: A=Terrestrial, Food Crop; B=Terrestrial, Non-Food; C=Aqautic, Food Crop;
	D=Aquatic, Non-Food; E=Greenhouse, Food Crop; F=Greenhouse, Non-Food; G=Forestry; H=Domestic Outdoor; I=Indoor.
3.	The one year dog feeding study must be submitted no later than
4.	The dog teratology study and the metabolism study must be submitted no later than APR 1985
5.	Carbaryl is not an organophosphate and it is not structurally related to a substance that causes delayed neurotoxicity.
6.	A one-year dog feeding study must be submitted.
7.	All references must be cited.
8.	A repeat teratology study in the beagle dog is required.
9.	A study comparing the metabolism of the dog versus the rat or monkey is required.
10.	Data must be submitted by 007% .

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirement	l Composition	Use 2 Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)?	
§158.145 Wildlife and						
Aquatic Organisms				ı		
AVIAN AND MAMMALIAN TESTING				1		
71-1 - Avian Oral LD ₅₀	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G,H	Yes	GS0080152	No	
71-2 - Avian Dietary ${ m IC}_{50}$	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G,H	Yes	00028757	No	
71-3 - Wild Mammal Toxicity	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G	No	_	Reserved ⁴	
71-4 - Avian Reproduction	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G	No	-	Yes3	
71-5 - Simulated and Actual Field Testing - Mammals and Birds	TEP	A,B,C,D,G	Partial	05014922;GS008015 GS0080151;GS00801		
AQUATIC ORGANISM TESTING		•				
72-1 - Freshwater Fish IC50						
a. Warmwater fish	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G,H	Yes	00043115;GS008019	56; No ⁶	
b. Coldwater fish	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G,H		GS0080156	No	
c. Warmwater fish	TEP	C,D,G	Partial	00042381;0005920	0 0	
				GS0080156		
d. Coldwater fish	TEP	C,D,G	Partial	GS0080156;0004238 00059202	31 Yes ^{8 9}	
72-2 - Acute IC ₅₀ Freshwater Invertebrates	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G,H	Yes	GS0080156	No .	
	TEP	C,D,G	No	_	Yes ⁸ 9	

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirement	l Composition	Use 2 Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)?
§158.145 Wildlife and Aquatic Organisms (continued)		•			3(0)(2)(2)
72-3 - Acute IC ₅₀ Estuarine and Marine Organisms	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G	No	-	Yes ⁹
72-4 - Fish Early Life Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cyc	TGAI le	A,B,C,D,G	Partial	GS0080155	Yes 7 9
72-5 - Fish - Life-Cycle	TGAI	A,B,C,D,G	Yes	GS0080155	No
72-6 - Aquatic Organism Accumulation	TGAI, PAI OR Degradation Product	A,B,C,D,G	No .	-	Reserved ⁴
72-7 - Simulated or Actual Field Testing - Aquatic Organisms	ТЕР	A,B,C,D,G	Partial	00049128;GS008015	3 Reserved ⁴

§158.145 Wildlife and Aquatic Organisms (continued)

1.	Composition: TGAI = Technical grade of the active ingredient; PAI = pure active ingredient; TEP = Typical end-use product;
2.	The use patterns are coded as follows: A=Terrestrial, Food Crop; B=Terrestrial, Non-Food Crop; C=Aquatic, Food Crop; D=Aquatic, Non-Food; E=Greenhouse, Food Crop; F=Greenhouse, Non-Food; G=Forestry; H=Domestic Outdoor; I=Indoor.
3.	Data must be submitted no later than
4.	These data may be required pending the results of the Environmental Fate tests.
5.	These data may be required pending the results of the avain reproduction study and requested Environmental fate tests.
6.	Either reference may be cited for the warmwater fish data requirement.
7.	An aquatic invertebrate life-cycle study must be submitted. The fish early life-cycle study is acceptable.
8.	Data must be submitted on the TEP for all substantially different formulations used on cranberries, forests, rice and mosquitoes for aquatic organisms.
9.	Data must be submitted by

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

Data Requirement	l Composition	2 Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)? ³
§158.140 Reentry Protection					
132-1 - Foliar Dissipation	TEP	A,B,E,F,H	No		No4
132-1 - Soil Dissipation	TEP	A,B,E,F,H	No	-	No4
133-3 - Dermal Exposure	TEP	A,B,E,F,H	No		No4
133-4 - Inhalation Exposure	TEP	A,B,E,F,H	No	_	No4

- 1. Composition: TEP = Typical end-use product.
- 2. The use patterns are coded as follows: A = Terrestrial, Food Crop; B = Terrestrial, Non-Food; C = Aquatic, Food Crop; D = Aquatic, Non-Food; E = Greenhouse, Food Crop; F = Greenhouse, Non-Food; G = Forestry; H = Domestic, Outdoor; I = Indoor.
- 3. Data must be submitted no later than _____
- 4. Data to support the establishment of reentry protection standards are not required. No reentry intervals are needed for carbaryl based on based on available environmental fate and toxicology data.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

	1	Use 2	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirements	Composition	Pattern	No or Partially)	Citation	3(c)(2)(B)? ³
§158.150 Plant Protection					
121-1 - TARGET AREA PHYTOTOXICITY	EP	-	No	-	No ⁴
NONTARGET AREA PHYTOTOXICITY					
TIER I					
122-1 - Seed Germination/ Seedling Energence	TGAI	-	No	-	No ⁴
122-1 - Vegetative Vigor	TGAI	-	No	_	NO 4
122-2 - Aquatic Plant Growth	TGAI	-	No	-	No ⁴
TIER II					
123-1 - Seed Germination/ Seedling Emergence	TGAI	***	No	-	No ⁴
123-1 - Vegetative Vigor	TGAI	-	No	-	No ⁴
123-2 - Aquatic Plant Growth	TGAI	-	No	-	No4
TIER III					
124-1 - Terrestrial Field	TEP	-	No	-	No ⁴
124-2 - Aquatic Field	TEP	; -	No	-	No4

¹ Composition: TGAI = Technical grade of the active ingredient; TEP = Typical end-use product.
EP = End-use product.

² The use patterns are coded as follows: A=Terrestrial, Food Crop; B=Terrestrial, Non-Food Crop; C=Aquatic, Food Crop; D=Aquatic, Non-Food; E=Greenhouse, Food Crop; F=Greenhouse, Non-Food; G=Forestry; H=Domestic Outdoor; I=Indoor.

³ Data must be submitted no later than

⁴ These data are not required because it is believed there is not a phytotoxicity problem with carbaryl.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

	1	Use 2	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirement	Composition	Pattern	No or Partially)	Citation	3(c)(2)(B)? ³
§158.155 Nontarget Insect					
NONTARGET INSECT TESTING - POLLINATORS:					
141-1 - Honey bee acute contact LD ₅₀	TGAI	A,B,G,H	Yes	00036935	No
141-2 - Honey bee - toxicity of residues on foliage	ТЕР	A,B,G,H	Yes	05000837	No
141-3 - Wild bees important in alfalfa pollination - toxicity of residues on foliage		A	Yes	05000837	No
141-4 - Honey bee subacute feeding study	(Reserved) 4				
141-5 - Field testing for pollinators	TEP	A,B,G,H	No		_{NO} 5

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR CARBARYL

		Use ²	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes,	Bibliographic	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section
Data Requirement	Composition l	Pattern	No or Partially)	Citation	3(c)(2)(B)? ³
§158.155 Nontarget Insect (continued)					
NONTARGET INSECT TESTING - AQUATIC INSECTS:					
142-1 - Acute toxicity to aquatic insects	-	A,B,C,D,G,H	Reserved ⁶		
142-2 - Aquatic insect life-cycle study	-	A,B,C,D,G,H	Reserved ⁶	•	
142-3 - Simulated or actual field testing for aquatic insects	-	A,B,C,D,G,H	Reserved ⁶		
143-1 - NONTARGET INSECT TESTING - PREDATORS thru AND PARASITES		A,B,C,D,G,H	Reserved ⁶		
143-3					

^{1.} Composition: TGAI = Technical grade of the active ingredient; TEP = Typical end-use product.

^{2.} The use patterns are coded as follows: A=Terrestrial, Food Crop; B=Terrestrial, Non-Food; C=Aquatic, Food Crop; D=Aqautic, Non-Food; E=Greenhouse, Food Crop; F=Greenhouse, Non-Food; G=Forestry; H=Domestic Outdoor; I=Indoor.

^{3.} Data must be submitted no later than

^{4.} Reserved pending development of test methodology.

^{5.} Required only on a case-by-case basis.

^{6.} Reserved pending decision as to whether data requirement should be established.

TABLE B
PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR MANUFACTURING-USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING CHEMICAL: CARBARYL

Guideline Citation and Name of Test	Test Substance ^l	Guidelines Status ²	Are D Requi		Footnote Number
§158.120 - Product Chemistry					
Product Identity:					
61-1 - Identity of Ingredients	MP	R	(\overline{X})	\Box	
61-2 - Statement of Composition	MP	R	(\overline{X})	Ü	
61-3 - Discussion of Formation of Ingredients	MP	R	(\overline{X})	Ü	
Analysis and Certification of Product Ingredients					
62-1 - Preliminary Analysis	MP -	R	(\overline{X})	\Box	
62-2 - Certification of Limits	MP	R	(\overline{X})	\Box	
62-3 - Analytical Methods for Enforcement of Limits	MP	R	$(\overline{\underline{X}})$	Ō	
Physical and Chemical Characteristics					
63-2 - Color	MP	R	$\{\overline{X}\}$	Ō	
63-3 - Physical State	MP	R	$\{\overline{\underline{x}}\}$		
63-4 - Odor	MP	R	$(\overline{\underline{x}})$	()	
63-7 - Density, Bulk Density, or Specific Gravity	MP	R	(\overline{X})	Ō	
63-12 - pH	MP	R	(\overline{X})	\Box	

TABLE B
PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR MANUFACTURING-USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING CHEMICAL: CARBARYL

Guideline Citation and Name of Test	Test Substance ¹	Guidelines Status ²	Are Data ³ Required Yes No		Footnote Number
{158.120 - Product Chemistry					
Physical and Chemical Characteristics (Continued)					
63-14 - Oxidizing or Reducing Action	MP	CR	ι <u>χ</u> ι	Ō	
63-15 - Flammability	MP	CR	נ <u>x</u> כ	<u></u> 1	
63-16 - Explodability	MP	R	נֿצַז	<u></u>	
63-17 - Storage Stability	MP	R	נ <u>x</u> ัว	៊ោ	
63-18 - Viscosity	MP	CR	נ <u>x</u> ัว	<u></u>	
63-19 - Miscibility	MP	CR	נ <u>x</u> ัว	(_)	
63-20 - Corrosion Characteristics	MP	R	(\overline{x})	<u>〔</u> 〕	A-147+4
Other Requirements:					
64-1 - Submittal of samples	PAI	CR	(<u>_</u>)	$\overline{(\underline{x})}$	

3. Data must be submitted by ______

^{1.} Test substance: MP = Manufacturing-use product; PAI = Pure active ingredient

^{2.} Guideline status: R = Required; CR = Conditionally required

TABLE B
PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR MANUFACTURING-USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING CARBARYL

ata Requirement	Composition Characteristics	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Requirement? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)?
	Composition dialacteristics	no or rurerurly,	CICACION	3(0)(2)(b)
158.135 Toxicology	•			
ACUTE TESTING				
81-1 - Oral LD ₅₀	Dust bases between 70% and 99% a.i.	2 _{Yes}	GS0080999*	No
50	Dust bases 69% and lower in a.i. ³	No	-	Yes
	Wettable powder base 50% a.i.4	No	-	Yes
	Bait base 12% a.i. ⁵	No	-	Yes
81-2 - Dermal LD ₅₀	Dust bases between 70% and 99% a.i.	2 Yes	GS0080999*	No
50	Dust bases 69% and lower in a.i.3	Yes	GS0080999*	No
	Wettable powder base 50% a.i.4	Yes	GS0080999*	No
	Bait base 12% a.i. ⁵	Yes	GS0080999*	No
81-3 - Inhalation IC_{50}	Dust bases between 70% and 99% a.i.	2 No	_	Yes
	Dust bases 69% and lower in a.i.3	No		Yes
	Wettable powder base 50% a.i.4	No	-	Yes
	Bait base 12% a.i. ⁵	No	_	Yes
81-4 - Primary Eye	Dust bases between 70% and 99% a.i.	2 Yes	GS0080999*	No
Irritation	Dust bases 69% and lower in a.i. ³	Yes	GS0080999*	No
	Wettable powder base 50% a.i.4	Yes	GS0080999*	No
	Bait base 12% a.i. ⁵	Yes	GS0080999*	No
81-5 - Primary Dermal	Dust bases between 70% and 99% a.i.	2 Yes	GS0080999*	No
Irritation	Dust bases 69% and lower in a.i. ³	Yes	GS0080999*	No
	Wettable powder base 50% a.i.4	Yes	GS0080999*	No
	Bait base 12% a.i. ⁵	Yes	GS0080999*	No
81-6 - Dermal	Dust bases between 70% and 99% a.i.	2 No	<u>-</u>	Yes
Sensitization	Dust bases 69% and lower in a.i.	No	-	Yes
	Wettable powder base 50% a.i.4	No	-	Yes
	Bait base 12% a.i. ⁵	No	-	Yes

^{*}Data submitted by Union Carbide Agricultural Products Co., Inc. These data may be compensable.

TABLE B PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR MANUFACTURING-USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING CARBARYL

§158.135 Toxicology (continued)

- 1. Data must be submitted no later than
- 2. Products currently registered that fall in this category are: EPA Registration Nos. 239-2496, 264-324, 264-325, 264-326, 264-328, 264-329, 769-450.
- 3. Products currently registered that fall in this category are: EPA Registartion Nos. 264-313, 264-327, 476-1886, 1598-199, 2124-370, 3743-180, 5481-190, 5905-338.
- 4. Product currently registered that falls in this category is: EPA Registartion Nos. 239-2487.
- 5. Product currently registered that falls in this category is: EPA Registration Nos. 264-347.

- GS0080001 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Potatoes]. (Unpublished study received May 15, 1970 under PP# 902; CDL: 091556)
- GS0080002 Union Carbide Corporation (1958) [Residue Data Concerning Apples]. (Unpublished study received Feb. 6, 1958 under PP# 167; CDL: 090193)
- GS0080003 Union Carbide Corporation (1958) [Residue Data Concerning Apples, Peaches, Beans]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 193; CDL: 092469)
- GS0080004 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Apples, Peaches, Beans]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 193; CDL: 092470)
- GS0080005 Union Carbide Corporation (1959) [Residue Data Concerning Cottonseed]. (Unpublished study received Feb. 27, 1959 under PP# 212; CDL: 092490)
- ©S0080006 Union Carbide Corporation (1960) [Residue Data Concerning Milk and Meat of Cattle, and Corn and Corn Fodder and Forage].

 (Unpublished study received Jan 5, 1960 under PP# 243; CDL: 090270)
- GS0080007 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Milk and Meat of Cattle, and Corn and Corn Fodder and Forage].

 (Unpublished study received Jan 5, 1960 under PP# 243;
 CDL: 092520)
- GS0080008 Union Carbide Corporation (1960) [Residue Data Concerning Filberts]. (Unpublished study received Oct 7, 1960 under PP# 277; CDL: 090299)
- GS0080009 Union Carbide Corporation (1960) [Residue Data Concerning Apricots, Nectarines, Cranberries, Blueberries and Lettuce]. (Unpublished study received Nov 25, 1960 under PP# 281; CDL: 090303)
- GS0080010 Union Carbide Corporation (1961) [Residue Data Concerning Forage, Grain and Field Crops]. (Unpublished study received Mar 10, 1961 under PP# 302; CDL: 090343)

- GS0080011 Union Carbide Corporation (1961) [Residue Data Concerning Almonds and Almond Hull]. (Unpublished study received Aug 17, 1961 under PP# 329; CDL: 090356)
- GS0080012 Union Carbide Corporation (1960) [Residue Data Concerning Almonds and Walnuts]. (Unpublished study received Aug 17, 1961 under PP# 329; CDL: 092611)
- GS0080013 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Asparagus].

 (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 333;

 CDL: 092615)
- GS0080014 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Asparagus].

 (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 333;

 CDL: 092616)
- GS0080015 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Pecans]. (Unpublished study received Oct. 19, 1972 under PP# 1324; CDL: 093553)
- GS0080016 Interregional Research Project No. 4 (19??) [Residue Data concerning Sunflower Seeds]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 1564; CDL: 099745)
- GS0080017 Interregional Research Project No. 4 (1978) [Residue Data Concerning Lentils]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 1847; CDL: 097397)
- GS0080018 Interregional Research Project No. 4 (1976) [Residue Data Concerning Celery]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 1935; CDL: 097769)
- GS0080019 Union Carbide Corporation (1958), [Residue Data Concerning Grapes].

 (Unpublished study received Feb 24, 1958 under PP# 169;

 CDL: 090196)
- GS0080020 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Grapes]
 (Unpublished study received Feb 24, 1958 under PP# 169;
 CDL: 092447)
- GS0080021 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Forage of Alfalfa, Bean, Clovers, Cotton, Cowpea, Grasses, Sorghums, Soybean and Sugar Beet Tops; Cured Hay of Alfalfa, Bean, Clovers, Cowpea, Grasses, Peanut, Rice, Straw and Soybean; Sorghum Grain, Peanuts, Rice, Soybeans, and Cowpeas].

 (Unpublished study received Mar. 10, 1961 under PP# 302; CDL: 092582)

- GS0080022 Union Carbide Corporation (1977) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains, Cotton, Field Corn, Forests, Peanuts, Rangeland and Pasture, Rice, Sorghum, Sprinkler Irrigated Crops, and Sweet Corn]. (Unpublished study received Dec 23, 1977 under PP# 2036; CDL: 096707)
- GS0080023 Union Carbide Corporation (1977) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains, Cotton, Field Corn, Forests, Peanuts, Rangeland and Pasture, Rice, Sorghum, Sprinkler Irrigated Crops, and Sweet Corn]. (Unpublished study received Dec 23, 1977 under PP# 2036; CDL: 096708)
- GS0080024 Union Carbide Corporation (1978) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains, Cotton, Field Corn, Forests, Peanuts, Rangeland and Pasture, Rice, Sorghum, Sprinkler Irrigated Crops, and Sweet Corn]. (Unpublished study received Oct 30, 1978 under PP# 2036; CDL: 235625)
- GS0080025 Union Carbide Corporation (1960) [Residue Data Concerning Alfalfa, Grass Forage, Sorghum Forage and Sorghum Grain]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 263; CDL: 092540)
- GS0080026 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Alfalfa, Grass Forage, Sorghum Forage and Sorghum Grain]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 263 CDL: 092541)
- GS0080027 Union Carbide Corporation (19??) [Residue Data Concerning Apricots, Nectarines, Cranberries, Blueberries and Lettuce].

 (Unpublished study received Nov. 25, 1960 under PP# 281; CDL: 092559)
- GS0080028 Union Carbide Corporation (1959) [Residue Data Concerning Plums, Cherries and Strawberries]. (Unpublished study received Aug. 21, 1959 under PP# 222; CDL: 090250)
- GS0080029 Union Carbide Corporation (1961) [Residue Data Concerning Grapefruit]. (Unpublished study received Aug. 4, 1961 under PP# 327; CDL: 090354)
- GS0080030 Union Carbide Corporation (1961) [Residue Data Concerning Citrus Fruits]. (Unpublished study received Aug. 4, 1961 under PP# 327; CDL: 092609)

- GS0080031 Union Carbide Corporation (1957) [Residue Data Concerning Apples].

 (Unpublished study received Nov. 14, 1957 under PP# 155;

 CDL: 090181)
- GS0080032 Union Carbide Corporation (1958) [Residue Data Concerning Beans]. (Unpublished study received Feb. 6, 1958 under PP# 167; CDL: 090193)
- GS0080033 Union Carbide Corporation (1958) [Residue Data Concerning Apples, Peaches and Beans]. Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 193; CDL: 092469)
- GS0080034 Anonymous (1959) [Residue Data Concerning Plums, Cherries, and Strawberrries]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 222; CDL: 098753)
- GS0080035 Union Carbide Corporation (1976) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains]. (Unpublished study received Oct. 14, 1976 under PP# 1878; CDL: 095306)
- GS0080036 International Research Project No.4 (1981) [Residue Data Concerning Millet]. (Unpublished study received April 7, 1981 under PP#2497 CDL: 099998)
- GS0080037 International Research Project No.4 (1981) [Residue Data Concerning Flax]. (Unpublished study received April 7, 1981 under PP# 2498 CDL: 099997)
- GS0080038 Union Carbide Corporation (1961) [Residue Data Concerning Poultry Meat]. (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 311; CDL: 098411)
- GS0080039 International Research Project No.4 (1978) [Residue Data Concerning Pistachios]. (Unpublished study received Nov. 21, 1978 under PP# 2153; CDL: 097652)
- GS0080040 Union Carbide Corporation (1965) [Residue Data Concerning Potatoes].

 (Unpublished study received Oct 20, 1965 under PP# 405;

 CDL: RCB-114272)
- GS0080041 Union Carbide Corporation (1960) Residue Data Concernng Alfalfa,
 Grass Forage, Sorghum Forage, and Sorghum Grain]. (Unpublished
 study received Aug 30, 1960 under PP# 263; CDL: RCB-113749)

- GS0080042 Union Carbide Corporation (1971) [Residue Data Concerning Potatoes].

 (Unpublished study received Jan 13, 1972 under PP# 1220;

 CDL: RCB-117665)
- GS0080043 Union Carbide Corporation (1960) [Residue Data Concerning Plums, Cherries, Strawberries]. (Unpublished study received on unknown data under PP# 222; CDL: RCB-113603)
- GS0080044 University of Idaho (1973) [Residue Data Concerning Lentils]. (Unpublished study received Apr 27, 1976 under PP# 1781)
- GS0080045 Union Carbide Corporation (1957) Residue Data Concerning Apples].

 (Unpublished study received on unknown date under PP# 155;

 CDL: RCB-113394)
- GS0080046 International Research Project No.4 (1977) [Residue Data Concerning Birdsfoot Trefoil]. (Unpublished study received Jan 3, 1978 under PP# 2035)
- GS0080047 Union Carbide Corporation (1965) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains]. (Unpublished study received Oct. 20, 1965 under PP# 405; CDL: RCB-114275)
- GS0080048 Union Carbide Corporation (1964) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains]. (Unpublished study received Feb 17, 1964 under PP# 405; CDL: RCB-114277)
- GS0080049 Butler, L.I., and McDonough, L.M. (1970) Specific GLC Method for Determining Residues of Carbaryl by Electron Capture Detection after Derivation Formation. J. Assoc. Offic. Anal. Chem 53 (3): 495-498.
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 Crops. J. Agr. Food Chem. 7 (8): 613-614.
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- GS0080059 Roberts, R.H., Jackson, J.B., et al (1960) Residue Studies of LiveStock Sprays Containing Sevin. J. Econ. Entomol. 53: 326.
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 A One-Step Method for Replacing the Sulfate with an Acetyl
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- GS0080066 McDermott, W.H. (1980) High Performance Liquid Chromatographic Determination of Carbaryl Insecticide in Formulations.

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- GS0080067 Argauer, Robert J.and Warthen, J.D. (1975) Separation of 1- and 2-Naphthols and Determination of Trace Amounts of 2-Naphthyl Methylcarbamate in Carbaryl Formulations by High-Pressure Liquid Chromatography with Confirmation by Spectrofluorometry. Anal. Chem. 47 (14): 2472-2473.
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 in Maize Products. Pages 13-20 In Radiotracer Studies of
 Pesticide Residues in Edible Oil Seeds and Related Products;
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- GS0080086 Union Carbide Corporation (1979) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains]. (Unpublished study received Aug 9, 1979 under PP# 1878; CDL: 098950)
- GS0080087 Union Carbide Corporation (1978) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains]. (Unpublished study received Jun 6, 1978 under PP# 1878; CDL: 097181)
- GS0080088 Union Carbide Corporation (1976) [Residue Data Concerning Small Grains]. (Unpublished study received Jun 30, 1978 under PP# 1878; CDL: 097171)
- GS0080089 Union Carbide Corporation (1958) 1-Naphthyl N-Methylcarbamate (Insecticide Sevin) and 1-Naphthol Separate Determination of Residues in Certain Raw Agricultural Commodities. (Unpublished study received Jan 1, 1959 under PP# 228; CDL: RCB-113626)
- GS0080090 Union Carbide Corporation (1976) [Residue data concerning Maple Sap]. (Unpublished study received May 19, 1976 under PP# 6E1796; CDL: 097777)
- GS0080091 Union Carbide Corporation (1959) 1-Naphthyl N-Methyl Carbamate (Insecticide Sevin) and 1-Naphthol. (Unpublished study received December 2, 1959 under PP# 228; CDL: RCB-113626)
- GS0080092 Union Carbide Corporation (1959) Sevin Residues in Raw Agricultural Commodities, Revision of Method. (Unpublished study received December 28, 1960 under PP# 281; CDL: RCB-113813)

- GS0080093 Union Carbide Corporation (1961) Insecticide Sevin, Determination of Total Residues in Rice. (Unpublished study received December 13, 1961 under PP# 302; CDL: RCB-113904)
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APPENDIX II-2 OMB Approval No. 2000-0468 (Expires 12-31-83) EPA REGISTRATION NO.

FIFRA SECTION 3(C)(2)(B) SUM	MMARY SHEET	EFA REGISTRATION	. 110.		
DUCT NAME					
		•			
		· ·			
ICANT'S NAME		DATE GUIDANCE D	OCUMENT ISSUED		
n respect to the requirement to submit "generic" data impost dance Occument, I am responding in the following manner:		e contained in the refu	renced		
1. I will submit data in a timely manner to satisfy the fo specified in) the Registration Guidelines or the Protocols Chemicals Testing Programme, I enclose the protocols	cols contained in the Reports of Expert Gro	s I will use deviate from oups to the Chemicals (n (or are not Group, OECD		
			•		
		•			
2. I have entered into an agreement with one or more of requirements. The tests, and any required protocols, v	her registrants under F1FRA section 3(C)(2 will be submitted to EPA by:	!)(B)(ii) to satisfy the f	following data		
AE OF OTHER REGISTRANT			 		
☐ 3. I enclose a completed "Certification of Attempt to Errespect to the following data requirements:		ints for Development o	is Data Willi		
• .					
			_		
\Box 4. I request that you amend my registration by deleting	the following uses (this option is not availal	ole to applicants for ne	w products):		
		•			
35. I request voluntary cancellation of the registration of this product. (This option is not available to applicants for new products.)					
7 7 1 tedosst Anioutst. Caucaustion of the talismation of	mis broduce (1 ms obtion is not available o	à shàireants tor uses bi	dducte./		
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TRANT'S AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE	SIGNATURE		DATE		
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OMB Approval No. 2000-0468 (Expires: 12-31-83)

INTO AN AGRE	ATION OF ATTEMPT TO ENTER EMENT WITH OTHER REGISTRAI DEVELOPMENT OF DATA	VTS	
		GUIDANCE DOCUM	ENT DATE
 I am duly authorized to represent the following firm(ments of a Notice under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) or 			
to submit data concerning the active ingredient:			ا ت
NAME OF FIRM		EPA COMP	ANY NUMBER
(This firm or group of firms is referred to below as "my fi	rm".)	<u> </u>	
My firm is willing to develop and submit the data as into an agreement with one or more other registrants items or data:			
3. My firm has offered in writing to enter into such an agreeme bound by an arbitration decision under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2) to the following firm(s) on the following date(s):	int. Copies of the offers are attached. Tha (B)(iii) if final agreement on all terms co	t offer was irrevocable a uid not be reached other	nd included an offer to be rwise. This offer was made
NAME OF FIRM		DATE	OF OFFER
			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		•	
However, none of those firm(s) accepted my offer.			
4. My firm requests that EPA not suspend the registration have agreed to submit the data listed in paragraph (2) me whether my firm must submit data to avoid suspendes not apply to applicants for new products.) I give E	above in accordance with the Notice pension of its registration(s) under l	e. I understand EPA FIFRA Section 3(c)(will promptly inform
TYPED NAME	SIGNATURE		DATE

III. REQUIREMENT FOR SUBMISSION OF PRODUCT-SPECIFIC DATA

Note: This Section applies only to manufacturing-use products, not end-use products.

A necessary first step in determining which statements must appear on your product's label is the completion and submission to EPA of product-specific data* listed on the form entitled "Product Specific Data Report" (EPA Form 8580-4, Appendix III-1) to fill "gaps" identified by EPA concerning your product. Under the authority of FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B), EPA has determined that you must submit these data to EPA in order to register or reregister your product(s). All of these data must be submitted not later than six months after you receive this guidance document.

"Product-Specific Data Requirements for Manufacturing-Use Products" appearing in Table B permit you to determine which product-specific data you must submit. This can be done by examining the entries in the column of those tables entitled "Must Data Be Submitted Under §3(c)(2)(B)."

^{*/} Product specific data pertains to data that support the formulation which is marketed; it usually includes product chemistry data and acute toxicology data.

IV. SUBMISSION OF REVISED LABELING AND PACKAGING INFORMATION

Note: This section applies to end-use products only to the the extent described under Section II of this document. Otherwise, the following information pertains exclusively to manufacturing-use products.

The Agency requires applicants for registration or reregistration to ensure that each label (1) contains accurate, complete, and sufficient instructions and precautions, reflecting the results of data concerning the product and its ingredients, and (2) incorporates labeling format and terminology which are sufficiently standardized to avoid user confusion.

As part of your application, you will be required to submit draft labeling consistent with: applicable product-specific data; the precautionary statements and use directions; and the regulations concerning classification [40 CFR §162.11(c)], packaging [40 CFR §162.16], and labeling [40 CFR §162.10, Appendix IV-1 an IV-2], as indicated by the following paragraphs of this chapter of the guidance document.

If owners of currently registered products fail to submit revised labeling and packaging information complying with this Section and/or Section II, EPA may issue a notice of intent to cancel the registration under FIFRA §6(b)(1).

A. Label Contents

40 CFR §162.10 (Appendix IV-1) requires that certain specific labeling statements must appear at certain locations on the label. This is referred to as format labeling. Specific label items listed below are keyed to Tables D, E, and F (Appendix IV-2).

Item 1. PRODUCT NAME - The name, brand, or trademark is required to be located on the front panel, preferably centered in the upper part of the panel. The name of a product will not be accepted if it is false or misleading. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(b)]

Item 2. COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS - The name and address of the registrant or distributor is required on the label. The name and address should preferably be located at the bottom of the front panel or at the end of the label text. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(c)]

Item 3. NET CONTENTS - A net content statement is required on all labels. The preferred location is the bottom of the front panel immediately above the company name and address, or at the end of the label text. The net contents must be stated in terms of weight, expressed as avoirdupois pounds

and ounces, and stated in terms of the largest suitable unit, i.e., "I pound 10 ounces" rather than "26 ounces." In addition to the required units specified, net contents may be expressed in metric units. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(d)]

- Item 4. EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER The registration number assigned to the pesticide product must appear on the label, preceded by the phrase "EPA Registration No.," or "EPA Reg. No." The registration number must be set in type of a size and style similar to other print on that part of the label on which it appears and must run parallel to it. The registration number and the required identifying phrase must not appear in such a manner as to suggest or imply recommendation or endorsement of the product by the Agency. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(e)]
- Item 5. EPA ESTABLISHMENT NUMBER The EPA establishment number, preceded by the phrase "EPA Est." is the final establishment at which the product was produced, and may appear in any suitable location on the label or immediate container. It must also appear on the wrapper or outside container of the package if the EPA establishment registration number on the immediate container cannot be clearly read through such wrapper or container. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(f)]
- Item 6. INGREDIENT STATEMENT An ingredient statement is required on the front panel and must contain the name and percentage by weight of each active ingredient and the total percentage by weight of all inert ingredients. The preferred location is immediately below the product name. The ingredient statement must run parallel with, and be clearly distinguished from, other text on the panel. It must not be placed in the body of other text. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(g)]
- Item 6A. POUNDS PER GALLON STATEMENT For liquid agricultural formulations, the pounds per gallon of active ingredient must be indicated on the label.
- Item 7. FRONT LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS All labels are required to have precautionary statements grouped together on the front panel, preferably within a block outline. The table below shows the minimum type size requirements on various size labels, as set forth in the Regulations.

Size of Label on Front Panel in Square Inches	Signal Word as Re- quired Minimum Type Size All Capitals	"Keep Out of Reach of Children" as Required
5 and under	6 point	6 point
above 5 to 10	10 point	6 point
above 10 to 15	12 point	8 point
above 15 to 30	14 point	10 point
over 30	18 point	12 point

Item 7A. CHILD HAZARD WARNING STATEMENT - All labels are required to have the statement "Keep Out of Reach of Children" located on the front panel above the signal word except where contact with children during distribution or use is unlikely. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(h)(1)(ii)]

Item 7B. SIGNAL WORD - The signal word (Caution, Warning, or Danger) is required on the front panel immediately below the child hazard warning statement. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10 (h)(1)(i)]

Item 7C. SKULL & CROSSBONES AND WORD "POISON" - On products assigned a toxicity Category I on the basis of oral, inhalation, or dermal toxicity, the word "Poison" shall appear on the label in red on a background of distinctly contrasting color and the skull and crossbones shall appear in immediate proximity to the word poison. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR \$162.10(h)(1)(i)]

Item 7D. STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT - A statement of practical treatment (first aid or other) shall appear on the label of pesticide products in toxicity Categories I, II, and III. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(h)(l)(iii)]

Item 7E. REFERRAL STATEMENT - The statement "See Side (or Back) Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements" is required on the front panel for all products, unless all required precautionary statements appear on the front panel. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(h)(1)(iii)]

Item 8. SIDE/BACK PANEL PRECAUTIONARY LABELING - The precautionary statements as listed below must appear together on the label under the heading "PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS." The preferred location is at the top of the side or back panel preceding the directions for use, and it is preferred that these statements be surrounded by a block outline. Each of the three hazard warning statements must be headed by the appropriate hazard title. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10 (h)(2)]

Item 8A. HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - Where a hazard exists to humans or domestic animals, precautionary statements are required indicating the particular hazard, the route(s) of exposure and the precautions taken to avoid accident, injury or damage. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10 (h)(2)(i)]

Item 8B. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD - Where a hazard exists to non-target organisms excluding humans and domestic animals, precautionary statements are required stating the nature of the hazard and the appropriate precautions to avoid potential accident, injury, or damage. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR \$162.10(h)(2)(ii)]

Item 8C. PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD

- 1. Flammability statement. Precautionary statements relating to flammability of a product are required to appear on the label if it meets the criteria in Appendix IV-3. The requirement is based on the results of the flashpoint determinations and flame extension tests required to be submitted for all products. These statements are to be located in the side/back panel precautionary statements section, preceded by the heading "Physical/Chemical Hazards." Note that no signal word is used in conjunction with the flammability statements.
- 2. Criteria for declaration of non-flammability. The following criteria will be used to determine if a product is non-flammable:
 - a. A "non-flammable gas" is a gas (or mixture of gases) that will not ignite when a lighted match is placed against the open cylinder valve.
 - b. A "non-flammable liquid" is one having a flashpoint greater than 350°F (177°C) as determined by the method specified in 40 CFR §163.61-8(c)(13) (ii) of Subpart D.
 - c. A "non-flammable aerosol" is one which meets the following criteria:
 - i. The flame extension is zero inches, using the method specified in 40 CFR §163.61-8(c)(13)(ii);
 - ii. There is no flash back; and
 - iii. The flashpoint of the non-volatile liquid component is greater than 350°F (177°C), determined by the method specified in 40 CFR §163.61-8(c)(13)(i).

3. Declaration of non-flammability. Products which meet the criteria for non-flammability specified above may bear the notation "non-flammable" or "nonflammable (gas, liquid, etc.)" on the label.

It may appear as a substatement to the ingredients statement, or on a back or side panel, but shall not be highlighted or emphasized (as with an inordinately large type size) in any way that may detract from precaution.

4. Other physical/chemical hazard statements. When chemistry data submitted in accordance with 40 CFR \$163.61-10(c) demonstrate hazards of a physical or chemical nature other than flammability, appropriate statements of hazard will be prescribed. Such statements may address hazards of explosivity, oxidizing or reducing capability, or mixing with other substances to produce toxic fumes.

Item 9. MISUSE STATEMENT - The following statement is required on your label: "It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling." See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10(1)(2)(ii)]

Item 10A. STORAGE AND DISPOSAL BLOCK - All labels are required to bear storage and disposal statements. These statements are developed for specific containers, sizes, and chemical content. Make certain that the statement you use pertains specifically to your product. These instructions must be grouped and appear under the heading "Storage and Disposal" in the directions for use. This heading must be set in the same type sizes as required for the child hazard warning. Refer to Appendix IV-5 for the latest specific storage and disposal product label statements.

Item 10B. DIRECTIONS FOR USE - Directions for use must be stated in terms which can be easily read and understood by the average person likely to use or to supervise the use of the pesticide. When followed, directions must be adequate to protect the public from fraud and from personal injury and to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on the environment. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR §162.10]

B. Collateral Information

Bulletins, leaflets, circulars, brochures, data sheets, flyers, and other graphic printed matter which is referred to on the label or which is to accompany the product are termed collateral labeling. Such labeling may not bear claims or representations that differ in substance from those accepted in connection with registration of the product. It should be made part of the response to this notice and submitted for review.

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V. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMISSION

All applications prepared in response to this Notice should be addressed as follows:

Product Manager: Jay S. Ellenberger (PM 12) Phone No. (703) 557-2386 Registration Division (TS-767) Office of Pesticide Programs Environmental Protection Agency Washington, D.C. 20460

For each product for which continued registration is desired:

- Within 90 days from receipt of this document, you must submit the "FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) Summary Sheet" EPA Form 8580-1. Refer to Appendix II-2 with appropriate attachments.
- Within 6 months from receipt of this document registrants must submit:
 - a. Confidential Statement of Formula, EPA Form 8570-4.
 - Product Specific Data Report, EPA Form 8580-4 (Appendix III-1).
 - c. Two copies of any required product-specific data.
 - d. Two copies of draft labeling, including the label and associated brochures. If current labeling conforms to the requirements of this guidance document and the results of the short-term data, the registrant may submit such labeling. (End-use product labeling needs to comply specifically with the instruction in Section II of this guidance document.) The labeling should be either typewritten text on 8-1/2 x ll inch paper or a mockup of the labeling suitable for stortage in 8-1/2 x ll inch files. The draft label must indicate the intended colors of the final label, clear indication of the front panel label, and the intended type sizes of the text.
- 3. Within the time set forth in Table A, all generic data must be submitted by the affected registrant(s).

Note: If for any reason any required test is delayed or aborted so that meeting the agreed submission time will be delayed, notify the Product Manager listed above.

After the Supreme Court has ruled on the Monsanto Decision, you will be informed as to when you must submit your Application for Amended Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1) and the associated data support information.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REPORT

EPA Registrat	ion No	Guida	nce Document	for	
			Date	<u></u>	**************************************
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	1	Test not	ļ		
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		listed		ting	
		above		Data	(For EPA Use Only)
Registration	·	(check	}	(At-	Accession Numbers
Guideline No.	Name of Test	below)	Citing MRID#	tached)	Assigned
\$158.20				l	
PRODUCT		Ì	Ì	l	
CHEMISTRY		į			
61-1	Identity of				
-	ingredients	ĺ			
61-2	Statement of				
-	composition		İ		
61-3	Discussion of				
01 0	formation of				
	ingredients				
62-1	Preliminary				
02 1	analysis	! 			
62-2	Certification of				
42 2	limits		·		
62-3	Analytical methods				
02.5	for enforcement				
	limits		÷		
63-2	Color				
63-3	Physical state				
63-4	Odor				
1 63-5	Melting point		~~~~ <u>~~</u>		
63-6	Boiling point			-	
63-7	Density, bulk-				
33 ,	density, or				•
	specific gravity			Ï	
63-8	Solubility				
63-9	Vapor pressure				
63-10	Dissociation				
	constant		İ	İ	
63-11	Octanol/water				
00 22	partition				
	coefficient				
63-12	pH				
63-13	Stability				
63-14	Oxidizing/reducing				
	reaction	İ	ĺ		
63-15	Flammability				
63-16	Explodability				
63-17	Storage stability				
63-18	Viscosity				
63-10	Miscibility				

63-20	Corrosion			1	
	characteristics				<u> </u>
63-21	Dielectric break-				
	down voltage				
§158.135 TOXICOLOGY					
81-1	Acute oral LD-50,				
	rat				
81-2	Acute dermal				
	LD-50				
81-3	Acute inhalation,		•		
	LC-50 rat				
81-4	Primary eye				
	irritation, rabbit				
81-5	Primary dermal				
	irritation				
81-6	Dermal sensitiza-				
	tion				

cacy, and safety of the formulated and use product, may not consider any data as supporting the application, except the following data:

(1) The data the applicant has submitted to EPA under paragraph (b) of this section;

(2) Other data pertaining to the safety of the product's active ingredients, rather than to the safety of the end-use product; and

(3) Existing tolerances, food additive regulations, exemptions, and other clearances issued under the Pederal Food, Drug, and Cosmetle Act.

(e) If the applicant knows that any item of data he submitted under this section was generated by (or at the expenso of) another person who originally submitted the data to EPA (or its predecessor, USDA) on or after January 1, 1070, to support an application for registration, experimental use permit, or amendment adding a new use to an existing registration, or for reregistration tuniess the applicant and the original data aubmitter have reached written agreement on the amount and the terms of payment of any compensation that may be payunder FIFTLA ablo acction 3(c)(1)(D)(ll) with regard to approval of the application), the applicant shall submit to EPA a statement that he has furnished to each such identified original data submitter:

(1) A notification of the applicant's intent to apply for registration, including the proposed product name:

(2) An offer to pay the person compensation, with regard to the approval of the application, to the extent required by FIFRA sections 3(c)(1)(1)) and 3(c)(2)(D);

(3) An identification of the item(a) of data to which the offer applica;

(4) An offer to commence negotiations to ascertain the amount and terms of compensation to be paid; and

(6) The applicant's name, address, and telephone number.

. (f) If the applicant's product contains any active ingredient other than those that are present solely because of the incorporation into the product. during formulation, of one or more other registered pesticide products purchased from another producer. · then the applicant shall also comply

with 1 163.9-5 as to such active ingredient, and the application shall contain an acknowledgment that for purposes of PIFRA section \$(o)(1)(D) the suplication rolles on (and any resulting registration should be regarded as if it were based on the Administrator's conalderation of) the following data:

(1) All data submitted or specifically cited by the applicant in support of the registration; and

(2) Each other item of data in the Agency's files which:

(1) Concerns the properties or effects of any such active ingredient; and

(ii) is one of the types of data that EPA would require to be submitted for scientific review by EPA if the applipant sought the initial registration under PIFRA Bection 3(p)(5) of a product with composition and intended uses identical to those proposed for the applicant's product, under the data requirements in effect on the date EPA approves the applicant's present application.

tBecs. 3. 6. and 28 of PIPILA. es smended, T U.A.C. 138 el seg.)

[44 PR 27052, May 11, 1979]

162.10 Labeling requirements.

(a) General-(1) Contents of the label. Every pesticide products shall bear a tabel containing the information specified by the Act and the regufations in this Part. The contents of a label must show clearly and prominently the following:

(1) The name brand, or trademark under which the product is sold as prescribed in paragraph (b) of this sec-Hon:

(ii) The name and address of the producer, registrant, or person for whom produced as prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section;

(III) The not contents as prescribed in paragraph (d) of this section;

(!v) The product registration number as prescribed in paragraph (o) of this section;

(v) The producing establishment number as prescribed in paragraph (1) of this section:

(vi) An ingredient statement as proscribed in paragraph (g) of this section:

(vil) Warning or precautionary statements as prescribed in paragraph (h) of this section;

(vill) The directions for use as preacribed in paragraph (I) of this section; Pild

(ix) The use classification(s) as prescribed in paragraph (1) of this section.

(2) Prominence and legibility. (1) All words, statements, graphic representations, dealens or other information reguired on the labeling by the Act or the regulations in this part must be clearly legible to a person with normal vision, and must be placed with such conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements, designs, or bra (guilodal online reliam oldern expressed in such terms as to reputer it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use.

(II) All required label text must: (A) Be set in a point or larger type; (B) Appear on a clear contrasting

background; and (C) Not be obscured or crowded.

(3) Language to be used. All required label or labeling text shall appear in the English language. However, the Agency may require or the applicant may propose additional text in other languages as is considered necessary to project the public. When additional text in another language is necessary. all labeling regulrements will be appiled equally to both the English and other-language versions of the label-

(4) Placement of Label-(1) General The label shall appear on or be securely attached to the immediate container of the pesticide product. For purposes of this Section, and the mis-brand is provisions of the Act, "securely attached" shall mean that a label can reasonably be expected to temain affixed during the foresceable conditions and period of use. If the linmediate container is enclosed within a wrapper or outside container through which the label cannot be clearly read, the label must also be accurely atfached to such outside wrapper or container, if it is a part of the package as customarily distributed or sold.

(11) Tank cars and other bulk confainers-(A) Transportation. While a pesticide product is in transit, the approprieto provisions of 49 CFR Pales 170-189, concerning the transportation of hazardous materials, and specifically those provisions concerning the labeling, marking and placarding of hazardons materials and the vehicles carrying them, define the basic Federal requirements. In addition, when any registered pesticide product is transported in a tank car, tank truck or other mobile or portable bulk container, a copy of the accepted label must be attached to the shipping papers. and left with the consigner at the time of delivery.

(B) Storage. When pesticide products are stored in bulk containers. whether mobile or stationary, which remain in the custody of the user, a copy of the label of labeling, including all appropriate directions for use, shall be securely attached to the container In the immediate vicinity of the dis-

charge control valve.

(b) False or misleading statements. Pursuant to section 2(q)(1)(A) of the Act, a posticide of a device declared subject to the Act pursuant to 4 102.15. is misbranded if its labeling is talse or misleading in any particular including both pesticidal and non-pesticidal claims. Examples of statements or representations in the labeling which conatituto misbranding include:

(i) A false or misleading statement concerning the composition of the product;

(ii) A false or misleading statement concerning the effectiveness of the product as a pesticide or device;

(ill) A false or misleading statement about the value of the product for purposes other than as a pesticide or device:

(iv) A false or misleading compatison with other pesticides or devices;

(v) Any statement directly or Indirectly implying that the peaticide or device is recommended or endorsed by any agency of the Pederal Government:

(vi) The name of a peaticide which contains two or more principal active Ingredients if the name suggests one or more but not all such principal active ingredients even though the names of the other ingredients are stated elsewhere in the labeling;

(vil) A true statement used in such a way as to give a false or misleading impression to the purchaser;

(vill) Label disclaimers which negate or detract from labeling statements required under the Act and these regula-

(ix) Claims as to the safety of the peaticide or its ingredients, including statements such as "safe," "nonpoisonous," "noninjurious," "harmiess" or "nontoxic to humans and pels" with or without such a qualifying phrase as "when used as directed"; and

(x) Non-numerical and/or comparative statements on the safety of the product, including but not limited to:

(A) "Contains all natural ingredienta";

(B) "Among the least toxic chemicals known"

(C) "Pollution approved"

(6) Final printed labeling. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(6)(ii) of this section, final printed labeling must be submitted and accepted prior to registration. However, final printed labeling need not be submitted until draft label texts have been provisionally accepted by the Agency.

(li) Clearly legible reproductions or photo reductions will be accepted for unusual labels such as those allkacreened directly onto glass or metal containers or large bag or drum labels. Buch reproductions must be of micro-

film reproduction quality.

(h) Name, brand, or Irademark. (1) The name, brand, or trademark under which the pesticide product is sold shall appear on the front panel of the label.

(2) No name, brand, or trademark may appear on the label which:

(I) Is lake or misteading, or

(II) Has not been approved by the Administrator through registration or supplemental registration as an additional name pursuant to \$ 182.6(b)(4).

(c) Name and address of producer. registrant, or person for whom produced. An unqualified name and address given on the label shall be considered as the name and address of the producer. If the registrant's name appears on the label and the registrant is not the producer, or if the name of the person for whom the pesticide was produced appears on the label, it must be qualified by appropriate wording such as "Packed for " ! " "Distribut. ed by * * "," or "Bold by * * " to show that the name is not that of the pro-

(d) Nel weight or measure of contents. (1) The net weight or measure of content shall be exclusive of wrappers or other materials and shall be the average content unless explicitly stated as a minimum quantity.

(2) If the pesticide is a liquid, the net content statement shall be in terms of liquid measure at 68° P (20°C). and shall be expressed in conventional American units of fluid ounces, pints.

quarts, and gallons.

(3) If the pesticide is solid or semisolid, viscous or pressurized, or is a mixture of liquid and solid, the net content statement shall be in terms of weight expressed as avoirdupols pounds and ounces.

(4) In all cases, not content shall be stated in terms of the largest suitable units, i.e., "I pound 10 ounces" rather

than "26 ounces."

(5) In addition to the required units specified, not content may be ex-

pressed in metric units.

(6) Variation above minimum content or around an average is permissible only to the extent that it tepresents deviation unavoidable in good manufacturing practice. Variation below a stated minimum is not permitted. In no case shall the average conlent of the packages in a shipment fall below the stated average content.

(a) Product registration number. The registration number assigned to the pesticide product at the time of registration shall appear on the label, preceded by the phrase "EPA Registration No.," or the phrase "EPA Reg. No." The registration number shall be set in type of a size and style similar to other print on that part of the label on which it appears and shall run parallel to it. The registration number and the required identifying phrase shall not appear in such a manner as to auggest or imply recommendation or endorsement of the product by the Agency.

(1) Producing establishments registration number. The producing establishment registration number preceded by the phrase "EPA Eat.", of the

final establishment at which the prodnel was produced may appear in any auftable location on the label or immediale container. It must appear on the wrapper or outside container of the package if the EPA establishment registration number on the immediate container cannot be clearly read through such wrapper or container.

(E) Ingredient statement-(1) General. The label of each peatfolds product must bear a statement which contains the name and percentage by weight of each active ingredient, the total percentage by weight of all fnort ingredients; and if the pesticide contains arsenic in any form, a statement of the percentages of total and water-soluble arsenic calculated as elemental arsenic. The active ingredients must be designated by the term "active ingredients" and the inert ingredients by the ferm "Inert Ingredients," or the singual lar forms of these terms when appropriate. Both terms shall be in the same type size, be aligned to the same margin and be equally prominent. The statement "Inert Ingredients, none" is not required for pesticides which contain 100 percent active ingredients. Unless the ingredient statement is a complete analysis of the pesticide, the ferm "analysis" shall not be used as a heading for the ingredient statement.

(2) Position of ingredient statement. (i) The ingredient statement is normally required on the front panel of the label. If there is an outside confainer or wrapper through which the Ingredient statement cannot be clearly read, the ingredient statement must also appear on such outside container or wrapper. If the size or form of the package makes it impracticable to place the ingredient statement on the front panel of the label, permission may be granted for the ingredient flatement to appear elsewhere.

(||) The test of the ingredient statement must run parallel with other test on the panel on which it appears, and must be clearly distinguishable from and must not be placed in the body of other text.

(1) Names to be used in ingredient flatement. The name used for each infredient shall be the accepted cominon name, if there is one, followed by the chemical name. The

common name may be used alone only If it is well known. If no common name has been catabilahed, the chemical name alone shall be used. In no case will the use of a trademark or proprictary name be permitted unless such name has been accepted as a common name by the Administrator under the authority of Section 25(c)(6).

\$ 162.10

(4) Statements of percentages. The percentages of ingredients shall be stated in terms of weight to weight. The sum of percentages of the active and the inert ingredients shall be 100. Percentages shall not be expressed by a range of values such as "22-25%." If the uses of the pesticide product are expressed as weight of active ingredient per unit area, a statement of the weight of active ingredient per unit volume of the pesticide formulation shall also appear in the ingredient étatement.

(6) Accuracy of stated percentages. The percentages given shall be as preclae as possible reflecting good manufacturing practice. If there may be unavoldable variation between manufacturing batches, the value stated for each active ingredient shall be the lowest percentage which may be present.

(6) Deterioration. Pesticides which change in chemical composition significantly must meet the following isbeling requirements:

(I) In cases where it is determined that a pesticide formulation changes chemical composition significantly, the product must bear the following statement in a prominent position on the label: "Not for sale or use after [date]."

(ii) The product must meet all label claims up to the expiration time indicated on the label.

(7) Inert ingredients. The Administrator may require the name of any fnort ingredient(s) to be listed in the ingredient statement if he determines that such ingredient(s) may pose a hazard to man or the environment.

(h) Warnings and precautionary statements. Required warnings and precautionary statements concerning the general areas of toxicological hazard including hazard to children. environmental hazard, and physical or chemical hazard fall into two groups; those required on the front panel of the labeling and those which may appear elsewhere. Specific regulrements concerning content, placement, type size, and prominence are given below

(1) Required front panel statements. With the exception of the child hazard warning statement, the text reguired on the front panel of the label is determined by the Toxicity Categoty of the pesticide. The category is asalgoed on the basis of the highest hazard shown by any of the indicators in the table below:

Hazard Indicators	Joulally categoring					
	1	' » 1	: M	N		
0410	Up to end Inchaling 56	from 80 fru \$00 mg/kg	From \$00 thru \$000 mg/	Greeter then 8000 mg/		
Inhalation G.		From .2 thru 2 mg/ther	From 8. that 30 mg/ster.	Greeter from 20 mg/Ster		
Dermal & Day	Up to and Including 200 mg/kg	From 200 thru 2000	From 8,000 thru \$0,000	Greater than 20,000.		
Eye effects	Corrosive; correst opecity not reverable within 7 days.	Corneal opecity reversible within ? days; britadon petalsting for ? days.	No corneal specify; britistics reversible pathles 7 days.	No britation.		
Skin effecte	Corrocke	Bevers kritiston et 72 hours	Moderate Estation of 77 hours.	\$Mid or elight britistion of 78 hours.		

- (1) Human hazard signal word-(A) Taxicity Calegory I. All penticide products meeting the criteria of Toxicity Category I shall bear on the front panel the signal word "Danger." In addition if the product was assigned to Toxicity Category I on the basis of its oral, inhalation or dermal toxicity (as distinct from skin and eye local effects) the word "Polson" shall appear in red on a background of distinctly contrasting color and the skull and crossbones shall appear in immediate proximity to the word "polson."
- (li) Toxicity Category II. All posticide products meeting the criteria of Toxicity Category II shall bear on the front panel the signal word "Warn-Ing."
- (C) Toxicity Category III. All penticide products meeting the criteria of Toxicity Category III shall bear on the front panel the signal word "Caution."
- (D) Toxicity Category IV. All penticide products meeting the criteria of Toxicity Category IV shall bear on the front panel the signal word "Caution."
- (E) Use of signal words. Use of any 🕛 🦸 highel word(s) associated with a higher Toxicity Calegory is not permitted

except when the Agency determines that such labeling is necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment. In no case shall more than one human hazard algnal word appear on the front panel of a label.

(II) Child hazard warning, Every pesticide product label shall bear on the front nanel the statement "keep out of teach of children." Only in cases where the likelihood of contact with children during distribution, marketing, storage or time is demonstrated by the applicant to be extremely remote. or if the nature of the peaticide is such that it is approved for use on infants or small children, may the Administrafor waive this requirement.

(III) Statement of practical irealment-(A) Toxicity Calegory I. A statement of practical treatment (first aid or other) shall appear on the front panel of the label of all pesticides failing into Toxicity Category I on the basis of oral, inhalation or dermai tox. lefty. The Agency may, however, perinit reasonable variations in the placement of the statement of practical treatment is some reference such as "Bee statement of practical treatment on back panel" appears on the

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front panel near the word "Polson" and the skull and crossbones.

(B) Other toxicity categories. The statement of practical treatment is not required on the front panel except as described in paragraph (h)(1)(ll(l)(A) of this section. The applicant may, however, include such a front panel statement at his option. Statements of practical treatment are, however, required elsewhere on the label in accord with paragraph (h)(2) of this section if they do not appear on the front panel.

(iv) Placement and prominence. All the require front panel warning statementa shall be grouped together on the label, and shall appear with sufficient prominence relative to other front panel text and graphic material to make them unlikely to be overlooked under customary conditions of purchase and use. The following table shows the minimum type size requirements for the front panel warning statements on various sizes of labels:

Bite of lebel Bort penel In opinio Bichen	al capitate algral word flequing	"Keep and of reach of Children"	
	Pointe	Points	
8 end under	.0	:	

Size of label front panel in square inches	Floqued Signal word all capitals	"Keep and of reach of Crishing"
	Ports	Ponts
Aboye 10 to 18	12 14 10	19

\$ 162.10

(2) Other required warnings and precautionary statements. The warnings and precautionary statements as required below shall appear together on the label under the general heading "Precautionary Statements" and under appropriate aubheadings of "Hazard to Humans and Domestic Animals," "Environmental Hazard" and Physical or Chemical Hazard."

(1) Hazard to humans and domestic animals. (A) Where a hazard exists to humans or domestic animals, precautionary statements are required indicaling the particular hazard, the route(s) of exposure and the precaulions to be taken to avoid accident. injury or damage. The precautionary paragraph shall be immediately preceded by the appropriate hazard signal

(B) The following table depicts typical precautionary statements. These statements must be modified or expanded to seffect specific hazards.

Epiogory	Precautionary statements	by taxicity setegary
	Oral, frihalation, or dermal toxicity	GMn and eye local effects.
	Manual of the Colling Appropriate that all	Corrothe, causes eye and akin dernege for ethis in tallong. Do not get in eyes, on aking or on clothing. Wear googles or face selekt and rubbe ploves when handing Hernita or falet it evid lowed [Appropriete that aki statement required.
	Fluend I equived	Avoid contact with shin, eyes or civilizing in case of contact immediately flush eyes or shife with planty of water. Get medical attention if inflation persists. [16] precautionary statements and the persists.

(II) Environmental hazards. Where a hezard exists to non target organisms faciliding humans and domestic ani-

mais, precautionary statements are required stating the nature of the hazard and the appropriate precau-

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tions to avoid potential accident, injury or damage. Examples of the hazard statements and the effectionatances under which they are required follow:

(A) If a posticide intended for outdoor use contains an active ingredient with a mammalian acute oral 11)... of 100 or less, the statement "This Pesticide is Toxio to Wildilfe" is required.

(D) If a posticide intended for outdoor use contains an active ingredient with a fish acute I.C., of I ppm or less, the statement "This Posticide is Toxic to Fish" is required.

(C) If a pesticide intended for outdoor use contains an active ingredient with an avian acute oral I.D., of 100 mg/kg or less, or a subscute dictary I.C., of 500 ppm or less, the statement "This Pesticide is Toxic to Wildlife" is required.

(D) If either accident history or field studies demonstrate that use of the pesticide may result in fatality to birds, fish or mammals, the statement "This pesticide is extremely toxic to wildlife (fish)" is required.

(E) For uses involving foliar application to agricultural crops, forests, or shade trees, or for mosquito abatement treatments, pesticides toxic to pollinating insects must bear appropriate label cautions.

(P) For all outdoor uses other than aquatic applications the label must bear the caution "Keep out of lakes, pends or streams. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes."

(iii) Physical or chemical hazards. Warning statements on the flammability or explosive characteristics of the pesticide are required as follows:

(A) Pressumeto Contament

Flash point of or below 20° F; ij there is a Saetheck at Extremely Sermable. Contents under pressure, Keep away Som Saetheck and heated surface. Do not puncher or inchesses contains an Exposure to temperature above 20° F and sol ever 80° F or 8 the Flamable. Contents under pressure. Keep away Som heet, special

temmeble. Contents under pressuré. Koop every trans test, sperin and open flame. Do not puncture et incherale conteiner-fisposet to temperatures above 130° f may cause bursting.

Contents under pressure. Do not less er store meer heet et open Barne. Do not punchire er inclnerate contaîner, Explosure te temperatures abové 130° F may cause burating.

(III) Nourne vounte o Contament

(1) Directions for Use—(1) General requirements—(1) Adequacy and clayity of directions. Directions for use must be stated in terms which can be easily read and understood by the average person likely to use or to supervise the use of the pesticide. When followed, directions must be adequate to protect the public from fraud and from personal injury and to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.

(ii) Placement of directions for use.
Directions may appear on any portion

of the label provided that they are conspicuous enough to be easily read by the user of the pesticide product. Directions for use may appear on printed or graphic matter which secompanies the pesticide provided that:

(A) If required by the Agency, such printed or graphic matter is securely attached to each package of the peticide, or placed within the pulside wrapper or bag;

(II) The label bears a reference to the directions for use in accompanying leaflets or circulars, such as "Hee directions in the enclosed circular," and (C) The Administrator determines that it is not necessary for such directions to appear on the label.

(iii) Exceptions to requirement for direction for use—(A) Detailed directions for use may be omitted from labeling of pesticides which are intended for use only by manufacturers of products other than pesticide products in their regular manufacturing processes, provided that:

(1) The label clearly shows that the product is intended for use only in manufacturing processes and specifics the type(s) of products involved.

(2) Adequate information such as technical data sheets or bulletins, is available to the trade specifying the type of product involved and its proper use in manufacturing processes;

(1) The product will not come into the hands of the general public except after incorporation into finished prodticls; and

(f) The Administrator determines that such directions are not necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment.

(B) Detailed directions for use may be omitted from the labeling of peaticide products for which sale is limited to physicians, veterinarians, or drugsists, provided that:

(1) The label clearly states that the product is for use only by physicians of veterinarians:

(2) The Administrator determines that such directions are not necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment; and

(1) The product is also a drug and tegulated under the provisions of the Pederal Pood, Drug and Cosmetic Act.

(C) Detailed directions for use may be omitted from the labeling of pesticide products which are intended for use only by formulators in preparing pesticides for sale to the public, provided that:

(f) There is information readily available to the formulators on the fomposition, toxicity, methods of use, applicable restrictions or limitations.

and effectiveness of the product for pesticide purposes;

(2) The label clearly states that the product is intended for use only in manufacturing, formulating, mixing, or repacking for use as a pesticide and specifies the type(s) of pesticide products involved:

(4) The product as finally manufactured, formulated, mixed, or repackaged is registered; and

(4) The Administrator determines that such directions are not necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment.

(4) Contents of Directions for Use. The directions for use shall include the following, under the headings "1) rections for Use":

(i) The statement of use classification as prescribed in 162.10(j) immediately under the heading "Directions for Use."

(ii) Immediately below the statement of use classification, the statement "It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconstant with its labeling."

(iii) The site(s) of application, as for example the crops, animals, areas, or objects to be treated.

(lv) The target peat(s) associated with each site.

(v) The desage rate associated with each site and pest.

(vi). The method of application, including instructions for dilution, if required, and type(s) of application apparatus or equipment required.

(vii) The frequency and thing of applications necessary to obtain effective results without causing unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.

(vill) Specific limitations on reentry to areas where the pesticide has been applied, meeting the requirements concerning reentry provided by 40 CPR Part 170

(ix) Specific directions concerning the storage and disposal of the pesticide and its container, meeting the requirements of 40 CFR Part 165. These instructions shall be grouped and appear under the heading "Storage and Disposal." This heading must be

set in type of the same minimum sizes as required for the child hazard warning (See Table in § 162.10(h)(iv).)

(x) Any limitations or restrictions on use required to prevent unreasonable salvense effects, such as:

(A) Required intervals between application and harvest of food or feed crops.

(B) Rotational crop restrictions.

(C) Warnings as required against use on certain crops, animals, objects, or in or adjacent to certain areas.

(D) (Reserved)

(E) For restricted use perticides, a statement that the perticide may be applied under the direct supervision of a certifled applicator who is not physically present at the site of application but nonetheless available to the person applying the perticide, unless the Agency has determined that the pesticide may only be applied under the direct supervision of a certified applicator who is physically present.

(F) Other pertinent information which the Administrator determines to be necessary for the protection of man and the environment.

(1): Statement of Use Classification. By October 22, 1976, all perticide prodnets must bear on their labels a statement of use classification as described in paragraphs (IX1) and (2) of this section. Any pesticide product for which some user are classified for general useand others for restricted use shall beseparately labeled according to the labeling standards set forth in this subsection; and shall be marketed as separate products with different registration: numbers: one bearing directions only for general use(s) and the other bearing directions for restricted usels) except that, if a product has both restricted use(s) and general use(s), both of these uses may appear on a product labeled for restricted use. Such prodners shall be subject to the provisions. of 1 162_10(1)(2).

(1) General Use Classification. Pesticide products bearing directions for use(s) classified general shall be labeled with the exact words "General Classification" immediately below the heading "Directions for Use." And reference to the general classification that suggests or implies that the general utility of the pesticide extends

beyond those purposes and uses contained in the Directions for Use will be considered a false or misleading statement under the statutory definitions of misbranding:

(2) Restricted Use Classification. Pesticide products bearing direction for use(s) classified restricted shall bear statements of restricted use classification on the front panel as described below:

(1) Front ponel statement of restricted use classification. (A) At the top of the front panel of the label, set in type of the same minimum sizes as required for human hazard signal words (see table in § 162.10(h)(1)(iv)), and appearing with sufficient prominence relative to other text and graphic material on the front panel to make it unlikely to be overlooked under customary conditions of purchase and use, the statement "Restricted Use Pesticide" shall appear.

(B) Directly below this statement on the front panel, a summary statement of the terms of restriction imposed as a precondition to registration shall appear. If use is restricted to certified applicators the following statement is required: "For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification." If, however, other regulatory restrictions are imposed, the Administrator will define the appropriate wording for the terms of restriction by regulation.

(k) Advertising (Reserved)

(40 FR 28288, July 3, 1975; 40 FR 3229, Aug. L 1975; 40 FR 28371, Aug. 21, 1975, 22, amended at 41 FR 3788, Pen. 9, 19781

		APPLICABILITY	PLACEMENT	ON LABEL	
ITEM	LABEL ELEMENT	OF REQUIREMENT	REQUIRED	PREFERRED	COMMENTS
7C	Skull & cross- bones and word POISON (in red)	All products which are Cat- egory I based on oral, der- mal, or inhala-	Front panel	Both in close proximity to signal word	
		tion toxicity			
7D	Statement of practical treatment	All products in Categories I, II, and III	Category I: Front panel unless refer- ral statement is used. Others: Grouped with side panel precautionary statements.	Front panel for all.	·
7E	Referral statement	All products where pre- cautionary labeling appears on other than front panel.	Front panel		
8	Side/back panel precautionary statements	All products	None	Top or side of back panel preceding directions for use	Must be grouped under the headings in 8A, 8B, and 8C; preferably blocked.
8A	Hazards to humans and domestic animals	All products in Categories I, II, and III	None	Same as above	Must be preceded by appropriate signal word.
8B	Environmental hazards	All products	None	Same as above	Environmental hazards include bee caution where applicable.

LABELING REQUIREMENTS OF THE FIFRA, AS AMENDED (REFER TO THE SAMPLE LABELS FOLLOWING)

		APPLICABILITY	PLACEMENT	ON LABEL	
ITEM	LABEL ELEMENT	OF REQUIREMENT	REQUIRED	PREFERRED	COMMENTS
1	Product name	All products	Front panel	Center front	
				panel	
2	Company name	All products	None	Bottom front	If registrant is not the producer, must
	and address		,	panel or end	be qualified by "Packed for,"
				of label text	"Distributed by," etc.
3	Net contents	All products	None	Bottom front	May be in metric units in addition to
				panel or end	U.S. units
				of label text	
4	EPA Est. No.	All products	None	Front panel	Must be in similar type size and run
					parallel to other type.
5	EPA Reg. No.	All products	None	Front panel,	May appear on the container instead of
				immediately	the label.
	1			before or	
				following	
				Reg. No.	
6A	Ingredients	All products	Front panel	Immediately	Text must run parallel with other text
	statement			following	on the panel.
				product name	
6B	Pounds/gallon	Liquid products	Front panel	Directly below	
	statement	where dosage		the main	
		given as lbs.		ingredients	·
		ai/unit area		statement	
7	Front panel	All products	Front panel	1	All front panel precautionary statements
	precautionary)	must be grouped together, preferably
	statements				blocked.
7A	Keep Out of Reach	All products	Front panel	Above signal	Note type size requirements.
	of Children			word	
	(Child hazard			1	
	warning)				
7B	Signal word	All products	Front panel	Immediately	Note type size requirements.
				below child	1
				hazard	,
	<u> </u>	<u> </u> _	<u> </u>	warning	

		APPLICABILITY	PLACEMENT	ON LABEL	
ITEM	LABEL ELEMENT	OF REQUIREMENT	REQUIRED	PREFERRED	COMMENTS
8C	Physical or chemical hazards	All pressurized products, others with flash points under 150°F	None	Same as above	
9A	Restricted block	All restricted products	Top center of front panel	Preferably blocked	Includes a statement of the terms of restriction. The words "RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE" must be same type size as signal word.
9C	Misuse statement	All products	Immediately following statement of classification or ahead of directions for use		
10A	Re-entry statement	All cholinesterase inhibitors	In the directions for use	Immediately after misuse statement	
10C	Storage and disposal block	All products	In the directions for use	Immediately before specific directions for use or at the end of directions for use	Must be set apart and clearly distin- guishable from from other directions for use.
10D U.S.	Directions for use	All products	None	None	May be in metric as well as U.S. units

PHYSICAL-CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Criteria

Required Label Statement

I. Pressurized Containers

- A. Flashpoint at or below 20°F; or if there is a flashback at any valve opening.
- B. Flashpoint above 20°F and not over 80°F; or if the flame extension is more than 18 inches long at a distance of 6 inches from the valve opening.
- C. ALL OTHER PRESSURIZED CONTAINERS

Extremely flammable.
Contents under pressure.
Keep away from fire, sparks, and heated surfaces. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Exposure to temperatures above 130°F may cause bursting.

Flammable. Contents under pressure. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Exposure to temperatures above 130°F may cause bursting.

Contents under pressure. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Exposure to temperatures above 130°F may cause bursting.

II. Non-Pressurized Containers

- A. Flashpoint at or below 20°F.
- B. Flashpoint above 20°F and over 80°F.
- C. Flashpoint over 80°F and not over 150°F.
- D. Flashpoint above 150°F.

Extremely flammable. Keep away from fire, sparks, and heated surfaces.

Flammable. Keep away from heat and open flame.

Do not use or store near heat and open flame.

None required.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR PESTICIDES

All products are required to bear specific label instructions about storage and disposal. Storage and disposal instructions must be grouped together in the directions for use portion of the label under the heading STORAGE AND DISPOSAL. Products intended solely for domestic use need not include the heading "STORAGE AND DISPOSAL." The STORAGE AND DISPOSAL heading must appear in the minimum type size listed below:

Size of label front panel in square inches											:	foi ST	DR.	the AGE	d type size heading AND DISPOSAL itals)
10 and under . Above 10 to 15 Above 15 to 30 Over 30	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	.8 10	point point

Storage and disposal instructions must be set apart and clearly distinguishable from other directions for use. Blocking storage and disposal statements with a solid line is suggested as a means of increasing their prominence.

A. Storage Instructions:

All product labels are required to have appropriate storage instructions. Specific storage instructions are not prescribed. Each registrant must develop his own storage instructions, considering, when applicable, the following factors:

- Conditions of storage that might alter the composition or usefulness of the pesticide. Examples could be temperature extremes, excessive moisture or humidity, heat, sunlight, friction, or contaminating substances or media.
- 2. Physical requirements of storage which might adversely affect the container of the product and its ability to continue to function properly. Requirements might include positioning of the container in storage, storage or damage due to stacking, penetration of moisture, and ability to withstand shock or friction.
- 3. Specifications for handling the pesticide container, including movement of container within the storage area, proper opening and closing procedures (particularly for opened containers), and measures to minimize exposure while opening or closing container.

- 4. Instructions on what to do if the container is damaged in any way, or if the pesticide is leaking or has been spilled, and precautions to minimize exposure if damage occurs.
- 5. General precautions concerning locked storage, storage in original container only, and separation of pesticides during storage to prevent cross-contamination of other pesticides, fertilizer, food, and feed.
- 6. General storage instructions for household products should emphasize storage in original container and placement in locked storage areas.

B. Pesticide Disposal Instructions:

The label of all products, except those intended solely for domestic use, must bear explicit instructions about pesticide disposal. The statements listed below contain the <u>exact wording</u> that must appear on the label of these products:

- The labels of all products, except domestic use, must contain the statement, "Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal."
- 2. Except those products intended solely for domestic use, the labels of all products that contain active ingredients appearing on the "Acutely Hazardous" Commercial Pesticide Products List (RCRA "E" List) at the end of this appendix or are assigned to Toxicity Category I on the basis of oral or dermal toxicity, skin or eye irritation potential, or Toxicity Category I or II on the basis of acute inhalation toxicity must bear the following pesticide disposal statement:

"Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance."

The labels of all products, except those intended for domestic use, containing active or inert ingredients that appear on the "Toxic" Commercial Pesticide Products List (RCRA "F" List) at the end of this appendix or presently meet any of the criteria in Subpart C, 40 CFR 261 for a hazardous waste must bear the following pesticide disposal statement:

"Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance."

Labels for all other products, except those intended for domestic use, must bear the following pesticide disposal statement:

"Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility."

- 3. Products intended for domestic use only must bear the following disposal statement: "Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash."
- C. Container Disposal Instructions

The label of each product must bear container disposal instructions appropriate to the type of container.

1. All products intended for domestic use must bear one of the following container disposal statements:

Container Type	Statement
Non-aerosol products (bottles, cans, jars)	Do not reuse container (bottle, can, jar). Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash.
Non-aerosol products (bags)	Do not reuse bag. Discard bag in trash.
Aerosol products	Replace cap and discard containers in trash. Do not incinerate or puncture.

2. The labels for all other products must bear container disposal instructions, based on container type, listed below:

Container Type	Statement
Metal containers (non-aerosol)	Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.
Plastic containers	Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
Glass containers	Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved state and local procedures.

Container Type	Statement
Fiber drums	Completely empty liner by shaking and
with liners	tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by state and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.
Paper and plastic bags	Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
Compressed gas cylinders	Return empty cylinder for reuse (or similar wording).

 $^{\rm l}{\rm Manufacturer}$ may replace this phrase with one indicating whether and how fiber drum may be reused.

2. The labels for all other products must bear container disposal instructions, based on container type, listed on the first page of this Appendix.

Pesticides that are hazardous wastes under 40 CFR 261.33(e) and (f) when discarded.

"Acutely Hazardous" Commercial Pesticides (RCRA "E" List) Active Ingredients, (no inerts):

Acrolein Aldicarb Aldrin Allyl alcohol Aluminum phosphide 4-Aminopyridine Arsenic acid Arsenic pentoxide Arsenic trioxide Calcium cyanide Carbon disulfide p-Chloroaniline Cyanides (soluble cyanide salts, not specified elsewere) Cyanogen chloride 2-Cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitrophenol Dieldrin 0,0-Diethyl S-[2-ethylthio)ethyl] phosphorodithioate (disulfoton, Di-Syston) 0,0-Diethyl 0-pyrazinyl phosphorothioate (Zinophos) Dimethoate 0,0-Dimethyl 0-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate (methyl parathion) 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol and salts 4,6-Dinitro-o-cyclohexylphenol 2,4 Dinitrophenol Dinoseb Endosulfan Endothall Endrin Famphur. Fluoroacetamide Heptachlor Hexanethyl tetraphosphate Hydrocyanic acid Hydrogen cyanide Methomyl alpha-Naphthylthiourea (ANTU) Nicotine and salts Octamethylpyrophosphoramide (OMPA, schradan)

Parathion

"Acutely Hazardous" Commercial Pesticides (RCRA "E" List) Active Ingredients continued:

Phenylmercuric acetate (PMA)
Phorate
Potassium cyanide
Propargyl alcohol
Sodium azide
Sodium cyanide
Sodium fluoroacetate
Strychnine and salts
0,0,0,0-Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate (sulfotepp)
Tetraethyl pyrophosphate
Thallium sulfate
Thiofanox
Toxaphene
Warfarin
Zinc phosphide

There are currently no inert ingredients for commercial pesticides on the "Acutely Hazardous" List (RCRA "E" List).

"Toxic" Commercial Pesticide Products (RCRA "F" List) Active Ingredients:

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Acetone
Acrylonitrile
Amitrole
Benzene
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)pthalate
Cacodylic acid
Carbon tetrachloride
Chloral (hydrate)
Chlordane (technical)
Chlorobenzene
4-Chloro-m-cresol
Chloroform
o-Chlorophenol
4-Chloro-o-toluidine hydrochloride
Cresylic acid
Cyclohexane
Decachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-2H-cyclobuta[c,d]-pentalen-2-one
    (kepone, chlordecone)
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)
Dibutyl phthalate
S-3,3-(Dichloroallyl diisopropylthiocarbamate (diallate, Avadex)
o-Dichlorobenzene
p-Dichlorobenzene
Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12®)
3,5-Dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl) benzamide (pronamide,Kerb)
Dichloro diphenyl dichloroethane (DDD)
Dichloro diphenyl trichloroethane (DDT)
Dichlorethyl ether
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic, esters and salts (2,4-D)
1,2-Dichloropropane
1,3-Dichloropropane (Telone)
Dimethyl phthalate
Ethyl acetate
Ethyl 4,4'-dichlorobenzilate (chlorobenzilate)
Ethylene dibromide (EDB)
Ethylene dichloride
Ethylene oxide
Formaldehyde
Furfural
Hexachlorobenzene
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
Hexachloroethane
Hydrofluoric acid
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Toxic Commercial Pesticide Products (RCRA "F" List) Active Ingredients:

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Isobutyl alcohol
Lead "acetate :
Lindane je w 5%
Maleic hydrazide
Mercury
Methyl alcohol
Methyl bromide
Methyl chloride
2,2; Methylenebis (3,4,6-trichlorophenol) (hexachlorophene)
Methylene chloride
Methyl ethyl ketone
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (methyl isobutyl ketone)
Naphthalene
«Nitrobenzene» (1900)
p-Nitrophenol :
Pentachloroethane
Pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB)
Pentaclorophenol
Phenol
Phosphorodithioic acid, 0,0-diethyl, methyl ester
Propylene dichloride
Pyridine
Resorcinol
Safrole
Selenium disulfide
Silvex
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
Tetrachloroethylene
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol
Thiram
Toluene
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Trichloroethylene
Trichloromonofluoromethane (Freon 11®)
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4,5-T)
Xylene
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"Toxic" Commercial Pesticide Products (RCRA "F" List) Inert Ingredients:

Acetone Acetonitrile Acetophenone Acrylic acid Aniline Benzene Chlorobenzene Chloroform Cyclohexane Cyclohexanone Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12®) Diethyl phthalate Dimethylamine Dimethyl phthalate 1,4-Dioxane Ethylene oxide

Formaldehyde
Formic acid
Isobutyl alcohol
Meleic anhydride
Methyl alcohol (methanol)
Methyl ethyl ketone
Methyl methacrylate
Naphthalene
Saccharin and salts
Thiourea
Toluene
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
1,1,2-Trichloroethane
Trichlorofluoromethane
(Freon 11)
Vinyl chloride
Xylene