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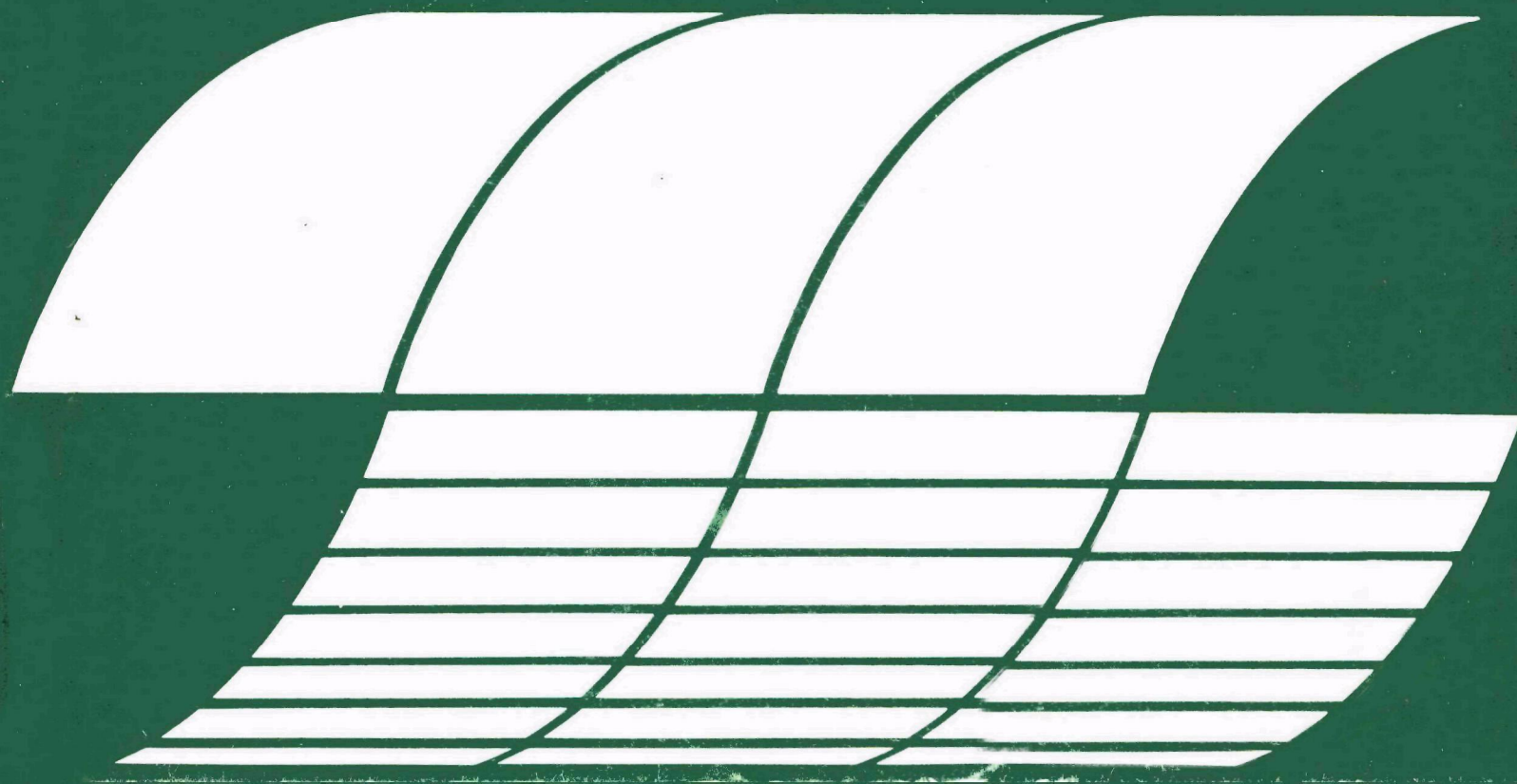
Industrial Environmental Research
Laboratory
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711

EPA-600/7-77-023

March 1977

FRACTIONAL EFFICIENCY OF AN ELECTRIC ARC FURNACE BAGHOUSE

Interagency
Energy-Environment
Research and Development
Program Report



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OF AN ELECTRIC ARC
FURNACE BAGHOUSE**

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**Contract No. 68-02-1438, Task 4
Program Element No. EHE624**

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Prepared for

**U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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CONVERSION FACTORS FOR BRITISH AND METRIC UNITS

| To convert from | To | Multiply by | To | Multiply by |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| $^{\circ}\text{F}$ | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $\frac{5}{9} (^{\circ}\text{F}-32)$ | _____ | _____ |
| ft. | meters | 0.305 | centimeters | 30.5 |
| ft. ² | meters ² | 0.0929 | centimeters ² | 929.0 |
| ft. ³ | meters ³ | 0.0283 | centimeters ³ | 28,300.0 |
| ft./min. (fpm) | centimeters/sec. | 0.508 | meters/sec. | 5.08×10^{-3} |
| ft. ³ /min. | centimeters ³ /sec. | 471.9 | meters ³ /hr. | 1.70 |
| in. | centimeters | 2.54 | meters | 2.54×10^{-2} |
| in. ² | centimeters ² | 6.45 | meters ² | 6.45×10^{-4} |
| oz. | grams | 28.34 | grains | 438.0 |
| oz./yd. ² | grams/meter ² | 33.89 | grams/centimeter ² | 3.39×10^{-3} |
| grains | grams | 0.0647 | _____ | _____ |
| grains/ft. ² | grams/meter ² | 0.698 | _____ | _____ |
| grains/ft. ³ | grams/meter ³ | 2.288 | _____ | _____ |
| lb. force | dynes | 4.44×10^5 | Newtons | 0.44 |
| lb. mass | kilograms | 0.454 | grams | 454.0 |
| lb./ft. ² | grams/centimeter ² | 0.488 | grams/meter ² | 4,880.0 |
| in. H ₂ O/ft./min. | cm. H ₂ O/cm/sec. | 5.00 | Newtons/meter ² /cm/sec. | 490.0 |
| Btu | calories | 252 | _____ | _____ |

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The many contributions of Dr. James H. Turner, Environmental Protection Agency Project Officer, are gratefully appreciated. The outstanding cooperation of Mr. David H. Thomas and the staff of the Marathon LeTourneau Steel Mill, especially Mr. William McClelland and Mr. James Hodges made this program possible and is sincerely appreciated.

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The GCA/Technology Division Administrator was Mr. Norman F. Surprenant and the project manager was Mr. Robert M. Bradway.

SECTION I

CONCLUSIONS

The test results show that a fabric filter utilizing two year old DacronTM bags is an effective means of controlling particulate emissions from the electric arc furnace tested which produces a high strength, low alloy specially steel. The results of the tests with one and two furnaces operating determined the baghouse mean mass removal efficiencies to be 97.9 percent and 98.7 percent, respectively, corresponding to mean effluent concentrations of 0.0014 and 0.0019 grains/dscf.* The maximum effluent concentrations for the total mass samples for the tests with one and two furnaces in operation were 0.0016 and 0.0021 gr/dscf, respectively. These effluent concentrations are well within the Environmental Protection Agency's Standard of Performance for Steel Plants: Electric Arc Furnaces Standard for Particulate Matter of 0.0052 gr/dscf.¹

The findings of the baghouse influent and effluent inertial sizing measurements were contrary to what would be predicted by fabric filtration theory based on interception and inertial and differential capture mechanisms. The fact that the particles with aerodynamic diameters of 6 μm exhibited the highest penetration and particles of 1 μm the least penetration through the baghouse suggests agglomeration of the smaller particles. These results support the contention that a large percentage of particles in the fabric filter effluent have not passed directly through the filter media but instead are dislodged agglomerated particles which were previously collected.

* Although it is EPA's policy to use the metric system for quantitative descriptions, the British system is used in this report because not to do so would tend to confuse the reader. Readers who are more accustomed to metric units may use the table of conversions on the preceding page.

The time of maximum condensation nuclei emissions from the baghouse was determined to be immediately after compartment cleaning. This time was pinpointed by monitoring the stack aerosol with real time particle counters. The period immediately following compartment cleaning is a time of maximum emissions for a properly functioning filtration system because the filter cake is removed or damaged during cleaning and the fabric is least efficient until the cake has been repaired or replaced.

SECTION II

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that the experience of personnel operating and maintaining fabric filters be compiled emphasizing the methods of detecting and locating defective bags. This problem was pointed out during the subject program when an inspection of each compartment made it apparent that the presence of a leaking bag would be nearly impossible to detect. The thimble plates had considerable buildup of dust and a loose bag would likely go unnoticed. A leaking bag was in fact discovered several weeks after the test program was completed, but it is impossible to determine if the bag was leaking at the time of the tests. It would also be useful to find out when an operator feels it is necessary to replace a leaking bag and what levels of emissions occur shortly before the bag replacement.

More research needs to be conducted on the problems associated with in-stack cascade impactors and the problems and experiences of people using the impactors needs to be compiled and compared. Principle areas of further study should include: particle depositions in the impactor probe and body, weight losses of greased collection plates and anomalous weight gains of glass substrates. Also, the practicality of using impactors with stainless steel collection plates at low flow rates to reduce anomalous weight gains and losses without appreciable bounce problems should be studied. There is also a need for a combination of impactors to be used when performing a fractional efficiency/penetration type of evaluation on a control device which would allow simultaneous baghouse influent and effluent sampling thereby reducing the effect of temporal variations. Simultaneous sampling is especially desirable when sampling a cyclic process such as an electric arc furnace.

SECTION III

INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

The work reported in this publication represents one phase of a program whose purpose is to characterize the performance of several industrial size fabric filter systems. The fabric filter tested at the Marathon LeTourneau Company in Longview, Texas cleaned the emissions of either one or two 30-ton electric arc furnaces which produce a high strength, low-alloy specialty steel. Each furnace is fitted with a side draft hood and a canopy hood which is only used during charging and pouring. The hoods are ducted through a spark arrester to a 10-compartment American Air Filter baghouse which utilizes DacronTM bags.

APPROACH

The performance of the fabric filter was characterized by determination of the particulate removal efficiency as a function of total mass and particle size. In addition, the influent and effluent total fluoride concentrations were measured simultaneously with the particulate concentrations during three tests to qualitate the fluoride levels to which the filter bags are exposed during normal service. The apparent fractional efficiency, defined as the measured change in the particulate concentrations as a function of particle size that results from the filtration process, was determined by upstream and downstream sampling using inertial cascade impactors. The baghouse influent and effluent streams were also monitored with a condensation nuclei counter and an

optical dust counter to determine variations in submicron particle concentrations as a function of the process and the cleaning cycle.

A pretest survey was performed primarily to determine the following: the sample time necessary for the outlet impactors to collect weighable samples, the presence and magnitude of impactor substrate anomalous weight gains, the mass removal efficiency of the filter papers used in the fluoride tests, the best diluter configurations for the baghouse inlet and outlet fine particle monitors, the variations in inlet mass concentration as a function of the process cycle, and the variability of baghouse operation and process cycle parameters. The tests in the major program were performed when there were either one or both furnaces in operation. Originally, it was planned to sample for 4 days with two furnaces in operation and 6 days with one furnace in operation. This plan was modified because of a change in the production schedule at the steel mill. The resulting testing program had only 2 test days with two furnaces but 8 test days with one furnace in operation. The greatest effect of having two furnaces in operation instead of one appears to have been that the inlet loading to the baghouse and hence the cloth loading rate was doubled. The change in the outlet concentration through the baghouse resulting from the increased inlet loading is an indication of whether the fabric filter's particle removal efficiency is dependent upon inlet loading.

SECTION IV

MARATHON LETOURNEAU STEEL MILL

The steel mill at Marathon LeTourneau produces high strength, low alloy, specialty steel in two electric arc furnaces of 30 tons each, nominal capacity. The furnaces are 10,000 kVA swing roof top charged units with individual combination side-draft and canopy hooding. The side-draft hoods operate while the furnace roof is in place and the canopy hoods operate when the roof is removed for charging and tapping. The furnaces use the basic steel making process with cold number one oil-free scrap. The furnaces must be back charged once to reach holding capacity, and the double slag method of refining is used. Additions of fluorspar are commonly made for slag conditioning and oxygen lancing is used to lower the carbon content of the melt.

The furnace hoods are ducted to a 10-compartment American Air Filter baghouse installed in 1973. Photographs of the baghouse are presented in Figures 1 and 2. The baghouse has a cloth area of 52,778 ft² which results in an air-to-cloth ratio of 3.22:1 at the design flow of 170,000 acfm at 150°F. The net air-to-cloth ratio increases to 3.58:1 with one compartment off-line for cleaning. The cleaning cycle is actuated by timer such that there is no delay time between cycles. The normal cleaning cycle schedule for each compartment is as follows:

| <u>Time, min.</u> | <u>Operation</u> |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0:00 | Gas outlet damper closes |
| 0:30 | Bags begin shaking |
| 1:00 | Bags end shaking |
| 1:40 | Gas outlet damper opens |
| 12:40 | Next gas outlet damper closes |

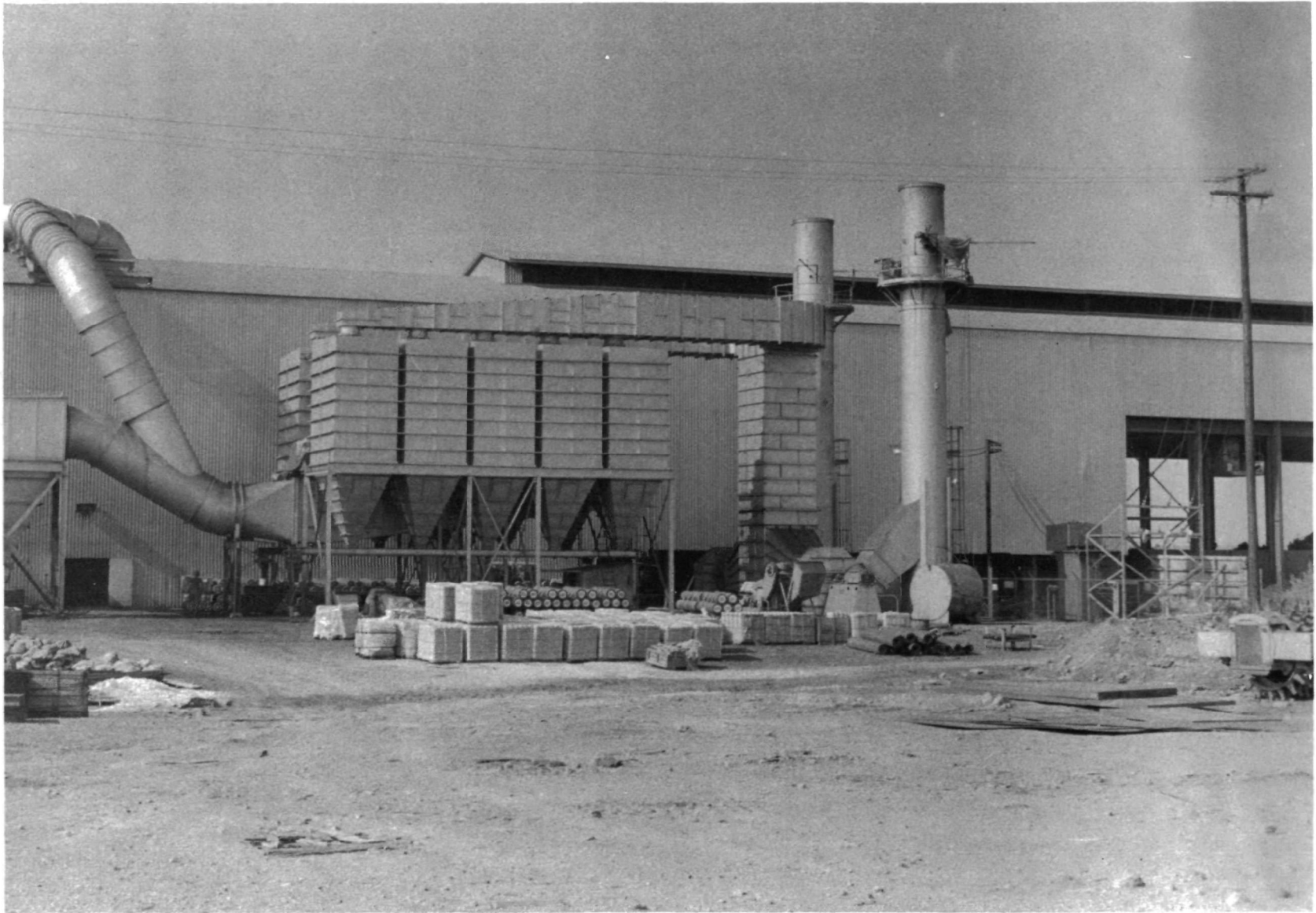


Figure 1. Photograph of side of fabric filter

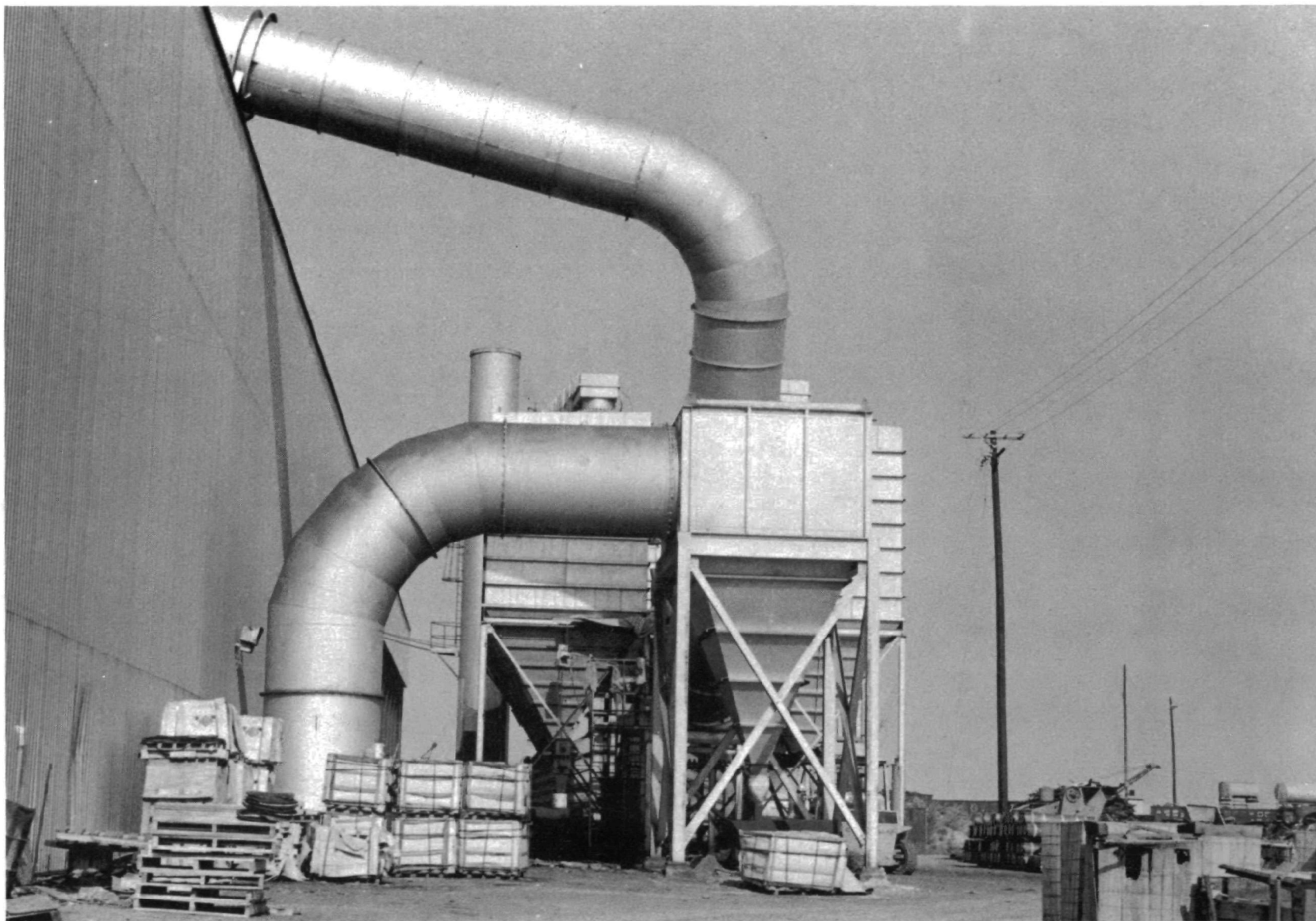


Figure 2. Photograph of end of fabric filter

Each baghouse compartment contains 288 DacronTM filter tubes which are 5 inches in diameter by 14 feet long. The filter tubes were fabricated by the Carborundum Company. The manufacturer's specifications for the filter material are as follows:

- Weight = 6.1 oz/yd²
- Thread count = 79 x 89
- Weave = 3 x 1 twill
- Permeability at 0.5 in. H₂O = 15 to 25 cfm/ft²

The results of the physical characterization tests performed on a new and used bag are presented in Table 1. The used bag tested was randomly selected from the bags removed from a compartment after about two years service. All the bags were replaced in the compartment because of difficulty locating a leaking bag. The physical characterization tests show that the air permeability of the used bag (~2 years service) is much less, 40 percent, than that for a new bag. The reduced air permeability or blinding of the fabric is most likely due to dust particles lodged in the fabric interstices. The tests also show that the breaking strenght and elongation has been reduced 15 to 20 percent indicating wear, however, bags which were not replaced are still in service after 3 years without breakage problems. It was also found that the used fabrics flexural rigidity was 43 percent higher than that of the new medium and is presumably due to particles in the intersticies of the fabric.

**Table 1. RESULTS OF PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION TESTS ON
FABRIC FILTER BAGS**

| Test description | New bag | Used bag ^a |
|--|---------------|-----------------------|
| ASTM D 1910, Sample weight, ^b oz/sq yd | 6.23, 6.59 | 7.13, 7.37 |
| ASTM D 1777, Sample thickness, ^c mils | | |
| Range: | 13.4 - 14.0 | 12.4 - 13.8 |
| Average: | 13.7 | 13.2 |
| ASTM D 737, Air permeability, ^c cfm/sq ft at ½" H ₂ O ΔP | | |
| Range: | 19.7 - 27.2 | 9.2 - 10.2 |
| Average: | 24.2 | 9.8 |
| ASTM D 1682, Breaking strength and elongation | | |
| Breaking strength, lb | | |
| Warp: Range: | 225 - 234 | 189.1 - 193.5 |
| Average: | 229 | 191.6 |
| Fill: Range: | 149.1 - 172.4 | 117.8 - 148.1 |
| Average: | 160.6 | 127.3 |
| Elongation at break, percent | | |
| Warp: Range: | 31.5 - 34.1 | 26.6 - 28.5 |
| Average: | 32.7 | 27.7 |
| Fill: Range: | 37.9 - 42.7 | 31.7 - 36.4 |
| Average: | 40.1 | 34.0 |
| Flexural rigidity - beam method, ^d (10 ⁻⁴) inch lb | | |
| Warp: | 3.32, 3.51 | 3.14, 3.75 |
| Fill: | 0.77, 0.85 | 1.58, 1.71 |
| Average: | 1.66 | 2.38 |
| Adjusted for difference in mass | | |
| Warp: | | 2.78, 3.31 |
| Fill: | | 1.40, 1.51 |
| Average: | | 2.10 |

^a Bag in service for approximately 2 years, vacuumed prior to testing.

^b Single measurements, sample area 6" x 6".

^c Five tests each.

^d Average of four tests, each reading (four up, four down)

SECTION V

EQUIPMENT AND METHODS

The baghouse filtering the effluent of the electric arc furnaces at the Marathon LeTourneau Company was evaluated for the total particulate penetration and the particulate penetration as a function of size. Total mass samples and size-classified samples for gravimetric analysis were collected before and after the fabric filter. The total mass samples from the first 3 test days were also analyzed for total fluorides. The influent and effluent of the baghouse were alternatively monitored for fine particulate with a condensation nuclei counter and an optical dust counter. Since most of the sampling methods were straightforward, they do not require extensive descriptions. Only the novel or unusual techniques will be described in detail.

MASS MEASUREMENTS

The baghouse influent and effluent mass concentrations were determined by sampling isokinetically utilizing a Research Appliance Company (RAC) Staksamplr.TM The location of the baghouse inlet and outlet sampling ports and the points sampled are shown in Figures 3 and 4. Photographs of the inlet and outlet sampling locations are presented in Figures 5 and 6. The baghouse effluent is exhausted through two identical stacks and the north stack was arbitrarily chosen for testing purposes. Table 2 is a tabulation of the velocities measured in the inlet duct during the pre-test survey. These velocities are fairly uniformly distributed in the duct. During the actual test series it was not possible to sample the bottom port (F) because of the height of the inlet platform and so to maintain symmetry, the top port (A) was also omitted. The inlet and

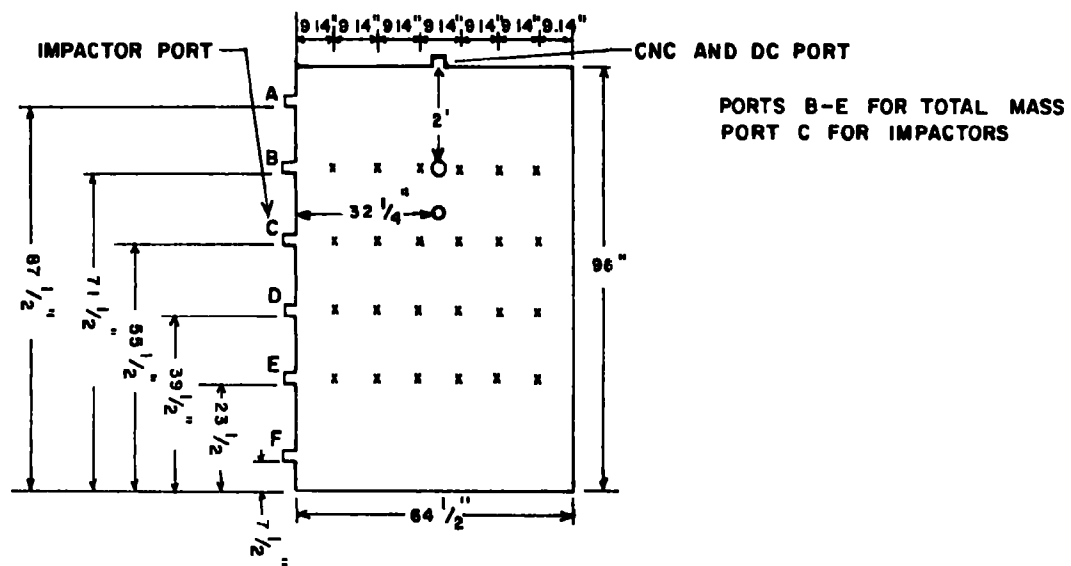
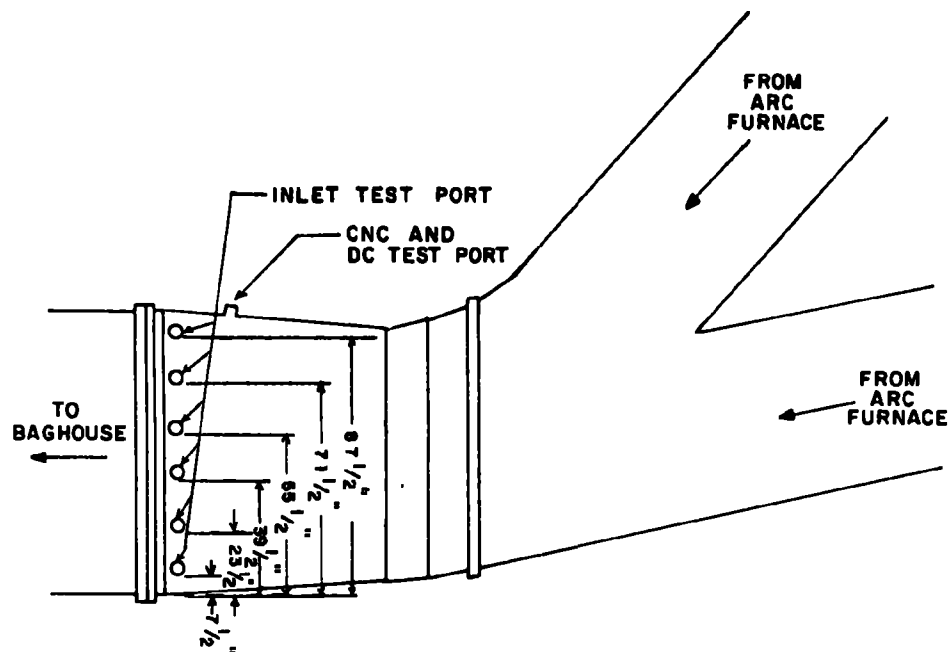


Figure 3. Location of baghouse inlet test ports and sampling points

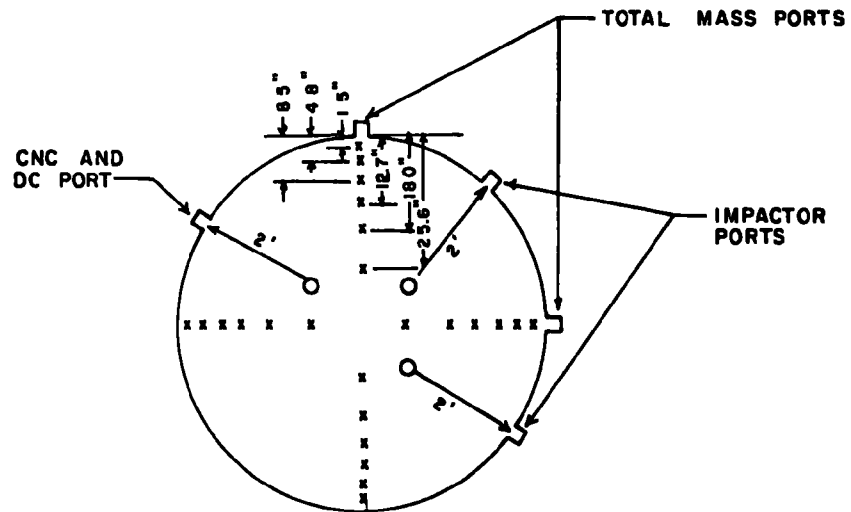
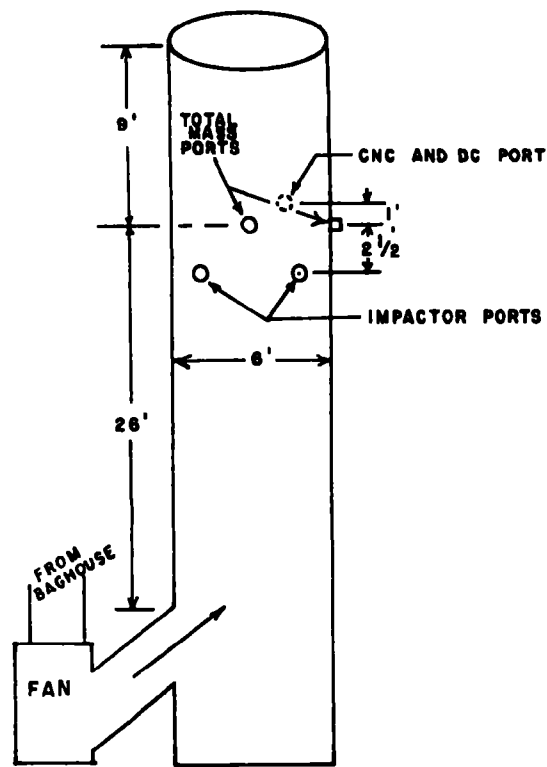


Figure 4. Location of baghouse outlet test ports and sampling points in north stack



Figure 5. Photograph of inlet sampling location



Figure 6. Photograph of outlet sampling location

outlet ducts were sampled simultaneous for 4 hours during test No. 1 and for 6 hours for tests Nos. 2 through 10. The 6-hour sampling period was selected because it encompassed approximately two complete arc furnace cycles. The filter media used for the total mass determinations was Whatman No. 1 filter, as required for the fluoride analysis. The penetration of particulate through the Whatman No. 1 cellulose filter was measured during the pretest survey to be less than 1 percent at face velocities comparable to those at the RAC filter and, therefore, suitable for total mass measurements.

Table 2. VELOCITIES IN FABRIC FILTER INLET DUCT

| Port | Velocity, fpm | | | | | |
|------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Point 1 | Point 2 | Point 3 | Point 4 | Point 5 | Point 6 |
| A | 3281 | 3380 | 3800 | 4438 | 4287 | 4363 |
| B | 3341 | 4724 | 4928 | 4724 | 4654 | 4793 |
| C | 4287 | 4511 | 4438 | 4287 | 4511 | 4928 |
| D | 4363 | 4210 | 3969 | 3886 | 4131 | 4654 |
| E | 4131 | 4210 | 3969 | 4051 | 3969 | 4287 |
| F | 3713 | 4210 | 4051 | 4051 | 3713 | 4210 |

Note: Average velocity = 4207.

TOTAL FLUORIDES MEASUREMENTS

The baghouse influent and effluent samples collected in the total mass samplers during the first three tests were analyzed for total fluorides. Particulate samples from the probe wash, glass wash and filter and an aqueous sample from the impingers that capture gaseous fluorides were composited for analysis. The samples were analyzed in accordance with EPA Method 13A² which utilizes the SPADNS Zirconium Lake colorimetric method.

IMPACTOR MEASUREMENTS

The penetration of particles through the bag filter as a function of size and the inlet and outlet particle size distributions over the range of approximately 0.5 μm to 20 μm were determined using inertial impactors. The two types of impactors used were the Andersen Mark III Stack Sampler and the University of Washington (U of W) Mark III Source Test Cascade Impactor.

The lower four stages of each impactor used at Marathon LeTourneau were calibrated in the lab to determine the inertial impaction parameter at 50 percent efficiency in accordance with the procedure described by Calvert et al.³ The calibration procedure consists of measuring the concentration of monodispersed polystyrene latex spheres with a Bausch and Lomb Dust Counter to determine the flow rate corresponding to 50 percent penetration of the particles. The flow rate for 50 percent penetration of the particles of known size is then used to calculate the inertial impaction parameter at 50 percent efficiency which is used to calculate the 50 percent particle size cutoff of a stage during sampling. The inertial impaction parameter for each impactor stage plus the pertinent impactor and particle parameters are presented in Table 3. Figure 7 presents the measured flow rates through the Andersen impactors for 50 percent penetration as a function of known size spheres. Figure 7 also has the manufacturer's curves for the Andersen impactor 50 percent cutpoints. The figure shows that equivalent impactor stages have similar size cutoffs, but these size cutoffs are smaller than indicated by the manufacturer for comparable flow rates.

The baghouse inlet stream was sampled several times during each test with the U of W impactor which collected the sample from the midpoint of port C as shown in Figure 3. The pipe supporting the impactor had a long radius bend allowing the impactor to be pointed directly into the stream, thereby eliminating the need for sampling through a gooseneck nozzle. The straight nozzle approach was employed to minimize probe losses. The influent

Table 3. IMPACTOR CALIBRATION PARAMETERS

| Impactor type | Impactor stage number | Impactor parameters | | | Particle parameters | | Inertial impactation parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Number holes impactor stage | Stage jet diameter, cm | Impactor flow rate, cc/sec | Particle diameter, μm | Particle density, g/cc | |
| Andersen 2000 INC | 7A | 156 | 0.0259 | 186.44 | 0.481 | 1.05 | 0.1739 |
| Andersen 2000 INC | 6A | 264 | 0.0259 | 94.40 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 0.2325 |
| Andersen 2000 INC | 5A | 264 | 0.0376 | 193.52 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 0.1558 |
| Andersen 2000 INC | 4A | 264 | 0.0579 | 306.80 | 2.02 | 1.05 | 0.2143 |
| Andersen 2000 INC | 7B | 156 | 0.0254 | 174.64 | 0.481 | 1.05 | 0.1727 |
| Andersen 2000 INC | 6B | 264 | 0.0259 | 97.70 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 0.2406 |
| Andersen 2000 INC | 5B | 264 | 0.0368 | 200.60 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 0.1722 |
| Andersen 2000 INC | 4B | 264 | 0.0556 | 311.52 | 2.02 | 1.05 | 0.2458 |
| University of Washington | 7A | 40 | 0.0356 | 101.48 | 0.600 | 1.05 | 0.2104 |
| University of Washington | 6A | 110 | 0.0361 | 103.84 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 0.2267 |
| University of Washington | 5A | 110 | 0.0528 | 125.08 | 2.02 | 1.05 | 0.2765 |
| University of Washington | 4A | 90 | 0.0792 | 264.32 | 2.02 | 1.05 | 0.2116 |
| University of Washington | 7B | 40 | 0.0333 | 96.76 | 0.600 | 1.05 | 0.2451 |
| University of Washington | 6B | 110 | 0.0325 | 92.04 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 0.2754 |
| University of Washington | 5B | 110 | 0.0498 | 106.20 | 2.02 | 1.05 | 0.2798 |
| University of Washington | 4B | 90 | 0.0772 | 254.88 | 2.02 | 1.05 | 0.2204 |

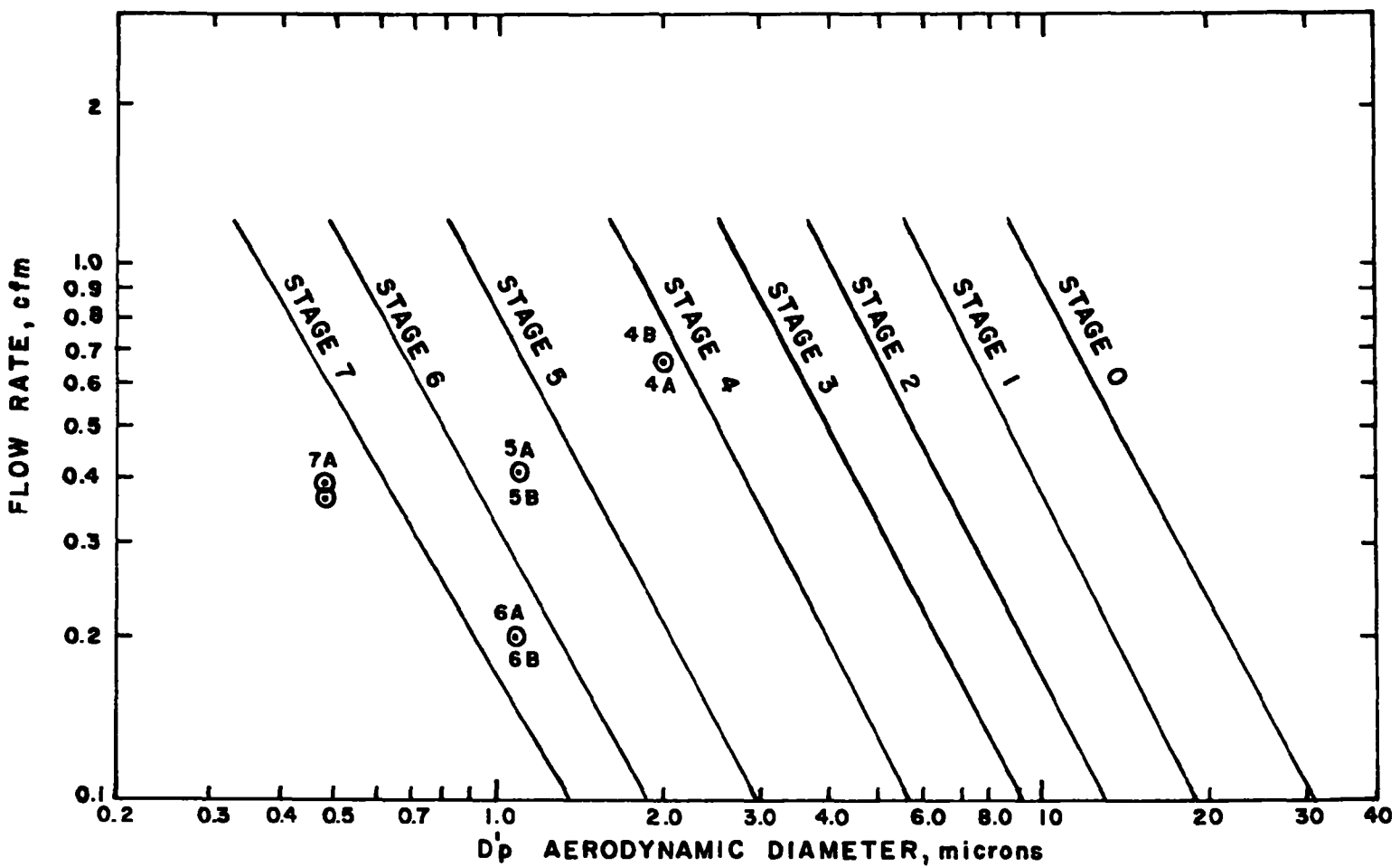


Figure 7. Andersen impactor manufacturer's curves and measured stage size cutoff points as a function of flow rate

impactor probe losses, which at times were considerable (20.00 to 51.04 percent) are presented in Table 4. These losses are believed to be larger particles which should have been collected on the upper impactor stages. Microscopic examination of resuspended dust removed from the baghouse hopper showed a population of large particles which could have accounted for the losses. The shape of the influent cumulative size distribution curves in Appendix A indicates that the larger particles were selectively removed in the probe. The affect of the probe losses is that the cumulative and differential size distribution curves in Appendix B are probably lower than actual for the larger particles. However, the actual size distribution of the particulate caught in the probe was not measured and this should be remembered when interpreting the impactor results.

During the first 4 testing days, the stainless steel inserts of the inlet impactor were coated with polyethylene glycol and dried for 2 to 3 hours at 300°F. It is not fully understood why some of the impactor inserts lost weight even though there were particles visible on the inserts. The weight loss problem was not anticipated because of the low temperature at the inlet of 130°F, the low flow rate of 0.3 acfm through the impactor and the short sampling time of 15 to 30 minutes. In tests 5 through 10, the inserts were not coated and weight loss was not a problem. While realizing the disadvantage of using uncoated inserts and the resulting increase in problems with particle bounce, it was believed that bounce would not be a serious problem at the low flow rate through the impactor. Inspection of the impactors after each sample was collected showed some evidence of bounce but the amount of particulate that was deposited on the bottom of the preceding jet stage was very small compared to the amount on the corresponding impaction surface. Therefore, sampling with uncoated inserts was considered to be better than with coated inserts when the problems associated with each were weighed.

The duration of inlet impactor sampling to collect a weighable sample on each stage without overloading was quite variable due to differences in the mass concentration as a function of the process cycle. After the

Table 4. PROBE LOSSES OF IMPACTORS SAMPLING THE FABRIC FILTER INFLUENT AND EFFLUENT

| Test number | Baghouse influent | | | | Baghouse effluent |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | Impactor run A, percent | Impactor run B, percent | Impactor run C, percent | Impactor run D, percent | Impactor, percent |
| 1 | 24.13 | | | | 18.67 |
| 2 | 35.04 | 32.92 | | | 11.15 |
| 3 | ND ^a | ND | | | 17.65 |
| 4 | ND | ND | | | 10.43 |
| 5 | ND | ND | 34.85 | | 28.78 |
| 6 | 31.54 | 27.45 | | | 25.00 |
| 7 | 24.75 | 20.00 | 28.68 | | 17.12 |
| 8 | 49.06 | 44.74 | 25.35 | 51.04 | 23.78 |
| 9 | 25.28 | 24.91 | 22.19 | 20.63 | 12.73 |
| 10 | 48.41 | 50.69 | 41.67 | 36.80 | 18.62 |
| INR ^b | | | | | 9.88 |
| 2NR | | | | | 14.95 |
| 3NR | | | | | 12.56 |

^aND means no data due to impactor substrate weight loss problems.

^bNR refers to an impactor run overnight.

first few tests, it was noticed that an increase of 0.2 to 0.4 in. Hg of meter static pressure caused by loading the impactor back up filter coincided with sufficient sample collection and was used in the remaining tests to determine the sampling duration.

The influent to the baghouse was sampled isokinetically by measuring the velocity, pressure and temperature at the impactor sampling point prior to sampling. The influent velocity, pressure and temperature were used with the other necessary parameters to calculate the pressure drop across the calibrated orifice necessary for isokinetic sampling. During sampling the flow through the impactor was kept constant.

The baghouse effluent was sampled for 9 hours during each test day with two instack Andersen cascade impactors in the locations shown in Figure 4. The outlet impactors sampled through straight nozzles so they could be pointed into the direction of flow to minimize probe losses. The resulting probe losses were from 9.88 percent to 28.78 percent and are included in Table 4. These probe losses were much less than the influent impactor probe losses and are considered to have only a minimal effect on the cumulative and differential size distribution curves. Reeve Angel 934 AH type glass filter substrates were used in the impactors because they have been found to be less reactive with stack gases than the Gelman Type A glass fiber filters.⁴ Two impactors were run simultaneously during each testing day with one of the impactors sampling filtered flue gas to indicate any anomalous weight gains. The figures in Appendix C show the suspected anomalous weight gains for each stage of the impactor sampling flue gas and the corresponding stage of the impactor sampling unfiltered flue gas during the 10 test days. Examination of the figures in Appendix C indicates considerable weight gain in a number of cases and in a few cases the weight gain of the impactor stage sampling filtered flue gas was greater than that of the impactor sampling unfiltered flue gas. In only one case was there no apparent anomalous weight gain. It is most difficult to quantify the apparent anomalous weight gain because it did not follow a pattern with respect to amount of weight gained by any particular stage.

Since a systematic error was not apparent and since the outlet differential distributions in Appendix B do not appear to be dependent upon the apparent anomalous weight gain, no corrections were made to the weight gained by the substrates of the impactor sampling unfiltered effluent.

In addition to the impactors run during each normal test day, there were three sets of outlet impactors run from 13 to 15 hours overnight. These impactors were run as an experiment to see if cascade impactors could be run unattended. Running the impactors unattended seemed to be a success with the flow in the morning being the same as that set the preceding evening. The overnight impactors were also run in pairs with one sampling prefiltered flue gas. These impactors, however, utilized Gelman Type A glass filter substrates. The apparent anomalous weight gain for the night runs, also shown in Appendix C, appears to be higher than during most of the day runs in which the Reeve Angel substrates were used.

A comparison was made among the outlet mass concentrations measured by the RAC StaksamplrTM, which is considered to be the true concentration in the duct, the mass concentration measured by the impactor and the mass concentration measured by the prefilter on the blank impactor. This comparison is presented graphically in Figure 8 and includes the line that would result from perfect correlation and the actual line of best fit. It can be seen that the impactor measurements consistently indicate a lower concentration than the RAC train. This may be caused by the fact that the impactors sampled at single points in the duct while the RAC train traversed many points, or it may indicate an inherent inconsistency between the measurement methods. The lower mass concentration measured by the impactors would appear to be contraindicative of serious anomalous weight gain problems as observed in another similar comparison.⁵

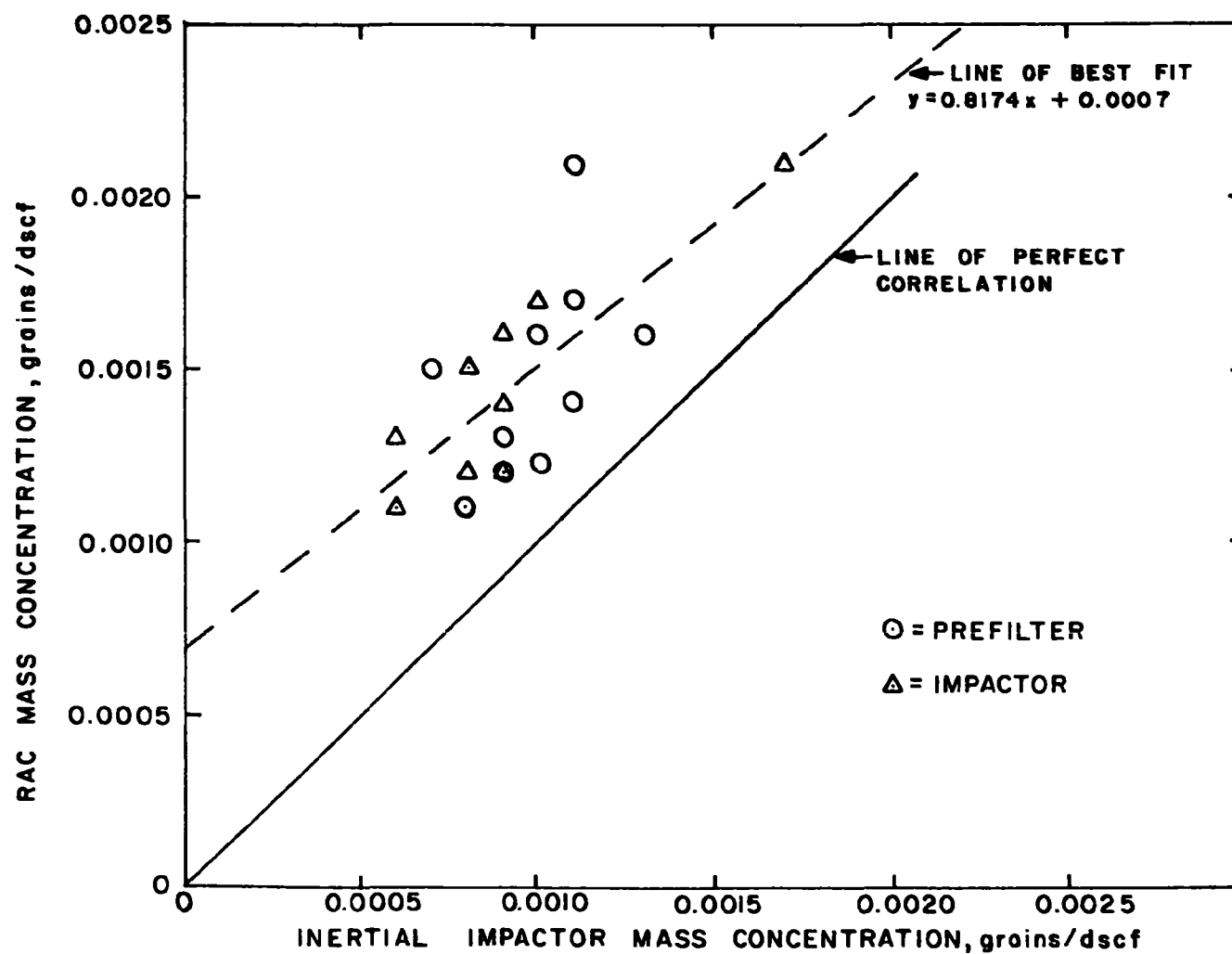


Figure 8. Correlation between the outlet mass concentrations determined by the RAC stack sampler and the inertial impactor and prefilter

FINE PARTICULATE MEASUREMENTS

The penetration of fine particles through the fabric filter was determined by sampling the baghouse influent and effluent streams with a Dust Counter (DC) and a Condensation Nuclei Counter (CNC) with a Diffusion Denuder (DD). The particle concentrations were measured by a Bausch and Lomb 40-1 DC and by a Rich Model 100 CNC. Particle sizing was accomplished directly with the DC and the CNC utilizing the DD. The DC has seven size ranges with the following smallest detectable particle sizes: 0.3 μm , 0.5 μm , 1.0 μm , 2.0 μm , 3.0 μm , 5.0 μm and 10 μm . The CNC measures particles of 0.0025 μm and larger diameter⁶ in the concentration range of 1,000 to 300,000 particles/cc. The theoretical upper size limit measurable by the CNC has been estimated to be 0.3 to 0.5 μm .⁷

Sizing with the CNC and DD is accomplished by drawing the sample through the DD where particles less than a particular size, dependent upon the flow rates, are removed. The CNC then measures the concentration of the particles remaining. The five DD flow rates utilized at Marathon LeToruneau resulted in the removal of all particles over the range of less than 0.014 μm at the highest flow rate and less than 0.078 μm at the lowest flow rate.

The temperature and moisture content of the influent and effluent of the baghouse were in a range to allow sampling without dilution. Dilution was not necessary at the outlet and the sample was extracted through a stainless steel probe, and tygon tubing to a "Y" where part of the sample went to the CNC and part to the DC. When the DD was used, it was inserted between the "Y" and the CNC.

Dilution of the sample was required at the inlet because of the high static pressure in the duct and the high concentration of fine particles. A two-stage dilution was effected utilizing two basic diluter designs. A sample of the flue gas was extracted through a stainless steel probe

and through the air ejector diluter shown in Figure 9(a). A portion of the diluted sample from the air ejector diluter was then drawn through a capillary tube diluter, Figure 9(b), to a "Y" where the sample flow split with part going to the CNC and part to the DC. When the DD was used, it was inserted between the "Y" and the CNC as on the outlet.

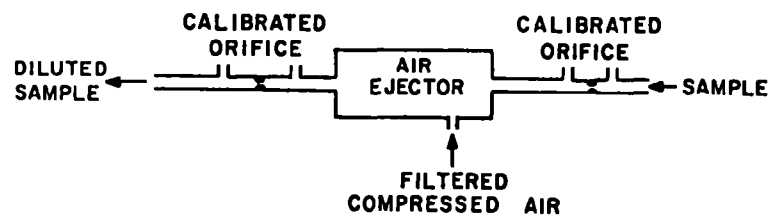
The air ejector diluter is limited to a maximum dilution of approximately 90 to 1. Its main value is its ability to extract a sample from a low pressure location and to discharge the diluted sample at about atmospheric pressure. The CNC and DC will not operate properly when the pressure of the sample entering the CNC or DC is too far below atmospheric, ~2 in. H₂O. In the air ejector diluter, the sample is drawn through an orifice by an air ejector in which the sample stream and a filtered compressed air stream are mixed before being discharged through an orifice which meters the combined flow.

The capillary tube diluter is capable of providing a 12 to 1 dilution. A capillary tube meters the sample flow which is combined with regulated filtered dilution air in a tee. The combined sample and dilution flow is equal to the flows through the CNC and DC. The capillary tube diluter was also used to vary the sample flow rates through the DD to provide sizing data. In this case, the combined sample and dilution flow is equal to the flow through the CNC.

The DD is made of three closely spaced (0.097 cm) concentric cylinders on which diffused particles are collected. The d_{50} , which is the particle diameter removed in the DD with 50 percent efficiency, is dependent upon the flow rate through the DD. The DD is most applicable for particle sizes ranging from 0.01 to 1 μ m diameter.⁶

Particle sizing was accomplished by first sampling with the CNC alone which corresponded to particles $\geq 0.0025 \mu$ m. Next, flows varying from approximately 2 cc/sec to 50 cc/sec were passed through the DD. The

(A) AIR EJECTOR DILUTER



(B) CAPILLARY TUBE DILUTER

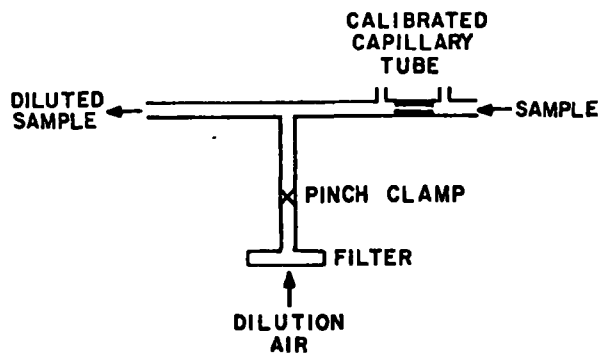


Figure 9. Fine particle dilution system components

approximate flows and resulting DD size cutoffs were 2 cc/sec and 0.078 μm , 5 cc/sec and 0.048 μm , 10 cc/sec and 0.034 μm , 25 cc/sec and 0.021 μm , and 50 cc/sec and 0.014 μm .

SECTION VI

RESULTS

The primary purpose of the sampling program at Marathon LeTourneau was to define the total and fractional particulate penetration through a fabric filter cleaning the emissions from an electric arc furnace. The secondary reasons for testing were to determine the effect of approximately doubling the particulate loading to the baghouse on the total and fractional penetration and to measure the influent and effluent total fluoride concentrations to estimate the levels to which the DacronTM filter bags are exposed during normal service. In addition, the baghouse inlet and outlet submicrometer particle concentrations were measured as a function of the process cycle and the baghouse cleaning cycle to determine if periods of high penetration are a function of the process cycle, the cleaning cycle or both. Finally, the inlet particle size distributions were measured as a function of the process cycle.

TOTAL MASS MEASUREMENTS

The baghouse inlet and outlet particulate mass concentrations for the 3 pretest survey testing days and for the 10 regular testing days are presented in Table 5. These concentrations were measured with total mass samplers, impactors (without prefilters) and an impactor prefilter.

The data summary sheets with measured parameters and the calculated results for the total mass and impactor samples are presented in Appendixes D and E, respectively. The properties of the baghouse influent and effluent flue

Table 5. RESULTS OF PARTICULATE SAMPLING AT MARATHON LETOURNEAU

| Test day | No. furnaces in operation | Pressure drop across compartment No. 6, in. H ₂ O | Face velocity, ft/min | Baghouse inlet; concentration, grains/dscf | | | | | Baghouse outlet, north stack, concentration, grains/dscf | | | Fabric filter mass penetration, ^a percent |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | | | Total mass sampler | Impactor run A | Impactor run B | Impactor run C | Impactor run D | Total mass sampler | Impactor prefilter | Impactor A | |
| 1 ^b | 1 | - | 3.32 | 0.0627 ^c | 0.0579 ^d | - | - | - | - | 0.0018 ^d | 0.0022 ^d | - |
| 2 ^b | 1 | - | 3.48 | 0.0804 | 0.0414 ^d | 0.0903 ^d | - | - | 0.0019 | 0.00036 ^d | 0.00025 ^d | 2.3632 |
| 3 ^b | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0007 ^d | - | - |
| 1 | 2 | - | 3.39 | 0.1506 | 1.9185 ^e | 0.0594 ^e | - | - | 0.0017 | 0.0011 ^d | 0.0010 ^d | 1.1288 |
| 2 | 2 | - | 3.58 | 0.1438 | 0.0765 ^e | 0.0911 ^e | - | - | 0.0021 | 0.0011 ^d | 0.0011 ^d | 1.4604 |
| 3 | 1 | 3.50 | 3.37 | 0.0603 | - | - | - | - | 0.0012 | 0.0010 ^d | 0.0009 ^d | 1.9900 |
| 4 | 1 | - | 3.34 | 0.0729 | - | - | - | - | 0.0016 | 0.0010 ^d | 0.0009 ^d | 2.1948 |
| 5 | 1 | 3.40 | 3.35 | 0.0650 | - | - | 0.0500 ^e | - | 0.0015 | 0.0007 ^d | 0.0008 ^d | 2.3077 |
| 6 | 1 | 3.40 | 3.41 | 0.0672 | 0.0369 ^e | 0.0287 ^e | - | - | 0.0013 | 0.0009 ^d | 0.0006 ^d | 1.9345 |
| 7 | 1 | 3.24 | 3.36 | 0.0675 | 0.0664 ^e | 0.1022 ^e | 0.0947 ^e | - | 0.0011 | 0.0008 ^d | 0.0006 ^a | 1.6296 |
| 8 | 1 | 3.12 | 3.56 | 0.0736 | 0.0594 ^e | 0.0538 ^e | 0.0485 ^e | 0.0368 ^e | 0.0016 | 0.0013 ^d | 0.0009 ^d | 2.1739 |
| 9 | 1 | 3.35 | 3.43 | 0.0615 | 0.0682 ^e | 0.0533 ^e | 0.1286 ^e | 0.1443 ^e | 0.0014 | 0.0011 ^d | 0.0009 ^d | 2.2764 |
| 10 | 1 | 3.34 | 3.42 | 0.0617 ^f | 0.0571 ^e | 0.0497 ^e | 0.0856 ^e | 0.0868 ^e | 0.0012 | 0.0009 ^d | 0.0008 ^d | 1.9449 |
| 6 ^g | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0007 ^d | 0.0007 ^d | - |
| 8 ^g | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0008 ^d | 0.0005 ^d | - |
| 9 ^g | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0009 ^d | 0.0008 ^d | - |

^aCalculated from the inlet and outlet total mass concentrations.^bPretest survey.^cEvidence of particulate leakage around the filter indicating that the reported mass concentration may be lower than the actual mass concentration.^dAndersen impactor.^eUniversity of Washington impactor.^fSample was inadvertently extracted nonisokinetically^gImpactors run overnight.

gas are presented in Table 6. The penetrations which are included in Table 5 were calculated from the inlet and outlet total mass concentrations.

Examination of Table 5 shows that the inlet concentrations for the test days during which there were two furnaces in operation were approximately twice that of the runs in which there was only one furnace in operation. The table also shows wide variations in inlet concentration measured by the inlet impactors as a result of these samples being collected at various points in the process cycle. The variation in concentration over a process cycle was measured during the pretest survey by taking a series of total mass samples in succession over the cycle. It was found that the inlet concentration varied by a factor of 2.5 with the alloy addition phase being the period of maximum concentration and the tap being the period of minimum concentration as shown in Figure 10.

The mass penetration and the total mass sample outlet concentration statistics for the entire series of tests, for the subseries of tests with two furnaces in operation and for the subseries of tests with one furnace in operation are presented in Table 7. These statistics show that the penetration is lower even though the outlet concentration is higher (40 percent) with the two furnaces in operation indicating the baghouse particulate removal efficiency varies with inlet grain loading. Thus the baghouse dampens changes in the outlet concentration or emission rate caused by variations in the inlet concentration.

Table 7. OUTLET CONCENTRATION AND PENETRATION STATISTICS

| Tests | Penetration, % | | Outlet concentration, grains, dscf | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | Mean | Standard deviation | Mean | Standard deviation |
| All | 1.904 | 0.3862 | 0.0015 | 0.0003 |
| With 2 furnaces on | 1.295 | 0.2345 | 0.0019 | 0.0003 |
| With 1 furnace on | 2.056 | 0.2263 | 0.0014 | 0.0002 |

Table 6. FLUE GAS PROPERTIES

| Test No. | No. Furnaces in operation | Influent | | | Effluent (North Stack) | | | |
|----------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| | | Volumetric flow rate, dscfm | Avg. gas temp, °F | Moisture, percent | Volumetric flow rate, dscfm | Avg. gas temp, °F | Moisture, percent | Particulate emission rate, lb./hr |
| 1 | 2 | 164,406 | 107 | 1.31 | 67,046 | 120 | 2.22 | 0.994 |
| 2 | 2 | 166,623 | 131 | 1.42 | 66,208 | 130 | 1.47 | 1.220 |
| 3 | 1 | 154,056 | 140 | 1.51 | 66,558 | 132 | 1.55 | 0.664 |
| 4 | 1 | 153,606 | 128 | 2.51 | 65,942 | 126 | 1.53 | 0.930 |
| 5 | 1 | 152,550 | 132 | 2.65 | 67,684 | 131 | 1.99 | 0.848 |
| 6 | 1 | 154,066 | 134 | 3.19 | 66,523 | 129 | 1.85 | 0.737 |
| 7 | 1 | 154,311 | 130 | 2.28 | 66,692 | 125 | 2.15 | 0.642 |
| 8 | 1 | 166,142 | 127 | 1.89 | 72,089 | 128 | 2.43 | 0.995 |
| 9 | 1 | 151,374 | 155 | 2.32 | 67,658 | 133 | 2.46 | 0.830 |
| 10 | 1 | 157,354 | 134 | 1.56 | 66,659 | 130 | 2.10 | 0.676 |

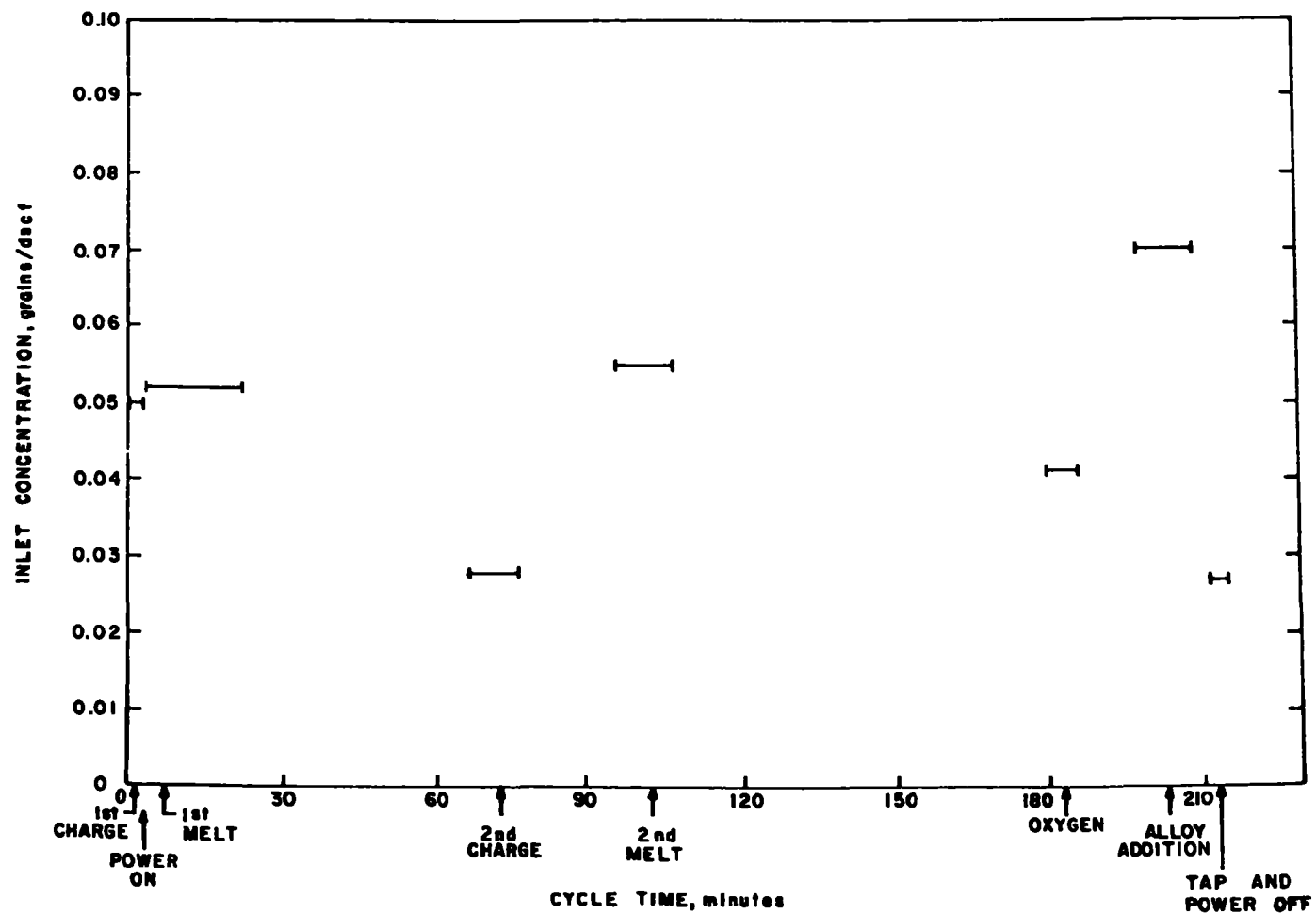


Figure 10. Inlet concentration as a function of events in the process cycle

IMPACTOR MEASUREMENTS

The task of determining the average or representative inlet particulate cumulative and differential size distributions is difficult because it cannot be measured directly. A direct measurement of size distribution is impossible because a process cycle lasts approximately 3 hours and the in-stack impactors which measure the size distributions were limited to about 15 minutes sampling duration due to the high inlet mass concentration causing overloading of impactor stages. The problem was attacked by making individual measurements at various points in the process with samples taken during the major events of the process cycle. Figure 11 shows the time in the process cycle over which each of the inlet impactor samples was collected during each test day and also indicates the frequency of sample collection during the entire testing program. It shows that the inlet was sampled for nearly every minute of the process cycle over the testing sequence. Since it was impossible to collect an ideal inlet sample, it was necessary to composite several typical or average differential size distributions to enable calculation of the fractional penetration. The construction of a representative inlet size distribution would be further supported if day-to-day variations were not observed. Although this is not the case, the compositing of several runs appears to be the best approach. Figure 12 presents the measured mass median diameter (MMD's) as a function of the process cycle and testing day. From Figure 12 it is clear that variations in MMD's did occur on a daily basis and were most pronounced immediately before the slag-off part of the cycle. Figure 13 (a through d) shows the differential size distribution curves for different test days for the sample collected during the first melt, back charge, second melt, and tap. These curves show that there was considerable variation in the differential size distribution on a daily basis. The next step in constructing a composite inlet curve was to average the curves for each part of the process. These curves are also presented in Figure 13 (a through d). These average curves were then weighted with respect to the time portion represented by their individual

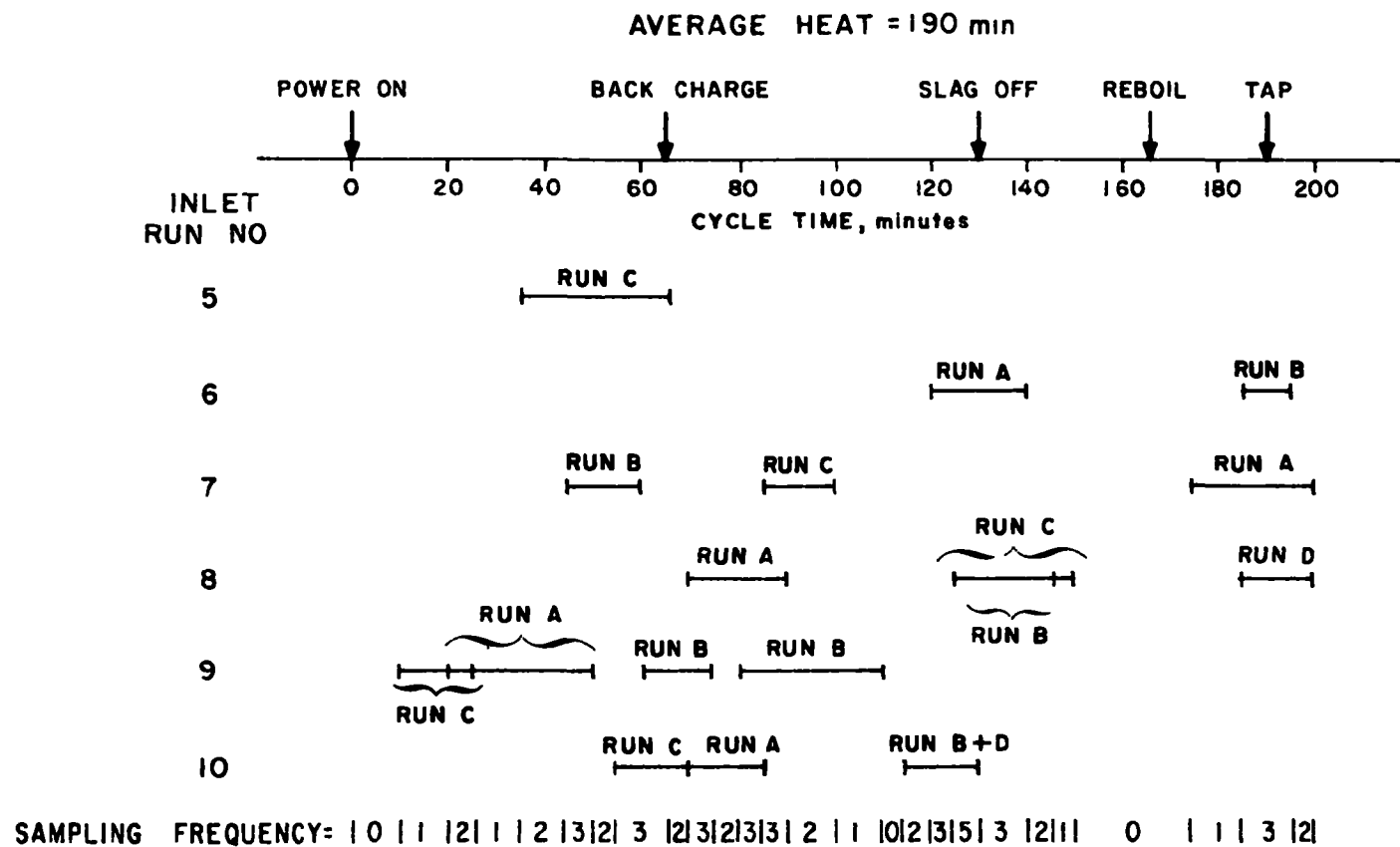


Figure 11. Time in process cycle at which inlet samples were collected

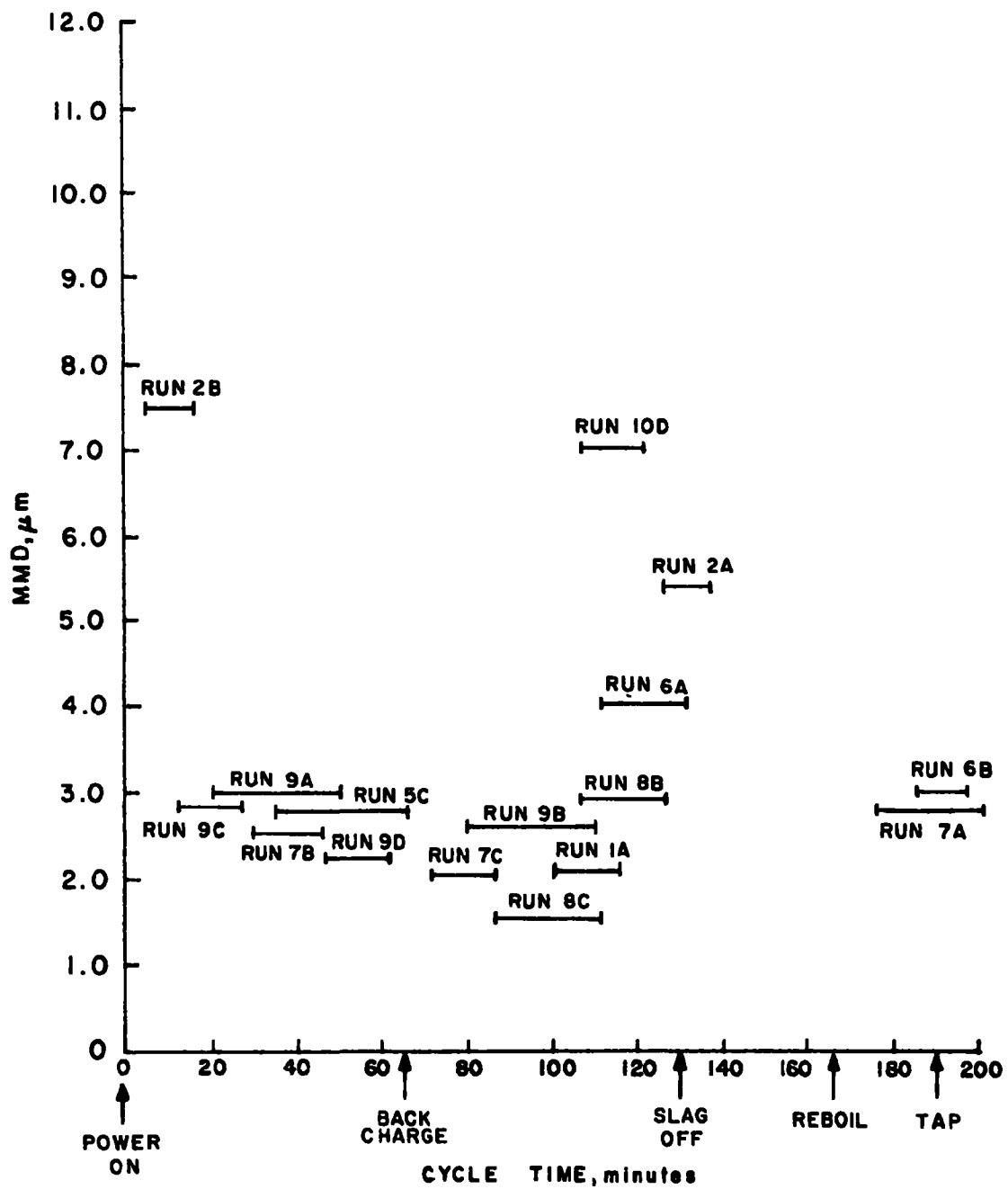


Figure 12. Inlet MMD as a function of process cycle and testing day

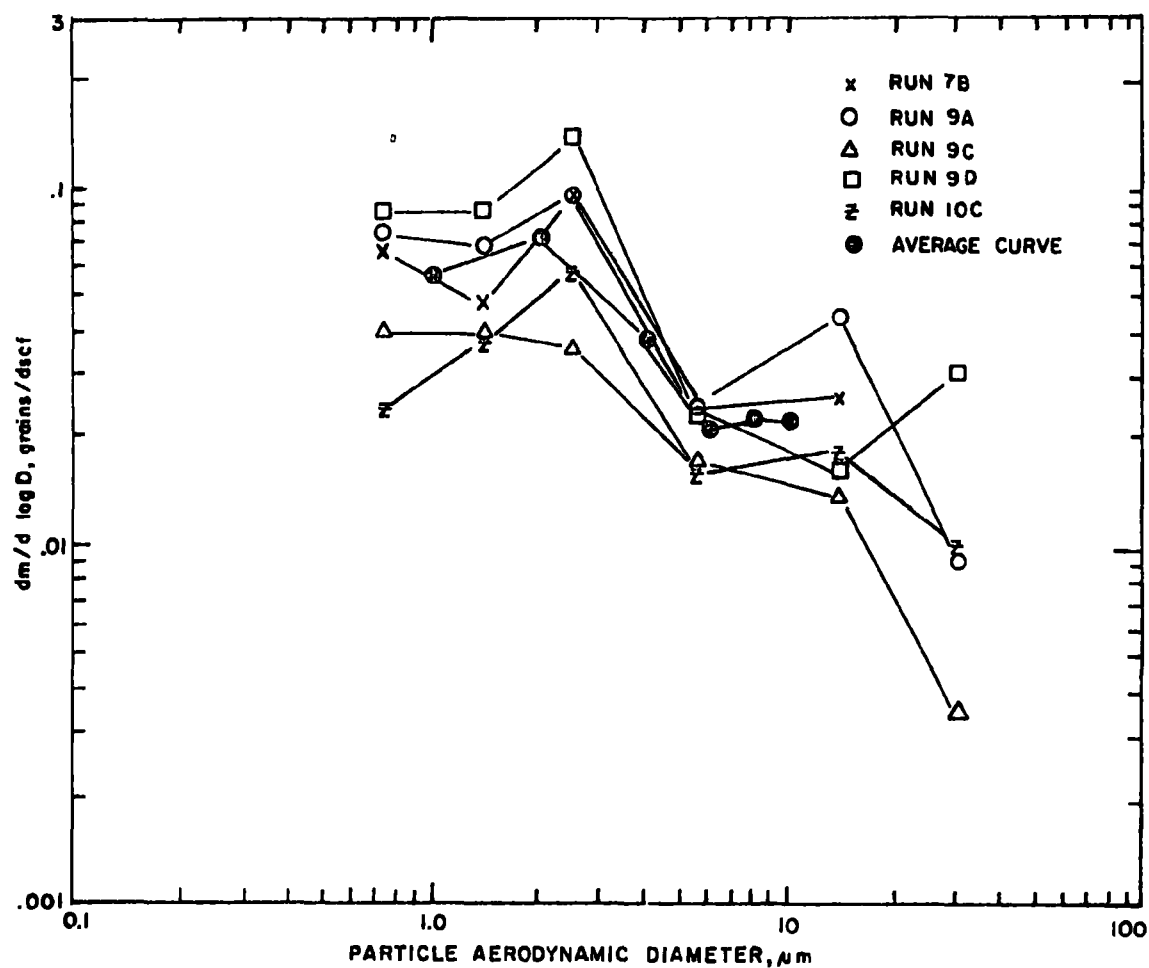


Figure 13a. Differential size distribution curves of baghouse inlet aerosol during first melt phase of process cycle when one electric arc furnace is operating

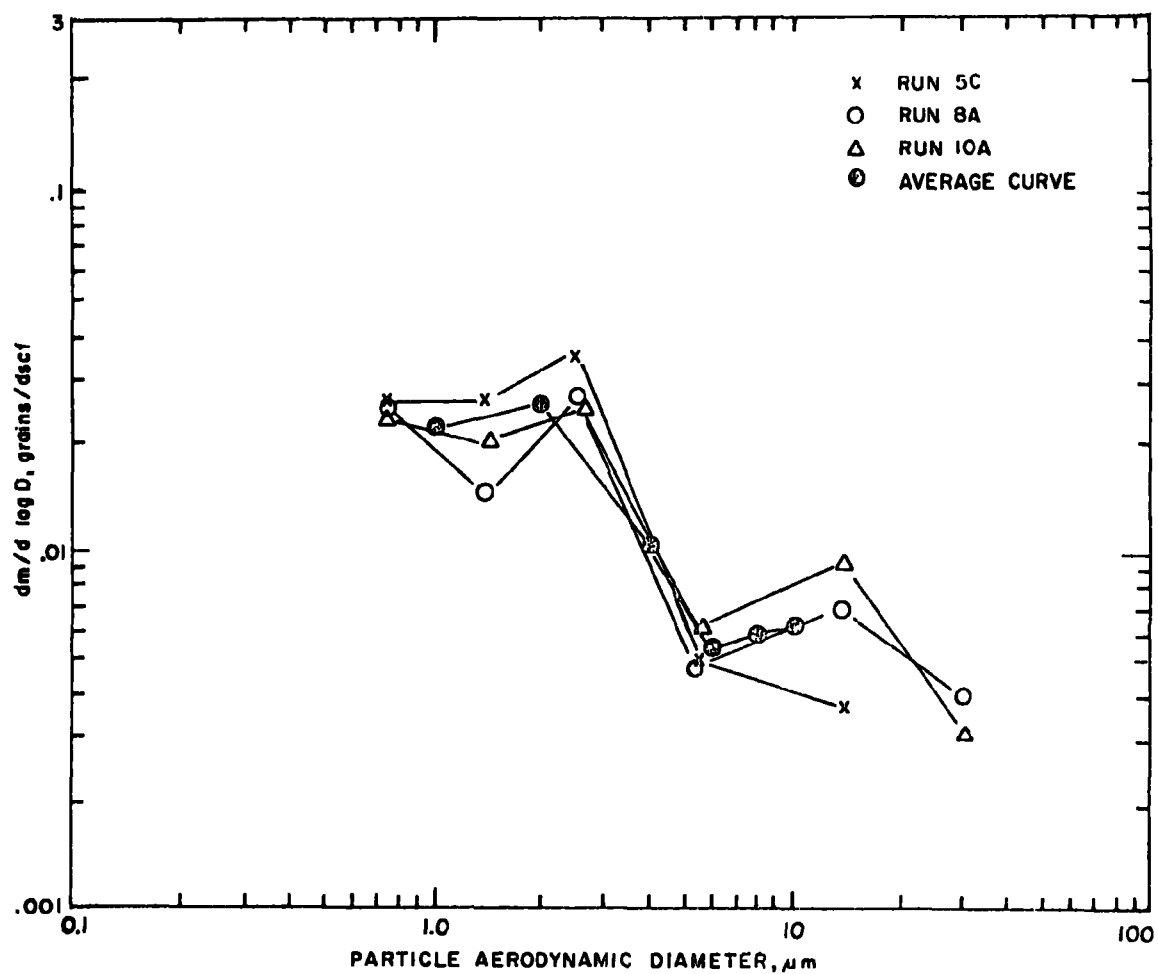


Figure 13b. Differential size distribution curves of baghouse inlet aerosol during back charge phase of process cycle when one electric arc furnace is operating

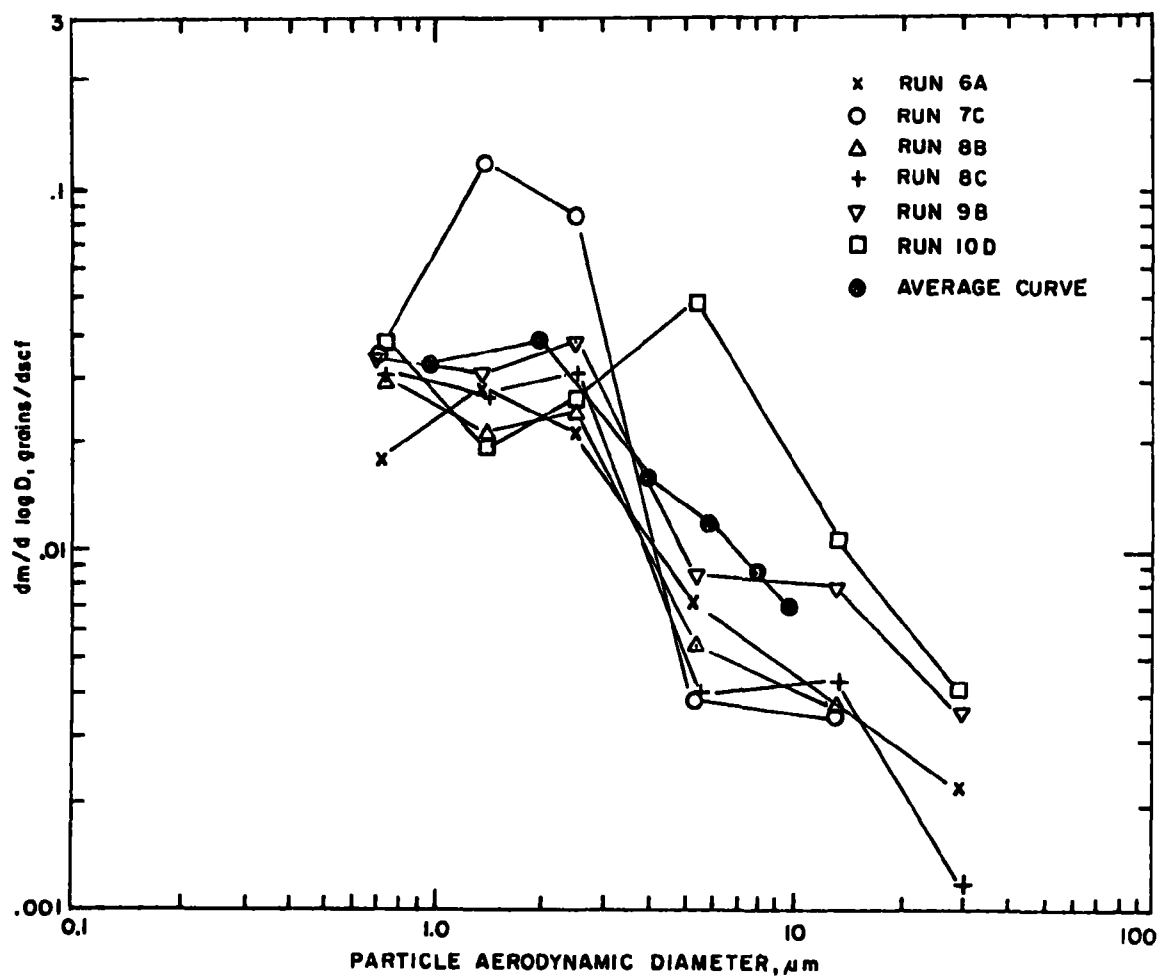


Figure 13c. Differential size distribution curves of baghouse inlet aerosol during second melt phase of process cycle when one electric arc furnace is operating

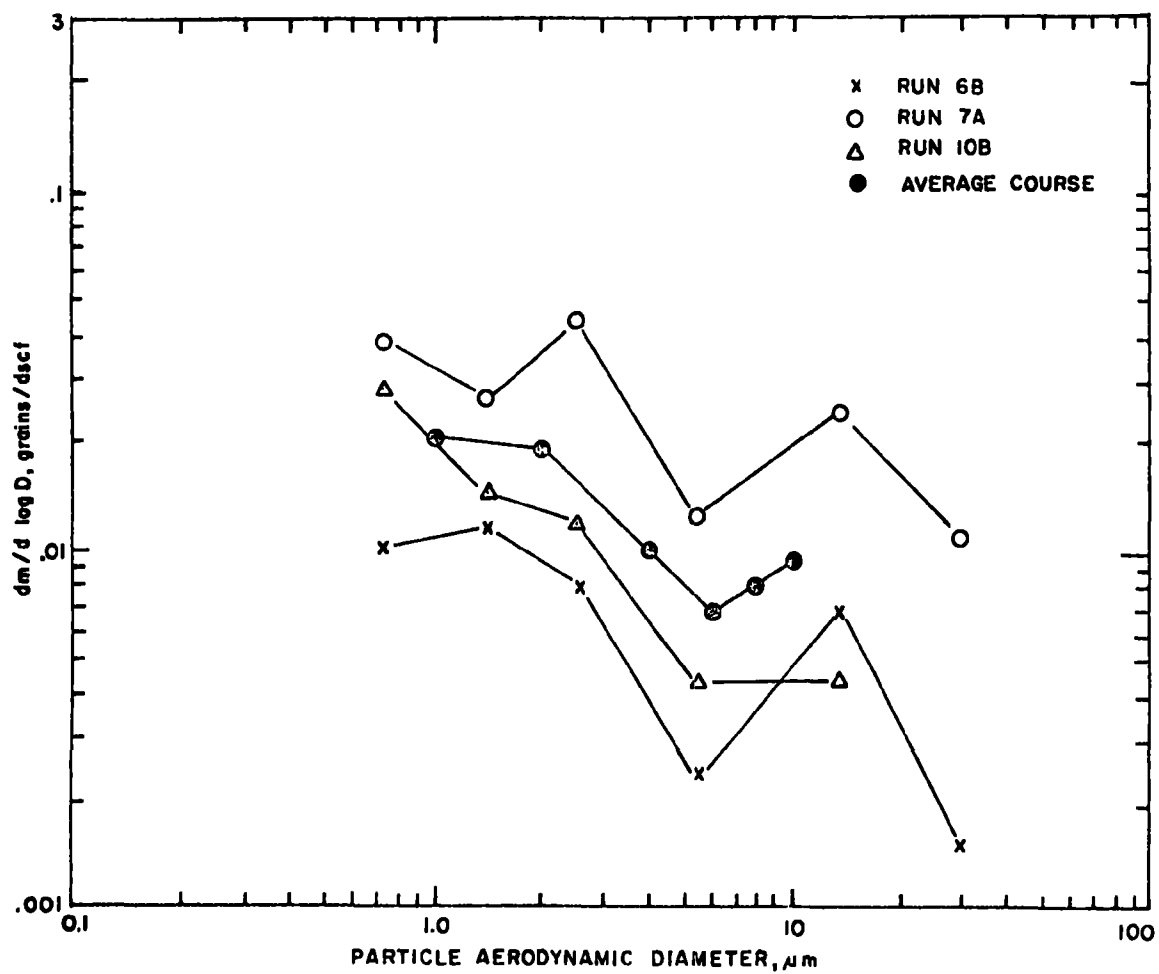


Figure 13d. Differential size distribution curves of baghouse inlet aerosol during tap phase of process cycle when one electric arc furnace is operating

part of the cycle to the complete cycle. The composite inlet curves for one and two furnaces in operation are presented in Figure 14. The composite inlet differential distribution curve for two furnaces in operation was calculated by multiplying the composite inlet curve for one furnace operation by the ratio of the average inlet concentration measured by the inlet total mass sampler during two furnace operation to that average concentration measured during one furnace operation. The average differential distribution curves in Figure 13 (a through d) were also used to determine the differential concentrations for 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 μm particles as a function of the process cycle. These curves are presented in Figure 15 (a through f). These curves show the first melt to have the highest concentration for all particle sizes and the back charge and the tap phases to have the lowest concentrations for most sizes.

The composited inlet differential size distribution curves were then used with the averaged outlet differential distribution curves for one and two furnace operation (Figure 16) to calculate their respective fractional penetration curves presented in Figure 17. A comparison of the inlet and outlet differential size distributions (Figures 14 and 16) shows the curves to have somewhat similar shapes with a slightly larger outlet particle size (4 μm outlet and 2 μm inlet) having the maximum concentration. The similarity in curve shape indicates that some of the influent aerosol is passing through the baghouse without capture and would suggest bag leakage during sampling. The shapes of the fractional penetration curves are unusual in that they show the 1.0 μm particles to have the least penetration while the 6.0 μm particles have the greatest penetration. These shapes would not be predicted by fabric filtration theory. The lower penetration of smaller particles as well as the higher penetration of the larger ones indicates agglomeration of the smaller particles. The agglomerates in the effluent are believed to result mainly from fabric rear face dislodgment of collected particles.

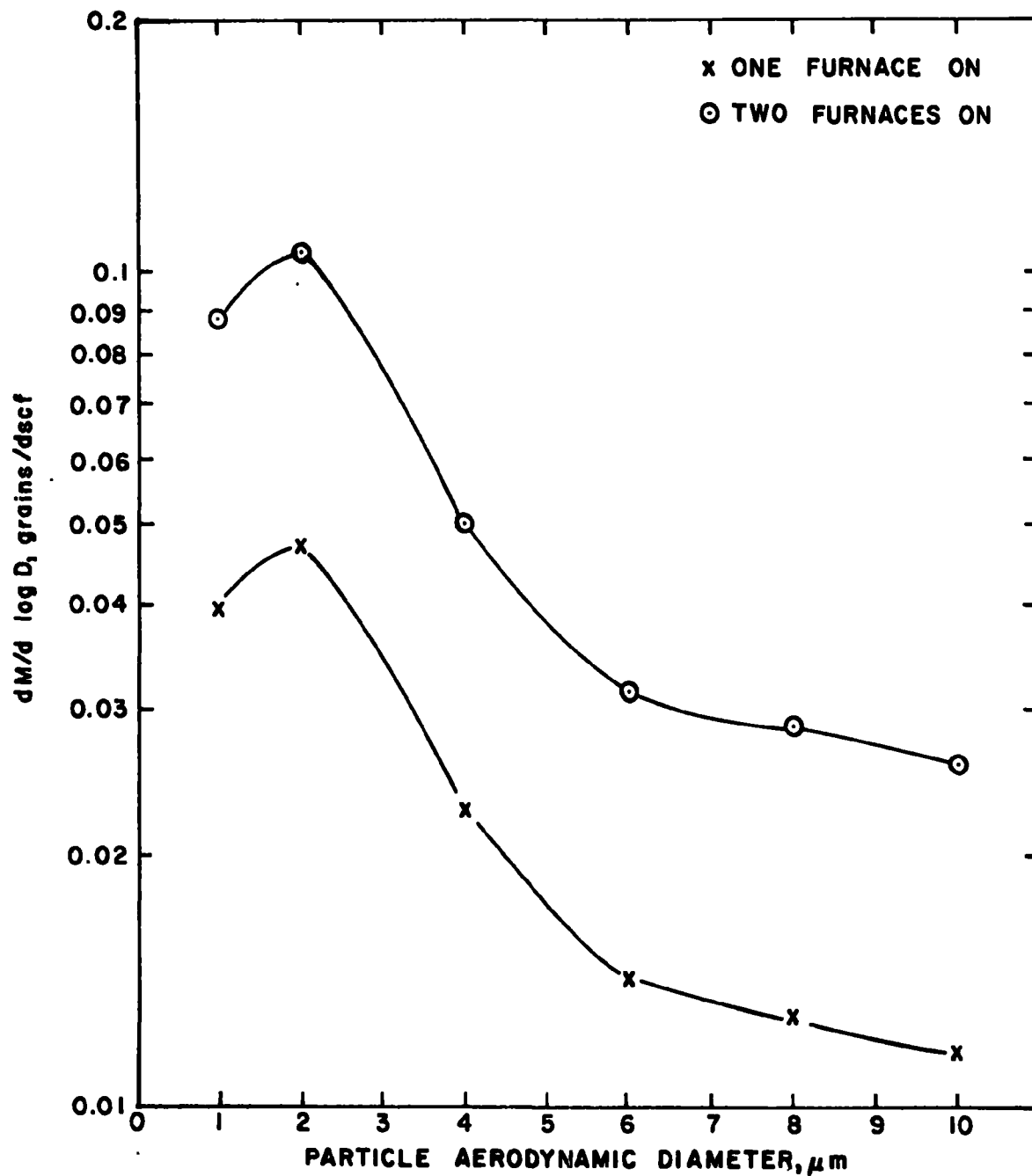


Figure 14. Composited differential size distribution curves of baghouse inlet aerosol for a process cycle with one and two furnaces operating (190-minute furnace cycle)

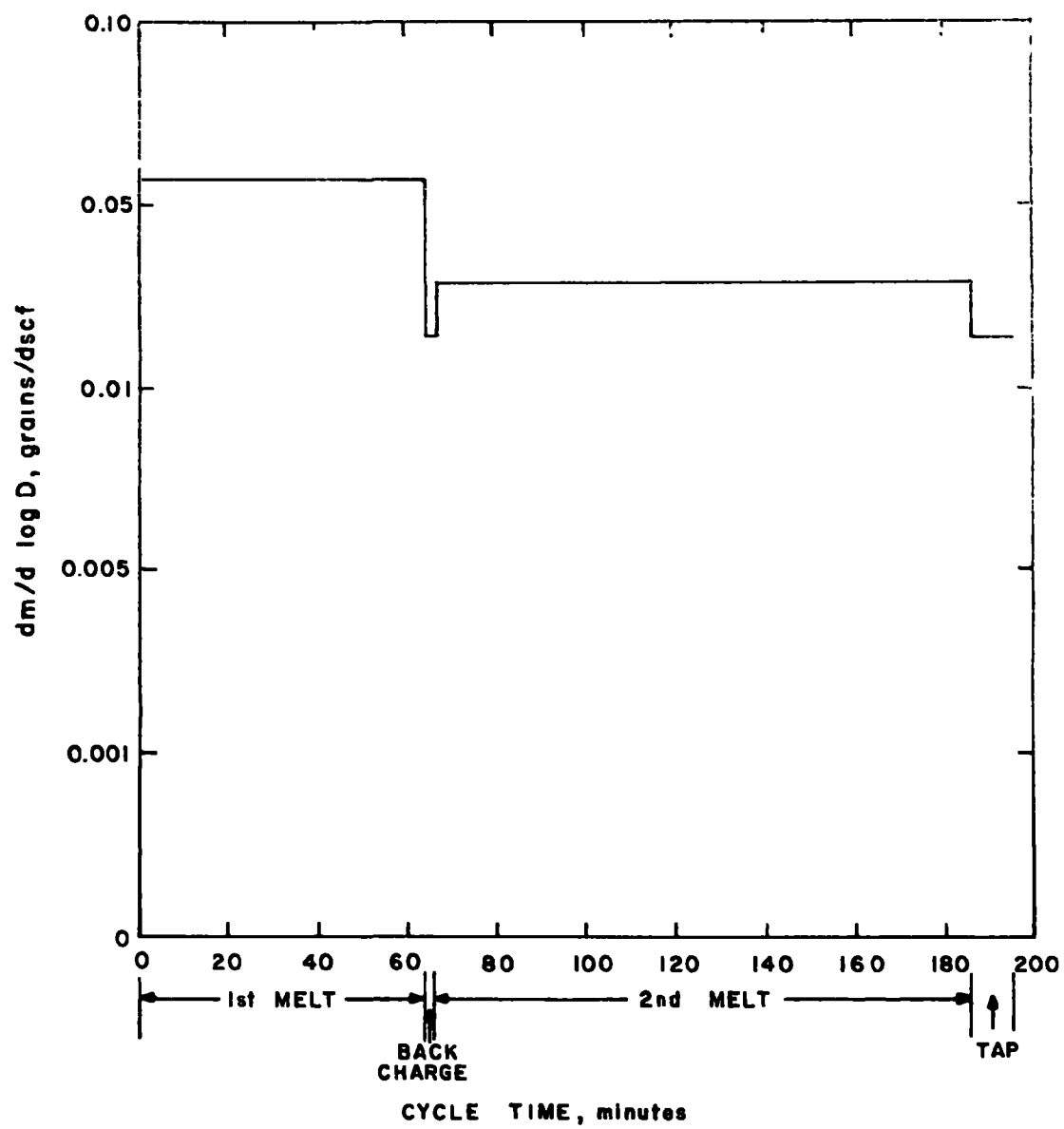


Figure 15a. Concentration versus process cycle for 1 μ m particles

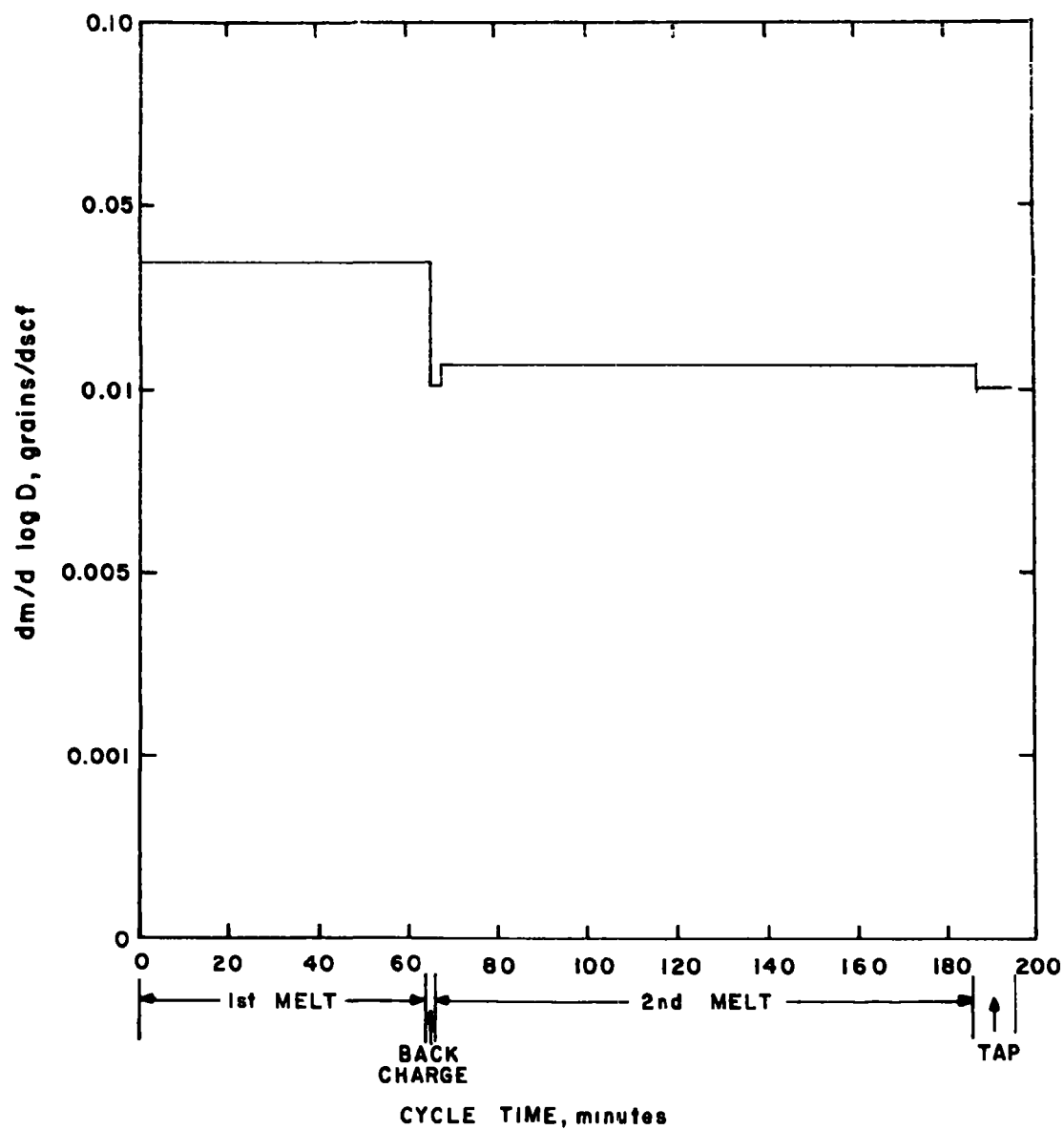


Figure 15b. Concentration versus process cycle for 2 μ m particles

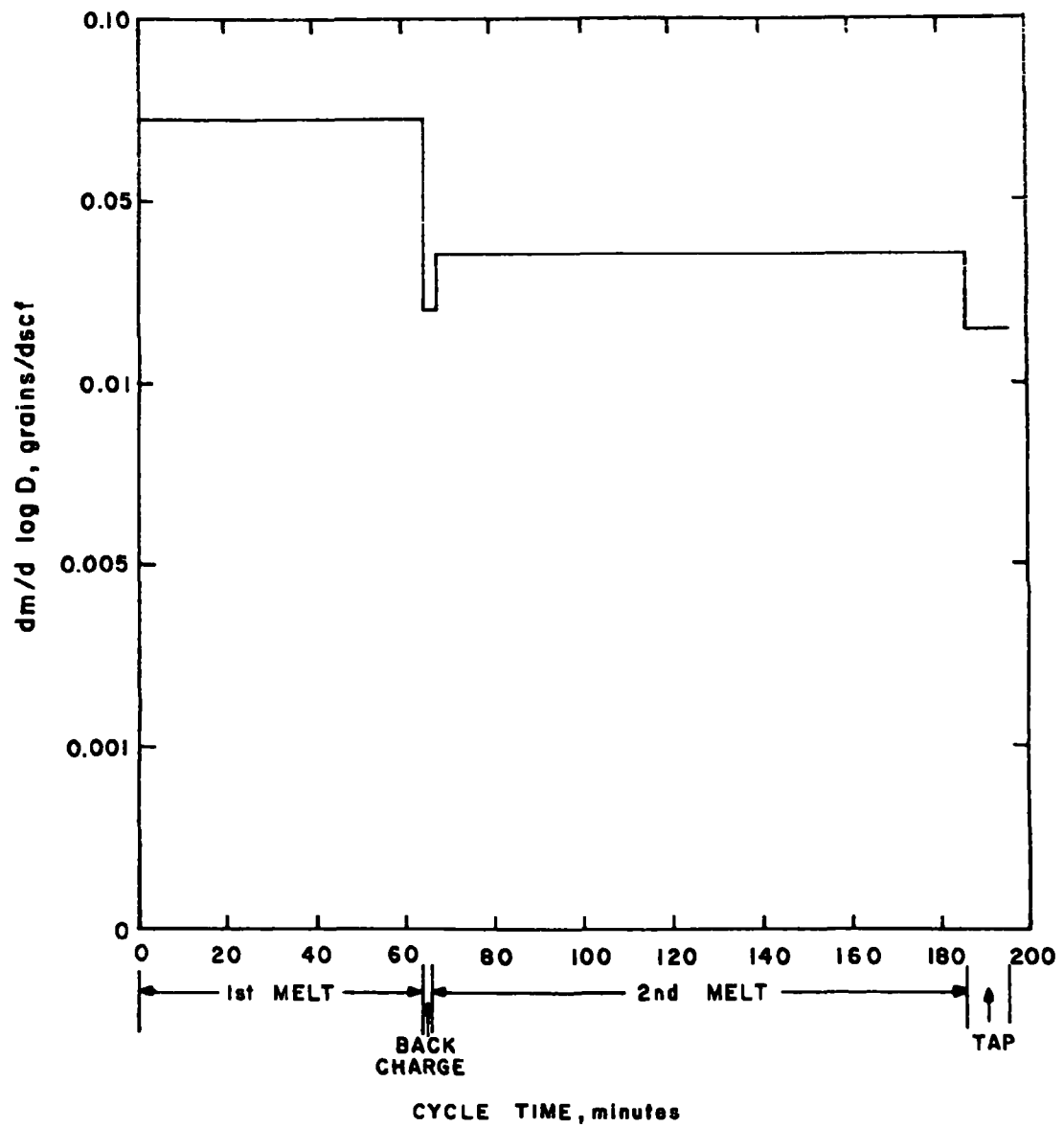


Figure 15c. Concentration versus process cycle for 4 μ m particles

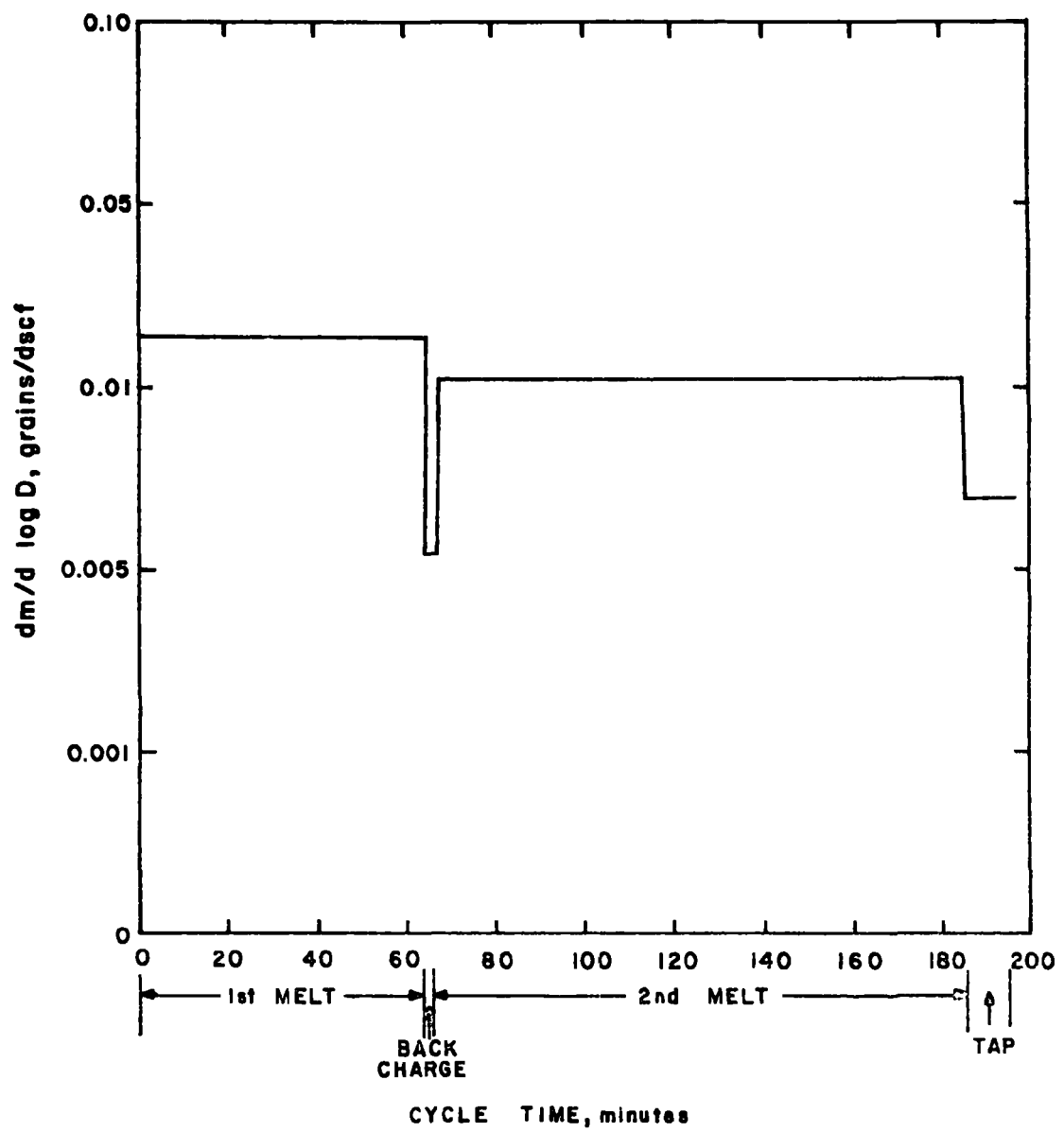


Figure 15d. Concentration versus process cycle for 6 μm particles

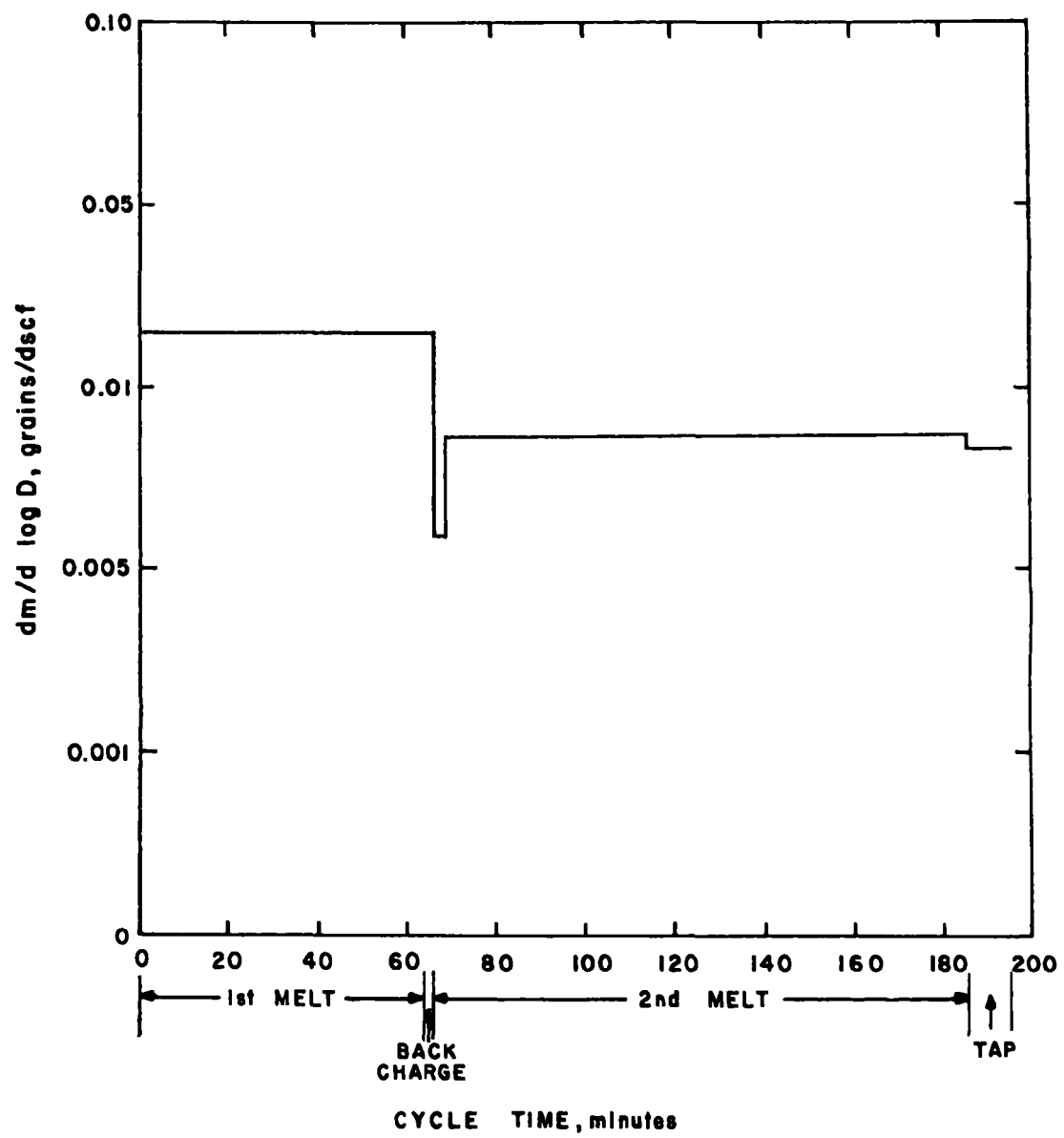


Figure 15e. Concentration versus process cycle for 8 μ m particles

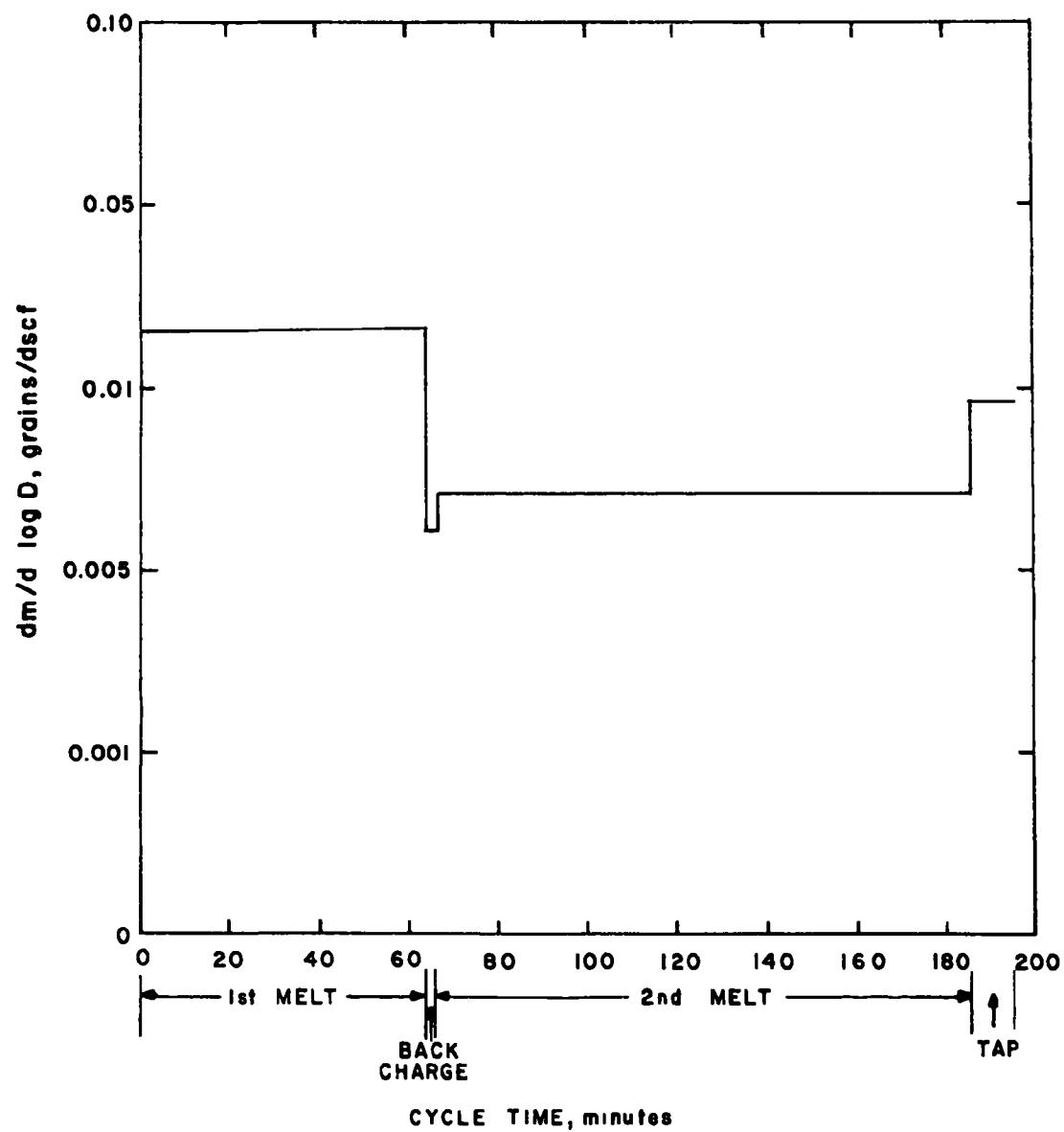


Figure 15f. Concentration versus process cycle for 10 μm particles

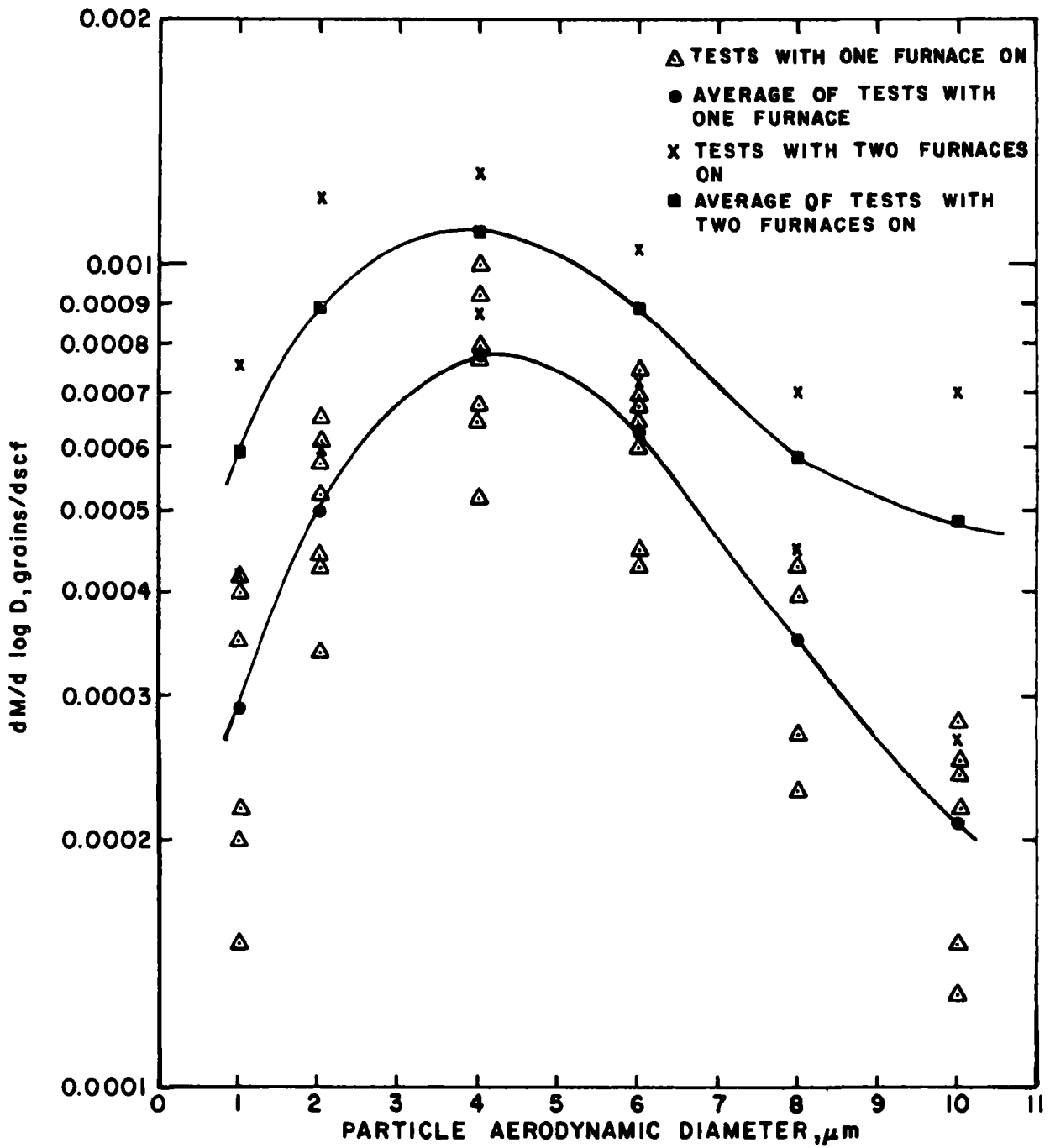


Figure 16. Average outlet differential size distribution curves for tests with one and two furnaces operating

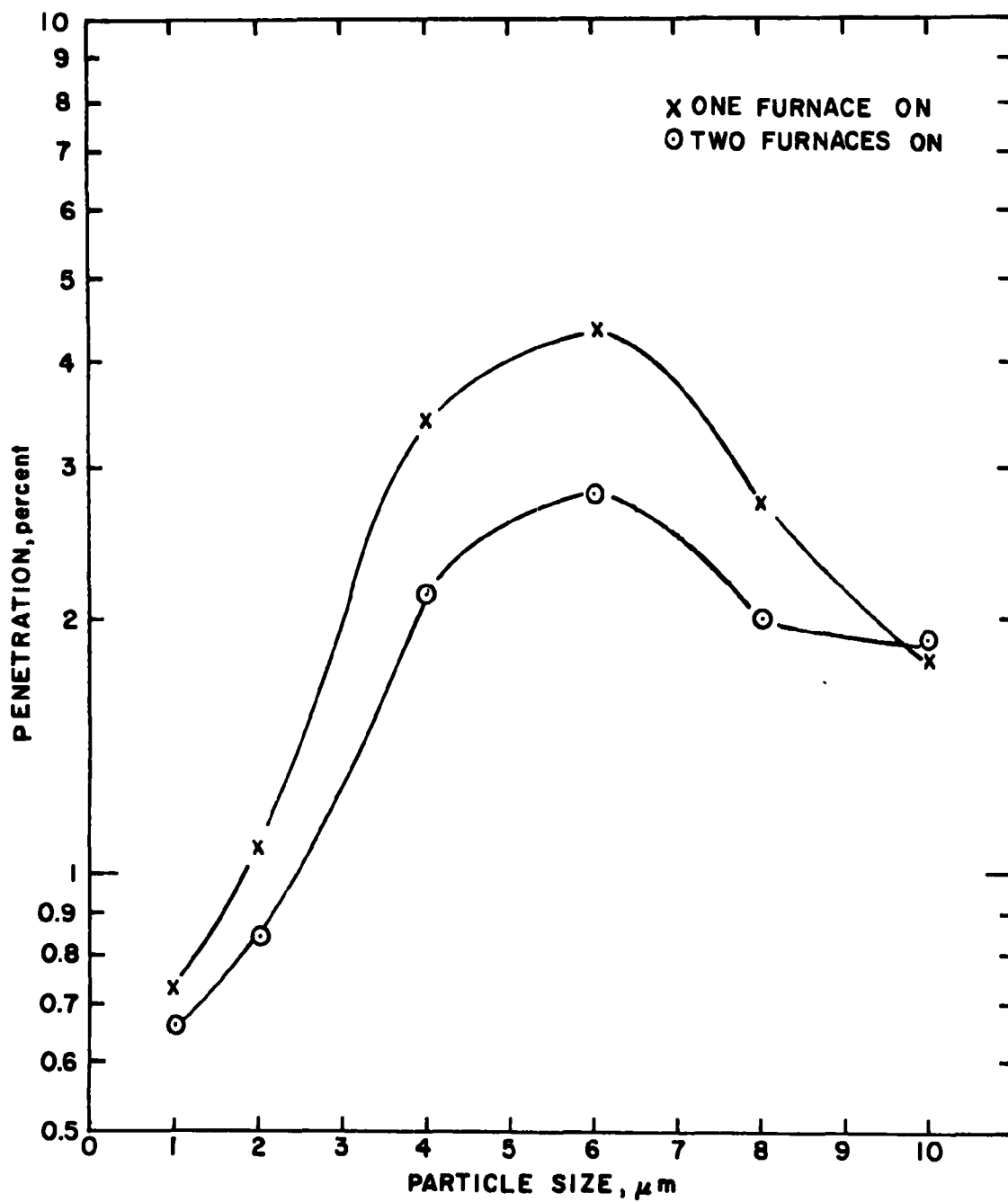


Figure 17. Fabric filter fractional penetration curves

FLUORIDE MEASUREMENTS

The inlet and outlet total mass samples collected during the first three tests were analyzed for fluorides. The results of the fluoride analyses are presented in Table 8. The total fluoride levels to which the bags were subjected are indicated by the inlet concentrations. The calculated penetrations (19 to 37 percent) were much higher than the total mass penetrations and are probably attributable to that portion of the fluorides in the gaseous form which passes through the baghouse without significant collection. Despite the fluoride levels measured, which are believed to be representative of normal operation, the DacronTM bags are still in service after 3 years without breakage problems. However, the physical characterization tests summarized in Table 1 show that the breaking strength and elongation of a 2-year old bag compared to a new bag had been reduced 15 to 20 percent. It is impossible to ascertain whether the reduction in breaking strength and elongation was the result of fabric deterioration due to fluorides or wear due to bag shaking during cleaning.

Table 8. RESULTS OF FLUORIDE ANALYSES

| Test No. | Number of furnaces in operation | Inlet fluoride concentration, gr/dscf | Outlet fluoride concentration, gr/dscf | Penetration, percent |
|----------|---------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| 1 | 2 | 0.001062 | 0.0002013 | 18.95 |
| 2 | 2 | 0.0005651 | 0.0002087 | 36.93 |
| 3 | 1 | 0.0005218 | 0.0001768 | 33.88 |

CONDENSATION NUCLEI COUNTER AND DUST COUNTER MEASUREMENTS

A condensation nuclei counter (CNC) and an optical dust counter (DC) were used to monitor the fine particulate concentration in the baghouse influent and effluent to determine the total and fractional penetration of the fine particulate. The fine particle measurements have been tabulated in Appendix F. The measurements on each test day have been averaged and

are listed in Table 9. The average daily mean inlet and outlet CNC measurements, which include particles over the range of 0.0025 μm to 0.5 μm , indicate penetrations of 0.14 percent and 0.17 percent by number for one and two furnace operation, respectively. When the DC inlet (except Test 9, which was suspiciously high) and outlet test day means were averaged, the penetrations for the DC which counts particles $\geq 0.3 \mu\text{m}$ were 4.9 percent and 1.0 percent by number for one and two furnace operations, respectively. Sizing with the CNC and diffusion denuder (DD) was inconclusive due to the variability of the fine particle concentration of the influent and effluent. Most of the inlet sizing with the DC was done during Test 9 which was inordinately high and therefore not presented. The inlet and outlet CNC measurements for tests 9 and 10 and the DC measurements for tests 5 and 10 are presented in Figures 18 and 19, respectively. The CNC inlet curve in Figure 18 shows a fluctuation of the inlet concentration which does not seem to correlate with events in the process or cleaning cycles. The CNC inlet measurements with the DD indicate that the majority of particles are $\geq 0.015 \mu\text{m}$. The CNC outlet curve shows a strong dependence of concentration on compartment cleaning with every compartment cleaning corresponding to a peak outlet concentration. The CNC outlet sizing measurements indicate particles in the range of ≥ 0.0025 and $\leq 0.015 \mu\text{m}$, few particles in the range of ≥ 0.015 and $\leq 0.078 \mu\text{m}$ with the remaining particles $> 0.078 \mu\text{m}$. The DC inlet measurements in Figure 19 show that the particles $\geq 0.3 \mu\text{m}$ seem to follow the process with their maximum concentration occurring at "power on" and the beginning of the "second melt." The outlet measurements show little fluctuation for particles $\geq 0.3 \mu\text{m}$; however, the ≥ 0.5 and $\geq 1.0 \mu\text{m}$ outlet particles show some relationship between concentration and compartment cleaning, but the relationship is not always evident.

Table 9. RESULTS OF FINE PARTICLE MEASUREMENTS ON THE BAGHOUSE INFLUENT AND EFFLUENT AT MARATHON LETOURNEAU

| Run No. | No. furnaces in operation | Influent | | | | Effluent | | | |
|---------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------|---|---------------|---------|--------------|
| | | Particle concentration, part./m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | | | | Particle concentration, part./m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | | | |
| | | CNC ^a mean | CNC std. dev. | DC ^b mean | DC std. dev. | CNC mean | CNC std. dev. | DC mean | DC std. dev. |
| 1 | 2 | 1.9 x 10 ⁷ | 1.8 x 10 ⁷ | 1,900 | 550 | | | | |
| 2 | 2 | | | | | 31,000 | 42,000 | 20 | 19 |
| 3 | 1 | No data | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 1 | | | | | 20,000 | 17,000 | 20 | 18 |
| 5 | 1 | 5.3 x 10 ⁶ | 3.8 x 10 ⁶ | 850 | 1,100 | | | | |
| 6 | 1 | | | | | 25,000 | 27,000 | 56 | 380 |
| 7 | 1 | 1.1 x 10 ⁷ | 5.5 x 10 ⁶ | 750 | 910 | | | | |
| 8 | 1 | | | | | 32,000 | 35,000 | 11 | 13 |
| 9 | 1 | 7.0 x 10 ⁶ | 3.0 x 10 ⁶ | 22,000 ^c | 9,100 | | | | |
| 10 | 1 | | | | | 29,000 | 29,000 | 70 | 5 |

^aCondensation nuclei counter, counts particles $\geq 0.0025 \mu\text{m}$.

^bDust counter, counts particles $\geq 0.3 \mu\text{m}$.

^cConcentration seems inordinately high compared with the other inlet DC concentrations.

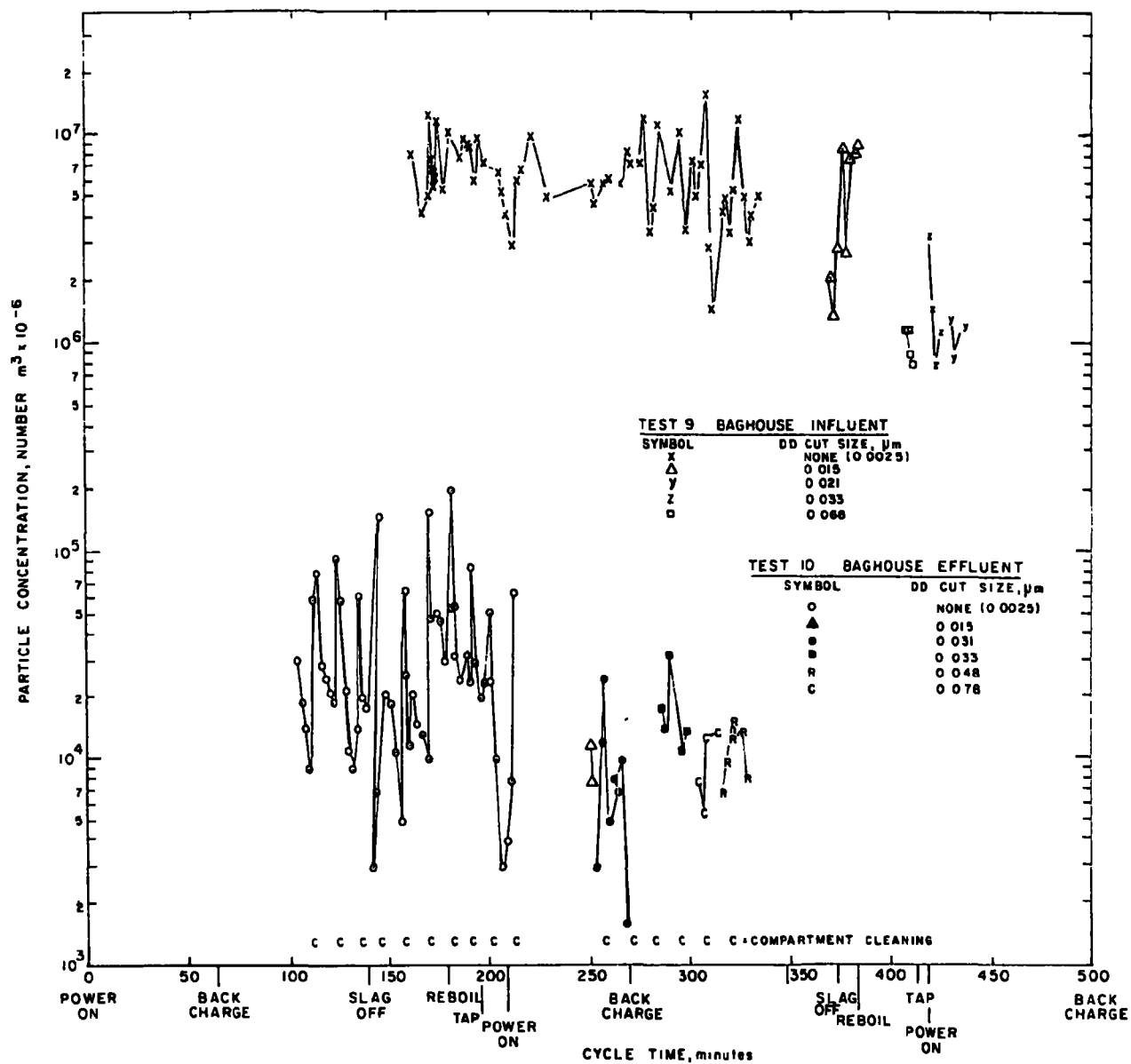


Figure 18. Condensation nuclei counter measured concentrations as a function of the process cycle and compartment cleaning

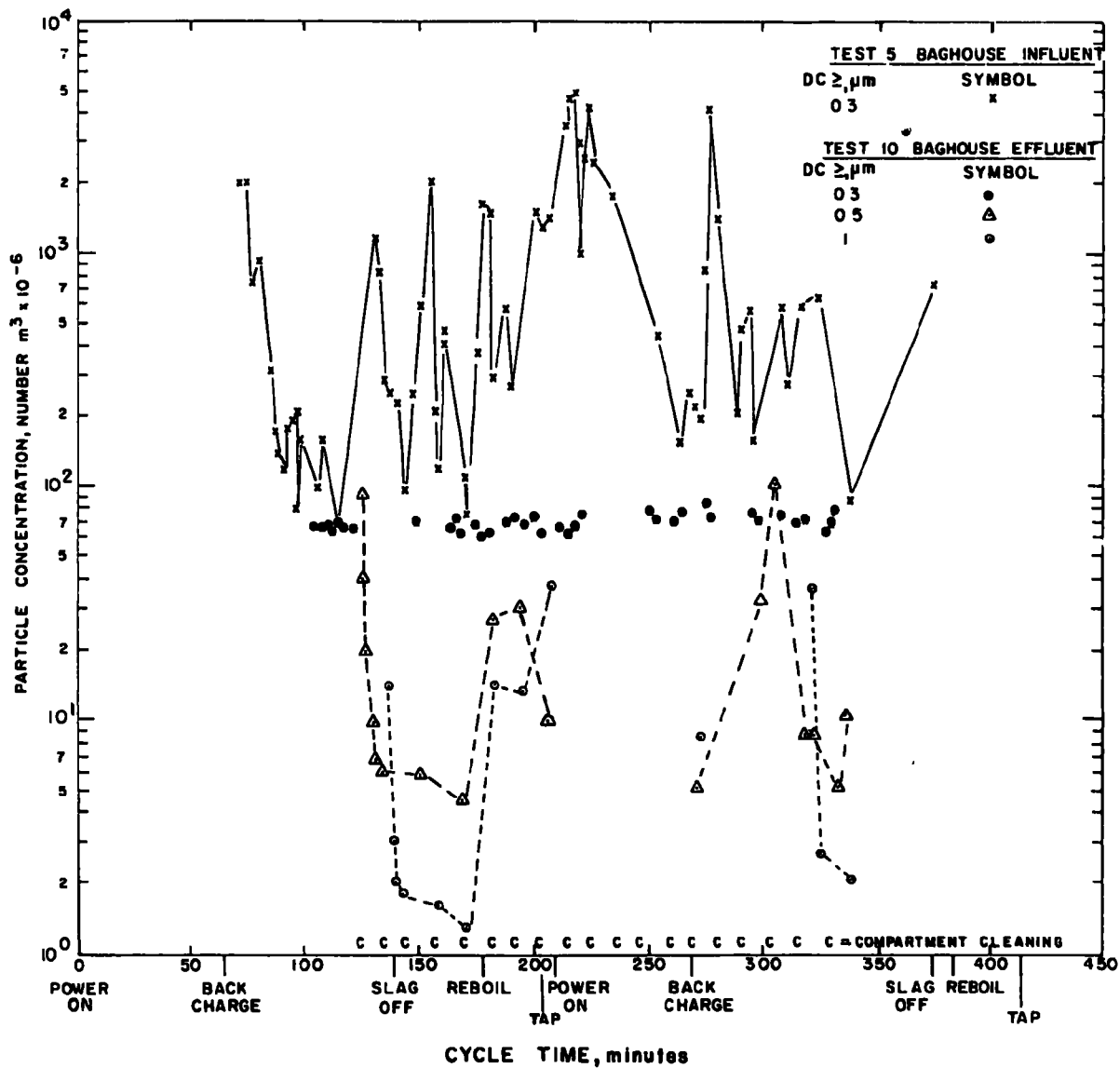


Figure 19. Dust counter measured concentrations as a function of the process cycle and compartment cleaning

SECTION VII

REFERENCES

1. Federal Register. Vol. 40, No. 185, September 23, 1975.
2. Federal Register. Vol. 39, No. 206, October 23, 1974.
3. Calvert, S., C. Lake, and R. Parker. Cascade Impactor Calibration Guidelines. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Publication Number EPA-600/2-76-118.
4. Personal communication with Joe McCain, Southern Research Institute.
5. Cass, R. W. and R. M. Bradway. Fractional Efficiency of a Utility Boiler Baghouse: Sunbury Steam-Electric Station. EPA-600/2-76-077a.
6. Instrument Instruction Manual for Condensation Nuclei Monitor Model Rich 100, Environmental/One Corporation, Schenectady, New York.
7. Personal communication with Mr. Ernie Demetrie, Environment/One Corporation, Schenectady, New York.

APPENDIX A
PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION CURVES

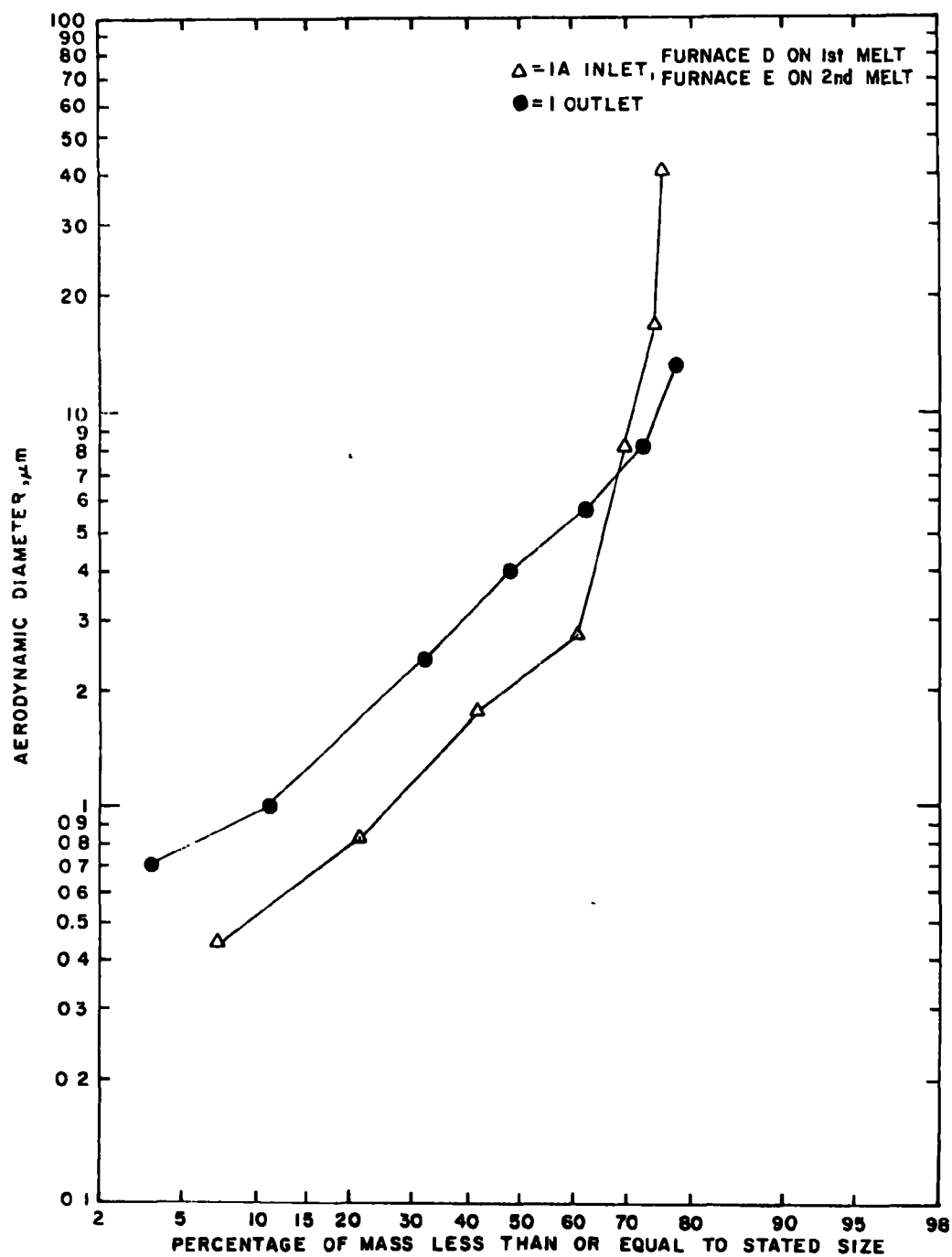


Figure A-1. Cumulative particle size distributions of fabric filter influent and effluent during test 1, two furnaces in operation

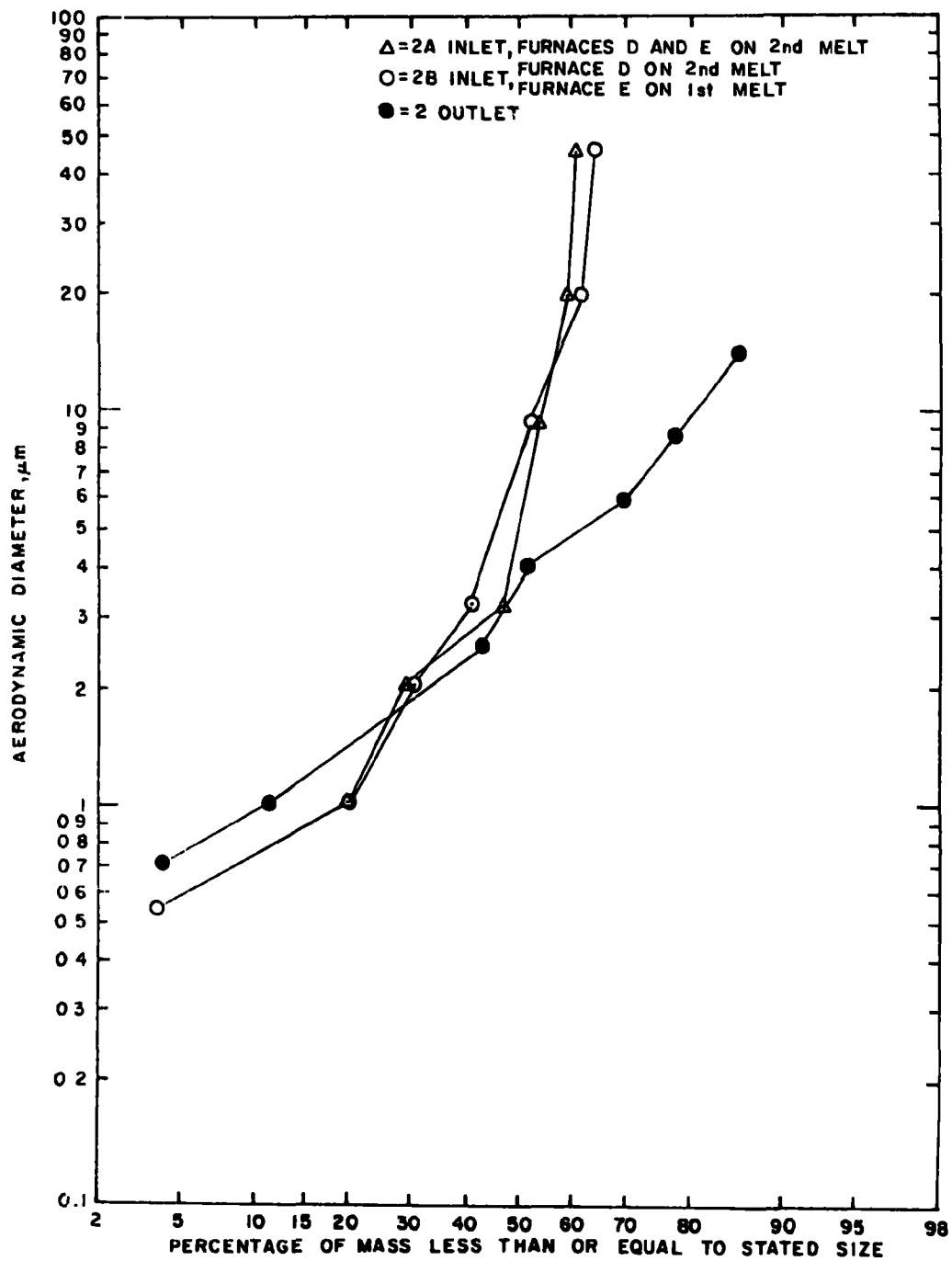


Figure A-2. Cumulative particle size distribution of fabric filter influent and effluent during test 2, two furnaces in operation

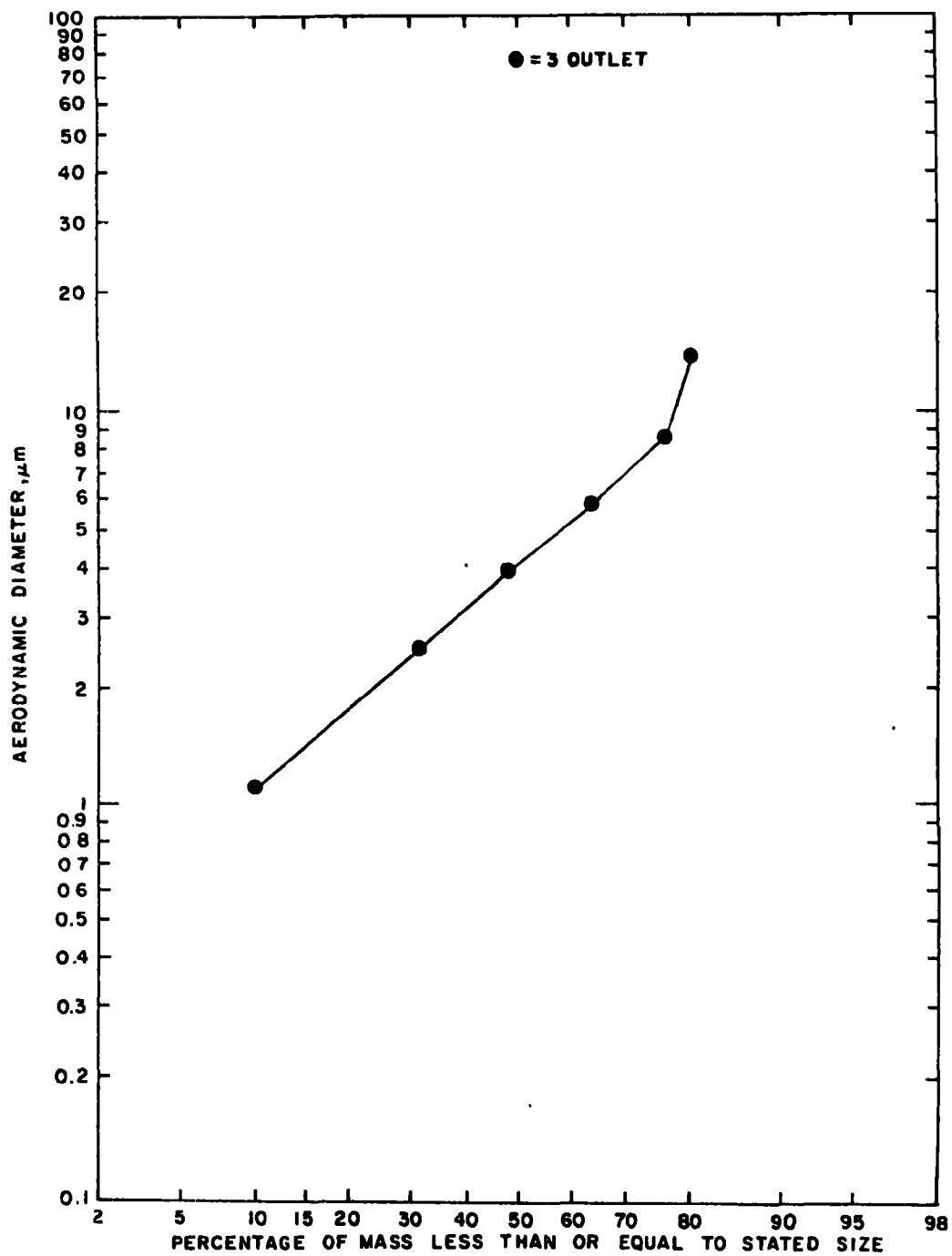


Figure A-3. Cumulative particle size distribution of fabric filter effluent during test 3, one furnace in operation

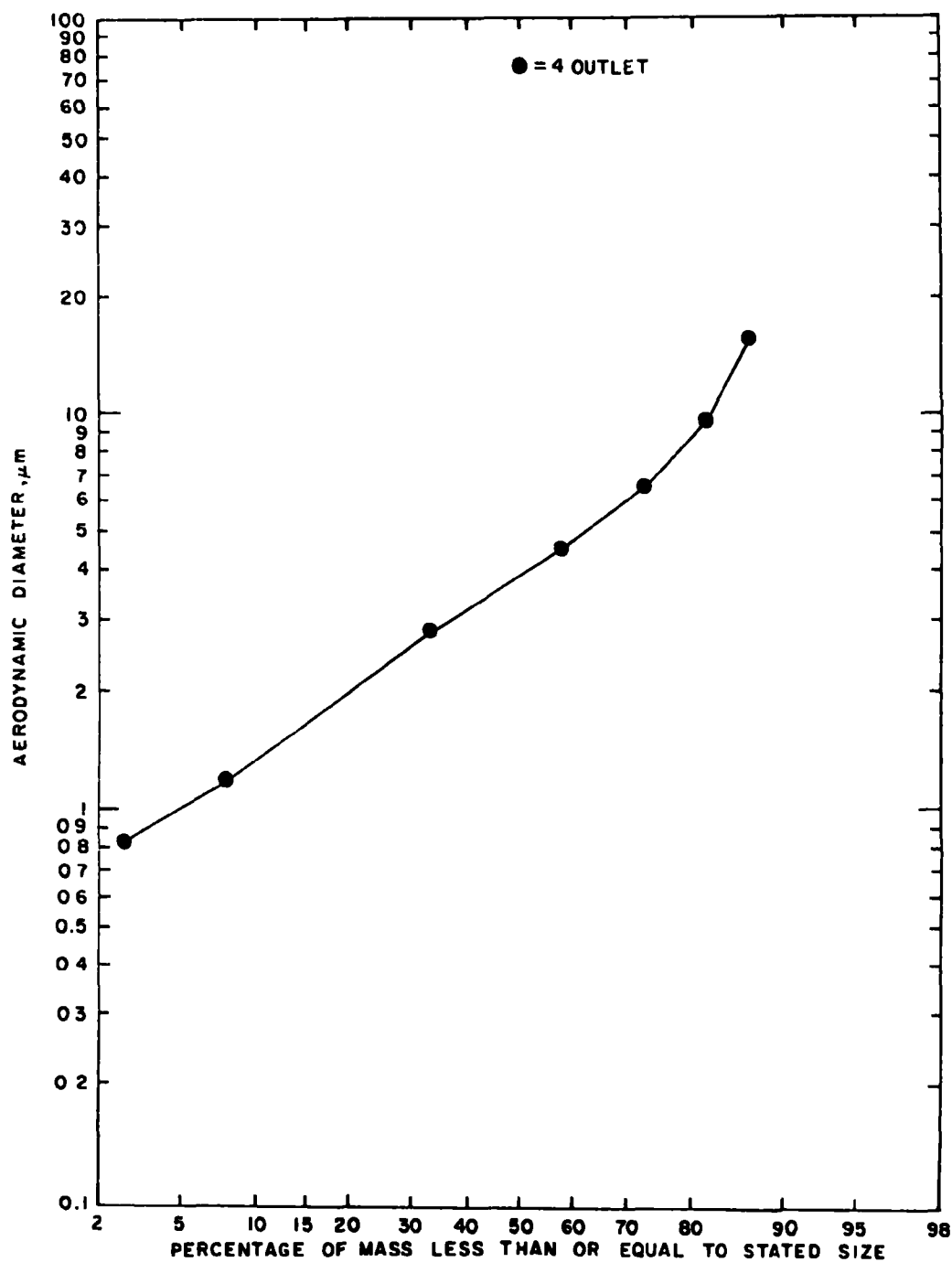


Figure A-4. Cumulative particle size distribution of fabric filter effluent during test 4, one furnace in operation

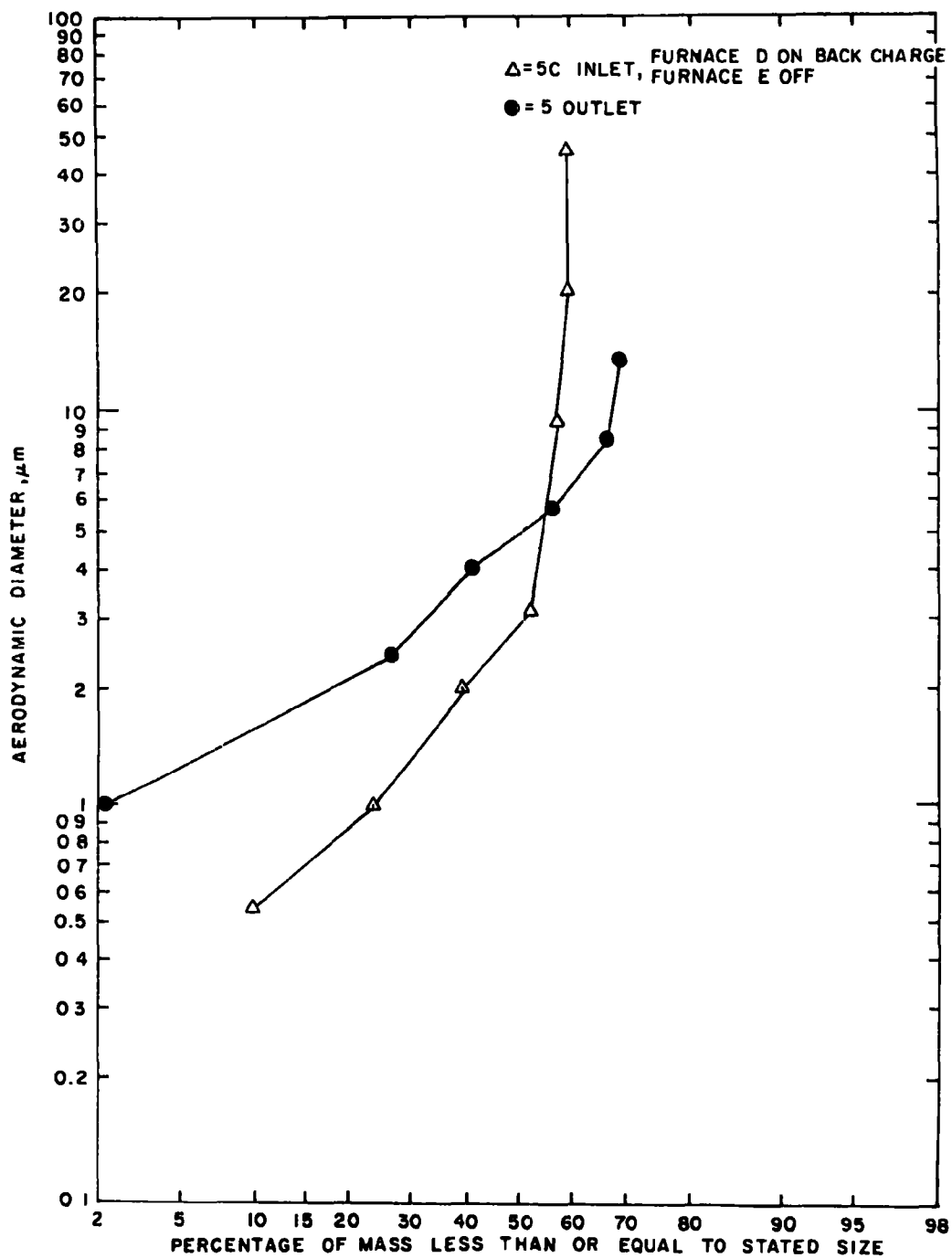


Figure A-5. Cumulative particle size distribution of fabric filter influent and effluent during test 5, one furnace in operation

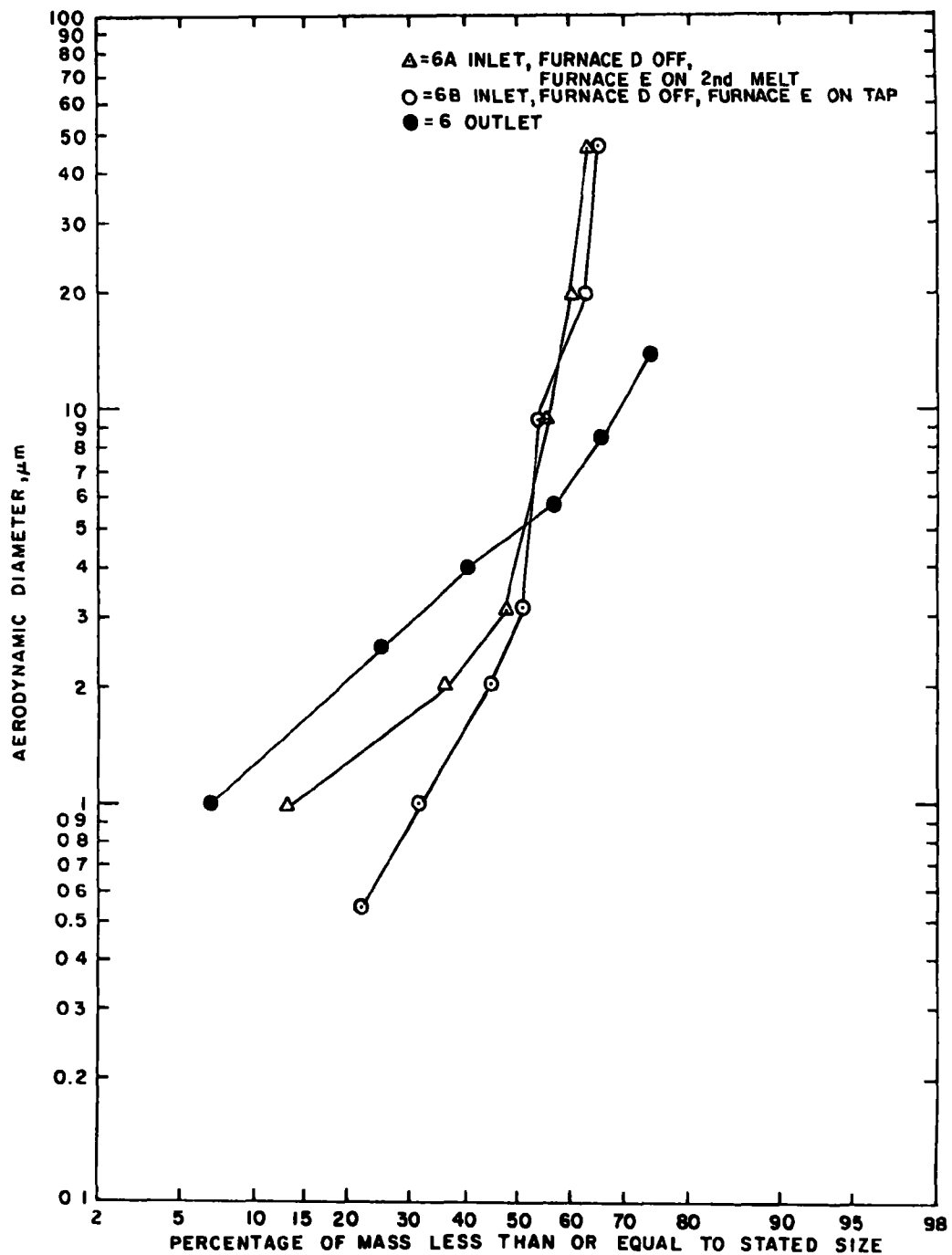


Figure A-6. Cumulative particle size distributions of fabric filter influent and effluent during test 6, one furnace in operation

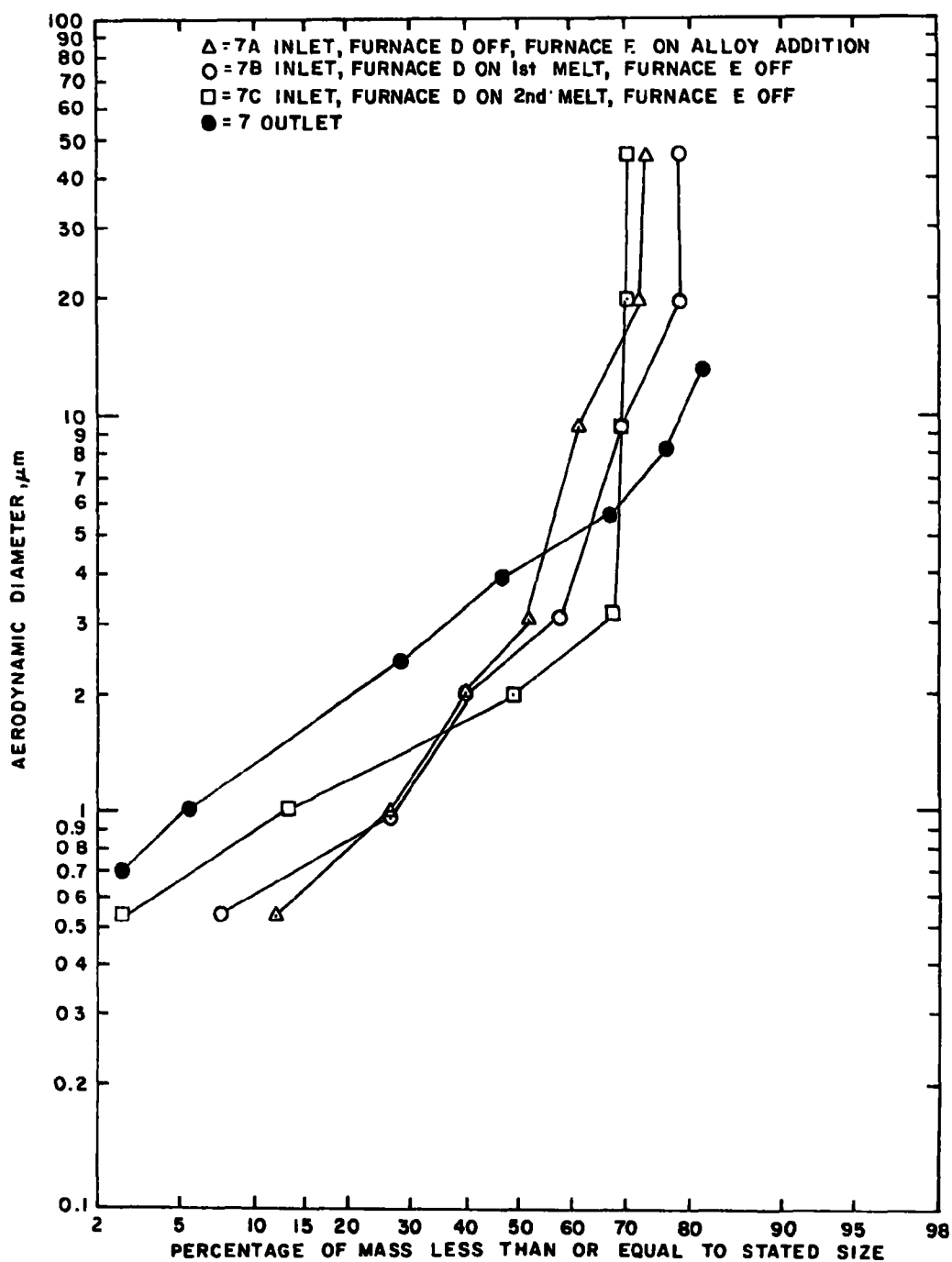


Figure A-7. Cumulative particle size distributions of fabric filter influent and effluent during test 7, one furnace in operation

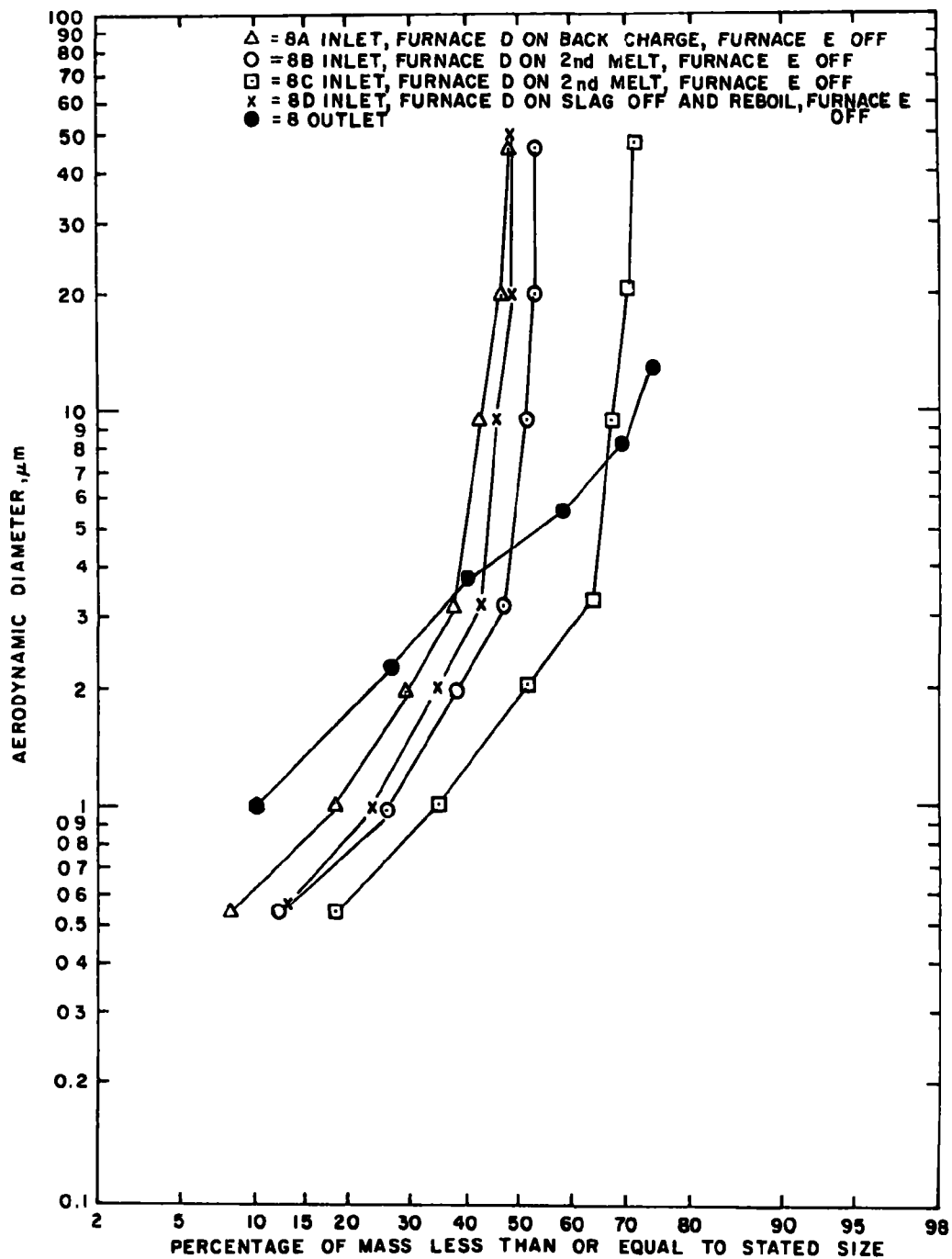


Figure A-8. Cumulative particle size distributions of fabric filter influent and effluent during test 8, one furnace in operation

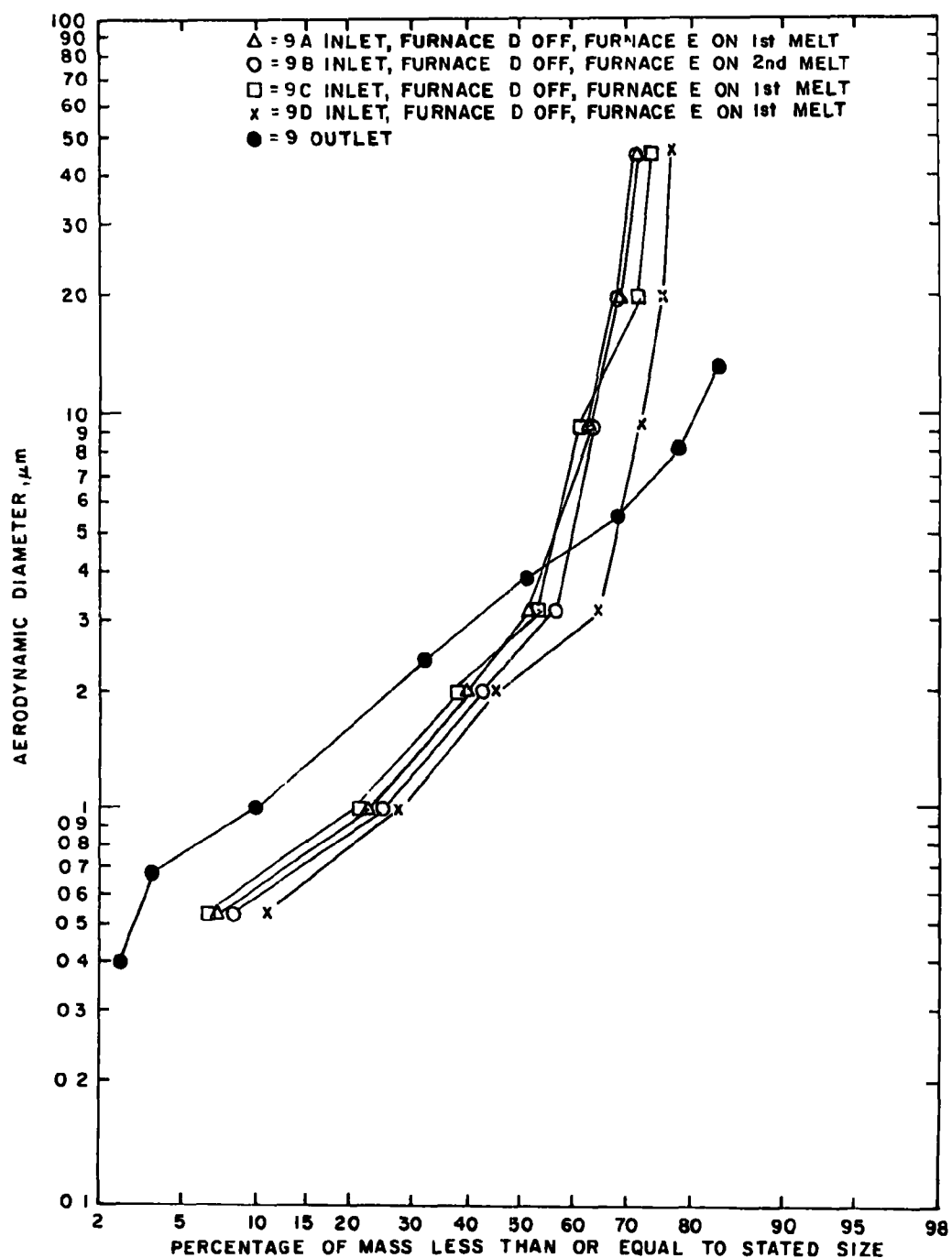


Figure A-9. Cumulative particle size distributions of fabric filter influent and effluent during test 9, one furnace in operation

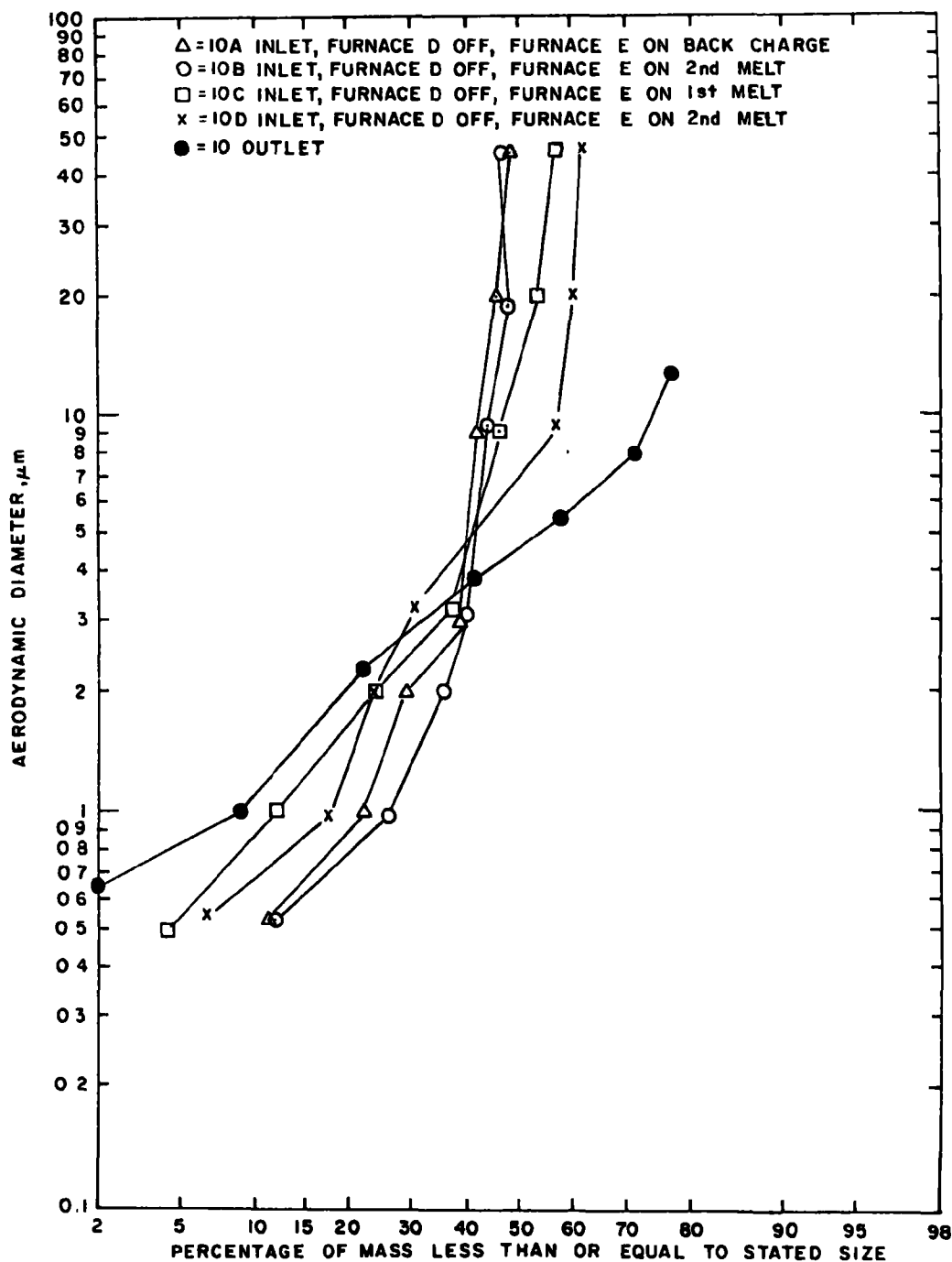


Figure A-10. Cumulative particle size distributions of fabric filter influent and effluent during test 10, one furnace in operation

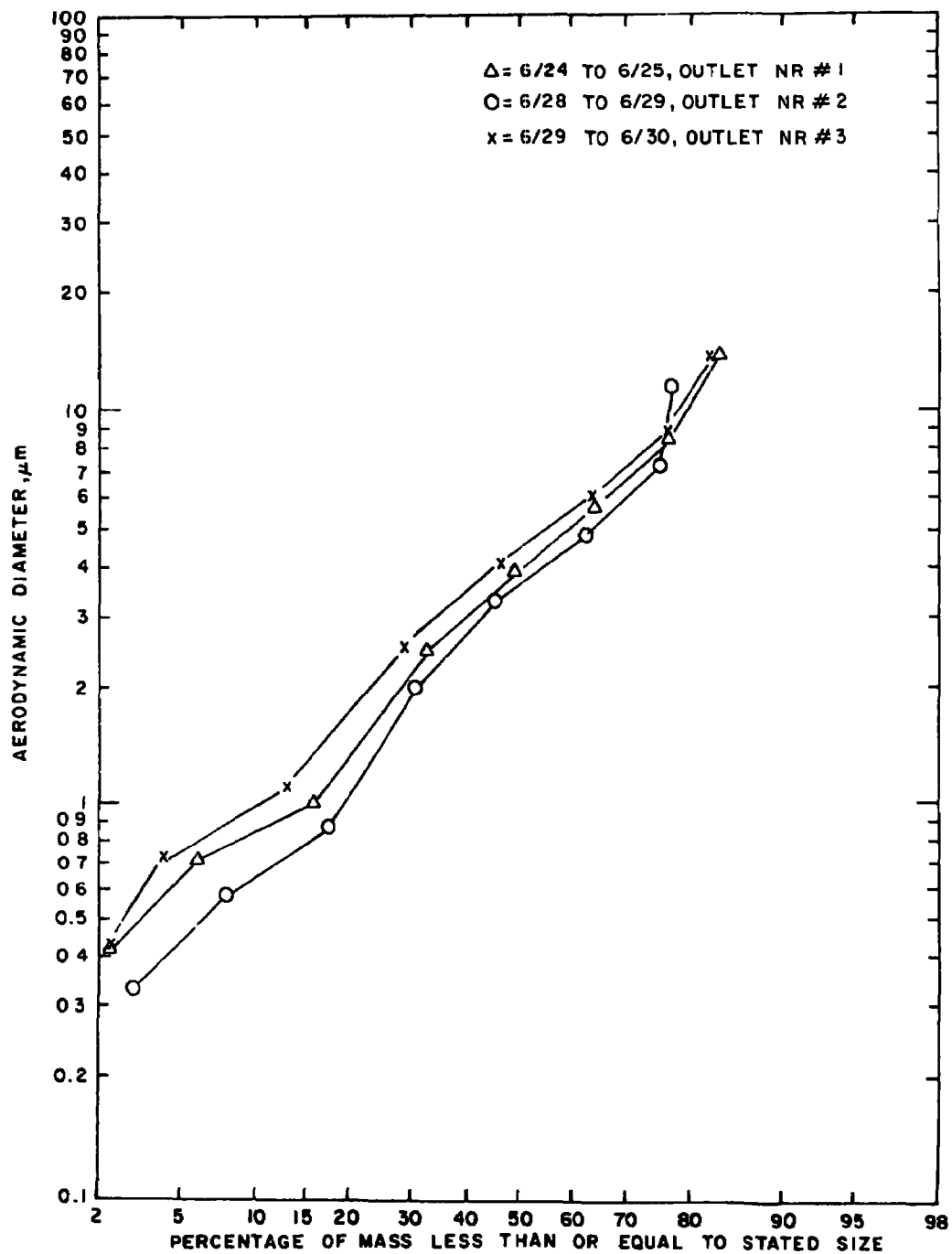


Figure A-11. Cumulative particle size distributions of fabric filter effluent during three special tests during which the impactors were run unattended overnight with one furnace in operation

APPENDIX B
DIFFERENTIAL SIZE DISTRIBUTION CURVES

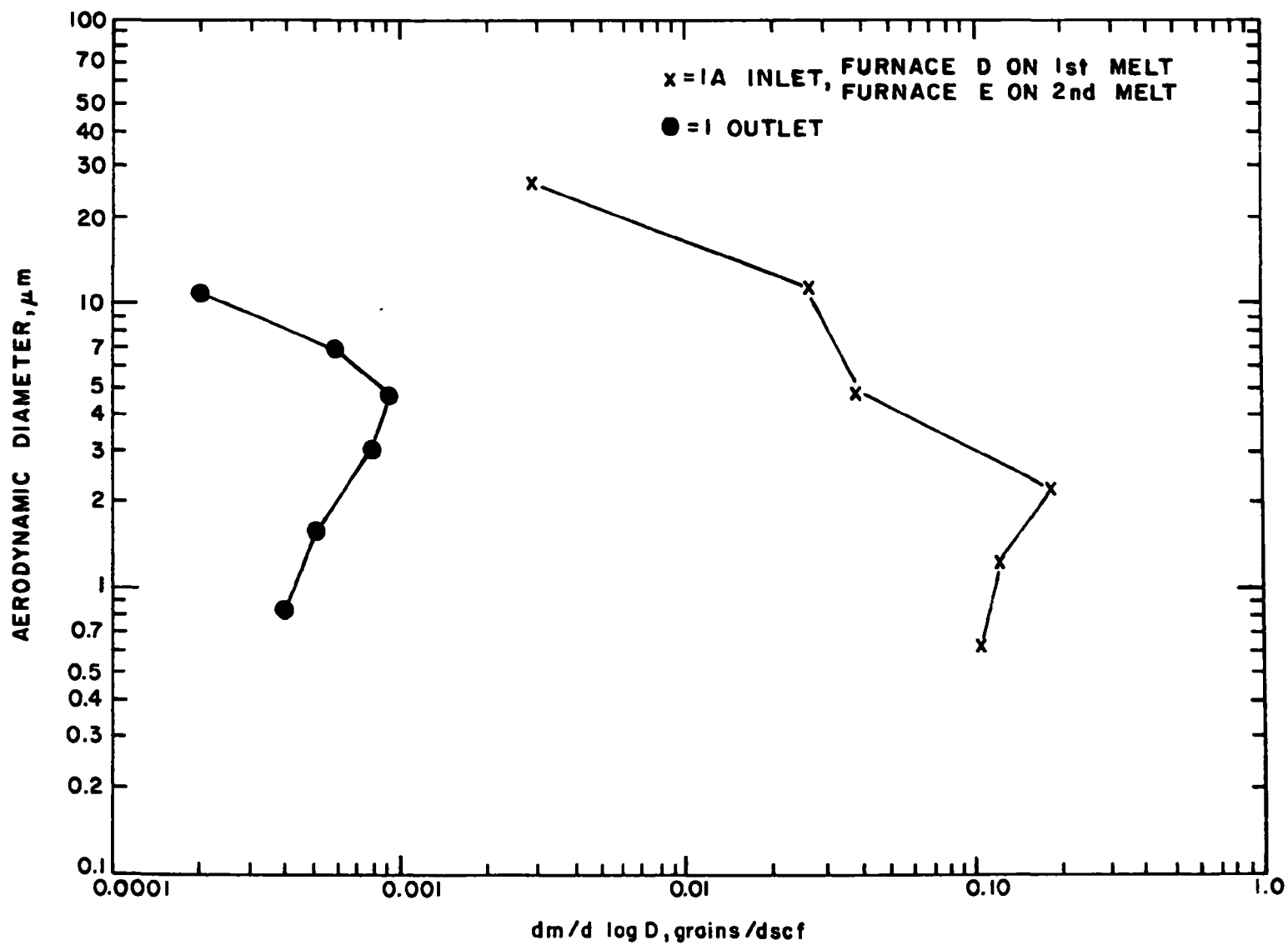


Figure B-1. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse influent and effluent during test 1, two furnaces in operation

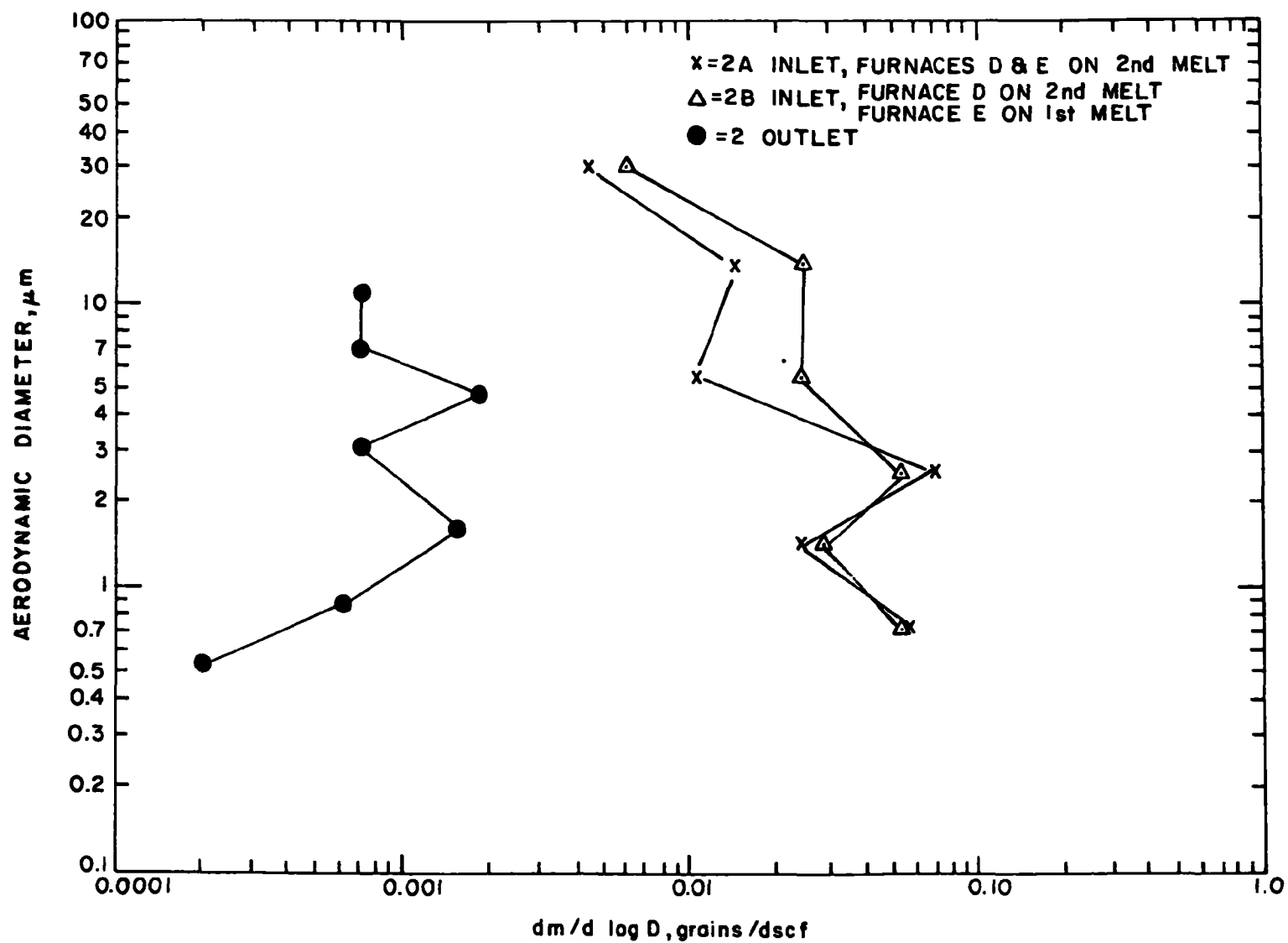


Figure B-2. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse influent and effluent during test 2, two furnaces in operation

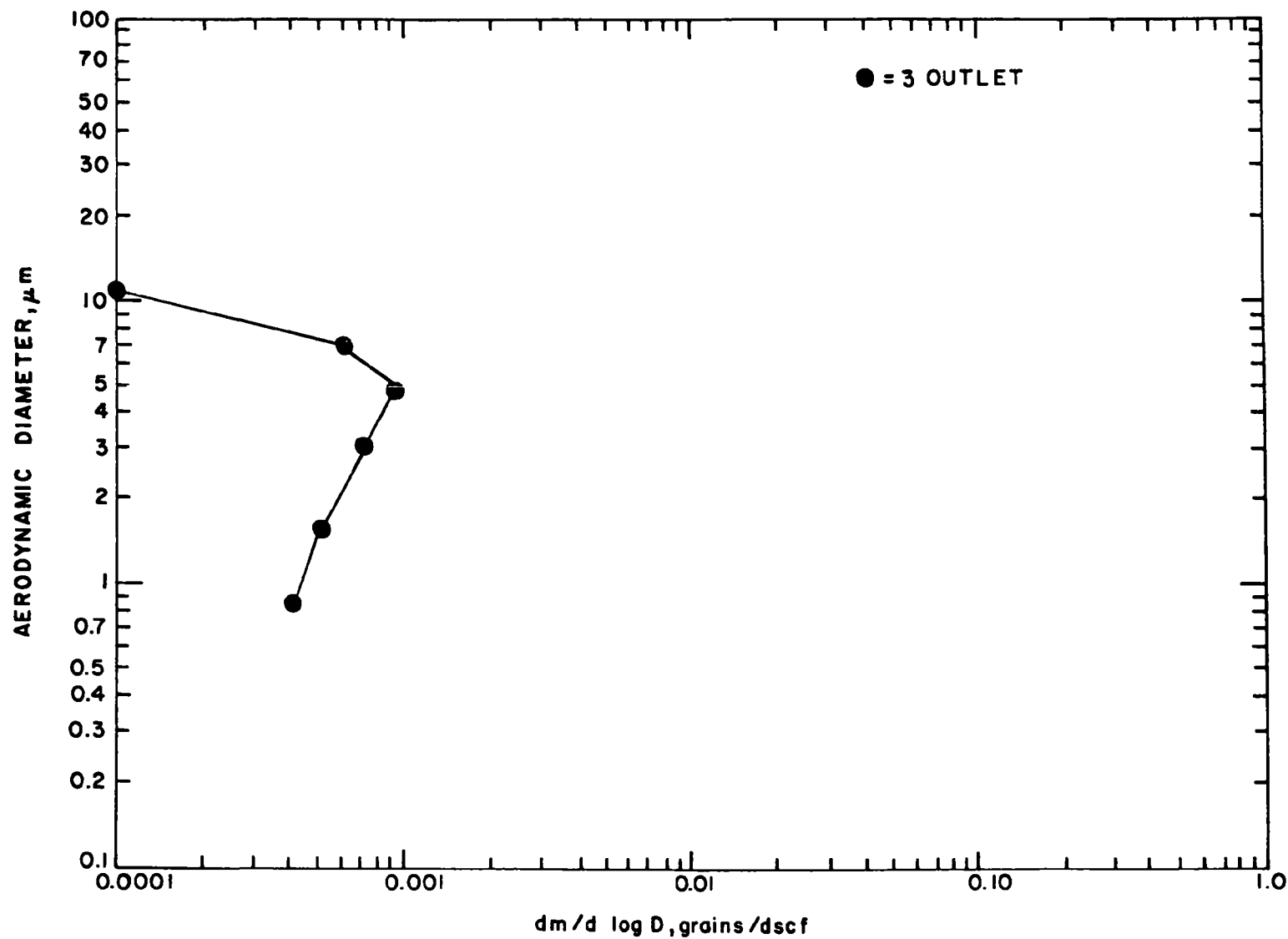


Figure B-3. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse effluent during test 3, one furnace in operation

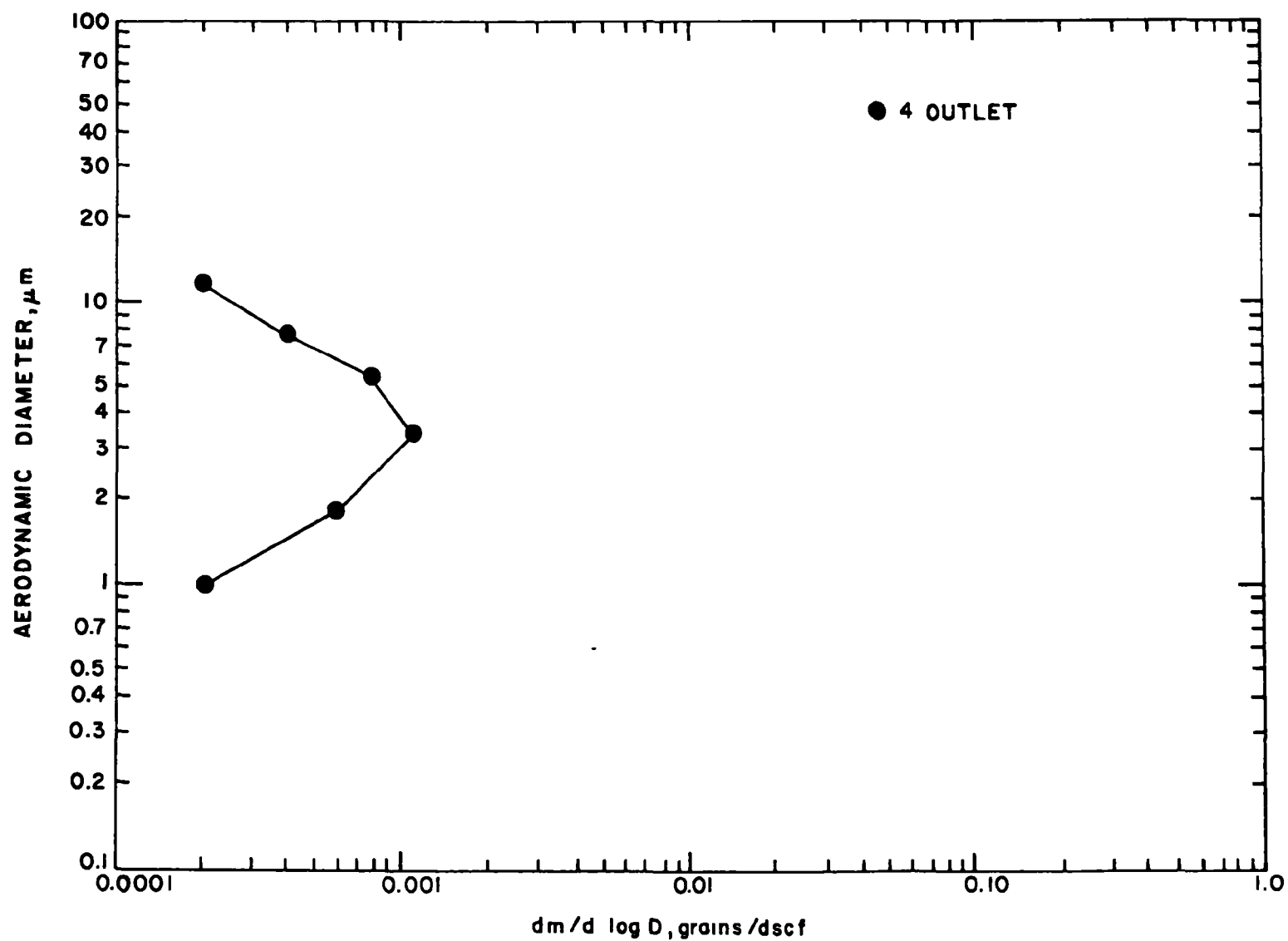


Figure B-4. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse effluent during test 4, one furnace in operation

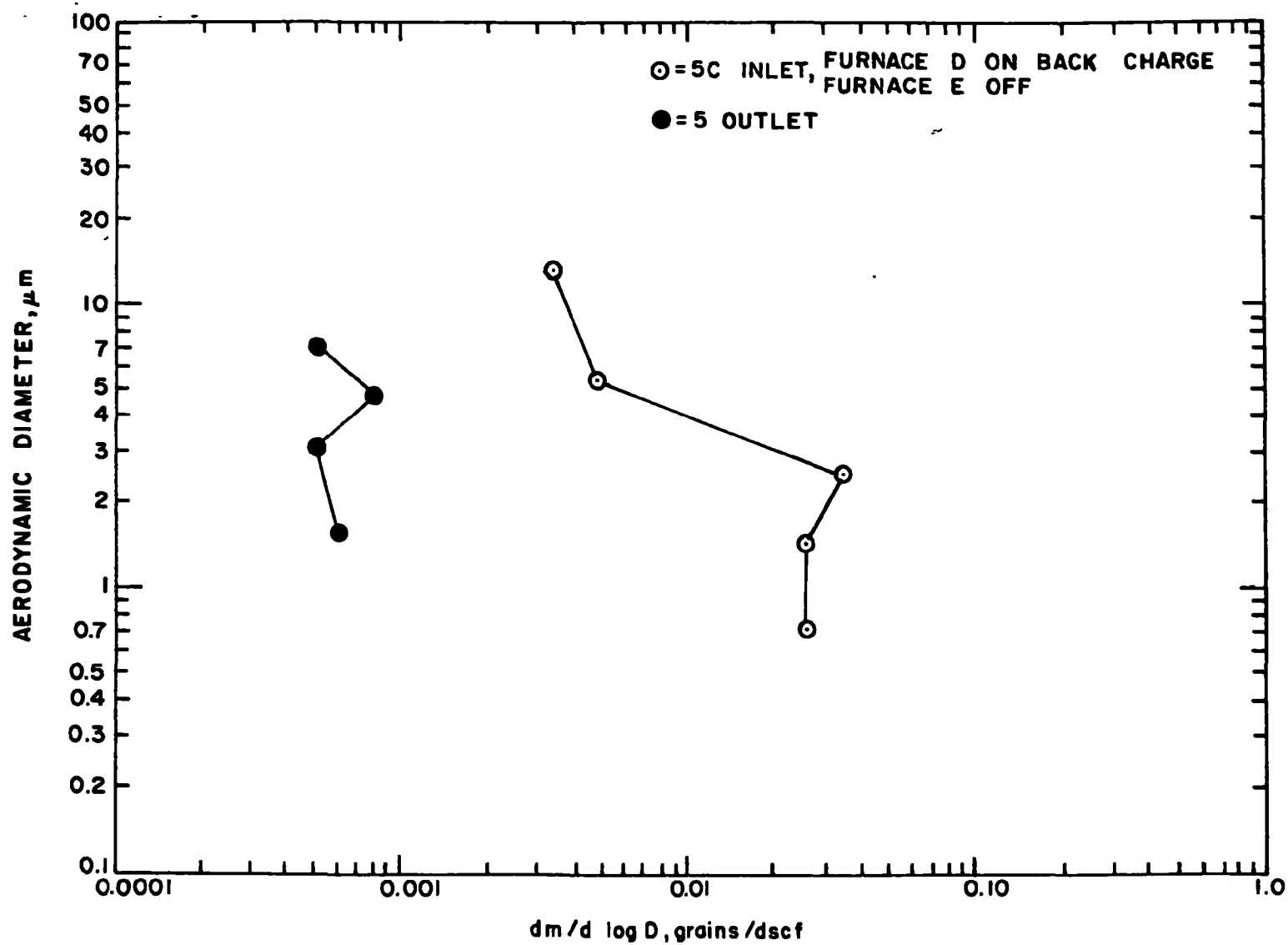


Figure B-5. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse influent and effluent during test 5, one furnace in operation

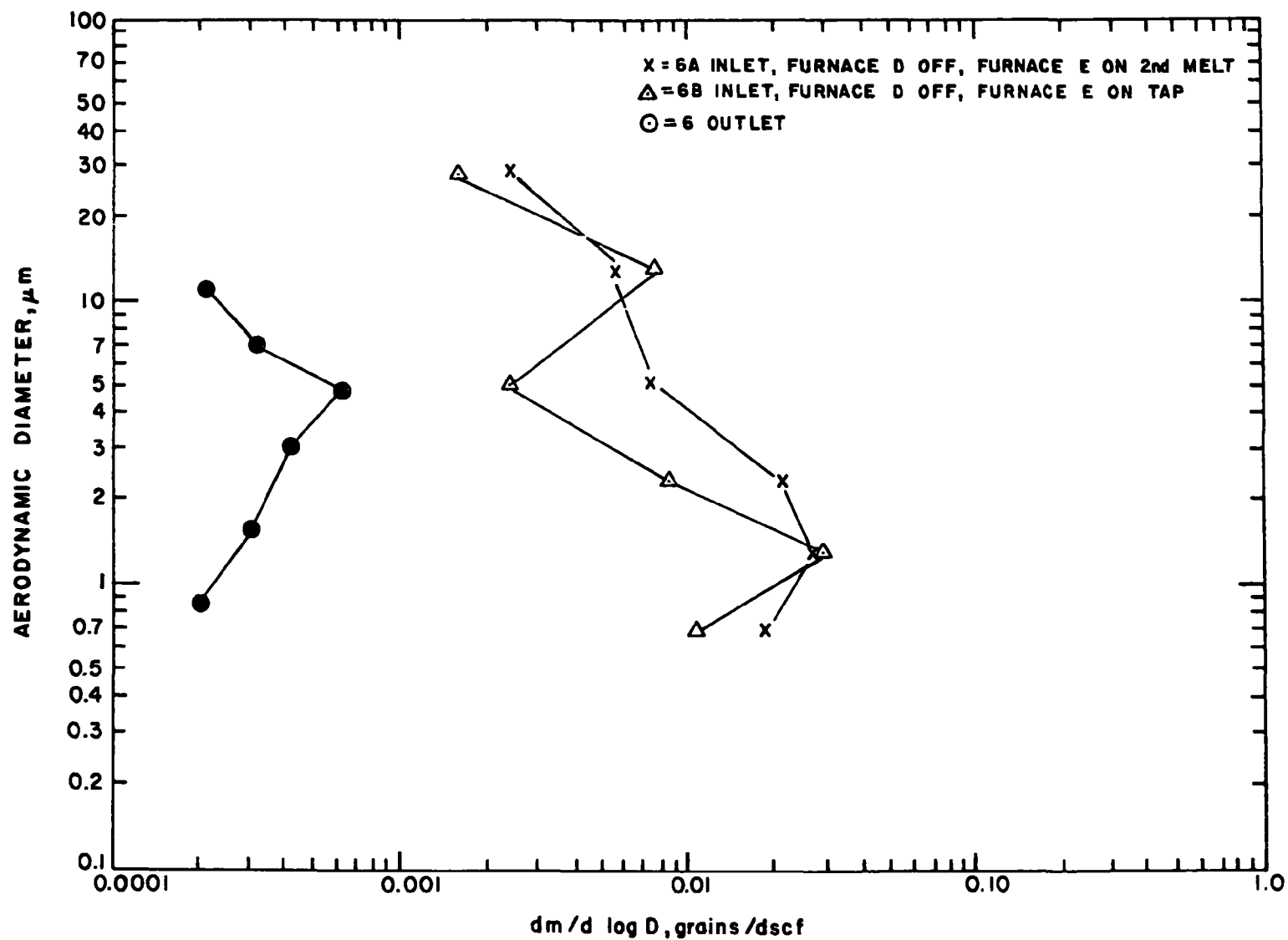


Figure B-6. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse influent and effluent during test 6, one furnace in operation

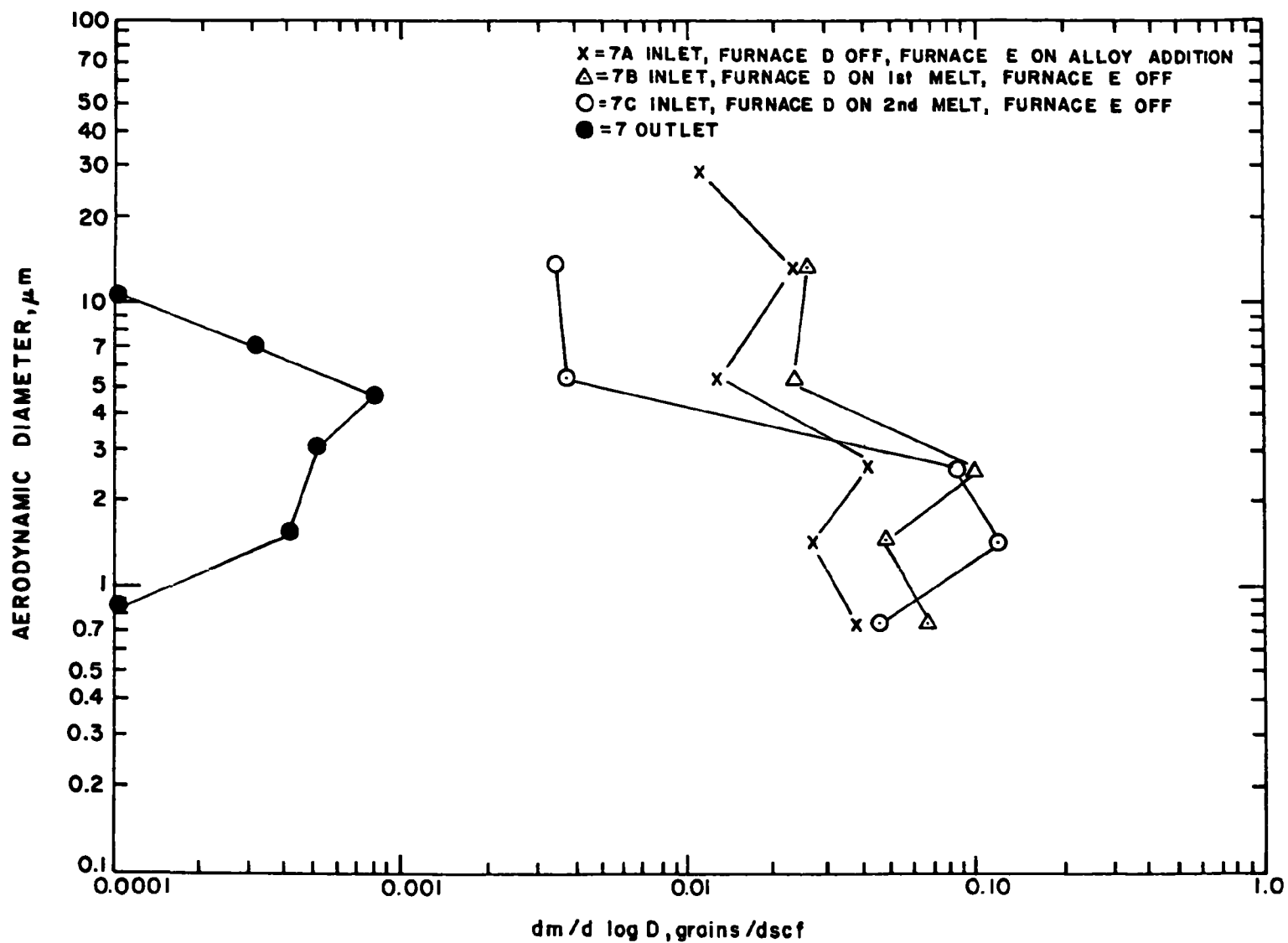


Figure B-7. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse influent and effluent during test 7, one furnace in operation

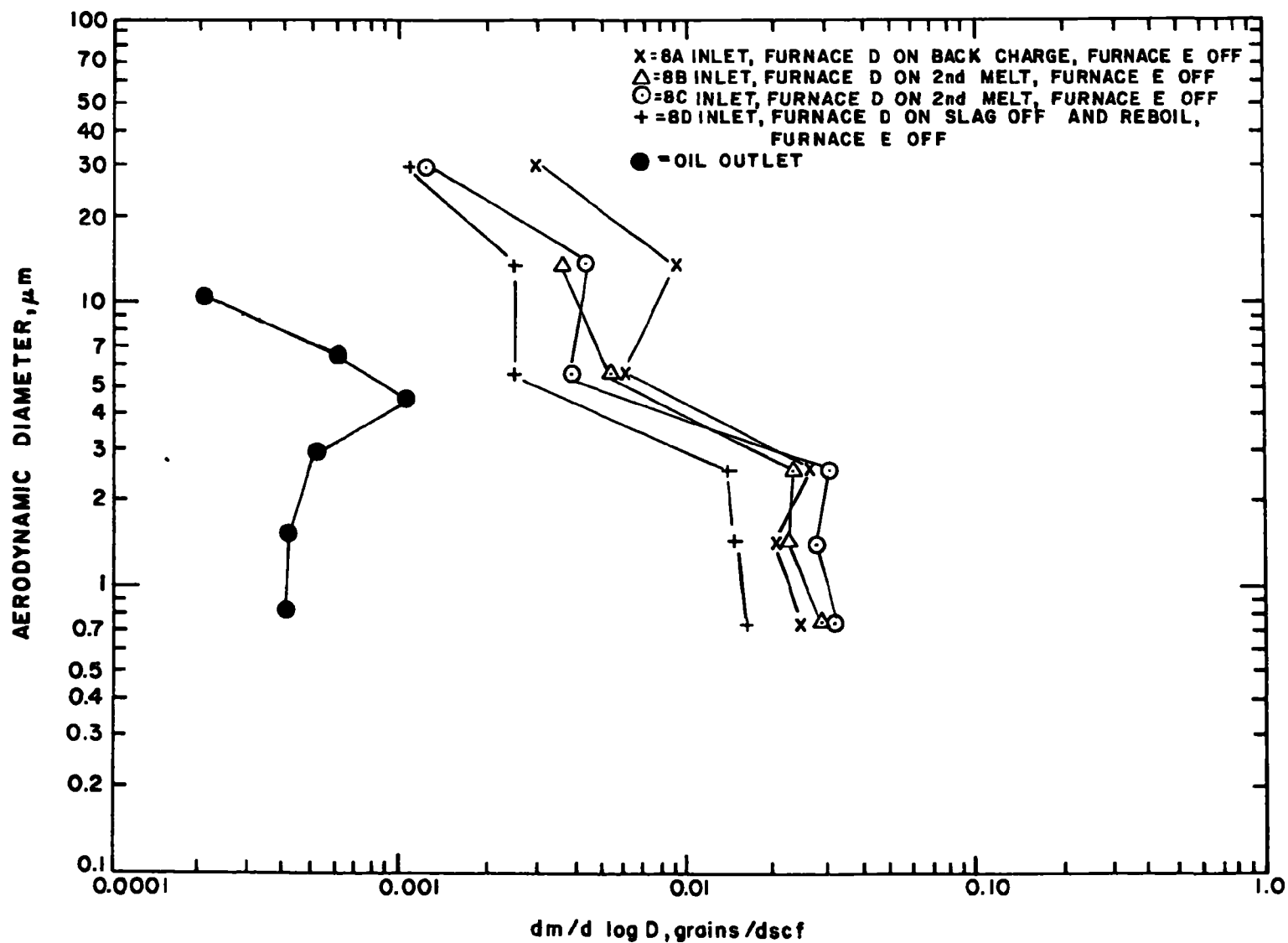


Figure B-8. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse influent and effluent during test 8, one furnace in operation

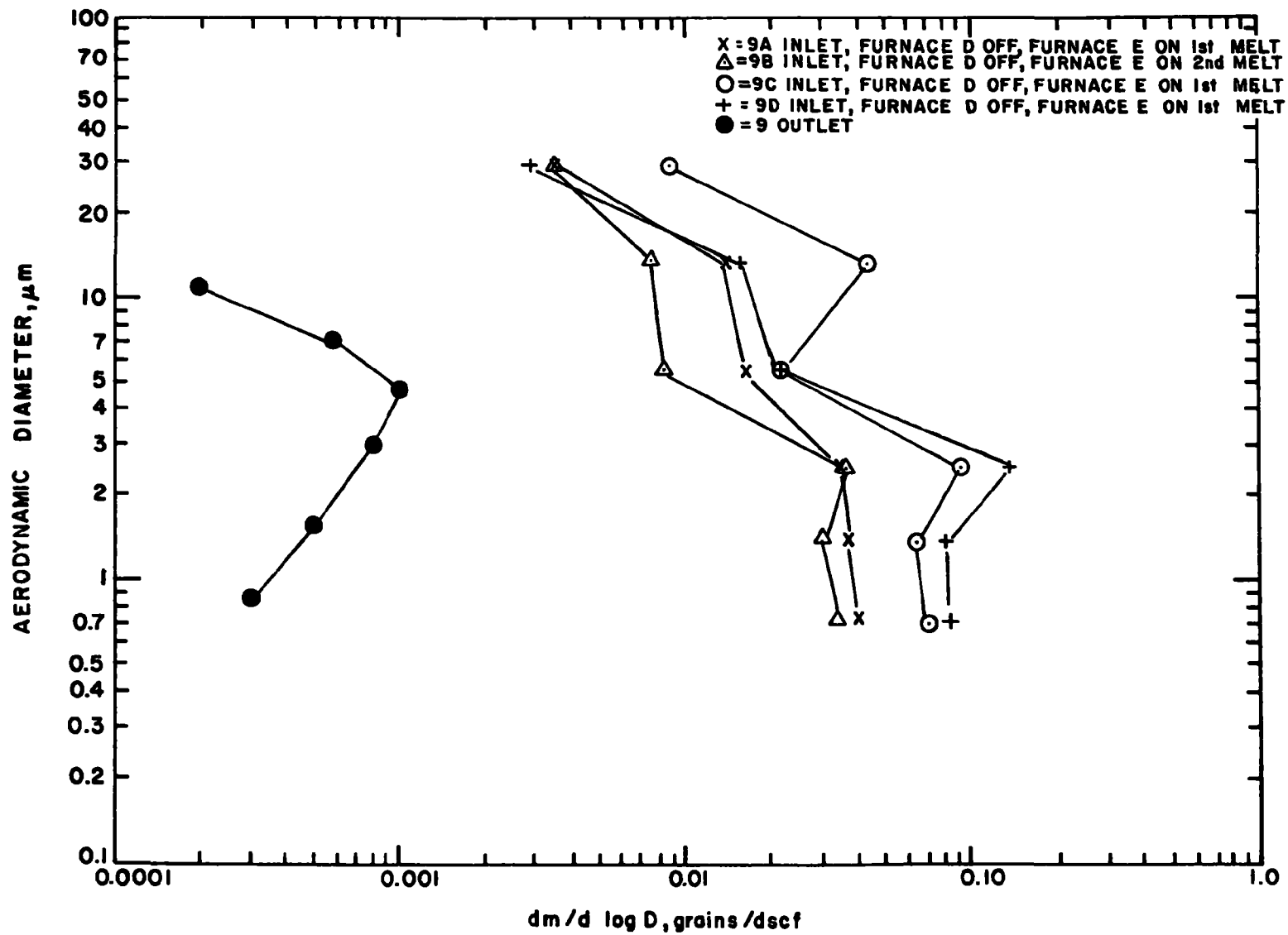


Figure B-9. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse influent and effluent during test 9, one furnace in operation

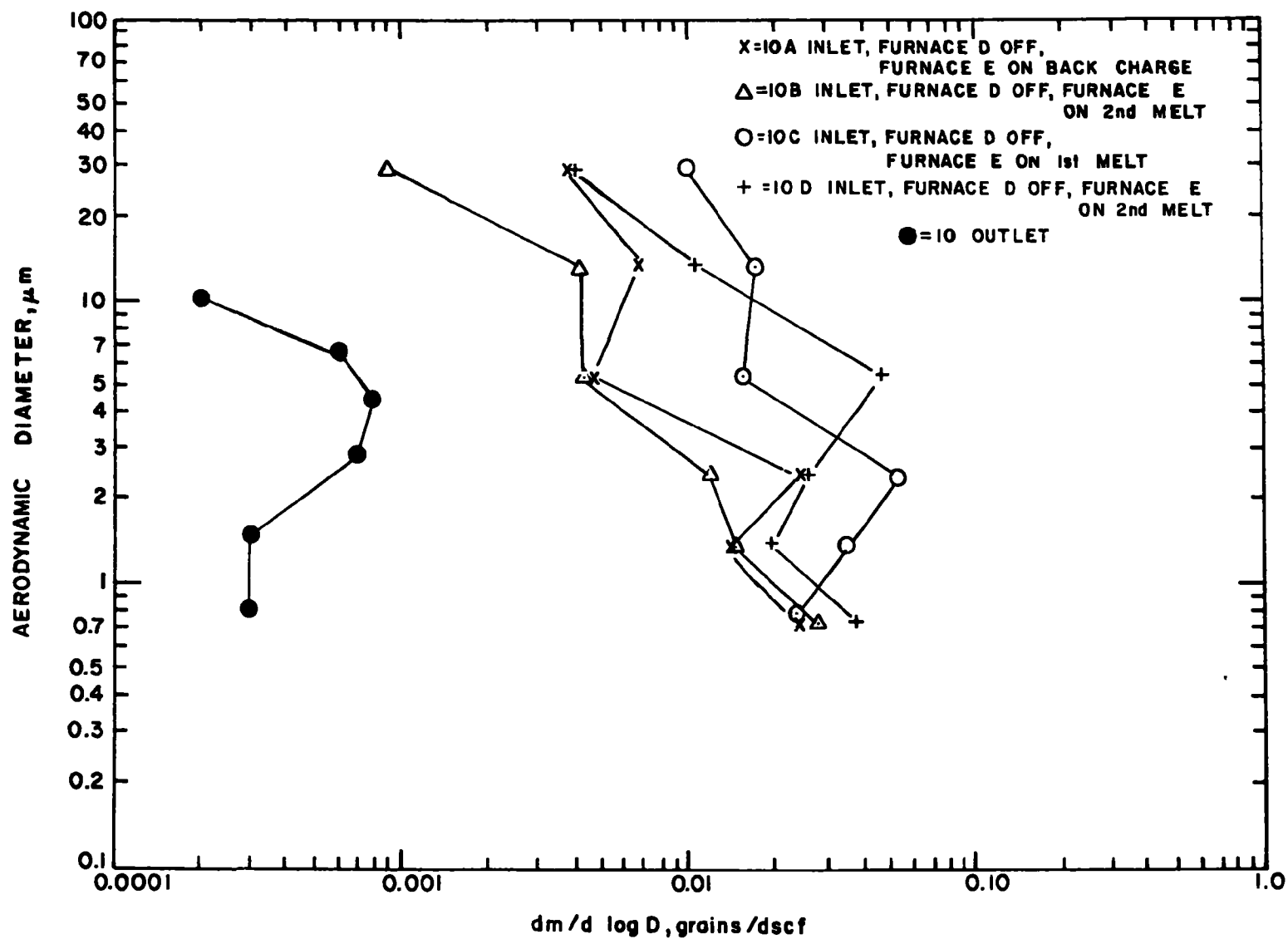


Figure B-10. Differential particle size distribution of baghouse influent and effluent during test 10, (one furnace in operation)

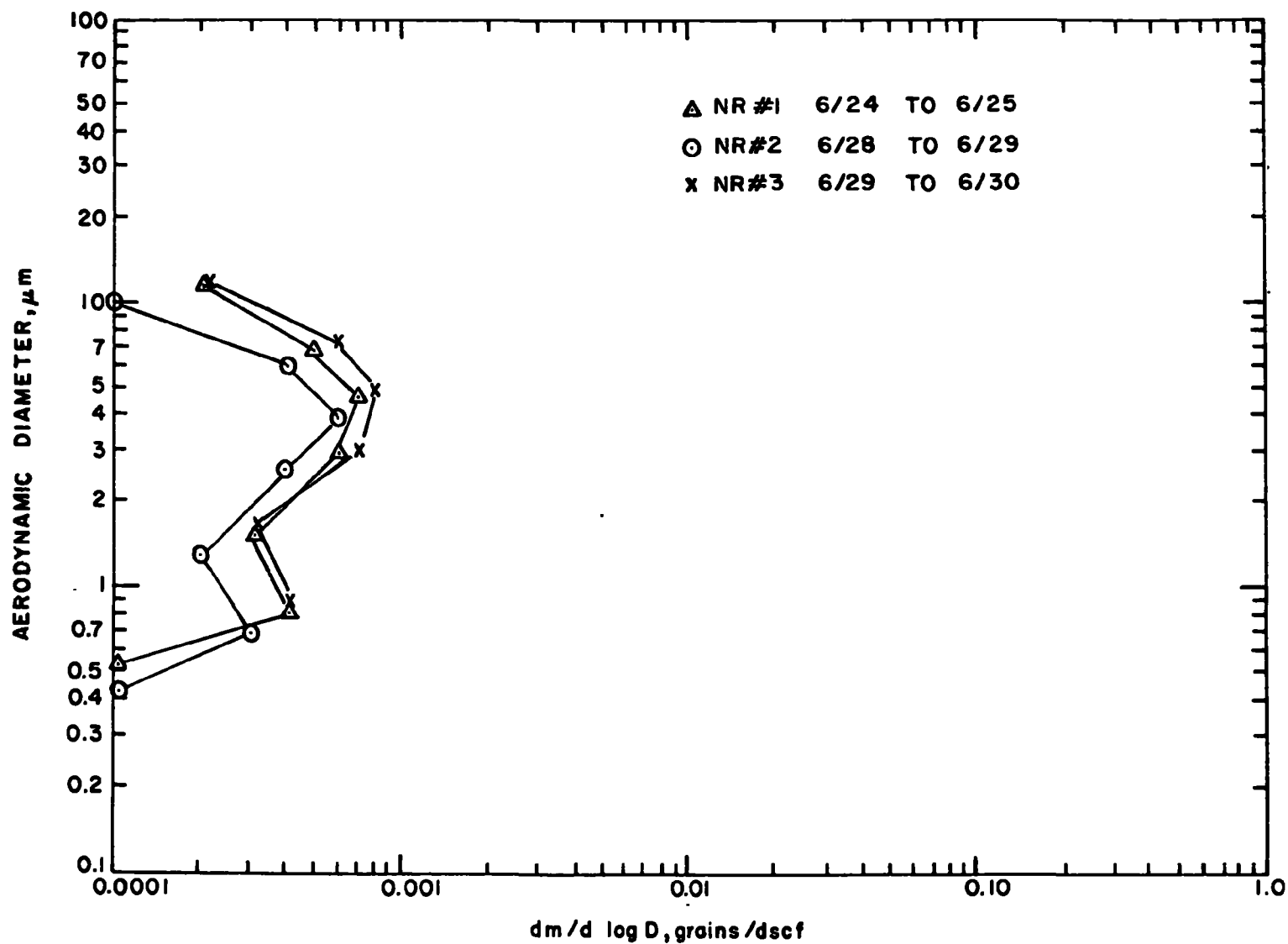


Figure B-11. Differential particle size distributions of baghouse effluent during three special tests during which the impactors were run unattended overnight with one furnace in operation

APPENDIX C
ANDERSEN IN-STACK IMPACTOR SUBSTRATE ANOMALOUS WEIGHT GAINS

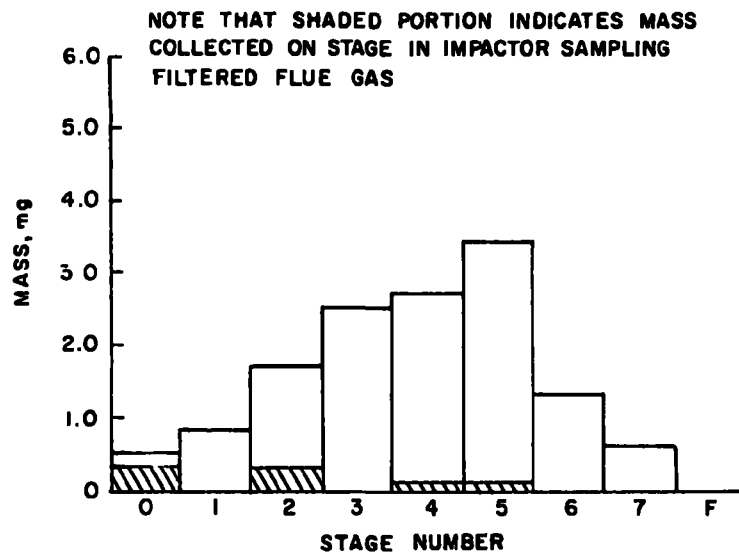


Figure C-1. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 1

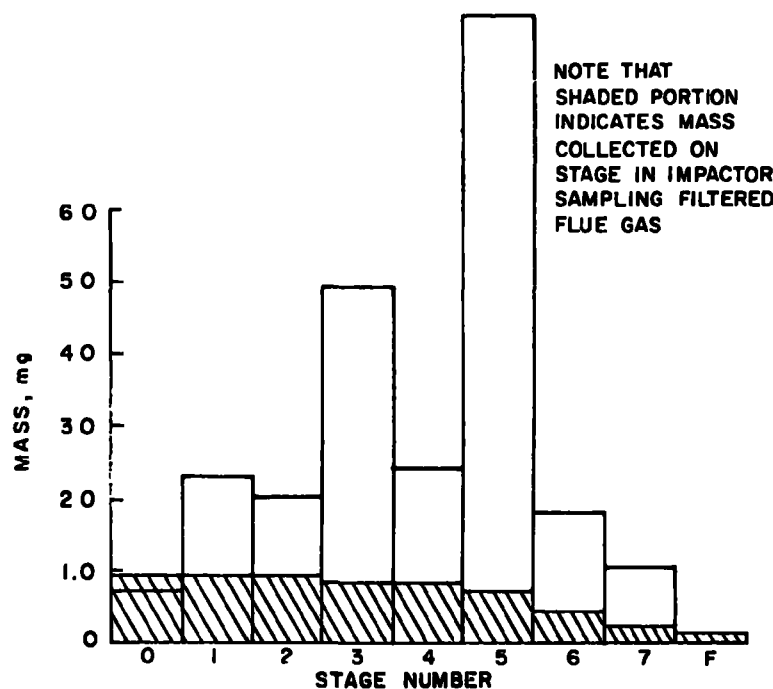


Figure C-2. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 2

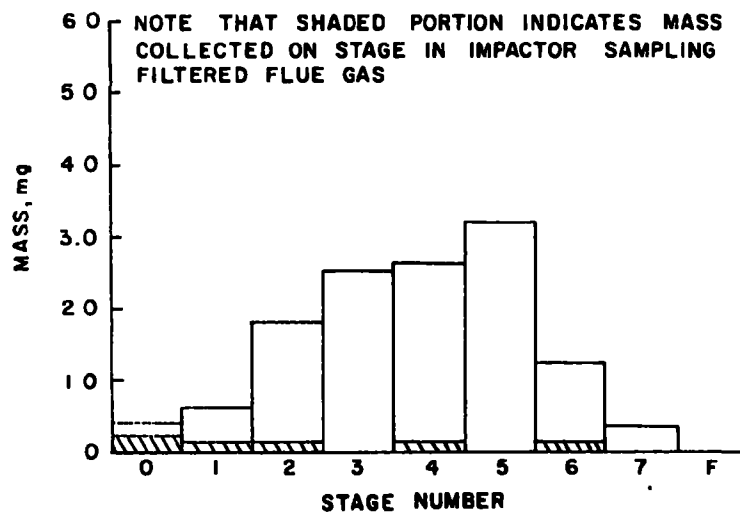


Figure C-3. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 3

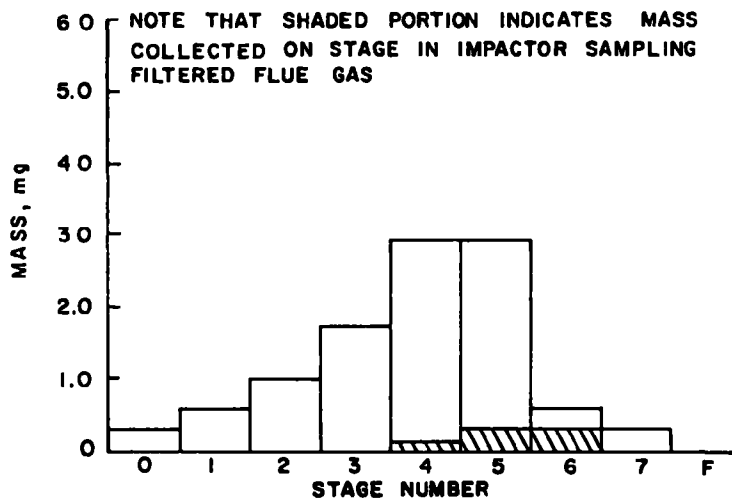


Figure C-4. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 4

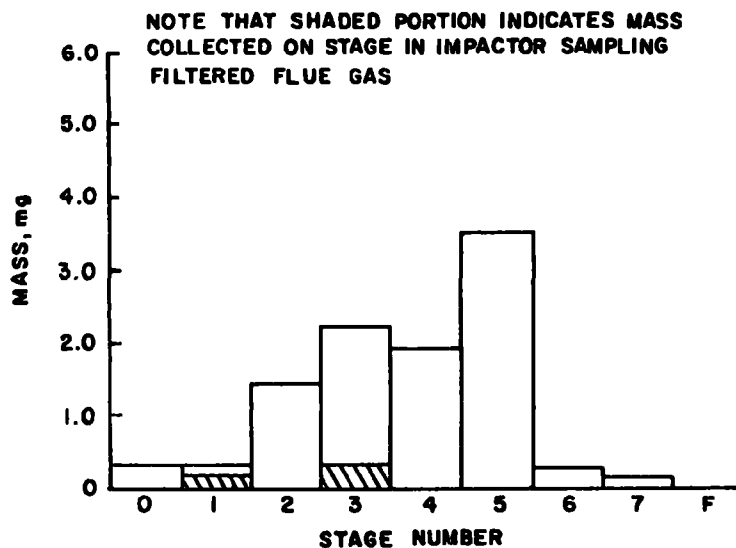


Figure C-5. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 5

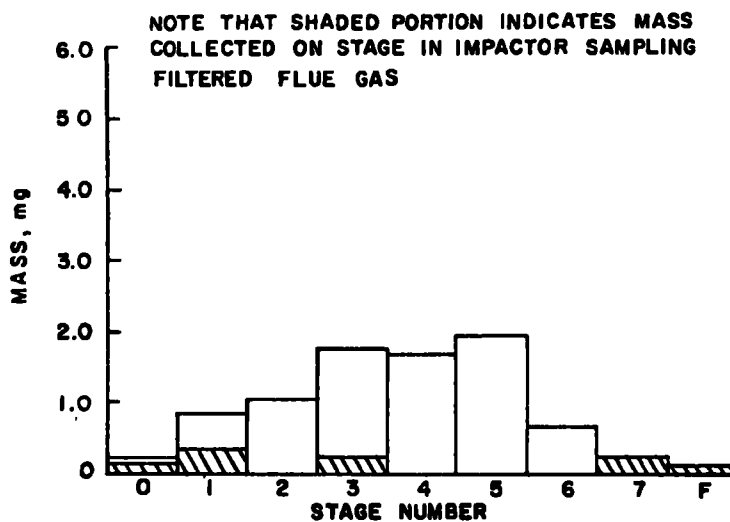


Figure C-6. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 6

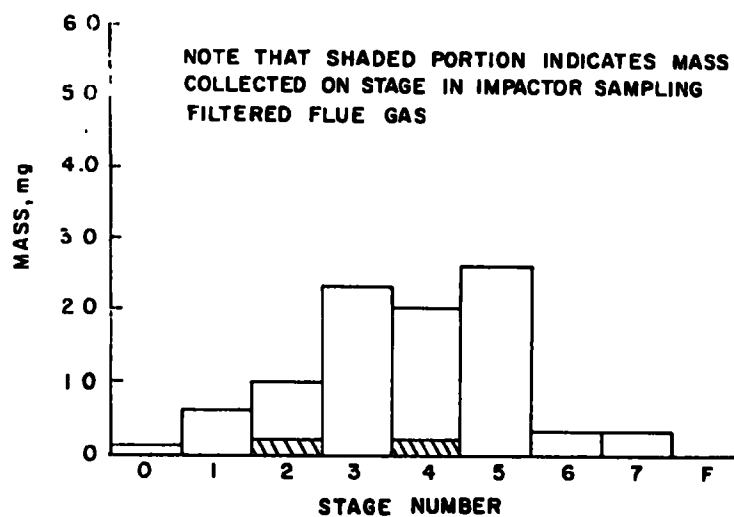


Figure C-7. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 7

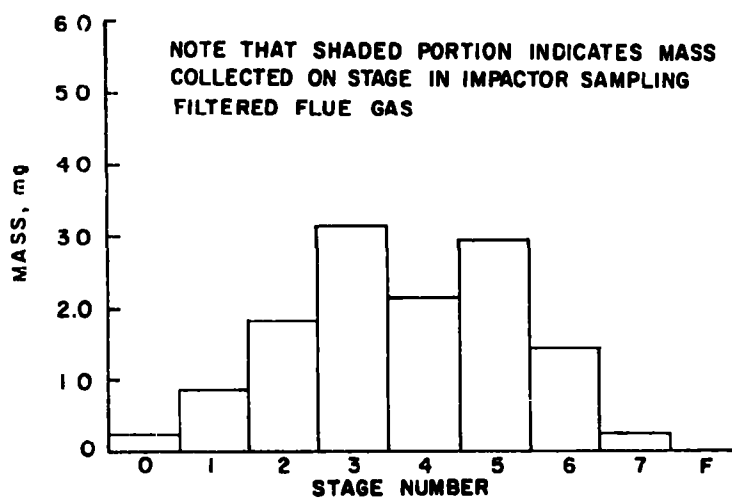


Figure C-8. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 8

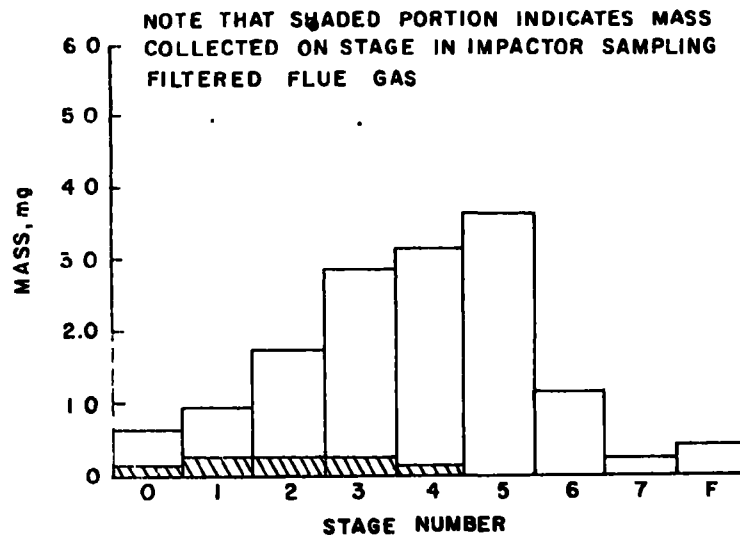


Figure C-9. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 9

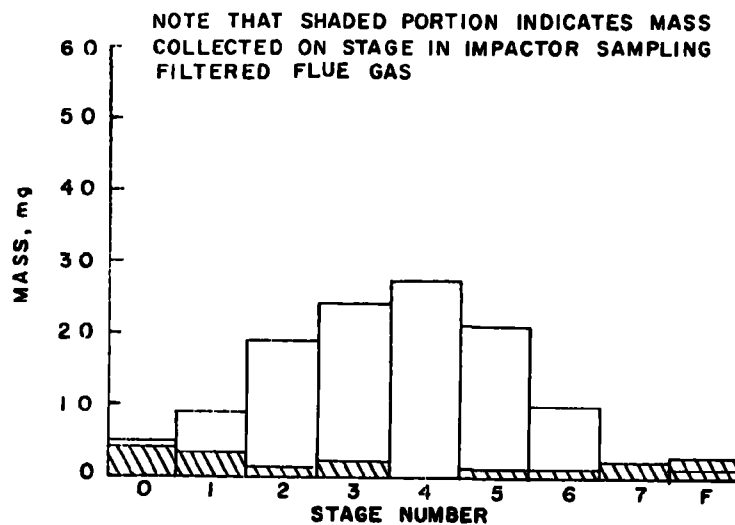


Figure C-10. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet test 10

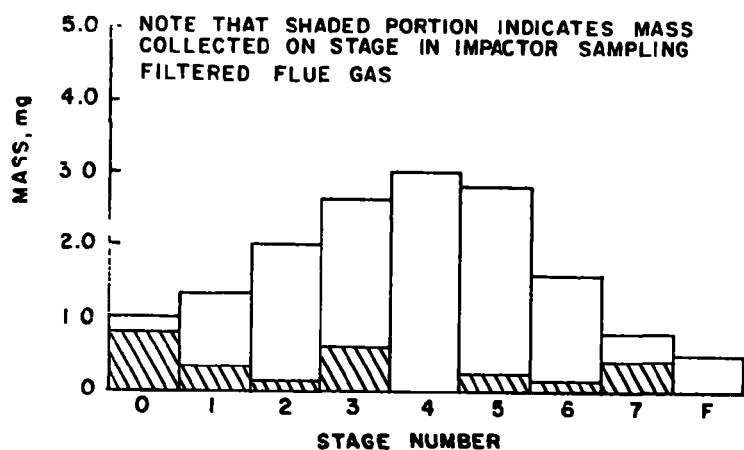


Figure C-11. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet night run 1 (6/24 - 25/76)

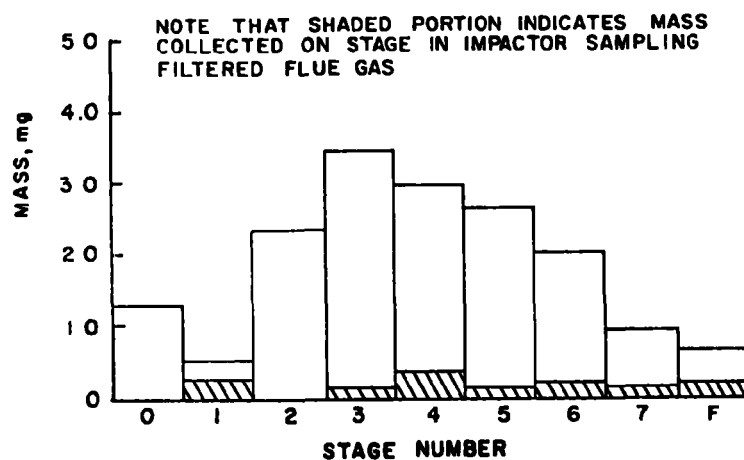


Figure C-12. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet night run 3 (6/29 - 30/76)

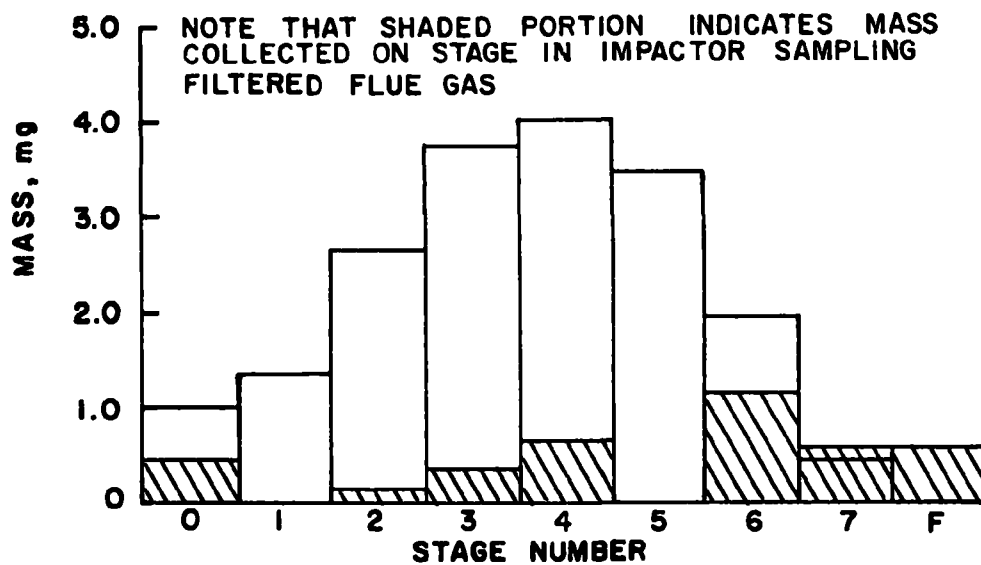


Figure C-13. Mass collected on stages of impactors sampling flue gas and filtered flue gas, outlet night run 3 (6/29 - 30/76)

APPENDIX D
CALCULATOR INPUTS/OUTPUTS FOR TOTAL
MASS MEASUREMENTS

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/19/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 1

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 0.364 | $V_{in}^{STD} \text{ (ML)}$ | 1.09 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 22.9 | $V_{in}^{STD} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.173 |
| $V_{in} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 84.322 | $C_s^{grn} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.156 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 550 | $\% \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 1.31 |
| $P_b \text{ (\"HG)}$ | 30.09 | $\% \text{ Dry Gas}$ | 98.69 |
| $M_h \text{ (mg)}$ | 799.1 | $M.W. \text{ (wet)}$ | 28.71 |
| $\% \text{ CO}_2$ | 1.50 | $D. \text{ (}^{lbs} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0643 |
| $\% \text{ O}_2$ | 17.3 | $\% \text{ E.A.}$ | 479.3 |
| $\% \text{ CO}$ | 0.80 | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 43.2 |
| $TSTK \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 567 | $Q_{Dry}^{STD} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 164,400 |
| $P_s \text{ (\"H}_2\text{O)}$ | 4.5 | $W_p \text{ (}^{lbs} \text{ /hr.)}$ | 212.17 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1.174 | I | 102.95 |
| K | 0.8542 | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 240 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.00085 | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 42.64 | | |

Acum Run #2

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 6/19/76

OUTLET X

Run # 1

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------------|---|--------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 2.225 | | $V_w^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 4.61 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 97.2 | | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 202.99 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 213.044 | | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0017 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 562 | | % H_2O | 2.22 |
| $P_b \text{ (}''\text{HG)}$ | 30.09 | | % Dry Gas | 97.78 |
| $M_h \text{ (mg)}$ | 22.8 | | M.W. (wet) | 28.67 |
| % CO_2 | 1.50 | } from Run #2 | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0683 |
| % O_2 | 17.3 | | % E.A. | 479.4 |
| % CO | 0.80 | | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 2640 |
| $T_{STK} \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 580 | | $Q_{\text{Dry}}^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 67046 |
| $P_s \text{ (}''\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | 0 | | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 0.994 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 0.740 | | I | 105.2 |
| K | 0.85 | | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 240 | | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000341 | | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 28.26 | | | |

$$\text{ut. eff, } \% = \left(\frac{C_{in} - C_{out}}{C_{in}} \right) 10^2 = \left(1 - \frac{C_{out}}{C_{in}} \right) 10^2$$

$$\text{ut. Penetration, } \% = 100 - \text{eff, } \%$$

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/20/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 2

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|--|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 0.373 | $V_{tr}^{STD} \text{ (ML)}$ | 1.78 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 37.5 | $V_m^{STD} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 123.62 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 128.533 | $C_s^{grn} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.1438 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 555 | % H_2O | 1.42 |
| $P_b \text{ ("}\text{HG)}$ | 30.13 | % Dry Gas | 98.58 |
| $M_n \text{ (mg)}$ | 1154.5 | M.W. (wet) | 58.78 |
| % CO_2 | 1.5 | $D. \text{ (}^{lbs} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0666 |
| % O_2 | 17.3 | % E.A. | 479.35 |
| % CO | 0.8 | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 4438 |
| $TSTK \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 591 | $Q_{Dry}^{STD} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 166,623 |
| $P_s \text{ ("}\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | 4.5 | $W_p \text{ (}^{lbs} \text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 205.41 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1.215 | I | 102.44 |
| K | 0.8592 | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000085 | | |
| Area Duct. $\text{(Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 42.64 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 6/20/76

OUTLET v

Run # 2

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---|--------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 2.184 | $V_w^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 4.50 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (INL)}$ | 95 | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 300.48 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 310.445 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3$ | 0.0021 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 553 | % H_2O | 1.47 |
| $P_b \text{ ("}\text{HG)}$ | 30.13 | % Dry Gas | 98.53 |
| $M_h \text{ (mg)}$ | 41.9 | M.W. (wet) | 21.17 |
| % CO_2 | 1.5 | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0674 |
| % O_2 | 17.3 | % E.A. | 479.35 |
| % CO | 0.8 | V (FPM) | 5657 |
| TSTK ($^\circ\text{R}$) | 570 | $Q^{\text{STD}}_{\text{Dry}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 66,308 |
| $P_s \text{ ("}\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | 0 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 1.21 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 0.732 | I | 11.57 |
| K | 0.85 | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000341 | | |
| Area Duct (Ft^2) | 18.26 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/21/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 3

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 0.367 | $V_v^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 1.90 |
| Vcl (ML) | 40 | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 123.72 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 130.473 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3$ | 0.0603 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 562 | % H_2O | 1.51 |
| Pb ("HG) | 30.08 | % Dry Gas | 98.49 |
| Mn (mg) | 484.2 | M.W. (wet) | 28.73 |
| % CO_2 | 1.0 | D. ($\text{lbs} \text{ /Ft}^3$) | 0.0654 |
| % O_2 | 18.4 | % E.A. | 707.40 |
| % CO | 0.4 | V (FPM) | 4177 |
| TSTK ($^\circ\text{R}$) | 600 | $Q^{\text{STD}}_{\text{Dry}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 154,056 |
| $P_s \text{ ("H}_2\text{O)}$ | 4.5 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}} \text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 79.59 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1.133 | I | 110.88 |
| K | 0.8592 | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000085 | | |
| Area Duct (Ft^2) | 42.64 | | |
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HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 6/21/76

OUTLET X

Run # 3

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|--|----------------|---|---------------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | <u>5.247</u> | $V_{\text{w}}^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | <u>4.74</u> |
| $V_{\text{cl}} \text{ (ML)}$ | <u>100</u> | $V_{\text{m}}^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>301.43</u> |
| $V_{\text{m}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>316.960</u> | $C_{\text{s}}^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3$ | <u>0.0012</u> |
| $T_{\text{m}} \text{ (}^{\circ}\text{R)}$ | <u>562</u> | % H_2O | <u>1.55</u> |
| $P_{\text{b}} \text{ ("}\text{HG)}$ | <u>30.08</u> | % Dry Gas | <u>98.45</u> |
| $M_{\text{h}} \text{ (mg)}$ | <u>22.8</u> | M.W. (wet) | <u>24.67</u> |
| % CO_2 | <u>1.0</u> | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>0.0667</u> |
| % O_2 | <u>17.0</u> | % E.A. | <u>392.6</u> |
| % CO | <u>0.5</u> | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | <u>2658</u> |
| $\text{TSTK (}^{\circ}\text{R)}$ | <u>59.1</u> | $Q_{\text{Dry}}^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>66,558</u> |
| $P_{\text{s}} \text{ ("}\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | <u>0</u> | $W_{\text{p}} \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ /Ft (hr.))}$ | <u>0.664</u> |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | <u>0.737</u> | I | <u>105.1</u> |
| K | <u>0.85</u> | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | <u>360</u> | | |
| $A_{\text{u}} \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | <u>0.00341</u> | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | <u>1.26</u> | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/22/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 4

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|--|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 0.365 | $V_w^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 3.18 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 67 | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 123.36 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 130.78 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0729 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 564 | % H_2O | 2.51 |
| $P_b \text{ (\"HG)}$ | 30.03 | % Dry Gas | 97.49 |
| $M_n \text{ (mg)}$ | 584.3 | M.W. (wet) | 28.54 |
| % CO_2 | 0.80 | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0662 |
| % O_2 | 17.1 | % E.A. | 421.38 |
| % CO | 0.80 | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 4130 |
| $T_{STK} \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 588 | $Q^{\text{STD}}_{\text{Dry}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 153,606 |
| $P_s \text{ (\"H}_2\text{O)}$ | 4.5 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ /Ft}^3\text{ /hr.)}$ | 96.04 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1.127 | I | 110.88 |
| K | 0.8592 | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000085 | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 42.64 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 6/21/76

OUTLET X

Run # 4

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|--------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 2.145 | V_w^{STD} (ML) | 4.64 |
| V_{cl} (ML) | 97.8 | V_m^{STD} (Ft ³) | 597.69 |
| V_m (Ft ³) | 312.552 | C_s^{grn} (Ft ³) | 0.001 |
| T_m (°R) | 561 | % H ₂ O | 1.3 |
| Pb (HG) | 30.03 | % Dry Gas | 75.47 |
| Mn (mg) | 31.8 | M.W. (wet) | 28.67 |
| % CO ₂ | 0.80 | D. (lbs/Ft ³) | 0.0074 |
| % O ₂ | 17.5 | % E.A. | 541.57 |
| % CO | 0.60 | V (FPM) | 5610 |
| TSJK (°R) | 586 | Q^{STD} Dry (Ft ³) | 55.702 |
| Ps (H ₂ O) | 0 | W_p^{lbs} Part/hr.) | 0.1511 |
| PV^2 | 0.727 | I | 104.6 |
| K | 0.95 | | |
| Θ (min) | 360 | | |
| A_n (Ft ²) | 0.000341 | | |
| Area Duct (Ft ²) | 28.46 | | |
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HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/23/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 5

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 0.365 | $V_v^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 3.37 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 71 | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 133.82 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 130.913 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3$ | 0.0650 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 561 | % H_2O | 2.65 |
| $P_b \text{ (}''\text{HG)}$ | 29.95 | % Dry Gas | 97.35 |
| $M_n \text{ (mg)}$ | 522.5 | M.W. (wet) | 28.63 |
| % CO_2 | 1.4 | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0657 |
| % O_2 | 17.5 | % I.A. | 529.04 |
| % CO | 0.90 | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 4146 |
| $\text{TSTK (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 592 | $Q^{\text{STD}}_{\text{Dry}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 152,550 |
| $P_s \text{ (}''\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | 4.5 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 84.98 |
| $PV^{\frac{3}{2}}$ | 1.128 | I | 112.05 |
| K | 0.8592 | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000085 | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 42.64 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 5/13/76

OUTLET X

Run # 5

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|--|--------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 2.325 | V_v^{STD} (ML) | 6.23 |
| V_{cl} (ML) | 131.4 | V_m^{STD} (Ft ³) | 306.07 |
| V_m (Ft ³) | 319.82 | C_s^{grn} (Ft ³) | 0.0015 |
| T_m (°R) | 556 | % H ₂ O | 1.99 |
| P_b ("HG) | 29.95 | % Dry Gas | 98.01 |
| M_n (mg) | 29.1 | M.W. (wet) | 28.65 |
| % CO ₂ | 1.20 | D. (lbs/Ft ³) | 0.0067 |
| % O ₂ | 17.7 | % E.A. | 535.06 |
| % CO | 0.60 | V (FPM) | 2722 |
| TSTK (°R) | 591 | $Q_{\text{Dry}}^{\text{STD}}$ (Ft ³) | 67.644 |
| P_s ("H ₂ O) | 0 | W_p (lbs Part/hr.) | 0.8478 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 0.754 | I | 105.0 |
| K | 0.85 | | |
| Θ (min) | 360 | | |
| Δn (Ft ²) | 0.000341 | | |
| Area Duct (Ft ²) | 28.16 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/24/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 6

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|---|----------|---|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 0.377 | $V_{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 4.12 |
| $V_{\text{cl}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 87 | $V_{\text{m}}^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 125.01 |
| $V_{\text{m}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 132.08 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0672 |
| $T_{\text{m}} \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 561 | % H_2O | 5.19 |
| $P_b \text{ (}''\text{HG)}$ | 29.97 | % Dry Gas | 96.81 |
| $M_n \text{ (mg)}$ | 545.8 | M.W. (wet) | 28.52 |
| % CO_2 | 1.4 | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0654 |
| % O_2 | 17.5 | % E.A. | 508.06 |
| % CO | 0.70 | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 4223 |
| $T_{\text{STK}} \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 594 | $Q_{\text{Dry}}^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 154,066 |
| $P_s \text{ (}''\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | 4.5 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 22.79 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1.146 | I | 112.02 |
| K | 0.8592 | | |
| $\theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000085 | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 42.64 | | |
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} from outlet

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 6/24/76

OUTLET X

Run # 6

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|---------------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | <u>2.457</u> | $V_w^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | <u>5.55</u> |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | <u>117</u> | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>594.48</u> |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>306.905</u> | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>0.0013</u> |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | <u>556</u> | $\% \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | <u>1.25</u> |
| $P_b \text{ (\"HG)}$ | <u>29.57</u> | $\% \text{ Dry Gas}$ | <u>98.75</u> |
| $M_h \text{ (mg)}$ | <u>34.7</u> | $M.W. \text{ (wet)}$ | <u>22.74</u> |
| $\% \text{ CO}_2$ | <u>1.4</u> | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>0.0077</u> |
| $\% \text{ O}_2$ | <u>17.5</u> | $\% \text{ E.A.}$ | <u>50.00</u> |
| $\% \text{ CO}$ | <u>2.76</u> | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | <u>2661</u> |
| $TSJK \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | <u>589</u> | $Q^{\text{STD}}_{\text{Dry}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>66,523</u> |
| $P_s \text{ (\"H}_2\text{O)}$ | <u>0</u> | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | <u>0.0007</u> |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | <u>0.739</u> | I | <u>102.83</u> |
| K | <u>0.05</u> | | |
| $\theta \text{ (min)}$ | <u>360</u> | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | <u>0.000341</u> | | |
| $\text{Area Duct (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | <u>13.56</u> | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/25/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 7

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|---|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 0.375 | $V_v^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 2.94 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 62 | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 125.94 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 131.233 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3$ | 0.0675 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 554 | % H_2O | 2.28 |
| $P_b \text{ (\"HG)}$ | 30.01 | % Dry Gas | 97.72 |
| $M_n \text{ (mg)}$ | 552.2 | M.W. (wet) | 28.60 |
| % CO_2 | 0.60 | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0660 |
| % O_2 | 18.8 | % I.A. | 985.43 |
| % CO | 0.80 | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 4156 |
| $\text{TSTK (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 590 | $Q^{\text{STD}}_{\text{Dry}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 154,311 |
| $P_s \text{ (\"H}_2\text{O)}$ | 4.5 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 89.31 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1.133 | I | 112.68 |
| K | 0.8592 | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000085 | | |
| Area Duct. $\text{(Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 42.64 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 6/25/76

OUTLET X

Run # 7

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 2.210 | $V_w^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 6.57 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 139 | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 308.11 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 308.510 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0011 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 549 | % H_2O | 2.15 |
| $P_b \text{ (}''\text{HG)}$ | 30.01 | % Dry Gas | 97.85 |
| $M_h \text{ (mg)}$ | 21.9 | M.W. (wet) | 28.63 |
| % CO_2 | 0.70 | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0674 |
| % O_2 | 18.1 | % E.A. | 1036.14 |
| % CO | 0.70 | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 56.54 |
| $T_{STK} \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 585 | $Q_{\text{Dry}}^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 66.000 |
| $P_s \text{ (}''\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | 0 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 1.1004 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 0.739 | I | 104.35 |
| K | 0.85 | | |
| $\theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000341 | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 28.26 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/28/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 8

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 0.42 | $V_w^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 5.53 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 53.4 | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 131.42 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 139.196 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0736 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 566 | % H_2O | 1.89 |
| Pb (HG) | 30.16 | % Dry Gas | 98.11 |
| Mn (mg) | 628.3 | M.W. (wet) | 28.70 |
| % CO_2 | 0.70 | D. ($\text{lbs/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0669 |
| % O_2 | 19.9 | % E.A. | 3249.33 |
| % CO | 0.60 | V (FPM) | 4412 |
| TSTK ($^\circ\text{R}$) | 587 | $Q^{\text{STD}}_{\text{Dry}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 166,142 |
| Ps (H_2O) | 4.5 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ /Ft}^3\text{ /hr.)}$ | 104.85 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 1.211 | I | 109.23 |
| K | 0.8592 | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000085 | | |
| Area Duct ($\text{Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 42.64 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET _____

- DATE 6/28/76

OUTLET X

Run # 8

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---|--------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 2.667 | $V_w^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | 7.88 |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | 166.3 | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 316.60 |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 337.635 | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3$ | 0.0016 |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 573 | % H_2O | 2.43 |
| $P_b \text{ (}''\text{HG)}$ | 30.16 | % Dry Gas | 27.57 |
| $M_n \text{ (mg)}$ | 33.1 | M.W. (wet) | 28.64 |
| % CO_2 | 0.60 | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 0.0074 |
| % O_2 | 19.8 | % E.A. | 3349 |
| % CO | 0.50 | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | 2877 |
| $\text{TSTK (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | 588 | $Q_{\text{Dry}}^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | 72,187 |
| $P_s \text{ (}''\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | 0 | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | 0.9949 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 0.801 | I | 101.86 |
| K | 0.85 | | |
| $\theta \text{ (min)}$ | 360 | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 0.000341 | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | 28.16 | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/29/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 9

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | <u>0.370</u> | $V_v^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | <u>2.94</u> |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | <u>62</u> | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>123.74</u> |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>131.282</u> | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3$ | <u>0.0615</u> |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | <u>565</u> | % H_2O | <u>2.32</u> |
| $P_b \text{ ("}\text{HG)}$ | <u>30.06</u> | % Dry Gas | <u>97.68</u> |
| $M_n \text{ (mg)}$ | <u>494.5</u> | M.W. (wet) | <u>28.59</u> |
| % CO_2 | <u>0.40</u> | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{/Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>0.0634</u> |
| % O_2 | <u>19.4</u> | % E.A. | <u>1873.51</u> |
| % CO | <u>1.00</u> | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | <u>4244</u> |
| $T_{SK} \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | <u>615</u> | $Q^{\text{STD}}_{\text{Dry}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>151,374</u> |
| $P_s \text{ ("}\text{H}_2\text{O)}$ | <u>4.5</u> | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ /Ft}^2\text{ /hr.)}$ | <u>79.85</u> |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | <u>1.134</u> | I | <u>115.86</u> |
| K | <u>0.8592</u> | | |
| $\Theta \text{ (min)}$ | <u>360</u> | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | <u>0.000085</u> | | |
| Area Duct $\text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | <u>42.64</u> | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 6/29/76

OUTLET X

Run # 9

| INPUT | | OUTPUT | |
|----------------------------------|----------|--|--------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | 2.319 | V_w^{STD} (ML) | 7.63 |
| V_{cl} (ML) | 161 | V_m^{STD} (Ft ³) | 302.36 |
| V_m (Ft ³) | 322.091 | C_s^{grn} /Ft ³ | 0.0014 |
| T_m (°R) | 570 | % H ₂ O | 3.14 |
| P_b ("HG) | 30.06 | % Dry Gas | 97.54 |
| M_h (mg) | 38.1 | M.W. (wet) | 38.54 |
| % CO ₂ | 0.50 | $D.$ (lbs/Ft ³) | 0.0665 |
| % O ₂ | 19.4 | % E.A. | 1482.9 |
| % CO | 0.60 | V (FPM) | 2734 |
| T_{STK} (°R) | 593 | Q^{STD} (Ft ³) Dry | 17.654 |
| P_s ("H ₂ O) | 0 | W_p (lbs Part/hr.) | 0.8300 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 0.756 | I | 108.56 |
| K | 0.85 | | |
| Θ (min) | 360 | | |
| A_n (Ft ²) | 0.000341 | | |
| Area Duct (Ft ²) | 88.26 | | |
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HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C TRAIN.

INLET X

DATE 6/30/76

OUTLET _____

Run # 10

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | <u>3.794</u> | $V_w^{\text{STD}} \text{ (ML)}$ | <u>5.56</u> |
| $V_{cl} \text{ (ML)}$ | <u>117.2</u> | $V_m^{\text{STD}} \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>351.34</u> |
| $V_m \text{ (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>375.263</u> | $C_s^{\text{grn}} \text{ /Ft}^3$ | <u>0.0617</u> |
| $T_m \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | <u>573</u> | $\% \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ | <u>1.56</u> |
| $P_b \text{ (\"HG)}$ | <u>30.03</u> | $\% \text{ Dry Gas}$ | <u>98.44</u> |
| $M_n \text{ (mg)}$ | <u>1407.1</u> | $M.W. \text{ (wet)}$ | <u>28.68</u> |
| $\% \text{ CO}_2$ | <u>0.50</u> | $D. \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ /Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>0.0658</u> |
| $\% \text{ O}_2$ | <u>19.3</u> | $\% \text{ E.A.}$ | <u>1816.16</u> |
| $\% \text{ CO}$ | <u>1.10</u> | $V \text{ (FPM)}$ | <u>4833</u> |
| $TSTK \text{ (}^\circ\text{R)}$ | <u>594</u> | $Q^{\text{STD}} \text{ Dry (Ft}^3\text{)}$ | <u>157,354</u> |
| $P_s \text{ (\"H}_2\text{O)}$ | <u>4.5</u> | $W_p \text{ (}^{\text{lbs}}\text{ Part/hr.)}$ | <u>83.19</u> |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | <u>1.152</u> | I | <u>310.88</u> |
| K | <u>0.8592</u> | | |
| $\theta \text{ (min)}$ | <u>360</u> | | |
| $A_n \text{ (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | <u>0.000085</u> | | |
| $\text{Area Duct (Ft}^2\text{)}$ | <u>48.64</u> | | |

HP 65 DATA FORM R.A.C. TRAIN.

INLET _____

DATE 6/30/76

OUTLET X

Run # 10

INPUT

OUTPUT

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|--|---------|
| $\Delta h'' \text{H}_2\text{O}$ | 2.240 | V_w^{STD} (ML) | 6.34 |
| V_{cl} (ML) | 133.8 | V_m^{STD} (Ft ³) | 29.56 |
| V_m (Ft ³) | 313.594 | C_s^{grn} /Ft ³) | 0.0012 |
| T_m (°R) | 567 | % H ₂ O | 2.10 |
| Pb (°HG) | 30.03 | % Dry Gas | 97.90 |
| Mn (mg) | 22.7 | M.W. (wet) | 28.70 |
| % CO ₂ | 0.80 | D. (lbs/Ft ³) | 0.0670 |
| % O ₂ | 20.0 | % E.A. | 263.2 |
| % CO | 0.20 | V (FPM) | 267.2 |
| TSTK (°R) | 590 | $Q_{\text{Dry}}^{\text{STD}}$ (Ft ³) | 66,657 |
| Ps (°H ₂ O) | 0 | W_p (lbs Part/hr.) | 0.6757 |
| $PV^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 0.742 | I | 10.4.74 |
| K | 0.85 | | |
| $\theta(\text{min})$ | 360 | | |
| A_n (Ft ²) | 0.000341 | | |
| Area Duct (Ft ²) | 28.26 | | |

APPENDIX E
CALCULATOR INPUTS/OUTPUTS FOR INERTIAL
IMPACTOR MEASUREMENTS

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/19/76 Run # 14

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 5.6393

Moisture (%) = .

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 1.9185

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.4039

Location IN/ET

Time 1917-1933

Orifice

bar. press. ("Hg)

Mw

avg. Pm ("Hg)

avg. Tm (°F)

H₂O (grams or %)

meter volume (ft³)

avg. Ps (+H₂O)

avg. Ts (°F)

time (minutes)

correction factor

D-1st mult.
E 2nd mult.

D

= 30.57

= 28.79

= 5.025

= 79.5

= 1.31%

= 6.041

= 4.50

= 107

= 15

= -

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #10 Probe & expander | 0.5167 | 24.1329 | | 75.8670 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 30 1 | 0.0002 | 0.2890 | 40.8275 | 75.5780 | | |
| 31 2 | 0.0004 | 0.5780 | 17.2063 | 75.0000 | 0.0029 | 26.5046 |
| 32 3 | 0.0031 | 4.4797 | 8.2812 | 70.5302 | 0.0270 | 11.9369 |
| 33 4 | 0.0065 | 9.3930 | 2.7847 | 61.1271 | 0.0380 | 4.8022 |
| 34 5 | 0.0134 | 19.3641 | 1.7547 | 41.7630 | 0.1852 | 2.2105 |
| 35 6 | 0.0137 | 19.7976 | 0.8657 | 21.9652 | 0.1237 | 1.2325 |
| 36 7 | 0.0104 | 15.0289 | 0.4636 | 6.9364 | 0.1063 | 0.6335 |
| R-4 F | 0.0048 | 6.9364 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0692 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/19/76 Run # 1

Location outlet East

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 259 0443

Moisture (%) = 1.8576

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0010

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.5033

Orifice E

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.09

Mw = 18.69

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.621

avg. Tm (°F) = 80

H₂O (grams or %) = 98.2

meter volume (ft³) = 262.831

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F)² = 180

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC# Probe & expander | 0.0031 | 18.6746 | | 81.3253 | | |
| R 162 0 | 0.0005 | 3.0120 | 13.6604 | 78.3132 | | |
| R 161 1 | 0.0009 | 4.8192 | 8.5496 | 73.4939 | 0.0002 | 10.8070 |
| R 164 2 | 0.0017 | 10.2409 | 5.8120 | 63.2530 | 0.0006 | 7.0492 |
| R 163 3 | 0.0015 | 15.0602 | 3.9571 | 48.1927 | 0.0009 | 4.7957 |
| R 166 4 | 0.0037 | 16.2650 | 2.4440 | 31.9277 | 0.0008 | 3.1088 |
| R 165 5 | 0.0034 | 20.4819 | 1.0515 | 11.4457 | 0.0005 | 1.6031 |
| R 168 6 | 0.0013 | 7.8313 | 0.7065 | 3.6144 | 0.0004 | 0.8619 |
| R 167 7 | 0.0006 | 3.6144 | 0.4140 | 0.0000 | | |
| A-1 F | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0166 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/20/76 Run # 2A

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 2.8026

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0765

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3134

Location inlet

Time 1542-1552 Furn D: End melt.

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.13

M_w = 28.78

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.03

avg. Tm (°F) = 83

H₂O (grams or %) = 1.42 %

meter volume (ft³) = 2.911

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 131

time (minutes) = 10

correction factor =

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #14 Probe & expander | 0.0048 | 35.0364 | | 69.9635 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 51 1 | 0.0004 | 2.9197 | 46.8768 | 62.0437 | | |
| 52 2 | 0.0003 | 2.1897 | 19.7659 | 59.8510 | 0.0044 | 30.4395 |
| 53 3 | 0.0008 | 5.8394 | 9.520997 | 54.8145 | 0.0140 | 13.7182 |
| 54 4 | 0.0009 | 6.5693 | 3.2102 | 47.4452 | 0.0106 | 5.5285 |
| 55 5 | 0.0025 | 18.2461 | 2.0275 | 29.1970 | 0.0699 | 2.5513 |
| 56 6 | 0.0013 | 9.4890 | 1.0066 | 19.7080 | 0.0238 | 1.4286 |
| 57 7 | 0.0027 | 19.7080 | 0.5460 | 0.0000 | 0.0567 | 0.7413 |
| ? F | NONE | 0.0000 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0127 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/30/76 Run # 28

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 2.7647

Moisture (%) = .

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0911

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3092

Location *IN let*
Time 1711-1721 *Furn D = top*
E = 1st melt

Orifice D
bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.13
Mw = 28.78
avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.60
avg. Tm (°F) = 83
H₂O (grams or %) = 1.42%
meter volume (ft³) = 2.929
avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50
avg. Ts (°F)² = 131
time (minutes) = 10
correction factor = 1

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC 16 Probe & expander | 0.0053 | 32.9192 | | 67.0807 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 44 1 | 0.0004 | 2.4844 | 47.1979 | 64.5962 | | |
| 45 2 | 0.0004 | 2.4844 | 19.9019 | 62.1110 | 0.0060 | 30.6485 |
| 46 3 | 0.0014 | 8.6956 | 9.5869 | 53.4161 | 0.0249 | 13.8130 |
| 47 4 | 0.0020 | 12.4223 | 3.2330 | 40.9937 | 0.0239 | 5.5673 |
| 48 5 | 0.0018 | 11.1801 | 2.0423 | 29.8036 | 0.0510 | 2.5696 |
| 49 6 | 0.0015 | 9.3167 | 1.0143 | 20.4968 | 0.0279 | 1.4393 |
| 50 7 | 0.0027 | 16.7701 | 0.5506 | 3.7267 | 0.0576 | 0.7473 |
| 34 F | 0.0006 | 3.7267 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0161 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/20/76 Run # 2

Location outlet North

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 243.5957

Orifice F

Moisture (%) = 1.4174

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.13

Mw = 28.77

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0017

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.634

avg. Tm (°F) = 80.3

H₂O (grams or %) = 73.0

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.4982

meter volume (ft³) = 257.100

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F) = 130

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #77 | Probe & expander | 0.0030 | 11.1524 | | 88.8475 | | |
| R160 | 0 | 0.0007 | 2.6022 | 13.8194 | 86.2453 | | |
| R191 | 1 | 0.0033 | 8.5501 | 8.6490 | 77.6951 | 0.0007 | 10.9327 |
| R158 | 2 | 0.0020 | 7.4349 | 5.8795 | 70.2602 | 0.0007 | 7.1310 |
| R189 | 3 | 0.0049 | 18.256 | 4.0028 | 52.0446 | 0.0018 | 4.8512 |
| R156 | 4 | 0.0034 | 8.9219 | 2.4720 | 43.1226 | 0.0007 | 3.1456 |
| R187 | 5 | 0.0087 | 32.340 | 1.003 | 10.7806 | 0.005 | 1.6211 |
| R154 | 6 | 0.0018 | 6.6914 | 0.7141 | 4.0892 | 0.0006 | 0.8713 |
| R185 | 7 | 0.0010 | 3.7174 | 0.4184 | 0.3717 | 0.0002 | 0.5466 |
| 33 | F | 0.0001 | 0.3717 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0269 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/1/76 Run # 3A

Sample volume at STP (ft³) =

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) =

Impactor flow rate (acfm) =

Location *inlet*

Time 1802-1812 (1st Melt)

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.08

Mw = 28.73

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 2.267

avg. Tm (°F) = 86.5

H₂O (grams or %) = 1.51%

meter volume (ft³) = 3.752

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 140

time (minutes) = 10

correction factor = -

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC#20 Probe & expander | 0.0082 | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 115' 1 | 0.0007 | | | | | |
| 11 2 | 0.0015 | | | | | |
| 12 3 | 0.0006 | | | | | |
| 13 4 | 0.0006 | | | | | |
| 14 5 | 0.0042 | | | | | |
| 15 6 | 0.0035 | | | | | |
| 18 7 | 0.0006 | | | | | |
| R14 P | 0.0020 | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/21/76 Run # 38

Sample volume at STP (ft³) -

Moisture (%) -

Concentration (grains/ft³) -

Impactor flow rate (acfm) -

Location inlet
Time 1847-1857 (end of 1st melt)

Orifice D
bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.08
Mw = 28.73
avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 2.033
avg. Tm (°F) = 84
H₂O (grams or %) = 1.51
meter volume (ft³) = 3.987
avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50
avg. Ts (°F) = 140
time (minutes) = 10
correction factor = —

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #1 Probe & expander | 0.0045 | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 37 1 | -0.0004 | | | | | |
| 38 2 | -0.0012 | | | | | |
| 39 3 | -0.0010 | | | | | |
| 40 4 | -0.0004 | | | | | |
| 41 5 | 0.0019 | | | | | |
| 42 6 | -0.0004 | | | | | |
| 43 7 | -0.0040 | | | | | |
| R 15 8 | 0.0009 | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/21/76 Run # 3

Location outlet North

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 243.2492

Orifice F

Moisture (%) = 1.4000

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.08

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0009

Mw = 28.67

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.73

avg. Tm (°F) = 92.1

H₂O (grams or %) = 72.0

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.5000

meter volume (ft³) = 563.739

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F) = 135

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| 7C #19 | Probe & expander | 0.0027 | 17.6470 | | 82.3529 | | |
| R50 | 0 | 0.0004 | 2.6143 | 13.0113 | 79.7385 | | |
| R49 | 1 | 0.0006 | 3.9215 | 8.6437 | 75.8169 | 0.0001 | 10.9262 |
| R52 | 2 | 0.0018 | 11.7647 | 5.8757 | 64.0522 | 0.0006 | 7.1266 |
| R51 | 3 | 0.0035 | 16.3398 | 4.0001 | 47.7124 | 0.0009 | 4.8480 |
| R54 | 4 | 0.0026 | 16.9934 | 2.4700 | 30.7189 | 0.0007 | 3.1433 |
| R53 | 5 | 0.0032 | 20.9150 | 1.0620 | 9.8039 | 0.0005 | 1.6196 |
| R56 | 6 | 0.0012 | 7.8431 | 0.7132 | 1.9607 | 0.0004 | 0.8703 |
| R55 | 7 | 0.0003 | 1.9607 | 0.4176 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.5457 |
| R11 | F | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0153 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/22/76 Run # 4A

Location inlet

Sample volume at STP (ft³) =

Orifice D

Moisture (%) =

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.03

Mw = 28.54

Concentration (grains/ft³) =

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.425

avg. Tm (°F) = 88.5

Impactor flow rate (acfm) =

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.51

meter volume (ft³) = 4.599

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 168

time (minutes) = 15

correction factor = —

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #26 Probe & expander | 0.0063 | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 115 1 | 0.0003 | | | | | |
| 11 2 | 0.0006 | | | | | |
| 12 3 | 0.0018 | | | | | |
| 13 4 | 0.0009 | | | | | |
| 14 5 | 0.0000 | | | | | |
| 15 6 | 0.0014 | | | | | |
| 18 7 | 0.0002 | | | | | |
| R 24 8 | 0.0000 | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/24/76 Run # 4B

Location inlet

Sample volume at STP (ft³) =

Orifice D

Moisture (%) =

bar. press. ("Hg)

= 30.03

Concentration (grains/ft³) =

M_w

= 28.54

avg. Pm (-"Hg)

= 1.488

avg. Tm (°F)

= 87

H₂O (grams or %)

= 8.51

Impactor flow rate (acfm) =

meter volume (ft³)

= 4.661

avg. Ps (+H₂O)

= 4.50

avg. Ts (°F)

= 128

time (minutes)

= 15

correction factor

= -

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #29 Probe & expander | 0.0030 | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 44 1 | 0.0005 | | | | | |
| 45 2 | 0.0003 | | | | | |
| 46 3 | 0.0003 | | | | | |
| 47 4 | 0.0004 | | | | | |
| 48 5 | 0.0016 | | | | | |
| 49 6 | 0.0024 | | | | | |
| 50 7 | 0.0026 | | | | | |
| R 25 P | 0.0031 | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/24/76 Run # 4

Location outlet North

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 193.1705

Moisture (%) = 1.4446

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0009

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3937

Orifice F

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.03

M_w = 38.67

avg. P_m ("Hg) = 1.413

avg. T_m (°F) = 91.9

H₂O (grams or %) = 59.0

meter volume (ft³) = 205.880

avg. P_s ("H₂O) = 0

avg. T_s (°F) = 126

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #28 | Probe & expander | 0.0012 | 10.4347 | | 89.5652 | | |
| R 24 | 0 | 0.0003 | 2.6086 | 15.5181 | 86.9565 | | |
| R 15 | 1 | 0.0006 | 5.2173 | 9.7185 | 81.7391 | 0.0002 | 12.2806 |
| R 22 | 2 | 0.0010 | 8.6956 | 6.6116 | 73.0434 | 0.0004 | 8.0159 |
| R 13 | 3 | 0.0017 | 14.7826 | 4.5060 | 58.2608 | 0.0008 | 5.4582 |
| R 20 | 4 | 0.0039 | 25.2173 | 2.7878 | 33.0434 | 0.0011 | 3.5443 |
| R 11 | 5 | 0.0039 | 25.2173 | 1.2057 | 7.8260 | 0.0006 | 1.8334 |
| R 18 | 6 | 0.0006 | 5.2173 | 0.8140 | 2.6086 | 0.0002 | 0.9907 |
| R 9 | 7 | 0.0003 | 2.6086 | 0.4824 | 0.0000 | 0.0001 | 0.6266 |
| R 23 | F | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0115 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/23/76 Run # 5A

Location inlet

Sample volume at STP (ft³) =

Orifice D

Moisture (%) =

bar. press. ("Hg)

= 29.95

Concentration (grains/ft³) =

Mw

= 28.63

Impactor flow rate (acfm) =

avg. Pm ("Hg)

= 1.367

avg. Tm (°F)

= 85

H₂O (grams or %)

= 2.65

meter volume (ft³)

= 3.067

avg. Ps (4"H₂O)

= 4.50

avg. Ts (°F)

= 132

time (minutes)

= 10

correction factor

= —

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #22 Probe & expander | 0.0045 | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 51 1 | 0.0002 | | | | | |
| 52 2 | 0.0002 | | | | | |
| 53 3 | 0.0017 | | | | | |
| 54 4 | 0.0003 | | | | | |
| 55 5 | 0.0003 | | | | | |
| 56 6 | 0.0010 | | | | | |
| 57 7 | 0.0002 | | | | | |
| R19 8 | 0.0002 | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/23/76 Run # 58

Location inlet

Sample volume at STP (ft³) =

Orifice 0

Moisture (%) =

bar. press. ("Hg)

= 29.75

Concentration (grains/ft³) =

Mw

= 28.63

avg. Pm (-"Hg)

= 1.475

avg. Tm (°F)

= 96.25

H₂O (grams or %)

= 2.65

Impactor flow rate (acfm) =

meter volume (ft³)

= 3.990

avg. Ps (+H₂O)

= 4.50

avg. Ts (°F)

= 132

time (minutes)

= 15

correction factor

= 1

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #14 Probe & expander | 0.0065 | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 37 1 | 0.0002 | | | | | |
| 38 2 | 0.0012 | | | | | |
| 39 3 | 0.0002 | | | | | |
| 40 4 | 0.0001 | | | | | |
| 41 5 | 0.0002 | | | | | |
| 42 6 | 0.0022 | | | | | |
| 43 7 | 0.0064 | | | | | |
| R20 P | 0.0046 | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/23/76 Run # 5C

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 8.3555

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0500

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3139

Location *inlet*

Time 1555-1625 (back change)

Orifice D

bar. press. (inHg) = 29.95

Mw = 28.63

avg. Pm (inHg) = 1.436

avg. Tm (°F) = 93.4

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.65%

meter volume (ft³) = 8.914

avg. Ps (inHg) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 132

time (minutes) = 30

correction factor = —

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC ²⁵ Probe & expander | 0.0092 | 34.8484 | | 65.1515 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 30 1 | 0.0013 | 4.9242 | 46.8621 | 60.2272 | | |
| 31 2 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 19.7594 | 60.2272 | 0.0000 | 30.4297 |
| 32 3 | 0.0006 | 2.2727 | 9.5175 | 57.9545 | 0.0035 | 13.7135 |
| 33 4 | 0.0012 | 4.5454 | 3.2087 | 53.4090 | 0.0048 | 5.5262 |
| 34 5 | 0.0037 | 14.0151 | 2.0264 | 39.3939 | 0.0351 | 2.5499 |
| 35 6 | 0.0041 | 15.5303 | 1.0058 | 23.8636 | 0.0255 | 1.4276 |
| 36 7 | 0.0037 | 14.0151 | 0.5453 | 9.8484 | 0.0264 | 0.7406 |
| R6 8 | 0.0026 | 9.8484 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0264 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/23/76 Run # 5

Location outlet North

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 249,6224

Orifice F

Moisture (%) = 1.7830

bar. press. ("Hg) = 29.95

Mw = 28.68

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0008

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.681

avg. Tm (°F) = 98.7

H₂O (grams or %) = 94.1

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.5144

meter volume (ft³) = 270.664

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F) = 131

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #13 | Probe & expander | 0.0040 | 28.7769 | | 71.2230 | | |
| R48 | 0 | 0.0003 | 2.1582 | 13.6060 | 69.0647 | | |
| R23 | 1 | 0.0003 | 2.1582 | 8.5146 | 66.9064 | 0.0000 | 10.7633 |
| R46 | 2 | 0.0014 | 10.0719 | 5.7873 | 56.8345 | 0.0005 | 7.0197 |
| R21 | 3 | 0.0022 | 15.8223 | 3.9394 | 41.0071 | 0.0008 | 4.7748 |
| R44 | 4 | 0.0019 | 13.6690 | 2.4321 | 27.3381 | 0.0005 | 3.0953 |
| R19 | 5 | 0.0035 | 25.1778 | 1.0450 | 2.1582 | 0.0006 | 1.5942 |
| R42 | 6 | 0.0002 | 1.4388 | 0.7014 | 0.7194 | 0.0000 | 0.8561 |
| R17 | 7 | 0.0001 | 0.7194 | 0.4100 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.5363 |
| R16 | F | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0139 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/24/76 Run # 6A

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 5.645

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0369

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3171

Location *inlet*

Time 1609-1629 (2nd Melt, back change ~ 1530)

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 29.97

Mw = 28.58

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.410

avg. Tm (°F) = 95.0

H₂O (grams or %) = 3.19%

meter volume (ft³) = 5.961

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 134

time (minutes) = 20

correction factor = -

U of W

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #32 | Probe & expander | 0.0041 | 31.5384 | | 68.4615 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 115 | 1 | 0.0006 | 4.6153 | 46.6678 | 63.8461 | | |
| " | 2 | 0.0003 | 2.3076 | 19.6768 | 61.5384 | 0.0022 | 36.3030 |
| 12 | 3 | 0.0006 | 4.6153 | 9.4772 | 56.9230 | 0.0053 | 13.6558 |
| 13 | 4 | 0.0012 | 9.2307 | 3.1944 | 47.6923 | 0.0072 | 5.5022 |
| 14 | 5 | 0.0015 | 11.5384 | 2.0170 | 36.1538 | 0.0213 | 2.5383 |
| 15 | 6 | 0.0030 | 23.0769 | 1.0006 | 13.0769 | 0.0279 | 1.4206 |
| 18 | 7 | 0.0017 | 13.0769 | 0.5421 | 0.0000 | 0.0181 | 0.7365 |
| R29 | P | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0130 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/24/76 Run # 68

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 2.8313

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0287

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3200

Location *inlet*
Time 1726 - 1736 (tap)

Orifice D

bar. press. (inHg) = 29.97

Mw = 88.58

avg. Pm (inHg) = 1.870

avg. Tm (°F) = 75.0

H₂O (grams or %) = 3.19 %

meter volume (ft³) = 5.993

avg. Ps (inHg) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 134

time (minutes) = 10

correction factor = -

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #30 Probe & expander | 0.0014 | 27.4509 | | 72.5490 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 44 1 | 0.0004 | 7.8431 | 46.4560 | 64.7058 | | |
| 45 2 | 0.0001 | 1.9607 | 19.5870 | 62.7950 | 0.0015 | 30.1651 |
| 46 3 | 0.0004 | 7.8431 | 9.4336 | 54.9019 | 0.0070 | 13.5932 |
| 47 4 | 0.0002 | 3.9215 | 3.1793 | 50.9803 | 0.0023 | 5.4766 |
| 48 5 | 0.0003 | 5.8823 | 2.0079 | 45.0980 | 0.0084 | 2.5262 |
| 49 6 | 0.0007 | 13.7254 | 0.9955 | 31.3725 | 0.0129 | 1.4136 |
| 50 7 | 0.0005 | 9.8039 | 0.5390 | 21.5686 | 0.0105 | 0.7325 |
| R30 F | 0.0011 | 21.5686 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0051 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/24/76 Run # 6

Location outlet East

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 242.4838

Orifice E

Moisture (%) = 1.6240

bar. press. ("Hg) = 29.97

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0006

Mw = 28.72

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 2.380

avg. Tm (°F) = 90.0

H₂O (grams or %) = 83.3

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.4777

meter volume (ft³) = 268.510

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F) = 129

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC # | Probe & expander | 0.0026 | 25.0000 | | 75.0000 | | |
| A-2 | 0 | 0.0001 | 0.9615 | 13.8172 | 74.0384 | | |
| R89 | 1 | 0.0008 | 7.6923 | 8.6477 | 66.3461 | 0.0002 | 10.9310 |
| A4 | 2 | 0.0010 | 9.6153 | 5.8786 | 56.7307 | 0.0003 | 7.1300 |
| R91 | 3 | 0.0017 | 16.3461 | 4.1023 | 40.3846 | 0.0006 | 4.8505 |
| R6 | 4 | 0.0016 | 15.3846 | 2.4717 | 25.0000 | 0.0004 | 3.1452 |
| R93 | 5 | 0.0019 | 18.2692 | 1.0631 | 6.7307 | 0.0003 | 1.6210 |
| R8 | 6 | 0.0006 | 5.7692 | 0.7141 | 0.9615 | 0.0002 | 0.8713 |
| R95 | 7 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.4184 | 0.9615 | 0.0000 | 0.5966 |
| R28 | F | 0.0001 | 0.9615 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0104 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

6/24 to Night Run
 Date 6/25 Run # NR #1 Location outlet North

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 350.4370
 Moisture (%) = 2.011
 Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0007
 Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.5054

Orifice F
 bar. press. ("Hg) = 29.97
 Mw = 28.72
 avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.475
 avg. Tm (°F) = 89
 H₂O (grams or %) = 149.0
 meter volume (ft³) = 373.570
 avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0
 avg. Ts (°F)² = 134
 time (minutes) = 775
 correction factor = 1

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC 35 Probe & expander | 0.0017 | 9.2537 | | 90.1162 | | |
| 162 0 | 0.0010 | 5.8137 | 13.7534 | 84.3023 | | |
| 153 1 | 0.0013 | 7.5581 | 8.6071 | 76.7441 | 0.0002 | 10.8801 |
| 164 2 | 0.0010 | 11.6279 | 5.8505 | 65.1162 | 0.0003 | 7.0962 |
| 155 3 | 0.0026 | 15.1162 | 3.9827 | 50.5000 | 0.0007 | 4.8271 |
| 166 4 | 0.0030 | 1.4412 | 2.4590 | 32.5081 | 0.0005 | 3.1294 |
| 157 5 | 0.0028 | 16.2790 | 1.0569 | 16.2790 | 0.0003 | 1.6121 |
| 168 6 | 0.0016 | 9.3023 | 0.7095 | 6.7167 | 0.0004 | 0.8660 |
| 159 7 | 0.0008 | 4.6511 | 0.4151 | 2.3255 | 0.0001 | 0.5427 |
| 30 F | 0.0004 | 2.3255 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0172 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/25/76 Run # 7A

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 7.2027

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0664

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3230

Location *inlet*
Time 1620 - 1645 (alloy addition)

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.01

Mw = 28.60

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.592

avg. Tm (°F) = 83

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.28%

meter volume (ft³) = 7.594

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 130

time (minutes) = 25

correction factor =

UgW

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|---------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC # 37 | Probe & expander | 0.0075 | 24.7524 | | 75.2475 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 51 | 1 | 0.0004 | 1.3201 | 46.1564 | 73.9273 | | |
| 52 | 2 | 0.0002 | 0.6600 | 19.4609 | 73.2673 | 0.0011 | 29.9709 |
| 53 | 3 | 0.0038 | 11.5511 | 9.3729 | 61.7161 | 0.0241 | 13.5057 |
| 54 | 4 | 0.0027 | 8.9108 | 3.1589 | 52.8052 | 0.0125 | 5.4413 |
| 55 | 5 | 0.0040 | 13.2013 | 1.9944 | 39.6039 | 0.0439 | 2.5100 |
| 56 | 6 | 0.0037 | 12.2112 | 0.9891 | 27.3927 | 0.0266 | 1.4045 |
| 57 | 7 | 0.0047 | 15.5115 | 0.5356 | 11.8811 | 0.0386 | 0.7276 |
| R34 | F | 0.0036 | 11.8811 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0303 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/25/76 Run # 78

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.3258

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.1022

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3233

Location inlet

Time 1723-1738 (1st well)

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.01

Mw = 28.60

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.563

avg. Tm (°F) = 85

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.38 %

meter volume (ft³) = 4.573

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 130

time (minutes) = 15

correction factor =

UgW

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #38 | Probe & expander | 0.0056 | 20.0000 | | 80.0000 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 37 | 1 | 0.0004 | 1.4285 | 46.1342 | 78.5714 | | |
| 38 | 2 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 19.4513 | 78.5714 | 0.0000 | 29.9561 |
| 39 | 3 | 0.0023 | 8.2142 | 9.3682 | 70.3571 | 0.0264 | 13.4990 |
| 40 | 4 | 0.0031 | 11.6714 | 3.1573 | 59.2857 | 0.0239 | 5.4386 |
| 41 | 5 | 0.0053 | 18.9285 | 1.9934 | 40.3571 | 0.0968 | 2.5087 |
| 42 | 6 | 0.0039 | 13.9285 | 0.9886 | 26.4285 | 0.0467 | 1.4038 |
| 43 | 7 | 0.0050 | 17.8571 | 0.5352 | 8.5714 | 0.0684 | 0.7274 |
| A33 | P | 0.0024 | 8.5714 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0280 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/25/76 Run # 7C

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.3009

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0947

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3214

Location *inlet*
Time 1806-1821 (2nd half)

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.01

Mw = 28.60

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.55

avg. Tm (°F) = 83.5

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.28%

meter volume (ft³) = 4.532

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 130

time (minutes) = 15

correction factor =

U of W

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #39 | Probe & expander | 0.0074 | 28.6821 | | 71.3178 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 30 | 1 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 46.2684 | 71.3178 | | |
| 31 | 2 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 19.5081 | 71.3178 | 0.0000 | 30.0435 |
| 32 | 3 | 0.0003 | 1.6127 | 9.3958 | 70.1550 | 0.0034 | 13.5386 |
| 33 | 4 | 0.0005 | 1.9379 | 3.1668 | 68.2170 | 0.0038 | 5.4548 |
| 34 | 5 | 0.0046 | 17.8294 | 1.9995 | 50.3875 | 0.0845 | 2.5164 |
| 35 | 6 | 0.0097 | 37.5968 | 0.9919 | 12.7906 | 0.1169 | 1.4083 |
| 36 | 7 | 0.0026 | 10.0775 | 0.5371 | 2.7131 | 0.0358 | 0.7299 |
| R 32 | F | 0.0007 | 2.7131 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0258 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/25/76 Run # 7

Location outlet East

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 257.4283

Orifice E

Moisture (%) = 2.1314

bar. press. (inHg) = 30.01

Mw = 58.63

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0006

avg. Pm (inHg) = 1.96

avg. Tm (°F) = 78

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.5241

H₂O (grams or %) = 116.0

meter volume (ft³) = 272.851

avg. Ps (inH₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F) = 125

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-----|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC# | Probe & expander | 0.0019 | 17.1171 | | 82.8828 | | |
| R16 | 0 | 0.0001 | 0.9009 | 13.4284 | 81.9819 | | |
| R47 | 1 | 0.0006 | 5.4054 | 8.4031 | 76.5765 | 0.0001 | 10.6227 |
| R14 | 2 | 0.0010 | 9.0090 | 5.7114 | 67.5675 | 0.0002 | 6.9278 |
| R45 | 3 | 0.0023 | 20.7207 | 3.8876 | 46.8468 | 0.0008 | 4.7121 |
| R12 | 4 | 0.0020 | 18.0180 | 2.4000 | 26.5286 | 0.0005 | 3.0545 |
| R43 | 5 | 0.0026 | 23.4234 | 1.0311 | 5.4054 | 0.0004 | 1.5731 |
| R10 | 6 | 0.0003 | 2.7027 | 0.6919 | 2.7027 | 0.0001 | 0.8446 |
| R41 | 7 | 0.0003 | 2.7027 | 0.4043 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.5289 |
| R9 | F | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0111 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/28/76 Run # 8A
 Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 5.6092
 Moisture (%) =
 Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0594
 Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3112

Location inlet
 Time 0828-0849 (back change, 2nd melt)
 Orifice
 bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.16
 M_w = 58.70
 avg. P_m ("Hg) = 1.43
 avg. T_m (°F) = 78
 H₂O (grams or %) = 1.89%
 meter volume (ft³) = 5.819
 avg. P_s ("H₂O) = 4.50
 avg. T_s (°F) = 127
 time (minutes) = 20
 correction factor = -

U of W

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| B#18 | Probe & expander | 0.0104 | 49.0566 | | 50.9433 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 30 | 1 | 0.0004 | 1.8867 | 46.9587 | 49.0566 | | |
| 31 | 2 | 0.0004 | 1.8867 | 19.8010 | 47.1698 | 0.0029 | 30.4931 |
| 32 | 3 | 0.0010 | 4.7169 | 9.5383 | 42.4528 | 0.0088 | 13.7429 |
| 33 | 4 | 0.0010 | 4.7169 | 3.2167 | 37.7355 | 0.0059 | 5.5391 |
| 34 | 5 | 0.0018 | 8.4905 | 2.0319 | 29.2452 | 0.0252 | 2.5566 |
| 35 | 6 | 0.0022 | 10.3773 | 1.0092 | 18.8679 | 0.0202 | 1.4320 |
| 36 | 7 | 0.0023 | 10.8490 | 0.5478 | 8.0188 | 0.0243 | 0.7435 |
| R38 | F | 0.0017 | 8.0156 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0212 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/28/76 Run # 8B

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 5.5446

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0558

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3076

Location inlet

Time 0925-0945 (2nd melt)

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.16

Mw = 28.70

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.510

avg. Tm (°F) = 83.5

H₂O (grams or %) = 1.89%

meter volume (ft³) = 5.827

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 127

time (minutes) = 20

correction factor = -

UgW

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| B #17 | Probe & expander | <u>0.0085</u> | <u>44.7365</u> | | <u>55.2631</u> | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 37 | 1 | <u>0.0002</u> | <u>1.0526</u> | <u>47.2322</u> | <u>54.2105</u> | | |
| 38 | 2 | <u>0.0000</u> | <u>0.0000</u> | <u>19.9166</u> | <u>54.2105</u> | <u>0.0000</u> | <u>30.6711</u> |
| 39 | 3 | <u>0.0004</u> | <u>2.1052</u> | <u>9.5946</u> | <u>52.1052</u> | <u>0.0035</u> | <u>13.8236</u> |
| 40 | 4 | <u>0.0009</u> | <u>4.7368</u> | <u>3.2561</u> | <u>47.3684</u> | <u>0.0054</u> | <u>5.5722</u> |
| 41 | 5 | <u>0.0017</u> | <u>8.4413</u> | <u>2.0445</u> | <u>38.4413</u> | <u>0.0241</u> | <u>2.5722</u> |
| 42 | 6 | <u>0.0023</u> | <u>12.1052</u> | <u>1.0158</u> | <u>26.0157</u> | <u>0.0214</u> | <u>1.4411</u> |
| 43 | 7 | <u>0.0027</u> | <u>14.2105</u> | <u>0.5517</u> | <u>12.1052</u> | <u>0.0288</u> | <u>0.7486</u> |
| R39 | F | <u>0.0023</u> | <u>12.1052</u> | | | | |
| | Total | <u>0.0190</u> | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/28/76 Run # 8C

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 6.9026

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0485

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3064

Location *inlet*

Time 1636-1701 (2nd mtg, oxy. lance, alloy add.)

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.16

Mw = 58.70

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.483

avg. Tm (°F) = 86.7

H₂O (grams or %) = 1.89 %

meter volume (ft³) = 7.290

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 127

time (minutes) = 25

correction factor = —

U of W

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #42 | Probe & expander | 0.0054 | 25.3521 | | 74.6478 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 51 | 1 | 0.0006 | 2.8169 | 47.3287 | 71.8309 | | |
| 52 | 2 | 0.0002 | 0.9389 | 19.9577 | 70.8920 | 0.0012 | 30.7339 |
| 53 | 3 | 0.0006 | 2.8169 | 9.6144 | 68.0751 | 0.0093 | 13.8521 |
| 54 | 4 | 0.0008 | 3.7558 | 3.2430 | 64.3192 | 0.0038 | 5.5838 |
| 55 | 5 | 0.0027 | 12.6760 | 2.0489 | 51.6431 | 0.0308 | 2.5777 |
| 56 | 6 | 0.0036 | 16.9014 | 1.0181 | 34.7417 | 0.0270 | 1.4443 |
| 57 | 7 | 0.0035 | 16.4319 | 0.5530 | 18.3098 | 0.0300 | 0.7504 |
| R40 | 8 | 0.0039 | 18.3098 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0213 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/28/76 Run # 80

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.1009

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0368

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3034

Location *and it*
 Time 1734-1749 (balance fgs - reducing)
 Orifice *D* *data sheet - slog - v. bal*
 bar. press. (inHg) = 30.16
 Mw = 58.70
 avg. Pm (inHg) = 1.450
 avg. Tm (°F) = 92.5
 H₂O (grams or %) = 1.84 %
 meter volume (ft³) = 4.372
 avg. Ps (inHg) = 4.50
 avg. Ts (°F) = 127
 time (minutes) = 15
 correction factor =

Org W

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #45 | Probe & expander | 0.0049 | 51.0416 | | 48.9583 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 155 | 1 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 47.5633 | 48.9583 | | |
| 16 | 2 | 0.0001 | 1.0416 | 20.0570 | 47.9166 | 0.0010 | 30.8865 |
| 17 | 3 | 0.0002 | 2.0833 | 9.6626 | 45.8333 | 0.0024 | 13.9213 |
| 18 | 4 | 0.0003 | 3.1250 | 3.2596 | 42.7083 | 0.0024 | 5.6122 |
| 19 | 5 | 0.0007 | 7.2916 | 2.0597 | 35.4166 | 0.0134 | 2.5911 |
| 20 | 6 | 0.0011 | 11.4583 | 1.0237 | 23.9583 | 0.0138 | 1.4521 |
| 21 | 7 | 0.0011 | 11.4583 | 0.5364 | 12.5000 | 0.0159 | 0.7547 |
| R 41 | 8 | 0.0012 | 12.5000 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0096 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/28/76 Run # 8

Location outlet East

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 272.6080

Orifice E

Moisture (%) = 1.4540

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.16

Mw = 48.62

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0009

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 2.119

avg. Tm (°F) = 98

H₂O (grams or %) = 83.8

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.5550

meter volume (ft³) = 301.856

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F)² = 128

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|---------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC # 43 | Probe & expander | 0.0039 | 23.7804 | | 76.2195 | | |
| R104 | 0 | 0.0002 | 1.2195 | 13.0703 | 75.0000 | | |
| R151 | 1 | 0.0008 | 4.8780 | 8.1774 | 70.1219 | 0.0002 | 10.3383 |
| R122 | 2 | 0.0018 | 10.9756 | 5.5566 | 59.1463 | 0.0006 | 6.7408 |
| R149 | 3 | 0.0031 | 18.9024 | 3.7810 | 40.2439 | 0.0010 | 4.5836 |
| R100 | 4 | 0.0021 | 12.8048 | 2.3328 | 27.4390 | 0.0005 | 2.9699 |
| R147 | 5 | 0.0029 | 17.6829 | 1.0005 | 9.7560 | 0.0004 | 1.5278 |
| R98 | 6 | 0.0014 | 8.5365 | 0.6704 | 1.2195 | 0.0004 | 0.8190 |
| R145 | 7 | 0.0002 | 1.2195 | 0.3902 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.5115 |
| R31 | F | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0164 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

6/28 to Night Run
 Date 6/29/76 Run # NR #2 Location outlet North
 Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 504.9877 Orifice F
 Moisture (%) = 1.0303 bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.16
 Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0005 Mw = 28.62
 Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.7118 avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1710
 avg. Tm (°F) = 88.5
 H₂O (grams or %)₃ = 11
 meter volume (ft³) = 544.075
 avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0
 avg. Ts (°F)₂ = 128
 time (minutes) = 780
 correction factor = 1

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #46 Probe & expander | 0.0029 | 14.9484 | | 85.0513 | | |
| 178 G 0 | 0.0012 | 6.7010 | 11.5305 | 76.3505 | | |
| 169 G 1 | 0.0005 | 2.5173 | 7.2010 | 75.7131 | 0.0005 | 9.1159 |
| 180 G 2 | 0.0023 | 11.8326 | 4.6916 | 63.7115 | 0.0004 | 5.9376 |
| 171 G 3 | 0.0024 | 12.357 | 3.3237 | 46.317 | 0.0006 | 4.0323 |
| 1372 G 4 | 0.0029 | 14.9484 | 2.0456 | 31.4432 | 0.0004 | 2.6075 |
| 173 G 5 | 0.0026 | 13.4020 | 0.8710 | 18.0412 | 0.0002 | 1.3348 |
| 1322 G 6 | 0.0020 | 10.3042 | 0.5192 | 7.7319 | 0.0003 | 0.7103 |
| 175 G 7 | 0.0009 | 4.6391 | 0.2512 | 3.0727 | 0.0001 | 0.4380 |
| 7 GF F | 0.0006 | 3.0927 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0194 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/29/76 Run # 9A

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 8.3350

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0682

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3241

Location inlet
Time of day 7-0927 (1st melt)

Orifice

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.06

Mw = 28.59

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1413

avg. Tm (°F) = 84

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.32 %

meter volume (ft³) = 8.730

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 155

time (minutes) = 30

correction factor = 1

U of W

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #48 | Probe & expander | 0.0091 | 10.2777 | | 74.7222 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 115 | 1 | 0.0010 | 2.7777 | 46.5848 | 71.9444 | | |
| 11 | 2 | 0.0007 | 1.4144 | 19.6390 | 10.5555 | 0.0035 | 30.2470 |
| 12 | 3 | 0.0024 | 6.6666 | 9.4565 | 63.3333 | 0.0143 | 13.6278 |
| 13 | 4 | 0.0042 | 11.6666 | 3.1844 | 51.6666 | 0.0168 | 5.4876 |
| 14 | 5 | 0.0038 | 10.5555 | 2.0091 | 41.1111 | 0.0360 | 2.5294 |
| 15 | 6 | 0.0064 | 17.7777 | 0.9946 | 21.3333 | 0.0397 | 1.4136 |
| 18 | 7 | 0.0058 | 16.1111 | 0.5369 | 7.2222 | 0.0410 | 0.7307 |
| R 42 | P | 0.0026 | 7.2222 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0360 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/29/76 Run # 98

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 8.1456

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0532

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.2167

Location *inlet*

Time 0158-1028 (2nd shift)

Orifice 0

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.06

Mw = 28.59

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.443

avg. Tm (°F) = 89

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.32 %

meter volume (ft³) = 8.672

avg. Ps ("H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F)² = 155

time (minutes) = 30

correction factor = -

0.06

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #49 | Probe & expander | 0.0069 | 24.9547 | | 75.0102 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 30 | 1 | 0.0009 | 3.140 | 40.9809 | 71.2111 | | |
| 31 | 2 | 0.0007 | 2.5270 | 19.8065 | 69.2110 | 0.0025 | 30.5049 |
| 32 | 3 | 0.0013 | 4.6431 | 9.5378 | 64.0209 | 0.0078 | 13.7445 |
| 33 | 4 | 0.0001 | 7.5812 | 3.2125 | 57.0397 | 0.0003 | 5.5354 |
| 34 | 5 | 0.0032 | 14.6741 | 1.5012 | 42.7602 | 0.0375 | 2.5520 |
| 35 | 6 | 0.0049 | 17.6845 | 1.0040 | 25.2707 | 0.0309 | 1.4267 |
| 36 | 7 | 0.0048 | 17.3265 | 0.5426 | 7.9422 | 0.0346 | 0.7381 |
| R43 | 8 | 0.0022 | 7.9422 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0217 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/29/76 Run # 9C

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.1495

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.1266

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3227

Location inlet

Time 1559-1614 (beginning 1st melt)

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.06

Mw = 28.59

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.40

avg. Tm (°F) = 95

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.32%

meter volume (ft³) = 4.432

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 155

time (minutes) = 15

correction factor = -

U6W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #50 Probe & expander | 0.0075 | 22.1893 | | 77.8106 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 44 1 | 0.0009 | 2.4627 | 46.6861 | 75.1479 | | |
| 45 2 | 0.0009 | 2.6627 | 19.6819 | 72.4852 | 0.0091 | 30.3129 |
| 46 3 | 0.0037 | 10.9467 | 9.4773 | 61.5384 | 0.0443 | 13.6577 |
| 47 4 | 0.0028 | 6.2840 | 3.1916 | 53.2544 | 0.0725 | 5.4998 |
| 48 5 | 0.0051 | 15.0887 | 2.0137 | 38.1656 | 0.0970 | 2.5352 |
| 49 6 | 0.0055 | 16.2721 | 0.9970 | 21.8934 | 0.0685 | 1.4169 |
| 50 7 | 0.0052 | 15.3846 | 0.5383 | 6.5088 | 0.0739 | 0.7326 |
| R47 F | 0.0022 | 6.5086 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0338 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/29/76 Run # 90

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.1378

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.1443

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3218

Location *inlet*
Time 1652-1707 (end 1st melt)

Orifice D

bar. press. (inHg) = 30.06

Mw = 28.59

avg. Pm (inHg) = 1.50

avg. Tm (°F) = 95

H₂O (grams or %) = 2.32 %

meter volume (ft³) = 4.435

avg. Ps (inHg) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 155

time (minutes) = 15

correction factor =

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #51 Probe & expander | 0.0078 | 20.6311 | | 79.3650 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 37 1 | 0.0010 | 2.6455 | 46.7522 | 76.7195 | | |
| 38 2 | 0.0003 | 0.7936 | 19.7099 | 75.9259 | 0.0030 | 30.3559 |
| 39 3 | 0.0013 | 3.4391 | 9.4909 | 72.4867 | 0.0156 | 13.6771 |
| 40 4 | 0.0029 | 7.6719 | 3.1963 | 64.8148 | 0.0234 | 5.5078 |
| 41 5 | 0.0074 | 19.5767 | 2.0168 | 45.2380 | 0.1412 | 2.5389 |
| 42 6 | 0.0068 | 17.7874 | 0.9986 | 27.2486 | 0.0850 | 1.4191 |
| 43 7 | 0.0062 | 16.2221 | 0.5393 | 10.8465 | 0.0884 | 0.7338 |
| 51 8 | 0.0041 | 10.8465 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0376 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/29/76 Run # 9

Location outlet North

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 259.6227

Orifice F

Moisture (%) = 1.7198

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.06

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0009

Mw = 18.59

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.690

avg. Tm (°F) = 92.5

H₂O (grams or %) = 94.4

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.5349

meter volume (ft³) = 280.584

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F)² = 133

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|--------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #53 | Probe & expander | 0.0001 | 12.7272 | | 87.2727 | | |
| R192 | 0 | 0.0006 | 3.6363 | 13.3580 | 83.6363 | | |
| R79 | 1 | 0.0009 | 5.4545 | 8.3582 | 78.1818 | 0.0002 | 10.5664 |
| R190 | 2 | 0.0017 | 10.3030 | 5.6801 | 67.8787 | 0.0006 | 6.8902 |
| R77 | 3 | 0.0028 | 16.9696 | 3.8656 | 50.9090 | 0.0010 | 4.6858 |
| R188 | 4 | 0.0031 | 18.7878 | 2.3855 | 32.1212 | 0.0008 | 3.0367 |
| R75 | 5 | 0.0036 | 21.8181 | 1.0238 | 10.3030 | 0.0005 | 1.5628 |
| R186 | 6 | 0.0011 | 6.6666 | 0.6863 | 3.6363 | 0.0003 | 0.8382 |
| R73 | 7 | 0.0002 | 1.2121 | 0.4002 | 2.4242 | 0.0000 | 0.5241 |
| R50 | P | 0.0004 | 2.4242 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0165 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

6/29 ~~to~~ Night Run
 Date 6/30/76 Run # NR #3
 Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 390.7335
 Moisture (%) = 1.5386
 Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0008
 Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.4830

Location outlet North
 Orifice F
 bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.06
 Mw = 28.59
 avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.64
 avg. Tm (°F) = 93
 H₂O (grams or %) = 127.1
 meter volume (ft³) = 422.697
 avg. Ps (+ "H₂O) = 0
 avg. Ts (°F)² = 133
 time (minutes) = 900
 correction factor = 1

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #54 Probe & expander | 0.0027 | 12.5581 | | 87.4418 | | |
| 128 0 | 0.0010 | 4.6511 | 14.0622 | 82.7906 | | |
| 121 1 | 0.0013 | 6.0465 | 8.8016 | 76.7441 | 0.0002 | 11.1252 |
| 130 2 | 0.0026 | 12.0930 | 5.9836 | 64.6511 | 0.0006 | 7.2571 |
| 133 3 | 0.0037 | 17.2093 | 4.0741 | 47.4418 | 0.0008 | 4.9374 |
| 132 4 | 0.0040 | 18.6046 | 2.5164 | 28.8372 | 0.0007 | 3.2019 |
| 125 5 | 0.0034 | 15.8139 | 1.0827 | 13.0232 | 0.0003 | 1.6506 |
| 124 6 | 0.0019 | 8.8372 | 0.7276 | 4.1860 | 0.0004 | 0.8876 |
| 127 7 | 0.0004 | 1.8604 | 0.4267 | 2.3255 | 0.0000 | 0.5572 |
| 38 F | 0.0005 | 2.3255 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0215 | | | | | |

all
 60 grains
 Typing
 A

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/30/76 Run # 10 A

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.3048

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0571

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3237

Location inlet

Time 0839-0844 (bulk change - 2nd met)

Orifice bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.03

Mw = 28.68

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.388

avg. Tm (°F) = 82

H₂O (grams or %) = 1.56 %

meter volume (ft³) = 4.528

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 134

time (minutes) = 15

correction factor = -

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #56 Probe & expander | 0.0076 | 48.406 | | 51.5923 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 15 1 | 0.0003 | 1.9108 | 46.1892 | 49.6815 | | |
| 16 2 | 0.0004 | 2.5477 | 19.4741 | 47.1237 | 0.0038 | 29.9916 |
| 17 3 | 0.0006 | 3.8216 | 9.3789 | 43.3121 | 0.0068 | 13.5147 |
| 18 4 | 0.0006 | 3.8216 | 3.1606 | 39.4904 | 0.0046 | 5.4445 |
| 19 5 | 0.0014 | 8.9171 | 1.9952 | 30.5732 | 0.0255 | 2.5112 |
| 20 6 | 0.0012 | 7.6433 | 0.9893 | 22.9299 | 0.0143 | 1.4049 |
| 21 7 | 0.0018 | 11.4649 | 0.5354 | 11.4649 | 0.0245 | 0.7278 |
| 53 F | 0.0018 | 11.4649 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0157 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/30/76 Run # 108
 Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.5332
 Moisture (%) =
 Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0497
 Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3196

Location inlet
 Time 0915-0931 (2nd shift)
 Orifice D
 bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.03
 Mw = 28.68
 avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.50
 avg. Tm (°F) = 85.4
 H₂O (grams or %) = 1.56%
 meter volume (ft³) = 4.817
 avg. Ps (+ "H₂O) = 4.50
 avg. Ts (°F) = 134
 time (minutes) = 16
 correction factor = -

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #57 Probe & expander | 0.0073 | 50.6944 | | 49.3055 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 51 1 | 0.0001 | 0.6944 | 46.4874 | 48.6111 | | |
| 52 2 | 0.0001 | 0.6944 | 19.6005 | 47.9166 | 0.0009 | 30.1857 |
| 53 3 | 0.0004 | 2.7777 | 9.4402 | 45.1388 | 0.0043 | 13.6027 |
| 54 4 | 0.0006 | 4.1666 | 3.1818 | 40.9722 | 0.0043 | 5.4806 |
| 55 5 | 0.0007 | 4.8611 | 2.0089 | 36.1111 | 0.0121 | 2.5282 |
| 56 6 | 0.0013 | 9.0277 | 0.9964 | 27.0833 | 0.0147 | 1.4148 |
| 57 7 | 0.0026 | 15.2777 | 0.5397 | 11.8055 | 0.0285 | 0.7333 |
| R46 P | 0.0017 | 11.8055 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0144 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/30/76 Run # 10 C

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.1741

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0856

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.339

Location *inlet*
Time 1459 - 1514 (1st mlt - 1.1)

Orifice D

bar. press. (inHg) = 30.03

Mr = 28.68

avg. Pm (inHg) = 1.40

avg. Tm (°F) = 93.8

H₂O (grams or %) = 1.56%

meter volume (ft³) = 4.488

avg. Ps (+inH₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F)² = 134

time (minutes) = 15

correction factor = —

U of W

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #58 Probe & expander | 0.0095 | 41.6666 | | 58.3333 | | |
| 0 | | | | | | |
| 37 1 | 0.0001 | 0.4385 | 46.9086 | 57.6947 | | |
| 38 2 | 0.0010 | 4.3859 | 19.7789 | 53.5087 | 0.0100 | 30.4598 |
| 39 3 | 0.0015 | 6.5789 | 9.3268 | 46.9298 | 0.0177 | 13.7270 |
| 40 4 | 0.0020 | 8.7719 | 3.2117 | 38.1578 | 0.0159 | 5.5315 |
| 41 5 | 0.0031 | 13.5964 | 2.0282 | 24.5614 | 0.0583 | 2.5523 |
| 42 6 | 0.0029 | 12.7192 | 1.0066 | 11.8421 | 0.0357 | 1.4289 |
| 43 7 | 0.0017 | 7.4561 | 0.5457 | 4.3859 | 0.0240 | 0.7411 |
| R45 P | 0.0010 | 4.3859 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0218 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/30/76 Run # 100

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 4.1698

Moisture (%) =

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0868

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.3135

Location inlet
Time 1549-1604 (2nd melt) ✓

Orifice D

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.03

Mw = 28.68

avg. Pm ("Hg) = 1.475

avg. Tm (°F) = 94.4

H₂O (grams or %) = 1.56%

meter volume (ft³) = 4.500

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 4.50

avg. Ts (°F) = 134

time (minutes) = 15

correction factor = —

U of W

| | Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #9 | Probe & expander | 0.0085 | 36.7965 | | 63.2034 | | |
| | 0 | | | | | | |
| 44 | 1 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 46.9330 | 63.2034 | | |
| 45 | 2 | 0.0004 | 1.7316 | 19.7892 | 61.4718 | 0.0040 | 30.4757 |
| 46 | 3 | 0.0009 | 3.8961 | 9.5318 | 57.5757 | 0.0106 | 13.7342 |
| 47 | 4 | 0.0061 | 26.4069 | 3.2134 | 31.1688 | 0.0485 | 5.5344 |
| 48 | 5 | 0.0014 | 6.0606 | 2.0293 | 25.1082 | 0.0263 | 2.5537 |
| 49 | 6 | 0.0016 | 6.9264 | 1.0072 | 18.1818 | 0.0197 | 1.4297 |
| 50 | 7 | 0.0027 | 11.6883 | 0.5460 | 6.4935 | 0.0381 | 0.7416 |
| R 44 | P | 0.0015 | 6.4435 | | | | |
| | Total | 0.0251 | | | | | |

ANDERSEN IMPACTOR

Date 6/30/76 Run # 10

Location outlet North

Sample volume at STP (ft³) = 275.4868

Orifice F

Moisture (%) = 1.3220

bar. press. ("Hg) = 30.03

Concentration (grains/ft³) = 0.0008

Mw = 38.70

avg. Pm (-"Hg) = 1.963

avg. Tm (°F) = 93.2

H₂O (grams or %) = 77.0

Impactor flow rate (acfm) = 0.5653

meter volume (ft³) = 302.544

avg. Ps (+H₂O) = 0

avg. Ts (°F) = 130

time (minutes) = 540

correction factor = 1

| Stage | Net weight (gm) | % on stage | Size cutoff (μm) | % ≤ stated size | dm/d log D | Geo. Mean (μm) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| TC #60 Probe & expander | 0.0027 | 18.6206 | | 81.3793 | | |
| R184 0 | 0.0005 | 3.4482 | 12.9674 | 77.9310 | | |
| R71 1 | 0.0009 | 6.2068 | 8.1124 | 71.7241 | 0.0002 | 10.2565 |
| R172 2 | 0.0019 | 13.1034 | 5.5120 | 58.6206 | 0.0006 | 6.6870 |
| R69 3 | 0.0024 | 16.5517 | 3.7503 | 42.0689 | 0.0018 | 4.5466 |
| R180 4 | 0.0027 | 18.6206 | 2.3134 | 23.4482 | 0.0007 | 2.9455 |
| R67 5 | 0.0021 | 14.4827 | 0.9917 | 8.9655 | 0.0003 | 1.5146 |
| R178 6 | 0.0010 | 6.8965 | 0.6641 | 2.0689 | 0.0003 | 0.8115 |
| R65 7 | 0.0002 | 1.3793 | 0.3861 | 0.6896 | 0.0000 | 0.5063 |
| 56 F | 0.0001 | 0.6896 | | | | |
| Total | 0.0145 | | | | | |

APPENDIX F
FINE PARTICLE MEASUREMENTS

Table F-1. FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 1

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1521 | | | 9.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,400 | 0.3 |
| 1524 | | | 1.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 180 | 0.5 |
| 1526 | | | 9.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 160 | 1.0 |
| 1529 | | | 5.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 0.41 | 2.0 |
| 1533 | | | 3.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,400 | 0.3 |
| 1535 | | | 5.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,300 | 0.3 |
| 1537 | | | 5.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,500 | 0.3 |
| 1539 | | | 6.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,300 | 0.3 |
| 1541 | | | 7.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,000 | 0.3 |
| 1543 | | | — | 0.0025 | 29 | 0.5 |
| 1554 | | | 7.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,200 | 0.3 |
| 1600 | | | 5.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,600 | 0.3 |
| 1604 | | | 7.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,300 | 0.3 |
| 1608 | | | 4.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 54 | 0.5 |
| 1612 | | | 4.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 19 | 1.0 |
| 1616 | | | 3.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | 0.38 | 2.0 |
| 1619 | | | 6.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,300 | 0.3 |
| 1624 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | | |
| 1627 | | | 7.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,700 | 0.3 |
| 1630 | | | 9.3×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,500 | 0.3 |
| 1634 | | | 6.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 120 | 0.5 |
| 1637 | | | 8.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | 22 | 1.0 |
| 1640 | | | 8.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 0 | 2.0 |
| 1644 | | | 8.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,600 | 0.3 |
| 1647 | | | 8.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,400 | 0.3 |
| 1650 | | | 6.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | 300 | 0.3 |
| 1654 | | | 7.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 20 | 0.5 |
| 1657 | | | 8.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 70 | 1.0 |
| 1659 | | | 8.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 0.59 | 2.0 |
| 1702 | | | 8.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,100 | 0.3 |
| 1706 | | | 3.3×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,600 | 0.3 |
| 1709 | | | 3.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,500 | 0.3 |
| 1712 | | | 5.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,200 | 0.3 |
| 1715 | | | 3.8×10^7 | 0.0025 | 16 | 0.5 |
| 1718 | | | 3.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 23 | 1.0 |
| 1721 | | | 2.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | 0.00 | 2.0 |
| 1724 | | | 2.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,600 | 0.3 |
| 1727 | | | 2.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,400 | 0.3 |
| 1730 | | | 5.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,300 | 0.3 |

Table F-1 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 1

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1733 | | | 4.3×10^7 | 0.0025 | 530 | 0.5 |
| 1735 | | | 4.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | 140 | 1.0 |
| 1738 | | | 2.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | 0.33 | 2.0 |
| 1741 | | | 2.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 2,400 | 0.3 |
| 1744 | | | 2.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 2,000 | 0.3 |
| 1747 | | | 3.4×10^7 | 0.0025 | 2,200 | 0.3 |
| 1750 | | | 4.8×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,500 | 0.5 |
| 1753 | | | 3.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 340 | 1.0 |
| 1755 | | | 5.4×10^7 | 0.0025 | 0.11 | 2.0 |
| 1758 | | | 3.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 2,500 | 0.3 |
| 1801 | | | 3.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 2,400 | 0.3 |
| 1804 | | | 3.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 2,400 | 0.3 |
| 1807 | | | 3.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | 530 | 0.5 |
| 1810 | | | 1.6×10^7 | 0.0025 | 550 | 1.0 |
| 1813 | | | 1.6×10^7 | 0.0025 | 370 | 1.0 |
| 1816 | | | 2.6×10^7 | 0.0025 | 0.68 | 2.0 |
| 1818 | | | 1.9×10^7 | 0.0025 | 2,200 | 0.3 |
| 1821 | | | 1.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 2,100 | 0.3 |
| 1824 | | | 4.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,800 | 0.3 |
| 1827 | | | 4.4×10^7 | 0.0025 | 120 | 0.5 |
| 1830 | | | 2.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 48 | 1.0 |
| 1833 | | | 1.6×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| 1836 | | | 4.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 970 | 0.3 |
| 1838 | | | 1.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | 830 | 0.3 |
| 1841 | | | 4.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,500 | 0.3 |
| 1843 | | | 2.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 320 | 0.5 |
| 1846 | | | 2.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 380 | 1.0 |
| 1848 | | | 1.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 0.33 | 2.0 |
| 1851 | | | 1.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,300 | 0.3 |
| 1854 | | | 3.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,300 | 0.3 |
| 1857 | | | 3.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,300 | 0.3 |
| 1859 | | | 3.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 340 | 0.5 |
| 1902 | | | 3.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | 140 | 1.0 |
| 1905 | | | 2.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| 1907 | | | 2.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,200 | 0.3 |
| 1910 | | | 3.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,200 | 0.3 |
| 1913 | | | 6.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,900 | 0.3 |
| 1916 | | | 6.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 214 | 0.5 |
| 1918 | | | 3.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 170 | 1.0 |

Table F-1 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 1

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1921 | | | 6.3×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| 1924 | | | 5.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,200 | 0.3 |
| 1927 | | | 5.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,000 | 0.3 |
| 1929 | | | 2.5×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,600 | 0.3 |
| 1932 | | | 2.8×10^7 | 0.0025 | 92 | 0.5 |
| 1934 | | | 6.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 26 | 1.0 |
| 1937 | | | 3.8×10^7 | 0.0025 | 0.11 | 2.0 |
| 1940 | | | 5.8×10^7 | 0.0025 | 420 | 0.3 |
| 1943 | | | 5.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,500 | 0.3 |
| 1945 | | | 5.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,700 | 0.3 |
| 1948 | | | 4.9×10^7 | 0.0025 | 140 | 0.5 |
| 1950 | | | 6.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 19 | 1.0 |
| 1953 | | | 6.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1.1 | 2.0 |

Table F-2. FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 2

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1116 | | | 5,000 | 0.0025 | 17 | 0.3 |
| 1118 | | | 6,000 | 0.0025 | 11 | 0.3 |
| 1121 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 7.4 | 0.3 |
| 1126 | | | 160,000 | 0.0025 | 70 | 0.3 |
| 1128 | | | 80,000 | 0.0025 | 47 | 0.3 |
| 1130 | | | 13,000 | 0.0025 | 35 | 0.3 |
| 1132 | | | 36,000 | 0.0025 | 22 | 0.3 |
| 1143 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 10 | 0.3 |
| 1146 | | | 16,000 | 0.0025 | 6.7 | 0.3 |
| 1148 | | | 50,000 | 0.0025 | 38 | 0.3 |
| 1153 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 8.4 | 0.3 |
| 1155 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 4.5 | 0.3 |
| 1158 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 6.5 | 0.3 |
| 1200 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 24 | 0.3 |
| 1203 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| 1205 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 3.1 | 0.3 |
| 1208 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 2.9 | 0.3 |
| 1210 | | | 150,000 | 0.0025 | 43 | 0.3 |
| 1212 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 6.1 | 0.3 |
| 1215 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 3.8 | 0.3 |
| 1217 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| 1219 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 2.4 | 0.3 |
| 1222 | | | 80,000 | 0.0025 | 61 | 0.3 |
| 1224 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 8.9 | 0.3 |
| 1226 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 5.4 | 0.3 |
| 1228 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| 1230 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| 1233 | | | 60,000 | 0.0025 | 42 | 0.3 |
| 1235 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 5.4 | 0.3 |
| 1238 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 4.8 | 0.3 |
| 1240 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 3.6 | 0.3 |
| 1242 | | | 15,000 | 0.0025 | 6.9 | 0.3 |
| 1244 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 37 | 0.3 |
| 1246 | | | 17,000 | 0.0025 | 4.0 | 0.3 |
| 1249 | | | 15,000 | 0.0025 | 3.3 | 0.3 |
| 1252 | | | 16,000 | 0.0025 | 13 | 0.3 |

Table F-2 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 2

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1300 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 17 | 0.3 |
| 1306 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 69 | 0.3 |
| 1309 | | | 5,200 | 0.0025 | 16 | 0.3 |
| 1312 | | | 6,600 | 0.0025 | 9.2 | 0.3 |
| 1314 | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 0.3 |
| 1316 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 25 | 0.3 |
| 1319 | | | 170,000 | 0.0025 | 64 | 0.3 |
| 1321 | | | 115,000 | 0.0025 | 34 | 0.3 |
| 1323 | | | 100,000 | 0.0025 | 18 | 0.3 |
| 1325 | | | 58,000 | 0.0025 | 19 | 0.3 |
| 1328 | | | 44,000 | 0.0025 | 56 | 0.3 |
| 1330 | | | 70,000 | 0.0025 | 32 | 0.3 |
| 1332 | | | 38,000 | 0.0025 | 37 | 0.3 |
| 1345 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 55 | 0.3 |
| 1347 | | | 18,000 | 0.0025 | 5.3 | 0.3 |
| 1349 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 26 | 0.3 |
| 1353 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 24 | 0.3 |
| 1405 | | | 7,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 0.3 |
| 1408 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 8.2 | 0.3 |
| 1410 | | | 9,500 | 0.0025 | 7.4 | 0.3 |
| 1413 | | | 110,000 | 0.0025 | 60 | 0.3 |
| 1415 | | | | | 2.1 | 0.5 |
| 1416 | | | | | 0.28 | 1.0 |
| 1417 | | | | | 0.04 | 2.0 |
| 1419 | | | 11,000 | 0.0025 | 9.9 | 0.3 |
| 1422 | | | 7,500 | 0.0025 | 6.5 | 0.3 |
| 1424 | | | 250,000 | 0.0025 | 33 | 0.3 |
| 1425 | | | | | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| 1427 | | | | | 0.35 | 1.0 |
| 1428 | | | | | 0.04 | 2.0 |
| 1430 | | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 11 | 0.3 |
| 1432 | | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 8.2 | 0.3 |
| 1435 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 23 | 0.3 |
| 1436 | | | | | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| 1438 | | | | | 0.26 | 1.0 |
| 1439 | | | | | 0.02 | 2.0 |
| 1440 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 4.6 | 0.3 |
| 1443 | | | 4,800 | 0.0025 | 7.9 | 0.3 |

Table F-2 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 2

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1445 | | | 19,000 | 0.0025 | 17 | 0.3 |
| 1449 | | | | | 0.88 | 0.5 |
| 1450 | | | | | 0.35 | 1.0 |
| 1512 | | | 38,000 | 0.0025 | 55 | 0.3 |
| 1515 | | | 33,000 | 0.0025 | 36 | 0.3 |
| 1517 | | | 28,000 | 0.0025 | 20 | 0.3 |
| 1518 | | | | | 0.88 | 0.5 |
| 1519 | | | | | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| 1520 | | | | | 0.11 | 2.0 |
| 1522 | | | 33,000 | 0.0025 | 39 | 0.3 |
| 1524 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 0.3 |
| 1528 | | | 18,000 | 0.0025 | 6.9 | 0.3 |
| 1529 | | | | | 0.53 | 0.5 |
| 1530 | | | | | 0.64 | 1.0 |
| 1531 | | | | | 0 | 2.0 |
| 1534 | | | 29,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 0.3 |
| 1536 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 7.6 | 0.3 |
| 1538 | | | 15,500 | 0.0025 | 5.5 | 0.3 |
| 1544 | | | | | 0.35 | 0.5 |
| 1545 | | | | | 0.18 | 1.0 |
| 1546 | | | | | 0.02 | 2.0 |
| 1548 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 4.6 | 0.3 |
| 1552 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 2.4 | 0.3 |
| 1555 | | | 50,000 | 0.0025 | 49 | 0.3 |
| 1556 | | | | | 0.60 | 0.5 |
| 1557 | | | | | 0.21 | 1.0 |
| 1558 | | | | | 0.04 | 2.0 |
| 1600 | | | 13,500 | 0.0025 | 3.8 | 0.3 |
| 1603 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 4.7 | 0.3 |
| 1606 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 23 | 0.3 |
| 1608 | | | | | 0.60 | 0.5 |
| 1609 | | | | | 0.28 | 1.0 |
| 1610 | | | | | 0 | 2.0 |
| 1612 | | | 6,500 | 0.0025 | 6.6 | 0.3 |
| 1616 | | | 200,000 | 0.0025 | 27 | 0.3 |
| 1618 | | | 18,000 | 0.0025 | 11 | 0.3 |
| 1620 | | | | | 0.35 | 0.5 |
| 1621 | | | | | 0.14 | 1.0 |

Table F-2 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 2

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1622 | | | | | 0 | 2.0 |
| 1624 | | | 13,000 | 0.0025 | 3.9 | 0.3 |
| 1626 | | | 17,000 | 0.0025 | 39 | 0.3 |
| 1629 | | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 34 | 0.3 |
| 1631 | | | 6,600 | 0.0025 | 0.53 | 0.5 |
| 1631½ | | | 6,400 | 0.0025 | 0.21 | 1.0 |
| 1632 | | | 6,800 | 0.0025 | 0.02 | 2.0 |
| 1636 | | | 9,200 | 0.0025 | 3.3 | 0.3 |
| 1637 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 35 | 0.3 |
| 1640 | | | 50,000 | 0.0025 | 25 | 0.3 |
| 1642 | | | 17,000 | 0.0025 | 0.14 | 0.5 |
| 1643 | | | 7,000 | 0.0025 | 0.18 | 1.0 |
| 1644 | | | 7,000 | 0.0025 | 0.02 | 2.0 |
| 1648 | | | 11,000 | 0.0025 | 1.7 | 0.3 |
| 1650 | | | 85,000 | 0.0025 | 57 | 0.3 |
| 1652 | | | 48,000 | 0.0025 | 5.6 | 0.3 |
| 1653 | | | 39,000 | 0.0025 | 0.42 | 0.5 |
| 1654 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 0.18 | 1.0 |
| 1656 | | | 16,000 | 0.0025 | 0.04 | 2.0 |
| 1658 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 6.0 | 0.3 |
| 1700 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 31 | 0.3 |
| 1702 | | | 48,000 | 0.0025 | 78 | 0.3 |
| 1704 | | | 44,000 | 0.0025 | 11 | 0.5 |
| 1704½ | | | 34,000 | 0.0025 | 5.3 | 1.0 |
| 1705 | | | 42,000 | 0.0025 | 0.18 | 2.0 |

Table F-3. FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 4

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm |
| 1203 | Second melt | 10 | 36,000 | 0.0025 | 36 | 0.3 |
| 1205 | | | 72,000 | 0.0025 | 15 | 0.3 |
| 1208 | | | 45,000 | 0.0025 | 26 | 0.3 |
| 1210 | | | 70,000 | 0.0025 | 42 | 0.3 |
| 1212 | Tap | | 5,000 | 0.0025 | 34 | 0.3 |
| 1216 | | | 28,000 | 0.0025 | 44 | 0.3 |
| 1218 | | | 27,000 | 0.0025 | 40 | 0.3 |
| 1219 | | | First melt | 25,000 | 0.0025 | 15 |
| 1225 | 6,000 | | | 0.0025 | 24 | 0.3 |
| 1228 | 6,000 | | | 0.0025 | 14 | 0.3 |
| 1230 | 1 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 18 |
| 1232 | | 11,000 | 0.0025 | 32 | 0.3 | |
| 1234 | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 16 | 0.3 | |
| 1236 | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 17 | 0.3 | |
| 1241 | 2 | 3 | 27,000 | 0.0025 | | |
| 1242½ | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 21 | 0.3 |
| 1247 | | | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 11 | 0.3 |
| 1252 | | | 1,000 | 0.0025 | 4.0 | 0.3 |
| 1252½ | 7 | 8 | 32,000 | 0.0025 | | |
| 1253½ | | | 6,000 | 0.0025 | 54 | 0.3 |
| 1255 | | | 23,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 0.3 |
| 1257 | | | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 6.8 | 0.3 |
| 1259 | | | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 5.0 | 0.3 |
| 1302 | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 5.8 | 0.3 |
| 1309 | | | 2,000 | 0.0025 | 5.6 | 0.3 |
| 1311 | | | 5,000 | 0.0025 | 4.3 | 0.3 |
| 1313 | | | 6,000 | 0.0025 | 18 | 0.3 |
| 1315 | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 15 | 0.3 |
| 1329 | Back charge | 7 | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 4.1 | 0.3 |
| 1331 | | | | | | |
| 1337 | | | | | | |
| 1340 | | | 29,000 | 0.0025 | 48 | 0.3 |
| 1342 | Second melt | 8 | 35,000 | 0.0025 | 24 | 0.3 |
| 1344 | | | 1,000 | 0.0025 | 6.1 | 0.3 |
| 1348 | | | | | | |
| 1350 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 75 | 0.3 |

Table F-3 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 4

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1353 | Slag off | 9 | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 53 | 0.3 |
| 1357 | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 26 | 0.3 |
| 1359 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 28 | 0.3 |
| 1359 | | | | | | |
| 1402 | | | 62,000 | 0.0025 | 25 | 0.3 |
| 1405 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 8.5 | 0.3 |
| 1408 | | 10 | 5,000 | 0.0025 | 5.7 | 0.3 |
| 1410 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 3.5 | 0.3 |
| 1410 | | | | | | |
| 1412 | | | 54,000 | 0.0025 | 31 | 0.3 |
| 1414 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 13 | 0.3 |
| 1417 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 5.1 | 0.3 |
| 1421 | | 1 | | | | |
| 1429 | | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| 1431 | | 2 | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 3.1 | 0.3 |
| 1432 | | | | | | |
| 1434 | | | 32,000 | 0.0025 | 36 | 0.3 |
| 1437 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 5.2 | 0.3 |
| 1439 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 3.2 | 0.3 |
| 1441 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| 1443 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| 1444 | | 3 | | | | |
| 1446 | | | 29,000 | 0.0025 | 58 | 0.3 |
| 1449 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 0.93 | 0.3 |
| 1452 | | | 18,000 | 0.0025 | 4.3 | 0.3 |
| 1454 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| 1455 | | | | | | |
| 1456 | | 4 | 36,000 | 0.0025 | 29 | 0.3 |
| 1459 | | | 31,000 | 0.0025 | 6.2 | 0.3 |
| 1505 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 1.9 | 0.3 |
| 1506 | | 5 | | | | |
| 1507 | | | 57,000 | 0.0025 | 53 | 0.3 |
| 1510 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 4 | 0.3 |
| 1415 | | 6 | 15,000 | 0.0025 | 2.4 | 0.3 |
| 1517 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 1.9 | 0.3 |
| 1520 | | | 36,000 | 0.0025 | 57 | 0.3 |
| 1527 | | 7 | 2,000 | 0.0025 | 1.6 | 0.3 |
| 1529 | | | | | | |
| 1531 | | | 27,000 | 0.0025 | 39 | 0.3 |
| 1535 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 3.0 | 0.3 |

Table F-3 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 4

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1541 | Tap | 8 | | | | |
| 1547 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 36 | |
| 1551 | | | | | | |
| 1552 | First melt | 9 | | | | |
| 1557 | | | 50,000 | 0.0025 | 21 | 0.3 |
| 1600 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 28 | 0.3 |
| 1604 | | 10 | | | | |
| 1607 | | | 13,000 | 0.0025 | 26 | 0.3 |
| 1609 | | | 23,000 | 0.0025 | 24 | 0.3 |
| 1611 | | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 15 | 0.3 |
| 1614 | | | 28,000 | 0.0025 | 8.4 | 0.3 |
| 1615 | | | | | | |
| 1628 | | | 40,000 | 0.0025 | 30 | 0.3 |
| 1631 | | | 35,000 | 0.0025 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| 1632 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 0.79 | 1.0 |
| 1634 | | | 35,000 | 0.0025 | 0.02 | 2.0 |
| 1640 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 35 | 0.3 |
| 1648 | | | 303,000 | 0.021 | 21 | 0.3 |
| 1655 | | | 40,000 | 0.021 | 0.12 | 0.5 |
| 1656 | | | 24,000 | 0.021 | 0.05 | 1.0 |
| 1656 | | | | | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| 1700 | | | 34,000 | 0.033 | 9.3 | 0.3 |
| 1702 | | | 19,000 | 0.033 | 0.28 | 0.5 |
| 1703 | | | 19,000 | 0.033 | 0.05 | 1.0 |
| 1708 | | | 58,000 | 0.047 | 0.97 | 0.3 |
| 1710 | | | 34,000 | 0.047 | 0.23 | 0.5 |
| 1712 | | | 48,000 | 0.047 | 0.21 | 1.0 |
| 1726 | | | 40,000 | 0.072 | 0.94 | 0.3 |
| 1727 | | | 12,000 | 0.074 | 0.11 | 0.5 |
| 1729 | | | 11,500 | 0.074 | 0.02 | 1.0 |
| 1734 | Back charge Second melt | | 25,000 | 0.074 | 58 | 0.3 |
| 1736 | | | 50,000 | 0.074 | 38 | 0.3 |
| 1737 | | | 50,000 | 0.074 | 2.6 | 0.5 |
| 1738 | | | 50,000 | 0.074 | 1.1 | 1.0 |

Table F-4. FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 5

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm |
| 1251 | Second melt | | 5.6 x 10 ⁵ | 0.0025 | 2,000 | 0.3 |
| 1254 | | | 5.4 x 10 ⁵ | 0.0025 | 2,000 | 0.3 |
| 1257 | | | 3.2 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 750 | 0.3 |
| 1300 | | | 6.3 x 10 ⁵ | 0.0025 | 940 | 0.3 |
| 1307 | | | 1.9 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 320 | 0.3 |
| 1310 | | | 1.2 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 170 | 0.3 |
| 1312 | | | 1.6 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 140 | 0.3 |
| 1314 | | | 2.6 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 120 | 0.3 |
| 1316 | | | 5.4 x 10 ⁵ | 0.0025 | 180 | 0.3 |
| 1318 | | | 7.8 x 10 ⁵ | 0.0025 | 200 | 0.3 |
| 1321 | | | 7.4 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 80 | 0.3 |
| 1323 | | | 1.1 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 220 | 0.3 |
| 1325 | | | 1.9 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 160 | 0.3 |
| 1327 | | | 2.1 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 150 | 0.3 |
| 1330 | | | 2.0 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 100 | 0.3 |
| 1332 | | | 2.0 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 160 | 0.3 |
| 1340 | | | 8.2 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 70 | 0.3 |
| 1343 | | | 7.6 x 10 ⁵ | 0.0025 | 63 | 0.3 |
| 1345 | | | 1.2 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 77 | 0.3 |
| 1347 | | | 2.7 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 85 | 0.3 |
| 1349 | | | 2.2 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 84 | 0.3 |
| 1351 | | | 2.4 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 61 | 0.3 |
| 1358 | | | 4.9 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 1,200 | 0.3 |
| 1400 | | | 4.4 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 850 | 0.3 |
| 1403 | | | 5.0 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 290 | 0.3 |
| 1405 | | | 6.9 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 240 | 0.3 |
| 1407 | | | 1.1 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 250 | 0.3 |
| 1410 | Slag off | | 8.0 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 230 | 0.3 |
| 1413 | | | 2.7 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 95 | 0.3 |
| 1415 | | | 2.1 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 250 | 0.3 |
| 1419 | | | 5.4 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 600 | 0.3 |
| 1422 | | | 6.5 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 2,100 | 0.3 |
| 1425 | | | 9.5 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 120 | 0.3 |
| 1427 | | | 7.9 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 470 | 0.3 |
| 1429 | | | 8.1 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 470 | 0.3 |
| 1431 | | | 1.1 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 220 | 0.3 |
| 1432 | | | 1.2 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 220 | 0.3 |
| 1435 | | | 1.3 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 110 | 0.3 |
| 1437 | | | 1.0 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 72 | 0.3 |
| 1440 | | | 4.3 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 380 | 0.3 |

Table F-4 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 5

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1442 | Reboil | | 4.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,600 | 0.3 |
| 1444 | | | 4.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,500 | 0.3 |
| 1446 | | | 4.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 290 | 0.3 |
| 1448 | | | 5.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 310 | 0.3 |
| 1450 | | | 4.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 570 | 0.3 |
| 1453 | | | 1.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 270 | 0.3 |
| 1459 | | | 4.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 300 | 0.3 |
| 1501 | | | 4.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,500 | 0.3 |
| 1504 | | | 3.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,300 | 0.3 |
| 1506 | | | 3.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,400 | 0.3 |
| 1515 | Tap | | 1.1×10^7 | 0.0025 | 3,500 | 0.3 |
| 1517 | | | 1.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 4,700 | 0.3 |
| 1519 | First melt | | 1.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 4,900 | 0.3 |
| 1521 | | | 3.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,900 | 0.3 |
| 1523 | | | 3.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 990 | 0.3 |
| 1525 | | | 2.3×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,600 | 0.3 |
| 1527 | | | 6.3×10^6 | 0.0025 | 4,300 | 0.3 |
| 1529 | | | 7.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,500 | 0.3 |
| 1531 | | | 8.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,100 | 0.3 |
| 1533 | | | 6.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,800 | 0.3 |
| 1535 | | | 8.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2,700 | 0.3 |
| 1538 | | | 1.6×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,800 | 0.3 |
| 1600 | Back charge | | 2.8×10^6 | 0.021 | 440 | 0.3 |
| 1613 | | | 8.9×10^6 | 0.021 | 150 | 0.3 |
| 1616 | | | 1.0×10^6 | 0.021 | 250 | 0.3 |
| 1619 | | | 7.0×10^6 | 0.021 | 220 | 0.3 |
| 1622 | | | 4.2×10^6 | 0.021 | 190 | 0.3 |
| 1624 | Second melt | | 3.4×10^6 | 0.021 | 830 | 0.3 |
| 1625 | | | 1.7×10^6 | 0.021 | 4,200 | 0.3 |
| 1628 | | | 1.6×10^6 | 0.021 | 1,400 | 0.3 |
| 1634 | | | 3.5×10^6 | 0.033 | 190 | 0.3 |
| 1636 | | | 1.3×10^6 | 0.033 | 210 | 0.3 |
| 1638 | | | 1.1×10^6 | 0.033 | 470 | 0.3 |
| 1642 | | | 2.2×10^6 | 0.033 | 540 | 0.3 |
| 1644 | | | 1.4×10^6 | 0.033 | 150 | 0.3 |
| 1646 | | | 2.2×10^6 | 0.033 | 270 | 0.3 |
| 1652 | | | 1.6×10^6 | 0.048 | 580 | 0.3 |
| 1655 | | | 9.9×10^6 | 0.048 | 590 | 0.3 |
| 1658 | | | 3.0×10^6 | 0.048 | 260 | 0.3 |
| 1700 | | | 1.3×10^6 | 0.071 | 400 | 0.3 |

Table F-4 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 5

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1703 | Slag off | | 1.2×10^6 | 0.071 | 600 | 0.3 |
| 1705 | | | 1.5×10^6 | 0.071 | 480 | 0.3 |
| 1707 | | | 1.1×10^6 | 0.071 | 690 | 0.3 |
| 1711 | | | 2.5×10^6 | 0.048 | 660 | 0.3 |
| 1714 | | | 5.2×10^7 | 0.048 | 120 | 0.3 |
| 1721 | | | 1.2×10^7 | 0.014 | 130 | 0.3 |
| 1724 | | | 1.3×10^7 | 0.014 | 87 | 0.3 |
| 1728 | | | 1.3×10^7 | 0.014 | 140 | 0.3 |
| 1730 | | | 1.4×10^7 | 0.014 | 750 | 0.3 |
| 1733 | | | 1.3×10^7 | 0.014 | 110 | 0.3 |

Table F-5. FINE PARTICLE DUST FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 6

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1050 | First melt | #10 | 2,000 | 0.0025 | 29 | 0.3 |
| 1054 | | | 2,000 | 0.0025 | 22 | 0.3 |
| 1057 | | | 90,000 | 0.0025 | 15 | 0.3 |
| 1059 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 16 | 0.3 |
| 1105 | | #1 | 5,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 0.3 |
| 1108 | | | 43,000 | 0.0025 | 28 | 0.3 |
| 1113 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 53 | 0.3 |
| 1119 | | #2 | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 32 | 0.3 |
| 1121 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 30 | 0.3 |
| 1124 | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 18 | 0.3 |
| 1129 | | #3 | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 0.3 |
| 1135 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 12 | 0.3 |
| 1140 | | #4 | 7,000 | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| 1144 | | | 72,000 | 0.0025 | 21 | 0.3 |
| 1147 | | | 21,000 | 0.0025 | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| 1150 | | #5 | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 3.3 | 0.3 |
| 1152 | | | 6,000 | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| 1156 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 19 | 0.3 |
| 1226 | Back charge Second melt | #8 | 85,000 | 0.0025 | 33 | 0.3 |
| 1230 | | | 54,000 | 0.0025 | 11 | 0.3 |
| 1232 | | | 39,000 | 0.0025 | 4.0 | 0.3 |
| 1235 | | #9 | 33,000 | 0.0025 | 3.1 | 0.3 |
| 1237 | | | 90,000 | 0.0025 | 17 | 0.3 |
| 1243 | | | 70,000 | 0.0025 | 6.9 | 0.3 |
| 1245 | | | 35,000 | 0.0025 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| 1247 | | #10 | 36,000 | 0.0025 | 1.6 | 0.3 |
| 1249 | | | 85,000 | 0.0025 | 4.8 | 0.3 |
| 1253 | | | 25,000 | 0.0025 | 4.8 | 0.3 |
| 1256 | | | 25,000 | 0.0025 | 2.7 | 0.3 |
| 1300 | | #1 | 26,000 | 0.0025 | 3.6 | 0.3 |
| 1303 | | | 11,000 | 0.0025 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| 1307 | | | 11,000 | 0.0025 | 1.0 | 0.3 |
| 1309 | Slag off | #2 | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 1.5 | 0.3 |
| 1310 | | | | | | |
| 1313 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 17 | 0.3 |
| 1316 | | | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 1.9 | 0.3 |
| 1319 | | #3 | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 1.4 | 0.3 |
| 1321 | | | | | | |

Table F-5 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DUST FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 6

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1323 | Reboil | #4 | 41,000 | 0.0025 | 31 | 0.3 |
| 1325 | | | 38,000 | 0.0025 | 6.8 | 0.3 |
| 1327 | | | 25,000 | 0.0025 | 2.8 | 0.3 |
| 1331 | | | 6,000 | 0.0025 | 2.7 | 0.3 |
| 1333 | | | | | | 0.3 |
| 1334 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 29 | 0.3 |
| 1337 | | | 7,000 | 0.0025 | 4.9 | 0.3 |
| 1340 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 2.5 | 0.3 |
| 1344 | | | 100,000 | 0.0025 | 1.2 | 0.3 |
| 1349 | | | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 6.9 | 0.3 |
| 1352 | Tap | #6 | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 5.3 | 0.3 |
| 1355 | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 3.2 | 0.3 |
| 1357 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 5.2 | 0.3 |
| 1400 | | | 11,000 | 0.0025 | 8.2 | 0.3 |
| 1402 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 8.6 | 0.3 |
| 1405 | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 7.9 | 0.3 |
| 1406 | | #4 | | | | |
| 1407 | | | 36,000 | 0.0025 | 44 | 0.3 |
| 1409 | First melt | #7 | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 8 | 0.3 |
| 1416 | | | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| 1420 | | | 31,000 | 0.015 | 48 | 0.3 |
| 1426 | | | 34,000 | 0.015 | 3.1 | 0.3 |
| 1430 | | | 80,000 | 0.015 | 32 | 0.3 |
| 1432 | | #9 | 68,000 | 0.015 | 6.2 | 0.3 |
| 1439 | | | 14,000 | 0.015 | 9.7 | 0.3 |
| 1445 | | | 11,000 | 0.015 | 23 | 0.3 |
| 1452 | | | 50,000 | 0.015 | 5.6 | 0.3 |
| 1455 | | | 9,000 | 0.015 | 2.4 | 0.3 |
| 1458 | | #1 | 3,000 | 0.015 | 1.4 | 0.3 |
| 1504 | | | 38,000 | 0.015 | 31 | 0.3 |
| 1506 | | | 19,000 | 0.015 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| 1510 | | #3 | 7,000 | 0.015 | 1.1 | 0.3 |
| 1516 | | | 17,000 | 0.015 | 5.7 | 0.3 |
| 1520 | | | 8,000 | 0.015 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| | | | | | | |
| | Back charge | | | | | |

Table F-5 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DUST FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 6

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1524 | Second melt | | 16,000 | 0.015 | 1.3 | 0.3 |
| 1547 | | | 69,000 | 0.021 | 40 | 0.3 |
| 1550 | | | 45,000 | 0.021 | 1.1 | 0.3 |
| 1553 | | | 24,000 | 0.021 | 0.78 | 0.3 |
| 1557 | | | 28,000 | 0.0025 | 0.87 | 0.3 |
| 1601 | | | 20,000 | 0.033 | 3.3 | 0.3 |
| 1603 | | | 5,000 | 0.033 | 2.9 | 0.3 |
| 1605 | | | 2,000 | 0.033 | 2.9 | 0.3 |
| 1609 | | | 7,000 | 0.0025 | 1.9 | 0.3 |
| 1615 | | | 10,000 | 0.048 | 7.0 | 0.3 |
| 1618 | | | 20,000 | 0.048 | 6.6 | 0.3 |
| 1621 | | | 13,000 | 0.078 | 18 | 0.3 |
| 1623 | | | 13,000 | 0.078 | 8.5 | 0.3 |
| 1630 | Slag off | | 40,000 | 0.078 | 110 | 0.3 |
| 1630 | | | | | 14 | 0.5 |
| 1630 | | | | | 11 | 1.0 |
| 1630 | | | | | 3.5 | 2.0 |
| 1630 | | | | | 3.5 | 3.0 |
| 1630 | | Unknown | 36,000 | | 1.8 | 3.0 |
| 1630 | | | | | 3.5 | 2.0 |
| 1632 | | | | | 11 | 1.0 |
| 1632 | | | | | 2100 | 0.5 |
| 1632 | | | | | 3500 | 0.3 |
| 1634 | | | | | 350 | 0.5 |
| 1634 | | | | | 35 | 1.0 |
| 1634 | | | | | 18 | 2.0 |
| 1634 | | | | | 11 | 3.0 |
| 1634 | | | | | 3.5 | 5.0 |
| 1634 | | | | | 1.8 | 10.0 |
| 1635 | | | | | 140 | 0.3 |

Table F-6. FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 7

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1258 | Tap | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1303 | First melt | | 1.4×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1308 | | | 1.3×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1314 | | | 1.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1316 | | | 8.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1323 | | | 8.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1325 | | | 8.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1334 | | | 8.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1336 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1340 | | | 1.3×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1345 | | | 4.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1350 | | | 3.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1355 | | | 8.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1402 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1416 | | | 3.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1421 | Back charge | | 4.3×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1431 | Second melt | | 1.3×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1441 | | | 9.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1444 | | | 1.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1451 | | | 7.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1456 | | | 9.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1502 | | | 1.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1508 | | | 8.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | — | — |
| 1525 | | | 5.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 650 | 0.3 |
| 1528 | | | 9.4×10^6 | 0.0025 | 540 | 0.3 |
| 1530 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | 560 | 0.3 |
| 1532 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | 510 | 0.3 |
| 1534 | Slag off | | 8.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 530 | 0.3 |
| 1536 | | | 3.9×10^6 | 0.0025 | 570 | 0.3 |
| 1538 | | | 2.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 540 | 0.3 |
| 1540 | | | 5.3×10^6 | 0.0025 | 580 | 0.3 |
| 1551 | | | 4.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 600 | 0.3 |
| 1553 | | | 5.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 840 | 0.3 |
| 1555 | | | 3.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 480 | 0.3 |
| 1559 | | | 2.0×10^7 | 0.0025 | 530 | 0.3 |
| 1601 | | | 1.4×10^7 | 0.0025 | 540 | 0.3 |
| 1603 | | | 1.6×10^7 | 0.0025 | 280 | 0.3 |
| 1605 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | 280 | 0.3 |
| 1608 | | | 1.5×10^7 | 0.0025 | 360 | 0.3 |

Table F-6 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 7

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1611 | Reboil | | 1.8×10^7 | 0.0025 | 260 | 0.3 |
| 1617 | | | 2.8×10^6 | 0.015 | 400 | 0.3 |
| 1631 | | | 5.0×10^6 | 0.015 | 79 | 0.3 |
| 1633 | Tap | | 4.3×10^6 | 0.015 | 130 | 0.3 |
| 1635 | | | 5.6×10^6 | 0.015 | 59 | 0.3 |
| 1638 | | | 1.1×10^7 | 0.015 | 54 | 0.3 |
| 1641 | First melt | | 1.1×10^7 | 0.015 | 39 | 0.3 |
| 1644 | | | 3.2×10^6 | 0.015 | 150 | 0.3 |
| 1646 | | | 4.0×10^6 | 0.015 | 310 | 0.3 |
| 1648 | | | 3.3×10^6 | 0.015 | 320 | 0.3 |
| 1650 | | | 3.8×10^6 | 0.015 | 190 | 0.3 |
| 1652 | | | 2.2×10^6 | 0.015 | 170 | 0.3 |
| 1654 | | | 1.9×10^6 | 0.015 | 540 | 0.3 |
| 1656 | | | 1.1×10^7 | 0.015 | 2,200 | 0.3 |
| 1700 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.015 | 1,100 | 0.3 |
| 1710 | | | 2.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 610 | 0.3 |
| 1713 | | | 2.2×10^7 | 0.0025 | 890 | 0.3 |
| 1715 | | | 1.9×10^7 | 0.0025 | 960 | 0.3 |
| 1717 | | | 1.5×10^7 | 0.0025 | 680 | 0.3 |
| 1719 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | 1,800 | 0.3 |
| 1721 | | | 8.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1,900 | 0.3 |
| 1723 | | | 8.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 3,800 | 0.3 |
| 1725 | | | 1.6×10^7 | 0.0025 | 4,200 | 0.3 |

Table F-7. FINE PARTICLE DATA FROM BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 8

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm |
| 1130 | First melt | #10 | 29,000 | 0.0025 | 21 | 0.3 |
| 1133 | | | 50,000 | 0.0025 | 6.8 | 0.3 |
| 1135 | | | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 7.6 | 0.3 |
| 1138 | | | 3,500 | 0.0025 | 4.0 | 0.3 |
| 1140 | | | 15,000 | 0.0025 | 23 | 0.3 |
| 1142 | | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 7.4 | 0.3 |
| 1143 | | | 24,000 | 0.0025 | 4.2 | 0.3 |
| 1153 | | | 2,000 | 0.0025 | 2.5 | 0.3 |
| 1155 | | | 5,000 | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| 1158 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| 1200 | | | 5,000 | 0.0025 | 4.4 | 0.3 |
| 1202 | #1 | 32,000 | 0.0025 | 25 | 0.3 | |
| 1204 | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 2.6 | 0.3 | |
| 1206 | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 1.6 | 0.3 | |
| 1214 | | 95,000 | 0.0025 | 15 | 0.3 | |
| 1216 | | 65,000 | 0.0025 | 16 | 0.3 | |
| 1219 | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 7.1 | 0.3 | |
| 1221 | | 7,000 | 0.0025 | 5.6 | 0.3 | |
| 1223 | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 7.8 | 0.3 | |
| 1225 | | Back charge Second melt | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 3.1 | 0.3 |
| 1227 | | | 4,500 | 0.0025 | 11 | 0.3 |
| 1229 | | | 7,500 | 0.0025 | 7.0 | 0.3 |
| 1231 | 24,000 | | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 0.3 | |
| 1235 | 25,000 | | 0.0025 | 26 | 0.3 | |
| 1236 | 55,000 | | 0.0025 | 8.1 | 0.3 | |
| 1238 | 25,000 | | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 0.3 | |
| 1241 | 12,000 | | 0.0025 | 2.4 | 0.3 | |
| 1243 | 10,000 | | 0.0025 | 1.5 | 0.3 | |
| 1245 | #5 | | 15,000 | 0.0025 | 22 | 0.3 |
| 1247 | | | 50,000 | 0.0025 | 27 | 0.3 |
| 1252 | | 15,000 | 0.0025 | 2.1 | 0.3 | |
| 1254 | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 0.90 | 0.3 | |
| 1256 | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 1.3 | 0.3 | |
| 1258 | | 52,000 | 0.0025 | 46 | 0.3 | |
| 1300 | | 25,000 | 0.0025 | 2.7 | 0.3 | |
| 1301 | | 15,000 | 0.0025 | 2.68 | 0.3 | |
| 1305 | | 17,000 | 0.0025 | 1.5 | 0.3 | |

Table F-7 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FROM BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT, TEST 8

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1307 | Slag off | Shake | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 1.3 | 0.3 |
| 1310 | | | 115,000 | 0.0025 | 62 | 0.3 |
| 1312 | | | 130,000 | 0.0025 | 26 | 0.3 |
| 1314 | | | 70,000 | 0.0025 | 10 | 0.3 |
| 1316 | | | 65,000 | 0.0025 | 4.8 | 0.3 |
| 1319 | | | 35,000 | 0.0025 | 4.5 | 0.3 |
| 1324 | | | 35,000 | 0.0025 | 6.2 | 0.3 |
| 1331 | | | 185,000 | 0.0025 | 24 | 0.3 |
| 1333 | | | 100,000 | 0.0025 | 7.5 | 0.3 |
| 1335 | | | 13,000 | 0.0025 | 5.0 | 0.3 |
| 1337 | | | 8,500 | 0.0025 | 3.8 | 0.3 |
| 1339 | | | 15,000 | 0.0025 | 2.9 | 0.3 |
| 1341 | | | 34,000 | 0.0025 | 4.7 | 0.3 |
| 1343 | | | 40,000 | 0.0025 | 37 | 0.3 |
| 1345 | | | 34,000 | 0.0025 | 2.4 | 0.3 |
| 1355 | | | 16,000 | 0.0025 | 7.2 | 0.3 |
| 1357 | | | 17,000 | 0.0025 | 2.5 | 0.3 |
| 1359 | | | 12,000 | 0.0025 | 1.2 | 0.3 |
| 1400 | | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 1.5 | 0.3 |
| 1404 | | | 50,000 | 0.0025 | 47 | 0.3 |
| 1406 | | | 58,000 | 0.0025 | 11 | 0.3 |
| 1409 | Reboil First melt | | 41,000 | 0.0025 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| 1600 | | | 4,000 | 0.021 | 19 | 0.3 |
| 1603 | | | 3,000 | 0.021 | 13 | 0.3 |
| 1603 | | | 5,000 | 0.021 | 0 | 0.5 |
| 1611 | | | 4,000 | 0.033 | 6.8 | 0.3 |
| 1615 | | | 14,000 | 0.033 | 3.9 | 0.3 |
| 1621 | | | 6,600 | 0.047 | 16 | 0.3 |
| 1635 | | | 11,000 | 0.078 | 16 | 0.3 |

Table F-8. FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 9

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|-----|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm | |
| 1120 | Second melt | | 8.4 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 2.3 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1124 | | | 4.3 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 3.0 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1126 | | | 5.3 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 2.8 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1128 | | | 1.3 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 2.4 x 10 ³ | 0.5 | |
| 1130 | | | 5.7 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 300 | 1.0 | |
| 1132 | 6.7 x 10 ⁶ | | 0.0025 | 4 | 2.0 | | |
| 1134 | 1.2 x 10 ⁶ | | 0.0025 | 2.7 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | | |
| 1136 | 5.7 x 10 ⁶ | | 0.0025 | 2.7 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | | |
| 1138 | 1.1 x 10 ⁷ | | 0.0025 | 2.5 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | | |
| 1144 | Reboil | | 8 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 3.5 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1146 | | | 9.8 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 410 | 0.5 | |
| 1148 | | | 9.1 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 140 | 1.0 | |
| 1150 | | | 9.1 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 3 | 2.0 | |
| 1152 | | | 6.3 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 2.5 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1154 | | | 9.9 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 2.9 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1156 | | | 7.6 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 2.8 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1204 | | | 6.8 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 3.6 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1206 | | | 5.4 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 3.4 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1208 | | | 4.4 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 6.3 x 10 ³ | 0.5 | |
| 1210 | | | Tap | 3.1 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 730 | 1.0 |
| 1212 | | | | 6.3 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 6 | 2.0 |
| 1215 | | | First melt | 7.1 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 2.5 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 |
| 1220 | | | | 1.0 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 3.0 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 |
| 1227 | 5.1 x 10 ⁶ | | | 0.0025 | 3.0 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1250 | 6.0 x 10 ⁶ | | | 0.0025 | 2.2 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1252 | 4.9 x 10 ⁶ | | | 0.0025 | 2.0 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1255 | 6.1 x 10 ⁶ | | | 0.0025 | 2.0 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1258 | 6.3 x 10 ⁶ | | | 0.0025 | 970 | 0.5 | |
| 1304 | 6.0 x 10 ⁶ | | | 0.0025 | 2.2 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1306 | 8.4 x 10 ⁶ | | | 0.0025 | 2.1 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1308 | 7.6 x 10 ⁶ | | | 0.0025 | 2.2 x 10 ⁴ | 0.3 | |
| 1311 | 7.5 x 10 ⁶ | | 0.0025 | 1.3 x 10 ³ | 0.5 | | |
| 1314 | 1.2 x 10 ⁷ | | 0.0025 | 330 | 1.0 | | |
| 1316 | 9.4 x 10 ⁶ | | 0.0025 | 22 | 2.0 | | |
| 1318 | 3.5 x 10 ⁶ | | 0.0025 | 8 | 3.0 | | |
| 1320 | Back charge | | 4.8 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 9 | 5.0 | |
| 1322 | | | 1.1 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 18 | 10.0 | |
| 1340 | Second melt | | 5.5 x 10 ⁶ | 0.0025 | 19 | 0.3 | |
| 1343 | | | 1.1 x 10 ⁷ | 0.0025 | 37 | 0.3 | |

Table F-8 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE INFLUENT, TEST 9

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1346 | | | 3.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2.1×10^4 | 0.3 |
| 1349 | | | 7.8×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1.1×10^3 | 0.5 |
| 1352 | | | 5.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 550 | 1.0 |
| 1354 | | | 7.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 16 | 2.0 |
| 1356 | | | 1.7×10^7 | 0.0025 | 16 | 3.0 |
| 1358 | | | 3.0×10^6 | 0.0025 | 17 | 5.0 |
| 1400 | | | 1.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 16 | 10.0 |
| 1405 | | | 4.5×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2.2×10^4 | 0.3 |
| 1407 | | | 5.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2.6×10^4 | 0.3 |
| 1409 | | | 3.6×10^6 | 0.0025 | 2.4×10^4 | 0.3 |
| 1411 | | | 5.7×10^6 | 0.0025 | 1.2×10^3 | 0.5 |
| 1413 | | | 1.3×10^7 | 0.0025 | 350 | 1.0 |
| 1416 | | | 5.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 16 | 2.0 |
| 1418 | | | 3.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 16 | 3.0 |
| 1421 | | | 4.2×10^6 | 0.0025 | 15 | 5.0 |
| 1423 | | | 5.1×10^6 | 0.0025 | 16 | 10.0 |
| 1459 | | | 2.2×10^6 | 0.015 | 2.6×10^4 | 0.3 |
| 1501 | | | 1.4×10^6 | 0.015 | 2.6×10^4 | 0.3 |
| 1503 | | | 3.0×10^6 | 0.015 | 1.2×10^3 | 0.5 |
| 1505 | Slag off | | 9.0×10^6 | 0.015 | 190 | 1.0 |
| 1507 | | | 2.9×10^6 | 0.015 | 19 | 2.0 |
| 1509 | | | 8.0×10^6 | 0.015 | 20 | 3.0 |
| 1511 | | | 8.6×10^6 | 0.015 | 18 | 5.0 |
| 1513 | Reboil | | 9.8×10^6 | 0.015 | 18 | 10.0 |
| 1525 | | | 3.5×10^6 | 0.048 | 6.0×10^3 | 0.3 |
| 1527 | | | 1.9×10^6 | 0.048 | 5.9×10^3 | 0.3 |
| 1530 | | | 1.5×10^6 | 0.048 | 1.1×10^3 | 0.5 |
| 1532 | | | 3.1×10^6 | 0.048 | 7.9×10^3 | 0.5 |
| 1534 | | | 2.0×10^6 | 0.048 | 7.2×10^3 | 0.3 |
| 1536 | | | 1.3×10^6 | 0.068 | 6.4×10^3 | 0.3 |
| 1538 | | | 1.3×10^6 | 0.068 | 3.6×10^3 | 0.3 |
| 1540 | | | 9.2×10^5 | 0.068 | 4.4×10^3 | 0.5 |
| 1542 | Tap | | 7.9×10^5 | 0.068 | 1.6×10^3 | 1.0 |
| 1550 | First melt | | 3.4×10^6 | 0.033 | 9.2×10^3 | 0.3 |
| 1552 | | | 1.5×10^6 | 0.033 | 5.3×10^3 | 0.5 |
| 1554 | | | 8.1×10^5 | 0.033 | 3.0×10^3 | 1.0 |
| 1556 | | | 1.2×10^6 | 0.033 | 18 | 2.0 |
| 1600 | | | 1.3×10^6 | 0.021 | 1.6×10^3 | 0.3 |
| 1602 | | | 8.4×10^5 | 0.021 | 5.3×10^3 | 0.5 |
| 1604 | | | 1.2×10^6 | 0.021 | 4.0×10^3 | 1.0 |
| 1606 | | | 1.2×10^6 | 0.021 | 20 | 2.0 |

Table F-9. FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT TEST, 10

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------|---|---------------------|-----|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm | Particle concentration, particles/ m ³ x 10 ⁻⁶ | Particle size, ≥ μm | |
| 1229 | Second melt | | 31,000 | 0.0025 | 67 | 0.3 | |
| 1231 | | | 19,000 | 0.0025 | 67 | 0.3 | |
| 1233 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 67 | 0.3 | |
| 1235 | | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 67 | 0.3 | |
| 1237 | | | 60,000 | 0.0025 | 66 | 0.3 | |
| 1239 | | | 80,000 | 0.0025 | 69 | 0.3 | |
| 1241 | | | 29,000 | 0.0025 | 69 | 0.3 | |
| 1243 | | | 25,000 | 0.0025 | 68 | 0.3 | |
| 1245 | | | 21,000 | 0.0025 | 67 | 0.3 | |
| 1247 | | | 19,000 | 0.0025 | 67 | 0.3 | |
| 1249 | | | 89,000 | 0.0025 | 42 | 0.5 | |
| 1251 | | | 60,000 | 0.0025 | 20 | 0.5 | |
| 1253 | | | 24,000 | 0.0025 | 8.8 | 0.5 | |
| 1255 | | | 11,000 | 0.0025 | 9.3 | 0.5 | |
| 1257 | | | 9,000 | 0.0025 | 7.1 | 0.5 | |
| 1259 | | | 14,000 | 0.0025 | 6.0 | 0.5 | |
| 1301 | | | Slag off | 22,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 1.0 |
| 1303 | | | | 21,000 | 0.0025 | 2.9 | 1.0 |
| 1305 | | | | 18,000 | 0.0025 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| 1307 | | | | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 1.8 | 1.0 |
| 1309 | 7,000 | | | 0.0025 | 0.0 | 2.0 | |
| 1311 | 80,000 | | | 0.0025 | 1.0 | 2.0 | |
| 1314 | 21,000 | | | 0.0025 | 71 | 0.3 | |
| 1316 | 9,000 | | | 0.0025 | 6.1 | 0.5 | |
| 1318 | 11,000 | | | 0.0025 | 1.6 | 1.0 | |
| 1321 | 5,000 | | | 0.0025 | 0.0 | 2.0 | |
| 1323 | 26,000 | | | 0.0025 | 67 | 0.3 | |
| 1325 | 12,000 | | | 0.0025 | 70 | 0.3 | |
| 1327 | 21,000 | | | 0.0025 | 66 | 0.3 | |
| 1329 | 15,000 | | | 0.0025 | 4.7 | 0.5 | |
| 1331 | 13,000 | | | 0.0025 | 1.27 | 1.0 | |
| 1333 | 10,000 | | | 0.0025 | 0.06 | 2.0 | |
| 1335 | Reboil | | | 80,000 | 0.0025 | 59 | 0.3 |
| 1338 | | | | 49,000 | 0.0025 | 61 | 0.3 |
| 1340 | | | | 50,000 | 0.0025 | 65 | 0.3 |
| 1342 | | | | 47,000 | 0.0025 | 29 | 0.5 |
| 1344 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 1.0 | |
| 1346 | | | 170,000 | 0.0025 | 0.64 | 2.0 | |
| 1348 | | | 55,000 | 0.0025 | 70 | 0.3 | |
| 1349 | | | 32,000 | 0.0025 | 71 | 0.3 | |

Table F-9 (continued). FINE PARTICLE DATA FOR BAGHOUSE EFFLUENT TEST, 10

| Clock time | Phase of process cycle | Compartment being cleaned | Condensation nuclei counter | | Dust counter | |
|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ | Particle concentration, particles/ $\text{m}^3 \times 10^{-6}$ | Particle size, $\geq \mu\text{m}$ |
| 1351 | | | 25,000 | 0.0025 | 73 | 0.3 |
| 1353 | | | 32,000 | 0.0025 | 31 | 0.5 |
| 1355 | | | 24,000 | 0.0025 | 14 | 1.0 |
| 1357 | | | 16,000 | 0.0025 | 0.80 | 2.0 |
| 1359 | | | 30,000 | 0.0025 | 70 | 0.3 |
| 1401 | Tap | | 20,000 | 0.0025 | 72 | 0.3 |
| 1403 | | | 24,000 | 0.0025 | 64 | 0.3 |
| 1405 | First melt | | 24,000 | 0.0025 | 10 | 0.5 |
| 1407 | | | 25,000 | 0.0025 | 38 | 1.0 |
| 1409 | | | 10,000 | 0.0025 | 0.74 | 2.0 |
| 1411 | | | 3,000 | 0.0025 | 68 | 0.3 |
| 1413 | | | 4,000 | 0.0025 | 67 | 0.3 |
| 1417 | | | 8,000 | 0.0025 | 69 | 0.3 |
| 1419 | | | 5,000 | 0.0025 | 75 | 0.3 |
| 1454 | | | 12,000 | 0.015 | 78 | 0.3 |
| 1456 | | | 8,000 | 0.015 | 72 | 0.3 |
| 1502 | | | 3,000 | 0.021 | 70 | 0.3 |
| 1504 | | | 12,000 | 0.021 | 79 | 0.3 |
| 1506 | | | 25,000 | 0.021 | 65 | 0.3 |
| 1509 | | | 5,000 | 0.021 | 65 | 0.3 |
| 1511 | | | 8,000 | 0.021 | 5.4 | 0.5 |
| 1513 | | | 7,000 | 0.021 | 8.7 | 1.0 |
| 1515 | Back charge | | 10,000 | 0.021 | 80 | 0.3 |
| 1517 | Second melt | | 1,600 | 0.021 | 74 | 0.3 |
| 1535 | | | 18,000 | 0.033 | 77 | 0.3 |
| 1537 | | | 14,000 | 0.033 | 74 | 0.3 |
| 1539 | | | 33,000 | 0.033 | 34 | 0.5 |
| 1545 | | | 11,000 | 0.033 | 106 | 0.5 |
| 1547 | | | 14,000 | 0.033 | 74 | 0.3 |
| 1555 | | | 8,000 | 0.078 | 69 | 0.3 |
| 1557 | | | 5,000 | 0.078 | 72 | 0.3 |
| 1559 | | | 13,000 | 0.078 | 9.1 | 0.5 |
| 1601 | | | 13,000 | 0.078 | 37 | 1.0 |
| 1603 | | | 14,000 | 0.078 | 9.1 | 0.5 |
| 1605 | | | 14,000 | 0.078 | 2.7 | 1.0 |
| 1607 | | | 7,000 | 0.048 | 64 | 0.3 |
| 1609 | | | 10,000 | 0.048 | 70 | 0.3 |
| 1611 | | | 16,000 | 0.048 | 79 | 0.3 |
| 1613 | | | 13,000 | 0.048 | 5.4 | 0.5 |
| 1616 | | | 14,000 | 0.048 | 11 | 0.5 |
| 1618 | | | 8,000 | 0.048 | 2.1 | 1.0 |

| TECHNICAL REPORT DATA <i>(Please read instructions on the reverse before completing)</i> | | |
|--|--|---|
| 1 REPORT NO EPA-600/7-77-023 | 2 | 3 RECIPIENT'S ACCESSION NO. |
| 4 TITLE AND SUBTITLE FRACTIONAL EFFICIENCY OF AN ELECTRIC ARC FURNACE BAGHOUSE | 5. REPORT DATE March 1977 | |
| | 6. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION CODE | |
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| 16 ABSTRACT The report gives results of an evaluation of the performance of a fabric filter system controlling emissions from either one or two 30-ton electric arc furnaces producing a high-strength, low-alloy specialty steel. The evaluation involved measuring the system's total mass collection efficiency and apparent fractional collection efficiency. Testing involved 8 sampling days with one furnace operating, and 2 days with two furnaces. Baghouse influent and effluent streams were sampled with total mass samplers, inertial impactors, a condensation nuclei counter (CNC), and an optical dust counter. The influent and effluent total fluoride concentrations were measured for three of the tests to estimate the particulate and gaseous fluoride levels to which the Dacron filter bags are exposed during normal service. Total mass tests showed baghouse mean mass efficiency to be 97.9% with one furnace operating, and 98.7% with two furnaces. Mean mass concentrations for one- and two-furnace operation were 0.0014 and 0.0019 grains/dscf, respectively. Influent impactor tests showed considerable size distribution differences as a function of the phase of the process: the greatest concentrations for the particles sized occurred during the first melt. Effluent impactor size distribution tests suggested agglomeration. | | |
| 17 KEY WORDS AND DOCUMENT ANALYSIS | | |
| a DESCRIPTORS | b IDENTIFIERS/OPEN ENDED TERMS | c. COSATI Field/Group |
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