

Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

Second Quarter FY 1989

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3/89 UPDATE OF HEA SUMMARY TABLES: CHANGES FROM 12/88 ECAO-CIN VERSION

GENERIC ISSUES:

There were no changes in format or the groundrules for compiling the HEA Summary Tables from the 12/88 update.

CHEMICAL-SPECIFIC CHANGES TO TABLE A: OTHER THAN CARCINOGENICITY

Arsenic

The oral RfD value that was verified on 5/25/88 (1E-3) is currently under review for issues such as variability of exposure data and application of uncertainty factors. Therefore both the chronic and subchronic RfD values have been deleted from the table.

DDT

The U.S. EPA (1987) citation in the Reference column has been changed to U.S. EPA (1988) to reflect the date of the updated Health Assessment Document, and this latter reference has been added to the References Section.

1,2-Dichlorobenzene

The subchronic oral reference dose of 4E-1 was, a typographical error and has been corrected to 9E-1. A new chronic oral reference dose of 9E-2 has been recently verified by the U.S. EPA (1989). The new oral RfD has been incorporated into Table A, as well as appropriate revisions in all relevant columns. The U.S. EPA (1985b) citation has been deleted.

CHEMICAL-SPECIFIC CHANGES TO TABLE B: CARCINOGENICITY

Arsenic

The footnote indicator \underline{K} has been added to the oral potentcy slope column to reflect the fact that an oral unit risk of $5E-5(\mu/2)^{-1}$ has been proposed by the Risk Assessment Forum. This recommendation has been scheduled for SAB review and the HEA summary table will be updated when the review is completed.

Asbestos

The slope factor has been changed to 2.4E-l (fibers/ml)-l to reflect the new value recently verified by the Crave Work Group (11/30/88), but not yet available on IRIS. The Monthly CRAVE Status Report (2/28/89) indicates that the Work Group still needs to clarify the use of 10% of risk of lung tumors as the risk of GI tumors. The U.S. EPA (1987) citation was deleted.

Hexachlorobenzene

A new oral slope factor of 1.7E+0 based on the Cabral et al. (1977) study has been verified. This revised oral slope factor has also been verified for inhalation exposure. Pertinent changes were made in all columns of Table B. The Lambrecht et al. references have been deleted from the list of References, whereas the Cabral et al. (1977) has been added.

Methylene chloride
The synonym "dichloromethane", which is also used for methylene chloride, has been added to the Compound Identification column in Table B.

PCBs
The name "polychlorinated biphenyls" has been added under the acronym PCB in the Compound Identification column in Table B.

2,3,7,8-TCDD

The oral slope factor of 1.56+5 has now been verified by the CRAVE Work Group and has also been adopted as slope factor for inhalation exposure. Pertinent changes were made in all relevant columns.

04/17/89 0622h -2INTRODUCTION: USER'S GUIDE

The Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables A & B summarize reference doses (RfDs) for toxicity due to subchronic and chronic inhalation and oral exposure (Table A) and q_1^* and unit risk slope values for carcinogenicity due to lifetime inhalation and oral exposure (Table B). The chemicals included in the tables are the subjects of Health Effects Assessment documents (HEAs) and Health and Environmental Effects Documents (HEEDs). The information in HEA Summary Tables A and B is excerpted from the HEAs and HEEDs and expanded and updated quarterly to include chemicals addressed in HEAs and HEEDs that have been finalized since the last update and to bring existing values into conformity with more recent EPA assessments, especially RFD or CRAVE Work Group verifications. The references listed for each chemical in the Reference column and References section represent not only the study or studies that are the basis for the RfD, $\boldsymbol{q_1}^{\star}$ or unit risk slope, but also the U.S. EPA reference that is the source of the Agency analysis or risk assessment values and the IRIS citation for values verified by the RfD or CRAVE work group. Verified values are indicated in the tables by a footnote.

The RfD is an estimate (with uncertainty spanning perhaps an order of magnitude) of the daily exposure to the human population that is likely to be without an appreciable risk of deleterious effect during a portion of the lifetime, in the case of a subchronic RfD (designated "RfD_S" in Table A and formerly called AIS), or during the lifetime, in the case of a chronic RfD (designated "RfD" in Table A and formerly called AIC). The RfD values are listed in Table A in the column under "Reference Dose". The RfD is

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derived by dividing the NOAEL (or LOAEL if a suitable NOAEL is not available) for subchronic or chronic exposure by an uncertainty factor (UF) times a modifying factor (MF):

In Table A, the NOAEL or LOAEL that is the basis for the RfD value is listed under "Exposure". When a NOAEL or LOAEL is reported in terms of exposure concentration and schedule, the calculated mg/kg/day dose is given in parentheses. The species in which the NOAEL or LOAEL was determined and the effect of concern are also described, and the reference for the study is presented. In the "Exposure", "Effect of Concern" and "Reference" columns, information for the inhalation route is given first, separated from information for the oral route by a semicolon or slash.

The uncertainty factor used in calculating the RfD reflects scientific judgment regarding the various types of data used to estimate RfD values. An uncertainty factor of 10 is usually used to account for variations in human sensitivity when extrapolating from valid human studies involving subchronic (for RfD_s) or long-term (for RfD) exposure of average, healthy subjects. An additional 10-fold factor is usually used for each of the following extrapolations: from long-term animal studies to the case of humans, from a LOAEL to a NOAEL, and from subchronic studies to a chronic RfD. In order to reflect professional assessment of the uncertainties of the study and data base not explicitly addressed by the above uncertainty factors (e.g., completeness of the overall data base), an additional

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uncertainty factor or modifying factor ranging from >1 to 10 is applied. The default value for this modifying factor is 1.

Table A lists the uncertainty factor and modifying factor, multiplied together to form a single factor, under the heading "Uncertainty Factor". For example, the uncertainty factor of 500 listed for the chronic oral RFD for cyanide reflects an uncertainty factor of 100 and a modifying factor of 5; the uncertainty factor of 100 listed for the subchronic inhalation RFD for bromomethane reflects an uncertainty factor of 100 and a modifying factor of 1.

RfD values are specific for the route of exposure for which they are listed on Table A. In the few instances where an oral RfD has been extrapolated from inhalation data, the extrapolation is indicated by footnoting the value.

RfD values for inhalation exposure are reported both as a concentration in air (in mg/m³ for continuous, 24 hours/day exposure) and as a corresponding inhaled dose (in mg/kg/day). RfD values for oral exposure are reported as mg/kg/day. An oral RfD value can be converted to a corresponding concentration in drinking water, assuming human body weight of 70 kg and water consumption of 2 %2/day, as follows:

The RfD is used as a reference point for gauging the potential effects of other doses. Usually, doses that are less than the RfD are not likely to be associated with health risks. As the frequency of exposures exceeding the RfD increases, and as the size of the excess increases, the probability increases that adverse health effects may be observed in a human population.

Nonetheless, a clear distinction that would categorize all doses below the RfD as "acceptable" (risk-free) and all doses in excess of the RfD as "unacceptable" (causing adverse effects) cannot be made. In addition, RfD values, and particularly those with limitations in the quality or quantity of supporting data, are subject to change as additional information becomes available.

When RfD values are listed for chemicals that are carcinogens, the entry under "Effect of Concern" in Table A will list cancer and will refer to lable B if additional information concerning carcinogenicity is available in that table. RfD values that have been derived for carcinogens are based on noncancer endpoints and should not be assumed to be protective against carcinogenicity.

In assessing the carcinogenic potential of a chemical, the Carcinogen Assessment Group (CAG) of the U.S. EPA classifies the chemical into one of the following groups, according to the weight of evidence from epidemiological studies and animal studies:

- Group A Human Carcinogen (sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in humans)
- Group B Probable Human Carcinogen (Bl limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans; B2 sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animals with inadequate evidence in humans)
- Group C Possible Human Carcinogen (limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animals, in the absence of human data)
- Group D Not Classifiable as to Human Carcinogenicity (inadequate or no evidence)
- Group E Evidence of Noncarcinogenicity for Humans (no evidence of carcinogenicity in adequate studies).

These classifications are shown under "EPA Group" on Table B.

Quantitative carcinogenic risk assessments are performed for chemicals in Groups A and B, and on a case-by-case basis for chemicals in Group C. Cancer risk and slope (potency) factors are estimated through the use of mathematical extrapolation models, most commonly the linearized multistage model, for estimating the largest possible linear slope (within the 95% confidence limit) at low extrapolated doses that is consistent with the data. The cancer potency or risk is characterized as an upper-bound estimate: i.e., the true risk to humans, while not identifiable, is not likely to exceed the upper-bound estimate and in fact may be lower.

Cancer potency factors listed in Table B include the following:

slope factor or q_1^* = risk per unit dose = risk per mg/kg/day unit risk or unit risk slope = risk per concentration unit in air or drinking water = risk per $\mu g/m^3$ (air) or risk per $\mu g/2$ (water)

The unit risk estimates can be calculated by dividing the q_1^* by 70 kg and multiplying by the inhalation rate (20 m 3 /day) or the water consumption rate (2 ℓ /day), respectively, for risk associated with unit concentration in air or water. Hence,

risk per
$$\mu g/m^3$$
 (air) = q_1 * x $\frac{1}{70 \text{ kg}}$ x 20 m³/day x 10⁻³

risk per
$$\mu g/2$$
 (water) = $q_1 * x \frac{1}{70 \text{ kg}} \times 2 2/\text{day} \times 10^{-3}$

Quantitative estimates of carcinogenic risk are listed under " q_1 * or Unit Risk Slope" in Table B. Information on the study and data set used for estimation of the cancer potency factor is given in the other columns of

Table 8. In the "Exposure" and "Reference" columns, information for the inhalation route is given first, separated from information for the oral route by a semicolon or slash.

Cancer potency factors are specific for the route of exposure for which they are listed on Table B. Footnotes are used in Table B to indicate those instances in which the values for inhalation or oral exposure are based on extrapolation from another route of exposure.

To estimate risk-specific concentrations in air from the unit risk slope in air as presented in Table B, the specified level of risk is divided by the unit risk slope for air. Hence the air concentration (in $\mu g/m^3$) corresponding to an upper-bound increased lifetime cancer risk of 1×10^{-5} is calculated as follows:

$$\mu g/m^3$$
 in air =
$$\frac{1 \times 10^{-5}}{\text{unit risk slope in } (\mu g/m^3)^{-1}}$$

To estimate risk-specific concentrations in drinking water from the oral q_1^* values presented in Table B, the specified level of risk is multiplied by 70 kg and divided by the q_1^* and by 2 L/day. Hence, the water concentration corresponding to an upper-bound increased lifetime cancer risk of 1×10^{-5} is calculated as:

mg/2 in water =
$$\frac{1 \times 10^{-5} \times 70 \text{ kg}}{q_1^* \text{ in } (\text{mg/kg/day})^{-1} \times 2 \text{ 2/day}}$$

| | Eveneven | C4- | _ | | Reference D | ose | | _ | |
|---|---|----------------------|--------|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Ora |
| Acenaphthene | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | ī | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Acenaphthylene | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | T | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Acetone subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 100 mg/kg/day for 90 days by gavage | NA | rat | NA; increased liver and kidney weight, nephro- toxicity | ND | NA | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ U.S. EPA, 1986a,b, 1988 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 100 mg/kg/day for 90 days by gavage | NA | rat | NA; increased liver and kidney weight, nephro- toxicity | ND | 1E-1ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ U.S. EPA, 1986a,b, 1988 |
| cetonitrile subchronic (RfD _S) | 100 ppm (168 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 65/92 days (39.0 mg/kg/day); 100 ppm (168 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 65/92 days (19.3 mg/kg/day) | mouse | mouse | elevated relative liver weight; elevated relative liver weight | (, | 6E-2 ^b | 300 | 300 | Coate, 1983b; U.S. EPA, 1987a, Coate, 1983b; U.S. EPA, 1987a |
| chronic (RFD) | 100 ppm (168 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 65/92 days (39.0 mg/kg/day); 100 ppm (168 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 65/92 days (19.3 mg/kg/day) | mouse | mouse | decreased RBC counts and hemato crit and hepatic lesions; decrease RBC counts and hematocrit and hepatic lesions | | 6E-3a.b | 3000 | 3000 | Coate, 1983b; U.S. EPA, 1987a/ Coate, 1983b; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| celophenone subchronic (RfD _S) | 0.007 mg/m ³ continuously for 70 days (0.0045 mg/kg/day); 10,000 ppm diet (8450 ppm, correcting for volatilization) for 17 weeks (423 mg/kg/day) | rat | ral | congestion of cardiac vessels and liver dystrophy, reduced albumin/globulin ratio; none observed | 2E-4(5E-5) | 1E+0 | 100 | 300 | Imasheva, 1966; U.S. EPA, 1987a/ Hagan et al., 1967; U.S. EPA, 1987b |

| | £ | 6 1 | _ | 566-A -6 B | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|---------|---|---|---|----------------------------------|------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Ora) | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Acetophenone chronic (RfD) | 0.007 mg/m ³ continuously for 70 days (0.0045 mg/kg/day); 10,000 ppm diet (8450 ppm, correcting for volatilization) for 17 weeks (423 mg/kg/day) | rat | rat | congestion of cardiac vessels and liver dys-trophy, reduced albumin/globulin ratio; none observed | 2E-5(5E-6) | 1E-1ª | 1000 | 3000 | Imasheva, 1966; U.S. EPA, 1987a Hagan et al., 1967; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Adiponitrile | | | DATA IN | IADEQUATE FOR QUANTII | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | T | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Aldrin subchronic (RFD _S) | NA; 0.5 ppm in diet for 2 years (0.025 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver lesions | ND | 3E - 5 | NA | 1000 | NA/Fitzhugh, et al., 1964; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RfD) | MA; 0.5 ppm in diet for 2 years (0.025 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver lesions (Cancer: see Table B) | ND . | 3E - 5 a | NA | 1000 | NA/F1tzhugh et al., 1964; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| Aluminum | | | DATA IN | ADEQUATE FOR QUANTII | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | т | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Ammonta subchrontc (RfD _S) 9934 mg/s in drinking | 0.36 mg/m ³ continuous; water | human | human | odor threshold; taste threshold | 0.36 ^c | 34 mg/L in drinki waterd | none ng | none | Carson et al., 1981; U.S. EPA, 1987/Campbell et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1981, 1987; WHO, 1986 |
| chronic (RFD) | 0.36 mg/m ³ continuous; 34 mg/t in drinking water | human | human | odor threshold; taste threshold | 0.36 ^c | 34 mg/1 in drinkli water ^d | none ng | none | Carson et al., 1981; U.S. EPA, 1987/Campbell et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1981, 1987; WHO, 1986 |

| | _ | | | | Reference 0 | ose | | _ | _ |
|---|---|--------------------------|-----|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Spec 1e Inha la t ion | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | [nha]atlon [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Antimony and Compounds Antimony | | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antimony potassium tartrate in drinking water, lifetime (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | ND ^e | 4E-4 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antimony potassium tartrate in drinking water, lifetime (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | | 4E -4ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1885a,b, 1987 |
| Antimony pentoxide subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antimony potassium tartrate in drinking water, lifetime (0.35 mg Bs/kg/day, 0.46 mg Sb ₂ O ₅ kg/day | NA | rat | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | | 5E-4f | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985b |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antimony potassium tartrate in drinking water, lifetime (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day, 0.46 mg Sb ₂ 0 ₅ kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced 11fespan, altered blood chemistries | ND ^e | SE-4f | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985a,b. 1987 |
| Antimony potassium tartrate | | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antimony potassium tartrate in drinking water, lifetime (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day, 0.93 mg SbK tartrate/kg/day) | NA | ral | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | | 9E -4f | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985b |

| | Exposure | Spec 1e | | Effect of Concern | Reference Dose | | Uncertainty factor | | Deference |
|---|---|------------|-----|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------|---|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Inhalation | Ora1 | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Antimony potassium tartrale | | | | | | | | | |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antimony potassium tartrate in drinking water, lifetime (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day, 0.93 mg SbK tartrate/ kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | NDe | 9E - 4 f | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985b 1987 |
| Antimony tetroxide subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from ant1- mony potassium tartrate in drinking water, life- time (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day, 0.44 mg Sb ₂ O ₄ /kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | MDe | 4E-4F | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antl- mony potassium tartrate in drinking water, life- time (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day, 0.44 mg Sb ₂ O ₄ /kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | ND¢ | 4E-4 ^f | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985a,b, 1987 |
| Antimony trioxide subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antimony potassium tartrate in drinking water, lifetime (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day, 0.42 mg Sb203/kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | ND® | 4E-4 ^f | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 5 ppm Sb from antimony potassium tartrate in drinking water, lifetime (0.35 mg Sb/kg/day, 0.42 mg Sb ₂ O ₃ /kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced lifespan, altered blood chemistries | MDe | 4E-4 ^f | MA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1985a,b, 1987 |

| | _ | | | | Reference L |)ose | | f 1 | Defeates |
|--|--|----------------------|-------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Oral | Reference Inhalation/Orat |
| Arsenic subchronic (RFD _S) | NA; l μg/kg/day | NA | human | NA; keratosis and hyperpigmentation | ND | NA | NA | 1 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Tseng, 1971 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 1 µg/kg/day | NA | human | cancer; keratosis and hyperpigmenta tion (cancer: see lable B) | ND - | NA | NA | 1 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Tseng, 1977 |
| 8arlum subchronic (RfOs) | 1.15 mg BaCO ₃ /m ³ (0.80 mg Ba/m ³) 4 hours/day for 4 months (0.14 mg Ba/kg/day); 100 ppm Ba from BaCl ₂ (5.1 mg Ba/kg/day) in drinking water for ≤16 months | rat | rat | feloloxicity; increased blood pressure | 5E-3 (1E-3) | 5E -2 | 180 | 100 | Tarasenko et al., 1977; U.S. EPA, 1984/ Perry et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985b |
| chronic (RfD) | 1.15 mg BaCO ₃ /m ³ (0.80 mg/Ba/m ³) 4 hours/day for 4 months (0.14 mg Ba/kg/day); 100 ppm Ba from BaCl ₂ (5.1 mg Ba/kg/day) in drinking water for <16 months | rat | rat | fetotoxicity; increased blood pressure | 5E-4 (1E-4) | 5E-2ª.9 | 1000 | 100 | Tarasenko et al., 1977; U.S. EPA, 1984/ Perry et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985a,b |
| Benzidine subchronic (RfDs) | MA; 160 ppm benzidine dihydrochloride in drinking water for 33 months (27.2 mg/kg/day) | NA | mouse | NA; brain cell and liver cell changes | MD | 3£ - 3ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a/ Littlefield et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 160 ppm benzidine dihydrochloride in drinking water for 33 months (27.2 mg/kg/day) | HA. | mouse | NA; brain cell and liver cell changes (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 3E - 3 ª | MA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a/ Littlefield et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1987b |

| | Cunnatura | C | | £55-14 . £ 0 | Reference D | lose | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|-------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Benzolc acld subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; per capita daily dietary intake of benzoic acid equiva- lent to 312 mg/day | NA | human | NA; irritation, malaise | ND | 4E+0 | NA | 1 | U.S. EPA, 1987a FASEB, 1973; U.S. EPA, 1987a |
| chronic (RfD) | MA; per capita daily dietary intake of benzoic acid equiva- lent to 312 mg/day | NA | human | NA, irritation, malaise | ND | 4E+0ª | NA | 1 | U.S. EPA, 1987a FASEB, 1973; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| Beryllium subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5 ppm in drinking water for lifetime (0.54 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; none observed | ND | 56-3 | MA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder and Mitchener, 1975 U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 5 ppm in drinking water for lifetime (0.54 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; none observed (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 5£ -3ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder and Mitchener, 1975 U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| Bisphenol A subchronic (RFD _S) | NA; O-1000 ppm for 18 weeks, 2 generations (NOAEL 750 ppm = 62 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; reduced body weight | ND | 6E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988a, U.S. EPA, 1984c, 1988a |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; D, 1,000, 2,000 ppm {1000 ppm = 50 mg/kg/day} | | rat | NA; reduced body welght | ND | 5E -2ª | NA | 1,000 | U.S. EPA, 1988a/ NIP, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1988a,b |
| Boron subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 350 ppm in diet (8.75 mg/kg/day) for 2 years | NA | dog | NA; testicular lesions | ND | 9E -2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Weir and Fisher, 1972; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 350 ppm in diet (8.75 mg/kg/day) for 2 years | NA | dog | NA; testicular lesions | ND | 9E -2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Welr and Fisher, 1972; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | | | | | Reference D | ose | | • • | |
|--|---|-----------------------|-------|--|---|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Spec 16 Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Bromomethane subchronic (RfD _S) | 65 mg/m ³ 7.5 hours/ day, 5 days/week for 6 months (7.6 mg/kg/ day); 2 mg/kg 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (1.4 mg/kg/day) | rabbli | rat | paralysis and lung damage; hyperplasi of forestomach epithelium | | 1E-2 | 100 | 100 | Irish et al., 1940; U.S. EPA, 1987/Danse et al., 1984 U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RFD) | 65 mg/m ³ 7.5 hours/ day, 5 days/week for 6 months (7.6 mg/kg/ day); 2 mg/kg 5 days/ week for 13 weeks 1.4 mg/kg/day) | rabblt | rat | paralysis and lung damage; hyperplasi of forestomach epithelium | |)E-3 a | 1000 | 1000 | Irish et al., 1940/Danse et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1986a 1987, 1988 |
| Cadmium subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; NA | NA | NA | cancer; NA | ND | NDh | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1984/ U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; NA | NA | human | cancer (see Summar Table B); renal damage | y ND | 1E-3 (foo 5E-4 (wat | d) ¹ .ĴNA er) | 10 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ U.S. EPA, 1980b, 1988 |
| Caprolactam subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.1% dlet 90 days (50 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; renal effects | ND | 5E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988a Powers et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1988a |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 1000 ppm for 3 generations (50 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; reduced body weight | ND | 5E-1ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988a Serota et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1988a,b |
| Carbon tetrachloride subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 1 mg/day, 5 days/ week for 12 weeks (0.71 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver lesions | ND | 7E - 3 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Bruckner et al. 1986; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 1 mg/day, 5 days/ week for 12 weeks {0.71 mg/kg/day} | NA | rat | NA; liver lesions (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 7E -48 | NA | 1000 | U S. EPA, 1984/ Bruckner et al., 1986; U.S. EPA, 1985 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1e | | Effect of Concern | Reference (| ose | llaces to to t | Frak e- | 0-6 |
|--|--|------------|---------|---|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertaini</u> Inhalation | | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Chloral subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 15.7 mg/kg/day from drinking water | NA | mouse | NA; hepatotoxicity (Cancer: CAG Group C, data in- adequate to estimate potency) | ND | 2E - 2 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1980a/ Sanders et al., 1982; U.S. EPA, 1988a |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 15.7 mg/kg/day from drinking water | NA | mouse | NA; hepatotoxicity (Cancer: CAG Group C, data in- adequate to estimate potency) | ND | 26 - 3ª | NA | 10,000 | U.S. EPA, 1988a/ Sanders et al., 1982; U.S. EPA, 1988a,b |
| Chlordane subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 1 ppm in diet for 130 weeks (0.045 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver necrosis | ND | 5E - 5 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Velsicol Chemical Corp., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 1 ppm in diet for 130 weeks (0.045 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver necrosis (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 5E -5 a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Velsicol Chemical Corp., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| Chlorinated cyclopen Chlorocyclopentadien | | | DATA IN | ADEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | Ţ | | | U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Hexachlorocyclo- pentadlene | | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic (RfD _S) | O.15 ppm (1.67 mg/m ³ 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (0.2 mg/kg/day); 10 mg/kg, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (7.1 mg/kg/day) | rat | rat | respiratory tract lesions; fore- stomach lesions | 7E-4 (2E-4) | 7E-2 | 100 | 100 | Battelle Northwest Laboratorles, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1988/SRI, 1981a; Abdo et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, |

| | | | | | Reference D | lose | | | 0.6 |
|---|--|----------------------|------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Practor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Hexach lorocyc lo- pentad lene | _ | | | _ | | • | | | |
| chronic (RFD) | 0.15 ppm (1.67 mg/m ³ b hours/day, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (0.2 mg/kg/day); 10 mg/kg, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (7.1 mg/kg/day) | rat | rat | respiratory tract lesions; fore- stomach lesions | 7E-5 (2E-5) | 7E - 3ª | 1,000 | 1,000 | 8attelle Northwest Laboratorles, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1988/SRI, 1981a Abdo et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1988 |
| Pentachlorocyclo- pentadiene | | | DATA | INADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | iT | | | U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Tetrachlorocyclo- pentadlene | | | DATA | INADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | I T | | | U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Trichlorocyclo- pentadiene | | | DATA | INADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | IT | | | U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Chlorinated phenols | | | | | | | | | |
| 2-Chlorophenol subchranlc (RfD _S) | NA; 50 ppm in drinking water from weaning through birth of first litter (5 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; reproductive effects | NO | 5E-3 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a,b/Exon an Koeller, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 50 ppm in drinking water from weaning through birth of first litter (5 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; reproductive effects | ND | 5E - 3ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a,b/Exon an Koeller, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b, 1988 |
| Chlorophenol, 3- and 4- | | | DATA | INADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSME | NT | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 2.4-Dichlorophenol subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 3 ppm in drinking water for 2 generations (0.3 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | MA; Immune functi | on NB | 3E - 3 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a,b/Exon an Koller, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |

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| | | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|--------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| 2.4-Dichlorophenol chronic (RfD) | NA; 3 ppm in drinking water for 2 generations (0.3 mg/kg/day) | на | rat | NA; 1mmune functi | on ND | 3E - 3 ^a | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a,b/Exon and Koller, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1986 1987a,b. |
| Oichlorophenol, 2,3-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4- and 3, | ,5- | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | IT | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachloropher subchronic (RfD _S) | nol NA; 25 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased liv weights and centr lobular hypertrop | 1- | 3E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a, U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987b |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 25 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased liv weights and centr lobular hypertrop | 1- | 3E - 2ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a/ U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987b |
| Tetrachlorophenol. 2,3,4,5-, 2,3,5,6- | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | IT | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenal subchronic (RfD _S) | NA: 1000 ppm of diet for 98 days (100 mg/ kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; hepatotoxicit kidney effects | y, ND | 1E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984, 1987/McCollister et al., 1961; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 1000 ppm of dlet for 98 days (100 mg/ kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; hepatoloxicil kidney effects | y, ND | 1E-1g | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984, 1987/McCollister et al., 1961; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985, 1987 |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | - see Table B | | | | | | | | |
| Trichlorophenol, 2,3,4 2,3,5-, 2,3,6-, and 3, | | | DATA 1 | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | IT | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Pentachlorophenol - se | e Pentachlorophenol | | | | | | | | |

| | 5 | | . 2 | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|--------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------|---|
| Compound | <u>Exposure</u> Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertaint</u> Inhalation | Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Chlorinated toluenes 2,3,6-Irichlorotoluene subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.5 ppm in diet (0.05 mg/kg/day) for 20 days | NA | rat | NA; liver kidney, thyroid lesions | ND | 5E - 5 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Chu et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA; NA | ND | ND | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| a,2,6-Trtchloro- toluene subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.5 ppm in diet (0.05 mg/kg/day) for 28 days | NA | rat | NA; liver, kidney thyroid lesions | , ND | 5E -5 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Chu et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; NA | NA | NA | MA; NA | ND | ND | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Chloroacetaldehyde | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | ī | | | U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Chloroacetic acid subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 30 mg/kg, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (21.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; myocarditis | MD | 26-2 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ IRDC, 1982a; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 30 mg/kg, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (21.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; myocarditis | ND | 26 - 3 | NA 1 | 0,000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ IRDC, 1982a; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Chloroantlines (see als 2-Chloroantline | o Table B) | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | T (SEE TABLE | B) | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 3-Chloroantline | | | DATA I | TTHAUD ROT STAUDSDAN | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | T (SEE TABLE | 8) | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 4-Chloroaniline subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 250 ppm in diet for 78 weeks (12.5 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | MA; proliferative lesions of the spleen | ND | 4E-3 | NA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a NCI, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1987b |

| | _ | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|-----|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| 4-Chloroaniline chronic (RfD) | MA; 250 ppm in diet for 78 weeks (12.5 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; proliferative lesions of the spleen (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 4E-38 | NA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a/ NCI 1979; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Chlorobenzene subchronic (RfO _S) | 75 ppm (345 mg/m³) 7 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 120 days (53 mg/kg/day); 27.3 mg/kg/day by capsule for 90 days | rat | dog | liver and kidney effects; liver and kidney effects | 0.2 (5E-2) | 3E-1 | 1,000 | 100 | Billey, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1984/ Monsanto, 1967a; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | 75 ppm (345 mg/m ³) 7 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 120 days (53 mg/kg/day); 27.3 mg/kg/day by capsule for 90 days | rat | dog | liver and kidney - effects; liver and kidney effects | | 3E-5µ | 10,000 | 1000 | Dilley, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1984/ Monsanto, 1967a; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| p-Chlorobenzoic acid subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.2% in diet for 5 months (173.3 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; nane observed | MD | 2E • O | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Kleckebusch el al., 1960; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 0.2% in diet for 5 months (173.3 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; none observed | ND | 2E-1 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Kleckebusch et al., 1960; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 4-Chlorobenzotri- | | | | | | | | | |
| fluoride subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 15 mg/kg/day by gavage daily for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; renal tubular degeneration | ND | 2E - 1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Hooker Chemical Co., 1981; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RFD) | MA; 15 mg/kg/day by gavage daily for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; renal tubular degeneration | ND | 2E-2 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Hooker Chemical Co., 1981; U.S. EPA, 1988 |

| | _ | | | | Reference D | <u>ose</u> | | | Deference | |
|---|--|-----------------------|-------|---|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Spec 1e Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalatton [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalalion/Oral | |
| p-Chloro-m-cresol subchronic (RfO _S) | NA; 200 mg/kg/day for 28 days | NA | rat | NA; decrease in weight gain | ND | 2E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Madsen et al., 1986; U.S. EPA, 1988 | |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA; NA | ND | ND | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1988 U.S. EPA, 1988 | |
| Chloroform subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 15 mg/kg, 6 days/ week for 7.5 years (12.9 mg/kg/day) | NA | dog | NA; liver lesions | ND | 16-2 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Heywood et al., 1979; U.S. EPA, 1985 | |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 15 mg/kg, 6 days/ week for 7.5 years (12.9 mg/kg/day) | NA | dog | NA; liver lesions (Cancer: see Table B) | MD | 1E-2ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Heywood et al., 1979; U.S. EPA, 1985 | |
| 2-Chloropropane subchronic (RFD _S) | 250 ppm (803 mg/m ³), 6 hours/day, 5 days/ weeks for 4 weeks (91.4 mg/kg/day); NA | rat | NA | liver effects; NA | 3E+0 (9E-1) | ND | 100 | NA | Gage, 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 | |
| chronic (RfD) | 250 ppm (803 mg/m ³), 6 hours/day, 5 days/ weeks for 4 weeks (91.4 mg/kg/day); NA | rat | NA | liver effects; NA | 3E-1 (9E-2) | NO | 1000 | NA | Gage, 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 | |
| Copper subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5.3 mg, single dose | NA | human | NA; local GI tritation | ND | 1.3 mg/1 ^k | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1984/ U.S. EPA, 1987 | |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; NA | NA | human | NA; local Gl irritation ¹ | ND | 1.3 mg/æ ^k | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1984/ U.S. EPA, 1987 | |

| | _ | | _ | | Reference |)ose | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----|-----------------|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Campound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | | cles on Oral | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Cresols m-Cresol subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 50 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; reduced body weight gain, neuro toxicity | ND 1- | 5E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Microbiological Associates, 1986; Toxicity Research Labora- tories, 1987; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 50 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; reduced body weight gain, neuro toxicity | ND 1- | 5E - 2 ^a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Microbiological Associates, 1986; Toxicity Research Labora- tories, 1987; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| o-Cresol subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 50 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; reduced body weight gain, neuro toxicity | MD - | 5E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Microbiological Associates, 1986; Toxicity Research Labora- tories, 1987; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 50 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; reduced body weight gain, neuro toxicity | ND 1- | 5E-2 ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Microbiological Associates, 1986; Toxicity Research Labora- tories, 1987; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| p-Cresol subchronic (RFD _S) | NA; 50 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; reduced body weight gain, neuro toxicity | NO - | 5E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Microbiological Associates, 1986; Toxicity Research taboratories, 1987; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------|------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Spec 1e Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| p-Cresol chronic (RfD) | NA; 50 mg/kg/day for 90 days | MA | rat | NA; reduced body weight gain, neuro toxicity | NO - | 5E - 2ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Microbiological Associates, 1986; Toxicity Research Laboratories, 1987; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Cumene subchronic (RfD _S) | 3.7 ppm (18 mg/m ³) continuously for 90 days (8.6 mg/kg/day); 110 mg/kg/day for 194 days | guinea pig | rat | hematological; ren | al 1E-1 (3E-2) ^m | 4E-1 | 300 | 300 | Jenkins et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987b/Wolfe, 1956; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RfD) | 3.7 ppm (18 mg/m³) continuously for 90 days (8.6 mg/kg); 110 mg/kg for 194 days | guinea pig | ırat | hematologic; renal | 1E-2 [3E-3] ^m | 4E - 2ª | 3000 | 3000 | Jenkins et al., 1970; U.S. EPA,, 1987b/Wolf et al., 1956; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Cyanide subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 10.8 mg/CN/kg/day for 104 weeks from diet treated with HCN | NA | rat | NA; weight loss, thyroid effects an myelin degeneratio | | 2E -2 | NA | 500 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Howard and Hanzal, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |
| chronic (RfD) | MA; 10.8 mg CH/kg/day for 104 weeks from dlet treated with HCN | HA | rat | MA; weight loss, thyroid effects an myelin degeneratio | | 2E - 2ª | NA | 500 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Howard and Hanzal, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |
| Cyanohydrins Acetone cyanohydrin subchronic (RfD _S) | 10.1 ppm (35.2 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 14 weeks (4.0 mg/kg/ day); 10.8 mg CN/kg/day for 104 weeks from diet treated with HCN | ral | rat | CNS signs; body weight, lhyrold an CNS effects | 1E-1 (4E-2) id | 7E -2 ⁿ | 100 | 500 | Blank and Thake 1984/ U.S. EPA, 1988/Howard and Hanzal, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1985a,b, 1988 |

| | Eumaeura | C===1= | _ | 5550-A -5 0 | | <u>Reference</u> l |)ose | | _ | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|---------|---|----------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Spector Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | | halation (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Acetone cyanohydrin chronic (RfD) | 10.1 ppm (35.2 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 14 weeks (4.0 mg/kg/ day); 10.8 mg CN/kg/day for 104 weeks from diet treated with HCN | rat | rat | CNS signs; body weight, thyroid a CNS effects | | E-1 (4E-2) | 7E-2 ⁿ | 100 | 500 | Blank and Thake 1984/ U.S. EPA, 1988/Howard and Hanzal, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1985a,b, 1988 |
| Ethylene cyanohydrin subchronic (RfO _S) | NA; 30 mg/kg/day 1n drinking water for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; decreased hea and brain weights | | D | 3E - 1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Sauerhoff et al., 1976; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 30 mg/kg/day in drinking water for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; decreased hea and brain weights | |) | 3E - 1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Sauerhoff et al., 1976; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Benzaldehyde cyanohyd | ir in | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | ATIVE I | RISK ASSESSMEN | 1 | | | U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| formaldehyde cyanohyd | irin | | DATA II | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE I | RISK ASSESSMEN | 1 | | | U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Lactonitrile | | | DATA II | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE (| ISK ASSESSMEN | τ | | | U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Cyclohexylamine subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 600 ppm cyclohexy- lamine•HCl in diet for 90 days (30 mg/kg/ day) cyclohexylamine) | NA | rat | NA; reduced body weight | N/ | 1 | 3E - 1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a, Gaunt et al., 1974; U.S. EPA, 1987a |
| chronic | NA; 600 ppm cyclohexy- lamine•HCl in diet for 2 years (18 mg/kg/day) cyclohexylamine | NA | rat | NA; testicular effects | N/ | l | 2E - 1ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a/ Gaunt et al., 1976; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| Cyclopentadiene subchronic (RfD _S) | 250 ppm (676 mg/m ³) for 135, 7-hour expo- sures in 194 days (87.3 mg/kg/day); NA | rat | NA | liver and kidney lesions; NA | 36 | +0 (9E-1) | ND | 100 | NA | Dow, 1987; U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA; NA | NO | 1 | ND | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
|)U59h | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | -16- | | | | | | 04/28/89 |

| | _ | | | | Reference | Dose | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|--------|---|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ {mg/kg/day)} | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertalnty</u> Inhalation | | <u>Reference</u> Inhalation/Oral |
| DDT subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 1 ppm in diet for 27 weeks (0.05 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver lesions | ND | 5E-4 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Laug et al., 1950; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 1 ppm in diet for 27 weeks (0.05 mg/kg/day) | , NA | rat | MA; liver lesions (Cancer: see Table | ND B) | 5E-4ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Laug et al., 1950; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1988 |
| Dibenzofuran | | | DATA 1 | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTET | ATIVE RISK ASSESSME | NT | | | |
| Dichlorobenzenes 1,2-Dichlorobenzene subchronic (RfD _S) | 290 mg/m ³ 7 hours/day, 5 days/week for up to 7 months (44 mg/kg/day); 125 mg/kg/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks {89 mg/kg/day) | rat | rat | decreased body weight gain; liver effects | 2E+O {4E-1} | 9£-1 | 100 | 100 | Hollingsworth et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | 290 mg/m ³ 7 hours/day, 5 days/week for up to 7 months (44 mg/kg/day); 125 mg/kg/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (89 mg/kg/day) | rat | rat | decreased body weight gain; liver effects | 2E-1 (4E-2) | 98-21 | j 000 | 1000 | Hollingsworth et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | ATIVE RISK ASSESSME | NT . | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene subchronic (RfD _S) | 75 ppm (454.6 mg/m ³) 5 hours/day, 5 days/week for 76 weeks; NA | rat | NA | liver and kidney kidney effects; NA | 7E-1 (NA) | ND | 100 | NA | Riley et al., 1980; U.S. EPA, 1988/U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RFO) | 75 ppm (454.6 mg/m ³) 5 hours/day, 5 days/week for 76 weeks; NA | rat | NA | liver and kidney kidney effects; (Cancer: see Table | 7E-1 (NA) ^J | ND | 100 | NA | Riley et al., 1980; U.S. EPA, 1980/U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Dichlorobutenes | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTLI | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | IT (SEE TABLE | B) | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | _ | | _ | F151 -5 C | <u>Reference</u> (| lose | | . | Defeases |
|---|---|----------------------|--------|--|--|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)} | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | Pactor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane subchronic (RfDs) | 500 ppm (2025 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (138 mg/kg/ day); 500 ppm (2025 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (115 mg/kg/day) | cat | rat | kidney damage; non | s 5E+0 (1E+0) | 16+0 | 100 | 100 | Hofmann et al., 1971; U.S. EPA, 1984/Hofmann et al., 1971; U.S. EPA, 1983b, 1984 |
| chronic (RfOs) | 500 ppm (2025 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (138 mg/kg/ day); 500 ppm (2025 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (mg/kg/day) | cat | rat | kidney damage; non (Cancer: see Table | | 16-1 | 1000 | 1000 | Hofmann et al., 1971; U.S. EPA, 1984/Hofmann et al., 1971; U.S. EPA, 1983b, 1984 |
| 1,1-Dichloraethylene subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 50 ppm in drinking water for 2 years (9 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver lesions | ND | 9E -3 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Quast et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 50 ppm in drinking water for 2 years (9 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver lesions (Cancer: see Table | ND B) | 9E -3a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Quast et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| 1,2-c-Dichloroethylene | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEI | iT | | | U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| 1,2-t-Dichloroethylene | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | I T | | | U.S. EPA. 1984 |
| Dicyclopentadiene subchronic (RfDs) | <pre>1 ppm (5.4 mg/m³), 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 90 days (0.61 mg/kg/day); 690 ppm in diet for 3 generations (32 mg/kg/day for males)</pre> | rat | rat | liver dysfunction; none | 2E-3 (6E-4) | 3E - 1 | 1000 | 100 | Dodd et al., 1982; U.S. EPA, 1987/Litton Bionetics, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|-----|--|--|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | - F <u>actor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Dicyclopentadiene chronic (RfD) | l ppm (5.4 mg/m³), 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 90 days (0.61 mg/kg/day); 690 ppm in dlet for 3 generations (32 mg/kg/day for males) | rat | rat | liver dysfunction; none | 2E-4 (6E-5) | 3E -2 | 10,000 | 1000 | Dodd et al., 1982;U.S. EPA, 1987/Litton Bionetics, 1980 U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Dieldrin subchronic (RfO _S) | NA; O.1 ppm in diet for 2 years (0.005 mg/kg/day) | | rat | NA; liver lesions | ND | 5E - 5 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Walker et al., 1969; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; O.1 ppm in diet for 2 years (O.005 mg/kg/day) | | rat | MA; liver lesions (Cancer: see Table 8) | ND | 5E -5ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Walker et al., 1969; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Dimethylphenols 2,6-Dimethylphenol subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; O.6 mg/kg/day for 8 months | NA | rat | NA; effects on blood pressure, weight gain and histological appear- ance of several orga | | 6£-3 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Veldre and Janes, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; O.6 mg/kg/day for 8 months | NA | rat | NA; effects on blood pressure, weight gain and histological appear- ance of several orga | | 6E -4ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Veldre and Janes, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987 |
| 3,4-Dimethylphenol subchronic (AfD _S) | NA; 1.4 mg/kg/day for 8 months | NA | ral | NA; reduced growth, internal lesions | MD | 1E-2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Veldre and Janes, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1987, 1988 |

| | _ | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Spec 16 Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | ractor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| 3,4-Dimethylphenol chronic (RfD) | NA; 1.4 mg/kg/day for 8 months | NA | rat | NA; reduced growth internal lesions | , ND | 1E-3 a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Veldre and Janes, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1987, 1988 |
| Endosulfan subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 3 ppm in diet in 2-generation reproduc- tive study (0.15 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; mild kidney lesions | ND | 2E - 4 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a Huntington Research Center 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987a |
| chronic (AFD) | MA; 3 ppm in diet in 2-generation reproduc- tive study (0.15 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; mild kidney lesions | ND | 5E -5 a | HA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a, Huntington Research Center 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Endrin subchronic (RfO _S) | NA; 1 ppm in diet for 18 months (0.045 mg/kg/day) | NA | dog | NA; increased relative organ weights | ND | 5E-4 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Treon et al., 1955; U.S. EPA, 1985a, 1987 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 1 ppm in diet for >2 years (0.025 mg/kg/day) | NA | dog | NA; convulsions and liver lesions | MD | 3E -48 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ CBI; U.S. EPA, 1985a, 1987, 1988 |
| Ethylbenzene subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 136 mg/kg 5 days/week for 182 days (97.1 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; hepatotoxicily and nephrotoxicily | | 1E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Wolf et al., 1956; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 136 mg/kg 5 days/week for 182 days (97.1 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; hepatotoxicity and nephrotoxicity | , ND ,1 | 1E-1ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Wolf et al., 1956; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |

| | _ | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|---|---|----------------------|--------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Oral Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Ethyl Chloride | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | T | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Ethylenedlamine subchronic (RfD _S) | 59 ppm (145 mg/m³) 7 hours/day, 5 days/week for 30 days (25.8 mg/kg/ day); 3-month dietary study with ethylene- diamine dihydrochloride (22.6 mg ethylene- diamine/kg/day | rat | rat | death, kidney and liver lesions; liver and hematologic changes | 1E+O (3E-1) | 2 E-1 | 100 | 100 | Pozzani and Carpenter, 1954 U.S. EPA, 1988/ Yang et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 3-month dietary study with ethylene- diamine dihydrochloride (22.6 mg ethylene- diamine/kg/day | NA | rat | NA; liver and hematologic changes | ND | 2E -2 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Yang et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Ethylene glycoł subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 200 mg/kg/day in developmental toxicity | NA | rat | NA; fetotoxicity | ND | 2E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a Maronpot et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 200 mg/kg/day in 2-year dietary study | NA | rat | NA; mortality, liver and kidney effects | ND | 2E+0ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a DePass et al., 1986a; U.S. EPA 1987a,b |
| Ethyl ether subchronic (RFD _S) | NA; 500 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | MA; liver effects | ND | 5E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ American Biogenics Corp. 1986; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 500 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; liver effects | ND | 5{ - 1 ^h | NA | 1 00 0 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ American Blogenics Corp. 1986; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | 5 | 0 | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|-------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Ora |
| furan subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 2 mg/kg, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (1.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | mouse | NA; hepatic lesion | DN 2 | 16-2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987, SRI, 1982b; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 2 mg/kg, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (1.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | mouse | NA; hepatic lesion | S ND | 1E -3ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987, SRI, 1982b; U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987 |
| furfural subchronic (RfD _S) | 20 ppm (77 mg/m ³), 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (13 mg/kg); 11 mg/kg, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (7.9 mg/kg/day) | hamster | rat | olfactory degenera tion; hepatotoxici | | 3E -2 | 100 | 300 | Feron et al., 1979; U.S. EPA, 1988/SRI, 1981; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | 20 ppm (77 mg/m ³), 6 hours/day, 5 days week for 13 weeks (13 mg/kg); 11 mg/kg, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (7.9 mg/kg/day) | hamster | rat | olfactory degenera- tion; hepatotoxicii | | 3E - 3ª | 1000 | 3000 | Feron et al., 1979; U.S. EPA, 1988/SRI, 1981; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Glycol ethers P-Ethoxyethanol subchronic (RfDs) | 10 ppm (37 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day on days 6-15 of gestation (6.8 mg/kg/ day); 50 µt (46.6 mg/kg/ day) on days 1-21 of gestation | rat | rat | fetotoxicity; fetotoxicity | 2E-1 (7E-2) | 5E-1 | 100 | 100 | Doe, 1984a; U.S. EPA, 1984/ Stenger et al., 1971; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | 100 ppm (369 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (49.9 mg/kg/day) 500 mg/kg 5 days/week for 103 weeks (357 mg/kg/day) | rat | rat | altered hemotology; reduced body weight | | 4 E-1 | 1000 | 1000 | Barbee et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1984/Melnick, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1985 |

| | Euga | 0 | _ | 5664 -5 O | Reference D | ose | | _ | |
|--|---|----------------------|--------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specio Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>Factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Ora |
| 2-Methoxyethanol subchronic (RfDs) | 10 ppm (31 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (2.9 mg/kg/day); 10 ppm (31 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (1.47 mg/kg/day) | rabbit | rabbit | fetotoxicity and testicular effects fetotoxicity and testicular effects | | 1E-2 ^b | 100 | 100 | Miller et al., 1982; U.S. EPA 1986/Miller et al., 1982; U.S. EPA, 1986 |
| chronic (RfD) | 10 ppm (31 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (2.9 mg/kg/day); 10 ppm (31 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 13 weeks (1.47 mg/kg/day) | rabbil | rabbit | fetoloxicity and testicular effects fetoloxicity and testicular effects | | IE-3Þ∙g | 1000 | 1000 | Miller et al., 1982; U.S. EPA 1986/Miller et al., 1982; U.S. EPA, 1986 |
| Diethylene glycol manaethyl ether subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; diet provided 500 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; impaired renal function, increase testes weight | | 5E+O | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984, Hall et al., 1966; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | MA; 0.2% in drinking water (200 mg/kg/day) for 2 years | NA | rat | MA; kidney histo- pathology | ND | 2€ •0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Smyth et al., 1964; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether subchronic (RfD _S) | 25 ppm (121 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (16 mg/kg/day); NA | rat | NA | altered hematology NA | ; 6E-1 (2E-1) | ND | 100 | NA | Dodd et al., 1983/U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | 25 ppm (121 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (16 mg/kg/day); NA | rat | NA | altered hematology NA | ; 6E-2 (2E-2) | NO | 1000 | NA | Dodd et al., 1983/U.S. EPA, 1984 |

| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | | | | Reference Dose | | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------|-----|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| | | Spec 16 Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Propylene glycol monomethyl ether | | | | | | | | | |
| subchron1c RfD _S) | 1000 ppm (3685 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (489 mg/kg/day); 947 mg/kg, 5 days/week for 35 days (676 mg/ kg/day) by gavage | rat | rat | liver histo- pathology; liver and kidney histo- pathology | 2E+1 (5E+0) | 7E+0 | 100 | 100 | Miller et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1984/Rowe et al., 1954; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | 1000 ppm (3685 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (489 mg/kg/day); 947 mg/kg, 5 days/week for 35 days (676 mg/kg/day) by gavage | rat | rat | liver histo- pathology; liver and kidney histo- pathology | 2E+O (5E-1) | 7E-1 | 1000 | 1000 | Miller et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1984/Rowe et al., 1954; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| Propylene glycol | | | | | | | | | |
| monoethy1 ether subchron1c (RfD _S) | NA; 30-day drinking water (680 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; reduced weight gain | ND | 7E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Smyth and Carpenter, 1948 U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 30-day drinking water (680 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; reduced weight gain | t ND | 78-1 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Smyth and Carpenter, 1948 U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| Haloethers | | | | | | | | | |
| 2,4,4'Trichloro- 2'-hydroxydlphenylether subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 500 mg/kg, 6 days/ /week for 4 weeks (429 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | ND; ND | ND | 4E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Lyman and fur1a, 1969; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; NA | NA | NA | ND; ND | ND | ND | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Other haloethers: see T | ahle R | | | | | | | | 5.5. Lin, 1507 |

| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Conc. t | | [| <u>Reference</u> | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|------|--|
| | | Spec 1e Inhalation | Ora) | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Halogenated (fully) me Dichlorodifluoromethan (f-12) | | | | | | • | | | |
| subchronic (RfD _S) | 4136 mg/m ³ , 8 hours/ day, 5 days/week for 6 weeks (482.3 mg/kg/ day); 90 mg/kg/day for 90 days | gu1nea p1g | dog | lung and liver lesions; none | 2E+O (5E-1) | 9E - 1 | 1000 | 100 | Prendergast et al., 1967; U.S. EPA, 1987, Clayton, 1967; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | 4136 mg/m ³ , 8 hours/ day, 5 days/week for 6 weeks (482.3 mg/kg/ day); 15 mg/kg/day for 2 years | gu i nea p i g | rat | lung and liver lesions; depressed body weight gain | 2E-1 (5E-2) I | 2E - 1ª | 10,000 | 100 | Prendergast et al., 1967; U.S. EPA, 1987, Sherman, 1974; U.S. EPA, 1982, 1985, 1987 |
| richlorofluoromethane f-11) | | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic (RfD _S) | 5600 mg/m ³ contin- uously for 90 days (1940 mg/kg/day); 1000 mg/kg/day, 5 days/week for 6 weeks (714.3 mg/kg/day) | dog | rat | elevated BUN, lung lesions; mortality | | 7E-1 | 1000 | 1000 | Jenkins et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987/NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | 5600 mg/m ³ contin- uously for 90 days (1940 mg/kg/day); 488 mg/kg/day, 5 days/week for 66 weeks (348.6 mg/kg/day) | dog | rat | elevated BUN, lung lestons; mortality | | 3E - 1ª | 10,000 | 1000 | Jenkins et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987/NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1987 |
| eptachlor subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 3 ppm in diet for 2 years (0.15 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; increased live weight | er ND | 5E -4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1987a Velsicol Chemical, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 3 ppm in diet for 2 years (0.15 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; increased live weight (Cancer: se Table B) | | 5E -4ª | NA | 300 | U.S EPA, 1987a Velsicol Chemical, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1987b |

| | | 6 4- | | 5661 - 6 O | Reference D | ose | | _ | |
|---|---|----------------------|-----|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>Factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Hexachlorobenzene subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 1.6 ppm in diet for 130 weeks (0.08 mg/kg/ day) | NA | rat | NA; liver and hema- tologic effects | - ND | 8E - 4 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Arnold et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 1.6 ppm in diet for 130 weeks (0.08 mg/kg/ day) | NA | rat | NA; liver and hema- tologic effects (Cancer: see Table | | 8E - 4ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Arnold et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 2 year dietary study (0.2 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; kidney toxicity | , ND | 2E - 3 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Kociba et al., 1977; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 2 year dietary study (0.2 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; kidney toxicity (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 2E - 3ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Kociba et al., 1977; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| Hexachloroethane subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 16 week dietary study (1 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; kidney degenera tion | I- ND | 1E-2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a Gorzinski et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 16 week dietary study (1 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; kidney degenera tion (Cancer: see Table B) | - ND | 1E-3 a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a Gorzinski et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Hexavalent chromium subchronic (RFD _S) | NA; 25 ppm Cr VI in drinking water for i year (2.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; not defined | ND | 2E -2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ MacKenzle et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 25 ppm Cr VI in drinking water for i year (2.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer (see Table B); not defined | ND | 5E - 3a | NA | 500 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ MacKenzle et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986 |

| | • | 0 | _ | F 6 6 | Reference D | <u>ose</u> | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|--------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | Oral | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| p-Hydroquinone subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 300 mg/day for 3-5 months (4.29 mg/kg/day) | NA | human | NA; hematological effects | ND | 4E-1 | NA | 10 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Carlson and Brewer, 1953; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 300 mg/day for 3-5 months (4.29 mg/kg/day) | NA | human | NA; hematological effects | ND | 4E - 2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Carlson and Brewer, 1953; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| iron | | | DATA 1 | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | 1 | | | U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| Isophorone subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 90-day oral (capsules) study (150 mg/kg/day) | NA | dog | NA; kidney lesions | s ND | 1.5E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Rohm and Haas, 1972; NTP, 1986 U.S. EPA, 1986 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 90-day oral (capsules) study (150 mg/kg/day) | NA | dog | NA; kidney lesions (Cancer: see Table B) | s ND | 1.5E-1ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Rohm and Haas, 1972; NTP, 1986 U.S. EPA, 1986 |
| .ead subchron1c (RfD _S) | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA; NA | NDP | PDN | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986/U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; NA | NA | NA | CNS effects; CNS effects (Cancer: see Table B) | NDP | PON | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986/U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986 |
| .indane gamma hexachlorocy- | | | | | | | | | |
| :Tohexane) subchron1c (RfD _S) | NA; 4 ppm in diet for 12 weeks (0.33 mg/kg/ day) | NA | rat | NA; liver and and kidney toxicit | NO Y | 3E -3 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Zoecon Corp., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1986 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 4 ppm in diet for 12 weeks (0.33 mg/kg day) | NA | rat | NA; liver and kidney toxicity (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 3E -4ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Zoecon Corp., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1986 |

| | • | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|---|--|--------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Spector Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Manganese subchronic RfDs) | O.3 mg/m ³ occupational (2.1 mg/day); 1050 ppm Mn from Mn ₃ O ₄ from day 1 of gestation through 224 days of age (52.5 mg Mn/kg/day) | human | rat | CNS; reproductive | 1E-3(3E-4) | 56-1 | 100 | 100 | Saric et al., 1977; U.S. EPA, 1984/Laskey et al., 1982; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | 0.3 mg/m ³ occupational (2.1 mg/day); 1 mg MnCl ₂ ·4 H ₂ O/1 for >2 years (22 mg Mn/kg/ day) in drinking water | human | rat | CNS; CNS ¹ | 1E-3(3E-4) | 2E - 1 | 100 | 100 | Saric et al., 1977; U.S. EPA, 1984/Leung et al., 1981; Lai et al., 1982c; U.S. EPA 1984 |
| Mercury, alkyl and Inorganic subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.003 mg/kg/day in humans associated with Hg in blood at 200 ng/mt | NA | human | NA; CNS effects | ND | 3E-4 | NA. | 10 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ U.S. EPA,1980b, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA: 0.003 mg/kg/day in humans associated with Hg in blood at 200 ng/mi | NA | human | NA; CNS effects | ND | 3E_4a,r | NA | 10 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ U.S. EPA, 1980b 1984, 1985 |
| Mercury, mercurial subchronic (RfDs) | NA; several oral and parenteral studies in the Brown Norway rat | NA | rat | NA; kidney effect | s ND | 3E -4 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Fitzhugh et al., 1950; Dru et al., 1978; Bernaudin et al., 1981; Andres, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987, 1988 |

| | C | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|-----|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Ora |
| Mercury, mercurtal chronic (RfD) | NA; several oral and parenteral studies in the Brown Norway rat | NA | rat | NA; kidney effect | ;) ND | 3E -4J | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ fitzhugh et al., 1950; Dru et al., 1978; Bernaudin et al., 1981; Andres, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987, |
| Methomyl subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 100 ppm in diet (2.5 mg/kg/day) for 24 months | NA | dog | NA; kidney lesion | s ND | 3E - 2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Kaplan and Sherman, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RfD _S) | NA; 100 ppm in diet (2.5 mg/kg/day) for 24 months | NA | dog | NA; kidney leşion: | s ND | 3E - 2ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Kaplan and Sherman, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Methylene chloride (dichloromethane) | | | | | | | | | |
| `subchron1c (RfĎ _S) | 200 ppm (694.8 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 2 years; 24-month drinking water study [5.85 mg/kg/day (males) 6.47 mg/kg/day (females)] | rat | rat | NA; liver toxicity | /; 3 (NA) | 6E - 2 | 100 | 100 | Nitschke et al., 1988; U.S. EPA, 1988/National Coffee Associa- tion, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RfD) | 200 ppm (694.8 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 2 years; 24-month drinking water study [5.85 mg/kg/day (males) 6.47 mg/kg/day (females)] | rat | rat | NA; liver toxicit; (Cancer: see Table B) | ; 3 (NA) ^j | 6E -2 a | 100 | 100 | Nitschke et al., 1988; U.S. EPA, 1988/National Coffee Associa- tion, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1985 |

| | • | | | 6661 | Reference D | ose | | _ | |
|--|--|----------------------|-------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Orał (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Methyl ethyl ketone subchronic (RFD _S) | 235 ppm (693 mg/m³) 7 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 12 weeks (92 mg/kg/day); 235 ppm (693 mg/m³) 7 hours/ day, 5 days/week for 12 weeks (46 mg/kg/day) | rat | rat | CNS; fetotoxicity | 3E-0 (9E-1) ^s | 5E - 1b | 100 | 100 | LaBelle and Brieger, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1985/ LaBelle and Brieger, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RfD) | 235 ppm (693 mg/m³) 7 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 12 weeks (92 mg/kg/day); 235 ppm (693 mg/m³) 7 hours/ day, 5 days/week for 12 weeks (46 mg/kg/day) | rat | rat | CNS; fetoloxicity | 3E-1 (9E-2) ^{\$} | 5E-2 a .b | 1000 | 1000 | LaBelle and Brieger, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1985/ LaBelle and Brieger, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone subchronic (RfDs) | 50 ppm (205 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 90 days (23.3 mg/kg/day); 50 mg/kg/day by gavage for 13 weeks | rat | rat | liver and kidney effects; liver and kidney effects | 8E-1 (2E-1) 1 | 5E - 1 | 100 | 100 | Union Carbide Corp., 1983b; U.S. EPA, 1987/ Microbiological Associates, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | 50 ppm (205 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 90 days (23.3 mg/kg/day); 50 mg/kg/day by gavage for 13 weeks | rat | rat | liver and kidney effects; liver and kidney effects | 8E-2 (2E-2) 1 | 5E - 2 a | 1000 | 1000 | Union Carbide Corp., 1983b; U.S. EPA, 1987/ Microbiological Associates, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987 |
| Methyl Styrene (industrial mixture) subchronic (RfD _S) | 10 ppm (48.3 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 103 weeks (11.2 mg/kg/day): 10 ppm (48.3 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 103 weeks (5.6 mg/kg/day) | mouse | mouse | nasal lestons; nasal lestons | 4E-2 (1E-2) | 6E - 3 b | 1000 | 1000 | MRI, 1984a; U.S. EPA, 1987/ MRI, 1984a; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | £ | | | 566 1 6 0 | Reference D | ose | | _ | |
|---|--|----------------------|-----------------|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day}] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertaint</u> Inhalation | | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Methyl Styrene (industrial mixture) | | | | | | | | | |
| chronic | 10 ppm (48.3 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 103 weeks (11.2 mg/ kg/day): 10 ppm (48.3 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 103 weeks (5.6 mg/kg/day) | mouse | mouse | nasal lestons; nasal lestons | 4E-2 (1E-2) | 6E - 3b | 1000 | 1000 | MRI, 1984a; U.S. EPA, 1987/ MRI, 1984a; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Mirex subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; O.1 ppm in diet, multigenerational study (O.015 mg/kg/day) | NA | prairie vole | NA; decreased pup survival | ND | 28 -6 | NA | 10,000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a Shannon, 1976; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.1 ppm in diet, multigenerational study (0.015 mg/kg/day) | NA | prairie vole | NA; decreased pup survival (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 5E - 6 a | NA | 10,000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a Shannon, 1976; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Monochlorobutanes 1-Chlorobutane | | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic (RfD)s | NA; 120 mg/kg, 5 days/ week for 13 weeks by gavage (86 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; CNS and hematopoletic effects | ND | 9E - 1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ NTP, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 60 mg/kg, 5 days/ week for 103 weeks by gavage (43 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; mortality, CNS and hemato- logic effects | ND | 4E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ NTP, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| 2-Ch lor obutane | | | DATA IN | ADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | ī | | | U.S. EPA, 1988/ U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| t-Butylchlor1de | | | DATA IN | ADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | IATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | ī | | | U.S. EPA, 1988/ U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Naphthalene subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 10-20 mg/day in diet 6 days/week for ~700 days (41 mg/kg/ day) ^s | NA | rat | NA; ocular and internal lesions | ND | 4E-1t | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Schmahl, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1988 |

| | Exposure | Connel | _ | 566.0A of Co | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|--------|---|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specto Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Naphthalene chronic (RfD) | NA; 10-20 mg/day in diet 6 days/week for ≃700 days (41 mg/kg/day) ^s | NA | rat | NA; ocular and internal lesions | ND | 4E-19, t | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Schmahl, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1986; 1988 |
| Nickel subchronic (RfDs) | NA; 100 ppm N1 from nickel sulfate in diet for 2 years (5 mg N1/kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer; reduced body and organ welght | ND | 2E -2 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Ambrose et al., 1976; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 100 ppm N1 from nickel sulfate in diet for 2 years (5 mg N1/kg/day) | NA | rat | cancer (see Table B); reduced body and organ | ND | 2E -2 a | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Ambrose et al., 1976; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Nitriles, Selected Methacrylonitrile subchronic (RfDs) | 3.2 ppm (9 mg/m³), 7 hours/day, 5 days/week for 90 days (0.63 mg/kg/day); 3.2 ppm (9 mg/m³) 7 hours/day 5 days/week for 90 days (0.32 mg/kg/day) | dog | dog | increased SGOT and SGPT, loss of hind- limb motor control, brain lesions; in- creased SGOT and SGPT, loss of hind- limb motor control, brain lesions | 7E-3 (2E-3) ^m | 1E-3 ^b | 300 | 300 | Pozzani et al., 1968; U.S. EPA, 1987b/Pozzani et al., 1968; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RfD) | 3.2 ppm (9 mg/m³), 7 hours/day, 5 days/week for 90 days (0.63 mg/kg/day); 3.2 ppm (9 mg/m³) 7 hours/day 5 days/week for 90 days (0.32 mg/kg/day) | dog | dog | increased SGOT and SGPT, loss of hind-limb motor control, brain lesions; increased SGOT and SGPT, loss of hind-limb motor control, brain lesions | 7E-4 (2E-4) ^m | 1E-4a,b | 3000 | 3000 | Pozzani et al., 1968; U.S. EPA, 1987b/Pozzani et al., 1968; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Nicotinonitrile | | | DATA I | INADEQUATE FOR QUANTITAT | TIVE RISK ASSESSMENT | | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Succinonitrile | | | DATA 1 | INADEQUATE FOR QUANTITAT | TIVE RISK ASSESSMENT | | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | _ | | | | <u>Referen</u> ce D | ose | Nacas 4 3 4 - 4 | [244 | Oo for no. |
|---|--|----------------------|--------|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------|--------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertaint Inhalation | | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Nitrobenzene subchronic (RfD _S) | 5 ppm (25 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 90 days (5.8 mg/kg/day); 5 ppm (25 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 90 days (4.64 mg/kg/day) | mou s e | mouse | hematological, adrenal, renal and hepalic lesions: hematological, adrenal, renal and hepatic lesions; | | 5E - 3 ^b | 1000 | 1000 | CIII, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987/ CIIT, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RFD) | 5 ppm (25 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 90 days (5.8 mg/kg/day); 5 ppm (25 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 90 days (4.64 mg/kg/day) | monze | mouse | hematological, adrenal, renal and hepatic lesions; hematological, adrenal, renal and hepatic lesions; | | 5{ _4ª,b | 10,000 | 10,000 | CIIT, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987, CIIT, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1987 |
| Mitrofurans nitrofurantoin Subchronic (RFD _S) | MA; 300 ppm dlet for 13 weeks, (69.7 mg/kg/ day) | NA | mouse | NA; testicular damage | ND | 7E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987, SRI, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic ·RFD | NA: 300 ppm dlet for 13 weeks (69.7 mg/kg/ day) | NA | mouse | NA; testicular damage | ND | 7E - 2 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987, SRI, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Other nitrofurans: see | Table 8 | | | | | | | | |
| Nitrophenols | | | DATA 1 | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | Ť | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Parathion subchronic (RFDs) | NA; CBI | NA | human | NA; cholinesterase inhibition | e ND | 6E - 3 | NA | 10 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; CBI | NA | human | NA; cholinesterase inhibition, cancer | | 6E - 3 ⁹ | NA | 10 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |

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|---|---|----------------------|---------------|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------|---------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Pentachlorophenol subchronic (RfDs) | NA; 3 mg/kg/day by gavage 62 days before mating through gestation | NA | rat | NA; fetatox1c1ty | ND | 3E -2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Schwetz et al., 1978; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 3 mg/kg/day by gavage for 22-24 months | NA | rat | NA; liver and kidney pathology ^l | ND | 3E -2ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Schwetz et al., 1978: U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |
| n-Pentan e | | | DATA IN | ADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | IT | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Phenanthrene | | | DATA IN | ADEQUATE FOR QUANTI | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | ıT | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Phenol subchronic (RfDs) | NA; 60 mg/kg/day by gavage during organo- genesis | NA | rat | NA; reduced fetal body weight | ND | 6E-1 | HA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Research Triangle Institute, 1983 U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 60 mg/kg/day by gavage during organo- genesis | NA | ral | NA; reduced fetal body welght | ND | 6E-1 J | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Research Triangle Institute, 1983 U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Phthalic acid esters (Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phth subchronic (RfDs) | | NA | guinea | NA; Increased | ND | 2E -2 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ |
| | l year (19 mg/kg/day) | | plg | relative liver weight | | | | | Carpenter et al., 1953; U.S. EPA, 1986 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.04% of diet for 1 year (19 mg/kg/day) | NA | gutnea ptg | NA; increased relative liver weight (Cancer: s (Table B) | ND ee | 2E - 2 a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Carpenter et al., 1953; U.S. EPA, 1986 |

| | Exposure | Spec | • • • | [ffeet of Communication | Reference D | ose | | _ | |
|--|---|-----------|---------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalatio | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Practor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Butyl benzyl phthalate subchronic (RfO _S) | NA; 0.28% of d1et for 26 weeks (159 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; effects on body weight gain, testes, liver, kidney | ND | 2E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.28% of diet for 26 weeks (159 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; effects on body weight gain, testes, liver, kidney ^u | ND | 2€-1 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ N1P, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987 |
| Diethyl phthalate subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 1% in diet for 16 weeks (750 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; reduced terminal body weight | ND | 8E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a/ Brown et al., 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987a |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 1% in diet for 16 weeks (750 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; reduced terminal bòdy weight ^l | ND | 8E - Ja | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a/ Brown et al., 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| D1-n-butyl phthalate subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.25% of diet for 52 weeks (125 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; mortality | ND | 1E+0 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Smith, 1953; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.25% of diet for 52 weeks (125 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; mortality ¹ | ND | 16-19 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Smith, 1953; U.S. EPA, 1986 1987 |
| Dimethyl phthalate | | | DATA II | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTE | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | rg, 1 | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| D1-n-octyl phthalate | | | DATA II | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT | ſ | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| n-Propyl alcohol | | | DATA II | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTII | TATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT | ſ | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Propylene glycol subchronic (RfD _S) | 170-350 mg/m³ (mean: 260 mg/m³) contin- uously for 18 months (166 mg/kg/day); 6% in diet for 20 weeks (3 g/kg/day) | rat | rat | none observed; rer lesions | nal 6E+O (2E+O) | 3E+1 | 100 | 100 | Robertson, 1947; U.S. EPA, 1987/ Guerrant et al., 1947; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 0059h | | | | -35- | | | | | 04/28/89 |

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|--|--|-----------------------|--------|---|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Spec 1e Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Propylene glycol chronic (RfD) | 170-350 mg/m³ (mean: 260 mg/m³) contin- uously for 18 months (166 mg/kg/day); 50,000 ppm in diet for 2 years (2.1 g/kg/day) | rat | dog | none observed; de- crease in RBC, hematocrit, hemo- globin in dogs | - 6E+O (2E+O) | 2E+1 | 100 | 100 | Robertson, 1947 U.S. EPA, 1987/ Gaunt et al., 1972; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Pyrene | | | DATA I | INDEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | T | | | U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| Selenium subchronic (RfD _S) | O.1 mg/m ³ occupational; (O.7 mg/day); 4.8 ppm in diet for 6 weeks (O.41 mg/kg/day) | human | rat | ND; mortal)ty | 4E-3 (1E-3) | 4E-3 | 10 | 100 | Glover, 1967; U.S. EPA, 1984/ Halverson et al., 1966; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| chronic (RfD) | O.1 mg/m ³ occupational (O.7 mg/day); 3.2 mg/day from diet of seleniferous foodstuffs | human | human | ND; hair and nail loss, dermatitis | 4E-3 (1E-3) | 3E - 3 9 | 10 | 15 | Glover, 1967; U.S. EPA, 1984/ Yang et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |
| Sodium cyanide subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 10.8 mg CN/kg/day from diet containing HCN (equivalent to NaCN at 20.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; CNS | ND | 4E - 2 | NA | 500 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Howard and Hanzal, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 10.8 mg CN/kg/day from diet containing HCN (equivalent to NaCN at 20.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; CNS | ND | 4E -2ª | NA | 500 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Howard and Hanzal, 1955; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |
| Sodium diethyldithio- carbamate subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 30 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; decreased body weight gain, renal and hemotological effects | | 3E-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Sunderman et al., 1967; U.S. EPA, 1988 |

| | | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|-------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Sodium diethyldithio- carbamate | | | | | | | | | |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 30 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; cataracts and reduced body weight in chronic study (Cancer: see Table B) | ND t | 3E - 2 ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Sunderman et al., 1967; U.S. EPA, 1985 1988 |
| Sulfuric acid subchronic (RfD _S) | 0.066-0.098 mg/m ³ occupational; NA | human | NA | respiratory; NA | MDA | NO | NA | NA | Carson et al., 1981; U.S. EPA, 1984/NA |
| chronic (RfD) | 0.066-0.098 mg/m ³ occupational; NA | human | NA | respiratory; NA | NO V | ND | NA | NA | Carson et al., 1981; U.S. EPA 1984/NA |
| Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) | | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 20 mg/kg 5 days/week for 6 weeks {14 mg/kg/day} | NA | mouse | NA; hepatotoxicily | ND | 16-1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Buben and O'flaherty, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 20 mg/kg 5 days/week for 6 weeks (14 mg/kg/day) | NA | wonze | NA; hepatotoxicity (Cancer: see Table B) | , MD | 1E-2ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Buben and O'flaherty, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Thallium and Compounds Thallium (in soluble s | | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic RFDs) | NA; 0.20 mg/thalllum/kg/ day (from thalllum sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | MD | 7E-4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1988a MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.20 mg/thalllum/kg/ day (from thalllum sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecta | NO NO | 7E - S | NA | 3000 | U S. EPA, 1988a MRI, 1986; U S. EPA, 1986b |

| | Exposure | Spec 16 | | [ffeet of Consess | Reference D | ose | | | |
|---|--|------------|-----|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------|---|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Thallium(III) oxide [Thallic oxide] | NA 0.00 ALLES | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic (RfDs) | NA; 0.02 mg/thalllum/kg/ day (from thalllum sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | T ND | 7E-4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1988a MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b 1988b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.02 mg/thallium/kg/ day (from thallium sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | T ND | 7E - 5 a | MA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1988a. MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b 1988b |
| Thallium(I) acetate subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.20 mg/thalllum/kg/ day (from thalllum sulfate) for 90 days | MA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | T ND | 9E -4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1988a, MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1988b |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 0.20 mg/thallium/kg/ day (from thallium sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecta | ND | 9E-5a | NA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1988a, MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1988b |
| Thallium(I) carbonate subchronic (RfO _S) | NA; 0.20 mg/thall1um/kg/ day (from thall1um sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecta | ND | 8E -4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1988a/ MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1988b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.20 mg/thallium/kg/ day (from thallium sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | ND | 8E -5ª | NA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1988a/ MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1988b |
| Thallium(I) chloride subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.20 mg/thallium/kg/ day (from thallium sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | ND | 8E -4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1988a/ MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1988b |

| | _ | | | *** | <u>Reference</u> | ose | M | | • | |
|--|--|----------------------|-----|---|---|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------|---|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral | |
| Thallium(I) chloride chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.20 mg/thallium/kg/ day (from thallium sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | T NO | 8E-5a | NA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1988a. MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b 1988b | |
| Thallium(I) nitrate subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 0.20 mg/thallium/kg/ day (from thallium sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | MA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | r ND | 9E -4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1988a. MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b 1988b | |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 0.20 mg/thalllum/kg/ day (from thalllum sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGDT and serum LDH levels, alopecia | T ND | 9E -5 a | NA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1988a. MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b 1988b | |
| Thallium selenide (Ti ₂ subchronic (RfO _S) | Se) NA; 0.20 mg/thalllum/kg/ day (from thalllum sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecta | T ND | 9E -4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1988a MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b 1988b | |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 0.20 mg/thalllum/kg/ day (from thalllum sulfate) for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; Increased SGOT and serum LDH Tevels, alopecta | T NO | 9E - 5 a | NA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1988a, MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b 1988b | |
| Thallium(I) sulfate subchronic (RFD _S) | NA; D.25 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | rat | NA; Increased SGOT and serum LDH levels, alopecla | T ND | 8E -4 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1988a. MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1988b | |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 0.25 mg/kg/day for 90 days | NA | ral | NA; increased SGO and serum LDH levels, alopecta | T ND | 8E -5ª | NA | 3000 | U S. EPA, 1988a, MRI, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1988b | |

| | _ | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|-----|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | <u>Factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Tin and Compounds subchronic (RFD _S) | NA; 2000 ppm stannous chloride in diet for 2 years (62 mg Sn/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver and kidney lesions | ND | 6E 21 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | WA; 2000 ppm stannous chloride in diet for 2 years (62 mg Sn/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver and kidney lesions | MD | 6E - 1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Toluene subchronic (RfO _S) | 300 ppm (1130 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 24 months (149.9 mg/kg/day); 590 mg/day 5 days/week for 138 doses (42 mg/ kg/day) by gavage | rat | rat | CNS effects; CNS effects | 5E+O (1E+O) | 4E-1 | 100 | 100 | CILT, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1984/ Wolf et al., 1956 |
| chronic (RFD) | 300 ppm (1130 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 24 months (149.9 mg/kg/day); 300 ppm (1130 mg/m ³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 24 months (29 mg/kg/day) ^b | rat | rat | CNS effects; CNS effects 1 | 5E+O (1E+O) | 3E-1a,b,g | 100 | 100 | CIIT, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1984/ CIIT, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985a,b |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene subchronic (RfD _S) | 3 ppm (22 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 3 months (2.5 mg/kg/day); 20 mg/kg/day by gavage for 90 days | ral | rat | increased uropor- phyrin; increased liver-to-body weight ratio | | 2E-1 | 100 | 100 | Watanabe et al., 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987/Carlson and Tardlff, 1976; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | 3 ppm (22 mg/m³) 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 3 months (2.5 mg/kg/day); 20 mg/kg/day by gavage for 90 days | rat | rat | increased uropor- phyrin; increased liver-to-body weight ratio | | 2E-2 ā ,g | 1000 | 1000 | Watanabe et al., 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987/Carlson and Tardlff, 1976; U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987 |

| | Eunoeuno | C===4= | _ | 5541 -6 0 | Reference D | o <u>se</u> | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|---------------|---|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane subchronic (RfD _S) | 500 ppm (2730 mg/m ³) 7 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 6 months (304 mg/kg/day); 500 ppm (2730 mg/m ³) 7 hours/day for 6 months (90 mg/kg/day) ^b | gu i nea pig | guinea pig | hepalotoxicity; hepalotoxicity | 1E+1 (3E+0) ^s | 9E - 1p | 100 | 100 | Torkelson et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1986/ Torkelson et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1986 |
| chronic (RfD) | 500 ppm (2730 mg/m³) 7 hours/day, 5 days/ week for 6 months (304 mg/kg/day); 500 ppm (2730 mg/m³) 7 hours/day for 6 months (90 mg/kg/day)b | guinea pig | gulnea plg | hepatotoxicity; hepatotoxicity | 1E+O (3E-1)\$ | 9E-2ª,b | 1000 | 1000 | Torkelson et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1986/ Torkelson et al., 1958; U.S. EPA, 1986 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 3.9 mg/kg/day by drinking water for 90 days | NA | mouse | NA; clinical chemistry altera-tions | ND | 4E-2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ White et al., 1985; Sanders et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 3.9 mg/kg/day by drinking water for 90 days | NA | mouse | NA; clinical chemistry altera- tions (Cancer: see Table B) | ND | 4E-3ª | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ White et al., 1985; Sanders et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Trichloropropanes 1,1,1-Trichloropropane | | | DATA IN | ADEQUATE FOR QUANTII | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT | г | | | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 1,2,2Trichloropropane | | | DATA IN | ADEQUATE FOR QUANTII | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT | T | | | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloropropane subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 100 mg/s in drinking water for 13 weeks (15 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | histopathological lesions in liver, kidney and thyroid | ND | 5E -2 | NA | 300 | U.S. EPA, 1987a, Villaneuve et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987b |

| | • | | | F6616 M. | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|-------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| 1,1,2-Trichloropropane chronic (RFD) | NA; 100 mg/L in drinking water for 13 weeks (15 mg/kg/day) | MA | rat | histopathological lestons in liver, kidney and thyroid | ND | 5E-3 a | NA | 3000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a Villaneuve et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 8 mg/kg 5 days/week for 120 days (5.7 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; translent clin cal signs, liver and kidney lesions decrease in RBC, hematocrit and hemoglobin | | 6E -2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1983a; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 8 mg/kg 5 days/week for 120 days (5.7 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; transient clin cal signs, liver and kidney lesions decrease in RBC, hematocrit and hemoglobin | | '6E−3 a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1983a; U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987 |
| rihalogenated methanes | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| Bromodichloromethane subchronic (RFD _S) | MA; 25 mg/day by gavage 5 days/week for 102 weeks (17.9 mg/kg/day) | NA | mouse | NA; renal cytomega | ly ND | 2E - 2 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a NTP, 1986/ U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 25 mg/day by gavage 5 days/week for 102 weeks (17.9 mg/kg/day) | NA | mouse | NA, renal cytomega (Cancer: see Table B) | | 2E - 2 a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a. NTP, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Bromoform subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 25 mg/kg 5 days/ week for 13 weeks {17.9 mg/kg/day} | NA | rat | NA; liver effects | ND | 2E - 1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a, NTP, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 25 mg/kg 5 days/ week for 13 weeks (17.9 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver effects | ND | 2E-2a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a NTP, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1987b |

| | • | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|--------|---|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specte Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Chlorodibromomethane subchronic (RfDs) | NA; 30 mg/kg 5 days/week for 13 weeks (21.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | NA | NA; liver lesions | ND | 2E - 1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987a, NTP, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 30 mg/kg 5 days/week for 13 weeks (21.4 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; liver lesions (Cancer: see Table B) | ND : | 2£ - 2 ā | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987a, NTP, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987b |
| Trimethylbenzenes | | | DATA I | NADEQUATE FOR QUANTIT | ATIVE RISK ASSESSMEN | Ţ | | | U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Trivalent chromium subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5% Cr ₂ O ₃ in diet 5 days/week for 90 days (14OO mg Cr/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; hepatotoxicity | ND | 1E+1 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Ivankovic and Preussman, 1975; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 5% Cr ₂ O ₃ in diet 5 days/week for 6OO feedings (1468 mg Cr/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; hepatotoxicity | ND | 1E+0 a | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Ivankovic and Preussman, 1975; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |
| Vanadium and compounds Sodium metavanadate subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 10 ppm sodium metavanadate in drink- ing water for 3 months (1.32 mg sodium meta- vanadate/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; impaired kidne function | y ND | 16-2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Domingo et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 10 ppm sodium metavanadate in drink- ing water for 3 months (1.32 mg sodium meta- vanadate/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; impaired kidne function | y ND | 18-3 | NA | 1000 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Domingo et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Vanadlum subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 5 ppm vanadlum from vanadyl sulfate in drinking water for lifetime (0.7 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; none observed | ND | 76-3 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | | | | | Reference D | ose | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | Factor Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Vanadłum chronic (RFD) | NA; 5 ppm vanadium from vanadyi sulfate in drinking water for lifetime (0.7 mg/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; none observed | NO | 76-3 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Vanadium pentoxide subchronic (RfO _S) | NA; 10 ppm vanadium in diet from vanadium pentoxide for lifetime (0.9 mg vanadium pent- oxide/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; nane observed | NO | 9 E-3 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Slokinger et al., 1953; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RFD) | NA; 10 ppm vanadium in diet from vanadium pentoxide for lifetime (0.9 mg vanadium pent- oxide/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; none abserved | ND | 9E - 3ª | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Stokinger et al., 1953; U.S. EPA, 1986, 1987 |
| Vanadyl sulfate subchronic (RfDs) | NA; 5 ppm vanadium from vanadyl sulfate in drinking water for life- time (2.24 mg vanadyl sulfate/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; none observed | NO | 2E-2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 5 ppm vanadium from vanadyl sulfate in drinking water for life-time (2.24 mg vanadyl sulfate/kg/day) | NA | rat | NA; none observed | NO | 2E-2 | NA | 100 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Schroeder et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Xylenes o-Xylene subchronic (RfDs) | 150 mg/m³ continuous on days 7-14 of gesta- tion (95.6 mg/kg/day); 500 mg/kg mixed xylenes 5 days/week by gavage for 13 weeks (357 mg mixed xylenes/kg/day) | rat | rat | fetotoxicity; non observed | e 3E+O (1E+O) | 4E+0 | 100 | 100 | Ungvary et al., 1980; U.S. EPA, 1984/NTP, 1986 |

| | _ | | | | Reference O | ose | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------|-----|---|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Compound | Exposure Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation mg/m ³ (mg/kg/day)] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | <u>Uncertainty</u> Inhalation | <u>Factor</u> Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral | |
| o-Xylene | • | | | | | | | | | |
| chronic (RFD) | 4750 mg/m ³ , 8 hours/ day, 7 days/week for 1 year (1009 mg/kg/day); 250 mg/kg mixed xylenes 5 days/week for 103 weeks (179 mg mixed xylenes/kg/day) | rat | rat | hepatomegaly; hyper activity, decreased body weight, in- creased mortality a higher dosage | | 2E+0 | 5000 | 100 | Tatra1 et al., 1981; U.S. EPA 1984/NTP, 1986 U.S. EPA, 1986 | |
| n-Xylene subchronic (RfDs) | 4750 mg/m³, 8 hours/ | rat | rat | hepatomegaly; none | 4E+0 (1E+0) | 4E+0 | 1000 | 100 | Tatral et al., | |
| sancin onic (wing) | day, 7 days/week for l year (1009 mg/kg/ day) ^M ; 500 mg/kg mlxed xylenes 5 days/week for 103 weeks (357 mg mlxed xylenes/kg/day) | | 100 | observed | 1210 (1210) | 42.0 | 1333 | 700 | 1981; U.S. EPA 1984/NTP, 1986 | |
| chronic (RfD) | 4750 mg/m ³ , 8 hours/ day, 7 days/week for 1 year (1009 mg/kg/day) ^w ; 250 mg/kg mixed xylenes 5 days/week for 103 weeks (179 mg mixed xylenes/kg/day) | rat | rat | hepatomegaly; hyper activity, decreased body weight, in- creased mortality at higher dosage | - 7E-1 (2E-1)) | 2E+O | 5000 | 100 | latral et al., 1981; U.S. EPA 1984/NTP, 1986 U.S. EPA, 1986 | |
| p-Xylene subchronic (RfDs) | NA; NA | NA | rat | fetotoxicity; NA | ND | ND | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1984 | |
| | | | | ••• | | | | | U.S. EPA, 1984 | |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; NA | NA | NA | fetotoxicity; NA | ND | ND | NA | NA | U.S. EPA, 1984 U.S. EPA, 1984 | |
| lixed xylenes | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| subchronic (RfD _S) | 433 mg/m ³ 6 hours/day on days 6-15 of gesta- tion (69 mg/kg/day); 500 mg/kg mixed xylenes 5 days/week by gavage for 13 weeks (357 mg mixed xylenes/kg/day) | rat | rat | fetoloxicity; none observed | 2E+O (7E-1) | 4E+O | 100 | 100 | Litton Bionetics, 1976 U.S. EPA, 1984/ NTP, 1986 | |

| | | | | | Reference 0 | 920 | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|-------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------|---|
| Compound | <u>fxposure</u> Inhalation; Oral | Specie Inhalation | | Effect of Concern Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation [mg/m³ (mg/kg/day}] | Oral (mg/kg/day) | Uncertainty Inhalation | Oral | Reference Inhalation/Oral |
| Mixed xylenes chronic (RFD) | 3500 mg/m ³ 6 hours/ day 5 days/week for 13 weeks (398 mg/kg/ day); 250 mg/kg m1xed xylenes 5 days/week for 103 weeks (179 mg m1xed xylenes/kg/day) | rat | rat | none observed; hyperactivity, decreased body weight and in- creased mortality at higher dosage | | 2E +0ª | 1000 | 100 | Carpenter et al., 1975; U.S. EPA, 1984/ NTP, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Zinc subchronic (RfD _S) | NA; 2.14 mg/kg/day therapeut)c dosage | NA | human | NA; anemia | ND | 2E - 1 | NA | 10 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Portes et al., 1967; Prasad et al., 1975; U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| chronic (RfD) | NA; 2.14 mg/kg/day therapeutic dosage | NA | human | NA; anemia | NB | 28-1 | NA | 10 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ Portes et al., 1967; Prasad et al., 1975; U.S. EPA, 1984 |

averified, available on IRIS

bbased on route-to-route extrapolation

^{*}Specifically related to organoleptic threshold and potential for respiratory tract irritation, not to systemic toxicity.

dSpecifically related to organoleptic threshold; safe concentration may be higher but data are inadequate to assess.

eInhalation study with antimony trioxide in rats (Watt, 1980, 1981, 1983; ASARCO, Inc., 1980) provides qualitative evidence of lung cancer; cancer potency not estimated.

fCalculated by analogy to antimony by correcting for differences in molecular weight.

Gunder review by Oral RfD Work Group

bBecause of background dietary exposure, an RfDso was not estimated.

*Verified 2 separate RfDs, 1E-3 for food and 5E-4 for water

Iverified, IRIS input pending

Ecurrent drinking water standard of 1.3 mg/1; Drinking Water Criteria Document concluded toxicity data were inadequate for calculation of an RfD for copper.

1CRAVE-verified as a CAG Group D substance

MThese values differ from those in the HEED (U.S. EPA, 1987a) because the uncertainty factor for deriving the inhalation RFD values presented herein were changed to correspond to those used by IRIS (U.S. EPA, 1987b) for generating the oral RFD from the same (inhalation) study.

ⁿCalculated by analogy to free cyanide by correcting for differences in molecular weight.

OThese values differ from those in the HEA (U.S. EPA, 1984) because the study chosen as the basis for the inhalation RFD values was changed to conform to the inhalation study chosen as the basis of the oral RFD derived in a more recent HEEP (U.S. EPA, 1986).

PFinal Draft of Ambient Water Quality Criteria Document (600/8-83-028f) declines to derive an air quality criterion for lead.

9Not verified and further discussion not scheduled

FBased on RfD for methyl mercury

SThese values differ from those in the HEA (U.S. EPA, 1984) because the study chosen as the basis for the inhalation RfD values was changed to conform to the inhalation study chosen as the basis of the oral RfD derived on IRIS.

tA minor calculation error in estimation of transformed dose in 1986 HEEP is corrected here.

"Verified as a Group C carcinogen; no quantitative estimate available.

VReported effects occurred at portal of entry; estimates of mg/day reference doses are inappropriate because effects at portal of entry depend on concentration in air. An acceptable air concentration of 0.07 mg/m³ was estimated by Carson et al. (1981) from available data.

WExperiment performed with o-xylene.

NA = Not applicable or not available; ND = not determined

Notes: To estimate acceptable water concentrations from oral RfDg/RfD, multiply by 70 and divide by 2 t.

If exposure occurs by both oral and inhalation routes, the route-specific RfDg/RfD must be proportionally reduced.

04/28/89

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor S1 | e | CAG Group/qj* and | I Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|---------------|--|------------|-------|--------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | Oral (mg/kg/day)-1 | Inhalation/Oral |
| Acrolein | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | C/NDa | C/NDa | U.S. EPA, 1987a,b/ U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| Acrylonitrile | occupational; three drinking water studies | human | rat | lung | multiple | B1/6.8E-5 [2.4E-1]ª | B1/5.4E-1ª | O'Berg, 1980; U.S. EPA, 1983a, 1987a,b/Quast et al., 1980a; Blo/dynamics, Inc., 1980a,b; U.S. EPA, 1983a, 1987a,b |
| A I dr 1 n | three dietary studies ^b ; three dietary studies | mouse | mouse | liver (also see I | liver able Aj | 82/4.9E-3 [1.7E•]]ā.b | B2/1.7E+1ª | NCI, 1977; Davis and fitzhugh, 1962; Epstein, 1975; Davis, 1965; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1987b/ NCI, 1977; Davis and fitzhugh, 1962; Epstein, 1975; Davis, 1965; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1987a,b |
| Arsenic | 100-5000 µg/m ³ continuous; 0.01-1.8 mg/1 in drinking water | human | human | respiratory tract | skin | A/4.3E-3 {5.0E+1}a | A/NA ^k | Brown and Chu, 1983a,b,c; Lee- Feldstein, 1983; Higgins, 1982; Enterline and Marsh, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1984a,b, 1988/U.S. EPA, |
| Asbestos | occupational; dletary | human | rat | lung and mesothelloma | large Intestine | A/2.4-1 (fibers/m£)-lf | A/ND | U.S. EPA, 1986/NTP, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1985 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor Site | | CAG Group/qj* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|----------------|---|------------|-------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation {µg/m³}-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | Oral (mg/kg/day)-1 | Inhalation/Oral |
| Benzene | occupational; occupational ⁶ | human | human | leukemla | leukemla | A/8.3E-6 [2.9E-2]ª | A/2.9E-2a,b | Ott et al., 1978; Rinsky et al., 1981; Wong et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1987a,b/Ott et al., 1978; Rinsky et al., 1981; Wong et al., 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1987a,b |
| Benz 1d ine | occupational; occupational ⁶ | human | human | urinary bladder (also see Tai | urinary bladder ble A) | A/6.7E-2 [2.3E+2]a | A/2.3E+2a,b | Zavon et al., 1973; U.S. EPA, 1986b/ Zavon et al., 1973; U.S. EPA, 1980a, 1986a,b, 1987 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | 2.2-9.5 mg/m 3 , 4.5 hours/day for \leq 96.4 weeks; 1-250 ppm diet for \simeq 110 days | hams ter | mouse | respiratory tract | stomach | B2/ND ^a | B2/NDª | Thyssen et al., 1981; U.S. EPA, 1987/Neal and Rigdon, 1967; U.S. EPA,1980b, 1987 |
| Beryllium | occupational; 5 ppm in drinking water for lifetime | human | rat | lung (also see Tal | total tumors ble A) | B2/2.4E-3 [8.4] ^a | B2/ND ^a | Wagoner et al., 1980; U.S. EPA, 1987, 1988/ Schroeder and Mitchener, 1975a; U.S. EPA, 1986b, 1988 |
| Cadmium | occupational; NA | human | NA | respiratory tract (also see Tal | NA ble A) | 81/1.8E-3 [6.1E+0]ª | ND/ND ^C | Thun et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1985a, 1986/U.S. EPA, 1984 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor Site | | CAG Group/qj* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|---|--|------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalatton | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | Oral (mg/kg/day)-T | Inhalation/Oral |
| Carbon tetrachloride | several gavage studies ^b ; several gavage studies | several | several | liver (also see Ta | liver ble A) | B2/1.5E-5a,b,d [1.3E-1]a,b [5.2E-2]d | 82/1.3€-1ª | Della Porta et al., 1961; Edwards et al., 1942; NCI, 1976; U.S. EPA, 1984a,b, 1986/ Della Porta et al., 1961; Edwards et al., 1942; NCI, 1976; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986 |
| Ch lor dane | two dietary bioassays ^b ; two dietary bioassays | mouse | mouse | liver (also see Ta | liver ble A) | B2/3.7E-4 [1.3E+0]a.b | B2/1.3E+0ª | IRDC. 1973; NCI, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1986a, 1987, 1988/ IRDC, 1973; NCI, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1986a, 1987, 1988 |
| Chlorinated phenols 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | d1et ^b ; d1et | mouse | mouse | liver |) I ver | 82/5.7E-6 [2E-2]a.b | B2/2E -2ª | NCI, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1980, 1986, 1987/NCI, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1980, 1984 |
| Other chlorinated pheno | ols: see Table A | | | | | | | |
| Chlorinated toluenes P.a.a.a-Tetra- chlorotoluene | 0.05-2 µ1, 2 times/week; 0.05- 2 µ1, 2 times/ week | mous e | mouse | lung | lung | B 2 | 82/2.0E+1 | Fukada et al., 1979; U.S. EPA, 1987/ Fukada et al., 1979; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Chloroanilines 2-Chloroaniline | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | D/ND | D/ND | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor Site | • | CAG Group/q;* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1) | Oral (mg/kg/day)-1 | Inhalation/Oral |
| 3-Chloroaniline | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | D/ND | D/ND | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 4-Chloroaniline | NA; d1et O, 250, 500 ppm | NA | rat | NA | spleen | C/ND | C/3.5E-2 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NCI, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Chloroform | 138-477 mg/kg/day; 200-188 ppm in drinking water for 104 weeks | mouse | rat | liver (also see Ta | kidney ible A) | 82/2.3E-5 [8.1E-2]a | 82/6.1E-3ª . | NCI, 1976; U.S. EPA 1985, 1987, 1988/ Jorgenson et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987, 1988 |
| Ch lorome thane | 24-month inhalation study; 24-month inhalation study ^b | mouse | mouse | k1dney | kidney | C/1.8E-6 [6.3E-3] | C/1.3E-2 ^b | CIIT, 1983; N10SH, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987/CIIT, 1983; NIOSH, 1984; U.S. EPA, 1986a, 1987 |
| Coal tars | occupational; NA | human | NA | lung | NA | ND/6.2E-4 [2.2E+0]e | ND/ND | Redmond et al., 1979; Mazumdar et al., 1975; U.S. EPA, 1984/NA |
| Creosote | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 81/NDª | B1/ND ^a | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| DDT | NA; several dietary studies ^b | mouse, rat | mouse, rat | liver (also see Ta | liver ble A) | B2/9.7E-5 [3.4E-}]a.b | B2/3.4E-1ª | U.S. EPA, 1986a,b/ U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986a,b |
| Dichlorobenzenes 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA (also see Ta | NA ble A) | D/ND | D/ND | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA (also see Ta | NA ble A) | D/ND | D/ND | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor S11 | e | CAG Group/qj* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|---|---|------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | Oral (mg/kg/day)-1 | Inhalation/Oral |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene9 | NA; 103-week gavage study | NA | mou s e | NA (also see l | liver able A) | 82/ND | B2/2.4E-2 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NIP, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | NA; lifetime dietary study | NA | rat | NA | manmar y | B2/ND ^f | B2/4.5E-1 ^f | U.S. EPA, 1988/ Stula et al., 1975; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Dichlorobutenes 1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | 0.5-5 ppm 6 hours/day, 5 days/ week 90 days; NA | rat | NA | nasal passages | NA | 82/2.6E-3 [9.3] | B2/ND | El Dupont de Nemours, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | NA; gavage | NA | rat | NA | hemanglo- sarcoma | ND/ND | B2/9.1E-2 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1985 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane (ethylene chloride) | gavage ^b ; gavage | rat | rat | circulatory system | clrculatory system | 82/2.6E-5 {9.1E-2}a,b | B2/9.1E-2ª | NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA 1985, 1986/ NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA 1985, 1986 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene (vinylidene chloride) | 10 and 25 ppm for 12 months; gavage | mouse | rat | kidney {also see T | adrenal able A) | C/5E-5 [1.2E+0] ^a | C/6E-1ª | Maltonl et al., 1985; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1987/ NTP, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1987 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane9 | NA; gavage | NA | mouse | NA | llver | B2/N0 | 82/6.8E-2 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor S1t | e | CAG Group/qj* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|------------------------------------|--|------------|-------|----------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Inhalatton; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | Oral (mg/kg/day)-T | Inhalation/Oral |
| Dieldrin | several dietary studies ^b ; several dietary studies | mouse | mouse | liver (also see T | liver able A) | B2/4.6E-3 {1.6E+1]a.b | 82/1.6E•1ª | Thorpe and Walker, 1973; Davis, 1965; Walker et al., 1972; Tennekes et al., 1981; Meierhenrey et al., 1983; NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987b/ Thorpe and Walker, 1973; Davis, 1965; Walker et al., 1972; Tennekes et al., 1981; Meierhenrey et al., 1983; NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987a, b |
| Dinitrotoluenes 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | NA; 2-year dietary study | NA | rat | NA | liver, mammary gland | B2/NO ^f | 82/6.8E-1f | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Ellis et al., 1979; U.S. EPA, 1987, 1988 |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | B2/ND | B2/ND | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine | 2-year dietary study ^b ; 2-year dietary study | rat | rat | liver | liver | 82/2.2E-4 [8.0E-1]a,b | 82/8.OE-1ª | NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1980a, 1986/NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1980a, |
| | dietary study | | | | | | | 1986, 1987, 1988 |
| Ethylene dibromide | 88-103 week inhala- tion study; 49-week gavage study | rat | rat | nasal cavity | forestomach | B2/2.2E-4 [7.6E-1]ª | B2/8.5E+1ª | NTP, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1987b/NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| Fluorenes | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | O/ND | D/ND | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor Site | | CAG Group/qj* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|---|---|------------|---------|------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | Oral (mg/kg/day)-1 | Inhalation/Oral |
| Haloethers Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether | 560-day oral study ^b ; 560-day oral study | mouse | mouse | liver | liver | 82/3.3E-4 {1.1E+0]a,b | B2/1.1E+0a | Innes et al., 1969; U.S. EPA, 1980a, 1986;/Innes et al., 1969; U.S. EPA, 1980a 1986, 1987 |
| Bis(chloromethyl)- ether | O.1 ppm 6 hours/day 5 days/week for 10 to 100 days; O.1 ppm 6 hours/day 5 days/ week for 10 to 100 days ^b | rat | rat | respiratory tract | ND | A/6.2E-2 [2.2E+2]a | A/2.2E,2a.b | Kuschner et al., 1975; U.S. EPA, 1988/U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Bls(2-chloro-1-methy ethyllether |]- 100-200 mg/kg 5 days/ week for 103 weeks ^b ; 100-200 mg/kg 5 days/ week for 103 weeks; | mouse | mouse | liver, lung | liver, lung | C/2E-3 [7E-2] | C/7E-2 | NTP, 1982; U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP 1982; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Chloromethyl methyl ether | NA; NA | human | NA | lung | NA | A/ND ^a | A/NDª | U.S. EPA, 1987, 1988/U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| Heptachlor | dietary studies ^b ; dietary studies | mouse | mouse | liver (also see Tal | liver Die A} | 82/1.3E-3 [4.5E+0]a.b | 82/4.5E+0ª | Davis, 1965; Epstein, 1976; NCI, 1977; Reuber, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1986c, 1987b/Davis, 1965; Epstein, 1976; NCI, 1977; Reuber, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1986c 1987a,b |
| Hexach lor obenzene ^f | dlet ^b ; dlet | hamster | hamster | liver (also see Tal | liver ole A) | 82/4.9E-4 ^b [1.7E+0] ^b | B2/1.7E+O | Cabral et al., 1977; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1989, Cabral et al., 1977; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor Site | 2 | CAG Group/qj* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|---|--|------------|-------|-----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|---|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-7 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | Oral (mg/kg/day)-1 | Inhalation/Oral |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | diet ^b ; diet | rat | rat | kidney (also see Ta | kidney able A) | C/2.2E-5 [7.8E-2]a.b | C/1.8E-2ª | Kociba et al., 1977a; U.S. EPA, 1986/Kociba et al., et al., 1977a; U.S. EPA,1980, 1984, 1986 |
| Hexach lor oe thane | 90-week gavage study ^b ; 90-week gavage study | mouse | mouse | liver (also see Ta | liver able A) | C/4.OE-6 [1.4E-2]a,b | C/1.4E-2ª | NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1986/NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1980a, 1986, 1987 |
| Hexavalent chromium | occupational; NA | human | NA | lung (also see Ta | NA able A) | A/1.2E-2 [4.1E+1]a | ND/ND ^C | Mancuso, 1975; U.S. EPA, 1984a,b, 1986/NA |
| Isophorone | NA; 2-year gavage study | NA | rat | NA (also see Ta | kidney, preputial gland able A) | C/ND | C/4.1E-3 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1986a, 1987 |
| Lead | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA (also see Ta | NA Bble A) | 82/NDª | B2/NDª | U.S. EPA, 1984, 1988/U.S. EPA, 1984, 1988 |
| Lindaneg | NA; dlet | NA | mouse | NA (also see Ta | liver able A) | B2-C/ND | B2-C/1.3E+0 | U.S. EPA, 1984/ 1horpe and Walker, 1973; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986 |
| Methylene chloride (dichloromethane) | 2000 or 4000 ppm; inhalation and drinking water studies | mouse | mouse | lung, liver (also see To | liver able A) | 82/4.1E-6 [1.4E-2]a | B2/7.5E-3ª | NTP, 1986; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1986/NIP, 1986; NCA, 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985b 1986 |
| Mirex | NA; 2-year dietary study | NA | rat | NA (also see Ta | liver. adrenal able A) | B2/ND | B2/1.8E+0 | U.S. EPA, 198// NTP, 1987; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor Sit | e | CAG Group/q1* and Unit Risk Slope | | Reference |
|-----------------------------|---|------------|-------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³]-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | Gral (mg/kg/day)-T | Inhalation/Oral |
| N1cke1 | occupational; NA | human | NA | respiratory tract (also see I | NA able A) | nickei refinery dust: A, 2.4E-4 [8.4E-1] ^a nickei subsulfide A/4.8E-4 [1.7E+0 | P: | U.S. EPA, 1986; Chov11 et al., 1981; Enterline and Marsh, 1982; Magnus et al., 1982; Peto et al., 1984; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b/ U.S. EPA, 1984 |
| Nitrofurans furazolidone | NA; 0-1000 ppm dlet for 45 weeks | NA | rat | NA | mammar y | B2/ND | 82/3.8E+0 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. DHEW, 1976a,b; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Fur tum | NA; 0-1000 ppm for 28 weeks | NA | mouse | NA | leukemia | 82/ND | B2/5.0E+1 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Cohen et al., 1970; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Nitrofurazone | NA; O, 1000 ppm diet for 46 weeks | NA | rat | NA | mammar y | B2/ND | B2/1.5E+0 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Erturk et ał., 1970c; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Other nitrofurans: se | e Table A | | | | | | | |
| N-N1trosod1phenyl- amine | NA; 700-day dietary study | NA | rat | NA | ur inar y b ladder | B2/NDª | B2/4.9E-3a | U.S. EPA, 1987a/ NCI, 1979; U.S. EPA, 1980a, 1986a, 1987a,b |
| PAH | inhalation study with benzo(a)pyrene; dietary study with benzo(a)pyrene | hamster | mouse | respiratory tract | stomach | 82/NDª | 82/NDª | Thyssen et al., 1981; U.S. EPA, 1987/Neal and Rigdon, 1967; U.S. EPA, 1980, 1987 |
| Parathion | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA (also see l | NA able A) | C/NO ^a | C/NDª | U.S. EPA, 1987a,b/ U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |

| | Exposure | Specia | es | Tumor S1 | le | CAG Group/qj* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inha lation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)- [(mg/kg/day)-] | Oral (mg/kg/day}-1 | Inhalation/Oral |
| PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls) | NA; Aroclor 1260 In diet | NA | rat | NA | liver | B2/ND | B2/7.7E+0 ^f | U.S. EPA, 1984, 1987b/Norback and Weltman, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| Phthalic acid esters(| selected) | | | | | | | |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate | NA; 103-week dielary study | NA | mouse | MA (also see) | liver [able A] | B2/ND ^a | B2/1.4E-2 ^a | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1982a, U.S. EPA, 1986, 1988 |
| Butyl benzyl phthalat | e | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | C/NDª | C/NDª |
| U.S. EPA, 1987a,b/ | | | | (also see | Table A) | | | U.S. EPA, 1987a,b |
| Other phthallc acld esters | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA (also see l | NÅ [able A} | D/ND | D/NO | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Sodlum diethyldithio- carbamate | NA; diet | NA | mouse | NA (also see i | hepatoma Table A) | C/ND | C/2.7E-1 | U.S. EPA, 1988/ BRL, 1968a; U.S. EPA, 1988 |
| 2,3,7,8-TCDD ^f | dlet ^b ; dlet | rat | rat | several | several | 82 []] /3.3E ₋ 5 (pg/m³)-1 [1.56E+5]b | B2 ¹ /1.56E+5 | Kociba et al., 1978; U.S. EPÅ, 1984, 1989/ Kociba et al., 1978; U.S. EPÅ, 1984, 1985, 1989 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro- ethane | gavage ^b ; gavage | mouse | mouse | liver | liver | C/5.8E-5 [2.0E-1]a.b | C/2.0E-1ª | NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA 1980, 1986/NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1980, 1986 |
| Tetrachloroethy- lene9 (perchloroe- thylene) | inhalation; gavage | rat, mouse | mouse | leukemta, liver (also see l | liver | 82/9.5E-7 [3.3E-3] | 82/5.1E-2 | NTP, 1986, U.S. EPA 1986a, 1988/NCI, 1977; U.S. EPA, 1985a, 1988 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | e s | Tumor Site | | CAG Group/qj* and | Unit Risk Slope | Reference |
|---|--|------------|-------|-----------------------|---|---|-----------------------|--|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-† [(mg/kg/day)- [†]] | Oral (mg/kg/day)-1 | Inhalation/Oral |
| Toxaphene | 735-day dietary study ^b ; 735-day dietary study | mouse | mouse | liver | liver | B2/3.2E-4 [1.1E+0]a.b | 82/1.1E+0ª | Litton Bionetics, Inc., 1978; U.S. EPA,1987b/ Litton Bionetics, Inc.,1978; U.S. EPA, 1980a, 1987a,b |
| Trichloroantlines 2,3,4-Trichloroantline | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | ND/ND | ND/ND | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 2,4,5-Trichloroaniline | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | ND/ND | ND/ND | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 2,4,6-Trichloroaniline | NA; d1et | NA | mouse | NA | unspecified tumors of the vascular system | C/ND | C/3.4E-2 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Welsburger et al., 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 2,4,6-Trichloroaniline hydrochloride | NA; diet | NA | mouse | NA | unspecified tumors of the vascular system | C/ND | C/2.9E-2 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ Welsburger et al., 1978; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | gavage ^b ; gavage | mouse | mouse | liver (also see Ta | ltver ble A) | C/1.6E-5 [5.7E-2]a.b | C/5.7E-2ª | NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1980, 1986/NCI, 1978; U.S. EPA, 1980, 1984, 1986 |
| Trichloroethylene | two gavage studies ^b ; two gavage studies | mouse | mouse | liver | liver | 82/1.3E-6a.b,h [1.3E-2] | B2/1.1E-2ª | NCI, 1976; NTP, 1983; U.S. EPA, 1985, 1988b/ U.S. EPA, 1987, 1988a,b |
| Trihalogenated methanes Bromodichloromethane | NA; 102-week gavage study | NA | mouse | NA (also see Ta | liver ble A) | B2/ND | 82/1.3E-1 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NIP, 1986a; U.S. EPA, 1987 |

| | Exposure | Spec 1 | es | Tumor S1t | e | CAG Group/qj* and | Oral (mg/kg/day)-T | Reference |
|---------------------|---|------------|-------|-------------------|------------------|--|--------------------|---|
| Compound | Inhalation; Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation | Oral | Inhalation (µg/m³)-1 [(mg/kg/day)-1] | | Inhalation/Oral |
| Bromoform | NA; NA | NA | NA | NA (also see T | NA able A) | D/ND | D/NO | U.S. EPA, 1987/ U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Chlorodibromoethane | NA; 105-week gavage study | NA | mouse | MA {also see T | liver able A) | B2/ND | B2/0.4E-2 | U.S. EPA, 1987/ NTP, 1985; U.S. EPA, 1987 |
| Viny1 chloride9 | 1-year inhalation study; 10-50 ppm dlet | rat | rat | liver | lung | A/4.2E-5 [2.95E-1 ¹] | A/2.3E+0 | Maltont et al., 1980, 1981; U.S. EPA, 1985b; ATSDR, 1988/feron et al., 1981; U.S. EPA, 1984, 1985a |

averified, on IRIS

9Scheduled for CRAVE review

NA = Not applicable; ND = not determined

bBased upon route-to-route extrapolation

CThere is inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity of this compound by the oral route.

dincorporates an absorption factor of 0.4. Inhalation potency slope of 1.3E-1 $(mg/kg/day)^{-1}$ as administered and 5.2E-2 $(mg/kg/day)^{-1}$ as absorbed dose.

eBased on occupational data for coke-oven workers

fverified, IRIS input pending.

hA new unit risk of 1.7x10 $^{-6}$ (µg/m 3) $^{-1}$ has been proposed in the Addendum to the HAD (U.S. EPA, 1987) and adopted in the updated HEA (U.S. EPA, 1988a).

¹Based on metabolized dose

^{\$82} classification is for 2,3,7,8-TCDD alone. Mixtures consisting of phenoxy herbicides and/or chlorophenols with 2,3,7,8-TCDD as a contaminant are classified as 81 carcinogens.

kA unit risk of 5E-5[ug/k]-1 has been proposed by the Risk Assessment forum and this recommendation has been scheduled for SAB review.

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