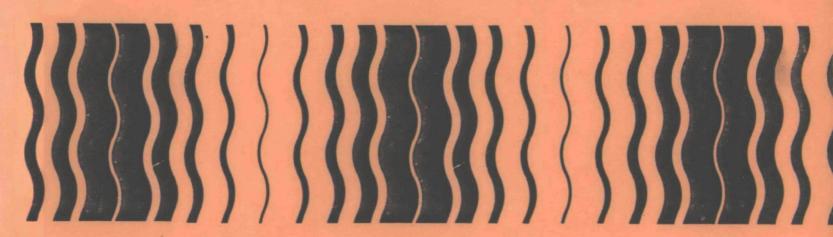
SEPA

Pesticides

Guidance for the
Reregistration of
Pesticide Products
Containing
Potassium permanganate
as the Active Ingredient



GUIDANCE FOR THE REREGISTRATION OF PESTICIDE PRODUCTS

CONTAINING
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE
AS THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT

CASE NUMBER 0220

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
OFFICE OF PESTICIDE PROGRAMS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

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INTRODUCTION

The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA sec. 3(g)) directs EPA to reregister all pesticides as expeditiously as possible.

To carry out this task, EPA has established the Registration Standards program, which will review all pesticide products containing active ingredients first registered before January 1, 1977. Pesticides will be reviewed in use clusters which have been ranked to give earliest review to pesticides used on food and feed crops.

The Registration Standards program involves a thorough review of the scientific data base underlying pesticide registrations and an identification of essential but missing studies which may not have been required when the product was initially registered or studies that are now considered insufficient. EPA's reassessment results in the development of a regulatory position, contained in a Registration Standard, on each pesticide and its uses. The Agency may require the registrant to modify product labels to provide additional precautionary statements, restrict the use of the pesticide to certified applicators, provide reentry intervals, modify uses or formulation types, specify certain packaging limitations, or other requirements to assure that proper use of the pesticide will not result in adverse effects on the environment.

The scientific review, which is not contained in this Guidance Package but is available upon request, concentrates on the technical grade of the active ingredient and identifies missing generic data. However, during the review of these data we are also looking for potential hazards that may be associated with the end use (formulated) products that contain the active ingredient. If we have serious concerns, we will address end use products as part of the Registration Standards program and will propose regulatory actions to the extent necessary to protect the public.

EPA has the authority under FIFRA sec. 3(c)(2)(B) to require registrants to submit data that will answer our questions regarding the hazard that may result from the intended use of a pesticide. Although sec. 3(c)(2)(B) provides that all registrants are responsible for these data, the Agency generally imposes generic data requirements only on the registrants of the manufacturing use products (basic suppliers

of the active ingredient) and other producers who do not qualify for the formulator's exemption.*

A producer who wishes to qualify for the formulator's exemption may change his source of supply to a registered source, provided the source does not share ownership in common with the registrant's firm. A registrant may do so by submitting a new Confidential Statement of Formula, EPA Form 8570-4, identifying the registered source of the active ingredient, to the appropriate Product Manager within 90 days of receipt of this Guidance Document. The chart on the following page shows what is generally required of those who do and do not qualify for the formulator's exemption in the Registration Standards program.

If you decide to request the Agency to cancel the registration of any of your products subject to the requirements of this Guidance Document, please notify the Product Manager named in the cover letter, within 90 days from the receipt of this document. If you decide to maintain your product registration(s), you must provide the information described in the following pages within the timeframes outlined. EPA will issue a notice of intent to cancel or suspend the registration of any currently registered product which does not comply with the requirements set forth in this Guidance Document.

You are reminded that FIFRA sec. 6(a)(2) requires you to submit factual information raising concerns of possible unreasonable adverse effects of a pesticide. You should notify the Agency of interim results of studies in progress if those results show possible adverse effects.

^{*}The formulator's exemption applies to a registrant of an product if the source of his active ingredient(s): (1) is a registered product and (2) is purchased from a source which does not have ownership in common with the registrant's firm.

PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO THE REGISTRATION STANDARDS PROGRAM	ACTION(S) REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN REGISTRATION
I. Products That Do Not Qualify For The Formulator's Exemption	
A. Single Active Ingredient Products*	These products must be reregistered. To obtain reregistration labeling, packaging and data requirements must be satisfied in accordance with the Registration Standards Guidance Document.
B. Multiple Active Ingredient Products	These products will not be reregistered at this time. However, generic data required to continue the registration of the active ingredient under review, as described in the Registration Standards Guidance Document, will be required and some labeling precautions may also be required.
II. Products That Do Qualify For The Formulator's Exemption	Only when additional restrictions or labeling are needed to protect man or the environment will these products be subject to the Registration Standard requirements. Affected products will be dealt with in a variety of ways, including but not limited to the Label Improvemen Program and special intent to cancel notices.

* End use products of registrants who also produce a manufacturing use product will not be required to be reregistered provided that registrant fulfills the requirements specified in the Guidance Document for manufacturing use product(s). Such end use products will be subject to the labeling changes required for products in "II" above. If there are no manufacturing use products registered by any company end use products will be required to be reregistered.

NOTE: If all registrants in "I" above fail to meet the requirements: I-A and B above, then the registrants in "II" lose their right to qualify for the formulator's exemption and become subject to the requirements in I-A and B.

REGULATORY ASSESSMENT

A. INTRODUCTION

This registration standard describes the regulatory position and rationale of the Environmental Protection Agency ("The Agency") based upon an evaluation of the registered products which contain potassium permanganate and their uses. It should be noted that there is no registered manufacturing use product (MUP) for this chemical; potassium permanganate, however, is commercially available in several grades from domestic and foreign companies. This standard addresses end-use products containing potassium permanganate and manufacturing-use products (in the event a prospective registrant wishes to register potassium permanganate as an MUP).

Future requests for registration of substantially similar products will be covered by this standard. Dissimilar products must be evaluated in order to be registered. If new products are proposed with disimilar use patterns, formulation type, precautionary statments, etc., the standard will be amended accordingly. After briefly describing the chemical and its uses, this chapter presents the regulatory position and rationale, the criteria for registration, acceptable ranges and limits, and labeling considerations.

In developing its regulatory position, the Agency determines whether available data indicate that a pesticide has met the criteria for unreasonable adverse effects of Section 162.11(a) of Title 40 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Pesticides meeting these criteria are candidates for a Special Review, an intensive risk/benefit analysis. The Agency's determination as to whether any criteria have been met and its rationale for any regulatory action are summarized in the regulatory position/rationale section of this standard.

B. DESCRIPTION OF THE CHEMICAL

Potassium permanganate (KMnO4) is the potassium salt of permanganic acid. A "common name" has not been established by the American National Standards Institute, Inc. (ANSI) or other official organizations concerned with the nomenclature of pesticides. Therefore the chemical will be referred to by its chemical name, "potassium permanganate". The Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number (CAS) is 7722-64-7 and the Agency's Chemical Code Number is 068501.

Potassium permanganate in its pure form is a crystalline dark purple granular material. Potassium permanganate is thermally unstable. When heated, it begins to decompose with the evolution of oxygen at ca 240°C. Potassium permanganate is decomposed by organic solvents (e.g., alcohols) and reducing substances (e.g., iodate, oxalate, and ferrous salts), especially under acidic conditions. In water, potassium permanganate is very soluble (i.e., 6.38 gm/100ml at 20°C and 25 gm/100ml at 65°C).

Potassium permanganate is an oxidant disinfectant which is effective against a broad spectrum of microorganisms. It is registered as a bactericidal, fungicidal, and algaecidal agent in cooling towers, evaporation condensers, air wash systems, ornamental ponds, fountains, and aquaria. Other uses include treatment of potable and poultry drinking water; and disinfection and sanitization of equipment in dairies and food processing plants (see the "EPA Pesticide Index" for a description of all uses).

There are twenty one registered products containing potassium permanganate, four of which are intrastate registrations. This standard applies to all those products in which potassium permanganate is the single active ingredient. Potassium permanganate is registered as the single active ingredient in eight products, and in combination with other active ingredients in nine products. The multiple active ingredient products include one or more of the following ingredients: sodium hypochlorite, sodium carbonate, and/or sodium phosphate; the standard does not apply to these products.

C. REGULATORY POSITION AND RATIONALE

Based on a review and evaluation of all available data submitted to EPA and other relevant information on potassium permanganate, the Agency has made the following determinations:

l. Based on available data, the Agency is declaring Potassium Permanganate as an inert ingredient at concentrations of 1.0% or less and in combination with an active ingredient (including sodium hypochlorite, sodium carbonate and sodium phosphate).

Rationale: Data 1/ available to the Agency indicate that potassium permanganate at concentrations of 1.0% or less does not have any antimicrobial

^{1/} Smith, M.K.: "Qualitative Use Assessment (QUA) for Potassium Permanganate (068501) as a Bactericidal Agent." Science Support Branch, Benefits and Use Division (EPA/OPP), November, 1984.

activity. The potassium permanganate present in the multiple ingredient products cited in this standard functions simply as a color indicator, imparting a pink color to the use solution; once the solution becomes colorless it should be discarded.

When diluted as recommended, the sodium hypochlorite present in these products provides "available chlorine" in the form of hypochlorous acid at concentrations ranging between 50-200 ppm. The available chlorine is the antimicrobial agent responsible for bactericidal activity in these products.

Hence, registrants with multiple active ingredient registrations described above must submit amendments and revised labels removing potassium permanganate as an active ingredient from their label ingredient statement no later than 6 months from the issuance date of this standard, or their products may be subject to enforcement action. When these registrations have been amended, these products will no longer be subject to this standard. However, they will be subject to a standard dealing with the active ingredient as listed on the revised label.

Alternatively, those registrants who select to retain 1% or less potassium permanganate as an active ingredient in the ingredient statements must submit documentation of efficacy at the claimed concentration using potassium permanganate alone. Products documenting and listing potassium permanganate as as active ingredient will be subject to this standard. If they fail to convince the Agency of the efficacy of potassium permanganate in their product, they must amend their registration to remove potassium permanganate from their label ingredient statement as an active ingredient, or face possible enforcement action.

2. One of the registered uses of potassium permanganate includes use in poultry drinking water as a sanitizer (Reg. No. 5587-49). This use would be expected to cause minute residues of manganese (in a combined form) in poultry and eggs. Under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), a tolerance or an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is required for such residues in poultry and eggs. The Agency is requiring that the registrant peti-

tion the Agency for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance.

Rationale: Manganese has been demonstrated to be an essential trace element in animals and man. In the Agency's view, exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of manganese in poultry and eggs, resulting from the registered use of potassium permanganate as a sanitizer in poultry drinking water, would be appropriate for the reasons noted herein. Naturally occurring manganese is usually in the +2, +3 or +4 valence state. Because of the reactivity of permanganate ion, any resulting residues of manganese in poultry or eggs would involve lower (naturally occurring) valence states. The poultry drinking water sanitizer provides 2.8 to 5.5 ppm permanganate ion when diluted. This use essentially doubles the daily intake of manganese by the chicken (estimated 0.08 0.1 mg/day). Because of excretion and little uptake of manganese from the gut, very little manganese is expected to be retained by the chicken; and since the average person in this country currently ingests 2.3 to 3.8 mg of manganese daily, the additional amount resulting from this use would be minute, and not a matter of concern.

3. There are two potassium permanganate products registered for use in treating human drinking water (Reg. No. 8429-6, 8429-7). The Agency has determined that such potassium permanganate products must bear labeling directions which would limit the residues of manganese in the finished potable water to not more than 0.05 mg/1.

Rationale: The level of 0.05 mg/l has been established in the National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations as the recommended level for manganese in drinking water. Consistent with that regulation, the Agency is requiring the labels of potassium permanganate products for potable water treatment to limit residues of manganese in the finished potable water to not more than 0.05 mg/l (equivalent to ca 0.23 ppm potassium permanganate).

4. Technical potassium permanganate and manufacturinguse products containing potassium permanganate are being placed in Toxicity Category I on the basis of eye and dermal corrosivity. They are subject to Toxicity Category I precautionary labeling.

Rationale: In the case of potassium permanganate, the technical and manufacturing-use products are identical (i.e., at least 99.5% KMnO4). Sufficient data are available to show that technical potassium permanganate is corrosive to the eye and skin. In an eye irritation study using rabbits, 10 mg was applied to each eye, and after 168 hours, all the rabbits showed the maximum possible ocular score. In a primary dermal irritation study, 0.5 gram samples (moistened) were placed in contact with the rabbit's skin for 24 hours. After 24 hours, destruction of the skin was observed, with ulcerations into the peritoneal cavity. The damage was accompanied by hemorrhage. Due to the ocular and dermal reactions, potassium permanganate is placed in Toxicity Category I. The precautionary label language which accompanies Toxicity Category I (\$162.10 of 40 CFR) therefore applies to these products for these routes of exposure.

5. The available toxicology data adequately define the acute toxicity of the compound. Based on considerations regarding the chemical reactivity of the permanganate ion and the ubiquity of manganese, there are no chronic or subchronic toxicity data requirements. However, to support each end-use product, each registrant must submit or cite valid acute toxicity data for each formulation.

Rationale: Sufficient data are available to show that technical potassium permanganate is corrosive to the eye and skin, and subject to Toxicity Category I and its accompanying precautionary labeling. The Agency also has data to satisfy the requirements for acute oral toxicity of the technical compound. As none of the compound's currently registered uses would result in any significant inhalation exposure, an acute inhalation toxicity study is not required. Finally, since potassium permanganate is not an organophosphate and does not inhibit cholinesterase, a delayed neurotoxicity study is not required. Thus, additional acute toxicology studies are not required for the technical grade of potassium permanganate.

Human and animal exposure to or contact with potassium permanganate results in reduction of the permanganate ion to the lower (naturally occurring) valence states. As natural manganese in these lower valence states is ubiquitous and dietary exposure to manganese residues resulting from use of products with potassium

permanganate is not a matter of concern, chronic and subchronic toxicity studies are not necessary or appropriate for potassium permanganate based upon the manganese residues from products containing potassium permanganate.

Before the Agency will register or reregister end-use products (EPs) containing potassium permanganate, registrants must submit or cite acute toxicity data (oral, dermal skin irritation and eye irritation) specific to the particular EPs. This is required to establish the acute toxicity categories for those potential routes of exposure, and thus enable the Agency to prescribe appropriate precautionary statements in accordance with Section 162.10 of 40 CFR.

6. Data on the environmental fate of potassium permanganate are being required as outlined in the data tables.

Rationale: No data are available to assess the environmental fate of potassium permanganate. When the required data are submitted, the behavior of the chemical in the environment will be assessed. Further regulatory requirements may be indicated based on that review.

7. The wildlife and aquatic organisms data requirements are only partially fulfilled. Hence, the Agency could not fully assess the toxicity of potassium permanganate to nontarget organisms. When the additional data outlined in the data tables are submitted, a full assessment will be made.

Rationale: The only available wildlife studies show that the technical grade of potassium permanganate is moderately toxic to warmwater fish species. Additional studies are required to establish the toxicity to avian species (LC50's), and the toxicity to a cold water fish and fresh water invertebrates (LC50's). If the required cold water fish LC50 value is less than 1 ppm, all labeling will be changed to include the statement "This Pesticide is Toxic to Fish".

8. There is a possibility of contamination of groundwater by potassium permanganate. The data currently available to the Agency do not adequately characterize this potential.

Rationale: Because of the nature of some uses of potassium permanganate (i.e., water treatment compound; see Pesticide Index for uses) groundwater contamination may be possible. The submission of the required environmental fate data for the technical grade of the active ingredient will enable the Agency to more fully address this issue.

9. Potassium permanganate is not being classified for Restricted Use.

Rationale: Available data do not show that any of the risk criteria listed in 162.11(a) of Title 40 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations have been met or exceeded for the uses of potassium permanganate specified in this standard to warrant restriction of these uses.

10. EP's containing potassium permanganate may be registered for sale, distribution and use, subject to the terms and conditions specified in this standard.

Rationale: Under FIFRA, the Agency normally does not cancel or withhold registration because data are missing or inadequate (for example, see Section 3(c)(2)(B) and 3(c)(7) of FIFRA). Issuance of this standard provides a mechanism for identifying data needs for registration under the standard and time frames for generating the data. Labeling modifications are also required within a specified time. These data will be reviewed and evaluated when they are received and the Agency will determine at that time if they will affect the registration of potassium permanganate.

D. CRITERIA FOR REGISTRATION UNDER THIS STANDARD

Manufacturing use and end use products which are subject to this standard, must meet the following conditions along with the others noted in this standard:

- 1. Contain potassium permanganate as the sole active ingredient, and
- 2. Bear required labeling as set forth in the Required Labeling section of this standard.
- 3. Conform to the acute toxicity limits, product

composition, and use pattern requirements listed in the Acceptable Ranges and Limits section of this document.

The applicant for registration or reregistration of products subject to this standard must comply with all terms and conditions described in it, including a commitment to fill data gaps on the schedule required by this Agency. All applicants for registration under this standard must follow the instructions contained in this standard and complete and submit the appropriate forms and information within the time specified.

E. ACCEPTABLE RANGES AND LIMITS

1. Product Composition Standard

End-use products proposed for registration under this standard must be substantially similar to the formulations approved for potassium permanganate. A product will be considered substantially similar to a registered product if it contains the same active ingredients at approximately the same concentrations. End-use formulations must contain potassium permanganate as the sole active ingredient in the following percentages:

- a. Pelleted/Tableted EPs must contain at least 40 percent potassium permanganate.
- b. Liquid EPs must contain at least 1.2 percent potassium permanganate.
- c. Powder EPs must contain at least 41 percent potassium permanganate.
- d. Crystalline EPs must contain at least 95.00 percent potassium permanganate.

Applicants who wish to register an end-use product differing in composition from those stated above, must satisfy whatever additional data requirements apply to such modifications. If such products are registered, the Agency will amend the standard to include such products. Each EP formulation proposed for registration must be fully described with an appropriate certification of limits, stating maximum and minimum amounts of the active ingredient which may be present in products.

2. Acute Toxicity Limits

The Agency will consider for registration MUPs and EPs provided the product is supported by toxicity data and the labeling for the product bears appropriate precautionary statements, consistent with the acute toxicity categories under Section 162.10 of 40 CFR.

3. Use Patterns

To be registered under this standard, EPs containing potassium permanganate may be labeled for use as a bactericidal, fungicidal and algaecidal agent in cooling towers, evaporative condensers, air wash systems and ornamental ponds, fountains, aquaria, and potable and poultry drinking water, as applicable.

F. REQUIRED LABELING

Although there are no registered MUPs of potassium permanganate, any future MUP registrations and all EPs must bear appropriate labeling as specified in 40 CFR 162.10, in addition to the following specific labeling requirements.

1. Use Pattern Statement

All Mups must state that they are intended only for formulation into end-use products for any of the use patterns listed in section 3 of Acceptable Ranges and Limits. A limiting factor will be the data that support each use pattern. No use may be included on the label where the registrant(s) fail(s) to agree to comply with data requirements in either TABLE A or TABLE B (and subtables) for that use pattern.

2. Precautionary Statements

a. All end-use products intended for uses where there is likelihood for point source discharge (i.e., cooling towers, ornamental ponds, fountains, and potable and poultry drinking water) must bear the following statement:

"Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, ponds, streams, estuaries, oceans or public water unless this product is

specifically identified and addressed in an NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA."

The statement "This Pesticide is Toxic to Fish" is not required at this time. The toxic to fish statement is only required on labeling when the fish acute LC50 value is 1 ppm or less. Potassium permanganate's LC50 value for warm water fish species is 2.3 to 3.6 ppm. If the required cold water fish LC50 value is 1ppm or less, all labeling will be changed to include the "toxic to fish" statement.

b. All end-use products intended for uses where there is likelihood for point source discharge (i.e., cooling towers, ornamental ponds, fountains, and potable and poultry drinking water) must bear the statement:

"Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment of disposal of waste."

c. All future MUPs must bear the statement:

"Corrosive to eyes and skin" and the signal word "DANGER".

3. Use Directions

There are two potassium permanganate products registered for use in treating human drinking water (Reg. No. 8429-6, 8429-7). The Agency has determined that such potassium permanganate products must bear approved labeling directions which would limit the residues of manganese in the finished potable water to not more than 0.05 mg/l.

G. TOLERANCE REASSESSMENT

Under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), a tolerance or an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance is required for the residues of manganese in poultry and eggs (which result from the poultry drinking water use pattern). The Agency is requesting that the registrant petition the Agency for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance (see Regulatory Position and Rationale No. 2).

2068501

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

TYPE PESTICIDE: Antimicrobial, Algaecide, Fungicide and Insecticide

FORMULATIONS: P/T (40%, 80%) Cr (95.64%, 98%) SC/S (41%) RTU (1.2%, 2.5%)

PRESENTATION OF INFORMATION: Whenever possible, final concentrations are expressed in parts per million or ounces total active ingredient(s). Concentrations are rounded to the nearest whole number when the value is less than 1,000 and to the third significant figure when the value is greater than 1,000. Unless otherwise stated, the dilutions are the ratio of the volume of the product to be diluted to the volume of fluid in which the product is diluted.

GENERAL WARNINGS AND LIMITATIONS: Potassium permanganate causes severe burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Contact with combustible material may cause fire or explosion.

This product is toxic to fish. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters unless in accordance with an NPDES Permit. Strong oxidizing agent. Mix only with water. Use clean, dry utensils. Contamination with moisture, organic matter, or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction, with generation of heat, liberation of hazardous gases, and possible generation of fire and explosion.

Apply only as specified on the label and technical data sheets.

Read label very carefully for specific warnings, human toxicity statements and environmental causes.

Follow label directions for the disposal of the product container when empty.

Definition of Terms:

gal - gallon
tsp - teaspoon
oz - ounce
mg - milligram
fl.oz - fluid ounce
a.i. - active ingredient

Site, Efficacy, Dosage and Formulation Use Directions

AQUATIC NON-FOOD

(Aquatic Sites)

/65018MA

Air Washer Water Systems

General Instructions for Use: The products registered for this size are intended to control the growth of slime-forming bacteria, fungi and algae.

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned by any suitable means before treatment is begun. Make application at a point in the system where the chemical will be uniformly mixed.

Purple color of water indicates chemical activity and should last at least 20 minutes. Add more chemical if color disappears within 20 to 30 minutes after first treatment.

A28 DBABAAA FYAFQBB PKAAAAA Microbicide/microbistat Slime-forming bacteria Slime-forming fungi

Algae

Initial treatment.

54 ppm (3.6 oz of a.i. per 500 gal of water) (80% P/T)

Water treatment. Shock treatment. Close bleed-off valve and drop briquette into pan near intake. After treatment drain sump and remove dead algae from slats and sump. Flush and refill with clean water.

27 ppm (3.6 oz of a.i. per 1,000 gal of water (80% P/T) Subsequent treatment.

Water treatment. Maintenance application. Close bleed-off valve and drop briquette into pan near intake. After treatment drain sump and remove dead algae from slats and sump. Flush and refill with clean water.

Site, Efficacy, Dosage and Formulation Use Directions

/65023MA

Aquaria Water Ponds (Ornamental Fish Ponds)

General Instructions for Use: The products registered for this site are intended to be used as algaecides.

Add product as directed by label.

PKAAAAA

Algae

1 tsp of product
per 1 fl.oz of
water
(41% SC/S)

Water treatment. Algae control. For goldfish, add 4 to 5 drops per gallon. For tropical fish, add up to 2 drops per gallon. For bait minnows, add 3 drops per gallon.

4 ppm (1 tsp of Water product per 4 gal weeks. of water)
(1.2% RTU)

Water treatment. Algae control. Apply every 2 weeks.

/65019MA

Commercial and Industrial Water Cooling Towers and Evaporative Condensers

General Instructions for Use: The products registered for this site are intended to control the growth of slime-forming bacteria, fungi and algae which impair the efficiency of the system. Methods of application may be slug feed treatment, intermittent feed treatment, or continuous feed treatment.

Slug feed treatment. Treatment that involves addition of a specified dose to the system at 1 time. Treatment may be repeated at intervals, usually once a day or less frequently.

Intermittent feed treatment. Treatment that is on a semi-continuous basis. Provides a continuous dosage over a brief period and is repeated at stated intervals.

Continuous feed treatment. Treatment that is on an uninterrupted basis to provide a sustained concentration. Usually an initial slug dose is used to establish control prior to continuous treatment.

When algal or microbial growth is noticed, an initial high concentration dosage is used and repeated until control is achieved. When control is evident, a subsequent dosage of lower concentration

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Site, Efficacy, Dosage and Formulation

Use Directions

Commercial and Industrial Water Cooling Towers and Evaporative Condensers (continued)

is used to maintain control. Should algae or slime become visible again, the initial slug dose should be used, followed by the maintenance procedure.

Purple color of water indicates chemical activity and should last at least 20 minutes. Add more chemical if color disappears within 20 to 30 minutes after first treatment.

A28 DBABAAA **FYAFOBB** PKAAAAA Microbicide/microbistat Slime-forming bacteria Slime-forming fungi Algae

Initial treatment.

54 ppm (3.6 oz of a.i. per 500 gal of water) (80% P/T)

Water treatment. Shock treatment. Close bleed-off valve and drop briquette into pan near intake. After treatment drain sump and remove dead algae from slats and sump. Flush and refill with clean water.

gal of water) (2.5% RTU)

62 ppm (2.5 gal of Water treatment. Shock treatment. Close bleed-off product per 1,000 valve and apply product directly into cooling basin. Watch for clogging in the circulation. When algae is loosened and the purple color disappears, drain sump, remove debris and dead algae from slats and sump. Flush and refill with clean water.

Subsequent treatment.

27 ppm (3.6 oz of a.i. per 1,000 gal of water) (80% P/T)

Water treatment. Maintenance application. Close bleed-off valve and drop briquette into pan near intake. After treatment drain sump and remove dead algae from slats and sump. Flush and refill with clean water.

31 ppm (1.25 gal of Water treatment. Maintenance application. Initiproduct per 1,000 ate after shock treatment and repeat every 2 weeks gal of water) or less if algae reappears. (2.5% RTU)

	Site, Efficacy,	Use Directions
	Dosage and Formulation	
/65015MA	Human Drinking Water	General Instructions for Use: The products in this section are registered as algaecides for treatment of municipal human drinking water systems (i.e., water supplies and components of the system).
PKAAAAA	Algae	
	4.4-4.5 ppm (1.1 mg of product per gal of water) (95.64%, 98% Cr)	Algae control. Product should be applied as early as possible in the treatment process. Application to the raw water intake should be applied continuously.
/65009MA /65009HC	Poultry Drinking Water	General Instructions for Use: The product in this section is registered for sanitization of poultry drinking water. Regular treatment of water helps reduce contamination by pathogenic microorganisms and slime-forming microorganisms.
		Apply product only as specified on the label and technical data sheet.
A23	Sanitizer	
	272-543 ppm (0.648 to 1.296 grains of product per quart of water) (40% P/T)	Sanitization of poultry water.

Site, Efficacy,

Dosage and Formulation

Use Directions

INDOOR

(Pets and Domestic Animals)

(Animals and Their Man-Made Premises)

/54030IA Fish (Pets)

> General Instructions for Use: The product registered in this site is intended to control crustaceans.

Add product as directed by label.

IIEAABA Anchorworms IIAAABA Fishlice

> 1 tsp of product per 1 fl.oz of per gal aquarium of pond water) (41% SC/S)

Animal treatment. For goldfish, add 4 to 5 drops per gallon. For tropical fish, add up to 2 drops water (2-5 drops per gallon. For bait minnows, add 3 drops per gallon.

Listing of Registered Pesticide Products by Formulation

&040 . 0005	40% pelleted/tableted potassium permanganate (068501) 005887-00001	40.0%
&080.0005	80% pelleted/tableted potassium permanganate (068501) 009640-00037	80.0%
<u>&095.6408</u>	95.64% crystalline potassium permanganate (068501) 008429-00007	95.64%
&098 . 0008	98% crystalline potassium permanganate (068501) 008429-00006	98.0%
&041.0015	41% soluble concentrate/solid potassium permanganate (068501) 008057-00001	41.0%
&201.2016	1.2% liquid-ready to use potassium permanganate (068501) 008220-00001	1.2%
&202.5016	2.5% liquid-ready to use potassium permanganate (068501) 001769-00191 010827-00062	2.5%
9999999	State Label Registrations	

AZ Reg. No. 037804-08405

CA Reg. No. 011012-06314

FL Reg. No. 036218-06323

MD Reg. No. 037916-09534

Appendix B

Listing of Registration Numbers by Site and Formulations

AQUATIC NON-FOOD

(Aquatic Sites)

/65018MA Air Washer Water Systems

(80% P/T)

009640-00037

/65023MA Aquaria Water Ponds (Ornamental Fish Ponds)

(41% SC/S)

008057-00001

(1.2% RTU)

008220-00001

/65019MA Commercial and Industrial Water Cooling Towers and Evaporative Condensers

(80% P/T)

009640-00037

(2.5% RTU)

001769-00191 010827-00062

Human Drinking Water /65015MA

(95.64% Cr)

008429-00007

(98% Cr)

008429-00006

/65009MA Poultry Drinking Water

/65009HC

(40% P/T)

005887-00001

INDOOR

(Pets and Domestic Animals)

(Animals and Their Man-Made Premises)

/54030IA Fish (Pets) (41% SC/S)

008057-00001

Issued: 12-03-84

V.1-068501-8

Auxiliary Documentation

Reg. No.	% Potassium Permanganate	Comments
402-65	0.01%	percent too low to be effective
875-41	0.01%	percent too low to be effective
875-62	0.004%	percent too low to be effective
1269-47	0.01%	percent too low to be effective
1270-70	0.01%	percent too low to be effective
5362-9	0.01%	percent too low to be effective
5736-37	0.015%	percent too low to be effective
9594-5	0.01%	percent too low to be effective
10183-6	0.01%	percent too low to be effective

Label Improvement.

The words "organic matter" (occurring on label numbers 1769-191, 9640-37 and 10827-62) were interpreted to mean "slime-forming fungi and slimeforming bacteria".

Issued: 12-03-84

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Guideline Citation and Name of Test	Test Substance			ata red	Footnote Number	Data Must Be Submitted Within Time Frames Liste	
		 	Yes	No		Below 1/	
§158.120 Product Chemistry							
Product Identity:							
61-1 - Product Identity and Disclosure of Ingredients	TGAI	R	(\overline{x})	<u>()</u>	2	6 months	
61-2 - Description of Beginning Materials and Manufacturing Process	s TGAI	R	$(\overline{\underline{x}}]$		2,3	6 Months	
61-3 - Discussion of Formation of Impurities	TGAI	R	[_]	(<u>x</u>)			
Analysis and Certification of Product Ingredients							
62-1 - Preliminary Analysis	TGAI	CR	[_]	(<u>x</u>)	3		
Physical and Chemical Characteristics							
63-2 - Color	TGAI	R	(\overline{x})	[_]		6 Months	
63-3 - Physical State	TGAI	R	<u>(_)</u>	(<u>x</u>)			
63-4 - Odor	TGAI	R	$(\overline{x}]$	(_)		6 Months	
63-5 - Melting Point	TGAI	R	(_)	(<u>×</u>)			
63-6 - Boiling Point	TGAI	R	(_)	{ <u>x</u> }			

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Guideline Citation and Name of Test	Test Substance	Guidelines Status	Are Requ		Footnote Number	Data must Be Submitted Within Time Frames Listed
			Yes No			Below 1/
§158.120 Product Chemistry (Continued)						
Physical and Chemical Characteristics (Continued)						
63-7 - Density, Bulk Density, or Specific Gravity	TGAI	R	(\overline{x})	Ō		6 Months
63-8 - Solubility	TGAI or PAI	R	\Box	(\overline{x})		
63-9 - Vapor Pressure	PAI	R	\Box	(\overline{x})		
63-10 - Dissociation constant	PAI	R	Ō	(<u>x</u>)		
63-11 - Octanol/water partition coefficient	PAI	R	Ō	(<u>x</u>)		
63-12 - pH	TGAI	R	(<u>x</u>)	\Box		6 Months
63-13 - Stability	TGAI	R	\Box	(<u>x</u>)		
Other Requirements:						
64-1 - Submittal of samples	TGAI, PAI	CR	(_)	(<u>x</u>)	····	

TGAI = Technical Grade of the Active Ingredient; PAI = Pure Active Ingredient; R = Required; CR = Conditionally Required 1/ Data must be submitted within 6 months after the date the Guidance Document is issued (i.e., June 30, 1986).

Z/ A discussion of the formation of impurities in the commercially available technical grades of potassium permanganate is not required. However, for the technical grade of potassium permanganate (TGAI) used in his product, the registrant of an end-use product is required to submit detailed composition data which is available to him from his supplier. This data should include information on the heavy metal impurities, if any, in the TGAI. The registrant is required to submit generic data for the indicated physical/chemical characteristics.

TABLE A GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

158.120 Product Chemistry (Continued)

3/ Potassium permanganate is readily available commercially in several grades for various industrial uses.

This data is not required for a technical grade or manufacturing use product not registered for pesticidal use.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Data Requirement	<u>l</u> / Composition	Use <u>2</u> / Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Require- ment? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA § 3(c)(2)(B)?
\$158.135 Toxicology					
ACUTE TESTING:					
81-1 - Acute Oral Toxicity - Ra	t TGAI	D	Yes	00100362	No
81-2 - Acute Dermal Toxicity - Rabbit	TGAI	D	Yes	00100362	No
81-3 - Acute Inhalation Toxicit	y TGAI	-	N/A	-	-
81-4 - Eye Irritation - Rabbit	TGAI	D	Yes	00100362	No
81-5 - Dermal Irritation - Rabbit	TGAI	D	Yes	00100362	No
81-7 - Delayed Neurotoxicity	TGAI	-	N/A	-	-
SUBCHRONIC TESTING:					
82-1 - 90-Day Feeding	TGAI	-	N/A <mark>3</mark> /	-	-
82-2 - 21-Day Dermal	TGAI	-	N/A <u>3</u> /	~	-
82-3 - 90-Day Dermal	TGAI	-	N/A <u>3</u> /	-	-
82-4 - 90-Day Inhalation	TGAI	-	N/A3/	-	-
82-5 - 90-Day Neurotoxicity	TGAI	-	N/A ³ /	-	-

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Data Requirement	1/ Composition	Use <u>2</u> / Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Require- ment? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA § 3(c)(2)(B)?
§158.135 Toxicology - Continued					
CHRONIC TESTING:					
83-1 - Chronic Toxicity	TGAI	-	N/A3/	-	-
83-2 - Oncogenicity	TGAI	-	N/A3/	-	-
83-3 - Teratogenicity	TGAI	-	N/A3/	-	-
83-4 - Reproduction	TGAI	-	N/A <mark>3</mark> /	-	-
MUTAGENICITY TESTING					
84-2 - Gene Mutation (Ames Test	:) TGAI	-	N/A3/	-	-
84-2 - Structural Chromosomal Aberration	TGAI	-	N/A <u>3</u> /	-	-
84-4 - Other Genotoxic Effects	TGAI	-	N/A3/	-	-
SPECIAL TESTING					
85-1 - General Metabolism	PAI or PAIRA	-	N/A3/	-	-
85-2 - Dermal Penetration	Choice		N/A3/	-	-
86-1 - Domestic Animal	Choice	-	N/A3/	-	-

TABLE A GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

\$158.135 Toxicology - Continued

- 1/ Composition: TGAI = Technical Grade Active Ingredient; PAI = Pure active ingredient; PAIRA = Pure active ingredient, radiolabelled; Choice = Choice of several test substances determined on a case-by-case basis.
- 2/ The use patterns are coded as follows: A=Terrestrial, Food Crop; B=Terrestrial, Non-Food; C=Aqautic, Food Crop; D=Aquatic, Non-Food; E=Greenhouse, Food Crop; F=Greenhouse, Non-Food; G=Forestry; H=Domestic Outdoor; I=Indoor.
- 3/ Human and animal exposure to or contact with potassium permanganate results in reduction of the permanganate ion to the lower (naturally occurring) valence states. As natural manganese in these lower valence states is ubiquitous, and dietary exposure to manganese residues resulting from use of products with potassium permanganate is not a matter of concern, chronic and subchronic toxicity studies are not necessary or appropriate for potassium permanganate based upon the manganese residues from products containing potassium permanganate.

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Data Requirement	1/ Composition	Use <u>2</u> / Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Require- ment? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic	Be Subm FIFRA §	ditional Data itted Under 3(c)(2)(B)? ame for Data ion 3/
§158.145 Wildlife and Aquatic Organisms						
AVIAN AND MAMMALIAN TESTING						
71-1 - Acute Avian Oral Toxicit	y TGAI	D	No	-	Yes	9 Months
71-2 - Avian Subacute Dietary Toxicity	TGAI	<u>n4/</u>	No	-	Yes	9 Month
71-3 - Wild Mammal Toxicity	TGAI	-	N/A	-	-	
71-4 - Avian Reproduction	TGAI	-	N/A	.~	-	
71-5 - Simulated Field Testing	TEP	-	N/A	-	-	
AQUATIC ORGANISM TESTING						
72-l - Freshwater Fish Toxicity - Coldwater Fish Specie and		D	No	-	Yes	9 Month
- Warmwater Fish Specie	28	D	Yes (GS0220-001 GS0220-002, GS0220-003	No	
72-2 - Acute Toxicity to Freshwater Invertebrate	TGAI es	D	No	-	Yes	9 Month

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Data Requirement	1/ Composition	Use <u>2</u> / Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Require- ment? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA § 3(c)(2)(B)? Time Frame for Data Submission 3/
§158.145 Wildlife and Aquatic Organisms - Continued					
72-4 - Fish Early Life Stage, and - Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle	TGAI	-	N/A	-	-
72-5 - Fish - Life-Cycle	TGAI	-	N/A	-	-
72-6 - Aquatic Organism Accumulation	TGAI, PAI OR Degradation Product	-	N/A	-	-
72-7 - Simulated Field Testing Actual Field Testing	/ TEP	-	N/A	-	-
		::::::	:::::::::		

^{1/} Composition: TGAI = Technical grade of the active ingredient; PAI = pure active ingredient;
TEP = Typical end-use product;

^{2/} The use patterns are coded as follows: A=Terrestrial, Food Crop; B=Terrestrial, Non-Food Crop; C=Aquatic, Food Crop; D=Aquatic, Non-Food; E=Greenhouse, Food Crop; F=Greenhouse, Non-Food; G=Forestry; H=Domestic Outdoor; I=Indoor.

^{3/} Data must be submitted within 9 months after the date the Guidance Document is issued (i.e. September 30, 1986).

TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Data Requirement	<u>l</u> / Composition	Use <u>2</u> / Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Require- ment? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Data Be Submitted Under FIFRA § 3(c)(2)(B)? Time Frame for Data Submission 3/	
\$158.130 Environmental Fate						
DEGRADATION STUDIES-LAB:						
161-1 - Hydrolysis	TGAI or PAIRA	C,D	No	-	Yes	9 Months
Photodegradation						
161-2 - In water	TGAI or PAIRA	C,D	No	-	Yes	9 Months
161-3 - On soil	TGAI or PAIRA	_	_	-	-	
161-4 - In Air	TGAI or PAIRA	_	-	-	-	
METABOLISM STUDIES-LAB:						
162-1 - Aerobic Soil	TGAI or PAIRA	-	-	-	-	
162-2 - Anaerobic Soil	TGAI or PAIRA	-	-	-	-	
162-3 - Anaerobic Aquatic	TGAI or PAIRA	C,D	No	-	Yes	27 Months
162-4 - Aerobic Aquatic	TGAI or PAIRA	C,D	No	-	Yes	27 Months
MOBILITY STUDIES:						
163-1 - Leaching and Adsorption/Desorption	TGAI or PAIRA	C,D	No	-	Yes <u>4</u> /	12 Month
163-2 - Volatility (Lab)	TEP	_	-	-	-	
163-3 - Volatility (Field)	TEP		-	-	-	

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TABLE A
GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Data Requirement	<u>l</u> / Composition	Use <u>2</u> / Pattern	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Require- ment? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Additional Dat Be Submitted Under PIFRA § 3(c)(2)(B)? Time Frame for Data Submission 3/						
§158.130 Environmental Fate - Continued											
DISSIPATION STUDIES-FIELD:											
164-1 - Soil	TEP	-	N/A	-	-						
164-2 - Aquatic (Sediment)	TEP	C,D	No	-	Yes	27 Month					
164-3 - Forestry	TEP	~	N/A	-	-						
164-4 - Combination and Tank Mixes	-	-	N/A	-	-						
164-5 - Soil, Long-term	TEP	-	N/A	-	-						
ACCUMULATION STUDIES:											
165-1 - Rotational Crops (Confined)	PAIRA	-	N/A	-	-						
165-2 - Rotational Crops (Field)	TEP	-	N/A	-	-						
165-3 - Irrigated Crops	TEP	-	N/A	-	-						
165-4 - In Fish	TGAI or PAIRA	C,D	No	-	No.5/						
165-5 - In Aquatic Non-Target Organisms	TEP	C,D	No	-	No <u>5</u> /						
SUBPART K - REENTRY:											
Foliar Dissipation	TEP	C,D	N/A	-	-						
Soil Dissipation	TEP	C,D	N/A	-	-						
Dermal Exposure	ТЕР	C,D	N/A	-	~						
Inhalation Exposure	TEP	C,D	N/A	_	•						

TABLE A GENERIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

§158.130 Environmental Fate - Continued

- 1/ Composition: TGAI = Technical grade of the active ingredient; PAIRA = Pure active ingredient, radiolabelled; TEP = Typical end-use product.
- 2/ The use patterns are coded as follows: A=Terrestrial, Food Crop; B=Terrestrial, Non-Food; C=Aquatic, Food Crop; D=Aquatic, Non-Food; E=Greenhouse, Food Crop; F=Greenhouse, Non-Food; G=Forestry; H=Domestic Outdoor; I=Indoor.
- 3/ Data must be submitted within the indicated time frame, based on the date of the Guidance Document.
 - ° 9 Month Due Date is September 30, 1986.
 - ° 12 Month Due Date is December 31, 1986.
 - ° 27 Month Due Date is March 31, 1988.
- 4/ Adsorption/desorption test required.
- 5/ Waived because it is assumed that the chemical has a low potential for bioaccumulation in aquatic species because of its appreciable water solubility and probably has a very low octanol/water partition coefficient.

TABLE B
PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR END-USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Guideline Citation and Name of Test	Test Substance l/	Guidelines Status	Are Da		Footnote Number	Data Must Be Submitted Within Time Frames List
	_		Yes	No	·	Below ² /
\$158.120 Product Chemistry						
Product Identity:						
61-1 - Product Identity and Disclosure of Ingredients	EP	R	(_)	(<u>x</u>)		
61-2 - Description of Beginning Material and Manufacturing Process	s EP	R	$\{\overline{\mathbf{x}}\}$	Ü	3	6 Months
61-3 - Discussion of Formation of Impurities	EP	R	$[\overline{x}]$		3	6 Months
Analysis and Certification of Product						
Ingredients						
62-1 - Preliminary Analysis	EP	CR	[_]	$\{\overline{x}\}$		
62-2 - Certification of Limits	EP	R	$\{\overline{\mathbf{x}}\}$	\Box		12 Months
62-3 - Analytical Methods to Verify Certified Limit	EP	R		$(\overline{x}]$		
Physical and Chemical Characteristics						
63-2 - Color	EP	R	(<u>×</u>)	[]		6 Months
63-3 - Physical State	EP	R	[_]	$[\overline{x}]$		
63-4 - Odor	EP	R	$[\overline{x}]$			6 Months

TABLE B
PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR END-USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Guideline Citation and Name of Test	Test Substance <mark>l</mark> /	Guidelines Status	Are D Requi		Footnote Number	Data Must Be Submitted Within Time Frames List
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes	No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Below ²
\$158.120 Product Chemistry (Continued)						
Physical and Chemical Characteristics (Continued)						
63-7 - Density, Bulk Density, or Specific Gravity	EP	R	(<u>×</u>)	O		6 Months
63-12 - pH	EP	CR	(\overline{x})			6 Months
63-14 - Oxidizing or Reducing Action	EP	CR	(_)	(\overline{x}) .		
63-15 - Flammability	EP	CR	(_)	(\overline{x})		
63-16 - Explodability	EP	R	[]	$[\overline{x}]$		
63-17 - Storage Stability	EP	R	(\overline{x})	[_]		15 Months
63-18 - Viscosity	EP	CR	[_]	$\{\overline{x}\}$		
63-19 - Miscibility	EP	CR	[_]	$\{\overline{\underline{x}}\}$		
63-20 - Corrosion Characteristics	EP	R	(\overline{x})	(_)		15 Months
Other Requirements:						
64- 1 - Submittal of samples	EP	CR	[_]	$[\overline{x}]$		

Test Substance: EP = End-use Product. Guidelines Status R = Required; CR = Conditionally Required

1/ Because there are no registered manufacturing use products for potassium permanganate, the Product Specific data requirements are applied to the end-use products.

TABLE B PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR END-USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

§158.120 Product Chemistry (Continued)

- 2/ Data must be submitted within the indicated time frame, based on the date of the Guidance Document.
 - ° 6 Month Due Date is June 30, 1986.
 - ° 12 Month Due Date is December 31, 1986.
 - ° 15 Month Due Date is March 31, 1986.
- 3/ For the end-use product, information is required concerning the quality control procedures and a discussion of impurities that may form in the product during its commercial life.

TABLE B
PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR END-USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Data Requirement	<u>l</u> / Composition	Does EPA Have Data To Satisfy This Require- ment? (Yes, No or Partially)	Bibliographic Citation	Must Addition Be Submitted FIFRA § 3(c)(Time Frame for Submission 2/	Under (2)(B)? or Data
§158.135 Toxicology			•		
ACUTE TESTING 81-1 - Acute Oral Toxicity - Rat	EP	No	-	Yes <u>3</u> /	9 Month
81-2 - Acute Dermal Toxicity - Rabbit	EP	No	-	Yes <u>3</u> /	9 Month
81-3 - Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Rat	EP	N/A	-	-	
81-4 - Primary Eye Irritation - Rabbit	EP	No	-	Yes <u>3</u> /	9 Month
81-5 - Primary Dermal Irritation - Rabbit	EP	No	-	Yes <u>3</u> /	9 Month
81-6 - Dermal Sensitization - Guinea Pig	EP	N/A	-	-	

^{1/} Composition: EP = End-use product. Because there are no registered manufacturing use products for potassium permanganate, the Product Specific data requirements are applied to the end-use products.

^{2/} Data must be submitted within 9 months after the date the Guidance Document was issued (i.e., September 30, 1986).

^{3/} Toxicity data is required to enable the Agency to establish the acute toxicity categories for each end-use product, and thus prescribe appropriate predautionary statements in accordance with Section 162.10 of 40 CFR.

(37)

REQUIREMENT FOR SUBMISSION OF GENERIC DATA

A. This portion of the guidance document is a Notice issued under the authority of FIFRA sec. 3(c)(2)(B). The tables following this section list the data required for maintaining the registrability of each product.

EPA has determined that additional generic data described in Table A must be submitted to EPA for evaluation in order to maintain in effect the registration(s) of your product(s) identified as an attachment to the cover letter accompanying this guidance document. As required by FIFRA sec. 3(c)(2)(B), you are required to take appropriate steps to comply with this Notice.

EPA may suspend the registration of each of those products unless, within the specified time, you have informed EPA how you will satisfy the requirements of this Notice. Any such suspension will remain in effect until you have complied with the terms of this Notice.

B. What Generic Data 1/ Must be Submitted. You may determine which generic data you must submit by consulting Table A at the end of this chapter. That table lists the generic data needed to evaluate the continued registrability of all products, and the dates by which the data must be submitted. The required studies must be conducted in accordance with EPA approved protocols (such as those contained in the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines 2/ or data collected under the approved protocols of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). If you do not wish to develop data in support of certain uses appearing in your labeling, you may delete those uses at the time you submit your revised labeling.

For certain kinds of testing (generally ecological effects), EPA requires the test substance to be a "typical formulation," and in those cases EPA needs data of that type

^{1/} Generic data pertain to the properties or effects of a particular ingredient, and thus are relevant to an evaluation of the risks of all products containing that ingredient, regardless of the product's unique composition or specific use. Productspecific data relate only to the properties or effects of a product with a particular composition (or a group of products with closely similar composition).

^{2/} The Pesticide Assessment Guidelines are available in hard copy or microfiche from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va. 22161.

for each major formulation category (e.g., emulsifiable concentrates, wettable powders, granulars, etc.) These are classified as generic data and when needed are specified in Table A. EPA may possess data on certain "typical formulations" but not others. Note: "Typical formulation" data should not be confused with product-specific data (Table B) which are required on each formulation. Product-specific data are further explained in Chapter III of this document.

C. Options Available for Complying With Requirements to Submit Data

Within 90 days of your receipt of this Notice you must submit to EPA a completed copy of the form entitled "FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) Summary Sheet" [EPA Form 8580-1, Appendix II-3] for each of your products. On that form you must state which of the following methods you will use to comply with the requirements of this Notice:

- 1. (a) Notify EPA that you will submit the data, and
- (b) either submit the existing data you believe will satisfy the requirement, or state that you will generate the data by conducting testing. If the test procedures you will use deviate from (or are not specified in) the Pesticide Assessment Guidelines or protocols contained in the Reports of Expert Groups to the Chemicals Group, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Chemicals Testing Programme, you must enclose the protocols you will use.

OR

2. Notify EPA that you have entered into an agreement with one or more other registrants to jointly develop (or share in the cost of developing) the data. If you elect this option, you must notify EPA which registrant(s) are parties to the agreement.

OR

- 3. File with EPA a completed "Certification of Attempt to Enter Into an Agreement With Other Registrants for Development of Data" (EPA Form 8580-6, Appendix II-4)*/
- */ FIFRA sec. 3(c)(2)(B) authorizes joint development of data by two or more registrants, and provides a mechanism by which parties can obtain an arbitrator's decision if they agree to jointly develop data but fail to agree on all the terms of the agreement. The statute does not compel any registrant to agree to develop data jointly.

(Footnote continued on next page)

- 4. Request that EPA amend your registration by deleting the uses for which the data are needed. (This option is not available to applicants for new products.)
- 5. Request voluntary cancellation of the registration(s) of your products for which the data are needed. (This option is not available to applicants for new products.)

D. Procedures for Requesting Changes in Testing Methodology and Extensions of Time

EPA recognizes that you may disagree with our conclusions regarding the appropriate ways to develop the required data or how quickly the data must be submitted. If the test procedures you plan to use deviate from (or are not specified in) the registration guidelines or protocols contained in the reports of the Expert Groups to the Chemical Groups, Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Chemicals Testing Programme, you must submit the protocol for Agency review prior to the initiation of the test.

If you think that you will need more time to generate the required data than is allowed by EPA's schedule, you may submit a request for an extension of time. Any request for a time extension which is made as an initial response to a section 3(c)(2)(B) notice must be submitted in writing to the Product Manager. However, once dates have been committed to and EPA has accepted those commitments, any subsequent requests for a time extension must be submitted in writing to the Office of Compliance Monitoring.

(Footnote continued from previous page)

In EPA's opinion, joint data development by all registrants subject to a data requirement or a cost-sharing agreement among all such registrants is clearly in the public interest. Duplication of testing could increase costs, tie up testing facilities, and subject an unnecessarily large number of animals to testing.

As noted earlier, EPA has discretion to suspend the registration of a product when a registrant fails to submit data required under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B). EPA has concluded that it should encourage joint testing rather than duplicative testing, and that suspension should be withheld in certain cases. to further this goal. Accordingly, if (1) a registrant has informed us of his intent to develop and submit data required by this Notice; and (2) a second registrant informs EPA that it has made a bona fide offer to the first registrant to share in the expenses of the testing [on terms to be agreed upon or determined by arbitration under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B)(iii)]; and (3) the first registrant has declined to agree to enter into a cost-sharing agreement, EPA will not suspend the second firm's registration.

The extension request should state the reasons why you believe that an extension is appropriate. While EPA considers your request, you must strive to meet the deadline for submitting the required data.

III. REQUIREMENT FOR SUBMISSION OF PRODUCT-SPECIFIC DATA

Note: Unless stated otherwise in Section I, Regulatory Position and Rationale, this Section applies only to manufacturing use products, not to end use products.

A necessary first step in determining which statements must appear on your product's label is the completion and submission to EPA of product-specific data* listed on the form entitled "Product Specific Data Report" (EPA Form 8580-4, Appendix III-1) to fill gaps identified by EPA concerning your product. Under the authority of FIFRA sec. 3(c)(2)(B), EPA has determined that you must submit these data to EPA in order to reregister your product(s). All of these data must be submitted not later than six months after you receive this guidance document.

Table B--Product-Specific Data Requirements for Manufacturing Use Products--lists the product specific data you must submit. Data that are required to be submitted are identified in the column of those tables entitled "Must Data By Submitted Under §3(c)(2)(B)."

IV. SUBMISSION OF REVISED LABELING

Note: This section applies to end use products only to the extent described in Section I (Regulatory Position and Rationale). Otherwise, the following information pertains exclusively to manufacturing use products.

FIFRA requires each product to be labeled with accurate, complete and sufficient instructions and precautions, reflecting the results of data concerning the product and its ingredients. Labeling requirements are set out in 40 CFR 162.10 (see Appendix IV-1) and are summarized for products containing this active ingredient as part of this Guidance Document (See Appendix IV-2). Applications submitted in response to this notice must include draft labeling for Agency review.

^{*/} Product specific data pertain to data that support the formulation which is marketed; it usually includes product chemistry data and acute toxicity data.

If you fail to submit revised labeling information complying with this section (supplemented by requirements described in Section I, Regulatory Position and Rationale), EPA may issue a notice of intent to cancel the registration under FIFRA sec. 6(b)(1).

A. Label Contents

- 40 CFR 162.10 requires that certain specific labeling statements appear at certain locations on the label. This is referred to as <u>format labeling</u>. Specific label items listed below are keyed to Appendix IV-2.
- Item 1. PRODUCT NAME The name, brand or trademark is required to be located on the front panel, preferably centered in the upper part of the panel. The name of a product will not be accepted if it is false or misleading.
- Item 2. COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS The name and address of the registrant or distributor is required on the label. The name and address should preferably be located at the bottom of the front panel or at the end of the label text.
- Item 3. NET CONTENTS A net contents statement is required on all labels or on the container of the pesticide. The preferred location is the bottom of the front panel immediately above the company name and address, or at the end of the label text. The net contents must be expressed in the largest suitable unit, e.g., "I pound 10 ounces" rather than "26 ounces." In addition to English units, net contents may be expressed in metric units. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(d)]
- Item 4. EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER The registration number assigned to the pesticide product must appear on the label, preceded by the phrase "EPA Registration No.," or "EPA Reg. No." The registration number must be set in type of a size and style similar to other print on that part of the label on which it appears and must run parallel to it. The registration number and the required identifying phrase must not appear in such a manner as to suggest or imply recommendation or endorsement of the product by the Agency. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(e)]
- Item 5. EPA ESTABLISHMENT NUMBER The EPA establishment number, preceded by the phrase "EPA Est." is the final establishment at which the product was produced, and may appear in any suitable location on the label or immediate container. It must also appear on the wrapper or outside container of the package if the EPA establishment number on the immediate container cannot be clearly read through such wrapper or container. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(f)]

Item 6A. INGREDIENTS STATEMENT - An ingredients statement is required on the front panel. The ingredients statement must contain the name and percentage by weight of each active ingredient and the total percentage by weight of all inert ingredients. The preferred location is immediately below the product name. The ingredients statement must run parallel with, and be clearly distinguished from, other text on the panel. It must not be placed in the body of other text. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(g)]

Item 6B. POUNDS PER GALLON STATEMENT - For liquid agricultural formulations, the pounds per gallon of active ingredient must be indicated on the label.

Item 7. FRONT LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS - Front panel precautionary statements must be grouped together, preferably within a block outline. The table below shows the minimum type size requirements for various size labels.

Size of Label on Front Panel in Square Inches	Signal Word Minimum Type Size All Capitals	"Keep Out of Reach of Children" Minimum Type Size
5 and under above 5 to 10	6 point 10 point	6 point 6 point
above 10 to 15 above 15 to 30	12 point 14 point	8 point 10 point
over 30	18 point	12 point

Item 7A. CHILD HAZARD WARNING STATEMENT - The statement "Keep Out of Reach of Children" must be located on the front panel above the signal word except where contact with children during distribution or use is unlikely. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(h)(l)(ii)]

Item 7B. SIGNAL WORD - The signal word (DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION) is required on the front panel immediately below the child hazard warning statement. See Appendix IV-1.
[40 CFR 162.10 (h)(l)(i)]

Item 7C. SKULL & CROSSBONES AND WORD "POISON" - On products assigned a toxicity Category I on the basis of oral, dermal, or inhalation toxicity, the word "Poison" shall appear on the label in red on a background of distinctly contrasting color and the skull and crossbones shall appear in immediate proximity to the word POISON. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(h)(l)(i)]

Item 7D. STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT - A statement of practical treatment (first aid or other) shall appear on the label of pesticide products in toxicity Categories I, II, and III. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(h)(l)(iii)]

- Item 7E. REFERRAL STATEMENT The statement "See Side (or Back) Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements" is required on the front panel for all products, unless all required precautionary statements appear on the front panel. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(h)(l)(iii)]
- Item 8. SIDE/BACK PANEL PRECAUTIONARY LABELING The precautionary statements listed below must appear together on the label under the heading "PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS." The preferred location is at the top of the side or back panel preceding the directions for use, and it is preferred that these statements be surrounded by a block outline. Each of the three hazard warning statements must be headed by the appropriate hazard title. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10 (h)(2)].
- Item 8A. HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS Where a hazard exists to humans or domestic animals, precautionary statements are required indicating the particular hazard, the route(s) of exposure and the precautions to be taken to avoid accident, injury or damage. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10 (h)(2)(i)]
- Item 8B. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD Where a hazard exists to non-target organisms excluding humans and domestic animals, precautionary statements are required stating the nature of the hazard and the appropriate precautions to avoid potential accident, injury, or damage. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10(h)(2)(ii)]

Item 8C. PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD

- 1. Flammability statement. Precautionary statements relating to flammability of a product are required to appear on the label if it meets the criteria in Appendix IV-3. The requirement is based on the results of the flashpoint determinations and flame extension tests required to be submitted for all products. These statements are to be located in the side/back panel precautionary statements section, preceded by the heading "Physical/Chemical Hazards." Note that no signal word is used in conjunction with the flammability statements.
- 2. Criteria for declaration of non-flammability. The following criteria will be used to determine if a product is non-flammable:
 - a. A "non-flammable gas" is a gas (or mixture of gases) that will not ignite when a lighted match is placed against the open cylinder valve.
 - b. A "non-flammable liquid" is one having a flashpoint greater than 350°F (177°C).

- c. A "non-flammable aerosol" is one which meets the following criteria:
 - i. The flame extension is zero inches;
 - ii. There is no flashback; and
 - iii. The flashpoint of the non-volatile liquid component is greater than 350°F (177°C).
- 3. Declaration of non-flammability. Products which meet the criteria for non-flammability specified above may bear the notation "non-flammable" or "non-flammable (gas, liquid, etc.)" on the label. It may appear as a substatement to the ingredients statement, or on a back or side panel, but shall not be highlighted or emphasized (as with an inordinately large type size) in any way that may detract from precaution.
- 4. Other physical/chemical hazard statements. When chemistry data demonstrate hazards of a physical or chemical nature other than flammability, appropriate statements of hazard will be prescribed. Such statements may address hazards of explosivity, oxidizing or reducing capability, or mixing with other substances to produce toxic fumes.
- Item 9A. RESTRICTED USE CLASSIFICATION FIFRA sec. 3(d) requires that all pesticide formulations/uses be classified for either general or restricted use. Products classified for restricted use may be limited to use by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision (or may be subject to other restrictions that may be imposed by regulation).

In the Registration Standard, the Agency has (1) indicated certain formulations/uses are to be restricted (Section I indicates why the product has been classified for restricted use); or (2) reserved any classification decision until appropriate data are submitted.

The Regulatory Position and Rationale states whether products containing this active ingredient are classified for restricted use. If they are restricted the draft label(s) submitted to the Agency as part of your application must reflect this determination (see below).

If you do not believe that your product should be classified for restricted use, you must submit any information and rationale with your application for reregistration. During the Agency's review of your application, your proposed classification determination will be evaluated in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR 162.11(c). You will be notified of the Agency's classification decision.

A. Classification Labeling Requirements

If Section I of this Guidance Document indicates that your product has been classified for restricted use, the following label requirements apply:

- 1. Front panel statement of restricted use classification.
 - a. The statement "Restricted Use Pesticide" must appear at the top of the front panel of the label. The statement must be set in type of the same minimum size as required for human hazard signal word (see table in 40 CFR 162.10(h)(l)(iv)
 - b. Directly below this statement on the front panel, a summary statement of the terms of restriction must appear (including the reasons for restriction if specified in Section I). If use is restricted to certified applicators, the following statement is required: "For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification."
- 2. Some but not all uses restricted. If the Regulatory Position and Rationale states that some uses are classified for restricted use, and some are unclassified, several courses of action are available:
 - a. You may label the product for Restricted use. If you do so, you may include on the label uses that are unrestricted, but you may not distinguish them on the label as being unrestricted.
 - b. You may delete all restricted uses from your label and submit draft labeling bearing only unrestricted uses.
 - c. You may "split" your registration, i.e., register two separate products with identical formulations, one bearing only unrestricted uses, and the other bearing restricted uses. To do so, submit two applications for reregistration, each containing all forms and necessary labels. Both applications should be submitted simultaneously. Note that the products will be assigned separate registration numbers.

B. Compliance Schedules

No product with a use classified for restricted use under this Standard may be released for shipment by the registrant or producer after one year from the date of issuance of this Standard, unless such product bears the restricted use classification. All products still in channels of trade after two years from the date of issuance of this Standard must be labeled for restricted use.

Item 9B [There is no Item 9B].

Item 9C. MISUSE STATEMENT - All products must bear the misuse statement, "It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling." This statement appears at the beginning of the directions for use, directly beneath the heading of that section.

Item 10A. REENTRY STATEMENT - If a reentry interval has been established by the Agency, it must be included on the label. Additional worker protection statements may be required in accordance with PR Notice 83-2, March 29, 1983.

Item 10B [There is no Item 10B].

Item 10C. STORAGE AND DISPOSAL BLOCK - All labels are required to bear storage and disposal statements. These statements are developed for specific containers, sizes, and chemical content. These instructions must be grouped and appear under the heading "Storage and Disposal" in the directions for use. This heading must be set in the same type sizes as required for the child hazard warning. Refer to Appendix IV-4 to determine the disposal instructions appropriate for your products.

Item 10D. DIRECTIONS FOR USE - Directions for use must be stated in terms which can be easily read and understood by the average person likely to use or to supervise the use of the pesticide. When followed, directions must be adequate to protect the public from fraud and from personal injury and to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on the environment. See Appendix IV-1. [40 CFR 162.10]

B. Collateral Labeling

Bulletins, leaflets, circulars, brochures, data sheets, flyers, or other written or graphic printed matter which is referred to on the label or which is to accompany the product are termed collateral labeling. Such labeling may not bear claims or representations that differ in substance from those accepted in connection with registration of the product. It should be made part of the response to this notice and submitted for review.

- V. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMISSION
- A. For Manufacturing Products (MP) containing Potassium Permanganate as an active ingredient.
- 1. Within 90 days from receipt of this document, you must submit to the Product Manager in the Registration Division at the address given at the end of this section the "FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) Summary Sheet" EPA Form 8580-1. Refer to Appendix II-3 with appropriate attachments.

If on the Summary Sheet, you commit to develop the data, request a minor chemical exemption, present arguments that a data requirement is not applicable, or submit protocols or modified protocols for Agency review, you must also submit a copy of the Summary Sheet (and any supporting information) to the Office of Compliance Monitoring, which will be monitoring the data generated in response to this notice. This information should be submitted to the Office of Compliance Monitoring at the address given at the end of this section. (Actual studies are not to be submitted.)

- 2. Within 6 months from receipt of this document you must submit to the Product Manager on the Registration Division:
 - a. Confidential Statement of Formula, EPA Form 8570-4.
 - b. Product Specific Data Report, EPA Form 8580-4 (Appendix III-1).
 - c. Two copies of any required product-specific data.
 - d. Two copies of draft labeling, including the label and associated brochures. If current labeling conforms to the requirements of this guidance document and the results of the short-term data, you may submit such labeling. End use product labeling must comply specifically with the instructions in Section I (Regulatory Position and Rationale) of this guidance document. The labeling should be either typewritten text on 8-1/2 x 11 inch paper or a mockup of the labeling suitable for storage in 8-1/2 x 11 inch files. The draft label must indicate the intended colors of the final label, clear indication of the front panel label, and the intended type sizes of the text.
 - e. Evidence of compliance with data support requirements of FIFRA sec. 3(c)(l)(D). Refer to 40 CFR 152.80-152.99 for latest requirements.
- 3. Within the times set forth in Table A, you must submit to the Registration Division all generic data, unless you are eligible for the formulator's exemption. Any person who cannot meet the agreed schedule (regarding the submission of test data) or desires changes in the test protocols must submit a written request for change to the Office of Compliance Monitoring.

B. For Manufacturing Use Products containing Potassium Permanganate in combination with other active ingredients

l. Within 90 days from receipt of this document, you must submit the "FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) Summary Sheet," EPA Form 8580-1. Refer to Appendix II-3 with appropriate attachments.

If on the Summary Sheet, you commit to develop the data, request a minor chemical exemption, present arguments that a data requirement is not applicable, or submit protocols or modified protocols for Agency review, you must also submit a copy of the Summary Sheet (and any supporting information) to the Office of Compliance Monitoring, which will be monitoring the data generated in response to this notice. This information should be submitted to the Office of Compliance Monitoring at the address given at the end of this section. (Actual studies are not to be submitted.)

2. Within the times set forth in Table A, you must submit to the Registration Division all generic data, unless you are eligible for the formulator's exemption. Any person who cannot meet the agreed schedule (regarding the submission of test data) or desires changes in the test protocols must submit a written request for change to the Office of Compliance Monitoring.

C. For End Use Products containing Potasssium Permanganate alone or in combination with other active ingredients:

1. Within 90 days from receipt of this document, you must submit the "FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(B) Summary Sheet," EPA Form 8580-1. Refer to Appendix II-3 with appropriate attachments.

If on the Summary Sheet, you commit to develop the data, request a minor chemical exemption, present arguments that a data requirement is not applicable, or submit protocols or modified protocols for Agency review, you must also submit a copy of the Summary Sheet (and any supporting information) to the Office of Compliance Monitoring, which will be monitoring the data generated in response to this notice. This information should be submitted to the Office of Compliance Monitoring at the address given at the end of this section. (Actual studies are not to be submitted.)

- 2. Within 6 months from receipt of this document you must submit:
 - a. Confidential Statement of Formula, EPA Form 8570-4.
 - b. Product-Specific Data Report, EPA Form 8580-4 (Appendix III-1).
 - c. Two copies of any required product-specific data. (Refer to Table C).

- d. Two copies of draft labeling, including the label and associated brochures. If current labeling conforms to the requirements of this guidance document and the results of the short-term data, you may submit such labeling. End use product labeling must comply specifically with the instructions in Section I (Regulatory Position and Rationale) of this guidance document. Labeling should be either typewritten text on 8 1/2 x 11 inch paper or a mockup of the labeling suitable for storage in 8 1/2 inch files. The draft label must indicate the intended colors of the final label, clear indication of the front panel label, and the intended type sizes of the text.
- e. Evidence of compliance with data support requirements of FIFRA sec. 3(c)(l)(D). Refer to 40 CFR 152.80-152.99 (enclosed) for latest requirements.
- 3. Within the time frames set forth in Table A, submit all generic data, unless you are eligible for the formulator's exemption.
- D. For intrastate products containing Potassium permanganate either as the sole active ingredient or in combination with other active ingredients

These products are being called in for full Federal registration. Producers of these products are being sent a letter instructing them how to submit an application for registration.

E. Applications and other required information should be submitted to the following address:

John H. Lee, PM 31
Registration Division (TS-767C)
Office of Pesticide Programs
Environmental Protection Agency
401 M St., SW.
Washington, D.C. 20460
Phone No. (703)-557-3675

The address for submission to the Office of Compliance Monitoring is:

Laboratory Data Integrity Program
Office of Compliance Monitoring (EN-342)
Environmental Protection Agency
401 M St., SW.
Washington, D.C. 20460

Appendix II-l

Guide to Use of This Bibliography

- 1. CONTENT OF BIBLIOGRAPHY. This bibliography contains citations of all studies considered relevant by EPA in arriving at the positions and conclusions stated elsewhere in the Standard. Primary sources for studies in this bibliography have been the body of data submitted to EPA and its predecessor agencies in support of past regulatory decisions. Selections from other sources including the published literature, in those instances where they have been considered, will be included.
- 2. UNITS OF ENTRY. The unit of entry in this bibliography is called a "study." In the case of published materials, this corresponds closely to an article. In the case of unpublished materials submitted to the Agency, the Agency has sought to identify documents at a level parallel to the published article from within the typically larger volumes in which they were submitted. The resulting "studies" generally have a distinct title (or at least a single subject), can stand alone for purposes of review, and can be described with a conventional bibliographic citation. The Agency has attempted also to unite basic documents and commentaries upon them, treating them as a single study.
- 3. IDENTIFICATION OF ENTRIES. The entries in this bibliography are sorted numerically by "Master Record Identifier," or MRID, number. This number is unique to the citation, and should be used at any time specific reference is required. It is not related to the six-digit "Accession Number" which has been used to identify volumes of submitted studies; see paragraph 4(d)(4) below for a further explanation. In a few cases, entries added to the bibliography late in the review may be preceded by a nine-character temporary identifier. These entries are listed after all MRID entries. This temporary identifier number is also to be used whenever specific reference is needed.
- 4. FORM OF ENTRY. In addition to the Master Record Identifier (MRID), each entry consists of a citation containing standard elements followed, in the case of material submitted to EPA, by a description of the earliest known submission. Bibliographic conventions used reflect the standards of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), expanded to provide for certain special needs.

- a. Author. Whenever the Agency could confidently identify one, the Agency has chosen to show a personal author. When no individual was identified, the Agency has shown an identifiable laboratory or testing facility as author. As a last resort, the Agency has shown the first submitter as author.
- b. Document Date. When the date appears as four digits with no question marks, the Agency took it directly from the document. When a four-digit date is followed by a question mark, the bibliographer deduced the date from evidence in the document. When the date appears as (19??), the Agency was unable to determine or estimate the date of the document.
- c. Title. In some cases, it has been necessary for Agency bibliographers to create or enhance a document title. Any such editorial insertions are contained between square brackets.
- d. Trailing Parentheses. For studies submitted to the Agency in the past, the trailing parentheses include (in addition to any self-explanatory text) the following elements describing the earliest known submission:
 - (1) Submission Date. The date of the earliest known submission appears immediately following the word "received."
 - (2) Administrative Number. The next element, immediately following the word "under," is the registration number, experimental use permit number, petition number, or other administrative number associated with the earliest known submission.
 - (3) Submitter. The third element is the submitter, following the phrase "submitted by." When authorship is defaulted to the submitter, this element is omitted.
 - (4) Volume Identification (Accession Numbers). The final element in the trailing parentheses identifies the EPA accession number of the volume in which the original submission of the study appears. The six-digit accession number follows the symbol "CDL," standing for "Company Data Library." This accession number is in turn followed by an alphabetic suffix which shows the relative position of the study within the volume. For example, within accession number 123456, the first study would be 123456-A; the second, 123456-B; the 26th, 123456-Z; and the 27th, 123456-AA.

Appendix II-2

BIBLIOGRAPHY

MRID No.

West, B. (1962) To Investigate (a) the Oral Toxicity and (b) Eye and Skin Irritation Potential of the Subject Material in Order to Comply with the Safety Labeling Requirements of the Federal Substances Labeling Act: Laboratory No. PT62-28. (Unpublished study received Jun 19, 1967 under 8429-2; prepared by Rosner-Hixson Laboratorie, submitted by Carus Chemical Co., Inc. LaSalle, Ill.; CDL: 227435-A).

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U.S.EPA. 1975. Report on the Toxicitry of Potassium Permanganate 100% active ingredient to bluegill sunfish. (US.EPA, Chemical and Biological Investigations Branch, Beltsville, Maryland, Static-jar, 8/21/75. Unpublished report).

GS0220-002

U.S.EPA. 1975. Report on the Toxicitry of Potassium Permanganate 100% active ingredient to bluegill sunfish. (US.EPA, Chemical and Biological Investigations Branch, Beltsville, Maryland, Flow-through, Test No. MB 403, 8/21/75, Unpublished Report).

GS0220-003 Griffen, J. and C. Thompson. September 25, 1981.

Acute Toxicity of Cairox FF to Bluegill Sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus). Study #27919. Prepared by Analytical Bio-Chemistry Laboratories, Inc. Submitted to Carus Chemical Co. La Salle, Ill. EPA Accession No. 253711.

SIGNATURE

DATE

REGISTRANT'S AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE

CERTIFICA INTO AN AGREE	tion of attempt to enter Ment with other registra	NTS	
To quality, certify ALL four items) FOR C	DEVELOPMENT OF DATA		
1. I am duty authorized to represent the following firm(s	who are subject to the require-	GUIDANCE DOCUME	NT DATE
ments of a Notice under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2)(8) costs submit data concerning the active ingredient:	ntsined in a Guidance Document	ACTIVE INGREDIEN	T
NAME OF FIRM		EPA COMP	ANY NUMBER
This firm or group of firms is referred to below as "my fir	m".)		
2. My firm is willing to develop and submit the data as reinto an agreement with one or more other registrants to items or data: 3. My firm has offered in writing to enter into such an agreement.	to develop jointly, or to share in the control of the offers are extended. The	ne cost of developing,	the following required
bound by an arbitration decision under FIFRA Section 3(c)(2) to the following firm(s) on the following date(s):	(B)(iii) if final agreement on all terms or	uid not be reached other	rwise. This offer was mace
NAME OF FIRM		DATE	of offer
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nowever_none of those firm(s) accepted my offer			
4. My firm requests that EPA not suspend the registratio have agreed to submit the data listed in paragraph (2) me whether my firm must submit data to avoid suspidoes not apply to applicants for new products.) I give E	above in accordance with the Not lension of its registration(s) under	ice. I ungerstand EPA FIFRA Section 3(c)(will promptly intor-
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Appendix III-l

PRODUCT SPECIFIC DATA REPORT

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61-2	,]	ł	ł	İ
61-3	composition Discussion of				
67-3	formation of	ť	ł		Ì
	ingredients	Ì		ł	1
62-1	Preliminary				
62-1	analysis	1	l	I	1
62-2	Certification of	 	 		
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62-3	Analytical methods	<u> </u>			
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63-2	Color				
63-3	Physical state				
63-4	Odor				
63-5	Melting point				
63-6	Boiling point				
63-7	Density, bulk-				
	density, or		1		
	specific gravity		<u> </u>		
63-8	Solubility		<u> </u>		
63-9	Vapor pressure		<u> </u>		
63-10	Dissociation		1		
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63-11	Octanol/water		1		
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	coefficient	<u> </u>			
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63-13	Stability					
63-14	Oxidizing/reducing					
	reaction		[
63-15	Flammability					
63-16	Explodability					
63-17	Storage stability					
63-18	Viscosity					
63-19	Miscibility					
63-20	Corrosion					
	characteristics					
63-21	Dielectric break-]	
	down voltage					
\$158.135						-
TOXICOLOGY						
81-1	Acute oral LD-50,		J			
	rat					
81-2	Acute dermal					
	LD-50					
81-3	Acute inhalation,					
	LC-50 rat					
81-4	Primary eye			-		
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81-5	Primary dermal					
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81-6	Dermal sensitiza-			_		
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APPENDIX IV -1

§ 162.10

Title 40—Protection of Environment

\$ 162.10 Labeling requirements.

- (a) General—(1) Contents of the label. Every pesticide products shall bear a label containing the information specified by the Act and the regulations in this Part. The contents of a label must show clearly and prominently the following:
- (i) The name, brand, or trademark under which the product is sold as prescribed in paragraph (b) of this section;
- (ii) The name and address of the producer, registrant, or person for

whom produced as prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section;

- (iii) The net contents as prescribed in paragraph (d) of this section;
- (iv) The product registration number as prescribed in paragraph (e) of this section:
- (v) The producing establishment number as prescribed in paragraph (f) of this section:
- (vi) An ingredient statement as prescribed in paragraph (g) of this section:
- (vii) Warning or precautionary statements as prescribed in paragraph (h) of this section:
- (viii) The directions for use as prescribed in paragraph (i) of this section; and
- (ix) The use classification(s) as prescribed in paragraph (j) of this section.
- (2) Prominence and legibility. (i) All words, statements, graphic representations, designs or other information required on the labeling by the Act or the regulations in this part must be clearly legible to a person with normal vision, and must be placed with such conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements, designs, or graphic matter on the labeling) and expressed in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use.
 - (ii) All required label text must:
- (A) Be set in 6-point or larger type:(B) Appear on a clear contrasting background; and
- (C) Not be obscured or crowded.
- (3) Language to be used. All required label or labeling text shall appear in the English language. However, the Agency may require or the applicant may propose additional text in other languages as is considered necessary to protect the public. When additional text in another language is necessary, all labeling requirements will be applied equally to both the English and other-language versions of the labeling.
- (4) Placement of Label—(i) General. The label shall appear on or be securely attached to the immediate container of the pesticide product. For purposes of this Section, and the misbranding provisions of the Act, "securely attached" shall mean that a

label can reasonably be expected to remain affixed during the foreseeable conditions and period of use. If the immediate container is enclosed within a wrapper or outside container through which the label cannot be clearly read, the label must also be securely attached to such outside wrapper or container. If it is a part of the package as customarily distributed or sold.

- (11) Tank cars and other bulk conlainers—(A) Transportation. While a pesticide product is in transit, the appropriate provisions of 49 CFR Parts 170-189, concerning the transportation of hazardous materials, and specifically those provisions concerning the labeling, marking and placarding of hasardous materials and the vehicles carrying them, define the basic Pederal requirements. In addition, when any registered pesticide product is transported in a tank car, tank truck or other mobile or portable bulk container, a copy of the accepted label must be attached to the shipping papers. and left with the consignee at the time of delivery.
- (B) Storage. When pesticide products are stored in bulk containers, whether mobile or stationary, which remain in the custody of the user, a copy of the label of labeling, including all appropriate directions for use, shall be securely attached to the container in the immediate vicinity of the discharge control valve.
- (5) False or musleading statements. Pursuant to section 2(qX1)(A) of the Act. a pesticide or a device declared subject to the Act pursuant to § 162.15, is misbranded if its labeling is false or misleading in any particular including both pesticidal and non-pesticidal claims. Examples of statements or representations in the labeling which constitute misbranding include:
- (i) A false or misleading statement concerning the composition of the product;
- (ii) A false or misleading statement concerning the effectiveness of the product as a pesticide or device:
- (iii) A false or misleading statement about the value of the product for purposes other than as a pesticide or device:
- (IV) A false or misleading comparison with other pesticides or devices:

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- (v) Any statement directly or indirectly implying that the pesticide or device is recommended or endorsed by any agency of the Federal Government:
- (vi) The name of a pesticide which contains two or more principal active ingredients if the name suggests one or more but not all such principal active ingredients even though the names of the other ingredients are stated elsewhere in the labeling:
- (vii) A true statement used in such a way as to give a false or misleading impression to the purchaser.
- (viii) Label discisimers which negate or detract from labeling statements required under the Act and these regulations:
- (ix) Claims as to the safety of the pesticide or its ingredients, including statements such as "safe," "nonpoisonous," "noninjurious," "harmless" or "nontoxic to humans and pets" with or without such a qualifying phrase as "when used as directed"; and
- (x) Non-numerical and/or comparative statements on the safety of the product, including but not limited to:
- (A) "Contains all natural ingredients";
- (B) "Among the least toxic chemi-
- (C) "Pollution approved"
- (6) Final printed labeling. (i) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(6)(ii) of this section, final printed labeling must be submitted and accepted prior to registration. However, final printed labeling need not be submitted until draft label texts have been provisionally accepted by the Agency.
- (ii) Clearly legible reproductions or photo reductions will be accepted for unusual labels such as those silk-screened directly onto glass or metal containers or large bag or drum labels. Such reproductions must be of microfilm reproduction quality.
- (b) Name, brand, or trademark (1) The name, brand, or trademark under which the pesticide product is sold shall appear on the front panel of the label.
- (2) No name, brand, or trademark may appear on the label which:
- (i) Is false or misleading, or
- (ii) Has not been approved by the Administrator through registration or

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supplemental registration as an additional name pursuant to § 162.6(b)(4)

- (c) Name and address of producer, registrant, or person for whom produced. An unqualified name and address given on the label shall be considered as the name and address of the precucer. If the registrant's name appears on the label and the registrant is not the producer, or if the name of the person for whom the pesticide was produced appears on the label, it must be qualified by appropriate wording such as "Packed for " " "Distributed by " " " or "Sold by " " " to show that the name is not that of the producer.
- (d) Net weight or measure of contents. (1) The net weight or measure of content shall be exclusive of wrappers or other materials and shall be the average content unless explicitly stated as a minimum quantity.
- (2) If the pesticide is a liquid, the net content statement shall be in terms of liquid measure at 68° F (20°C) and shall be expressed in conventional American units of fluid ounces, pints, quarts, and gallons.
- (3) If the pesticide is solid or semisolid, viscous or pressurized, or is a mixture of liquid and solid, the net content statement shall be in terms of weight expressed as avoirdupois pounds and ounces.
- (4) In all cases, net content shall be stated in terms of the largest suitable units, i.e., "1 pound 10 ounces" rather than "26 ounces."
- (5) In addition to the required units specified, net content may be expressed in metric units.
- (6) Variation above minimum content or around an average is permissible only to the extent that it represents deviation unavoidable in good manufacturing practice. Variation below a stated minimum is not permitted. In no case shall the average content of the packages in a shipment fall below the stated average content.
- (e) Product registration number. The registration number assigned to the pesticide product at the time of registration shall appear on the label, preceded by the phrase "EPA Registration No.." or the phrase "EPA Registration No.." The registration number shall be set in type of a size and style similar to

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other print on that part of the label on which it appears and shall run parallel to it. The registration number and the required identifying phrase shall not appear in such a manner as to suggest or imply recommendation or endorsement of the product by the Agency.

- (f) Producing establishments registration number. The producing establishment registration number preceded by the phrase "EPA Est.", of the final establishment at which the product was produced may appear in any suitable location on the label or immediate container. It must appear on the wrapper or outside container of the package if the EPA establishment registration number on the immediate container cannot be clearly read through such wrapper or container.
- (g) Ingredient statement—(1) Generat The label of each pesticide product must bear a statement which contains the name and percentage by weight of each active ingredient, the total percentage by weight of all inert ingredients; and if the pesticide contains arsenic in any form, a statement of the percentages of total and water-soluble arsenic calculated as elemental arsenic. The active ingredients must be designated by the term "active ingredients" and the inert ingredients by the term "inert ingredients." or the singular forms of these terms when appropriate. Both terms shall be in the same type size, be aligned to the same margin and be equally prominent. The statement "Inert Ingredients, none" is not required for pesticides which contain 100 percent active ingredients. Unless the ingredient statement is a complete analysis of the pesticide, the term "analysis" shall not be used as a heading for the ingredient statement.
- (2) Position of ingredient statement.
 (i) The ingredient statement is normally required on the front panel of the label. If there is an outside container or wrapper through which the ingredient statement cannot be clearly read, the ingredient statement must also appear on such outside container or wrapper. If the size or form of the package makes it impracticable to place the ingredient statement on the front panel of the label, permission

may be granted for the ingredient statement to appear elsewhere.

- (ii) The text of the ingredient statement must run parallel with other text on the panel on which it appears, and must be clearly distinguishable from and must not be placed in the body of other text.
- (3) Names to be used in ingredient statement. The name used for each ingredient shall be the accepted common name, if there is one, followed by the chemical name. The common name may be used alone only if it is well known. If no common name has been established, the chemical name alone shall be used. In no case will the use of a trademark or proprietary name be permitted unless such name has been accepted as a common name by the Administrator under the authority of Section 25(cx6).
- (4) Statements of percentages. The percentages of ingredients shall be stated in terms of weight-to-weight. The sum of percentages of the active and the inert ingredients shall be 100. Percentages shall not be expressed by a range of values such as "22-25%." If the uses of the pesticide product are expressed as weight of active ingredient per unit area, a statement of the weight of active ingredient per unit volume of the pesticide formulation shall also appear in the ingredient statement.
- (5) Accuracy of stated percentages. The percentages given shall be as precise as possible reflecting good manufacturing practice. If there may be unavoidable variation between manufacturing batches, the value stated for each active ingredient shall be the lowest percentage which may be present.
- (6) Deterioration. Pesticides which change in chemical composition significantly must meet the following labeling requirements:
- (1) In cases where it is determined that a pesticide formulation changes chemical composition significantly, the product must bear the following statement in a prominent position on the label: "Not for sale or use after (date)."
- (ii) The product must meet all label claims up to the expiration time indicated on the label.

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- (7) Inert ingredients. The Administrator may require the name of any inert ingredient(s) to be listed in the ingredient statement if he determines that such ingredient(s) may pose a hazard to man or the environment.
- (h) Warnings and precautionary statements. Required warnings and precautionary statements concerning the general areas of toxicological hazard including hazard to children, environmental hazard, and physical or chemical hazard fall into two groups; those required on the front panel of

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the labeling and those which may appear eisewhere. Specific requirements concerning content, placement, type size, and prominence are given below.

(1) Required front panel statements. With the exception of the child hazard warning statement, the text required on the front panel of the label is determined by the Toxicity Category of the pesticide. The category is assigned on the basis of the highest hazard shown by any of the indicators in the table below:

Hezeri miceson	Toxistir caregones						
	1	i g	dr dr	ı ıv			
O-0 LD	 Up to and including 50 mg/kg.	From 50 thu 500 mg/kg_	From 500 thru 5000 mg/	Greater than 5000 mg/			
Wheeler LC.	Up to and induding 2	From 2:thu 2 mg/lear	From 2. thru 20 mg/lear	Greater than 20 mg/mer			
Dame LD	Up to one moveme 200	From 200 Stru 2000	From 2000 tou 20,000 .	Gresser than 20 000			
Eyo offects	Continue comme construct revenues within 7 days.	Comes opening reversible within 7 days, impation persisting for 7 days,	No comes cosony emission reversiose soften 7 days.	No imason			
Skin effects	Сатаме	Severe impress at 72 hours.	Moderate imizzon al 72 hours.	Mild or slight imission at 72 hours			

- (i) Human hazard signal word—(A) Toricity Category I. All pesticide products meeting the criteria of Toxicity Category I shall bear on the front panel the signal word "Danger." In addition if the product was assigned to Toxicity Category I on the basis of its oral, inhalation or dermal toxicity (as distinct from skin and eye local effects) the word "Poison" shall appear in red on a background of distinctly contrasting color and the skull and crossbones shall appear in immediate proximity to the word "poison."
- (B) Toxicity Category II. All pesticide products meeting the criteria of Toxicity Category II shall bear on the front panel the signal word "Warning."
- (C) Toxicity Category III. All pesticide products meeting the criteria of Toxicity Category III shall bear on the front panel the signal word "Caution."
- (D) Toxicity Category IV. All pesticide products meeting the criteria of Toxicity Category IV shall bear on the front panel the signal word "Caution."

- (E) Use of signal words. Use of any signal word(s) associated with a higher Toxicity Category is not permitted except when the Agency determines that such labeling is necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment. In no case shall more than one human hazard signal word appear on the front panel of a label.
- (ii) Child hazard warning. Every pesticide product label shall bear on the front panel the statement "keep out of reach of children." Only in cases where the likelihood of contact with children during distribution, marketing, storage or use is demonstrated by the applicant to be extremely remote, or if the nature of the pesticide is such that it is approved for use on infants or small children, may the Administrator waive this requirement.
- (iii) Statement of practical treatment—(A) Toricity Category I. A statement of practical treatment (first aid or other) shall appear on the front panel of the label of all pesticides falling into Toxicity Category I on the

basis of oral, inhalation or dermal toxicity. The Agency may, however, permit reasonable variations in the placement of the statement of practical treatment is some reference such as "See statement of practical treatment on back panel" appears on the front panel near the word "Poison" and the skull and crossbones.

(B) Other toxicity categories. The statement of practical treatment is not required on the front panel except as described in paragraph (h)(1)(iii)(A) of this section. The applicant may, however, include such a front panel statement at his option. Statements of practical treatment are, however, required elsewhere on the label in accord with paragraph (h)(2) of this section if they do not appear on the front panel.

(IV) Placement and prominence. All the require front panel warning statements shall be grouped together on the label, and shall appear with sufficient prominence relative to other front panel text and graphic material to make them unlikely to be overlooked under customary conditions of purchase and use. The following table shows the minimum type size requirements for the front panel warning statements on various sizes of labels:

	Ports			
See of least front partiti in square increas	Acquired sone sort, at captain	"Kees out or reach of Chasten		
5 84 948				
Above 5 to 10	10 12			
Above 15 to 30	14	10		

(2) Other required warnings and precautionary statements. The warnings and precautionary statements as required below shall appear together on the label under the general heading "Precautionary Statements" and under appropriate subheadings of "Hazard to Humans and Domestic Animals," "Environmental Hazard" and "Physical or Chemical Hazard."

(i) Hazard to humans and domestic animals. (A) Where a hazard exists to humans or domestic animals, precautionary statements are required indicating the particular hazard, the route(s) of exposure and the precautions to be taken to avoid accident, injury or damage. The precautionary paragraph shall be immediately preceded by the appropriate hazard signal word.

(B) The following table depicts typical precautionary statements. These statements must be modified or expanded to reflect specific hazards.

Tomate	Precautionary statements by leadery caregory					
CRIEGOTY	Oral inhelition, or dermal lossoity	Skith and overlocks effects				
1	Fetal (porsonous) if swellowed (inneed or absorbed strough skin). Do not breathe vapor (dust or sore)	implement). Do not get in event on each or on				
•	[From paner statement of practice treatment re- curred.]	goves when handling, regimes or later if sweetowes. [Appropriate first aid statement required.]				
9	May be tatal if sweltowed (inhered or absorbed through the exist). Do not breeze vestors (dust or soray max). Oo not get in eves, on skin or on soray max).	I on son or on cooling remits a sweetness (Ac-				
in .	coming (Addropment first and statements required) mainthul if treatment (inhalted or assertment strongly tree sun! Avoid breatming vegotre (dual or spray mint) Avoid comfact with sun (eyes or costing) (Addro-	Avoid contact with stan even or clothing, in case of contact immediately flush even or ston with planty of meter. Get medical attention if immeter persons.				
·	(No precausionary statement required.)	[No precovery statements required.]				

(ii) Environmental hazards. Where a hazard exists to non target organisms excluding humans and domestic animals, precautionary statements are required stating the nature of the

hazard and the appropriate precautions to avoid potential accident, injury or damage. Examples of the hazard statements and the circum-

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stances under which they are required follow:

(A) If a pesticide intended for outdoor use contains an active ingredient with a mammalian acute oral LD₀ of 100 or less, the statement "This Pesticide is Toxic to Wildlife" is required.

(B) If a pesticide intended for outdoor use contains an active ingredient with a fish acute LC_m of 1 ppm or less, the statement "This Pesticide is Toxic to Fish" is required.

(C) If a pesticide intended for outdoor use contains an active ingredient with an avian acute oral LD_w of 100 mg/kg or less, or a subacute dietary LC_w of 500 ppm or less, the statement "This Pesticide is Toxic to Wildlife" is required.

(D) If either accident history or field studies demonstrate that use of the

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pesticide may result in fatality to birds, fish or mammals, the statement "This pesticide is extremely toxic to wildlife (fish)" is required.

(E) For uses involving foliar application to agricultural crops, forests, or shade trees, or for mosquito abatement treatments, pesticides toxic to pollinating insects must bear appropriate label cautions.

(F) For all outdoor uses other than aquatic applications the label must bear the caution "Keep out of lakes, ponds or streams. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes."

(iii) Physical or chemical hazards. Warning statements on the flammability or explosive characteristics of the pesticide are required as follows:

Fleen point	Pergures test				
(A) PRESSUREED CONTAMERS					
any views opening. Pean point above 20° F and not over 80° F or it the	Estremen faminable Coments under pressure Keep every hot the spens and heated surfaces Do not purchase or incheres container Espoisure to temporesures above 130° F may cause bursting. Rethreade Coments under pressure Keep away from heat statuts, and open fame Do not purchase or incherests contained Espoisure to temporesures above 130° F may cause bursting Coments under pressure Do not surchase or incherests command in come fame Do not purchase or incherests command Espoisure to temporesures above 130° F may cause bursting				
(8) Novement	SSURIZED CONTAINERS				
All or below 20" F	Extremely fighthapie Keep away from the spenis and nester surfaces. Plannings Keep away from heat and open name 20 not use or store near nest or open fights				

(1) Directions for Use—(1) General requirements—(1) Adequacy and clarity of directions. Directions for use must be stated in terms which can be easily read and understood by the average person likely to use or to supervise the use of the pesticide. When followed, directions must be adequate to protect the public from fraud and from personal injury and to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.

(ii) Placement of directions for use. Directions may appear on any portion of the label provided that they are conspicuous enough to be easily read by the user of the pesticide product. Directions for use may appear on

printed or graphic matter which accompanies the pesticide provided that:

(A) If required by the Agency, such printed or graphic matter is securely attached to each package of the pesticide, or placed within the outside wrapper or bag.

(B) The label bears a reference to the directions for use in accompanying leastlets or circulars, such as "See directions in the enclosed circular:" and

(C) The Administrator determines that it is not necessary for such directions to appear on the label.

(iii) Exceptions to requirement for direction for use—(A) Detailed directions for use may be omitted from labeling of pesticides which are intended

for use only by manufacturers of products other than pesticide products in their regular manufacturing processes, provided that:

- (1) The label clearly shows that the product is intended for use only in manufacturing processes and specifies the type(s) of products involved.
- (2) Adequate information such as technical data sheets or bulletins, is available to the trade specifying the type of product involved and its proper use in manufacturing processes:
- (3) The product will not come into the hands of the general public except after incorporation into finished products: and
- (4) The Administrator determines that such directions are not necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment.
- (B) Detailed directions for use may be omitted from the labeling of pesticide products for which sale is limited to physicians, veterinarians, or druggists, provided that:
- (1) The label clearly states that the product is for use only by physicians or veterinarians:
- (2) The Administrator determines that such directions are not necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment; and
- (3) The product is also a drug and regulated under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
- (C) Detailed directions for use may be omitted from the labeling of pesticide products which are intended for use only by formulators in preparing pesticides for sale to the public, provided that:
- (1) There is information readily available to the formulators on the composition, toxicity, methods of use, applicable restrictions or limitations, and effectiveness of the product for pesticide purposes;
- (2) The label clearly states that the product is intended for use only in manufacturing, formulating, mixing, or repacking for use as a pesticide and specifies the type(s) of pesticide products involved:
- (3) The product as finally manufactured, formulated, mixed, or repackaged is registered; and

- (4) The Administrator determines that such directions are not necessary to prevent unreasonable adverse effects on man or the environment.
- (2) Contents of Directions for Use. The directions for use shall include the following, under the headings "Directions for Use":
- (i) The statement of use classification as prescribed in 162.10(j) immediately under the heading "Directions for Use."
- (ii) Immediately below the statement of use classification, the statement "It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling."
- (iii) The site(s) of application, as for example the crops, animals, areas, or objects to be treated.
- (iv) The target pest(s) associated with each site.
- (v) The dosage rate associated with each site and pest.
- (vi) The method of application, including instructions for dilution, if required, and type(s) of application apparatus or equipment required.
- (vii) The frequency and timing of applications necessary to obtain effective results without causing unreasonable adverse effects on the environment.
- (viii) Specific limitations on reentry to areas where the pesticide has been applied, meeting the requirements concerning reentry provided by 40 CFR Part 170.
- (ix) Specific directions concerning the storage and disposal of the pesticide and its container, meeting the requirements of 40 CFR Part 165. These instructions shall be grouped and appear under the heading "Storage and Disposal." This heading must be set in type of the same minimum sizes as required for the child hazard warning (See Table in § 162.10(h)(1)(iv).)
- (x) Any limitations or restrictions on use required to prevent unreasonable adverse effects, such as:
- (A) Required intervals between application and harvest of food or feed crops.
- (B) Rotational crop restrictions.
- (C) Warnings as required against use on certain crops, animals, objects, or in or adjacent to certain areas.
 - (D) [Reserved]

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- (E) For restricted use pesticides, a statement that the pesticide may be applied under the direct supervision of a certified applicator who is not physically present at the site of application but nonetheless available to the person applying the pesticide, unless the Agency has determined that the pesticide may only be applied under the direct supervision of a certified applicator who is physically present.
- (F) Other pertinent information which the Administrator determines to be necessary for the protection of man and the environment.
- (1) Statement of Use Classification. By October 22, 1976, all pesticide products must bear on their labels a statement of use classification as described in paragraphs (j)(1) and (2) of this section. Any pesticide product for which some uses are classified for general use and others for restricted use shall be separately labeled according to the labeling standards set forth in this subsection, and shall be marketed as separate products with different registration numbers, one bearing directions only for general use(s) and the other bearing directions for restricted use(s) except that, if a product has both restricted use(s) and general use(s), both of these uses may appear on a product labeled for restricted use. Such products shall be subject to the provisions of § 162.10(j)(2).
- (1) General Use Classification. Pesticide products bearing directions for use(s) classified general shall be labeled with the exact words "General Classification" immediately below the heading "Directions for Use." And reference to the general classification that suggests or implies that the general utility of the pesticide extends beyond those purposes and uses contained in the Directions for Use will be considered a false or misleading statement under the statutory definitions of misbranding.
- (2) Restricted Use Classification. Pesticide products bearing direction for use(s) classified restricted shall bear statements of restricted use classification on the front panel as described below:
- (i) Front panel statement of restricted use classification. (A) At the top of the front panel of the label, set in type

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of the same minimum sizes as required for human hazard signal words (see table in § 162.10(h)(1)(iv)), and appearing with sufficient prominence relative to other text and graphic material on the front panel to make it unlikely to be overlooked under customary conditions of purchase and use, the statement "Restricted Use Pesticide" shall appear.

(B) Directly below this statement on the front panel, a summary statement of the terms of restriction imposed as a precondition to registration shall appear. If use is restricted to certified applicators, the following statement is required: "For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification." If, however, other regulatory restrictions are imposed, the Administrator will define the appropriate wording for the terms of restriction by regulation.

(k) Advertising. [Reserved]

[40 PR 28268, July 3, 1975, 40 PR 32329, Aug. 1, 1975, 40 PR 36571, Aug. 21, 1975, as amended at 43 PR 5786, Peb. 9, 1978]

IABELING REQUIREMENTS OF THE FIFRA, AS AMENDED

	1	APPLICABILITY	PLACEMENT	ON LABEL	
I'T EM	LABEL ELFMENT	OF REQUIREMENT	REQUI RED	PREFERRED	COMMENTS
1	Product name	All products	front panel	Center front	
				panel	
2	Company name	All products	None	Bottom front	If registrant is not the producer, must
	and address			panel or end	be qualified by "Packed for,"
	· ·			of label text	"Distributed by ," etc.
3	Net contents	All products	None	Bottom front	May be in metric units in addition to
				panel or end	U.S. units
	500	222	At	of label text	
4	EPA Reg. No.	All products	None	Front panel	Must be in similar type size and run
- 5	EPA Est. No.	All weeducks	None	Front panel,	parallel to other type. May appear on the container instead of
5	EPA EST. NO.	All products	None	immediately	the label.
				before or	Cie label.
				following	
				Reg. No.	
6A	Ingredients	All products	Front panel	Immediately	Text must run parallel with other text
U/A	statement	ALL PROGESTION		following	on the panel.
	50550			product name	• • •
613	Pounds/gallon	Liquid products	Front panel	Directly below	
	statement	where dosage		the main	
	İ	given as lbs.		ingredients	
		ai/unit area	<u>-</u>	statement	
7	Front panel	All products	Front panel		All front panel precautionary statements
	precautionary				must be grouped together, preferably
	statements			<u> </u>	blocked.
7A	Keep Out of Reach	All products	Front panel	Above signal	Note type size requirements.
	ot Children			word	
	(Child hazard				
7B	warning) Signal word	All products	Front panel	Immediately	Note type size requirements.
/ D	a ignar word	nii bronnera	r cour funct	below child	twee type of the toquirements,
		}		hazard	
				warning	
	·I	·			

APPENDIX IV-2 (continued)

		APPLICABILITY	PLACEMENT		
ITEM	LABEL ELEMENT	OF REQUIREMENT_	REQUI RED	PREFERRED	COMMENTS
7C	Skull & cross-	All products	Front panel	Both in close	
	bones and word	which are Cat-		proximity to	<u> </u>
	POISON (in red)	egory t based		signal word	
	1	on oral, der-			
		mal, or inhala-			
		tion toxicity			
70	Statement of	All products	Category I:	Front panel	
	practical	in Categories	Front panel	for all.	1
	treatment	I, II, and III	unless refer-	•	
	ļ	. j	ral statement		
		 	is used.		
	Į.	1	Others:		
			Grouped with		
		1	side panel		
	· I		precautionary		
			statements.		
7E	Referral	All products	Front panel		
	statement	where pre-			1
	ł	cautionary		f	1
	1	labeling			}
	}	appears on		Ì]
		other than]
		front panel.			
8	Side/back panel	All products	None	Top or side	Must be grouped under the headings in
	precautionary			of back panel	8A, 8B, and 8C; preferably blocked.
	statements	1		preceding	Į.
				directions	
		ſ		for use	
88	Hazards to	All products	None	Same as above	Must be preceded by appropriate signal
	lumans arki	in Categories	1		word.
	domestic	I, II, and III	Í	j	1
	animals				
8B	Environmental	All products	None	Same as above	Environmental hazards include bee
	hazards	1		1	caution where applicable.

APPENDIX IV-2 (continued)

		APPLICABILITY	PLACEMENT	ON LABEL			
ITEM	LABEL ELEMENT	OF REQUIREMENT	REQUI RED	PREFERRED	COMMENTS		
8C	Physical or chemical hazards	All pressurized products, others with flash points under 150°F	None	Same as above			
9A	Restricted block	All restricted products	Top center of front panel	Preferably blocked	Includes a statement of the terms of restriction. The words "RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE" must be same type size as signal word.		
9C	Misuse statement	All products	Immediately following heading of directions for use				
10A	Reentry statement	All cholinesterase inhibitors	In the directions for use	Immediately after misuse statement			
10C	Storage and disposal block	All products	In the directions for use	Immediately before specific directions for use or at the end of directions for use	Must be set apart and clearly distin- guishable from from other directions for use.		
100	Directions for use	All products	None	None	May be in metric as well as U.S. units		

Appendix IV-3

PHYSICAL-CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Criteria

Required Label Statement

I. Pressurized Containers

- A. Flashpoint at or below 20°F; or if there is a flashback at any valve opening.
- B. Flashpoint above 20°F and not over 80°F; or if the flame extension is more than 18 inches long at a distance of 6 inches from the valve opening.
- C. ALL OTHER PRESSURIZED CONTAINERS

Extremely flammable.
Contents under pressure.
Keep away from fire, sparks, and heated surfaces. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Exposure to temperatures above 130°F

may cause bursting.

Flammable. Contents under pressure. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Exposure to temperatures above 130°F may cause bursting.

Contents under pressure. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Exposure to temperatures above 130°F may cause bursting.

II. Non-Pressurized Containers

- A. Flashpoint at or below 20°F.
- B. Flashpoint above 20°F and not over 80°F.
- C. Flashpoint over 80°F and not over 150°F.
- D. Flashpoint above 150°F.

Extremely flammable. Keep away from fire, sparks, and heated surfaces.

Flammable. Keep away from heat and open flame.

Do not use or store near heat and open flame.

None required.

Appendix IV-4

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR PESTICIDES

All products are required to bear specific label instructions about storage and disposal. Storage and disposal instructions must be grouped together in the directions for use portion of the label under the heading STORAGE AND DISPOSAL. Products intended solely for domestic use need not include the heading "STORAGE AND DISPOSAL." The STORAGE AND DISPOSAL heading must appear in the minimum type size listed below:

Size of label front panel in square inches	_					_					;	for ST	DR	the AGE	d type size heading AND DISPOSAL itals)
10 and under .		•				•					•	•		. 6	point
Above 10 to 15	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	. 8	point
Above 15 to 30		•	•	•			•		•	•	•	•	•	10	point
Over 30	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		12	point

Storage and disposal instructions must be set apart and clearly distinguishable from other directions for use. Blocking storage and disposal statements with a solid line is suggested as a means of increasing their prominence.

A. Storage Instructions:

All product labels are required to have appropriate storage instructions. Specific storage instructions are not prescribed. Each registrant must develop his own storage instructions, considering, when applicable, the following factors:

- Conditions of storage that might alter the composition or usefulness of the pesticide. Examples could be temperature extremes, excessive moisture or humidity, heat, sunlight, friction, or contaminating substances or media.
- 2. Physical requirements of storage which might adversely affect the container of the product and its ability to continue to function properly. Requirements might include positioning of the container in storage, storage or damage due to stacking, penetration of moisture, and ability to withstand shock or friction.
- 3. Specifications for handling the pesticide container, including movement of container within the storage area, proper opening and closing procedures (particularly for opened containers), and measures to minimize exposure while opening or closing container.

- 4. Instructions on what to do if the container is damaged in any way, or if the pesticide is leaking or has been spilled, and precautions to minimize exposure if damage occurs.
- 5. General precautions concerning locked storage, storage in original container only, and separation of pesticides during storage to prevent cross-contamination of other pesticides, fertilizer, food, and feed.
- 6. General storage instructions for household products should emphasize storage in original container and placement in locked storage areas.

B. <u>Pesticide Disposal Instructions</u>:

The label of all products, except those intended solely for domestic use, must bear explicit instructions about pesticide disposal. The statements listed below contain the exact wording that must appear on the label of these products:

- The labels of all products, except domestic use, must contain the statement, "Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal."
- 2. Except those products intended solely for domestic use, the labels of all products that contain active ingredients appearing on the "Acutely Hazardous" Commercial Pesticide Products List (RCRA "E" List) at the end of this appendix or are assigned to Toxicity Category I on the basis of oral or dermal toxicity, skin or eye irritation potential, or Toxicity Category I or II on the basis of acute inhalation toxicity must bear the following pesticide disposal statement:

"Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance."

The labels of all products, except those intended for domestic use, containing active or inert ingredients that appear on the "Toxic" Commercial Pesticide Products List (RCRA "F" List) at the end of this appendix or presently meet any of the criteria in Subpart C, 40 CFR 261 for a hazardous waste must bear the following pesticide disposal statement:

"Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance."

Labels for all other products, except those intended for domestic use, must bear the following pesticide disposal statement:

"Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility."

3. Products intended for domestic use only must bear the following disposal statement: "Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash."

C. Container Disposal Instructions

The label of each product must bear container disposal instructions appropriate to the type of container.

1. All products intended for domestic use must bear one of the following container disposal statements:

Container Type	Statement						
Non-aerosol products (bottles, cans, jars)	Do not reuse container (bottle, can, jar). Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash.						
Non-aerosol products (bags)	Do not reuse bag. Discard bag in trash.						
Aerosol products	Replace cap and discard containers in trash. Do not incinerate or puncture.						

2. The labels for all other products must bear container disposal instructions, based on container type, listed below:

Container Type	Statement
Metal	Triple cinse (or equivalent). Then offer
containers	for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture
(non-aerosol)	and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by
	other procedures approved by state and local
	authorities.
Plastic containers	Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer
	for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture
	and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or
	incineration, or, if allowed by state and
1	local authorities, by burning. If burned,
Ì	stay out of smoke.
Glass containers	Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose
1	of in a sanitary landfill or by other
	approved state and local procedures.
Fiber drums	Completely empty liner by shaking and
with liners	tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging
	particles. Empty residue into application
	equipment. Then dispose of liner in a
	sanitary landfill or by incineration if
	allowed by state and local authorities.
	If drum is contaminated and cannot be
	reused ¹ , dispose of in the same manner.
Paper and	Completely empty bag into application
plastic bags	equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in
	a sanitary landfill or by incineration,
	or, if allowed by State and local
1	authorities, by burning. If burned, stay
	out of smoke.
Compressed gas	Return empty cylinder for reuse (or
cylinders	similar wording)

^{1/} Manufacturer may replace this phrase with one indicating whether and how fiber drum may be reused.

Pesticides that are hazardous wastes under 40 CFR 261.33(e) and (f) when discarded.

"Acutely Hazardous" Commercial Pesticides (RCRA "E" List) Active Ingredients, (no inerts):

Acrolein Aldicarb Aldrin Allyl alcohol Aluminum phosphide 4-Aminopyridine Arsenic acid Arsenic pentoxide Arsenic trioxide Calcium cyanide Carbon disulfide p-Chloroaniline Cyanides (soluble cyanide salts, not specified elsewere) Cyanogen chloride 2-Cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitrophenol Dieldrin 0,0-Diethyl S-[2-ethylthio)ethyl] phosphorodithioate (disulfoton, Di-Syston) 0,0-Diethyl 0-pyrazinyl phosphorothicate (Zinophos) Dimethoate 0,0-Dimethyl 0-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothicate (methyl parathion) 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol and salts 4,6-Dinitro-o-cyclohexylphenol 2,4 Dinitrophenol Dinoseb Endosulfan Endothall Endrin Famphur Fluoroacetamide · Heptachlor Hexanethyl tetraphosphate Hydrocyanic acid Hydrogen cyanide Methomyl alpha-Naphthylthiourea (ANTU) Nicotine and salts Octamethylpyrophosphoramide (OMPA, schradan) Parathion

"Acutely Hazardous" Commercial Pesticides (RCRA "E" List) Active Ingredients continued:

Phenylmercuric acetate (PMA)
Phorate
Potassium cyanide
Propargyl alcohol
Sodium azide
Sodium cyanide
Sodium fluoroacetate
Strychnine and salts
0,0,0,0-Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate (sulfotepp)
Tetraethyl pyrophosphate
Thallium sulfate
Thiofanox
Toxaphene
Warfarin
Zinc phosphide

"Toxic" Commercial Pesticide Products (RCRA "F" List) Active Ingredients:

Acetone Acrylonitrile Amitrole Benzene Bis(2-ethylhexyl)pthalate Cacodylic acid Carbon tetrachloride Chloral (hydrate) Chlordane (technical) Chlorobenzene 4-Chloro-m-cresol Chloroform o-Chlorophenol 4-Chloro-o-toluidine hydrochloride Creosote Cresylic acid Cyclohexane Decachlorooctahydro-1,3,4-metheno-2H-cyclobuta[c,d]-pentalen-2-one (kepone, chlordecone) 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) Dibutyl phthalate S-3,3-(Dichloroallyl diisopropylthiocarbamate (diallate, Avadex) o-Dichlorobenzene p-Dichlorobenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12[®]) 3,5-Dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl) benzamide (pronamide, Kerb) Dichloro diphenyl dichloroethane (DDD) Dichloro diphenyl trichloroethane (DDT) Dichlorethyl ether 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic, esters and salts (2,4-D) 1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropane (Telone) Dimethyl phthalate Ethyl acetate Ethyl 4,4'-dichlorobenzilate (chlorobenzilate) Ethylene dibromide (EDB) Ethylene dichloride Ethylene oxide Formaldehyde Furfural Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Hexachloroethane

Hydrofluoric acid

"Toxic" Commercial Pesticide Products (RCRA "F" List) Active Ingredients:

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Isobutyl alcohol
Lead acetate
Lindane
Maleic hydrazide
Mercury
Methyl alcohol
Methyl bromide
Methyl chloride
2,2'-Methylenebis (3,4,6-trichlorophenol) (hexachlorophene)
Methylene chloride
Methyl ethyl ketone
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (methyl isobutyl ketone)
Naphthalene
Nitrobenzene
p-Nitrophenol
Pentachloroethane
Pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB)
Pentaclorophenol
Phenol
Phosphorodithioic acid, 0,0-diethyl, methyl ester
Propylene dichloride
Pyridine
Resorcinol
Safrole
Selenium disulfide
Silvex
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
Tetrachloroethylene
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol
Thiram
Toluene
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Trichloroethylene
Trichloromonofluoromethane (Freon 11®)
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4,5-T)
Xylene
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"Toxic" Commercial Pesticide Products (RCRA "F" List) Inert Ingredients:

Acetone Acetonitrile Acetophenone Acrylic acid Aniline Benzene Chlorobenzene Chloroform Cyclohexane Cyclohexanone Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12[®]) Diethyl phthalate Dimethylamine Dimethyl phthalate 1,4-Dioxane Ethylene oxide

Formaldehyde Formic acid Isobutyl alcohol Meleic anhydride Methyl alcohol (methanol) Methyl ethyl ketone Methyl methacrylate Naphthalene Saccharin and salts Thiourea Toluene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 1. Vinyl chloride Xylene