

**U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY  
WORKING PAPER SERIES**



REPORT  
ON  
BARTLETT LAKE  
KOOCHICHING COUNTY  
MINNESOTA  
EPA REGION V  
WORKING PAPER No. 83

**PACIFIC NORTHWEST ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY**

**An Associate Laboratory of the**

**NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER - CORVALLIS, OREGON**

**and**

**NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER - LAS VEGAS, NEVADA**

REPORT  
ON  
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WITH THE COOPERATION OF THE  
MINNESOTA POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY  
AND THE  
MINNESOTA NATIONAL GUARD  
DECEMBER, 1974

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## F O R E W O R D

The National Eutrophication Survey was initiated in 1972 in response to an Administration commitment to investigate the nation-wide threat of accelerated eutrophication to fresh water lakes and reservoirs.

### OBJECTIVES

The Survey was designed to develop, in conjunction with state environmental agencies, information on nutrient sources, concentrations, and impact on selected freshwater lakes as a basis for formulating comprehensive and coordinated national, regional, and state management practices relating to point-source discharge reduction and non-point source pollution abatement in lake watersheds.

### ANALYTIC APPROACH

The mathematical and statistical procedures selected for the Survey's eutrophication analysis are based on related concepts that:

- a. A generalized representation or model relating sources, concentrations, and impacts can be constructed.
- b. By applying measurements of relevant parameters associated with lake degradation, the generalized model can be transformed into an operational representation of a lake, its drainage basin, and related nutrients.
- c. With such a transformation, an assessment of the potential for eutrophication control can be made.

### LAKE ANALYSIS

In this report, the first stage of evaluation of lake and watershed data collected from the study lake and its drainage basin is documented. The report is formatted to provide state environmental agencies with specific information for basin planning [§303(e)], water quality criteria/standards review [§303(c)], clean lakes [§314(a,b)], and water quality monitoring [§106 and §305(b)] activities mandated by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972.

Beyond the single lake analysis, broader based correlations between nutrient concentrations (and loading) and trophic condition are being made to advance the rationale and data base for refinement of nutrient water quality criteria for the Nation's fresh water lakes. Likewise, multivariate evaluations for the relationships between land use, nutrient export, and trophic condition, by lake class or use, are being developed to assist in the formulation of planning guidelines and policies by EPA and to augment plans implementation by the states.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The staff of the National Eutrophication Survey (Office of Research & Development, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency) expresses sincere appreciation to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for professional involvement and to the Minnesota National Guard for conducting the tributary sampling phase of the Survey.

Grant J. Merritt, Director of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, John F. McGuire, Chief, and Joel G. Schilling, Biologist, of the Section of Surface and Groundwater, Division of Water Quality, provided invaluable lake documentation and counsel during the course of the Survey; and the staff of the Section of Municipal Works, Division of Water Quality, were most helpful in identifying point sources and soliciting municipal participation in the Survey.

Major General Chester J. Moeglein, the Adjutant General of Minnesota, and Project Officer Major Adrian Beltrand, who directed the volunteer efforts of the Minnesota National Guardsmen, are also gratefully acknowledged for their assistance to the Survey.

## NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

## STUDY LAKES

STATE OF MINNESOTA

<u>LAKE NAME</u>	<u>COUNTY</u>
Albert Lea	Freeborn
Andrusia	Beltrami
Badger	Polk
Bartlett	Koochiching
Bear	Freeborn
Bemidji	Beltrami
Big	Stearns
Big Stone	Big Stone, MN; Roberts, Grant, SD
Birch	Cass
Blackduck	Beltrami
Blackhoof	Crow Wing
Budd	Martin
Buffalo	Wright
Calhoun	Hennepin
Carlos	Douglas
Carrigan	Wright
Cass	Beltrami, Cass
Clearwater	Wright, Stearns
Cokato	Wright
Cranberry	Crow Wing
Darling	Douglas
Elbow	St. Louis
Embarass	St. Louis
Fall	Lake
Forest	Washington
Green	Kandiyohi
Gull	Cass
Heron	Jackson
Leech	Cass
Le Homme Dieu	Douglas
Lily	Blue Earth
Little	Grant
Lost	St. Louis

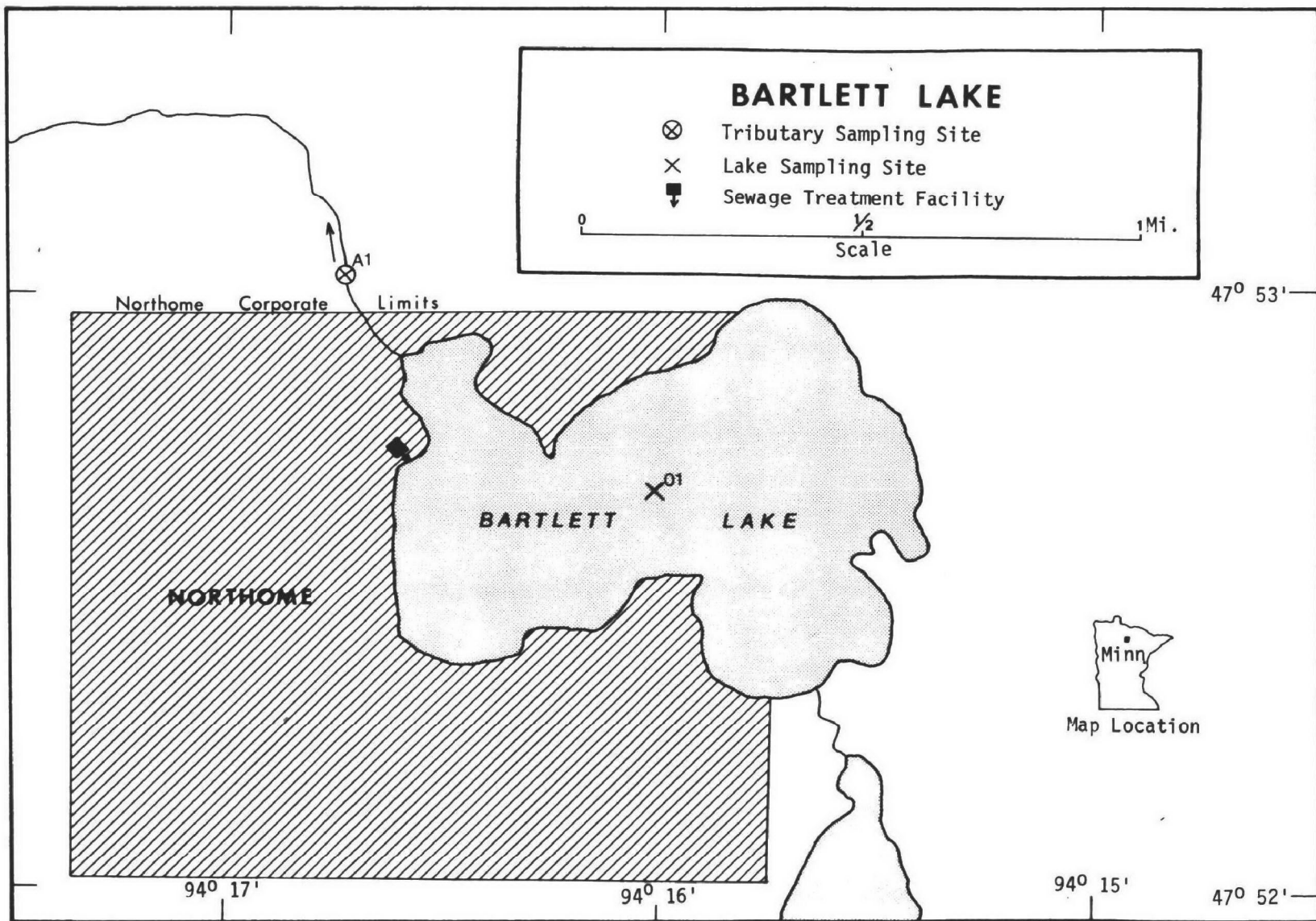
LAKE NAMECOUNTY

Madison  
 Malmedal  
 Mashkenode  
 McQuade  
 Minnetonka  
 Minnewaska  
 Mud  
 Nest  
 Pelican  
 Pepin

Rabbit  
 Sakatah  
 Shagawa  
 Silver  
 Six Mile  
 Spring  
 St. Croix

St. Louis Bay  
 Superior Bay  
 Swan  
 Trace  
 Trout  
 Wagonga  
 Wallmark  
 White Bear  
 Winona  
 Wolf  
 Woodcock  
 Zumbro

Blue Earth  
 Pope  
 St. Louis  
 St. Louis  
 Hennepin  
 Pope  
 Itasca  
 Kandiyohi  
 St. Louis  
 Goodhue, Wabasha, MN;  
 Pierce, Pepin, WI  
 Crow Wing  
 Le Sueur  
 St. Louis  
 McLeod  
 St. Louis  
 Washington, Dakota  
 Washington, MN; St. Croix,  
 Pierce, WI  
 St. Louis, MN; Douglas, WI  
 St. Louis, MN; Douglas, WI  
 Itasca  
 Todd  
 Itasca  
 Kandiyohi  
 Chisago  
 Washington  
 Douglas  
 Beltrami, Hubbard  
 Kandiyohi  
 Olmstead, Wabasha





BARTLETT LAKE  
STORET NO. 2705

I. CONCLUSIONS

A. Trophic Condition:

Survey data and the data of others show that Bartlett Lake is eutrophic. Of the 60 Minnesota lakes sampled in the fall when essentially all were well-mixed, 38 had less mean total phosphorus and mean inorganic nitrogen, and 24 had less mean dissolved phosphorus. Of the 80 Minnesota lakes sampled, 57 had less mean chlorophyll a, and 60 had greater Secchi disc transparency.

Survey limnologists noted generally poor water quality on all sampling visits with high turbidity and intensive algal blooms.

B. Rate-Limiting Nutrient:

There was a significant loss of nutrients in the assay sample between the time the sample was collected and the algal assay was begun. The lake data indicate nitrogen limitation in July and September but phosphorus limitation in October.

C. Nutrient Controllability:

1. Point sources--During the sampling year, Bartlett Lake received a total phosphorus load at a rate about 1.5 times the rate proposed by Vollenweider (in press) as "dangerous"; i.e.,

a eutrophic rate (see page 12). It is estimated that the Village of Northome contributed 87% of that load.

It is calculated that 70% removal of phosphorus at the Northome wastewater treatment plant would reduce the loading rate to 1.3 lbs/acre/yr or  $0.15 \text{ g/m}^2/\text{yr}$  (a mesotrophic rate); 80% phosphorus removal would reduce the loading rate to 1.0 lbs/acre/yr or  $0.11 \text{ g/m}^2/\text{yr}$  (an oligotrophic rate). Either level of phosphorus removal should improve the trophic condition of Bartlett Lake.

2. Non-point sources--It is estimated that non-point sources contributed about 13% of the total phosphorus load during the sampling year.

## II. LAKE AND DRAINAGE BASIN CHARACTERISTICS

### A. Lake Morphometry<sup>†</sup>:

1. Surface area: 303 acres.
2. Mean depth: 8.5 feet.
3. Maximum depth: >15 feet.
4. Volume: 2,575 acre/feet.
5. Mean hydraulic retention time: 1.9 years.

### B. Tributary and Outlet: (See Appendix A for flow data)

#### 1. Tributaries -

<u>Name</u>	<u>Drainage area*</u>	<u>Mean flow*</u>
None gaged	-	-
Minor tributaries & immediate drainage -	<u>2.9 mi<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>1.9 cfs</u>
Totals	2.9 mi <sup>2</sup>	1.9 cfs

#### 2. Outlet -

Unnamed Creek (A-1)	3.4 mi <sup>2</sup> **	1.9 cfs
---------------------	------------------------	---------

### C. Precipitation\*\*\*:

1. Year of sampling: 27.2 inches.
2. Mean annual: 26.0 inches.

<sup>†</sup> DNR lake survey map (1948); mean depth by random-dot method.

\* Drainage areas are accurate within  $\pm 5\%$ ; mean daily flows are accurate within  $\pm 10\%$ ; and ungaged flows are accurate within  $\pm 10$  to 25% for drainage areas greater than 10 mi<sup>2</sup>.

\*\* Includes area of lake.

\*\*\* See Working Paper No. 1, "Survey Methods".

### III. LAKE WATER QUALITY SUMMARY

Bartlett Lake was sampled three times during the open-water season of 1972 by means of a pontoon-equipped Huey helicopter. Each time, samples for physical and chemical parameters were collected from one or more depths at one station on the lake (see map, page vi). During each visit, a single depth-integrated (near bottom to surface) sample was composited for phytoplankton identification and enumeration; and during the last visit, a single five-gallon depth-integrated sample was composited for algal assays. Also each time, a depth-integrated sample was collected for chlorophyll a analysis. The maximum depth sampled was 4 feet.

The results obtained are presented in full in Appendix B, and the data for the fall sampling period, when the lake essentially was well-mixed, are summarized below. Note, however, the Secchi disc summary is based on all values.

For differences in the various parameters at the other sampling times, refer to Appendix B.

## A. Physical and chemical characteristics:

<u>FALL VALUES</u>				
(10/21/72)				
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Median</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
Temperature (Cent.)*	-	-	-	-
Dissolved oxygen (mg/l)*	-	-	-	-
Conductivity (μmhos)	241	241	241	241
pH (units)	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
Alkalinity (mg/l)	107	107	107	107
Total P (mg/l)	0.117	0.117	0.117	0.117
Dissolved P (mg/l)	0.024	0.024	0.024	0.024
NO <sub>2</sub> + NO <sub>3</sub> (mg/l)	0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170
Ammonia (mg/l)	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210
<u>ALL VALUES</u>				
Secchi disc (inches)	12	20	18	30

\* Only a surface sample was collected in the fall, and temperature and dissolved oxygen were not determined.

## B. Biological characteristics:

## 1. Phytoplankton\* -

<u>Sampling Date</u>	<u>Dominant Genera</u>	<u>Number per ml</u>
07/12/72	1. Anabaena	6,920
	2. Dinobryon	1,123
	3. Microcystis	616
	4. Ankistrodesmus	326
	5. Synedra	290
	Other genera	<u>508</u>
	Total	9,783
09/08/72	1. Microcystis	17,970
	2. Chroococcus	7,668
	3. Anabaena	4,586
	4. Lyngbya	1,955
	5. Oscillatoria	1,729
	Other genera	<u>2,791</u>
	Total	36,699

## 2. Chlorophyll a -

(Because of instrumentation problems during the 1972 sampling, the following values may be in error by plus or minus 20 percent.)

<u>Sampling Date</u>	<u>Station Number</u>	<u>Chlorophyll a (<math>\mu\text{g/l}</math>)</u>
07/12/72	01	58.7
09/08/72	01	63.9
10/21/72	01	25.8

\* The October sample was lost in shipment.

C. Limiting Nutrient Study:

There was a significant loss of nutrients between the time the sample was collected and the assay was begun. Therefore, the assay results are not indicative of lake conditions at the time of sampling.

The lake data indicate nitrogen limitation in July ( $N/P = 8/1$ ) and September ( $N/P = 12/1$ ) but phosphorus limitation in October ( $N/P = 16/1$ ).

#### IV. NUTRIENT LOADINGS (See Appendix C for data)

For the determination of nutrient loadings, the Minnesota National Guard collected monthly near-surface grab samples from the outlet site indicated on the map (page vi), except for the high runoff month of April when two samples were collected. Sampling was begun in October, 1972, and was completed in September, 1973.

Through an interagency agreement, outlet flow estimates for the year of sampling and a "normalized" or average year were provided by the Minnesota District Office of the U.S. Geological Survey.

In this report, nutrient loads for the sampled outlet were determined by using a modification of a U.S. Geological Survey computer program for calculating stream loadings\*. Nutrient loadings for unsampled "minor tributaries and immediate drainage" ("ZZ" of U.S.G.S.) were estimated by using the means of the nutrient loads, in lbs/mi<sup>2</sup>/year, in Leech Lake tributaries at stations C-1, D-1, G-1, H-1, and J-1 and multiplying the means by the ZZ area in mi<sup>2</sup>.

The Village of Northome did not participate in the Survey, and nutrient loads were estimated at 2.5 lbs P and 7.5 lbs N/capita/year.

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\* See Working Paper No. 1.



## A. Waste Sources:

## 1. Known municipal\* -

<u>Name</u>	<u>Pop. Served</u>	<u>Treatment</u>	<u>Mean Flow (mgd)</u>	<u>Receiving Water</u>
Northome	351	Imhoff tank	0.035**	Bartlett Lake

## 2. Known industrial - None

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\* Anonymous, 1974.

\*\* Estimated at 100 gal/capita/day.

## B. Annual Total Phosphorus Loading - Average Year:

## 1. Inputs -

<u>Source</u>	<u>lbs P/ yr</u>	<u>% of total</u>
a. Tributaries (non-point load) -		
None gaged	-	-
b. Minor tributaries & immediate drainage (non-point load) -	80	7.9
c. Known municipal -		
Northome	880	87.1
d. Septic tanks - Unknown	-	-
e. Known industrial - None	-	-
f. Direct precipitation* -	<u>50</u>	<u>5.0</u>
Total	1,010	100.0

## 2. Outputs -

Lake outlet - Unnamed Creek (A-1) 430

## 3. Net annual P accumulation - 580 pounds

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\* See Working Paper No. 1.

## C. Annual Total Nitrogen Loading - Average Year:

## 1. Inputs -

<u>Source</u>	<u>lbs N/ yr</u>	<u>% of total</u>
a. Tributaries (non-point load) -		
None gaged	-	-
b. Minor tributaries & immediate drainage (non-point load) -	3,630	39.6
c. Known municipal -		
Northome	2,630	28.6
d. Septic tanks - Unknown	-	-
e. Known industrial - None	-	-
f. Direct precipitation* -	<u>2,920</u>	<u>31.8</u>
Total	9,180	100.0

## 2. Outputs -

Lake outlet - Unnamed Creek (A-1) 7,460

## 3. Net annual N accumulation - 1,720 pounds

\* See Working Paper No. 1.

## D. Yearly Loading Rates:

In the following table, the existing phosphorus loading rates are compared to those proposed by Vollenweider (in press). Essentially, his "dangerous" rate is the rate at which the receiving water would become eutrophic or remain eutrophic; his "permissible" rate is that which would result in the receiving water remaining oligotrophic or becoming oligotrophic if morphology permitted. A mesotrophic rate would be considered one between "dangerous" and "permissible".

Units	Total Phosphorus		Total Nitrogen	
	Total	Accumulated	Total	Accumulated
lbs/acre/yr	3.3	1.9	30.3	5.7
grams/m <sup>2</sup> /yr	0.37	0.21	3.4	0.6

Vollenweider loading rates for phosphorus  
(g/m<sup>2</sup>/yr) based on mean depth and mean  
hydraulic retention time of Bartlett Lake:

"Dangerous" (eutrophic rate)	0.24
"Permissible" (oligotrophic rate)	0.12

## V. LITERATURE REVIEWED

Anonymous, 1974. Wastewater disposal facilities inventory. MPCA, Minneapolis.

Schilling, Joel, 1974. Personal communication (lake map). MPCA, Minneapolis.

Vollenweider, Richard A., (in press). Input-output models. Schweiz A. Hydrol.

## VII. APPENDICES

### APPENDIX A

#### TRIBUTARY FLOW DATA

TRIBUTARY FLOW INFORMATION FOR MINNESOTA

10/30/74

LAKE CODE 2705 HARTLETT LAKE

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA OF LAKE 3.36

TRIBUTARY	SUB-DRAINAGE AREA	NORMALIZED FLOWS												
		JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	MEAN
2705A1	3.36	0.46	0.22	0.65	4.10	5.17	3.98	2.03	0.92	2.36	1.10	0.66	0.74	1.87
2705Z2	3.36	0.65	0.29	0.85	4.02	4.93	3.99	1.95	0.84	2.23	1.02	0.61	0.87	1.86

SUMMARY

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA OF LAKE = 3.36  
SUM OF SUB-DRAINAGE AREAS = 3.36

TOTAL FLOW IN = 22.25  
TOTAL FLOW OUT = 22.39

MEAN MONTHLY FLOWS AND DAILY FLOWS

TRIBUTARY	MONTH	YEAR	MEAN FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW
2705A1	10	72	1.01	14	1.30				
	11	72	0.63	5	0.60				
	12	72	1.12	3	1.30				
	1	73	0.51	20	0.40				
	2	73	0.24						
	3	73	1.77	17	5.30				
	4	73	0.57	1	1.60	14	0.20		
	5	73	0.67	19	1.30				
	6	73	0.49	3	0.70				
2705Z2	7	73	0.39	8	0.45				
	8	73	1.89	11	3.50				
	9	73	16.20	16	10.00				
	10	72	0.93	14	1.20				
	11	72	0.57	5	0.60				
	12	72	1.30	3	1.50				
	1	73	0.71	20	1.50				
	2	73	0.31						
	3	73	2.32	17	7.00				
	4	73	0.56	1	1.60	14	0.20		
	5	73	0.64	19	1.30				
	6	73	0.48	3	0.70				
	7	73	0.37	8	0.43				
	8	73	1.72	11	3.20				
	9	73	15.30	16	9.50				

## APPENDIX B

### PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL DATA



STORET RETRIEVAL DATE 74/10/30

270501  
47 52 45.0 094 16 00.0  
HARTLETT LAKE  
27 MINNESOTA

11EPALES 2111202  
4 0004 FEET DEPTH

DATE FROM TO	TIME OF DAY	DEPTH FEET	00010 WATER TEMP CENT	00300 DO MG/L	00077 TRANSP SECCHI INCHES	00094 CONDUCTVY FIELD MICROMHO	00400 PH SU	00410 T ALK CAC03 MG/L	00630 N02&N03 N-TOTAL MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00665 PHOS-TOT MG/L P	00666 PHOS-DIS MG/L P
72/07/12	14 25	0000			30							
	14 25	0004	22.4	7.2		220	8.30	93	0.080	0.100	0.105	0.022
72/09/08	14 40	0000	15.7		18	258	8.85	121	0.150	0.180	0.157	0.032
	14 40	0004	15.2	10.3		255	8.90	118	0.200	0.270	0.156	0.034
72/10/21	15 45	0000			12	241	8.50	107	0.170	0.210	0.117	0.024

DATE FROM TO	TIME OF DAY	DEPTH FEET	32217 CHLRPHYL A UG/L
72/07/12	14 25	0000	58.7J
72/09/08	14 40	0000	63.2J
72/10/21	15 45	0000	25.8J

J VALUE KNOWN TO BE IN ERROR

APPENDIX C  
TRIBUTARY DATA

STORET RETRIEVAL DATE 74/10/30

2705A1 LS2705A1  
 47 53 00.0 094 17 00.0  
 UNNAMED STREAM DRNG BARTLET LAKE  
 27 CO #36. SHEET #1  
 0/BARTLETT LAKE  
 US 71 BRDG N OF NORTHOME  
 11EPALES 2111204  
 4 0000 FEET DEPTH

DATE FROM TO	TIME OF DAY	DEPTH FEET	00630 NO2-N N-TOTAL MG/L	00625 TOT KJFL N MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO MG/L P	00665 PHOS-TOT MG/L P
72/10/14	10 30		0.110	1.470	0.150	0.014	0.115
72/11/05	13 30		0.143	1.900	0.260	0.028	0.115
73/03/17	11 55		0.220	1.700	0.040	0.054	0.160
73/04/01	16 20		0.035	1.980	0.220	0.009	0.080
73/04/14	12 15		0.044	1.800	0.168	0.024	0.155
73/05/19	12 53		0.028	1.400	0.028	0.016	0.120
73/06/03	13 10		0.042	1.610	0.036	0.021	0.125
73/07/08	12 55		0.024	3.400	0.530	0.033	0.135
73/08/11	11 40		0.054	2.000	0.440	0.022	0.095
73/09/16	12 20		0.010K	3.500	0.054	0.036	0.185

K VALUE KNOWN TO BE LESS  
 THAN INDICATED