# U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

**WORKING PAPER SERIES** 



REPORT
ON
BLACKHOOF LAKE
CROW WING COUNTY
MINNESOTA
EPA REGION V
WORKING PAPER No. 87

# PACIFIC NORTHWEST ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORY

An Associate Laboratory of the

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER - CORVALLIS, OREGON

and

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER - LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

REPORT
ON
BLACKHOOF LAKE
CROW WING COUNTY
MINNESOTA
EPA REGION V
WORKING PAPER NO. 87

WITH THE COOPERATION OF THE

MINNESOTA POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY

AND THE

MINNESOTA NATIONAL GUARD

DECEMBER, 1974

# CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
For	reword	ii
Lis	st of Minnesota Study Lakes	iv,
Lak	ke and Drainage Area Map	vi
Sec	<u>ctions</u>	
I.	Conclusions	1
II.	Lake and Drainage Basin Characteristics	3
III.	Lake Water Quality Summary	4
IV.	Nutrient Loadings	8
٧.	Literature Reviewed	13
VI.	Appendices	14

## FOREWORD

The National Eutrophication Survey was initiated in 1972 in response to an Administration commitment to investigate the nation-wide threat of accelerated eutrophication to fresh water lakes and reservoirs.

## OBJECTIVES

The Survey was designed to develop, in conjunction with state environmental agencies, information on nutrient sources, concentrations, and impact on selected freshwater lakes as a basis for formulating comprehensive and coordinated national, regional, and state management practices relating to point-source discharge reduction and non-point source pollution abatement in lake watersheds.

## ANALYTIC APPROACH

The mathematical and statistical procedures selected for the Survey's eutrophication analysis are based on related concepts that:

- a. A generalized representation or model relating sources, concentrations, and impacts can be constructed.
- b. By applying measurements of relevant parameters associated with lake degradation, the generalized model can be transformed into an operational representation of a lake, its drainage basin, and related nutrients.
- c. With such a transformation, an assessment of the potential for eutrophication control can be made.

## LAKE ANALYSIS

In this report, the first stage of evaluation of lake and water-shed data collected from the study lake and its drainage basin is documented. The report is formatted to provide state environmental agencies with specific information for basin planning [\$303(e)], water quality criteria/standards review [\$303(c)], clean lakes [\$314(a,b)], and water quality monitoring [\$106 and \$305(b)] activities mandated by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972.

Beyond the single lake analysis, broader based correlations between nutrient concentrations (and loading) and trophic condition are being made to advance the rationale and data base for refinement of nutrient water quality criteria for the Nation's fresh water lakes. Likewise, multivariate evaluations for the relationships between land use, nutrient export, and trophic condition, by lake class or use, are being developed to assist in the formulation of planning guidelines and policies by EPA and to augment plans implementation by the states.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The staff of the National Eutrophication Survey (Office of Research & Development, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency) expresses sincere appreciation to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for professional involvement and to the Minnesota National Guard for conducting the tributary sampling phase of the Survey.

Grant J. Merritt, Director of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, John F. McGuire, Chief, and Joel G. Schilling, Biologist, of the Section of Surface and Groundwater, Division of Water Quality, provided invaluable lake documentation and counsel during the course of the Survey; and the staff of the Section of Municipal Works, Division of Water Quality, were most helpful in identifying point sources and soliciting municipal participation in the Survey.

Major General Chester J. Moeglein, the Adjutant General of Minnesota, and Project Officer Major Adrian Beltrand, who directed the volunteer efforts of the Minnesota National Guardsmen, are also gratefully acknowledged for their assistance to the Survey.

# NATIONAL EUTROPHICATION SURVEY

# STUDY LAKES

# STATE OF MINNESOTA

COUNTY
Freeborn
Beltrami
Po1k
Koochiching
Freeborn
Beltrami
Stearns
Big Stone, MN; Roberts, Grant, SD
Cass
Beltrami
Crow Wing
Martin
Wright
Hennepin
Douglas
Wright
Beltrami, Cass
Wright, Stearns
Wright
Crow Wing
Douglas
St. Louis
St. Louis
Lake
Washington
Kandiyohi
Cass
Jackson
Cass
Douglas
Blue Earth
Grant

Lost

St. Louis

## LAKE NAME

Madison
Malmedal
Mashkenode
McQuade
Minnetonka
Minnewaska
Mud
Nest
Pelican

Rabbit Sakatah Shagawa Silver Six Mile Spring St. Croix

Pepin

St. Louis Bay
Superior Bay
Swan
Trace
Trout
Wagonga
Wallmark
White Bear
Winona
Wolf
Woodcock
Zumbro

## COUNTY

Blue Earth Pope St. Louis St. Louis Hennepin Pope Itasca Kandiyohi St. Louis Goodhue, Wa

Goodhue, Wabasha, MN; Pierce, Pepin, WI

Crow Wing Le Sueur St. Louis McLeod St. Louis

Washington, Dakota

Washington, MN; St. Croix,

Pierce, WI

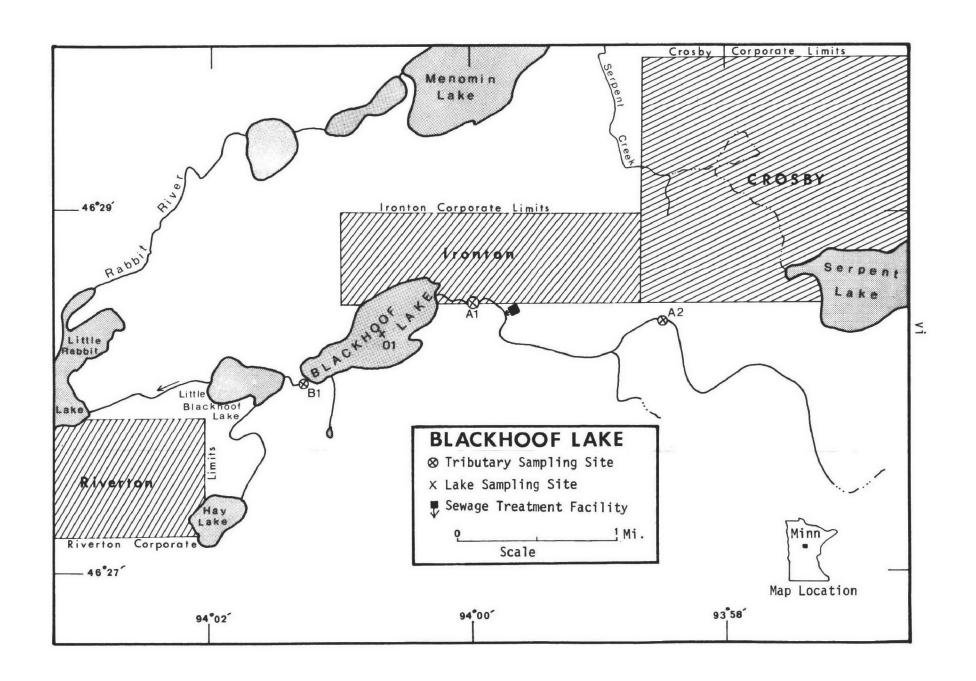
St. Louis, MN; Douglas, WI St. Louis, MN; Douglas, WI

Itasca Todd Itasca Kandiyohi Chisago Washington Douglas

Beltrami, Hubbard

Kandiyohi

Olmstead, Wabasha



### BLACKHOOF LAKE

#### STORET NO. 2712

### I. CONCLUSIONS

## A. Trophic Condition:

Survey data show that Blackhoof Lake is eutrophic. Of the 60 Minnesota lakes sampled in the fall of 1972, when all essentially were well-mixed, 25 had less mean total phosphorus, 30 had less mean dissolved phosphorus, and 19 had less mean inorganic nitrogen. For all Minnesota data, 29 lakes had less mean chlorophyll a, and 25 had greater Secchi disc transparency.

Depletion of dissolved oxygen with depth occurred in July and September.

## B. Rate-Limiting Nutrient:

The results of the algal assay indicate nitrogen limitation at the time the sample was collected. The lake data indicate nitrogen limitation during the July and October sampling periods and a borderline phosphorus limitation during September.

## C. Nutrient Controllability:

Point sources--During the sampling year, the Ironton
 wastewater treatment plant is estimated to have contributed over
 71% of the total phosphorus load to the lake.

The present loading rate of about 10 lbs/acre/yr or 1.13  $g/m^2/yr$  is more than twice that proposed by Vollenweider (in

press) as "dangerous"; i.e., a eutrophic rate (see page 12). Removal of 85% of the phosphorus at Ironton would reduce the loading rate to 4.3 lbs/acre/yr or 0.48 g/m $^2$ /yr (a eutrophic rate); 100% removal would reduce the loading rate to 3.2 lbs/acre/yr or 0.36 g/m $^2$ /yr (a mesotrophic rate). If the latter level of control can be achieved, the trophic condition of Blackhoof Lake should improve.

2. Non-point sources--Non-point sources accounted for 27.9% of the total phosphorus load reaching Blackhoof Lake during the sampling year.

### II. LAKE AND DRAINAGE BASIN CHARACTERISTICS

- A. Lake Morphometry<sup>†</sup>:
  - 1. Surface area: 183 acres.
  - 2. Mean depth: 14.5 feet.
  - 3. Maximum depth: 30 feet.
  - 4. Volume: 2,654 acre/feet.
  - 5. Mean hydraulic retention time: 257 days.
- B. Tributary and Outlet: (See Appendix A for flow data)
  - 1. Tributaries -

	Name	Drainage area*	Mean	flow*
	Unnamed Stream (A-1)	5.8 mi <sup>2</sup>	3.8	cfs
	Minor tributaries & immediate drainage -	<u>1.9 mi<sup>2</sup></u>	1.4	cfs
	Totals	7.7 mi <sup>2</sup>	5.2	cfs
2.	Outlet -			
	Unnamed Stream (B-1)	8.0 mi <sup>2</sup> **	5.2	cfs

## C. Precipitation\*\*\*:

- 1. Year of sampling: 28.8 inches.
- 2. Mean annual: 24.8 inches.

<sup>†</sup> DNR lake survey map (1969); mean depth by random-dot method.

<sup>\*</sup> Drainage areas are accurate within  $\pm 5\%$ ; mean daily flows are accurate within  $\pm 10\%$ ; and ungaged flows are accurate within  $\pm 10$  to 25% for drainage areas greater than 10 mi<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes area of lake.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> See Working Paper No. 1, "Survey Methods" LIBRARY / EPA

## III. LAKE WATER QUALITY SUMMARY

Blackhoof Lake was sampled three times during the open-water season of 1972 by means of a pontoon-equipped Huey helicopter. Each time, samples for physical and chemical parameters were collected from two or more depths at a single station on the lake (see map, page vi). During each visit, a single depth-integrated (15 feet to surface) sample was collected for phytoplankton identification and enumeration, and a similar sample was collected for chlorophyll <u>a</u> analysis. During the last visit, a single fivegallon depth-integrated sample was taken for algal assays. The maximum depth sampled was 21 feet.

The results obtained are presented in full in Appendix B, and the data for the fall sampling period, when the lake was essentially well-mixed, are summarized below. Note, however, the Secchi disc summary is based on all values.

For differences in the various parameters at the other sampling times, refer to Appendix B.

# A. Physical and chemical characteristics:

FALL VALUES

(10/24/72)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Mean</u>	Median	<u>Maximum</u>
Temperature (Cent.) Dissolved oxygen (mg/l) Conductivity (µmhos) pH (units) * Alkalinity (mg/l) Total P (mg/l) Dissolved P (mg/l) NO <sub>2</sub> + NO <sub>3</sub> (mg/l) Ammonia (mg/l)	5.1 11.0 225 8.1 101 0.033 0.015 0.080 0.040	5.3 11.1 229 8.2 103 0.047 0.030 0.087 0.050	5.3 11.2 230 8.2 103 0.049 0.032 0.090 0.050	5.4 11.2 230 8.3 103 0.058 0.040 0.090 0.060
	54	ALL VALUES		70
Secchi disc (inches)	54	62	60	72

# B. Biological characteristics:

# 1. Phytoplankton -

Sampling Date		inant era	Number per ml
06/02/72	1. 2. 3.	Anabaena Microcystis Dinobryon Other genera	29,273 2,091 1,000 270
		Total	32,634
09/04/72	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Anabaena	627 602 313 313 289 856
		Total	3,000
10/24/72	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Asterionella	3,735 2,620 1,898 813 663 1,175
		Total	10,904

# 2. Chlorophyll $\underline{a}$ - (Because of instrumentation problems during the 1972 sampling, the following values may be in error by plus or minus 20 percent.)

Sampling Date	Station <u>Number</u>	Chlorophyll <u>a</u> (μg/l)
06/02/72	01	19.8
09/04/72	01	5.7
10/24/72	01	*

<sup>\*</sup> Sample lost.

## C. Limiting Nutrient Study:

1. Autoclaved, filtered, and nutrient spiked -

Spike (mg/l)	Ortho Conc. (mg/l)	Inorganic Conc. (mg/l)	Maximum yield (mg/l-dry wt)	N/P <u>Ratio</u>
Control	0.028	0.266	5.6	10/1
0.005 P	0.033	0.266	4.9	8/1
0.010 P	0.038	0.266	5.5	7/1
0.020 P	0.048	0.266	6.1	6/1
0.050 P	0.078	0.266	7.1	3/1
0.050 P +				
10.0 N	0.078	10.266	26.2	132/1

### 2. Discussion -

The control yield of the assay alga, <u>Selenastrum capri-cornutum</u>, indicates that the potential primary productivity of Blackhoof Lake was moderately high at the time the sample was taken. The lack of significant increase in yield with increasing levels of orthophosphate, until nitrogen was also added, shows that the sample was nitrogen limited. Note also, the N/P ratio of the control sample.

The lake data indicate nitrogen limitation in July (N/P ratio = 7/1) and October (N/P = 5/1) and phosphorus limitation in September (N/P = 14/1).

# IV. NUTRIENT LOADINGS (See Appendix C for data)

For the determination of nutrient loadings, the Minnesota National Guard collected monthly near-surface grab samples from each of the tributary sites indicated on the map (page vi), except for the high runoff months of April and May when two samples were collected. Sampling was begun in October, 1972, and was completed in September, 1973.

Through an interagency agreement, stream flow estimates for the year of sampling and a "normalized" or average year were provided by the Minnesota District Office of the U.S. Geological Survey for the tributary sites nearest the lake.

In this report, nutrient loads for sampled tributaries were determined by using a modification of a U.S. Geological Survey computer program for calculating stream loadings\*. Nutrient loadings for unsampled "minor tributaries and immediate drainage" ("ZZ" of U.S.G.S.) were estimated by using the mean annual concentrations in the unnamed stream at station A-2 and mean annual ZZ flow.

The Village of Ironton did not participate in the Survey, and the nutrient loads were estimated at 2.5 lbs P and 7.5 lbs N/capita/year.

The nutrient loads attributed to the inlet are those measured at station A-1 minus the estimated Ironton loads.

<sup>\*</sup> See Working Paper No. 1.

# A. Waste Sources:

1. Known municipal<sup>†</sup> -

<u>Name</u>	Pop. <u>Served</u>	Treatment	Mean Flow (mgd)	Receiving Water
Ironton	562	act. sludge	0.056*	Unnamed stream

2. Known industrial - None

<sup>†</sup> Anonymous, 1974 \* Estimated at 100 gal/capita/day.

# B. Annual Total Phosphorus Loading - Average Year:

1. Inputs -

Sou	<u>rce</u>	lbs P/ yr	% of total
a.	Tributaries (non-point load)	-	
	Unnamed Stream (A-1)	360	18.1
b.	Minor tributaries & immediate drainage (non-point load) -	170	8.5
с.	Known municipal STP's -		
	Ironton	1,410	70.9
d.	Septic tanks* -	20	1.0
e.	Known industrial - None	-	-
f.	Direct precipitation** -	30	1.5
	Total	1,990	100.0

2. Outputs -

Lake outlet - Unnamed Stream (B-1) 310

3. Net annual P accumulation - 1,680 pounds

<sup>\*</sup> Estimate based on 25 lakeshore dwellings; see Working Paper No. 1. \*\* See Working Paper No. 1.

# C. Annual Total Nitrogen Loading - Average Year:

# 1. Inputs -

Source		lbs N/	% of total
a.	Tributaries (non-point load)	-	
	Unnamed Stream (A-1)	9,750	50.8
b.	Minor tributaries & immediate drainage (non-point load) -		14.9
c.	Known municipal STP's -		
	Ironton	4,220	22.0
d.	Septic tanks* -	590	3.1
e.	Known industrial - None	-	-
f.	Direct precipitation** -	1,760	9.2
	Total	19,190	100.0
0ut	puts -		
	e outlet - Unnamed Stream	11,190	

<sup>3.</sup> Net annual N accumulation - 8,000 pounds

2.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimate based on 25 lakeshore dwellings; see Working Paper No. 1. \*\* See Working Paper No. 1.

D. Mean Annual Non-point Nutrient Export by Subdrainage Area:

Tributary	lbs P/mi <sup>2</sup> /yr	lbs N/mi <sup>2</sup> /yr
Unnamed Stream (A-1)	62	1,681

## E. Yearly Loading Rates:

In the following table, the existing phosphorus loading rates are compared to those proposed by Vollenweider (in press). Essentially, his "dangerous" rate is the rate at which the receiving waters would become eutrophic or remain eutrophic; his "permissible" rate is that which would result in the receiving water remaining olgiotrophic or becoming oligotrophic if morphometry permitted. A mesotrophic rate would be considered one between "dangerous" and "permissible".

	Total Phosphorus_		Total Nitrogen	
Units	Total	Accumulated	Total	Accumulated
lbs/acre/yr grams/m²/yr	10.9 1.22	9.2 1.03	104.9 11.8	41.7 4.9

Vollenweider loading rates for phosphorus (g/m²/yr) based on mean depth and mean hydraulic retention time of Blackhoof Lake:

"Dangerous" (eutrophic rate) 0.48
"Permissible" (oligotrophic rate) 0.24

## V. LITERATURE REVIEWED

- Anonymous, 1974. Wastewater disposal facilities inventory. MPCA, Minneapolis.
- Schilling, Joel, 1974. Personal communication (lake map). MPCA, Minneapolis.
- Vollenweider, Richard A., (in press). Input-output models. Schweiz A. Hydrol.

# VII. APPENDICES

# APPENDIX A

TRIBUTARY FLOW DATA

62.85

TOTAL FLOW OUT =

LAKE CODE 2712 BLACKHOOF LAKE

TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA OF LAKE 7.96

Su	B-DRAINAGE						NORM	ALIZED F	LOWS					
TRIBUTARY	AREA	JAN	FEB	MAR	APH	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	MEAN
271241	5.83	1.57	1.46	2.11	6.06	7.52	6.26	4.97	3.91	2.86	3.24	2.96	2.37	3.78
271291	7.96	2.32	2.19	2.99	8.40	10.30	8.53	6.81	5.45	3.85	4.50	4.16	3.35	5.25
271227	2.13	0.79	0.67	0.96	2.07	2.63	2.33	1.76	1-29	1.06	1.10	0.94	1.01	1.39
							SUMM	IARY						
		TOTAL E	RAINAGE	AREA OF	LAKE =	7.96		Т	OTAL FLO	w IN '=	61.9	0		

7.96

MEAN MONTHLY FLOWS AND DAILY FLOWS

TRIBUTARY	мочтн	YEAR	MEAN FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY FLOW
2712A1	10	72	3.02	15	3.20			
	11	72	3.30	19	3.00			
	12	72	2.69	21	2.70			
	1	73	2.09	6	2.10			
	2	73	1.83	4	1.90			
	3	73	3.25	16	3.20			
	4	73	3.75	9	3.60	24	4.40	
	5	73	4.8l	3	4.20	20	4.30	
	6	73	4.01	11	4.40			
	7	73	7.42					
	7	73	2.43	13	2.60			
	8	73	3.40	17	3.60			
	9	73	3.83	17	3.60			
271281	10	72	4.19	15	4.30			
	11	72	4.64	19	4.20			
	12	72	3.∺0	51	3.80			
	1	73	3.09	6	3.10			
	S	73	2.74	4	2.90			
	3	73	4.60	16	4.60			
	4	73	5.29	9	5.00	24	6.10	
	5	73	5.05	3	5.20	20	4.50	
	6	73	3.75	11	4.10			
	7	73	3.61	13	3.50			
	А	73	4.74	17	5.00			
	9	73	5.16	17	4.80			

SUM OF SUB-DRAINAGE AREAS =

## TRIBUTARY FLOW INFORMATION FOR MINNESOTA

10/30/74

LAKE CODE 2712 BLACKHOUF LAKE

MEAN MONTHLY FLOWS AND DAILY FLOWS

THIRUTARY	HTNOM	YEAR	MEAN FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW	DAY	FLOW
271227	10	72	1.02	15	1.00				
	11	72	1.05	19	0.90				
	12	<b>7</b> 2	1.15	21	1.10				
	1	73	1.05	6	1.10				
	2	73	0.84	4	0.90				
	3	73	1.48	16	1.50				
	4	73	1.30	9	1.20	24	1.50		
	5	73	1.29	3	1.30	20	1.20		
	6	73	1.03	11	1.10	_			
	7	73	0.93	13	0.91				
	Я	73	1.12	17	1.20				
	9	73	1.4?	17	1.30				

# APPENDIX B

PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL DATA

271201 46 28 18.0 094 00 38.0 BLACKHOOF LAKE 27 MINNESOTA

101

103

0.090

0.080

0.050

0.040

0.040

0.027

0.058

0.046

							11EP	ALES		1202 FEET DEP	тн	
DATE FROM TO	TIME DE OF DAY FE	FPTH EET	0901U WATER TEMP CENT	00300 NO 46/L	00077 TRANSP SECCHI INCHES	00094 CNDUCTVY FIELD MICROMHO	00400 PH SU	00410 T ALK CACO3 MG/L	00630 N028N03 N-TOTAL MG/L	00610 NH3-N TOTAL MG/L	00665 PHOS-TOT MG/L P	00666 PHOS-DIS MG/L P
72/07/02	10 05 0	2000	24.0	10.2	72	200	8.60	96	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.013
17701702	10 05 (		8.5	0.0		230	7.20	105	0.060	0.540	0.188	0.088
72/09/04			18.9	., •	54	275	8.00	94	0.090	0.130	0.020	0.013
1110770	16 30 (		18.8	7.8		199	8.00	96	0.100	0.120	0.022	0.015
	16 30 (		15.2	U.3		220	7.32	112	0.050	0.620	0.034	0.022
	16 30 (		12.9	0.0		240	7.20	122	0.100	1.770	0.199	0.164
	16 30 (		11.1									
72/10/24	11 45	0000			60	230	8.10	103	0.090	0.060	0.033	0.015
	11 45	0004	5.4	11.2		225	8.20	103	0.090	0.050	0.053	0.037

230

230

8.30

8.20

DATE FROM TO	0F	DEPTH FEET	32217 CHLRPHYL A UG/L
72/07/02	10 09	5 0000	19.90
72/09/04	16 30	0 0000	5 <b>.7</b> .

11 45 0015

11 45 0019

J VALUE KNOWN TO BE IN EPROR

5.3

5.1

11.0

11.2

APPENDIX C
TRIBUTARY DATA

2712A1 LS2712A1
46 28 30.0 093 59 30.0
UNNAMED EAST TRIB TO BLACKHOOF
27 CO #18 SHEET #2
I/HLACKHOOF LAKE
ST HWY 210 XING BELO IRONTON STP
11EPALES 2111204
4 0000 FEET DEPTH

DATE FPOM	TIME OF	DEPTH	00630 NO24NO3 N-TOTAL	00625 TOT KJEL N	00610 NH3-N TOTAL	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO	00665 PHOS-TOT
TO	DAY	FEET	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P	MG/L P
72/10/15	12 40	)	0.360	0.725	0.092	0.052	0.176
72/11/19	14 49	5	0.317	0.690	0.087	0.080	0.138
72/12/21	14 40	)	2.600	5.000	1.400	0.200	0.390
73/01/05	14 30	)	1.160	0.890	0.170	0.105	0.240
73/02/04	09 30	)	1.369	0.585	0.069	0.132	0.220
73/03/16	09 00	)	0.310	1.000	0.199	0.086	0.165
73/04/09	09 15	5	0.273	1.600	0.032	0.07A	0.130
73/04/24	10 40	)	0.110	0.480	0.013	0.063	0.090
73/05/03	13 59	5	0.055	0.460	0.065	0.069	0.090
73/05/20	11 40	5	3.010%	0.450	0.023	0.010	0.035
73/06/11	14 13	3	0.048	3.490	0.610	0.490	0.690
73/07/13	10 37	7	0.330	1.380	0.146	0.250	0.400
73/08/17	15 30	)	0.037	0.720	0.039	0.132	0.260
73/09/17	10 30	)	0.150	0.950	0.058	0.120	0.360

K VALUE KNOWN TO BE LESS THAN INDICATED

### STORET RETRIEVAL DATE 74/10/30

2712A2 LS2712A2 47 29 00.0 093 58 30.0 UNNAMED STREAM 27 CO #18 SHEET#2 T/HLACKHOOF LAKE SECONDARY RD BRDG S IRONTON 11EPALES 2111204 4 0000 FEET DEPTH

			51639	00625	03610	00671	00665
DATE	TIME	DEPTH	<b>EDNASON</b>	TOT KJEL	NH3-N	PHOS-DIS	PHOS-TOT
FROM	OF		N-TOTAL	N	TOTAL	0P140	
TO	DAY	FEET	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P	MG/L P
72/10/15	12 3	o	0.077	0.750	0.120	0.007	0.054
72/11/19	14 3	0	a.026	0.580	0.078	U.019	0.039
72/12/21	14 5	n	0.014	1.080	0.370	0.015	0.034
73/01/06	15 09	0	0.044	1.000	0.260	0.015	0.070
73/02/04	10 15	5	0.034	0.590	0.379	0.011	0.025
73/03/16	08 4	0	0.045	1.050	V.252	0.028	0.065
73/04/09	09 2	5	0.037	1.900	0.087	0.029	0.050
73/04/24	10 4	5	0.022	0.630	0.039	0.015	0.035
73/05/03	14 0	0	0.010⊀	0.890	0.040		0.025
73/05/20	15 3	0	0.063	0.490	0.026	0.090	0.125
73/06/11	13 50	0	0.022	1.400	0.072	U • 0 26	0.070
73/07/13	10 50	0	0.010<	1.400	0.094	0.038	0.090
73/08/17	15 2	0	0.010K	0.970	9.040	0.032	0.075
73/09/17	10 4	5	0.0108	0.980	0.080	0.035	U.085

K VALUE KNOWN TO BE LESS THAN INDICATED

### STORET RETRIEVAL DATE 74/10/30

271281 LS271281
46 28 00.0 094 01 00.0
UNNAMED STREAM
27 CO #18 SHEET #2
T/BLACKHOOF LAKE
CO HWY 28 BRDG SSW IRONTON
11EPALES 2111204
4 0000 FEET DEPTH

DATE FPOM	TIMF OF	DFPTH	00630 NO26NO3 N-TOTAL	00625 TOT KUFL N	00610 NH3-N TOTAL	00671 PHOS-DIS ORTHO	00665 PHOS-TOT
CT	DAY	FEET	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L P	MG/L P
72/10/15	12 4	5	0.041	0.462	0.110	0.005K	0.037
72/11/18	15 0	0	0.010K	0.450	0.014	0.006	0.033
72/12/21	14 1	5	0.096	1.200	0.019	0.006	0.042
73/01/06	14 30	0	0.230	0.860	0.270	0.013	0.030
73/02/04	10 3	5	0.220	0.480	C.050	0.005K	0.022
73/03/16	16 0	0	0.350	1.320	0.132	0.010	0.035
73/04/09	09 0	0	0.180	0.870	0.110	0.007	0.040
73/04/24	10 3	5	0.15R	0.680	0.010	0.005K	0.035
73/05/03	13 4	5	0.033	მ.⊣60	0.012	0.011	0.030
73/05/20	12 0	0	0.013≺	0.780	0.009	0.008	0.020
73/06/11	14 2	0	0.0104	1.200	0.013	0.007	0.020
73/07/13	10 30	0	0.010K	0.955	0.019	0.005K	0.025
73/08/17	15 1	0	0.010<	0.910	0.011	0.011	0.030
73/09/17	10 2	0	0.010K	1.760	0.070	0.011	0.030

K VALUE KNOWN TO BE LESS THAN INDICATED