



Public Water System Supervision (PWSS) Program: Tentative FY2007 PWSS Grant Allotment Targets

Summary

EPA awards annual grants to eligible states, territories, and Indian tribes to assist them in carrying out their Public Water System Supervision (PWSS) programs. The amount of funding requested in the federal budget for FY2007 is \$99,099,000. Using this amount as a planning target, EPA has computed the FY2007 "Tentative" (or Target) allotments for all eligible states and territories. Those targets are being released so that planning can begin on the FY2007 programs.

Background

Beginning in FY1976, EPA has received an appropriation under section 1443(a) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) to assist states, territories, and tribes in carrying out their PWSS programs. The funds are to be used to develop and implement a PWSS program adequate to enforce the requirements of SDWA and ensure that water systems comply with the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations listed in 40 CFR 141. Designated state agencies in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or an individual Indian tribe treated as a state, that have been delegated primary enforcement responsibility for the PWSS program are eligible to receive grants. Currently, all states and territories have been delegated authority, with the exception of Wyoming and the District of Columbia (neither of which has sought delegation). The Navajo Nation is the only Indian tribe to have sought and received program authority. EPA is responsible for the PWSS program in any jurisdiction that has not been delegated program authority.

Method of Allotment

Funds appropriated each year are allotted, by formula, on the basis of state population (20%) as contained in the most currently available Census statistics, state geographical area (10%) as contained in the most currently available Statistical Abstract, the number of community and non-transient non-community water systems in the state (56%) and the number of transient non-community water systems in the state (14%), and all water system inventories being provided by the states to EPA's Federal database SDWIS/FED. No state except American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Virgin Islands may be allotted less than one percent of the FY89 appropriation and no entity's allotment shall be less than 95 percent of its prior year allotment. Up to seven percent of the national total available grant funds are set-aside for Indian land activities in accordance with EPA Grant Regulations (40 CFR 35.673). The formula factors of population and geographical area are statutory (SDWA §1443(a)). The other factors, and all of the weightings, are Agency imposed. Federal assistance is limited to 75 percent of eligible costs, not to exceed the state allotment.

Tentative (Target) Allotments for FY2007

The amount of funding requested in the federal budget for FY2007 is \$99,099,000. From this amount, EPA would set-aside \$6,378,200 (6.44%) to support PWSS program activities on tribal lands, including a grant to the Navajo Nation. The remaining \$92,720,800 would be allotted to states and territories. A complete list of the formula allotments is provided on the reverse side of this page. These Tentative allotments serve as planning targets for states and territories - to assist them with planning and developing their PWSS programs for FY2007.

How to Get Additional Information

Information about the Public Water System Program including state grant allotments, can be found at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/pws/grants/>

Public Water System Supervision (PWSS) Program FY2007 Tentative (Target) Grant Allotments

Alabama	\$875,600
Alaska	\$2,256,900
American Samoa	\$123,200
Arizona	\$1,369,800
Arkansas	\$918,800
California	\$6,108,400
Colorado	\$1,403,000
Connecticut	\$1,353,200
Delaware	\$542,800
District of Columbia *	\$358,700
Florida	\$3,722,500
Georgia	\$2,141,600
Guam	\$124,000
Hawaii	\$461,300
Idaho	\$1,155,100
Illinois	\$2,997,600
Indiana	\$1,974,000
Iowa	\$1,348,100
Kansas	\$1,082,800
Kentucky	\$783,700
Louisiana	\$1,360,400
Maine	\$921,400
Maryland	\$1,528,600
Massachusetts	\$1,119,700
Michigan	\$4,226,600
Minnesota	\$2,456,800
Mississippi	\$1,216,900
Missouri	\$1,897,900
Montana	\$1,210,900

Nebraska	\$959,700
Nevada	\$790,300
New Hampshire	\$1,126,800
New Jersey	\$1,949,700
New Mexico	\$1,037,200
New York	\$4,704,900
North Carolina	\$3,200,500
North Dakota	\$645,900
Northern Mariana Islands	\$168,000
Ohio	\$2,855,900
Oklahoma	\$1,331,200
Oregon	\$1,544,200
Pennsylvania	\$4,122,100
Puerto Rico	\$743,400
Rhode Island	\$485,200
South Carolina	\$1,025,400
South Dakota	\$707,400
Tennessee	\$1,062,900
Texas	\$5,929,400
Utah	\$835,600
Vermont	\$758,300
Virgin Islands	\$226,500
Virginia	\$2,058,300
Washington	\$2,594,600
West Virginia	\$814,400
Wisconsin	\$3,287,900
Wyoming *	\$714,800
Tribal Support Programs **	\$6,378,200

* Have not applied for primary enforcement authority (Primacy) for the PWSS program and, therefore, are not eligible for a PWSS grant

** Tribal Program Support funds include a Primacy grant allotment for the Navajo Nation, which is the only Tribe that currently has primary enforcement responsibility for the PWSS Program