OSDBU NEWS



Winter 2004

Director's Note

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization (OSDBU) brings a renewed commitment and fresh approach to increasing small business opportunities in 2004. The staff and I are dedicated to ensuring that small businesses, which represent the heart of the American economy, are presented every opportunity to supply the goods and services needed to support EPA's mission.

We are increasing our outreach effort to small businesses. The newly designed *OSDBU News* is just one of many vehicles we are utilizing to keep you updated and informed about the agency's procurement goals and opportunities. *OSDBU News* will provide you with information and tips on how to better access the EPA marketplace. By keeping you informed, we as a team can better support and address the needs of EPA.

The theme of this issue is *Preparing For Opportunity*. *OSDBU News* will continue to provide information and technical assistance needed to successfully compete for EPA contracts. Take advantage of the various

The mission of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization is to support the protection of the environment and human health by fostering opportunities for partnerships, contracts, subagreements, and grants for small and socioeconomically disadvantaged concerns.

outreach efforts and educational sessions sponsored by our field offices throughout the country where technical assistance and advice on enhancing your firm's contractual success at EPA will be provided.

I encourage you to submit your news items so we can continue the information sharing that allows our stakeholders nationwide to remain connected. Send all information to HCD International, our newsletter editorial support, at 1801 McCormick Drive, Suite 130, Largo, Maryland 20774, or via e-mail at epa-osdbu-hotnews@hcdi.com. The staff and I stand ready to assist you and we eagerly look forward to working with you. Another productive year is ahead for all of us.

Read and Reflect,

Jeanette L. Brown, Director Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization

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Jeanette Brown Elected the New Director of the Federal OSDBU Directors Interagency Council

Leadership — Taking it to Another Level:

Jeanette L. Brown was recently selected as the 2004 Chair of the Federal Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization Directors Interagency Council. In her new role, Ms. Brown is at the helm of one of the government's most important mandates: the fair treatment of small businesses, small disadvantaged businesses and women-owned businesses. "I am honored to have been selected for this position," said Ms. Brown. "It will allow me to work with others across the government who are committed to advancing the President's small business agenda and who really want to see small businesses succeed," she further explained. With more than 97 percent of all non-farm businesses in the United States classified as small by current size standards, it is not surprising that virtually every agency within the Federal Government has an Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization. Charged with the task of assisting the most disadvantaged of the country's nearly 20 million small businesses in doing business with their respective agencies, OSDBUs play a critical role in the Federal sector.

For more than 25 years the Federal Government has sought to increase small business procurement. It has been nearly as long (24 years) since Public Law 95-507 amended Section 15 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 644) mandating the organization of an OSDBU in each Federal agency. Mandated by law to report to the Head of each Federal agency, OSDBUs serve as advocates for small and disadvantaged businesses to ensure that they have an opportunity to participate in the more than \$250.2 billion expended by the Federal Government each year through contracts. OSDBU Directors Interagency Council provides a platform for directors to share and discuss common concerns, as well as collectively plan new ways to assist small businesses.



- Department of Energy
 http://energy.gov/engine/content.do?BT_CODE=BUS_SP3
- Department of Housing and Urban Development http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpo/about/ smbizsp.cfm#osdbu
- **Department of Justice** http://www.usdoj.gov/jmd/osdbu/index.html
- **Department of Labor** http://www.dol.gov/osbp/welcome.html
- **Department of the Air Force** http://www.selltoairforce.org
- **Department of the Army** http://www.sellingtoarmy.info/
- **Department of the Navy** http://www.hq.navy.mil/sadbu/default.htm
- **Department of Transportation** http://osdbuweb.dot.gov/
- Department of Commerce http://www.osec.doc.gov/osdbu/
- Department of Defense http://www.acq.osd.mil/sadbu
- Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA)
 http://www.dcma.mil/DCMAHQ/dcma-sb/ index.htm
- Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA) http://www.disa.mil/main/sadbu.html
- **Defense Logistics Agency** http://www.dla.mil/db/
- **Department of Homeland Security** http://www.dhs.gov/dhspublic/display?theme=37&content=3406
- Department of Veterans Affairs http://www.va.gov/OSDBU/
- U.S. Postal Service http://www.usps.com/purchasing/

- General Services Administration http://www.gsa.gov/Portal/gsa/ep/ contentView.do?contentType=GSA_ BASIC&contentId=12591
- National Aeronautics and Space Administration http://www.hq.nasa.gov/office/codek/
- Office of Personnel Management http://www.opm.gov/procure/
- Agency for International Development http://www.usaid.gov/business/small business/
- Department of Agriculture
 http://www.usda.gov/procurement/business/
 osdbu.html
- Department of Education
 http://www.ed.gov/fund/contract/find/forecast.html
- Department of Health and Human Services http://www.hhs.gov/osdbu/
- **Department of State** http://www.state.gov/m/a/sdbu/
- Department of the Interior http://www.doi.gov/osdbu/
- National Science Foundation http://www.nsf.gov/home/about/contracting/
- Executive Office of the President http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/
- Federal Emergency Management Agency http://www.fema.gov/ofm/index.shtm
- Social Security Administration http://www.ssa.gov/oag/osdbu/osdbu.htm
- Nuclear Regulatory Commission http://www.nrc.gov/who-we-are/ small-business.html
- Smithsonian Institution http://www.si.edu/oeema/sdbu.htm
- Transportation Security Administration http://www.tsa.gov/public/display?theme=84&content=0900051980091025
- Department of the Treasury
 http://www.treas.gov/offices/management/dcfo/
 osdbu/

The OSDBU Directors Interagency Council includes the directors of the OSDBUs in each agency of the Executive Branch of the Federal Government. The Council provides a forum for OSDBU Directors to discuss common concerns and work together as a collective unit. The Council also engages in policy analysis, information dissemination, outreach, research, and information sharing.

It is an honor that Jeanette L. Brown was selected as the Director of the Council. Encouraged by the team of Small Business experts who carry out the day-to-day duties of EPA's OSDBU, Ms. Brown is now working closely with the Council in executing a number of new activities in 2004.

Meeting on the third Thursday of each month, the Council has selected as one of its first priorities the goal of strengthening agency relationships. Since all OSDBUs have similar missions, the Council is aggressively seeking areas in which its members can partner to support small and disadvantaged business.

A second priority is the increased involvement of contractors in the Council's activities. The Council is, therefore, seeking input from current and prospective contractors, both large and small. The Federal OSDBU Directors will increase their communications with contractors in 2004 by elevating awareness of the Federal OSDBU Directors website—http://www.osdbu.gov/. Over the next year, this website will be aggressively advertised. Finally, the OSDBU Directors will strengthen technical skills through an OSDBU University of Training.

Jeanette Brown looks forward to providing leadership to ensure the successful execution of these new goals and objectives.

About Disadvantaged Firms

Which Firms are Considered Disadvantaged?

In the past, EPA/OSDBU's constituency consisted of companies certified by the SBA's 8(a) program:

- · certified minority businesses,
- women-owned businesses,
- businesses in labor surplus areas,
- Historically Black Colleges and Universities, and
- Hispanic Association of Colleges and Universities.

EPA is currently considering restructuring its Minority Business Enterprise and Women's Business Enterprise Program and creating a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program.

This proposed change, which seeks to reconcile EPA's procurement activities with the Supreme Court's decision in *Adarand Construction, Inc.* v. *Pena*, 515 U.S. 200 (1995), will not substantially change the services we offer our constituency. For further information, contact David Sutton, Deputy Director at (202) 564-4444. You may find more about this change by reviewing the Proposed Rule in the Federal Register, Volume 68 (page no. 142/Thursday, July 24, 2003).

Will EPA/OSDBU Still Offer Its Services if the New Rule is Passed?

Yes, we will continue to:

 serve as advocates for small and disadvantaged businesses;

- track EPA's procurement outcomes;
- develop our Mentor/Protege program;
- · expand our outreach efforts; and
- promote our educational training and related services.

Supporting EPA's New Strategic Plan

Doing business with EPA requires on-going commitment and dedication to ensure that small businesses are aware of EPA's changing goals and objectives, proposed and current initiatives, and the Agency's changing regulations and operational processes. Every small business interested in doing business with EPA should read and become familiar with EPA's 2003-2008 Strategic Plan. This plan can be viewed in full on EPA's website at http://www.epa.gov/ocfo/plan/2003sp.pdf. Knowing EPA's mission, purposes and strategic plan allows small businesses to determine how best to assist EPA in accomplishing its five strategic goals:

- Clean Air and Global Climate Change;
- Clean and Safe Water;
- Land Preservation and Restoration;
- Healthy Communities and Ecosystems; and
- Compliance and Environmental Stewardship.

As a current or prospective contractor, it is important to read this document so you can begin to identify those areas in which your firm may be able to support EPA's goals.

Organized in 1970 for the purpose of protecting

both the health and the physical environment of America's citizenry, EPA's most recent Strategic Plan introduces new ways the Agency's long-term goal can be achieved. In order to determine how your organization can best support EPA's Strategic Plan, consider these:

- Does your firm bring to EPA the scientific and/or economic background that can be used to assess problems of the environment, human health, and environmental change?
- Is your company familiar with the range of Environmental Indicators that EPA utilizes to monitor human health and environmental change?
- Can your company assist in applying new technology and innovative environmental management systems to the solution of the enduring problems which EPA addresses on a daily basis?
- Can your company support EPA's efforts to recruit and retain a workforce that embodies key technological and scientific skills?

While the above EPA needs predate the new Strategic Plan, they will continue to exist as part of EPA's new goals and objectives.

As a current and/or prospective contractor, it is necessary to ask, "What are EPA's goals?" Figure 1 answers this question.

We encourage you to review the full Strategic Plan and consider how your firm can support these goals.

Figure 1 –Understanding EP.

Understanding EPA's New Strategic Plan

The new Strategic Plan highlights several areas:

- Strengthening partnerships through greater collaboration with States, tribes, and local governments;
- Reforming EPA operations through improvements in the management of human resources; improved competitive sourcing; the increased automation of EPA management functions; the maximization of financial resources; and greater linkages between performance and financial expenditures;
- Reviewing and strengthening the management of the grants that are used to fund State and local governments, tribal agencies, educational institutions, and nonprofit organizations each year; and
- Increasing public accountability by expanding the Environmental Indicators Initiative so that the outcomes associated with EPA efforts can be quantitatively measured.

www.epa.gov/osdbu

Preparing for Opportunity... To Bid or Not to Bid

would you want to see to be convinced that a firm can supply a needed good or service in an outstanding fashion?

Sometimes the procurement process for relatively small businesses can be a bit overwhelming with the sheer volume of contractual opportunities, the preparation for bidding, and the understanding of the solicitations. It raises the following questions: Which of the solicitations should my company bid? Is my company really qualified to perform this work? How can we best prepare to respond?

All EPA solicitations can be easily found. Simply set your browser to www.epa.gov/oam. For a relatively new business, EPA's list of business opportunities may be overwhelming as you review the various procurement options, but just search for what best suits the services you offer. You might ask, "Which of these contractual opportunities are 'right' for my firm?"

Answering this question transcends merely determining which of the opportunities listed are small business and/or 8(a) set-asides. A systematic approach must be used in making the "bid/no bid" decision. Before investing time and resources in the bid process, engage in some homework. Determine whether there is an incumbent and whether the incumbent is still eligible to bid. For a disadvantaged firm, seeking to challenge a highly experienced incumbent may not be the best decision. Moreover, even partnering with a more experienced firm may involve its own difficulties. For example, workstyles, general approaches, pricing differences, and overall process differences can make partnering a cumbersome and complex process.

If it appears that no firm has a marketing advantage, ask yourself a few questions and answer them as honestly as possible. Can your firm actually do the work at a high performance level? If so, if you were an EPA Program Manager, what evidence

Having the capability to perform on a solicitation differs from having past experience. If the solicitation that interests you is competitive, you will also need to demonstrate that your firm has past experience that reflects work parallel in nature, scope, and magnitude to that described in the service request. If your company has the capabilities, but not the experience, you may wish to develop experience by seeking 8(a) noncompetitive contracts until your firm has established a track record.

Even with the capability and experience needed, you may wish to bypass a particular solicitation if you cannot assemble an appropriate team. Before soliciting resumes, use the EPA solicitation to create a checklist for each occupational area required. Compare each resume to the checklist. If your checklist has 25 items listed and a given resume has only 15 of the required items, the resume is only a 60 percent fit. Find other candidates because a 60 percent fit will not be deemed competitive.

Let's say that you have all of the needed capabilities: documented experience; excellent staff; a cost-efficient, yet effective staffing pattern; and excellent management approaches and resources. Should you apply? Not unless you have access to a line of credit that can sustain the contract if you are selected. Your accounts receivable may not be immediately paid. However, if you win, your company may be required to begin services immediately after the contract is awarded.

As a Person Thinketh

Managing a small business can be quite frightening. The effort needed to sustain past performance levels and to achieve new levels of growth is intense. For some firms, managing the payroll and accounts payable cycle each month is a tension-filled process. Keeping staff happy in their jobs and performing well can be quite a challenge.

However, sitting in the rear lobe of many business owners' brain is the fear of business failure. As an entrepreneur, you have heard the argument so many times that it has reached the status of the folkloric—approximately four out of five new businesses will fail within the first five years. For those of you who are new business owners, this is a haunting statistic.

Now, there is even better news. Economist Bruce Kirchoff, Ph.D., using data collected by Dun and Bradstreet (the very same data that served as the basis for the 80% failure rate). concluded that Dun and Bradstreet's methods were faulty. Entrepreneurs often close one business to start a new one. They may also shift from a sole proprietorship to a corporate form of business organization. Such changes were previously classified as "business failures." Using factors such as those cited to re-calculate the business failure rate, Dr. Kirchoff determined that only 18 percent of businesses fail within the first 8 years. Small businesses can now feel less pressure than in the past. There are also some guidelines that, if followed, can increase the probability of success.

Figure 2 (located on page 8) is a little quiz that you can take and use to calculate your probability of business success. Be as honest as possible in your answers. Tally your answers when you have completed the quiz...



EPA News-

The EPA OSDBU News is pleased to announce that Mike Leavitt was sworn in as EPA's new Administrator. We offer our congratulations. We also wish to thank Marianne Lamont Horinko who served as Acting Administrator.

Congratulations, EPA, on achieving a "green" rating from the Office of Management and Budget for your outstanding financial performance.

Cybertravel Guide-

I know...I know...running a business keeps you busy. Sometimes you feel as if your business is running you. Please take the time to ensure that someone in your business is assigned the task of traveling to key websites so you can remain knowledgeable about potential opportunities. We are including as a regular feature a Cyberspace Travel Guide.

For Contracting Opportunities Anywhere in the Federal Government, Visit... www.fedbizopps.gov

For Contracting Information Within EPA, Visit... www.epa.gov/oam

For Contracting Information on the Brownfield's Program, Visit...www.epa.gov/brownfields

For General Information and Support, Visit... www.epa.gov/osdbu and/or www.sba.gov

For Online Courses on Entrepreneurship, Visit... www.sba.gov/classroom

For Information on SBA's Disaster Recovery Program, Visit...

www.sba.gov/disaster_recov/index.html

We will see you next quarter with more websites to add to your Cybertravel Guide.

Figure 2 - Your Business Success I.Q.

1.	We did not simply "plunge" into the world of entrepreneurship. We tested the waters on a small scale first.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
2.	We do not underprice or overprice our services.	○yes	○no	odon't know
3.	Our firm did not underestimate how much time is needed to build a relationship with clients such as EPA.	○ yes	○ no	odon't know
4.	We do not try to operate our firm with too little capital.	yes	○ no	odon't know
5.	We do not operate our business in such a way that we are careless in the use of capital.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
6.	Our company is staffed by people who fully understand each industry and market in which we operate.	yes	○ no	odon't know
7.	Our company never borrows money without planning exactly how and when we will be able to pay it back.	yes	○ no	odon't know
8.	Our company controls its growth and we do not try to conduct too much business with too little capital.	yes	○ no	odon't know
9.	Our firm always allows for unanticipated setbacks and expenses.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
10.	We rarely use credit.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
11.	We manage our accounts receivable so that our credit period is only 30-60 days.	○yes	○ no	O don't know
12.	When possible, we negotiate small advance payments in order to properly manage our cash flow.	yes	○ no	odon't know
13.	We keep complete and accurate records.	○yes	○no	odon't know
14.	We regularly review our records so that our business cannot drift into trouble without our knowledge.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
15.	We do not possess any habits of personal extravagance that we carry over into our business.	yes	○ no	odon't know
16.	We plan for the ups and downs of the business cycle.	_yes	○ no	odon't know
17.	We carefully manage our taxes, insurance, legal fees, and other costs associated with doing business.	yes	○ no	odon't know
18.	We ensure that tardiness and absenteeisms at our company are below the national average.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
19.	We ensure our survival by providing extraordinary customer service and directing personal attention to each contract.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
20.	We have identified at least two ways to differentiate our services from those of our competitors.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
21.	We offer enough services so that our firm can appeal to a large range of public and private clients.	_yes	○ no	odon't know
22.	Our firm is located in an area that is typically used for the type of services offered.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
23.	We regularly analyze our competition.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
24.	We routinely monitor the overall business environment.	○yes	○ no	odon't know
25.	Our business is a part of a high growth industry.	○yes	○ no	odon't know

Give yourself 4 points for every question to which you answered "yes." If your score is 92-100, you are in the "excellent" range. If your score is 84-88, you are in the "good" range and have a strong chance of business success. If your score is between 72-80, you are in the "fair" range and should obtain technical assistance to improve your chance of success. If your score is below 72, visit our OSDBU office and/or your closest Small Business Office for technical assistance.

The Importance of Central Contractor Registration (CCR)

One of the most important steps that can be taken by businesses who wish to participate in business opportunities at the Environmental Protection Agency is CCR Registration. The term "CCR" means Central Contractor Registration. The logic of CCR is quite simple. Numerous EPA programs may have contractual opportunities that are suitable for your firm. At one time, your firm would have been required to prepare materials for submission to each separate program. Such a duplicative process was both inefficient and expensive to EPA and to vendors. CCR corrects this process.

By registering your company with CCR, your information will become a part of a single database that can be accessed and reviewed by all EPA Program Managers.

The importance of CCR Registration transcends convenience and cost savings. If you fail to register with CCR, you will not be able to participate in the EPA procurement process as a prime contractor. CCR registration is required before the award of a contract, general contractual agreement, blanket purchase order, basic ordering agreement, or other direct procurement offers can be made to you. Subcontractors, however, are exempt from CCR registration. In addition, the following awards are also exempt:

- Purchases completed by Program Managers using a Government-wide commercial purchase card;
- Contracts with foreign business suppliers for goods and services provided beyond the boundaries of the United States;
- Procurements that are classified;
- Procurements that accrue from deployed Contracting Officers who are part of a military operation; and
- Purchases that are required as a part of an "unusual and/or compelling need."

To register your company with CCR, visit http://www.ccr.gov. You must verify your company information using your DUNS number provided by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. For additional assistance, please call (888) 227-2423. Registering with CCR is just another way to be prepared to become a successful contractor for EPA.

New Opportunities for Small Businesses Through Reduced Contract Bundling

The Federal Government is engaged in an urgent effort to increase its overall operational efficiency. One strategy that has been used to achieve this goal is contract "bundling." Contract bundling involves a process of consolidating several smaller contracting opportunities into one large contract.

The rationale for contract bundling is a straightforward one – in the Federal Government, as well as in the private sector, efficiency gains can be achieved through economies of scale. Economies of scale are a basic platform of a market economy. The concept of economies of scale asserts that as more and more units

of a product are made, the total per unit cost decreases, creating overall cost savings.

A greater quantity of output reduces total costs because average fixed costs fall as they are allocated over a larger quantity of goods. A simple example is one's office space. Each business pays a flat monthly fee for office space. If that fee is \$2,500 per month and the company produces only 10 units of service, the average fixed costs of the services are \$250 per unit. If that same business produces 2,500 units of service per month, average fixed costs then fall to \$1 per unit. Thus, as this example indicates, the basic principle of increasing returns through economics of scale is a simple one.

As is true with products, contracting costs can be decreased by applying the concept of economies of scale. When the Federal sector's contracting staff are required to write one bundled solicitation rather than five unbundled ones, and monitor bundled contracts rather than five separate ones, cost savings can be significant. Additional benefits that have accrued from contract bundling include service improvements and a reduced time span for obtaining needed goods and services.

However, an unanticipated consequence of contract bundling has been decreased contracting opportunities for small businesses. Research conducted by the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) for the 7-year period from FY 1992 to FY 1999 indicated that for every \$1 awarded to suppliers under a bundled contract, there is a 33 cent decrease in awards to small businesses. This same report indicates that the widespread use of contract bundling has created a draconian decrease in the number of new contracting opportunities for small businesses. According to this study, there were 26,506 new contracts awarded to small businesses in FY 1991, but only 11,651 in FY 2000.

In response to these and other concerns, President Bush, on March 19, 2002, introduced

a new Small Business Agenda that opens new opportunities for small businesses. The President's Small Business Agenda also requested that the Office of Federal Procurement Policy, an agency in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), implement strategies to mediate the adverse impact of bundling on small businesses. EPA/OSDBU and other OSDBUs are a critical element in this process.

Within EPA, for example, senior managers have taken actions to reduce unnecessary Moreover, EPA submits data on bundling. bundled contracts to OMB and the SBA, as well as the President's Management Council. The President's Management Council includes Deputy Secretaries and Administrators from 26 Executive Branch Departments and Agencies. The contract bundling review process has also been augmented within EPA and other agencies. For example, EPA/OSDBU reviews contract bundling proposals for new contracts over \$2 million. We require that alternative acquisition strategies be considered when a bundled contract is being considered by a Program Manager. In cases where bundled contracts appear warranted. the use of small business subcontractors is included as criteria for awarding points to bidders. Indeed, we are actively assisting businesses in developing teams that include small businesses. We also review the actions of other agencies to identify "best practices" that allow the government to optimize the benefits of bundling while providing maximum opportunities for small businesses. Thus, we are fully dedicated to the President's Small Business Agenda. Through these and other actions, we are maximizing opportunities for small businesses.

www.epa.gov/osdbu

Successful Business Development: A Resource Guide

EPA is an excellent agency with which to do business. As the EPA Strategic Plan indicates, EPA is a performance-based organization.



Thus, if awarded a contract, the standards you must meet will be high. The good news is that the Federal and private sectors offer businesses many services to promote their success. Some of these resources are listed on pages 11 and 12.

Does your firm need additional financial capital in order to compete for funding opportunities?

- To seek <u>private individuals</u> who are looking for investment opportunities, visit:
 - www.vfinance.com
 - www.garage.com
- If you are seeking \$5 million or more and are willing to give up as much as 60 percent ownership in your company in exchange for cash, visit:
 - www.nvca.org
- If you need a relatively small amount of capital, you may wish to apply to the U.S. Small Business Administration, Microloan Demonstration Program. Founded in 1992, this program does

not base its loan qualifications on credit worthiness, collateral, or experience. Rather, it uses the business idea and the borrower's integrity as assessment variables

- Small Business Investment Companies (SBICs) are privately-owned entities that borrow dollars from the Small Business Administration to lend to small businesses. SBICs also offer other support services.
- A Small Business Development Center can assist businesses in completing applications for Small Business Administration loans.
- If you simply wish to educate yourself on how Loan Officers will judge your SBA-guaranteed loan application, call the American Bankers Association at (800) 338-0626 and order the book, SBA Lending Made Easy. (You will pay \$69.00 for this document.)

Numerous other sources of financial assistance are also available through the United States Small Business Administration.

- Visit SBA at 1441 L Street NW, Washington, DC 20005 or one of its 10 regional offices, which are located at:
 - SBA Region I Office
 10 Causeway Street, Suite 812
 Boston, MA 02222-1093
 (617) 565-8415 Phone
 (617) 565-8420 Fax
 - SBA Region II Office 26 Federal Plaza, Suite 3108 New York, NY 10278 (212) 264-1450
 - SBA Region III Office Robert N C Nix Sr., Federal Building 900 Market Street, 5th Floor

Philadelphia, PA 19107 (215) 580-2807

- SBA Region IV Office
 233 Peachtree Street, NE, Suite 1800
 Atlanta, GA 30303
 (404) 331-4999 Phone
 (404) 331-2354 Fax
- SBA Region V Office 500 West Madison Street Citicorp Center, Suite 1240 Chicago, IL 60661-2511 (312) 353-0357 Phone (312) 353-3426 Fax
- SBA Region VI Office
 4300 Amon Carter Boulevard
 Suite 108
 Fort Worth, TX 76155
 (817) 684-5581 Phone
 (817) 684-5588 Fax
 (817) 684-5552 TTY / TDD Number
- SBA Region VII Office
 323 W. 8th Street, Suite 307
 Kansas City, MO 64105-1500
 (816) 374-6380 Phone
 (816) 374-6339 Fax
 (816) 374-6312 TTY / TDD Number
- SBA Region VIII Office
 721 19th Street, Suite 400
 Denver, CO 80202-2599
 (303) 844-0500 Phone
 (303) 844-0506 Fax
 (303) 844-0507 TTY / TDD Number
- SBA Region IX Office
 455 Market Street, Suite 2200
 San Francisco, CA 94105-2445
 (415) 744-2118 Phone
 (415) 744-2119 Fax
 (415) 744-2021 TTY / TDD Number
- SBA Region X Office 1200 Sixth Avenue Park Place Building, Suite 1805 Seattle, WA 98101-1128

(206) 553-5676 Phone (206) 553-4155 Fax

- Call the SBA Answer Desk at (800) U-Ask SBA (800) 827-5722.
- Visit the SBA on the internet at www.sba.gov
- Visit the following Federal Small Business Resource websites:
 - Air Force Small Business Online http://www.selltoairforce.org/
 - ARNET Reform Network http://159.142.1.210/index.html
 - AMES Procurement Site http://server-mpo.arc.nasa.gov/ Services/Proc/home.tml
 - Dept. of Energy e-Center http://www.pr.doe.gov/
 - Dept. of Labor Office of Small Business Programs http://www.dol.gov/osbp/ welcome.htm
 - FEMA Small Business Page http://www.fema.gov/ofm/
 - Commerce Business
 Development CBDNet
 http://cbdnet.gpo.gov/
 - NASA Acquisition
 Internet Service (NAIS)
 http://prod.nais.nasa.gov/cgi-bin/nais/index.cgi
 - National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) http://www.nist.gov/admin/od/ contract/contract.htm

If you don't need financial assistance, but need technical assistance instead, there are also numerous sources for assistance.

Regional News

New Colorado WBE Certification Program

Maurice Velasquez, EPA's Region 8 Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization Officer, participated in the Colorado Women's Chamber of Commerce's (CWCC) Women Business Enterprise (WBE) Certification Program Steering Committee. The committee established the foundation and guidelines for the WBE Certification Program and was responsible for the development of the program's procedures and standards.

In the process of developing the WBE Certification Program, the CWCC collaborated with the City and County of Denver, the Colorado Department of Transportation, and the Regional Transportation District. This cooperative effort resulted in a blended application process that will enable an applicant to apply for DBE, SBE, and WBE certifications through a single process. The applications will be processed according to each entity's regulations, and each will make determinations of certification independently. http://wbecertification.org Visit for more information.

The first five MBE applicants to be certified as WBEs by the CWCC were recognized at a special breakfast ceremony on March 10, 2004, which also acknowledged the many program sponsors. The CWCC is the largest women's Chamber of Commerce in the nation, with a membership of 1,600. Its new WBE Certification Program, through the guidance of the Steering Committee, is creating economic opportunities for womenowned businesses, and is enabling companies to diversify their supplier bases.

Region 6 Environmental Science Partnership (ESP) Program

The objective of the Agency's Environmental Science Partnership (ESP) Program is to strengthen environmental science capacity at postsecondary educational institutions that receive limited funding to build such capacity, particularly institutions that have substantial minority student enrollment. Under the ESP Program, Region 6, EPA signed a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with Texas Southern University (TSU) in February 2004. The purpose of the MOA is to further cooperation between EPA and TSU in order to enhance the education and training of students and increase the relevance of university research to EPA's mission. The MOA, however, does not establish financial obligations on the part of either EPA or TSU. All activities EPA undertakes in furtherance of the MOA are subject to the availability of appropriated funds and Agency procedures for competing grants and contracts

From the Director: A Post Script

Well, you've completed reading our informational tidbits for this quarter. Please e-mail your news items, questions, and letters to the editor at epa-osdbu-hotnews@hcdi.com. If there are particular informational areas that interest you, let us know. Our theme for the next issue will be *Marketing Your Way to Success!*

Share with us your marketing successes. What tips have worked for you?

Jeanette L. Brown, Director Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization

Agency Goals

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) goals for Fiscal Year (FY) 2004/2005 are based on estimated contract obligations of \$1.2 billion for direct and \$200 million for subcontract.

EPA FY 2004/2005 PRIME CONTRACT GOALS

Direct	FY '04/05 Goal
Small Businesses	27.0%
8(a) Businesses*	*6.3%
Non 8(a) Small Disadvantaged Businesses	*3.0%
Women-Owned Small Businesses	5.0%
HUBZones	3.0%
Service Disabled Veterans	3.0%

^{*}Since 8(a)s are SDBs, EPA in essence has an SDB goal of 9.3%.

EPA FY 2004/2005 SUBCONTRACTING GOALS

Subcontract	FY '04/05 Goal
Small Businesses	50.0%
Small Disadvantaged Businesses	20.0%
Non 8(a) Small Women-Owned Businesses	7.5%
HUBZones	3.0%
Service Disabled Veterans	3.0%

The Federal Government purchases billions of dollars in goods and services each year that range from paper clips to complex space vehicles. It is the policy of the United States, as stated in the Small Business Act, that all businesses have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in providing goods and services to the government. To ensure that small businesses get their fair share, the SBA negotiates annual procurement preference goals with each Federal agency and reviews the results.

Small Business Vendor Profile System

EPA's Small Business Vendor Profile System is designed to collect and display information concerning businesses registered with EPA's Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization (OSDBU). The system captures information on the following types of small businesses: small; small disadvantaged; 8(a) certified; women-owned; Hubzone; veterans; service disabled veterans; and tribal businesses (Federally or State recognized). Information is also available on Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs), Hispanic Association of Colleges and Universities (HACUs), and minority servicing institutions.

Small Business Vendor Profile System

If you would like to be included in EPA/OSDBU's automated database go to: cfpub.epa.gov/sbvps, or complete the following form and fax it to Denean Jones at (202) 501–0756.

Date:					
Company Name*:					
Contact*:					
Title:					
Address*:					
City*:					
Phone #*:	F	ax #:			
E-mail Address*:					
Internet Address:					
NAICS Code(s)*:					
Canabilities:			_		
Capabilities:					
Have you done business with the					
Classification	SDB		Ethnicity		
Large	Small WOB	[African American		
☐ Mid-Size	 ☐ 8(a) Certified	[Asian-Indian		
Small	Service Disabled Vetera	ın	Asian-Pacific		
	HUBZone	[Caucasian American		
Tribal	HBCU		Female		
☐ Federally Recognized	☐ HACU		Hispanic		
State Recognized Tribal College/		Ļ	Native American		
	University		Other Minority		
—	Other Minority	Ļ	None		
The fields marked by * are required and must be filled in.					

EPA Employees:

Small Business Ombudsman

As the small business gateway for EPA, the Ombudsman's function falls into three main categories: (1) Developing and providing compliance assistance and tools for small businesses; (2) Providing information about small businesses to EPA; and (3) Identifying small business needs for EPA rules, enforcement and policy development.

Contact #

(202) 566-2815

(202) 566-2824

(202) 566-2811

EPA Office of Policy, Economics, and Innovation - Small Business Division Small Business Ombudsman Regulatory Assistance and Outreach Program

Title

Karen Brown	Division Director & Small Business Ombudsman	(202) 566-2816
Angela Suber	Program Analyst	(202) 566-2827
Daniel Eddinger	Program Analyst	(202) 566-2820
Elsa Bishop	Program Analyst	(202) 566-2814
Catherine Tunis	Regulatory Impact Analyst	(202) 566-2830
Bridgette Dent	Program Assistant	(202) 566-2819
Joyce Billious	Secretary	(202) 566-2813
Eileen Mayer	Program Analyst	(202) 566-2812
SEE Enrollees:		
James Malcolm	Chemical Engineer, Toxic Substances and Haz Mat	(202) 566-2821
Larry Tessier	Civil Engineer, Asbestos, Radon, and Lead	(202) 566-2829
Tom Nakley	Civil Engineer, CWA, SDWA and General Assistance	(202) 566-2826

Major Functions/Products:

Howard Boddie

Esther McCrary

Peggy Alexander

- Serve as a port of entry for small businesses to EPA;
- Advocate for small business regulatory issues and relief inside EPA;

Computer Specialist

• Coordinate small business issues with program offices, regions, and states;

Senior Secretarial Support Staff

Senior Secretarial Support Staff

- Focus on asbestos regulatory requirements/handle questions and complaints;
- Operate and maintain a Small Business hotline;
- Participate on regulatory development workgroups representing small business interests;
- Prepare semi-annual Newsletter;
- Organize meetings with the Deputy Administrator and Small Business Trade Associations;
- Oversee and prepare Report to Congress on the status of CAAA State Section 507 Programs;
- Manage contracts, grants and cooperative agreements to strengthen State Small Business Ombudsman Technical Assistance Programs;
- Sponsor Annual Small Business Regional Liaison Conference;
- Develop guidance and policies for small businesses;
- Resolve disputes between small businesses and EPA dealing with policies and regulations;
- Distribute small business publications, regulations, guidance, and tools.

Small Business Ombudsman — Toll Free Hotline: (800) 368-5888 Local: (202) 566-2855 Main Line: (202) 566-2822 Fax: (202) 566-0954

Contact information current as of 04-23-04.

Request For Publications

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW (1230A) Washington, DC 20460 (202) 564-4100 (202) 501-0756 (Fax)

Name:		
Firm:		
Address:		
	State:	
Phone #:		
	Please Check Public	ations Requested
	Doing Business with EPA	
	■ Mentor-Protege Program	
	Forecast of Contract Opportur	nities
	Finding Your Way Through EP	PA .
	Contract Opportunities Under	Superfund (five basic categories)
	The 8(a) Program	
	☐ HUBZone Fact Sheet	

Calendar of Events

	,		
DATE	EVENT	SPONSOR/LOCATION	CONTACT
May 3 - 5	Minority Development Supplies Conference	Virginia Business Opportunity Fair Richmond, VA	Jeanette Brown www.VMSDC.org
May 3 - 7	RCRA Contracting Conference	Las Vegas, NV	David Sutton
May 5 - 7	16th Annual Asian American Business Conference - CELEBR Asian 2004	US PAN ASIAN American Irvine, CA	www.uspaacc.com
May 10 - 13	2004 GSA Expo	Orange County Convention Center Orlando, FL	www.expo.gsa.gov
May 11 - 12	2nd Annual Contracting with The Department of Homeland Security	Crystal Gateway Marriott Arlington, VA	Thomas K. Billington Billington@pf.com
May 12	Capability Statement Analysis & Remedial Recommendations	EPA - Outreach Center OSDBU Conference Room Sponsored by: Howard University	Frank Carpenter (202) 564-4584
May 12 - 16	9th Annual Black Enterprise/ General Motors Entrepreneurs Conference	Wyndham Anatole Hotel Dallas, TX	(800) 543-6786
May 13	IT Small Business Counseling Day	EPA - OSDBU U.S. Department of Agriculture Jefferson Auditorium	Patricia Durrant
May 19 - 21	SBA Expo 04 Celebrating National Small Business Week	SBA - Orange County Orlando, FL Convention Center	Jeanette Brown www.sba.gov
May 24 - 28	2nd Annual Conference for Nego- tiating Contracts with the Federal Government	MBDA Conference/Department of Commerce Condado Plaza Hotel San Juan, PR	jeanette@puertoricomboc.com
June 2 - 3	FACE 2004 - Federal Acquisition Conference Expo 2004	Federal Acquisition Council, GSA, DOD Washington, DC	www.fai.gov/face
June 2 - 5	EPA SBO/SBAP National Small Business Conference	Holiday Inn Capital Plaza Sacramento, CA	Jeanette Brown www.sacberc.org
June 9	Instructions and Strategies on How To Do Business with EPA	EPA - Outreach Center OSDBU Conference Room Sponsored by: Howard University	Frank Carpenter (202) 564-4584
June 9	National Association of Hispanic Publications Foundation	Washington, DC	www.nahp.org
June 9 - 11	2004 Annual Diversity Conference	New York, NY Marriott Hotel	www.conference-board.org/ diversity.htm
June 22 - 24	Women in Business 2004 Sharing the Vision Conference	Hilton New Orleans Riverside & Morial Convention Center	www.wbenc.org/wib2004
June 22 - 25	Superfund SRMAC Meeting	Albuquerque, NM	David Sutton
July 6 - 9	5th Annual Small Business Conference	Department of Energy Philadelphia, PA	Region 3 (888) 246-2460

DATE	EVENT	SPONSOR/LOCATION	CONTACT
July 12	POCO Conference	Chicago, IL	David Sutton
July 14	HubZone Business Counseling Day	EPA - OSDBU EPA East, ICC Building, Room 1153 1201 Constitution Ave., NW Washington, DC	Patricia Durrant
July 14	Identification of Corollary Sources of Technical Assistance	EPA - Outreach Center OSDBU Conference Room Sponsored by: Howard University	Frank Carpenter (202) 564-4584
July 29 - 31	12th Annual Convention	National Black Chamber of Commerce Washington, DC	halford@nationalbcc.org

OSDBU has identified meetings, conferences, and forums being provided across the country that may be of interest to the small business community. Events that OSDBU will sponsor or support are identified with lead OSDBU staff for additional information. The Calendar of Events is maintained by Tammy Thomas. Ms. Thomas can be reached at (202) 564-4298.

OSDBU Employee Contact List

Jeanette L. Brown, Director	(202) 564-4100	brown.jeanettel@epa.gov
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Thelma Harvey, Secretary - Contractor	(202) 564-4138	harvey.thelma@epa.gov
Barbara Overton, Secretary - Contractor	(202) 564-0999	overton.barbara@epa.gov
Contact information current as of 04-23-04.		

Regional MBE/WBE Coordinators

REGION

(CT, ME, RI, MA, NH, VT) Sharon Molden (617) 918-1062 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency New England Region One Congress Street (MGM), Suite 1100 Boston, MA 02114-2023

REGION II

(NJ, NY, PR, VI) Otto Salamon (212) 637-3417 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 290 Broadway- 27th Floor New York, NY 10007-1866

REGION III

(DE, VA, MD, PA, DC, WV) Romona McQueen (215) 814-5155 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

REGION IV

(AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, TN) Rafael Santamaria (404) 562-8110 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 61 Forsyth Street, S.W. Atlanta, GA 30303-8960

REGION V

(IL, IN, MI, MN, OH, WI) Sharon R. Green (312) 353-5661 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 77 West Jackson Boulevard (MC-10J) Chicago, IL 60604-3507

REGION V

(AR, LA, NM, OK, TX)
Debora N. Bradford (214) 665-7406
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First Interstate Bank Tower at Fountain Place
1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor, Suite 1200
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REGION VII

(MO, NE, IA, KS) Cecil Bailey (913) 551-7462 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 901 North 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101

REGION VIII

(CO, MT, WY, SD, ND, UT) Maurice Velasquez (303) 312-6862 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 999 18th Street, Suite 500 Denver. CO 80202-2405

REGION IX

(AZ, HI, CA, NV) Joe Ochab (415) 972-3761 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 75 Hawthorne Street (PMD-1) San Francisco, CA 94105

REGION X

(AK, ID, OR, WA) Marie McPeck (206) 553-2894 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 1200 Sixth Avenue Seattle, WA 98101

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Norman G. White (513) 487-2024 U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Contracts Management Division 26 West Martin Luther King Drive Cincinnati, OH 45268

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