

2020 SmartWay Truck Carrier Partner Tool: Truck Tool Technical Documentation

U.S. Version 2.0.19 (Data Year 2019)

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(Data Year 2019)**

Transportation and Climate Division
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U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

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1.0 Overview

This document provides detailed background information on the data sources, calculation methods, and assumptions used within the SmartWay Truck Tool, version 2.0.19. The SmartWay Truck Tool utilizes the most up-to-date emission factors, in combination with detailed vehicle activity data, to estimate emissions and associated performance metrics. The primary purpose of the Tool is to help fleets calculate actual pollutant emissions for specific truck types and applications and track their emissions performance over time. Shippers can, in turn, use the data that truck carriers report using these Tools to develop more advanced emissions inventories associated with their freight activity and to track their emissions performance over time.

The Tool allows the user to evaluate fleet performance in terms of different mass-based performance metrics for carbon dioxide (CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), particulate matter (PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}), and black carbon (BC) including:¹

 Grams per mile

 Grams per average payload ton-mile

The Tool can also generate estimates of emissions associated with the total miles, loaded miles, and revenue miles traveled by a fleet. Fleet performance can then be assessed at the truck-class and/or fuel-type level, or on an aggregated basis across all classes and fuels.

The Tool also collects extensive information on fleet operations and truck body types, allowing detailed segmentation of Partner fleets for more appropriate, equitable comparisons. For example, fleets that cube-out with low payloads (e.g., those hauling potato chips) will be able to compare themselves to similar fleets on a simple gram per mile basis, rather than a mix of fleets that includes fleets that routinely weigh-out. Similarly, fleets that operate in primarily urban environments at relatively low average speeds will have fundamentally different emission rates and constraints than fleets operating at highway speeds. By collecting detailed information on fleet operations (TL vs. LTL, urban vs. highway, etc.), as well as truck class (2b through 8b) and body type (dry van, reefer, flatbeds, etc.), individual fleets can compare their performance to other, similar fleets, which can help them to better manage their emissions performance.

¹ At this time the Truck Tool does not calculate performance metrics for specialty fleets that track their activity in terms of hours of use rather than miles traveled or freight hauled (e.g., refuse haulers and utility fleets). Future modifications may be made to the current Tool to accommodate such fleets.

2.0 Data Inputs and Sources

The SmartWay Truck Tool user provides most vehicle characteristic, operational, and activity data needed for emissions performance estimation (see Section 3 for more information). The Tool calculates emissions by multiplying fleet activity data with EPA-approved emission rate factors that are stored in look-up tables within the Tool.

The Tool contains different types of emission rate factors for different pollutants. CO₂ factors are expressed in grams of CO₂ *per gallon of fuel*.^{2,3} NO_x, PM, and BC factors are expressed in grams of pollutant per mile traveled for operating emissions, and in grams per hour for idle emissions. In general, CO₂ factors are independent of the truck types, classes, and operational practices in a fleet. NO_x, PM and BC factors, however, vary depending upon a number of parameters, including:

-  Truck class
-  Engine model year/emission certification standard
-  Vehicle speed
-  Vehicle driving pattern (referred to as “drive cycle”)

In addition, PM and BC emissions will also vary with the application of PM control retrofits, including diesel oxidation catalysts (DOC), closed crankcase ventilation (CCV), and diesel particulate filters (“PM traps” or flow-through filters). In the Tool, PM control retrofits are assumed to have the same impact on operating and idle emission factors, and control effectiveness for PM is assumed to equal the effectiveness for BC.⁴

2.1 CO₂ FACTORS

EPA populated the SmartWay Truck Tool with CO₂ factors that are based on fuel consumption. These factors and their sources are summarized below in Table 1.

² At this time other greenhouse gases such as methane (CH₄) and nitrous oxide (N₂O) are not included in the current Truck Tool.

³ The Truck Tool also estimates emissions associated with battery-electric trucks. In this case pollutant emissions (CO₂, NO_x and PM) are determined based on the kWhrs used for charging.

⁴ Future versions of the Tool may account for differences in retrofit effectiveness for running versus idle emissions, and differences between PM and BC control effectiveness.

Table 1. CO₂ Factors by Fuel Type*

	g/gal	Source ⁵
Gasoline	8,887	(i)
Diesel	10,180	(ii)
Biodiesel (B100)	9,460	(iii)
Ethanol (E100)	5,764	(iv)
CNG	7,030	(v)
LNG	4,394	(vi)
LPG	5,790	(vii)

* 100% combustion (oxidation) assumed

Note that the Tool calculates tailpipe emissions from biofuel blends (gasoline/ethanol, diesel/biodiesel) by applying separate emission factors to the user-specified volume of each blend component. The Tool then adds the emissions from each blend component together to determine total CO₂ emissions. Therefore, emission factors for specific blend ratios are not needed for CO₂.⁶

Within the Tool, users may provide their CNG fuel use estimates in terms of gasoline-gallon equivalent (GGE) (on a Btu basis), diesel-gallon equivalent (DGE), or in standard cubic feet (scf). If CNG consumption is expressed in DGE or scf, the Tool uses the following factors to convert the CNG fuel estimates to GGE.

For CNG:

 Diesel-Gallon Equivalent (DGE) to Gasoline-Gallon Equivalent (GGE)

■ 1 DGE = 1.112 GGE⁷

■ Note: 1 GGE = 125,000 BTU and 1 DGE = 139,000 BTU, so 1 DGE = 1.112 GGE (139,000/125,000).

 Cubic Feet (cuft) to Gasoline-Gallon Equivalent (GGE)

⁵ i) Final Rule on Light-Duty Vehicle Greenhouse Gas Emissions Standards and Corporate Average Fuel Economy Standards (75 FR 25324, May 7, 2010). The gasoline factor used in this rule was sourced from the California Air Resources Board and is based on measurement of carbon from a gasoline test fuel (indolene).

ii) Fuel economy calculations in 40 C.F.R. 600.113 available at http://edocket.access.gpo.gov/cfr_2004/julqtr/pdf/40cfr600.113-93.pdf. Accessed 12-9-19.

iii) Tables IV.A.3-2 and 3-3 in A Comprehensive Analysis of Biodiesel Impacts on Exhaust Emissions, available at https://cfpub.epa.gov/si/si_public_record_report.cfm?Lab=OTAQ&dirEntryId=73882. Accessed 12-9-19.

iv) Final Rule on Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases (70 FR 56260, October 30, 2009). Full source documentation is available on pp. 31-32 in the Technical Support Document, *Petroleum Products and Natural Gas Liquids: Definitions, Emission Factors, Methods and Assumptions*, available at <https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2015-07/documents/subpartmmproductdefinitions.pdf>. Accessed 12-9-19.

v) Calculations of Lifecycle Greenhouse Gas Emissions for the 2005 Gasoline and Diesel Baselines in the Notice of Availability of Expert Peer Review Record supporting the proposed revisions to the Renewable Fuel Standard Program (74 FR 41359) available in Docket EPA-HQ-OAR-2005-0161-0925.1 (Spreadsheet "Emission Factors").

vi) Assuming 74,720 Btu/gal lower heating value (<http://www.afdc.energy.gov/afdc/fuels/properties.html>, Accessed 12-9-19), and 0.059 g/Btu (from CNG calculation, source v).

vii) Table C-1 in the Final Rule on Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases (70 FR 56260, October 30, 2009). Full source documentation is available in Table A-39 and pg. A-60 of the *Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990 – 2007* available at <https://www.epa.gov/ghgemissions/inventory-us-greenhouse-gas-emissions-and-sinks-1990-2007>. Accessed 12-9-19.

⁶ The Tool also estimates the barrels of petroleum required to make the reported gallons of diesel and gasoline based on national averages: 19 gallons of gasoline and 10 gallons of diesel assumed per barrel of petroleum.

⁷ Midwest Energy Solutions. Energy Volume & Weight. <http://www.midwestenergysolutions.net/cng-resources/energy-volume-weight>. Accessed 12-9-19.

- 123.57 cuft = 1 GGE⁸

For LNG, users may provide their fuel use estimates in terms of physical gallons, gasoline-gallon equivalent (GGE) (on a Btu basis), diesel-gallon equivalent (DGE), or in pounds (lbs). If LNG consumption is expressed in GGE, DGE, or pounds, the Tool uses the following factors to convert the LNG fuel estimates to physical gallons.

For LNG:

 Diesel-Gallon Equivalent (DGE) to Physical Gallon

- 1 DGE = 1.7 Gallons LNG⁹

 Gasoline-Gallon Equivalent (GGE) to Physical Gallon

- 1 GGE = 1.5 Gallons LNG¹⁰

 Pounds (lbs) to Physical Gallon

- 3.49 lbs LNG = 1 LNG Gallons¹¹

2.2 NO_x, PM AND BC FACTORS

The SmartWay Truck Tool contains NO_x, PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} and BC¹² emission factor outputs for on-road operation from EPA's MOVES2014b model for diesel and E10¹³ for all heavy truck classes (2b – 8b) under national default temperature and fuel conditions, for model years 1989 through 2021, for the 2020 calendar year (see Appendix A for a full list of factors). The emission factors are broken out by general drive cycle type (urban or highway), and average speed range, as discussed below.

Short-duration (less than 60 minutes) idle emission factors for NO_x, PM and BC were developed separately by model year, truck class, and fuel type (diesel and gasoline). MOVES2014b does not currently provide short duration idle factors in terms of grams per hour, so MOVES2014b was run using the Project Level scale with a single link and with an average speed of zero. Runs were performed for typical winter and summer conditions, taking the average of outputs from those runs to obtain g/hr factors.

⁸ Alternative Fuels Data Center. Gasoline and Diesel Gallon Equivalency Methodology. http://www.afdc.energy.gov/fuels/equivalency_methodology.html. Accessed 12-9-2019.

⁹ Midwest Energy Solutions. Energy Volume & Weight. <http://www.midwestenergysolutions.net/cng-resources/energy-volume-weight> Accessed 12-9-2019.

¹⁰ Ibid.

¹¹ Ibid.

¹² Black carbon factors are assumed to equal the elemental carbon gram per mile factors output by the MOVES model.

¹³ All gasoline consumption in the United States and Canada is now assumed to consist of E10. Pure gasoline (E0) emission factors are no longer used in the Truck Tool. References to "gasoline" in the Tool and the associated documentation refer to E10.

MOVES2014b does provide emission factors for long-duration idle for long-haul diesel trucks. These factors are applied separately to the long-duration idle hour estimates provided for Class 8b trucks within the Truck Tool.¹⁴ Short-duration factors are applied across the board for the remaining truck class types.

Note that hybrid electric trucks are assumed to have no short-duration idle emissions (due to assumed engine auto-shut off), although long-duration idle (and regular exhaust¹⁵) emissions are assumed unchanged relative to their conventional vehicle counterparts. Finally, battery-electric trucks are assumed to have no idle emissions of either kind.

The resulting idle factors are presented in Appendix B.

Version 2.0.19 of the Truck Tool also calculates the NO_x, PM and BC emissions associated with transportation refrigeration (reefer) units. The MOVES2014b emissions model was used to develop emission rates for these units for the 2019 calendar year, following these steps:

-  A national average model run was performed for the Industrial sector, including gasoline and diesel fueled equipment;
-  The A/C refrigeration (reefer) unit standard classification codes (SCCs) were extracted from the output files – 2265003060 (gasoline) and 2270003060 (diesel);
-  Grams per day outputs for weekdays and weekends for each of the 12 months were converted to grams per year by aggregating emissions over day types to arrive at an average day value, multiplying by the number of days in each month, and summing over month. This resulted in annual grams of emissions (of NO_x, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5}) and grams of fuel consumed (in terms of brake specific fuel consumption or BSFC), for each fuel type;
-  BSFC was converted from grams to gallons fuel using the MOVES energy density values of 2,819 g/gal and 3,167 g/gal for gasoline and diesel, respectively.
-  Grams/gallon emission factors were then calculated for each pollutant by dividing the annual grams of emissions of NO_x, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} by the annual gallons of fuel consumed for gasoline and diesel.

Black carbon emissions associated with reefer activity were scaled from PM_{2.5} reefer emissions, applying conversion factors for nonroad equipment from the Commission for Environmental Cooperation (0.349 for diesel engines and 0.122 for gasoline engines).¹⁶

Table 2 provides the fuel factors used in the latest Truck Tool.

¹⁴ NO_x factors for long-term extended idling are higher than short-duration factors (at least for late model engines), since engine operation temperatures and loads at idle are generally not high enough to activate late-model emission controls such as selective catalytic reduction and exhaust gas recirculation.

¹⁵ While there is evidence that NO_x emissions may be decreased through the use of hybrid electric technology, EPA has not performed emission testing to assess this effect. Therefore hybrid NO_x and PM/BC exhaust emission rates are assumed to equal conventional vehicle equivalents in the current Truck Tool.

¹⁶ Commission for Environmental Cooperation (CEC), 2015, North American Black Carbon Emissions Estimation Guidelines: Methods for Estimating Black Carbon Emissions. Prepared for the CEC by Eastern Research Group, Inc. Final Report, May 2015.

Table 2. Weighted Average Reefer Fuel Factors (g/gallon)

Fuel	NO _x	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	BC
Diesel	49.928	1.477	1.433	0.500
Gasoline	17.642	0.996	0.916	0.112

The next section describes the process followed to select the on-road emission factors from MOVES2014b for use in the Truck Tool. Emission factors in grams per mile were developed for E10 and diesel fuel types for all MOVES source types that correspond to the regulatory heavy-duty vehicle classes, 2b-8b inclusive. The MOVES source types modeled are shown in the table below. Of these, school buses, refuse trucks and motor homes represent only a small fraction of total activity.

Table 3. MOVES Source Types Associated with Class 2b – 8b Vehicles

Source Type ID	Source Type Name
31	Passenger Truck
32	Light Commercial Truck
43	School Bus
51	Refuse Truck
52	Single Unit Short-haul Truck
53	Single Unit Long-haul Truck
54	Motor Home
61	Combination Short-haul Truck
62	Combination Long-haul Truck

Separate factors were developed for "Urban" and "Highway/Rural" roadway types. These factors were apportioned according to MOVES operating mode groups, which correspond to speed ranges of 0-25 mph, 25-50 mph, and 50+ mph.

Emission factors calculated by the model, output by MOVES source type, were then converted to a vehicle class basis. In this way, the Truck Tool can select appropriate emission factors for use by:

-  weight class
-  model year
-  road type (urban vs. highway/rural)
-  speed distribution

The following describes the methodology for the emission factor calculation.

Calculation of MOVES emission factors by operating mode

In calculating emission factors, the primary goal is to disaggregate factors by the percentage of time a given type of vehicle spends operating at certain speeds. The ranges of speeds analyzed include 0-25 mph, 25-50 mph, and greater than 50 mph. These speed ranges correspond to MOVES operating modes #11-16, 21-29, and 30-40 inclusive, where each operating mode is defined by both the speed of the vehicle and its vehicle specific power (VSP). First, for a given source type and model year, the fraction of emissions attributable to each range of speed was determined. Emissions for a vehicle can be expressed in Equation 1:

Equation 1

$$E = A_1E_1 + A_2E_2 + A_3E_3 + A_I E_I + A_B E_B$$

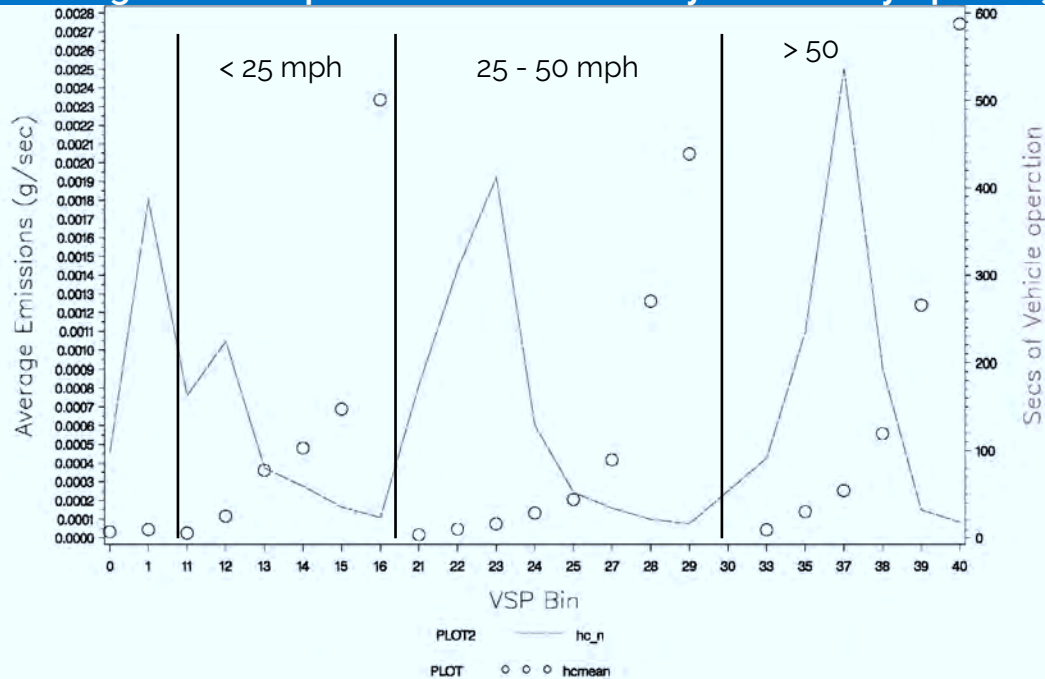
Where:

- E = uncorrected¹⁷ mass emissions calculated based on operating mode and emissions contribution by speed bin
- A_{1-3} = the sum of activity fractions (in seconds) over speed range n. (A_I and A_B represent the activity associated with the individual operating modes for idling and braking, respectively.)
- E_{1-3} = the weighted average emissions over a given speed range n. (E_I and E_B represent the emissions associated with the individual operating modes for idling and braking, respectively.)

The following figure shows a range of emissions and activity fractions for an example source type and model year. The operating mode (or VSP bin) are shown on the x-axis. The dashed red line presents the fraction of vehicle activity associated with a given operating mode, while the black circles present average HC emissions for each operating mode.

¹⁷ Subsequent adjustment factors are presented in Equation 3 below.

Figure 1. Example Emissions and Activity Fractions by Operating Mode



For our purposes, A_n from Equation 1 is obtained by retaining the "opmodefraction2" table from the "MOVESExecution" database, which is created by the Operating Mode Distribution Generator (OMDG) during a MOVES run. This table contains operating mode fractions by source type, roadway type, average speed bin, and pollutant/process. The fractions from this table are normalized using average speed distributions from the "avgspeeddist" table, and the sum of the normalized operating mode fractions in each speed bin constitutes A_n .

E_n is derived from data obtained from the default MOVES "emissionratebyage" table. This table contains emission rates by pollutant process, operating mode, and age group for a wide variety of *sourcebinIDs*. For this analysis, a MySQL query was used to select *sourcebinIDs* corresponding to the source type, fuel type, and calendar year of interest, and limited our rate selection to the 4-5 year age group. The emissions obtained here were then converted to a source type basis (from their current *sourcebinID* basis); this was done by retaining the "sourcebindistribution" table from the MOVESExecution database, which is created by the Source Bin Distribution Generator (SBDG) during each MOVES run, and weighting the activity fractions for each source type and model year combination in this table with the data from the "emissionratebyage" table described above. Having finished this mapping, an emission rate is generated, by source type and model year, for each operating mode (corresponding to the circles in the figure above). Since E_n for each speed range represents the average emissions of the range weighted by the activity in that range, the weighted average emissions can be calculated from the 0-25 mph speed bin, E_1 , as follows in Equation 2:

Equation 2

$$E_1' = \frac{R_{11}T_{11} + R_{12}T_{12} + R_{13}T_{13} + R_{14}T_{14} + R_{15}T_{15} + R_{16}T_{16}}{\sum_{11}^{16} R_n}$$

Where:

- R_n = The activity fraction for operating mode n, obtained from the "opmodedist2" table
- T_n = The emissions for operating mode n.

Other speed bins will use different operating modes in their calculations; the equation above is merely an example illustrating the calculation method for the first speed bin. Having calculated an appropriate E_n' for each speed range for a given source type and model year, Equation 1 can be used, along with the appropriate activity fraction, to arrive at a total uncorrected emissions value. In and of itself, this emission factor has little value in estimating emissions. However, it can be used along with the modeled emission factor for a particular source type and model year to arrive at an overall adjustment factor, as shown in Equation 3:

Equation 3

$$Z = \frac{E}{E'}$$

Where:

- E = The modeled emission, obtained from MOVES outputs, for an individual source type and model year
- E' = The uncorrected emissions for an individual source type and model year, calculated using operating mode distributions and emission factors from the "emissionratebyage" table

This overall adjustment factor, in turn, can be applied to each individual emissions component, E_n' , as shown in Equation 4:

Equation 4

$$E_n = ZE_n'$$

The adjusted emissions, E_n , are subsequently used to calculate a total, corrected emission factor for a given source type and model year combination, as described by Equation 5:

Equation 5

$$E = A_1E_1 + A_2E_2 + A_3E_3 + A_I E_I + A_B E_B$$

In this way, a representative emission factor is calculated by operating mode/speed group. This will allow the Truck Tool to adjust the default operating mode percentages (A_n) to more accurately represent a user-

provided speed profile for the vehicles they are evaluating. Default operating mode percentages may also be used, as calculated above.

Conversion of Emission Factors from Source Type to Weight Class Basis

Ultimately, emission factor lookup tables are required for use in the Truck Tool by weight class, fuel type, and model year. However, modeled output from MOVES is aggregated by source type. Therefore a post-processing Tool was developed to convert vehicle emission factors from source types to weight class based on internal MOVES tables. The conversion methodology used in this Tool is described below.

First, the adjusted emissions and activity output from MOVES are combined, *by pollutantID*, by joining the "movesoutput" and "movesactivityoutput" tables by calendar year, source type, fuel type and model year. The sourcetype and model year for each record are combined in a new field, *sourcetypemodelyearID*.

Next, the emissions and activity output from the first step are combined with the MOVES "sizeweightfraction" table by joining on the *sourcetypemodelyearID*. The "sizeweightfraction" table contains, for a given combination of source type and model year, the fraction of vehicles apportioned across *weightclassID*. Given the *weightclassID*, the portion of emissions and activity attributable to a given range of vehicle weights is determined, and subsequently, those weights (along with fuel type) are mapped back to MOBILE6 vehicle classes, which are based on GVWR. (This is achieved with a separate lookup table, "M6VehType", which is derived from Appendix B, Table 3 of the EPA's MOBILE6.2 User's Guide.) For each calendar year, *sourcetypemodelyearID* and *pollutantID*, the sizeweightfraction is multiplied by the emissions (in grams) and activity (in miles) to obtain *EmissionFrac* and *ActivityFrac*, respectively.

Finally, the *EmissionFrac* and *ActivityFrac* calculated above are summed by *yearID*, *pollutantID*, *fueltypeID*, and vehicle class (e.g., HDDV8b). This provides total emissions and activity independent of the MOVES source type or vehicle model year. Finally, the aggregated emissions are divided by the activity to arrive at g/mi emission factors presented in Appendix A.

Modeling Gasoline Emission Rates

In a MOVES run that uses nationwide defaults for fuel supply, the model includes dozens of fuel formulations on a by-fuel region basis in its calculations. In addition to diesel fuels, many counties in the model defaults are characterized by varying market shares of and E10 and E15.¹⁸

In order to isolate Gasoline emission factors, the new Fuels Wizard included in MOVES2014b was used to alter the ethanol percentage of fuels nationwide to zero.

Sensitivity Analysis Results

The relative emissions impact of different speed regimes were evaluated for four road types – urban arterial, urban freeway, rural arterial, and rural freeway. To simplify the sensitivity analysis, MOVES outputs were

¹⁸ Only 2001+ model year light-duty vehicles may use E15 fuel, and it is only sold at a handful of stations in Midwest states. See http://www.afdc.energy.gov/fuels/ethanol_e15.html Accessed 12-9-2019.

generated for diesel long-haul combination trucks, model year 2012, run for the 2014 calendar year, using national average defaults (e.g., fuel specifications, temperatures, etc.). The results of the analysis are shown for NO_x and PM_{2.5} below.

Figure 2. Default NO_x Contribution by Speed Bin

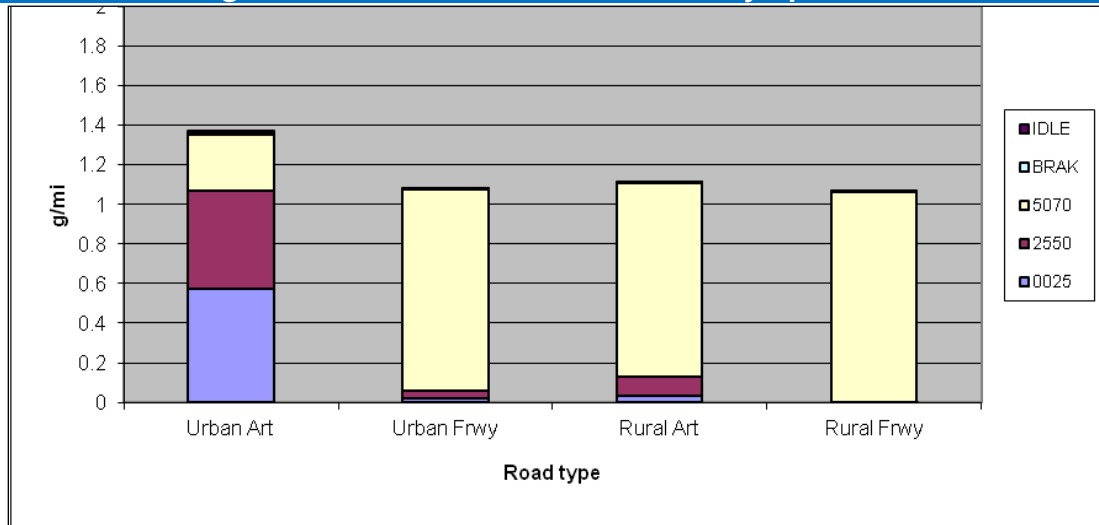
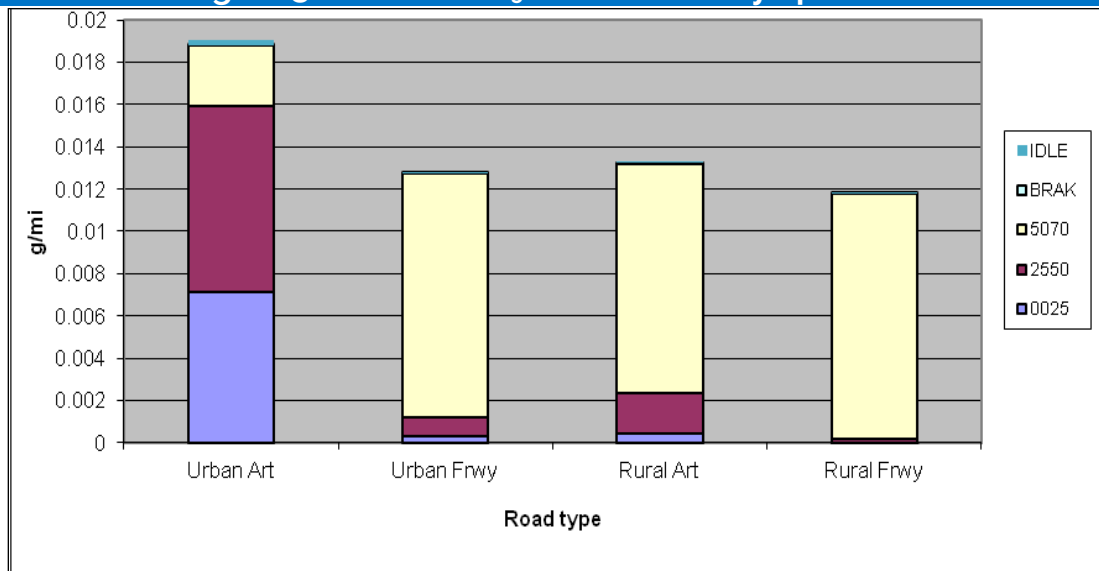


Figure 3. Default PM_{2.5} Contribution by Speed Bin



As shown in the above charts, the emissions for urban freeways, rural arterials, and rural freeways are all heavily dominated by high speed (50 – 70 mph) operation.¹⁹ In addition, actual emission levels are relatively

¹⁹ This finding is consistent with the 2008 SmartWay Partner data submissions, wherein 87% of Partners selected the 50+ mph category as the most representative of their non-urban operations.

insensitive to road type across these three types. However, speed distribution appears to have a significant bearing on emissions for urban arterial operation. Accordingly, the recommendation for Truck Tool application was to develop fully disaggregated emission factor look up tables (retaining all four road types), and then weight urban freeway, rural arterial, and rural freeway road type operations in order to aggregate emission lookup tables within the SmartWay Tool to reflect "urban" (i.e., urban arterial) and "other" road types. In addition, under this approach users can choose default speed distributions for these selections or specify the percent of operation by major speed range (0 – 25, 25 – 50, 50 – 70). Given the relative insensitivity to speed for the "other" category, specifying speed distributions would only be permitted for urban arterial operation.

Under this approach, the user is given the follow input options:

-  Specify % Highway/Rural ("other") operation fraction
-  Specify % urban operation distribution by speed bin, or select "default speed distribution"

Data entry is handled through the addition of a popup screen for non-default selections (see the Truck Tool User Guides for details).

2.3 ALTERNATIVE FUELS

Heavy truck emission factors are not available from MOVES2014b for certain alternative fuels, including E85, natural gas, and LPG. Accordingly, EPA used adjustment factors from a number of sources described below to estimate NO_x and PM/BC factors for these other fuels.

NO_x and PM emission factors for biodiesel are based on the findings from an EPA study, A Comprehensive Analysis of Biodiesel Impacts on Exhaust Emissions (EPA420-P-02-001, October 2002). This study developed regression equations to predict the percentage change in NO_x and PM emission rates relative to conventional diesel fuel, as a function of biodiesel blend percentage, expressed in the following form:

Equation 6

$$\% \text{ change in emissions} = [\exp(a \times (\text{vol}\% \text{ biodiesel})) - 1] \times 100\%$$

Where:

- a = 0.0009794 for NO_x, and
- a = -0.006384 for PM and BC²⁰

Using Equation 6, adjustment factors were developed for biodiesel blends based on the percentage of the biofuel component,²¹ and then these adjustment factors were applied to the appropriate conventional diesel emission factors in Appendix A (see Section 2.2 for the sources of conventional diesel emission factors). Note

²⁰ BC emission rates as a function of biodiesel blend have not been identified at this time and are currently assumed identical to the PM relationship.

²¹ Biodiesel blend percentage is calculated by dividing B100-equivalent gallons by total fuel gallons at the fleet level – see the Truck Tool User Guides for details regarding biodiesel use inputs.

that the fleet-average blend value is assumed to be the same for all truck classes, since the biofuel consumption data is not collected at the truck class level. (This assumption holds for ethanol consumption data inputs as well.)

MOVES2014b now incorporates specific modeling assumptions for biodiesel, including options for modeling 5 and 20 percent biodiesel (B5 and B20). While the pre-2007 vehicle estimates are consistent with EPA's 2002 study findings, MOVES does not estimate an emissions effect on 2007+ model year diesel trucks because the literature does not show consistent or significant biodiesel effects on these engines.^{22,23} Accordingly, the Truck Tool only applies adjustment factors for diesel engine model years prior to 2007.

For gasoline-ethanol blends, the SmartWay Truck Tool only accepts fuel consumption estimates for E10 and E85 since, unlike biodiesel where the biofuel fraction can vary significantly, ethanol is generally blended with gasoline at two discrete levels: 10% (E10) and 85% (E85). As discussed in Section 2.2 above, NO_x and PM factors for E10 were output directly from MOVES2014b. Given the lack of heavy-duty E85 test data, adjustment factors for E85 were based on emissions estimates for light-duty vehicles cited by the US DOE Alternative Fuels and Advanced Vehicles Data Center.²⁴ These estimates come from a technical paper published in the Journal of Air & Waste Management.²⁵ Relative to conventional gas vehicles, the authors of this paper estimate that vehicles running on E85 provide an average NO_x reduction of 54% (based on 73 vehicle tests), and an average PM reduction of 34% (based on 3 vehicle tests). These adjustment factors are applied to the appropriate gasoline engine emission factors in Appendix A to develop emission factors for E85.

Emission adjustment factors were used for gaseous fuels (LPG, CNG and LNG), developed by the National Renewable Energy Lab and University of West Virginia based on field studies on natural gas vehicles. For this assessment, it was assumed that CNG and LNG emissions were identical. In addition, it was also assumed LPG vehicle emissions would be equal to natural gas vehicle emissions.²⁶ To be conservative, the smallest emission reduction estimates were selected from the natural gas vehicle field test data (86% for PM and 17% for NO_x) relative to comparable diesel vehicles. These adjustment factors are applied to the diesel emission factors in Appendix A and B to develop emission factors for these fuels.

Note, however, that the emissions associated with alternative fuels may be different for older trucks (with minimal emission controls) and newer trucks (with extensive control systems in place) due to recent vehicle emission standards. Newer studies suggest there are differences by model year in the emission rates of gaseous fuel vehicles. A 2014 study performed by West Virginia University²⁷ using Class 8 trucks found that a

²² McCormick, R. and A. Williams, 2011. *Impact of Biodiesel on Modern Diesel Engine Emissions*. Project ID: FT011. National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Golden, CO. May 9, 2011. <http://energy.gov/eere/vehicles/downloads/impact-biodiesel-modern-diesel-engine-emissions>. Accessed 12-9-2019.

²³ CARB 2011. Final Report for the CE-CERT Engine Testing Portion for the CARB Assessment of the Emissions from the Use of Biodiesel as a Motor Vehicle Fuel in California Biodiesel Characterization and NO_x Mitigation Study. Final Report Prepared for CARB. October 2011. https://www.arb.ca.gov/fuels/diesel/altdiesel/20111013_CARB%20Final%20Biodiesel%20Report.pdf. Accessed 12-9-2019.

²⁴ See http://www.afdc.energy.gov/afdc/vehicles/emissions_e85.html. Accessed 12-9-2019.

²⁵ See http://www.afdc.energy.gov/afdc/pdfs/technical_paper_feb09.pdf. Accessed 12-9-2019.

²⁶ The PM and NO_x estimates cited by this source for LPG vehicles were actually slightly lower than for natural gas vehicles - http://www.afdc.energy.gov/afdc/vehicles/emissions_propane.html. Accessed 12-9-2019. However, based on engineering judgment it was assumed that LPG PM and NO_x emissions would be similar to comparable CNG vehicles.

²⁷ Carder, D.K., M. Gautam, A. Thiruvengadam, M. Besch. *In-Use Emissions Testing and Demonstration of Retrofit Technology for Control of On-Road Heavy-Duty Engines*. Prepared for the South Coast Air Quality Management District. September 2013. <https://lazerinitiative.org/resources/in-use-emissions-testing-and-demonstration-of-retrofit-technology-for-control-of-on-road-heavy-duty-engines-2/>. Accessed 12-9-2019.

model year 2011 dual-fuel (5% diesel, 95% LNG) high-pressure direct injection (HDPI) truck emitted 63% and 48% less NO_x and PM, respectively compared to a MY 2011 diesel truck equipped with an SCR and DPF. Both vehicles operated on the urban dynamometer driving schedule (UDDS). The same WVU study found that a MY 2011 natural gas engine equipped with a three-way catalyst (TWC) emitted 79% and 56% less NO_x and PM compared to the MY 2011 diesel truck, also on the UDDS.

Based on this new information, the Tool uses a simple average across the two engines tested in the WVU study, resulting in a 71% reduction for NO_x and a 52% reduction for PM, and applies these new reduction values to comparable diesel emission factors for 2010 and later model year gaseous fuel trucks. For model years prior to 2010, the adjustment factors of 17% for NO_x and 86% for PM are retained.

Emission estimates for battery-electric trucks are based on national average electric generation mix profiles from USDOE's GREET model, as described in Appendix C.

Black carbon (BC) emissions associated with gaseous fuels are determined by multiplying the ratio of elemental carbon (EC) and PM_{2.5} emission factors from MOVES2014a for CNG transit buses, for calendar year 2018. The ratio EC to PM_{2.5} varies by model year group (0.0925 for pre-2002 model years, and 0.1112 for 2002+ model years), so these different factors are applied for the different engine age groups as appropriate in order to determine BC levels for these fuel types.

2.4 PM CONTROL EFFECTIVENESS

The Truck Tool applies adjustment factors to the PM emission factors in Appendix A and B for any pre-2007 diesel truck for which Partners have installed a specific retrofit control device. The following adjustment factors were obtained from EPA OTAQ (presented as a % reduction in emissions; see Section 3.2 below for details):

-  Diesel oxidation catalyst (DOC) – 25%
-  Closed crankcase ventilation (CCV) – 5%
-  Diesel particulate filter (DPF) – 90%

References from EPA's Clean Diesel Program are generally consistent with the DOC and DPF effectiveness estimates above (20 – 40% for DOCs, and 85% or more for DPFs).^{28, 29} Note that an independent estimate of CCV effectiveness was not identified, as EPA and CARB only verify CCVs when packaged with DOCs.

The Tool applies the above adjustment factors to pre-2007 PM operating and idle emission estimates. The Tool also allows for situations where CCVs are applied in combination with either DOCs or DPFs. In such a

²⁸ EPA 2010a, National Clean Diesel Campaign Technical Bulletin: Diesel Oxidation Catalyst General Information. See <https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-03/documents/420f10031.pdf>. Accessed 12-9-2019.

²⁹ EPA 2010b, National Clean Diesel Campaign Technical Bulletin: Diesel Particulate Filter General Information. See <https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-03/documents/420f10029.pdf>. Accessed 12-9-2019.

case, the reduction effectiveness is calculated additively. For example, if pre-control operating emissions were 1.0 g/mile for a diesel truck, and a CCV and DOC were applied, the resulting emission rate would be:

Equation 7

$$1.0 \times [1 - (0.25 + 0.05)] = 0.07 \text{ g/mile, post-control}$$

However, the Truck Tool assumes that DOC and DPF application are mutually exclusive.

At this time the relative effectiveness of the controls addressed above are assumed to be equal for PM and BC.

3.0 Emission and Activity Estimation

The emission rates and adjustment factors discussed above are combined with appropriate activity data (provided by the Partners) to calculate mass emissions at the fleet and/or partner level for CO₂, NO_x, PM, and BC as described below.

3.1 CO₂ EMISSIONS

CO₂ is calculated within the Truck Tool utilizing emission factors expressed in *grams per gallon of fuel*, (with the exception of battery-electric trucks), as discussed in Section 2.1 above. The general equation for calculating CO₂ emissions using reported fuel consumption values is

Equation 8

$$E_{CO_2} = ((F - B) \times EF_F) + (B \times EF_B)$$

Where:

E_{CO_2}	=	grams CO ₂ per year
F	=	Total Fuel (Gallons per year)
B	=	Biofuel (Gallons per year)
EF_F	=	Fossil Fuel Emissions Factor (g/gal based on fuel type)
EF_B	=	Biofuel Emissions Factor (g/gal based on biofuel type)

Emissions for *all* pollutants for battery electric trucks are calculated by multiplying the reported kWhrs used for charging by the associated g/kWhr factor (see Appendix C).

In most instances reefer fuel is aggregated with vehicle fuel inputs in the Truck Tool, with the reefer fuel type assumed to be the same as the vehicle fuel type. However, reefer units associated with LPG and electric trucks are assumed to use diesel fuel (by far the most common type of reefer engine). Accordingly, any reefer fuel use reported for LPG and electric trucks is included in the total CO₂ calculation using the diesel fuel factors in Equation 8.

Fuel Allocator

The Truck Carrier Tool asks users to enter Gallons of Diesel Used by truck class in order to estimate CO₂ emissions. This information may be entered directly if available. However, if the user does not have this information but does know total fuel use and MPG by truck class, the Truck Tool's Fuel Allocator can be used to apportion fuel use across truck classes.

In the **Fuel Allocator**, the user enters total fuel consumption and truck class MPG estimates. The allocator then calculates the fuel used for each class based on the total fuel and class MPG. If the total fuel calculated matches the total fuel entered to within 2%, the allocator indicates a "Match". However, instead of writing the exact calculated value seen in the Fuel Allocator to the Activity screen, the Tool adjusts the class fuel

amounts (and therefore MPG) so the sum matches the Total Fuel entered exactly, and then writes these values on the Activity screen. That means, the MPG entered into the Fuel Allocator, and the calculated fuel used seen on the Fuel Allocator, are not necessarily equal to the MPG and the fuel used that is written to the Activity Screen.

If the user re-opens the Fuel Allocator at this point, the Allocator brings in the MPGs listed on the Activity Screen, NOT the MPGs the user input into the calculator the first time (although it doesn't overwrite the saved MPGs entered on the worksheet, if the user presses Cancel). For remaining calculations in the Tool, the values shown on the Activity Screen are used. The Allocator values the user entered are saved for the XML file, but aren't used for further calculations. Separately in the XML, the MPG and fuel totals that were put onto the Activity Screen are also written.

3.2 NO_x, PM AND BC EMISSIONS

Unlike CO₂ emissions which only vary with fuel type, NO_x, PM and BC emission rates also vary substantially depending upon engine model year and/or emission certification level, vehicle class, drive cycle, speed, and operation mode (running or idle). For this reason, EPA developed lookup tables in the Truck Tool with emission factors that correspond to user-supplied inputs regarding their fleet activity. The NO_x, PM and BC emission rates expressed in *grams per mile* were combined with the appropriate mileage metric (i.e., total miles) in order to estimate mass emissions. The general equation for calculating NO_x emissions is as follows:

Equation 9

$$E_{NOx} = \sum [(M_C \times ((GPM_H \times HDC) + (GPM_{U1} \times UDC_1) + (GPM_{U2} \times UDC_2) + (GPM_{U3} \times UDC_3) + (GPM_{U4} \times UDC_4))) \times T_{CY} / T_{CT} + (GPH_I \times H_I \times T_{CY}) + (GPH_I \times H_I \times T_{CY})]$$

Where:

E_{NOx}	=	grams NO _x per year for a given truck class
$\sum$	=	summation across model years
M_C	=	Miles driven for Truck Class C per year
GPM_H	=	Grams/mi (by truck class & engine yr) for Highway/Rural Driving
HDC	=	Highway drive cycle % (% of miles under highway/rural driving)
$GPM_{U1/2/3/4}$	=	Grams/mi (by truck class & engine yr) for Urban Driving by mode (1 = 0 – 25 mph; 2 = 25 – 50 mph; 3 = 50+ mph; 4 = deceleration)
$UDC_{1/2/3/4}$	=	Urban drive cycle % (% of miles under urban driving conditions, by mode (1, 2, 3, 4))
T_{CY}	=	Number of trucks for a given Class/Year combination
T_{CT}	=	Number of trucks total for a given Class
GPH_{SDI}	=	Grams per hour (by truck class & engine year) for short-duration Idling ³⁰
H_{SDI}	=	Hours of short duration Idling per year (average per truck per year by class)

³⁰ The idle calculation for Class 8a and lighter trucks does not distinguish between short and long duration idling, and all idle hours are multiplied by the short duration idle factor for these trucks. Hybrid electric trucks are assumed to have no short-duration idling emissions, while battery-electric trucks have no idling emissions of any kind.

GPH_{LDI} = Grams per hour (by truck class & engine year) for long-duration Idling
H_{LDI} = Hours of long duration Idling per year (average per truck per year by class)

PM emissions for non-diesel vehicles are calculated using an equation identical to that for NO_x, utilizing PM emission factors. PM emission for diesel vehicles may be adjusted for PM control effectiveness, as shown below. (BC emissions are calculated in identical fashion.)

Equation 10

$$E_{PM} = \sum [(((M_C \times ((GPM_H \times HDC) + (GPM_{U1} \times UDC_1) + (GPM_{U2} \times UDC_2) + (GPM_{U3} \times UDC_3) + (GPM_{U4} \times UDC_4))) \times T_{CY} / T_{CT}) + (GPH_{SDI} \times H_{SDI} \times T_{CY}) + (GPH_{LDI} \times H_{LDI} \times T_{CY})) \times (1 - ((0.25 \times T_{DOC} / T_{CT}) + (0.05 \times T_{CCV} / T_{CT}) + (0.9 \times T_{DPF} / T_{CT})))]$$

Where:

E_{PM} = grams PM per year for a given truck class
T_{DOC} = Number of trucks using Diesel Oxidation Catalysts by class
T_{CCV} = Number of trucks using Closed Crankcase Ventilation by class
T_{DPF} = Number of trucks using Diesel Particulate Filters by class
0.25 = Effectiveness of DOCs (25%) at reducing particulate matter
0.05 = Effectiveness of CCVs (5%) at reducing particulate matter
0.9 = Effectiveness of DPFs (90%) at reducing particulate matter

Note the above calculation methodology assumes that the same highway/urban drive cycle fractions apply across all model years of a given truck class. Similarly, the method assumes that estimated idle hours apply equally to all model years of a given truck class.

The above methodology also utilizes estimates for the fraction of miles traveled associated with different road types and speed categories, as shown in the equations above. The Truck Tool user must provide an estimate of the percent of total miles associated with highway/rural driving for each truck class. The user may also provide percentages for the miles spent driving in urban conditions (e.g., unrestricted access, surface roads in well-traveled urban areas), for different speed categories (0 – 25 / 25 – 50 / 50+ mph). This information may be obtained from analysis of truck ECM or possibly GPS data. If urban speed distribution data is not available, the user may select to use default distributions, obtained from the MOVES model. The default speed distributions for urban operation (as defined in Section 2.2 above) varies with vehicle class and model year. However, the variation over model years is very slight (typically with a range of 1 to 2 percent for the largest speed category), the percentages were averaged over all model years for a given speed category/vehicle type combination for use within the Truck Tool.

Table 4 presents the resulting default urban speed distributions by speed category for each truck class, for both diesel and gasoline vehicles. Note that the Truck Tool utilizes the diesel default speed distributions for LPG, LNG, and CNG.

Table 4. Default Speed Category Distributions by Vehicle Class for Urban Operation (MOVES2010a basis)³¹

Vehicle Class	Speed Group	Percent by Class*
<i>Diesels</i>		
HDDV2b	0 - 25	35%
	25 - 50	38%
	50+	13%
	Deceleration	15%
HDDV3	0 - 25	41%
	25 - 50	36%
	50+	12%
	Deceleration	11%
HDDV4	0 - 25	42%
	25 - 50	35%
	50+	12%
	Deceleration	11%
HDDV5	0 - 25	42%
	25 - 50	35%
	50+	12%
	Deceleration	11%
HDDV6	0 - 25	42%
	25 - 50	35%
	50+	12%
	Deceleration	10%
HDDV7	0 - 25	42%
	25 - 50	35%
	50+	12%
	Deceleration	10%
HDDV8a	0 - 25	44%
	25 - 50	35%
	50+	12%
	Deceleration	9%
HDDV8b	0 - 25	45%
	25 - 50	34%
	50+	12%
	Deceleration	8%
	25 - 50	31%
	50+	10%
	Deceleration	15%

Vehicle Class	Speed Group	Percent by Class*
<i>Gasoline</i>		
HDGV2b	0 - 25	43%
	25 - 50	31%
	50+	10%
	Deceleration	15%
HDGV3	0 - 25	45%
	25 - 50	34%
	50+	11%
	Deceleration	11%
HDGV4	0 - 25	45%
	25 - 50	34%
	50+	11%
	Deceleration	10%
HDGV5	0 - 25	46%
	25 - 50	33%
	50+	10%
	Deceleration	11%
HDGV6	0 - 25	46%
	25 - 50	33%
	50+	10%
	Deceleration	11%
HDGV7	0 - 25	45%
	25 - 50	32%
	50+	10%
	Deceleration	14%
HDGV8a	0 - 25	45%
	25 - 50	34%
	50+	11%
	Deceleration	10%
HDGV8b	0 - 25	43%
	25 - 50	31%
	50+	10%
	Deceleration	15%

* May not sum to 100 due to rounding error

³¹ These values represent the urban component of driving only. If the user specifies a non-zero percentage for Highway/Rural driving, the values in the above table are automatically renormalized, so as to make the sum across urban and highway operation modes equal to 100%.

As seen in the above table, the MOVES model assumes that some fraction of vehicle operation is associated with “deceleration” events, evaluated independently from other operation due to their unique emission rate patterns.³² However, it is assumed that most Truck Tool users will not know their fleet’s deceleration fraction. As such, the Truck Tool will adjust any values input by the user to include a deceleration fraction based on MOVES model percentages. If the user selects the default urban speed distributions, the Truck Tool will adjust the urban values from Table 4 to account for the percentage of miles specified for Highway/Rural operation as well. The following provides an illustrative example for calculating PM emissions for diesels given a specific set of road type/speed category distributions. NO_x and BC emission calculations follow the same procedure.

User specifies 1 Class 8b diesel, model year 2011, traveling 100,000 mi/yr.
User specifies the following Road type/speed category distributions:

40% highway/rural
30% 0-25 mph
20% 25-50 mph
10% 50+ mph

For highway/rural operation, the lookup value from MOVES is 0.0187 g/mi for PM_{2.5}
For urban operation, the lookup values are as follows (2016 calendar year basis):

0-25: 0.0272 g/mi
25-50: 0.0463 g/mi
50+: 0.0233 g/mi
deceleration: 0.0015 g/mi

Now the urban speed distribution percentage inputs must to account for deceleration, as follows:

0-25: 30% x sum of default percentages for the three speed bins (but excluding default deceleration fraction) = 30% x (45% + 34% + 12%) = 27.3%

25-50: 20% x sum of default percentages (45% + 34% + 12%) = 18.2%

50+: 10% x sum of default percentages (45% + 34% + 12%) = 9.1%

deceleration: remaining percentage, which equals 100% - 40% (highway) - 27.3% - 18.2% - 9.1% = 5.4%

Now apply these percentage weights to the total mileage, and then multiply by the corresponding emission factors to obtain mass, as follows:

Highway/rural component: 0.40 x 100,000 x 0.0187 = 748 grams

0-25 urban component: 0.273 x 100,000 x 0.0272 = 743 grams

25 - 50 urban component: 0.182 x 100,000 x 0.0463 = 843 grams

50+ urban component: 0.091 x 100,000 x 0.0233 = 212 grams

Deceleration urban component: 0.054 x 100,000 x 0.0015 = 81 grams

Therefore total = 2,627 grams of PM_{2.5} (This value will then be summed with any other model year/vehicle class combinations and converted to short tons.)

³² MOVES also assigns some fraction of emissions to idle operation. However, operating fractions and emission factors associated with idle in MOVES outputs are expressed in grams per mile rather than grams per hour. Thus, in order to utilize the grams per hour emission factors developed for use in the Truck Tool, MOVES outputs associated with idle operation were removed and the operating mode fractions for the four remaining categories were renormalized to equal 100%.

As discussed in Section 2.3, the Truck Tool assumes that B100-equivalent biodiesel volumes are distributed proportionately across all diesel vehicle classes. For example, if a fleet uses 100 B-100 equivalent gallons of biodiesel, and 1,000 gallons of fuel total, the Tool assumes that B10 ($100 / 1,000 = 10\%$) is the blend used by each truck class. Accordingly, emission rate adjustment factors are calculated for B10 using Equation 6, and applied to the diesel emission factors for each vehicle class.

Finally, note that the PM factors output by the MOVES model for use in the Truck Tool are expressed in terms of $PM_{2.5}$. The MOVES model assumes a fixed ratio of $PM_{10} / PM_{2.5}$ for a given fuel type, as summarized below:

-  Gasoline – 1.1304
-  Diesel – 1.087
-  CNG – 1.1304

These factors are applied directly to the $PM_{2.5}$ emission factors to obtain mass emission and performance metrics for PM_{10} within the Truck Tool. In addition, it was assumed that LNG and LPG have PM ratios equivalent to the CNG value. The ratio for biodiesel was assumed to equal that for diesel.

3.3 ACTIVITY CALCULATIONS

The Truck Tool requires users to provide specific activity information on fuel consumption, miles traveled, payload, road type/speed, and idle hours at the vehicle class level for the emissions performance assessment (see Section 4.0 below). While the user may provide direct data inputs for any or all of these activity parameters, the Truck Tool also allows the user to select default values for payload determination, in the absence of fleet-specific information. (Direct inputs for payload are highly preferred over the use of calculator defaults.) The data sources and assumptions used to develop these default values are discussed below.

Default Payload Distributions

Average payloads can vary widely among fleets, even within a given vehicle class, depending upon commodity type and body/trailer type. With the exception of LTL and Package carriers, exact data entries were used from the 2011 Truck Tool submissions to obtain payload distributions for the 2017 Tool.³³ This data was categorized by fuel type, truck class, body-type, and SmartWay ranking category. Body-type refers to the categories presented in the Truck Tool payload calculator (e.g., Step Van, Beverage, Combination Flatbed, etc.). Ranking category is based on the Fleet Description inputs (e.g., Truckload Dry Van, Dray, Mixed, etc.). 1,850 unique records were identified using this categorization of the 2011 Partner data.

³³ An evaluation of carrier payload data in 2016 found the vast majority of fleets selected from the tool's default ranges rather than providing exact values. Accordingly the available 2016 data was not robust enough to use as the basis for an update to the existing ranges provided in the tool.

This data was then reviewed and four outliers were identified and removed from the data set.³⁴ Next, the data was grouped by truck class and body type and examined for notable differences in payload values across ranking categories. However, with the exception of certain Class 8 trucks, no truck class/body-type/ranking category combination had greater than 20 observations. Therefore, it was concluded that there was not an adequately large data set available for establishing ranking-category specific payload distributions for Truck Classes 2b-7. In these cases, payload data were aggregated across all ranking categories for each truck class/body-type combination.

The larger population of Class 8 trucks in the 2011 data set allowed for a differentiation of payload distributions across ranking categories. Considering both available sample size and average payloads, the following unique truck class/body-type/SmartWay ranking category groupings were established.

-  Class 8a Dry Van Single body-types: differentiate LTL (9.9 tons average) and non-LTL (12.4 tons average) categories. No differentiation across categories for other body-types.
-  Class 8b Dry Van Single body-types: differentiate Heavy-bulk (24.1 tons), LTL/Moving/Package (15.0 tons), Tanker (24 tons), and all other categories (18.5 tons).
-  Class 8b Specialty body-types: differentiate Auto Carriers (16.2 tons), Heavy/Mixed (30.3 tons), Flatbed (21.6 tons), and all other categories (25.6 tons).
-  Class 8b Dry Van Double body-types: differentiate TL/Reefer/Mixed (27.7 tons) and all other categories (19.4 tons)
-  Class 8b Other body-types: differentiate Heavy/Flatbed/Mixed (27.4 tons) and all other categories (21.5 tons).

Based on this data, Table 5 presents the payload averages, standard deviations, minimum and maximum values by truck class/body-type/and-or ranking category.³⁵ Note that the average values and standard deviations presented below are not weighted by fleet size.

³⁴ Three Class 2bs were removed due to high payloads (16, 13, and 5 tons). A Class 8b truck was removed due to incongruous text explanation ("none used").

³⁵ Given the lack of data on non-diesel heavy-duty vehicles, payload ranges are assumed to apply to all fuel types.

Table 5. Average Payload and Standard Deviation (short tons) by Vehicle Class/Body-Type/Ranking Category (2011 Partner Data)

Body Type (Bin Category)	Avg Payload (tons)	Std Dev
Class 2b		
Flatbed	1.19	0.69
Step Van	1.14	0.48
Walk-In Van	1.05	0.48
Conventional Van	0.77	0.41
Other	0.58	0.49
Class 3		
Step Van	1.65	0.53
Walk-In Van	1.64	0.57
Conventional Van	1.50	0.83
Other	1.08	0.90
Class 4		
Flatbed	2.68	1.53
Step Van	2.24	1.19
Walk-In Van	1.70	0.80
Conventional Van	2.27	0.90
Other	1.16	0.76
Class 5		
Walk-In Van	1.99	1.08
Conventional Van	3.39	0.99
Other	2.91	1.19
Class 6		
Flatbed	4.67	1.71
Reefer	4.84	1.80
Walk-In Van	4.01	1.68
Single-Axle Van	3.78	1.19
Other	4.17	1.48
Class 7		
Beverage	6.10	2.22
Flatbed	7.05	0.85
Reefer	6.03	1.27
Tanker	7.45	0.92
Single-Axle Van	5.53	1.83
Other - straight truck	8.30	4.63
Combination Flatbed	5.22	0.41
Combination Reefer	3.58	1.01
Dry Van - Single	5.44	2.57
Other - combo	5.90	1.15
Class 8a		

Body Type (Bin Category)	Avg Payload (tons)	Std Dev
Flatbed	10.04	5.88
Tanker	12.12	5.43
Single-Axle Van	8.09	3.80
Other - straight truck	9.76	4.08
Beverage	12.30	4.40
Combination Flatbed	12.51	1.41
Dry Van - Single (other than LTL)	12.42	4.66
Other - combo	12.68	4.56
Class 8b		
Dry Van - Single (Heavy-Bulk)	24.1	2.98
Dry Van - Single (Tanker)	24.06	2.96
Dry Van - Single (other bins)	18.46	3.97
Dry Van - Double (Mixed-TL-Reefer)	27.74	13.33
Dry Van - Double (Other bins)	19.39	3.82
Dry Van - Triple	27.10	3.20
Combination Reefer	20.10	2.82
Combination Flatbed	22.50	4.23
Combination Tanker	24.90	2.89
Chassis	21.80	5.28
Specialty (Other bins)	25.62	2.72
Other (Other bins)	21.50	8.41
Specialty (Auto bin)*	18.20	5.29
Specialty (Heavy-bulk bin)*	29.20	7.15
Specialty (Moving bin)*	14.60	2.70
Specialty (Flatbed bin)	21.56	2.58
Other (Heavy-Flatbed-Mixed bins)	27.41	6.36

* calculated using 2014 calendar year data, for new body type additions to the payload calculator.

The values above serve as the basis for the default payload ranges provided in the Truck Tool payload calculator. For most vehicle class/body-type/ranking category combinations,³⁶ seven default ranges are offered for Partner selection:

-  Range 1: from 0 tons to (Average payload – 2 x standard deviation);
-  Range 2: from (Average payload – 2 x standard deviation) to (Average payload – 1 x standard deviation);
-  Ranges 3-5: evenly split in three sections, from (Average payload – 1 x standard deviation) to (Average payload + 1 x standard deviation);

³⁶ In a few instances, the calculated lower bound value for Range 2 was less than zero. In these cases the lower bound value for Range 2 was set to zero and the Payload Calculator indicates Range 1 as "N/A".

- 🌿 Range 6: from (Average payload + 1 x standard deviation) to (Average payload + 2 x standard deviation); and,
- 🌿 Range 7: from (Average payload + 2 x standard deviation) to (Average payload + 3 x standard deviation).

Once a particular range is selected, the payload calculator determines the midpoint of the range in order to estimate class level average payloads. The midpoint payload values for each body type are weighted by one of the four allocation methods specified by the user in the payload calculator: # miles, # trips, % operation, and # vehicles by body type. The weighted sum is then used as the class level average payload, which in turn is used directly in determining grams per ton-mile performance metrics for the fleet.

Payload data based on bills of lading and entered directly into the payload calculator are validated using the same data described above (see Section 3.4).

LTL and Package Fleet Payloads

For most payload validations in the Tool, ranges are calculated by class and by body type as described above. LTL and package delivery payload validation ranges were updated using data from the 2015 tools, and are calculated on a simple truck class basis, as there was not enough LTL and Package Delivery Partner information to break payload out by body type. Therefore, each body type in a class is validated using the same range, as shown in Table 6 below.

Table 6. Payload Validation Ranges (Short Tons) for LTL and Package Delivery Fleets

Truck Class	Avg Payload	# Obs	Standard Dev	R1 Min	R2 Min	R3 Min	R4 Min	R5 Min	R6 Min	R7 Min
2B	0.93	86	0.172	>0	0.30	0.761	0.875	0.990	1.104	1.190
3	1.52	61	0.269	>0	1.10	1.250	1.430	1.609	1.789	1.924
4	2.04	33	0.379	>0	1.50	1.666	1.918	2.171	2.423	2.613
5	2.62	21	0.475	>0	1.60	2.146	2.462	2.779	3.095	3.333
6	3.45	102	0.561	>0	2.70	2.892	3.266	3.640	4.015	4.296
7	5.31	84	0.754	>0	4.00	4.560	5.063	5.566	6.069	6.446
8A	9.64	67	2.357	>0	6.50	7.287	8.859	10.431	12.002	13.181
8B	15.28	144	2.903	>0	10.70	12.381	14.316	16.252	18.187	19.639

The lower payload ranges (for "R1" and "R2") were set so as to identify less than 20% of the observed LTL/package fleets during validation. The middle R3-R5 ranges extend from one standard deviation less than the average payload to one standard deviation greater than the average. The upper payload values for "R6" range from the payload average plus one standard deviation to the average plus 1.5 standard deviations.

The range for "R7" extends above the "R6" maximum value. The maximum R7 range values are taken directly from the original R7 maximum values described above by class and by body type.³⁷

3.4 DATA VALIDATION

The SmartWay Truck Tool has a number of standard logical, range and value checks that must be passed before Partners can submit their data to EPA. Many of these checks simply confirm the presence of required data (e.g., total miles for each truck class selected), or the accuracy of logical relationships (e.g., revenue miles <= total miles). The list of these basic checks is provided below. Partners will not be able to finalize their fleet files until all associated errors have been resolved. Also note that there is an implicit validation check on all numeric fields because the system will not accept any non-numeric characters (including minus signs) within these fields.

Table 7. Basic Range and Logical Checks

Contact Information	User must enter at least two distinct contacts
Fleet Description	User must include a Partner Name.
Fleet Description	If entered, SCACs must be between 2 and 4 characters in length, and at least one character must be a letter. Multiple SCACs must be separated by commas.
Fleet Description	If entered, MCNs must be between 6 and 7 digits.
Fleet Description	If entered, DOT numbers must be 7 digits or less.
Fleet Description	User must select a Fleet Type.
Fleet Description	User must indicate operational control over at least 95% of the fleet. (If Partner does not have at least 95% operational control, Truck Tool may not be used for the fleet.)
Fleet Description	The Operation Category totals must add up to 100%.
Fleet Description	The Body Type totals must add up to 100%.
Fleet Description	If a value for the Special Hauler body type is entered, a description must be provided.
Fleet Description	Warnings are issued for any of the following Operation Type/Body Type combinations. NOTE: This validation will only be invoked if there is a single selection made for either Operation or Body Type - otherwise combinations can't be determined with certainty. LTL/Chassis; LTL/Moving; LTL/Heavy; LTL/Specialized; Dray/Flatbed; Dray/Moving; Dray/Utility; Package/Flatbed; Package/Chassis; Package/Heavy; Package/Auto; Package/Moving; Package/Utility; Package/Specialized.
General Information	User must designate the operations split between U.S. and Canadian operations.
General Information	User must select at least one fuel type.
General Information	User must indicate what percent of the company's total freight volume they broker-out. If no freight volume is brokered-out, a zero can be entered.
Activity Information	All fields are required, so no field can be left blank. (If appropriate, a zero can be placed in certain fields.)

³⁷ For two body types under Class 7 trucks (Combination Flatbed and Combination Reefer), the original Range 7 max value is less than the new Range 6 max value. (R7 max is 6.45 and 6.61 respectively, while the new R6 max value for all class 7 body types is 6.914). Therefore, for just these two body types within Class 7, instead of using the original Range 7 max, we use the Range 7 max that would be calculated from the new table values. This is calculated as Avg + 2.5 x standard deviation, based on the table above (7.896 in this case). (Note it is Avg + 2.5 x standard deviation instead of Avg + 3 x standard deviation because of the 1.5 sigma rule for Range 6. Therefore the Range 7 max value is simply 1 standard deviation larger than the Range 6 max.)

Contact Information	User must enter at least two distinct contacts
Activity Information	For all numeric fields except Empty Miles, Biofuel gallons, and Idle Hours, the value must be greater than zero. (An explanation must be provided for zero Empty Miles and idle hours).
Activity Information	For mileage and gallons fields, enter exact rather than rounded values. (warning)
Activity Information	For Revenue Miles, the amount cannot exceed the number of Total Miles Driven.
Activity Information	Revenue Miles that are significantly outside the expected range for percent of total miles for the given truck class (based on a lookup table) must be explained.
Activity Information	For Empty Miles, the amount must be less than the number of Total Miles.
Activity Information	Empty Miles that are significantly outside the expected range for the given truck class (based on a lookup table) must be explained.
Activity Information	Distance per truck that is significantly outside the expected range for the given truck class (based on a lookup table) must be explained.
Activity Information	On the Biofuel Blend Worksheet, the total gallons of biofuel cannot exceed the amount entered for Total Fuel on the Activity Information screen.
Activity Information	For Idle Hours, the value cannot exceed 8,760.
Activity Information	For Idle Hours, values significantly outside the expected range for daily short duration idle hours, daily long duration idle hours, and average number of days on the road must be explained.
Activity Information	MPG must be greater than zero.
Activity Information	MPG that is significantly outside the expected range for the given truck class (based on a lookup table) must be explained.
Activity Information	Reefer fuel inputs for each fuel type must be less than the total vehicle fuel volume input.
Activity Information	Reefer fuel as a percent of total fuel that is significantly outside the expected range for a given fleet (based on lookup table) must be explained.
Model Year & Class	Total truck count for each fleet cannot be zero.
Model Year & Class	Total truck counts for each selected truck class (those with a check mark) cannot be zero.
PM Reduction	The number of trucks using any particular PM reduction strategy cannot be greater than the number of trucks for the given class and model year.
PM Reduction	The sum of the trucks using either DOC or Particulate Matter Traps cannot be greater than the number of trucks for the given class and model year.
PM Reduction	If user indicates that the company uses PM reduction equipment, there must be at least one truck included on the PM Reduction sub-tab.
Payload Calculator	User must provide a preferred allocation method for the information entered.
Payload Calculator	The sum of the total miles or total trucks entered in the calculator must equal the number entered on the Activity Information screen.
Payload Calculator	The calculated average cannot be equal to zero.
Payload Calculator	For percentages, the total must equal 100%.
Payload Calculator	For each body type for which some information has been entered, all of the visible field must be completed (including the explanation field if shown).
Payload Calculator	Zero is not a valid value for any payload.
Payload Calculator	Values that are significantly outside the expected range for the given body type and class must be explained.

Contact Information	User must enter at least two distinct contacts
Payload Calculator	Ensure consistency between body-type selections in the Fleet Description section with those from the Payload Calculator. For example, if 100% is specified for Dry Van under Fleet Description, only Dry Vans (single, double, triple) may be selected within the calculator. See Table 9.
Payload Calculator	If "# of Vehicles in this class" is selected, the number of body-types selected cannot exceed the number of vehicles specified.
Data Sources	Data sources for Total Miles Driven, Gallons of Fuel Used, Average Payload, and Other Data must be specified.

As noted in Table 7, a warning is issued if an inconsistency is identified between body-types specified within the Fleet Description Section and those within the Payload Calculator. Warning conditions (associated with 100% body-type entries under Fleet Description) are presented in Table 8 below. Warnings are also issued if a body type is specified in the Fleet Description section that does not appear in the payload calculator.

Table 8. Consistent Body-Types Resulting in No Warning Messages

Acceptable selections								
Body Type (100%)	2b	3	4	5	6	7	8a	8b
Dry Van	all except flatbed	all	all except flatbed	all	walk-in, single axle van	beverage, single axle van, dry van single	single axle van, beverage, dry van single	dry van (single, double, triple)
Refrigerated	other	other	other	other	reefer, other	reefer, beverage, combination reefer, other	beverage, other	combination reefer, dry van double, dry van triple
Flatbed	flatbed	other	flatbed	other	flatbed	flatbed, combination flatbed	flatbed, combination flatbed	combination flatbed
Tanker	other	other	other	other	other	tanker	Tanker	combination tanker
Chassis	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	other	Other	chassis
Heavy-Bulk	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	other	Other	heavy-bulk
Auto Carrier	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	other	Other	auto carrier
Moving	all except flatbed	all	all except flatbed	all	all except reefer, flatbed	single axle van, dry van-single, other	single axle van, dry van-single, other	moving, dry van single, dry van double, dry van triple, other
Specialty Hauler	other	other	other	other	other	other	Other	Specialty, other
Utility	all	all	all	all	all except reefer	single axle van, combination flatbed, other	single axle van, combination flatbed, other	dry van single, combination flatbed, other

Additional, rigorous validation checks of key data inputs are also needed to ensure the overall quality of the performance metrics calculated by the Truck Tool. Validation checks serve three purposes to this end. First, unusually high or low values can be identified and flagged for the user's attention before finalizing inputs. For example, a user may misplace a decimal, inadvertently add an extra zero, or utilize the wrong units (e.g. reporting pounds instead of tons for payload) upon data entry. By comparing these data entries to reliable industry averages and distributions, these values can be flagged allowing users to quickly correct such errors.

Second, under certain circumstances Partners may operate their fleets under atypical conditions, resulting in extreme (outlier) data values. For example, permitted heavy-haul operations may routinely exceed industry-average payload values by 10 or more tons. By flagging such data entries Partners have the opportunity to provide additional information regarding their unique operating conditions through use of the Truck Tool comment fields.

Finally, independent criteria can be established to ensure that data inputs are never allowed to exceed certain physically-constrained absolute limits. For example, a truck cannot exceed roughly 500,000 miles per year, even with dual drivers and minimal maintenance time, simply due to the available hours per year and highway speed limits. Data values above these absolute maximum levels are not allowed by the Truck Tool, and users are required to modify the associated inputs before proceeding.

The following presents the updates to the Truck Tool validation ranges for all parameters but payload, which is discussed above. Validation ranges are of three types:

-  "Yellow" values indicating that the input or derived performance value is notably lower/higher than the expected value. Partners may enter an explanation backing up such entries, but this is not mandatory.
-  "Red" values indicating that the input or derived performance value differs greatly from the expected value. In this case the partner must enter text explaining why this value is accurate. Once entered, the value will change from "Red" to "Yellow" on the data entry screen.
-  "Absolute errors" exceed values deemed physically possible and must be changed in order to be accepted by the tool.

Reefer Fuel Validation

507 diesel fleets designated as "Reefer" for the 2013 calendar year were evaluated to determine the distribution of the fraction of reefer fuel consumption to total fuel consumption. Ten of these observations were dropped from the analysis data set, having either 0 gallons of reefer fuel entered, or reefer fuel consumption was greater than total consumption.³⁸ As shown in Figure 4 below, the distribution for the remaining reefer fleets was highly skewed toward low fractions (reefer consumption / total consumption). For this reason, EPA simply used 5% increments for the Range 1 and 2 validation values, but used the average

³⁸ Additional validation rules have been implemented since 2013, so such data entries are no longer possible.

plus 1 to 2 standard deviations for Range 4, and > 2 standard deviations for Range 5. The resulting values are shown in Table 9 below.

Figure 4. Number of Observations vs Fraction of Fuel Used by Reefers

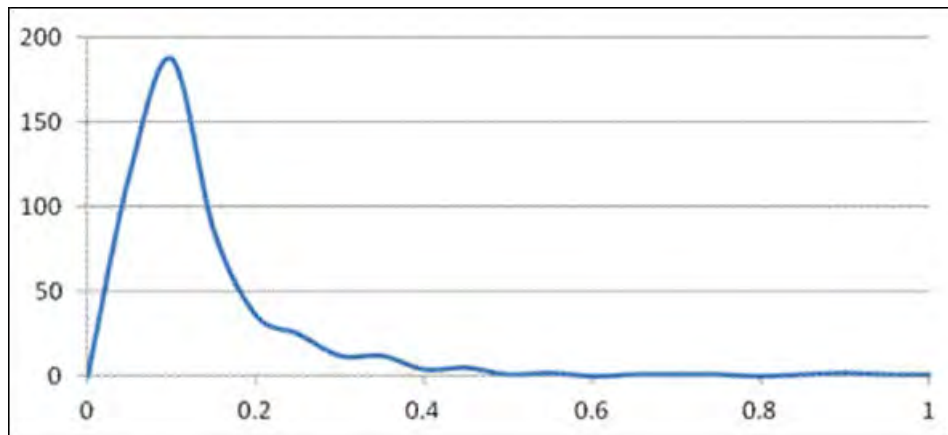


Table 9. Reefer Fuel Consumption Validation Ranges

	Min	Max	% of Obs	Comments
Range 1[^]	>0	0.18%	4.8%	Set to include ~5% of obs
Range 2	0.18%	1.45%	5.2%	Set to include ~5% of obs
Range 3	1.45%	24.25%	81.1%	Max value set at average + 1 sigma
Range 4	24.25%	36.90%	4.8%	between 1 and 2 sigma from average
Range 5[*]	36.90%	<100%	4.0%	2+ sigma from avg

[^] Note - reefer fuel consumption cannot = 0 - absolute error

^{*} Note - reefer fuel consumption cannot = 100% - absolute error

Basis - all diesel reefer fleets, 2013 reporting year

The percentages shown above are multiplied by the total fuel value entered on the Activity screen to determine the Reefer fuel validation ranges for a given fleet. If the percentage designated as "Reefer" in the Body Types section of the Truck Tool is less than 100%, then the fuel validation ranges are scaled downward by the reported percentage.

Data Processing

Except as noted above, the validation range recommendations are based upon a distributional analysis performed on the 2015 Truck Partner input and performance data.³⁹ Fleet level data was input into SAS and grouped by truck class and bin category. If a particular combination had less than 20 fleets, it was aggregated to the next "higher" level until at least 20 fleets were included. This process resulted in 29

³⁹ Miles per gallon distributions were recently updated based on 2018 partner data to reflect recent changes in fleet fuel efficiency.

groupings, as shown in Table 10. Note these groupings are mutually exclusive – e.g. “Class 6_Mixed” (Group 6) includes all Class 6 vehicles with the exception of TL/Dry Van, LTL/Dry Van, and Package (Groups 8, 10, and 11).

Table 10. Truck Fleet Groupings Used for Distributional Analysis

Group #	Name	# Fleets
1	2B_Expedited	35
2	2B_Mixed	96
3	2B_Package	34
4	2B_TL/Dry Van	42
5	3_Mixed	85
6	4_Mixed	71
7	5_Mixed	59
8	6_LTL/Dry Van	55
9	6_Mixed	124
10	6_Package	25
11	6_TL/Dry Van	51
12	7_LTL/Dry Van	61
13	7_Mixed	144
14	7_TL/Dry Van	44
15	8A_LTL/Dry Van	54
16	8A_Mixed	106
17	8A_Refrigerated	21
18	8A_TL/Dry Van	61
19	8B_AutoCarrier	36
20	8B_Dray	109
21	8B_Expedited	26
22	8B_Flatbed	159
23	8B_Heavy/Bulk	22
24	8B_LTL/Dry Van	106
25	8B_Mixed	470
26	8B_Refrigerated	574
27	8B_Specialized	60
28	8B_TL/Dry Van	912
29	8B_Tanker	84

A distributional assessment was then performed for each of the above groupings for the following parameters.

-  Miles per vehicle
-  Miles per gallon
-  Revenue Miles (as a percent of total miles)
-  Empty Miles (as a percent of total miles)

The following parameters were not updated based on 2015 data due to one of two reasons: (1) the data set for 2015 was too thin, or (2) the majority of the data relied on default values.

-  Percent Biofuel
-  Percent Miles Traveled, Urban
-  Percent Miles Traveled, Highway
-  Average Idle Hours per Year

ERG then identified suspected outliers and erroneous data entry values for each parameter/group combination, based on the criteria presented in Table 11.

Table 11. Outlier Definition

Metric	Unreasonably Low	Unreasonably High
Miles per Vehicle	Mean – 3*Std dev	Mean + 3*std dev
MPG	0	Mean + 3*std dev
Percent Revenue Miles	<40	100
Percent Empty Miles	0	>60
Percent Biofuel	0	>20
Percent Urban Operation	0	100
Percent Highway Operation	0	100
Average Idle Hours	0	Mean + 3*std dev

Using these criteria ERG identified 132 values, which were subsequently dropped from the data set in order to develop “yellow” and “red” validation ranges for generalized distributions. The dropped values are shown below in Table 12.

Table 12. Values Flagged as Outliers

Parameter	Class/Category	Value	Mean
gallons per year	2B_Expedited	412,514	53,503
gallons per year	2B_Mixed	1,118,423	97,172
gallons per year	2B_Mixed	2,575,025	97,172
gallons per year	2B_Mixed	1,155,575	97,172

Parameter	Class/Category	Value	Mean
gallons per year	2B_Package	16,598,790	1,573,156
gallons per year	2B_Package	18,812,438	1,573,156
gallons per year	2B_TL/Dry Van	9,561,432	297,320
gallons per year	3_Mixed	7,488,083	566,721
gallons per year	3_Mixed	6,000,532	566,721
gallons per year	3_Mixed	10,025,500	566,721
gallons per year	3_Mixed	6,895,410	566,721
gallons per year	4_Mixed	32,131,244	1,287,415
gallons per year	4_Mixed	23,340,749	1,287,415
gallons per year	5_Mixed	5,886,948	526,173
gallons per year	5_Mixed	8,195,008	526,173
gallons per year	5_Mixed	5,391,967	526,173
gallons per year	6_LTL/Dry Van	3,981,088	229,194
gallons per year	6_LTL/Dry Van	2,229,735	229,194
gallons per year	6_Mixed	971,878	64,977
gallons per year	6_Mixed	434,514	64,977
gallons per year	6_Mixed	655,144	64,977
gallons per year	6_Package	42,086,822	5,063,945
gallons per year	6_TL/Dry Van	4,063,283	202,354
gallons per year	7_LTL/Dry Van	2,027,074	251,393
gallons per year	7_LTL/Dry Van	2,991,399	251,393
gallons per year	7_LTL/Dry Van	2,241,644	251,393
gallons per year	7_Mixed	6,172,258	273,971
gallons per year	7_Mixed	3,374,633	273,971
gallons per year	7_Mixed	5,989,442	273,971
gallons per year	7_Mixed	3,559,828	273,971
gallons per year	7_TL/Dry Van	4,950,320	262,592
gallons per year	8A_LTL/Dry Van	36,116,464	3,648,512
gallons per year	8A_LTL/Dry Van	53,625,048	3,648,512
gallons per year	8A_Mixed	57,351,694	986,765
gallons per year	8A_Refrigerated	5,643,067	443,374
gallons per year	8A_TL/Dry Van	70,846,629	2,760,796
gallons per year	8B_AutoCarrier	25,533,283	3,748,093
gallons per year	8B_Dray	14,150,069	1,604,817
gallons per year	8B_Dray	34,766,125	1,604,817

Parameter	Class/Category	Value	Mean
gallons per year	8B_Dray	13,354,331	1,604,817
gallons per year	8B_Expedited	1,424,076	218,990
gallons per year	8B_Flatbed	36,752,966	2,361,101
gallons per year	8B_Flatbed	34,640,701	2,361,101
gallons per year	8B_Flatbed	17,704,415	2,361,101
gallons per year	8B_Flatbed	17,023,256	2,361,101
gallons per year	8B_Heavy/Bulk	9,404,277	1,037,619
gallons per year	8B_LTL/Dry Van	92,200,872	7,616,076
gallons per year	8B_LTL/Dry Van	124,000,000	7,616,076
gallons per year	8B_LTL/Dry Van	89,849,912	7,616,076
gallons per year	8B_Mixed	66,558,332	2,535,432
gallons per year	8B_Mixed	37,456,768	2,535,432
gallons per year	8B_Mixed	59,418,064	2,535,432
gallons per year	8B_Mixed	48,225,936	2,535,432
gallons per year	8B_Mixed	180,000,000	2,535,432
gallons per year	8B_Mixed	119,000,000	2,535,432
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	33,225,674	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	42,919,799	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	28,773,217	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	37,152,519	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	20,502,480	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	53,869,408	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	18,295,369	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	18,899,380	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	31,452,760	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Refrigerated	67,708,438	1,941,435
gallons per year	8B_Specialized	109,000,000	3,815,822
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	39,566,042	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	86,776,622	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	41,147,713	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	40,502,655	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	102,000,000	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	47,825,507	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	131,000,000	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	55,482,608	3,015,269

Parameter	Class/Category	Value	Mean
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	72,226,731	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	182,000,000	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	61,329,730	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_TL/Dry Van	99,023,569	3,015,269
gallons per year	8B_Tanker	63,833,642	2,691,859
annual miles/vehicle	2B_Mixed	116,299	28,854
annual miles/vehicle	3_Mixed	85,788	22,873
annual miles/vehicle	3_Mixed	81,697	22,873
annual miles/vehicle	4_Mixed	87,149	23,285
annual miles/vehicle	5_Mixed	93,600	18,865
annual miles/vehicle	5_Mixed	77,510	18,865
annual miles/vehicle	6_Mixed	343,740	34,199
annual miles/vehicle	6_Package	103,854	24,362
annual miles/vehicle	6_TL/Dry Van	116,000	36,656
annual miles/vehicle	7_Mixed	135,356	35,442
annual miles/vehicle	7_Mixed	117,865	35,442
annual miles/vehicle	7_TL/Dry Van	166,021	37,351
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Flatbed	5,000	78,258
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Flatbed	7,500	78,258
annual miles/vehicle	8B_LTL/Dry Van	271,366	69,987
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Mixed	203,275	74,314
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Mixed	175,555	74,314
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Refrigerated	215,350	101,711
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Refrigerated	211,217	101,711
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Refrigerated	248,360	101,711
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Refrigerated	221,995	101,711
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Refrigerated	225,974	101,711
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Refrigerated	262,511	101,711
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Refrigerated	208,809	101,711
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Specialized	189,507	73,838
annual miles/vehicle	8B_TL/Dry Van	195,768	90,012
annual miles/vehicle	8B_TL/Dry Van	193,195	90,012
annual miles/vehicle	8B_TL/Dry Van	189,257	90,012
annual miles/vehicle	8B_TL/Dry Van	250,391	90,012
annual miles/vehicle	8B_TL/Dry Van	194,704	90,012

Parameter	Class/Category	Value	Mean
annual miles/vehicle	8B_TL/Dry Van	191,012	90,012
annual miles/vehicle	8B_TL/Dry Van	215,143	90,012
annual miles/vehicle	8B_Tanker	148,721	79,629
% Empty Miles	3_Mixed	90.19	13.39
% Empty Miles	8B_Specialized	99.38	30.34
% Empty Miles	2B_Mixed	0.02	82.54
% Empty Miles	8B_TL/Dry Van	35.17	87.37

Once values were defined as outliers and excluded from the data set, the mean and standard deviation of the distribution for each truck fleet grouping were then re-calculated for each metric. Each fleet was treated equally in the distributional assessment, independent of the number of vehicles in the fleet. Histograms presenting the distributions for each truck fleet grouping/metric combination are available electronically from SmartWay.

For groupings with large numbers of fleets (e.g., Class 8b diesel TL/Dry Van, Refrigerated, and Mixed), the data for miles per vehicle and miles per gallon appear normally distributed. Examples for Class 8b TL/Dry Van Diesel fleets are shown in Figures 5 and 6.

Figure 5. Annual Miles per Vehicle Distribution, Class 8b TL/Dry Van Diesel Fleets

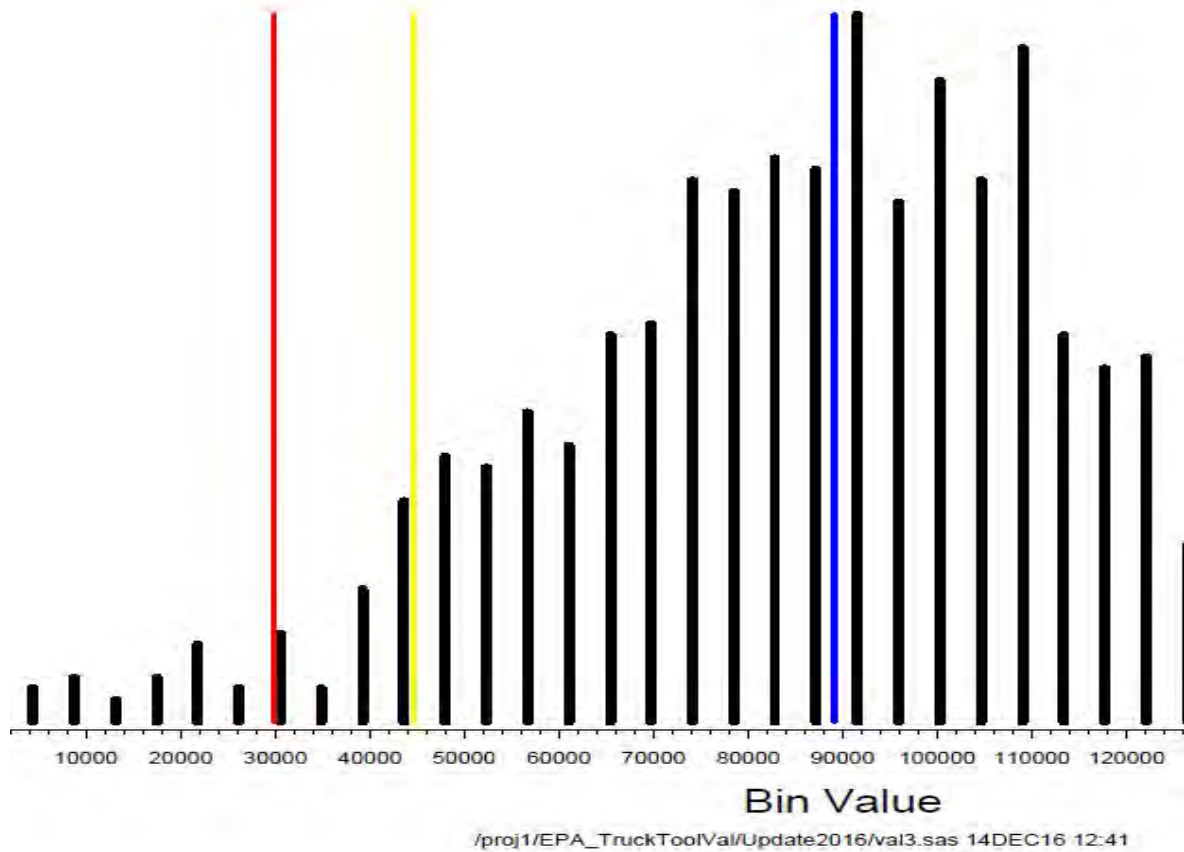
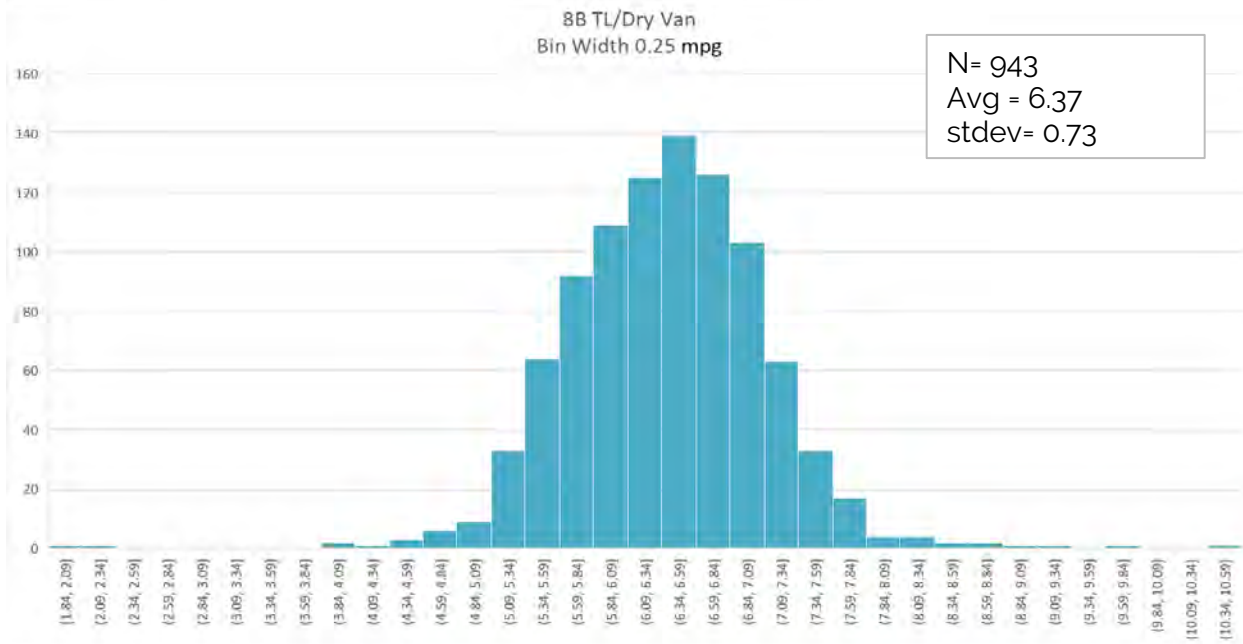


Figure 6. Miles per Gallon Distribution, Class 8b TL/Dry Van Diesel Fleets



Other fleet group/metric combinations displayed sharp drop offs at certain discrete levels. For example, % Revenue Miles were seldom less than 50% of total miles, and conversely, % Empty Miles were seldom greater than 50% of total miles. % Biofuel also displayed a discrete maximum value with no fleets using blends higher than 20% biodiesel.⁴⁰

Based on this preliminary assessment, red and yellow flag areas were defined for each fleet group/metric combination as shown in Table 13.

Table 13. "Red" and "Yellow" Flag Criteria

Class Category	Count	Variable	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red
2B_Expeditied	35	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
2B_Mixed	96	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
2B_Package	34	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
2B_TL/Dry Van	42	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
3_Mixed	85	Miles Per Vehicle	NONE	5,000	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
4_Mixed	71	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
5_Mixed	59	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
6_LTL/Dry Van	55	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
6_Mixed	124	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%

⁴⁰ As such, a yellow warning is issued for any biodiesel blend > 20%, with no red warning.

Class Category	Count	Variable	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red
6_Package	25	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
6_TL/Dry Van	51	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
7_LTL/Dry Van	61	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
7_Mixed	144	Miles Per Vehicle	NONE	5.000	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
7_TL/Dry Van	44	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8A_LTL/Dry Van	54	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8A_Mixed	106	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8A_Refrigerated	21	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8A_TL/Dry Van	61	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_AutoCarrier	36	Miles Per Vehicle	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Dray	109	Miles Per Vehicle	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Expeditied	26	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Flatbed	159	Miles Per Vehicle	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	Miles Per Vehicle	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Mixed	470	Miles Per Vehicle	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Refrigerated	574	Miles Per Vehicle	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Specialized	60	Miles Per Vehicle	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	Miles Per Vehicle	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Tanker	84	Miles Per Vehicle	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
2B	35	Miles Per Gallon	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
3	85	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
4	71	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
5	59	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
6	55	Miles Per Gallon	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
7	61	Miles Per Gallon	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8A	61	Miles Per Gallon	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_AutoCarrier	36	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
8B_Dray	109	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
8B_Expeditied	26	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
8B_Flatbed	159	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	Miles Per Gallon	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Mixed/Moving	470	Miles Per Gallon	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Refrigerated	574	Miles Per Gallon	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Specialized	60	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%

Class Category	Count	Variable	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	Miles Per Gallon	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Tanker	84	Miles Per Gallon	5.0%	10.0%	90.0%	95.0%
2B_Expedited	35	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
2B_Mixed	96	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
2B_Package	34	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
2B_TL/Dry Van	42	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
3_Mixed	85	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
4_Mixed	71	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
5_Mixed	59	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
6_LTL/Dry Van	55	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
6_Mixed	124	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
6_Package	25	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
6_TL/Dry Van	51	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
7_LTL/Dry Van	61	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
7_Mixed	144	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
7_TL/Dry Van	44	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8A_LTL/Dry Van	54	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8A_Mixed	106	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8A_Refrigerated	21	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8A_TL/Dry Van	61	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8B_AutoCarrier	36	Percent Revenue Miles	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	NONE	NONE
8B_Dray	109	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8B_Expedited	26	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8B_Flatbed	159	Percent Revenue Miles	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	NONE	NONE
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	Percent Revenue Miles	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	NONE	NONE
8B_Mixed	470	Percent Revenue Miles	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	NONE	NONE
8B_Refrigerated	574	Percent Revenue Miles	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	NONE	NONE
8B_Specialized	60	Percent Revenue Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	NONE
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	Percent Revenue Miles	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	NONE	NONE
8B_Tanker	84	Percent Revenue Miles	Mean – 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
2B_Expedited	35	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%
2B_Mixed	96	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
2B_Package	34	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
2B_TL/Dry Van	42	Percent Empty Miles	5.0%	15.0%	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
3_Mixed	85	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%

Class Category	Count	Variable	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red
4_Mixed	71	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%
5_Mixed	59	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%
6_LTL/Dry Van	55	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
6_Mixed	124	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
6_Package	25	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%
6_TL/Dry Van	51	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%
7_LTL/Dry Van	61	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%
7_Mixed	144	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%
7_TL/Dry Van	44	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8A_LTL/Dry Van	54	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8A_Mixed	106	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	85.0%	95.0%
8A_Refrigerated	21	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8A_TL/Dry Van	61	Percent Empty Miles	Mean - 2StD	Mean-1.5StD	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_AutoCarrier	36	Percent Empty Miles	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Dray	109	Percent Empty Miles	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Expedited	26	Percent Empty Miles	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Flatbed	159	Percent Empty Miles	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Mixed	470	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Refrigerated	574	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Specialized	60	Percent Empty Miles	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	Percent Empty Miles	NONE	NONE	Mean+1.5StD	Mean+2StD
8B_Tanker	84	Percent Empty Miles	5.0%	15.0%	NONE	50.0%
2B_Expedited	35	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
2B_Mixed	96	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
2B_Package	34	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
2B_TL/Dry Van	42	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
3_Mixed	85	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
4_Mixed	71	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
5_Mixed	59	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
6_LTL/Dry Van	55	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
6_Mixed	124	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
6_Package	25	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
6_TL/Dry Van	51	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
7_LTL/Dry Van	61	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%

Class Category	Count	Variable	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red
7_Mixed	144	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
7_TL/Dry Van	44	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8A_LTL/Dry Van	54	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8A_Mixed	106	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8A_Refrigerated	21	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8A_TL/Dry Van	61	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_AutoCarrier	36	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Dray	109	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Expeditied	26	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Flatbed	159	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Mixed	470	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Refrigerated	574	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Specialized	60	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%
8B_Tanker	84	Percent Biofuel	5.0%	15.0%	85.0%	95.0%

For distributions that appeared to have a relatively normal distribution on the low and/or high end, yellow flag criteria were set at ± 1.5 times the standard deviation (StD), and the red flag criteria at ± 2.0 times the standard deviation of the distribution for each truck fleet grouping. In most cases these criteria result in roughly 10-20% of the values for these metrics being flagged as either red or yellow for partner attention. For several variables with a clearly skewed distribution yellow cutoffs were set to include approximately 15% of observations, and red cutoffs were selected to include approximately 5% of observations. Selecting cutoffs at these levels of stringency is intended to identify likely input errors without unduly burdening the large majority of Truck Tool users with unnecessary data checks and text explanations.

Finally, certain distributions showed common values up to and including the absolute min/max values. For example, a substantial number of truck carriers reported revenue miles equal to 100% of total miles. In these instances no yellow/red flags are assigned for that variable.

Tables 14-18 present the actual yellow and red flag values for each fleet group/metric combination, given the decision criteria presented in Table 13. Tables 19-22 present the number of observations that would be flagged with yellow and red warnings for these combinations. The complete set of histograms associated with the distributional analysis of the 2016 data is available upon request from SmartWay.

**Table 14. Yellow/Red Criteria by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
Annual Miles per Vehicle**

Class Category	Absolute Min	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red	Absolute Max
2B-Expedited	>0	9,698	16,183	63,029	90,800	500,000
2B-Mixed	>0	2,046	7,741	53,432	71,391	500,000
2B-PD	>0	5,247	11,565	47,936	65,500	500,000
2B-TL/Dry van	>0	6,799	18,007	52,984	58,368	500,000
3-Mixed	>0	0	5,000	45,712	53,814	500,000
4-Mixed	>0	1,402	6,556	40,071	51,362	500,000
5-Mixed	>0	306	3,470	40,000	49,485	500,000
6-LTL/Dry van	>0	9,631	11,696	49,080	60,950	500,000
6-Mixed	>0	2,036	10,931	51,916	67,014	500,000
6-Moving	>0	3,000	8,000	68,107	79,506	500,000
6-PD	>0	5,921	9,073	65,000	72,065	500,000
6-TL/Dry van	>0	8,632	14,133	56,713	68,836	500,000
7-LTL/Dry van	>0	12,488	15,654	54,122	72,666	500,000
7-Mixed	>0	0	5,000	67,560	78,694	500,000
7-TL/Dry van	>0	2,326	10,312	57,249	79,650	500,000
8A-LTL/.Dry van	>0	10,558	15,625	68,215	88,352	500,000
8A-Mixed	>0	6,271	13,039	85,890	102,000	500,000
8A-Reefer	>0	15,505	26,162	70,000	79,308	500,000
8A-TL/Dry van	>0	10,069	13,877	97,567	128,406	500,000
8B-Auto	>0	43,112	51,769	103,710	112,367	500,000
8B-Dray	>0	6,985	18,413	86,984	98,413	500,000
8B-Expedited	>0	23,226	27,112	92,857	140,232	500,000
8B-Flatbed	>0	36,935	47,495	110,856	121,416	500,000
8B-Heavy	>0	44,171	48,663	101,118	108,168	500,000
8B-LTL/Dry van	>0	13,983	27,504	108,634	122,156	500,000
8B-Mixed	>0	12,029	27,477	120,168	135,616	500,000
8B-Reefer	>0	36,939	52,743	147,566	163,370	500,000
8B-Special	>0	20,765	39,854	105,338	117,433	500,000
8B-TL/Dry van	>0	29,853	44,672	133,586	148,405	500,000
8B-Tanker	>0	36,503	47,076	110,517	121,090	500,000

**Table 15. Yellow/Red Criteria by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
Miles per Gallon⁴¹**

Class Category	Absolute Min	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red	Absolute Max
2B	>0	5.08	7.15	19.62	21.70	37.5
3	>0	3.85	5.28	13.82	15.24	28.5
4	>0	5.14	6.19	12.48	13.53	24.4
5	>0	3.22	4.64	13.14	14.55	21.4
6	>0	5.13	5.91	10.54	11.31	16.8
7	>0	4.64	5.44	10.20	11.00	15.8
8A	>0	4.12	4.72	8.35	8.95	12.2
8B-Auto	>0	4.56	4.61	5.30	5.39	9.3
8B-Dray	>0	5.11	5.15	6.55	6.75	10.5
8B-Expedited	>0	5.48	5.75	7.48	7.96	10.2
8B-Flatbed	>0	4.39	4.74	6.85	7.20	10.8
8B-Heavy	>0	3.71	3.94	5.69	5.94	9.9
8B-LTL/Dry van	>0	5.29	5.59	7.38	7.68	11.8
8B-Mixed	>0	4.67	5.03	7.19	7.55	11.8
8B-Reefer	>0	4.73	5.07	7.15	7.50	11.9
8B-Specialized	>0	3.78	4.42	6.35	6.69	10.1
8B-TL/Dry van	>0	4.90	5.27	7.47	7.84	12.4
8B-Tanker	>0	4.21	4.60	6.95	7.23	10.8

⁴¹ Equivalent MPG cutoffs can be found by dividing these values by 1.26 for gasoline and CNG vehicles; dividing by 1.35 for LPG vehicles; and dividing by 1.52 for LNG vehicles – see “Non-Diesel MPG” section below for details.

**Table 16. Yellow/Red Criteria by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
% Revenue Miles**

Class Category	Absolute Min	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red	Absolute Max
2B-Expedited	N/A	52	59	N/A	N/A	N/A
2B-Mixed	N/A	53	61	N/A	N/A	N/A
2B-PD	N/A	66	72	N/A	N/A	N/A
2B-TL/Dry van	N/A	69	74	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-Mixed	N/A	65	71	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-Mixed	N/A	65	71	N/A	N/A	N/A
5-Mixed	N/A	59	67	N/A	N/A	N/A
6-LTL/Dry van	N/A	61	68	N/A	N/A	N/A
6-Mixed	N/A	55	63	N/A	N/A	N/A
6-Moving	N/A	55	65	N/A	N/A	N/A
6-PD	N/A	75	80	N/A	N/A	N/A
6-TL/Dry van	N/A	56	64	N/A	N/A	N/A
7-LTL/Dry van	N/A	64	71	N/A	N/A	N/A
7-Mixed	N/A	57	64	N/A	N/A	N/A
7-TL/Dry van	N/A	64	70	N/A	N/A	N/A
8A-LTL/.Dry van	N/A	67	73	N/A	N/A	N/A
8A-Mixed	N/A	52	59	N/A	N/A	N/A
8A-Reefer	N/A	59	65	N/A	N/A	N/A
8A-TL/Dry van	N/A	69	74	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Auto	N/A	43	50	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Dray	N/A	46	54	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Expedited	N/A	57	63	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Flatbed	N/A	62	67	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Heavy	N/A	34	43	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-LTL/Dry van	N/A	68	73	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Mixed	N/A	62	68	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Reefer	N/A	72	76	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Special	N/A	40	49	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-TL/Dry van	N/A	68	73	N/A	N/A	N/A
8B-Tanker	N/A	48	50	N/A	N/A	N/A

**Table 17. Yellow/Red Criteria by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
% Empty Miles**

Class Category	Absolute Min	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red	Absolute Max
2B-Expedited	N/A	1	5	38	44	N/A
2B-Mixed	N/A	1	5	41	48	N/A
2B-PD	N/A	1	5	31	37	N/A
2B-TL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	28	33	N/A
3-Mixed	N/A	1	5	28	34	N/A
4-Mixed	N/A	1	5	30	35	N/A
5-Mixed	N/A	1	5	33	40	N/A
6-LTL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	36	44	N/A
6-Mixed	N/A	1	5	38	45	N/A
6-Moving	N/A	1	5	40	50	N/A
6-PD	N/A	1	5	15	31	N/A
6-TL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	35	47	N/A
7-LTL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	32	35	N/A
7-Mixed	N/A	1	5	33	44	N/A
7-TL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	33	39	N/A
8A-LTL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	30	36	N/A
8A-Mixed	N/A	1	5	36	47	N/A
8A-Reefer	N/A	1	5	35	41	N/A
8A-TL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	31	36	N/A
8B-Auto	N/A	5	15	40	49	N/A
8B-Dray	N/A	5	7	40	50	N/A
8B-Expedited	N/A	5	6	33	37	N/A
8B-Flatbed	N/A	5	7	27	37	N/A
8B-Heavy	N/A	1	5	56	64	N/A
8B-LTL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	29	34	N/A
8B-Mixed	N/A	1	5	34	40	N/A
8B-Reefer	N/A	1	5	25	29	N/A
8B-Special	N/A	1	5	49	50	N/A
8B-TL/Dry van	N/A	1	5	28	32	N/A
8B-Tanker	N/A	20	36	50	50	N/A

**Table 18. Yellow/Red Criteria by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
Idle Hours and Days of Use per Year**

Class Category	Low Red	Low Yellow	High Yellow	High Red
<i>Average Service Days/Year</i>				
Non-Class 8b (less Package/Specialty)	96	171	320	--
Non-Class 8b (Package/Specialty)	142	200	315	--
Class 8b (less LTL/Package)	157	213	325	--
Class 8b (LTL/Package)	135	193	309	--
<i>Average Hours Long Duration Idle/Day</i>				
Non-Class 8b (less Package/Specialty)	--	1.00	1.73	2.81
Non-Class 8b (Package/Specialty)	--	1.00	24.00	--
Class 8b (less LTL/Package)	--	1.00	4.11	6.10
Class 8b (LTL/Package)	--	1.00	2.53	4.18
<i>Average Hours Short Duration Idle/Day</i>				
Non-Class 8b (less Package/Specialty)	--	0	1.87	2.81
Non-Class 8b (Package/Specialty)	--	0	1.42	1.99
Class 8b (less LTL/Package)	--	0	2.36	3.60
Class 8b (LTL/Package)	--	0	2.63	4.15

**Table 19. Number of Values Flagged by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
Annual Miles per Vehicle**

Class/Category	N	Minimum Value	Low Red Flags	Low Yellow Flags	Mean Value	High Yellow Flags	High Red Flags	Maximum Value
2B_Expedited	35	6,001	1	3	40,870	3	1	95,938
2B_Mixed	96	720	4	9	27,933	9	4	76,590
2B_Package	34	4,144	1	3	30,012	3	1	70,685
2B_TL/Dry Van	42	505	2	3	31,821	3	2	59,203
3_Mixed	85	581	0	6	21,406	6	4	76,320
4_Mixed	71	117	3	6	22,373	6	3	53,172
5_Mixed	59	83	2	5	16,525	5	2	54,486
6_LTL/Dry Van	55	1,429	2	5	29,919	5	2	70,391
6_Mixed	124	53	6	11	31,682	11	6	79,858
6_Package	25	814	1	1	21,050	1	1	90,196
6_TL/Dry Van	51	3,179	2	4	35,069	4	2	93,498
7_LTL/Dry Van	61	5,701	3	5	34,379	5	3	87,534
7_Mixed	144	100	0	10	34,158	7	6	106,615
7_TL/Dry Van	44	1,693	2	3	34,359	3	2	109,287
8A_LTL/Dry Van	54	3,458	2	5	45,351	5	2	108,183
8A_Mixed	106	155	5	9	47,086	9	5	124,901
8A_Refrigerated	21	1,738	1	1	45,741	1	1	79,469
8A_TL/Dry Van	61	7,460	3	5	59,438	5	3	155,136
8B_AutoCarrier	36	47,525	0	2	77,740	1	1	120,671
8B_Dray	109	3,165	1	9	52,699	4	4	102,164
8B_Expedited	26	22,697	1	1	63,362	1	1	150,415
8B_Flatbed	159	15,680	3	5	79,175	8	2	130,597
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	40,305	1	1	73,132	1	1	116,004
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	14,096	0	5	68,069	3	3	146,016
8B_Mixed	470	3,658	7	20	73,822	22	11	151,353
8B_Refrigerated	574	9,171	20	20	100,155	22	10	203,947
8B_Specialized	60	4,568	2	5	71,877	5	2	178,303
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	2,072	27	33	89,129	39	19	176,478
8B_Tanker	84	28,055	4	3	78,796	0	3	136,449

**Table 20. Number of Values Flagged by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
Miles per Gallon**

Class/Category	N	Minimum Value	Low Red Flags	Low Yellow Flags	Mean Value	High Yellow Flags	High Red Flags	Maximum Value
2B_Expedited	35	10.00	1	3	14.47	3	1	25.00
2B_Mixed	96	2.00	4	9	12.93	9	4	22.91
2B_Package	34	3.51	1	3	11.68	3	1	20.74
2B_TL/Dry Van	42	2.50	2	3	10.68	3	2	19.50
3_Mixed	85	1.07	2	3	9.82	6	1	18.99
4_Mixed	71	1.34	3	6	8.98	6	3	16.27
5_Mixed	59	0.96	3	1	7.77	2	1	14.25
6_LTL/Dry Van	55	0.68	2	5	8.01	5	2	11.17
6_Mixed	124	4.02	1	6	7.93	2	2	12.06
6_Package	25	0.91	1	1	7.39	1	1	11.37
6_TL/Dry Van	51	0.76	1	0	7.86	0	0	10.00
7_LTL/Dry Van	61	5.48	0	2	7.82	2	2	10.50
7_Mixed	144	3.69	4	4	7.55	3	4	11.25
7_TL/Dry Van	44	4.60	2	3	7.76	3	2	9.76
8A_LTL/Dry Van	54	4.25	1	0	6.31	1	1	8.13
8A_Mixed	106	3.38	3	3	6.57	5	3	8.97
8A_Refrigerated	21	5.19	1	2	6.38	2	1	8.34
8A_TL/Dry Van	61	1.84	1	1	6.43	0	1	8.69
8B_AutoCarrier	36	4.29	1	3	4.96	3	1	6.22
8B_Dray	109	3.35	5	2	5.83	3	0	7.00
8B_Expedited	26	4.79	1	1	6.04	1	1	6.80
8B_Flatbed	159	3.10	5	4	5.80	6	2	7.20
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	4.11	1	1	5.32	1	1	6.63
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	4.08	5	3	6.27	1	1	7.87
8B_Mixed	470	3.18	17	11	5.94	17	6	7.88
8B_Refrigerated	574	1.11	12	15	5.96	19	15	7.96
8B_Specialized	60	0.50	3	6	5.07	6	3	6.72
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	2.30	26	21	6.18	36	16	8.26
8B_Tanker	84	2.66	2	4	5.95	4	0	7.21

**Table 21. Number of Values Flagged by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
% Revenue Miles**

Class/Category	N	Minimum Value	Low Red Flags	Low Yellow Flags	Mean Value	High Yellow Flags	High Red Flags	Maximum Value
2B_Expedited	35	54.2	0	3	80.9	0	0	100
2B_Mixed	96	50.0	3	9	83.4	0	0	100
2B_Package	34	60.1	3	1	88.6	0	0	100
2B_TL/Dry Van	42	63.3	1	2	89.7	0	0	100
3_Mixed	85	57.0	3	7	89.7	0	0	100
4_Mixed	71	65.0	3	9	90.4	0	0	100
5_Mixed	59	50.0	2	5	88.5	0	0	100
6_LTL/Dry Van	55	50.0	3	4	88.4	0	0	100
6_Mixed	124	47.0	8	2	84.4	0	0	100
6_Package	25	64.0	2	0	94.2	0	0	100
6_TL/Dry Van	51	45.2	3	1	87.3	0	0	100
7_LTL/Dry Van	61	65.0	0	10	89.2	0	0	100
7_Mixed	144	50.0	6	2	84.4	0	0	100
7_TL/Dry Van	44	41.1	2	2	89.5	0	0	100
8A_LTL/Dry Van	54	55.0	5	2	90.5	0	0	100
8A_Mixed	106	46.1	5	4	82.3	0	0	100
8A_Refrigerated	21	60.0	0	2	85.0	0	0	100
8A_TL/Dry Van	61	49.1	3	3	91.3	0	0	100
8B_AutoCarrier	36	50.0	0	0	71.8	0	0	100
8B_Dray	109	49.5	0	7	79.2	0	0	100
8B_Expedited	26	56.2	1	2	82.8	0	0	100
8B_Flatbed	159	50.0	6	5	82.8	0	0	100
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	46.0	0	0	70.9	0	0	100
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	55.0	4	5	89.0	0	0	100
8B_Mixed	470	50.0	18	30	85.4	0	0	100
8B_Refrigerated	574	50.0	25	25	88.4	0	0	100
8B_Specialized	60	49.4	0	0	74.6	0	0	100
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	50.0	49	34	87.4	0	0	100
8B_Tanker	84	44.9	4	2	61.9	1	1	100

**Table 22. Number of Values Flagged by Fleet Group/Metric Combination
% Empty Miles**

Class/Category	N	Minimum Value	Low Red Flags	Low Yellow Flags	Mean Value	High Yellow Flags	High Red Flags	Maximum Value
2B_Expedited	35	2.96	0	0	20.65	3	1	45.75
2B_Mixed	96	0.00	0	0	18.10	8	3	50.00
2B_Package	34	0.00	0	0	12.26	1	4	39.91
2B_TL/Dry Van	42	0.00	0	3	14.00	0	2	39.60
3_Mixed	85	0.00	0	0	12.47	7	4	42.23
4_Mixed	71	0.00	0	0	12.55	6	3	40.00
5_Mixed	59	0.00	0	0	16.01	5	2	50.00
6_LTL/Dry Van	55	0.00	0	0	14.99	3	2	50.00
6_Mixed	124	0.00	0	0	16.57	2	9	52.99
6_Package	25	0.00	0	0	6.27	1	1	35.98
6_TL/Dry Van	51	0.00	0	0	17.42	4	2	54.76
7_LTL/Dry Van	61	0.00	0	0	13.09	5	3	40.00
7_Mixed	144	0.00	0	0	17.54	13	7	50.00
7_TL/Dry Van	44	0.00	0	0	15.42	4	1	45.00
8A_LTL/Dry Van	54	0.00	0	0	11.35	5	2	45.00
8A_Mixed	106	0.00	0	0	19.51	9	5	53.91
8A_Refrigerated	21	0.00	0	0	14.93	2	0	40.00
8A_TL/Dry Van	61	0.00	0	0	13.44	3	2	50.94
8B_AutoCarrier	36	0.00	0	3	29.68	3	1	50.00
8B_Dray	109	0.00	3	10	25.36	10	5	50.45
8B_Expedited	26	5.00	1	1	18.12	1	1	43.83
8B_Flatbed	159	0.00	3	15	18.12	15	7	50.00
8B_Heavy/Bulk	22	0.00	0	0	31.51	0	0	50.81
8B_LTL/Dry Van	106	0.00	0	0	12.65	4	6	50.00
8B_Mixed	470	0.00	0	0	16.49	28	22	50.00
8B_Refrigerated	574	0.00	0	0	12.91	20	25	50.00
8B_Specialized	60	0.00	0	4	29.17	4	2	50.61
8B_TL/Dry Van	912	0.00	0	0	13.71	39	51	50.00
8B_Tanker	84	3.00	4	7	43.51	0	9	55.12

Absolute errors were also developed for each fleet category/metric combination. Cutoffs for absolute errors are intended to prevent users from inadvertently entering data with incorrect units and typos. For this reason we have defined absolute errors to ensure an adequate "safety" interval between the highest values observed in the cleaned (no outlier) dataset. The recommended values for absolute errors and their associated justifications are discussed below for each metric.

Annual Miles per Vehicle

The maximum number of miles a vehicle can accumulate in a year are constrained by truck highway speed limits (typically 65 mph or less) and the number of hours in a year.⁴² Excluding engine down-time associated with maintenance and repairs, the absolute maximum annual mileage possible for a truck is estimated to be ~500,000 miles per year. This estimate is more than twice the highest observed value of 228,151 miles per year (for Class 8b TL/Dry Van diesels). Therefore 500,000 miles per year value is set as the absolute maximum for all vehicle classes. Values greater than 0 and less than 500,000 are permissible.

Miles per Gallon

The maximum and minimum miles per gallon from the diesel dataset are presented in Table 23.

Table 23. Maximum and Minimum Observed Miles per Gallon

Class/Category	N	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
2B	93	2.35	24.01
3	64	1.76	17.40
4	50	4.50	14.12
5	43	1.82	18.59
6	222	2.31	14.25
7	255	2.02	12.23
8A	257	0.10	10.02
8B_AutoCarrier	45	3.07	8.13
8B_Dray	120	0.10	8.10
8B_Expedited	26	3.37	8.36
8B_Flatbed	183	2.29	7.71
8B_Heavy/Bulk	36	2.94	6.08
8B_LTL/Dry Van	99	4.56	7.84
8B_Mixed	510	3.14	8.33
8B_Refrigerated	596	2.28	9.07
8B_Specialized	43	3.00	7.41
8B_TL/Dry Van	943	1.84	10.42
8B_Tanker	89	2.63	8.09

⁴² While DOT regulations limit drivers' daily hours, some companies utilize driver teams to maximize on-road time.

[Note: Unlike the other parameters discussed above, miles per gallon values are derived from other inputs (total miles and gallons). Therefore, any changes to address absolute limits on MPG (as well as red and yellow warnings) must be handled through updates to one or both of these primary inputs.]

As seen from the above table, fuel efficiency estimates can be very low (<1.0) and for this reason no absolute lower bound is used for miles per gallon. To establish absolute upper bounds for miles per gallon estimates the results from the PERE modeling analysis previously developed for the 2010 Truck Tool were used. Background on the PERE modeling exercise is provided in Appendix D.

Absolute maximum miles per gallon estimates were developed for conventional diesel trucks using the PERE model, and are shown in Table 24 by truck class.

Table 24. Maximum Diesel Miles per Gallon Estimates (PERE Model Basis)

Class	Maximum MPG
2b	25.0
3	23.3
4	20.2
5	18.7
6	18.0
7	14.5
8a	11.2
8b	11.2

Note that the maximum MPG estimates obtained from the PERE model are substantially higher than almost all of the maximum value observed for diesel trucks in the 2018 Truck Tool data.

Non-Diesel MPG

The 2018 data submissions from SmartWay Truck partners did not include enough information on non-diesel trucks in order to develop a robust distribution of mpg values specific to non-diesels for validation purposes. Accordingly, engineering judgment was used to adjust the diesel mpg values for other fuel types, accounting for general, relative vehicle and/or fuel efficiency differences. First, a ratio was developed for adjusting diesel mpg values to comparable gasoline mpg values, based upon simulated modeling performed by Argonne National Laboratory.⁴³ The Argonne data for gas and diesel trucks was based on PSAT simulations of a typical pickup in the Class 2b or Class 3 range. The fuel consumption was reported for the same truck equipped with both gasoline and diesel engines over the various EPA emissions and fuel economy driving cycles. Using this data, a combined fuel economy was calculated using the method from EPA's pre-2008 combined 2-cycle fuel economy using the FTP and Highway cycles as given in 40 CFR

⁴³ Delorme, A. et. al., *Impact of Advanced Technologies on Medium-Duty Trucks Fuel Efficiency*, Argonne National Laboratory, 2010-01-1929. https://www.autonomie.net/docs/6%20-%20Papers/Heavy%20duty/impact_of_advancedtechnologies.pdf. Accessed 12-9-2019.

Part 600. This method uses a weighted harmonic average of the two values, with the FTP weighted at 55% and the Highway weighted at 45%.

The difference in the calculated combined fuel economies for the gas- and diesel-powered model results showed that the diesel had a 25.9% greater fuel economy than gasoline. These results are a direct volumetric comparison rather than in terms of gasoline-equivalent gallons. As such, the diesel mpg values shown in Table 28 above can be divided by 1.259 to obtain comparable mpg ranges for gasoline vehicles. Since CNG vehicle fuel consumption is reported in terms of gasoline-equivalent gallons, the mpg validation ranges for CNG vehicles can be set equal to those for comparable gasoline vehicles.

Validation ranges for LPG and LNG vehicles can be developed from the gasoline ranges, dividing the gasoline values by the appropriate gasoline gallon-equivalent factor for these fuels (1.35 for LPG and 1.52 for LNG),⁴⁴ thereby adjusting mpg values for volumetric energy density. Table 25 presents the corresponding upper bound MPG values for non-diesel vehicles by truck class.

Table 25. Maximum Miles per Gallon Estimates – Non-Diesel Vehicles

Class	Gasoline/CNG	LPG	LNG
2b	19.9	18.5	16.4
3	18.5	17.3	15.3
4	16.0	15.0	13.3
5	14.9	13.9	12.3
6	14.3	13.3	11.8
7	11.5	10.7	9.5
8a	8.9	8.3	7.4
8b	8.9	8.3	7.4

Hybrid MPG

EPA's Physical Emission Rate Estimator (PERE) model was used in order to establish estimates of the fuel economy benefit of hybridization of medium- and heavy-duty trucks. The details of the modeling are presented in Appendix D.

However, the in-use fuel economy of hybrid vehicles is highly dependent upon drive cycle. Specifically the expected hybrid truck fuel economy will vary depending upon the relative fraction of highway versus urban driving. Therefore the MPG ranges used for validation of hybrid fuel economy are calculated using the following steps.

⁴⁴ See https://afdc.energy.gov/fuels/equivalency_methodology.html. Accessed 12-9-2019.

Step 1 – Weight the following GALLON PER MILE (Not MPG) values based on the Highway/Urban split

Gallons/Mile - Urban

Group #	Name	Low Red	Low Yellow	Mean	High Yellow	High Red
1	2B_Mixed	0.2641	0.1813	0.0942	0.0636	0.0576
2	3_Mixed	0.2340	0.1857	0.1147	0.0830	0.0760
3	4_Mixed	0.2090	0.1763	0.1213	0.0925	0.0861
4	5_Mixed	0.2599	0.2127	0.1392	0.1026	0.0943
5	6_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1951	0.1765	0.1390	0.1147	0.1080
6	6_Mixed	0.2200	0.1972	0.1467	0.1179	0.1111
7	6_Moving	0.1906	0.1783	0.1514	0.1301	0.1242
8	6_Package_Diesel	0.1788	0.1628	0.1254	0.1029	0.0965
9	6_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.2350	0.2056	0.1495	0.1175	0.1097
10	7_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1968	0.1806	0.1450	0.1211	0.1148
11	7_Mixed	0.2506	0.2169	0.1545	0.1200	0.1117
12	7_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.2131	0.1915	0.1467	0.1202	0.1130
13	8A_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.2184	0.2104	0.1837	0.1653	0.1607
14	8A_Mixed	0.2747	0.2519	0.1950	0.1591	0.1492
15	8A_Refrigerated_Diesel	0.2502	0.2402	0.2036	0.1793	0.1716
16	8A_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.2477	0.2337	0.1966	0.1697	0.1630
17	8B_AutoCarrier_Diesel	0.2980	0.2781	0.2407	0.2158	0.2052
18	8B_Dray_Diesel	0.2434	0.2338	0.2056	0.1835	0.1780
19	8B_Flatbed_Diesel	0.2912	0.2727	0.2248	0.1942	0.1857
20	8B_Heavy/Bulk_Diesel	0.3768	0.3371	0.2562	0.2033	0.1912
21	8B_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.2383	0.2250	0.2025	0.1814	0.1761
22	8B_Mixed	0.2597	0.2493	0.2149	0.1889	0.1807
23	8B_Refrigerated_Diesel	0.2656	0.2500	0.2236	0.1992	0.1931
24	8B_Specialized_Diesel	0.3389	0.2995	0.2342	0.1894	0.1789
25	8B_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.2534	0.2436	0.2147	0.1891	0.1836
26	8B_Tanker_Diesel	0.2596	0.2492	0.2149	0.1888	0.1806

Gallons/Mile – Highway

Group #	Name	Low Red	Low Yellow	Mean	High Yellow	High Red
1	2B_Mixed	0.1759	0.1208	0.0627	0.0424	0.0383
2	3_Mixed	0.1594	0.1265	0.0781	0.0565	0.0518
3	4_Mixed	0.1482	0.1250	0.0860	0.0656	0.0611
4	5_Mixed	0.1805	0.1477	0.0967	0.0713	0.0655
5	6_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1470	0.1330	0.1047	0.0864	0.0813
6	6_Mixed	0.1657	0.1486	0.1105	0.0889	0.0837
7	6_Moving	0.1436	0.1343	0.1141	0.0980	0.0936
8	6_Package_Diesel	0.1347	0.1226	0.0944	0.0775	0.0727
9	6_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1770	0.1549	0.1127	0.0885	0.0826
10	7_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1513	0.1389	0.1115	0.0931	0.0883
11	7_Mixed	0.1928	0.1668	0.1188	0.0923	0.0859
12	7_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1640	0.1473	0.1128	0.0924	0.0869
13	8A_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1558	0.1501	0.1310	0.1179	0.1147
14	8A_Mixed	0.1960	0.1796	0.1391	0.1135	0.1065
15	8A_Refrigerated_Diesel	0.1785	0.1714	0.1452	0.1279	0.1224
16	8A_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1767	0.1667	0.1402	0.1210	0.1163
17	8B_AutoCarrier_Diesel	0.2126	0.1984	0.1717	0.1539	0.1464
18	8B_Dray_Diesel	0.1736	0.1668	0.1467	0.1309	0.1270
19	8B_Flatbed_Diesel	0.2078	0.1945	0.1604	0.1385	0.1325
20	8B_Heavy/Bulk_Diesel	0.2688	0.2405	0.1828	0.1450	0.1364
21	8B_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1700	0.1605	0.1445	0.1294	0.1256
22	8B_Mixed	0.1853	0.1779	0.1533	0.1347	0.1289
23	8B_Refrigerated_Diesel	0.1894	0.1783	0.1595	0.1421	0.1378
24	8B_Specialized_Diesel	0.2418	0.2137	0.1670	0.1351	0.1276
25	8B_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.1807	0.1738	0.1532	0.1349	0.1310
26	8B_Tanker_Diesel	0.1852	0.1778	0.1533	0.1347	0.1288

Example:

Truck Class 2b has 40% urban, 60% highway.
The Low Red Gallon/Mile value is therefore $0.2641 \times 0.40 + 0.1759 \times 0.60 = 0.2112$

Step 2: Convert the weighted gallon per mile values back to MPG

Example:

$$0.2112 \text{ gal/mi} = 4.74 \text{ MPG}$$

Step 3: Use these final, weighted, converted MPG values for validation

Electric Truck Efficiency

Mi/kWhr estimates for battery electric trucks were developed based on available data sources and engineering judgment. The average value for Class 2b trucks was assumed to equal the mi/kWhr value estimates for large SUVs in EPA's MARKAL model (3.01). The values for Class 4 and 6 electric trucks (1.43 and 1.00 respectively) were taken from Calstart's E-Truck Task Force Business Case Calculator. Values for Class 3 and 5 trucks were based on simple averages of the Class 2b, 4, and 6 values. Given the lack of available data for the heavier truck classes, values for Class 7 (0.75), Class 8a (0.5) and Class 8b (0.4) were based on engineering judgment.

Once average mi/kWhr estimates were derived, "red" and "yellow" ranges were established based on simple multiplicative factors applied to the averages – Low red from 0 to 0.5 x average; low yellow from 0.5 x average to 0.75 x average; high yellow from 1.25 x average to 1.5 x average; and high red from 1.5 x average to 10 x average (absolute max).

Percent Revenue Miles

Revenue miles were frequently equal to total miles in the dataset. Accordingly, no absolute upper (or lower) bound was set for this field, beyond requiring all values to be ≥ 0 and ≤ 100 .

Percent Empty Miles

Empty miles were occasionally equal to 0 in the dataset. Accordingly, no absolute lower (or upper) bound was set for this field, beyond requiring all values to be ≥ 0 and ≤ 100 .

Percent Biodiesel

While the maximum observed blend level for biodiesel was 20 percent, B100 use is possible. Therefore no absolute upper (or lower) bound was set for this field, beyond requiring all values to be ≥ 0 and ≤ 100 .

Average Payload

The maximum and minimum payloads from the 2011 dataset (prior to cleaning) are presented in Table 26.⁴⁵

⁴⁵ As noted above, the 2016 dataset did not have an adequate number of exact payload estimates to allow for a robust distributional analysis. Accordingly the 2011 payload analysis results are retained in the current Truck Tool.

Table 26. Maximum and Minimum Observed Payloads (Short Tons)

Group #	Name	Min	Mean	Max
1	2B_Mixed	0.1	1.0	1.9 ⁴⁶
2	3_Mixed	0.1	1.7	3.0
3	4_Mixed	0.5	2.4	4.0
4	5_Mixed	1.3	3.1	5.3
5	6_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.9	4.6	6.3
6	6_Mixed	0.9	4.5	6.5
7	6_Moving	2.5	3.6	4.9
8	6_Package_Diesel	2.0	4.2	6.0
9	6_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	0.9	4.1	6.9
10	7_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	1.8	6.0	8.7
11	7_Mixed	1.1	6.0	20.0
12	7_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	4.5	6.4	12.7
13	8A_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	6.0	10.6	15.0
14	8A_Mixed	1.9	11.3	24.0
15	8A_Refrigerated_Diesel	6.3	13.3	21.0
16	8A_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	3.8	11.4	20.0
17	8B_AutoCarrier_Diesel	9.3	19.6	24.5
18	8B_Dray_Diesel	15.0	20.5	24.5
19	8B_Flatbed_Diesel	14.8	23.2	33.3
20	8B_Heavy/Bulk_Diesel	20.0	27.6	40.0
21	8B_LTL/Dry Van_Diesel	7.8	18.2	27.9
22	8B_Mixed	7.5	20.3	33.1
23	8B_Refrigerated_Diesel	13.2	20.9	27.5
24	8B_Specialized_Diesel	7.3	24.4	37.0
25	8B_TL/Dry Van_Diesel	6.5	18.9	50.0
26	8B_Tanker_Diesel	17.5	24.6	34.6

Based on a review of previous out of range values, unit conversion problems are the most common source of data entry errors for payload. One type of error results from data being entered in pounds instead of short tons, resulting in overestimates by a factor of 2,000. Such errors should be easy to prevent using a reasonable upper bound ton level. Another possible source of error could be reporting metric or long tons instead of short tons, although detecting these errors will be extremely difficult, due to the small difference in units (roughly 10 percent difference). Finally, note that standard payload limitations can be waived by

⁴⁶ Three extreme outliers for Class 2b trucks were dropped for the purposes of establishing maximum upper bounds: 16.0, 13.0 and 5.0 tons.

obtaining permits for heavy loads, or by avoiding over-the-road operation.⁴⁷ Accordingly, the absolute upper bound payload levels were set equal to 3 times the maximum observed values shown in Table 26.

However, no absolute lower-bound payload value was set, to allow for light package and specialty deliveries. Therefore, the only low end constraint is the requirement that payloads be > 0.

Percent Urban/Highway Miles

There is no clear distributional pattern associated with these data fields, with values frequently ranging from 0 to 100. Therefore, no lower or upper bound values are set.

Idle Hours per Day and Days of Use per Year

Absolute limits are placed on the number of hours per day (short plus long duration idle hours less than or equal to 24) and days of use per year (less than or equal to 365). In addition, since extended idling is defined as sustained idling events an hour or more in duration, warnings are issued for extended idle hour per day entries less than an hour.

⁴⁷ One SmartWay Truck Partner indicated unusually high payloads for their Class 2b truck fleet, but noted they only use their trucks in terminal operations.

4.0 Performance Metrics

The Truck Tool allows the user to calculate their emissions performance using a number of different metrics, at different levels of aggregation. Available performance metrics include:

 Grams per mile

 Grams per Payload Ton-Mile

The Internal Metrics report within the Truck Tool presents the results of 30 calculations ($2 \times 5 \times 3 = 30$), which represent the following two calculations for each of the five pollutants (CO_2 , NO_x , PM_{10} , $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ and BC) and for each of three different mileage types (total, loaded, and revenue). Note that all capitalized fields represent fields in the user interface:

$$\text{g/mile: } \sum E / M$$

where

E = Emissions,

M = Miles Driven

$$\text{g/avg payload ton-mile: } \sum E / (M \times \text{AP})$$

where

E = Emissions,

M = Miles Driven,

AP = Average Payload

For each of the two calculations:

Emissions = grams of pollutant (as specified above)

Miles Driven = Total Miles, Revenue Miles, or Loaded Miles (Total Miles minus Empty Miles)

As shown in the equations above, summations are performed for the different metrics. Each of the metrics is automatically aggregated across model years (for NO_x and PM) for all reporting purposes. Additional aggregation may be reported across truck classes, fuel types, fleets, and at the company level, as specified by the user.

Appendix A: MOVES2014b NO_x, PM & BC Emission Factors (g/mi) 2019 Calendar Year

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
		NO _x	BC	PM	Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
		11.921	0.35653	0.5747	1.300	0.01005	0.0210	19.929	0.37860	0.8025	24.535	0.51394	1.0814	12.773	0.44004	0.9277
		13.620	0.41173	0.6522	1.586	0.01223	0.0257	22.879	0.44050	0.9233	29.091	0.63616	1.3187	14.721	0.52200	1.0918
		13.385	0.40672	0.6576	1.587	0.01232	0.0265	22.968	0.43652	0.9413	29.059	0.60627	1.3066	14.323	0.52409	1.1315
		14.590	0.43019	0.6756	1.579	0.01229	0.0263	23.336	0.45244	0.9526	29.991	0.64514	1.3428	15.671	0.54782	1.1566
		19.115	0.51280	0.7184	1.521	0.01118	0.0223	25.156	0.52284	0.9476	34.761	0.87163	1.5227	22.239	0.61362	1.1176
		19.484	0.51992	0.7241	1.518	0.01117	0.0222	25.280	0.52840	0.9522	35.097	0.88495	1.5355	22.720	0.62250	1.1280
		25.891	0.64074	0.7985	1.412	0.00949	0.0156	28.443	0.65587	0.9768	43.597	1.27633	1.8603	34.599	0.77113	1.1515
	HDV8b	28.420	0.68879	0.8290	1.347	0.00855	0.0121	30.007	0.71715	0.9907	47.664	1.46557	2.0170	40.407	0.84571	1.1689
		11.921	0.35653	0.5747	1.300	0.01005	0.0210	19.929	0.37860	0.8025	24.535	0.51394	1.0814	12.773	0.44004	0.9277
		13.620	0.41173	0.6522	1.586	0.01223	0.0257	22.879	0.44050	0.9233	29.091	0.63616	1.3187	14.721	0.52200	1.0918
		13.385	0.40672	0.6576	1.587	0.01232	0.0265	22.968	0.43652	0.9413	29.059	0.60627	1.3066	14.323	0.52409	1.1315
		14.590	0.43019	0.6756	1.579	0.01229	0.0263	23.336	0.45244	0.9526	29.991	0.64514	1.3428	15.671	0.54782	1.1566
1990	HDV6	19.115	0.51280	0.7184	1.521	0.01118	0.0223	25.156	0.52284	0.9476	34.761	0.87163	1.5227	22.239	0.61362	1.1176
1990	HDV7	19.484	0.51992	0.7241	1.518	0.01117	0.0222	25.280	0.52840	0.9522	35.097	0.88495	1.5355	22.720	0.62250	1.1280
1990	HDV8a	25.891	0.64074	0.7985	1.412	0.00949	0.0156	28.443	0.65587	0.9768	43.597	1.27633	1.8603	34.599	0.77113	1.1515
1990	HDV8b	28.420	0.68879	0.8290	1.347	0.00855	0.0121	30.007	0.71715	0.9907	47.664	1.46557	2.0170	40.407	0.84571	1.1689
1991	HDV2B	10.381	0.25306	0.3763	1.295	0.01881	0.0323	16.964	0.31098	0.6319	20.787	0.35861	0.6898	11.227	0.31714	0.5978
1991	HDV3	12.219	0.28725	0.4407	1.456	0.01175	0.0244	21.028	0.39407	0.8164	27.114	0.42508	0.8705	13.103	0.32591	0.6698
1991	HDV4	18.135	0.47473	0.6207	1.388	0.01077	0.0206	23.300	0.49490	0.8475	32.895	0.79319	1.2524	21.188	0.53567	0.8664
1991	HDV5	12.627	0.28343	0.4200	1.473	0.01682	0.0318	20.081	0.36707	0.7739	25.526	0.38797	0.7845	13.331	0.33107	0.6666

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
		NO _x	BC	PM	Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
1991	HDV6	15.568	0.39311	0.5419	1.425	0.01129	0.0226	22.194	0.44617	0.8329	30.193	0.61828	1.0698	17.366	0.43574	0.7728
1991	HDV7	18.721	0.48784	0.6317	1.390	0.01084	0.0207	23.405	0.49893	0.8513	33.455	0.81062	1.2671	21.889	0.54676	0.8777
1991	HDV8a	24.316	0.67114	0.8081	1.301	0.00938	0.0146	26.147	0.62831	0.8892	41.300	1.31386	1.7911	32.566	0.82992	1.1417
1991	HDV8b	26.586	0.752	0.8869	1.237	0.00847	0.0114	27.635	0.68959	0.9069	44.836	1.57334	2.0558	37.741	0.97521	1.2762
1992	HDV2B	9.7526	0.23423	0.3461	1.207	0.01758	0.0298	15.433	0.27712	0.5542	18.754	0.32322	0.6144	10.571	0.29337	0.5457
1992	HDV3	11.997	0.28351	0.4347	1.398	0.01146	0.0234	20.496	0.38377	0.7876	26.233	0.41431	0.8457	12.844	0.32003	0.6542
1992	HDV4	12.136	0.28837	0.4439	1.457	0.01171	0.0241	21.052	0.39549	0.8136	27.077	0.42743	0.8782	13.019	0.32847	0.6754
1992	HDV5	13.150	0.28882	0.4361	1.460	0.01211	0.0257	21.246	0.38964	0.8251	27.566	0.39523	0.8260	13.883	0.31804	0.6689
1992	HDV6	16.419	0.41782	0.5666	1.415	0.01112	0.0217	22.559	0.46347	0.8373	31.129	0.66876	1.1281	18.615	0.46723	0.8056
1992	HDV7	18.475	0.47375	0.6176	1.397	0.01098	0.0211	23.273	0.49086	0.8508	33.043	0.76717	1.2232	21.328	0.52581	0.8613
1992	HDV8a	24.694	0.68327	0.8199	1.291	0.00927	0.0142	26.408	0.63750	0.8937	41.759	1.34442	1.8227	33.306	0.84901	1.1607
1992	HDV8b	26.690	0.74825	0.8824	1.234	0.00849	0.0113	27.707	0.69238	0.9116	45.012	1.56121	2.0451	37.997	0.97270	1.2758
1993	HDV2B	11.097	0.26925	0.4072	1.399	0.01660	0.0299	18.755	0.3465	0.7093	23.210	0.38752	0.7676	11.839	0.32510	0.6359
1993	HDV3	11.903	0.28316	0.4344	1.436	0.01263	0.0253	20.512	0.38251	0.7905	26.132	0.41465	0.8458	12.716	0.32452	0.6620
1993	HDV4	13.560	0.33330	0.4863	1.441	0.01153	0.0236	21.517	0.41538	0.8203	28.247	0.50531	0.9549	14.741	0.37263	0.7155
1993	HDV5	12.467	0.28838	0.4406	1.457	0.01187	0.0249	21.079	0.39131	0.8173	27.188	0.41470	0.8551	13.296	0.32378	0.6713
1993	HDV6	15.779	0.39686	0.5454	1.423	0.01134	0.0228	22.252	0.44570	0.8328	30.262	0.61621	1.0657	17.534	0.43697	0.7764
1993	HDV7	16.876	0.43572	0.5832	1.413	0.01111	0.0218	22.647	0.46673	0.8379	31.510	0.7017	1.1562	19.171	0.48366	0.8193
1993	HDV8a	24.567	0.68376	0.8208	1.296	0.00929	0.0144	26.304	0.63417	0.8903	41.604	1.34769	1.8246	33.051	0.84778	1.1581
1993	HDV8b	26.718	0.75358	0.8880	1.236	0.00847	0.0113	27.716	0.69311	0.9099	45.053	1.57843	2.0614	38.051	0.97994	1.2813
1994	HDV2B	10.923	0.31204	0.4837	1.168	0.01549	0.0325	17.798	0.48390	1.0321	22.137	0.45833	0.9699	11.655	0.32032	0.6791
1994	HDV3	11.770	0.35028	0.5387	1.380	0.01893	0.0395	19.699	0.54728	1.1625	24.953	0.54781	1.1482	12.580	0.37460	0.7888
1994	HDV4	12.160	0.36162	0.5634	1.457	0.01960	0.0423	21.066	0.57071	1.2316	27.115	0.57079	1.2308	13.053	0.38951	0.8404
1994	HDV5	13.014	0.3857	0.5912	1.459	0.02016	0.0438	21.220	0.59283	1.2862	27.644	0.58738	1.2540	13.866	0.42165	0.9100
1994	HDV6	15.389	0.44722	0.6351	1.435	0.01916	0.0402	22.042	0.60853	1.2271	29.966	0.75707	1.4118	16.972	0.46719	0.9117
1994	HDV7	18.646	0.53282	0.6992	1.396	0.01779	0.0351	23.351	0.63661	1.1554	33.525	1.02070	1.6558	21.845	0.54539	0.9375

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
1994	HDV8a	25.107	0.70345	0.8313	1.289	0.01435	0.0220	26.586	0.71650	1.0155	42.561	1.67854	2.2687	34.282	0.75666	1.0430
1994	HDV8b	26.648	0.74448	0.8631	1.239	0.01307	0.0177	27.665	0.73490	0.9709	44.933	1.87597	2.4454	37.870	0.81705	1.0710
1995	HDV2B	10.267	0.32127	0.4828	1.321	0.02028	0.0386	16.506	0.52486	1.0659	20.061	0.50594	1.0042	11.050	0.36167	0.7192
1995	HDV3	12.295	0.36598	0.5671	1.448	0.01977	0.0423	20.892	0.58015	1.2468	26.981	0.58046	1.2359	13.226	0.39711	0.8493
1995	HDV4	13.062	0.38639	0.5828	1.442	0.01966	0.0417	21.168	0.58738	1.2349	27.561	0.62853	1.2800	14.145	0.41364	0.8578
1995	HDV5	14.509	0.42437	0.6202	1.442	0.01965	0.0419	21.773	0.60884	1.2644	29.035	0.69087	1.3524	15.763	0.45169	0.9173
1995	HDV6	15.986	0.46222	0.6452	1.423	0.01878	0.0388	22.346	0.61622	1.2102	30.714	0.81754	1.4685	17.966	0.48022	0.9058
1995	HDV7	18.083	0.51755	0.6880	1.402	0.01807	0.0360	23.136	0.6357	1.1752	32.951	0.97812	1.6182	21.026	0.53259	0.9334
1995	HDV8a	24.981	0.70045	0.8282	1.295	0.01449	0.0226	26.496	0.71006	1.0137	42.352	1.67499	2.2607	33.971	0.75034	1.0367
1995	HDV8b	26.617	0.74379	0.8614	1.243	0.01311	0.0179	27.630	0.72802	0.9625	44.873	1.88393	2.4473	37.770	0.81306	1.0638
1996	HDV2B	10.439	0.33273	0.5001	1.325	0.02065	0.0397	17.211	0.53365	1.0876	20.721	0.52877	1.0562	11.141	0.37129	0.7424
1996	HDV3	12.365	0.36780	0.5666	1.458	0.01956	0.0418	21.084	0.57006	1.2195	27.078	0.58765	1.2435	13.327	0.39378	0.8382
1996	HDV4	14.400	0.42032	0.6091	1.441	0.01893	0.0397	21.932	0.58988	1.1971	29.004	0.71376	1.3659	15.874	0.43721	0.8650
1996	HDV5	15.743	0.45726	0.6453	1.435	0.01939	0.0407	22.165	0.61488	1.2410	29.816	0.76140	1.4143	17.242	0.47838	0.9357
1996	HDV6	17.178	0.4948	0.6685	1.420	0.01829	0.0371	22.847	0.61589	1.1697	31.719	0.91103	1.5496	19.582	0.50416	0.9105
1996	HDV7	19.736	0.56079	0.7202	1.387	0.01729	0.0332	23.897	0.6458	1.1295	34.704	1.11476	1.7431	23.672	0.57409	0.9495
1996	HDV8a	25.325	0.70997	0.8352	1.293	0.01419	0.0216	26.802	0.71212	0.9992	42.718	1.71955	2.3002	34.791	0.76158	1.0388
1996	HDV8b	26.806	0.74952	0.8667	1.244	0.01300	0.0175	27.858	0.73427	0.9636	45.012	1.90574	2.4701	38.292	0.82283	1.0718
1997	HDV2B	8.9606	0.29644	0.4408	1.197	0.01946	0.0360	14.299	0.49244	0.9800	16.690	0.46500	0.9020	9.5179	0.33906	0.6586
1997	HDV3	13.161	0.39004	0.5828	1.425	0.01961	0.0411	20.956	0.58801	1.2267	27.076	0.63957	1.2771	14.260	0.41686	0.8531
1997	HDV4	12.217	0.36377	0.5690	1.463	0.01988	0.0430	21.176	0.58760	1.2716	27.085	0.57260	1.2392	13.151	0.39779	0.8609
1997	HDV5	13.583	0.40095	0.6068	1.460	0.02029	0.0441	21.507	0.60916	1.3118	27.943	0.61452	1.2836	14.506	0.43870	0.9358
1997	HDV6	14.420	0.42103	0.6136	1.444	0.01934	0.0409	21.888	0.60378	1.2412	29.031	0.71112	1.3674	15.860	0.44448	0.8893
1997	HDV7	16.156	0.46681	0.6483	1.431	0.01881	0.0388	22.453	0.61586	1.2106	30.766	0.83737	1.4837	18.195	0.48308	0.9074
1997	HDV8a	24.249	0.68087	0.8110	1.316	0.01490	0.0244	26.192	0.68862	1.0155	40.933	1.60741	2.1873	32.341	0.71634	1.0089
1997	HDV8b	26.473	0.73970	0.8564	1.254	0.01318	0.0184	27.638	0.71514	0.9497	44.410	1.88230	2.4367	37.442	0.80212	1.0490

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
1998	HDV2B	7.1277	0.14730	0.2179	1.035	0.01826	0.0312	10.114	0.15111	0.2832	11.714	0.19997	0.3653	8.1571	0.22066	0.3938
1998	HDV3	11.358	0.19595	0.3210	1.687	0.01985	0.0406	18.169	0.22825	0.4692	22.919	0.32500	0.6675	13.776	0.27947	0.5735
1998	HDV4	11.492	0.19757	0.3243	1.720	0.01994	0.0410	18.435	0.23088	0.4754	23.389	0.33047	0.6803	14.001	0.28194	0.5807
1998	HDV5	11.856	0.19705	0.3228	1.722	0.02063	0.0428	18.502	0.22275	0.4618	23.499	0.31411	0.6508	14.311	0.28803	0.5982
1998	HDV6	11.748	0.20072	0.3267	1.720	0.02007	0.0413	18.474	0.23070	0.4733	23.575	0.33388	0.6810	14.296	0.28611	0.5870
1998	HDV7	13.600	0.23514	0.3561	1.699	0.01968	0.0400	19.037	0.25493	0.4899	24.984	0.40186	0.7501	16.626	0.31462	0.6102
1998	HDV8a	22.507	0.42200	0.5183	1.541	0.01452	0.0236	22.623	0.44901	0.6452	35.029	0.95517	1.3456	32.521	0.51023	0.7378
1998	HDV8b	24.767	0.47050	0.5611	1.456	0.01242	0.0173	24.018	0.51502	0.6974	38.262	1.14163	1.5411	38.004	0.58040	0.7869
1999	HDV2B	5.2001	0.15818	0.2323	0.927	0.02225	0.0375	7.7498	0.16215	0.3018	8.6415	0.21318	0.3861	6.6277	0.25503	0.4507
1999	HDV3	7.0363	0.19028	0.3147	0.930	0.02099	0.0431	11.426	0.21781	0.4519	12.498	0.30080	0.6226	8.9361	0.28418	0.5878
1999	HDV4	7.1204	0.19163	0.3184	0.929	0.02083	0.0434	11.608	0.22045	0.4592	12.735	0.30601	0.6370	9.0688	0.28548	0.5952
1999	HDV5	7.2281	0.19421	0.3206	0.930	0.02079	0.0433	11.644	0.22201	0.4604	12.853	0.31212	0.6438	9.1975	0.28747	0.5965
1999	HDV6	7.5020	0.20064	0.3257	0.923	0.02096	0.0436	11.655	0.22336	0.4585	12.948	0.31815	0.6458	9.4634	0.29483	0.6073
1999	HDV7	8.4690	0.22413	0.3459	0.928	0.02043	0.0420	12.174	0.24186	0.4743	13.985	0.37367	0.7084	10.633	0.31196	0.6159
1999	HDV8a	16.714	0.42956	0.5250	0.942	0.01454	0.0236	18.261	0.45706	0.6505	24.808	0.98208	1.3709	23.812	0.52156	0.7490
1999	HDV8b	18.605	0.47869	0.5691	0.930	0.01225	0.0170	20.277	0.52491	0.7065	27.936	1.17103	1.5719	27.912	0.58968	0.7949
2000	HDV2B	5.5899	0.15941	0.2454	0.873	0.02015	0.0356	8.4472	0.16869	0.3274	9.1898	0.21966	0.4173	6.9615	0.24469	0.4545
2000	HDV3	7.0845	0.19095	0.3161	0.927	0.02077	0.0428	11.510	0.21923	0.4550	12.618	0.30389	0.6300	9.0016	0.28389	0.5880
2000	HDV4	7.2535	0.19472	0.3209	0.930	0.02075	0.0431	11.673	0.22283	0.4615	12.909	0.31405	0.6472	9.2299	0.28765	0.5955
2000	HDV5	7.3952	0.19803	0.3237	0.931	0.02070	0.0429	11.719	0.22482	0.4630	13.064	0.32187	0.6559	9.4012	0.29031	0.5972
2000	HDV6	7.4198	0.19853	0.3238	0.924	0.02093	0.0435	11.634	0.22245	0.4584	12.926	0.31567	0.6449	9.3819	0.29286	0.6044
2000	HDV7	9.4337	0.24869	0.3677	0.928	0.01989	0.0403	12.815	0.26355	0.4931	14.938	0.42853	0.7693	11.789	0.33002	0.6257
2000	HDV8a	15.942	0.41006	0.5081	0.934	0.01526	0.0259	17.609	0.43220	0.6302	23.442	0.90559	1.2876	22.208	0.49590	0.7317
2000	HDV8b	18.590	0.47875	0.5693	0.931	0.01231	0.0172	20.256	0.52442	0.7063	27.880	1.16944	1.5699	27.846	0.58902	0.7949
2001	HDV2B	4.2646	0.14796	0.1992	0.913	0.02343	0.0374	6.2249	0.14456	0.2488	7.2807	0.19309	0.3242	5.6622	0.25303	0.4164
2001	HDV3	7.0889	0.19220	0.3154	0.933	0.02107	0.0428	11.416	0.21904	0.4516	12.524	0.30539	0.6259	8.9821	0.28542	0.5852

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					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2001	HDV4	7.1467	0.19224	0.3190	0.930	0.02075	0.0431	11.651	0.22152	0.4607	12.796	0.30853	0.6414	9.1013	0.28525	0.5937
2001	HDV5	7.2454	0.19464	0.3210	0.931	0.02071	0.0430	11.685	0.22297	0.4619	12.904	0.31422	0.6477	9.2193	0.28708	0.5949
2001	HDV6	8.4302	0.22396	0.3460	0.923	0.02057	0.0424	12.154	0.24073	0.4726	13.772	0.36511	0.6968	10.487	0.31148	0.6184
2001	HDV7	8.2788	0.21961	0.3421	0.926	0.02050	0.0422	12.107	0.23875	0.4719	13.756	0.36162	0.6955	10.378	0.30803	0.6135
2001	HDV8a	17.213	0.44252	0.5367	0.936	0.01396	0.0220	18.790	0.47404	0.6644	25.526	1.02661	1.4176	24.810	0.53828	0.7601
2001	HDV8b	18.542	0.47627	0.5666	0.927	0.01230	0.0170	20.207	0.52214	0.7036	27.850	1.16308	1.5632	27.819	0.58775	0.7931
2002	HDV2B	4.1976	0.14631	0.1965	0.905	0.02341	0.0374	6.0777	0.14170	0.2435	7.1502	0.18881	0.3156	5.6026	0.25430	0.4187
2002	HDV3	6.7423	0.18434	0.3049	0.903	0.02189	0.0444	10.725	0.20631	0.4279	11.704	0.27624	0.5693	8.5382	0.28694	0.5900
2002	HDV4	6.9156	0.18672	0.3131	0.904	0.02173	0.0456	11.136	0.21178	0.4444	12.227	0.28516	0.5983	8.8305	0.29039	0.6094
2002	HDV5	6.9156	0.18672	0.3131	0.904	0.02173	0.0456	11.136	0.21178	0.4444	12.227	0.28516	0.5983	8.8305	0.29039	0.6094
2002	HDV6	7.1498	0.19196	0.3170	0.900	0.02192	0.0460	11.104	0.21099	0.4405	12.288	0.28788	0.5974	9.0446	0.29692	0.6209
2002	HDV7	9.0452	0.23919	0.3586	0.903	0.02089	0.0430	12.251	0.24994	0.4743	14.131	0.39126	0.7125	11.236	0.32987	0.6380
2002	HDV8a	16.175	0.41566	0.5124	0.927	0.01537	0.0260	17.642	0.43686	0.6310	23.749	0.92392	1.3012	22.715	0.50700	0.7430
2002	HDV8b	18.449	0.47283	0.5630	0.921	0.01248	0.0174	20.067	0.51758	0.6984	27.695	1.15044	1.5477	27.686	0.58598	0.7923
2003	HDV2B	3.2162	0.12520	0.1695	0.415	0.01962	0.0314	4.1440	0.12147	0.2100	5.7185	0.16119	0.2711	4.5722	0.21477	0.3552
2003	HDV3	5.2523	0.16725	0.2759	1.281	0.01935	0.0392	9.2516	0.18796	0.3890	9.4311	0.25381	0.5221	7.1803	0.25648	0.5265
2003	HDV4	5.4075	0.16990	0.2840	1.414	0.01937	0.0405	9.7153	0.19361	0.4051	9.8752	0.26331	0.5509	7.4632	0.26089	0.5459
2003	HDV5	5.4075	0.16990	0.2840	1.414	0.01937	0.0405	9.7153	0.19361	0.4051	9.8752	0.26331	0.5509	7.4632	0.26089	0.5459
2003	HDV6	5.5420	0.17489	0.2877	1.410	0.01954	0.0409	9.7620	0.19323	0.4018	9.9786	0.26666	0.5507	7.6068	0.26701	0.5562
2003	HDV7	6.1880	0.22341	0.3305	1.392	0.01851	0.0378	10.156	0.23330	0.4363	10.639	0.37341	0.6690	8.2928	0.30162	0.5752
2003	HDV8a	8.3947	0.38423	0.4710	1.307	0.01351	0.0224	11.864	0.40597	0.5806	13.913	0.86702	1.2123	11.655	0.46724	0.6765
2003	HDV8b	9.0460	0.43129	0.5127	1.243	0.01114	0.0154	12.595	0.47284	0.6362	15.054	1.05437	1.4150	12.935	0.53342	0.7189
2004	HDV2B	2.9969	0.12534	0.1698	0.401	0.01974	0.0317	4.0062	0.12156	0.2105	5.3489	0.16098	0.2710	4.2325	0.21587	0.3578
2004	HDV3	5.2477	0.16594	0.2746	1.277	0.01955	0.0397	9.2412	0.18581	0.3856	9.3924	0.24870	0.5130	7.1766	0.25746	0.5300
2004	HDV4	5.4203	0.16854	0.2825	1.411	0.01958	0.0410	9.7118	0.19124	0.4012	9.8741	0.25771	0.5406	7.4960	0.26188	0.5494
2004	HDV5	5.4203	0.16854	0.2825	1.411	0.01958	0.0410	9.7118	0.19124	0.4012	9.8741	0.25771	0.5406	7.4960	0.26188	0.5494

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					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2004	HDV6	5.5441	0.17325	0.2861	1.408	0.01971	0.0413	9.7563	0.19119	0.3987	9.9707	0.26145	0.5418	7.6250	0.26735	0.5584
2004	HDV7	6.1313	0.21677	0.3244	1.390	0.01879	0.0386	10.112	0.22693	0.4294	10.567	0.35646	0.6473	8.2456	0.29816	0.5750
2004	HDV8a	8.3311	0.37505	0.4624	1.307	0.01388	0.0234	11.792	0.39434	0.5695	13.779	0.83390	1.1746	11.541	0.45805	0.6709
2004	HDV8b	9.0399	0.42605	0.5075	1.241	0.01131	0.0157	12.578	0.46628	0.6296	15.026	1.03535	1.3938	12.926	0.52863	0.7153
2005	HDV2B	2.8156	0.13042	0.1690	0.364	0.02150	0.0338	3.6119	0.12443	0.2070	5.2624	0.16818	0.2739	4.1318	0.23024	0.3699
2005	HDV3	5.1383	0.16736	0.2735	1.220	0.01955	0.0387	9.0110	0.18748	0.3849	9.1773	0.25392	0.5169	6.9780	0.25588	0.5182
2005	HDV4	5.3973	0.17089	0.2850	1.417	0.01919	0.0400	9.7172	0.19535	0.4080	9.8747	0.26753	0.5587	7.4378	0.25995	0.5429
2005	HDV5	5.3973	0.17089	0.2850	1.417	0.01919	0.0400	9.7172	0.19535	0.4080	9.8747	0.26753	0.5587	7.4378	0.25995	0.5429
2005	HDV6	5.5220	0.17638	0.2893	1.414	0.01928	0.0402	9.7651	0.19655	0.4068	9.9816	0.27426	0.5632	7.5740	0.26579	0.5511
2005	HDV7	6.2219	0.22724	0.3340	1.392	0.01824	0.0371	10.190	0.23833	0.4421	10.695	0.38613	0.6863	8.3270	0.30325	0.5730
2005	HDV8a	8.4230	0.38406	0.4705	1.304	0.01340	0.0220	11.892	0.40665	0.5809	13.964	0.86875	1.2150	11.711	0.46795	0.6758
2005	HDV8b	9.0471	0.42872	0.5101	1.241	0.01119	0.0155	12.592	0.46984	0.6331	15.049	1.04562	1.4055	12.939	0.53119	0.7169
2006	HDV2B	2.9057	0.13917	0.1785	0.380	0.02326	0.0363	3.7444	0.13260	0.2189	5.5059	0.18006	0.2910	4.3076	0.24775	0.3954
2006	HDV3	5.1518	0.16776	0.2740	1.223	0.01996	0.0394	9.0270	0.18761	0.3850	9.2152	0.25376	0.5160	7.0139	0.25876	0.5232
2006	HDV4	5.4023	0.17038	0.2845	1.416	0.01928	0.0403	9.7161	0.19444	0.4065	9.8746	0.26534	0.5547	7.4505	0.26044	0.5445
2006	HDV5	5.4023	0.17038	0.2845	1.416	0.01928	0.0403	9.7161	0.19444	0.4065	9.8746	0.26534	0.5547	7.4505	0.26044	0.5445
2006	HDV6	5.5141	0.17572	0.2888	1.413	0.01933	0.0403	9.7610	0.19617	0.4063	9.9739	0.27293	0.5609	7.5718	0.26571	0.5512
2006	HDV7	6.1652	0.22316	0.3304	1.393	0.01837	0.0374	10.155	0.23491	0.4389	10.635	0.37671	0.6750	8.2687	0.30051	0.5717
2006	HDV8a	8.3644	0.38079	0.4678	1.308	0.01358	0.0226	11.837	0.40207	0.5772	13.858	0.85554	1.2004	11.598	0.46328	0.6732
2006	HDV8b	9.0352	0.42907	0.5105	1.242	0.01120	0.0155	12.582	0.47006	0.6336	15.028	1.04616	1.4063	12.912	0.53091	0.7169
2007	HDV2B	1.6038	0.00101	0.0105	0.624	0.00049	0.0051	2.4720	0.00126	0.0134	2.9434	0.00161	0.0170	2.1678	0.00164	0.0173
2007	HDV3	2.9627	0.00095	0.0106	0.588	0.00023	0.0025	5.2060	0.00154	0.0171	5.2918	0.00181	0.0201	4.0877	0.00146	0.0162
2007	HDV4	3.0714	0.00094	0.0105	0.585	0.00019	0.0020	5.4724	0.00157	0.0175	5.5922	0.00183	0.0204	4.3129	0.00143	0.0160
2007	HDV5	3.0714	0.00094	0.0105	0.585	0.00019	0.0020	5.4724	0.00157	0.0175	5.5922	0.00183	0.0204	4.3129	0.00143	0.0160
2007	HDV6	3.1491	0.00096	0.0107	0.586	0.00019	0.0020	5.4979	0.00157	0.0176	5.6632	0.00186	0.0207	4.3763	0.00145	0.0162
2007	HDV7	3.8343	0.00115	0.0128	0.539	0.00018	0.0020	6.1524	0.00176	0.0197	6.5321	0.00228	0.0255	5.0769	0.00158	0.0176

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
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					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2007	HDV8a	5.7222	0.00166	0.0185	0.334	0.00016	0.0017	8.4745	0.00242	0.0271	9.9856	0.00394	0.0441	7.8300	0.00207	0.0231
2007	HDV8b	6.2155	0.00179	0.0200	0.250	0.00014	0.0016	9.3156	0.00266	0.0298	11.051	0.00448	0.0501	8.7179	0.00223	0.0250
2008	HDV2B	1.4733	0.00102	0.0105	0.658	0.00052	0.0055	2.2446	0.00125	0.0133	2.8418	0.00159	0.0168	2.0577	0.00168	0.0178
2008	HDV3	2.7187	0.00091	0.0101	0.646	0.00026	0.0028	4.7288	0.00144	0.0160	4.7998	0.00162	0.0179	3.7263	0.00148	0.0164
2008	HDV4	2.8751	0.00090	0.0100	0.646	0.00019	0.0021	5.0905	0.00147	0.0164	5.1922	0.00162	0.0181	4.0308	0.00145	0.0162
2008	HDV5	2.8751	0.00090	0.0100	0.646	0.00019	0.0021	5.0905	0.00147	0.0164	5.1922	0.00162	0.0181	4.0308	0.00145	0.0162
2008	HDV6	2.9218	0.00091	0.0102	0.646	0.00019	0.0021	5.1121	0.00147	0.0165	5.2357	0.00164	0.0183	4.0705	0.00146	0.0163
2008	HDV7	3.2661	0.00100	0.0112	0.621	0.00019	0.0020	5.4335	0.00156	0.0175	5.6544	0.00184	0.0206	4.4063	0.00151	0.0169
2008	HDV8a	5.1419	0.00150	0.0167	0.433	0.00017	0.0018	7.5619	0.00217	0.0242	8.7135	0.00332	0.0371	6.8409	0.00191	0.0214
2008	HDV8b	6.0901	0.00175	0.0196	0.277	0.00015	0.0016	9.0828	0.0026	0.0290	10.739	0.00432	0.0483	8.4899	0.00219	0.0245
2009	HDV2B	1.3798	0.00100	0.0100	0.516	0.00043	0.0043	2.0719	0.00115	0.0119	2.4706	0.00158	0.0162	1.8386	0.00157	0.0161
2009	HDV3	2.9610	0.00096	0.0106	0.557	0.00023	0.0024	5.1900	0.00154	0.0172	5.2402	0.00184	0.0204	4.0535	0.00145	0.0160
2009	HDV4	3.1234	0.00095	0.0107	0.569	0.00019	0.0020	5.5733	0.00159	0.0178	5.6981	0.00188	0.0210	4.3876	0.00143	0.0160
2009	HDV5	3.1234	0.00095	0.0107	0.569	0.00019	0.0020	5.5733	0.00159	0.0178	5.6981	0.00188	0.0210	4.3876	0.00143	0.0160
2009	HDV6	3.2005	0.00097	0.0109	0.575	0.00019	0.0020	5.5752	0.00159	0.0178	5.7479	0.00190	0.0212	4.4381	0.00145	0.0162
2009	HDV7	3.9038	0.00117	0.0130	0.525	0.00018	0.0020	6.2560	0.00179	0.0200	6.6497	0.00234	0.0262	5.1611	0.00158	0.0177
2009	HDV8a	5.7874	0.00168	0.0188	0.320	0.00016	0.0017	8.5948	0.00246	0.0275	10.136	0.00403	0.0450	7.9296	0.00209	0.0233
2009	HDV8b	6.2552	0.00181	0.0202	0.242	0.00014	0.0016	9.3944	0.00269	0.0300	11.143	0.00454	0.0507	8.7706	0.00225	0.0251
2010	HDV2B	0.5504	0.00091	0.0089	0.218	0.00036	0.0035	0.7431	0.00098	0.0100	0.9900	0.00143	0.0143	0.7525	0.00141	0.0141
2010	HDV3	0.8812	0.00088	0.0096	0.238	0.00021	0.0022	1.5502	0.00139	0.0153	1.5764	0.00165	0.0182	1.1848	0.00133	0.0146
2010	HDV4	0.9238	0.00087	0.0097	0.245	0.00017	0.0019	1.6734	0.00145	0.0162	1.6994	0.00169	0.0189	1.2665	0.00132	0.0147
2010	HDV5	0.9238	0.00087	0.0097	0.245	0.00017	0.0019	1.6734	0.00145	0.0162	1.6994	0.00169	0.0189	1.2665	0.00132	0.0147
2010	HDV6	0.9509	0.00088	0.0099	0.244	0.00017	0.0019	1.6834	0.00144	0.0161	1.7213	0.00170	0.0190	1.2967	0.00134	0.0149
2010	HDV7	1.0779	0.00105	0.0117	0.241	0.00017	0.0018	1.7644	0.00161	0.0180	1.8525	0.00207	0.0232	1.4332	0.00145	0.0162
2010	HDV8a	1.4826	0.00156	0.0174	0.229	0.00015	0.0016	2.0916	0.00227	0.0254	2.4577	0.00370	0.0413	2.0567	0.00194	0.0217
2010	HDV8b	1.5946	0.00170	0.0190	0.219	0.00014	0.0015	2.2214	0.00252	0.0282	2.6534	0.00425	0.0476	2.2776	0.00212	0.0237

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
		NO _x	BC	PM	Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2011	HDV2B	0.5995	0.00086	0.0089	0.273	0.00042	0.0043	0.8727	0.00104	0.0110	1.1653	0.00136	0.0144	0.8530	0.00141	0.0149
2011	HDV3	0.8844	0.00085	0.0094	0.247	0.00022	0.0024	1.5532	0.00135	0.0150	1.5937	0.00156	0.0173	1.2033	0.00133	0.0147
2011	HDV4	0.9219	0.00084	0.0094	0.241	0.00017	0.0019	1.6583	0.00139	0.0156	1.6851	0.00159	0.0178	1.2707	0.00131	0.0147
2011	HDV5	0.9219	0.00084	0.0094	0.241	0.00017	0.0019	1.6583	0.00139	0.0156	1.6851	0.00159	0.0178	1.2707	0.00131	0.0147
2011	HDV6	0.9425	0.00086	0.0096	0.241	0.00017	0.0019	1.6678	0.00140	0.0156	1.7039	0.00161	0.0180	1.2931	0.00132	0.0148
2011	HDV7	1.0458	0.00099	0.0111	0.239	0.00017	0.0018	1.7333	0.00153	0.0171	1.8092	0.00191	0.0214	1.4022	0.00141	0.0158
2011	HDV8a	1.4512	0.00150	0.0168	0.229	0.00015	0.0016	2.0557	0.00218	0.0244	2.3955	0.00348	0.0389	1.9992	0.00188	0.0210
2011	HDV8b	1.5902	0.00168	0.0188	0.219	0.00014	0.0015	2.2146	0.00249	0.0279	2.6419	0.00418	0.0468	2.2683	0.00209	0.0234
2012	HDV2B	0.6111	0.00086	0.0089	0.273	0.00042	0.0043	0.8978	0.00105	0.0112	1.1792	0.00137	0.0145	0.8645	0.00141	0.0149
2012	HDV3	0.8904	0.00085	0.0094	0.247	0.00022	0.0023	1.5714	0.00135	0.0151	1.6084	0.00156	0.0174	1.2138	0.00132	0.0147
2012	HDV4	0.9205	0.00084	0.0094	0.241	0.00017	0.0019	1.6573	0.00139	0.0156	1.6830	0.00159	0.0178	1.2686	0.00131	0.0147
2012	HDV5	0.9205	0.00084	0.0094	0.241	0.00017	0.0019	1.6573	0.00139	0.0156	1.6830	0.00159	0.0178	1.2686	0.00131	0.0147
2012	HDV6	0.9407	0.00086	0.0096	0.241	0.00017	0.0019	1.6671	0.00140	0.0157	1.7023	0.00162	0.0181	1.2905	0.00132	0.0148
2012	HDV7	1.0059	0.00094	0.0105	0.240	0.00017	0.0018	1.7084	0.00148	0.0166	1.7672	0.00180	0.0202	1.3580	0.00138	0.0154
2012	HDV8a	1.3936	0.00142	0.0159	0.231	0.00015	0.0017	1.9971	0.00206	0.0230	2.3057	0.00321	0.0359	1.9021	0.00179	0.0201
2012	HDV8b	1.5728	0.00164	0.0184	0.219	0.00014	0.0015	2.1943	0.00244	0.0272	2.6060	0.00404	0.0451	2.2312	0.00205	0.0229
2013	HDV2B	0.5874	0.00082	0.0086	0.267	0.00040	0.0042	0.8736	0.00102	0.0108	1.1509	0.00133	0.0141	0.8434	0.00137	0.0145
2013	HDV3	0.8250	0.00078	0.0086	0.230	0.00020	0.0021	1.4573	0.00124	0.0139	1.4951	0.00144	0.0160	1.1288	0.00122	0.0136
2013	HDV4	0.8494	0.00077	0.0086	0.222	0.00016	0.0017	1.5282	0.00127	0.0142	1.5520	0.00145	0.0162	1.1714	0.00120	0.0134
2013	HDV5	0.8494	0.00077	0.0086	0.222	0.00016	0.0017	1.5282	0.00127	0.0142	1.5520	0.00145	0.0162	1.1714	0.00120	0.0134
2013	HDV6	0.8658	0.00078	0.0088	0.222	0.00016	0.0017	1.5354	0.00128	0.0143	1.5673	0.00147	0.0165	1.1891	0.00121	0.0136
2013	HDV7	0.9176	0.00085	0.0095	0.220	0.00016	0.0017	1.5666	0.00134	0.0150	1.6182	0.00162	0.0181	1.2429	0.00125	0.0140
2013	HDV8a	1.2431	0.00125	0.0140	0.210	0.00014	0.0015	1.7924	0.00182	0.0203	2.0637	0.00282	0.0315	1.6985	0.00159	0.0178
2013	HDV8b	1.4018	0.00145	0.0162	0.196	0.00012	0.0013	1.9575	0.00215	0.0240	2.3233	0.00356	0.0398	1.9882	0.00181	0.0202
2014	HDV2B	0.5899	0.00082	0.0086	0.267	0.00040	0.0042	0.8802	0.00102	0.0109	1.1535	0.00133	0.0141	0.8458	0.00136	0.0145
2014	HDV3	0.8228	0.00078	0.0086	0.229	0.00020	0.0021	1.4571	0.00124	0.0139	1.4941	0.00144	0.0159	1.1280	0.00122	0.0135

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
		NO _x	BC	PM	Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2014	HDV4	0.8454	0.00077	0.0086	0.222	0.00016	0.0017	1.5234	0.00127	0.0142	1.5471	0.00145	0.0162	1.1676	0.00120	0.0134
2014	HDV5	0.8454	0.00077	0.0086	0.222	0.00016	0.0017	1.5234	0.00127	0.0142	1.5471	0.00145	0.0162	1.1676	0.00120	0.0134
2014	HDV6	0.8606	0.00078	0.0087	0.221	0.00016	0.0017	1.5295	0.00128	0.0143	1.5612	0.00147	0.0165	1.1842	0.00121	0.0135
2014	HDV7	0.9054	0.00084	0.0094	0.219	0.00015	0.0017	1.5565	0.00134	0.0150	1.6072	0.00161	0.0180	1.2339	0.00125	0.0139
2014	HDV8a	1.1958	0.00121	0.0136	0.206	0.00014	0.0015	1.7541	0.00179	0.0200	2.0187	0.00276	0.0309	1.6602	0.00156	0.0175
2014	HDV8b	1.3263	0.00139	0.0155	0.190	0.00012	0.0013	1.8922	0.00209	0.0234	2.2453	0.00346	0.0387	1.9211	0.00176	0.0197
2015	HDV2B	0.5787	0.00080	0.0084	0.262	0.00039	0.0041	0.8742	0.00100	0.0107	1.1400	0.00130	0.0139	0.8363	0.00133	0.0142
2015	HDV3	0.8116	0.00076	0.0085	0.225	0.00019	0.0021	1.4395	0.00123	0.0137	1.4753	0.00142	0.0157	1.1138	0.00120	0.0133
2015	HDV4	0.8331	0.00076	0.0085	0.219	0.00015	0.0017	1.5015	0.00125	0.0140	1.5249	0.00143	0.0160	1.1509	0.00118	0.0132
2015	HDV5	0.8331	0.00076	0.0085	0.219	0.00015	0.0017	1.5015	0.00125	0.0140	1.5249	0.00143	0.0160	1.1509	0.00118	0.0132
2015	HDV6	0.8479	0.00077	0.0086	0.218	0.00015	0.0017	1.5073	0.00126	0.0141	1.5386	0.00145	0.0162	1.1669	0.00119	0.0133
2015	HDV7	0.8934	0.00083	0.0093	0.216	0.00015	0.0017	1.5352	0.00132	0.0148	1.5854	0.00159	0.0178	1.2172	0.00123	0.0138
2015	HDV8a	1.1858	0.00121	0.0135	0.204	0.00014	0.0015	1.7377	0.00177	0.0198	2.0007	0.00275	0.0307	1.6458	0.00155	0.0174
2015	HDV8b	1.3177	0.00138	0.0155	0.188	0.00012	0.0013	1.8797	0.00208	0.0233	2.2306	0.00345	0.0385	1.9086	0.00175	0.0196
2016	HDV2B	0.5799	0.00080	0.0084	0.262	0.00039	0.0041	0.8768	0.00100	0.0108	1.1411	0.00130	0.0139	0.8373	0.00133	0.0142
2016	HDV3	0.8120	0.00076	0.0085	0.225	0.00019	0.0021	1.4408	0.00123	0.0137	1.4763	0.00142	0.0157	1.1146	0.00120	0.0133
2016	HDV4	0.8331	0.00076	0.0085	0.219	0.00015	0.0017	1.5015	0.00125	0.0140	1.5248	0.00143	0.0160	1.1509	0.00118	0.0132
2016	HDV5	0.8331	0.00076	0.0085	0.219	0.00015	0.0017	1.5015	0.00125	0.0140	1.5248	0.00143	0.0160	1.1509	0.00118	0.0132
2016	HDV6	0.8477	0.00077	0.0086	0.218	0.00015	0.0017	1.5073	0.00126	0.0141	1.5385	0.00145	0.0162	1.1667	0.00119	0.0133
2016	HDV7	0.8928	0.00083	0.0093	0.216	0.00015	0.0017	1.5349	0.00132	0.0148	1.5848	0.00159	0.0178	1.2166	0.00123	0.0137
2016	HDV8a	1.1847	0.00121	0.0135	0.204	0.00014	0.0015	1.7367	0.00177	0.0198	1.9988	0.00274	0.0306	1.6438	0.00155	0.0173
2016	HDV8b	1.3174	0.00138	0.0155	0.188	0.00012	0.0013	1.8793	0.00208	0.0233	2.2299	0.00344	0.0385	1.9078	0.00175	0.0196
2017	HDV2B	0.3715	0.00049	0.0051	0.170	0.00024	0.0025	0.5721	0.00061	0.0066	0.7336	0.00079	0.0085	0.5337	0.00081	0.0087
2017	HDV3	0.5393	0.00049	0.0054	0.149	0.00012	0.0013	0.9594	0.00078	0.0087	0.9807	0.00090	0.0100	0.7402	0.00076	0.0085
2017	HDV4	0.5541	0.00048	0.0054	0.145	0.00010	0.0011	1.0000	0.00080	0.0090	1.0155	0.00091	0.0102	0.7664	0.00076	0.0085
2017	HDV5	0.5541	0.00048	0.0054	0.145	0.00010	0.0011	1.0000	0.00080	0.0090	1.0155	0.00091	0.0102	0.7664	0.00076	0.0085

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
		NO _x	BC	PM	Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2017	HDV6	0.5652	0.00049	0.0055	0.145	0.00010	0.0011	1.0048	0.00081	0.0090	1.0260	0.00093	0.0104	0.7781	0.00076	0.0085
2017	HDV7	0.6023	0.00054	0.0060	0.144	0.00010	0.0010	1.0307	0.00086	0.0096	1.0652	0.00104	0.0116	0.8185	0.0008	0.0089
2017	HDV8a	0.8405	0.00083	0.0093	0.142	0.00009	0.0010	1.2204	0.00121	0.0135	1.4088	0.00188	0.0211	1.1608	0.00106	0.0118
2017	HDV8b	0.9490	0.00097	0.0108	0.135	0.00008	0.0009	1.3515	0.00145	0.0162	1.6043	0.00241	0.0269	1.3731	0.00122	0.0137
2018	HDV2B	0.2839	0.00048	0.0050	0.121	0.00024	0.0025	0.4388	0.00061	0.0066	0.5412	0.00078	0.0083	0.3972	0.00080	0.0085
2018	HDV3	0.4861	0.00048	0.0054	0.131	0.00012	0.0013	0.8669	0.00078	0.0087	0.8784	0.00090	0.0100	0.6618	0.00076	0.0085
2018	HDV4	0.5039	0.00048	0.0054	0.133	0.00010	0.0011	0.9115	0.00080	0.0090	0.9254	0.00091	0.0102	0.6953	0.00076	0.0085
2018	HDV5	0.5039	0.00048	0.0054	0.133	0.00010	0.0011	0.9115	0.00080	0.0090	0.9254	0.00091	0.0102	0.6953	0.00076	0.0085
2018	HDV6	0.5164	0.00049	0.0055	0.133	0.00010	0.0011	0.9184	0.00081	0.0090	0.9380	0.00093	0.0104	0.7087	0.00076	0.0085
2018	HDV7	0.5594	0.00054	0.0061	0.133	0.00010	0.0010	0.9510	0.00086	0.0096	0.9843	0.00104	0.0116	0.7550	0.00080	0.0089
2018	HDV8a	0.8279	0.00083	0.0093	0.136	0.00009	0.0010	1.1887	0.00121	0.0136	1.3778	0.00189	0.0212	1.1374	0.00106	0.0119
2018	HDV8b	0.9474	0.00097	0.0108	0.134	0.00008	0.0009	1.3468	0.00145	0.0163	1.5999	0.00241	0.0269	1.3700	0.00122	0.0137
2019	HDV2B	0.2603	0.00047	0.0050	0.109	0.00024	0.0025	0.4021	0.00060	0.0065	0.4900	0.00076	0.0081	0.3612	0.00079	0.0084
2019	HDV3	0.4718	0.00048	0.0054	0.126	0.00012	0.0013	0.8417	0.00078	0.0087	0.8506	0.00090	0.0100	0.6406	0.00076	0.0085
2019	HDV4	0.4905	0.00048	0.0054	0.129	0.00010	0.0011	0.8881	0.00080	0.0090	0.9015	0.00091	0.0102	0.6764	0.00076	0.0085
2019	HDV5	0.4905	0.00048	0.0054	0.129	0.00010	0.0011	0.8881	0.00080	0.0090	0.9015	0.00091	0.0102	0.6764	0.00076	0.0085
2019	HDV6	0.5035	0.00049	0.0055	0.129	0.00010	0.0011	0.8955	0.00081	0.0090	0.9147	0.00093	0.0104	0.6903	0.00076	0.0085
2019	HDV7	0.5489	0.00054	0.0061	0.130	0.00010	0.0010	0.9305	0.00086	0.0096	0.9638	0.00104	0.0117	0.7391	0.00080	0.0089
2019	HDV8a	0.8260	0.00083	0.0093	0.135	0.00009	0.0010	1.1823	0.00122	0.0136	1.3722	0.00190	0.0213	1.1338	0.00106	0.0119
2019	HDV8b	0.9474	0.00097	0.0108	0.134	0.00008	0.0009	1.3462	0.00146	0.0163	1.5997	0.00241	0.0270	1.3702	0.00122	0.0137
2020	HDV2B	0.2369	0.00046	0.0049	0.096	0.00024	0.0025	0.3657	0.0006	0.0065	0.4390	0.00073	0.0079	0.3254	0.00077	0.0083
2020	HDV3	0.4574	0.00048	0.0054	0.121	0.00012	0.0013	0.8166	0.00078	0.0087	0.8228	0.00089	0.0100	0.6194	0.00076	0.0084
2020	HDV4	0.4772	0.00048	0.0054	0.126	0.00010	0.0011	0.8646	0.00080	0.0090	0.8776	0.00091	0.0102	0.6575	0.00076	0.0085
2020	HDV5	0.4772	0.00048	0.0054	0.126	0.00010	0.0011	0.8646	0.00080	0.0090	0.8776	0.00091	0.0102	0.6575	0.00076	0.0085
2020	HDV6	0.4906	0.00049	0.0055	0.126	0.00010	0.0011	0.8726	0.00081	0.0090	0.8914	0.00093	0.0104	0.6719	0.00076	0.0085
2020	HDV7	0.5383	0.00054	0.0061	0.127	0.00010	0.0010	0.9101	0.00086	0.0096	0.9432	0.00104	0.0117	0.7230	0.00080	0.0089

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	DIESEL														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2020	HDV8a	0.8240	0.00084	0.0094	0.133	0.00009	0.0010	1.1756	0.00122	0.0137	1.3662	0.00191	0.0214	1.1298	0.00107	0.0119
2020	HDV8b	0.9474	0.00097	0.0108	0.133	0.00008	0.0009	1.3456	0.00146	0.0163	1.5994	0.00242	0.0270	1.3702	0.00123	0.0137
2021	HDV2B	0.2369	0.00046	0.0049	0.096	0.00024	0.0025	0.3657	0.0006	0.0065	0.4390	0.00073	0.0079	0.3254	0.00077	0.0083
2021	HDV3	0.4574	0.00048	0.0054	0.121	0.00012	0.0013	0.8166	0.00078	0.0087	0.8228	0.00089	0.0100	0.6194	0.00076	0.0084
2021	HDV4	0.4772	0.00048	0.0054	0.126	0.00010	0.0011	0.8646	0.00080	0.0090	0.8776	0.00091	0.0102	0.6575	0.00076	0.0085
2021	HDV5	0.4772	0.00048	0.0054	0.126	0.00010	0.0011	0.8646	0.00080	0.0090	0.8776	0.00091	0.0102	0.6575	0.00076	0.0085
2021	HDV6	0.4906	0.00049	0.0055	0.126	0.00010	0.0011	0.8726	0.00081	0.0090	0.8914	0.00093	0.0104	0.6719	0.00076	0.0085
2021	HDV7	0.5383	0.00054	0.0061	0.127	0.00010	0.0010	0.9101	0.00086	0.0096	0.9432	0.00104	0.0117	0.7230	0.00080	0.0089
2021	HDV8a	0.8240	0.00084	0.0094	0.133	0.00009	0.0010	1.1756	0.00122	0.0137	1.3662	0.00191	0.0214	1.1298	0.00107	0.0119
2021	HDV8b	0.9474	0.00097	0.0108	0.133	0.00008	0.0009	1.3456	0.00146	0.0163	1.5994	0.00242	0.0270	1.3702	0.00123	0.0137

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
1989	HDV2B	5.0338	0.01865	0.1272	0.142	0.00021	0.0014	5.3116	0.00247	0.0168	8.2576	0.00687	0.0469	6.8832	0.01212	0.0827
1989	HDV3	5.7254	0.02549	0.1739	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.4832	0.00288	0.0196	9.1283	0.00506	0.0345	7.3624	0.01132	0.0772
1989	HDV4	5.8786	0.02643	0.1804	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.4870	0.0029	0.0197	9.2270	0.00552	0.0377	7.4773	0.01191	0.0813
1989	HDV5	5.4361	0.02398	0.1636	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.5417	0.00287	0.0196	8.9666	0.00507	0.0346	7.1200	0.01040	0.0709
1989	HDV6	5.4361	0.02398	0.1636	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.5417	0.00287	0.0196	8.9666	0.00507	0.0346	7.1200	0.01040	0.0709
1989	HDV7	5.4361	0.02398	0.1636	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.5417	0.00287	0.0196	8.9666	0.00507	0.0346	7.1200	0.01040	0.0709
1989	HDV8a	9.4007	0.05802	0.3960	0.125	0.00020	0.0013	10.864	0.00672	0.0458	16.353	0.07798	0.5321	13.155	0.05823	0.3973
1989	HDV8b	9.4007	0.05802	0.3960	0.125	0.00020	0.0013	10.864	0.00672	0.0458	16.353	0.07798	0.5321	13.155	0.05823	0.3973
1990	HDV2B	5.0338	0.01865	0.1272	0.142	0.00021	0.0014	5.3116	0.00247	0.0168	8.2576	0.00687	0.0469	6.8832	0.01212	0.0827
1990	HDV3	5.7254	0.02549	0.1739	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.4832	0.00288	0.0196	9.1283	0.00506	0.0345	7.3624	0.01132	0.0772
1990	HDV4	5.8786	0.02643	0.1804	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.4870	0.0029	0.0197	9.2270	0.00552	0.0377	7.4773	0.01191	0.0813
1990	HDV5	5.4361	0.02398	0.1636	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.5417	0.00287	0.0196	8.9666	0.00507	0.0346	7.1200	0.01040	0.0709
1990	HDV6	5.4361	0.02398	0.1636	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.5417	0.00287	0.0196	8.9666	0.00507	0.0346	7.1200	0.01040	0.0709
1990	HDV7	5.4361	0.02398	0.1636	0.137	0.00023	0.0015	6.5417	0.00287	0.0196	8.9666	0.00507	0.0346	7.1200	0.01040	0.0709
1990	HDV8a	9.4007	0.05802	0.3960	0.125	0.00020	0.0013	10.864	0.00672	0.0458	16.353	0.07798	0.5321	13.155	0.05823	0.3973
1990	HDV8b	9.4007	0.05802	0.3960	0.125	0.00020	0.0013	10.864	0.00672	0.0458	16.353	0.07798	0.5321	13.155	0.05823	0.3973
1991	HDV2B	4.7418	0.00757	0.0516	0.142	0.00057	0.0039	4.4555	0.01020	0.0696	7.9079	0.00457	0.0312	6.7718	0.00437	0.0298
1991	HDV3	5.7436	0.01474	0.1006	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.4984	0.01629	0.1112	9.1581	0.00530	0.0361	7.3780	0.00444	0.0303
1991	HDV4	5.8784	0.01516	0.1035	0.137	0.00063	0.0042	6.5470	0.01643	0.1121	9.2899	0.00593	0.0404	7.4969	0.00474	0.0323
1991	HDV5	5.6037	0.01438	0.0981	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.5124	0.01637	0.1117	9.0792	0.00511	0.0349	7.2657	0.00426	0.0291
1991	HDV6	5.4529	0.01402	0.0957	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.5713	0.01662	0.1134	9.0193	0.00518	0.0353	7.1343	0.00412	0.0281
1991	HDV7	5.4529	0.01402	0.0957	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.5713	0.01662	0.1134	9.0193	0.00518	0.0353	7.1343	0.00412	0.0281
1991	HDV8a	5.9194	0.01556	0.1062	0.136	0.00062	0.0042	6.8693	0.01752	0.1195	9.6481	0.00845	0.0576	7.6437	0.00555	0.0379
1991	HDV8b	5.9194	0.01556	0.1062	0.136	0.00062	0.0042	6.8693	0.01752	0.1195	9.6481	0.00845	0.0576	7.6437	0.00555	0.0379
1992	HDV2B	4.9168	0.00896	0.0612	0.139	0.00057	0.0038	4.8983	0.01145	0.0781	8.1299	0.00462	0.0315	6.8694	0.00427	0.0291
1992	HDV3	5.8092	0.01493	0.1018	0.137	0.00063	0.0042	6.5043	0.01630	0.1112	9.2048	0.00547	0.0373	7.4303	0.00455	0.0310

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
1992	HDV4	5.9814	0.01546	0.1055	0.137	0.00063	0.0042	6.5640	0.01647	0.1124	9.3683	0.00625	0.0426	7.5788	0.00492	0.0335
1992	HDV5	5.6392	0.01446	0.0987	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.5018	0.01633	0.1114	9.0942	0.00510	0.0348	7.2935	0.00429	0.0293
1992	HDV6	5.4547	0.01403	0.0957	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.5745	0.01662	0.1134	9.0250	0.00518	0.0353	7.1359	0.00413	0.0281
1992	HDV7	5.4547	0.01403	0.0957	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.5745	0.01662	0.1134	9.0250	0.00518	0.0353	7.1359	0.00413	0.0281
1992	HDV8a	6.1293	0.01626	0.1109	0.135	0.00062	0.0042	7.0163	0.01796	0.1226	9.9492	0.01	0.0682	7.8855	0.00623	0.0425
1992	HDV8b	6.1293	0.01626	0.1109	0.135	0.00062	0.0042	7.0163	0.01796	0.1226	9.9492	0.01	0.0682	7.8855	0.00623	0.0425
1993	HDV2B	4.9835	0.00986	0.0673	0.137	0.00057	0.0038	5.1281	0.01214	0.0828	8.1698	0.00456	0.0311	6.8999	0.00412	0.0281
1993	HDV3	5.6438	0.01452	0.0991	0.138	0.00062	0.0042	6.4404	0.01615	0.1102	9.0163	0.00506	0.0345	7.2988	0.00427	0.0291
1993	HDV4	5.7577	0.01480	0.1010	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.4553	0.01616	0.1103	9.1127	0.00523	0.0357	7.3865	0.00442	0.0302
1993	HDV5	5.6444	0.01451	0.0990	0.138	0.00062	0.0042	6.4351	0.01613	0.1101	9.0128	0.00500	0.0341	7.2975	0.00426	0.0290
1993	HDV6	5.3752	0.01392	0.0950	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.4346	0.01625	0.1109	8.7759	0.00497	0.0339	7.0683	0.00395	0.0269
1993	HDV7	5.3752	0.01392	0.0950	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.4346	0.01625	0.1109	8.7759	0.00497	0.0339	7.0683	0.00395	0.0269
1993	HDV8a	5.4848	0.01428	0.0975	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.5026	0.01646	0.1123	8.9216	0.00571	0.0390	7.1837	0.00428	0.0292
1993	HDV8b	5.4848	0.01428	0.0975	0.137	0.00062	0.0042	6.5026	0.01646	0.1123	8.9216	0.00571	0.0390	7.1837	0.00428	0.0292
1994	HDV2B	4.7302	0.01029	0.0702	0.112	0.00031	0.0021	4.6009	0.00229	0.0156	7.6611	0.00717	0.0489	6.7782	0.01807	0.1233
1994	HDV3	5.6117	0.01693	0.1155	0.135	0.00038	0.0025	6.4254	0.00323	0.0220	9.0151	0.01227	0.0837	7.2364	0.02729	0.1862
1994	HDV4	5.8759	0.01846	0.1259	0.135	0.00038	0.0025	6.4836	0.00327	0.0223	9.2388	0.01289	0.0880	7.4605	0.02886	0.1969
1994	HDV5	5.6694	0.01730	0.1181	0.135	0.00038	0.0026	6.3539	0.00314	0.0214	8.9823	0.01210	0.0826	7.2623	0.02754	0.1879
1994	HDV6	5.3608	0.01544	0.1053	0.135	0.00038	0.0025	6.4584	0.00332	0.0226	8.8619	0.01194	0.0815	7.0154	0.02565	0.1750
1994	HDV7	5.3608	0.01544	0.1053	0.135	0.00038	0.0025	6.4584	0.00332	0.0226	8.8619	0.01194	0.0815	7.0154	0.02565	0.1750
1994	HDV8a	9.2480	0.03740	0.2552	0.123	0.00034	0.0023	10.688	0.00736	0.0502	16.087	0.03383	0.2308	12.941	0.06554	0.4473
1994	HDV8b	9.2480	0.03740	0.2552	0.123	0.00034	0.0023	10.688	0.00736	0.0502	16.087	0.03383	0.2308	12.941	0.06554	0.4473
1995	HDV2B	4.7243	0.01022	0.0697	0.116	0.00034	0.0023	4.6364	0.00322	0.0220	7.6428	0.00443	0.0302	6.7372	0.00540	0.0368
1995	HDV3	5.4954	0.01631	0.1113	0.135	0.00039	0.0026	6.4055	0.00452	0.0308	8.9138	0.00412	0.0281	7.1350	0.00527	0.0359
1995	HDV4	5.6650	0.01682	0.1148	0.135	0.00039	0.0026	6.3993	0.00449	0.0306	9.0228	0.00444	0.0303	7.2733	0.00558	0.0381
1995	HDV5	5.5734	0.01651	0.1126	0.135	0.00039	0.0026	6.3770	0.00448	0.0306	8.9419	0.00404	0.0275	7.1944	0.00535	0.0365

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
1995	HDV6	5.3541	0.01593	0.1087	0.135	0.00039	0.0026	6.4466	0.00458	0.0312	8.8409	0.00412	0.0281	7.0098	0.00506	0.0345
1995	HDV7	5.3541	0.01593	0.1087	0.135	0.00039	0.0026	6.4466	0.00458	0.0312	8.8409	0.00412	0.0281	7.0098	0.00506	0.0345
1995	HDV8a	9.2480	0.03095	0.2112	0.123	0.00036	0.0024	10.688	0.00818	0.0558	16.087	0.04854	0.3312	12.941	0.02565	0.1750
1995	HDV8b	9.2480	0.03095	0.2112	0.123	0.00036	0.0024	10.688	0.00818	0.0558	16.087	0.04854	0.3312	12.941	0.02565	0.1750
1996	HDV2B	3.5272	0.00887	0.0605	0.099	0.00044	0.0029	3.4451	0.00255	0.0174	5.1954	0.00672	0.0459	4.9945	0.00291	0.0198
1996	HDV3	5.5773	0.01617	0.1103	0.135	0.00047	0.0031	6.4003	0.00367	0.0250	8.9702	0.00607	0.0414	7.2005	0.00276	0.0188
1996	HDV4	5.7118	0.01651	0.1126	0.135	0.00047	0.0031	6.3948	0.00367	0.0250	9.0496	0.00643	0.0438	7.3061	0.00288	0.0196
1996	HDV5	5.6559	0.01636	0.1117	0.135	0.00047	0.0031	6.3603	0.00365	0.0249	8.9812	0.00589	0.0401	7.2533	0.00279	0.0190
1996	HDV6	5.3666	0.01565	0.1068	0.135	0.00046	0.0031	6.4686	0.00368	0.0251	8.8799	0.00604	0.0412	7.0203	0.00261	0.0178
1996	HDV7	5.3666	0.01565	0.1068	0.135	0.00046	0.0031	6.4686	0.00368	0.0251	8.8799	0.00604	0.0412	7.0203	0.00261	0.0178
1996	HDV8a	9.2480	0.02547	0.1738	0.123	0.00042	0.0028	10.688	0.00609	0.0416	16.087	0.06136	0.4187	12.941	0.01220	0.0832
1996	HDV8b	9.2480	0.02547	0.1738	0.123	0.00042	0.0028	10.688	0.00609	0.0416	16.087	0.06136	0.4187	12.941	0.01220	0.0832
1997	HDV2B	3.2838	0.00710	0.0485	0.106	0.00020	0.0013	3.0765	0.00180	0.0123	4.8533	0.00546	0.0372	4.5034	0.00730	0.0498
1997	HDV3	5.4862	0.01225	0.0836	0.135	0.00023	0.0015	6.4355	0.00247	0.0168	8.9413	0.00504	0.0344	7.1286	0.00846	0.0577
1997	HDV4	5.6911	0.01291	0.0881	0.135	0.00023	0.0015	6.3812	0.00245	0.0167	9.0236	0.00500	0.0341	7.2860	0.00893	0.0609
1997	HDV5	5.5881	0.01256	0.0857	0.135	0.00023	0.0015	6.3837	0.00245	0.0167	8.9618	0.00483	0.0329	7.2053	0.00867	0.0592
1997	HDV6	5.3680	0.01187	0.0810	0.135	0.00022	0.0015	6.4709	0.00248	0.0169	8.8842	0.00507	0.0346	7.0215	0.00814	0.0555
1997	HDV7	5.3680	0.01187	0.0810	0.135	0.00022	0.0015	6.4709	0.00248	0.0169	8.8842	0.00507	0.0346	7.0215	0.00814	0.0555
1997	HDV8a	9.2480	0.02655	0.1811	0.123	0.00019	0.0013	10.688	0.00520	0.0354	16.087	0.04479	0.3056	12.942	0.02848	0.1943
1997	HDV8b	9.2480	0.02655	0.1811	0.123	0.00019	0.0013	10.688	0.00520	0.0354	16.087	0.04479	0.3056	12.942	0.02848	0.1943
1998	HDV2B	2.4363	0.00585	0.0399	0.116	0.00025	0.0017	1.7663	0.00195	0.0133	3.6714	0.00496	0.0339	3.9842	0.00533	0.0364
1998	HDV3	4.1787	0.01523	0.1039	0.258	0.00030	0.0020	4.0177	0.00382	0.0261	6.1692	0.00853	0.0582	6.5087	0.01161	0.0792
1998	HDV4	4.4484	0.01678	0.1145	0.254	0.00030	0.0020	4.1566	0.00414	0.0282	6.6399	0.01179	0.0804	6.7598	0.01284	0.0876
1998	HDV5	3.8462	0.01343	0.0916	0.263	0.00031	0.0021	3.7766	0.00335	0.0229	5.5090	0.00382	0.0261	6.2024	0.01010	0.0689
1998	HDV6	3.8139	0.01315	0.0897	0.263	0.00031	0.0021	3.8238	0.00339	0.0231	5.5084	0.00393	0.0268	6.1652	0.00993	0.0677
1998	HDV7	3.8139	0.01315	0.0897	0.263	0.00031	0.0021	3.8238	0.00339	0.0231	5.5084	0.00393	0.0268	6.1652	0.00993	0.0677

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
1998	HDV8a	5.3476	0.02157	0.1472	0.226	0.00026	0.0017	5.6502	0.00701	0.0478	9.7438	0.03399	0.2320	8.1971	0.01993	0.1360
1998	HDV8b	5.3476	0.02157	0.1472	0.226	0.00026	0.0017	5.6502	0.00701	0.0478	9.7438	0.03399	0.2320	8.1971	0.01993	0.1360
1999	HDV2B	2.6081	0.00812	0.0554	0.137	0.00008	0.0005	1.9961	0.00110	0.0075	3.8508	0.00437	0.0298	4.2075	0.00282	0.0192
1999	HDV3	3.8469	0.01761	0.1201	0.263	0.00009	0.0006	3.8130	0.00183	0.0125	5.5457	0.00240	0.0164	6.2057	0.00347	0.0237
1999	HDV4	3.9320	0.01816	0.1239	0.262	0.00009	0.0006	3.8434	0.00187	0.0128	5.6836	0.00364	0.0248	6.2833	0.00382	0.0260
1999	HDV5	3.8335	0.01771	0.1209	0.263	0.00010	0.0006	3.7643	0.00181	0.0123	5.4839	0.00170	0.0116	6.1968	0.00347	0.0236
1999	HDV6	3.8341	0.01772	0.1209	0.263	0.00010	0.0006	3.7637	0.00181	0.0123	5.4842	0.0017	0.0116	6.1973	0.00347	0.0236
1999	HDV7	3.8038	0.01734	0.1183	0.263	0.00009	0.0006	3.7940	0.00181	0.0123	5.4709	0.00172	0.0117	6.1656	0.0033	0.0225
1999	HDV8a	3.9796	0.01826	0.1246	0.260	0.00009	0.0006	3.9180	0.00192	0.0131	5.8236	0.00508	0.0346	6.3310	0.00399	0.0272
1999	HDV8b	3.9796	0.01826	0.1246	0.260	0.00009	0.0006	3.9180	0.00192	0.0131	5.8236	0.00508	0.0346	6.3310	0.00399	0.0272
2000	HDV2B	2.5570	0.00687	0.0469	0.138	0.00008	0.0005	1.9254	0.00083	0.0056	3.8118	0.00407	0.0278	4.1545	0.00368	0.0251
2000	HDV3	3.8039	0.01430	0.0976	0.264	0.00010	0.0006	3.7732	0.00108	0.0074	5.4543	0.00169	0.0115	6.1718	0.00402	0.0274
2000	HDV4	3.8200	0.01443	0.0984	0.263	0.00010	0.0006	3.7615	0.00108	0.0073	5.4654	0.00168	0.0115	6.1879	0.00407	0.0278
2000	HDV5	3.8266	0.01448	0.0988	0.263	0.00010	0.0006	3.7552	0.00108	0.0073	5.4683	0.00166	0.0113	6.1943	0.00409	0.0279
2000	HDV6	3.8272	0.01449	0.0988	0.263	0.00010	0.0006	3.7548	0.00108	0.0073	5.4686	0.00166	0.0113	6.1948	0.00409	0.0279
2000	HDV7	3.7982	0.01426	0.0973	0.264	0.00010	0.0006	3.7774	0.00108	0.0074	5.4500	0.00169	0.0115	6.1658	0.00401	0.0273
2000	HDV8a	3.7998	0.01427	0.0974	0.264	0.00010	0.0006	3.7785	0.00108	0.0074	5.4532	0.00171	0.0117	6.1673	0.00401	0.0274
2000	HDV8b	3.7998	0.01427	0.0974	0.264	0.00010	0.0006	3.7785	0.00108	0.0074	5.4532	0.00171	0.0117	6.1673	0.00401	0.0274
2001	HDV2B	1.0299	0.00399	0.0272	0.055	0.00003	0.0001	0.6812	0.00061	0.0041	1.4922	0.00325	0.0222	1.6355	0.00263	0.0179
2001	HDV3	1.7602	0.01343	0.0916	0.121	0.00004	0.0002	1.7536	0.00057	0.0039	2.5359	0.00147	0.0100	2.8443	0.00899	0.0613
2001	HDV4	1.7709	0.01356	0.0925	0.121	0.00004	0.0002	1.7411	0.00057	0.0039	2.5386	0.00146	0.0099	2.8561	0.00899	0.0613
2001	HDV5	1.7732	0.01360	0.0927	0.121	0.00004	0.0002	1.7349	0.00056	0.0038	2.5357	0.00140	0.0095	2.8587	0.00899	0.0613
2001	HDV6	1.7735	0.01360	0.0928	0.121	0.00004	0.0002	1.7345	0.00056	0.0038	2.5357	0.00140	0.0095	2.8590	0.00899	0.0613
2001	HDV7	1.7557	0.01338	0.0913	0.121	0.00004	0.0002	1.7590	0.00057	0.0039	2.5343	0.00146	0.0100	2.8390	0.009	0.0613
2001	HDV8a	1.7591	0.01340	0.0914	0.121	0.00004	0.0002	1.7613	0.00058	0.0039	2.5410	0.00156	0.0106	2.8422	0.009	0.0613
2001	HDV8b	1.7591	0.01340	0.0914	0.121	0.00004	0.0002	1.7613	0.00058	0.0039	2.5410	0.00156	0.0106	2.8422	0.009	0.0613

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2002	HDV2B	1.0043	0.00252	0.0172	0.050	0.00013	0.0008	0.6669	0.00130	0.0088	1.4414	0.00270	0.0184	1.5821	0.00221	0.0150
2002	HDV3	1.7606	0.00626	0.0427	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7590	0.00212	0.0144	2.5408	0.00221	0.0151	2.8431	0.00335	0.0229
2002	HDV4	1.7692	0.00634	0.0432	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7470	0.00210	0.0143	2.5414	0.00221	0.0150	2.8530	0.00339	0.0231
2002	HDV5	1.7717	0.00636	0.0434	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7411	0.00209	0.0143	2.5391	0.00218	0.0149	2.8560	0.0034	0.0231
2002	HDV6	1.7719	0.00637	0.0434	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7407	0.00209	0.0143	2.5391	0.00218	0.0149	2.8563	0.00340	0.0232
2002	HDV7	1.7573	0.00623	0.0425	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7638	0.00212	0.0144	2.5403	0.00221	0.0151	2.8390	0.00334	0.0228
2002	HDV8a	1.7593	0.00625	0.0426	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7651	0.00213	0.0145	2.5442	0.00224	0.0153	2.8408	0.00335	0.0228
2002	HDV8b	1.7593	0.00625	0.0426	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7651	0.00213	0.0145	2.5442	0.00224	0.0153	2.8408	0.00335	0.0228
2003	HDV2B	1.0386	0.00299	0.0204	0.053	0.00006	0.0004	0.6863	0.00081	0.0055	1.5135	0.00298	0.0203	1.6503	0.00211	0.0144
2003	HDV3	1.7607	0.00888	0.0605	0.121	0.00008	0.0005	1.7591	0.00140	0.0095	2.5409	0.00129	0.0088	2.8431	0.00403	0.0275
2003	HDV4	1.7693	0.00899	0.0613	0.121	0.00008	0.0005	1.7473	0.00138	0.0094	2.5417	0.00128	0.0087	2.8530	0.00408	0.0278
2003	HDV5	1.7715	0.00903	0.0616	0.121	0.00008	0.0005	1.7413	0.00138	0.0094	2.5391	0.00124	0.0085	2.8559	0.00410	0.0279
2003	HDV6	1.7718	0.00904	0.0616	0.121	0.00008	0.0005	1.7409	0.00138	0.0094	2.5391	0.00124	0.0084	2.8561	0.00410	0.0279
2003	HDV7	1.7573	0.00883	0.0602	0.121	0.00008	0.0005	1.7638	0.00140	0.0095	2.5403	0.00129	0.0088	2.8390	0.00401	0.0273
2003	HDV8a	1.7595	0.00885	0.0603	0.121	0.00008	0.0005	1.7653	0.00140	0.0096	2.5447	0.00134	0.0091	2.8410	0.00402	0.0274
2003	HDV8b	1.7595	0.00885	0.0603	0.121	0.00008	0.0005	1.7653	0.00140	0.0096	2.5447	0.00134	0.0091	2.8410	0.00402	0.0274
2004	HDV2B	0.6788	0.00177	0.0121	0.039	0.00012	0.0008	0.4814	0.00089	0.0061	0.9350	0.00202	0.0137	1.0319	0.00201	0.0137
2004	HDV3	1.7603	0.00468	0.0319	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7598	0.00186	0.0127	2.5409	0.00165	0.0112	2.8426	0.00435	0.0296
2004	HDV4	1.7682	0.00475	0.0324	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7491	0.00186	0.0127	2.5419	0.00164	0.0112	2.8518	0.00441	0.0300
2004	HDV5	1.7702	0.00478	0.0326	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7433	0.00186	0.0127	2.5392	0.00162	0.0111	2.8543	0.00443	0.0302
2004	HDV6	1.7704	0.00478	0.0326	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7429	0.00186	0.0127	2.5392	0.00162	0.0110	2.8546	0.00443	0.0302
2004	HDV7	1.7573	0.00465	0.0317	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7638	0.00186	0.0127	2.5403	0.00165	0.0112	2.8390	0.00433	0.0295
2004	HDV8a	1.7596	0.00466	0.0318	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7653	0.00187	0.0127	2.5448	0.00167	0.0114	2.8411	0.00434	0.0296
2004	HDV8b	1.7596	0.00466	0.0318	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7653	0.00187	0.0127	2.5448	0.00167	0.0114	2.8411	0.00434	0.0296
2005	HDV2B	0.4785	0.0015	0.0102	0.029	0.00012	0.0008	0.3093	0.00081	0.0055	0.6701	0.00203	0.0138	0.7442	0.00186	0.0127
2005	HDV3	1.7604	0.00468	0.0319	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7596	0.00186	0.0127	2.5410	0.00165	0.0112	2.8428	0.00435	0.0297

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
		NO _x	BC	PM	Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
					NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2005	HDV4	1.7686	0.00475	0.0324	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7486	0.00186	0.0127	2.5420	0.00164	0.0112	2.8522	0.00441	0.0301
2005	HDV5	1.7706	0.00478	0.0326	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7426	0.00186	0.0127	2.5392	0.00162	0.0110	2.8548	0.00443	0.0302
2005	HDV6	1.7708	0.00478	0.0326	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7423	0.00186	0.0127	2.5392	0.00162	0.0110	2.8551	0.00443	0.0302
2005	HDV7	1.7573	0.00465	0.0317	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7638	0.00186	0.0127	2.5403	0.00165	0.0112	2.8390	0.00433	0.0295
2005	HDV8a	1.7597	0.00466	0.0318	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7654	0.00187	0.0127	2.5450	0.00167	0.0114	2.8412	0.00434	0.0296
2005	HDV8b	1.7597	0.00466	0.0318	0.121	0.00014	0.0009	1.7654	0.00187	0.0127	2.5450	0.00167	0.0114	2.8412	0.00434	0.0296
2006	HDV2B	0.4386	0.0012	0.0081	0.028	0.00009	0.0006	0.2957	0.00063	0.0043	0.5823	0.00155	0.0105	0.6625	0.00145	0.0099
2006	HDV3	1.7594	0.00353	0.0241	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7611	0.00141	0.0096	2.5409	0.00125	0.0085	2.8415	0.00329	0.0224
2006	HDV4	1.7655	0.00358	0.0244	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7533	0.00141	0.0096	2.5421	0.00125	0.0085	2.8486	0.00332	0.0226
2006	HDV5	1.7668	0.00359	0.0245	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7483	0.00141	0.0096	2.5395	0.00123	0.0084	2.8506	0.00333	0.0227
2006	HDV6	1.7670	0.00359	0.0245	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7480	0.00141	0.0096	2.5395	0.00123	0.0084	2.8508	0.00333	0.0227
2006	HDV7	1.7573	0.00352	0.0240	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7638	0.00141	0.0096	2.5403	0.00125	0.0085	2.8389	0.00327	0.0223
2006	HDV8a	1.7594	0.00353	0.0240	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7652	0.00141	0.0096	2.5444	0.00126	0.0086	2.8409	0.00328	0.0224
2006	HDV8b	1.7594	0.00353	0.0240	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7652	0.00141	0.0096	2.5444	0.00126	0.0086	2.8409	0.00328	0.0224
2007	HDV2B	0.3708	0.00114	0.0078	0.021	0.00009	0.0006	0.2380	0.00061	0.0042	0.4749	0.00153	0.0104	0.5523	0.00141	0.0096
2007	HDV3	1.7597	0.00354	0.0241	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7606	0.00141	0.0096	2.5408	0.00125	0.0085	2.8419	0.00329	0.0224
2007	HDV4	1.7663	0.00358	0.0244	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7515	0.00141	0.0096	2.5417	0.00124	0.0085	2.8497	0.00333	0.0227
2007	HDV5	1.7682	0.00360	0.0245	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7463	0.00141	0.0096	2.5394	0.00123	0.0084	2.8521	0.00334	0.0228
2007	HDV6	1.7684	0.00360	0.0246	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7459	0.00141	0.0096	2.5394	0.00123	0.0084	2.8524	0.00334	0.0228
2007	HDV7	1.7573	0.00352	0.0240	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7638	0.00141	0.0096	2.5403	0.00125	0.0085	2.8390	0.00327	0.0223
2007	HDV8a	1.7591	0.00353	0.0240	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7650	0.00141	0.0096	2.5438	0.00126	0.0086	2.8406	0.00328	0.0224
2007	HDV8b	1.7591	0.00353	0.0240	0.121	0.00011	0.0007	1.7650	0.00141	0.0096	2.5438	0.00126	0.0086	2.8406	0.00328	0.0224
2008	HDV2B	0.2491	0.00117	0.0080	0.013	0.00009	0.0006	0.1325	0.00062	0.0042	0.3332	0.00153	0.0104	0.3951	0.00143	0.0097
2008	HDV3	0.5276	0.00353	0.0241	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5285	0.00141	0.0096	0.7622	0.00125	0.0085	0.8522	0.00328	0.0224
2008	HDV4	0.5291	0.00356	0.0243	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5267	0.00141	0.0096	0.7626	0.00125	0.0085	0.8539	0.00331	0.0226
2008	HDV5	0.5294	0.00357	0.0244	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5255	0.00141	0.0096	0.7619	0.00124	0.0084	0.8544	0.00332	0.0226

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2008	HDV6	0.5294	0.00358	0.0244	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5254	0.00141	0.0096	0.7619	0.00123	0.0084	0.8544	0.00332	0.0226
2008	HDV7	0.5271	0.00352	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5291	0.00141	0.0096	0.7621	0.00125	0.0085	0.8517	0.00327	0.0223
2008	HDV8a	0.5277	0.00353	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5295	0.00141	0.0096	0.7631	0.00126	0.0086	0.8522	0.00328	0.0224
2008	HDV8b	0.5277	0.00353	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5295	0.00141	0.0096	0.7631	0.00126	0.0086	0.8522	0.00328	0.0224
2009	HDV2B	0.2065	0.00116	0.0079	0.005	0.00009	0.0006	0.0962	0.00062	0.0042	0.2477	0.00152	0.0103	0.3145	0.00141	0.0096
2009	HDV3	0.5277	0.00353	0.0241	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5283	0.00141	0.0096	0.7622	0.00125	0.0085	0.8524	0.00329	0.0224
2009	HDV4	0.5294	0.00357	0.0243	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5260	0.00141	0.0096	0.7623	0.00124	0.0085	0.8543	0.00332	0.0226
2009	HDV5	0.5299	0.00359	0.0245	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5246	0.00141	0.0096	0.7618	0.00123	0.0084	0.8550	0.00333	0.0227
2009	HDV6	0.5300	0.00359	0.0245	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5245	0.00141	0.0096	0.7618	0.00123	0.0084	0.8551	0.00333	0.0227
2009	HDV7	0.5271	0.00352	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5291	0.00141	0.0096	0.7621	0.00125	0.0085	0.8517	0.00327	0.0223
2009	HDV8a	0.5275	0.00352	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5294	0.00141	0.0096	0.7628	0.00126	0.0085	0.8520	0.00328	0.0223
2009	HDV8b	0.5275	0.00352	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5294	0.00141	0.0096	0.7628	0.00126	0.0085	0.8520	0.00328	0.0223
2010	HDV2B	0.1935	0.00113	0.0077	0.004	0.00009	0.0006	0.0850	0.00061	0.0041	0.2270	0.00151	0.0103	0.2938	0.00139	0.0095
2010	HDV3	0.5277	0.00353	0.0241	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5283	0.00141	0.0096	0.7621	0.00124	0.0085	0.8523	0.00329	0.0224
2010	HDV4	0.5293	0.00357	0.0243	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5260	0.00141	0.0096	0.7623	0.00124	0.0085	0.8543	0.00332	0.0226
2010	HDV5	0.5299	0.00359	0.0245	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5247	0.00141	0.0096	0.7618	0.00123	0.0084	0.8550	0.00333	0.0227
2010	HDV6	0.5299	0.00359	0.0245	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5246	0.00141	0.0096	0.7618	0.00123	0.0084	0.8550	0.00333	0.0227
2010	HDV7	0.5271	0.00352	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5291	0.00141	0.0096	0.7621	0.00125	0.0085	0.8517	0.00327	0.0223
2010	HDV8a	0.5275	0.00352	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5293	0.00141	0.0096	0.7627	0.00125	0.0085	0.8520	0.00328	0.0223
2010	HDV8b	0.5275	0.00352	0.0240	0.036	0.00011	0.0007	0.5293	0.00141	0.0096	0.7627	0.00125	0.0085	0.8520	0.00328	0.0223
2011	HDV2B	0.1910	0.00101	0.0069	0.004	0.00008	0.0005	0.0962	0.00052	0.0036	0.2239	0.00126	0.0086	0.2857	0.00120	0.0082
2011	HDV3	0.5276	0.00290	0.0198	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5286	0.00116	0.0079	0.7622	0.00102	0.0070	0.8522	0.00270	0.0184
2011	HDV4	0.5288	0.00293	0.0200	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5269	0.00116	0.0079	0.7625	0.00103	0.0070	0.8537	0.00272	0.0185
2011	HDV5	0.5292	0.00294	0.0200	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5258	0.00116	0.0079	0.7619	0.00102	0.0069	0.8541	0.00273	0.0186
2011	HDV6	0.5292	0.00294	0.0200	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5257	0.00116	0.0079	0.7619	0.00102	0.0069	0.8542	0.00273	0.0186
2011	HDV7	0.5271	0.0029	0.0197	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5291	0.00116	0.0079	0.7621	0.00102	0.0070	0.8517	0.00269	0.0184

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2011	HDV8a	0.5276	0.00290	0.0198	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5294	0.00116	0.0079	0.7629	0.00103	0.0070	0.8520	0.00270	0.0184
2011	HDV8b	0.5276	0.00290	0.0198	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5294	0.00116	0.0079	0.7629	0.00103	0.0070	0.8520	0.00270	0.0184
2012	HDV2B	0.2003	0.00106	0.0072	0.005	0.00008	0.0005	0.1066	0.00054	0.0037	0.2331	0.00126	0.0085	0.2965	0.00123	0.0084
2012	HDV3	0.5275	0.00290	0.0198	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5288	0.00116	0.0079	0.7622	0.00103	0.0070	0.8520	0.00270	0.0184
2012	HDV4	0.5285	0.00292	0.0199	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5276	0.00116	0.0079	0.7625	0.00103	0.0070	0.8532	0.00272	0.0185
2012	HDV5	0.5286	0.00293	0.0199	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5266	0.00116	0.0079	0.7619	0.00102	0.0069	0.8535	0.00272	0.0185
2012	HDV6	0.5287	0.00293	0.02	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5266	0.00116	0.0079	0.7619	0.00102	0.0069	0.8535	0.00272	0.0185
2012	HDV7	0.5271	0.0029	0.0197	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5291	0.00116	0.0079	0.7621	0.00102	0.0070	0.8517	0.00269	0.0184
2012	HDV8a	0.5276	0.00290	0.0198	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5294	0.00116	0.0079	0.7629	0.00103	0.0070	0.8521	0.00270	0.0184
2012	HDV8b	0.5276	0.00290	0.0198	0.036	0.00009	0.0006	0.5294	0.00116	0.0079	0.7629	0.00103	0.0070	0.8521	0.00270	0.0184
2013	HDV2B	0.1718	0.00094	0.0064	0.004	0.00007	0.0004	0.0957	0.00048	0.0033	0.1961	0.00112	0.0076	0.2492	0.00109	0.0074
2013	HDV3	0.5275	0.0026	0.0177	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5288	0.00104	0.0071	0.7622	0.00092	0.0062	0.8520	0.00241	0.0165
2013	HDV4	0.5284	0.00261	0.0178	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5277	0.00104	0.0071	0.7625	0.00092	0.0062	0.8531	0.00243	0.0165
2013	HDV5	0.5285	0.00262	0.0178	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5268	0.00104	0.0071	0.7619	0.00091	0.0062	0.8534	0.00243	0.0166
2013	HDV6	0.5286	0.00262	0.0178	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5267	0.00104	0.0071	0.7619	0.00091	0.0062	0.8534	0.00243	0.0166
2013	HDV7	0.5271	0.00259	0.0177	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5291	0.00104	0.0071	0.7621	0.00092	0.0062	0.8517	0.00241	0.0164
2013	HDV8a	0.5276	0.00259	0.0177	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5294	0.00104	0.0071	0.7629	0.00092	0.0063	0.8520	0.00241	0.0164
2013	HDV8b	0.5276	0.00259	0.0177	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5294	0.00104	0.0071	0.7629	0.00092	0.0063	0.8520	0.00241	0.0164
2014	HDV2B	0.1745	0.00095	0.0065	0.004	0.00007	0.0004	0.0987	0.00048	0.0033	0.1988	0.00112	0.0076	0.2524	0.00110	0.0075
2014	HDV3	0.5266	0.00259	0.0176	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5281	0.00103	0.0070	0.7611	0.00091	0.0062	0.8508	0.00241	0.0164
2014	HDV4	0.5274	0.00260	0.0177	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5269	0.00103	0.0070	0.7613	0.00091	0.0062	0.8517	0.00242	0.0165
2014	HDV5	0.5275	0.00260	0.0177	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5260	0.00103	0.0070	0.7607	0.00091	0.0062	0.8519	0.00242	0.0165
2014	HDV6	0.5276	0.00260	0.0177	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5260	0.00103	0.0070	0.7607	0.00091	0.0062	0.8519	0.00242	0.0165
2014	HDV7	0.5263	0.00258	0.0176	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5284	0.00103	0.0070	0.7610	0.00091	0.0062	0.8505	0.00240	0.0164
2014	HDV8a	0.5267	0.00258	0.0176	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5287	0.00103	0.0070	0.7618	0.00092	0.0063	0.8509	0.00241	0.0164
2014	HDV8b	0.5267	0.00258	0.0176	0.036	0.00008	0.0005	0.5287	0.00103	0.0070	0.7618	0.00092	0.0063	0.8509	0.00241	0.0164

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2015	HDV2B	0.1404	0.00086	0.0059	0.003	0.00006	0.0004	0.0808	0.00043	0.0029	0.1602	0.00100	0.0068	0.2033	0.00099	0.0067
2015	HDV3	0.4188	0.00231	0.0158	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4245	0.00092	0.0063	0.6119	0.00082	0.0056	0.6840	0.00215	0.0147
2015	HDV4	0.4196	0.00232	0.0158	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4237	0.00092	0.0063	0.6121	0.00082	0.0056	0.6847	0.00216	0.0147
2015	HDV5	0.4198	0.00233	0.0159	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4230	0.00092	0.0063	0.6115	0.00081	0.0055	0.6847	0.00216	0.0147
2015	HDV6	0.4198	0.00233	0.0159	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4229	0.00092	0.0063	0.6115	0.00081	0.0055	0.6848	0.00216	0.0147
2015	HDV7	0.4185	0.00231	0.0157	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4248	0.00092	0.0063	0.6118	0.00082	0.0055	0.6837	0.00215	0.0146
2015	HDV8a	0.4189	0.00231	0.0158	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4250	0.00093	0.0063	0.6125	0.00082	0.0056	0.6841	0.00215	0.0147
2015	HDV8b	0.4189	0.00231	0.0158	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4250	0.00093	0.0063	0.6125	0.00082	0.0056	0.6841	0.00215	0.0147
2016	HDV2B	0.1413	0.00086	0.0059	0.003	0.00006	0.0004	0.0816	0.00044	0.0030	0.1612	0.00100	0.0068	0.2044	0.00099	0.0067
2016	HDV3	0.4188	0.00231	0.0158	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4245	0.00092	0.0063	0.6119	0.00082	0.0056	0.6840	0.00215	0.0147
2016	HDV4	0.4196	0.00232	0.0158	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4238	0.00092	0.0063	0.6121	0.00082	0.0056	0.6847	0.00216	0.0147
2016	HDV5	0.4197	0.00233	0.0159	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4231	0.00092	0.0063	0.6115	0.00081	0.0055	0.6847	0.00216	0.0147
2016	HDV6	0.4197	0.00233	0.0159	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4230	0.00092	0.0063	0.6115	0.00081	0.0055	0.6847	0.00216	0.0147
2016	HDV7	0.4185	0.00231	0.0157	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4248	0.00092	0.0063	0.6118	0.00082	0.0055	0.6837	0.00215	0.0146
2016	HDV8a	0.4189	0.00231	0.0158	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4250	0.00093	0.0063	0.6125	0.00082	0.0056	0.6841	0.00215	0.0147
2016	HDV8b	0.4189	0.00231	0.0158	0.029	0.00007	0.0004	0.4250	0.00093	0.0063	0.6125	0.00082	0.0056	0.6841	0.00215	0.0147
2017	HDV2B	0.1310	0.00055	0.0038	0.003	0.00004	0.0002	0.0794	0.00028	0.0019	0.1480	0.00064	0.0043	0.1867	0.00063	0.0043
2017	HDV3	0.4188	0.00147	0.0100	0.029	0.00005	0.0003	0.4246	0.00059	0.0040	0.6119	0.00052	0.0035	0.6839	0.00137	0.0093
2017	HDV4	0.4195	0.00148	0.0101	0.029	0.00005	0.0003	0.4238	0.00059	0.0040	0.6121	0.00052	0.0035	0.6846	0.00138	0.0094
2017	HDV5	0.4196	0.00148	0.0101	0.029	0.00005	0.0003	0.4232	0.00059	0.0040	0.6115	0.00052	0.0035	0.6846	0.00138	0.0094
2017	HDV6	0.4197	0.00148	0.0101	0.029	0.00005	0.0003	0.4231	0.00059	0.0040	0.6115	0.00052	0.0035	0.6847	0.00138	0.0094
2017	HDV7	0.4185	0.00147	0.0100	0.029	0.00005	0.0003	0.4248	0.00059	0.0040	0.6118	0.00052	0.0035	0.6837	0.00137	0.0093
2017	HDV8a	0.4189	0.00147	0.0100	0.029	0.00005	0.0003	0.4250	0.00059	0.0040	0.6125	0.00052	0.0036	0.6841	0.00137	0.0093
2017	HDV8b	0.4189	0.00147	0.0100	0.029	0.00005	0.0003	0.4250	0.00059	0.0040	0.6125	0.00052	0.0036	0.6841	0.00137	0.0093
2018	HDV2B	0.0978	0.00053	0.0036	0.002	0.00004	0.0002	0.0596	0.00026	0.0018	0.1047	0.00059	0.0040	0.1355	0.00059	0.0040
2018	HDV3	0.3498	0.00147	0.0100	0.024	0.00005	0.0003	0.3526	0.00059	0.0040	0.5082	0.00052	0.0035	0.5683	0.00137	0.0093

Model Yr	Vehicle Class	GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
		NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2018	HDV4	0.3515	0.00148	0.0101	0.024	0.00005	0.0003	0.3533	0.00059	0.0040	0.5102	0.00052	0.0035	0.5710	0.00138	0.0094
2018	HDV5	0.3524	0.00148	0.0101	0.024	0.00005	0.0003	0.3536	0.00059	0.0040	0.5112	0.00052	0.0035	0.5726	0.00138	0.0094
2018	HDV6	0.3525	0.00148	0.0101	0.024	0.00005	0.0003	0.3536	0.00059	0.0040	0.5113	0.00052	0.0035	0.5727	0.00138	0.0094
2018	HDV7	0.3493	0.00147	0.0100	0.024	0.00005	0.0003	0.3524	0.00059	0.0040	0.5075	0.00052	0.0035	0.5674	0.00137	0.0093
2018	HDV8a	0.3494	0.00147	0.0100	0.024	0.00005	0.0003	0.3524	0.00059	0.0040	0.5078	0.00052	0.0036	0.5675	0.00137	0.0093
2018	HDV8b	0.3494	0.00147	0.0100	0.024	0.00005	0.0003	0.3524	0.00059	0.0040	0.5078	0.00052	0.0036	0.5675	0.00137	0.0093
2019	HDV2B	0.0901	0.00050	0.0034	0.002	0.00003	0.0002	0.0547	0.00025	0.0017	0.0953	0.00055	0.0037	0.1241	0.00056	0.0038
2019	HDV3	0.3315	0.00147	0.0100	0.022	0.00005	0.0003	0.3335	0.00059	0.0040	0.4807	0.00052	0.0035	0.5376	0.00137	0.0093
2019	HDV4	0.3335	0.00148	0.0101	0.023	0.00005	0.0003	0.3345	0.00059	0.0040	0.4832	0.00052	0.0035	0.5409	0.00138	0.0094
2019	HDV5	0.3346	0.00148	0.0101	0.023	0.00005	0.0003	0.3352	0.00059	0.0040	0.4845	0.00052	0.0035	0.5428	0.00138	0.0094
2019	HDV6	0.3347	0.00148	0.0101	0.023	0.00005	0.0003	0.3352	0.00059	0.0040	0.4847	0.00052	0.0035	0.5430	0.00138	0.0094
2019	HDV7	0.3310	0.00147	0.0100	0.022	0.00005	0.0003	0.3331	0.00059	0.0040	0.4799	0.00052	0.0035	0.5366	0.00137	0.0093
2019	HDV8a	0.3309	0.00147	0.0100	0.022	0.00005	0.0003	0.3331	0.00059	0.0040	0.4800	0.00052	0.0036	0.5365	0.00137	0.0093
2019	HDV8b	0.3309	0.00147	0.0100	0.022	0.00005	0.0003	0.3331	0.00059	0.0040	0.4800	0.00052	0.0036	0.5365	0.00137	0.0093
2020	HDV2B	0.0820	0.00046	0.0031	0.002	0.00003	0.0001	0.0496	0.00022	0.0015	0.0854	0.00048	0.0032	0.1121	0.00050	0.0034
2020	HDV3	0.3133	0.00147	0.0100	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3144	0.00059	0.0040	0.4531	0.00052	0.0035	0.5069	0.00137	0.0093
2020	HDV4	0.3154	0.00148	0.0101	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3158	0.00059	0.0040	0.4562	0.00052	0.0035	0.5107	0.00138	0.0094
2020	HDV5	0.3168	0.00148	0.0101	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3167	0.00059	0.0040	0.4579	0.00052	0.0035	0.5131	0.00138	0.0094
2020	HDV6	0.3169	0.00148	0.0101	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3168	0.00059	0.0040	0.4581	0.00052	0.0035	0.5133	0.00138	0.0094
2020	HDV7	0.3126	0.00147	0.0100	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3139	0.00059	0.0040	0.4522	0.00052	0.0035	0.5057	0.00137	0.0093
2020	HDV8a	0.3125	0.00147	0.0100	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3139	0.00059	0.0040	0.4522	0.00052	0.0036	0.5056	0.00137	0.0093
2020	HDV8b	0.3125	0.00147	0.0100	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3139	0.00059	0.0040	0.4522	0.00052	0.0036	0.5056	0.00137	0.0093
2021	HDV2B	0.0820	0.00046	0.0031	0.002	0.00003	0.0001	0.0496	0.00022	0.0015	0.0854	0.00048	0.0032	0.1121	0.00050	0.0034
2021	HDV3	0.3133	0.00147	0.0100	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3144	0.00059	0.0040	0.4531	0.00052	0.0035	0.5069	0.00137	0.0093
2021	HDV4	0.3154	0.00148	0.0101	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3158	0.00059	0.0040	0.4562	0.00052	0.0035	0.5107	0.00138	0.0094
2021	HDV5	0.3168	0.00148	0.0101	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3167	0.00059	0.0040	0.4579	0.00052	0.0035	0.5131	0.00138	0.0094

		GASOLINE														
		Highway			Urban											
					Decel			0 25			25 50			>50		
Model Yr	Vehicle Class	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM	NO _x	BC	PM
2021	HDV6	0.3169	0.00148	0.0101	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3168	0.00059	0.0040	0.4581	0.00052	0.0035	0.5133	0.00138	0.0094
2021	HDV7	0.3126	0.00147	0.0100	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3139	0.00059	0.0040	0.4522	0.00052	0.0035	0.5057	0.00137	0.0093
2021	HDV8a	0.3125	0.00147	0.0100	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3139	0.00059	0.0040	0.4522	0.00052	0.0036	0.5056	0.00137	0.0093
2021	HDV8b	0.3125	0.00147	0.0100	0.021	0.00005	0.0003	0.3139	0.00059	0.0040	0.4522	0.00052	0.0036	0.5056	0.00137	0.0093

Note – MOVES does not provide consistent outputs for Class 8b gasoline vehicles; therefore gasoline 8bs are set equal to 8as.

Appendix B: NO_x, PM & BC Idle Factors – g/hr

(MOVES2014b, 2019 Calendar Year, ULSD)

Table B-1. Short Duration Idle Emission Factors (< 60 minutes per idle event) (g/hr)

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
NO _x	Gasoline	1989	12.870	7.271	7.271	7.271	7.271
NO _x	Gasoline	1990	12.870	7.271	7.271	7.271	7.271
NO _x	Gasoline	1991	12.921	7.271	7.271	7.271	7.271
NO _x	Gasoline	1992	13.214	7.271	7.271	7.271	7.271
NO _x	Gasoline	1993	13.405	7.271	7.271	7.271	7.271
NO _x	Gasoline	1994	13.265	7.153	7.153	7.153	7.153
NO _x	Gasoline	1995	13.511	7.153	7.153	7.153	7.153
NO _x	Gasoline	1996	13.681	7.153	7.153	7.153	7.153
NO _x	Gasoline	1997	13.851	7.153	7.153	7.153	7.153
NO _x	Gasoline	1998	29.011	14.821	14.821	14.821	14.821
NO _x	Gasoline	1999	29.011	14.821	14.821	14.821	14.821
NO _x	Gasoline	2000	29.011	14.821	14.821	14.821	14.821
NO _x	Gasoline	2001	17.143	6.893	6.893	6.893	6.893
NO _x	Gasoline	2002	17.143	6.893	6.893	6.893	6.893
NO _x	Gasoline	2003	17.233	6.893	6.893	6.893	6.893
NO _x	Gasoline	2004	17.233	6.893	6.893	6.893	6.893
NO _x	Gasoline	2005	17.233	6.893	6.893	6.893	6.893
NO _x	Gasoline	2006	17.233	6.893	6.893	6.893	6.893

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
NO _x	Gasoline	2007	17.233	6.893	6.893	6.893	6.893
NO _x	Gasoline	2008	8.834	2.068	2.068	2.068	2.068
NO _x	Gasoline	2009	0.255	2.068	2.068	2.068	2.068
NO _x	Gasoline	2010	0.255	2.068	2.068	2.068	2.068
NO _x	Gasoline	2011	0.220	2.068	2.068	2.068	2.068
NO _x	Gasoline	2012	0.220	2.068	2.068	2.068	2.068
NO _x	Gasoline	2013	0.177	2.068	2.068	2.068	2.068
NO _x	Gasoline	2014	0.177	2.068	2.068	2.068	2.068
NO _x	Gasoline	2015	0.139	1.118	1.118	1.118	1.118
NO _x	Gasoline	2016	0.139	1.118	1.118	1.118	1.118
NO _x	Gasoline	2017	0.141	1.118	1.118	1.118	1.118
NO _x	Gasoline	2018	0.083	0.655	1.118	1.118	1.118
NO _x	Gasoline	2019	0.067	0.532	1.118	1.118	1.118
NO _x	Gasoline	2020	0.052	0.409	1.118	1.118	1.118
NO _x	Gasoline	2021	0.052	0.409	1.118	1.118	1.118
NO _x	Diesel	1989	243.087	148.641	148.642	148.642	148.642
NO _x	Diesel	1990	243.087	148.641	148.642	148.642	148.642
NO _x	Diesel	1991	220.436	139.753	139.753	139.753	139.753
NO _x	Diesel	1992	225.613	139.753	139.754	139.753	139.753
NO _x	Diesel	1993	228.977	139.753	139.753	139.754	139.754
NO _x	Diesel	1994	230.401	139.754	139.754	139.753	139.753
NO _x	Diesel	1995	234.799	139.753	139.753	139.753	139.753
NO _x	Diesel	1996	237.854	139.753	139.753	139.753	139.754
NO _x	Diesel	1997	240.907	139.754	139.754	139.753	139.753
NO _x	Diesel	1998	194.879	117.349	117.349	117.349	117.349

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
NO _x	Diesel	1999	194.879	96.535	96.535	96.535	154.804
NO _x	Diesel	2000	194.878	96.535	96.535	96.535	154.804
NO _x	Diesel	2001	194.879	96.535	96.535	96.535	154.804
NO _x	Diesel	2002	194.879	96.535	96.535	96.535	154.804
NO _x	Diesel	2003	44.534	45.811	45.811	45.811	56.945
NO _x	Diesel	2004	44.534	45.811	45.811	45.811	56.945
NO _x	Diesel	2005	44.534	45.811	45.811	45.811	56.945
NO _x	Diesel	2006	44.534	45.811	45.811	45.811	56.945
NO _x	Diesel	2007	41.184	22.780	22.780	22.780	53.190
NO _x	Diesel	2008	41.620	22.780	22.780	22.780	53.190
NO _x	Diesel	2009	41.620	22.780	22.780	22.780	53.190
NO _x	Diesel	2010	17.673	7.212	8.088	8.088	10.054
NO _x	Diesel	2011	17.673	7.212	8.088	8.088	10.054
NO _x	Diesel	2012	17.673	7.212	8.088	8.088	10.054
NO _x	Diesel	2013	17.765	7.212	7.212	7.212	8.964
NO _x	Diesel	2014	17.765	7.212	7.212	7.212	8.964
NO _x	Diesel	2015	17.765	7.212	7.212	6.768	8.964
NO _x	Diesel	2016	17.765	7.212	7.212	6.768	8.964
NO _x	Diesel	2017	11.566	4.564	4.564	4.777	6.489
NO _x	Diesel	2018	8.084	3.190	4.564	4.777	6.489
NO _x	Diesel	2019	7.160	2.825	4.564	4.777	6.489
NO _x	Diesel	2020	6.236	2.461	4.564	4.777	6.489
NO _x	Diesel	2021	6.236	2.461	4.564	4.777	6.489
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1989	0.351	0.351	0.351	0.351	0.351
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1990	0.351	0.351	0.351	0.351	0.351

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1991	0.390	0.390	0.390	0.390	0.390
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1992	0.390	0.390	0.390	0.390	0.390
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1993	0.390	0.390	0.390	0.390	0.390
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1994	0.127	0.127	0.127	0.127	0.127
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1995	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1996	0.354	0.354	0.354	0.354	0.354
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1997	0.372	0.372	0.372	0.372	0.372
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1998	0.222	0.222	0.222	0.222	0.222
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	1999	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2000	0.048	0.048	0.048	0.048	0.048
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2001	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034	0.034
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2002	0.142	0.142	0.142	0.142	0.142
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2003	0.084	0.084	0.084	0.084	0.084
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2004	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.080
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2005	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.080
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2006	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2007	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2008	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2009	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2010	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2011	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2012	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2013	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2014	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2015	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2016	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2017	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2018	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2019	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2020	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025
PM ₁₀	Gasoline	2021	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1989	4.314	4.314	4.314	4.314	4.291
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1990	4.314	4.314	4.314	4.314	4.291
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1991	3.801	4.314	4.314	4.314	4.291
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1992	3.801	4.314	4.314	4.314	4.291
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1993	3.801	4.314	4.314	4.314	4.291
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1994	7.981	7.459	7.459	7.459	6.560
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1995	7.981	7.459	7.459	7.459	6.560
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1996	7.981	7.459	7.459	7.459	6.560
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1997	7.981	7.459	7.459	7.459	6.560
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1998	7.506	7.082	7.082	7.082	6.274
PM ₁₀	Diesel	1999	7.506	7.082	7.082	7.082	6.274
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2000	7.506	7.082	7.082	7.082	6.274
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2001	7.507	7.082	7.082	7.082	6.274
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2002	7.506	7.082	7.082	7.082	6.274
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2003	6.385	6.385	6.385	6.385	5.670
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2004	6.385	6.385	6.385	6.385	5.670
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2005	6.385	6.385	6.385	6.385	5.670
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2006	6.385	6.385	6.385	6.385	5.670
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2007	0.552	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2008	0.552	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2009	0.552	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2010	0.461	0.191	0.216	0.216	0.216
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2011	0.461	0.191	0.216	0.216	0.216
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2012	0.461	0.191	0.216	0.216	0.216
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2013	0.461	0.191	0.191	0.191	0.191
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2014	0.461	0.191	0.191	0.191	0.191
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2015	0.461	0.191	0.191	0.178	0.191
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2016	0.461	0.191	0.191	0.178	0.191
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2017	0.276	0.115	0.115	0.120	0.134
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2018	0.276	0.115	0.115	0.120	0.134
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2019	0.276	0.115	0.115	0.120	0.134
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2020	0.276	0.115	0.115	0.120	0.134
PM ₁₀	Diesel	2021	0.276	0.115	0.115	0.120	0.134
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1989	0.310	0.310	0.310	0.310	0.310
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1990	0.310	0.310	0.310	0.310	0.310
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1991	0.345	0.345	0.345	0.345	0.345
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1992	0.345	0.345	0.345	0.345	0.345
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1993	0.345	0.345	0.345	0.345	0.345
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1994	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1995	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1996	0.313	0.313	0.313	0.313	0.313
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1997	0.329	0.329	0.329	0.329	0.329
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1998	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	1999	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095	0.095

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2000	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2001	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2002	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126	0.126
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2003	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2004	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2005	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2006	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2007	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2008	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2009	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2010	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053	0.053
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2011	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2012	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2013	0.039	0.039	0.039	0.039	0.039
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2014	0.039	0.039	0.039	0.039	0.039
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2015	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2016	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2017	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2018	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2019	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2020	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022
PM _{2.5}	Gasoline	2021	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1989	3.969	3.969	3.969	3.969	3.947
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1990	3.969	3.969	3.969	3.969	3.947
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1991	3.497	3.969	3.969	3.969	3.947

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1992	3.497	3.969	3.969	3.969	3.947
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1993	3.497	3.969	3.969	3.969	3.947
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1994	7.343	6.862	6.862	6.862	6.035
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1995	7.342	6.862	6.862	6.862	6.035
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1996	7.343	6.862	6.862	6.862	6.035
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1997	7.343	6.862	6.862	6.862	6.035
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1998	6.906	6.515	6.515	6.515	5.772
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	1999	6.906	6.515	6.515	6.515	5.772
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2000	6.906	6.515	6.515	6.515	5.772
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2001	6.906	6.515	6.515	6.515	5.772
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2002	6.906	6.515	6.515	6.515	5.772
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2003	5.874	5.874	5.874	5.874	5.216
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2004	5.874	5.874	5.874	5.874	5.216
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2005	5.874	5.874	5.874	5.874	5.216
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2006	5.874	5.874	5.874	5.874	5.216
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2007	0.508	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2008	0.508	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2009	0.508	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2010	0.424	0.176	0.199	0.199	0.199
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2011	0.424	0.176	0.199	0.199	0.199
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2012	0.424	0.176	0.199	0.199	0.199
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2013	0.424	0.176	0.176	0.176	0.176
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2014	0.424	0.176	0.176	0.176	0.176
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2015	0.424	0.176	0.176	0.164	0.176
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2016	0.424	0.176	0.176	0.164	0.176

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2017	0.254	0.105	0.105	0.111	0.123
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2018	0.254	0.105	0.105	0.111	0.123
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2019	0.254	0.105	0.105	0.111	0.123
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2020	0.254	0.105	0.105	0.111	0.123
PM _{2.5}	Diesel	2021	0.254	0.105	0.105	0.111	0.123
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1989	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1990	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1991	0.051	0.051	0.051	0.051	0.051
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1992	0.051	0.051	0.051	0.051	0.051
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1993	0.051	0.051	0.051	0.051	0.051
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1994	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1995	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1996	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.046
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1997	0.048	0.048	0.048	0.048	0.048
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1998	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.029
Black Carbon	Gasoline	1999	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2000	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2001	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2002	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2003	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2004	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2005	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2006	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2007	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2009	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2010	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2011	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2012	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2013	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2014	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2015	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2016	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2017	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2018	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2019	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2020	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
Black Carbon	Gasoline	2021	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
Black Carbon	Diesel	1989	1.705	1.705	1.705	1.705	1.041
Black Carbon	Diesel	1990	1.705	1.705	1.705	1.705	1.041
Black Carbon	Diesel	1991	1.502	1.705	1.705	1.705	1.041
Black Carbon	Diesel	1992	1.502	1.705	1.705	1.705	1.041
Black Carbon	Diesel	1993	1.502	1.705	1.705	1.705	1.041
Black Carbon	Diesel	1994	3.154	2.948	2.948	2.948	1.592
Black Carbon	Diesel	1995	3.154	2.948	2.948	2.948	1.592
Black Carbon	Diesel	1996	3.154	2.948	2.948	2.948	1.592
Black Carbon	Diesel	1997	3.154	2.948	2.948	2.948	1.592
Black Carbon	Diesel	1998	2.967	2.799	2.799	2.799	1.522
Black Carbon	Diesel	1999	2.967	2.799	2.799	2.799	1.522
Black Carbon	Diesel	2000	2.967	2.799	2.799	2.799	1.522

Pollutant	Fuel	Model Year	Class 2b	Class 3	Classes 4 5	Classes 6 7	Classes 8a/b
Black Carbon	Diesel	2001	2.967	2.799	2.799	2.799	1.522
Black Carbon	Diesel	2002	2.967	2.799	2.799	2.799	1.522
Black Carbon	Diesel	2003	2.523	2.523	2.523	2.523	1.376
Black Carbon	Diesel	2004	2.523	2.523	2.523	2.523	1.376
Black Carbon	Diesel	2005	2.523	2.523	2.523	2.523	1.376
Black Carbon	Diesel	2006	2.523	2.523	2.523	2.523	1.376
Black Carbon	Diesel	2007	0.045	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.019
Black Carbon	Diesel	2008	0.045	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.019
Black Carbon	Diesel	2009	0.045	0.019	0.019	0.019	0.019
Black Carbon	Diesel	2010	0.038	0.016	0.018	0.018	0.018
Black Carbon	Diesel	2011	0.038	0.016	0.018	0.018	0.018
Black Carbon	Diesel	2012	0.038	0.016	0.018	0.018	0.018
Black Carbon	Diesel	2013	0.038	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016
Black Carbon	Diesel	2014	0.038	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016
Black Carbon	Diesel	2015	0.038	0.016	0.016	0.015	0.016
Black Carbon	Diesel	2016	0.038	0.016	0.016	0.015	0.016
Black Carbon	Diesel	2017	0.023	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.011
Black Carbon	Diesel	2018	0.023	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.011
Black Carbon	Diesel	2019	0.023	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.011
Black Carbon	Diesel	2020	0.023	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.011
Black Carbon	Diesel	2021	0.023	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.011

Table B-2. Extended Idle Emission Factors – Class 8b Diesels Only (g/hr)

Model Year	NO _x	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	Black Carbon
1988	113.63982	5.00200	4.60182	1.12804
1989	113.63982	5.00200	4.60182	1.12804
1990	240.24365	5.01220	4.61122	1.07339
1991	240.63633	5.01260	4.61158	1.07122
1992	233.76940	5.00555	4.60509	1.10906
1993	239.54145	7.69697	7.08119	1.65931
1994	239.10407	7.69978	7.08377	1.66423
1995	237.15740	7.71233	7.09532	1.68614
1996	239.50632	7.69717	7.08138	1.65970
1997	237.40797	7.37102	6.78132	1.60873
1998	241.36175	7.34853	6.76064	1.56685
1999	241.98876	7.34497	6.75735	1.56022
2000	239.29288	7.36031	6.77145	1.58878
2001	237.72213	7.36922	6.77965	1.60542
2002	239.34029	6.65087	6.11879	1.43515
2003	237.07631	6.66223	6.12923	1.45672
2004	238.32726	6.65595	6.12346	1.44480
2005	239.04545	6.65236	6.12015	1.43795
2006	210.12176	0.41817	0.38472	0.03441
2007	208.65795	0.41774	0.38432	0.03437
2008	211.70448	0.41864	0.38515	0.03445
2009	211.26646	0.41677	0.38342	0.03429
2010	210.13294	0.41643	0.38311	0.03427
2011	210.13231	0.41643	0.38311	0.03427

Model Year	NO _x	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	Black Carbon
2012	210.13217	0.41293	0.37990	0.03398
2013	210.13306	0.41293	0.37990	0.03398
2014	210.13282	0.41293	0.37990	0.03398
2015	210.13244	0.41294	0.37990	0.03398
2016	210.13234	0.41293	0.37990	0.03398
2017	210.13229	0.41294	0.37990	0.03398
2018	210.13256	0.41294	0.37990	0.03398
2019	210.13174	0.41293	0.37990	0.03398
2020	210.13174	0.41293	0.37990	0.03398
2021	113.63982	5.00200	4.60182	1.12804

Appendix C: Derivation of National Average g/kW-hr Emission Factors

FROM ARGONNE GREET MODEL Version 2016.

<http://greet.es.anl.gov/>

1. Electric Generation Mix (From Annual Energy Outlook 2016)

	0.7%
	32.9%
	33.5%
	19.7%
	1.0%
	12.2%

Others = Hydro, Wind, Geothermal, Solar PV etc.

2. Electric Transmission and Distribution Loss = 8.0%
3. Power Plant Emissions: in Grams per kWh of Electricity Available at Power Plant Gate

	GREET Calculated Emission Factors				
	By Fuel Type Plants (Stationary and Transportation)				
	Oil Fired	NG Fired	Coal Fired	Biomass Fired	
NO _x	4.3	0.41	0.49	1.06	0.366
PM ₁₀	0.18	0.01379	0.16	2.08	0.083
PM _{2.5}	0.13	0.01344	0.062	0.61	0.034
CO ₂	950	440	960	1,530	559
CO ₂ in burnt biomass from atmosphere				-750	

Assumes no emissions from nuclear power plants or "Others"

4. Power Plant Emissions: Grams per kWh of Electricity Available at User Sites (wall outlets)

Total power plant gate emissions/(1-electric transmission and distribution loss)

	Total delivered based on US electric generation mix
NO _x	0.40
PM ₁₀	0.091
PM _{2.5}	0.037
CO ₂	607

Appendix D: PERE Efficiency Modeling Methodology

The PERE model is not specifically designed for modeling heavy duty hybrid trucks, but as it is a physical model that is primarily dependent upon input values, its use was considered appropriate for the estimation of the fuel economy effects of truck hybridization. The model calculates second-by-second fuel consumption for user-defined drive cycles based on a physical model. The model takes a number of user-specified parameters, along with some of its own defaults, to perform these calculations for a variety of vehicle and powertrain types. The assumptions and data sources for the model inputs that were used are presented below. The defaults for some parameters, such as hybrid regeneration efficiency and hybrid battery efficiency, were assumed to remain unchanged when scaling from light-duty to heavy-duty vehicles.

Many vehicle parameters, such as road load and transmission data, were used from work already done with the PERE model for the SmartWay program. Many of the parameters for that previous work were taken from findings of internet searches for specifications of various trucks in new “as-delivered” condition, prior to the addition of various vocational or cargo equipment installations that would increase drag and vehicle weight. To establish the test weights for each truck class in this modeling effort, the original estimate of minimum weight was averaged with the maximum possible weight for each truck class. This was done with the intent of modeling an average or medium payload for each truck class. An important source of information was an EPA draft document discussing the use of the PERE model by Nam and Gianelli⁴⁸. This document contained equations that could be used for estimates of some of the input parameters, along with information describing the use of the model.

The two foremost inputs to the model include the vehicle weight and engine size. Vehicle empty weights and engine sizes were taken from manufacturer supplied truck specifications where possible. For example, Ford published a .pdf file titled *F-250/F-350/F-450/F-550 Specifications*⁴⁹ that contains base curb weights and engine sizes for some of their offerings in the light and medium duty market. Another useful source of manufacturer data was in the *Kenworth T170/T270/T370 Body Builders Manual*⁵⁰. The T170-T370 range consists of medium duty trucks that can be delivered with a cab-only chassis. The manual describes all of the dimensions relevant to the builder of a body or cargo area on the rear of the chassis. As such, it includes curb weights, length and width dimensions, and gross vehicle weight ratings that were instrumental in creating many of the inputs for the Class 5, 6, and 7 fuel economy models. Where specifications of multiple trucks in a class were found, values were taken that would result in maximum fuel economy unless they seemed noticeably atypical of in-use vehicles. Variations in weight and engine size over the ranges found in literature did not have as large an effect on fuel economy as some of the other inputs to the PERE model. For hybrid modeling, the engine size reduction due to hybridization ranged from 1 liter for the Class 2b and 3 trucks, up to 4 liters for the Class 8 trucks. This range was chosen based on the nature of hybrid trucks

⁴⁸ Nam, Edward and Gianelli, Robert, Fuel Consumption Modeling of Conventional and Advanced Technology Vehicles in the Physical Emission Rate Estimator (PERE). US EPA Publication EPA420-P-05-001, February 2005.

⁴⁹ FordF150.net. F-250/F-350/F-450/F-550 Specifications. Retrieved from http://www.fordf150.net/specs/05sd_specs.pdf Accessed 12-9-2019.

⁵⁰ Kenworth. Kenworth T170/T270/T370 Body Builders Manual. Retrieved from https://www.kenworth.com/media/25008/kenworth_medium_duty_bbm_dec_2011.pdf Accessed 12-9-2019.

currently available on the market. Class 2 hybrid trucks on the market typically have very little engine downsizing from hybridization, however larger trucks were found to have more engine downsizing.

The number of transmission gears in each truck class was also based on specifications found on manufacturers' web sites, but there is a wide range of the number of gears in the different available transmissions. While it is very likely that the most efficient setup for Class 2b through 4 would be a 6 speed manual transmission, there are a variety of options for Classes 5 through 8. It is also typical for a modern Class 8 truck to have 10 gears, so the model input for Class 6 was taken to be 8 as a representation of typical trucks in that class, and all trucks were modeled with manual transmissions. The PERE model also requires shift speeds as an input to the model, and examples of these were not found in literature or internet searches. ERG has previously logged on-road data from Class 8 trucks with 10-speed manual transmissions, and this data was analyzed briefly to create an estimate of typical upshift speeds for this type of truck. Using this speed/gear curve, two other curves were created by scaling for the 6 and 8 speed trucks modeled in the study. Unfortunately, the shift speed chart has a very strong effect on the model's predicted fuel economy, but using carefully scaled shift point curves hopefully mitigated this source of error. The hybrid trucks were modeled with exactly the same transmissions as the conventional trucks. The model did not readily include a provision for changing the transmission characteristics when changing from conventional to hybrid powertrains. All transmission parameters were kept the same when making this change with the intent of ensuring the resulting fuel economy effects were only due to hybridization, not due to transmission effects.

There were three other values regarding the driveline that were input for this study. The engine efficiency was taken to be 40% over the cycle. The maximum engine speeds and highway cruise speeds were adjusted together as well, to account for the larger displacement heavy duty engines turning more slowly than typical Class 2b truck engines. The effects of the engine speed parameters on fuel economy were fairly small.

The road load estimation required assumptions and calculations as road load curves are not generally a part of manufacturers' literature. The method of road load calculation used for this PERE modeling was based on the coefficient of rolling resistance (C_R), the aerodynamic drag coefficient (C_d), and the vehicle frontal area (A_F) in a physical equation of the truck's road load, given in Equation 1 from Nam and Gianelli (2005). Coefficients of drag were based on values in literature, such as manufacturers' specifications for Class 2b and in a report publication by Argonne National Laboratory⁵¹. Values for C_d ranged from .45 for the Class 2b and the smaller medium duty trucks, to .5 for the class 8 long-haul trucks. The heavier medium duty trucks were assumed to have a C_d of .55 as they were assumed to be vocational trucks with less streamlined aerodynamics. Frontal area was taken from manufacturer specifications where available. As given in Nam and Gianelli, the product of truck height and width was multiplied by a factor of 0.93 to get an estimate of effective A_F . Engineering judgment was applied to the dimensions found in literature to ensure a representative increase in frontal area from the smaller to larger trucks. The rolling resistance values were estimated using the trends observed by both Nam and Gianelli (2005) along with Delorme Karbowski, and Sharer (2009), ranging from 0.01 for the light and medium duty trucks, down to 0.008 for the class 8 trucks.

⁵¹ Delorme, A., Karbowski, D., and Sharer, P. Evaluation of Fuel Consumption Potential of Medium and Heavy-Duty Vehicles through Modeling and Simulation. Argonne National Laboratory, DEPS-BEES-001, October 2009.

The final input to the PERE model was the driving cycle. In order to get a representative range of fuel economy benefit, two drive cycles were modeled. The first was the Heavy-Duty Urban Dynamometer Driving Schedule (HDUDDS), and the second was the EPA Highway Fuel Economy Test (HwFET). The HDUDDS can be thought of as a city-type cycle with frequent stops and starts. The HwFET simulates rural driving with varying speeds but no stops. Even though the HwFET is designed only for light duty vehicles, it was still used as it was the best representation available for in-use highway driving.

The key values used as the inputs for the PERE model fuel economy calculations are given by truck class in Table E-1.

Table E-1. PERE Model Inputs for Fuel Economy Estimation

Class	Modeled Test Weight, lbs	Conventional Engine Disp., L	Hybrid Engine Disp., L	Number of Gears	Effective Gear Ratio, RPM/mph
2b	7,875	6.0	5	6	35
3	10,000	6.0	5	6	35
4	12,250	6.4	5.4	6	33
5	14,500	6.7	5.7	6	33
6	19,500	6.7	5.7	8	33
7	24,000	8.3	6.3	10	31
8	52,500	13	9	10	30

For modeling hybrid vehicles in the PERE model, the user must adjust the hybrid threshold for each different vehicle and drive cycle combination. This variable represents the amount of power demand during acceleration that is required to cause the engine to start up to assist the electric motor. The user must adjust this value such that the amount of energy taken from the battery is approximately equal to the amount of energy charged back into the battery during regenerative braking. If this is not done, the fuel economy will be misrepresented due to the battery ending up with a different state of charge at the end of the cycle compared to the beginning of the cycle.

For the HwFET cycle in the lower truck classes, there were not enough deceleration events charge the battery back to its initial charge level, even with the hybrid threshold variable at its minimum value. This meant that the battery was ending at a lower level of charge at the end of the cycle than the beginning, which has the effect of overestimating the trucks actual fuel economy. For this reason, ERG added an extra calculation to the model in order to account for the net change in battery power. This calculation used the various efficiencies of the hybrid system to estimate the fuel required to make up the change in battery charge over the cycle, and add that number to the modeled fuel consumption. This calculation was needed for the trucks in Classes 2b through 5.



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