# Products of Incomplete Combustion from Direct Burning of Pentachlorophenol-Treated Wood Wastes

by:

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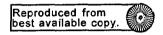
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16. ABSTRACT The report gives results of a study to identify potential air pollution problems from the combustion of waste wood treated with pentachlorophenol preservative for energy production in a boiler. The study emphasized the characterization of the products of incomplete combustion (PICs) in the combustion flue gas. The methodology used was to compare the flue gas concentrations of PICs prior to the air pollution control device of a pilot-scale combustor burning untreated wood and burning wood treated with pentachlorophenol preservative. The tests showed that combustion is an effective method of destroying the pentachlorophenol in the treated wood, with destruction efficiencies higher than 99.99%. Differences in the flue gas concentrations of various PICs from the combustion of untreated and treated wood fuels have been noted. The data do not enable identification of the exact cause of these differences in flue gas concentrations. These differences are possibly caused by the significantly different chlorine content of the two fuels. The difference in flue gas flow rate required for the combustion of these two fuels with different combustion characteristics (moisture content and heating value) may also cause the differences in PIC formation rates. These data are strongly influenced by the design, configuration, and operation of the combustor system.

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#### FOREWORD

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The National Risk Management Research Laboratory is the Agency's center for investigation of technological and management approaches for reducing risks from threats to human health and the environment. The focus of the Laboratory's research program is on methods for the prevention and control of pollution to air, land, water, and subsurface resources; protection of water quality in public water systems; remediation of contaminated sites and groundwater; and prevention and control of indoor air pollution. The goal of this research effort is to catalyze development and implementation of innovative, cost-effective environmental technologies; develop scientific and engineering information needed by EPA to support regulatory and policy decisions; and provide technical support and information transfer to ensure effective implementation of environmental regulations and strategies.

This publication has been produced as part of the Laboratory's strategic longterm research plan. It is published and made available by EPA's Office of Research and Development to assist the user community and to link researchers with their clients.

> E. Timothy Oppelt, Director National Risk Management Research Laboratory

### **ABSTRACT**

This study was conducted to identify potential air pollution problems from the combustion of waste wood treated with pentachlorophenol preservative for energy production in a boiler. The emphasis of the study was placed on the characterization of the products of incomplete combustion (PICs) in the combustion flue gas. The methodology used was to compare the flue gas concentrations of PICs prior to the air pollution control device of a pilotscale combustor burning untreated wood and burning wood treated with pentachlorophenol preservative. The tests showed that combustion is an effective method of destroying the pentachlorophenol contained in the pentachlorophenol-treated wood, with destruction efficiencies higher than 99.99 %. Differences in the flue gas concentrations of various PICs from the combustion of untreated and treated wood fuels have been noted. The data do not enable identification of the exact cause of these differences in flue gas concentrations. These differences are possibly caused by the significantly different chlorine content of the two fuels. The difference in flue gas flow rate required for the combustion of these two fuels with different combustion characteristics (moisture content and heating value) may also cause the differences in PIC formation rates. These data are strongly influenced by the design, configuration, and operation of the combustor system and may not be quantitatively comparable to other combustors.

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# **CONVERSION TABLE**

Certain non-metric units are used in this report for the reader's convenience. Readers more familiar with metric units may use the following factors to convert to that system.

Nonmetric	Multiplied by	Yields Metric
°F	5/9(°F-32)	$^{\circ}\! { m C}$
psi	6.89	kPa
Btu/lb	2.326	J/g
CFM	2.832 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>	m³/min
in.	$2.54 \times 10^{-2}$	m
in. of H <sub>2</sub> O	248.84	Pa

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The use of waste wood for producing energy is a promising supplement to burning fossil fuels for many regions of the country. Besides recovering energy and conserving landfill space, burning waste wood fuels also mitigates global warming by replacing fossil fuel combustion. If left to decay in the landfill, the waste wood will eventually release the global warming gases to atmosphere. By producing energy from burning the waste wood, fossil fuel will be conserved, thus reducing the release of the global warming gases. However, the environmental consequence resulting from emissions generated by combustion of waste wood that contains paints resins, or preservatives are not well understood. There are some indications that the combustion of waste wood treated with chemicals may produce potentially hazardous products of incomplete combustion (PIC) emissions such as dioxins and furans.<sup>1,2</sup> The possibility of these types of emissions has caused regulator and the public concern as to the risk that treated wood combustion poses to human health and the environment. With an understanding of pollutant formation processes under controlled pilot-scale conditions, better informed evaluations can be made for the full-scale combustion of treated waste wood.

A 1992 study<sup>3</sup> sponsored by the New York State Energy Research and Development Authority and others identified potential air and ash emissions of criteria and hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) based on existing test burn data, wood and ash composition data, and air impact analysis. While the report provided valuable data, a full characterization of the environmental and regulatory implications of burning treated wood could not be made because the test burn data were obtained using different test methods for a wide variety of boiler types, operating conditions, fuel sources and mixes, and air pollution control equipment. In addition, the emissions were not related to the composition of the wood fuel actually burned. For example, the wood used in the laboratory analyses to determine the chemical composition of waste wood and wood ash were not burned in a large-scale combustion device so that air and ash emissions could be measured.

The present project was designed to address some of the data limitations encountered in the NYERDA study. The main objective of the project was to characterize emissions (mainly PICs) resulting from controlled test burns of untreated and pentachlorophenol treated wood. Utility poles and crossbars are typically treated with a preservative such as pentachlorophenol to prolong their service life. After being taken out of service, the treated woods are normally disposed of by land filling. Burning such wood waste in boilers for steam generation becomes an increasingly attractive management alternative as it contains substantial energy values and reduces land filling costs.

Pilot scale combustion tests were conducted under well controlled conditions using a pilot-scale combustion system, small enough to allow control over the key parameters that affect emissions, yet large enough to effectively simulate full-scale combustion systems. The pilot-scale approach for studying waste wood combustion offers the most efficient and cost-effective means of identifying and controlling variables that govern pollutant formation and destruction during combustion. Pilot facilities can mimic pollutant formation and destruction processes involved in waste wood combustion at a practical scale without the extensive time and cost required for operating a full-scale facility. With this approach, the important variables that control the formation and destruction of pollutants during combustion can be isolated and their effects determined. Measurements were made in the flue gas upstream of existing air pollution control equipment to characterize the formation of trace organic pollutants. Prior to burning each load of treated wood, a sample of that load was obtained and analyzed to determine the chemical composition of the wood. During combustion testing, sampling and analysis for a wide variety of PICs, including volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), and dioxins and furans, were performed.

### 2.0 EXPERIMENTAL

# 2.1 Test Facility

The combustion testing was conducted using the multi-fuel combustor (MFC) located at EPA's National Risk Management Research Laboratory's research facility in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. The MFC, shown in Figure 1, is a pilot-scale stoker combustor with 0.58 MW (2 million Btu/hr) maximum thermal output. The MFC can simulate the full range of conditions that might be encountered in commercial stoker-fired combustion facilities. The MFC

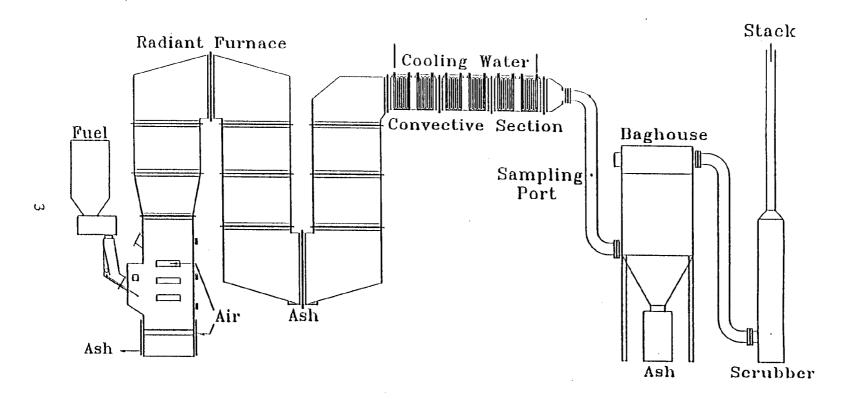


FIGURE 1-1 SCHEMATIC OF MULTIFUEL COMBUSTOR

is capable of burning a wide variety of solid fuels, including municipal solid waste (MSW), refuse derived fuel (RDF), biomass fuel, and coal, singly or in combination. The MFC stoker grate system was designed for operation under mass burn or spreader stoker (semi-suspension) firing conditions. Bottom ash is manually removed from the combustor on a periodic basis by cleaning of the fuel bed. The processes controlling pollutant formation and destruction can be studied during combustion on the fuel bed, in the radiant furnace or the convective section, as well as downstream of air pollution control devices, such as a baghouse and scrubber. The combustor is constructed with modular sections to provide maximum flexibility for modifying the combustor for research purposes. Access ports are installed throughout the combustor for sampling and visual observation. All process temperatures, pressures, feed, and flow rates of the MFC are monitored by sensors installed at various locations in the combustor. The MFC is equipped with a natural gas burner for preheating and start-up operations. The MFC facility consists of the following major component sections:

#### Combustor

The combustor, sometimes called a spreader stoker, was designed and fabricated by Reaction Engineering International, Salt Lake City, Utah. It is designed to burn coal, RDF, and biomass as the main fuel. Gas burners are installed to maintain system temperature when the solid fuel is not burned. Preheated combustion air is provided under and over the grate.

### • Fuel Feeding System

The fuel feeding system consists of a storage hopper, a feed conveyor, an activated feed bin, and a vibrating feeder. Fuel is moved from the storage hopper to an activated feed bin by means of a flight conveyor. The activated feed bin in concert with a vibrating feeder supplies fuel to the stoker combustor. The solid conveyer is a Model CWR2430-12 Camwall conveyor with a rated speed of 100 fpm. The activated bin and the vibrating feeder are both manufactured by Kinergy Corporation. The mass flow of the vibratory feeder is calibrated for control of the fuel feed rate. The feeder assembly is housed inside a gas-sealed cover, connecting the silo to the spreader stoker. In addition, the cover is used to prevent air leakage into the combustor since the combustor is operated at negative pressure to prevent flame leakage outside the combustor. The fuel travels horizontally along the vibrational feeder and drops vertically through a transition

section into the lower feed injection port of the spreader stoker.

### Freeboard Section

The refractory-lined freeboard section provides ample residence time to complete combustion and provides a time temperature profile comparable to full scale units. The furnace is approximately 38-ft in length and contains two vertical and two horizontal sections to conserve floor space within the room. Thermocouples have been installed to provide temperature of the gas stream. View and sample ports have been installed at strategic locations in the freeboard.

### Convective Section

After leaving the freeboard section, the flue gases enter the convective section where they are cooled. A high pressure water system with six cooling coils is used to remove heat from the flue gas. The high pressure water system is designed to maximize cooling conditions associated with cooling the flue gas at water flow rates from temperatures up to 2700 °F down to 300 °F. The high pressure water system can operate at pressures up to 500 psi to prevent boiling of the coolant. The cooling coils are connected to the high pressure manifold using flexible stainless steel hoses rated to 727 psi and control valves. The valves can be used to control the flow of the cooling water to each coil to customize the time-temperature profile in the convective section.

### Pulse-jet Baghouse

After exiting the convective section, the fuel gases pass through stainless steel ducting and enter the pulse-jet baghouse where particulate is removed. The baghouse (Model SQ L72 B36) was manufactured by M & W Industries, Inc., Rural Hall, NC. There is 358 ft<sup>2</sup> of cloth area from 36 fiberglass bags with Gore-Tex membranes. The air to cloth ratio is 3.21:1. The pressure drop across the baghouse triggers the solid state timer to begin the pulsing for cleaning of the bags. A supply of 90-100 psi dry air is required for proper operation of the pulsing jets.

#### Packed Bed Scrubber

After exiting the baghouse, the flue gases enter a packed bed scrubber (Model FRP Phaser V-1) manufactured by KCH Services, Inc., Forest City, NC. The scrubber is a countercurrent design for flows up to 1000 CFM with gases entering the bottom of the scrubber and exiting out the top into the induced draft fan. The scrubber solution is sprayed onto the packing media (2.3-in LANPAC) at the top of the packed bed. After leaving the bed, the gases

pass through a section of mist eliminators to remove the excess moisture from the flow. The acidic effluent resulting from contact with the gases containing HCl and sulfur oxides is neutralized by the addition of sodium hydroxide using a pH controller coupled to a variable speed gear pump. Recirculation of the scrubbing liquid is achieved through a 1.5-hp centrifugal pump mounted at the sump of the scrubber. From the recirculation pump, the scrubber solution enters a heat exchanger to reduce its temperature before being recirculated into the spray header. Makeup water, to compensate for evaporation, is taken from the city water system and is controlled by a float switch mounted in the sump. In the event of a power or recirculation pump failure, city water is diverted directly into the spray nozzles to ensure adequate cooling. A discharge pump operating from an independent float switch is used to remove any excess water that may accumulate in the sump during this mode. The discharge pump is also used for periodic blowdowns of the sump. The system will not operate if city water is not available or if the pressure falls below safe limits.

### • Continuous Emission Monitoring (CEM) System

The MFC is equipped with conventional continuous emission monitors (CEMs) as well as a state-of-the-art infrared multi-component analyzer to measure continuous air emissions. The CEMs used for the program are listed in Table 2.1.

TABLE 2.1 CONTINUOUS EMISSION MONITORS

Measurement	EPA Method	Instrument
NOx	Method 7E	Thermo Electron, Model 10, Range 0-10,000ppm
		Thermo Electron, Model 900, 9:1 dilution
CO2	Method 3A	Horiba, Model VIA-510, Ranges: 0-5, 0-10, 0-
		20, and 0-100 percent
СО	Method10	Horiba, Model VIA-510, Ranges: 0-500, 0-1000,
		0-2000, 0-10,000 ppm
O2	Method 3A	Rosemont Analytical, Model 755R, Ranges 0-5,
		0-10, 0-25, and 0-50 percent
THC	Method 25	J U M Engineering, Model VE 7
HCl	None	Perkin Elmer, MCS 100 Multi Component
		Analyzer, Ranges 0-10, 0-100, 0-1000, and 0-
		10,000 ppm

# Air Flow Measurement System

The flow rates of air and flue gas in the MFC were measured by orifice plates and venturi flow tubes (Flow-Lin Corporation/ Arlington, TX). Continuous flow measurements were made of total air supply, gas burner air, fresh overfire air, fresh underfire air, recirculation air, sweep air, overfire recirculation air, and underfire recirculation gas.

# • Temperature Measurement

Temperature sensing throughout the system was achieved by ungrounded K-type thermocouples. The thermocouples are either wired directly to pyrometers or go to selector switches (OMEGA Engineering/ Stamford, CT) connected to pyrometers.

# • Flue gas temperatures

Temperatures of the flue gases are measured using thermocouples inserted directly into the flow. Due to the corrosive environment and elevated temperatures, these

thermocouples have Inconel 600 sheaths whereas all other thermocouples in the facility have 316 stainless steel sheaths. The thermocouples have been located at strategic locations within the system.

### • Combustion air temperatures

Fresh combustion air for the stoker was supplied from the outside or from the conditioned area inside the room (or any combination). The temperature of this combustion air is measured and then proportioned into four separate areas of the stoker as required: overfire, underfire, gas burner, and sweep. The gas burner air is used to provide combustion air directly to the area around the natural gas burner. The sweep air is used to spread the solid fuel across the stoker grate and contributes to the air available for combustion.

#### • Pressure Measurement

Pressure transmitters were used to monitor pressures in the system and pressure drops across components. These devices send 4-20 mA signals proportionate to the pressure back to the indicating device mounted in the control panel.

Pressure indicators are used to measure system static pressures, the proportion of overfire and underfire recirculation air, and to trigger an alarm to the programmable controller if the pressure below the grate exceeds a prescribed value. This safety is used to determine if the grate has become clogged with excessive solid fuel or ash.

### 2.2 Operation of the MFC

The combustor was operated in a spreader stoker firing mode for the present study. Wood fuel was stored in a large roll-off container located near the building which houses the MFC. A tote bin filled with the wood fuel was transported to the MFC facility and the fuel was dumped into a loading hopper installed outside the facility building with a lift truck. A conveyor moved the fuel to an active vibrating storage silo installed inside the building. The vibrating silo is designed to ensure homogeneous mixing and reduce wall sticking. The fuel was distributed from the silo onto an airtight horizontal vibrating feeder conveyor connecting the silo to the

transition section of the spreader stoker. The mass flow of the conveyor was calibrated for control of the fuel feed rate. The fuel traveled horizontally along the conveyor and dropped through the transition section into the feed injection port of the spreader stoker. The vibrating transition section is designed with an inlet air plenum area and adjustable inlet angle plate to facilitate spreading fuel onto the stoker grate where a burning fuel bed is formed.

### 2.3 Waste Wood Fuel

Two different waste wood fuels, an untreated wood and a pentachlorophenol treated wood, were obtained from an industrial plant where wood utility poles are treated with pentachlorophenol. The untreated wood was green pine poles that are typically treated in the plant. The treated wood was a mixture of recently treated poles, mostly small pieces cut from the ends to meet customers' length specifications, and aged treated poles taken out of service. Both treated and untreated poles were ground into chips with less than 7.6 cm (3 in.) in size with a shredder. The two fuels were characterized by proximate, ultimate and chlorine analysis with the result showing in Table 2-2.

TABLE 2-2 FUEL ANALYSIS<sup>a</sup>

Component	Untreated	Treated
(as-received basis)	Wood	Wood
Moisture, %	33.44	21.46
Ash, %	0.25	0.57
Volatiles, %	57.92	66.28
Carbon, %	33.83	43.24
Fixed Carbon, %	8.39	11.69
Hydrogen, %	4.20	4.92
Nitrogen, %	0.28	0,28
Sulfur, %	0.01	0.05
Oxygen, %	27.99	29.48
Heating Value, Btu/lb	5569	7237
pentachlorophenol, mg/kg	6.7	4100
2,4 -dimethylphenol, mg/kg	2.4	3.6
Chlorine, %	0.02	0.20

a - Analysis performed by Commercial Testing & Engineering Co.

It can be seen that the treated wood fuel is drier with higher heating value as compared with those of the untreated wood. The chlorine content of the treated wood fuel is ten times higher than that for the untreated wood.

# 2.4 Combustion Parameters

The only parameter investigated in the present study was to determine the difference in the flue gas concentrations of pollutants when burning treated vs. untreated wood under similar "good combustion conditions." No attempt was made to evaluate the effects of combustion conditions on the formation of PICs. In general, the operating conditions of the test were

considered optimal when the fuel was burning at the designed heat release rate with approximately 160 percent excess air and a low level (<100 ppm) of carbon monoxide emission in the flue gas.

The amount of fuel burned was not measured continuously during a test. It was estimated by weighing the fuel before it was dumped into a loading hopper of the MFC and measuring the duration for its complete consumption to calculate an average feed rate. The average feed rate was used to estimate the amount of fuel burned during the known emissions sampling period. One-minute average readings of all the CEM measurements were recorded throughout the test by a data acquisition system. Flow rates of underfire air, overfire air, and sweep air as well as temperature measurements at various locations were continuously measured and recorded.

### 2.5 Manual Sampling and Analytical Procedures

The MFC is equipped with several sampling ports for collecting flue gas samples. The emission sampling port used for this study is located in the duct that connects the convective section of the furnace to the baghouse. The selection of a sampling location prior to any gas cleaning device was made to ensure that any difference in pollutants generated by combustion of treated and untreated wood fuels be observed. Measurements made after the flue gas cleaning device would mask this difference and would be reflective of the effectiveness of the baghouse and scrubber used. At the selected sampling location, the horizontally oriented duct (8-in SS pipe - nominal inside diameter 8.25-in) is sufficient in length and free of flow disturbances as required by the sampling method. The particulate matter (PM) could be sampled in only one axial direction meeting Method 1A PM sampling requirements<sup>4</sup>. A separate port was not available for simultaneous velocity measurements; as a result, radial sampling locations were determined by a separate velocity traverse performed before and after sampling at each axial sampling location. During sampling, the duct was traversed based on the initial velocity traverse. A Volatile Organic Sampling Train (VOST), Modified Method 5 sampling train (MM 5), and a Method 23 sampling train were attached to the ports for simultaneous measurements for each run.

# • Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Sampling and Analysis

VOCs were collected using the Volatile Organic Sampling Train (VOST) as described in SW-846 *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste* Method 0030, "Volatile Organic Sampling Train." Two sets of samples were collected for each test and at least six sets of samples were collected for each type of waste wood. A total volume of ~ 20 liters were collected for each sample. Sampling was performed at 0.5 liter/min for 40 min.

VOST samples were analyzed by purge and trap GC/MS as described in RCRA Methods 5040/8240.<sup>6,7</sup> Practical quantitation limits (PQLs), based on the lowest calibration concentration, were used to estimate upper limit concentrations of those compounds not detected. Compounds detected below the PQL were flagged and reported as estimated concentrations. The target analytes examined are listed in Table 2-3.

TABLE 2-3 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND TARGET ANALYTES

Compound	Typical Detection Limits in an Air	
	Matrix (micrograms per VOST)	
	Water (merograms per veer)	
Acetone	0.013	
Benzene	0.002	
Bromodichloromethane	0.002	
Bromomethane	0.002	
Bromoform	0.008	
2-Butanone	0.008	
Carbon disulfide	0.004	
Carbon tetrachloride	0.002	
Chlorobenzene	0.001	
Chlorodibromomethane	0.004	
Chloroethane	0.002	
Chloroform	0.002	
Chloromethane	0.009	

(Continued)

Table 2-3 (Cont.)

Compound	Typical Detection Limits in an Air  Matrix (micrograms per VOST)
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.003
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.004
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.003
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.002
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.003
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.002
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.002
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.004
Ethyl benzene	0.004
2-Hexanone	0.014
Methylene chloride	0.002
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.006
Styrene	0.006
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.011
Tetrachloroethene	0.004
Toluene	0.002
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.001
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.003
Trichloroethene	0.001
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.001
Vinyl acetate	0.009
Vinyl chloride	0.001
o-Xylene	0.006
m/p-Xylene	0.010

# • Semivolatile Organics Compound (SVOC) Sampling and Analysis

SVOCs were collected using the Modified MM5 train as described in SW-846 *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste Method* 0010, "Modified Method 5 Sampling Train". <sup>8</sup> A total of at least 3 MM5 samples were collected for each wood type.

The MM5 samples were analyzed for SVOCs by GC/MS as described in RCRA Method 8270B<sup>9</sup>. The SVOC target analyte list is presented in Table 2-4. The target list reflects the majority of the target analytes presented in Method 8270 along with additional analytes of interest.

### TABLE 2-4. SEMIVOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND TARGET ANALYTES

n-methyl-n-nitroso ethanamine Bis (2-chloroethyl) ether

Aniline

Phenol (CCC) 2-Chlorophenol 1,3-Dichlorobenzene

1,4-Dichlorobenzene (CCC)

1,2-Dichlorobenzene Benzyl Alcohol

Bis (2-chloroisopropyl) ether

2-Methylphenol Acetophenone Hexachloroethane 4-methylphenol

N-nitrododipropylamine (SPCC)

Nitrobenzene 1-Nitrosopiperidine

Isophorone

2,4-Dimethylphenol

Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane

2,4-Dimethylphenol

Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane 2,4-Dichlorophenol (CCC) 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

Naphthalene

2-Nitrophenol (CCC) 2,6-Dichlorophenol Hexachloropropene 4-Chloroaniline

Hexachlorobutadiene (CCC) N-butyl-N-nitroso-butanamine 4-chloro-3-methyl-phenol (CCC)

2-methylnaphthalene 1,2,4,5-tetrachlorobenzene

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene (SPCC)

2,4,6-trichlorophenol (CCC) 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2-chloronaphthalene 2-nitroanilinne 3-nitroaniline

Acenaphthylene

Dimethylphalate 2,6-dinitrotoluene Acenaphthene (CCC)

4-nitroaniline

2,4-dinitrophenol (SPCC)

Dibenzofuran
Pentachlorobenzene
2,4-dinitrotoluene

2,3,4,6-tetrachlorophenol 4-nitrophenol (SPCC)

Fluorene

Diethyl phathalate

4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether 2-methyl-5-nitrobenzenamine 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol

Diphenylamine

4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether

Phenacetin

Hexachlorobenzene Pentachlorophenol (CCC) Pentachloronitrobenzene

Phenanthrene
Anthracene
Dibutyl phthalate
Fluoranthene (CCC)

Pyrene

P-dimethylaminoazobenzene Bensyl butyl phthalate 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine Benzo (a) anthracene

Chrysene

Di-N-octyl phthalate (CCC) Benzo (b) fluoranthene

7,12-Dimethylbenz (a) anthracene

Benzo (k) fluoranthene Benzo (a) pyrene (CCC) 3-methylcholanthrene Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene Dibenz (a,h) anthracene Benzo (ghi) perylene

# • PCDD/PCDF and PCB Sampling and Analysis

PCDD/PCDF samples were collected as described in 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix A Method 23, "Determination of Polychlorinated Dibenzo-p-dioxins and Polychlorinated Dibenzofurans from Stationary Sources". This method is virtually identical to MM5 with minor changes. A total of six PCDD/PCDF samples were collected for the two types of waste wood tests. The Method 23 samples were analyzed for PCDD/PCDF by high resolution GC/MS in the selected ion monitoring mode (HRGC/HRMS-SIM).

In addition to the regular PCDD/PCDF analysis, a PCB analysis was conducted on the same extracts. An aliquot of the front and back half extract archive potions of each of the Method 23 trains was combined and analyzed by HRGC/HRMS-SIM for PCBs.

## • Aldehyde and Methane Sampling and Analysis

The flue gas was sampled for general levels of aldehydes with an adsorbent tube technique, Modified Method 1P-6A for indoor air. Between 10 and 15 liters of flue gas was pulled through a Waters DNPH on Silica Gel cartridge at a sampling rate of one liter per minute. The cartridges were analyzed by the Method 1P6A. A methane grab sample was pulled from the flue on the first two test days of untreated and treated wood tests using SW 846 Method 0040. The one liter grab samples were analyzed for methane concentration with US EPA Method 18.

# Ash Sampling

After each run, one batch of fly ash accumulated in the baghouse during the testing was collected. Fly ash batches were reduced to testing sizes according to the American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM) Standards for reducing field samples.<sup>14</sup> All fly ash samples from the untreated wood test were combined and the mixed samples were analyzed. The same procedure was repeated for the treated wood test. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) tests for metals were made for these ash samples using TCLP Method 1311.<sup>15</sup>

### 3.0 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

#### 3.1 Test Conditions

A total of six combustion tests, with three tests each for both the untreated and the treated wood fuels, were made under similar combustor operating conditions. The untreated wood tests were performed first followed by the treated wood tests in order to avoid any cross contamination with PCP. Triplicate runs were made to even out any possible variability of fuel characteristics, fuel feed rate, and nonuniform burning of wood chips on the grate surfaces. Since the fuel throughput rate cannot be measured in real time bases, combustor operating variables other than the fuel flow rate were used as the control parameter. The tests were performed under constant excess air level (nominally 160% excess air) and constant combustion gas temperature (850°C) measured by a thermocouple located 60 inches (152 cm) above the grate. The heat release rate for each test, as shown in Table 3-1, were estimated based on the average fuel feed rate

TABLE 3-1 COMBUSTOR OPERATING CONDITIONS

Test	Average Fuel Feed Rate kg/hr (lb/hr)	Combustor Thermal Output MW (Million Btu/hr)	Flue Gas Flow dscm
Untreated 1	134.4(296.4)	0.48(1.65)	19.4
Untreated 2	117.1(258.1)	0.42(1.44)	16.6
Untreated 3	114.1(251.6)	0.41(1.40)	17.9
Treated 1	100.6(221.8)	0.47(1.61)	25.0
Treated 2	102.3(225.6)	0.48(1.63)	21.0
Treated 3	102.5(225.9)	0.48(1.63)	25.8

calculated by the total amount of fuel consumed during the test period and the heating value of the fuel measured experimentally. As can be seen from Table 3-1, the calculated heat release rates and the measured flue gas flow rates for Untreated Tests 2 and 3 are lower than those of the other tests. The lower flue gas flows for Untreated Tests 2 and 3 are consistent with their low fuel feed rates. The heat release rate was approximately 1.6 million Btu/hr, which is 80% of the stoker grate's maximum designed output of the MFC. The fuel feed rate was adjusted manually

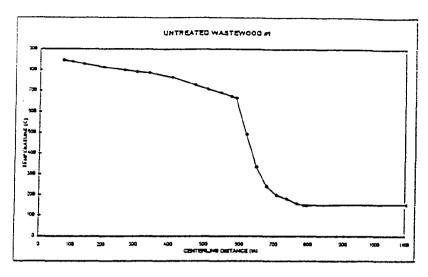
throughout all tests in order to maintain a constant temperature of 850°C above the stoker grate and keep CO emission below 100 ppm, which were considered to be an acceptable combustion conditions. The average CEM-measured flue gas concentrations and gas temperatures are summarized in Table 3-2. CEM data over the test period for CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, HCl, SO<sub>2</sub>, THC,

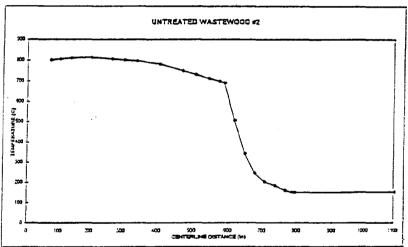
TABLE 3-2 SUMMARY OF FLUE GAS TEMPERATURE AND CEM DATA

Location	Temperature, °C					
	Untreated Test 1	Untreated Test 2	Untreated Test 3	Treated Test 1	Treated Test 2	Treated Test 3
Stoker Exit	849	801	827	869	921	870
Sampling Port	152	153	153	155	160	160
Constituent	Concentration, %					
$O_2$	12.5	13.2	12.9	13.1	13.3	13.3
$CO_2$	7.5	7.2	7.1	6.7	6.5	6.5
$\mathrm{H_{2}O}$	11.0	9.8	9.8	8.7	8.7	9.0
COa	203	249	456	66	21	20
NO <sup>a</sup>	103	133	83	295	178	210
THCa	77	56	2	4	3	3
HCl <sup>a</sup>	<1	<1	<1	195	194	183
SO <sub>2</sub>	10	11	13	<1	<1	<1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> in ppm @ 7% oxygen

and  $\rm H_2O$  for all six test are shown in Appendix I. In addition, temperature profile and gas residence times are displayed in Figures 3-1 to 3-2 and Figures 3-3 to 3-4, respectively. Although the temperature-distance profile for treated and untreated tests were quite similar, the residence times for the treated tests in the higher temperature zone (zone up to the high temperature heat exchanger) were considerably shorter than that of the untreated wood tests. This is probably due to the differences in heating value of treated and untreated fuel as well as the fact that the fuel feed rate was controlled manually by the temperature reading of a





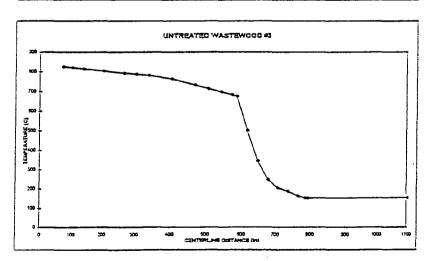
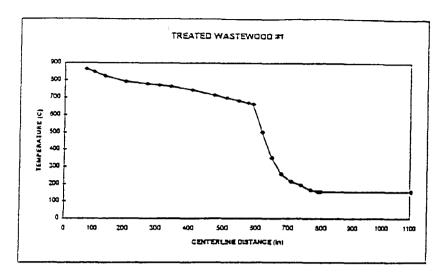
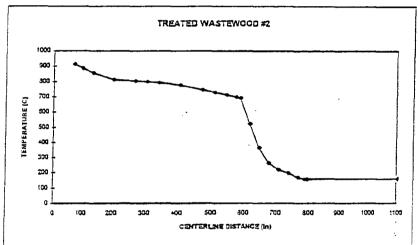


FIGURE 3-1 TEMPERATURE PROFILE FOR UNTREATED WOOD TESTS. (Temperature of gas along centerline as measured from grate)





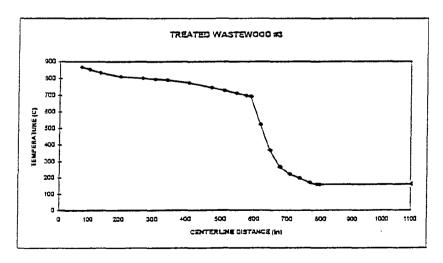
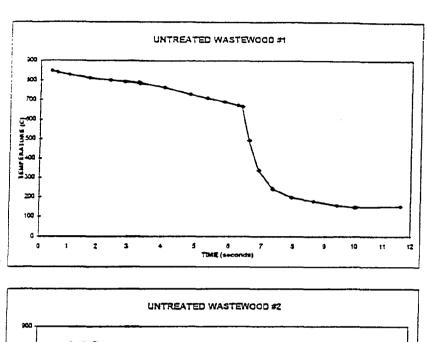
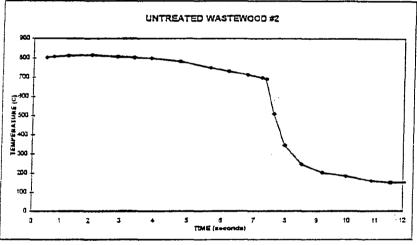


FIGURE 3-2 TEMPERATURE PROFILE FOR TREATED WOOD TESTS.
(Temperature of gas along centerline as measured from grate)





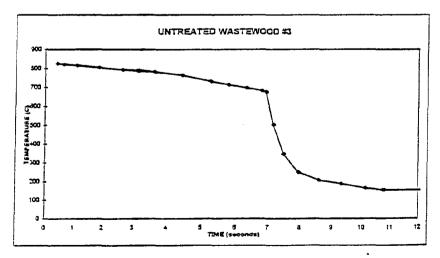
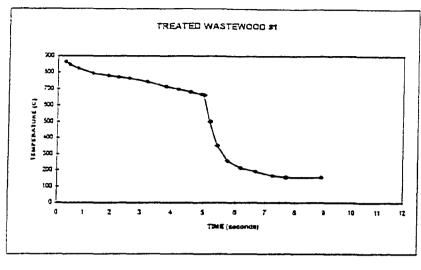
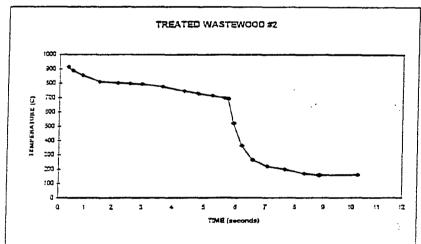


FIGURE 3-3 TEMPERATURE VS. FLUE GAS RESIDENCE TIME FOR UNTREATED WOOD TESTS.





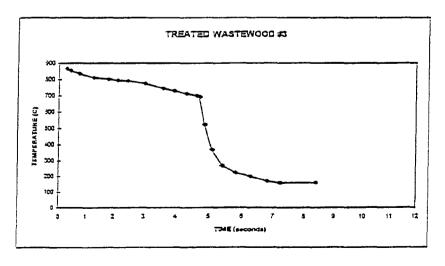


FIGURE 34 TEMPERATURE VS. FLUE GAS RESIDENCE TIME FOR TREATED WOOD TESTS.

thermocouple closest to the combustion zone. The differences in residence time may have significant effect on PIC level and possibly PCDD/PCDF emission level at the sampling point.

A number of factors might have introduced some uncertainty in measurements of the combustor thermal output and flue gas flow rate based on the total amount of fuel used and flue gas flow rates measured at beginning and end of the test, respectively. Since only one thermocouple was used at each downstream location of the combustor, the combustion gas temperature measured may not truly represent the average temperature of the gas stream at that location. The gas flow in the combustor appeared to be quite turbulent, and cold air introduced through the overfire nozzle into the combustor would require time to mix with hot combustion gas from the stoker grate. In addition, the wood fuel, both untreated and treated, may have been quite inhomogeneous. However, since the combustor heat release rate of the all the results were well below the design value of 2 million Btu/hr, quality of combustion and consequently the emission from the combustor would have been valid and acceptable.

It was difficult to produce exactly identical combustion conditions for all the tests, mainly due to the inhomogeneity of the two wood fuels used. The treated wood fuel contained aged wood, which is drier, has 30% higher heating value than those of the untreated wood fuel. In addition, uneven fuel feed rates resulting from the frequent adjustment of the fuel feeder in order to maintain a reasonably constant combustion condition as indicated by the temperature and the CO level caused fluctuations in air to fuel ratio. Fluctuations in the fuel feed may be the cause of CO and THC excursions observed during the tests. The nonhomogeneous nature of the fuels coupled with the practical difficulties in burning such fuels under well defined conditions made the accurate estimation of heat release rates during tests difficult. The high average CO concentrations for the untreated fuel tests, as shown in Table 3-2, are the result of a large number of CO excursions. The steady-state CO concentrations during normal operation were well below 100 ppm, but the high CO spikes during excursions resulted in significantly higher average concentrations. The high incidence of excursions were probably due to the fact that combustion conditions were difficult to control when burning the untreated wood, which has low heating value and high moisture content. However, CO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O concentrations, which are the measure of air to fuel ratio stayed constant for all six tests indicating similar steady-state combustion

conditions for all the test runs. The repeatability of the tests are considered to be reasonable for this size of plant considering the inhomogeneous nature of the fuels coupled with the lack of means of accurately measuring and controlling the fuel flow rate

## 3.2 Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Concentrations

A total of 50 volatile organic compounds were analyzed for in the VOC samples obtained for the tests. The results of the analyses are reported Appendix II. Of the 50 compounds analyzed, only eight (8) compounds were found to be present above the analytical detection limit in at least one test <u>and</u> significantly above the level detected in the field and laboratory blanks. The emission rate of the eight compounds in  $\mu g/dscm$  at 7%  $O_2$  for the six test runs are tabulated in Table 3-3.

TABLE 3-3 FLUE GAS VOC CONCENTRATIONS

VOCs	Flue Gas Concentrations, $\mu$ g/dscm @ 7% $O_2$					
	Untreated Test 1	Untreated Test 2	Untreated Test 3	Treated Test 1	Treated Test 2	Treated Test 3
Chloromethane	53.3	28.5	16.9	55.8	96.7	51.5
1,3-Butadiene	0.6	0.2	1.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Bromomethane	1.7	1.4	2.1	15.4	33.9	70.5
Iodomethane	0.8	2.4	5.7	1.7	5.1	24.1
Acetone	11.6	7.2	7.5	4.5	11.7	14.3
Chloroform	0.9	0.3	0.3	2.6	1.8	3.9
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.3	5.2	0.1	1.6	0.7	2.9
Benzene	25.4	16.2	27.9	2.1	2.6	3.0

Significant levels of benzene were found only in the untreated wood test samples, while chloroform was found only in the treated wood test samples. Chloromethane, bromomethane, iodomethane, acetone, and 1,2-dichloroethane were found in both untreated and treated wood test

samples. The trace levels of chlorinated VOC emissions found in the untreated wood tests are attributed to the presence of small amount of naturally occurring chlorine in untreated woods. Higher concentrations of chlorinated VOCs were found in the treated wood tests, a result of higher chlorine content in the treated wood.

# 3.3 Semi-Volatile Organic Compound (SVOC) Concentrations

The results of SVOC analyses are summarized in Appendix III. Of the 87 semivolatile organic compounds analyzed for the SVOC samples, only the following five targeted compounds were found to be above the analytical detection limits and significantly above the field and laboratory blank results; phenol, acetophenone, naphthalene, 2-nitrophenol and penanthrene. Measurable amount of diethyl phthalate, di-n-butyl phthalate, and benzyl butyl phthalate were found in all test samples, but they were also found in the field blank sample, indicating that they were contaminants from the sampling or analytical procedure and not from the combustion of wood waste fuel.

The total SVOC flue gas concentrations for all six tests are calculated by adding all the quantifiable SVOC emissions in the test and are presented in Table 3-4. The typically low SVOC

TABLE 3-4 FLUE GAS SVOC CONCENTRATIONS

Test	Concentration, µg/dscm @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>
Untreated Test 1	10.1
Untreated Test 2	11.4
Untreated Test 3	11.7
Treated Test 1	7.0
Treated Test 2	7.7
Treated Test 3	5.9

emissions for both the untreated and treated wood tests are an indication that good combustion conditions were achieved during the tests. The slightly lower SVOC emissions for the treated wood tests compared to those for the untreated wood tests also suggests that the combustion of

the drier treated wood fuel produced lower PIC concentrations. More moisture released during the combustion of the "green" untreated wood fuel may lower the localized combustion zone temperature and cause more PIC formation.

### 3.4 Pentachlorophenol (PCP) Destruction Efficiency

SVOC sample analysis of all three treated wood tests indicated that the concentrationS of pentachlorophenol were below the detection limit. The maximum detection limit of pentachlorophenol for the analytical method used was 30µg/sampling train. The concentration of pentachlorophenol in the treated wood fuel was analyzed to be 4,100 mg/kg. The estimated destruction efficiency (DRE) for pentachlorophenol of each treated wood fuel test has been conservatively calculated based on the pentachlorophenol analysis practical quantitation limit (PQL). DRE results are presented in Table 3-5. The PLQ is based on the lowest calibration

TABLE 3-5 DESTRUCTION EFFICIENCY FOR PENTACHLOROPHENOL

Test	DRE, %
Treated Test 1	>99.9974
Treated Test 2	>99.9976
Treated Test 3	>99.9975

concentration and does not include factors such as percent recovery or matrix effects. It is evident from these results that burning of the pentachlorophenol-treated waste wood in a stoker combustor destroys the pentachlorophenol efficiently with a DRE higher than that required for the destruction inhazardous waste incinerators (99.99%).

# 3.5 Dioxin/furan (PCDD/PCDF) Concentrations

PCDD/PCDF samples were analyzed and the results in total PCDD/PCDF and I-TEQ are provided in Appendix IV. As shown in Table 3-6, total PCDD/PCDF flue gas

TABLE 3-6 TOTAL PCDD/PCDF CONCENTRATIONS

	Emission Rate @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>					
Test	Total PCDD ng/dscm	Total PCDD ng/dscm	Total PCDD/PCDF ng/dscm	Total PCDD/PCDF ng I-TEQ/dscm		
Untreated Test 1	8.43	22.29	30.72	0.509		
Untreated Test 2	2.63	17.15	19.78	0.208		
Untreated Test 3	0.95	11.12	12.06	0.107		
Treated Test 1	15.03	42.19	57.22	1.304		
Treated Test 2	20.88	56.47	77.35	1.217		
Treated Test 3	18.72	45.04	63.76	1.051		

concentrations from the untreated wood tests averaged 0.274 ng I-TEQ/dscm and from treated wood tests 1.190 ng I-TEQ/dscm. These concentrations are measured prior to any control devices, which could potentially remove part of this material from the gas stream, depending on the fly ash collection efficiency, PCDD/PCDF formation, and solid-to-vapor-phase partitioning of PCDD/PCDF with the device. It has been shown that most of the dioxin and furan formation will occur at the "temperature window" of 200 and 450 °C. 16 Since the temperature at the sampling point is below 160 °C, it is reasonable to expect that the formation of dioxins has been essentially completed by the time the gas reaches the sampling location and that the rates of formation and desorption of fly ash associated PCDD/PCDF in a subsequent particulate collection device would be low.<sup>17</sup> The PCDF concentrations are significantly greater than PCDD concentrations for both the untreated and treated wood tests, indicating de novo synthesis formation reactions rather than condensation reactions. 18 The PCDD/PCDF congener distribution for the treated and untreated tests also differ (see Figures 3-6 through 3-9). In the untreated wood tests, the distributions are peaked at the lower-chlorinated tetra-PCDD and di-PCDF congeners; in the treated wood tests, the distribution is shifted to the higher-chlorinated hexa-PCDD and penta-PCDF congeners. The PCDD/PCDF concentrations measured in both the untreated and treated wood tests can be compared to the stack emissions from commercial

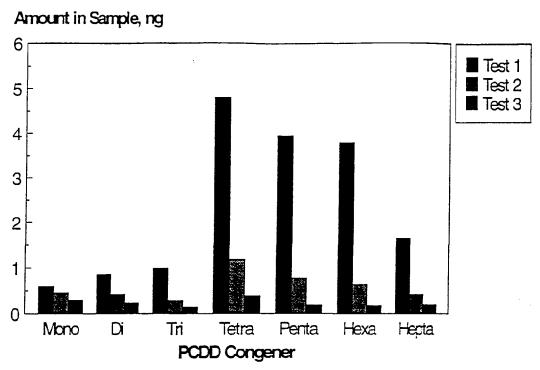


Figure 3.5 PCDD Congeners (Untreated Wood Tests)

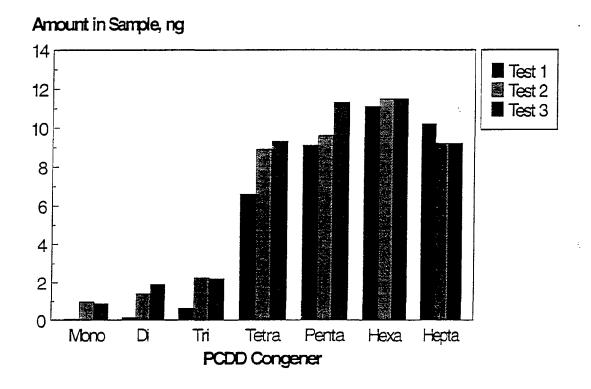


Figure 3.6 PCDD Congeners (Treated Wood Tests)

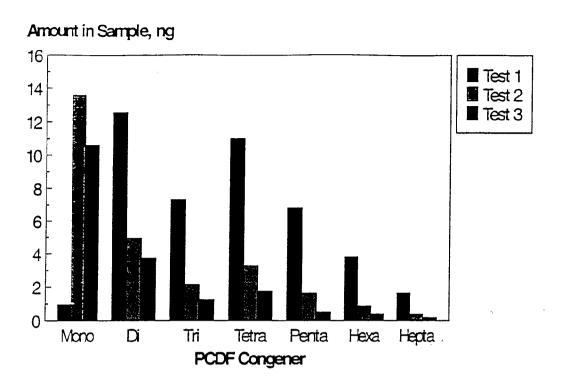


Figure 3.7 PCDF Congeners (Untreated Wood Tests)

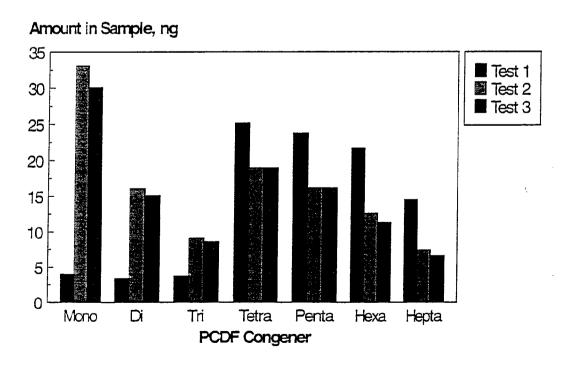


Figure 3.8 PCDF Congeners (Treated Wood Tests)

municipal waste combustors, which range from 0.01 to 400 ng I-TEQ/dscm.<sup>18</sup> The PCDD/PCDF concentrations measured in the untreated wood tests are similar to those found from burning natural wood, which range from 0.066 to 0.214 ng I-TEQ/dscm.<sup>1</sup> The PCDD/PCDF flue gas concentrations in the treated wood tests are higher than the emission concentrations measured after particulate control equipment (0.0359 ng I-TEQ/dscm) from a waste to energy plant burning a mixture of clean wood and pentachlorophenol treated waste wood.<sup>19</sup>

The higher PCDD/PCDF concentrations from the treated wood tests compared to those from the untreated wood tests are consistent with their higher chlorinated VOC emissions. Approximately 200 ppm of HCl was measured in flue gas from the treated wood tests, while HCl was not detected in the untreated wood tests. The PCDD/PCDF samples were collected into front half and back half of the sampling train and analyzed separately, which gives an indication of the PCDD/PCDF associated with the particulate material and as gaseous emissions. Table 3-7

TABLE 3-7 DISTRIBUTION OF PCDD/PCDF IN SAMPLING TRAIN

Test	% of PCDD I-TEQ	% of PCDF I-TEQ	% of
	in Front Half	in Front Half	PCDD/PCDF
			I-TEQ in Front
			Half
Untreated Test 1	33.2	25.1	27.3
Untreated Test 2	51.4	38.7	42.7
Untreated Test 3	49.3	33.4	41.3
Treated Test 1	73.6	61.5	65.2
Treated Test 2	67.2	56.7	61.0
Treated Test 3	64.8	57.0	60.5

shows that a higher portion of the total PCDD/PCDF in the treated wood tests is in the front half catch than in the untreated wood samples. The treated tests had a higher flue gas flow rate (see Table 3-1), which would enhance particulate load at the sampling point. The higher flue gas flow rates during the tests with treated wood are a consequence of the manner in which the

combustor was operated during the test. The treated wood had a higher heating value and higher levels of excess air were used during the treated wood tests to maintain temperature at the stoker outlet similar to temperatures obtained during the untreated wood tests. This information suggests that particulate carryover may affect the total amount of PCDD/PCDF, especially in the treated wood samples where a larger percentage is in the front half catch. Combustor operating conditions in addition to the wood treatment may also contribute to higher measured PCDD/PCDF flue gas concentrations for the treated wood tests.

## 3.6 Polychlorobiphenol (PCB) Concentrations

The result of the PCB analysis is attached in Appendix V and is summarized in Table 3-8.

TABLE 3-8 PCB TEST RESULTS

Test	Total PCBs
	ng/dscm @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>
Untreated Test 1	79.7
Untreated Test 2	92.0
Untreated Test 3	109.1
Treated Test 1	81.0
Treated Test 2	150.2
Treated Test 3	232.3

PCB concentrations in treated wood tests are slightly higher than in the untreated wood tests. In general, they are very low, and in line with other wood combustion data available to date (57-103 ng/dscm @ 12%  $CO_2$  for fluidized bed combustors and 297-22,780 ng/dscm @ 12%  $CO_2$  for cell burners).

## 3.7 Aldehyde and Methane Concentrations

Methane emission from both treated and untreated wood tests were below the detection limit of 5 ppm. Aldehyde test results are shown in Table 3-9.

TABLE 3-9 ALDEHYDE TEST RESULTS

Test	Formaldehyde	Acetaldehyde
	ug/dscm @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>	ug/dscm @ 7% O <sub>2</sub>
Untreated 1	20.4	19.2
Untreated 2	41.7	43.8
Untreated 3	53.7	7.3
Treated 1	N/A	N/A
Treated 2	30.9	5.2
Treated 3	22.7	5.8

N/A -- Not available. Sample was contaminated

Within the measurement accuracy, there seem to be no clear differences between the treated and untreated wood tests.

## 3.8 Toxicity Characteristic Leachate Procedure (TCLP) Analysis of Flyash

Flyash samples of all three untreated wood test runs were combined and a representative sample was subjected to TCLP leachate analysis. Similarly, all three treated wood samples were combined and analyzed. TCLP analysis results are shown in Table 3-10.

TABLE 3-10 TCLP ANALYSIS RESULTS

Metals	Untreated Wood Tests	Treated Wood Tests	EPA Max. Level <sup>20</sup>
	ppm	ppm	ppm
Arsenic	0.190	0.232	5.0
Barium	0.322	0.342	100.0
Cadmium	0.705	1.15	1.0
Chromium	1.70	1.50	5.0
Lead	1.102	0.159	5.0
Mercury	below detection	below detection	0.2
Selenium	0.037	0.033	1.0
Silver	below detection	0.024	5.0

In both treated and untreated fuel tests, TCLP result were generally within the acceptable EPA limits and no significant differences between the two types of wood fuel could be found. Cadmium was slightly above the EPA limit in the treated wood sample, but this can not be explained.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS

This study was conducted to identify potential air pollution problems associated with the combustion of waste utility poles treated with pentachlorophenol preservative for energy production in a boiler. The emphasis of the study was placed on the characterization of the PICs in the combustion flue gas. The methodology used was a comparative test of emissions prior to air pollution control device of a pilot scale combustor burning untreated wood and wood treated with pentachlorophenol preservative. The tests showed that combustion of pentachlorophenol treated wood is an effective method of destroying the pentachlorophenol contained in the wood, with destruction efficiencies higher than 99.99 percent. Differences in VOC, SVOC, and PCDD/PCDF emissions from the combustion of untreated and treated wood fuels have been noted. The data do not enable identification of the exact cause of these differences in emissions.

These differences are possibly caused by the significantly different moisture content, heating value, and chlorine content of the two fuels. The difference in flue gas flow rate required for the combustion of these two fuels with different combustion characteristics (moisture content and heating value) may also cause the differences in PCDD/PCDF emissions. The flue gas concentrations are strongly influenced by the design and operation of the combustor system and may not be quantitatively comparable to other combustors.

## 5.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE/QUALITY CONTROL

The project was performed following the guides established under the EPA, Office of Research and Development Level III Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) procedures. All procedures and methods noted in the QAPP were implemented with the exception of the method employed to determine the fuel throughput rates.

The overall results of all quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) measures, undertaken to assess the quality of the collected data, are summarized in this section. Included in this section is a brief description of the data quality analysis procedures that were implemented. The following subsections briefly address the quality of data achieved and provide QA/QC considerations. A separate subsection summarizes the results of a Performance Evaluation Audit (PEA).

Nearly all the objectives for the Data Quality Indicators (DQIs) were met for the project. As noted in the QAPP, the most critical measurements were the following:

O<sub>2</sub>, CO, and CO<sub>2</sub> CEM measurements,

Underfire, overfire, sweep and total air flow rates,

Air and flue gas temperatures,

PCDD/PCDF analysis from the sampled flue gas,

VOC analysis from the sampled flue gas,

SVOC analysis from the sampled flue gas, and

Waste wood feed rates.

All of the calculated critical measurement objectives were met or exceeded. The results of all the calculated data quality indicators are summarized in the appropriate subsections.

### 5.1 Data Quality Indicators

The DQIs that were considered in planning and executing the project were accuracy, precision, and completeness. The calculation for each of these parameters is presented separately below.

#### 5.1.1 Accuracy

Accuracy is assessed by comparing measured values to certified or "known" standards. For determining the accuracy of CEM analyzers, values as measured and recorded by the CEM sampling system are compared to known concentrations of certified gases introduced into the analyzers. Accuracy for the integrated samples is assessed by spiking samples with a known quantity of the target analyte(s) onto the clean sampling media prior to analysis. Another method is to analyze known surrogates following and prior to analyzing the samples. The accuracy can then be reported as either a percent error (% bias) or as a percent recovered (% accuracy). Bias can be determined using the following formula:

Percent Bias = 
$$\frac{measured\ concentration\ -\ known\ concentration}{known\ concentration} \times 100$$

Accuracy, expressed as percent recovered, can be determined from the following formula:

Percent Recovery = 
$$\frac{measured\ concentration}{known\ concentration} \times 100$$

In many cases, multi-component spikes or surrogates are measured to determine DQIs. In such cases, the average of the bias or recovery for all spikes is used to determine an overall percent bias or recovery for the measurement system.

#### 5.1.2 Precision

Precision is defined as the reproducibility of measured results. Method precision can be assessed through the collection, analysis, and measurement of duplicate samples that are collected simultaneously or at similar conditions. From this method, precision can be determined as a relative difference between the duplicate results. As a relative difference, the precision

limits can be calculated from the following:

$$RPD = \frac{C_1 - C_2}{(C_1 + C_2)/2} \times 100$$

where:

 $C_1$  = larger of the two measured values

 $C_2$ = smaller of the two measured values

In some cases, replicate data is pooled to determine precision as a relative standard deviation (RSD) of the measured data. This method of determining the precision can be calculated as follows:

$$RSD = \frac{standard\ deviation\ of\ replicate\ measurements}{average\ of\ replicate\ measurements} \times 100$$

For continuous monitors, precision was determined as the relative difference between measurements for pre-test and post-test calibrations. For integrated samples with multi-component spikes or surrogates, precision is better represented as a relative standard deviation.

## 5.1.3 Completeness

Completeness is defined as the ratio of the number of valid analytical results obtained to the number of samples required in the prescribed test matrix. Causes for not producing valid analytical results include sample loss from breakage, mis-identified samples, errors in the sample recovery or analysis, or instrument failure during sampling operations. Completeness is derived from the following:

Completeness = 
$$\frac{amount\ of\ valid\ data\ collected}{intended\ collectable\ data} \times 100$$

Nearly all aspects of the project were completed. No deviations from the original test matrix were made except for the elimination of a duplicate PCDD/PCDF sample that was to be extracted during the second treated waste wood test. The only other incomplete item from the original test matrix was a VOST sample tube that was broken during transportation to the

analytical lab. All other samples and measurements as defined by the QAPP were fully completed. Therefore, completeness will not be discussed or presented in the following subsections.

## 5.2 Summary of Quality Assurance and Quality Control Results

Specific information relating to the sampling and analysis results is presented in Appendices II, III, IV, and V along with the details pertaining to the data quality evaluation effort. The QA/QC assessment summary is provided in the appropriate following subsections. The summaries include the DQI objectives, as posted in the QAPP, and results obtained for each measurement. Measurement parameters that exceed DQI objectives are further explained in the appropriate subsections.

#### 5.2.1 Continuous Emission Monitors

The CEM sampling system is divided into three subsystems. The first subsystem is devoted to analyzing O<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub> and CO which are insoluble or nearly insoluble in water. The second subsystem is devoted to measuring NOx and THC gases which may be dissolved or scrubbed by condensation. The third subsystem is the Perkin Elmer Multi-Component Analyzer. The O<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub> and CO analyzers were leak checked and calibrated daily, prior to the tests, according to EPA Method 3A and EPA Method 10. The calibration was a two point calibration with nitrogen for zero and a span gas of a value greater than 80% of the anticipated range. A two point drift check with the same gases was performed daily at the end of tests. The NO<sub>x</sub> and THC analyzers were leak checked and calibrated according to EPA Method 7E and EPA Method 25 respectively. Prior to testing, the analyzers were calibrated at two points with zero and span gases. Following the test the instruments were drift checked with the same zero and span gases. Likewise, the Perkin Elmer system was calibrated with a two point check prior to the test. The Perkin Elmer however could not be drift checked upon the completion of the test. The system is designed to automatically purge and recalculate the measured values during the calibration procedure; any drift information would have been lost during a post-test check. All sample systems were bias checked according to EPA Method 6C prior to the start of the first test.

The values recorded for the calibrations and the drift check are used to determine the accuracy and precision of the measurement devices. Because the Perkin Elmer could not be drift

checked the accuracy and precision for HCl, a non-critical measurement, could not be determined. For the other instruments, the percent bias was calculated from the difference between the measured spans for system drift check and the known concentration of the certified span gases. The precision was calculated as the relative percent difference between the values measured during the pre-test calibrations and the drift checks. The summary of data quality achieved for each test and the system bias check is presented in Table 5-1.

In two tests, the second untreated wood and the first treated wood, the  $CO_2$  precision barely missed the DQI goal. In multiple test runs the DQI goals were not met for THC and  $NO_x$ . However, THC and  $NO_x$  are non-critical measurements for this project.

## 5.2.2 Overfire, Underfire, Sweep and Total Air Flows

The flow measuring devices were not specifically calibrated for this project. The flows for the system are measured with restrictive type venturi and orifice type devices coupled with pressure transducers and accompanying panel meters. Because of the limited number of variables which can affect the performance of the venturi, calibrations are performed biannually only on the pressure transducers and panel meters. A detailed description of the calibration procedures was presented in the QAPP. The pressure transducers deliver a 4 mA output signal when the differential pressure is zero and a 20 mA output signal when the differential pressure is 25 inches of water pressure. The transducers were calibrated at their limits and compared to a hand-held pressure calibrator. The hand-held calibrator was then used to verify the transducer to meter outputs when the transducer was exposed to a mid-range differential pressure. The summary of the data quality achieved for the flow measuring transducers is presented in Table 5-2.

Although the transducers alone displayed non-linearity in the middle of the range and thus greater percent bias, when connected to the panel meter, a square root extracting meter, the non-linear tendencies are removed. The overall result is a system that is much more accurate than the individual components. The system measurements are very repeatable, yielding precision calculated as relative standard deviations less than 1 percent. The DQI objectives for bias and precision, as noted in the QAPP, were set at 10 percent; all measurements met the DQI objectives.

TABLE 5-1 SUMMARY OF DATA QUALITY ACHIEVED FOR CONTINUOUS EMISSION MONITORS

		0,		CC	),	C(	)	TH	С	N	0,
Test		Objective	Result								
SystemBias	Bias	5%	<1%	5%	2.6%	5%	1.7%	5%	4.5%	5%	<1%
Untreated1	Bias	5%	2.3%	5%	3.1%	5%	<1%	5%	5.3%	5%	31%
	Precision (RPD)	5%	2.3%	5%	2.8%	5%	<1%	5%	4.45%	5%	26.4%
Untreated2	Bias	5%	2.5%	5%	3.8%	5%	<1%	5%	7.9%	5%	8%
	Precision (RPD)	5%	3.3%	5%	6%	5%	1.3%	5%	6%	5%	8.2%
Untreated3	Bias	5%	4.6%	5%	3.7%	5%	<1%	5%	4.7%	5%	9.5%
	Precision (RPD)	5%	4.6%	5%	2.8%	5%	<1%	5%	4.7%	5%	9.9%
Treated1	Bias	5%	4.1%	5%	4.4%	5%	<1%	5%	3.6%	5%	10.3%
	Precision (RPD)	5%	4.9%	5%	5.3%	5%	<1%	5%	4.1%	5%	10.3%
Treated2	Bias	5%	3.6%	5%	3.7%	5%	<1%	5%	2.3%	5%	13.5%
	Precision (RPD)	5%	3.8%	5%	3.0%	5%	<1%	5%	1.4%	5%	15.5%
Treated3	Bias	5%	3.8%	5%	3.9%	5%	<1%	5%	<1%	5%	17.9%
	Precision (RPD)	5%	4.2%	5%	3.7%	5%	<1%	5%	<1%	5%	15.9%

# TABLE 5-2 SUMMARY OF DATA QUALITY ACHIEVED FOR FLOW MEASUREMENT DEVICES

		Pressure Transducer						ľ	ressure Transd	ucer and Mete	r
1		Zero l	Differential Pre	ssure	Differe	ntial Pressure a	t Span	Differential pressure set at arbitrary middle of range			
		measured	expected		measured	calculated		measured	calculated		Precision
		mA	mA	bias	mA	mA	bias	cfm	cfm	Bias	RSD
301	Total Air	3.990	4	0.25 %	19.907	19.92	0.08 %	500	504.2	0.83 %	<1%
302	Durner Air	3.982	4	0.45 %	19.837	19.94	0.53 %	123	123.3	0.24 %	<   %6
303	Overfire Air	3.983	z į	0.43 %	19.846	19.37	2.44 %	172	158.0	8 80 42	<196
304	Underfire Air	3.986	4	0.35 %	19.857	19.79	0.34 %	490	497.1	1.43 %	<1%
305	Recirculation	3.990	-4	0.25 %	19.867	19.80	0.33 %	246	263.7	6.70 %	<1%
306	Sweep Air	3.988	4	0.30 %	19.873	19.91	0.19 %	79	75.9	4.08 %	<1%

#### **5.2.3 Temperatures**

The thermocouples throughout the system were not removed for calibration purposes. Most of the thermocouples are mounted through the walls of the combustor. Removal of the thermocouple would result in destroying the thermocouples or damaging the refractive lining of the combustor. The thermocouple used to measure the combustor temperature nearest the fuel bed was a Type B, platinum/rhodium, thermocouple. The B type thermocouples are rated by the manufacturer for a bias of 0.5 °C over 800 °C and a maximum temperature of 1700 °C. The remaining thermocouples are all K-type, nickel-chromium/nickel-aluminum, thermocouples rated for a bias of 2.2 °C above 0 °C and a maximum temperature of 1250 °C. All the test conditions throughout the project were maintained well below the ratings for the thermocouples. In addition, the measured temperatures are critical for comparative reasons. The temperatures are used to set the system conditions and relate the conditions from one test to another. Although the temperatures are considered critical, errors in the temperature measurements will not affect the overall scope or objectives of the project.

## 5.2.4 PCDD/PCDF Sampling and Analysis

All PCDD/PCDF samples were collected, prepared, and analyzed according to the prescribed methods referenced in the QAPP. The samples were analyzed by a commercial laboratory with a high resolution GC/MS. Appendix IV contains the PCDD/PCDF analysis data. Also included are the data quality indicators for each sample analysis. Recovery of a known standard was used to determine the bias and precision for each sample analyzed. Because the lab reported the percent recovered from the known standards, the bias was determined from the average and the precision from the relative standard deviation. This is not in keeping with the strict definition of precision because the deviation is not determined for repeated analysis of the same surrogate. This does however determine the precision for each specific analysis over the spectrum of the instrument. The PCDD/PCDF samples were analyzed as front half and back half portions of the sampling train. The summary of the data quality achieved for the analyses of each portion for each test is presented in Table 5-3. All recoveries and precision were maintained within the limits prescribed by the QAPP.

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# TABLE 5-3 DATA QUALITY ACHIEVED FOR THE PCDD/PCDF ANALYSES

		Front Ha	of Portion		Back Half Portion				
	Averag	e Bias	Average I	Precision	Averag	e Bias Average Preci		recision	
Test	Objective	Result	Objective	Result	Objective	Result	Objective	Result	
Blank	50%	17.0%	30%	12.7%	50%	9.50%	30%	9.20%	
Untreated1	50%	31.2%	30%	27.5%	50%	23:7%	30%	13.1%	
Untreated2	50%	12.0%	30%	20.1%	50%	16.4%	30%	13.0%	
Untreated3	50%	24.6%	30%	18.2%	50%	10.9%	30%	16.7%	
Treated 1	50%	1.70%	30%	9.39%	50%	13.2%	30%	12.5%	
Treated2	50%	14.7%	30%	14.3%	50%	25.2%	30%	16.8%	
Treated3	50%	2.69%	30%	31.9	50%	26.9%	30%	17.4%	
Field Blank	50%	5.60%	30%	12.4%	50%	17.5%	30%	13.3%	

## **5.2.5 SVOC Sampling and Analysis**

All SVOC samples were prepared and analyzed according to the prescribed methods referenced in the QAPP. The samples were analyzed by the on-site laboratory with GC/MS. Appendix III contains the SVOC analysis data. Also included are the data quality indicators for each sample analysis. Recoveries of known surrogates were used to determine the bias and precision for each sample analyzed. Because the lab reported the percent recovered from the surrogates, the bias was determined from the average and the precision from the relative standard deviation. This is not in keeping with the strict definition of precision because the deviation is not determined for repeated analyses of the same surrogate. This does however determine the precision for each specific analysis over the spectrum of the instrument. The summary of the data quality achieved for the analyses is presented in Table 5-4. All recoveries and precision were maintained within the limits prescribed by the QAPP.

### 5.2.6 PCB Sampling and Analysis

All PCB samples were prepared and analyzed according to the prescribed methods referenced in the QAPP. The samples were analyzed by a commercial laboratory with a high resolution GC/MS. Appendix V contains the PCB analysis data. Also included are the data quality indicators for each sample analysis. Recovery of known standards was used to determine the bias and precision for each sample analyzed. Because the lab reported the percent recovered from the standards, the bias was determined from the average and the precision from the relative standard deviation. This is not in keeping with the strict definition of precision because the deviation is not determined for repeated analysis of the same surrogate. This does however determine the precision for each specific analysis over the spectrum of the instrument. The summary of the data quality achieved for the analyses is presented in Table 5-5. All recoveries and precision were maintained within the limits prescribed by the QAPP.

## 5.3 Internal Audits

An internal technical systems audit (TSA) was performed by the Acurex Environmental QA Officer on August 14, 1996. The auditor observed sampling activities which included the

TABLE 5-4 DATA QUALITY ACHIEVED FOR SVOC ANALYSES

	Bia	ıs	Preci	sion
Test	Objective	Result	Objective	Result
Field Blank	50%	12.7%	30%	11.4%
Untreated1	50%	6.40%	30%	12.2%
Untreated2	50%	22.1%	30%	22.1%
Untreated3	50%	9.90%	30%	25.3%
Treated1	50%	10.3%	30%	17.2%
Treated2	50%	7.87%	30%	13.2%
Treated3	50%	14.7%	30%	15.4%

TABLE 5-5 DATA QUALITY ACHIEVED FOR PCB ANALYSES

	Bia	15	Preci	sion
Test	Objective	Result	Objective	Result
Blank	50%	30.7%	30%	12.1%
Untreated1	50%	25.0%	30%	13.3%
Untreated2	50%	37.3%	30%	10.0%
Untreated3	50%	33.7%	30%	10.4%
Treated1	50%	33.1%	30%	12.8%
Treated2	50%	35.3%	30%	9.49%
Treated3	50%	25.1%	30%	14.8%
Field Blank	50%	30.1%	30%	9.20%
Lab Blank	50%	38.0%	30%	5.98%
Lab Blank	50%	31.3%	30%	8.62%

review of sampling and analytical documentation procedures. The auditor observed setup and breakdown procedures for VOST, MM5, and Method 23 sampling trains and sampling for methane and aldehydes using Tedlar bags and DNPH cartridges. Calibration records for sampling pumps and weigh balances were verified. It was noted by the WA Leader that the fuel (chipped wood) did not feed as well as expected due to larger pieces. At times, the feed had to be manually shoved down into the burner. The day of the audit there were some minor problems controlling the temperature which were related to the inconsistency in the feed. All problems were recorded in the project notebook. The internal TSA resulted in no major findings.

An internal performance evaluation audit (PEA) was performed to evaluate the Organic Support Laboratory's (OSL's) ability to identify and quantitate semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs). The Acurex Environmental QA Officer prepared a PEA sample using a 2000 ug/mL mix of SVOCs that included the target compounds for the project. The mix (25 uL) was spiked onto a cleaned XAD cartridge and submitted to the Organic Support Laboratory for analysis. The cartridge was spiked to result in a 1 mL final extraction volume with a final concentration of 50 ug for each target analyte. The sample was extracted by the OSL and a report was submitted to the QA Officer from the OSL. Table 5-6 shows OSL results for target analytes and percent recovery for each compound. All compounds were correctly identified and recovered within the data quality indicator goals established for accuracy for this project.

TABLE 5-6 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AUDIT

Compound	Reported (ug)	% Recovery*
Naphthalene	36.7	73.4
Acenaphthylene	34.6	69.2
Acenaphthene	39.3	78.6
Fluorene	42.3	84.6
Phenanthrene	45.7	91.4
Anthracene	45.4	90.8
Di-n-butyl phthalate	41.7	83.4
Fluoranthene	40.3	80.6
Pyrene	49.7	99.4
Benzo(a)anthracene	41.9	83.8
Chrysene	42.1	84.2
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	42.3	84.6
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	49.0	98.0
Benzo(a)pyrene	44.9	89.8
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	42.5	85.0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	37.6	75.2
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	45.3	90.6

<sup>\*</sup> Based on theoretical concentration of 50 ug for each target analyte.

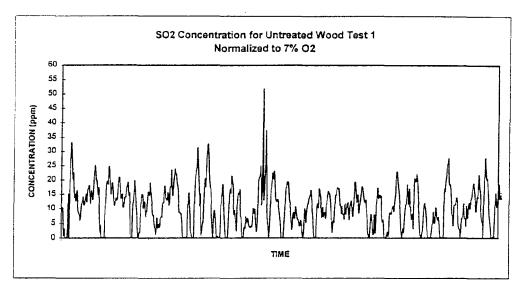
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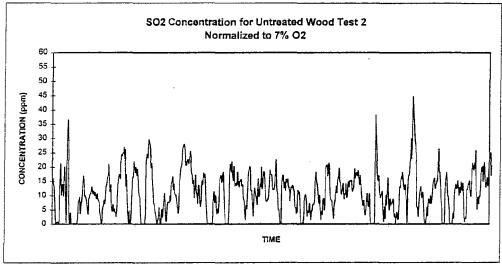
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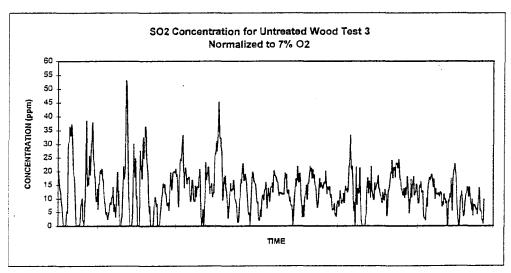
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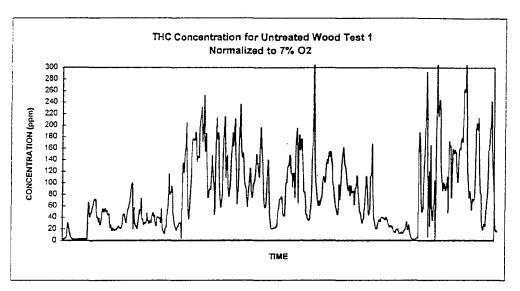
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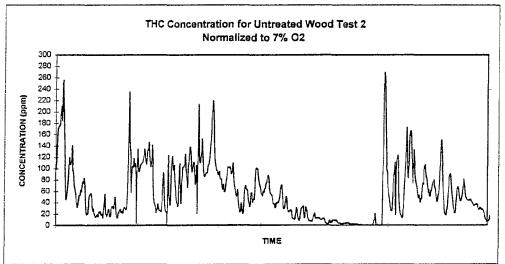
# APPENDIX I CEM DATA

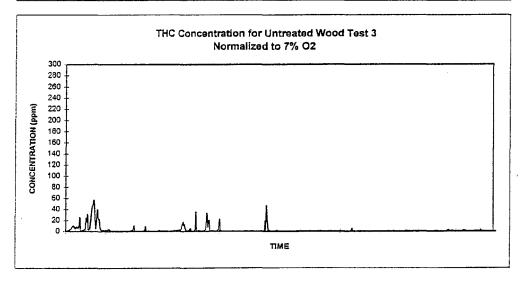


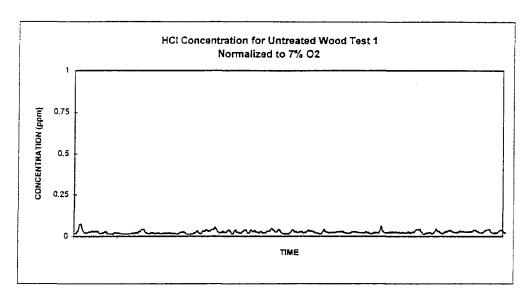


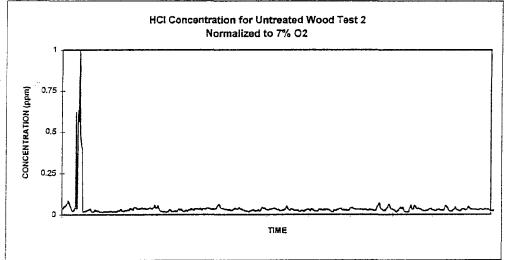


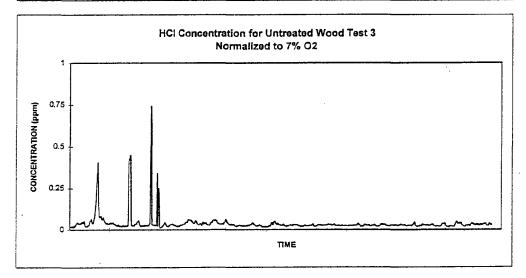


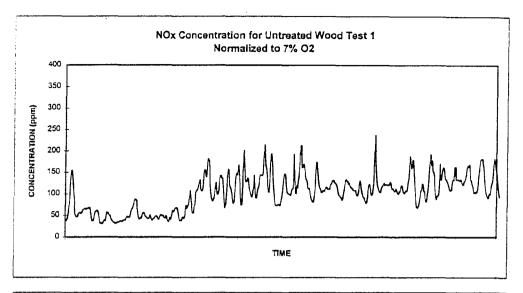


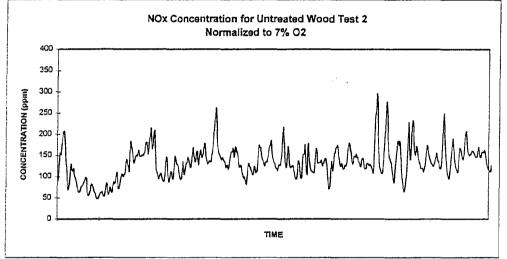


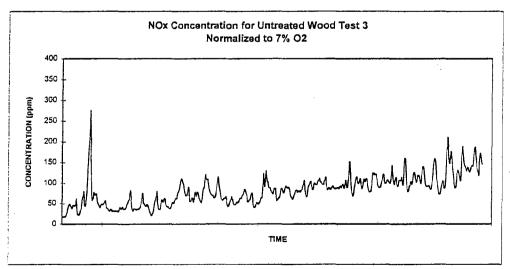


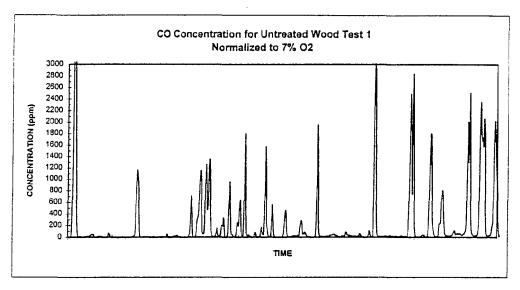


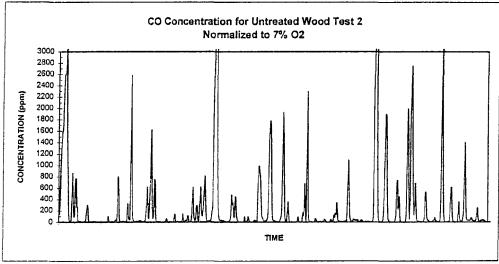


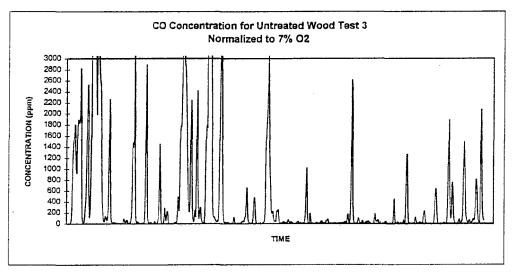


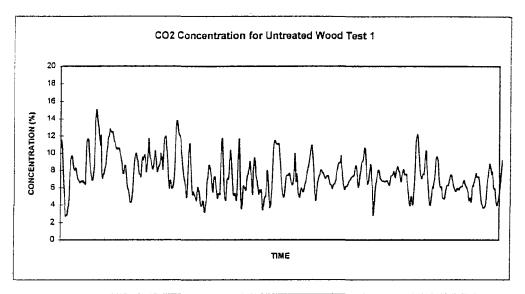


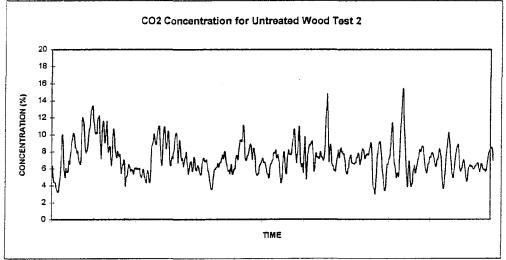


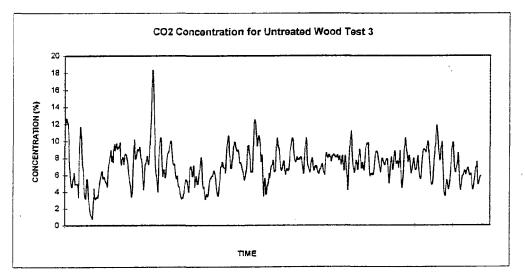


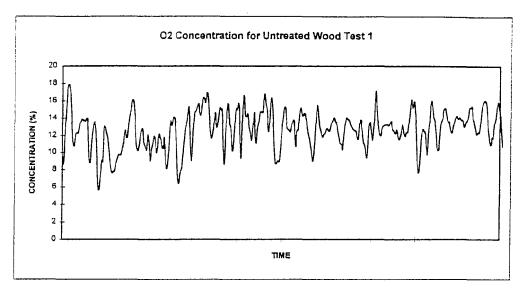


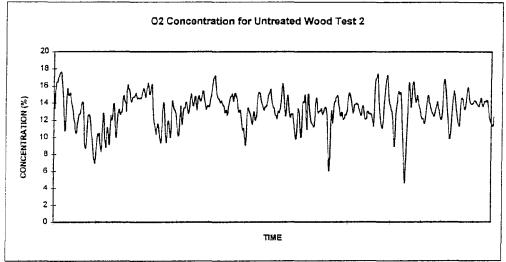


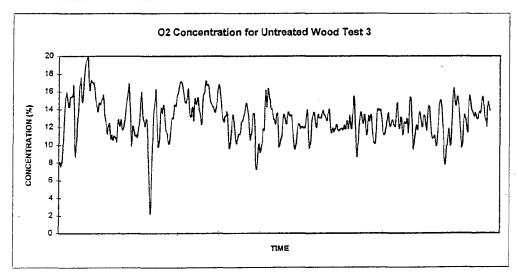


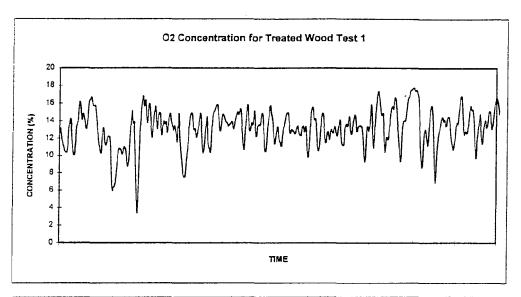


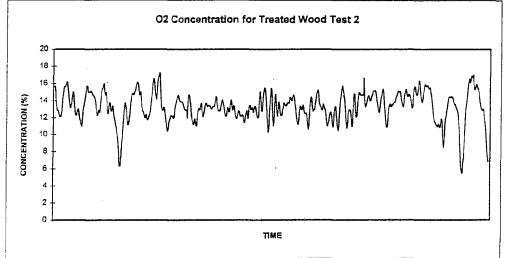


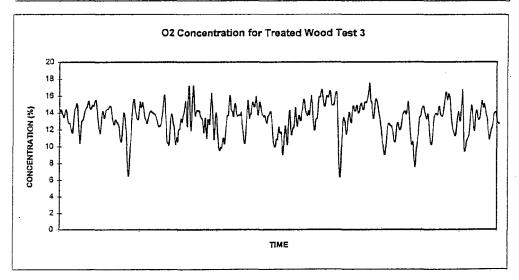


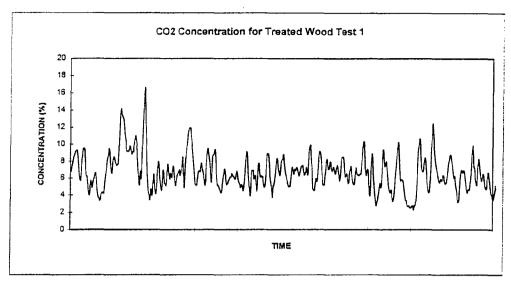


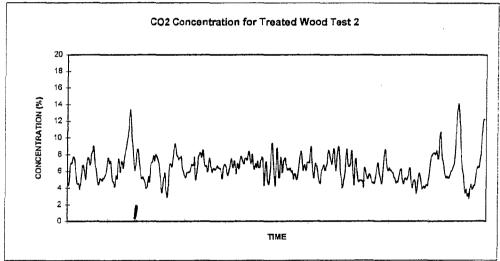


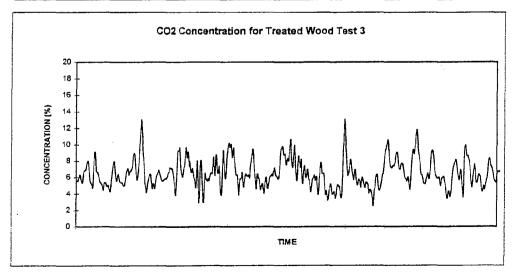


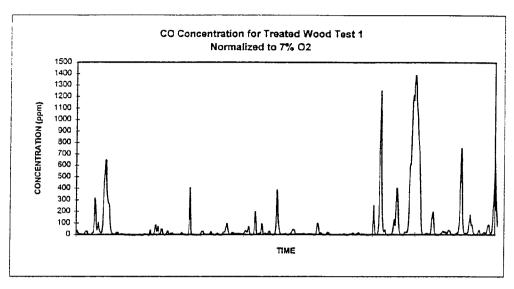


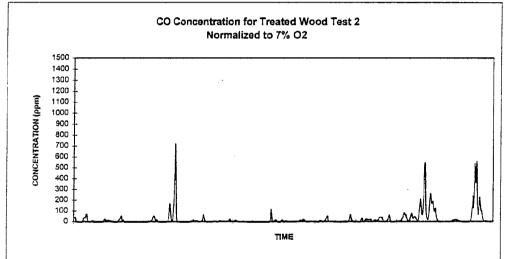


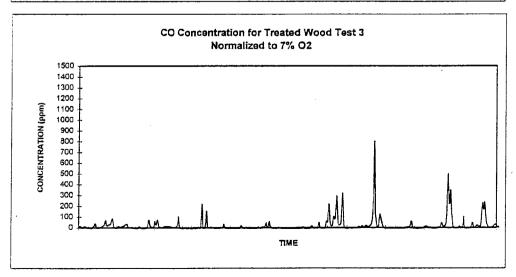


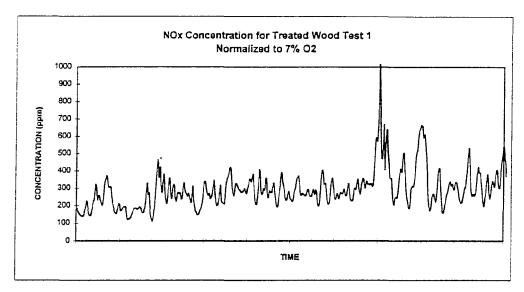


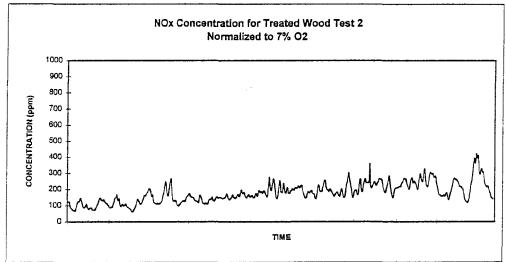


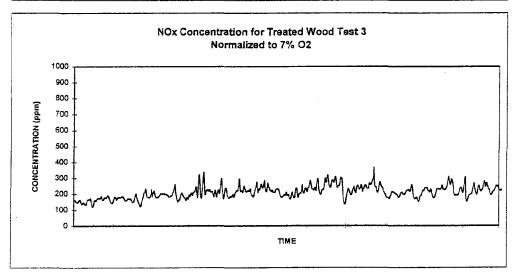


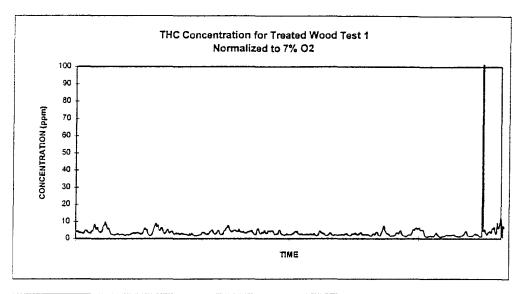


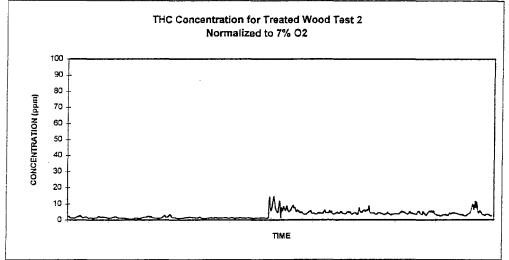


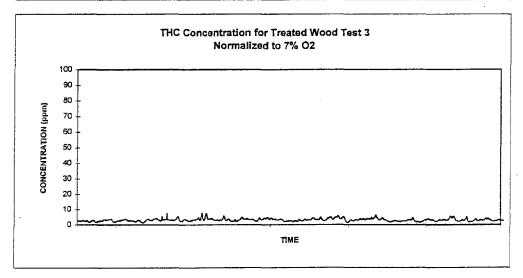


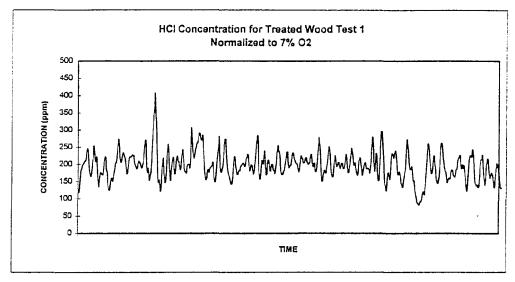


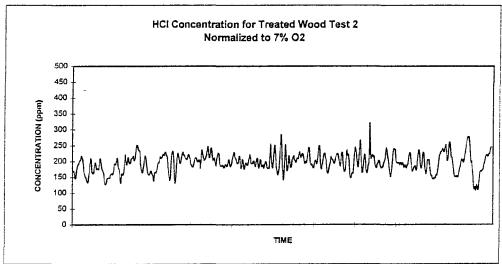


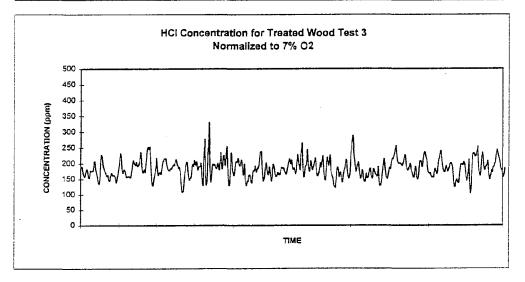


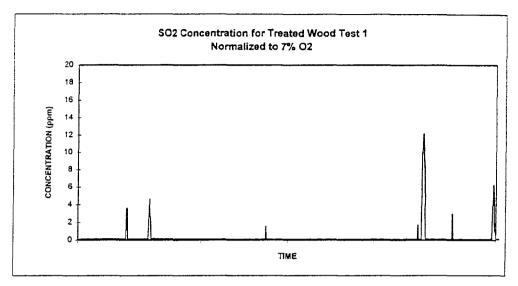


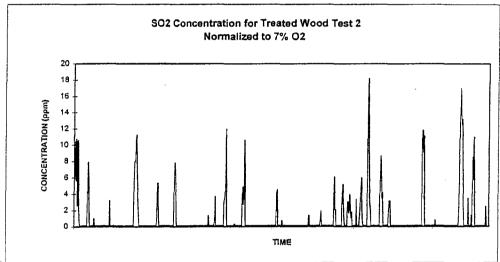


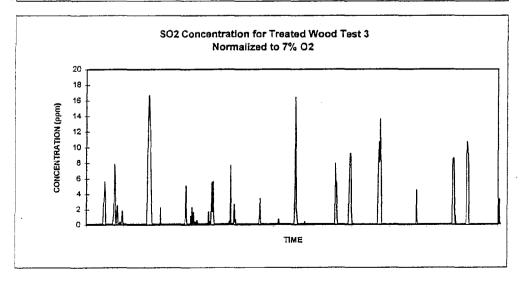


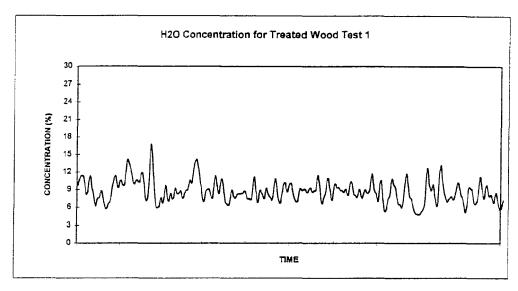


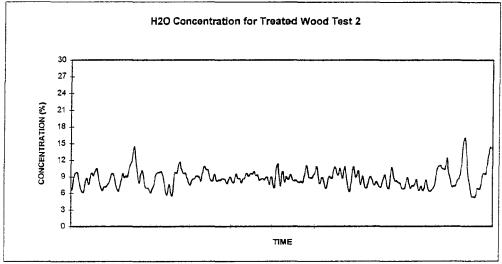


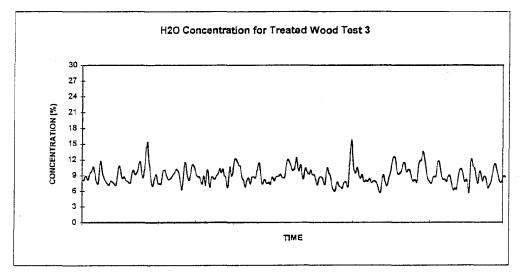


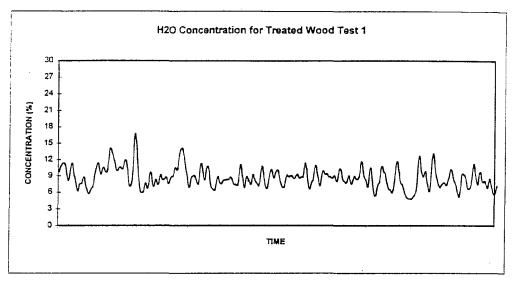


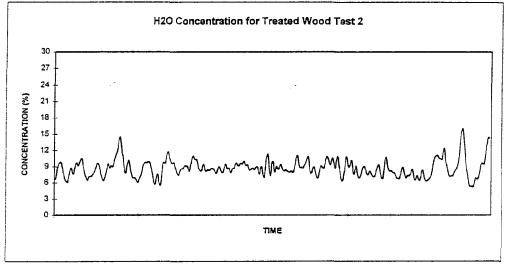


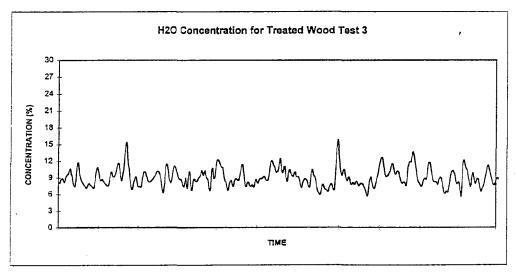


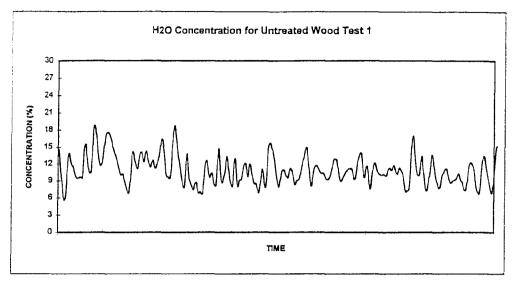


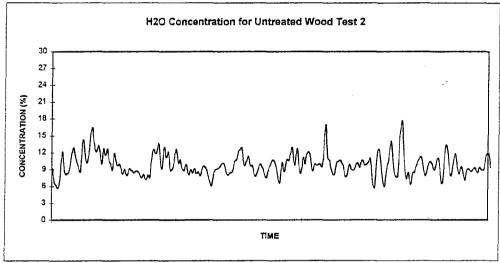


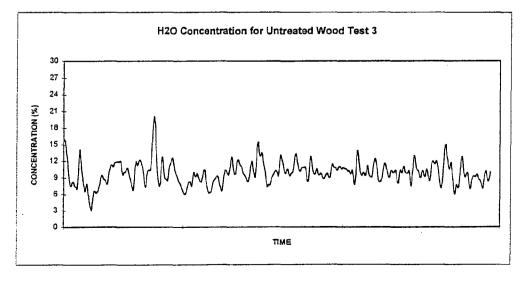












APPENDIX II VOC SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS

		I mangle Labora							
	Project Summary for Project 38560								
Client ID:	. WWC-VOST-	1 WWC-VOST-	1 wwč-vost	/ '	T-2 WWC-VOST-3				
	-1 TC	-2 T/TC	-1 T/TC	-2 T/TC	-1 T/TC				
	CRNTREATE	O CENTREAS	ED CENTREA	ED WIREA	TED CENTREATS	<b>D</b>			
Filename:	FT098 # /	FT099 #/	FT100 # Z	FT101 # Z	- FT102 #3				
TLIId:	135-84-1	135-84-2A,B	135-84-3A,B	135-84-4A,B	135-84-6A,B	•			
Matrix :	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST				
Units :	ng	ug	ug	ug	ug	_			
Chloromethane	0.234	0,612	0.382	0.288	0.158	•			
Vinyl Chloride	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
1,3-Butadiene	(0.001)	0.007	(0.001)	0.004	0.027				
Bromomethane	0.013	0.020	0.020	0.014	0.013				
Chloroethane	. (0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)				
Vinyl bromide	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.006	0.012	0.010	0.008	0.063				
1,1-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Iodomethane	0.012	0.009	0.042	0.015	0.005				
Carbon disulfide	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Acetone	(0.002)	0.133	0.077	0.089	0.081				
Allyl chloride	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)				
Methylene chloride	0.035	0.053	0.121	0.069	0.557				
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
tert-Butyl methyl ether	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Acrylonitrile	(0.004)	0.012	(0.004)	(0.004)	0.023				
n-Hexane	(0.001)	0.029	0.012	0.005	(0.001)				
1,1-Dichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
1,2-Epoxybutane	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Chloroform	(0.001)	0.010	0.003	0.003	0.002				
1,2-Dichloroethane	(0.001)			0.024	(0.001)				
Isooctane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Vinyl acetate	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
2-Butanone	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.006)	(0.006)				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Carbon tetrachloride	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Benzene	0.010	0.292	0.126	0.247	0.591				
Trichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
1,2-Dichloropropane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Ethyl acrylate	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
Methyl methacrylate	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)				
Bromodichloromethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)				

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( )-Estimated Detection Limit

Project Summary for Project 38560								
Client ID:	WWC-VOST-1	WWC-VOST-1	WWC-VOST-2	WWC-VOST-2	WWC-VOST-3			
	-1 TC	-2 T/TC	-1 T/TC	-2 T/TC	-1 T/TC			
	UNTREATED	UNTRE ATED	UNTREATE	D CONTREAT	ED UNTREATED			
Filename:	FT098 世/	FT099 #/	FT100 # Z	FT101 EZ	FT102 & 3			
TLIId:	135-84-1	135-84-2A,B	135-84-3A,B	135-84-4A,B	135-84-6A,B			
Matrix:	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST			
Units :	ug	ug	ug	ug	ug			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Dibromochloromethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Ethylene dibromide	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Bromoform	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Toluene	0.009	0.027	0.018	0.023	0.056			
Tetrachloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
2-Hexanone	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Chlorobenzene	(0.001)	0.008	0.004	0.002	0.002			
Ethylbenzene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
m-/p-Xylene	(0.001)	0.005	0.008	0.005	0.004			
o-Xylene	(0.001)	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.001			
Styrene	(0.001)	0.003	0,004	0.004	0.007			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Cumene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			

I finangle Laboratories of KIF								
	E/15 1	Project Summary f	or Project 38560	4/21	5/21			
Client ID:	. WWC-VOST			r-4 wwc-vos	T-5 WWC-VOST-5 :-			
	-2 T/TC	-1 T/TC	-2 T/TC	-1 T/TC	-2 T/TC			
	KUTREATE	U TREATE.	D TREATE	THEAD	ED TREATED			
Filename :	FT103 #3	FT104 🛎 (	FT105 #/	FT106 # 2	ン FT107 # Z			
TLIId :	135-84-7A,B	135-84-8A,B	135-84-9A,B	135-84-10A,	B 135-84-11A,B			
Matrix :	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST			
Units :	ug	ug	ug	ug	ug			
Chloromethane	0.244	0.525	0.728	1.145	0.904			
Vinyl Chloride	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
1,3-Butadiene	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Bromomethane	0.038	0.094	0.252	0.577	0.144			
Chloroethane	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
Vinyl bromide	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.039	0:046	0.072	0.050	0,005			
1,1-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Iodomethane	0.132	0.007	0.031	0.092	0.016			
Carbon disulfide	0.008	(0.001)	0.007	0.004	(0.001)			
Acetone	0.097	(0.002)	0.099	0.100	0148			
Allyl chloride	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
Methylene chloride	0.396	0.062	0.318	0.206	0.111			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
tert-Butyl methyl ether	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	0.001	(0.001)			
Acrylonitrile	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)			
n-Hexane	0.015	0:005	0.013	0.017	0.010			
1,1-Dichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
1,2-Epoxybutane	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Chloroform	0.004	0.037	0.021	0.019	0.020			
1,2-Dichloroethane	(0.001)	0.018	0.017	0.003	0.011			
Isooctane	(0.001)	(0.001)	0.001	0.003	(0.001)			
Vinyl acetate	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
2-Butanone	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.006)			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	0.005	(0.001)			
Carbon tetrachloride	(0.001)	0.012	0.010	0.009	0.005			
Benzene	0.057	0.015	0.033	0.030	0.026			
Trichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
1,2-Dichloropropane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Ethyl acrylate	0.008	(0.001)	(0.001)	0.003	(0.001)			
Methyl methacrylate	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.001)			
Bromodichloromethane	(0.001)	0.004	0.004	(0.001)	(0.001)			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropen	e (0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			

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Project Summary for Project 38560								
Client ID:	. WWC-VOST-3	WWC-VOST-4	WWC-VOST-4	WWC-VOST-5	WWC-VOST-5			
	-2 T/TC	-1 T/TC	-2 T/TC	-1 T/TC	-2 T/TC			
	UNCREATED	TREATED	TREATED	TRE ATED	TREATED			
Filename:	FT103 & 3	FT104 4/	FT105 4/	FT106 # Z	FT107 & Z			
TLIId :	135-84-7A,B	135-84-8A,B	135-84-9A,B	135-84-10A,B	135-84-11A,B			
Matrix :	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST			
Units :	ug	ug	ug	ug	ug 🗻			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Dibromochloromethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Ethylene dibromide	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Bromoform	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.001)			
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Toluene	0.038	0.006	0.039	0.037	0.016			
Tetrachloroethene	(0.001)	0.001	0.003	0.006	(0.001)			
2-Hexanone	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Chlorobenzene	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.003			
Ethylbenzene	0.005	(0.001)	0.001	0.004	(0.001)			
m-/p-Xylene	0.031	0.002	0.006	0.018	0.007			
o-Xylene	0.009	(0.001)	0.003	0.011	0.003			
Styrene	0.005	(0.001)	0.002	0.003	0.002			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Cumene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			

Project Summary for Project 38560								
Client ID:	UZZ WWC-VOST-	6 WWC-VOST-	6 WWC-VOST		VOSTBLK 08 -			
	-1 T/TC	-2 T/TC	-FB T/TC	-FBT/TC	2796			
	TREATED	TREATES			3 LK			
Filename :	FT108 & 3	FT109 # 3	FT096	FT097	FT095			
TLIId :	135-84-12A,B	135-84-13A,B	135-84-5A,B	135-84-14A,B	VOSTBLK 0827			
Matrix :	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST			
Units :	ug	ug	ug	ug	ug			
Chloromethane	1.938	0.874	0.350	(0.002)	(0.002)			
Vinyl Chloride	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
1,3-Butadiene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Bromomethane	1.146	0.268	0.022	0.007	(0.002)			
Chloroethane	. (0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Vinyl bromide Trichlorofluoromethane	0.024	0.010	0.018	0.025	•			
	************		***************************************	***************************************	(0.001)			
1,1-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Iodomethane	0.291	0.197	0.013	0.016	(0.001)			
Carbon disulfide	0.003	0.004	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Acetone	0.115	0.178	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
Allyl chloride	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
Methylene chloride	0.382	0.114	0.099	0.280	0.003			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
tert-Butyl methyl ether	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Acrylonitrile	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.005)			
n-Hexane	0.012	0.006	0.019	0.005	(0.001)			
1,1-Dichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
1,2-Epoxybutane	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.005)			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Chloroform	0.037	0.042	(0.001)	0.005	(0.001)			
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.043	0.015	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Isooctane	0.001	0.001	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Vinyl acetate	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
2-Butanone	(0.006)	(0.006)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.009)			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Carbon tetrachloride	0.014	0.012	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Benzene	0.026	0.036	0.005	0.005	(0.001)			
Trichloroethene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
1,2-Dichloropropane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Ethyl acrylate	(0.001)	0.008	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Methyl methacrylate	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
Bromodichloromethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			

Triangle Laboratories of RTP, Inc.

Savar v3.5

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( )-Estimated Detection Limit

Project Summary for Project 38560 E/ZZ								
Client ID:	wwc-vost-	6 WWC-VOST-	6 WWCVOST-2	WWC-VOST-6	VOSTBLK 08			
	-1 T/TC	-2 T/TC	-FB T/TC	-FB T/TC	2796			
	TREATED	TREATED	UNTREATE	TREATED	344			
Filename :	FT108 # 3	FT109 ±3	FT096	FT097	FT095			
TLIId :	135-84-12A,B	135-84-13A,B	135-84-5A,B	135-84-14A,B	VOSTBLK 0827			
Matrix:	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST	VOST			
Units :	ug	ug	ug	ug	ug			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Dibromochloromethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Ethylene dibromide	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Bromoform	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	. (0.001)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
Toluene	0.027	0.021	0.018	0.022	(0.001)			
Tetrachloroethene	0.001	0.001	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
2-Hexanone	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)			
Chlorobenzene	0:003	0.004	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Ethylbenzene	0:001	0.005	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
m-/p-Xylene	0.008	0.037	0.001	(0.001)	(0.001)			
o-Xylene	0.003	0.011	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Styrene	0.002	0.003	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			
Cumene	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)			

### Triangle Laboratories of RTP Project Summary for Project 38560

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VOSTBLK 08

2696

Filename	
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FT089

TLIId:

VOSTBLK 0826

Matrix:

VOST

Units:

ug

(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.002)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.002)
(0.002)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
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(0.004)
(0.001)
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(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.006)
(0.001)
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(0.001)
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( )-Estimated Detection Limit

Page 7

Savar v3.5

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# Triangle Laboratories of RTP Project Summary for Project 38560

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VOSTBLK 08

2696

Filename:

FT089

TLIId:

VOSTBLK 0826

Matrix:

VOST

Units ·

uφ

ug
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
0.003
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(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
(0.001)
0.001
(0.001)
0.001

( )-Estimated Detection Limit

#### VOST Analyta Summary Sheet

· ·	AO21 WW	nàce anneus	y sneek							
Sample #	Date	Gas Sampie Volume (dscm)	Stack Flow Rate (dscfm)	Flue Gas O2 (%)	Analytes	Analytes (Total ug)	Analytes (ug/dscm)	Analytes (ug/dscm @7% 02)	Semivolatiles Emission Rate (ug/hr)	Semivolatiles Emission Rate (ug/hr @ 7% 02)
(top-obed Measter Meast Test #										
Untreated Waste Wood Test # WWC-VOST-1-1T	8-13-96	0.024	884.862	12.5	Chioromethane	Tubes Broken	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA
	-				1,3-Butadiene	Tubes Broken	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A
					Bromomethane Trichlorofluromethane	Tubes Broken Tubes Broken	N/A N/A	NA NA	N/A N/A	N/A
					iodomethane	Tubes Broken	N/A	NA	NA	N/A
					Carbon disulfide	Tubes Broken	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA
					Acetone	Tubes Broken	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
					Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether	Tubes Broken Tubes Broken	N/A N/A	NA NA	N/A	N/A
					Acrylonitrile	Tubes Broken	NA	NA	N/A	N/A
					n-Hexane	Tubes Broken	NA	NA	N/A	N/A
					Chloroform	Tubes Broken Tubes Broken	N/A N/A	NA NA	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
					1,2-Dichloroethane	Tubes Broken	NA	NA	NIA	NA
					1,1,1 - Trichloroethane	Tubes Broken	NA	NA	N/A	N/A
					Carbon tetrachloride	Tubes Broken Tubes Broken	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
					Benzene Ethyl Acryate	Tubes Broken	NA	NA	N/A	NA
					Bromodichioromethane	Tubes Broken	N/A	NA	N/A	NA
					Toluene	Tubes Broken	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
					Tetrachioroethene Chiorobenzene	Tubes Broken Tubes Broken	N/A N/A	NA NA	N/A	NA
					Ethylbenzene	Tubes Broken	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A
					m-/p-Xylene	Tubes Broken	NA	NA	N/A	NA
					o-Xylene	Tubes Broken	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	NVA . NVA	N/A N/A
					Styrene	Tubes Broken	NVA	140	TWO.	100
Untreated Waste Wood Test # WWC-VOST-1-2T	1 8-13-96	0.019	684.862	12.5	Chloromethane	0.612	32.211	53.303	37483,953	62030.183
***************************************					1,3-Sutadiene	0.007	0.388		428,738-	709,498 2027,130
					Bromomethane	0.020 0.012	1.053 0.632		1224.966 734.979	1218.278
					Trichloroffuromethane lodomethane	0.009	0.474		551,235	912,209
					Carbon disulfide	0.001	0.053		81.248	101.357
					Acetone	0.133	7.000 2.789	11,584 4,616	8148.023 3248.159	13480.416 5371.895
					Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether	0.053 0.001	0.053	0.087	61.248	101.357
					Acrylonitrile	0.012	0.632		734,979	1216.278
					n-Hexane	0.029	1.526	2.526 0.871	1776,200 812,483	2939.339 1013.565
					Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	0.010 0.015	0.526 0.789	1.306	918.724	1520.348
					Isooctane	0.001	0.053	0.087	61.248	101.357
					1,1,1 - Trichloroethane	0.001	0.053	0.087 0.087	61.248 61.248	101.357 101.357
					Carbon tetrachloride Benzene	0.001 0.292	0.053 15.368	25,432	17884.501	29596.100
					Ethyl Acryate	0.001	0.053	0.087	61.248	101.357
					<b>Bromodichloromethane</b>	0.001	0.053	0.087	81.248	101.357 2736.626
					Toluene	0.027 0.001	1.421 0.053	2,352 0,087	1653,704 61,248	101.357
					Tetrachioroethene Chiorobenzene	0.008	0.421	0.697	489.986	810.852
					Ethylbenzene	0.001	0.053	0.087	61,248	101.357 508.783
					m-/p-Xylene	0.00 <del>5</del> 0.002	0.283 0.105	0.435 0.174	308.241 122.497	202.713
					o-Xylene Styrene	0.003	0.158	0.261	183.745	304,070
Untreated Waste Wood Test # 2	2				aly. and				47004 700	31050.5
	8-14-96	0.022	587.093	13.2	Chioromethane	0.382 0.001	17.364 0.045	31.126 0.081	17321,763 45,345	61.3
					1,3-Butadiene Bromomethane	0.020	0.909	1,630	906.899	1625.7
					Trichlorofluromethane	0.010	0.455	0.815	453,449	812.8 3413.9
					lodomethane	0.042	1.909 0.045	3.422 0.081	1904,487 45,345	81.3
					Carbon disulfide Acetone	0,001 0,077	3.500		3491.559	6258.9
					Methylene Chloride	0.121	5.500	9.859	5486,738 45,345	9835.4 81.3
					tert-Butyl methyl ether	0.001 0.004	0.045 0.182	0.081 0.326	181,380	325.1
					Acrylonitrile n-Hexane	0.012	0.545	0.978	544,139	975.4
					Chloroform	0.003	0,136	0,244 8,230	136.035 4579.838	243.9 8209.7
					1,2-Dichloroethane	0.101 0.001	4.591 0.045		45/9.036	81.3
					Isooctane 1,1,1 - Trichloroethane	0.001	0.045	0.081	45.345	81.3
				•	Carbon tetrachloride	0.001	0.045		45.345 5713.461	81,3 10241.8
					Benzene	0.126	5.727 0,045	10.267 0.081	45.345	81.3
					Ethyl acryate Bromodichloromethane	0.001 0.001	0.045	0.081	45.345	81.3
					Toluene	0.018	0.818		816,209 45,345	1463.1 81.3
					Tetrachloroethene	0.001 0.004	0.045 0.182		45.345 181.380	325.1
					Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene	0.001	0.045	0.081	45.345	81.3
					m-/p-Xylene	0,008	0.364	0.652	362,759 136,035	650.3 243.9
					o-Xylene	0.003 0.004	0.138 0.182		181,380	
	,				Styrene	0,004	0.102			
Untreated Waste Wood Test # 2 WWC-VOST-2-2T	2 8-14-98	0.020	587.093	13.2	Chloromethane	0.288	14,400		14365,273	25750.8 357.7
111101100110101 (	- · · · • •	J		_	1,3-Butadiene	0.004	0,200 0,700		199,518 698,312	
					Bromomethane Trichlorofluromethane	0.014 0.008	0.400		399,035	715.3
					lodomethane	0.015	0.750	1,344	748,191	1341.2
					Carbon disulfide	0.001	0.050 4.450		49.879 4439.268	89.4 79 <del>5</del> 7.7
					Acetone Methylene Chloride	0.089 0.069	4,450 3,450		3441,680	6169.5
					tert-Butyl methyl ether	0.001	0.050	0.090	49,879	
					Acrylonitrile	0.004	0.200 0.250		199.518 249.397	357.7 447.1
					n-Hexane	0.005	0.250	0.440	2-40,001	

Untreaked Waste Wood Test #3		Chloroform  1,2-Dichloroethane Isocctane  1,1,1-Tirchloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Benzene Ethyl acryate Bromodichloromethane Tolluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m-/p-Xylene o-Xylene Styrene	0.003 0.024 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.002 0.001 0.002 0.001 0.005 0.005	0.150 1.200 0.650 0.650 0.650 0.650 0.650 0.650 0.650 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050	0.269 149.638 2.151 1197.105 0.090 49.879 0.090 49.879 0.090 49.879 22.138 12320.217 0.090 49.879 0.090 49.879 0.179 99.759 0.179 99.759 0.448 249.397 0.179 99.759 0.179 99.759 0.179 99.759	268.2 2145.9 89.4 89.4 89.4 22084.9 89.4 1877.7 89.4 178.8 89.4 447.1 178.8 357.7
WWC-VOST-3-1T 8-15-96	0.020 631.546	12.9 Chloromethane 1,3-Butadiene Bromomethane Trichiorofluromethane lodomethane Carbon disulfide Acetone Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether Acrylonitrile n-Hexane Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane isooctane 1,1,1 - Trichioroethane Carbon tetrachloride Benzene Ethyl acryate Bromodichloromethane Toluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobethane Ethylene Chlorobethane Ethylene o-Xylene Styrene	0.158 0.027 0.013 0.083 0.005 0.001 0.081 0.557 0.001 0.002 0.001 0.002 0.001	7,900 1,350 0,850 3,150 0,250 0,050 4,050 27,850 0,050 1,150 0,050	13.654 8477.671 2.333 1448.716 1.123 697.530 5.444 3380.337 0.432 288.281 0.086 53.656 7.000 4348.148 48.138 29888.475 0.086 53.656 1.988 1234.091 0.086 53.656 0.073 107.312 0.086 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.088 53.656 0.345 304.744 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312 0.088 53.656 0.173 107.312	14652.8 2504.0 1205.8 5842.6 463.7 92.7 7511.9 51855.8 92.7 2133.0 92.7 92.7 92.7 92.7 92.7 92.7 92.7 92.7
Untreated Waste Wood Test # 3 WWC-VOST-3-2T 8-15-96	0.021 631.546	12.9 Chloromethane 1,3-Butadiene Bromomethane Trichiorofluromethane lodomethane Carbon disulfide Acetone Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether Acrylonitrile n-Hexane Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane issoctane 1,1,1-Trichioroethane Carbon tetrachloride Benzene Ethyl acryate Bromodichloromethane Totuene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene Ethylbenzene m-p-Xylene o-Xylene Styrene	0.244 0.001 0.038 0.039 0.132 0.008 0.097 0.396 0.001 0.004 0.015 0.004 0.001	11.819 0.048 1.810 1.857 6.288 0.381 4.819 18.857 0.048 0.190 0.714 0.190 0.048 0.048 0.048 0.048 2.774 0.381 0.048 1.810 0.048 0.048 1.810 0.048 0.048 0.190 0.048 0.190 0.10	20.082 12468.887 0.082 51.101 3.128 19941.842 3.210 1992.943 10.864 6745.344 0.858 408.809 7.984 4958.906 32.593 20238.033 0.082 51.101 0.329 204.404 0.082 51.101 0.082 55.505	21550.8 88.3 3356.3 3444.6 11658.6 706.6 8567.3 34975.9 88.3 353.3 88.3 88.3 88.3 88.3 88.3 353.3 88.3 88
Treated Waste Wood Test #1 WWC-VOST-4-1T 8-20-98	0.020 884.52	13.1 Chloromethane 1,3-Butadiene Bromomethane Trichlorofluromethane lodomethane Carbon disuifide Acetone Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether Acrytonitrile n-Hexane Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane isocotane 1,1,1 - Trichloroethane Garbon tetrachloride Benzene Ethyl acryate Bromodichloromethane Toluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m-p-Xylene o-Xylene Styrene	0.525 0.002 0.094 0.046 0.007 0.001 0.002 0.062 0.001 0.005 0.005 0.005 0.037 0.018 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.003	26.250 0.100 4.700 2.300 0.350 0.050 0.100 3.100 0.250 0.250 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050	48.756 39453.219 0.178 150.298 8.372 7084.005 4.097 3458.853 0.623 528.043 0.089 75.149 0.445 375.745 0.445 375.745 0.445 375.745 0.445 375.745 0.49 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.089 75.149 0.287 225.447 0.089 75.149 0.178 150.298 0.089 75.149 0.178 150.298 0.089 75.149 0.178 150.298 0.089 75.149	70272.9 267.7 12582.2 6157.2 937.0 133.9 267.7 8298.9 133.9 869.3 4892.8 2409.4 133.9 133.9 1606.2 2007.8 133.9 133.9 401.6 133.9 267.7 133.9 133.9
Treated Waste Wood Test #1 WWC-VOST-4-2T 8-20-96	0.020 884.52	13.1 Chloromethane 1,3-Butadiene Bromomethane Trichlorofluromethane	0.728 0.001 0.252 0.072	38.400 0.050 12.600 3.600	84.835 54708.484 0.089 75.149 22.443 18937.545 6.412 5410.727	97445.1 133.9 33731.0 9637.4

		iodomethane Carbon disulfide Acetorie Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether Acryonitrile n-Hexane Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane isooctane 1,1,1 - Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Benzene Ethyl acryate Bromodichloromethane Toluene Tetrachloroethane Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m-/p-Xylene o-Xylene Styrene	0.031 0.007 0.099 0.318 0.001 0.004 0.013 0.021 0.017 0.001 0.001 0.010 0.033 0.001 0.004 0.039 0.003 0.002	1.550 0.350 4.950 15.900 0.050 0.200 0.850 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.500 1.650 0.050 0.150 0.150 0.150 0.300 0.300 0.150 0.150 0.150	2.761 0.622 8.817 28.321 0.089 0.355 1.158 1.870 1.514 0.089 0.089 0.089 0.089 0.356 3.473 0.287 0.178 0.089 0.534 0.287	2329, 619 526,043 7439,750 23887,379 75,149 300,596 976,937 1578,129 1277,533 75,149 751,490 2479,917 75,149 300,596 2930,811 225,447 150,298 75,149 450,894 225,447	4149,4 937.0 13251.5 42555.3 1339,533.4 1740.1 2810.9 2275.5 133.9 1338.5 4417.2 133.9 535.4 5220.3 401.8 267.7 133.9 803.1 401.8 267.7
Treated Waste Wood Test # 2 WWC-VOST-5-1T 8-21-96	0.019 742.778	13.3 Chloromethane 1,3-Butadiene Bromomethane Trichlorofturomethane lodomethane Carbon disulfide Acetone Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether Acrylonitrile n-Hexane Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane isocctane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Benzene Ethyl acryate Bromodichloromethane Totuene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m-/p-Xylene o-Xylene Styrene	1.145 0.001 0.577 0.050 0.092 0.004 0.100 0.206 0.001 0.004 0.017 0.019 0.003 0.003 0.005 0.009 0.030 0.003 0.003 0.003 0.003 0.005 0.009 0.030 0.001	60.263 0.053 30.388 2.632 4.842 0.211 5.263 10.842 0.053 0.211 0.895 1.000 0.158 0.158 0.263 0.474 1.579 0.158 0.053 1.947 0.316 0.105 0.211 0.947 0.316 0.105 0.211	0.094 54.091 3.4687 8.625 0.375 9.375 19.312 1 0.094 1.781 0.281 0.281 0.469 0.844 2.812 0.281 0.094 3.469 0.562 0.187	78059.842 68,428 88328.848 3321.390 8111.358 285,711 8642.781 3884.129 68,428 285,711 1129.273 11292.273 11292.273 11292.283 199.283 332.139 537.850 1992.834 199.283 66,428 2457.829 398.567 132.856 265,711 1195.701 730.706 199.283	137575.9 120.2 83228.7 6007.7 11054.1 480.6 12015.4 24751.7 120.2 480.6 2042.6 2882.9 380.5 380.5 380.5 1081.4 380.4 380.5 120.2 4445.7 720.9 240.3 480.6 210.2 240.3 480.6 210.2 240.3 240.5
Treated Waste Wood Test # 2 WWC-VOST-S-2T 8-21-98	0.019 742.778	13.3 Chlommethane 1,3-Butadiene Bromomethane Trichioroffuromethane lodomethane Carbon disulfide Acctone Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether Acrylonitrile n-Hexane Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane Isocctane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Benzene Ethyl acrysta Bromodichloromethane Tolluene Tetrachloroethene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene m-/p-Xylene o-Xylene Styrene	0.904 0.001 0.144 0.005 0.018 0.001 0.148 0.111 0.001 0.004 0.010 0.020 0.011 0.001 0.005 0.026 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.003 0.001 0.003 0.001 0.003 0.001	47.579 0.053 7.579 0.263 0.842 0.053 7.789 5.842 0.053 0.211 0.526 1.053 0.579 0.053 0.053 0.053 0.053 0.053 0.263 1.368 0.053 0.158 0.053 0.368 0.158 0.158	0.095 13.709 0.476 1.523 0.095 14.089 10.567 0.095 0.381 0.952 1.904 1.047 0.095 0.095	80.50.740 86.428 9565.805 332.139 1062.845 86.428 9831.316 7373.487 66.428 265.711 664.278 1328.556 730.706 86.428 332.139 1727.123 86.428 86.428 199.283 86.428 199.283 86.428 199.283 86.428 199.283 184.285 199.283 184.285 185.285 186.285 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.285 186.428 186.	108818.9 120.2 17302.1 800.8 1922.5 120.2 17782.7 13337.1 120.2 480.8 1201.5 2403.1 1321.7 120.2
Treated Waste Wood Test #3 WWC-VOST-8-1T 8-22-98	0.018 911.610	13.3 Chioromethane 1,3-Butadiene Bromomethane Trichlorofluromethane Indomethane Carton disulfide Acetone Methylene Chloride tert-Butyl methyl ether Acrylonitrile n-Hexane Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane Isooctane 1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Benzene Ethyl acryate Bromodichloromethane Toluene Tetrachloroethane Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene	0.194 0.001 1.146 0.024 0.291 0.003 0.115 0.382 0.001 0.004 0.012 0.037 0.043 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001	10.767 0.056 63.667 1.333 16.167 0.167 6.389 21.222 0.056 0.222 0.667 2.058 2.389 0.058 0.058 0.778 1.444 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056	0.101 115,458 9 2,418 29,318 2 0.302 11,586	8677.650 86,056 86,056 8620.158 2065.344 55042.291 258.168 9896.438 32873.388 68,056 34,026 372,3184.071 3700.407 36,056 86,056	30244.4 156.1 178844.8 3745.4 45413.5 488.2 17946.9 156.1 824.2 6710.8 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1 156.1

					m-/p-Xylene	0.008	0.444	0.806	688.448	1248.5
					o-Xylene	0.003	0.167	0.302	258,168	468.2
					Styrene	0.002	0,111	0.201	172.112	312.1
Treeted Waste Wood T	est#3									
WWC-VOST-8-2T	8-22-96	0.019	911.610	13.3	Chloromethane	0.874	46.000	83.420	71254.355	129217.7
					1,3-Butadiene	0.001	0.053	0.095	81.527	147.8
					Bromomethane	0.268	14.105	25.579	21849.161	39622.8
					Trichlorofluromethane	0.010	0.526	0.954	815.267	1478.5
					iodomethane	0.197	10.368	18.803	16060,764	29125.7
					Carbon disulfide	0.004	0.211	0.382	326.107	591.4
					Acetone	0.178	9.388	16.986	14511,758	26316.7
					Methylene Chloride	0.114	6.000	10.881	9294.046	16854.5
					tert-Butyl methyl ether	0.001	0.053	0.095	81.527	147.8
					Acrylonitrile	0.004	0.211	0.382	326,107	591.4
					n-Hexane	0.006	0.316	0.573	489,160	887.1
					Chloroform	0.042	2.211	4.009	3424.122	6209.5
					1,2-Dichloroethane	0.015	0.789	1.432	1222,901	2217.7
					Isooctane	0.001	0.053	0.095	61.527	147.8
					1,1,1-Trichioroethane	0.001	0.053	0.095	81.527	147.8
					Carbon tetrachloride	0.012	0.632	1.145	978.321	1774.2
					Benzene	0.038	1.895	3.436	2834.962	5322.5
					Ethyl acryate	0.008	0.421	0.764	652.214	1182.8
					Bromodichloromethane	0.001	0.053	0,095	81.527	147.8
					Toluene	0.021	1.105	2.004	1712.081	3104.8
					Tetrachioroethene	0.001	0.053	0.095	81.527	147.8
					Chlorobenzene	0.004	0.211	0.382	32 <del>6</del> .107	591.4
					Ethylbenzene	0,005	0,263	0.477	407.634	739.2
					m-/p-Xylene	0.037	1.947	3.531	3016.489	5470.3
					o-Xylene	0.011	0.579	1.050	896.794	162 <del>8</del> .3
					Styrene	0.003	0.158	0.286	244.580	443.5

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## APPENDIX III SVOC SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS

# APPCD Organic Support Laboratory Wastewood Combustion-Semivolatile Analysis

Project:

Wastewood Combustion

Sample Id:

9608025

Sample Name:

WWC-MM5-FB

MS Data File:

S9608025

Method:

SW846-Method 8270

Date Extracted: 8/27/96

Date Acquired: 9/23/96 8/23/96

Dilution factor: none

Date Sampled:

Analyst:

Billl Preston

QC reviewer:

Dennis Tabor

## Comment:

Field Blank.

Presampling Surrogates	% Recovery
d4-2-Chlorophenol	82.9
d4-1,2 Dichlorobenzenze	79.1
d10-Anthracene	86.2
Post Sampling Surrogates	% Recovery
2-Fluorophenol	84.5
d5-Phenol	94.8
d5-Nitrobenzene	80.9
2-Fluorobiphenyl	89.1
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	72.9
d14-Terphenyl	114.9

Target Analytes	Total µg
	NTD
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	ND
Methyl Methanesulfonate	ND
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	ND
Bis-(2-Chloroethyl) ether	ND
Ethyl Methanesulfonate	ND
Aniline	ND
Phenol	ND
2-Chlorophenol	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND

Project: Sample Id: Target Analytes	Wastewood Combustion 9608025	Total µg	Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/23/96 8/23/96
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		ND		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		ND		
Benzyl Alcohol		ND		
Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) ether		ND		
2-Methylphenol		ND		
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine		ND		
Acetophenone		ND		
Hexachloroethane		ND		
4-Methylphenol		ND		
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine		ND		
Nitrobenzene		ND		
1-Nitrosopiperidine		ND		
Isophorone		ND		•
2,4-Dimethylphenol		ND		
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane		ND		
2,4 Dichlorophenol		ND	•	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ND		
Napthalene		ND		
2-Nitrophenol		ND		
2,6-Dichlorophenol		ND		
Hexachloropropene		ND		
4-Chloroaniline		ND		
Hexachlorobutadiene		ND		
n-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	•	ND		
4-Chloro-3-methyl-phenol		ND		
2-Methylnapthalene		ND		
Isosafrole		ND		
1,2,4,5 Tetrachlorobenzene		ND		
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		ND	N <sub>e</sub>	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		ND		
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol		ND		
2-Choronapthalene		ND		
1,3 Dinitrobenzene		ND		
2-Nitroaniline		ND		
3-Nitroaniline		ND		
Safrole		ND		

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/23/96
Sample Id:	9608025	Date Sampled	8/23/96

Target Analytes	Total μg
A	ND
Acenapthylene	ND
1,4-Napthoquinone	ND
Dimethyl phthalate	ND
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND
Acenapthene	
1-Napthylamine	ND NB
2-Napthylamine	ND
4-Nitroaniline	ND
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND
Dibenzofuran	ND
Pentachlorobenzene	ND
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	ND
4-Nitrophenol	ND
Fluorene	ND
Diethyl phthalate	1.4J
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	ND
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	ND
Diphenylamine	ND
Diallate	ND
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND
4-Bronophenyl phenyl ether	ND
Phenacetin	ND
Hexachlorobenzene	ND
4-Aminobiphenyl	ND
Dinoseb	ND
Pentachlorophenol	ND
Pentachloronitrobenzene	ND
Phenanthrene	ND
Anthracene	ND
Di-n-butyl phthalate	2.1J
Isodrin	, ND
Fluoranthene	ND
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	ND
Pyrene	ND
Chlorobenzilate	ND ·
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	ND
2-Acetylaminofluorene	ND
Benzyl butyl phthalate	41.4
:	

Project: Sample Id:	Wastewood Combustion 9608025		Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/23/96 8/23/96
Target Analytes		Total µg		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		ND		
Benzo (a) anthracene		ND		
Chrysene		ND		
di-n-octyl phthalate		ND		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene		ND		
7,12-Dimethylbenz (a) anthracen	e	ND		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene		ND		
Benzo (a) pyrene		ND	·	
3-Methylcholanthrene		ND		
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene		ND		
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene		ND		
Benzo (ghi) perylene		ND		

ND = not detected

NS = not spiked

J = present but lower than lowest calibration standard level

E = exceed calibration range

# APPCD Organic Support Laboratory Wastewood Combustion-Semivolatile Analysis

Project: Wastewood Combustion Date Acquired: 9/23/96
Sample Id: 9608018 Date Sampled: 8/13/96

Sample Name: WWC-MM5-run # 1 Date Extracted: 8/26/96
MS Data File: S9608018 Dilution factor: none

Method: SW846-Method 8270 Analyst: Bill Preston
QC reviewer: Dennis Tabor

# Comment:

Run #1.

Presampling Surrogates	% Recovery
d4-2-Chlorophenol	77.2
d4-1,2 Dichlorobenzenze	83.1
d10-Anthracene	76.1
Post Sampling Surrogates	% Recovery
2-Fluorophenol	97.0
d5-Phenol	109.3
d5-Nitrobenzene	95.2
2-Fluorobiphenyl	9 <b>9</b> .5
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	92.7
d14-Terphenyl	112.3

Target Analytes	Total µg
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	ND
Methyl Methanesulfonate	ND
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	ND
Bis-(2-Chloroethyl) ether	ND
Ethyl Methanesulfonate	ND
Aniline	ND
Phenol	7.0J
2-Chlorophenol	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND

Project: Wastewood Combustion Date Acquired: 9/23/96 Sample Id: Date Sampled: 8/13/96

Sample Id:	9608018	
Target Analytes	•	<b>Γotal</b> μg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		ND
Benzyl Alcohol		ND
Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) ether		ND
2-Methylphenol		ND
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine		ND
Acetophenone		7.9 <b>J</b>
Hexachloroethane		ND
4-Methylphenol		ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine		ND
Nitrobenzene	•	ND
1-Nitrosopiperidine		ND
Isophorone		ND
2,4-Dimethylphenol		ND
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane		ND
2,4_Dichlorophenol		ND
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ND
Napthalene		2.6J
2-Nitrophenol		2.2J
2,6-Dichlorophenol		ND
Hexachloropropene		ND .
4-Chloroaniline		ND
Hexachlorobutadiene		ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine		ND
4-Chloro-3-methyl-phenol		ND
2-Methylnapthalene		ND
Isosafrole		ND
1,2,4,5 Tetrachlorobenzene		ND
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		ND
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		ND
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol		ND
2-Choronapthalene		ND
1,3 Dinitrobenzene		ND
2-Nitroaniline		ND
3-Nitroaniline		ND
Safrole		ND

Project: Wastewood Combustion Date Acquired: 9/23/96
Sample Id: Date Sampled: 8/13/96

Cumpic ru.	3000018	Date Sampled.
Target Analytes	Total μg	•
Acenapthylene	ND	
1,4-Napthoquinone	ND	
Dimethyl phthalate	ND	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	
Acenapthene	ND	
I-Napthylamine	ND	
2-Napthylamine	ND	
4-Nitroaniline	ND	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	
Dibenzofuran	ND	
Pentachlorobenzene	· ND	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	ND	
4-Nitrophenol	ND	
Fluorene	ND	
Diethyl phthalate	3.5J	
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND	
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	ND	
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	ND	
Diphenylamine	ND	
Diallate	ND	
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	
4-Bronophenyl phenyl ether	ND	
Phenacetin	ND	
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	
4-Aminobiphenyl	ND	
Dinoseb	ND	
Pentachlorophenol	ND	
Pentachloronitrobenzene	ND	٦.
Phenanthrene	1.4J	
Anthracene	ND	
Di-n-butyl phthalate	2.3J	
Isodrin	ND	
Fluoranthene	ND	
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	ND	,
Pyrene	ND	
Chlorobenzilate	ND	
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	ND	
2-Acetylaminofluorene	ND	
Benzyl butyl phthalate	2.5J	

Project: Sample Id:	Wastewood Combustion 9608018		Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/23/96 8/13/96
Target Analytes		Total µg		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		ND		
Benzo (a) anthracene		ND		
Chrysene		ND		
di-n-octyl phthalate		ND		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene		ND		
7,12-Dimethylbenz (a) anthracen	e	ND		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene		ND		
Benzo (a) pyrene		ND		
3-Methylcholanthrene		ND		
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene		ND		
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene		ND		4.
Benzo (ghi) perylene		ND		

ND = not detected

NS = not spiked

J = present but lower than lowest calibration standard level

E = exceed calibration range

# APPCD Organic Support Laboratory Wastewood Combustion-Semivolatile Analysis

Project:

Wastewood Combustion

Sample Id:

9608019

Sample Name:

WWC-MM5-run # 2

MS Data File:

S9608019

Method:

SW846-Method 8270

Date Acquired: 9/23/96
Date Sampled: 8/14/96
Date Extracted: 8/26/96
Dilution factor: none

Analyst:

Billl Preston

QC reviewer:

Dennis Tabor

#### Comment:

Run #2.

Presampling Surrogates	% Recovery
d4-2-Chlorophenol	<b>57</b> .9
d4-1,2 Dichlorobenzenze	48.1
d10-Anthracene	87.3
Post Sampling Surrogates	% Recovery
2-Fluorophenol	57.1
d5-Phenol	85.7
d5-Nitrobenzene	61.5
2-Fluorobiphenyl	87.9
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	93.3
d14-Terphenyl	121.9

Target Analytes	Total µg
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	ND
Methyl Methanesulfonate	ND
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	ND
Bis-(2-Chloroethyl) ether	ND
Ethyl Methanesulfonate	ND
Aniline	ND
Phenol	2.0J
2-Chlorophenol	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/23/96
Sample Id:	9608019	Date Sampled:	8/14/96

Target Analytes	Tot	al μg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		MD
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		1D
Benzyl Alcohol		√D
Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) ether		√D
2-Methylphenol		1D
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine	Ŋ	$\mathbf{D}$
Acetophenone	2.	.3J
Hexachloroethane	N	ID
4-Methylphenol	N	ID
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	N	ID
Nitrobenzene	. N	ID
1-Nitrosopiperidine	N	ID
Isophorone	N	D C
2,4-Dimethylphenol	N	D
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane	N	D
2,4_Dichlorophenol	N	D
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	N	D
Napthalene	2.	2J
2-Nitrophenol	N	D
2,6-Dichlorophenol	N	D
Hexachloropropene	N	D
4-Chloroaniline	N	D
Hexachlorobutadiene	N	D
n-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	N	D
4-Chloro-3-methyl-phenol	N.	D
2-Methylnapthalene	N.	D
Isosafrole	N.	D
1,2,4,5 Tetrachlorobenzene	N	D
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	N	D
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	N	D
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	N	D
2-Choronapthalene	N	
1,3 Dinitrobenzene	NI	D
2-Nitroaniline	N	
3-Nitroaniline	N	
Safrole	NI	<b>5</b>

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/23/96
Sample Id:	9608019	Date Sampled:	8/14/96

Target Analytes	Total μg
A annu Marilana	<b>&gt;</b> 75
Acenapthylene	ND
1,4-Napthoquinone	ND
Dimethyl phthalate	1.8J
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND
Acenapthene	ND
1-Napthylamine	ND
2-Napthylamine	ND
4-Nitroaniline	ND
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND
Dibenzofuran	1.2J
Pentachlorobenzene	· ND
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	ND
4-Nitrophenol	ND
Fluorene	ND
Diethyl phthalate	4.5J
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	ND
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	ND
Diphenylamine	ND
Diallate	ND
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND
4-Bronophenyl phenyl ether	ND
Phenacetin	ND
Hexachlorobenzene	ND
4-Aminobiphenyl	ND
Dinoseb	ND
Pentachlorophenol	ND
Pentachloronitrobenzene	ND
Phenanthrene	ND
Anthracene	ND
Di-n-butyl phthalate	2.4J
Isodrin	ND
Fluoranthene	ND
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	ND
Pyrene	ND
Chlorobenzilate	ND
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	ND
2-Acetylaminofluorene	ND
Benzyl butyl phthalate	2.8J

Project: Sample Id:	Wastewood Combustion 9608019		Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/23/96 8/14/96
Target Analytes		Total µg		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		ND		
Benzo (a) anthracene		ND		
Chrysene		ND		
di-n-octyl phthalate		ND		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene		ND		
7,12-Dimethylbenz (a) anthracen	е .	ND		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene		ND		
Benzo (a) pyrene		ND		
3-Methylcholanthrene		ND		
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene		ND		
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene		ND		
Benzo (ghi) perylene		ND		

ND = not detected

NS = not spiked

J = present but lower than lowest calibration standard level

E = exceed calibration range

# APPCD Organic Support Laboratory Wastewood Combustion-Semivolatile Analysis

Project:

Wastewood Combustion

Sample Id:

9608020

Sample Name:

WWC-MM5-run #3

MS Data File:

S9608020

Method:

SW846-Method 8270

Date Acquired: 9/24/96

Date Sampled:

8/19/96 Date Extracted: 8/26/96

Dilution factor: none

Analyst:

Billl Preston

QC reviewer:

Dennis Tabor

#### Comment:

Run #3.

Presampling Surrogates	% Recovery
d4-2-Chlorophenol	82.3
d4-1,2 Dichlorobenzenze	82.7
d10-Anthracene	82.0
Post Sampling Surrogates	% Recovery

t ost Samping Suit ogates	70 11000 701
2-Fluorophenol	31.6
d5-Phenol	107.8
d5-Nitrobenzene	99.2
2-Fluorobiphenyl	98.7
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	95.7
d14-Terphenyl	130.8

Target Analytes	Total µg
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	ND
Methyl Methanesulfonate	ND
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	ND
Bis-(2-Chloroethyl) ether	ND
Ethyl Methanesulfonate	ND
Aniline	ND
Phenol	2.1J
2-Chlorophenol	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/24/96
Sample Id:	9608020	Date Sampled:	8/19/96

Target Analytes	Total µg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND
Benzyl Alcohol	ND
Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	ND
2-Methylphenol	ND
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine	ND
Acetophenone	3.1 <b>J</b>
Hexachloroethane	ND
4-Methylphenol	ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	ND
Nitrobenzene	· ND
1-Nitrosopiperidine	ND
Isophorone	ND
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane	ND
2,4_Dichlorophenol	ND
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND
Napthalene	8.9J
2-Nitrophenol	ND
2,6-Dichlorophenol	ND
Hexachloropropene	ND
4-Chloroaniline	ND
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	ND
4-Chloro-3-methyl-phenol	ND
2-Methylnapthalene	ND
Isosafrole	ND
1,2,4,5 Tetrachlorobenzene	ND
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND
2-Choronapthalene	ND
1,3 Dinitrobenzene	ND
2-Nitroaniline	ND
3-Nitroaniline	ND
Safrole	ND

Project:	Wastewood Combustion		Date Acquired:	9/24/96
Sample Id:	9608020		Date Sampled:	8/19/96
		 _		

Sample Id:	9608020	
Target Analytes		Total µg
Acenapthylene		ND
1,4-Napthoquinone		1.4J
Dimethyl phthalate		ND
2,6-Dinitrotoluene		ND
Acenapthene		ND
1-Napthylamine		ND
2-Napthylamine		ND
4-Nitroaniline		ND
2,4-Dinitrophenol		ND
Dibenzofuran		4.3J
Pentachlorobenzene		ND
2,4-Dinitrophenol		ND
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol		ND
4-Nitrophenol		ND
Fluorene		ND
Diethyl phthalate		1.5J
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether		ND
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol		ND
5-Nitro-o-toluidine		ND
Diphenylamine		ND
Diallate		ND
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene		ND
4-Bronophenyl phenyl ether		ND
Phenacetin		ND
Hexachlorobenzene		ND
4-Aminobiphenyl		ND
Dinoseb		ND
Pentachlorophenol		ND
Pentachloronitrobenzene		ND
Phenanthrene	:	1. <b>7J</b>
Anthracene		ND
Di-n-butyl phthalate		1.5J
Isodrin		ND
Fluoranthene		ND
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine		ND
Pyrene		ND
Chlorobenzilate		ND
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene		ND
2-Acetylaminofluorene		ND
Benzyl butyl phthalate		18.4

Project: Sample Id: Target Analytes	Wastewood Combustion 9608020	Total µg	Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/24/96 8/19/96
Target Amarytes		i σται μg		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		ND		
Benzo (a) anthracene	•	ND		
Chrysene		ND		
di-n-octyl phthalate		ND		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene		ND		
7,12-Dimethylbenz (a) anthracene	•	ND		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene		ND		
Benzo (a) pyrene		ND		
3-Methylcholanthrene		ND		
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene		ND		
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene		ND		
Benzo (ghi) perylene		ND	•	

ND = not detected

NS = not spiked

J = present but lower than lowest calibration standard level

E = exceed calibration range

### APPCD Organic Support Laboratory Wastewood Combustion-Semivolatile Analysis

Project: Wastewood Combustion Date Acquired: 9/24/96 Sample Id: 9608022 Date Sampled: WWC-MM5-run # 4 Sample Name:

Date Extracted: 8/27/96 MS Data File: S9608022 Dilution factor: none

Method: SW846-Method 8270 Analyst: Billl Preston QC reviewer: Dennis Tabor

#### Comment:

Run #4- Some sample was spilled during transfer to sample vial.

Presampling Surrogates	% Recovery
d4-2-Chlorophenol	65.3
d4-1,2 Dichlorobenzenze	72.1
d10-Anthracene	62.4
Post Sampling Surrogates	% Recovery
2-Fluorophenol	100.1
d5-Phenol	108.4
d5-Nitrobenzene	94.2
2-Fluorobiphenyl	95.8
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	99.9
d14-Terphenyl	109.3

Target Analytes	Total µg
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	ND
Methyl Methanesulfonate	ND
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	ND
Bis-(2-Chloroethyl) ether	ND
Ethyl Methanesulfonate	ND
Aniline	ND
Phenol	5.6J
2-Chlorophenol	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND

8/19/96

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/24/96
Sample Id:	9608022	Date Sampled:	8/19/96

Target Analytes	Total µg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND
Benzyl Alcohol	ND
Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	ND
2-Methylphenol	ND
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine	ND
Acetophenone	6.0J
Hexachloroethane	ND
4-Methylphenol	ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	ND
Nitrobenzene	ND
1-Nitrosopiperidine	ND
Isophorone	ND
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane	ND
2,4_Dichlorophenol	ND
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND
Napthalene	1.9Ј
2-Nitrophenol	1.1J
2,6-Dichlorophenol	ND
Hexachloropropene	ND
4-Chloroaniline	ND
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	ND
4-Chloro-3-methyl-phenol	ND
2-Methylnapthalene	ND
Isosafrole	ND
1,2,4,5 Tetrachlorobenzene	ND
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	1.7J
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND
2-Choronapthalene	ND
1,3 Dinitrobenzene	ND
2-Nitroaniline	ND
3-Nitroaniline	ND
Safrole	ND

Project: Sample Id:	Wastewood Combustion 9608022	Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/24/96 8/19/96
Target Analytes	Total p	-	
Acenapthylene	ND		
1,4-Napthoquinone	ND		
Dimethyl phthalate	ND		
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND		
Acenapthene	ND		
1-Napthylamine	ND		
2-Napthylamine	ND		
4-Nitroaniline	ND		
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND		
Dibenzofuran	ND		
Pentachlorobenzene	· ND		
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND		
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	ND		
4-Nitrophenol	ND		
Fluorene	ND	V.	
Diethyl phthalate	1.3J	.•	
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND		
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	ND		
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	ND		
Diphenylamine	ND		
Diallate	ND		
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND		
4-Bronophenyl phenyl ether	ND		
Phenacetin	ND		
Hexachlorobenzene	ND		
4-Aminobiphenyl	ND		
Dinoseb	ND		
Pentachlorophenol	ND		
Pentachloronitrobenzene	ND	<i>1</i> .	;
Phenanthrene	ND		
Anthracene	ND		
Di-n-butyl phthalate	1.4J		
Isodrin	ND		
Fluoranthene	ND		
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	ND		
Pyrene	ND		

Chlorobenzilate

p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene

2-Acetylaminofluorene

Benzyl butyl phthalate

ND

ND

ND

29.5

Project: Sample Id:	Wastewood Combustion 9608022		Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/24/96 8/19/96
Target Analytes		Total µg	-	
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		ND		
Benzo (a) anthracene		ND		
Chrysene		ND		
di-n-octyl phthalate		ND		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene		ND		
7,12-Dimethylbenz (a) anthracen	e	ND		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene		ND		
Benzo (a) pyrene		ND		
3-Methylcholanthrene		ND		
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene		ND		
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene		ND		*.
Benzo (ghi) perylene		ND		

ND = not detected

NS = not spiked

J = present but lower than lowest calibration standard level

E = exceed calibration range

# APPCD Organic Support Laboratory Wastewood Combustion-Semivolatile Analysis

Project: Wastewood Combustion Date Acquired: 9/24/96
Sample Id: 9608023 Date Sampled: 8/23/96
Sample Name: WWC-MM5-run #5 Date Extracted: 8/27/96

Sample Name: WWC-MM5-run #5 Date Extracted: 8/27/96
MS Data File: S9608023 Dilution factor: none

Method: SW846-Method 8270 Analyst: Bill Preston QC reviewer: Dennis Tabor

## Comment: Run #5.

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Presampling Surrogates	% Recovery
d4-2-Chlorophenol	72.4
d4-1,2 Dichlorobenzenze	73.5
d10-Anthracene	77.5
Post Sampling Surrogates	% Recovery
2-Fluorophenol	103.1
d5-Phenol	110.9
d5-Nitrobenzene	95.1
2-Fluorobiphenyl	98.1
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	101.3
d14-Terphenyl	97.3

Target Analytes	Total µg
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	ND
Methyl Methanesulfonate	ND
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	ND
Bis-(2-Chloroethyl) ether	ND
Ethyl Methanesulfonate	ND
Aniline	ND
Phenol	6.1J
2-Chlorophenol	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/24/96
Sample Id:	9608023	Date Sampled:	8/23/96

Target Analystes	Total us
Target Analytes	Total µg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND
Benzyl Alcohol	ND
Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	ND
2-Methylphenol	ND
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine	ND
Acetophenone	6.9J
Hexachloroethane	ND
4-Methylphenol	ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	ND
Nitrobenzene	· ND
1-Nitrosopiperidine	ND .
Isophorone	ND
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane	ND
2,4_Dichlorophenol	ND
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND
Napthalene	1.5J
2-Nitrophenol	ND
2,6-Dichlorophenol	ND
Hexachloropropene	ND
4-Chloroaniline	ND
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	ND
4-Chloro-3-methyl-phenol	ND
2-Methylnapthalene	ND
Isosafrole	ND
1,2,4,5 Tetrachlorobenzene	ND
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND .
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	1.6J
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND
2-Choronapthalene	ND
1,3 Dinitrobenzene	ND
2-Nitroaniline	ND
3-Nitroaniline	ND
Safrole	ND

Project: Sample Id:	Wastewood Combustion 9608023		Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/24/96 8/23/96
Target Analytes		Total µg		
Acenapthylene		ND		
1,4-Napthoquinone		ND		
Dimethyl phthalate		ND		
2,6-Dinitrotoluene		ND		
Acenapthene		ND		
1-Napthylamine		ND		
2-Napthylamine		. ND		
4-Nitroaniline		ND		
2,4-Dinitrophenol		ND		
Dibenzofuran		ND		
Pentachlorobenzene		ND		
2,4-Dinitrophenol		ND		
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol		ND		
4-Nitrophenol		ND		
Fluorene		ND		
Diethyl phthalate		3.9J	×*	
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether		ND		
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol		ND		
5-Nitro-o-toluidine		ND		
Diphenylamine		ND		
Diallate		ND		
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene		ND		
4-Bronophenyl phenyl ether		ND		
Phenacetin		ND		
Hexachlorobenzene		ND		
4-Aminobiphenyl		ND .		
Dinoseb		ND		
Pentachlorophenol	•	ND		
Pentachloronitrobenzene		ND		
Phenanthrene		ND		
Anthracene		ND		
Di-n-butyl phthalate		3.0Ј		
Isodrin		ND		
Fluoranthene		ND		
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine		ND		
Pyrene		ND		
Chlorobenzilate		ND		
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene		ND		
2-Acetylaminofluorene		ND		
Benzyl butyl phthalate		53.8		

Project:	Wastewood Combustion		Date Acquired:	9/24/96
Sample Id:	9608023		Date Sampled:	8/23/96
Target Analytes		Total µg		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		ND		
Benzo (a) anthracene		ND		
Chrysene		ND		
di-n-octyl phthalate		ND		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene		ND		
7,12-Dimethylbenz (a) anthracen	e	ND		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene		ND		
Benzo (a) pyrene		ND		
3-Methylcholanthrene		ND		
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene		ND		
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene		ND		* *
Benzo (ghi) perylene		ND		

ND = not detected

NS = not spiked

J = present but lower than lowest calibration standard level

E = exceed calibration range

#### **APPCD Organic Support Laboratory**

#### Wastewood Combustion-Semivolatile Analysis

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/24/96
Sample Id:	9608024	Date Sampled:	8/23/96
Sample Name:	WWC-MM5-run #6	Date Extracted:	8/27/96
MS Data File:	S9608024	Dilution factor:	none
Method:	SW846-Method 8270	Analyst:	Billl Preston
		QC reviewer:	Dennis Tabor

#### Comment:

Run #6. Internal standard indicated only a partial injection.

This sample was rerun confirming that the target analyte values did not change appreciably.

Presampling Surrogates	% Recovery
d4-2-Chlorophenol	64.0
d4-1,2 Dichlorobenzenze	75.3
d10-Anthracene	58.1
Post Sampling Surrogates	% Recovery
2-Fluorophenol	86.3
d5-Phenol	96.4
d5-Nitrobenzene	86.8
2-Fluorobiphenyl	98.6
2,4,6-Tribromophenol	95.4
d14-Terphenyl	106.5

Target Analytes	Total µg
n-Nitrosomethylethylamine	ND
Methyl Methanesulfonate	ND
n-Nitrosodiethylamine	ND
Bis-(2-Chloroethyl) ether	ND
Ethyl Methanesulfonate	ND
Aniline	ND
Phenol	6.5J
2-Chlorophenol	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/24/96
Sample Id:	9608024	Date Sampled:	8/23/96

Sample Id.	9008024	
Target Analytes		Total µg
1.475:11		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		ND
Benzyl Alcohol		ND
Bis (2-Chloroisopropyl) ether		ND
2-Methylphenol		ND
n-Nitrosopyrrolidine		ND
Acetophenone		5.7J
Hexachloroethane		ND
4-Methylphenol		ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine		ND
Nitrobenzene		ND
1-Nitrosopiperidine		ND
Isophorone		ND
2,4-Dimethylphenol		ND
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane		ND
2,4_Dichlorophenol		ND
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		ND
Napthalene		1.9J
2-Nitrophenol		ND
2,6-Dichlorophenol		ND
Hexachloropropene		ND
4-Chloroaniline		ND
Hexachlorobutadiene		ND
n-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine		ND
4-Chloro-3-methyl-phenol		ND
2-Methylnapthalene		ND
Isosafrole 1.2.4.5 Tetrachlorobenzene		ND ND
-, , ,		ND
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		ND
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol		ND
2-Choronapthalene		ND
1,3 Dinitrobenzene		ND
2-Nitroaniline		ND
3-Nitroaniline		ND
Safrole		ND

Project:	Wastewood Combustion	Date Acquired:	9/24/96
Sample Id:	9608024	Date Sampled:	8/23/96

Sample Iu.	7000024		Date Sampleu.	0/23/30
Target Analytes		Total μg		
Acananthrilana		ND		
Acenapthylene 1,4-Napthoquinone		ND		
Dimethyl phthalate		ND		
2,6-Dinitrotoluene		ND		
Acenapthene		ND		
1-Napthylamine		ND		
2-Napthylamine		ND		
4-Nitroaniline		ND		
2,4-Dinitrophenol		ND		
Dibenzofuran		ND		
Pentachlorobenzene		ND		
2,4-Dinitrophenol		ND		
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol		ND		
4-Nitrophenol		ND		
Fluorene		ND		
Diethyl phthalate		4.4 <b>J</b>		
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether		ND		
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol		ND		
5-Nitro-o-toluidine		ND		
Diphenylamine		ND		
Diallate		ND		
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene		ND		
4-Bronophenyl phenyl ether		ND		
Phenacetin		ND		
Hexachlorobenzene		ND		
4-Aminobiphenyl		ND		
Dinoseb		ND		
Pentachlorophenol		ND		
Pentachloronitrobenzene		ND	<b>'.</b>	
Phenanthrene		ND		
Anthracene		ND		
Di-n-butyl phthalate		4.1 <b>J</b>		
Isodrin		ND		
Fluoranthene		ND	1	
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine		ND		
Pyrene		ND .		
Chlorobenzilate		ND		
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene		ND		
2-Acetylaminofluorene		ND		
Benzyl butyl phthalate		91.3		

Project: Sample Id: Target Analytes	Wastewood Combustion 9608024	Total µg	Date Acquired: Date Sampled:	9/24/96 8/23/96
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		ND		
Benzo (a) anthracene		ND		
Chrysene		ND		
di-n-octyl phthalate		ND		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene		ND		
7,12-Dimethylbenz (a) anthracene	e	ND		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene		ND		
Benzo (a) pyrene		ND		
3-Methylcholanthrene		ND		
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene		ND		
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene		ND		*
Benzo (ghi) perylene		ND		

ND = not detected

NS = not spiked

J = present but lower than lowest calibration standard level

E = exceed calibration range

### Waste Wood Combustion -Semivolitile Analysis Modified Method 5 August, 1996 Revised 10/30/96

Sample #	Date	Gas Sample Volume (dscm)	Stack Flow Rate (dscfm)	Flue Gas O2 (%)	Compound	Semivolatiles (Total micro gram)		Semivolatiles (micro grams/dscm)	Semivolatiles (micro grams/dscm @7% O2)	Semivolatiles Emission Rate (micrograms/hr) (m	Semivolatiles Emission Rate nicrograms/hr @7% O2)
Untreated Waste Wood Test # 1 9608018	8/13/96	3.4672	684.657	12.5	Phenol	7	j	2.0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	00.48.7	2000 0
9605016 WWC-MM5-1	0/13/90	3.4072	004.007	12.5	Acetophenone	7.9	J.	2.0	· 3.3 3.8		3886.8 4386.6
4440-1411410-1					Hexachlorethane	N/D	J	2.5	5.0	2030.7	4360.0
					Napthalene	2.6	J	0.7	1.2	872.4	1443.7
					2-Nitrophenol	2.2	j	0.6	1.1		1221.6
					2,4,6 - Trichlorophenol	N/D					
					1,4-Napthoquinone	N/D					
					Dimethyl phthalate	N/D					
					Diethyl phthalate	3.5 N/D	J	1.0	1.7	1174.4	1943.4
					Dibenzofuran Phenanthrene	1.4	J	0.4	0.7	469.7	777.4
					Di-n-bulyi phthalate	2.3	J	0.4			1277.1
					Benzyl butyl phthalate		j	0.7			1388.1
Untreated Waste Wood Test # 2					Benzyi baryi pininalare	2.5	3	0.7	. 1.2	. 050.0	1300.1
9608019	8/14/96	2.7916	586,901	13.2	Phenol	2	J	0.7	1.3	714.5	1280.7
WWC-MM5-2	0, 1, 11, 00	2.,,,,,		10.2	Acetophenone	2.3	J	0.8			1472.9
71770 IIIII					Hexachlorethane	N/D	_		•		
					Napthalene	2.2	J	0.8	1,4	785.9	1408.8
					2-Nitrophenol	10	J	3.6			6403.7
Ħ					2,4,6 - Trichloropheno	I N/D					
Ш-30					1,4-Napthoquinone	N/D					
30					Dimethyl phthalate	1.8	j	0.6	. 4.2	643.0	1152.7
					Diethyl phthalate	4.5	j	1.6	2.9		2881.7
				1	Dibenzofuran	1.2		0.4	0.6	8 428.7	768.4
					Phenanthrene	N/D					
					Di-n-butyl phthalate	2.4	J	0.9			1536.9
					Benzyl butyl phthalate	2.8	J	1.0	1.8	8 1000,3	1793.0
Untreated Waste Wood Test # 3				40.5	601						
9608020	8/15/96	2.9538	631.904	12.9		2.1	J	0.7			1319.4
WWC-MM5-3					Acetophenone Hexachlorethane	3.1 N/D	J	1.0	1.0	8 1126.9	1947.7
					Napthalene	8.9	J	3.0	5.:	2 3235.2	5591.7
					2-Nitrophenol	N/D		3.0	5.,	2 3233,2	5591.7
					2,4,6 - Trichloropheno						
					1,4-Napthoquinone	1.4		0.5	<b>0</b> .0	8 508.9	879.6
					Dimethyl phthalate	N/D				000.0	0.0.0
					Diethyl phthalate	1.5	J	0.5	j 0,1	9 545.3	942.4
					Dibenzofuran	4.3	J			5 1563.1	2701.6
					Phenanthrene	1.7	J	0.6			1068.1
					Di-n-butyl phthalate	1.5	J				942.4
					Benzyl butyl phthalate	e 18.4	J	. 6.2	10.8	8 6688.6	11560.5

#### Waste Wood Combustion - Semivoltille Analysis Modified Method 5 August 1996 Revised 10/30/96

	•		Gas Sample Volume	Stack Flow Rate	Flue Gas O2	Compound	Sembolatiles		Semivolatiles	Sembolatiles	Semi-volatiles Emission Rate	Semivolatiles Emission Rate
	Sample #	Date	(dscm)	(dscfm)	(%)	Compound	(Total micro gram)			(micro grams/dscm @7% O2)		
	Waste Wood Test # 1	80000	4 40 4	004 500	42.4	Dh					2012.0	2005.4
9608022	WWC-MM5-4	8/20/96	4.1241	884.522	13.1	Phanot Acetophenone		j	1.4 1.5	2.4 2.6		3635.1 3894.8
						Hexachlorethane Napthalene		J ·		0.8		1233.3
						2-Nitrophenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	1.1 1.7	ĵ	0.3 0.4	0.5 0.7		714.0 1103.5
	•					1,4-Napthoquinone Dimethyl phthalate	D/N 0/N	•	0.4	0.7	018.3	1103.3
						Diethyl phthalate Dibenzofuran	1.3 N/D	J	0.3	0.6	473.8	843.9
						Phenanthrene DI-n-butyl phthalate	N/D 1.4			b.6		908.8
Treated	Waste Wood Test # 2					Benzyl butyl phthalate	29.5	J	7.2	12.7	10750.9	19149.2
9608023	WWC-MM5-5	8/21/96	3.7424	742.778	13.1	Phenoi Acetophenone	6.1 6.9	j	1.6	2.9		3664.3
	AAAAC-WWD-D					Hexachlorethane	N/D		1.8	3.3		4144.8
						Napthalene 2-Nitrophenol	1.5 N/D	j	0.4	0.7	505.9	901.1
						2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	1.6	J	0.4	0.8	539.6	961.1
						1,4-Napthoquinone Dimethyl phthalate	N/D N/D					
						Diethyl phthalate		J	1.0	1.6	1315.3	2342.7
						Dibenzofuran Phenanihrena	DW DW					
						Di-n-butyl phthalate	3	J	0.8	1.4		1802.1
Treated	1 Waste Wood Test # 3					Benzyl butyl phthalate	53.8		14.4	25.6	10144.1	32317.7
9608024	WWC-MM5-6	8/22/96	4.3594	911.610	13.3	Phenoi Acetophenone	6.5 5.7	ĵ	1.5 1.3	2.1 2.4		4188.4 3672.9
	TTTC MMS-0					Hexachlorethane	ND	•	1.3			0.0
						Napthalene 2-Nitrophenol	1.9 N/D	j	0.4	0.8	675.1	1224.3
						2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	N/D					
						1,4-Napthoquinons Dimethyl phthalate	0/N 0/N					
	•					Diethyl phthalate	4.4	J	1.0	1.0	1563.4	2835.2
				4		Dibenzofuran Phenanthrene	N/D N/D					
						Di-n-butyl phthalate	4.1	J	0.9			2641.0
Perfor	mance Evaluation Audit					Benzyl butyl phthalate	91.3		20.9	38.0	32441.3	58831.3
9608033	1	Spiked 8/28/96	NA	NA	NA	Acetophenone	1 36,7	J				
	WWC-PEAN1					Napthalene Acenapthylene	34.6					
						Acenapthene Fluorene	39.3 42.3					
						Diethyl phthalate	1.1	j				
						Phenanthrene Anthracene	45.7 45.4					
						Di-n-butyl phthalate	41.7					
						Fluoranthene Pyrene	40.3 49.7					
						Benzo(a)anthracene Chrysene	41.9 42.1					
						Benzo(b)fluorathene	42.3					
						Benzo(k)/luorathene Benzo(a)pyrene	49 44.9					
	,					Ideno(1,2,3-cd)pyren						
						Dibenz(a,h)anthracer Benzo(ghl)perylene						
960802	Field Blank	8-23-96	NA	NA	NA	Diethyl phthalate	1.4	J				
200032	WWC-MM5-FB	<del>-</del>			• • • •	Di-n-butyl phthalate	2.1	Ĵ				
J.F	resent but lower than the	e lowest calibrated	standard lev	/el		Benzyl butyl phthalai	lo 41.4					

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> J - Present but lower than the lowest calibrated standard level \*\*\*ND - None Detect

APPENDIX IV PCDD/PCDF ANALYSIS RESULTS

### TCDD SUMMARY, nanograms/dscm @ 7% Oxygen

TEST NO.	Front Half	Front Half	Back Half	Back Half	Combined	Combined
	Total	TEQ	Total	TEQ	Total	TEQ
		_				
untreated	1.19	0.043	7.19	0.091	8.43	0.136
1						
untreated 2	0.80	0.035	1.85	0.032	2.63	0.066
untreated 3	0.21	0.026	0.74	0.027	0.95	0.053
treated 1	11.60	0.301	3.78	0.105	15.03	0.397
treated 2	13.82	0.354	7.67	0.165	20.88	0.503
treated 3	11.91	0.323	7.37	0.167	18.72	0.475

# TCDF SUMMARY, nanograms/dscm @ 7% Oxygen

TEST NO.	Front Half Total	Front Half TEQ	Back Half Total	Back Half TEQ	Combined Total	Combined TEQ
untreated 1	3.30	0.090	18.85	0.279	22.29	0.373
untreated 2	2.23	0.057	15.0	0.087	17.15	0.142
untreated 3	0.55	0.018	10.57	0.036	11.12	0.054
treated	28.90	0.575	14.14	0.349	42.19	0.907
treated	20.90	0.424	36.50	0.309	56.47	0.714
treated	18.05	0.344	27.84	0.248	45.04	0.576
3						

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Data File	W103702	W103703	W103704	W103705
Sample ID	TLI Front Half	W103703 WWC-M23-1-1,2,3	WWC-M23-2-1,2,3	WWC-M23-3-1.2.3
-	Blank		, .	3 2,2,3
Units	ng	ng	ng	ng
=======================================	=======================================		=======================================	=======================================
Analytes				
2378-TCDD	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.02)	(0.02)
12378-PeCDD	(0.02)	(0.07)	(0.04)	(0.03)
123478-HxCDD	(0.02)	0.04	(0.03)	(0.02)
123678-HxCDD	(0.02)	0.06	0.03	(0.02)
123789-HxCDD	(0.02)	0.10	0.05	(0.02)
1234678-HpCDD		0.30	0.15	0.11
OCDD	(0.03)	1.2	0.61	1.3
2378-TCDF	(0.009)	0.35	0.18	0.06
12378-PeCDF	(0.01)	{0.05}		(0.02)
23478-PeCDF	(0.01)	0.18	0.08	{0.02}
123478-HxCDF	(0.01)	0.25	0.12	0.05
123678-HxCDF	(0.01)	0.10 0.15	0.05	0.02
234678-HxCDF	(0.01)	0.15	{0.06}	0.03
123789-HxCDF		(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.02)
1234678-HpCDF	(0.01)	0.25	0.13	0.06
1234789-HpCDF	(0.02)	{0.04}	0.03	(0.02)
OCDF	(0.03)	0.15	0.10	[0.07]
Total MCDD	(0.008)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total DCDD	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.02)	(0.01)
Total TriCDD	(0.02)	0.11	0.05	(0.03)
TOTAL TCDD	(0.01) (0.02)	0.31	0.24	{0.03}
TOTAL PeCDD		0.34	0.34	0.06
TOTAL HXCDD	(0.02)	0.99 0.65	0.25	{0.10} 0.11
TOTAL HpCDD Total MCDF	(0.02) 0.07	0.66	1.1	{0.20}
Total DCDF	(0.02)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(0.02)
Total TriCDF	(0.01)	1.3	0.25	0.15
TOTAL TCDF	(0.009)	1.9	0.77	0.14
TOTAL PeCDF	(0.01)		0.54	0.07
TOTAL HXCDF	(0.01)	1.4 1.0	0.34	0.14
TOTAL HpCDF	(0.01)	0.34	0.25	0.13
	(3.32)			
Other Standards	Percent Recovery	Summary (% Rec)		
37Cl-TCDD	104	116	120	104
13C12-PeCDF 234	104	107	118	104
13C12-HxCDF 478	95.3	108	113	102
13C12-HxCDD 478	83.6	106	104	94.4
13C12-HpCDF 789	95.4	107	105	98.9
	Percent Recovery S			<b>5</b> 2 5
13C12-HxCDF 789	80.7	59.7	95.5	72.5
13C12-HxCDF 234	90.8	60.3	106	77.1
		y Summary (% Rec)	CE 0	63. 5
13C12-2378-TCDF	70.7	48.2	65.9	63.5
13C12-2378-TCDD	66.9	43.2	62.5	58.2
13C12-PeCDF 123	72.2	49.0	67. <b>7</b>	60.9

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		001000 10001300	•	
			:==========	
Data File	W103702	W103703	W103704	W103705
Sample ID	TLI Front Half Blank	WWC-M23-1-1,2,3	WWC-M23-2-1,2,3	WWC-M23-3-1,2,3
Units	ng	ng	ng	ng
=======================================		=======================================		=======================================
Internal Standard	ds Percent Recove	ery Summary (% Rec	)	
13C12-PeCDD 123	69.1	41.4	62.5	52.8
13C12-HxCDF 678	75.7	51.1	74.4	62.8
13C12-HxCDD 678	94.8	55.1	84.8	69.9
13C12-HpCDF 678	68.8	47.1	74.2	50.5
13C12-HpCDD 678	86.0	57.9	87.1	72.2
13C12-0CDD	69.2	44.5	67.6	53.6

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Data File	W103706			W103709
Sample ID	WWC_M23_4_1 2 3	WWC_M23_5_1 2 3	MINC-M23-6-1 2 3	MIU3709
bampre 15	WC 123-4-1, 2, 3	WWC-M23-5-1,2,3	WWC-0123-0-1,2,3	3
Units				3
	ng	ng	ng	ng :==========
Analytes	0.13	2 15	0 15	(0.01)
2378-TCDD	0.12	0.15	0.15	(0.01)
12378-PeCDD	0.59	0.58	0.66	(0.02)
123478-HxCDD	0.56	0.44	0.45	(0.01)
123678-HxCDD	0.72	0.61	0.62	(0.01)
123789-HxCDD	1.3	1.1	1.2	(0.01)
1234678-HpCDD	5.2	4.2	4.1	(0.03}
OCDD	10.2	12.9	12.3	0.08
2378-TCDF	1.7	1.1	1.1	(0.007)
12378-PeCDF	0.77	0.54	0.56	- (0.01)
23478-PeCDF	1.1	0.72	0.70	(0.01)
123478-HxCDF	2.5	1.5	1.3	(0.008)
123678-HxCDF	1.3	0.74	0.67	(0.006)
234678-HxCDF	1.7	0.84	0.80	{0.02}
123789-HxCDF	0.19	{0.09}	0.08	(0.01)
1234678-HpCDF	4.7	2.3	2.2	(0.007)
1234789-HpCDF	2.0	0.79	0.68	(0.01)
OCDF	9.6	4.2	3.7	(0.02)
Total MCDD	(0.04)	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.007)
Total DCDD	0.11	0.40	0.39	(0.01)
Total TriCDD	0.58	0.74	0.79	(0.02)
TOTAL TCDD	3.1	3.8	4.0	0.12
TOTAL PeCDD	5.8	6.3	6.9	{0.14}
	. 9.0	8.6	8.3	0.12
TOTAL HXCDD TOTAL HpCDD	9.7	7.8	7.6	{0.05}
	4.0	4.2	4.8	0.12
Total MCDF		2.2	3.1	(0.01)
Total DCDF	3.4 3.7	3.0	3.0	0.03
Total TriCDF			7.5	(0.007)
TOTAL TCDF	9.6	6.8		(0.00)
TOTAL PeCDF	12.6	8.2	8.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL HXCDF	14.7	7.8	7.1 5.1	{0.02}
TOTAL HPCDF	13.0	5.5	5.1	(0.008)
0-1	B			
	Percent Recovery S	109	149	111
37C1-TCDD	111 111	104	146	110
13C12-PeCDF 234	102	104	133	105
13C12-HxCDF 478			125	101
13C12-HxCDD 478	99.8	94.0 99.8	137	105
13C12-HpCDF 789	103	99.0	13 /	103
Orhow Crandards :	Bowsont Bosons	Summarus (& Pag)		
13C12-HxCDF 789	Percent Recovery S 105	87.2	113	99.8
13C12-HxCDF 789	112	92.1	118	106
13C12-RXCDF 234	114	<b>34.1</b>	110	100
Internal Standard	ds Percent Recover	y Summary (% Rec)		
13C12-2378-TCDF	89.8	80.5	72.0	92.9
13C12-2378-TCDD	80.9	67.5	63.0	79. <b>5</b>
13C12-PeCDF 123	91.7	73.1	69.6	88.0

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		ull Screen Analyse	•	
Data File Sample ID	W103706	W103707 WWC-M23-5-1,2,3	W103708	W103709
Units	ng	ng	ng	ng
Internal Standard 13C12-PeCDD 123 13C12-HxCDF 678 13C12-HxCDD 678 13C12-HpCDF 678 13C12-HpCDD 678 13C12-OCDD	ds Percent Recove 84.2 90.9 99.3 93.6 107 91.5	ry Summary (% Rec 61.1 74.9 81.6 75.9 90.8 68.0	59.3 72.4 79.6 69.5 87.1 63.5	73.0 82.8 88.8 83.7 108 76.6

{Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration}, (Detection Limit).

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#### TRIANGLE LABORATORIES, INC. Sample Result, Summary for Project 38672A

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Method 23X (DB-225)

Data File P963050 P963051 P963052

WWC-M23-1-1,2,3 WWC-M23-2-1,2,3 WWC-M23-3-1,2,3 WWC-M23-4-1,2,3 Sample ID

Units ng ng ng 

Analytes

0.08 0.04 2378-TCDF {0.02} 0.38

Internal Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)

13C12-2378-TCDF 63.9 90.3 80.3 101

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Sample Result Summary for Project 38672A

Method 23X (DB-225)

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Data File

P963056

P963057

Sample ID

WWC-M23-5-1,2,3 WWC-M23-6-1,2,3

Units

nσ

ng

Analytes

2378-TCDF

0.28

0 20

Internal Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)

13C12-2378-TCDF

93.6

85.9

{Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration}.

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### TRIANGLE LABORATORIES, INC. Sample Result Summary for Project 386723

Method 8290X Full Screen Analyses (DB-5)

Data File W103712 W103713 W103714 W103715 Sample ID: The Back Half B WWC-M23-1-6 ... WWC-M23-2-6 ... WWC-M23-3-6 na ng 23/8-TCDD (0.01) 0.05 12378-PeCDD (0.02) 0.15 123478-HxCDD (0.01) 0.10 123678-HxCDD (0.01) 0.15 123789-HxCDD (0.01) 0.23 1234678-HpCDD (0.01) 0.23 1234678-HpCDD (0.01) 0.49 0CDD (0.02) (0.02) (0.04) 0.02 0.04 {0.02} (0.02) (0.01) {0.03} {0.04} (0.01) {0.10} 0.04 0.24 0.31 1234678-HpCDD (0.01) 0.49

CCDD (0.02) 1.3

2378-TCDF (0.006) 1.5

12378-PeCDF (0.01) 0.24

23478-PeCDF (0.01) 0.53

123478-HxCDF (0.007) 0.59

123678-HxCDF (0.006) 0.25

234678-HxCDF (0.006) 0.25

234678-HxCDF (0.008) 0.02

123789-HxCDF (0.008) 0.02

1234678-HpCDF (0.008) 0.02

1234678-HpCDF (0.006) 0.46

1234789-HpCDF (0.001) 0.08

CCDF (0.02) 0.22

Total MCDD (0.007) 0.57

Total DCDD (0.009) 0.82

Total TriCDD (0.001) 4.5

TOTAL TCDD (0.01) 4.5

TOTAL PeCDD (0.002) 3.6 0.07 0.04 {0.04} 0.13 0.06 0.06 0.07 (0.01) 0.02 0.03 (0.02)0.09 0.04 {0.01} (0.02) 0.04 0.02 (0.007) (0.009) (0.02). (0.01) (0.02) 0.28 0.44 0.39 0.22 {0.11} 0.94 0.35 3.6 0.43 TOTAL PeCDD 0.12 0.38 (0.01) 2.8 0.07 TOTAL HXCDD (0.01) 0.14 0.10 0.08 TOTAL HPCDD 1.0 {0.29} 12.5 12.5 10.4 Total MCDF 3.7 (0.01) {0.02} (0.006) (0.01) 4.9 Total DCDF Total TriCDF TOTAL TCDF 6.0 1.9 9.1 2.5 TOTAL PeCDF 5.4 TOTAL HXCDF (0.008)
TOTAL HpCDF (0.008) 0.53 0.25 2.8 0.85 Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 37Cl-TCDD 102 99.6 105 103 13C12-PeCDF 234 97.0 95.9 97.0 96.7 13C12-HxCDF 478 92.1 93.6 93.9 94.0 ~55.7 13C12-HxCDD 478 86.0 84.0 80.5 ٠.٨ 13C12-HpCDF 789 96.4 90.3 97.8 Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 91.5 13C12-HxCDF 789 99.8 13C12-HxCDF 234 104 97.4 73.3 91.8 79.0 92.7 Internal Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 82.2 91.1 13C12-2378-TCDF 95.8 75.2 81.2 64.8 67.5 13C12-2378-TCDD 77.2 13C12-PeCDF 123 86.9 69.3 70.0

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TRIANGLE LABORATORIES, INC. Sample Result Summary for Project 38672B Page 2

W103713 W103714 W103714 W103715

.09/20/9.6

Method 8290X Full Screen Analyses (DB-5) Data File W103712 W103713 W103714 W103715

Data File

-Sample ID	TLI Back Half lank	B WWC-M23-1-6	MMC-W53-5-6	WWC-M23-3-6	
Units	ng	ng	ng	ng	
Internal Standar	is Percent Reco	very Summary (% Re	:=====================================		=
13C12-PeCDD 123	70.1	54.7	55.4	67.6	
13C12-HxCDF 678	85.1	65.6	78.5	79.9	
13C12-HxCDD .678	88.9	68.8	85.8	133	
13C12-HpCDF 678	85.0	67.8	78.8	85.4	
13C12-HpCDD 678	100	79.3	91.9	100.0	
13C12-OCDD	77.9	58.8	68.7	79.4	

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Data File W103716 W103717 W103718 W104401
Sample ID WWC-M23-4-6 WWC-M23-5-6 WWC-M23-6-6 WWC-M23-FB-6 ng ng Analytes 0.12 0.13 0.30 0.39 0.13 0.19 0.23 0.21 0.32 0.37 0.68 0.80 (0.04) (0.08) (0.08) (0.06) (0.07) (0.08) {0.09} 0.24 2378-TCDD 0.30 12378-PeCDD · 0.13 0.23 0.32 0.13 0.13 0.16 0.22 0.28 123478-HxCDD 123678-HxCDD 123789-HxCDD 1234678-HpCDD 1234678-HpCDD 0.28 OCDD {0.07} 2378-TCDF 2.0 12378-PeCDF 0.59 23478-PeCDF 0.84 123478-HxCDF 1.1 Total DCDD
Total TriCDD
TOTAL TCDD
TOTAL PECDD
TOTAL HXCDD 3.5 3.3 2.1 0.53 1.4 1.6 TOTAL HpCDD (0.08) Total MCDF (0.01) 28.9 25.3 (0.0)
Total DCDF (0.03) 13.9 12.0 (0.0)
Total TriCDF (0.05) 6.1 5.6 (0.0)
TOTAL TCDF 15.6 12.2 11.5 (0.03)
TOTAL PECDF 17.2 12.0 8.0 (0.0) TOTAL PECDF 7.0 4.8 4.2 (0.04)
TOTAL HCDF 1.5 1.9 1.5 (0.05) Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 37C1-TCDD 103 103 106 104 96.2 96.5 84.5 95.7 96.9 97.0 13C12-PeCDF 234 102 13C12-HxCDF 478 97.0 13C12-HxCDD 478 83.3 13C12-HpCDF 789 94.7 95.0 98.1 97.0 84.1 95.7 83.3 94.7 97.6 97.4 Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 13C12-HxCDF 789 95.6 77.6 70.3 ... 86.9 72.9 91.6 13C12-HxCDF 234 99.9 Internal Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 13C12-2378-TCDF 87.7 71.7 13C12-2378-TCDD 71.6 59.3 72.0 79.0 58.1 72.3 13C12-PeCDF 123 72.1 58.3 58.6

TRIANGLE LABORATORIES, INC. Sample Result Summary for Project 38672B

Method	8290X F	ull Screen	Analyses	(DB-5)

<i></i>		Full Screen Analy	, ,		_
Data File Sample ID	∵W103716·	. W103717	W103718 WWC-M23-6-6		<b>=</b> :
Units	ng	ng	ng	ng	_
		very Summary (% Re			•
13C12-PeCDD 123	58.6	45.6	44.2	68.7	
13C12-HxCDF 678	80 <b>.9</b> .	65.8	61.9	72.5	
13C12-HxCDD 678	86.2	68. <b>4</b>	64.6	78. <b>7</b>	
13C12-HpCDF 678	85.0	65.4	61.1	69.1	
13C12-HpCDD 678	97.9	77.8	75.7	80.4	
13C12-OCDD	73.2	51.5	52.3	54.1	

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#### TRIANGLE LABORATORIES, INC. Sample Result Summary for Project 38672B

Page 5 09/20/96 Method 8290X Full Screen Analyses (DB-5)

Data File Sample ID	W104402 TLI LCS	W104403 TLI ECSD	
Units	ng	ng	
1222222222222			
Analytes	0.40	0.40	
2378-TCDD		0.42	•
12378-PeCDD	2.1	2.1	
123478-HxCDD	1.9	1.8	
123678-HxCDD	2.0	1.9	•
123789-HxCDD	2.1	1.8	
1234678-HpCDD	1.9	1.8	
OCDD	4.3	3.9 = .	As a secretary of Spring Control of the Control of
2378-TCDF	0.38	0.38	
12378-PeCDF	2.0	1.8	
23478-PeCDF	1.9	2.2	•
123478-HxCDF	1.9	1.8	
123678-HxCDF	2.0	2.0	
234678-HxCDF	2.2	2.1	
123789-HxCDF	2.2	2.1	
1234678-HpCDF	1.9	1.9	•
1234789-HpCDF	2.0	1.7	
OCDF	3.9	3.8	• •
		7 10 D- \	
Other Standards Per			
37Cl-TCDD	108	109	•
13C12-PeCDF 234	104	114	
13C12-HxCDF 478	104	103	
13C12-HxCDD 478	95.6	92.0	
13C12-HpCDF 789	103	100	
	_		
Other Standards Pers			
13C12-HxCDF 789	74.3	91.9	
13C12-HxCDF 234	69.1	. 92.0 پرېمور د راهمو د مارو استان د د د د د او د او د او د د د د د د د د	timal grati stare pas almate magging positives a casp taking figurinating algorithms, in septiment suggests as
Internal Standards H	Borgont Bogor	ome Cummower (& Bog)	
13C12-2378-TCDF	64.4	78.4	
	62.2	71.2	
13C12-2378-TCDD			
13C12-PeCDF 123	66.7	67.4	
13C12-PeCDD 123	67.3	73.6	
13C12-HxCDF 678	53.5	70.3	
13C12-HxCDD 678	65.8	90.5	
13C12-HpCDF 678	58.0	73.5	
4 3 64 4 TH CDD CO 3	71.0	83.5	
13C12-HpCDD 678			
13 010 - 0 0 DD 6 / 8	53.5	6E.E	

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TRIANGLE LABORATORIES, INC.

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Sample Result Summary for Project 38672B

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Method 8290X (DB-225)

Data File X963481 X963482 X963483 X963484

Sample ID WWC-M23-1-6 WWC-M23-2-6 WWC-M23-3-6 WWC-M23-4-6

Units ng ng ng ng ng

Analytes

providing to the figure form the contraction of the second providing to the se

2378-TCDF 0.23 0.06 0.05 0.34

Internal Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)

13C12+2378-TCDF 66.6 70.1 80.0 71.1

Triangle Laboratories, Inc.@ Analytical Services Division.
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## TRIANGLE LABORATORIES, INC. Sample Result Summary for Project 38672B Method 8290X (DB-225)

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H,		Method	8290X (DB-225)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Data File Sample ID	X963485 WWC-M23-5-6	X963486 WWC-M23-6-6	
	Unics	ng	ng	
	Analytes 2378-TCDF	0.26	0.26	
	Internal Standards 13C12-2378-TCDF	Percent Recovery 62.5	Summary (% Rec)	
		22444444444	2522222222222222	=======================================

Dioxin Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-1 Untreated Waste Wood Test #1 Date 8/13/96

		Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
	2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.08
	1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.07	0.035	0.15	0.075	0.22	0.11
	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.04	0.004	0.1	0.01	0.14	0.014
	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.06	0.006	0.15	0.015	0.21	0.021
	1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.23	0.023	0.33	0.033
	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.3	0.003	0.49	0.0049	0.79	0.0079
	OCDD	0.001	1.2	0.0012	1.3	0,0013	2.5	0.0025
	Total MCDD	N/A	0.02	N/A	0.57	N/A	0.59	0
4	Total DCDD	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.82	N/A	0.85	0
1	Total TriCDD	N/A	0.11	N/A	0.88	N/A	0.99	0
i	Total TCDD	N/A	0.31	N/A	4.5	N/A	4.81	0
	Total PeCDD	N/A	0.34	N/A	3.6	N/A	3.94	0
	Total HxCDD	N/A	0.99	N/A	2.8	N/A	3.79	0
	Total HpCDD	N/A	0.65	N/A	1	N/A	1.65	0
				Front half	•	Back half		Front half+Back half
	Sum (nanograms)		2.45	0,0892	14.17	0.1792	16.62	0.2684
	Volume of flue gas collected (	dscm)		3.4081		3.4081		3.41
	Total Dioxin (nanograms/dscr	m <b>)</b>		0.72		4.16		4.88
	Total Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanog	rams/dscm)		1.19		7.19		8.43
	TEV Dioxin (nanograms/dscn	n)		0.026		0.053		0.079
	TEV Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanogi		0.043		0.091		0.136	

#### Dioxin Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-2 Untreated Waste Wood Test # 2 Date 8/14/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.08	0.04
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.03	.0.003	0.02	0.002	0.05	0.005
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.03	0.003	0.03	0.003	0.06	0.006
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.05	0.005	0.04	0.004	0.09	0.009
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.15	0.0015	0.1	0.001	0.25	0.0025
OCDD	0.001	0.61	0.00061	0.24	0.00024	0.85	0.00085
Total MCDD	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.44	N/A	0.45	0
Total DCDD	N/A	0.02	N/A	0.39	N/A	0.41	0
Total TriCDD	N/A	0.05	N/A	0.23	N/A	0.28	0
Total TCDD	N/A	0.24	N/A	0.94	N/A	1,18	0
Total PeCDD	N/A	0.34	N/A	0.43	N/A	0.77	0
Total HxCDD	N/A	0.25	N/A	0.38	N/A	0.63	0
Total HpCDD	N/A	0.31	N/A	0.1	N/A	0.41	0
			Front half		Back half		Front half+Back half
Sum (nanograms)		1.22		2.91	0.05024	4.13	0.10335
Volume of flue gas collected (dscm)  Total Dioxin (nanograms/dscm)  Total Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)			2.7186		2.7186		2.72
			0.45		1.07		1.52
			0.80		1.85		2.63
TEV Dioxin (nanograms/dsc	m)		0.020		0.018		0.038
TEV Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nano	grams/dscm)		0.035		0.032		0.066

Dioxin Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-3 Untreated Waste Wood Test # 3 Date 8/15/96

		Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
	2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04
	1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.03	0.015	0.04	0.02	0.07	0.035
	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.02	0.002	0.04	0.004
	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.01	0.001	0.03	0.003
	1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.01	0.001	0.03	0.003
	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.11	0.0011	0.04	0.0004	0.15	0.0015
	OCDD	0.001	1.3	0.0013	0.31	0.00031	1.61	0.00161
1	Total MCDD	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.28	N/A	0.29	. 0
4	Total DCDD	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.22	N/A	0.23	0
>	Total TriCDD	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.11	N/A	0.14	0
	Total TCDD	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.35	N/A	0.38	0
	Total PeCDD	N/A	0.06	N/A	0.12	N/A	0.18	0
	Total HxCDD	N/A	0.1	N/A	0.07	N/A	0.17	0
	Total HpCDD	N/A	0.11	N/A	0.08	N/A	0.19	0
			Front half		Back half		Front half+Back half	
	Sum (nanograms)		0.35	0.0434	1.23	0.04471	1.58	0.08811
Volume of flue gas collected (dscm)			2.872		2.872		2.87	
	Total Dioxin (nanograms/dscr	n)		0.12		0.43		0.55
Total Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)			0.21		0.74		0.95	
	TEV Dioxin (nanograms/dscm	٦)		0.015		0.016		0.031
	TEV Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanogr	ams/dscm)		0.026		0.027	·	0.053

Dioxin Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-4 Treated Waste Wood Test # 1 Date 8/20/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD OCDD Total MCDD Total DCDD	1 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.01 0.001 N/A N/A	0.12 0.59 0.56 0.72 1.3 5.2 10.2 0.04 0.11 0.58	0.12 0.295 0.056 0.072 0.13 0.052 0.0102 N/A N/A	0.09 0.24 0.13 0.16 0.22 0.28 0.07 0.02 0.02	0.09 0.12 0.013 0.016 0.022 0.0028 0.00007 N/A N/A	0.21 0.83 0.69 0.88 1.52 5.48 10.27 0.06 0.13 0.62	0.21 0.415 0.069 0.088 0.152 0.0548 0.01027 0 0
Total TCDD Total PeCDD Total HxCDD Total HpCDD	N/A N/A N/A N/A	3.1 5.8 9 9.7	N/A N/A N/A N/A	3,5 3,3 2,1 0,53	N/A N/A N/A N/A	6.6 9.1 11.1 10.23	0 0 0 0
Sum (nanograms)		28.33	Front half 0.7352	9.51	Back half 0.26387	37.84	Front half+Back half 0.99907
Volume of flue gas collected (dscm)			4.3505		4.3505		4.35
Total Dioxin (nanograms/dscm)			6.51		2.19		8.70
Total Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)			11.60		3.78		15.03
TEV Dioxin (nanograms/dscm)			0.169		0.061		0.230
TEV Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)			0.301		0.105		0.397

Dioxin Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-5 Treated Waste Wood Test # 2 Date 8/21/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals	Toxicity Equivalency Value	Back Half Totals	Toxicity Equivalency Value	Combined Totals	Toxicity Equivalency Value
		(nanograms)	(nanograms)		(nanograms)		(nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.15	0.15	0.12	0.12	0.27	0.27
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.58	0.29	0.3	0.15	88.0	0.44
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.44	0.044	0.13	0.013	0.57	0.057
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.61	0.061	0.23	0.023	0.84	0.084
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0,1	1.1	0.11	0.32	0.032	1.42	0.142
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	4.2	0.042	0.68	0.0068	4.88	0.0488
OCDD	0.001	12.9	0.0129	1.4	0.0014	14.3	0.0143
Total MCDD	N/A	0,06	N/A	0.9	N/A	0.96	0
Total DCDD	N/A	0.4	N/A	1	N/A	1.4	0
Total TriCDD	N/A	0.74	N/A	1.5	N/A	2.24	0
Total TCDD	N/A	3.8	N/A	5.1	N/A	8.9	0
Total PeCDD	N/A	6.3	N/A	3.3	N/A	9.6	0
Total HxCDD	N/A	8.6	N/A	2.9	N/A	11.5	0
Total HpCDD	N/A	7.8	N/A	1.4	N/A	9.2	0
			Front half	•	Back half		Front half+Back h
Sum (nanograms)		27.7	0.7099	16.1	0.3462	43.8	1.0561
Volume of flue gas collected (	(dscm)		3.6258		3.6258		3.63
Total Dioxin (nanograms/dscr	n)		7.64		4.44		12.08
Total Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanog	grams/dscm)		13.82		7.67		20.88
TEV Dioxin (nanograms/dscn	n)		0.196		0.095		0.291
TEV Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanog	rams/dscm)		0.354		0.165		0.503

### Dioxin Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-6 Treated Waste Wood Test # 3 Date 8/22/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD OCDD	1 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.01 0.001	0.15 0.66 0.45 0.62 1.2 4.1 12.3	0.15 0.33 0.045 0.062 0.12 0.041 0.0123	0.13 0.39 0.19 0.21 0.37 0.8 2.1	0.13 0.195 0.019 0.021 0.037 0.008 0.0021	0.28 1.05 0.64 0.83 1.57 4.9 14.4	0.28 0.525 0.064 0.083 0.157 0.049
Total MCDD Total DCDD Total TriCDD Total TCDD Total TCDD Total PeCDD Total HxCDD Total HxCDD	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.06 0.39 0.79 4 6.9 8.3 7.6	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.81 1.5 1.4 5.3 4.4 3.2 1.6	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	0.87 1.89 2.19 9.3 11.3 11.5	0 0 0 0 0 0
Sum (nanograms)	doom)	28.04	Front half 0.7603	18.21	Back half 0.4121	46.25	Front half+Bac 1.1724
Volume of flue gas collected ( Total Dioxin (nanograms/dscn Total Dioxin @ 7% O2 (nanog	n)		4.2691 6.57 11.91		4.2691 4.27 7.37		4.27 10.83 18.72
TEV Dioxin (nanograms/dscm TEV Dioxin (@ 7% O2 (nanog	n)		0.178		0.097 0.167		0.275 0.475

Furan Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-1 Untreated Waste Wood Test #1 Date 8/13/96

	Toxicity		Toxicity		Toxicity		Toxicity
	Equivalency	Front Half	Equivalency	Back Half	Equivalency	Combined	Equivalency
	Factor	Totals	Value	Totals	Value	Totals	Value
		(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.35	0.035	1.5	0.15	1.85	0.185
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.05	0.0025	0.24	0.012	0.29	0.0145
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.18	0.09	0.53	0.265	0.71	0.355
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.25	0.025	0.59	0.059	0.84	0.084
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.25	0.025	0.35	0.035
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.15	0.015	0.32	0.032	0.47	0.047
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.04	0.004	0.02	0.002	0.06	0.006
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	0.25	0.0025	0.46	0.0046	0.71	0.0071
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.04	0.0004	0.08	0.0008	0.12	0.0012
OCDF	0,001	0.15	0.00015	0.22	0.00022	0.37	0.00037
Total MCDF	N/A	0.66	N/A	0.29	N/A	0.95	0
Total DCDF	N/A	0.05	N/A	12.5	N/A	12.55	0
Total TriCDF	N/A	1.3	N/A	6	N/A	7.3	0
Total TCDF	N/A	1.9	N/A	9.1	. N/A	11	0
Total PeCDF	N/A	1.4		5.4	N/A	6.8	0
Total HxCDF	N/A	1	N/A	2.8	N/A	3.8	0
Total HpCDF	N/A	0.34		0.85		1.19	
			Front half		Back half		Front half+Back half
Sum (nanograms)		6.8		37.16		43.96	
Volume of flue gas collected (d	lscm)		3.4081		3.4081		3.41
Total Furan (nanograms/dscm	1)		2,00	•	10,90		12.90
Total Furan @ 7% O2 (nanogr	ams/dscm)		3.30		18.85		22.29
TEV Furan (nanograms/dscm	)		0.054		0.162		0.216
TEV Furan @ 7% O2 (nanogra	ams/dscm)		0.090		0.279		0.373

#### Furan Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-2 Untreated Waste Wood Test # 2 Date 8/14/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.18	0.018	0.4	0.04	0.58	0.058
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.03	0.0015	0.07	0.0035	0.1	0.005
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	80.0	0.04	0.13	0.065	0.21	0.105
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.12	0.012	0.13	0.013	0.25	0.025
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.05	0.005	0.06	0.006	0.11	0.011
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0,06	0.006	0.07	0.007	0.13	0.013
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.02	0.002	· <b>0.01</b>	0.001	0.03	0.003
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	0.13	0.0013	0.09	0.0009	0.22	0.0022
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.03	0.0003	0.01	0.0001	0.04	0.0004
OCDF	0.001	0.1	0.0001	0.04	0.00004	0.14	0,00014
Total MCDF	N/A	1.1	N/A	12.5	N/A	13.6	0
Total DCDF	N/A	0.03	N/A	4.9	N/A	4.93	0
Total TriCDF	N/A	0.25	N/A	1.9	N/A	2.15	0
Total TCDF	N/A	0.77	N/A	2.5	. N/A	3.27	0
Total PeCDF	N/A	0.54	N/A	1.1	N/A	1.64	0
Total HxCDF	N/A	0.34	N/A	0.53		0.87	0
Total HpCDF	N/A	0.25		0.13		0.38	0
			Front half		Back half		Front half+Back half
Sum (nanograms)		3.38	0.0862	23.6	0.13654	26.98	0.22274
Volume of flue gas collected (c	lscm)	,	2.7186		2.7186		2.72
Total Furan (nanograms/dscm	n)		1.24	•	8.68		9.92
Total Furan @ 7% O2 (nanogr	ams/dscm)		2,23	. •	15.00		17.15
TEV Furan (nanograms/dscm	)		0.032		0.050		0.082
TEV Furan @ 7% O2 (nanogra	ams/dscm)		0.057		0.087		0.142

Furan Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-3 Untreated Waste Wood Test # 3 Date 8/15/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.06	0.006	0.24	0.024	0.3	0.02
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.02	0.001	0.04	0.002	0.06	0.03
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.06	0.003 0.03
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.05	0.005	0.06	0.006	0.11	0.03
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.02	0.002	0.04	0,004
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.03	0.003	0.03	0.003	0.06	0.006
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.02	0.002	0.04	0.004
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	0.06	0.0006	0.04	0.0004	0.1	0.001
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.02	0.0002	0.02	0.0002	0.04	0.0004
OCDF	0.001	0.07	0.00007	0.02	0.00002	0.09	0.0009
Total MCDF	N/A	0.2	N/A	10.4	N/A	10.6	0.00003
Total DCDF	N/A	0.02	N/A	3.7	N/A	3.72	
Total TriCDF	N/A	0.15	N/A	1.1	N/A	1.25	0
Total TCDF	N/A	0.14	N/A	1.6	. N/A		0
Total PeCDF	N/A	0.07	N/A	0.44	N/A	1.74	0
Total HxCDF	N/A	0.14	N/A	0.25		0.51	0
Total HpCDF	N/A	0.13	N/A	0.25	N/A	0.39	0
•	,,	5.15	IVA	0.05	N/A	0.18	0
			Front half		Back half		Front halfs Deal St. 16
Sum (nanograms)		0.92	0.02987	17.56	0.05962	18.48	Front half+Back half 0.08949
Volume of flue gas collected (d	lscm)		2.872		2.872		2.87
Total Furan (nanograms/dscm	)	•	0.32		6.11		6.43
Total Furan @ 7% O2 (nanogra	ams/dscm)		0.55		10.57		11.12
TEV Furan (nanograms/dscm)	)	•	0.010	,	0.021		0.031
TEV Furan @ 7% O2 (nanogra	ms/dscm)		0.018		0.036		0.054

### Furan Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-4 Treated Waste Wood Test # 1 Date 8/20/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals	Toxicity Equivalency Value	Back Half Totals	Toxicity Equivalency Value	Combined Totals	Toxicity Equivalency Value
		(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	1.7	0.17	2	0.2	3.7	0.37
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.77	0.0385	0.59	0.0295	1.36	0.068
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	1.1	0.55	0.84	0.42	1.94	0.97
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	2.5	0.25	1.1	0.11	3.6	0.36
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	1.3	0.13	0.52	0.052	1.82	0.182
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	1.7	0.17	0.51	0.051	2.21	0.221
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.19	0.019	0.06	0.006	0.25	0.025
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	4.7	0.047	0.72	0.0072	5.42	0.0542
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	2	0.02	0.24	0.0024	2.24	0.0224
OCDF	0.001	9.6	0,0096	0.21	0.00021	9.81	0,00981
Total MCDF	N/A	4	N/A	0.01	N/A	4.01	0
Total DCDF	N/A	3.4	N/A	0.03	N/A	3.43	0
Total TriCDF	N/A	3.7	N/A	0.05	N/A	3.75	0
Total TCDF	N/A	9.6	N/A	15.6	N/A	25.2	0
Total PeCDF	N/A			11.2	À	23.8	0
Total HxCDF	N/A		N/A	7		21.7	. 0
Total HpCDF	N/A			1.5		14.5	0
			Front half		Back half		Front half+Back half
Sum (nanograms)		70.6	1.4041	35.6	0.87831	106.2	2.28241
Volume of flue gas collected	l (dscm)		4.3505		4.3505		4.35
Total Furan (nanograms/ds	cm)		16.23		8.18		24.41
Total Furan @ 7% O2 (nanc	ograms/dscm)		28.90		14.14		42.19
TEV Furan (nanograms/dsc	cm)	·	0.323		0.202		0.525
TEV Furan @ 7% O2 (nano	grams/dscm)		0.575		0.349		0.907

#### Furan Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-5 Treated Waste Wood Test # 2 Date 8/21/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	1.1	0.11	1.5	0.15	2.6	0.26
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.54	0.027	0.54	0.027	1.08	0.054
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.72	0.36	0.59	0.295	1.31	0.655
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	1.5	0.15	0.83	0.083	2.33	0,233
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.74	0.074	0.41	0.041	1.15	0.115
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.84	0.084	0.38	0.038	1.22	0.122
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.09	0.009	0.04	0.004	0.13	0.013
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	2.3	0.023	0.79	0.0079	3.09	0.0309
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.79	0.0079	0.22	0.0022	1.01	0.0101
OCDF	0.001	4.2	0,0042	0.76	0.00076	4.96	0.00496
Total MCDF	N/A	4.2	N/A	28.9	N/A	33.1	0
Total DCDF	N/A	2.2	N/A	13.9	N/A	16.1	0
Total TriCDF	N/A	3	N/A	6.1	N/A	9.1	0
Total TCDF	N/A	6.8	N/A	12.2	N/A	19	0
Total PeCDF	N/A	8.2		8	N/A	16.2	0
Total HxCDF	N/A	7.8		4.8	N/A	12.6	0
Total HpCDF	N/A	5.5		.1.9	N/A	7.4	0
			Front half		Back half		Front half+Back half
Sum (nanograms)		41.9	0.8491	76.56	0.64886	118.46	1.49796
Volume of flue gas collected	(dscm)		3.6258	J	3.6258	J	3.63
Total Furan (nanograms/dsc	:m)		11.56	,	21.12		32.67
Total Furan @ 7% Q2 (nanog	grams/dscm)		20.90	No.	36.50		56.47
TEV Furan (nanograms/dsc	m)		0.234	7	0.179	}	0.413
TEV Furan @ 7% O2 (nanog	rams/dscm)		0.424	)	0.309	j	0.714

#### Furan Toxicity Equivalency Value Calculations for sample WWC-M23-6 Treated Waste Wood Test # 3 Date 8/22/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2 2 7 0 TODE	0.4	4.4	0.14	4.4	0.44	0.5	0.05
2,3,7,8-TCDF 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.1 0.05	1.1 0.65	0.11 0.0325	1.4 0.51	0.14 0.0255	2.5 1.16	0.25 0.058
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.03	0.0323	0.56	0.0255	1.10	0.63
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	1.3	0.33	0.79	0.079	2.09	0.209
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.67	0.067	0.4	0.04	1.07	0.107
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.8	0.08	0.33	0.033	1.13	0.113
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.08	0.008	0.04	0.004	0.12	0.012
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	2.2	0.022	0.79	0.0079	2.99	0.0299
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.68	0.0068	0.15	0.0015	0.83	0.0083
OCDF	0.001	3.7	0.0037	0.66	0.00066	4.36	0.00436
Total MCDF	N/A	4.8	N/A	25.3	N/A	30.1	0
Total DCDF	N/A	3.1	N/A	12	N/A	15.1	0
Total TriCDF	N/A	3	N/A	5.6	N/A	8.6	0
Total TCDF	N/A	7.5	N/A	11.5	N/A	19	0
Total PeCDF	N/A	8.2	N/A	8	N/A	16.2	0
Total HxCDF	N/A	7.1	N/A	4.2	N/A	11.3	0
Total HpCDF	N/A	5.1	N/A	1.5	N/A	6.6	0
			Front half		Back half		Front half+Bac
Sum (nanograms)		42.5	0.81	68.76	0.61156	111.26	1.42156
Volume of flue gas collected	(dscm)		4.2691		4.2691		4.27
Total Furan (nanograms/dsc	m)		9.96		16.11		26.06
Total Furan @ 7% O2 (nanog	rams/dscm)		18.05		27.84		45.04
TEV Furan (nanograms/dscr	n)		0.190		0.143		0.333
TEV Furan @ 7% O2 (nanog	rams/dscm)		0.344		0.248		0.576

Toxicity Equivalency Value Dioxin and Furan Calculations for sample WWC-M23-1 Untreated Waste Wood Test #1 Date 8/13/96

	Toxicity		Toxicity		Toxicity		Tovioliu
	Equivalency	Front Half	Equivalency	Back Half	Equivalency	Combined	Toxicity Equivalency
	Factor	Totals	Value	Totals	Value	Totals	Value
		(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)	(nanograms)		(nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.03	0.03	0.05		•	•
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.03	0.03 0.035	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.08
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.3	0.04	0.004	0.15	0.075	0.22	0,11
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.04	0.004	0.1 0.15	0.01	0.14	0.014
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.00	0.000	0.15	0.015	0.21	0.021
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.3	0.003	0.23	0.023	0.33	0.033
OCDD	0,001	1.2	0.003	1.3	0.0049 0.0013	0.79	0.0079
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.35	0.035	1.5	0.0013	2.5	0.0025
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.05	0.0025	0,24	0.012	1.85	0.185
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.18	0.09	0.53	0.012	0.29	0.0145
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.25	0.025	0.59	0.059	0.71	0.355
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.1	0.01	0.35	0.039	0.84	0.084
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.15	0.015	0.32	0.025	0.35	0.035
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.04	0.004	0.02	0.032	0.47	0.047
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	0.25	0.0025	0.46		0.06	0.006
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.04	0.0025	0.48	0.0046 0.0008	0.71	0.0071
OCDF	0.001	0.15	0.00015	0.22	0.00022	0.12	0.0012
Total MCDD	N/A	0.02	0.00013 N/A	0.57		0.37	0.00037
Total DCDD	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.82	N/A	0.59	0
Total TriCDD	N/A	0.03	N/A		N/A	0.85	0
Total TCDD	N/A	0.11		0.88	N/A	0.99	0
Total PeCDD	N/A	0.31	N/A	4.5	N/A	4.81	0
Total HxCDD	N/A		N/A	3.6	N/A	3.94	0
Total HpCDD	N/A	0.99	N/A	2.8	N/A	3.79	0
Total MCDF		0.65	N/A	_ 1	N/A	1.65	0
Total DCDF	N/A	0.66	N/A	0.29	N/A	0.95	0
Total TriCDF	N/A	0.05	N/A	12.5	N/A	12.55	0
Total TCDF	N/A	1.3	N/A	6	N/A	7.3	0
Total PeCDF	N/A	1.9	N/A	9.1	N/A	11	0
Total HxCDF	N/A	1.4	N/A	5.4	N/A	6.8	0
Total HpCDF	N/A	1	N/A	2.8	N/A	3.8	0
Total Tipo DF	N/A	0.34	N/A	0.85	N/A	<b>1</b> .19	0
			Front half		Back half		Front half+Back half
Sum (nanograms)		9.25	0,27375	51.33	0.72982	60.58	1.00357
Volume of flue gas collected (de	scm)		3.4081	•	3.4081		3.41
Total Dioxin and Furan (nanog	rams/dscm)		2.71		15.06		17.78
Total Dioxin and Furan @ 7% (	02 (nanograms/d	iscm)	4.49		26.03		30.72
TEV Dioxin and Furan (nanogi	rams/dscm)		0.080		0.214		0.294
TEV Dioxin and Furan @ 7% C	02 (nanograms/d	scm)	0.133		0.370		0.509

### Toxicity Equivalency Value Dioxin and Furan Calculations for sample WWC-M23-2 Untreated Wasle Wood Test # 2 Date 8/14/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.04
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0,1	0.03	0,003	0.02	0.002	0.05	0.04
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0,1	0.03	0,003	0.03	0.002	0.06	0.005 0.006
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.05	0,005	0.04	0.004	0.09	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.15	0.0015	0.1	0.004	0.25	0.009 0.0025
OCDD	0.001	0.61	0.00061	0.24	0.00024	0.85	0.0025
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.18	0,018	0.4	0.04	0.58	0.0065
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.03	0.0015	0.07	0.0035	0.1	0.005
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.08	0.04	0,13	0.065	0.21	0.105
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.12	0.012	0.13	0.013	0.25	0.025
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.05	0.005	0.06	0,006	0.11	0.023
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0,06	0.006	0.07	0.007	0.13	0.013
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0,1	0.02	0,002	0.01	0.001	0.03	0.013
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	0.13	0.0013	0.09	0.0009	0.03	
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.03	0.0003	0.03	0.0009		0.0022
OCDF	0.001	0.1	0.0003	0.01	0.0001	0.04	0.0004
Total MCDD	N/A	0.01	N/A			0.14	0.00014
Total DCDD	N/A	0.02	N/A	0.44	N/A	0.45	0
Total TriCDD	N/A	0.02		0.39	N/A	0.41	0
Total TCDD	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.23	N/A	0.28	0
Total PeCDD			N/A	0.94	N/A	1.18	0
Total HxCDD	N/A	0.34	N/A	0.43	N/A	0.77	0
	N/A	0.25	N/A	0.38	N/A	0.63	0
Total HpCDD	N/A	0.31	N/A	0.1	N/A	0.41	0
Total MCDF	N/A	1.1	N/A	12.5	N/A	13,6	0
Total DCDF	N/A	0.03	N/A	4.9	N/A	4.93	0
Total TriCDF	N/A	0.25	N/A	1.9	N/A	2.15	0
Total TCDF	N/A	0.77	N/A	2.5	N/A	3.27	0
Total PeCDF	N/A	0.54	N/A	1.1	N/A	1.64	0
Total HxCDF	N/A	0.34	N/A	0.53	N/A	0.87	0
Total HpCDF	N/A	0.25	N/A	0.13	N/A	0.38	0
			C		5		
Sum (nanograms)		4.6	Front half 0.13931		Back half		Front half+Back half
(nanogramo)		4.0	0.13931	26.51	0.18678	31.11	0.32609
Volume of flue gas collected (	dscm)		2.7186		2.7186		2.72
Total Dioxin and Furan (nano	grams/dscm)		1.69		9.75		11,44
Total Dioxin and Furan @ 7%	O2 (nanograms/d	lscm)	3.03		16.85		19.78
TEV Dioxin and Furan (nano	grams/dscm)		0.051		0.069		0.120
TEV Dioxin and Furan @ 7%	O2 (nanograms/d	scm)	0.092		0.119		0.207

Toxicity Equivalency Value Dioxin and Furan Calculations for sample WWC-M23-3 Untreated Waste Wood Test # 3 Date 8/15/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor (	Front Half Totals nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.03	0.015	0.04	0.02	0.04 0.07	0.04
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.02	0.002	0.07	0.035 0.004
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.01	0.001	0.04	0.004
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.01	0.001	0.03	0.003
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	0.11	0.0011	0.04	0.0004	0.15	0.005
OCDD	0.001	1.3	0.0013	0.31	0.00031	1.61	0.0013
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	0.06	0.006	0.24	0.024	0.3	0.03
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.02	0.001	0.04	0.002	0.06	0.003
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.06	0.03
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.05	0.005	0.06	0.006	0.11	0.011
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.02	0.002	0.04	0.004
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.03	0.003	0.03	0.003	0.06	0.004
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.02	0.002	0.02	0,002	0.04	0.004
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-H <sub>P</sub> CDF	0.01	0.06	0,0006	0.04	0.0004	0.1	0.004
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.02	0.0002	0.02	0.0002	0.04	0.0004
OCDF	0.001	0.07	0.00007	0.02	0.00002	0.09	0.00009
Total MCDD	N/A	0.01	N/A	0.28	N/A	0.29	0.00009
Total DCDD	N/A	0,01	N/A	0.22	N/A	0.23	0
Total TriCDD	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.11	N/A	0.23	
Total TCDD	N/A	0.03	N/A	0.35	N/A	0.14	0
Total PeCDD	N/A	0.06	N/A	0.12	N/A		0
Total HxCDD	N/A	0.1	N/A	0.12	N/A	0.18	0
Total HpCDD	N/A	0.11	N/A	0.07		0.17	0
Total MCDF	N/A	0.2	N/A	10.4	N/A	0.19	0
Total DCDF	N/A	0.02	N/A	3.7	N/A N/A	10.6	0
Total TriCDF	N/A	0.15	N/A	1.1		3.72	0
Total TCDF	N/A	0.14	N/A	1.6	N/A N/A	1.25	0
Total PeCDF	N/A	0.07	N/A	0.44	N/A	1.74	0
Total HxCDF	N/A	0.14	N/A	0.44	AVA AVA	0.51 0.39	0
Total HpCDF	N/A	0.13	N/A	0.25	N/A	0.39	0 0
	. *		Front half	`;	Back half		Front half+Back half
Sum (nanograms)		1.27	0.07327	18.79	0.10433	20.06	0.1776
Volume of flue gas collected (de	scm)		2.872		2.872		2.87
Total Dioxin and Furan (nanograms/dscm)			0.44		6.54		6.98
Total Dioxin and Furan @ 7%	O2 (nanograms/ds	scm)	0.76		11,31		12.07
TEV Dioxin and Furan (nanog	rams/dscm)		0.026		0.036		0.062
TEV Dioxin and Furan @ 7% 0	D2 (nanograms/ds	scm)	0.044		0.063		0.107

### Toxicity Equivalency Value Dioxin and Furan Calculations for sample WWC-M23-4 Treated Waste Wood Test # 1 Date 8/20/96

•	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.12	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.21	0.21
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.59	0.295	0.24	0.12	0.83	0.415
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.56	0.056	0.13	0.013	0.69	0.069
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.72	0.072	0.16	0.016	0.88	0.088
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	1.3	0.13	0.22	0.022	1.52	0.152
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	5.2	0.052	0.28	0.0028	5.48	0.0548
OCDD	0.001	10.2	0,0102	0.07	0.00007	10.27	0.01027
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	1.7	0.17	2	0.2	3.7	0.37
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.77	0.0385	0.59	0.0295	1.36	0.068
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	1.1	0.55	0.84	0.42	1.94	0,97
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	2.5	0.25	1.1	0.11	3.6	0.36
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	1.3	0.13	0.52	0.052	1.82	0.182
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	1.7	0.17	0.51	0.051	2.21	0.221
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.19	0.019	0.06	0.006	0.25	0.025
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	4.7	0.047	0.72	0.0072	5.42	0.0542
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	2	0.02	0.24	0.0024	2.24	0.0224
OCDF	0.001	9.6	0.0096	0.21	0.00021	9.81	0.00981
Total MCDD	N/A	0.04	N/A	0.02	N/A	0.06	0
Total DCDD	N/A	0.11	N/A	0.02	N/A	0.13	0
Total TriCDD	N/A	0.58	N/A	0.04	N/A	0.62	
Total TCDD	N/A	3.1	N/A	3.5	N/A	6.6	ō
Total PeCDD	N/A	5.8		<b>3</b> .3	N/A	9.1	ŏ
Total HxCDD	N/A	9		2.1	N/A	11.1	Ö
Total HpCDD	N/A	9.7	N/A	0.53	N/A	10.23	ő
Total MCDF	N/A	4		0.01	N/A	4.01	ő
Total DCDF	N/A	3.4		0.03		3.43	
Total DOD	N/A	3.7		0.05		3.75	
Total TCDF	N/A	9.6		15.ô		25.2	
Total PeCDF	N/A	12.6		11.2		23.8	
Total HxCDF	N/A	14.7		7		21.7	
Total HpCDF	N/A	13		1.5		14.5	
	<i>y</i> **		Front half		Back half		Front half+Back half
Sum (nanograms)		98.93	2.1393	45.11	1.14218	144.04	3.28148
Volume of flue gas collected (dscm)			4.3505		4.3505		4.35
Total Dioxin and Furan (nanograms/dscm)			22.74		10.37		33.11
Total Dioxin and Furan @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)		/dscm)	40.50		17.92		57.23
TEV Dioxin and Furan (nanograms/dscm)			0.492		0.263		0.754
TEV Dioxin and Furan @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)			0.876		0.454		1,304

Toxicity Equivalency Value Dioxin and Furan Calculations for sample WWC-M23-5 Treated Waste Wood Test # 2 Date 8/21/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicily Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.15	0.15	0.40	0.40		
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.13		0.12	0.12	0.27	0,27
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.44	0.29	0.3	0.15	0.88	0.44
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.44	0.044	0.13	0.013	0.57	0.057
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	1.1	0.061	0.23	0.023	0.84	0.084
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	0.01	4.2	0.11	0.32	0.032	1.42	0.142
OCDD	0.001	4.2 12.9	0.042	0.68	0.0068	4.88	0.0488
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.001	12.9	0.0129	1.4	0.0014	14.3	0.0143
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.54	0,11	1.5	0.15	2.6	0.26
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.54	0.027	0.54	0.027	1.08	0.054
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.5	1.5	0.36	0.59	0.295	1.31	0.655
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1		0.15	0.83	0.083	2.33	0.233
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF		0.74	0.074	0.41	0.041	1.15	0.115
	0.1	0.84	0.084	0.38	0.038	1.22	0.122
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.09	0,009	0.04	0.004	0,13	0.013
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	2.3	0.023	0.79	0.0079	3.09	0.0309
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.79	0.0079	0.22	0.0022	1.01	0.0101
OCDF	0,001	4.2	0.0042	0.76	0.00076	4.96	0.00496
Total MCDD	N/A	0.06	N/A	0.9	N/A	0.96	0
Total DCDD	N/A	0.4	N/A	1	N/A	1.4	ŏ
Total TriCDD	N/A	0.74	N/A	1.5	N/A	2.24	0
Total TCDD	N/A	3.8	N/A	5.1	N/A	8.9	
Total PeCDD	N/A	6.3	N/A	3.3	N/A	9.6	0
Total HxCDD	N/A	8.6	N/A	2.9			0
Total HpCDD	N/A	7.8	N/A	1.4	N/A	11.5	0
Total MCDF	N/A	4.2	N/A		N/A	9.2	0
Total DCDF	N/A	2.2		28.9	N/A	33,1	0
Total TriCDF	N/A		N/A	13.9	. N/A	16.1	0
Total TCDF		3	N/A	6.1	N/A	9.1	0
Total PeCDF	N/A N/A	6.B	N/A	12.2	N/A	19	0
Total HxCDF		8.2	N/A	8	, N/A	16.2	0
Total HpCDF	N/A N/A	7.8	N/A	4.8	N/A	12.6	0
Total ripobl	N/A	5.5	N/A	1.9	·, N/A	7.4	0
			Front half		D 1.1 11		
Sum (nanograms)		69.6	1,559	92.66	Back half 0,99506	162.26	Front half+Back half 2.55406
Volume of flue gas collected (dscm)			3.6258		3.6258		3,63
Total Dioxin and Furan (nanograms/dscm)			19.20		25.56		44.75
Total Dioxin and Furan @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)		dscm)	34.72		44.17		77.35
TEV Dioxin and Furan (nano	grams/dscm)		0.430		0.274		0.704
TEV Dioxin and Furan @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)		iscm)	0.778		0.474		

### Toxicity Equivalency Value Dioxin and Furan Calculations for sample WWC-M23-6 Treated Waste Wood Test # 3 Date 8/22/96

	Toxicity Equivalency Factor	Front Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Back Half Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	Combined Totals (nanograms)	Toxicity Equivalency Value (nanograms)	
2,3,7,8-TCDD	1	0.15	0.15	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.00	
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	0.5	0.66	0.13	0.13	0.13 0.195	0.28 1.05	0.28	
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.45	0.045	0.19	0.019	0.64	0.525	
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	0.1	0.62	0,062	0.13	0.013	0.83	0.064 0.083	
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	0.1	1.2	0.12	0.37	0.037	1.57	0.063	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-H <sub>P</sub> CDD	0.01	4.1	0,041	0.8	0,008	4.9	0.137	
OCDD	0.001	12.3	0.0123	2.1	0.0021	14.4	0.049	
2,3,7,8-TCDF	0.1	1.1	0.11	1.4	0.14	2,5	0.0144	
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	0.05	0.65	0.0325	0.51	0.0255	1.16	0.058	
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.56	0,28	1.26	0.63	
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	1.3	0.13	0.79	0,079	2.09	0.209	
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	0.1	0.67	0.067	0.4	0.04	1.07	0.107	
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	0,1	0.8	0.08	0.33	0.033	1.13	0,107	
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	0.1	0.08	0.008	0.04	0.004	0.12	0.012	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	0.01	2.2	0.022	0.79	0.0079	2.99	0,0299	
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	0.01	0.68	0.0068	0.15	0.0015	0.83	0,0299	
OCDF	0.001	3.7	0.0037	0.66	0.00066	4.36		
Total MCDD	N/A	0.06	N/A	0.81	0.00000 N/A		0.00436	
Total DCDD	N/A	0.39	N/A	1.5		0.87	0	
Total TriCDD	N/A	0.79	N/A		N/A	1.89	0	
Total TCDD	N/A	4		1.4	N/A	2.19	0	
Total PeCDD	N/A	6.9	N/A	5.3	N/A	9.3	0	
Total HxCDD	N/A		N/A	4.4	N/A	11.3	0	
Total HpCDD		8.3	N/A	3.2	N/A	11.5	0	
Total MCDF	N/A	7.6	N/A	1.6	N/A	9.2	0	
Total DCDF	N/A	4.8	N/A	25.3	N/A	30.1	0	
Total TriCDF	N/A	3.1	N/A	12	N/A	15.1	0	
	N/A	3	N/A	5.6	N/A	8.6	0	
Total TCDF	N/A	7.5	N/A	11.5	N/A	19	0	
Total PeCDF	N/A	8.2	N/A	8	N/A	16.2	0	
Total HxCDF	N/A	7.1	N/A	4.2	N/A	11.3	0	
Total HpCDF	N/A	5.1	N/A	1.5	N/A	6.6	0	
	*							
Sum (nanograms)		70.54	Front half 1.5703	86.97	Back half 1.02366	157.51	Front half+Bac 2.59396	
Volume of flue gas collected (d	Iscm)		4.2691		4.2691		4.27	
Total Dioxin and Furan (nanograms/dscm)			16.52		20.37		36.90	
Total Dioxin and Furan @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)		dscm)	29.96	35.21			63.77	
TEV Dioxin and Furan (nanog	rams/dscm)		0.368	0.240			0.608	
TEV Dioxin and Furan @ 7% O2 (nanograms/dscm)		lscm)	0.667 0.414			1.050		

APPENDIX V PCB ANALYSIS RESULTS

# TRIANGLE LABORATORIES OF RTP, INC. Sample Result Summary for Project 38672C Method PCBO Analysis (DB-5)

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Data File W108203 W108204 W108205 W1	W108206	
Sample ID TLI M23 Blank WWC-M23-1-1,6,2 WWC-M23-2-1,6,2 WWC-M	WWC-M23-3-1,6,2	
٤, ٤,		
Units ng ng ng	ng	
	========	
Analytes	_	
	1.5 B	
	3.2 B	
	4.1 PRB	
	6.0 B	
• • •	0.35 B	
	0.33} PRB	
	1.1 B	
•	0.2)	
	0.37 B	
	0.3)	
	5.1 B	
	0.72 B	
	0.5)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.6)	
	4.8	
	8.6	
	5.6	
	2.0	
	7.9	
	5.9	
	2.3	
	2.4	
TOTAL NONA $(0.5)$ $(0.6)$ $(0.4)$	0.5)	
Internal Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)		
	1.8	
	9.2	
	7.5	
	5.8	
	3.9	
	).7	
·	3.7	
13C12-(245)3-Hp 55.4 60.1 54.3 53 13C12-(2345)-0 73.6 77.5 74.7 73		
	2.0	
13C12-D 57.7 57.3 56.2 52		
Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)		
	2.7	
Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)		
·	.4	
13C12-22455-Pe 83.0 82.7 76.7 63	5-5	
	1.7	
13C12-(2356)-O 52.3 49.7 49.4 42	1.3	

## TRIANGLE LABORATORIES OF RTP, INC. Sample Result Summary for Project 38672C Method PCBO Analysis (DB-5)

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Data File			PCEO Analysis (DB-				
Miles							
Units ng							
Analytes 2-Mo 3.2 4.7 4.5 0.25 B 44-Di 4.8 B 7.4 10.6 0.69 B 244-Tr 3.9 PRB 8.9 PRB 10.5 PRB 1.3 PRB 2255-T 5.6 B 9.9 B 19.4 B 1.5 B 3344-T 0.67 B 0.78 B 0.87 B 0.09 B 3344-Te 0.57 PRB 0.31 PRB 0.33 PRB 1.1 PRB 23344-Pe 0.31 PRB 0.33 PRB 1.1 PRB 0.36 B 33445-Pe 0.26 PR (0.37) (0.45) (0.11) 233445-Pe 0.26 PR (0.37) (0.45) (0.11) 233445-Pe 0.26 PR (0.37) (0.45) (0.12) 233445-Pe 0.26 PR (0.37) (0.45) (0.14) 233445-Pe 0.65 B 1.2 B 0.29 B 334455-Hx (0.1) (0.18} (0.2) (0.2) 2334455-Hx (0.1) (0.18} (0.2) (0.2) 2334455-Hx (0.1) (0.18] (0.2) (0.2) 2334455-Hx (0.1) (0.18] (0.2) (0.2) 2334455-Hx (0.76) 0.87 0.81 0.30 Deca (0.81) 1.2 0.93 (0.4) TOTAL MONO 13.6 15.3 13.6 0.59 TOTAL DI 18.8 69.5 70.5 4.4 TOTAL TETRA 34.8 49.3 101 8.9 TOTAL TETRA 34.8 49.3 101 8.9 TOTAL TETRA 34.8 49.3 101 8.9 TOTAL HERNA 31.2 38.9 111 13.0 TOTAL HERNA 1.0 2.3 2.0 106 7.8 TOTAL HERNA 1.0 2.9 51.9 9.9 5.2 TOTAL NONA 1.0 2.3 2.0 0.30  Internal Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 13C62-44-D1 75.3 75.7 98.8 77.1 13C12-244-D1 75.3 75.7 98.8 4.4 74.3 13C12-334455-Hx 60.0 58.3 65.0 68.1 13C12-22445-Hx 60.0 58.3 65.0 68.1 13C12-22445-Hx 60.0 58.3 65.0 68.1 13C12-23445-Px 60.0 52.2 61.9 63.8 13C12-23445-Px 71.1 70.9 79.7 73.9 13C12-33445-Px 60.0 58.3 65.0 68.1 13C12-22445-Hx 60.0 58.3 65.0 68.1 13C12-22445-Hx 60.0 58.3 66.1 55.7 63.5  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 13C12-33445-Px 71.6 77.5 80.4 76.4	sample in				•		
Analytes   2-Mo		ng	ng	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>		
2-MO		7 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		:======================================	######################################		
44-Di	<b>-</b>	7 7	4.7	A =	0.25 2		
244-Tr 3.9 PRE 8.9 PRE 10.6 PRE 1.3 PRE 2255-T 5.6 B 9.9 B 19.4 B 1.5 B 0.09 B 3344-T 0.67 B 0.78 B 0.87 B 0.09 B 23445-Pe 0.31 PRE 0.33 PRE 1.1 PRE (0.14) PRE 23344-Pe 1.2 B 1.2 B 3.3 B 0.36 B 33445-Pe 0.26 PR (0.37) (0.45) (0.1) 233445-Pe 0.26 PR (0.37) (0.45) (0.1) 233445-Pe (0.1) (0.1) (0.18) (0.2) (0.2) 2234455-Pk (0.1) (0.18) (0.18) (0.2) (0.2) 2234455-Octa 0.69 B 1.4 B 1.4 B 1.6 B 22314455-Octa (0.69 B 1.4 B 1.4 B 1.6 B 22314455-Nona (0.76) 0.87 0.81 0.30 Deca (0.81) 1.2 0.93 (0.4) TOTAL MONO 13.6 15.3 13.6 0.59 TOTAL DI 38.8 69.5 70.5 4.4 TOTAL TRI 24.9 60.7 73.1 6.4 TOTAL TRI 24.9 60.7 73.1 6.4 TOTAL TRIA 31.2 38.9 111 12.0 TOTAL HEXA 31.2 38.9 111 12.0 TOTAL MONA 1.0 2.3 2.2 0.30 TOTAL OCTA 3.5 6.1 9.9 5.2 TOTAL OCTA 3.5 6.1 6.1 9.9 7.7 73.9 13C12-33445-Pe 77.1 70.9 79.7 73.9 13C12-33445-Pe 77.1 70.9 79.7 73.2 78.9 13C12-33445-Pe 77.1 70.9 79.7 73.2 78.9 13C12-33445-Pe 77.1 70.9 79.7 73.2 78.9 13C12-33445-Pe 77.1 70.7 70.7 73.2 78.9 13C12-2244-Th 79.2 69.8 3.3 65.0 66.1 13C12-233445-Pe 77.1 70.7 70.7 73.2 78.9 13C12-33445-Pe 77.1 70.7 70.7 73.2 78.9 13C12-33445-Pe 77.1 70.7 70.7 73.2 78.9 13C12-23445-Hx 71.6 77.6 77.6 80.4 76.4 76.4 76.4 76.4 76.4 76.4 76.4 76							
2255-T							
3344-T							
23445-Pe							
233445-Pe							
33445-Pe							
233445-Hx							
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13C12-334455-Hx 60.0 58.3 65.0 63.1  13C12-(245)3-Hp 54.0 52.2 61.9 63.8  13C12-(2345)-O 73.7 70.7 73.2 78.9  13C12-D 56.1 56.1 55.7 63.5  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-224455-Hx 71.6 77.6 80.4 76.4  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-3355-T 94.3 87.4 99.3 82.3  13C12-22455-Pe 76.7 73.6 87.4 70.0  13C12-223445-Hx 66.1 68.3 78.0 74.1	13C12-3344-T	82.4		92.1	80.1		
13C12-(245)3-Hp 54.0 52.2 61.9 63.8 13C12-(2345)-O 73.7 70.7 73.2 78.9 13C12-D 56.1 56.1 55.7 63.5  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 13C12-224455-Hx 71.6 77.6 80.4 76.4  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec) 13C12-3355-T 94.3 87.4 99.3 82.3 13C12-22455-Pe 76.7 73.6 87.4 70.0 13C12-223445-Hx 66.1 68.3 78.0 74.1	13C12-33445-Pe	· <del>-</del>					
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13C12-224455-Hx 71.6 77.6 80.4 76.4  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-3355-T 94.3 87.4 99.3 82.3  13C12-22455-Pe 76.7 73.6 87.4 70.0  13C12-223445-Hx 66.1 68.3 78.0 74.1	13C12-D	56.1	56.1	55.7	63.5		
Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (* Rec) 13C12-3355-T 94.3 87.4 99.3 82.3 13C12-22455-Pe 76.7 73.6 87.4 70.0 13C12-223445-Hx 66.1 68.3 78.0 74.1	Other Standards	Percent Recovery	Summary (% Rec)	•			
13C12-3355-T     94.3     87.4     99.3     82.3       13C12-22455-Pe     76.7     73.6     87.4     70.0       13C12-223445-Hx     66.1     68.3     78.0     74.1	13C12-224455-Hx	71.6	77.6	80.4	76.4		
13C12-22455-Pe 76.7 73.6 87.4 70.0 13C12-223445-Hx 66.1 68.3 78.0 74.1	Other Standards	Percent Recovery	Summary (% Rec)				
13C12-223445-Hx 66.1 68.3 78.0 74.1							
				87.4			
13C12-(2356)-0 50.1 51.5 56.3 57.2							
12 1	13C12-(2356)-0	50.1	51.5	56.3	57.2		

# TRIANGLE LABORATORIES OF RTP, INC. Sample Result Summary for Project 38672C Method PCBO Analysis (DB-5)

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Data File W108211 W108212 Sample ID TLI LCS TLI LCSD  Units ng ng  Analytes  2-Mo 10.5 10.0  44-Di 9.5 9.7  244-Tr 8.8 B 8.9  2255-T 20.1 B 20.1 B  3344-T 18.7 19.6  23445-Pe 21.9 21.9  3344-Pe 20.8 21.2  33445-Pe 18.6 18.5  233445-Pk 19.0 19.3  223445-Hx 19.0 19.3  2234455-Hx 19.0 19.3  2234455-Hx 19.0 19.3  2234455-Hx 19.0 19.3  2234455-Ota 28.6 30.5  22334455-Ota 28.6 29.4  22334455-Ota 46.2 46.3  Deca 46.1 47.3  Internal Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-244-Di 67.2 76.9  13C12-2344-Tr 64.8 71.1  13C12-33445-Pk 58.3 68.9  13C12-233445-Pk 58.3 68.9  13C12-(245)3-Hp 60.2 63.9  13C12-(2345)-O 74.2 83.3  3C12-D Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-22445-Hx 76.8 84.9  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-22445-Hx 76.8 84.9  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-22445-Hx 76.8 84.9  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-22445-Hx 76.8 84.9  Other Standards Percent Recovery Summary (% Rec)  13C12-223445-Hx 76.8 78.8  13C12-223445-Hx 76.8 78.8  13C12-223445-Hx 75.8 78.8  13C12-(2356)-O 62.4 61.5	=======================================		==========	
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Triangle Laboratories, Inc.® Analytical Services Division 801 Capitola Drive • Durham, North Carolina 27713 Phone: (919) 544-5729 • Fax: (919) 544-5491 V-4

{Estimated Maximum Possible Concentration}, (Detection Limit).

Sample #	Date	Gas Sample Volume (dscm)	Stack Flow Rate (dsc/m)	Stack Flow Rate (dscmm)	Flue Gas O2 (%)	Analytes	Analytes (Total ng)	Analytes (ng/dscm)	Analytes (ng/dscm @ 7% O2)	Emission Rate (ug/hr @ 7% O2)
WWC-M23-1 Untreated Waste Wood # 1	8/13/96	3,4080	685,066	19.40107	12.5	2-Mo 44-Oi 244-Tr 2255-T 3344-Tr 23445-Pe 233445-Pe 233445-Hx 334455-Hx 2234455-Hx 2234455-Octa 22334455-Octa 22334455-Octa 100000 Total TRI Total TETRA Total PENTA Total HEXA Total HEXA Total HEXA Total NONA	3.20 3.90 3.20 3.90 0.88 0.24 0.77 0.41 0.13 3.00 0.48 0.60 0.70 12.60 47.90 27.30 21.60 15.60 22.30 13.00 2.50	0.939 1.144 0.939 1.144 0.258 0.070 0.226 0.079 0.120 0.038 0.880 0.141 0.176 0.205 3.697 14.055 8.011 6.338 4.577 6.543 3.815 0.734 0.176	1.554 1.894 1.554 1.894 0.427 0.117 0.374 0.131 0.199 0.063 1.457 0.233 0.291 0.340 6.118 23.259 13.256 10.488 7.575 10.628 6.313 1.214 0.291	1.809 2.204 1.809 2.204 0.497 0.136 0.435 0.232 0.073 1.696 0.271 0.339 0.396 7.122 27.075 15.431 12.209 8.818 12.605 7.348 1.413 0.339
WWC-M23-2 Untreated Waste Wood #2	8/14/96	2.7186	587.284	16.63188	13.2	2-Mo 44-Di 244-Tr 2255-T 3344-Fe 23445-Pe 233445-Pe 233445-Hx 334455-Hx 2234455-Hp 22334455-Octa 22334455-Octa 22334455-Nona Deca Total MONO Total Di Total TETRA Total TETRA Total HEPTA Total HEPTA Total HEPTA Total OCTA Total NONA	1,30 3,50 3,40 4,30 0,40 0,24 0,71 0,37 0,30 2,80 0,40 0,40 5,00 28,90 22,90 26,50 17,40 24,10 1,50 0,40	0.478 1.287 1.251 1.582 0.147 0.088 0.261 0.077 0.136 0.110 1.030 0.140 0.147 1.839 10.630 8.423 9.748 6.400 8.865 4.561 0.552 0.147	0.857 2.308 2.242 2.835 0.264 0.158 0.468 0.138 0.244 0.198 1.846 0.251 0.264	0.855 2.303 2.237 2.829 0.263 0.158 0.467 0.138 0.243 0.197 1.842 0.263 0.263 0.263 3.290 19.016 15.088 17.437 11.449 15.858 8.159 0.987 0.263
WWC-M23-3 Untreated Waste Wood #3	8/15/96	2.8758	631.188	17.87524	12.9	2-Mo 44-Di 244-Ti 244-Ti 2245-T 3344-T 23445-Pe 23344-Pe 33445-Hx 334455-Hx 2234455-Hp 22334455-Octa 2234455-Octa 2234455-Octa 1000 Total MONO Total TETRA Total PENTA Total HEEXA Total HEEXA Total HEEXA Total NONA	1.50 3.20 4.10 6.00 0.35 0.33 1.10 0.20 0.37 0.50 0.80 4.80 23.60 23.60 22.60 32.00 27.90 36.90 22.30 0.50	0.522 1.113 1.426 2.086 0.122 0.115 0.383 0.070 0.129 0.104 1.773 0.250 0.174 0.209 1.669 9.945 8.902 11.127 9.702 12.831 7.754 0.835 0.835	0.902 1.923 2.464 3.606 0.210 0.198 0.661 0.120 0.222 0.180 3.065 0.433 0.301 • 0.381 2.885 17.189 15.386 19.232 16.768 22.177 13.403 1.442 0.301	0.967 2.063 2.643 3.868 0.226 0.213 0.709 0.129 0.239 0.193 3.287 0.464 0.322 0.387 3.094 18.435 16.502 20.627 17.984 23.786 14.374 1.547
WWC-M23-4 Treated Waste Wood # 1	8/20/96	4.3505	884.522	25.04966	13,1	2-Mo 44-Di 244-Tr 2255-T 3344-Te 23445-Pe 23344-Pe 33445-Pe 233445-Hx 334455-Hx 2234455-Hp 22334455-Octa	3.20 4.80 3.90 5.60 0.67 0.31 1.20 0.26 0.49 0.10 4.00 0.69	0.736 1.103 0.896 1.287 0.154 0.071 0.276 0.060 0.113 0.023 0.919 0.159	1.310 1.965 1.597 2.293 0.274 0.127 0.491 0.106 0.201 0.041 1.638 0.282	1,969 2,954 2,400 3,446 0,412 0,191 0,738 0,160 0,302 0,062 2,461 0,425

					·	223344556-Nona	0.76 0.81 13.60 38.60 24.90 34.80 29.90 31.20 19.30 3.50	0.175 0.186 3.128 8.919 5.723 7.999 6.873 7.172 4.438 0.805 0.230	0.311 0.332 5.568 15.885 10.194 14.248 12.242 12.774 7.902 1.433 0.409	0.468 0.498 8.369 23.875 15.322 21.414 18.399 19.199 11.876 2.154 0.615
WWC-M23-5 Treeted Waste Wood #2	8/21/96	3.6273	742.778	21.03547	13.3	2-Mo 44-Oi 244-Tr 2255-T 3344-T 23445-Pe 233445-Pe 233445-Hx 334455-Hx 2234455-Hx 2234455-Octa 22334455-Octa 22334455-Octa 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	4.70 7.40 8.90 9.90 0.78 0.33 1.20 0.65 0.18 8.00 1.40 0.87 1.20 15.30 69.50 60.70 49.30 32.00 38.90 26.00 6.10 2.30	1.296 2.040 2.454 2.729 0.215 0.091 0.331 0.102 0.179 0.050 1.654 0.336 0.240 0.331 4.218 19.160 16.734 13.591 8.822 10.724 7.168 1.682 0.634	2.344 3.690 4.438 4.937 0.389 0.165 0.598 0.185 0.324 0.090 2.992 0.698 0.434 0.598 7.629 34.657 30.269 24.584 15.957 19.398 12.965 3.042 1.147	2.958 4.657 5.601 6.231 0.491 0.208 0.755 0.233 0.409 0.113 3.776 0.881 0.548 0.755 9.629 43.741 38.203 31.028 20.140 24.483 16.364 3.839 1.448
WWC-M23-6 Treated Waste Wood #3	8/22/96	4.2626	911.610	25.81680	13.3	2-Mo 44-Di 244-Tr 2255-T 3344-T 23445-Pe 233445-Pe 233445-Hx 334455-Hx 2234455-Hp 22334455-Octa 22334455-Nona Deca Total MONO Total Di Total TETRA Total TETRA Total HEXA Total HEXA Total HEXA Total HEXA Total HEXA Total OCTA Total NONA	4.50 10.60 10.60 19.40 0.87 1.10 3.30 0.45 1.20 0.20 12.50 1.40 0.81 0.93 13.60 70.50 73.10 101.00 106.00 111.00 56.40 9.90 2.20	1.056 2.487 2.487 4.551 0.204 0.258 0.774 0.106 0.282 0.047 2.932 0.328 0.190 0.218 3.191 16.539 17.149 23.694 24.867 26.040 13.231 2.323 0.516	1.919 4.521 4.521 8.275 0.371 0.469 1.408 0.192 0.512 0.085 5.332 0.597 0.345 0.397 5.801 30.071 31.180 43.081 45.214 47.346 24.057 4.223 0.938	2.973 7.004 7.004 12.818 0.575 0.727 2.180 0.297 0.793 0.132 8.259 0.925 0.525 0.614 8.996 46.581 48.299 66.733 70.036 73.340 37.265 6.541 1.454
WWC-M23-FB Field Blank	8/22/96	NA	NA	NA	NA	2-Mo 44-Oi 244-Tr 2255-T 3344-T 23445-Pe 233445-Pe 233445-Hx 334455-Hx 2234455-Hx 2234455-Ota 22334455-Ota Deca Total MONO Total TEI Total TETRA Total HENTA Total HENTA Total HEPTA Total NONA	0.25 0.69 1.30 1.50 0.09 0.14 0.36 0.10 0.29 0.20 5.50 1.60 0.30 0.40 0.59 4.40 8.90 7.80 13.00 16.10 5.20			